DELIVERING ON THE UN'S SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

A comprehensive approach

18 November, 2020

The coronavirus pandemic **reminds us that the full implementation of the** <u>United Nations' 2030 Agenda for</u> <u>Sustainable Development</u> is crucial to strengthen resilience and prepare the world for future shocks, as we embark on the twin green and digital transitions.

Sustainable development is a core principle of the Treaty on European Union and a priority objective for the Union's internal and external policies. The EU was instrumental in shaping the global 2030 Agenda that has become the world's blueprint for global sustainable development and for transforming our world.

The European Commission remains committed to the UN's 2030 Agenda. Under the leadership of President von der Leyen, the Commission has presented an ambitious policy programme to deliver on sustainability in the EU and beyond. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are an intrinsic part of the President's political programme¹ and lie at the heart of the policymaking on internal and external action across all sectors.



In this figure, the SDGs are represented under a specific Commission political priority to which they are strongly associated, while noting that most SDGs contribute to varying degrees, to several priorities.





Several deeply **transformative policies have already been presented** in the last year such as the European Green Deal, the climate law, a new Industrial Strategy for Europe, the Annual Sustainable Growth Strategy 2020 and 2021, the new European Skills Agenda and the European Education Area, among others.

The new Commission's comprehensive or 'whole of government' approach to implementing the Sustainable Development Goals comprises several strands, which are:



The Commission has an ambitious political programme to deliver a sustainable European Union. Guided by the 17 SDGs, the Commission has presented numerous policy proposals since 1 December 2019 that will place the EU onto a more solid path towards sustainability, a rational use of resources and social fairness. Sustainable development is mainstreamed into the policymaking and economic coordination processes and the Commission continues to monitor progress comprehensively to ensure that the EU remains on the right long-term track. The EU also continues to take a leading role to promote international partnerships to support the implementation of the 2030 Agenda in the post-coronavirus world.

The whole of government approach will continue to evolve in the coming years to achieve sustainability at home and abroad. This is a journey towards a Union that develops and shares prosperity while preserving the life- and economy-supporting natural ecosystems for this and future generations. A Union that enables its citizens to live well within planetary boundaries.

