



RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE FACILITY

34th RRF Working Group meeting

Lessons learned from the RRF for the future of EU strategic investments

















State of play of implementation





State of play on implementation: EUR 221 bn disbursed

BE CY DE DK EL ES FR IT SI CZ HR AT 21 pre-financing No predisbursed financing (EUR 56.6 bn grants and requested loans) 25 Operational **Arrangements** signed 55 payment requests submitted to the 2x 2x 5x 2x 2x 2x 3x 2x 4x 4x 2x 3x 2x 2x 4x Commission 36 payments disbursed 3x 3x 3x 2x 2x 3x (EUR 157.4 bn) **27 Member States** submitted modified 2x 2x 2x 2x plans 23 REPowerEU chapters submitted by Member States REPowerEU prefinancing disbursed **EUR 127 bn** additional loans **EUR EUR EUR** EUR EUR **EUR EUR EUR EUR** 264 3.2 587 4.4 requested with 1.7 818 23 3.9 5 bn revisions + bn mn bn bn mn mn bn bn **REPowerEU**

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[•] Prerequisite to request pre-financing: CID was adopted by 31 December 2021.

⁻ Prerequisite to request REPowerEU pre-financing: REPowerEU chapter was adopted by Council by 31 December 2023.



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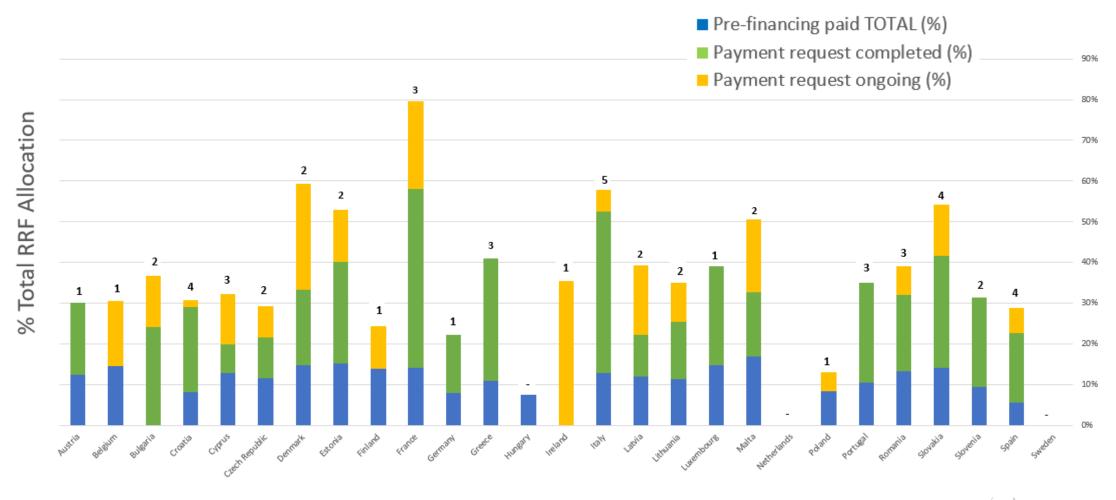






Speed of disbursement

















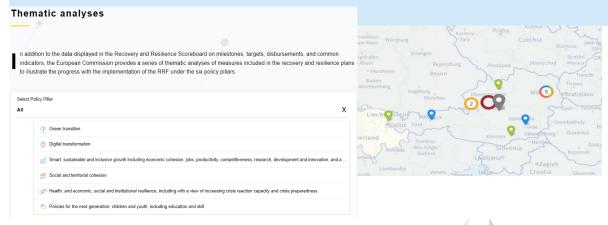


Transparency on RRF



- MS are required to establish a public portal containing data on the 100 final recipients receiving the highest amount of RRF funding.
 - Bi-annual reporting: 2 updates/year
 - Final recipients last entity receiving funds (not contractors)
 - All reported data centralised on the Scoreboard with links to MS portals
 - → First reporting rounds in 2023: by the end of 2023, all MS submitted their data

- Citizens can consult the **interactive map of concrete projects** supported from RRF, launched in March 2023 and updated in November 2023.
- Map is growing and regularly updated: 900 projects covered (from 350 in March 2023)
- The Recovery and Resilience Scoreboard includes thematic analysis per policy pillar. COM is currently updating the thematic fiches.



















Lessons learned from the Recovery and Resilience Facility for the future of EU strategic investments





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Lessons learned



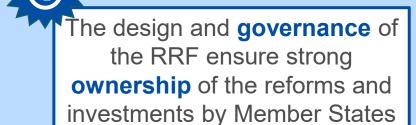
The RRF leads to the implementation of **reforms**, addressing long-standing country-specific recommendations



The RRF incentivises performance and the delivery model is effective for speed, steer and flexibility



Synergies with other public funds and private investments are a crucial driver for the success of the RRF







(3)











EFORMS

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(1) Reforms

RRF is a unique EU instrument delivering on both investments and reforms and contributes to the implementation of CSRs - Some examples from Member States...

SPAIN adopted reforms on the labour market to enhance employment



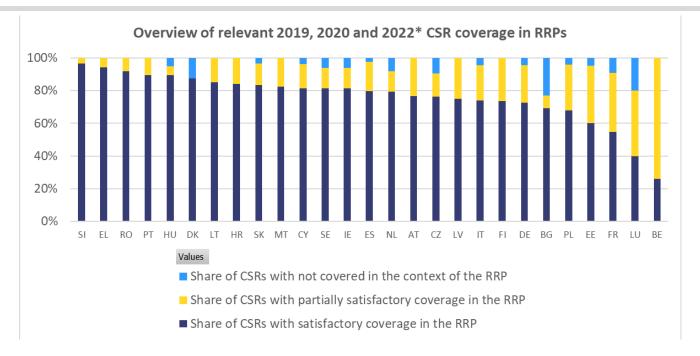
ITALY implemented reforms of their civil and justice system



CYPRUS adopted reforms tackling corruption and protecting whistle-blowers



SLOVAKIA and ROMANIA implemented reforms to digitalise public administration and ensure cybersecurity







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(2) Effectiveness of the delivery model

Recovery and Resilience Plans





- **Speed:** Member States receive disbursements upon taking steps in the implementation of reforms and investments → Funds are deployed quickly and efficiently, while ensuring the necessary level of scrutiny and monitoring
- Steer: measures in national RRPs contribute to policy areas defined by six pillars of the RRF, country-specific recommendations, and climate + digital targets → aligning EU and national priorities
- Flexibility: RRF has a built-in flexibility regarding the design of the national RRPs in the first place and the modification of plans during implementation to cater for changing realities (REPowerEU)













(3) Synergies with other public and private investments

Complementarity

- With other EU funds
- With national budgets





Financial instruments

InvestEU

Areas of strategic importance

 RRF steers funds into areas of strategic importance for the EU's resilience, competitiveness and sovereignty

Private investment

 Public investment under the RRF + enabling reforms triggers and attracts further private investment





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(4) Governance and ownership



- System of milestones and targets creates strong clarity and for national authorities ownership and allows disbursements to follow swiftly after actual implementation
- Certain level of flexibility of Member States in designing and implementing the RRPs in a way that suits their national structures while ensuring compliance with Union and national rules
- The Commission is engaged in a continuous and open dialogue with the Member States



Thank you!

More information:

- Recovery and Resilience Facility | European Commission (europa.eu)
- Recovery and Resilience Scoreboard
- Annual Report on the RRF
- Review Report on the RRF
- Communication: 2 years of the RRF



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