Acknowledgement of receipt of a multiple complaint on an alleged breach by Italy of general principles of EU law and fundamental rights relating to the state of emergency and other measures.

Reference number: CHAP(2022)00121

The European Commission has received a large number of complaints about the decision of the Italian Government to declare the state of emergency allegedly without a proper legal basis and depriving the Parliament of its prerogative, in violation of the legality principle and the rule of law (Article 2 of the Treaty on European Union). In addition, the complaints also raise the issue of compulsory vaccination (in relation to Regulation No. 507/2006/CE) for workers, who would be deprived of their right to work and to get their salary in violation of the non-discrimination principle (Article 3 of the Treaty on European Union and Articles 15 and 52 of the EU Charter of Fundamental Rights).

The Commission has entered these complaints in the central registry of complaints under reference number CHAP(2022)00121. If you wish to submit further information on your complaint you may do so to the contact points listed here. Please quote the abovementioned reference number.

Given the significant number of complaints it received on this subject, the Commission, with a view to responding swiftly and informing those concerned as well as taking into account potentially wider public interest in the issue raised by the complainants, is publishing this acknowledgement of receipt on the <u>dedicated page of the Europa website</u>. The complainants will be informed, through the same channel, of the results of the Commission's examination of these complaints and of the follow-up that the Commission may decide to take.

The Commission will consider the complaint in the light of the applicable European Union law and in line with the enforcement priorities set in the Commission Communication 'EU law: Better Results through Better Application'.

Please note that, should the Commission decide to launch a formal infringement procedure in response to your complaint, the aim of such a procedure is to ensure that Member State laws are compliant with EU law and correctly applied. The submission of a complaint to the Commission may thus not resolve your specific and individual situation. In order to obtain redress, including compensation if warranted, you should take action at national level in the Member State concerned. Submitting a complaint to the Commission does not suspend the time limits for starting legal action under national law. The Commission may also, in the exercise of its discretion, decide not to open formal infringement procedures, even if it considers that a breach of EU law has occurred.

The Commission services will by default treat your complaint in a confidential manner. Only in the event that a complainant opts for non-confidential treatment in the complaint form may the Commission departments disclose the identity and any of the information submitted by that complainant to the authorities of the Member State against which the complaint has been made. The disclosure of complainant's identity by the Commission departments may in some cases be indispensable to the handling of the complaint.

A <u>specific privacy policy statement</u> applies in relation to the handling of complaints.

¹ C(2016)8600