ANNEXES

ANNEX 1: Statement of the Resources Director

I declare that in accordance with the Commission's communication on clarification of the responsibilities of the key actors in the domain of internal audit and internal control in the Commission¹, I have reported my advice and recommendations to the Director-General on the overall state of internal control in the DG.

I hereby certify that the information provided in Section 2 of the present AAR and in its annexes is, to the best of my knowledge, accurate and exhaustive.

Brussels, 21 March 2016

(Signed)

Isabelle Bénoliel

Communication to the Commission: Clarification of the responsibilities of the key actors in the domain of internal audit and internal control in the Commission; SEC(2003)59 of 21.1.2003.

ANNEX 2: Human and financial resources

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Human Resources by ABB activity												
Code ABB Activity	ABB Activity	Establishment Plan posts	External Personnel	Total								
03 AWBL-01	Administrative support	81	45	126								
03 AWBL-02	Policy, Coordination, ECN and International Cooperation	126	2	128								
03 AWBL-03	Control of State aid	218	28	244								
03 AWBL-04	Merger control	116	10	126								
03 AWBL-05	Cartels, Antitrust and liberalisation	261	27	286								
	Total	802	112	914								

General remark: the above data rely on the snapshot of Commission personnel actually employed in each DG/service as of 31 December of the reporting year. These data do not necessarily constitute full-time-equivalents throughout the year.

Detail of execution of other administrative expenditures within the global envelope (EUR)²

Oth	Other management expenditures												
	Appropriations	Commitments	Payments	% Execution									
Other management expenditures	7.602.853												
Missions		856.000	804.282										
Representation expenses		8.000	5.660										
Meetings and experts groups expenses		720.000	624.259										
Conferences		205.521	128.051										
Meetings of committees		85.000	65.065										
Studies and consultations		2.619.477	102.602										
Information and management systems		2.766.435	529.401										
Further training and management training		318.424	204.677										
	7.602.853	7.578.857	2.463.997	99,68%									

² Excluding co-delegated appropriations.

ANNEX 3: Financial reports – Financial Year 2015³

Annex 3 Financial Reports - DG COMP - Financial Year 2015

Table 1 : Commitments

Table 2: Payments

Table 3: Commitments to be settled

Table 4 : Balance Sheet

Table 5: Statement of Financial Performance

Table 6: Average Payment Times

Table 7: Income

Table 8: Recovery of undue Payments

Table 9 : Ageing Balance of Recovery Orders

Table 10: Waivers of Recovery Orders

Table 11 : Negotiated Procedures (excluding Building Contracts)

Table 12 : Summary of Procedures (excluding Building Contracts)

Table 13: Building Contracts

Table 14: Contracts declared Secret

The figures are those related to the provisional accounts and not yet audited by the Court of Auditors.

Additional comments							

TAB	LE 1: OUTTU	IRN ON COMMITMENT APPROPRIATIONS I	N 2015 (in Mio €)		
			Commitment appropriations authorised	Commitments made	%
			1	2	3=2/1
		Title 03 Competi	tion		
03	03 01	Administrative expenditure of the 'Competition' policy area	8,01	7,9	98,63%
Tota	Title 03		8,01	7,9	98,63%
		Title 16 Communic	cation		
16	16 01	Administrative expenditure of the 'Communication' policy area	0,12	0,12	100,00%
Tota	l Title 16		0,12	0,12	100,00%
		Title 33 Justic	e		
33	33 03	Justice	1	1	100,00%
Tota	l Title 33	·	1	1	100,00%
		Total DG COMP	9,13	9,02	98,79%

^{*} Commitment appropriations authorised include, in addition to the budget voted by the legislative authority, appropriations carried over from the previous exercise, budget amendments as well as miscellaneous commitment appropriations for the period (e.g. internal and external assigned revenue).

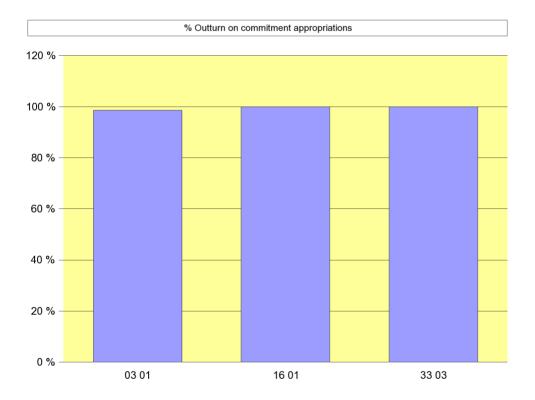
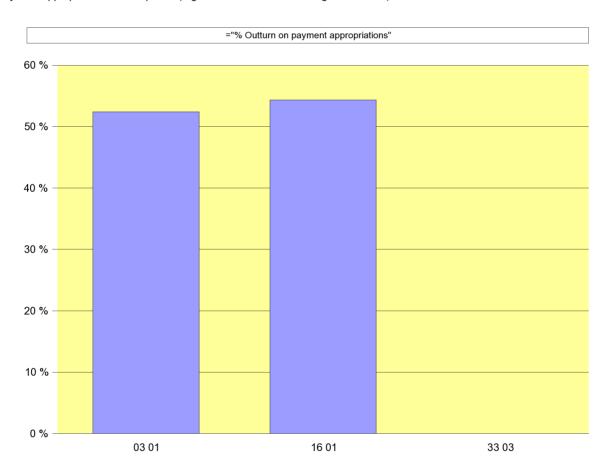


	TABLE 2: OUTTURN ON PAYMENT APPROPRIATIONS IN 2015 (in Mio €)											
		Chapter	Payment appropriations authorised *	Payments made	%							
			1	2	3=2/1							
		Title 03 Competition										
03	03 01	Administrative expenditure of the 'Competition' policy area	12,02	6,3	52,42%							
Tota	l Title 03		12,02	6,3	52,42%							
		Title 16 Communication										
16	16 01	Administrative expenditure of the 'Communication' policy area	0,15	0,08	54,35%							
Tota	Il Title 16		0,15	0,08	54,35%							
		Total DG COMP	12,17	6,38	52,44%							

^{*} Payment appropriations authorised include, in addition to the budget voted by the legislative authority, appropriations carried over from the previous exercise, budget amendments as well as miscellaneous payment appropriations for the period (e.g. internal and external assigned revenue).



TABL	TABLE 3 : BREAKDOWN OF COMMITMENTS TO BE SETTLED AT 31/12/2015 (in Mio €)													
	2015 Commitments to be settled							Total of commitments to be settled at end of financial year 2015	Total of commitments to be settled at end					
Chapter		Commitments 2015			financial years previous to 2015	(incl corrections)	of financial year 2014(incl. corrections)							
			1	2	3=1-2	4=1-2/1	5	6=3+5	7					
	Title 03 : Competition													
03	03 01	Administrative expenditure of the 'Competition' policy area	7,9	2,67	5,24	66,27%	0,00	5,24	4,00					
Tota	Total Title 03		7,9	2,67	5,24	66,27%	0	5,24	4					
			Title	16 : Communic	ation									
16	16 01	Administrative expenditure of the 'Communication' policy area	0,12	0,05	0,07	58,33%	0,00	0,07	0,03					
Tota	l Title 16		0,12	0,05	0,07	58,33%	0	0,07	0,03					
				Title 33 : Justic	е									
33	33 33 03 Justice		1	0,00	1	100,00%	0,00	1,00	0,00					
Tota	l Title 33		1	0,00	1	100,00%	0	1	0					
		Total DG COMP	9,02	2,71	6,31	69,91%	0	6,31	4,04					

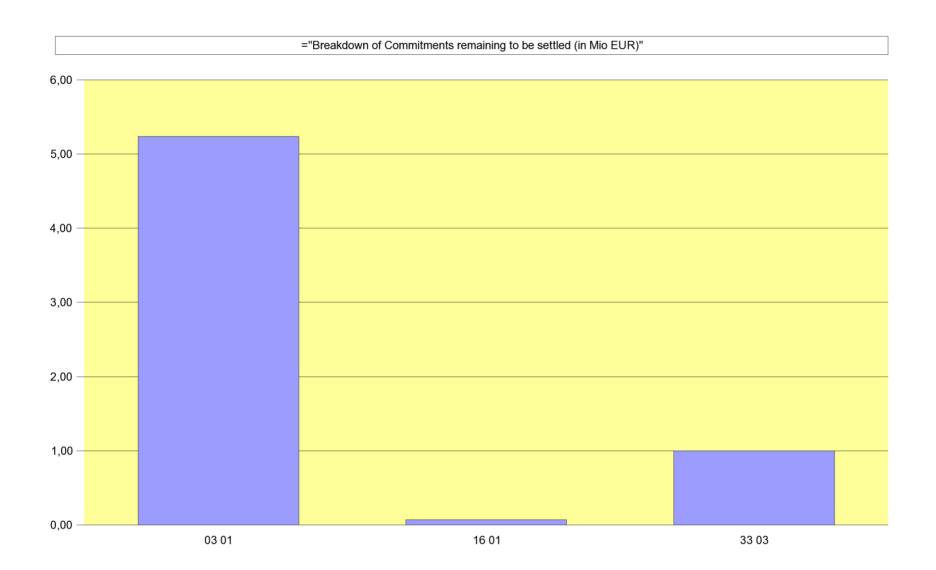


TABLE 4: BALANCE SHEET

BALANCE SHEET	2015	2014
A.I. NON CURRENT ASSETS	890.216,73	890.216,73
A.I.1. Intangible Assets	830.204,44	830.204,44
A.I.6. Non-Current Pre-Financing	60.012,29	60.012,29
A.I.7. OLD LT Pre-Financing		0,00
A.II. CURRENT ASSETS	3.957.464.729,78	5.445.876.503,47
A.II.2. Current Pre-Financing	-530.479,41	-496.243,54
A.II.4. Exchange Receivables	2.834.945,13	2.840.509,92
A.II.5. Non-Exchange Receivables	3.955.160.264,06	5.443.532.237,09
ASSETS	3.958.354.946,51	5.446.766.720,2
P.III. CURRENT LIABILITIES	-5.145.864,35	-31.495.077,12
P.III.2. Short-term provisions	-3.554.649,50	-29.962.429,50
P.III.4. Accounts Payable	-733.416,84	-674.849,61
P.III.5. Accrued charges and deferred incom	-857.798,01	-857.798,01
LIABILITIES	-5.145.864,35	-31.495.077,12
NET ASSETS (ASSETS less LIABILITIES)	3.953.209.082,16	5.415.271.643,08
P.I.2. Accumulated Surplus / Deficit	-4.221.916.493,3	-2.368.109.723,63
· ·	1	
Non-allocated central (surplus)/deficit*	268.707.411,14	-3.047.161.919,45
TOTAL	0,00	0,00

It should be noted that the balance sheet and statement of financial performance presented in Annex 3 to this Annual Activity Report, represent only the assets, liabilities, expenses and revenues that are under the control of this Directorate General. Significant amounts such as own resource revenues and cash held in Commission bank accounts are not included in this Directorate General's accounts since they are managed centrally by DG Budget, on whose balance sheet and statement of financial performance they appear. Furthermore, since the accumulated result of the Commission is not split amongst the various Directorates General, it can be seen that the balance sheet presented here is not in equilibrium.

Additionally, the figures included in tables 4 and 5 are provisional since they are, at this date, still subject to audit by the Court of Auditors. It is thus possible that amounts included in these tables may have to be adjusted following this audit.

TABLE 5: STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE	2015	2014
II.1 REVENUES	-394.604.387,35	-2.241.851.984,28
II.1.1. NON-EXCHANGE REVENUES	-394.531.000	-2.241.470.126,18
II.1.1.4. FINES	-394.531.000,00	-2.239.582.508,00
II.1.1.6. OTHER NON-EXCHANGE REVE		-1.887.618,18
II.1.2. EXCHANGE REVENUES	-73.387,35	-381.858,1
II.1.2.2. OTHER EXCHANGE REVENUE	-73.387,35	-381.858,10
II.2. EXPENSES	925.021.144,42	388.045.214,61
II.2. EXPENSES	925.021.144,42	388.045.214,61
II.2.10.OTHER EXPENSES	905.403.085,68	387.701.655,33
II.2.2. EXP IMPLEM BY COMMISS&EX.AG	967.192,48	805.837,07
II.2.6. STAFF AND PENSION COSTS	-588.406,40	-462.277,79
II.2.8. FINANCE COSTS	19.239.272,66	
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE	530.416.757,07	-1.853.806.769,67

It should be noted that the balance sheet and statement of financial performance presented in Annex 3 to this Annual Activity Report, represent only the assets, liabilities, expenses and revenues that are under the control of this Directorate General. Significant amounts such as own resource revenues and cash held in Commission bank accounts are not included in this Directorate General's accounts since they are managed centrally by DG Budget, on whose balance sheet and statement of financial performance they appear. Furthermore, since the accumulated result of the Commission is not split amongst the various Directorates General, it can be seen that the balance sheet presented here is not in equilibrium.

Additionally, the figures included in tables 4 and 5 are provisional since they are, at this date, still subject to audit by the Court of Auditors. It is thus possible that amounts included in these tables may have to be adjusted following this audit.

TABLE 6: AVERAGE PAYMENT TIMES FOR 2015 - DG COMP

Legal Times							
Maximum Payment Time (Days)	Total Number of Payments	Nbr of Payments within Time Limit	Percentage	Average Payment Times (Days)	Nbr of Late Payments	Percentage	Average Payment Times (Days)
30	483	470	97,31%	15,27	13	2,69%	35,69
45	20	5	25,00%	18,2	15	75,00%	89,53
60	12	12	100,00%	28,5			
90	11	9	81,82%	80,11	2	18,18%	98

Total Number of Payments	526	496	94,30%		30	5,70%	
Average Payment Time	19,65			16,8			66,77

Targe	et Times							
Payme	rget nt Time ays)	Total Number of Payments	Nbr of Payments within Target Time	Percentage	Average Payment Times (Days)	Nbr of Late Payments	Percentage	Average Payment Times (Days)
	30	129	113	87,60%	15,3	16	12,40%	86,19
	75	11	1	9,09%	56	10	90,91%	86,1

Total Number of Payments	140	114	81,43%		26	18,57 %	
Average Payment Time	28,75			15,66			86,15

Suspensions							
Average Report Approval Suspension Days	Average Payment Suspension Days	Number of Suspended Payments	% of Total Number	Total Number of Payments	Amount of Suspended Payments	% of Total Amount	Total Paid Amount
0	48	33	6,27%	526	608.934,22	8,52%	7.144.391,27

Late Interest paid in 2015								
DG GL Account Description Amount (Eur								
COMP	65010100	Interest on late payment of charges New FR	8 161,02					
			8 161,02					

	TABLE 7 : SITUATION ON REVENUE AND INCOME IN 2015								
		Reve	nue and income recogn	ized	Reve	Outstanding			
	Chapter	Current year RO	Carried over RO	Total	Current Year RO	Carried over RO	Total	balance	
		1	2	3=1+2	4	5	6=4+5	7=3-6	
57	OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS AND REFUNDS IN CONNECTION WITH THE ADMINISTRATIVE OPERATION OF THE INSTITUTION	130.000	0	130.000	130.000	0	130.000	0	
66	OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS AND REFUNDS	9.640,45	2.811.548,42	2.821.188,87	9.640,45	5.564,79	15.205,24	2.805.983,63	
71	FINES	239.156.067,2	8.002.867.599,32	8.242.023.666,52	34.252.627,2	1.435.356.236,08	1.469.608.863,28	6.772.414.803,24	
	Total DG COMP	239.295.707,65	8.005.679.147,74	8.244.974.855,39	34.392.267,65	1.435.361.800,87	1.469.754.068,52	6.775.220.786,87	

TABLE 8 : RECOVERY OF PAYMENTS (Number of Recovery Contexts and corresponding Transaction Amount)

1. INCOME BUDGET RECOVERY ORDERS ISSUED	Total undue payments recovered		Total transa recovery conte qualif	ext (incl. non-	% Qualified/Total RC		
IN 2015 Year of Origin (commitment)	Nbr RO Amount		Nbr	RO Amount	Nbr	RO Amount	
2011			3	9.640,45			
No Link			39	394.531.000,00			
Sub-Total			42	394.540.640,45			

EXPENSES BUDGET		Error	Irro	egularity	OLA	F Notified		ndue payments ecovered	reco	ransactions in very context non-qualified)	% Qualified	d/Total RC
	Nbr	Amount	Nbr	Amount	Nbr	Amount	Nbr	Amount	Nbr	Amount	Nbr	Amount
INCOME LINES IN INVOICES												
NON ELIGIBLE IN COST CLAIMS									16	192.736,78		
CREDIT NOTES									14	68.014,58		
Sub-Total									30	260.751,36		

GRAND TOTAL					72	394.801.391,81	

TABLE 9: AGEING BALANCE OF RECOVERY ORDERS AT 31/12/2015 FOR COMP

	Number at 01/01/2015	Number at 31/12/2015	Evolution	Open Amount (Eur) at 01/01/2015	Open Amount (Eur) at 31/12/2015	Evolution
2003	1	1	0,00%	1.060.000,00	1.060.000,00	0,00%
2004	2	1	-50,00%	28.822.500,00	1.822.500,00	-93,68%
2005	1	1	0,00%	17.850.000,00	17.850.000,00	0,00%
2006	3	1	-66,67%	233.799.250,00	11.500.000,00	-95,08%
2007	6	3	-50,00%	327.627.700,00	173.008.500,00	-47,19%
2008	11	4	-63,64%	659.294.726,46	415.900.000,00	-36,92%
2009	27	21	-22,22%	1.268.339.284,95	1.227.601.565,74	-3,21%
2010	70	61	-12,86%	1.790.514.977,53	1.225.859.925,53	-31,54%
2011	8	8	0,00%	171.129.194,00	171.129.194,00	0,00%
2012	42	36	-14,29%	1.753.682.242,00	1.695.952.242,00	-3,29%
2013	18	18	0,00%	691.752.000,00	691.752.000,00	0,00%
2014	52	44	-15,38%	1.061.807.272,80	936.881.419,60	-11,77%
2015		46			204.903.440,00	
	241	245	1,66%	8.005.679.147,74	6.775.220.786,87	-15,37%

TABLE 10 : RECOVERY ORDER WAIVERS IN 2015 >= EUR 100.000 Waiver Linked RO Accepted Commission **LE Account Group** Comments **Central Key Central Key** Amount Decision (Eur) 3233150181 3241011325 -1.098.014,80 Private Companies see below 1 see below 2 3233150186 3240913351 -6.002.000,00 Private Companies

Number of RO waivers	2

1. Commission decision C(2015)7422 of 3 November 2015 due to insolvency of the debto	r
2. Commission decision C(2015)8785 of 11 December 2015 due to insolvency of the debt	or
, ,	

TABLE 11: CENSUS OF NEGOTIATED PROCEDURES - DG COMP - 2015

Negotiated Procedure Legal base	Number of Procedures	Amount (€)
Total		

No data to be reported

TABLE 12: SUMMARY OF PROCEDURES OF DG COMP EXCLUDING BUILDING CONTRACTS

Internal Procedures > € 60,000					
Procedure Type	Count	Amount (€)			
Open Procedure (Art. 127.2 RAP)	4	789.398,00			
TOTAL	4	789.398,00			

Additional comments		

TABLE 13: BUILDING CONTRACTS

Total number of contracts :	
Total amount :	

Legal ba	se Contract Number	Contractor Name	Description	Amount (€)

No data to be reported

TABLE 14: CONTRACTS DECLARED SECRET

Total Number of Contracts :	
Total amount :	

Legal base	Contract Number	Contractor Name	Type of contract	Description	Amount (€)

No data to be reported

ANNEX 4: Materiality criteria

In conformity with the current guidelines and the discussions with the European Court of Auditors, DG Competition applies the following materiality criteria:

Qualitative assessment

For assessing the significance of the weakness, the following factors are analysed:

- nature and scope of the deficiency;
- duration of the deficiency;
- existence of compensatory measures (mitigating controls which reduce the impact of deficiency); and
- existence of effective remedial actions to correct the deficiencies (action plans and financial corrections) which have had a measurable effect.

Quantitative assessment

In order to quantify the deficiency, DG Competition applies the recommended 2% as threshold for material deficiency, i.e. when the value of the transactions affected represents more than 2% of the overall budget of DG Competition.

Reputational assessment

For weaknesses, which are considered significant in qualitative terms but not in quantitative terms, DG Competition takes into account the possible reputational impact they may entail. They will be assessed according to the following factors:

- context and nature of the impact;
- awareness; and
- duration.

ANNEX 5: Internal Control Template(s) for budget implementation (ICTs)

Procurement in direct management

Stage 1 - Procurement

A - Planning

Main control objectives: Effectiveness, efficiency and economy, compliance (legality and regularity).

Main risks	Mitigating controls	Coverage frequency and depth	Benefits of controls	Control indicators
Planned procurements are not in line with the DG's objectives and priorities.	Verification of coherence with set priorities and objectives. Planning discussed at senior management meeting once a year. Validation by AO(S)D before launching a procurement process.	All key procurement procedures are discussed at senior management meeting once a year. 100% of procurements	Controls performed comply with the base line requirements of the Financial Regulation. Compliance with set priorities.	Percentage of procurements approved by senior management.

B - Needs assessment & definition of needs

Main control objectives: Effectiveness, efficiency and economy, compliance (legality and regularity).

Main risks	Mitigating controls	Coverage frequency and depth	Benefits of controls	Control indicators
Organisation and planning of procedure poorly defined. The best offer/s are not submitted due to the poor definition of the specifications.	support from Resources Directorate. Operational and financial ex-ante	100% of the specifications are scrutinised. Depth : All underlying documents.	Controls performed comply with the base line requirements of the Financial Regulation. Limit the risk of litigation, and/or cancellation of a tender.	Number of procedures cancelled.
Non-compliance with regulatory framework.			Low amount of contracts for which the approval and supervisory control detected material error.	

C – Evaluation and contract award

Main control objectives: Effectiveness, efficiency and economy, compliance (legality and regularity).

Main risks	Mitigating controls	Coverage frequency and depth	Benefits of controls	Control indicators
The most promising offer not being selected, due to a biased, inaccurate or "unfair" evaluation process. Non-compliance with regulatory framework.	Guidance and ex-ante support from Resources Directorate. Operational and financial ex-ante verification. AOSD supervision and approval of award. Formal evaluation process: opening and evaluation committees. Committee declaration of absence of conflict of interests. Exclusion criteria documented. Standstill period, opportunity for unsuccessful bidders to put forward their concerns on the decision. Opinion by consultative committee.	100% of the offers duly analysed. Depth: All underlying documents	Controls performed comply with the base line requirements of the Financial Regulation. Avoid contracting with "excluded" suppliers that would not be able to fulfil contract requirements. Low amount of procurements successfully challenged during standstill exclusion period. Potential irregularities/inefficiencies prevented.	initiated by contractors or other economic providers of the DG

Stage 2 - Financial transactions

Main control objectives: Ensuring that the implementation of the contract is in compliance with the signed contract

Main risks	Mitigating controls	Coverage frequency and depth	Benefits of controls	Control indicators
The goods/services/works foreseen are not totally or partially provided in accordance with the technical description and requirements foreseen in the contract and/or the amounts paid exceed those due in accordance with the applicable contractual and regulatory provisions. DG is unable to meet objectives and priorities because a contractor is unable to deliver.	Operational and financial checks in accordance with the financial circuits. Operation authorisation by the AO. Network in place for coordination, monitoring and follow-up of contracts.		comply with the base line requirements of the	Error rate < 2% Payment times

Stage 3 – Supervisory measures

Main control objectives: Ensuring that any weakness in the procedures (tender and financial transactions) is corrected

Main risks	Mitigating controls	Coverage frequency and depth	Benefits of controls	Control indicators
An error or non-compliance with regulatory and contractual provisions, including technical specifications, or a fraud, is not detected by exante control, prior to payment.	Review of procurements and financial transactions through ex-post audits performed by the ICC. Review of reported exceptions.	Representative coverage. Depth: all underlying documents. 100% at least once a year. Depth: Analysis of possible weaknesses in the procedures (procurement and financial transactions).	Amounts detected associated with fraud and error. Deterrents and systematic corrected.	Number of cases referred to OLAF. Number of instances of overriding controls or deviations from established procedure.

Internal Control Template for non-expenditure items

Fines imposed in the area of Competition

Main control objectives: Ensuring that the Commission establishes its revenue entitlements correctly

Main risks	Mitigating controls	Coverage frequency and depth	Benefits of controls	Control indicators
The Commission decision embeds weaknesses that would undermine the Commission's legal rights in terms of revenue entitlements such as decision not addressed to the correct legal entity.	Commission decision with		The (average annual) total value of the significant errors detected/avoided - and thus prevented in terms of the Commission's rights.	Value of the rights concerned.

Main control objectives: Ensuring that the Commission registers its revenue entitlements, reliable reporting (true and fair)

Main risks	Mitigating controls	Coverage frequency and depth	Benefits of controls	Control indicators
EU accounting rules are not respected and the accounts do not reflect the reality.	being followed-up by	 Coverage: 100%: monthly for new decisions; quarterly for follow-up of fines before Court of Justice. 	The accounts at year- end give a true and fair view.	Value of the rights concerned.

Information & IT Security:

Main control objectives: Ensuring that the Commission protects and maintains its information security

Main risks	Mitigating controls	Coverage frequency and depth	Benefits of controls	Control indicators
Sensitive information is "lost" (abused, made public) or its integrity breached (data altered) due to information security (IT systems and/or information processes) not being fully effective.	Security of IT systems and information safeguarding "culture": appropriate design of IT systems and/or information processes. Risk-based actions from Security Guidelines, Code on Ethics & Integrity and Anti-Fraud Strategy.	Security rules and culture to be adjusted in view of latest technical developments and "possibilities".	Decreased number of security incidents (leaks and inadvertent disclosures of sensitive information). No legal complaints about breaches of personal data protection, commercial information protection, pre-public information being abused, etc.	Number of reported information security incidents. Number of legal complaints.

ANNEX 9: Evaluations and other studies finalised or cancelled in 2015

Ref. No Annex 4	Title	Reason ⁴	Scope ⁵		of evaluation		Associated DGs	Costs (EUR)	Comments	References	Cancelled
MP2015				Focus ⁶	Author ⁷	Type ⁸					
I. Evaluat	tions finalised or ca	ncelled in 20	15								
a. Evaluati	ons finalised in 2015										
1	Ex-post evaluation of the impact of R&R decisions on the viability of aided industrial undertakings	Other: learning for future decisions	60 cases 2000- 2012 for descriptive and counter-factual analysis, 5 in- depth case studies	R	E	R	GROW, MARE, (ECFIN), (EMPL), (SG)	approx. 300000	These projects were launched in 2014 and considered at the time as "evaluations". However, since the	http://ec.eur opa.eu/comp etition/public ations/report s/kd0116104 enn.pdf	
2	Ex-post analysis of two mobile telecom mergers	Other: learning for future decisions	Two mobile telecom mergers undertaken in 2006-2007	R	I	R	-	-	Commission changed the definition of "evaluation" in the course of 2015, they could in the	http://ec.eur opa.eu/comp etition/public ations/report s/kd0215836 enn.pdf	

⁻

L – legal act, LMFF – legal base of MFF instrument, FR – financial regulation, REFIT, CWP – 'evaluate first', O – other.

Programme/regulatory measure/initiative/policy area etc. has been covered.

⁶ P – prospective, R – retrospective, P/R – prospective and retrospective.

⁷ E – external, I – internal, M – mixed (internal with external support).

FC – fitness check, E – expenditure programme, R – regulatory measure (not recognised as a FC), C – communication activity, I – internal Commission activity, O – other.

n.a.	State aid to European banks: returning to viability	Other: learning for future decisions, accounta- bility	70 banks which received rescue or restructuring aid between 2007 and 2014	R	I	R	-	-	future also be considered as "studies".	http://ec.eur opa.eu/comp etition/public ations/csb/cs b2015 001 en.pdf	
b. other e	valuations cancelled in	n 2015			1		1				
No. 2 initially planned for 2016	Antitrust/cartels: Effectiveness and efficiency of past remedies under Article 9 of Regulation 1/2003	Other: learning for future decisions	-	R	E+I	R	-	-	Overtaken by other projects	-	х
II. Other	studies finalised or	cancelled in	2015								
a. other st	tudies finalised in 201	5									
Carry- over from MP 2014: No. 2	Stakeholder survey – Eurobarometer qualitative stakeholder survey and quantitative citizens survey	Other: update of 2009 stakeholder survey data	a) About 130 stake-holders, b) about 25000 citizens	(R)	E	R, C	-	approx. 350000	Project started in 2014 but was finalised in early 2015	http://ec.eur opa.eu/comp etition/public ations/report s/surveys en .html	
2	Study on the economic impact of competition policies on the functioning of energy markets	Other: learning for future decisions	Merger and antitrust decisions in the energy sector in the past 10 years	R	E	R	ENER, GROW, SANTE, ECFIN, RTD, JRC, CLIMA	approx. 200000	-	http://ec.eur opa.eu/comp etition/public ations/report s/kd0216007 enn.pdf	

3	A retrospective study on EU mergers and merger control (meta-study)	Other: learning for future decisions	Merger control decisions taken under Regulation (EC) No. 139/2004	R	E	R	GROW	approx. 60000	-	http://ec.eur opa.eu/comp etition/public ations/report s/kd0115715 enn.pdf	
4	Study on simulating the effects of competition policy interventions in the EU using a macroeconomic model	Other: advocacy	Merger control and cartel decisions	R	E	R	JRC, ECFIN	approx. 50000	-	-	
b. other s	studies cancelled in 20	15									
5	Study on firms' entry and exit and business growth dynamics in the EU and beyond	Other: advocacy	-	R	E	R	SG, GROW, ECFIN	-	Lack of statistical data	-	х
10	Study on the fining powers of the national competition authorities (NCAs) and the deterrent level of fines imposed by NCAs for infringements of the EU competition rules	Other: preparation for possible future Commission initiative	-	R+P	Е	R	JUST, ECFIN, ENER, ENV, GROW, SANTE, LS, SG	-	Overtaken by fast-moving legislative preparatory work	-	X
12	Study on the role of State aid in the process of liberation of the digital dividend	Other: preparation for possible future Commission initiative	-	R+P	E	R	CNECT, GROW, RTD	-	Overtaken by other projects	-	Х

15	Public support to the automotive industry in the EU and key technological challenges of the sector	Other: learning for future decisions	-	R+P	E	R	GROW and RTD	-	No offers received following an open procedure, will be relaunched in 2016	-	X	
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ANNEX 12: Performance tables

State aid control

Relevant general objective(s markets by protecting compe		r welfare in the EU and efficiently functioning
Specific objective 1: Be	etter targeted growth-	
enhancing aid		spending programme)
		☑ Non programme-based
		ranted by Member States to industry and
services; expressed as perce		
Rationale: Indicator to bench		
Source of data: State Aid Sco		
Link: http://ec.europa.eu/cor		
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2014)	Target
	0.67% ¹⁰	Decrease ¹¹
Result indicator 2: Overall lev	vel of crisis aid to the finan	cial sector actually used by Member States,
expressed as percentage of 2		
		t of crisis aid measures of a temporary nature
and the linked risk of compet		
Source of data: State Aid Sco	•	
Link: http://ec.europa.eu/cor	mpetition/state aid/scoreb	<u>oard/index_en.html</u>
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2014)	Target
8.1%12	6.3% ¹³	Phasing out as soon as economic recovery
		allows
Result indicator 3: Percentag	e of State aid granted by N	Member States for horizontal objectives of
common interest.		
		at horizontal objectives of Community interest,
such as regional developmen	t, employment, environme	
development and innovation,	risk capital and developm	ent of SMEs.
development and innovation, Source of data: State Aid Sco	risk capital and developmoreboard – The information	ent of SMEs. is based on the annual reports provided by
development and innovation, Source of data: State Aid Sco Member States pursuant to A	risk capital and developmereboard – The information article 6(1) of Commission	ent of SMEs. Is based on the annual reports provided by Regulation (EC) 794/2004 and comprises
development and innovation, Source of data: State Aid Sco Member States pursuant to A expenditure granted by Mem	risk capital and developmereboard – The information article 6(1) of Commission	ent of SMEs. is based on the annual reports provided by
development and innovation, Source of data: State Aid Sco Member States pursuant to A expenditure granted by Mem 107(1) TFEU.	risk capital and developments or the information article 6(1) of Commission ber States through existing	ent of SMEs. is based on the annual reports provided by Regulation (EC) 794/2004 and comprises g aid measures which fall into the scope of Article
development and innovation, Source of data: State Aid Sco Member States pursuant to A expenditure granted by Mem	risk capital and developments or the information article 6(1) of Commission ber States through existing	ent of SMEs. is based on the annual reports provided by Regulation (EC) 794/2004 and comprises g aid measures which fall into the scope of Article
development and innovation, Source of data: State Aid Sco Member States pursuant to A expenditure granted by Memi 107(1) TFEU. Link: http://ec.europa.eu/cor Baseline (2013)	risk capital and development or the information of	ent of SMEs. Is based on the annual reports provided by Regulation (EC) 794/2004 and comprises aid measures which fall into the scope of Article oard/index en.html Target
development and innovation, Source of data: State Aid Sco Member States pursuant to A expenditure granted by Memi 107(1) TFEU. Link: http://ec.europa.eu/cor Baseline (2013) 76.3%	risk capital and development or the information article 6(1) of Commission ber States through existing mpetition/state aid/scoreb Milestone (2014) 84.9%	ent of SMEs. is based on the annual reports provided by Regulation (EC) 794/2004 and comprises g aid measures which fall into the scope of Article oard/index en.html
development and innovation, Source of data: State Aid Sco Member States pursuant to A expenditure granted by Memi 107(1) TFEU. Link: http://ec.europa.eu/cor Baseline (2013) 76.3% Output Indicator 1: Number of	risk capital and development or control of the information of the info	ent of SMEs. Is based on the annual reports provided by Regulation (EC) 794/2004 and comprises and measures which fall into the scope of Article oard/index_en.html Target Increase ¹⁴
development and innovation, Source of data: State Aid Sco Member States pursuant to A expenditure granted by Memi 107(1) TFEU. Link: http://ec.europa.eu/cor Baseline (2013) 76.3% Output Indicator 1: Number of	risk capital and development or control of the information of the info	ent of SMEs. Is based on the annual reports provided by Regulation (EC) 794/2004 and comprises aid measures which fall into the scope of Article oard/index en.html Target
development and innovation, Source of data: State Aid Sco Member States pursuant to A expenditure granted by Memi 107(1) TFEU. Link: http://ec.europa.eu/cor Baseline (2013) 76.3% Output Indicator 1: Number of	risk capital and development or control of the information of the info	ent of SMEs. is based on the annual reports provided by Regulation (EC) 794/2004 and comprises and measures which fall into the scope of Article coard/index en.html Target Increase ¹⁴ Int activity also for deterrence purpose
development and innovation, Source of data: State Aid Sco Member States pursuant to A expenditure granted by Memi 107(1) TFEU. Link: http://ec.europa.eu/cor Baseline (2013) 76.3% Output Indicator 1: Number of Rationale: Indicator to demon	risk capital and development or control of the information of the info	ent of SMEs. Is based on the annual reports provided by Regulation (EC) 794/2004 and comprises and measures which fall into the scope of Article coard/index en.html Target Increase ¹⁴ Increase ¹⁴ Interest activity also for deterrence purpose

9 Notified State aid.

The large increase is mostly due to inclusion of more renewable energy support schemes (RES) in the reporting.

Due to overall changes implemented as part of State Aid Modernisation (SAM), as well as Renewable Energy Sources (RES) and fiscal related State aid programs, the previous benchmarks will not be fully comparable. After the transition period of SAM implementation has ended, the indicators, baselines and targets will be reviewed and updated.

This consists of the following two components (calculated as % of EU GDP 2013): total recapitalisation and asset relief measures 2008-2013: EUR 636.4 billion (5.1%); outstanding guarantees and liquidity measures for 2013: EUR 386.9 billion (3.0%).

This consists of the following two components (calculated as % of EU GDP 2014): total recapitalisation and asset relief measures 2007-2014: EUR 644.6 billion (4.6%); outstanding guarantees and other liquidity measures for 2014: EUR 236.5 billion (1.7%).

State Aid Modernisation (SAM) has changed the scope of sectorial aid and, consequently, the previous benchmarks will not be fully comparable. After the transition period of SAM implementation has ended, the indicators, baselines and targets will be reviewed and updated.

As far as merger and State aid enforcement is concerned, DG Competition's activities are largely driven by notifications by companies and Member States. It is therefore not meaningful to identify a target. As far as antitrust and cartel enforcement is concerned, it would not be possible to formulate a numerical target as such target would depend on the number of infringements (which could be lower than the target) and the willingness of parties or market players involved to disclose these through the Leniency Programme, whistleblowing or complaints or the availability of information to the

Relevant general objective(s): To enhance consumer welfare in the EU and efficiently functioning markets by protecting competition

Specific objective 2: Effective prevention and recovery of incompatible aid incompatible a

Result indicator 1: "bad"16-type of State aid as percentage of GDP

Rationale: Indicator tracks the level of public interventions, which are not in line with State aid rules and, are considered not to contribute to common interest objectives or economic growth.

Source of data: State Aid Scoreboard and DG Competition calculation

Link: http://ec.europa.eu/competition/state aid/scoreboard/index en.html

Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2014)	Target
0.05%	0.044%	Decrease ¹⁷

Result indicator 2: Percentage of incompatible aid recovered

Rationale: Indicator tracks the amount of public interventions declared incompatible with State aid rules that has been recovered.

Source of data: State Aid Scoreboard and DG Competition calculation

Link: http://ec.europa.eu/competition/state_aid/scoreboard/index_en.html
Baseline (31.12.2014) Milestone (31.12.2015) Target

L	Daseillie	(31.12.20	714)	inilestone (.	<u> </u>	2013)	1 0	ii yet						
	51%			55%			In	crease	18					
I	Output i	ndicator	1:	Implementation	on of	recovery	(at	least	provisional)	or	Court	action	for	non-

implementation within two years from the date of the recovery decision (expressed as percentage of total recovery decisions)¹⁹

Rationale: Qualitative indicator on the effectiveness and enforcement of recovery decisions

Source of data: DG Competition case management system (ISIS)

				<u> </u>				 		
48%				33%				Increase		
Baseline (<u>31.12</u>	<u>.2014</u>)	Mileston	ie (3	1.12.20	1	Target		

Output indicator 2: Scope of aid schemes investigated as part of ex-post monitoring of Member State schemes

Rationale: Indicator to measure the coverage of ex-post monitoring

Source of data: DG Competition calculation

Baseline (2014)	Milestone (2015)	Target
75 aid schemes	96 aid schemes investigated	Maintain monitoring efforts, monitor at least 75
investigated		cases

Cartels, antitrust and liberalisation

Relevant general objective(s): To enhance consume by protecting competition	er welfare in t	he EU and efficient	tly functioning markets					
Specific objective 1: Detection, sanctioning, det	errence and	□programme-bas	sed (please name the					
remedying of the most harmful anti-competitive practices with a related spending programme)								
view to protecting consumer welfare		■ Non programn						
Impact indicator 1: Estimate of customer benefits re								
Rationale: Quantitative indicator to ensure positive impact of competition enforcement on consumer								
welfare								
Source: DG Competition calculation								
Baseline (2014)	Milestone	(2015)	Target					
Cartel prohibition decisions ²⁰ : EUR 1.78-2.64 bn	EUR 0.66-	0.99 bn	Stable level					
Result indicator 1: Impact of existing EU antitrust ru	les on planne	d business transact	tions.					
Rationale: Indicating compliance with EU antitrust ru	les without C	ommission interver	ntion.					
Source of data: DG Competition Stakeholder Survey								
Baseline (2014)	Target		·					
>50% (of those with relevant experience) ²¹	Maintain	•						

Commission to detect infringements ex officio.

¹⁶ Rescue and restructuring aid.

Due to overall changes implemented as part of State Aid Modernisation (SAM), as well as Renewable Energy Sources (RES) and fiscal related State aid programs, the previous benchmarks will not be fully comparable. After the transition period of SAM implementation is over, the indicators, baselines and targets will be reviewed and updated.

The indicator may however significantly decrease when many new decisions were adopted in a given year ordering recovery of incompatible aid. Nevertheless, over time the target is to arrive at an increase of the recovery rate.

The indicator on recovery remains in substance unaltered from the corresponding indicator included in the Management Plan 2015, only the wording has changed.

²⁰ See footnote 36 of the AAR 2015.

²¹ Eurobarometer Standard Qualitative Study – DG Competition Stakeholder Survey (2014), Aggregate

Result Indicator 2: Deterrent effect of the Commission's fines									
Rationale: The Commission can impose fines on companies to punish infringements of antitrust rules and									
to deter future infringements.									
Source of data: DG Competition Stakeholder Survey									
Baseline (2014) Target: Maintain									
> 50% ²²	> 50% ²²								
Output Indicator 1: Intervention rate ²³									
Rationale: Most competition enforcement agencies pu	blish the number of decisions to	give a benchmark for							
the level of activity and output per instrument also for	deterrence purpose.								
Source of data: DG Competition case management sy	Source of data: DG Competition case management system (Natasha)								
Baseline (2014) Milestone (2015) Target									
7^{24} No target ²⁵									

Merger control

Relevant general objective(s): To enhance consumer by protecting competition	welfare in the EU and efficiently	functioning markets
Specific objective 1: Prevention of anti-competitive	□programme-based (please	name the related
effects of mergers with a view to protecting	spending programme)	
consumer welfare	☑ Non programme-based	
Impact indicator 1: Estimate of customer benefits resu	ulting from corrective horizontal r	merger decisions.
Rationale: Quantitative indicator to ensure positive im	pact of competition enforcement	on consumer
welfare		
Source: DG Competition calculation		
Baseline (2014)	Milestone (2015)	Target
Horizontal merger decisions ²⁶ : EUR 2.02-5.06 bn	EUR 1.08-2.69 bn	Stable level
Output Indicator 1: Intervention rate ²⁷		
Rationale: Most competition enforcement agencies pul	olish the number of decisions to	give a benchmark for
the level of activity and output per instrument.		
Source of data: DG Competition case management sys	stem (CMS)	
Baseline (2014)	Milestone (2015)	Target
18	22 ²⁸	No target ²⁹

Policy coordination, European Competition network (ECN) and international cooperation

Relevant general objective(s): To enhance consumer welfare in the EU and efficiently functioning markets by protecting competition and to promote competition culture in the EU and worldwide				
Specific objective 1: Maintain EU competition law instruments				
Output Indicator 1: Number of legislative or non-legislative instruments to be adopted in 2015 Source of data: Commission Work Programme 2015				pe adopted in 2015
Baseline	Milestone (please introduce as many columns as the number of milestones)		Target: (year)	
	(year)	(year)		
0 (2015)	-	-		-
Main outputs in 2015:				
Description	Indicator		Target (year)	
Commission/final output	-		-	
Evaluations: Antitrust : Ex-post evaluation of key procedural aspects of Regulation 1/2003 – access to file and				

Report, p. 36, according to which most participants with relevant experience said that EU antitrust rules had a strong impact on company plans.

http://ec.europa.eu/competition/publications/reports/surveys_en.html

- Eurobarometer Standard Qualitative Study DG Competition Stakeholder Survey (2014), Aggregate Report p. 35, http://ec.europa.eu/competition/publications/reports/surveys en.html
- 23 Settlement, prohibition, commitment and procedural decisions.
- ²⁴ Average for 2011-2015: 10.6.
- ²⁵ See footnote 14 above.
- ²⁶ See footnote 37 of the AAR 2015.
- ²⁷ Prohibition decisions, decisions with remedies (in first phase investigation and second phase investigation), withdrawals in second phase investigation.
- ²⁸ Average for 2011-2015: 16.
- ²⁹ See footnote 14 above.

Relevant general objective(s): To enhance consumer welfare in the EU and efficiently functioning markets by protecting competition and to promote competition culture in the EU and worldwide Specific objective 2: Coherent application of EU competition law by national competition authorities and courts Output Indicator 1: Number of cases signalled to the European Competition Network Rationale: Provides a benchmark for the level of ECN activity to ensure coherent application of EU competition law Source of data: ECN case system Baseline (2014) Milestone (2015) Target ca. 180 ca. 179 No target Output Indicator 2: Number of envisaged enforcement decisions and similar case consultations in the **European Competition Network** Rationale: Provides a benchmark for the level of ECN activity to ensure coherent application of EU competition law Baseline (2014) Milestone (2015) Target approx. 110 No target approx. 100

Relevant general objective(s): To enhance consumer welfare in the EU and efficiently functioning			
markets by protecting competition and to promote competition culture in the EU and worldwide			
Specific objective 3: Specific objective 3: Specific objective 3:			
Ensure coherent private en	nforcement of EU compet		
·	·	□Non programme-based	
Result indicator 1: Number	r of iudicial staff trained i	per year to make sure EU competition rules are	
applied in line with EU law		,	
		e training activity to ensure coherent private	
enforcement of EU compet		3 · · · · , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
•		sis of the final reports of funded projects	
Baseline:	Milestone	Target:	
4769 judges trained	Under the call 2014	Considering the variance in the applications for	
(2007-2013)	(contracts signed in	funding and in the success rate of the calls for	
,	Q1 of 2015) the	proposals, the target for the period 2014-2020 is	
	estimate is to train	5000 people.	
	approx. 1200 judges		
	(some projects are		
	still ongoing)30		
Result indicator 2: Geographical coverage: nationalities of judicial staff trained per year to make sure EU			
competition rules are applied coherently in all Member States.			
Rationale: Provides a benchmark for the reach of the training activity to ensure coherent private			
enforcement of EU competition law			
Source of data: DG Competition statistics			
Baseline (2013)			
28 Member States ³¹		The target for the period 2014-2020 is all EU	
		nationalities every year.	

Further planning:

In 2015, DG Competition has commissioned a study on judges' training needs in the field of competition law. The assessment of the recently submitted results is ongoing and will serve as a tool for revisiting the Training of Judges Programme as we have known it in the past 10 years. We also liaise with other appropriate training providers inside and outside the Commission on how to make the best use of our budget for the Training of Judges. The annual work programme for 2016, as agreed with DG JUST, amounts to a budget available for DG COMP of EUR 1 300 000 in total. The priorities identified refer to the improvement of knowledge, application and interpretation of EU competition law, the development of legal linguistic skills of national judges and the improvement and/or creation of further cooperation/networks.

³⁰ Trainings run over several years.

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Data for 2013 are provisional as DG Competition is currently checking the final reports of the training projects under the 2013 call.

Relevant general objective(s): To enhance consumer welfare in the EU and efficiently functioning markets by protecting competition and to promote competition culture in the EU and worldwide				
Specific objective 3: □programme-based (please name t				
Ensure coherent private enforcem	ent of EU competit		lated spending programme)	
·	·		Non programme-based	
Result indicator 1: Compliance rat	e of national judgr	ments with Comn	nission replies to requests for	
opinions (Art 15(1) of Regulation	1/2003) ³² .			
Rationale: Provides a benchmark			e courts and the Commission to	
ensure coherent private enforcem				
Source of data: DG Competition st	tatistics on the bas		gments transmitted	
Baseline:	20	Target:		
18/21: 100% compliance rate pos			% compliance rate in the long term	
cases the respective national cour	ts have not yet		herent application of EU competition	
issued their decision		rules.		
(2004-2015)				
	e of national judge	ements with Com	mission 'amicus curiae' briefs (Art	
15(3) of Regulation 1/2003) ³⁴ .				
Rationale: Provides a benchmark			e courts and the Commission to	
ensure coherent private enforcem				
Source of data: DG Competition st	tatistics on the bas		gments transmitted	
Baseline:	06 2015)	Target:	0/ 12	
12/12: 100% compliance rate (20	06-2015)		% compliance rate in the long term	
		to ensure the coherent application of EU competition		
		rules.		
Main outputs in 2015:				
Description	Indicator		Target	
Commission output: replies to	Compliance rate		100% compliance rate in 2015 to	
requests for an opinions and	courts with reque		ensure the coherent application of	
submission of 'amicus curiae'	and 'amicus curia	ie' briefs.	EU competition rules.	
briefs when the coherent				
application of EU competition				
rules is at stake.				
Relevant general objective(s): To enhance consumer welfare in the EU and efficiently functioning				
markets by protecting competition and to promote competition culture in the EU and worldwide				
Specific objective 4: Ensure compensation for victims of EU				
competition law infringements related spending programme)				
Non programme-based				
Result indicator 1: Number of Member States having fully implemented the Directive ensuring the right				
for victims of EU competition law infringements to obtain compensation through national courts.				
Rationale: The aim of the Damages Directive is to give victims of competition law infringements equal				
opportunities to get compensation in all Member States				
Source of data: Evaluation Baseline: Target:				
	iroctivo (27	Target:	ion of the Damages Directive by all	
Entry into force of the Damages D	mective (27		ion of the Damages Directive by all	
December 2014).		Member States (27 December 2016).		

Main outputs in 2015:		
Description	Indicator	Target
Commission output: support to Member States for the transposition of the Directive through multilateral and bilateral contacts.	Swift and comprehensive support for the transposition of the Directive.	Full support to Member States in 2015 to ease the transposition of the Directive.

Planned evaluations:

Article 20 of the Directive requires the Commission to present a report on its application to the European Parliament and the Council six years after its entry into force, i.e. by 27 December 2020.

 $^{\rm 32}$ $\,$ The opinion of the Commission is not binding on national courts.

Please note that the reference year is the year in which Commission's opinions have been submitted. The opinion of the Commission is not binding on national courts. The time-span considered is 2004-end 2015.

³⁴ The brief of the Commission is not binding on national courts.

Relevant general objective(s): To promote competition culture in the EU and worldwide Specific objective 1: Strengthened international cooperation in □programme-based (please name the enforcement activities and increased convergence of related spending programme) competition policy instruments across different jurisdictions; ■ Non programme-based establishment of well-functioning competition regimes in candidate countries and potential candidate countries Result indicator 1: Promotion of competition culture and policy convergence at the international level Rationale: The National Competition Authorities of the Member States are involved in international competition policy fora, such as OECD, ICN and UNCTAD, based on which they can share their perception of the role of the European Commission at international level Source of data: DG Competition Stakeholder Survey, Report on the views held by National Competition Authorities of the EU Member States³⁵ Baseline: (2014) Target: 5.7 (scale 1 - 7) Increasing trend (next survey foreseen 2019) Output Indicator 1: Number of 2nd generation competition agreements that EU has with third countries Rationale: Provides a benchmark for the most advanced type of co-operation with the competition authorities of third countries Source of data: DG Competition's statistics Baseline: Target 1 new agreement during 2015-2017 1 agreement during 2015 (Switzerland) Output Indicator 2: Number of free trade agreements containing competition/State aid clauses that the FU has with third countries Rationale: Provides a benchmark for the increased level of convergence with third countries' competition authorities Source of data: DG Competition's statistics Baseline: Target: 11 new agreements during 2015-2017 11 agreements in place by 2015 Output Indicator 3: Number of contributions to OECD, ICN and UNCTAD Rationale: Provides a benchmark for the activity of the Commission in contributing to increased international convergence of competition policy on multilateral fora Source of data: DG Competition's statistics Target: (2015-2017) Baseline: (2015) 12 (OECD), 5 (ICN), 3 (UNCTAD) 11 (OECD), 12 (ICN), 3 (UNCTAD) Output Indicator 4: Number of technical assistance workshops organised with third countries Rationale: Provides a benchmark for the activity of the Commission in contributing to increased international convergence of competition policy bilaterally Source of data: DG Competition's statistics Baseline (2015) Target (2015)

Support to DG

China (3) India (2), Brazil (1)

Specific objective 1: Implement the Commission planning and programming so that DG delivers its policy objectives, contributing to the overall Commission strategy in an effective, timely, efficient and accountable manner Output Indicator 1: Timely preparation and delivery of the various elements of the Strategic Planning and Programming cycle (CWP, MP and AAR) Source: http://ec.europa.eu/atwork/pdf/cwp2013 en.pdf http://ec.europa.eu/atwork/synthesis/amp/doc/comp mp en.pdf http://ec.europa.eu/atwork/synthesis/aar/doc/comp aar 2013.pd aar 2013.pdf Baseline (2015) Target (2015) All documents within the deadline for 2015 Output Indicator 2: Delivery rate (adoption by the College) of initiatives included in the Commission Work Programme and in the Catalogue Source: http://ec.europa.eu/atwork/pdf/execution report 2013.pdf Baseline (2015) Target (2015) N/A^{36} 100% for the Commission Work Programme Output Indicator 3: Opinion of the Impact Assessment Board docs/docs/iab report 2013 en.pdf Source: http://ec.europa.eu/smart-regulation/in Target (2015) Baseline (2014) For DG COMP: 87.5%, IAB positive opinions on 7 100% positive opinions, resubmission rate below of the 8 IA submissions in 2014 (68% Commission average

China (3) India (2), Brazil (1)

Eurobarometer Standard Qualitative Study – DG Competition Stakeholder Survey (2014), National Competition Authorities' Report, http://ec.europa.eu/competition/publications/reports/surveys_en.html

The 2015 CWP did not include any project for DG Competition.

Specific objective 2: Competition advocacy contributing to a pro-competitive regulatory framework at EU				
and national level (ISC/European Semester)	and national level (ISC/European Semester)			
Result Indicator 1: Readiness to engage and to c	contribute with high quality input to other DGs' policy			
projects				
Source: Commission-internal survey about the perceived quality of our interactions with other DGs and				
input to Commission policy making				
Baseline (2014)	Target: Next survey foreseen in 2019			
5.0 (scale 1-7) Increasing trend				
Result Indicator 2: Relevance of input to other DGs' policy projects				
Source: Commission-internal survey about the perceived quality of our interactions with other Commission				
services and input to Commission policy making				
Baseline (2014)	Target: Next survey foreseen in 2019			

5.2 (scale 1-7) Increasing trend

Output Indicator 1: Number of substantial replies to Commission inter-service consultations³⁷

Source: DG Competition calculations based on CIS-NET statistics

Baseline (2015) Target: 2015

194 Stable level

Output Indicator 2: Number of country specific recommendations promoted and co-monitored by DG Competition.

Source: http://ec.europa.eu/europe2020/making-it-happen/country-specific-

recommendations/index en.htm

Baseline (2015)

objectives and tasks

Commission average in 2014)

29³⁸ Continuous input provision and monitoring of CSRs.

Specific objective 3 (external communication): Help understanding of EU competition rules by stakeholders

Target: 2015

Result Indicator 1: Number of subscribers who receive DG Competition's publications			
Source: CPI unit in DG Competition			
Baseline (2015)	Target: 2015		
In 2015, DG Competition's printed publications were sent to 6452 subscribers/readers and the digital publications to 34880	Keep or increase the number of subscribers		
Specific objective 4 (internal communication): information flows effectively both top-down and bottom-up and that staff understand Commission and DG Competition's objectives and how their individual work relates to these objectives.			
Result Indicator 1: Understanding by the staff of the DG Competition's priorities.			

Result Indicator 1: Understanding by the staff of the DG Competition's priorities.			
Source: E-survey 2015.			
Baseline (2015)	Target: 2015		
In 2015, 77% of DG Competition's respondents			
think that DG Competition priorities are well	Competition's priorities.		
communicated.			
Result Indicator 2: Understanding by the DG Competition's staff of their objectives and tasks			
Source: Staff survey 2014			
Baseline (2014) Target: Survey 2015			
85% of the respondents said that clearly knew their	Keep stable or improve the level of staff's		

understanding of their objectives and tasks

³⁷ Replies in which DG Competition, either gives a negative reply or a positive reply under the condition that its reservations are taken into account.

The country-specific recommendations include many recommendations that concern competition as well as a sector (banking, energy, etc.). These are all included here: AT:2, BG:1, CZ:1, DE:1, DK:1, ES:2, FI:2, FR:1, HR:2, HU:2,IE:1, IT:2, MT:1, NL:1, PL:1, PT:3, RO:1, SE:1, SK:1, SL:1, UK:1.

Specific chiective St. Enguring the highest standards in the enforcement of competition policy		
Specific objective 5: Ensuring the highest standards in the enforcement of competition policy		
Result Indicator 1: Legal soundness of Commission decisions in competition cases		
Source: DG Competition Stakeholder Survey		
Baseline (2014)	Target: Next survey foreseen in 2019	
5.3 (scale 1-7) ³⁹	Increasing trend	
Result Indicator 2: Quality of economic analysis		
Source: DG Competition Stakeholder Survey		
Baseline (2014)	Target: Next survey foreseen in 2019	
4.9 (scale 1-7) ⁴⁰	Increasing trend	
Result Indicator 3: Market knowledge		
Source: DG Competition Stakeholder Survey		
Baseline (2014)	Target: Next survey foreseen in 2019	
5.0 (scale 1-7) ⁴¹	Increasing trend	
Result Indicator 4: Timeliness of decisions		
Source: DG Competition Stakeholder Survey		
Baseline (2014)	Target: Next survey foreseen in 2019	
4.0 (scale 1-7) ⁴²	Increasing trend	
Result Indicator 5: Informing in a timely manner		
Source: DG Competition Stakeholder Survey		
Baseline (2014)	Target: Next survey foreseen in 2019	
4.9 (scale 1-7) ⁴³	Increasing trend	
Result Indicator 6: Stakeholder consultation on new rules		
Source: DG Competition Stakeholder Survey		
Baseline (2014)	Target: Next survey foreseen in 2019	
5.5 (scale 1-7) ⁴⁴	Increasing trend	

Human resources management

Specific objective: Recruit, train, motivate and retain highly qualified staff and promote equal opportunities				
within DG Competition				
Result Indicator 1: Average	Result Indicator 1: Average vacancy rate			
Source: Sysper				
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015 and after)		
8.7%	7.4%	Equal to the Commission average		
Result Indicator 2: Turnove	r (% of statutory staff leaving [DG Competition before three years in DG		
Competition)	,	· ·		
Source: Sysper				
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2014)	Target (2015 and after)		
4.0%	2.8%	Less than 4.0%		
Result Indicator 3: Equal op	portunities			
Source: Sysper				
Baseline (2014)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015 and after)		
- 36% female senior	- 36% female senior	40% female senior and middle managers		
managers	managers			
- 39% female middle	- 30% female middle			
managers	managers ⁴⁵			
Result Indicator 4: Job satisfaction index				
Source: Commission staff Survey 2014				
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2014)	Target (End 2014 and after)		
24 th /53 position	11 th /56 position	Position the DG higher in the ranking		

Eurobarometer Standard Qualitative Study - DG Competition Stakeholder Survey (2014), Aggregate Report p. 12, http://ec.europa.eu/competition/publications/reports/surveys_en.html

⁴⁰ Ibid. p. 19.

⁴¹ Ibid. p. 17.

⁴² Ibid. p. 37.

⁴³ Ibid. p. 24.

⁴⁴ Ibid. p. 27.

There were a number of unplanned moves of female Heads of Unit from DG Competition in 2015. With regard to Deputy Heads of Unit, who constitute the prime reserve pool for future management appointments, the figures looked significantly brighter in 2015: the female representation rate stood at 42%. Moreover, 50% of newly appointed Deputy Heads of Unit were women. In the framework of an in-depth equal opportunities assessment conducted in 2015, DG Competition also focused on the question of how to groom a larger number of female candidates for future management appointments.

Financial management

Specific objective: Implement and maintain an effective internal control system, ensure sound financial management and quarantee the legality and regularity of the underlying transactions			
3	<u> </u>	, , ,	
	tion rate of the global envel	ope	
Source: European Commi	ssion, ABAC		
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015 and after)	
97.27%	99.68%	Maintain above 90.00%	
Result Indicator 2: Payments executed within contractual delays			
Source: European Commission, ABAC			
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015 and after)	
91.09%	94.40%	Maintain above 90.00%	
Result Indicator 3: Error rate on financial transactions			
Source: European Commission, Financial Transaction Review performed by Internal Audit Capability/IAS			
audits from 2015 onwards			
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015 and after)	
0.00%	0.00%	Maintain below 2.00%	

Management of ICT & Document management

Specific objective 1: IT rationalisation in sub-domain for Case Management Systems (led by DG Competition)			
		agement System for the Commission services	
	agement Rationalisation proje		
Source: Reports to the Inter-	service Steering Committee of	f the project	
Baseline (2014)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2017)	
Identification and analysis	Inception concluded	Target: Completed implementation of the new	
of common business	Tender process started	common Case Management System	
requirements for the			
participating DGs, Security			
Plan and Hosting Strategy			
Output Indicator 1: Market St	tudy ⁴⁶		
Baseline (2014)	Result (2015)	Target (2015)	
0%	100%	100%	
Output Indicator 2: Internal Study (existing building blocks)			
Baseline (2014)	Result (2015)	Target (2015)	
0%	100%	100%	
Output Indicator 3: Purchase of the common Case Management System			
Baseline (2014)	Result (2015)	Target (2015)	
0%	100%	100%	

 $^{^{46}}$ The market study is to assess market solutions from software vendors, which meet the needs of participating DGs in the Case Management Rationalisation project.

Specific objective 2: IT support for State Aid Modernisation		
Result Indicator 1: Implement new functionalities to support the State Aid Modernisation Package		
(enhanced collaboration with Member States, reporting and transparency, investigative tools)		
Baseline (2014)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2016)
15% New notification	- New State Aid forms	100% New functionalities in production
forms in production	implemented in SANI2	
(SANI2)	- State Aid collaborative	
	platform (Wiki) with	
	Member States in	
	production	
Output Indicator 1: State		
Baseline (2014)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015)
0%	80% (production	In production by September 2015
	foreseen by March	
	2016)	
Output Indicator 2: Business Requirements Analysis ⁴⁷		
Baseline (2014)	Result (2015)	Target (2015)
0%	100%	100%

Specific objective 3: Timely and effective handling of requests for information under Regulation 1049/2001		
Output Indicator 1: Respect of the time-limits for replies		
Source: GESTDEM - corporate application managing access to document requests		
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015 and after)
85%	87% ⁴⁸	100%

Specific objective 4: Enhance paperless document exchanges (e-Commission) with 3 rd parties		
Result Indicator 1: Incrementing paperless exchanges with Member States and external stakeholders Source: DG Competition's document management and electronic communication systems		
Baseline (2014) Milestone (2015) Target (2020)		
85.0%	95.5%	95.0%

Specific objective 5: Provide an effective and comprehensive document management tool integrated with DG			
Competition case-management applications and offering the specific functionalities required by competition			
case-handling			
	Result Indicator 1: Integration into DG Competition's document management system of the new corporate		
(SG) archiving rules for electronic documents			
Source: DG Competition's document management systems			
Baseline (2014)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015)	
Identification and	Will be addressed within	Implementation of a technical solution allowing to	
analysis of the new	the Case Management	archive DG Competition's electronic documents	
rules	Rationalisation project	according to the corporate rules	
	(specific objective 1 -		
	target: 2017)		

Ethics, security, business continuity and environmental management

Specific objective 1: Knowledge and respect by staff of DG Competition's Code on Ethics and Anti-Fraud Strategy		
Result Indicator 1: Number of ethical and fraud incidents (sanctions by IDOC or OLAF) Source: IDOC or OLAF		
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015 and after)
No incident	One written warning issued by IDOC (no financial implications)	No incident

⁴⁷ The business requirements analysis is a key intermediate deliverable of the IT project. This sets out the requirements which the future solution should meet.

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With respect to transparency, DG Competition aims to handle all requests for access to documents efficiently and within the time-limits set by Regulation 1049/2001. In 2015 DG Competition managed fewer but more complex requests (392 compared to 469 in 2014) while ensuring an increasing transparency through explanations provided by the refusal letters.

Specific objective 2: Knowledge and respect by staff of DG Competition's security rules and incident		
reporting procedures		
Result Indicator 1: Number of inadvertent disclosures of confidential information by staff		
Source: Internal		
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015 and after)
9 reported incidents	9 reported incidents	Reduction of inadvertent disclosures of confidential
		information

Specific objective 3: Effective management of business continuity based on a fully implemented and tested Business Continuity Plan		
Output Indicator 1: Business continuity assessment tool (% of compliance with requirements) Source: Secretariat-General		
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015 and after)
87.5%	95%	Close to 100%

Specific objective 4: Improvement of DG Competition's environmental performance		
Result Indicator 1: Green office supplies Source: OIB and internal		
Baseline (2013)	Milestone (2015)	Target (2015 and after)
55% of office supplies	65%	65% of office supplies