



Strasbourg,

12/03/2021

CEPEJ(2020)13rev1

Part 2

EUROPEAN COMMISSION FOR THE EFFICIENCY OF JUSTICE (CEPEJ)

Study on the functioning of judicial systems in the EU Member States

Facts and figures from the CEPEJ questionnaires 2012 to 2019

Study prepared under the authority of the Working Group on the evaluation of judicial systems
(CEPEJ-GT-EVAL)
for the attention of the European Commission (Directorate General Justice)

Part 2 - Country fiches for each EU Member States (2019)

The information and views set out in this study are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the official opinion of the Commission. The Commission does not guarantee the accuracy of the data included in this study. Neither the Commission nor any person acting on the Commission's behalf may be held responsible for the use which may be made of the information contained therein.

"The proper visibility of the Council of Europe - CEPEJ will be ensured by the European Commission when using the reports provided by the Council of Europe - CEPEJ, according to modalities jointly agreed by the two institutions."

Les informations et les opinions exprimées dans cette étude ne lient que leurs auteurs et ne peuvent en aucun cas être considérées comme reflétant la position officielle de la Commission en la matière. La Commission ne garantit pas l'exactitude des données intégrées dans cette étude. Ni la Commission, ni aucune autre personne agissant en son nom ne peuvent être tenues responsables de l'éventuelle utilisation de l'information contenue dans le présent document.

"La bonne visibilité du Conseil de l'Europe – la CEPEJ sera assurée par la Commission européenne lorsque celle-ci utilise les rapports fournis par le Conseil de l'Europe - CEPEJ, selon des modalités convenues conjointement par les deux institutions."

Judiciary at glance

Austria

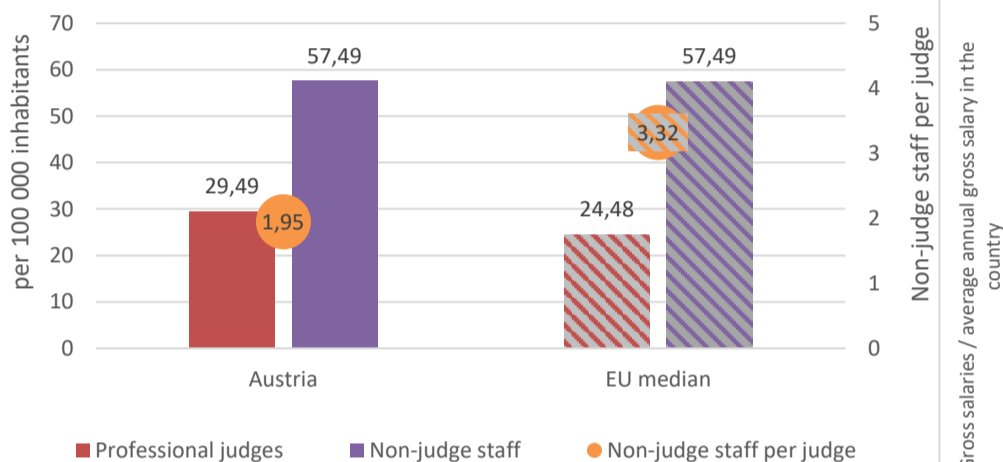
General data

Population: 8 901 064 **GDP:** 44 900 € **Average annual salary:** 34 167 €

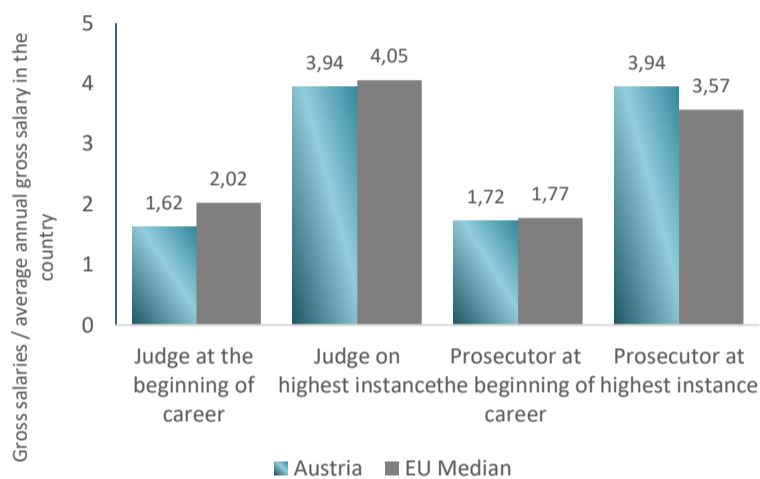
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
29,49	57,49	74,90	19,01
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

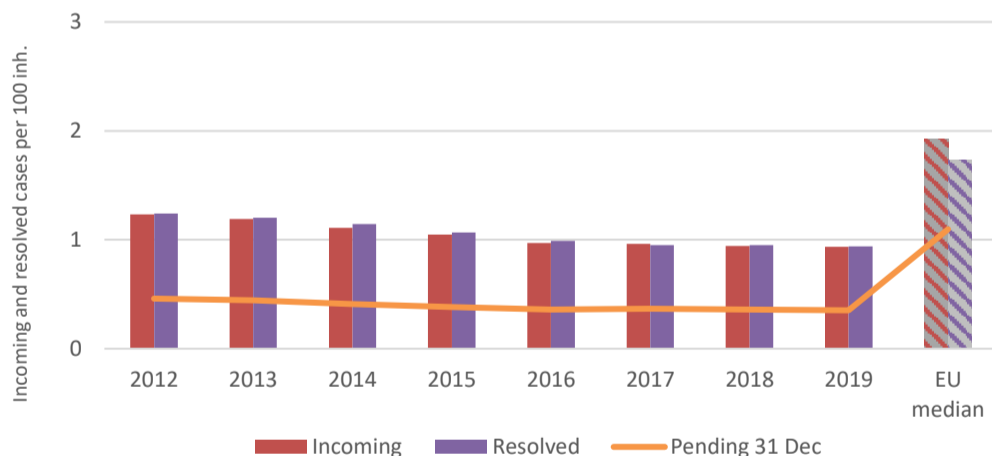


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country¹

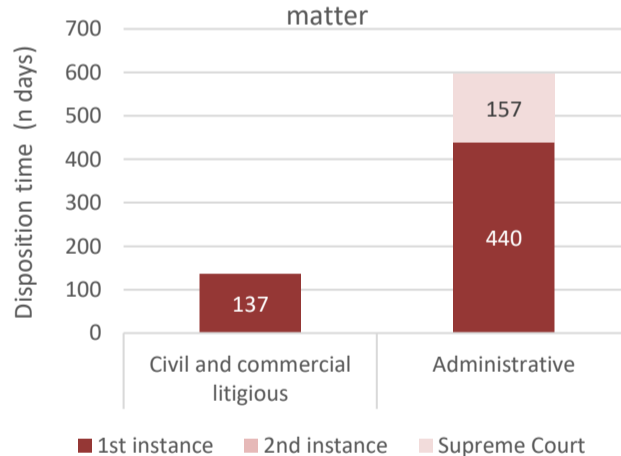


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

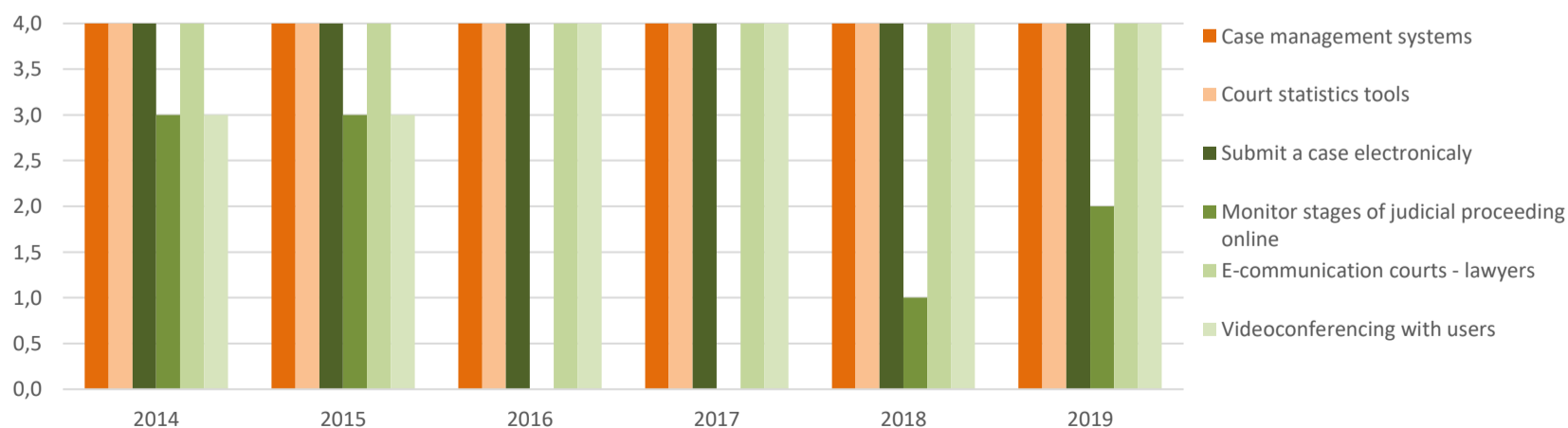


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Austria

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	5,3%	1,8%	0,9%	0,3%	0,9%
GDP per capita	36 430 €	36 930 €	38 540 €	39 390 €	40 420 €	42 010 €	43 680 €	44 900 €	23,3%	4,9%	8,1%	4,0%	2,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	29 723 €		30 655 €		31 752 €		35 240 €	34 167 €	18,6%	3,6%	11,0%		0,0%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	18,3	18,4	18,9	18,6	27,4	28,2	27,3	29,5	61,2%	45,3%	-0,4%	-3,0%	7,9%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	54,8	55,4	54,8	54,4	63,4	63,0	56,3	57,5	4,9%	15,7%	-11,3%	-10,7%	2,1%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	68,1	68,4	69,2	70,5	70,2	71,9	73,5	74,9	10,0%	1,4%	4,7%	2,2%	1,9%
Mediators	28,4	28,3	28,6	26,6	29,3	25,4	25,8	19,0	-33,1%	2,5%	-12,1%	1,4%	-26,2%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,235	1,192	1,111	1,047	0,969	0,963	0,945	0,937	-24,1%	-12,8%	-2,5%	-1,9%	-0,9%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	21,002	20,953	20,287	19,781	19,116	18,695	18,922	18,305	-12,8%	-5,8%	-1,0%	1,2%	-3,3%
Non-litigious land registry cases	8,2	7,6	7,6	7,9	7,8	7,2	7,0	7,2	-11,7%	3,5%	-10,0%	-2,3%	2,2%
Non-litigious business registry cases	4,0	3,6	3,3	3,2	3,3	3,3	3,5	3,6	-10,3%	-1,5%	6,4%	5,5%	2,1%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,647	0,844	0,811	0,617	NAP	NAP	25,3%	-3,9%	-24,0%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	101%	101%	103%	102%	102%	99%	101%	100%	-0,14	-0,96	-1,21	1,86	-0,34
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	101%	100%	101%	101%	100%	102%	100%	101%	0,00	-0,22	0,11	-1,87	0,22
CR non-litigious land registry cases	96%	103%	97%	99%	101%	100%	100%	99%	2,81	4,78	-1,25	-0,14	-0,90
CR non-litigious business registry cases	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	98%	103%	100%	0,35	0,23	2,42	4,11	-2,16
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	91%	80%	90%	111%	NAP	NAP	-1,14	10,16	20,97
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	135	135	130	131	133	141	138	137	1,1%	2,2%	3,6%	2,3%	0,8%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	79	78	78	75	76	70	69	72	-8,4%	1,5%	-9,7%	1,9%	4,8%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	23	13	13	15	10	10	9	12	-49,4%	-22,5%	-7,7%	4,9%	26,9%
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NA	0	5	6	5	32	20	19	NA	4,2%	322,5%	-36,8%	7,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	380	446	449	440	NAP	NAP	18,3%	0,7%	2,2%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,46	0,45	0,41	0,38	0,36	0,37	0,36	0,35	-23,4%	-11,7%	-0,2%	2,3%	2,0%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	4,57	4,50	4,34	4,10	4,01	3,69	3,59	3,65	-20,2%	7,4%	-10,5%	2,5%	1,6%
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,49	0,28	0,25	0,33	0,21	0,19	0,18	0,23	-54,0%	-15,8%	-18,0%	7,2%	28,5%
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	0,00	0,04	0,05	0,04	0,29	0,20	0,19	NA	2,9%	360,6%	-30,5%	7,2%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,61	0,82	0,90	0,82	NAP	NAP	46,4%	9,1%	8,2%
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	109%	94%	100%	92%	NAP	NAP	-9,44	5,96	-7,76
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	138	147	119	157	NAP	NAP	-14,1%	-19,6%	32,5%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Austria

In 2019 in Austria there are 128 District courts acting as first instance courts of general jurisdiction.

District courts have competence to decide civil law cases which value does not exceed certain legal threshold, as well as to rule on certain types of cases (irrespective of the amount in dispute, mainly family and rent law cases). The gradual decrease of their number since 2012 is a result of a national policy consisting in merging tribunals with a final aim of 115 District courts.

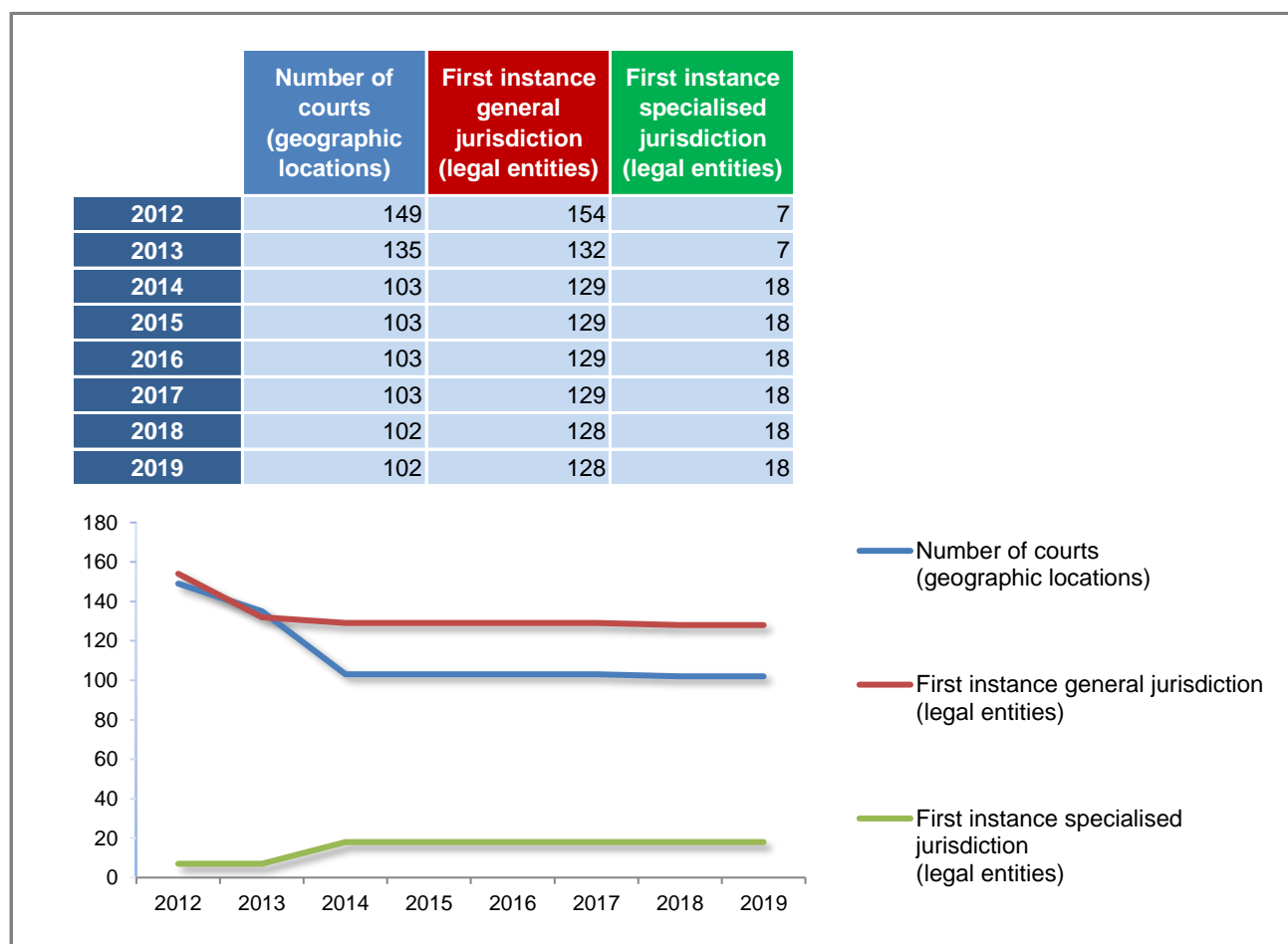
Small district courts merged in 2013 and 2014 in three Austrian states in order to create a more efficient court structure and improve the quality of judicial services. Plans for mergers of district courts in the remaining states exist but they did not get the necessary approval of state governments so far.

Regional courts are responsible for first-instance rulings on all legal matters not reserved to District courts.

Besides, there are 18 specialised courts that are sitting at first instance.

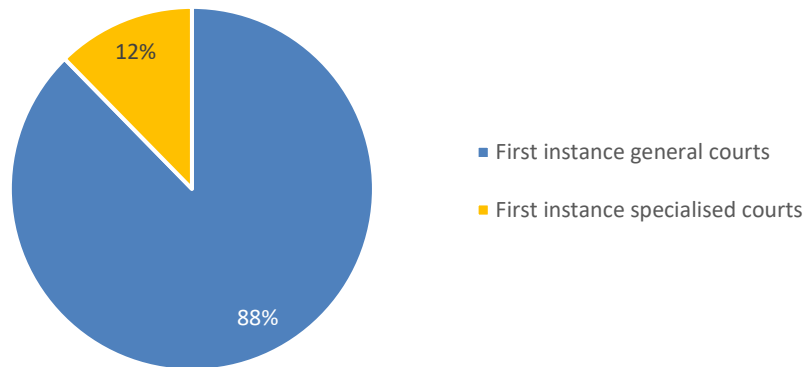
Courts which have competence in second instance are the 20 Regional courts (appeals against District courts decisions) and 4 Higher Regional Courts (all civil and criminal law cases).

The Supreme Court is the highest instance in civil and criminal law cases.





Percentage of first instance specialised courts



The 18 specialised first instance courts (legal entities) include: 2 commercial courts, 1 labor court, 2 enforcement of criminal sanctions court, 11 administrative courts, 1 insurance and/ or social welfare court and 2 other courts, namely the 2 criminal courts and 2 civil law courts (in Vienna and Graz).

It is noteworthy that the Court for labour and social welfare cases in Vienna (Arbeits- und Sozialgericht Wien) is one court that is competent for labour and (some) social welfare cases.

On principal every court has to deal with all judicial issues. In the biggest Austrian cities certain courts are specialized, i.e. eight in Vienna (civil cases, criminal cases, commercial cases [2x], employment- and social welfare cases, administrative cases) and two in Graz (criminal cases, remaining cases). From January 1st, 2014 there are 11 newly found courts for administrative law in Austria, namely 9 regional administrative courts, 1 Federal administrative court and 1 Federal Tax Court.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Austria

- **Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1**

Approved
1 620 632 000 €

Implemented:
1 678 614 837 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget ✓
- Legal aid budget ✓
- Public prosecution services budget ✓
- Prison system ✓
- Probation services ✓
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services ✓
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice ✓
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services ✓

More precisely, the budget of the whole justice system also includes state funding concerning guardianship (EUR 52.915.000,- approved and implemented) and grants to victim assistance facilities (EUR 7.943.000 approved/EUR 8.498.042,37 implemented), as well as the data protection authority (Datenschutzbehörde) (EUR 2.282.000,- approved/ EUR 2.707.316,84 implemented), the Federal Administrative Court (Bundesverwaltungsgericht) (EUR 70.180.000,- approved/EUR 67.310.314,75 implemented) and the Supreme Administrative Court (Verwaltungsgerichtshof) (EUR 20.934.000,- approved/EUR 21.004.000,- implemented).

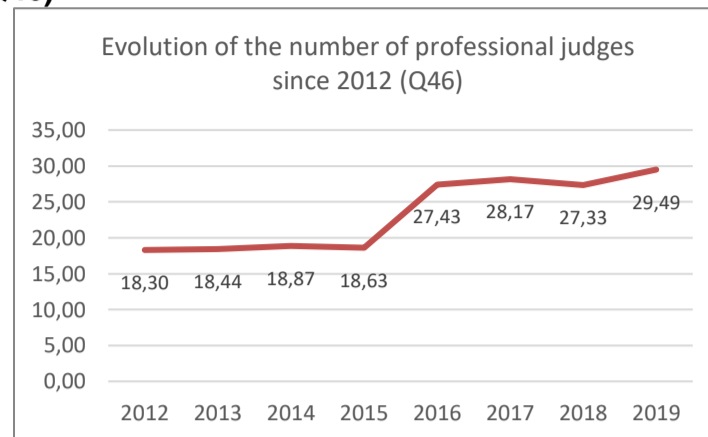
It is noteworthy mentioning that the higher figure of the implemented budget compared to the approved budget is mainly a result of an increase in costs for health care and hospitalization in the prison System, interpretation, drug rehabilitation, medical or therapeutic follow-up care for former prisoners on probation. In addition, there was also an increase in costs for interpreters and experts in court proceedings.

• Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	1 547	18,30	51,2%	48,8%
2013	1 565	18,44	50,1%	49,9%
2014	1 620	18,87	48,8%	51,2%
2015	1 621	18,63	48,8%	51,2%
2016	2 397	27,43	50,7%	49,3%
2017	2 478	28,17	50,8%	49,2%
2018	2 411	27,33	49,4%	50,6%
2019	2 625	29,49	49,4%	50,6%



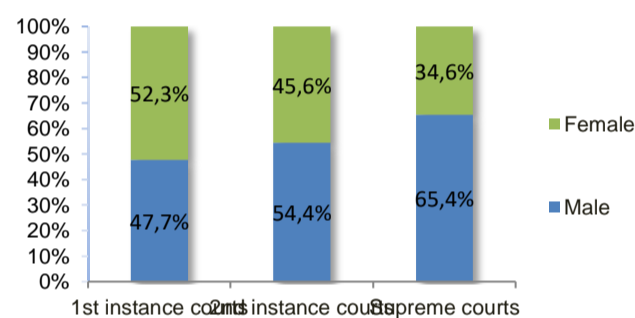
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Austria is 2 625 which is 8,9% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Austria, in 2019 there are 29,5 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 1,9 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 2,1 non-judge staff per judge).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	2 176	1 039	1 137
2nd instance courts	316	172	144
Supreme courts	133	87	46
Total	2 625	1 298	1 327

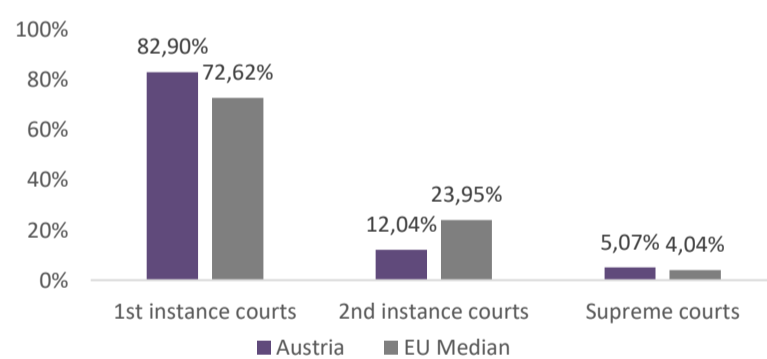
Professional judges by gender and instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	82,9%	47,7%	52,3%
2nd instance courts	12,0%	54,4%	45,6%
Supreme courts	5,1%	65,4%	34,6%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 1 327 which represents 50,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 2 176 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 1 137 are female) ; 316 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 144 are female) and 133 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 46 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that for all exercises, data have been provided in full time equivalent.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Austria presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the first instance judges sit in District courts and partly in Regional courts, as well as in Administrative courts. The second instance judges sit in Courts of appeal and partly in Regional courts.

In Austria, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory



Optional



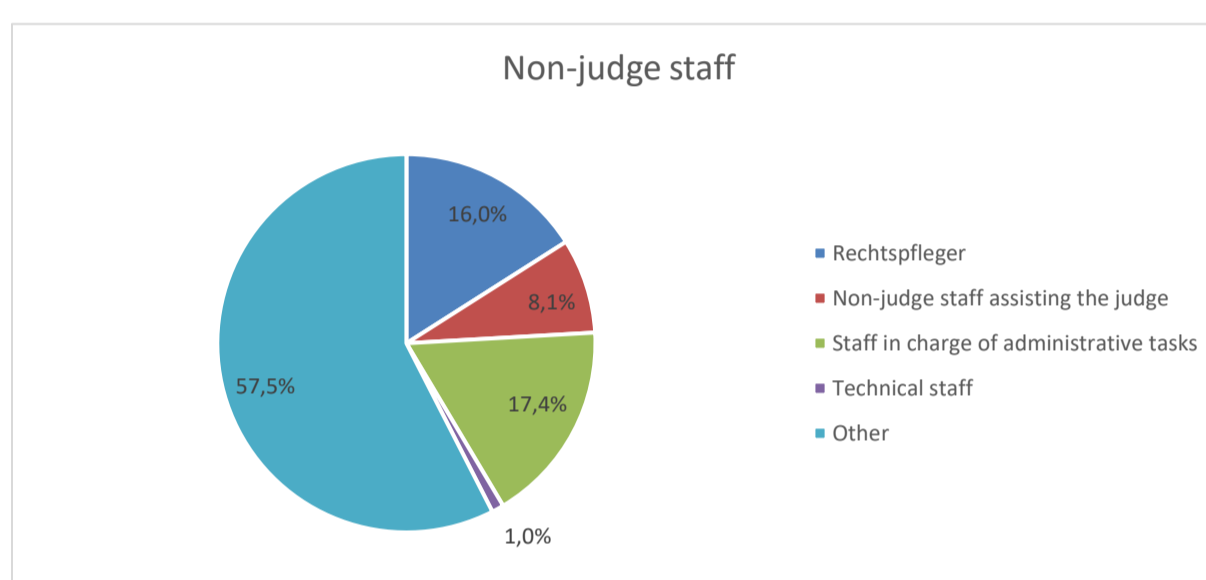
Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	NA	1
1. Only for judges	NAP	NAP
2. Only for prosecutors	NAP	NAP
3. Only for other non-judge staff	NAP	NAP
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NAP	NAP
5. Other common training	NA	1

Data regarding the number of in-service trainings for judges, public prosecutors as well as non-judge and non-prosecutor staff is not yet available for 2019. Usually, judicial in-service training activities in Austria are designed as joint seminars for judges and public prosecutors, respectively, for non-judge/non-prosecutor staff. Therefore, a distinction by the respective category of judicial employees (judges/prosecutors and non-judge/non-prosecutor staff) is not possible in most cases.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	4 631	760	20	437	33	3 381
2013	4 698	771	20	434	28	3 445
2014	4 705	785	19	439	23	3 439
2015	4 735	798	19	440	22	3 456
2016	5 544	837	494	686	52	3 475
2017	5 544	857	406	783	57	3 366
2018	4 966	833	342	764	53	2 974
2019	5 117	818	415	888	53	2 943



In Austria, in this cycle there are 5 117 non-judge staff (among which 3 620 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 3,0%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 818 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 505 are women);
- 415 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 326 are women);
- 888 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 579 are women);
- 53 technical staff (among which 20 are women);
- 2 943 other (among which 2 190 are women);

The category "other non-judge staff" includes Kanzlei responsible for handling of case files.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 56,3 in 2018 to 57,5 in 2019).

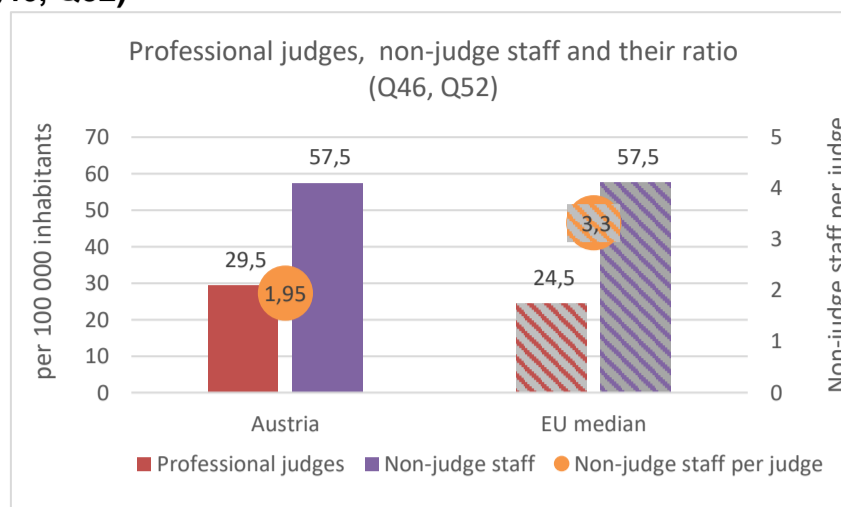
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 27,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 29,5 in 2019.

In 2019, more staff has been hired with regard to the category of "Staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the management of the courts".

The increase observed in 2019 in respect of "Non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges" characterises the administrative courts.

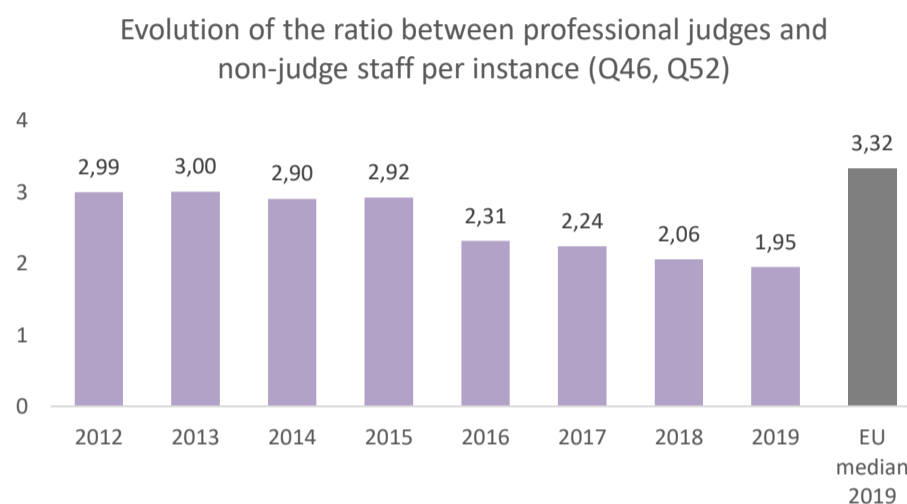
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Austria	EU median
Professional judges	29,5	24,5
Non-judge staff	57,5	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	1,95	3,3



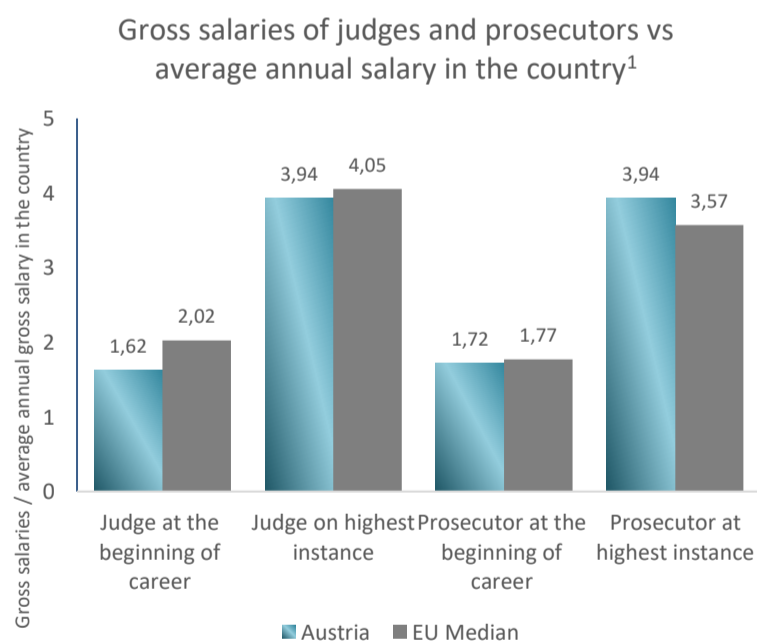
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	2,99
2013	3,00
2014	2,90
2015	2,92
2016	2,31
2017	2,24
2018	2,06
2019	1,95



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

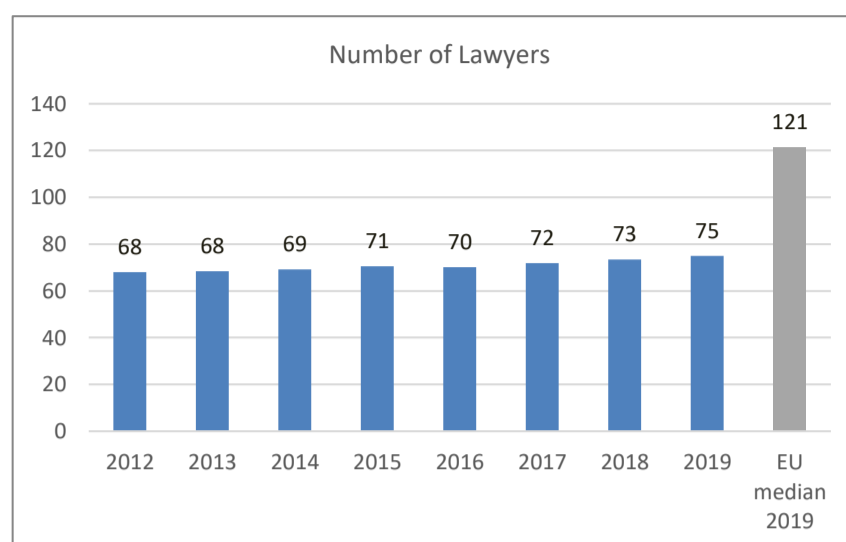
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	55 392 €	NA	1,62
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	134 559 €	NA	3,94
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	58 762 €	NA	1,72
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	134 558 €	NA	3,94



Concerning Administrative courts, the annual salary of a first instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career is as follows: gross annual salary - 72.900 €; net annual salary - 45.100 €.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	5 756	68,10
2013	5 801	68,37
2014	5 940	69,19
2015	6 138	70,55
2016	6 132	70,16
2017	6 325	71,92
2018	6 483	73,48
2019	6 667	74,90

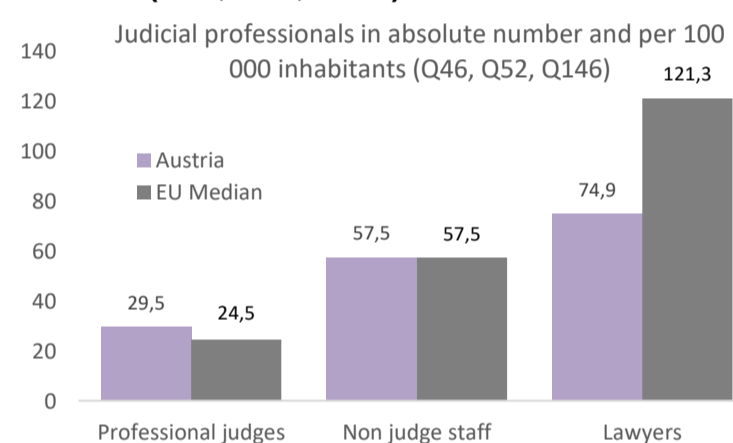


In 2019, there are 6 667 lawyers, which is 2,8% more than in 2018.

This data of 74,9 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is below the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 625	29,49	24,48
Non judge staff	5 117	57,49	57,49
Lawyers	6 667	74,90	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 21 000 000 € (2,4 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 21 278 000 € (2,4 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid cannot be carried out in respect of criminal and other than criminal cases, as well as cases brought to court and cases not brought to court.

It is noteworthy that data on approved and implemented budget allocated to legal aid includes only the lump sum paid to the bar for representation of parties 'pro bono'. The figures do not include court fees or fees for translation or experts, which are also covered by legal aid, but not isolated within the budget. Accordingly, no figures can be provided as regards the whole regime of legal aid.

For 2019, a lump sum of € 21.000.000 represents the approved public budget for payment to the bar for “pro bono” representation of parties and the “stand-by legal counselling service”. The implemented public budget for payment to the bar for “pro bono” representation of parties and the “stand-by legal counselling service” is € 21.240.000 (for civil and criminal cases). Furthermore, there is another 38.000,- EUR implemented budget in the area of the Federal Administrative Court (Bundesverwaltungsgericht).

The difference between the approved and the implemented budget is mainly due to advance payments to the bar for “pro bono” representation in overlong cases.

In Austria, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

In principle every person who retains a defence lawyer or another representative has to bear the costs him or herself even if the lawyer was appointed ex officio. By virtue of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the court has to decide on total or partial legal aid on the request of the defendant if the defendant cannot bear the total costs for the defence lawyer without impairment of his/her own or his/her family's maintenance which enables him/her to a simple lifestyle and if it is necessary in the interest of justice in particular in the interest of an adequate defence. Where in any case the defendant needs a defence lawyer, the court has to decide on legal aid ex officio even if the defendant does not request for it but further requirements to provide legal aid are given.

If legal aid is granted in the main proceeding, the same also applies to the enforcement proceeding. According to § 64 of the Austrian Civil Procedure Order (Zivilprozessordnung, ZPO), the requirements for granting legal aid have only to be re-examined, if the enforcement proceeding will be opened one year after the main proceeding has been closed.

In civil matters, the Austrian Civil Procedure Order provides for that legal aid may cover not only the (provisional) exemption from court fees but also the exemption from fees for witnesses, experts, interpreters and guardians, costs of the necessary announcements and the cash expenditure of guardians or lawyers, representation by a court official or – if necessary – a lawyer. If the personal presence of the parties at a hearing is ordered by the court, their necessary travel expenses are also replaced. Where legal representation is provided, legal aid also covers the pre-trial advice given by the lawyer. If legal aid is granted in the main proceeding, the same also applies to the enforcement proceedings. A party which was granted legal aid for a particular legal dispute in another EU Member State is also entitled to legal aid in Austria for a proceeding concerning the recognition and enforcement of the decision given in that dispute.

In criminal matters, there are no costs to bear for the parties, until the court has taken a final decision, which also encompasses a decision on the costs. In case of an acquittal, the State has to bear all the costs. The Public Prosecutor does not have to bear any costs in any case. The Code of Criminal Procedure pinpoints only one exception to this rule, if a person, different from the Public Prosecutor, i.e. “Privatankläger” holds the accusation and loses the case because of an acquittal. In this case, the so called Privatankläger (private prosecutor) has to bear the costs. In case of a false accusation, the person who knowingly accused the (acquitted) perpetrator would have to bear the costs of the trial.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Victims are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

More precisely, if the court decides the assistance of a lawyer, the local lawyers chamber selects a lawyer from among its members. However, the applicant may propose a lawyer him/herself. Although this proposal is not binding on the local lawyers chamber, it will in general accept a well-founded proposal (e.g. if the lawyer is willing and already familiar with the case).

◦ **Court fees**

Litigants do not have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

In fact, court fees have to be paid upfront, but the payment is not a precondition to start proceedings.

More precisely, the duty to pay court fees arises from the starting of the civil procedure at the court, but the proceedings themselves are not dependent on the payment of this fee. The most important (at least preliminary) exemption from court fees is the attribution of legal aid to the claimant according to the respective provisions of the Civil Procedure Code (Zivilprozessordnung – ZPO, in particular §§ 63 and 64) and §§ 8 and 9 of the Court Fee Act (Gerichtsgebührengesetz - GGG). Detailed information can be derived from the legal aid factsheet on the website of the European Network for Civil and Commercial Matters (http://ec.europa.eu/civiljustice/legal_aid/legal_aid_aus_en.htm). Other exemptions are laid down in various other provisions as listed in § 10, § 13 and Art. VI Nr. 28 GGG. Minors are also exempted from court fees in non-litigious matters.

◦ **Methodology of calculation of court fees**

According to the Civil Procedure Code, court fees related to civil and commercial litigation depend mostly on the value under dispute between the parties of the proceedings. The amount is laid down in a list of tariffs contented in the Court Fee Act. The latter also specifies the correct way of calculating these costs (in particular the calculation of the assessment basis for the value under dispute).

As a rule, court fees for civil lawsuits are lump sums which cover all costs of the given instance in the case irrespective of its complexity and the concrete amount of expenditure. They are calculated on the average costs and expenditures necessary to maintain the court and its personnel, taking also into account the risk of State liability in such cases under the given value of the dispute and social considerations (to allow effective access to justice also for small claims). In Austria, courts have to be maintained by court fees and not by means of general taxation.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 171€

According to Tarifpost 1 of the Court Fees Act (Gerichtsgebührengesetz - GGG), the court fee is 171 € for the first instance.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

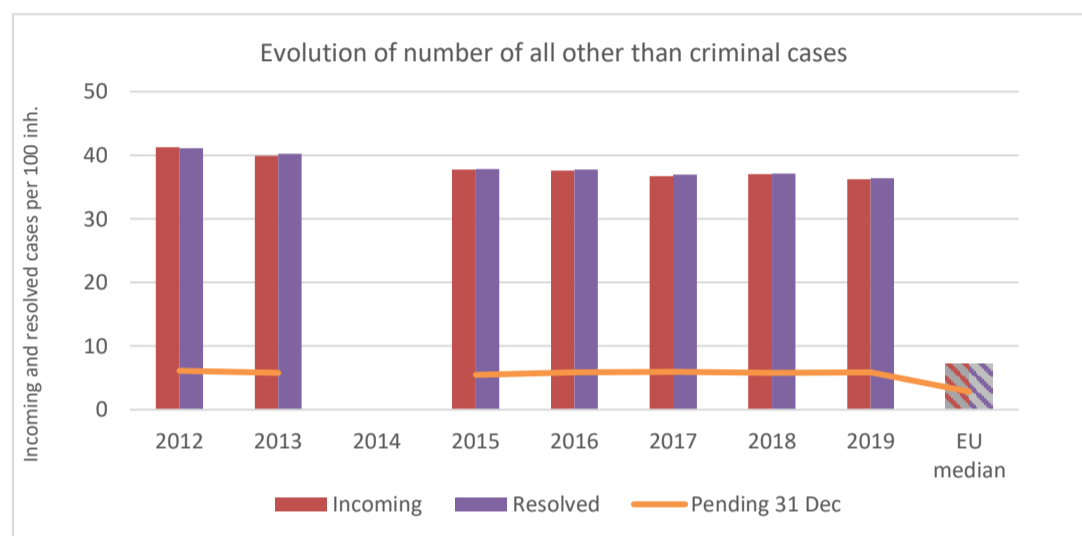
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

At the outset, it is noteworthy that in Austria, there is no overall distinction between litigious and non-litigious proceedings in the statistics. Accordingly, the numbers are sums of certain kinds of proceedings mentioned in the corresponding comments. As litigious are counted all proceedings in the categories related to civil matters, labour and social security cases at first instance courts, which are marked as being litigious in the court register (i.e. from the second court hearing on). The category of civil and commercial non-litigious cases includes: commencement of bankruptcy proceedings; bankruptcy proceedings; composition proceedings; non-litigious proceedings about rent, non-profit cooperative association for housing, home ownership; proceedings about lease of farm land; wardship cases in connection with administration of assets, custody and maintenance; uncontested payment orders.

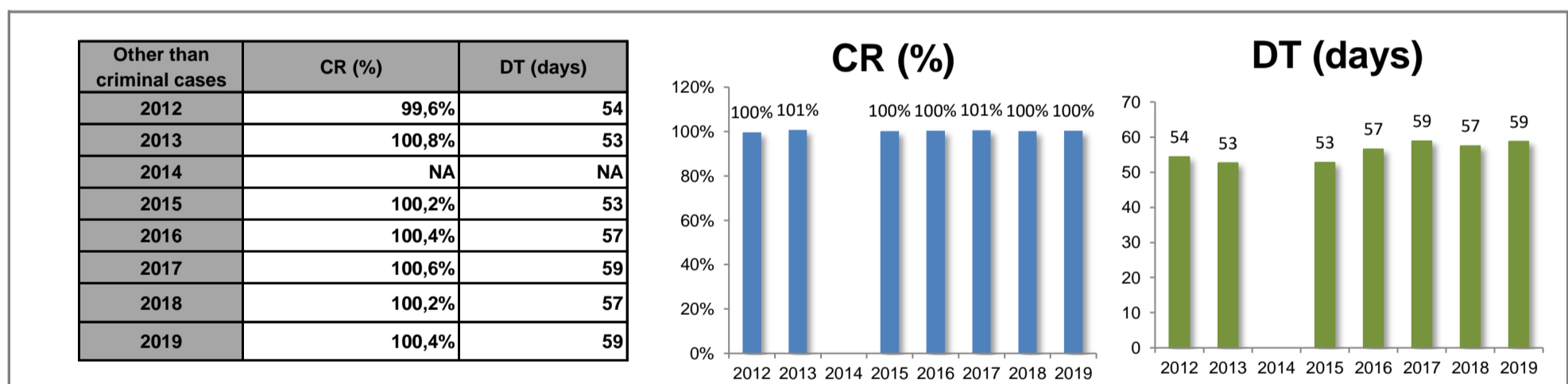
First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Austria (36,21 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases (36,36 per 100 inhabitants against the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Austria (5,84 per 100 inhabitants) is also well above the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



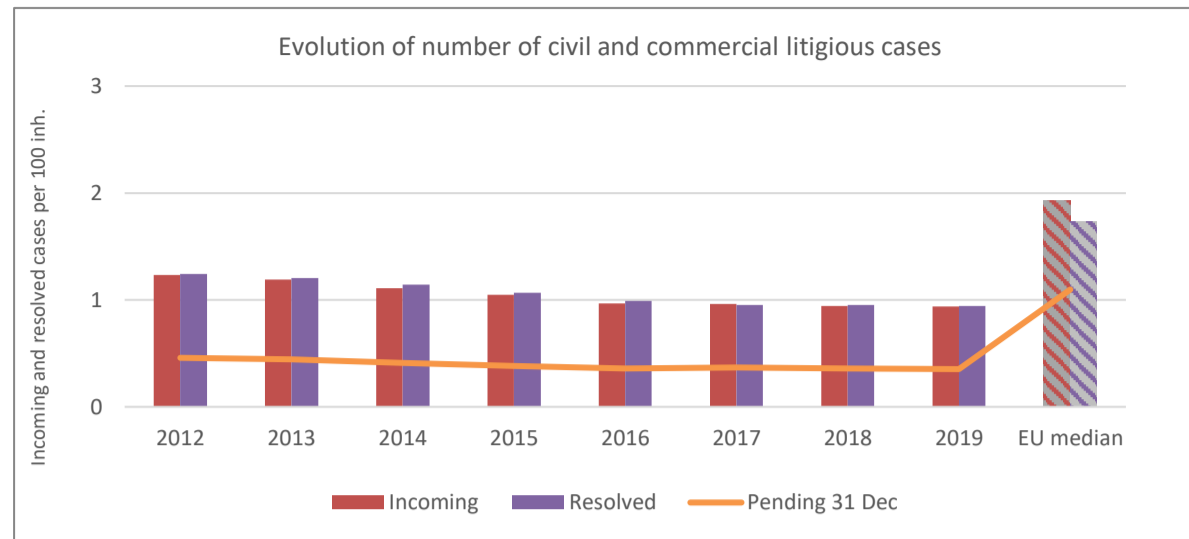
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,4% in 2019 Austria seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,2 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 59 days, that is below the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 2,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

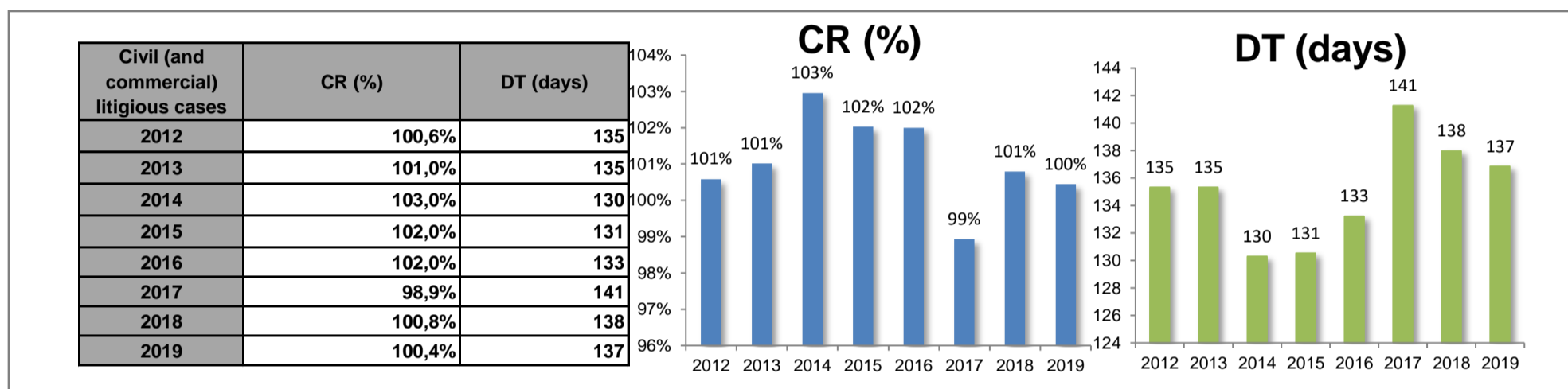
◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Austria (0,94 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

Also, the number of resolved cases in 2019 (0,94 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants).

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,35 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,4% in 2019, Austria seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

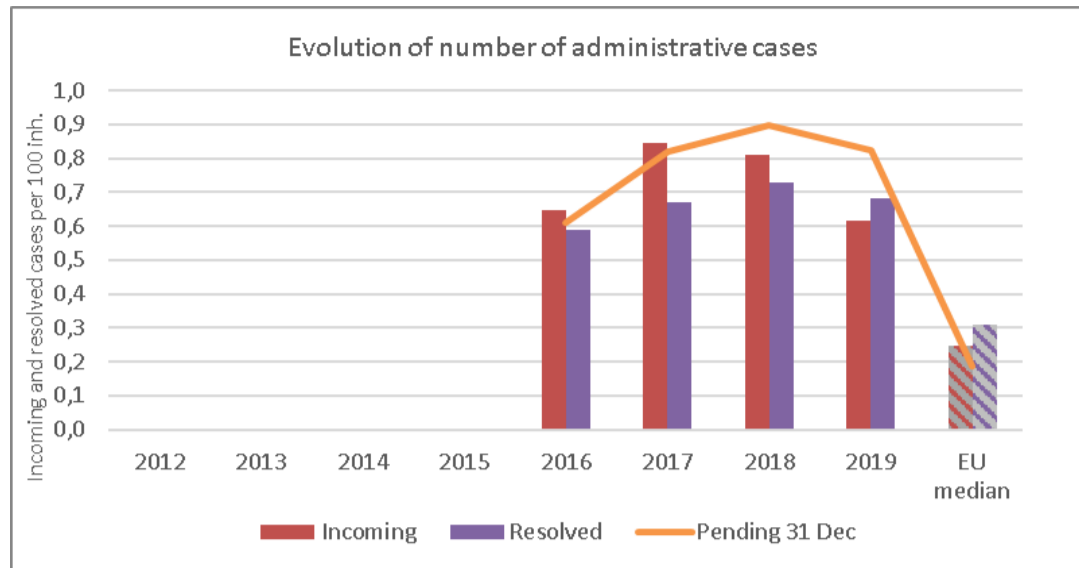
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -0,3 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 137 days, which is below the EU median of 213.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -0,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

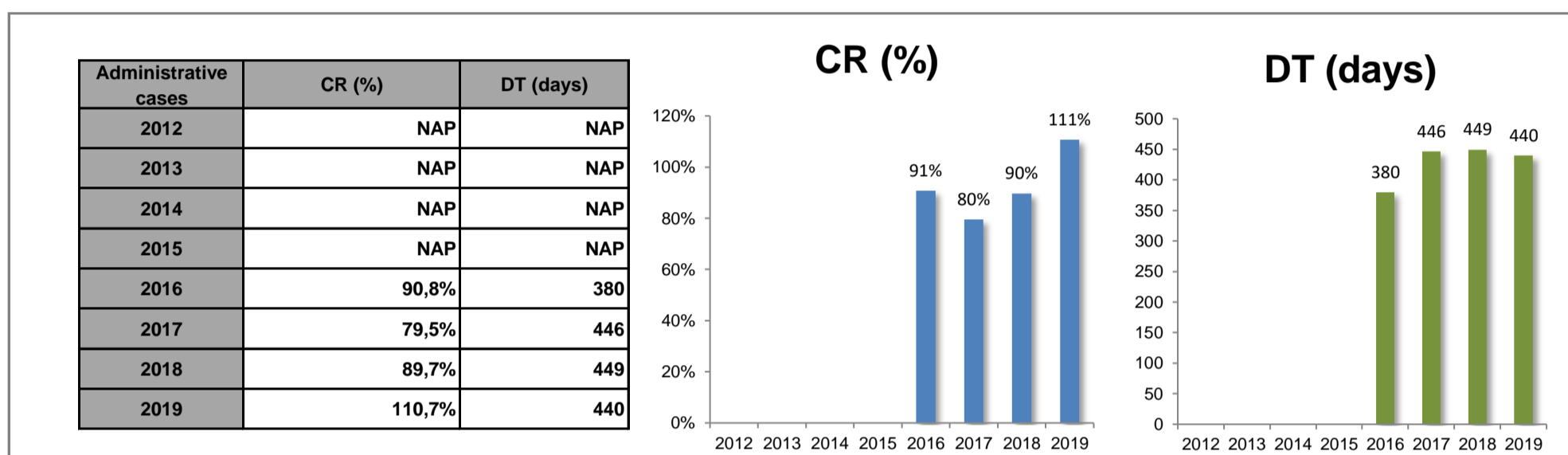
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ *Administrative cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Austria (0,62 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants); as well as the number of resolved cases in 2019, which is 0,68 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 0,31 per 100 inhabitants.

Also, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Austria (0,82 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 110,7% in 2019, Austria seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

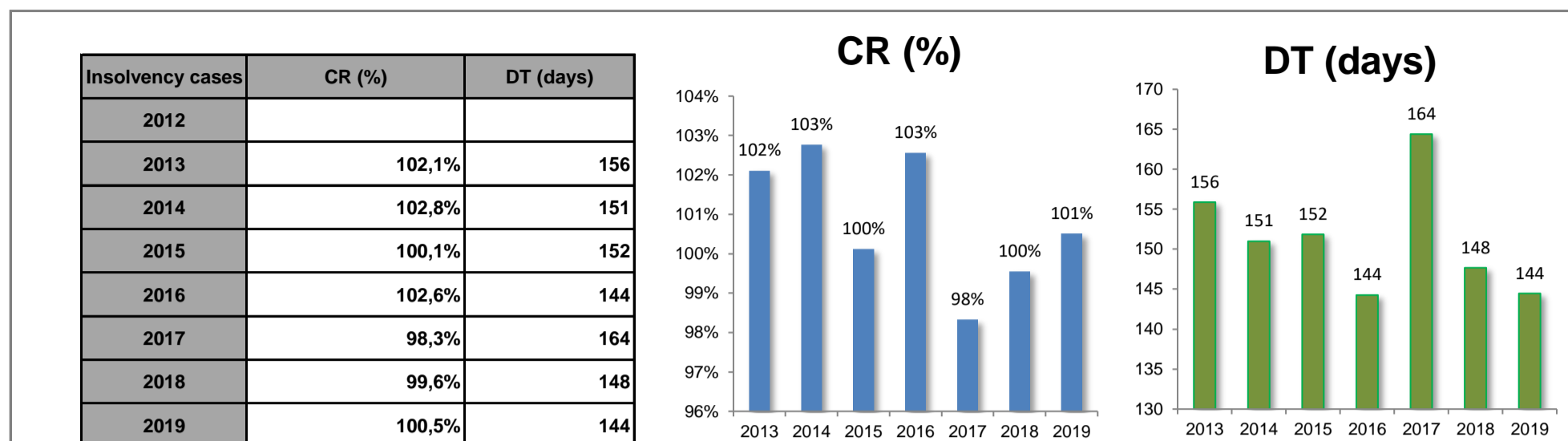
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 21,0 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 440 days, which is significantly above the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -2,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Austria, there are 24 005 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 32,8% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

◦ Insolvency



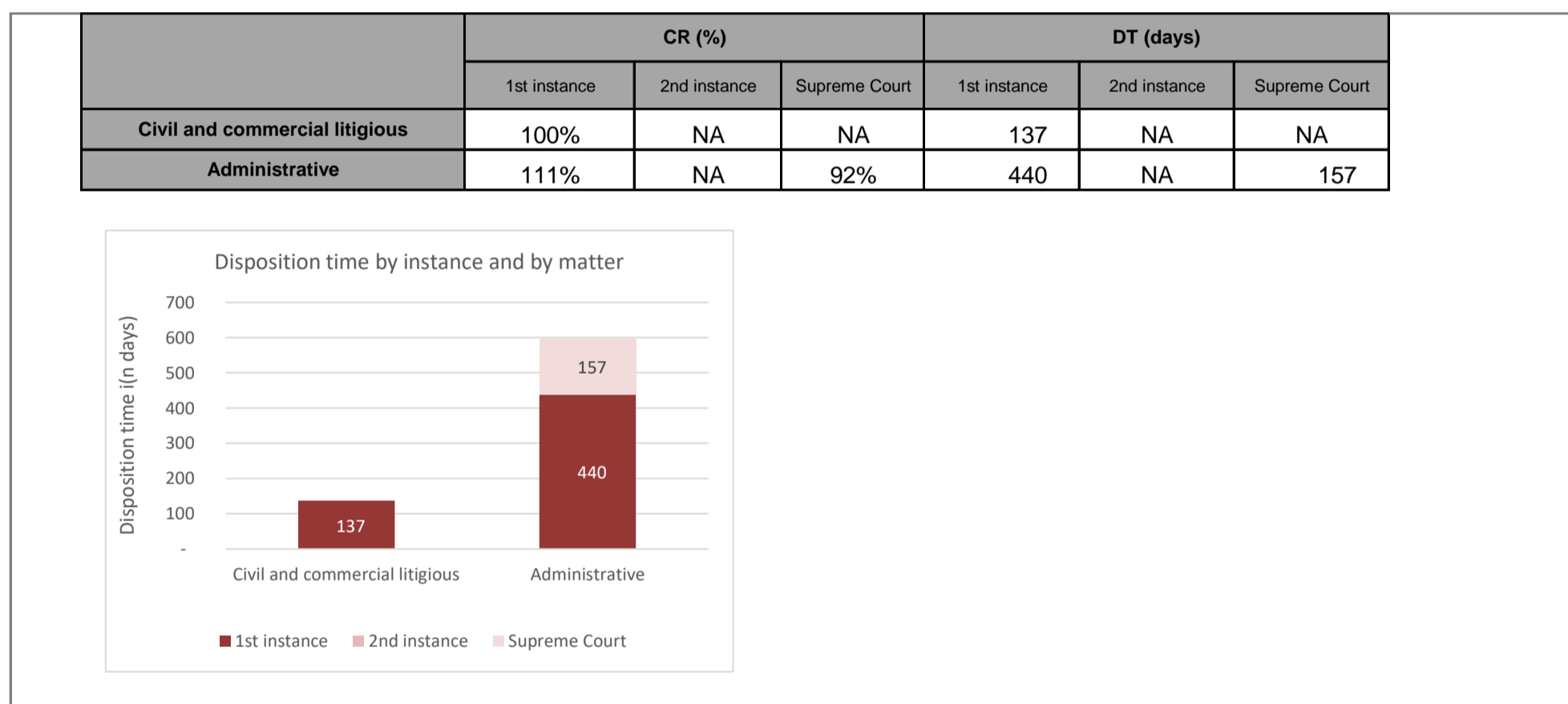
The Clearance Rate was calculated at 100,5% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Austria seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,0 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 144 days, which is below the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -2,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



As described above, there is no overall distinction between litigious and non-litigious civil and commercial proceedings in the statistics. Such distinction could be carried out artificially only with regard to first instance courts which Disposition Time is considerably below the EU median of 213 days.

As to administrative law cases, the Supreme Administrative Court competent for dealing with appeals against first instance decisions appears more efficient than the first instance administrative courts. The latter are characterised by a significantly high Disposition Time compared to first instance courts sitting in civil and commercial litigious matters and in respect of the EU median (284 days). The Disposition Time of the Supreme Administrative Court is well below the EU median of 219 days. However, an up-ward trend can be noticed since 2016 in respect of incoming administrative cases and accordingly pending administrative cases before the Supreme Administrative Court. The main cause is the high number of cases in the field of asylum and aliens law characterizing the period 2016 - 2019.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Austria provides court related mediation.

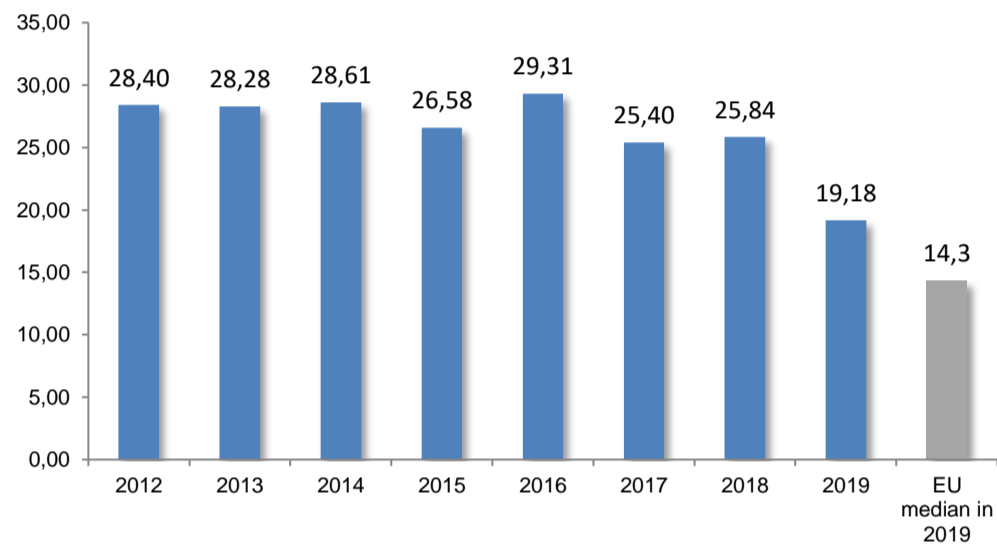
In this type of mediation, there is always the intervention of a judge or a public prosecutor who facilitates, advises on, decides on or/and approves the procedure. For example, in civil disputes or divorce cases, judges may refer parties to a mediator if they believe that more satisfactory results can be achieved for both parties. In criminal law cases, a judge can propose that he/she mediates a case between an offender and a victim to establish a compensation agreement. In the course of an offer for a diversion an out-of-court compensation can be ordered by a judge (or a public prosecutor in the preliminary proceedings). In cases of parental custody and cases about the right to access to one’s children a judge can instruct “Familiengerichtshilfe” to find a common solution or to gather very precise facts. “Familiengerichtshilfe” is part of the judiciary, they are not legal educated but social workers, trained educators and psychologists.

The court related mediation system in Austria provides mandatory court related mediation in the following circumstances:

- 1) Before/instead of going to court
- 2) Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding

Namely, as concerns civil matters, in some tenancy law cases court-related mediation is mandatory before going to court. In some family law matters, a court-related mediation procedure can be ordered by the judge. In criminal cases there are two specific procedures: Withdrawal of the prosecution (Diversion) and victim-offender mediation (Tatausgleich).

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	2 400	28,40
2013	2 400	28,28
2014	2 456	28,61
2015	2 313	26,58
2016	2 562	29,31
2017	2 234	25,40
2018	2 273	25,84
2019	1 692	19,18



In 2019, there are 1 692 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 19,2 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about -25,6%.

The list of mediators exists since 2004; the registration on this list is always limited for a specific period: five years after the initial registration and ten years for continuation of an existing registration. Many mediators registered in 2004, applied for continuation of the registration in 2009 but did not do so in 2019. This explains the significant drop in registered mediators.

Data on number of court-related mediation procedures in different fields of law is not available.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

In respect of administrative courts, the activity report is prepared once a year by every administrative court and publicly available. The report contains, among others, the number of incoming and resolved cases, the number of cases, which were still open at the end of the year, type of proceedings, duration of proceedings, number of staff, etc. The reports are published.

Concerning the Administrative Supreme Court, the activity report includes general remarks, personnel structure, statistics of pending and completed cases and a selection from the case law. The report is transmitted to the Federal Chancellor and other important state authorities.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

More precisely, concerning courts of general jurisdiction, the report is annual while regarding administrative courts it is less frequent - depending on the court's organization between 1 and 3 years. As to the Administrative Supreme Court, the reporting is annual.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- certain types of decisions

In Austria, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

◦ The reporting is more frequent than annual

Operational Information System (BIS) - annually

Periodic check lists

Less frequent: Internal Audit all 4 to 7 years

More frequent: Monthly statistics about incoming and closed cases ("Kurzstatistik")

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- costs of the judicial procedures
- number of appeals
- clearance rate

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

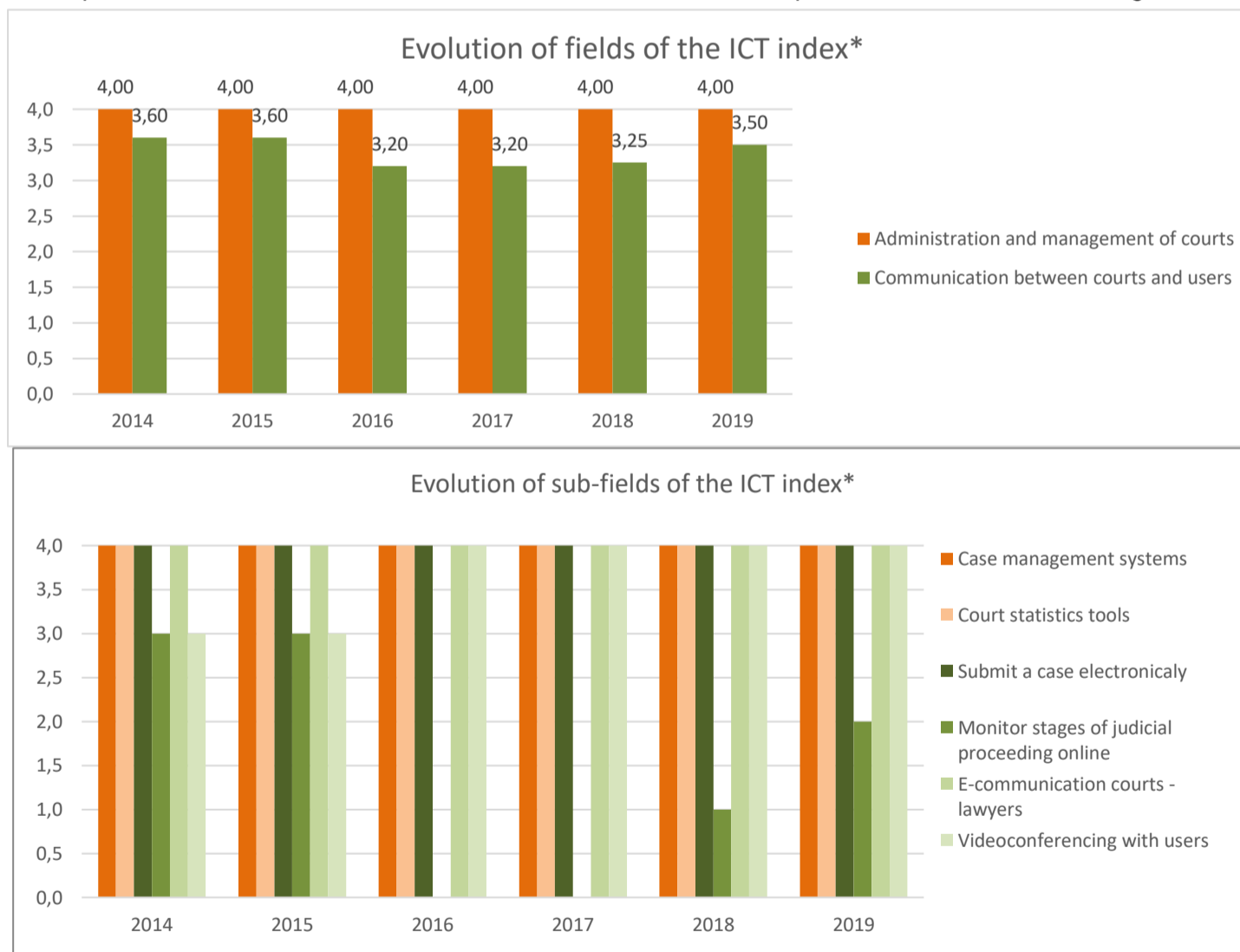
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	4,0
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	4,0
◦ Communication between court and users.	3,5
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	4,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	2,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	4,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



The data for the measurement tools is provided by the CMS, but there is no way to get access to this data directly by using the CMS.

Statistical data

The centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and the judiciary is the Federal Computing Centre of Austria (Bundesrechenzentrum GmbH) acting on behalf of the Federal Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Austria.

This institution publishes statistics of each court only on an intranet website.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet
- Only internally (on intranet)
- on paper

Concerning administrative courts, the activity report is prepared once a year by every administrative court and is publicly available. The report contains, among others, the number of incoming and resolved cases, the number of cases, which were still open at the end of the year, type of proceedings, duration of proceedings, number of staff, etc. The reports are published.

As to the Administrative Supreme Court, the activity report includes general remarks, personnel structure, statistics of pending and completed cases and a selection from the case law. The report is transmitted to the Federal Chancellor and other important state authorities.

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	5,3%	0,4%	1,2%	1,3%	0,5%	0,6%	0,3%	0,9%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	36 430 €	36 930 €	38 540 €	39 390 €	40 420 €	42 010 €	43 680 €	44 900 €	23,3%	1,4%	4,4%	2,2%	2,6%	3,9%	4,0%	2,8%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 276 420 000	1 289 150 000	1 298 519 000	1 309 132 000	1 462 689 939	1 606 636 201	1 506 193 000	1 620 632 000	27,0%	1,0%	0,7%	0,8%	11,7%	9,8%	-6,3%	7,6%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	5,3%	0,4%	1,2%	1,3%	0,5%	0,6%	0,3%	0,9%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	36 430 €	36 930 €	38 540 €	39 390 €	40 420 €	42 010 €	43 680 €	44 900 €	23,3%	1,4%	4,4%	2,2%	2,6%	3,9%	4,0%	2,8%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 276 420 000	1 289 150 000	1 298 519 000	1 309 132 000	1 462 689 939	1 606 636 201	1 506 193 000	1 620 632 000	27,0%	0 €	0,7%	0,8%	11,7%	9,8%	-6,3%	7,6%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	1 372 254 738	1 477 184 383	1 606 971 615	1 673 738 244	1 576 926 389	1 678 614 837	-	-	-	7,6%	8,8%	4,2%	-5,8%	6,4%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	5,3%	0,4%	1,2%	1,3%	0,5%	0,6%	0,3%	0,9%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 276 420 000	1 289 150 000	1 298 519 000	1 309 132 000	1 462 689 939	1 606 636 201	1 506 193 000	1 620 632 000	27,0%	1,0%	0,7%	0,8%	11,7%	9,8%	-6,3%	7,6%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	834 870 000	-	915 619 924	1 036 336 100	1 099 812 161	1 055 137 551	1 194 414 981	1 211 684 089	45,1%	-	-	13,2%	6,1%	-4,1%	13,2%	1,4%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	163	171	171	171	-	-	-	-	-	4,9%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	5,3%	0,4%	1,2%	1,3%	0,5%	0,6%	0,3%	0,9%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	154	132	129	129	129	129	128	128	-16,9%	-14,3%	-2,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,8%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	7	7	18	18	18	18	18	18	157,1%	0,0%	157,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	149	135	103	103	103	103	102	102	-31,5%	-9,4%	-23,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-1,0%	0,0%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																	
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	7	7	19	19	19	19	18	18	157,1%	0,0%	171,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-5,3%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	0	NAP	11	11	11	11	11	11	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Number of military courts	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	5,3%	0,4%	1,2%	1,3%	0,5%	0,6%	0,3%	0,9%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	504 481	517 264	NA	482 779	524 240	530 969	522 569	522 141	3,5%	2,5%	-	-	8,6%	1,3%	-1,6%	-0,1%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	39 530	38 918	37 885	35 068	33 222	31 532	32 437	31 779	-19,6%	-1,5%	-2,7%	-7,4%	-5,3%	-5,1%	2,9%	-2,0%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	397 794	388 908	390 281	366 196	357 258	-	-	-	-	-2,2%	0,4%	-6,2%	-2,4%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	397 948	386 305	381 808	372 342	356 361	350 894	324 166	324 114	-18,6%	-2,9%	-1,2%	-2,5%	-4,3%	-1,5%	-7,6%	0,0%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	25 452	32 556	39 387	42 030	33 144	-	-	-	-	27,9%	21,0%	6,7%	-21,1%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	17 205	41 484	23 356	21 827	28 491	18 711	16 644	15 495	-9,9%	141,1%	-43,7%	-6,5%	30,5%	-34,3%	-11,0%	-6,9%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	0	3 223	3 625	4 056	20 676	25 386	17 649	-	-	-	12,5%	11,9%	409,8%	22,8%	-30,5%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	48 297	57 010	71 648	79 024	-	-	-	-	-	18,0%	25,7%	10,3%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	49 798	50 557	48 324	49 917	53 813	52 146	52 288	54 080	8,6%	1,5%	-4,4%	3,3%	7,8%	-3,1%	0,3%	3,4%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 489 286	3 386 071	NA	3 287 147	3 284 414	3 229 560	3 267 183	3 223 321	-7,6%	-3,0%	-	-	-0,1%	-1,7%	1,2%	-1,3%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	104 365	101 157	95 412	91 057	84 708	84 716	83 403	83 399	-20,1%	-3,1%	-5,7%	-4,6%	-7,0%	0,0%	-1,5%	0,0%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	2 684 699	2 641 124	2 569 287	2 598 742	2 587 121	-	-	-	-	-1,6%	-2,7%	1,1%	-0,4%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 775 035	1 777 887	1 741 644	1 721 024	1 670 674	1 644 273	1 669 386	1 629 337	-8,2%	0,2%	-2,0%	-1,2%	-2,9%	-1,6%	1,5%	-2,4%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	963 675	970 450	925 014	929 356	957 784	-	-	-	-	0,7%	-4,7%	0,5%	3,1%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	689 005	643 064	648 601	684 737	683 624	633 837	621 199	640 454	-7,0%	-6,7%	0,9%	5,6%	-0,2%	-7,3%	-2,0%	3,1%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	335 857	307 976	285 996	278 938	286 826	291 177	308 157	317 330	-5,5%	-8,3%	-7,1%	-2,5%	2,8%	1,5%	5,8%	3,0%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	56 583	74 227	71 553	54 894	-	-	-	-	-	31,2%	-3,6%	-23,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	585 024	555 987	513 877	511 391	501 999	501 330	513 485	497 907	-14,9%	-5,0%	-7,6%	-0,5%	-1,8%	-0,1%	2,4%	-3,0%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 476 472	3 411 960	NA	3 293 774	3 298 090	3 248 636	3 274 813	3 236 623	-6,9%	-1,9%	-	-	0,1%	-1,5%	0,8%	-1,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	104 977	102 190	98 229	92 903	86 398	83 811	84 061	83 771	-20,2%	-2,7%	-3,9%	-5,4%	-7,0%	-3,0%	0,3%	-0,3%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	2 693 376	2 656 631	2 604 602	2 614 882	2 594 238	-	-	-	-	-1,4%	-2,0%	0,4%	-0,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 786 647	1 782 384	1 751 110	1 737 005	1 676 141	1 682 179	1 676 640	1 639 927	-8,2%	-0,2%	-1,8%	-0,8%	-3,5%	0,4%	-0,3%	-2,2%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	956 371	980 490	922 423	938 242	954 311	-	-	-	-	2,5%	-5,9%	1,7%	1,7%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	664 726	661 192	626 850	678 073	693 404	635 904	622 348	635 863	-4,3%	-0,5%	-5,2%	8,2%	2,3%	-8,3%	-2,1%	2,2%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	335 857	307 976	285 594	278 298	287 086	286 519	315 894	318 448	-5,2%	-8,3%	-7,3%	-2,6%	3,2%	-0,2%	10,3%	0,8%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	51 395	59 035	64 177	60 746	-	-	-	-	-	14,9%	8,7%	-5,3%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	584 265	558 218	512 284	507 495	503 666	501 188	511 693	497 868	-14,8%	-4,5%	-8,2%	-0,9%	-0,8%	-0,5%	2,1%	-2,7%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	517 295	491 375	NA	476 152	510 564	523 071	514 939	520 057	0,5%	-5,0%	-	-	7,2%	2,4%	-1,6%	1,0%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	38 918	37 885	35 068	33 222	31 532	32 437	31 779	31 407	-19,3%	-2,7%	-7,4%	-5,3%	-5,1%	2,9%	-2,0%	-1,2%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	389 117	373 401	366 144	350 056	361 359	-	-	-	-	-4,0%	-1,9%	-4,4%	3,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	386 336	381 808	372 342	356 361	350 894	324 166	316 912	324 742	-15,9%	-1,2%	-2,5%	-4,3%	-1,5%	-7,6%	-2,2%	2,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	32 756	22 507	41 978	33 144	36 617	-	-	-	-	-31,3%	86,5%	-21,0%	10,5%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	41 484	23 356	21 827	28 491	18 711	16 644	15 495	20 086	-51,6%	-43,7%	-6,5%	30,5%	-34,3%	-11,0%	-6,9%	29,6%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	0	3 625	4 265	3 796	25 334	17 649	16 531	-	-	-	17,7%	-11,0%	567,4%	-30,3%	-6,3%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	53 485	72 202	79 024	73 172	-	-	-	-	-	35,0%	9,4%	-7,4%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	50 557	48 326	49 917	53 813	52 146	52 288	54 080	54 119	7,0%	-4,4%	3,3%	7,8%	-3,1%	0,3%	3,4%	0,1%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,6%	100,8%	NA	100,2%	100,4%	100,6%	100,2%	100,4%	0,8%	1,1%	-	-	0,2%	0,2%	-0,4%	0,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,6%	101,0%	103,0%	102,0%	102,0%	98,9%	100,8%	100,4%	-0,1%	0,4%	1,9%	-0,9%	0,0%	-3,0%	1,9%	-0,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	100,3%	100,6%	101,4%	100,6%	100,3%	-	-	-	-	0,3%	0,8%	-0,7%	-0,3%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,7%	100,3%	100,5%	100,9%	100,3%	102,3%	100,4%	100,6%	0,0%	-0,4%	0,3%	0,4%	-0,6%	2,0%	-1,8%	0,2%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	99,2%	101,0%	99,7%	101,0%	99,6%	-	-	-	-	1,8%	-1,3%	1,2%	-1,3%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	96,5%	102,8%	96,6%	99,0%	101,4%	100,3%	100,2%	99,3%	2,9%	6,6%	-6,0%	2,5%	2,4%	-1,1%	-0,1%	-0,9%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	100,0%	100,0%	99,9%	99,8%	100,1%	98,4%	102,5%	100,4%	0,4%	0,0%	-0,1%	-0,1%	0,3%	-1,7%	4,2%	-2,1%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	90,8%	79,5%	89,7%	110,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-12,4%	12,8%	23,4%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,9%	100,4%	99,7%	99,2%	100,3%	100,0%	99,7%	100,0%	0,1%	0,5%	-0,7%	-0,5%	1,1%	-0,4%	-0,3%	0,3%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	54	53	NA	53	57	59	57	59	8,0%	-3,2%	-	-	7,1%	4,0%	-2,3%	2,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	135	135	130	131	133	141	138	137	1,1%	0,0%	-3,7%	0,2%	2,1%	6,0%	-2,3%	-0,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	53	51	51	49	51	-	-	-	-	-2,7%	0,0%	-4,8%	4,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	79	78	78	75	76	70	69	72	-8,4%	-0,9%	-0,7%	-3,5%	2,0%	-7,9%	-1,9%	4,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	13	8	17	13	14	-	-	-	-	-33,0%	98,3%	-22,4%	8,6%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	23	13	13	15	10	10	9	12	-49,4%	-43,4%	-1,4%	20,7%	-35,8%	-3,0%	-4,9%	26,9%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	0	5	6	5	32	20	19	-	-	-	20,7%	-13,7%	568,7%	-36,8%	-7,1%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	380	446	449	440	-	-	-	-	-	17,5%	0,7%	-2,2%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	32	32	36	39	38	38	39	40	25,6%	0,0%	12,6%	8,8%	-2,4%	0,8%	1,3%	2,9%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	2 920	2 830	3 004	2 872	2 765	2 617	2 700	2 511	-14,0%	-3,1%	6,1%	-4,4%	-3,7%	-5,4%	3,2%	-7,0%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	11 557	11 365	10 841	10 179	10 150	9 548	9 922	10 033	-13,2%	-1,7%	-4,6%	-6,1%	-0,3%	-5,9%	3,9%	1,1%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	6 354	6 237	6 214	5 992	5 782	5 767	5 497	5 531	-13,0%	-1,8%	-0,4%	-3,6%	-3,5%	-0,3%	-4,7%	0,6%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	26 152	24 861	23 944	24 365	23 556	22 406	24 910	24 900	-4,8%	-4,9%	-3,7%	1,8%	-3,3%	-4,9%	11,2%	0,0%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 444	6 063	6 346	6 099	5 930	5 684	5 686	5 394	-16,3%	-5,9%	4,7%	-3,9%	-2,8%	-4,1%	0,0%	-5,1%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	26 344	25 385	24 606	24 394	24 158	22 032	24 799	25 028	-5,0%	-3,6%	-3,1%	-0,9%	-1,0%	-8,8%	12,6%	0,9%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	2 830	3 004	2 872	2 765	2 617	2 700	2 511	2 648	-6,4%	6,1%	-4,4%	-3,7%	-5,4%	3,2%	-7,0%	5,5%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	11 365	10 841	10 179	10 150	9 548	9 922	10 033	9 905	-12,8%	-4,6%	-6,1%	-0,3%	-5,9%	3,9%	1,1%	-1,3%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	101,4%	97,2%	102,1%	101,8%	102,6%	98,6%	103,4%	97,5%	-3,8%	-4,1%	5,1%	-0,3%	0,8%	-3,9%	4,9%	-5,7%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	100,7%	102,1%	102,8%	100,1%	102,6%	98,3%	99,6%	100,5%	-0,2%	1,4%	0,6%	-2,6%	2,4%	-4,1%	1,2%	1,0%
DT Litigious divorce cases	160	181	165	165	161	173	161	179	11,8%	12,8%	-8,7%	0,2%	-2,7%	7,6%	-7,0%	11,2%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	157	156	151	152	144	164	148	144	-8,3%	-1,0%	-3,1%	0,6%	-5,0%	13,9%	-10,2%	-2,2%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6 284	5 614	5 312	5 180	5 248	5 001	5 003	4 732	-24,7%	-10,7%	-5,4%	-2,5%	1,3%	-4,7%	0,0%	-5,4%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	29 919	29 144	28 328	27 818	27 320	26 398	25 461	25 523	-14,7%	-2,6%	-2,8%	-1,8%	-1,8%	-3,4%	-3,5%	0,2%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	30 589	29 446	28 460	27 750	27 567	26 396	25 703	25 580	-16,4%	-3,7%	-3,3%	-2,5%	-0,7%	-4,2%	-2,6%	-0,5%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 614	5 312	5 180	5 248	5 001	5 003	4 761	4 675	-16,7%	-5,4%	-2,5%	1,3%	-4,7%	0,0%	-4,8%	-1,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	19	7	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-63,2%	-71,4%	150,0%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	102,2%	101,0%	100,5%	99,8%	100,9%	100,0%	101,0%	100,2%	-2,0%	-1,2%	-0,6%	-0,7%	1,2%	-0,9%	1,0%	-0,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	67	66	66	69	66	69	68	67	-0,4%	-1,7%	0,9%	3,9%	-4,1%	4,5%	-2,3%	-1,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	693	-	730	889	2 935	2 621	2 818	2 966	328,0%	-	-	21,8%	230,1%	-10,7%	7,5%	5,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	2 148	1 834	2 191	2 206	-	-	-	-	-	-14,6%	19,5%	0,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 483	-	2 396	2 516	6 703	8 233	8 885	9 335	276,0%	-	-	5,0%	166,4%	22,8%	7,9%	5,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	4 250	5 780	6 802	6 968	-	-	-	-	-	36,0%	17,7%	2,4%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 249	-	2 237	2 618	7 152	7 933	8 850	8 691	286,4%	-	-	17,0%	173,2%	10,9%	11,6%	-1,8%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	4 642	5 423	6 787	6 412	-	-	-	-	-	16,8%	25,2%	-5,5%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	882	-	889	787	2 486	2 921	2 853	3 610	309,3%	-	-	-11,5%	215,9%	17,5%	-2,3%	26,5%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	1 756	2 191	2 206	2 762	-	-	-	-	-	24,8%	0,7%	25,2%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	57	96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,4%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	118	93	57	96	-	-	-	-	-	-21,2%	-38,7%	68,4%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	90,6%	-	93,4%	104,1%	106,7%	96,4%	99,6%	93,1%	2,8%	-	-	11,4%	2,5%	-9,7%	3,4%	-6,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	109,2%	93,8%	99,8%	92,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-14,1%	6,3%	-7,8%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	143	-	145	110	127	134	118	152	5,9%	-	-	-24,4%	15,6%	5,9%	-12,4%	28,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	138	147	119	157	-	-	-	-	-	6,8%	-19,6%	32,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	5,3%	0,4%	1,2%	1,3%	0,5%	0,6%	0,3%	0,9%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 500 000	19 500 000	19 500 000	21 000 000	10,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,6%	0,0%	0,0%	7,7%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	21 070 101	20 800 000	19 700 000	18 860 000	19 828 000	21 278 000	-	-	-	-1,3%	-5,3%	-4,3%	5,1%	7,3%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							100%	100%
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							Yes	Yes
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							Yes	Yes
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No											

- Civil - Equipment rate
- Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
- Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
- Civil - SMS
- Civil - E-mail
- Civil - Specific computer application
- Civil - Other

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							not accessible at all	accessible at all									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)								
064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	1-9%
064-11 - Criminal							50-99%	50-99%
064-11 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Both	Video
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Both	Video

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							NAP	NAP									

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							Yes	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	Yes
064-3 - Information available in CMS							Yes	Yes

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%	100%										
064-7 - Email								No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other								No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								10-49%	50-99%										
064-7 - Email								No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other								No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes										

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																			
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	Yes											
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	No											
065-4 - Impact on Workload							No	No											
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							Yes	Yes											
065-4 - Impact on Costs							Yes	Yes											
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No											
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																			

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods

Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)

166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	2 400	2 400	2 456	2 313	2 562	2 234	2 273	1 692	-29,5%	0,0%	2,3%	-5,8%	10,8%	-12,8%	1,7%	-25,6%
---	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	--------	------	------	-------	-------	--------	------	--------

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	6 007	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-				-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	6 007	-	5 002	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-				-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-				-	-	-

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)																			
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No										
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No										
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	No	No	No										
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No										
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No										
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	Yes	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No										

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	No	-	Yes	-	No	No	No	No								
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	No	No	No	Yes	No	-	No	No								
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	No	No	No	-	No	No								

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	5,3%	0,4%	1,2%	1,3%	0,5%	0,6%	0,3%	0,9%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 547	1 565	1 620	1 621	2 397	2 478	2 411	2 625	69,7%	1,2%	3,5%	0,1%	47,9%	3,4%	-2,7%	8,9%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 325	1 341	1 224	1 223	1 935	1 952	1 957	2 176	64,3%	1,3%	-8,7%	-0,1%	58,2%	0,9%	0,3%	11,2%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	157	160	330	331	328	326	321	316	101,1%	1,8%	106,4%	0,3%	-0,9%	-0,6%	-1,5%	-1,6%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	65	63	66	67	134	133	133	133	104,9%	-2,2%	4,0%	1,5%	100,0%	-0,7%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	791	784	790	791	1 215	1 260	1 190	1 298	64,0%	-1,0%	0,8%	0,1%	53,6%	3,7%	-5,6%	9,1%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	653	647	556	559	938	939	926	1 039	59,1%	-0,9%	-14,1%	0,5%	67,8%	0,1%	-1,4%	12,2%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	94	94	191	188	183	181	174	172	84,0%	0,2%	103,9%	-1,6%	-2,7%	-1,1%	-3,9%	-1,1%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	45	43	43	44	94	92	90	87	93,2%	-5,0%	0,5%	2,3%	113,6%	-2,1%	-2,2%	-3,3%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	755	781	830	830	1 182	1 218	1 221	1 327	75,7%	3,4%	6,3%	0,0%	42,4%	3,0%	0,2%	8,7%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	672	694	668	664	997	1 013	1 031	1 137	69,3%	3,3%	-3,8%	-0,6%	50,2%	1,6%	1,8%	10,3%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	64	66	139	143	145	145	147	144	126,3%	4,1%	109,8%	2,9%	1,4%	0,0%	1,4%	-2,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	20	21	23	23	40	41	43	46	131,6%	4,0%	11,3%	0,0%	73,9%	2,5%	4,9%	7,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	4 631	4 698	4 705	4 735	5 544	5 544	4 966	5 117	10,5%	1,4%	0,1%	0,6%	17,1%	0,0%	-10,4%	3,0%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	760	771	785	798	837	857	833	818	7,6%	1,4%	1,8%	1,7%	4,9%	2,4%	-2,8%	-1,8%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	20	20	19	19	494	406	342	415	1975,0%	0,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	2500,0%	-17,8%	-15,8%	21,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	437	434	439	440	686	783	764	888	103,2%	-0,7%	1,2%	0,2%	55,9%	14,1%	-2,4%	16,2%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	33	28	23	22	52	57	53	53	60,6%	-15,2%	-17,9%	-4,3%	136,4%	9,6%	-7,0%	0,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	3 381	3 445	3 439	3 456	3 475	3 366	2 974	2 943	-13,0%	1,9%	-0,2%	0,5%	0,5%	-3,1%	-11,6%	-1,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 388	1 408	1 623	1 623	1 481	1 497	-	-	-	1,4%	15,3%	0,0%	-8,7%	1,1%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	320	332	335	334	322	313	-	-	-	3,8%	0,9%	-0,3%	-3,6%	-2,8%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	1	1	98	83	83	89	-	-	-	0,0%	9700,0%	-15,3%	0,0%	7,2%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	160	156	241	258	253	309	-	-	-	-2,5%	54,5%	7,1%	-1,9%	22,1%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	10	10	28	31	33	33	-	-	-	0,0%	180,0%	10,7%	6,5%	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	897	909	921	892	790	753	-	-	-	1,3%	1,3%	-3,1%	-11,4%	-4,7%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 256	3 313	3 317	3 327	3 921	3 921	3 485	3 620	11,2%	1,8%	0,1%	0,3%	17,9%	0,0%	-11,1%	3,9%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	441	447	465	466	502	523	511	505	14,5%	1,4%	4,0%	0,2%	7,7%	4,2%	-2,3%	-1,2%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	19	19	18	18	396	323	259	326	1615,8%	0,0%	-5,3%	0,0%	2100,0%	-18,4%	-19,8%	25,9%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	277	276	279	284	445	525	511	579	109,0%	-0,4%	1,1%	1,8%	56,7%	18,0%	-2,7%	13,3%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	24	19	13	12	24	26	20	20	-16,7%	-20,8%	-31,6%	-7,7%	100,0%	8,3%	-23,1%	0,0%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	2 495	2 551	2 542	2 547	2 554	2 474	2 184	2 190	-12,2%	2,2%	-0,4%	0,2%	0,3%	-3,1%	-11,7%	0,3%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)																
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)																
Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	5,3%	0,4%	1,2%	1,3%	0,5%	0,6%	0,3%	0,9%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	5 756	5 801	5 940	6 138	6 132	6 325	6 483	6 667	15,8%	0,8%	2,4%	3,3%	-0,1%	3,1%	2,5%	2,8%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	4 631	4 698	4 705	4 735	5 544	5 544	4 966	5 117	10,5%	1,4%	0,1%	0,6%	17,1%	0,0%	-10,4%	3,0%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	760	771	785	798	837	857	833	818	7,6%	1,4%	1,8%	1,7%	4,9%	2,4%	-2,8%	-1,8%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	20	20	19	19	494	406	342	415	1975,0%	0,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	2500,0%	-17,8%	-15,8%	21,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	437	434	439	440	686	783	764	888	103,2%	-0,7%	1,2%	0,2%	55,9%	14,1%	-2,4%	16,2%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	33	28	23	22	52	57	53	53	60,6%	-15,2%	-17,9%	-4,3%	136,4%	9,6%	-7,0%	0,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	3 381	3 445	3 439	3 456	3 475	3 366	2 974	2 943	-13,0%	1,9%	-0,2%	0,5%	0,5%	-3,1%	-11,6%	-1,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 388	1 408	1 623	1 623	1 481	1 497	-	-	-	1,4%	15,3%	0,0%	-8,7%	1,1%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	320	332	335	334	322	313	-	-	-	3,8%	0,9%	-0,3%	-3,6%	-2,8%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	1	1	98	83	83	89	-	-	-	0,0%	9700,0%	-15,3%	0,0%	7,2%

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	160	156	241	258	253	309	-	-	-	-2,5%	54,5%	7,1%	-1,9%	22,1%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	10	10	28	31	33	33	-	-	-	0,0%	180,0%	10,7%	6,5%	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	897	909	921	892	790	753	-	-	-	1,3%	1,3%	-3,1%	-11,4%	-4,7%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 256	3 313	3 317	3 327	3 921	3 921	3 485	3 620	11,2%	1,8%	0,1%	0,3%	17,9%	0,0%	-11,1%	3,9%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	441	447	465	466	502	523	511	505	14,5%	1,4%	4,0%	0,2%	7,7%	4,2%	-2,3%	-1,2%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	19	19	18	18	396	323	259	326	1615,8%	0,0%	-5,3%	0,0%	2100,0%	-18,4%	-19,8%	25,9%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	277	276	279	284	445	525	511	579	109,0%	-0,4%	1,1%	1,8%	56,7%	18,0%	-2,7%	13,3%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	24	19	13	12	24	26	20	20	-16,7%	-20,8%	-31,6%	-7,7%	100,0%	8,3%	-23,1%	0,0%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	2 495	2 551	2 542	2 547	2 554	2 474	2 184	2 190	-12,2%	2,2%	-0,4%	0,2%	0,3%	-3,1%	-11,7%	0,3%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet
--	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Austria

(2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)																			
Judges							Yes	Yes											
Prosecutors							Yes	Yes											
Non-judge staff							Yes	Yes											
Lawyers							No	Yes											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							Yes	Yes											
Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)																			
Judges							Yes	Yes											
Prosecutors							Yes	Yes											
Non-judge staff							Yes	Yes											
Lawyers							No	Yes											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							Yes	Yes											
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																			
National programme for gender equality							Yes	Yes											
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																			
In courts (judges)							Yes	Yes											
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							Yes	Yes											
For courts' non-judge staff							Yes	Yes											

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Belgium

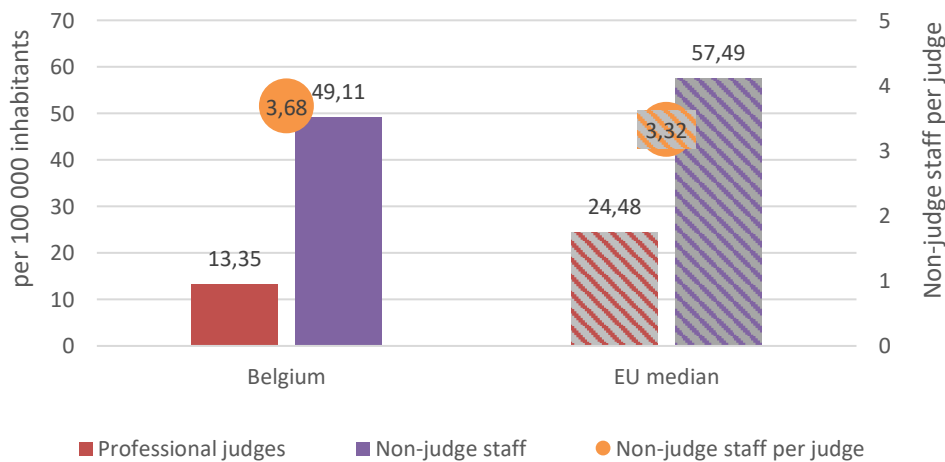
General data

Population: 11 431 406 **GDP:** 41 200 € **Average annual salary:** 44 544 €

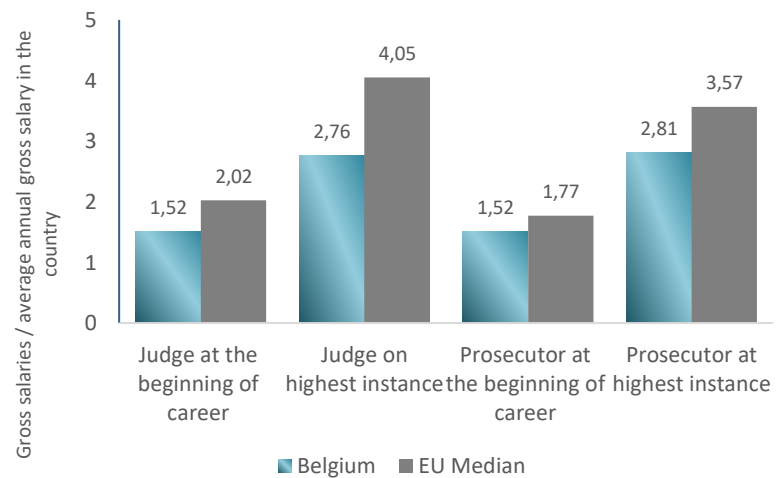
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
13,35	49,11	165,38	20,99
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

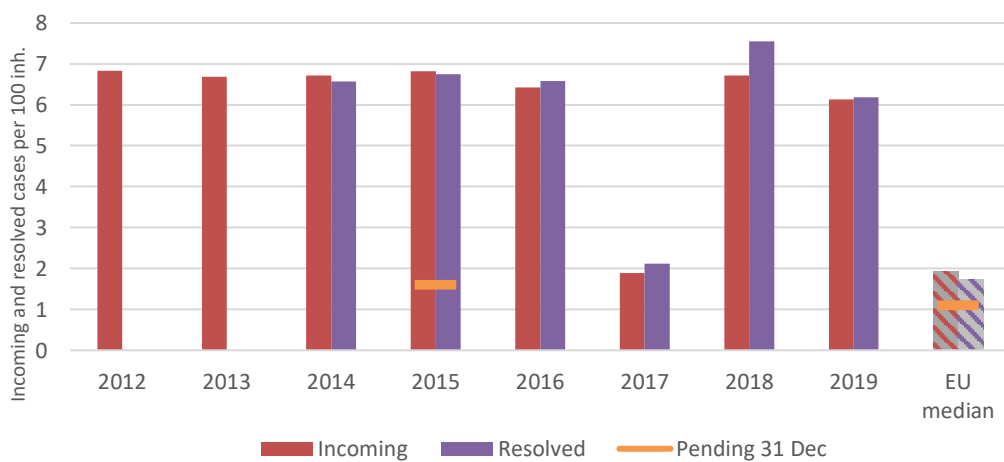


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

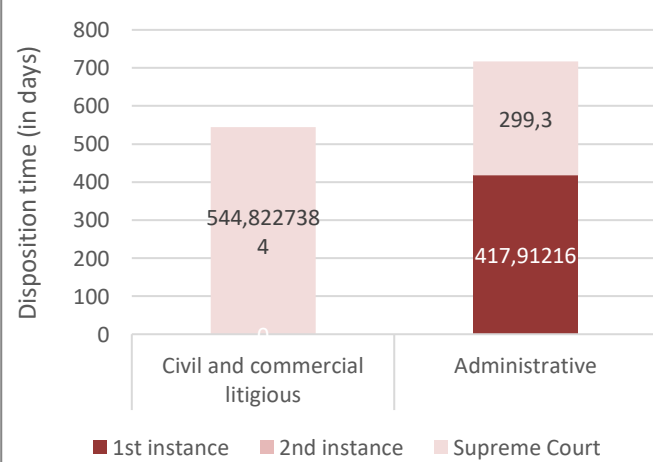


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

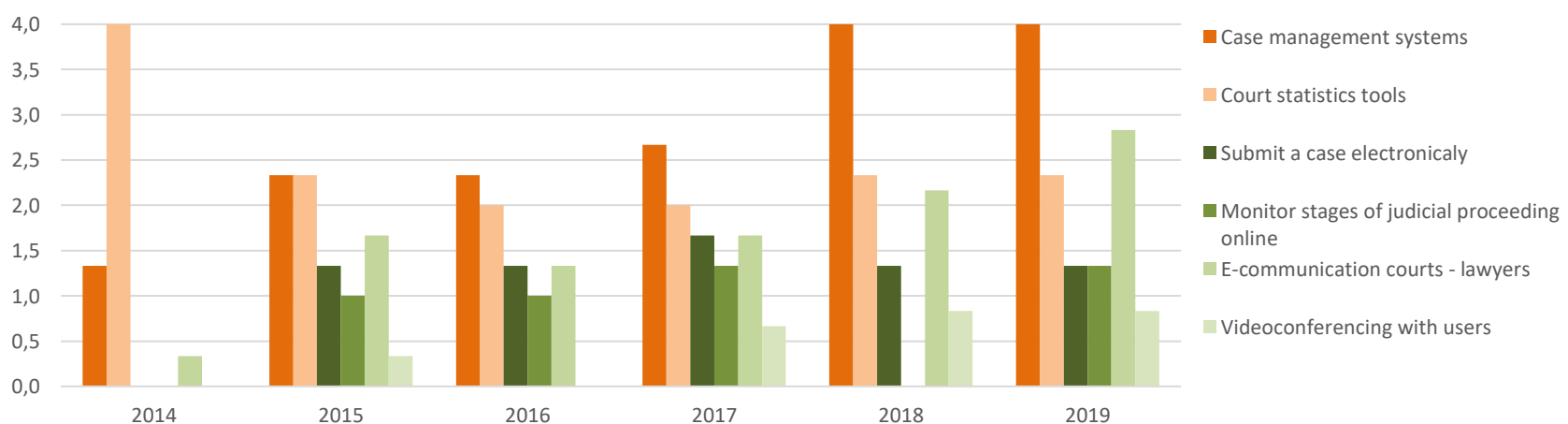


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Belgium

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	2,4%	1,0%	1,0%	0,5%	0,0%
GDP per capita	34 000 €	34 500 €	36 000 €	36 500 €	37 407 €	38 500 €	39 500 €	41 200 €	21,2%	3,9%	5,6%	2,6%	4,3%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	40 980 €		41 544 €		41 604 €		43 497 €	44 544 €	8,7%	0,1%	4,6%		2,4%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	14,3	14,4	14,3	14,3	14,1	13,8	13,3	13,3	-6,8%	-1,1%	-5,7%	-3,2%	0,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	48,9	47,6	47,2	46,2	44,6	43,4	43,5	49,1	0,4%	-5,4%	-2,5%	0,2%	12,9%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	155,3	159,6	161,8	163,3	163,7	163,5	163,2	165,4	6,5%	1,2%	-0,3%	-0,2%	1,3%
Mediators	10,2	10,4	12,1	12,9	12,8	15,3	18,6	21,0	106,6%	6,5%	44,5%	21,1%	13,1%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	6,828	6,689	6,716	6,815	6,423	1,886	6,712	6,134	-10,2%	-4,4%	4,5%	255,9%	-8,6%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	2,1	2,2	2,2	2,3	2,3	NAP	NA	8,5%	4,8%	-0,8%
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	0,2	0,200	0,172	0,174	0,146	0,149	NA	-23,3%	-5,1%	-16,4%	2,3%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	98%	99%	102%	112%	112%	101%	NA	4,60	10,00	0,14	-11,65
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	NAP	NA	0,00	0,00	0,00
CR administrative law cases	NA	NA	88%	117%	121%	101%	119%	112%	NA	32,68	-2,07	18,09	-7,09

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	87	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	625	444	429	497	370	418	NA	-31,4%	-13,6%	-25,5%	12,9%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	1,60	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	0,34	0,28	0,24	0,24	0,18	0,19	NA	-27,8%	-27,9%	-26,5%	8,6%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	103%	105%	110%	110%	104%	110%	NA	7,30	-6,09	-6,04	6,30
CR administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	541	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	107%	107%	111%	102%	96%	89%	NA	4,90	-15,35	-6,37	-7,19
CR administrative law cases	NA	-	113%	101%	107%	109%	81%	95%	NA	-5,60	-26,52	-28,11	14,43
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	480	482	464	414	473	545	NA	-3,4%	1,9%	14,2%	15,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	-	148	159	176	195	316	299	NA	18,6%	80,2%	62,5%	-5,4%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Belgium

According to 2019 data, Belgium has 13 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and 200 specialised first instance courts.

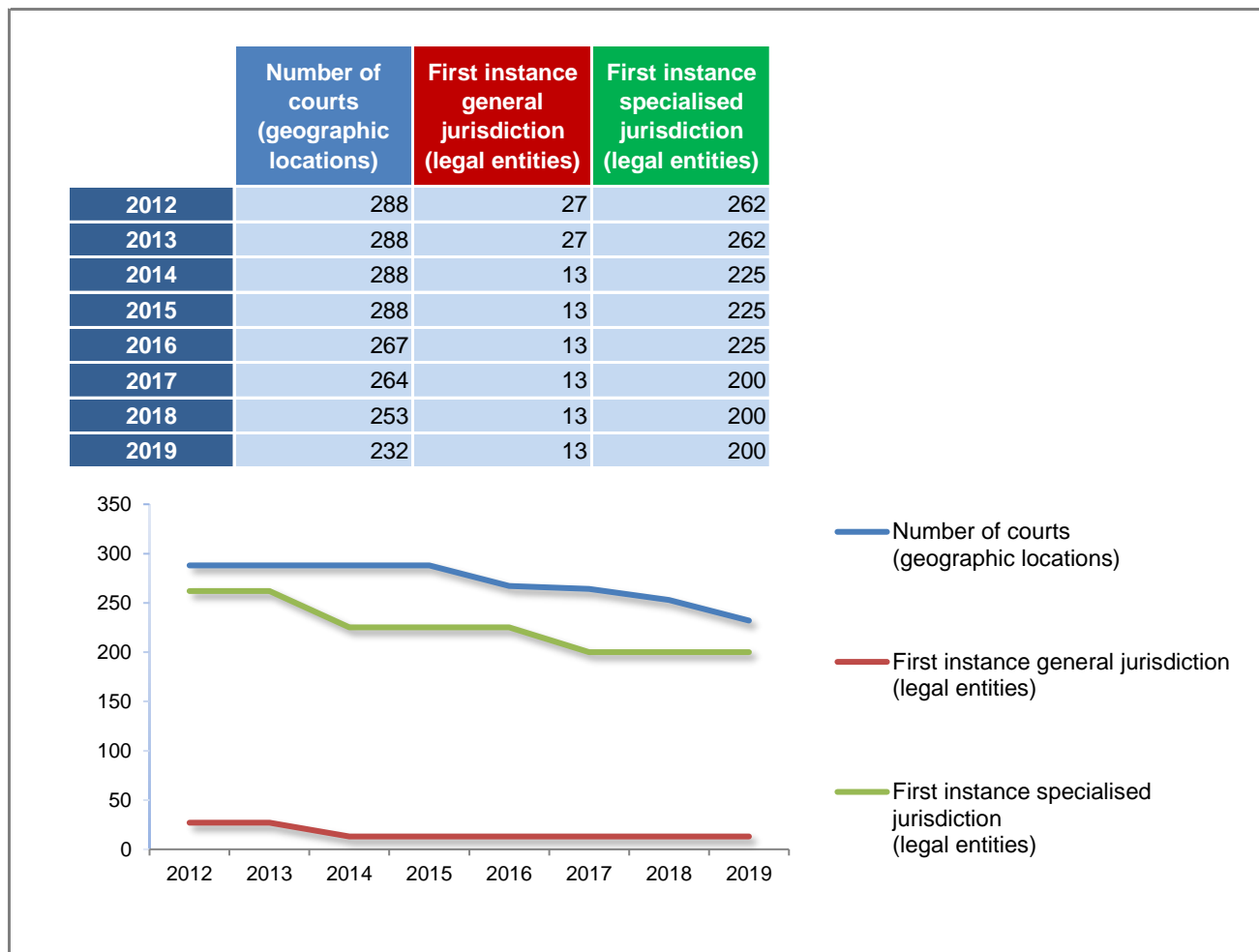
The administrative justice constitutes an autonomous branch which is not encompassed within the ambit of the Federal Public Service of Justice.

It should be recalled that the law of 1st December 2013 introduced the reform related to judiciary districts consisting in reducing their number from 27 to 13 and revising the Code on the Judiciary. Aimed at the improvement of the mobility of the judicial staff, together with the law of 19 July 2012 reforming the judiciary district of Brussels, this reform resulted in an essential modification of the number of courts starting from 1 April 2014.

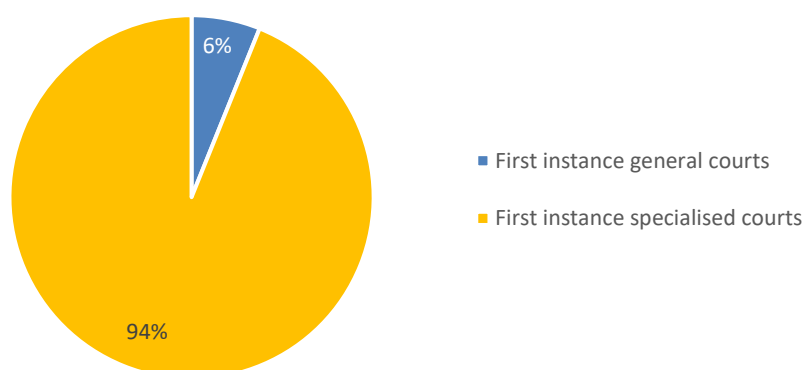
The reform of the justices of the peace, with a decrease in geographical locations, was consolidated by the law of the 25th of December 2017. The implementation of the reform is being carried out between 2016 and 2019.

In second instance, the courts of appeal have competence to deal with civil, criminal and commercial matters. The Labour courts (Cours de Travail) are specific appeal courts for social law cases coming from the lower labour tribunals.

Finally, the Court of cassation is the highest appeal level, dealing only with issues of law.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



The 200 first instance specialised courts include 9 commercial courts, 9 labour courts, 5 administrative courts and 177 other specialised courts which are justices of the peace and police courts.

The law of 25 December 2017 amended the number of cantons of justices of the peace from 187 to 162 (162 justices of the peace and 15 police courts).

The administrative courts are: Council of State, Aliens Litigation Council, Raad voor Vergunningsbetwistingen, het Milieuhandhavingscollege en de Raad voor Verkiezingsbetwistingen.

It should be pinpointed that five courts of first instance have specialized chambers for the enforcement of sentences. Despite the term used in their respect - "court for the enforcement of sentences", those are specialised chambers. Besides, all courts of first instance (13) have a specialised family and youth section. The term "family court" is used, but these are also specialised sections.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Belgium

- **Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):**

Approved
1 948 320 582 €

Implemented:
1 859 478 051 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

✓
✓
✓
✓

✓

✓
✓

✓

The category "other" refers to specialized committees: for example, Center for information on harmful sectarian organizations, Commission on bio-ethics and Commission on euthanasia, Commission for victim assistance, Commission on games of chance, National Commission on the Rights of the Child, Federal Mediation Commission, State security, Cults and secularism.

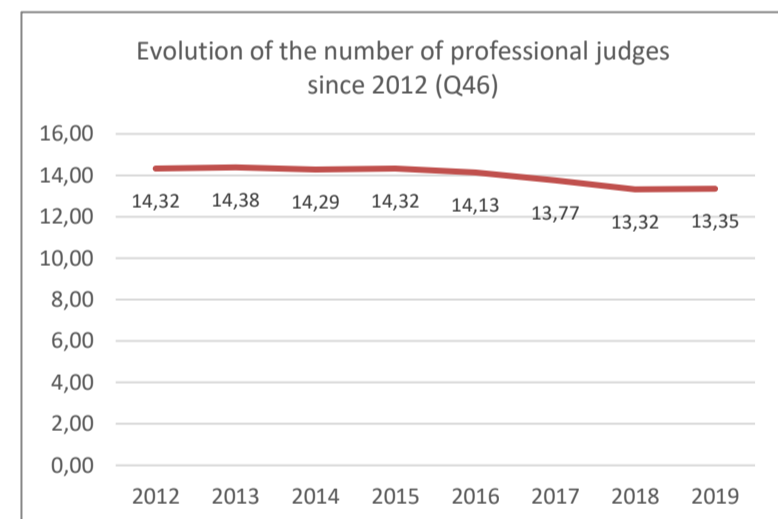
Following the resignation of the government in December 2018 and the general elections in 2019, the 2019 budget was not officially approved. Accordingly, this is a provisional budget.

- **Human resources**

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	1 598	14,32	51,3%	48,7%
2013	1 604	14,38	50,2%	49,8%
2014	1 602	14,29	48,4%	51,6%
2015	1 614	14,32	47,6%	52,4%
2016	1 600	14,13	47,0%	53,0%
2017	1 566	13,77	46,2%	53,8%
2018	1 523	13,32	43,9%	56,1%
2019	1 526	13,35	42,7%	57,3%

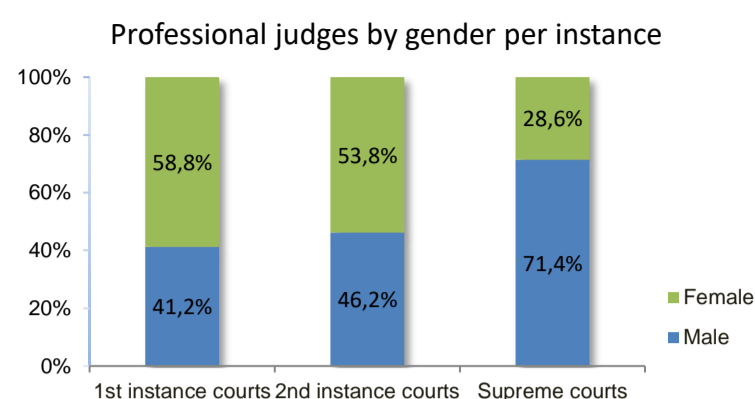


According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Belgium is 1 526 which is 0,2% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Belgium, in 2019 there are 13,3 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,7 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 3,3 non-judge staff per judge).

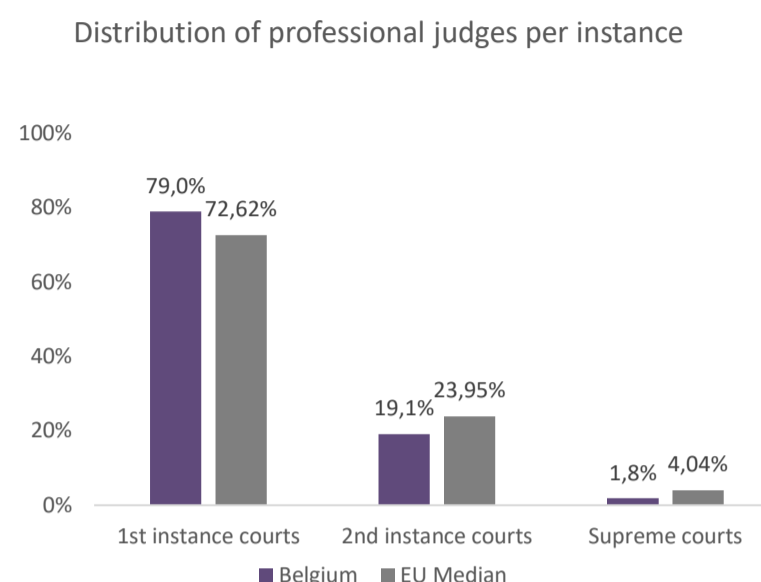
Absolute number of professional judges per instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	1 206	497	709
2nd instance courts	292	135	157
Supreme courts	28	20	8
Total	1 526	652	874



Distribution of professional judges per instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	79,0%	41,2%	58,8%
2nd instance courts	19,1%	46,2%	53,8%
Supreme courts	1,8%	71,4%	28,6%



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 874 which represents 57,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 206 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 709 are female) ; 292 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 157 are female) and 28 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 8 are female).

It is noteworthy that the total number of judges refers to judges of courts within the ambit of the Federal Public Service of Justice (ordre judiciaire).

In Belgium, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory	Optional
✓	
✓	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

It is interesting to notice that from January 1, 2020, compulsory training for judges will include training in ethics.

Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	397	7
1. Only for judges	37	NAP
2. Only for prosecutors	11	NAP
3. Only for other non-judge staff	3	NAP
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	2	NAP
5. Other common training	344	7

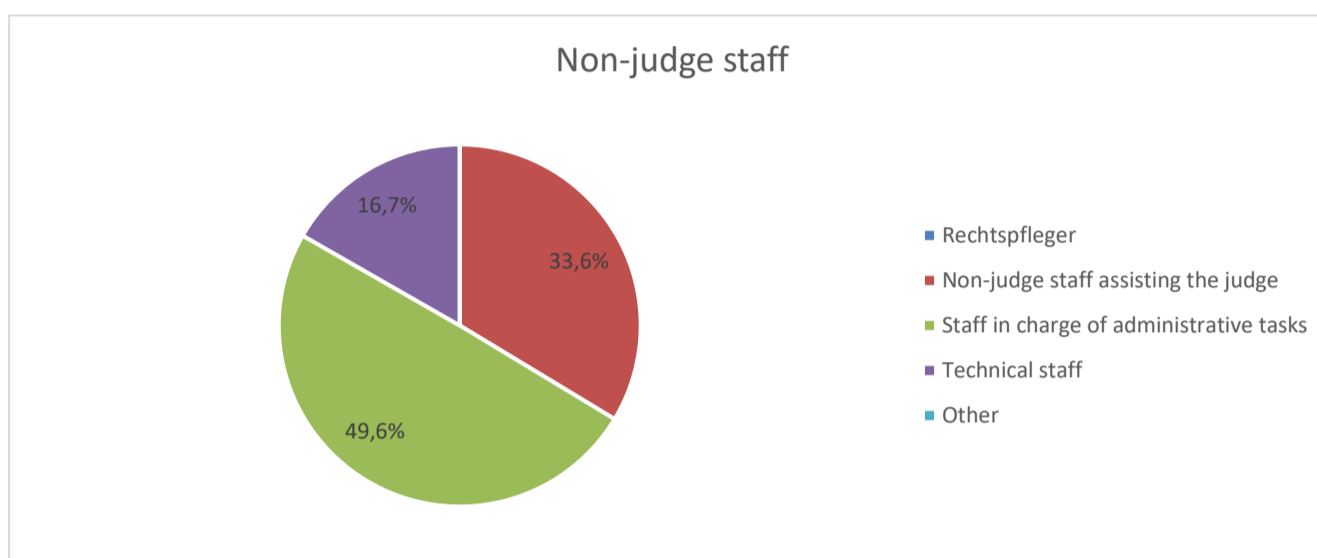
In 2019, new trainings were organized and more legal trainings. As the number of legal trainings has increased, the number of exclusive trainings for judges has also increased (likewise for prosecutors).

A limited number of training courses have been set up for non-judge staff.

"Other common training": 3 types of common training: 1) training for magistrates (judges and prosecutors for example); 2) training for magistrates and judicial staff: (for example Neurosis and psychosis in 2019, Collective debt settlement: privileges, Coaching in change management for the Antwerp prosecutor's office); 3) training for magistrates, staff members and collaborators of other bodies or services that collaborate with judicial bodies (for example communication to the court, social criminal law and the fight against social fraud).

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	5 458	NAP	1 708	2 766	984	NAP
2013	5 307	NAP	1 752	2 700	855	NAP
2014	5 290	NAP	1 928	2 474	889	NAP
2015	5 204	NAP	1 881	2 408	915	NAP
2016	5 054	NAP	1 946	2 335	773	NAP
2017	4 940	NAP	1 692	2 484	764	NAP
2018	4 974	NAP	1 692	2 500	782	NAP
2019	5 614	NAP	1 889	2 786	939	NAP



In Belgium, in this cycle there are 5 614 non-judge staff (among which 4 153 females). Comparisson with previous cycle reveals an increase of 12,9%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 1 889 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 1 401 are women);
- 2 786 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 2 075 are women);
- 939 technical staff (among which 677 are women);

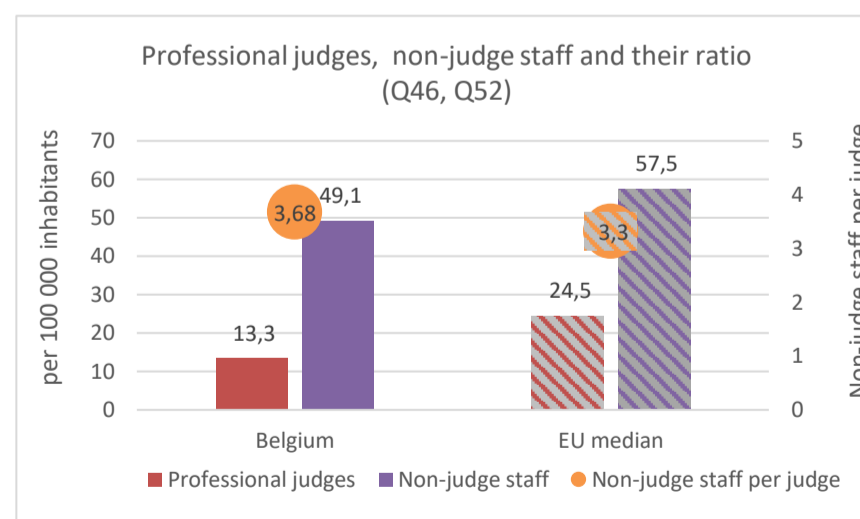
The slight increase observed between 2018 and 2019 concerning “technical staff” results from investments in personnel.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 43,5 in 2018 to 49,1 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 13,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 13,3 in 2019.

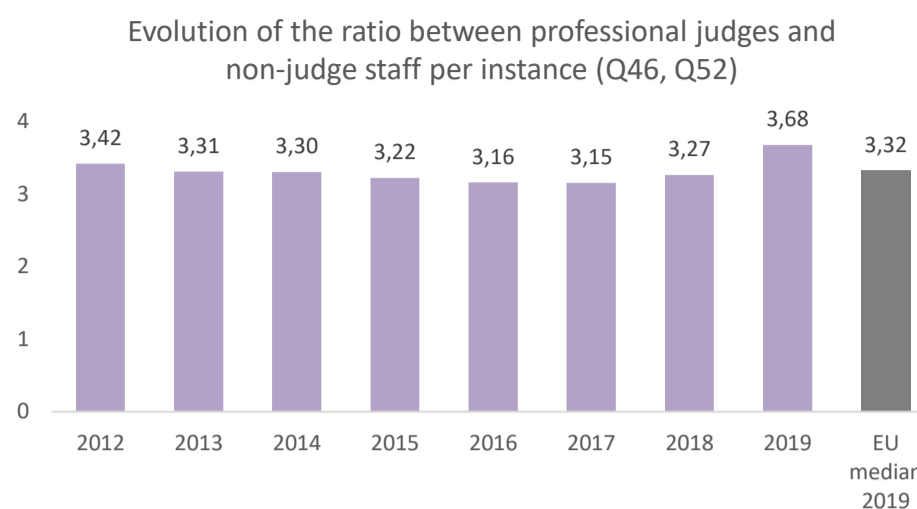
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Belgium	EU median
Professional judges	13,3	24,5
Non-judge staff	49,1	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,68	3,3



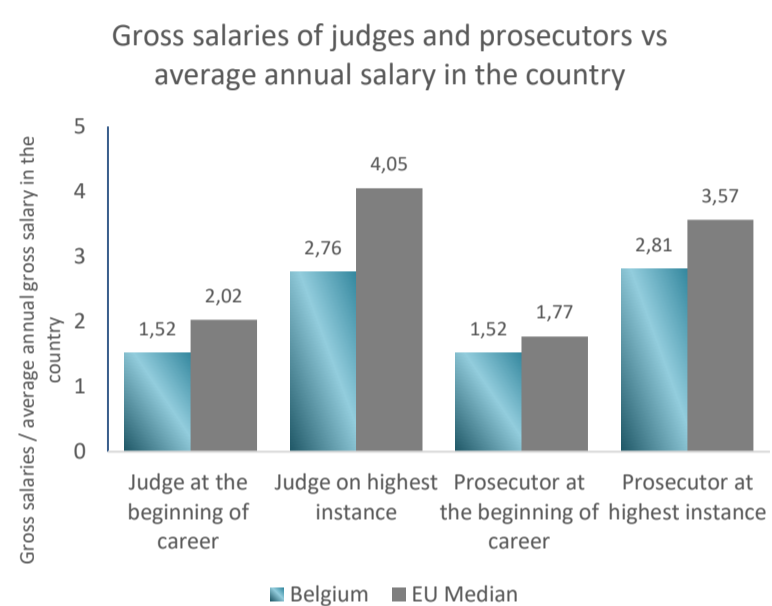
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	3,42
2013	3,31
2014	3,30
2015	3,22
2016	3,16
2017	3,15
2018	3,27
2019	3,68



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	67 532 €	37 714 €	1,52
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	122 877 €	60 497 €	2,76
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	67 532 €	37 714 €	1,52
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	125 183 €	61 489 €	2,81



The above listed categories correspond to the following:

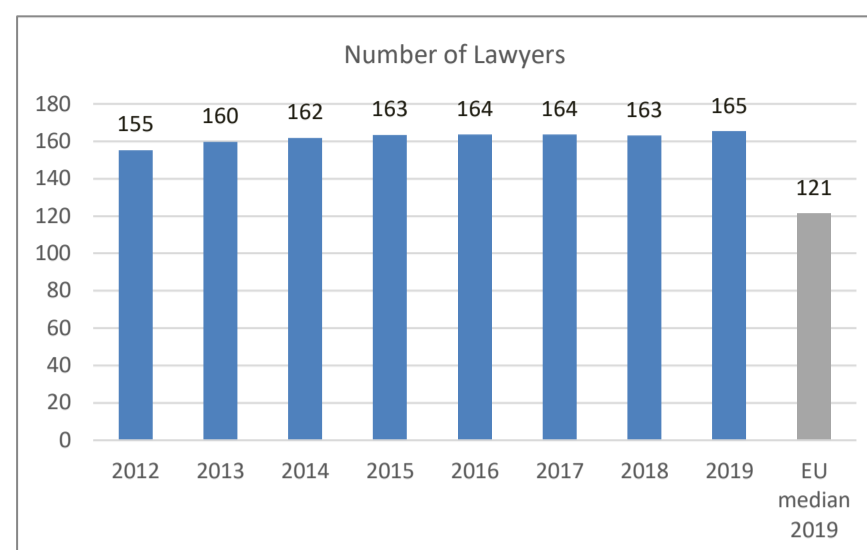
Judge at the court of first instance or deputy king's prosecutor, with three years of seniority (beginning of career) married and two dependent children.

Advisor to the Supreme Court with 24 years of seniority, married and no dependent children.

Advocate General at the Supreme Court, with 24 years of service and no dependent children.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	17 336	155,32
2013	17 795	159,59
2014	18 134	161,78
2015	18 402	163,31
2016	18 532	163,68
2017	18 604	163,54
2018	18 658	163,22
2019	18 905	165,38



In 2019, there are 18 905 lawyers, which is 1,3% more than in 2018.

This data of 165,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

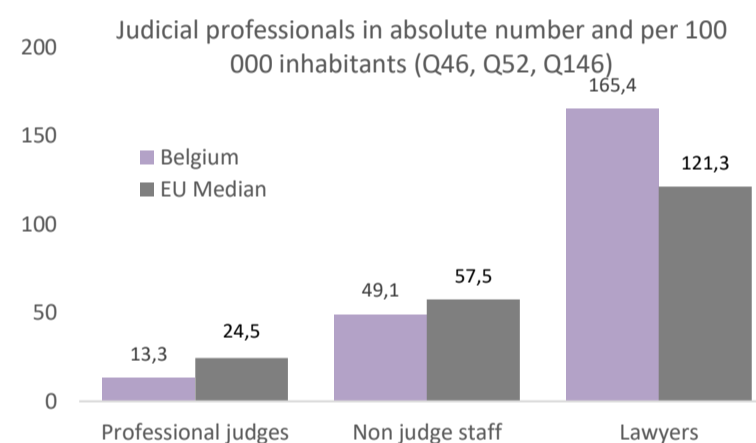
The data correspond to the number of lawyers registered with the Belgian bars on September 1, 2019, therefore at the start of the judicial year 2019-2020. This number fluctuates during the judicial year.

Number of lawyers registered with Flemish bars: 10,862.

Number of lawyers registered with French and German speaking bars: 8,043.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 526	13,35	24,48
Non judge staff	5 614	49,11	57,49
Lawyers	18 905	165,38	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 110 855 000 € (9,7 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 106 628 956 € (9,3 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid cannot be carried out in respect of criminal and other than criminal cases, as well as cases brought to court and cases not brought to court.

It is noteworthy that following the resignation of the government in December 2018 and the general elections in 2019, the 2019 budget was not officially approved. Accordingly, this is a provisional budget.

In Belgium, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	√	√
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	√	√
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	√	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	√	

In Belgium there are three types of "legal aid": first-line legal aid, second-line legal aid and legal aid.

First-line legal aid consists of practical information, legal information, a first legal opinion or referral to a specialized body (article 508/1 of the Judicial Code).

Second-line legal aid: legal aid granted to a natural person in the form of a detailed legal opinion or legal assistance within the framework or not of a procedure or assistance within the framework of a trial including representation. Legal aid consists of exempting, in whole or in part, those who do not have the necessary income to meet the costs of a procedure, even extrajudicial, from paying the related costs which will therefore be covered by the budget of the State (article 664 of the Judicial Code). These include fees for registration, registry, shipping and other related costs. It also ensures that the interested parties receive free access to the ministry of public and ministerial officers, under certain conditions. It also allows interested parties to benefit from free assistance from a technical advisor during legal expertises. Legal aid can be obtained in civil or criminal matters and in any procedure (judicial, administrative or arbitral).

According to article 665 of the Belgian Judicial Code, legal aid is applicable to acts relating to the execution of judgments.

Legal aid is also applicable:

- 1) to all acts related to claims to be brought or pending before a judge of the judicial or administrative order or before arbitrators;
- 2) to acts related to the execution of judgments;
- 3) to proceedings on request;
- 4) to procedural acts that fall within the jurisdiction of a member of the judiciary or require the intervention of a public or ministerial officer.
- 5) to mediation procedures, extrajudicial or judicial, conducted by an approved mediator.
- 6) to all extrajudicial proceedings imposed by law or by the judge;
- 7) for the enforcement of authentic instruments in another Member State of the European Union under the Article 11 of the Council Directive 2003/8/EC of the 27th of January 2003 to improve access to justice in cross-border disputes by establishing minimum common rules related to legal aid for such disputes, under the conditions defined by that Directive
- 8) to the assistance of a technical adviser when a legal expert is required.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

The legal aid applicant has the choice of his/her lawyer. S/he can go directly to a lawyer who practices second-line legal aid or go to the legal aid office which appoints a lawyer chosen by him/her on the basis of the list of lawyers (who are willing to perform services under legal aid). Articles 508/9 §1, paragraphs 2 and 3 and Article 508/7 paragraph 3 of the Judicial Code.

◦ Court fees

Litigants do not have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Starting from the 1st of February 2019, new registry fees (commonly known as scheduling fees) are applied. This is required by the law of the 14th of October 2018 reforming the scheduling rights.

The payment of scheduling fees takes now place at the end of the procedure and must be paid by the losing party.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

The amount is determined by the type/ level of the relevant court and not by the amount of the claim. It varies from 50€ for the justice of the peace to 650€ for the Supreme Court.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

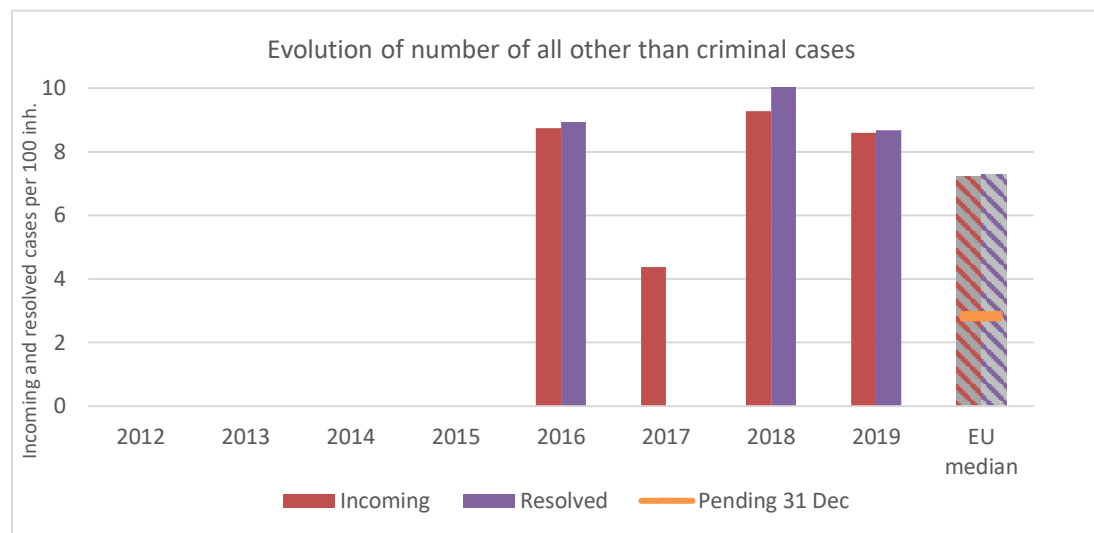
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

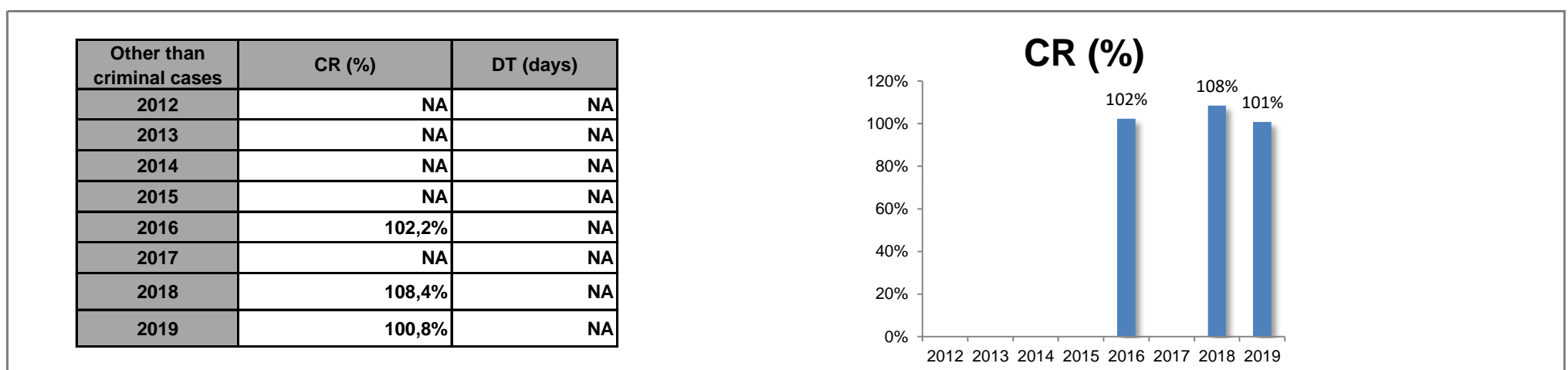
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Belgium (8,60 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases which is 8,67 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

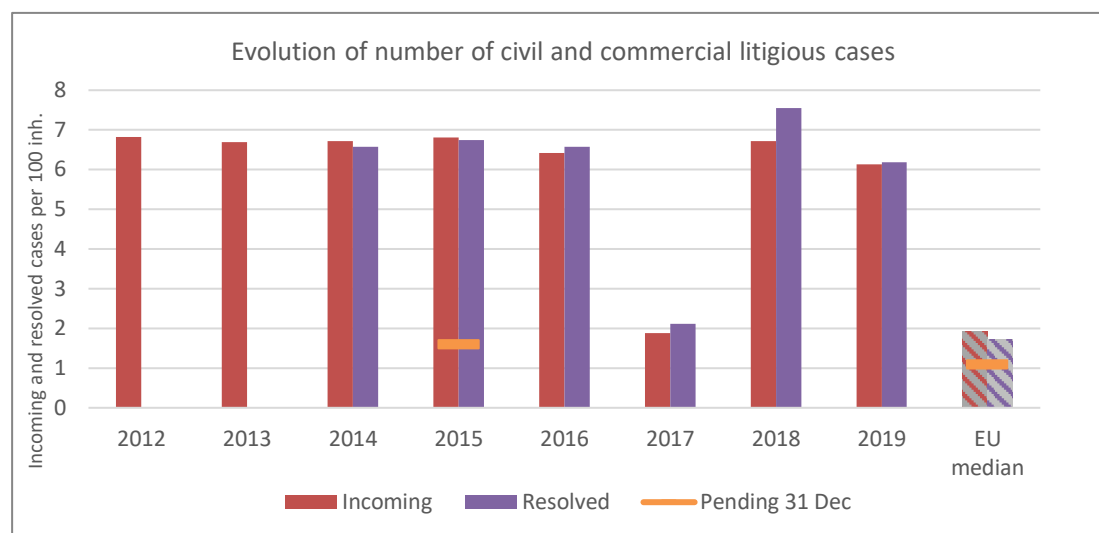


With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,8% in 2019 Belgium seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

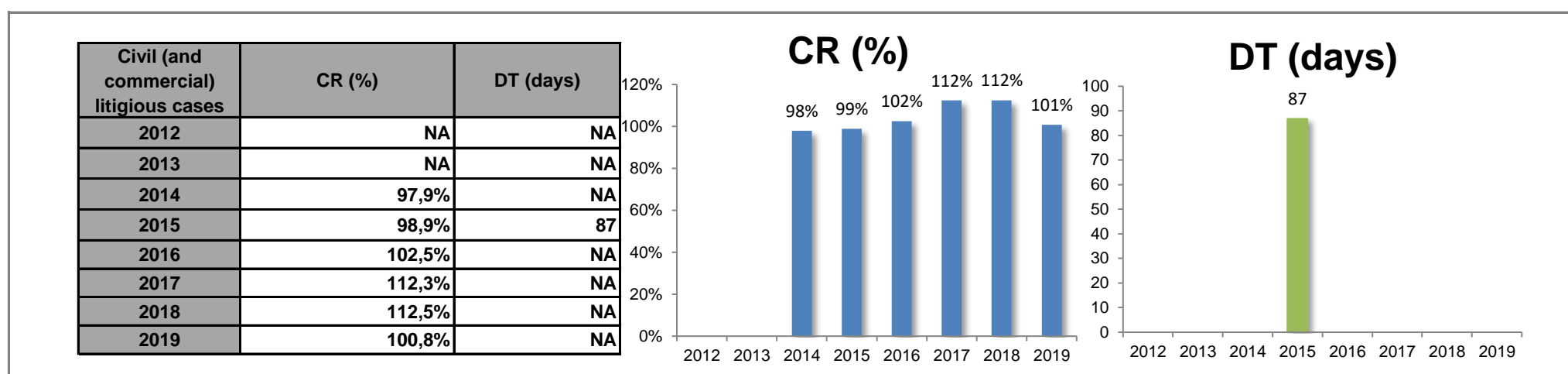
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,6 points.

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Belgium (6,13 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Belgium (6,18 per 100 inhabitants) is also well above the EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,8% in 2019, Belgium seemsto be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

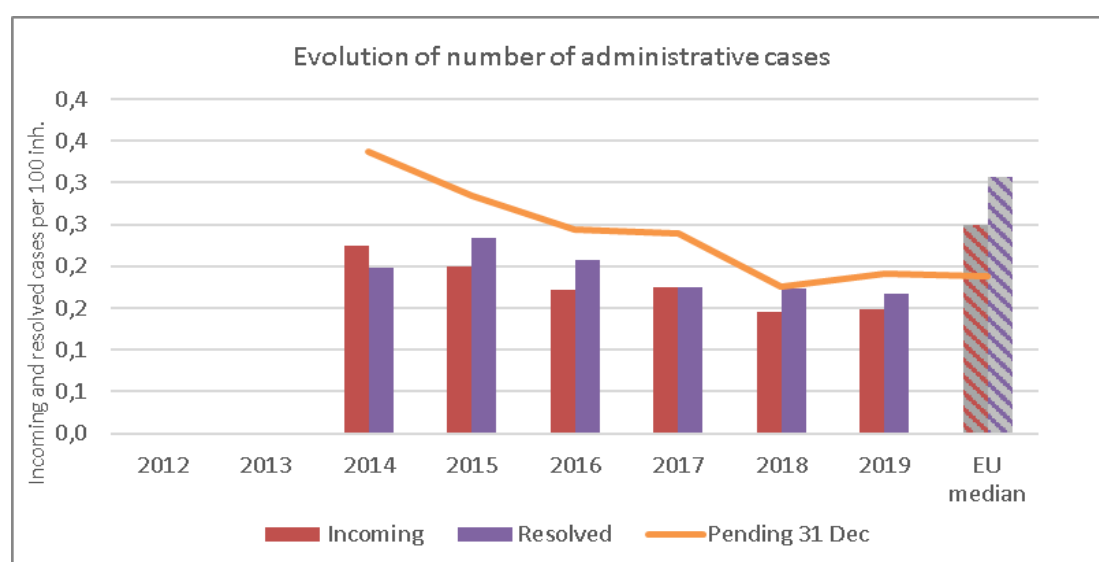
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -11,7 points.

The Disposition Time of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

Civil and commercial cases include cases of justices of the peace, courts of first instance; civil, family and youth sections; labour courts and company courts (so-called commercial courts). As to civil and family courts, there is no data for pending cases. In particular, cases where there is a permanent referral are now counted as one case. Concerning juvenile courts, there is no data for resolved or pending cases due to lack of uniform practices and limited registration of the closing of cases.

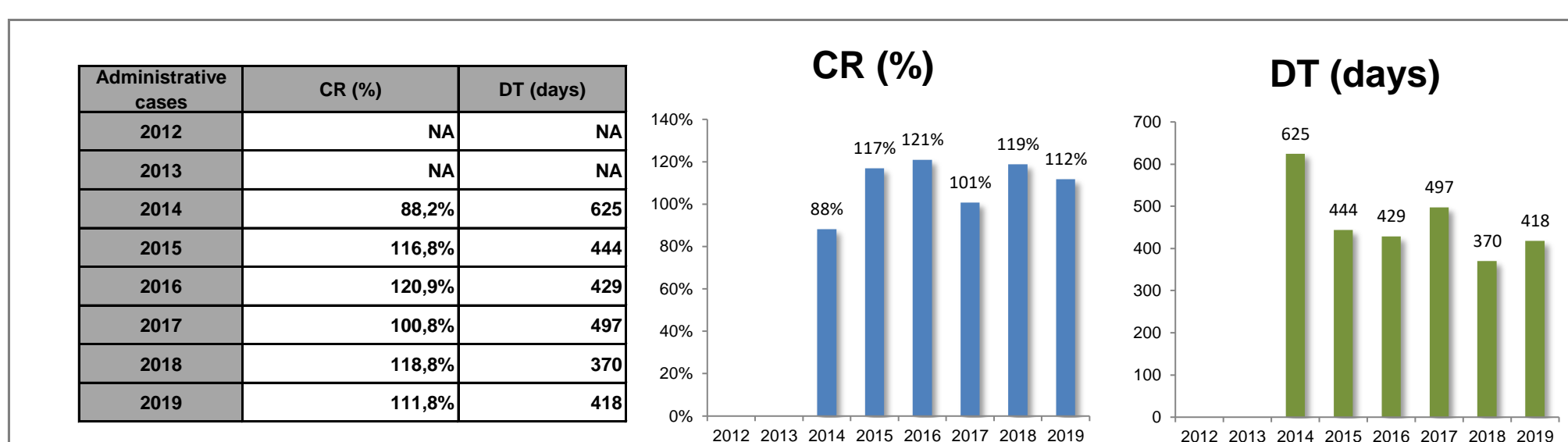
◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Belgium (0,15 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Belgium (0,17 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants)

Nevertheless, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Belgium (0,19 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 111,8% in 2019, Belgium seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,1 points.

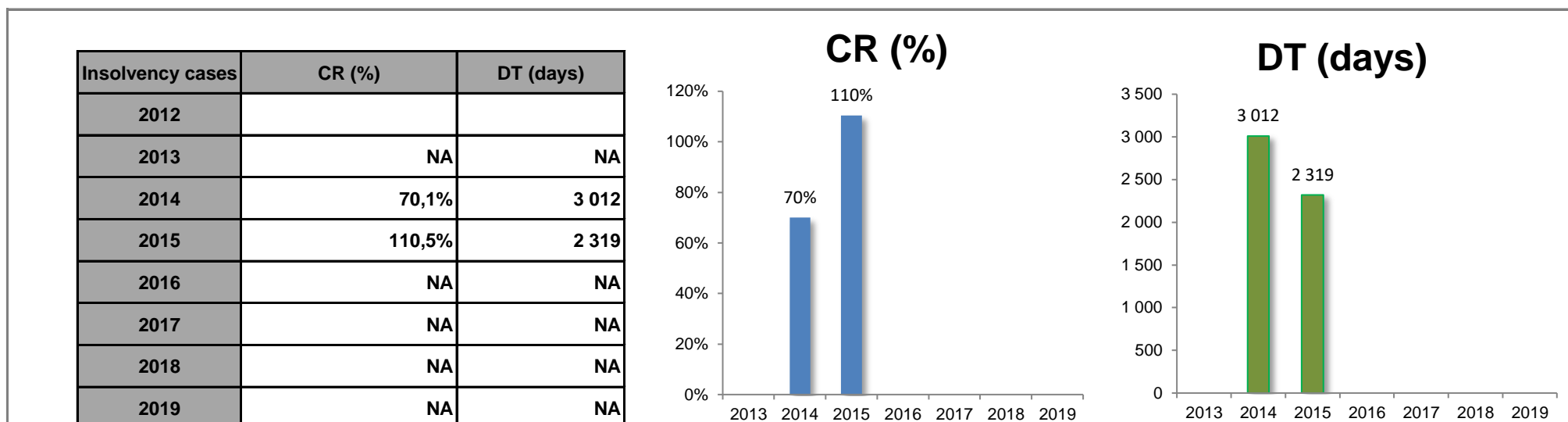
In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in a approximately of 418 days, which is above the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 12,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

With regard to the administrative law cases, the competent jurisdictions are: Council of State, Council for foreigners' litigation, de Raad voor Vergunningsbetwistingen, het Milieuhandhavingcollege en de Raad voor Verkiezingsbetwistingen.

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate of insolvency cases cannot be calculated

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated

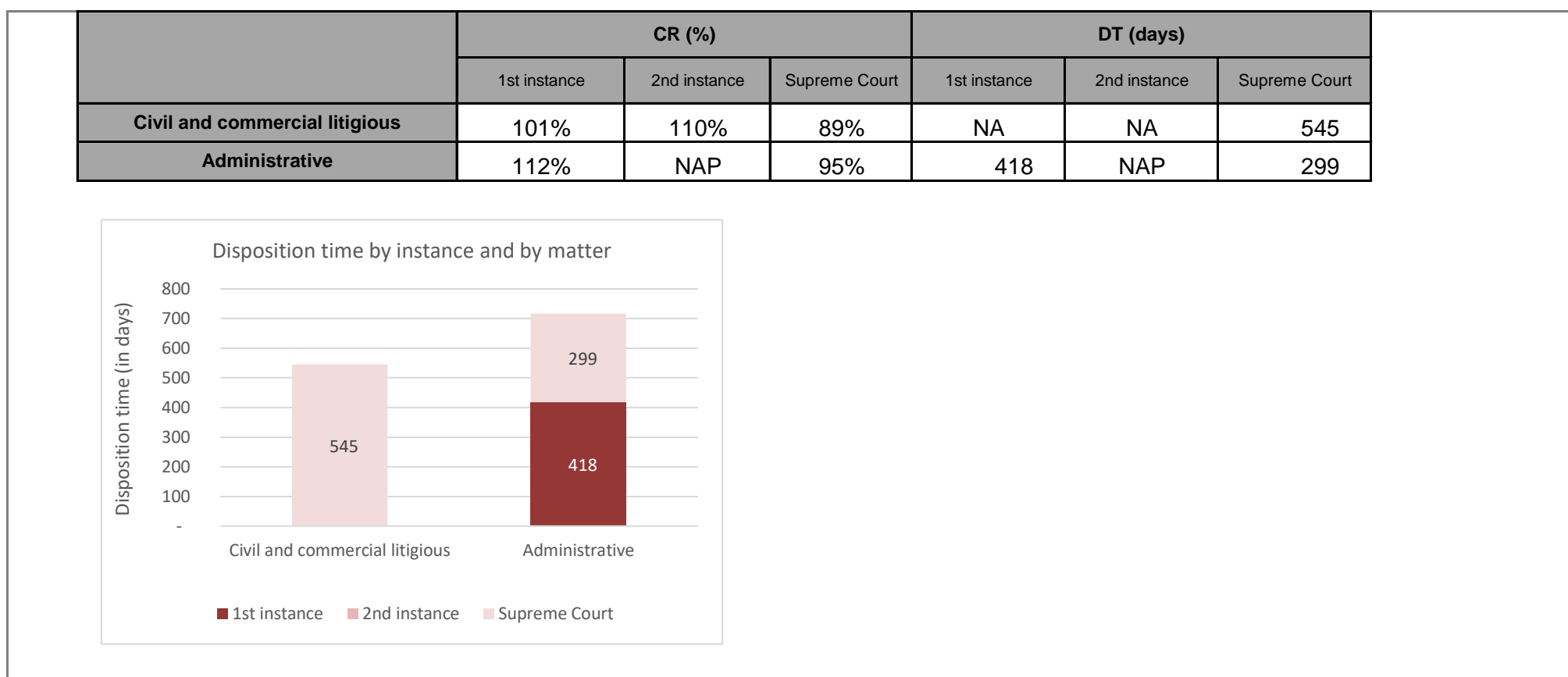
For 2019, only the number of incoming insolvency cases is available - 57 613 (53 796 in 2018).

New bankruptcy files concern all files registered which are bankruptcy cases by nature, files to which a bankruptcy number has been assigned or files registered on a specific bankruptcy register.

Only cases recorded in the IT application of the company courts called TCKH are reflected in these figures. Cases have also been handled by company courts which are only registered in the RegSol IT application (since mid-2017) in the context of bankruptcy proceedings, for example between the receiver and the bankruptcy judge. Cases only registered in RegSol are not included in these figures, so there is an underestimation.

Liquidation / dissolution cases, WCO and business inquiries (without bankruptcy proceedings) are not included.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



Partial data precludes a full analysis of courts efficiency. Concerning administrative law cases, the Supreme administrative court (Conseil d'Etat) seems to be more efficient than first instance administrative courts. The latter register a significantly high Disposition Time in relation to the EU median of 284 days. The Disposition Time of the "Conseil d'Etat" is also above the EU median of 219 days.

Regarding civil and commercial litigious cases, the Disposition Time can be calculated only for the Court of cassation. According to this indicator the Supreme administrative court (Conseil d'Etat) is more efficient than the Court of cassation which has the Disposition Time significantly above the EU median of 217 days.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Belgium provides court related mediation.

Except before the Court of cassation, in any stage of the proceedings and as well as in summary proceedings, the judge of a dispute may order mediation, at the joint request of the parties or on his/her own initiative but with the agreement of these. This may happen as long as the case has not been taken under consideration.

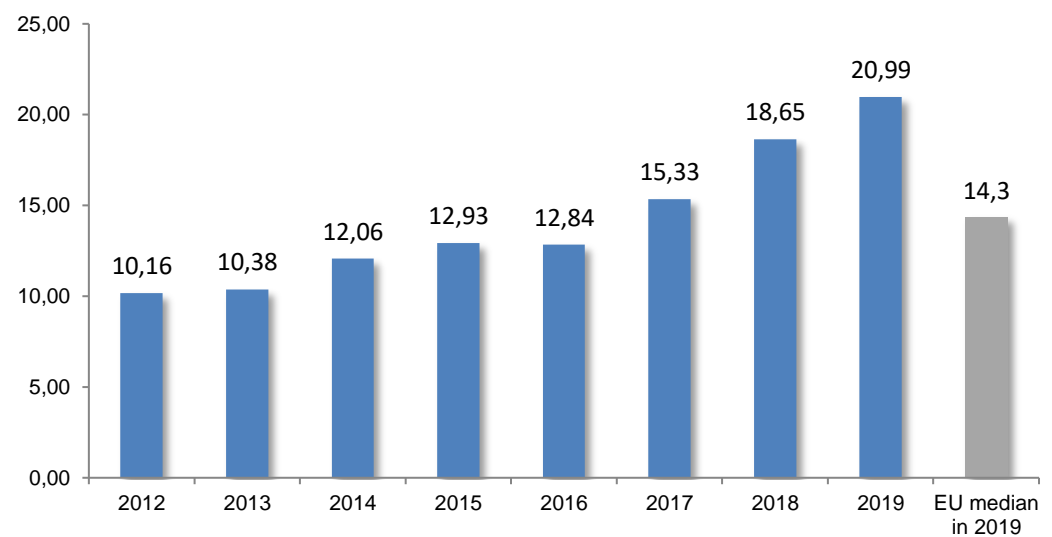
The court related mediation system in Belgium provides mandatory court related mediation.

Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding

When s/he considers that a reconciliation between the parties is possible, the judge may, of his/her own motion or at the request of one of the parties, order mediation. This could happen after hearing the parties, at the introductory hearing, at a postponement hearing at an early date or at a hearing scheduled no later than the last day of the month following the month in which the defendant's first pleadings were filed. If all parties object, the judge cannot order mediation.

There are not mandatory informative sessions with a mediator, but information sessions are often organized either by the court or by associations of mediators.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	1 134	10,16
2013	1 157	10,38
2014	1 352	12,06
2015	1 457	12,93
2016	1 454	12,84
2017	1 744	15,33
2018	2 122	18,65
2019	2 399	20,99



In 2019, there are 2 399 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 21,0 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about 13,1%.

The number of accredited mediators in 2019 was 2 399. The number of approvals (by type of civil litigation) granted to mediators: 3 177, including 2 178 to women and 999 to men.

A mediator can be accredited in family matters as well as in civil and commercial matters. S/he may have one or all of the accreditation (family, civil and commercial, social affairs, mediation with public authorities). So one mediator is not equal to one accreditation.

The number of court related mediation procedures in different law fields is not available.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

The activity reports are transmitted to the head of the body of the immediately higher jurisdiction, to the Minister of Justice, to Colleges, to the High Council of Justice and to the presidents of the federal legislative chambers. Jurisdictions report electronically and paper, but are encouraged to do so electronically. The reports contain information on the composition of the body in terms of human resources and statistical data (number of new cases, closed and pending cases).

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs

In Belgium, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) does not exist and performance and quality indicators are not defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

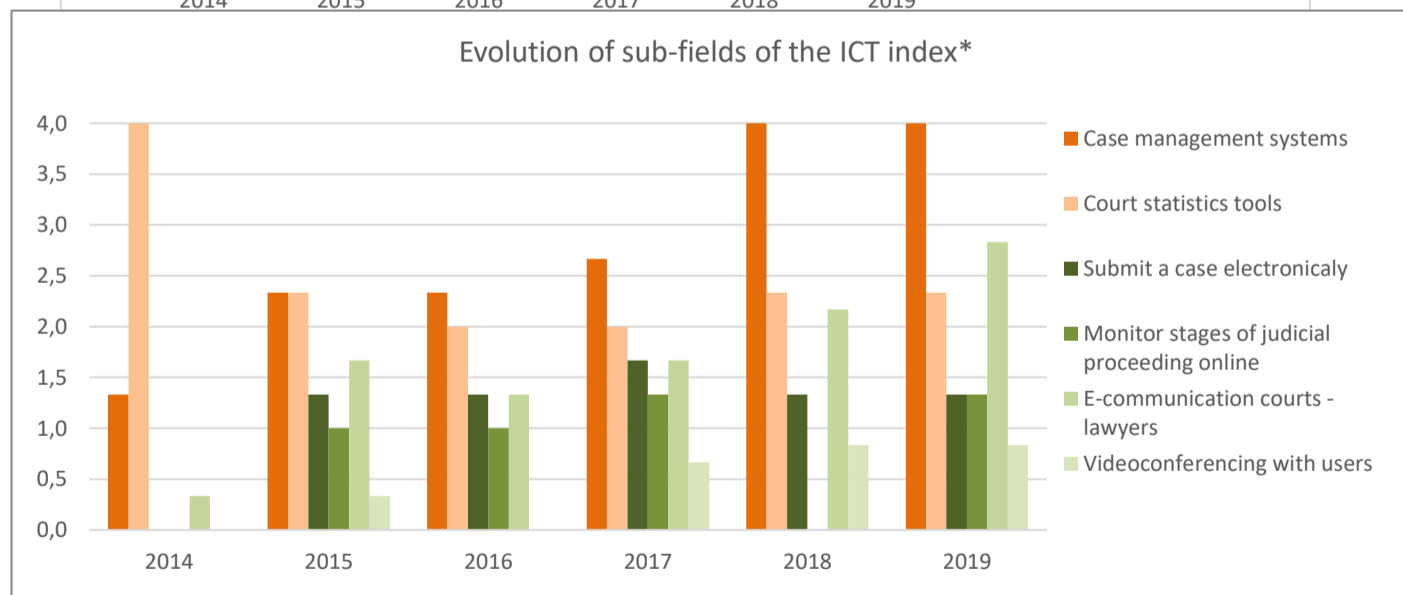
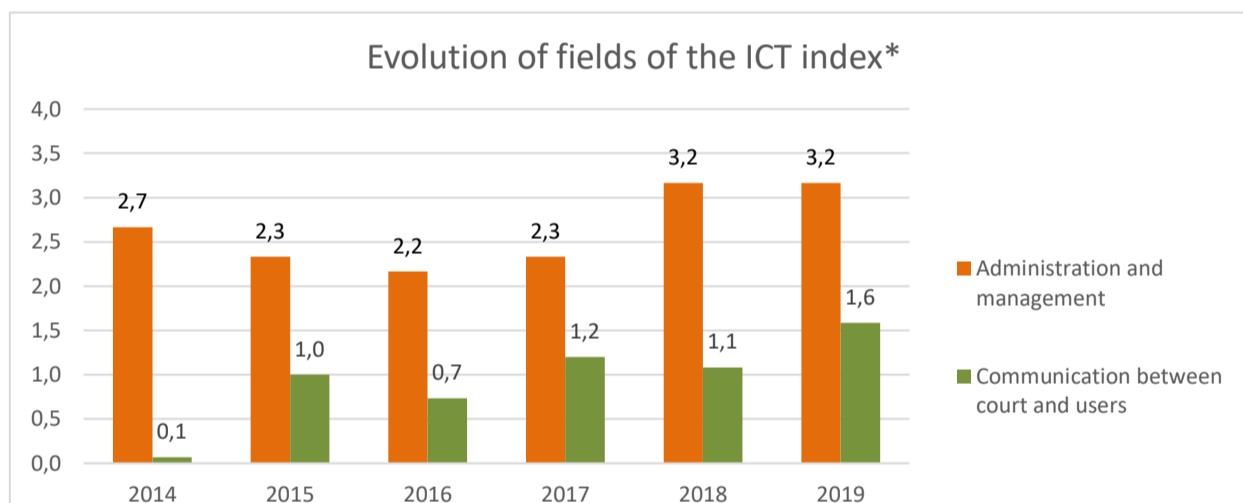
	points (up to 4)
Administration and management	3,2
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	2,3
Communication between court and users	1,6
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	1,3
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	1,3
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	2,8
Videoconferencing with users	0,8

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Administrative matters: For each type of procedure, there are models of judgments within the Council of State which include certain standardized paragraphs. This standardization concerns in particular the part relating to the course of the procedure. A constant work of harmonization is carried out under the impetus of the First President and with the help of the chief registrar. Certain documents are now generated automatically on the basis of information contained in our internal databases (fixing orders and audience tables, for example). Strictly speaking, however, there are no "drafting aid tools" for judgments.

2. It should be noted that following a development initiated in 2007, the judgments of the Council of State have - since 2017 - all been drafted in direct style. This generalization of the direct style made it possible to ensure greater uniformity in the presentation of judgments.

3. The magistrates of the Council of State of Belgium have many tools at their disposal:

- legal databases are kept up to date internally and also made available to the public (Juridict www.juridict.be, refLex www.reflex.be, etc.);
- access is offered to private and chargeable legal databases (StradaLex www.stradalex.be, Jurisquare www.jurisquare.be, etc.);
- an intranet managed by the Council of State also centralizes all the documents produced by the Council of State (judgments, ordinances, reports, etc.). It is called Documap.
- the website of the Council of State also offers many search possibilities www.raadvst-consetat.be.

Case management system in administrative matters: 1. All files validly introduced before the Council of State are subject to enrollment (= a scheduling number is assigned) and encoding in a database called Proadmin +. It is important to clarify that this is an internal database to which the parties do not have access.

This database brings together all the information relating to a given case: date of filing, name of the parties, type of procedure, type of dispute, stage of proceedings, act under appeal, addresses of lawyers, calculation of the time limits for submitting the various acts procedure, localization of the file within the Council of State, etc.

2. Although it was not originally intended, Proadmin + is increasingly becoming a tool for establishing statistics on the activity of the administrative litigation section of the Council of State.

3. This tool also enables monitoring in certain circumstances. The First President has thus put in place control mechanisms to automatically detect cases which remain, for example, for a long time at the stage of proceedings "under advisement".

Other monitoring possibilities could be implemented in the future.

It should be noted that for the 5 administrative courts there are 3 different statutes, regimes, management systems, independent of justice. Each has its centralized database.

As concerns the measurement tools on workload, the Aris tool has been launched as a pilot project by the prosecution to measure workload both at central and local level, both for prosecutors of non-prosecutor staff.

Statistical data

In Belgium, the Support service of the College of Courts and Tribunals (statistical service) is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

Satisfaction surveys are carried out in Belgium by the Permanent Bureau of Statistics and Workload Measurement. <http://vbsw-bpsm.just.fgov.be/fr>

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- on paper

The activity reports are transmitted to the head of the body of the immediately higher jurisdiction, to the Minister of Justice, to Colleges, to the High Council of Justice and to the presidents of the federal legislative chambers. Jurisdictions report electronically and paper, but are encouraged to do so electronically. The reports contain information on the composition of the body in terms of human resources and statistical data (number of new cases, closed and pending cases).

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	2,4%	-0,1%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	34 000 €	34 500 €	36 000 €	36 500 €	37 407 €	38 500 €	39 500 €	41 200 €	21,2%	1,5%	4,3%	1,4%	2,5%	2,9%	2,6%	4,3%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 855 485 000	1 892 691 000	1 906 878 000	1 833 778 000	1 860 812 456	1 886 178 364	1 941 900 000	1 948 320 582	5,0%	2,0%	0,7%	-3,8%	1,5%	1,4%	3,0%	0,3%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NAP	NAP	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	2,4%	-0,1%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	34 000 €	34 500 €	36 000 €	36 500 €	37 407 €	38 500 €	39 500 €	41 200 €	21,2%	1,5%	4,3%	1,4%	2,5%	2,9%	2,6%	4,3%	
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 855 485 000	1 892 691 000	1 906 878 000	1 833 778 000	1 860 812 456	1 886 178 364	1 941 900 000	1 948 320 582	5,0%	0 €	0,7%	-3,8%	1,5%	1,4%	3,0%	0,3%	
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	1 898 184 000	1 880 076 500	1 821 813 107	1 813 103 401	1 869 237 000	1 859 478 051	-	-	-	-1,0%	-3,1%	-0,5%	3,1%	-0,5%	

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	2,4%	-0,1%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,0%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 855 485 000	1 892 691 000	1 906 878 000	1 833 778 000	1 860 812 456	1 886 178 364	1 941 900 000	1 948 320 582	5,0%	2,0%	0,7%	-3,8%	1,5%	1,4%	3,0%	0,3%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	34 917 000	-	35 781 147	40 931 536	46 522 120	39 692 111	30 576 386	12 186 699	-65,1%	-	-	14,4%	13,7%	-14,7%	-23,0%	-60,1%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	NAP	100	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	2,4%	-0,1%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,0%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	27	27	13	13	13	13	13	13	-51,9%	0,0%	-51,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	262	262	225	225	225	200	200	200	-23,7%	0,0%	-14,1%	0,0%	0,0%	-11,1%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	288	288	288	288	267	264	253	232	-19,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-7,3%	-1,1%	-4,2%	-8,3%

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	262	262	225	225	225	200	200	200	-23,7%	0,0%	-14,1%	0,0%	0,0%	-11,1%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	23	23	9	9	9	9	9	9	-60,9%	0,0%	-60,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	21	21	9	9	9	9	9	9	-57,1%	0,0%	-57,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	NA	NAP	5	5	5	5	5	5	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	218	218	202	202	202	177	177	177	-18,8%	0,0%	-7,3%	0,0%	0,0%	-12,4%	0,0%	0,0%

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	2,4%	-0,1%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,0%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	180 894	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	32 255	37 624	32 080	27 615	21 318	23 838	-	-	-	16,6%	-14,7%	-13,9%	-22,8%	11,8%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	990 337	498 495	1 060 896	983 230	-	-	-	-	-	-49,7%	112,8%	-7,3%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	762 164	745 883	752 769	767 875	727 238	214 533	767 255	701 218	-8,0%	-2,1%	0,9%	2,0%	-5,3%	-70,5%	257,6%	-8,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	263 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	-	-	-	-	-	-3,8%	5,3%	-0,8%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	-	-	-	-	1,5%	4,1%	5,3%	-0,8%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	-	-	-	-	1,5%	4,1%	5,3%	-0,8%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	25 092	22 577	19 446	19 835	16 665	17 042	-	-	-	-10,0%	-13,9%	2,0%	-16,0%	2,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	10 498	9 951	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-5,2%	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 012 332	NA	1 149 719	990 917	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-13,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	736 693	759 712	745 166	240 963	862 888	706 901	-	-	-	3,1%	-1,9%	-67,7%	258,1%	-18,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	263 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	-	-	-	-	-	-3,8%	5,3%	-0,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	-	-	-	-	1,5%	4,1%	5,3%	-0,8%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	-	-	-	-	1,5%	4,1%	5,3%	-0,8%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	22 139	26 377	23 513	19 986	19 806	19 046	-	-	-	19,1%	-10,9%	-15,0%	-0,9%	-3,8%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	180 480	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	37 880	32 080	27 615	27 213	20 089	21 807	-	-	-	-15,3%	-13,9%	-1,5%	-26,2%	8,6%

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	102,2%	NA	108,4%	100,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-7,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	97,9%	98,9%	102,5%	112,3%	112,5%	100,8%	-	-	-	1,1%	3,6%	9,6%	0,1%	-10,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	88,2%	116,8%	120,9%	100,8%	118,8%	111,8%	-	-	-	32,4%	3,5%	-16,7%	17,9%	-6,0%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	87	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	625	444	429	497	370	418	-	-	-	-28,9%	-3,4%	15,9%	-25,5%	12,9%

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	15 744	15 039	14 905	14 984	14 641	14 926	-	-	-	-4,5%	-0,9%	0,5%	-2,3%	1,9%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	82 398	74 483	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-9,6%	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	37 497	34 588	33 396	29 656	14 332	9 727	13 483	14 338	-61,8%	-7,8%	-3,4%	-11,2%	-51,7%	-32,1%	38,6%	6,3%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	7 762	7 756	7 535	6 769	6 549	5 886	-	-	-	-0,1%	-2,8%	-10,2%	-3,3%	-10,1%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	15 023	10 881	68 681	60 207	53 796	57 613	-	-	-	-27,6%	531,2%	-12,3%	-10,6%	7,1%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	37 635	33 355	32 173	33 317	15 111	11 947	14 926	14 839	-60,6%	-11,4%	-3,5%	3,6%	-54,6%	-20,9%	24,9%	-0,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	8 523	8 052	7 497	7 100	6 381	6 015	-	-	-	-5,5%	-6,9%	-5,3%	-10,1%	-5,7%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	10 530	12 021	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	14,2%	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	14 983	14 743	14 943	14 653	14 839	14 797	-	-	-	-1,6%	1,4%	-1,9%	1,3%	-0,3%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	86 891	76 381	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-12,1%	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	100,4%	96,4%	96,3%	112,3%	105,4%	122,8%	110,7%	103,5%	3,1%	-3,9%	-0,1%	16,6%	-6,2%	16,5%	-9,9%	-6,5%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	109,8%	103,8%	99,5%	104,9%	97,4%	102,2%	-	-	-	-5,5%	-4,2%	5,4%	-7,1%	4,9%
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	70,1%	110,5%	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	57,6%	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	642	668	728	753	849	898	-	-	-	4,2%	8,9%	3,5%	12,7%	5,8%
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	3 012	2 319	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-23,0%	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	44 140	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	44 140	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	27 784	25 697	23 435	25 619	24 177	-	-	-	-	-7,5%	-8,8%	9,3%	-5,6%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	30 598	29 337	28 319	27 784	25 697	23 435	25 619	24 177	-21,0%	-4,1%	-3,5%	-1,9%	-7,5%	-8,8%	9,3%	-5,6%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	29 283	28 286	25 784	26 640	26 663	-	-	-	-	-3,4%	-8,8%	3,3%	0,1%

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	29 106	29 283	28 286	25 784	26 640	26 663	-	-	-	0,6%	-3,4%	-8,8%	3,3%	0,1%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	43 390	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	43 390	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	105,4%	110,1%	110,0%	104,0%	110,3%	-	-	-	-	4,4%	0,0%	-5,5%	6,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	102,8%	105,4%	110,1%	110,0%	104,0%	110,3%	-	-	-	2,5%	4,4%	0,0%	-5,5%	6,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	541	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	541	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 272	-	NA	1 624	1 554	1 429	1 316	1 463	15,0%	-	-	-	-4,3%	-8,0%	-7,9%	11,2%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	1 367	1 304	1 243	1 151	1 084	1 119	-	-	-	-4,6%	-4,7%	-7,4%	-5,8%	3,2%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	-	345	320	311	278	232	344	-	-	-	-7,2%	-2,8%	-10,6%	-16,5%	48,3%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 272	-	NA	1 593	1 350	1 369	1 381	1 392	9,4%	-	-	-	-15,3%	1,4%	0,9%	0,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	931	881	812	970	899	920	-	-	-	-5,4%	-7,8%	19,5%	-7,3%	2,3%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	698	712	538	399	482	472	-	-	-	2,0%	-24,4%	-25,8%	20,8%	-2,1%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 141	-	1 781	1 658	1 483	1 429	1 095	1 268	11,1%	-	-	-6,9%	-10,6%	-3,6%	-23,4%	15,8%

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	992	942	905	994	864	818	-	-	-	-5,0%	-3,9%	9,8%	-13,1%	-5,3%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	789	716	578	435	390	450	-	-	-	-9,3%	-19,3%	-24,7%	-10,3%	15,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 403	-	NA	1 554	1 428	1 359	1 457	1 590	13,3%	-	-	-	-8,1%	-4,8%	7,2%	9,1%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	1 305	1 243	1 150	1 127	1 119	1 221	-	-	-	-4,8%	-7,5%	-2,0%	-0,7%	9,1%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	-	320	311	278	232	338	369	-	-	-	-2,8%	-10,6%	-16,5%	45,7%	9,2%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	4	NA	1 280	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	89,7%	-	NA	104,1%	109,9%	104,4%	79,3%	91,1%	1,6%	-	-	-	5,5%	-5,0%	-24,0%	14,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	106,6%	106,9%	111,5%	102,5%	96,1%	88,9%	-	-	-	0,3%	4,2%	-8,1%	-6,2%	-7,5%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	-	113,0%	100,6%	107,4%	109,0%	80,9%	95,3%	-	-	-	-11,0%	6,8%	1,5%	-25,8%	17,8%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	449	-	NA	342	351	347	486	458	2,0%	-	-	-	2,7%	-1,2%	39,9%	-5,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	480	482	464	414	473	545	-	-	-	0,3%	-3,7%	-10,8%	14,2%	15,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	-	148	159	176	195	316	299	-	-	-	7,1%	10,7%	10,9%	62,5%	-5,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations						
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	2,4%	-0,1%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,0%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	87 024 000	85 241 000	84 628 000	77 891 000	82 869 725	91 893 000	100 370 000	110 855 000	27,4%	-2,0%	-0,7%	-8,0%	6,4%	10,9%	9,2%	10,4%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	76 938 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	7 690 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	91 998 158	81 734 000	82 832 591	88 269 746	102 929 000	106 628 956	-	-	-	-11,2%	1,3%	6,6%	16,6%	3,6%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	84 326 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	7 672 158	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	397	-	-	-	-	-	98,5%		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	7	-	-	-	-	-	16,7%		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes	
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Integrated	Integrated	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							1-9%	1-9%	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes	
63-7.1 workload of judges							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							1-9%	1-9%	
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							1-9%	1-9%	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							No	No	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No	

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means								Yes	Yes										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-2 - Criminal								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-2 - Administrative								50-99%	50-99%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil								Yes	Yes										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal								Yes	Yes										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative								No	No										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil								Yes	Yes										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal								No	Yes										Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative								Yes	Yes										Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil								No	No										Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal								No	No										Civil - SMS
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative								Yes	Yes										Civil - E-mail
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means								Yes	Yes										Civil - Specific computer application
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil								No	No										Civil - Other
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal								No	No										
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative								No	Yes										
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil								No	No										

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							not accessible at all	accessible at all									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							10-49%	10-49%
064-6 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	10-49%
064-6 - Administrative							50-99%	50-99%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	1-9%
064-10 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-10 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							No	No
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial								
064-11 - Criminal								
064-11 - Administrative								
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							FALSE	FALSE

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							FALSE	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							FALSE	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	No	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							1-9%	NA
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							Yes	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	NA
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	NA

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							10-49%	10-49%
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																
064-7 - Equipment rate							1-9%	50-99%								
064-7 - Email							Yes	No								
064-7 - Specific computer application							No	Yes								
064-7 - Other							No	No								
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	Yes								
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																
064-7 - Equipment rate							50-99%	50-99%								
064-7 - Email							No	No								
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes								
064-7 - Other							No	No								
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes								
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
<i>In criminal matter</i>																
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
<i>In administrative matter</i>																

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes									
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																	
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	No									
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							Yes	0									
065-4 - Impact on Workload							No	0									
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	0									
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	0									
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	0									
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	1 134	1 157	1 352	1 457	1 454	1 744	2 122	2 399	111,6%	2,0%	16,9%	7,8%	-0,2%	19,9%	21,7%	13,1%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	6 352	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	No	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	No	Yes	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	Yes	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	No	Yes	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									

Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)

Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)

165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	No	No	No	-	Yes	Yes	

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations						
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	2,4%	-0,1%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,0%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 598	1 604	1 602	1 614	1 600	1 566	1 523	1 526	-4,5%	0,4%	-0,1%	0,7%	-0,9%	-2,1%	-2,7%	0,2%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 293	1 271	1 271	1 284	1 274	1 226	1 229	1 206	-6,7%	-1,7%	0,0%	1,0%	-0,8%	-3,8%	0,2%	-1,9%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	305	305	302	303	297	310	264	292	-4,3%	0,0%	-1,0%	0,3%	-2,0%	4,4%	-14,8%	10,6%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	30	28	29	27	29	30	30	28	-6,7%	-6,7%	3,6%	-6,9%	7,4%	3,4%	0,0%	-6,7%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	819	806	776	768	752	723	668	652	-20,4%	-1,6%	-3,7%	-1,0%	-2,1%	-3,9%	-7,6%	-2,4%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	622	616	592	595	582	546	516	497	-20,1%	-1,0%	-3,9%	0,5%	-2,2%	-6,2%	-5,5%	-3,7%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	173	168	161	152	149	156	131	135	-22,0%	-2,9%	-4,2%	-5,6%	-2,0%	4,7%	-16,0%	3,1%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	24	22	23	21	21	21	21	20	-16,7%	-8,3%	4,5%	-8,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-4,8%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	779	798	826	846	848	843	855	874	12,2%	2,4%	3,5%	2,4%	0,2%	-0,6%	1,4%	2,2%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	641	655	679	689	692	680	713	709	10,6%	2,2%	3,7%	1,5%	0,4%	-1,7%	4,9%	-0,6%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	132	137	141	151	148	154	133	157	18,9%	3,8%	2,9%	7,1%	-2,0%	4,1%	-13,6%	18,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	6	6	6	6	8	9	9	8	33,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	33,3%	12,5%	0,0%	-11,1%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 458	5 307	5 290	5 204	5 054	4 940	4 974	5 614	2,9%	-2,8%	-0,3%	-1,6%	-2,9%	-2,3%	0,7%	12,9%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 708	1 752	1 928	1 881	1 946	1 692	1 692	1 889	10,6%	2,6%	10,1%	-2,4%	3,5%	-13,1%	0,0%	11,6%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 766	2 700	2 474	2 408	2 335	2 484	2 500	2 786	0,7%	-2,4%	-8,4%	-2,7%	-3,0%	6,4%	0,6%	11,4%

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	984	855	889	915	773	764	782	939	-4,6%	-13,1%	4,0%	2,9%	-15,5%	-1,2%	2,4%	20,1%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 466	1 540	1 413	1 311	1 396	1 461	-	-	-	5,0%	-8,2%	-7,2%	6,5%	4,7%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	585	562	557	468	466	488	-	-	-	-3,9%	-0,9%	-16,0%	-0,4%	4,7%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	634	689	620	662	675	711	-	-	-	8,7%	-10,0%	6,8%	2,0%	5,3%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	248	289	236	181	255	262	-	-	-	16,5%	-18,3%	-23,3%	40,9%	2,7%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 930	3 839	3 824	3 664	3 641	3 629	3 578	4 153	5,7%	-2,3%	-0,4%	-4,2%	-0,6%	-0,3%	-1,4%	16,1%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	1 167	1 213	1 343	1 319	1 389	1 224	1 226	1 401	20,1%	4,0%	10,8%	-1,8%	5,3%	-11,9%	0,2%	14,3%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	2 076	2 032	1 840	1 719	1 715	1 822	1 825	2 075	0,0%	-2,1%	-9,4%	-6,6%	-0,2%	6,2%	0,2%	13,7%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	688	595	641	626	537	583	527	677	-1,6%	-13,5%	7,7%	-2,3%	-14,2%	8,6%	-9,6%	28,5%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	2,4%	-0,1%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	17 336	17 795	18 134	18 402	18 532	18 604	18 658	18 905	9,1%	2,6%	1,9%	1,5%	0,7%	0,4%	0,3%	1,3%

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 458	5 307	5 290	5 204	5 054	4 940	4 974	5 614	2,9%	-2,8%	-0,3%	-1,6%	-2,9%	-2,3%	0,7%	12,9%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 708	1 752	1 928	1 881	1 946	1 692	1 692	1 889	10,6%	2,6%	10,1%	-2,4%	3,5%	-13,1%	0,0%	11,6%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 766	2 700	2 474	2 408	2 335	2 484	2 500	2 786	0,7%	-2,4%	-8,4%	-2,7%	-3,0%	6,4%	0,6%	11,4%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	984	855	889	915	773	764	782	939	-4,6%	-13,1%	4,0%	2,9%	-15,5%	-1,2%	2,4%	20,1%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 466	1 540	1 413	1 311	1 396	1 461	-	-	-	5,0%	-8,2%	-7,2%	6,5%	4,7%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	585	562	557	468	466	488	-	-	-	-3,9%	-0,9%	-16,0%	-0,4%	4,7%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	634	689	620	662	675	711	-	-	-	8,7%	-10,0%	6,8%	2,0%	5,3%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	248	289	236	181	255	262	-	-	-	16,5%	-18,3%	-23,3%	40,9%	2,7%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 930	3 839	3 824	3 664	3 641	3 629	3 578	4 153	5,7%	-2,3%	-0,4%	-4,2%	-0,6%	-0,3%	-1,4%	16,1%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	1 167	1 213	1 343	1 319	1 389	1 224	1 226	1 401	20,1%	4,0%	10,8%	-1,8%	5,3%	-11,9%	0,2%	14,3%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	2 076	2 032	1 840	1 719	1 715	1 822	1 825	2 075	0,0%	-2,1%	-9,4%	-6,6%	-0,2%	6,2%	0,2%	13,7%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	688	595	641	626	537	583	527	677	-1,6%	-13,5%	7,7%	-2,3%	-14,2%	8,6%	-9,6%	28,5%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							No	No
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							Yes	Yes
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Belgium (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							No	No									
Non-judge staff							No	No									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							Yes	Yes									
Enforcement agents							No	No									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							No	No									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Bulgaria

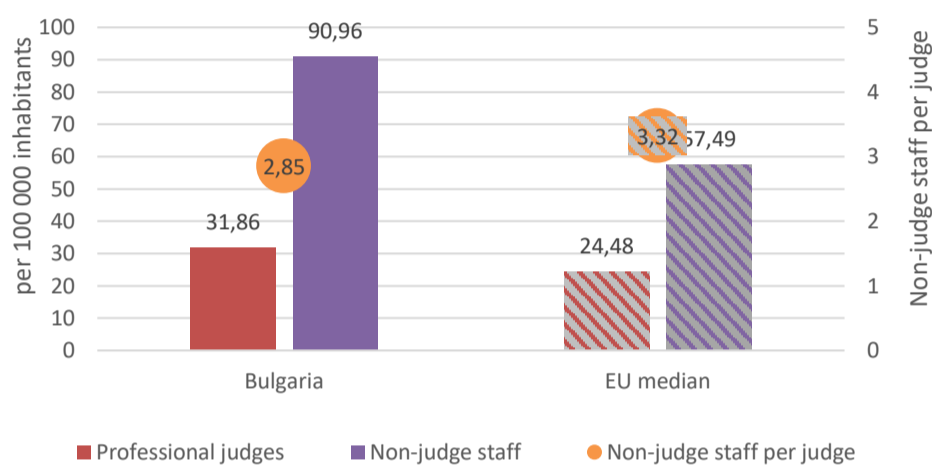
General data

Population: 6 951 482 **GDP:** 8 678 € **Average annual salary:** 7 814 €

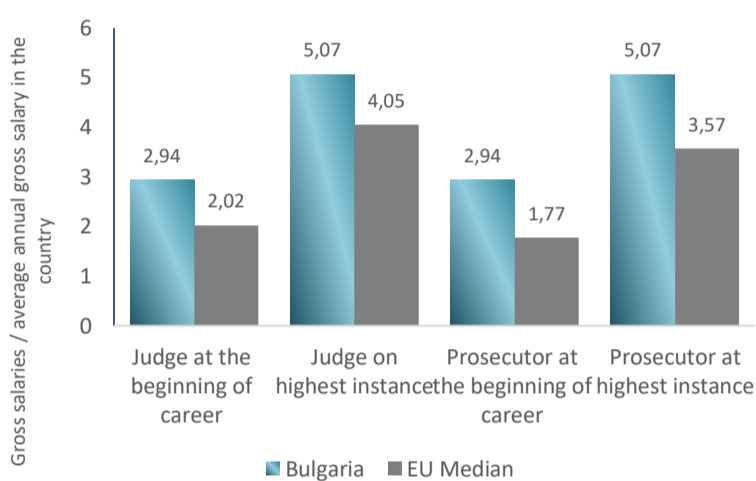
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
31,86	90,96	199,67	NA
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

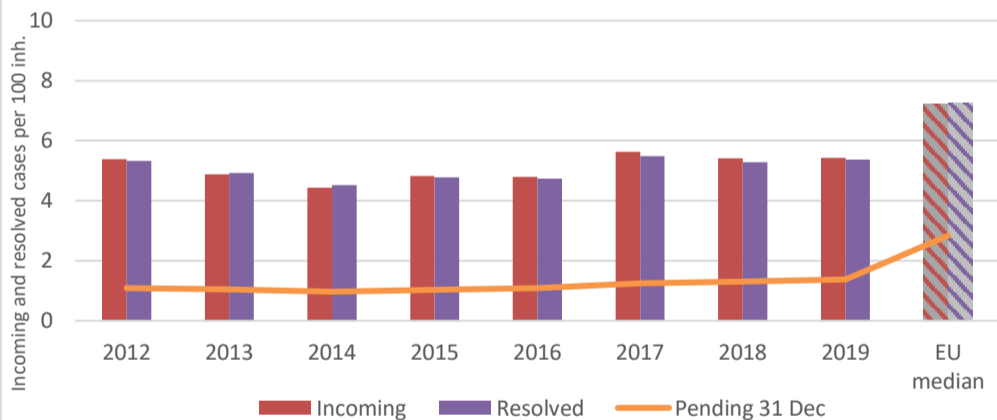


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

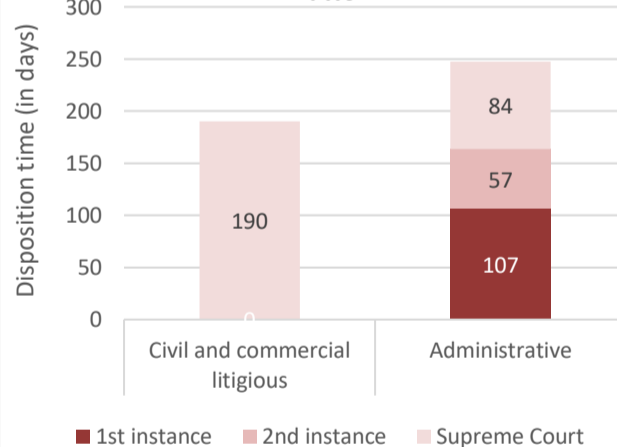


Efficiency

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases*



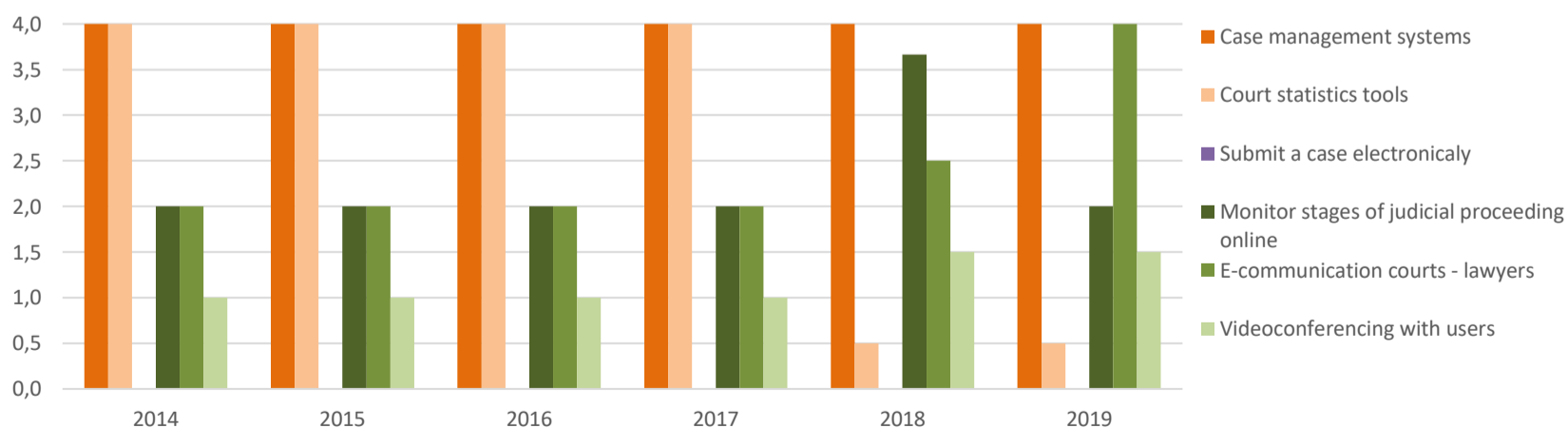
Disposition time by instance and by matter



* Given that the data for Civil and commercial litigious cases are unavailable for this chart, a chart for All other than criminal cases has been included.

Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for: Bulgaria

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	-4,6%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,7%	-0,7%
GDP per capita	5 436 €	5 493 €	5 808 €	6 152 €	6 645 €	7 099 €	7 855 €	8 678 €	59,6%	14,4%	18,2%	10,6%	10,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	1,95583	1,95583	1,95583	1,95583	1,95583	1,95583	1,95583	1,95583	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Average annual salary	4 486 €		5 078 €		5 900 €		6 964 €	7 814 €	74,2%	16,2%	18,0%		12,2%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	30,7	30,2	30,8	31,1	31,8	31,7	31,8	31,9	3,7%	3,0%	0,0%	0,2%	0,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	82,6	82,2	83,5	85,9	86,9	88,1	89,5	91,0	10,2%	4,1%	2,9%	1,5%	1,7%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	164,9	165,8	176,3	181,9	190,1	194,6	194,9	199,7	21,1%	7,8%	2,5%	0,1%	2,5%
Mediators	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,394	0,4	0,3	0,370	0,353	0,444	0,445	0,500	26,7%	2,7%	26,0%	0,1%	12,3%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	92%	109%	101%	99%	104%	95%	100%	99%	6,45	3,37	-4,50	4,99	-1,11

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	150	110	124	122	108	116	112	107	-28,9%	-12,7%	3,9%	-3,2%	-4,7%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,15	0,12	0,12	0,12	0,11	0,13	0,14	0,14	-3,7%	-7,4%	25,3%	2,0%	5,8%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	100%	98%	104%	102%	102%	101%	101%	101%	0,92	-2,59	-0,79	-0,31	0,24

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

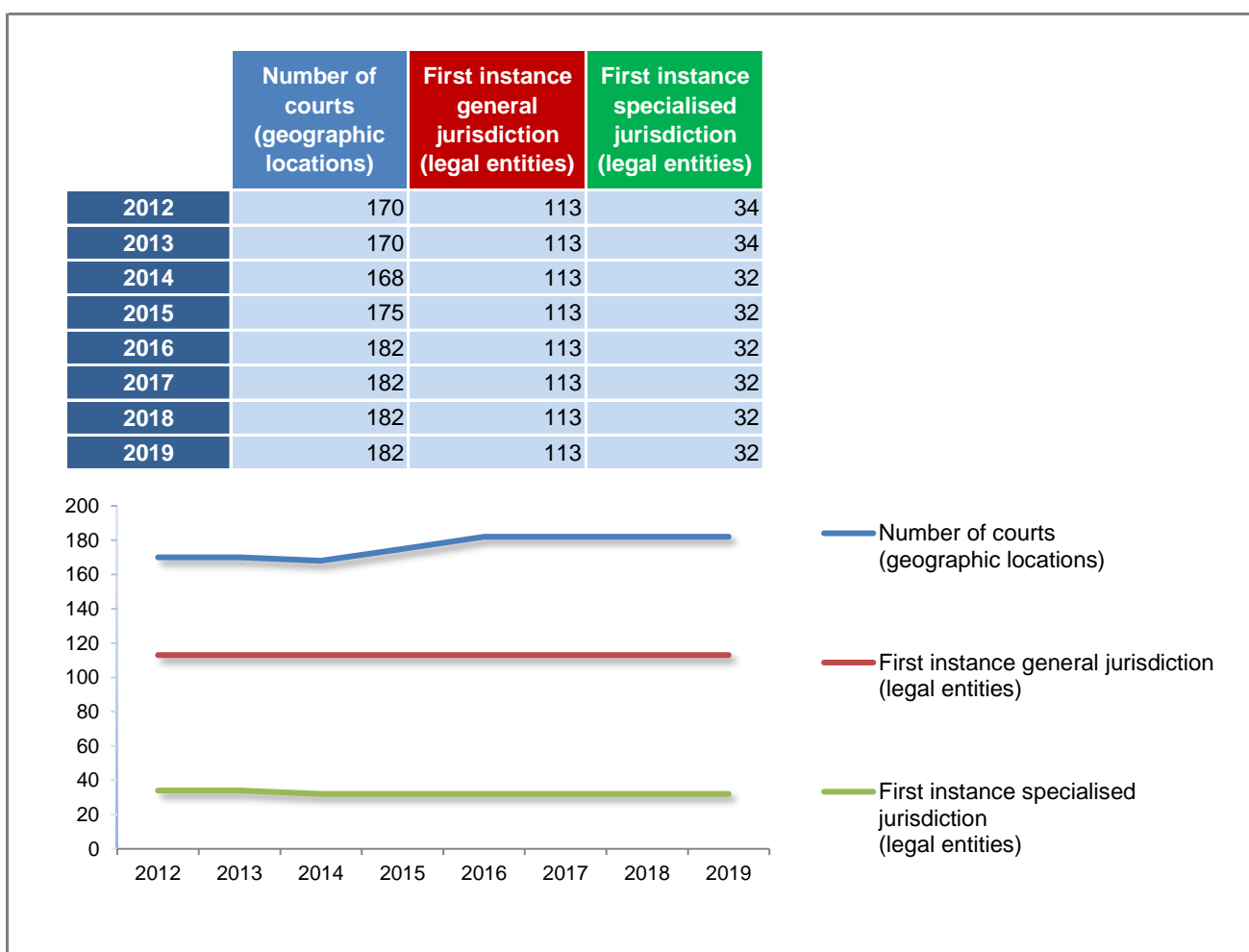
DT administrative law cases (days)	73	73	65	70	62	62	59	57	-22,0%	-3,3%	-4,8%	-3,7%	-4,5%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	NA	NA	97%	101%	96%	98%	NA	NA	-1,95	-4,99	2,36
CR administrative law cases	104%	-	95%	96%	95%	105%	100%	114%	10,88	-0,13	5,41	-4,80	14,12
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	NA	NA	172	161	184	190	NA	NA	6,9%	14,4%	3,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)	107	-	133	159	181	143	141	84	-21,5%	36,0%	-22,1%	-1,7%	-40,3%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Bulgaria

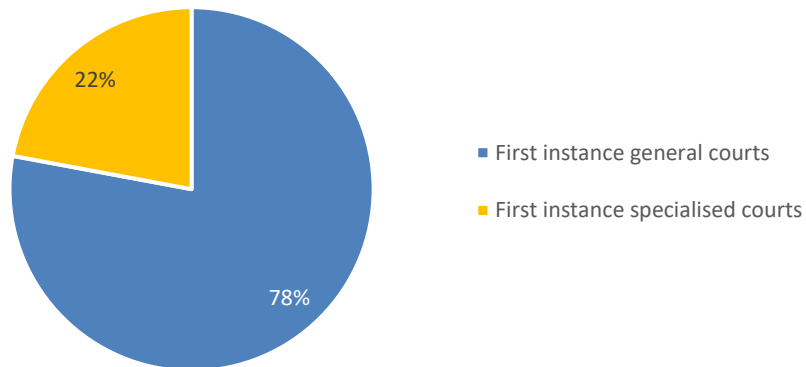
In Bulgaria there are 113 district courts. The latter are the main first instance courts. They have jurisdiction over all cases except those which are statutorily assigned to another court. They deal with civil, criminal and administrative-criminal cases. Their decisions are subject to appeal before the respective regional court.

The 28 provincial/regional courts act as courts of first and second instance. As courts of first instance, they examine a precisely defined category of cases involving significant sums or substantial societal interest. When acting as a second (appellate) instance, they re-examine decisions taken by district courts.

Besides, there are 5 courts of appeals of general jurisdiction, 1 Supreme court of cassation, and 1 Supreme administrative court.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Among the first instance specialised courts should be mentioned the 28 administrative courts, 3 military courts considering criminal cases of crimes committed by servicemen or officials of the Interior Ministry at first instance and the Specialized Criminal Court of Republic of Bulgaria. The latter is treated as a district court and its jurisdiction covers criminal cases of a general nature for crimes carried out throughout the Republic of Bulgaria. Its competence is determined on the basis of the subject of the case and not the quality of the perpetrator. The Criminal Procedure Code (Art. 411a) exhaustively enumerates cases within the competence of this Court, namely crimes committed by organized criminal groups, or on behalf of them and following their decision.

There are also one specialized court of appeal and one military court of appeal.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Bulgaria

• Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
460 520 958 €

Implemented:
450 824 746 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget ✓
- Legal aid budget ✓
- Public prosecution services budget ✓
- Prison system ✓
- Probation services ✓
- Council of the judiciary ✓
- Constitutional court ✓
- Judicial management body ✓
- State advocacy ✓
- Enforcement services ✓
- Notariat ✓
- Forensic services ✓
- Judicial protection of juveniles ✓
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice ✓
- Refugees and asylum seekers service ✓
- Immigration services ✓
- Some police services ✓
- Other services: National Institute of Justice and Inspectorate to the Supreme ✓

More precisely, the 2019 approved annual public budget of the whole justice system in Bulgaria encompasses:

Supreme Judicial Council data: EUR 363,738,333 (incl.: Courts + Prosecution of Republic of Bulgaria + National Institute of Justice + Supreme Judicial Council /SJC/ + SJC Inspectorate)

Directorate General for the Execution of sanctions at the Ministry of Justice: EUR 90,870,557

National Bureau of Legal Aid at the Ministry of Justice: EUR 4,216,113

Constitutional Court: EUR 1,695,955

As to the implemented budget, it includes:

SJC data: EUR 354,708,610 (incl.: Courts + Prosecution of Republic of Bulgaria + National Institute of Justice + Supreme Judicial Council /SJC/ + SJC Inspectorate)

Directorate General for the Execution of sanctions: EUR 90,537,250

National Bureau of Legal Aid: EUR 3,924,219

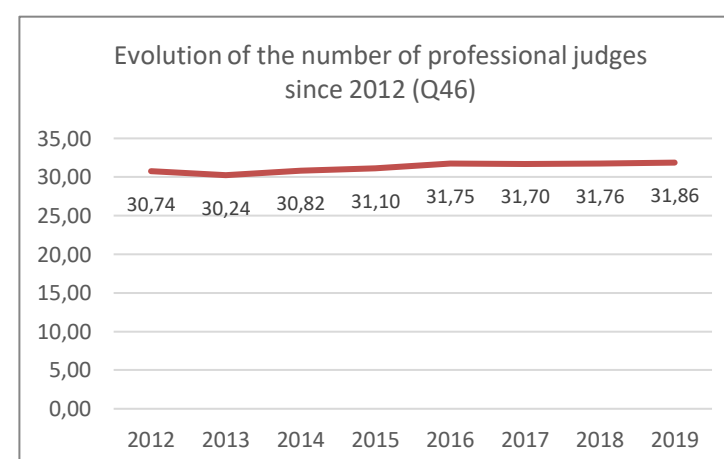
Constitutional Court: EUR 1,654,667

• Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	2 239	30,74	NA	NA
2013	2 191	30,24	NA	NA
2014	2 220	30,82	NA	NA
2015	2 225	31,10	NA	NA
2016	2 255	31,75	NA	NA
2017	2 235	31,70	NA	NA
2018	2 223	31,76	NA	NA
2019	2 215	31,86	33,8%	66,2%

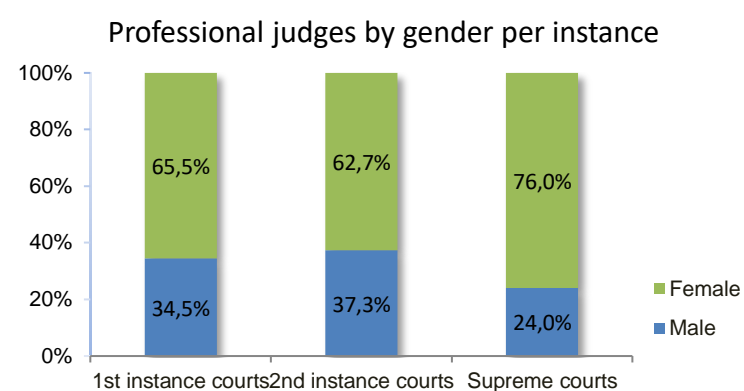


According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Bulgaria is 2 215 which is -0,4% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Bulgaria, in 2019 there are 31,9 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,9 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 2,8 non-judge staff per judge).

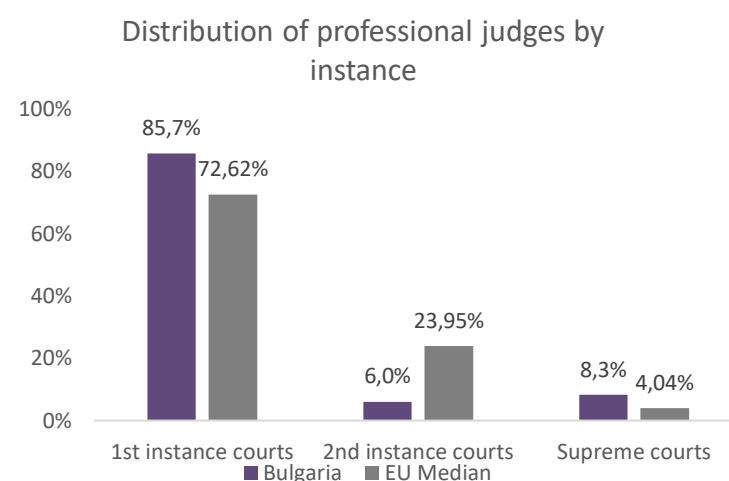
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	1 898	655	1 243
2nd instance courts	134	50	84
Supreme courts	183	44	139
Total	2 215	749	1 466



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	85,7%	34,5%	65,5%
2nd instance courts	6,0%	37,3%	62,7%
Supreme courts	8,3%	24,0%	76,0%



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 1 466 which represents 66,2% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 898 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 1 243 are female) ; 134 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 84 are female) and 183 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 139 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Bulgaria presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, most of the judges of the regional courts sit in both the first and second instance departments of the courts.

Against this background, it is noteworthy that the methodology of presentation of data has been changed twice through the evaluation cycles.

On the one hand, starting from 2013, the number of first instance professional judges encompasses not only judges of the first instance courts (113 district courts, 28 administrative courts and 3 military courts) but also judges working in the first instance departments of provincial/regional courts - 28 (who were counted as second instance judges before).

On the other hand, starting from 2019, all judges in regional courts are listed as first instance professional judges.

Accordingly, the indicated number of second instance judges (134) refers in 2019 only to the magistrates appointed and working in the 7 courts of appeal in Bulgaria.

In Bulgaria, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory



Optional



Number of training courses organised are:

	Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	338	43
1. Only for judges	111	11
2. Only for prosecutors	47	7
3. Only for other non-judge staff	61	6
4. Only for other non-prosecutors	22	0
5. Other common training	97	19

According to the Judicial System Act (JSA) candidates for junior judges receive nine-month mandatory initial training at the National Institute of Justice (NIJ). Emphasis in their training curriculum is placed on the ethical challenges and on the rule of law in accordance with the case law of the CJEU and the ECHR. It is the right of judges to upgrade their professional skills through participation in continuous training activities, which must be understood as a process of continuous lifelong learning.

The continuous training of judges is mandatory for initial appointment; promotion from regional to district level; specialisation. Some of the courses are strictly profiled, some are common trainings. In 2019 3028 judges took part in 174 training activities. The skills for development of managerial competence in the judiciary are of strategic importance in the work of NIJ. In 2019 the key topics of training for court presidents were in the field of ethical challenges, human resources management, handling of classified information, special intelligence means and media.

In addition to the training activities with the financial support of Operational Programme “Good Governance” were developed a series of practice-oriented handbooks and guides aimed at the daily work of the magistrates: “Administrative courts and EU law”; “European Citizenship. EU Internal policies”; “Media and Judiciary”; “Manual of legal proceedings for stabilization and commercial insolvency proceedings”; “Practical Manual on procedures before the Court of Justice of the EU”; “Judicial cooperation in civil matters in the EU”; “Judiciary cooperation in criminal matters in the EU”; “Management of the Judiciary. Management for administrative heads”.

These handbooks and guides are available in electronic format in NIJ Virtual Library. The paper version is distributed to all judicial authorities. 821 judges are registered in the NIJ Virtual Library with a free access 24/7 to the NIJ online tools. Apart from being materials for self-preparation, upgrading the model of self-learning, these resources are integrated in the organized face-to-face and distance forms of training of the obligatory initial and continuous training of judges.

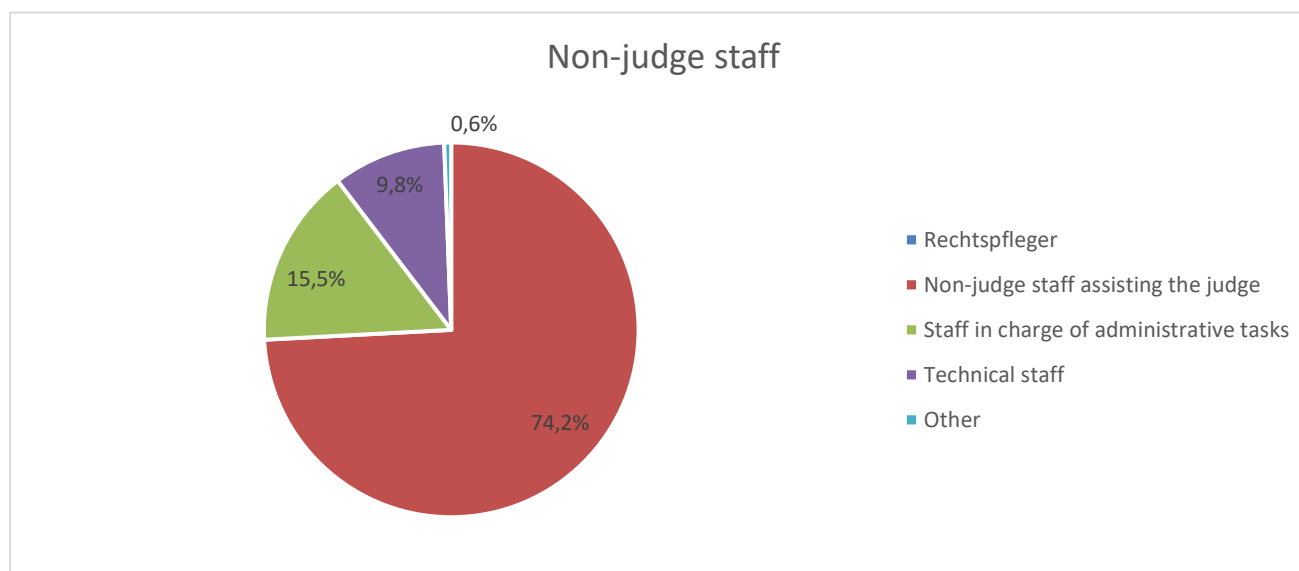
In 2019, the leading concept for on-line trainings conducted by the NIJ was the maximum profiling of the training according to the procedural roles, competence and professional experience of the participants. They were attended by judges, prosecutors and investigators and other non-judge staff, creating conditions for full exchange of experience and discussion of different points of view.

In April 2019, the UN Special Rapporteur on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution and Child Pornography met with the Director of the Institute and with representatives of the Supreme Cassation Prosecutor's Office in relation to the juvenile justice system and the initiatives to reform the system and improve children's access to justice. Judges, prosecutors, investigators, court clerks and pedagogues jointly participated in the e-distance learning conducted in 2019 on topics related to the hearing of minors and the application of child-adapted interrogation techniques and methods.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	6 014	NAP	4 479	1 480	NA	55
2013	5 958	NAP	4 445	1 458	NA	55
2014	6 014	NAP	4 468	1 491	NA	55
2015	6 143	NAP	4 395	1 191	502	55
2016	6 174	NAP	4 478	1 162	481	53
2017	6 212	NAP	4 492	1 118	568	34
2018	6 262	NAP	4 656	1 006	585	35

2019	6 323	NAP	4 689	979	617	38
------	-------	-----	-------	-----	-----	----



In Bulgaria, in this cycle there are 6 323 non-judge staff. Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 1,0%. Gender breakdown is not available.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 4 689 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 979 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 617 technical staff;
- 38 other;

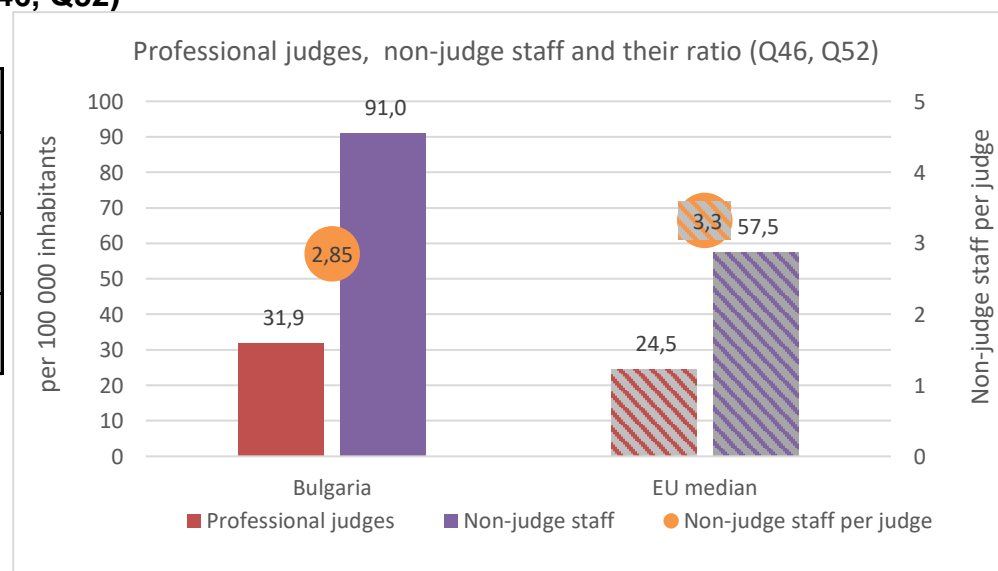
Since 2012, the category "other" encompasses the number of non-judge staff employees working in the recreational field.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 89,5 in 2018 to 91,0 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 31,8 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 31,9 in 2019.

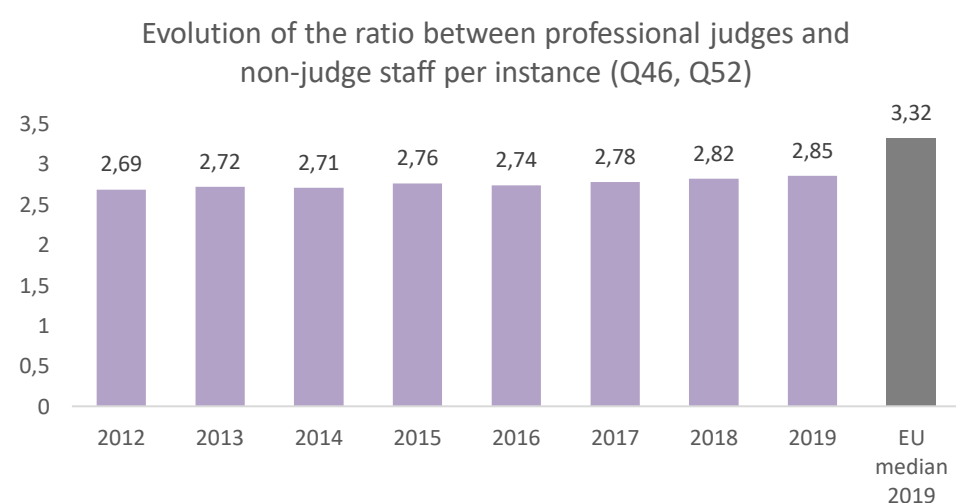
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Bulgaria	EU median
Professional judges	31,9	24,5
Non-judge staff	91,0	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	2,85	3,3



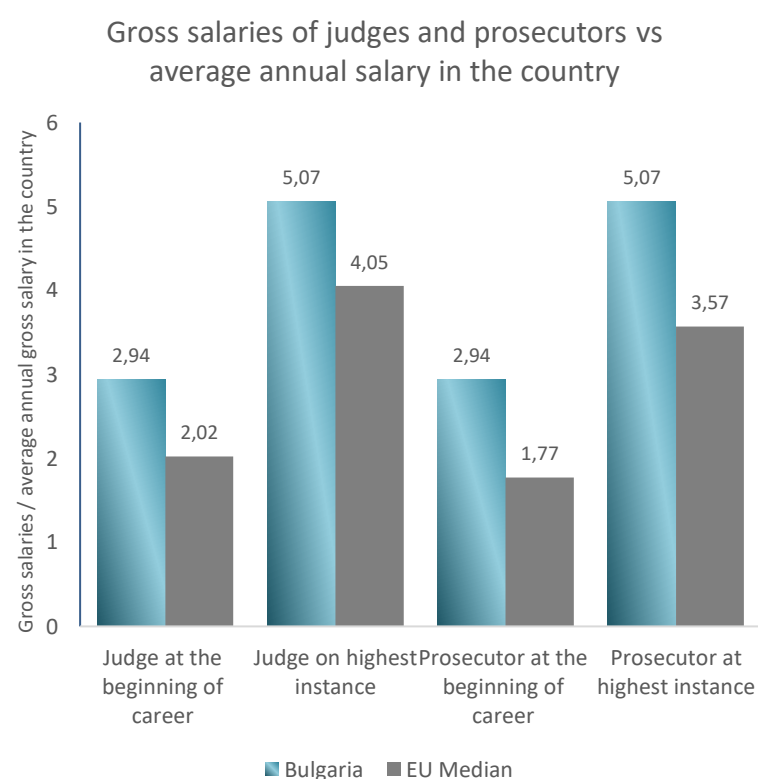
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Ratio
2012	2,69
2013	2,72
2014	2,71
2015	2,76
2016	2,74
2017	2,78
2018	2,82
2019	2,85



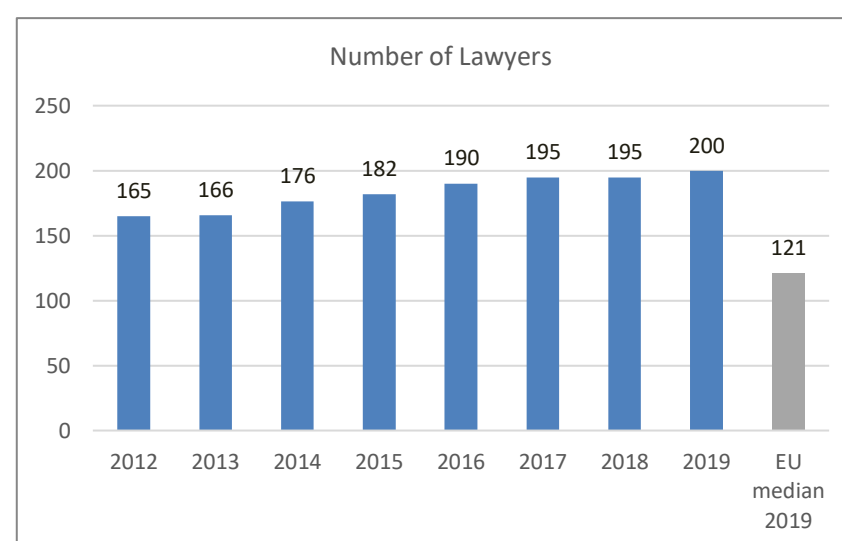
Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	22 957 €	20 661 €	2,94
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	39 583 €	35 625 €	5,07
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	22 957 €	20 661 €	2,94
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	39 583 €	35 625 €	5,07



Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	12 010	164,87
2013	12 010	165,75
2014	12 696	176,28
2015	13 013	181,90
2016	13 500	190,09
2017	13 720	194,61
2018	13 640	194,86
2019	13 880	199,67

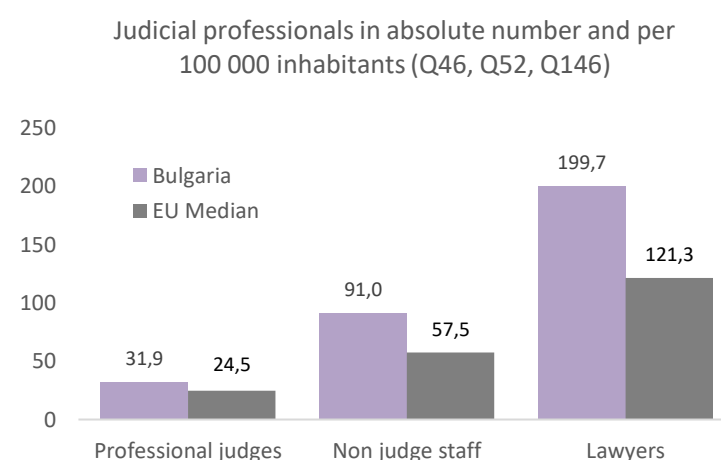


In 2019, there are 13 880 lawyers, which is 1,8% more than in 2018.

This data of 199,7 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 215	31,86	24,48
Non judge staff	6 323	90,96	57,49
Lawyers	13 880	199,67	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 4 216 113 € (0,6 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 3 924 219 € (0,6 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid cannot be carried out in respect of criminal and other than criminal cases, as well as cases brought to court and cases not brought to court.

More specifically, the annual budget for legal aid in the Republic of Bulgaria is not granted by type of cases and type of legal aid. Legal aid can be provided for all types of civil cases including non-litigious cases. The budget is common to all types of legal aid – consultation (pre-litigation advice for which the Law on legal aid strictly defines the categories of persons amenable to be granted with) with the purpose to achieve a settlement before initiation of court proceedings or filing a case, preparation of documents for filing a case, litigation, and litigation in event of detention by the bodies of the Ministry of Interior and the Customs Act. By contrast, the annual budget for legal aid does not include means of alternative dispute resolution (ADR).

The annual budget for legal aid is common to all types of criminal, civil and administrative cases. It includes remuneration of the attorneys providing legal aid, remuneration of the Bar Councils for the work carried out by the administration of legal aid, funds for necessary expenses to visit the places of detention or retention and protection in another village.

The National Legal Aid Bureau is an independent State authority, a legal entity and a second-grade disposer of budget credits to the Minister of Justice. Its competence consists in preparing a draft budget of legal aid and disposing the funds in the budget of legal aid. The Ministry of Justice supervises the planning and reporting of funds in respect of the budget of legal aid. The annual budget of legal aid is part of the budget of the Ministry of Justice – Chapter 'Policy of Justice'.

Concerning the implemented budget of legal aid for 2019, it should be noticed that the number of cases for legal representation, which accounts for 90% of legal aid, has decreased significantly as a result of the developed and approved by the National Legal Aid Bureau ("NLAB") minimum standards and unified procedures for granting, reporting and control of legal aid. The standards and unified procedures for legal aid have been developed in the implementation of the project "Strategic Reforms in the National Legal Aid Bureau" funded under Operational Program "Good Governance" and mandatory for the bodies of the legal aid system - NLAB, courts, bar associations and lawyers.

Another main reason for the decrease in the number of cases for legal aid for legal representation is the growing network of Regional Counseling Centers / RCCs /, established at thirteen bar councils in the country. The consultations provided in the RCC, as well as through the National Telephone for Legal Aid at the NLAB, create preconditions for a significant reduction in the number of cases of inadmissible and unfounded requests from citizens to the courts, resp. until the reduction in the number of cases of legal aid for legal representation.

In Bulgaria, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	√	√
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	√	√
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):		
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19): the travel expenses of an official defence counsel are covered by the budget for legal aid administering (Art 38 § 5 LAA).	√	

More specifically, legal aid is granted only to natural persons, in criminal, civil and administrative matters before courts of all instances. Legal aid authorities are the Ministry of Justice which conducts the State policy in the sphere of legal aid; the National Legal Aid Bureau /NLAB/ which provides general and methodological guidance of the activity concerning the granting of legal aid by issuing mandatory instructions on the application of the Act and the statutory instruments of secondary legislation; the Bar Councils which organize and administer legal aid within the respective geographical jurisdiction (network of Regional Counseling Centers / RCCs /, established at thirteen bar councils in the country); the authority directing the procedural steps, the court or the relevant police or customs authority which decide whether to grant legal aid or not in civil or administrative cases. Consultations are provided as well as through the National Telephone for Legal Aid at the NLAB. The NLAB grants or refuses granting legal aid for a consultation with a view to reaching a settlement prior to bringing legal proceedings or to bringing a case before a court and/or preparation of documents for a trial.

The types of legal aid are: pre-litigation advice with a view to reaching a settlement prior to bringing legal proceedings or to bringing a case before a court; preparation of documents for bringing a case before a court; representation in court by legal counsel; representation upon detention under Article 72 of the Ministry of Interior Act and under Article 16a of the Customs Act and under Art. 124b, para. 1 of the Law on the State Agency for National Security. The legal aid system covers cases in which the assistance of a lawyer, a stand-by defence counsel or representation is mandatory as provided for by the Criminal Procedure Code, the Civil Procedure Code and the Administrative Procedure Code. Legal aid system covers also cases in which the applicant is unable to pay for a lawyer, wishes to benefit of a legal assistance, and the interests of the justice require such legal assistance.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

More precisely, the accused and the victims of crimes in criminal cases have the right to choose a free lawyer, and this right is granted to every citizen who seeks legal assistance, pursuant to Art. 25, para. 6 of the Legal Aid Act. As the lawyer chosen by the citizen, he / she should be entered in the National Register for Legal Aid and be from the list of lawyers of the respective bar association and judicial district in which he / she is registered.

◦ **Court fees**

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

According to Art. 71 of the Civil Procedure Code / CPC / State fees on the cost of action and court costs shall be collected upon conduct of the case. Where the action is unappraisable, the amount of the State fee shall be determined by the court. Where the subject matter of the case is a right of ownership or other rights in rem to an immovable property, as well as in actions for the existence, for annulment or for rescission of a contract which has as its subject any rights in rem to an immovable property and for conclusion of a final contract having such subject, the amount of the State fee shall be set at one-fourth of the cost of action. Art. 83 CPC provides for exemption from fees and expenses in the cases provided for in the provision, namely: by the plaintiffs who are factory or office workers or cooperative members in respect of any actions arising from employment relationships; by the plaintiffs: in respect of any actions for maintenance obligations; on any actions brought by a prosecutor; by the plaintiff: in respect of any actions for damages sustained as a result of a tort or delict, for which a sentence has entered into effect; by the ad hoc representatives of the party whose address is unknown, appointed by the court. Fees and costs of the proceeding shall not be deposited by any natural persons who have been found by the court to lack sufficient means to pay the said fees and costs.

According to Art. 12 of the Code of Administrative Procedure, no State fees shall be collected and no court costs shall be paid on any proceedings under this Code, unless so provided for therein or in another law, as well as in the cases of a judicial appeal against administrative acts and upon bringing a legal action under this Code.

No State fee is due for the consideration of criminal cases of general nature. A certain category of crimes is not prosecuted according to the general procedure, but only if there is a private complaint. In these cases, a State fee is paid for the consideration of the criminal case of a private nature. According to Art. 81, para. 1, of the Code of Criminal Procedure, a document evidencing the payment of a State fee shall be attached to the complaint.

◦ **Methodology of calculation of court fees**

The calculation and determination of court fees is governed by the Law on the management of the European Structural and Investment Funds, the Administrative Procedure Code, the Civil Procedure Code, TARIFF No 1 to the Stamp Duty Act, for the fees collected by the courts, the prosecutors' offices, the Investigation Service and the Ministry of justice and other tariffs. The fees collected can be simple and proportional.

Pursuant to article 2, para. 1 of the Stamp Duty Act, there shall be simple and proportionate stamp duties. The said are determined by Tariff 1 to the Stamp Duty Act for the fees collected by the courts, prosecutor's office, investigation services and the Ministry of Justice adopted by a decree of the Council of Ministers 167/28.08.1992 (it contains the denomination from 05.07.1999) and the Tariff for the fees collected by the courts under the Civil Procedure Code, adopted by a decree of the Council of Ministers 38/27.02.2008.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 120€.

In fact, the amount of 120 € presents 4% of the value of the claim (in accordance with art.1 of the Tariff for the fees collected by the courts under the Civil Procedure Code, adopted by a decree of the Council of Ministers 38/27.02.2008)

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

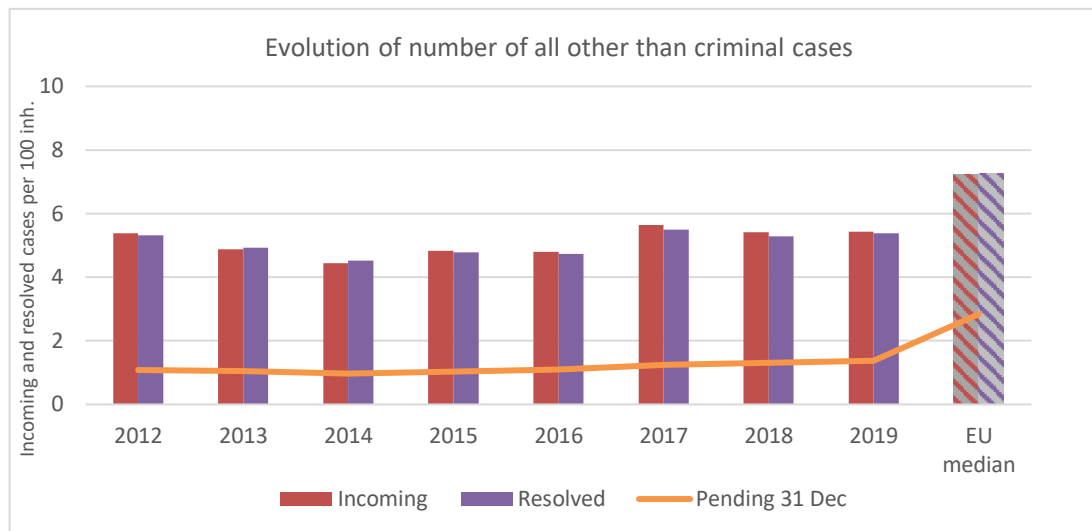
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

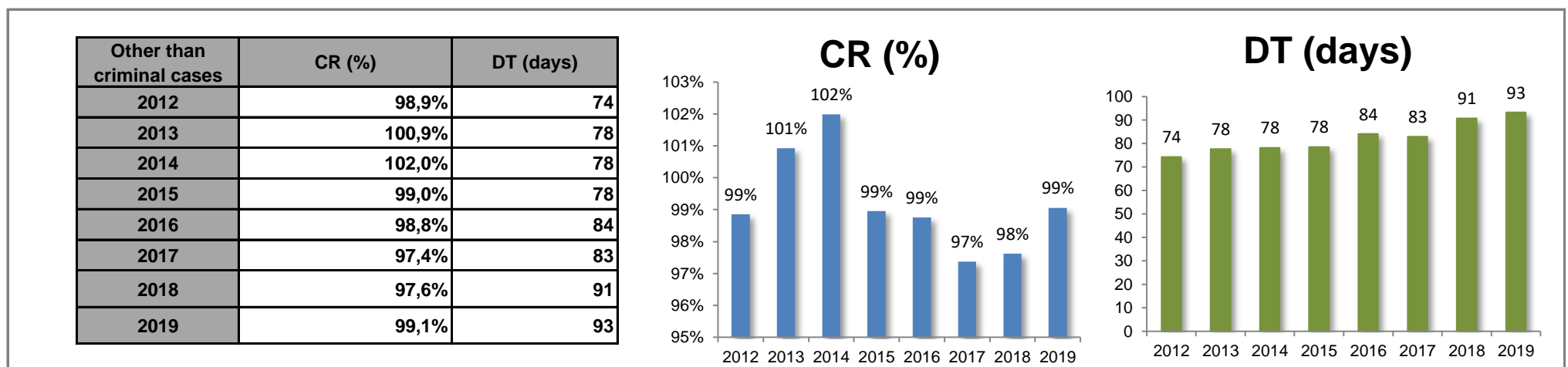
First instance cases

- *Total other than criminal cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Bulgaria (5,43 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 5,38 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (1,37 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,1% in 2019 Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,4 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 93 days, which is below the EU median of 111 days.

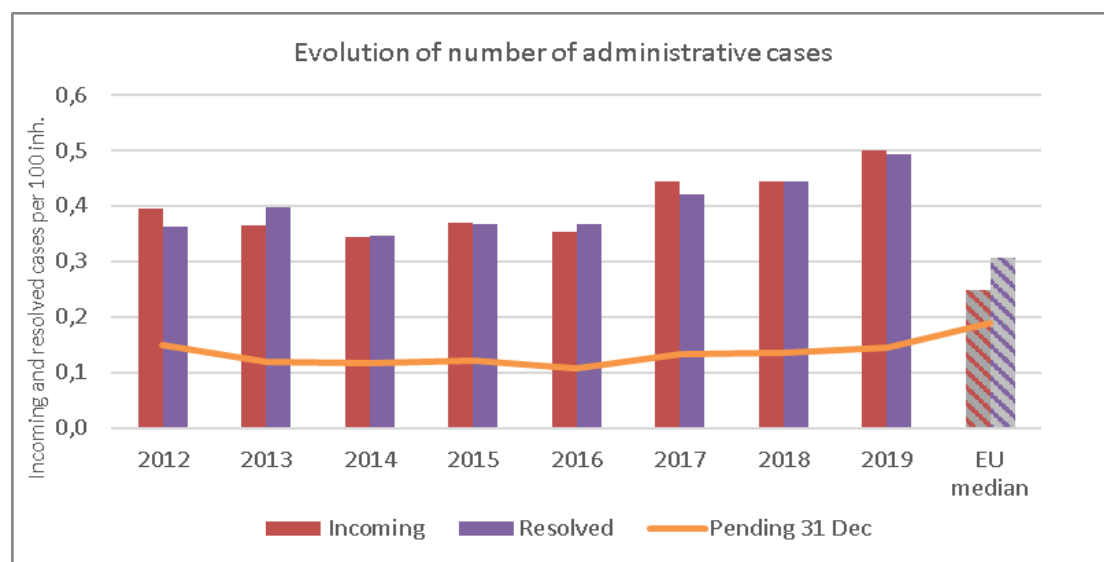
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 2,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

- *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*

The division by types of cases in the statistical forms published by the Supreme Judicial Council of Bulgaria is quite different from the CEPEJ categorisation and for that reason breakdown cannot be made. Only administrative cases are possible to differentiate due to existence of administrative courts.

Accordingly, the Clearance Rate and the Disposition Time of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated.

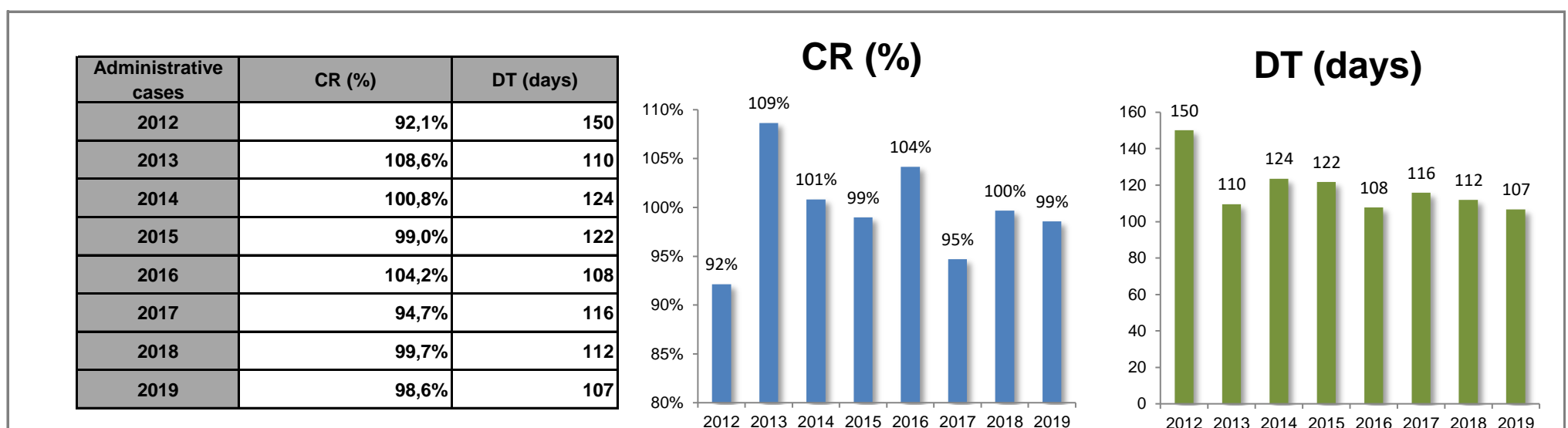
◦ **Administrative cases**



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Bulgaria (0,50 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants)

Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Bulgaria (0,49 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants).

However, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Bulgaria (0,14 per 100 inhabitants) is below EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,6% in 2019, Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

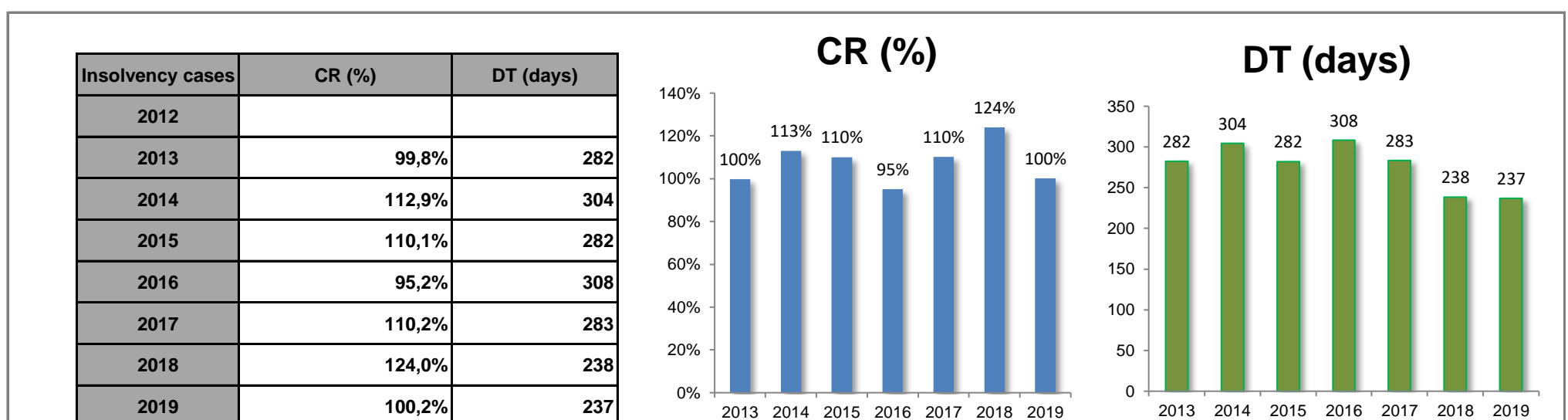
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,1 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 107 days which is significantly below the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -4,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ **Insolvency**



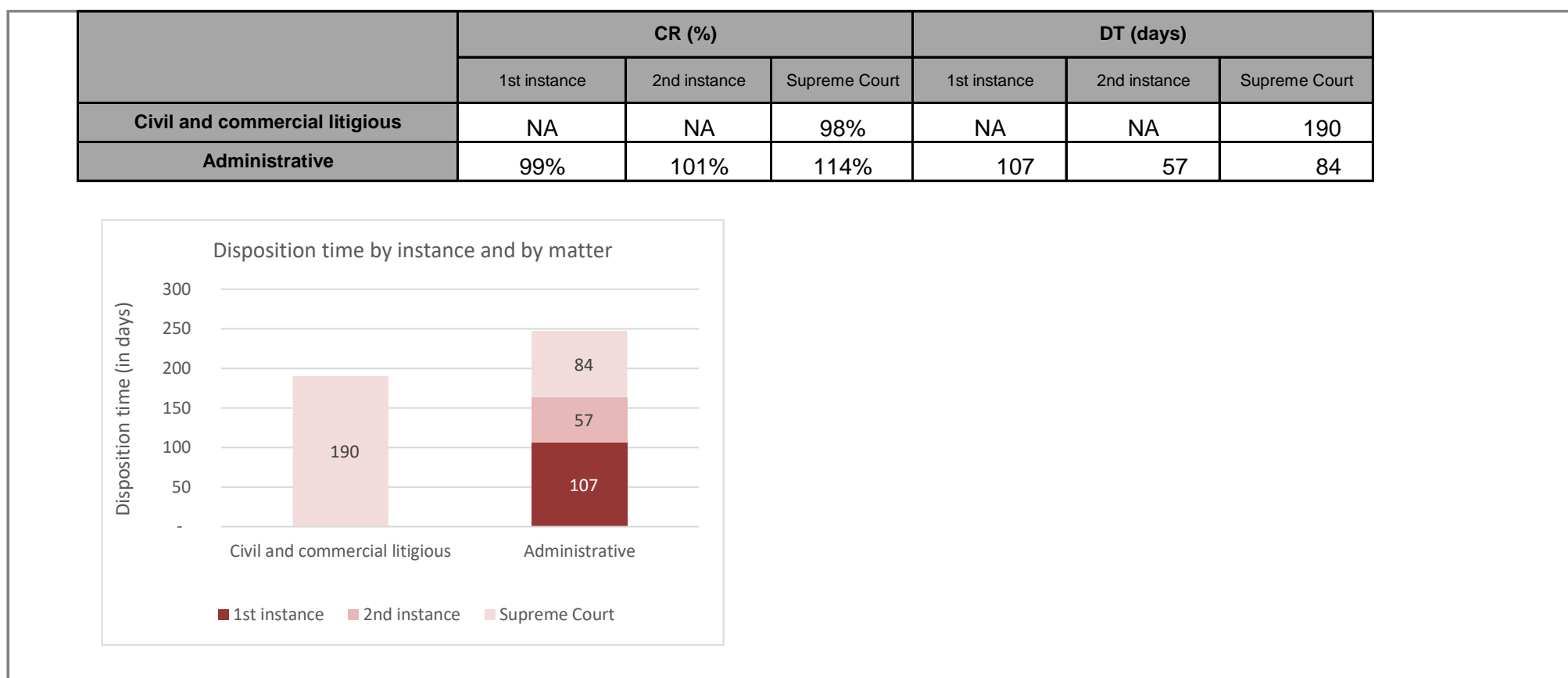
The Clearance Rate was calculated at 100,2% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -23,8 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 237 days, which is below the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -0,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



In respect of administrative law cases, second instance courts appear as the most efficient instance, while first instance administrative courts present the highest Disposition Time among the three instances. Nevertheless, it should be noticed that administrative cases seem to be resolved promptly at all instances, the Disposition Time being always well below the respective EU medians (284 days at first instance, 329 days at second instance and 219 days at third instance).

Data on civil and commercial litigious cases is available only with regard to the Court of cassation which seems to encounter more difficulties than the Supreme administrative court in terms of Disposition Time. However, its Disposition Time is also below the EU median of 217 days.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Bulgaria provides court-related mediation.

In the Republic of Bulgaria judges may refer parties to a mediator, to a settlement of a dispute through a mediation procedure if they believe that more satisfactory results can be achieved for both parties.

The possibility to resort to court-related mediation procedures exists in civil and commercial matters, but not in administrative and criminal. For civil and commercial cases there is an explicit legislative norm providing for that the court may direct the parties to mediation (court-related mediation). Conversely, in administrative matters, there is no procedural possibility for the court to guide the parties to mediation, but there is a procedural opportunity to reach an agreement on a specific administrative dispute out of court including through mediation service by a private mediator and then the agreement to be approved by the court (out of court mediation).

According to the Mediation Act, subject of mediation may be civil, commercial, labor, family and administrative disputes related to consumer rights and other disputes between individuals and / or legal entities, including when they are cross-border. Mediation is not conducted if a law or other normative act provides for another procedure for concluding an agreement.

But it's important to underline that according to Art. 4 of the the Mediation Act (promulgated SG No. 110 of 2004), persons exercising judicial functions in the judicial system cannot carry out mediation activities.

The court-related mediation system in Bulgaria does not provide mandatory mediation.

Namely, according to the Mediation Act, mediation is a voluntary and confidential procedure for out-of-court settlement of disputes, in which a third party mediator assists the disputing parties to reach an agreement.

The information about the number of registered court-related mediators is not available (NA). At the end of 2019 the total number of mediators registered in the Unified Register of Mediators at the Ministry of Justice is 2419.

Accordingly, the variation between 2018 and 2019 cannot be calculated.

Data on the number of court-related mediation procedures is not available.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

The Annual reports on the activity of the courts are prepared according to the requirements of the Judiciary System Act, the provisions of the Regulation for the administration in courts and the guidance of the Supreme Judicial Council. Content - Staffing (number of judges and administrative staff); Summarized data on the Court's activity on administration of justice (number of incoming cases, cases for examination, cases completed, pending cases, workload – as per establishment plan and actual workload, quality of judicial acts - confirmed, amended, repealed and returned); Material, financial and technical resources. Audience - Judges, upper court, Supreme Judicial Council, citizens.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate

In Bulgaria, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The Inspectorate to the Supreme Judicial Council (ISJC) is a body of the judicial system of the Republic of Bulgaria established under the art. 132a of the Constitution of the Republic of Bulgaria /published in State Gazette N.12 from 6th February 2007/. It is an independent body with the primary function of examining the operation of the judicial bodies without affecting their independence. Art. 54, para. 1 of the Judicial Power Act assigns powers to the Inspectorate to the Supreme Judicial Council.

The Inspectorate annually, not later than the end of March of the current year, adopts a program for the planned inspections.

The Annual Program for the planned inspections contains:

1. the appellate areas and the bodies of the judiciary in which a complex inspection will be carried out;
2. the bodies of the judiciary in which thematic and control inspections will be carried out;
3. an indicative timetable for carrying out the inspections.

The annual program may be supplemented and amended by a decision of the Inspectorate. It is announced on the website of the Inspectorate.

The planned inspections may be complex, thematic and control inspections. The complex inspections relate to the overall activity of the body of the judiciary. Thematic inspections are conducted on a specific topic on the application of the law by a judicial authority during the period under review, a judge, a prosecutor or an investigating magistrate.

Control inspections are carried out after a complex or thematic inspection, which provides recommendations for overcoming negative practices.

Immediately after the adoption of the annual program, by lot ensuring random allocation, the chief inspector in the presence of all inspectors determines the specific judicial authority that will be inspected, and the teams that will carry out the inspection.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

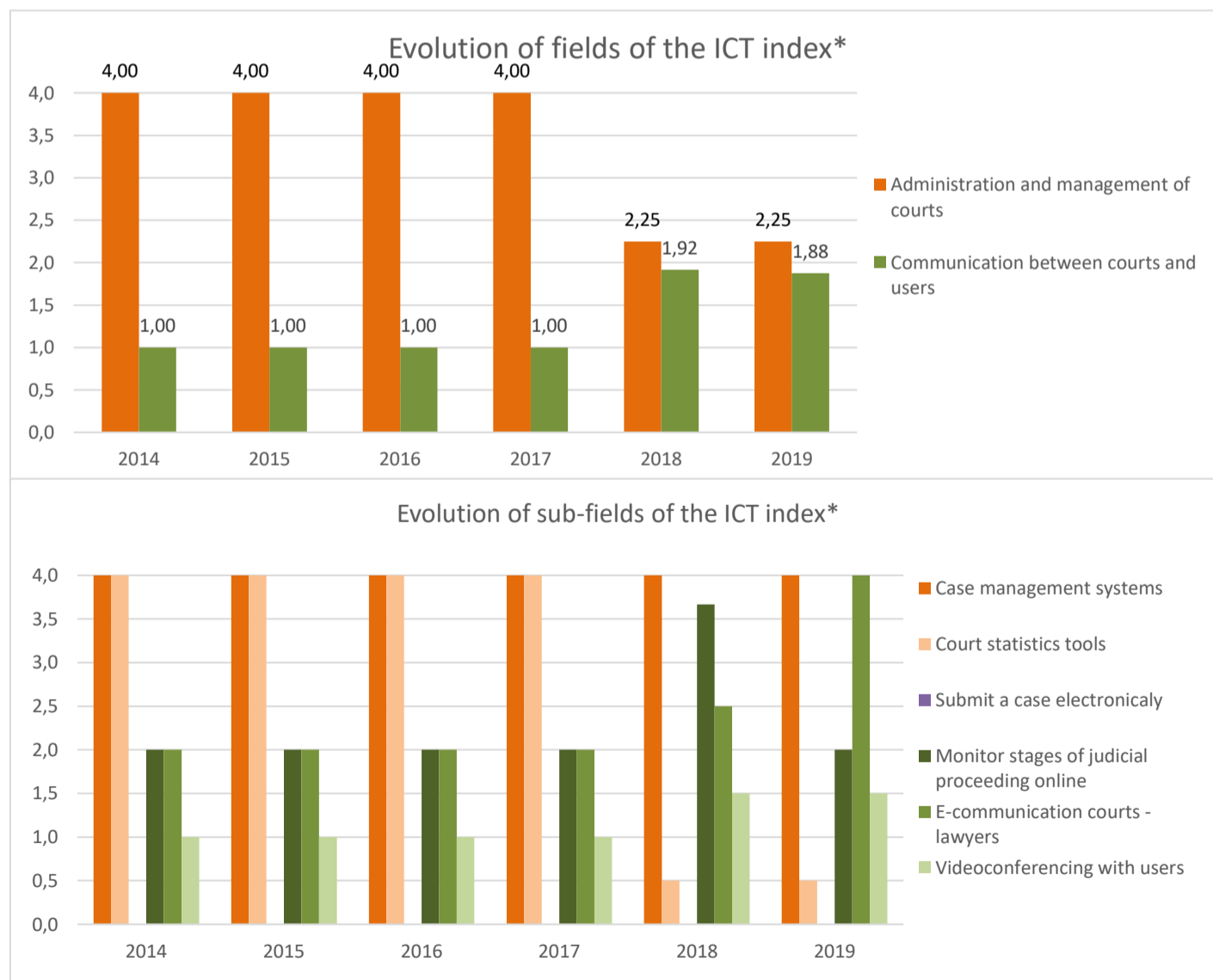
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	2,3
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	0,5
◦ Communication between court and users.	1,9
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	0,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	2,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	1,5

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers. The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



From 2019, after the completion of a project named "Further development and centralization of the portals in the Justice" sector for access of citizens to information, e-services and e-justice" , the Single e-Justice Portal is being further developed, with the possibility to send documents from the electronic folders of cases to the Single e-Justice Portal. The portal presents information from the electronic files of court cases, received from the court management systems operating locally in the courts.

Statistical data

In Bulgaria, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary which is the Supreme Judicial Council of the Republic of Bulgaria.

The Supreme Judicial Council has adopted a Methodology for control and verification of the statistical data reporting the activities of the judicial bodies and judges in the republic of Bulgaria.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	-4,6%	-0,5%	-0,6%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	5 436 €	5 493 €	5 808 €	6 152 €	6 645 €	7 099 €	7 855 €	8 678 €	59,6%	1,0%	5,7%	5,9%	8,0%	6,8%	10,6%	10,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	NA	324 060 309	337 780 586	359 649 592	377 099 680	415 527 301	399 468 426	460 520 958	-	-	4,2%	6,5%	4,9%	10,2%	-3,9%	15,3%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP							
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP							
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No							
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP							
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No							
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP							
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No							
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP							
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP							

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	-4,6%	-0,5%	-0,6%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	5 436 €	5 493 €	5 808 €	6 152 €	6 645 €	7 099 €	7 855 €	8 678 €	59,6%	1,0%	5,7%	5,9%	8,0%	6,8%	10,6%	10,5%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	NA	324 060 309	337 780 586	359 649 592	377 099 680	415 527 301	399 468 426	460 520 958	-	-	4,2%	6,5%	4,9%	10,2%	-3,9%	15,3%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	334 897 179	352 547 202	367 019 677	404 190 801	393 904 740	450 824 746	-	-	-	5,3%	4,1%	10,1%	-2,5%	14,5%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	-4,6%	-0,5%	-0,6%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	NA	324 060 309	337 780 586	359 649 592	377 099 680	415 527 301	399 468 426	460 520 958	-	-	4,2%	6,5%	4,9%	10,2%	-3,9%	15,3%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	61 595 758	-	53 967 580	51 616 390	49 902 118	50 399 948	47 134 906	46 911 401	-23,8%	-	-	-4,4%	-3,3%	1,0%	-6,5%	-0,5%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	120	120	120	120	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	-4,6%	-0,5%	-0,6%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	34	34	32	32	32	32	32	32	-5,9%	0,0%	-5,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	170	170	168	175	182	182	182	182	7,1%	0,0%	-1,2%	4,2%	4,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	34	34	32	32	32	32	32	32	-5,9%	0,0%	-5,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	5	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	-40,0%	0,0%	-40,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	-4,6%	-0,5%	-0,6%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	74 505	79 157	76 155	69 865	73 159	77 396	82 931	91 896	23,3%	6,2%	-3,8%	-8,3%	4,7%	5,8%	7,2%	10,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	8 622	10 909	8 642	8 460	8 759	7 743	9 426	9 509	10,3%	26,5%	-20,8%	-2,1%	3,5%	-11,6%	21,7%	0,9%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	65 883	68 248	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	3,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	392 320	353 415	319 414	345 327	340 272	397 399	378 948	377 325	-3,8%	-9,9%	-9,6%	8,1%	-1,5%	16,8%	-4,6%	-0,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	28 726	26 441	24 757	26 472	25 072	31 333	31 146	34 724	20,9%	-8,0%	-6,4%	6,9%	-5,3%	25,0%	-0,6%	11,5%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	363 594	326 974	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-10,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	387 832	356 677	325 754	341 715	336 056	386 923	369 915	373 760	-3,6%	-8,0%	-8,7%	4,9%	-1,7%	15,1%	-4,4%	1,0%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	26 462	28 727	24 955	26 196	26 117	29 666	31 044	34 226	29,3%	8,6%	-13,1%	5,0%	-0,3%	13,6%	4,6%	10,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	361 370	327 950	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-9,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	78 993	75 895	69 815	73 477	77 375	87 872	91 964	95 461	20,8%	-3,9%	-8,0%	5,2%	5,3%	13,6%	4,7%	3,8%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	10 886	8 623	8 444	8 736	7 714	9 410	9 528	10 007	-8,1%	-20,8%	-2,1%	3,5%	-11,7%	22,0%	1,3%	5,0%

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	68 107	67 272	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-1,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	98,9%	100,9%	102,0%	99,0%	98,8%	97,4%	97,6%	99,1%	0,2%	2,1%	1,1%	-3,0%	-0,2%	-1,4%	0,3%	1,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	92,1%	108,6%	100,8%	99,0%	104,2%	94,7%	99,7%	98,6%	7,0%	17,9%	-7,2%	-1,8%	5,3%	-9,1%	5,3%	-1,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,4%	100,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	0,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	74	78	78	78	84	83	91	93	25,4%	4,5%	0,7%	0,3%	7,1%	-1,4%	9,5%	2,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	150	110	124	122	108	116	112	107	-28,9%	-27,0%	12,7%	-1,4%	-11,4%	7,4%	-3,2%	-4,7%

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	69	75	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	8,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	2 378	2 463	2 280	2 252	2 332	2 346	2 272	2 396	0,8%	3,6%	-7,4%	-1,2%	3,6%	0,6%	-3,2%	5,5%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	936	1 032	871	731	661	737	775	710	-24,1%	10,3%	-15,6%	-16,1%	-9,6%	11,5%	5,2%	-8,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	887	1 173	1 227	1 087	967	1 087	977	762	-14,1%	32,2%	4,6%	-11,4%	-11,0%	12,4%	-10,1%	-22,0%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	6 239	6 032	5 822	5 729	5 663	5 393	5 554	5 600	-10,2%	-3,3%	-3,5%	-1,6%	-1,2%	-4,8%	3,0%	0,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	2 331	1 741	1 551	1 364	1 604	1 202	1 168	1 075	-53,9%	-25,3%	-10,9%	-12,1%	17,6%	-25,1%	-2,8%	-8,0%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	1 583	1 523	1 146	1 143	1 281	1 135	931	1 169	-26,2%	-3,8%	-24,8%	-0,3%	12,1%	-11,4%	-18,0%	25,6%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 151	6 210	5 848	5 795	5 622	5 343	5 421	5 621	-8,6%	1,0%	-5,8%	-0,9%	-3,0%	-5,0%	1,5%	3,7%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	2 242	1 908	1 693	1 483	1 527	1 281	1 230	1 036	-53,8%	-14,9%	-11,3%	-12,4%	3,0%	-16,1%	-4,0%	-15,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 311	1 520	1 294	1 258	1 219	1 251	1 154	1 171	-10,7%	15,9%	-14,9%	-2,8%	-3,1%	2,6%	-7,8%	1,5%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	2 466	2 285	2 254	2 186	2 373	2 396	2 405	2 375	-3,7%	-7,3%	-1,4%	-3,0%	8,6%	1,0%	0,4%	-1,2%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	1 025	865	729	612	738	658	713	749	-26,9%	-15,6%	-15,7%	-16,0%	20,6%	-10,8%	8,4%	5,0%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	1 159	1 176	1 079	972	1 029	971	754	760	-34,4%	1,5%	-8,2%	-9,9%	5,9%	-5,6%	-22,3%	0,8%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	98,6%	103,0%	100,4%	101,2%	99,3%	99,1%	97,6%	100,4%	1,8%	4,4%	-2,4%	0,7%	-1,9%	-0,2%	-1,5%	2,8%
CR Employment dismissal cases	96,2%	109,6%	109,2%	108,7%	95,2%	106,6%	105,3%	96,4%	0,2%	13,9%	-0,4%	-0,4%	-12,4%	11,9%	-1,2%	-8,5%
CR Insolvency cases	82,8%	99,8%	112,9%	110,1%	95,2%	110,2%	124,0%	100,2%	21,0%	20,5%	13,1%	-2,5%	-13,5%	15,8%	12,5%	-19,2%
DT Litigious divorce cases	146	134	141	138	154	164	162	154	5,4%	-8,2%	4,7%	-2,1%	11,9%	6,2%	-1,1%	-4,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	167	165	157	151	176	187	212	264	58,1%	-0,8%	-5,0%	-4,2%	17,1%	6,3%	12,9%	24,7%
DT Insolvency cases	323	282	304	282	308	283	238	237	-26,6%	-12,5%	7,8%	-7,3%	9,3%	-8,1%	-15,8%	-0,7%

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	15 436	15 407	16 261	14 841	12 788	12 457	12 512	13 611	-11,8%	-0,2%	5,5%	-8,7%	-13,8%	-2,6%	0,4%	8,8%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	3 643	3 628	3 972	3 239	2 932	2 688	2 526	2 411	-33,8%	-0,4%	9,5%	-18,5%	-9,5%	-8,3%	-6,0%	-4,6%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	11 793	11 779	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-0,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	66 182	68 120	64 305	60 271	59 309	58 503	57 281	59 922	-9,5%	2,9%	-5,6%	-6,3%	-1,6%	-1,4%	-2,1%	4,6%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	18 188	20 115	17 598	14 979	15 481	14 793	14 705	14 421	-20,7%	10,6%	-12,5%	-14,9%	3,4%	-4,4%	-0,6%	-1,9%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	47 994	48 005	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	66 226	67 214	65 730	61 852	59 636	58 446	56 180	57 658	-12,9%	1,5%	-2,2%	-5,9%	-3,6%	-2,0%	-3,9%	2,6%

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	18 204	19 770	18 330	15 286	15 724	14 954	14 819	14 567	-20,0%	8,6%	-7,3%	-16,6%	2,9%	-4,9%	-0,9%	-1,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	48 022	47 444	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-1,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	15 392	16 313	14 836	13 260	12 461	12 514	13 613	15 875	3,1%	6,0%	-9,1%	-10,6%	-6,0%	0,4%	8,8%	16,6%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	3 627	3 973	3 240	2 932	2 689	2 527	2 412	2 265	-37,6%	9,5%	-18,4%	-9,5%	-8,3%	-6,0%	-4,6%	-6,1%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	11 765	12 340	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	4,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,1%	98,7%	102,2%	102,6%	100,6%	99,9%	98,1%	96,2%	-3,8%	-1,4%	3,6%	0,4%	-2,0%	-0,6%	-1,8%	-1,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	100,1%	98,3%	104,2%	102,0%	101,6%	101,1%	100,8%	101,0%	0,9%	-1,8%	6,0%	-2,0%	-0,5%	-0,5%	-0,3%	0,2%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,1%	98,8%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-1,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	85	89	82	78	76	78	88	100	18,5%	4,4%	-7,0%	-5,0%	-2,5%	2,5%	13,2%	13,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	73	73	65	70	62	62	59	57	-22,0%	0,9%	-12,0%	8,5%	-10,8%	-1,2%	-3,7%	-4,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	89	95	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	6,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	11 322	-	8 796	9 462	9 956	10 912	9 934	10 063	-11,1%	-	-	7,6%	5,2%	9,6%	-9,0%	1,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	3 736	3 940	3 732	3 917	-	-	-	-	-	5,5%	-5,3%	5,0%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	3	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	0	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	3	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	5 338	-	4 788	5 590	6 220	6 972	6 199	6 146	15,1%	-	-	16,8%	11,3%	12,1%	-11,1%	-0,9%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 984	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	31 905	-	27 476	25 012	23 443	23 479	24 176	23 075	-27,7%	-	-	-9,0%	-6,3%	0,2%	3,0%	-4,6%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	8 605	8 441	8 138	8 015	-	-	-	-	-	-1,9%	-3,6%	-1,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	151	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	58	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	93	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	15 718	-	16 149	14 931	14 838	15 038	15 887	15 060	-4,2%	-	-	-7,5%	-0,6%	1,3%	5,6%	-5,2%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	16 187	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	34 630	-	26 662	24 571	22 474	24 297	23 868	25 085	-27,6%	-	-	-7,8%	-8,5%	8,1%	-1,8%	5,1%

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	8 388	8 485	7 774	7 846	-	-	-	-	-	1,2%	-8,4%	0,9%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	152	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	58	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	94	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	16 282	-	15 351	14 301	14 086	15 812	15 942	17 239	5,9%	-	-	-6,8%	-1,5%	12,3%	0,8%	8,1%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	18 348	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	8 597	-	9 610	9 903	10 925	9 934	10 061	8 053	-6,3%	-	-	3,0%	10,3%	-9,1%	1,3%	-20,0%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	3 953	3 735	3 915	4 086	-	-	-	-	-	-5,5%	4,8%	4,4%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	0	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	2	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	4 774	-	5 586	6 220	6 972	6 199	6 144	3 967	-16,9%	-	-	11,3%	12,1%	-11,1%	-0,9%	-35,4%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 823	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	479	248	81	85	-	-	-	-	-	-48,2%	-67,3%	4,9%

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations						
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	108,5%	-	97,0%	98,2%	95,9%	103,5%	98,7%	108,7%	0,2%	-	-	1,2%	-2,4%	7,9%	-4,6%	10,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	97,5%	100,5%	95,5%	97,9%	-	-	-	-	-	3,1%	-5,0%	2,5%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	100,7%	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	100,0%	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	101,1%	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	103,6%	-	95,1%	95,8%	94,9%	105,1%	100,3%	114,5%	10,5%	-	-	0,8%	-0,9%	10,8%	-4,6%	14,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	113,4%	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	91	-	132	147	177	149	154	117	29,3%	-	-	11,8%	20,6%	-15,9%	3,1%	-23,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	172	161	184	190	-	-	-	-	-	-6,6%	14,4%	3,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	5	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	0	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	8	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	107	-	133	159	181	143	141	84	-21,5%	-	-	19,5%	13,8%	-20,8%	-1,7%	-40,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	76	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts																
Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)																
81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	Yes				
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No				
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No				
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No				
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No				
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	Yes				
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	Yes				

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)										
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No
--	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	-4,6%	-0,5%	-0,6%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	3 579 030	4 588 828	4 306 647	4 785 010	4 202 804	4 785 010	4 774 886	4 216 113	17,8%	28,2%	-6,1%	11,1%	-12,2%	13,9%	-0,2%	-11,7%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	4 796 175	4 660 132	4 197 520	4 377 135	4 129 570	3 924 219	-	-	-	-2,8%	-9,9%	4,3%	-5,7%	-5,0%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No	No

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	324	338	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,3%	
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,5%	

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Not connected at all	NA
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Not connected at all	NA
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Not connected at all	NA
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges							50-99%	50-99%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							50-99%	50-99%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							Yes	Yes
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	NA
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	NA

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA									

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							No	No											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial																			
064-2 - Criminal																			
064-2 - Administrative																			
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	0											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	0											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	0											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							No	0											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	0											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							No	0											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							No	0											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	0											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							No	0											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							No	No											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	No											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							No	No											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

- Civil - Equipment rate
- Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
- Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
- Civil - SMS
- Civil - E-mail
- Civil - Specific computer application
- Civil - Other

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	No									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							publication of decision online	both									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							50-99%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	1-9%
064-10 - Criminal							1-9%	1-9%
064-10 - Administrative							1-9%	1-9%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	50-99%
064-11 - Criminal							50-99%	50-99%
064-11 - Administrative							50-99%	50-99%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate								1-9%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							No	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	Yes
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	No

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							NA	NA
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	0
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							No	0
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	0

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	0									

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								NA	NA										
064-7 - Email								No	0										
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	0										
064-7 - Other								No	0										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	0										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								NA	NA										
064-7 - Email								No	0										
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	0										
064-7 - Other								No	0										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	0										
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																		
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							No	No										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Workload							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	0										
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																		
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							No	No										

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	Compulsory
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	No training proposed	No training proposed	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)									
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No	No

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	No									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	No									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	No									
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																	
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																	
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	-4,6%	-0,5%	-0,6%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 239	2 191	2 220	2 225	2 255	2 235	2 223	2 215	-1,1%	-2,1%	1,3%	0,2%	1,3%	-0,9%	-0,5%	-0,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 188	1 614	1 753	1 760	1 789	1 745	1 750	1 898	59,8%	35,9%	8,6%	0,4%	1,6%	-2,5%	0,3%	8,5%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	859	396	277	277	276	299	289	134	-84,4%	-53,9%	-30,1%	0,0%	-0,4%	8,3%	-3,3%	-53,6%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	192	181	190	188	190	191	184	183	-4,7%	-5,7%	5,0%	-1,1%	1,1%	0,5%	-3,7%	-0,5%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	749	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	655	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 466	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 243	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	84	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 014	5 958	6 014	6 143	6 174	6 212	6 262	6 323	5,1%	-0,9%	0,9%	2,1%	0,5%	0,6%	0,8%	1,0%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 479	4 445	4 468	4 395	4 478	4 492	4 656	4 689	4,7%	-0,8%	0,5%	-1,6%	1,9%	0,3%	3,7%	0,7%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 480	1 458	1 491	1 191	1 162	1 118	1 006	979	-33,9%	-1,5%	2,3%	-20,1%	-2,4%	-3,8%	-10,0%	-2,7%

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	502	481	568	585	617	-	-	-	-	-4,2%	18,1%	3,0%	5,5%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	55	55	55	55	53	34	35	38	-30,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,6%	-35,8%	2,9%	8,6%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	-4,6%	-0,5%	-0,6%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	12 010	12 010	12 696	13 013	13 500	13 720	13 640	13 880	15,6%	0,0%	5,7%	2,5%	3,7%	1,6%	-0,6%	1,8%

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 014	5 958	6 014	6 143	6 174	6 212	6 262	6 323	5,1%	-0,9%	0,9%	2,1%	0,5%	0,6%	0,8%	1,0%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 479	4 445	4 468	4 395	4 478	4 492	4 656	4 689	4,7%	-0,8%	0,5%	-1,6%	1,9%	0,3%	3,7%	0,7%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 480	1 458	1 491	1 191	1 162	1 118	1 006	979	-33,9%	-1,5%	2,3%	-20,1%	-2,4%	-3,8%	-10,0%	-2,7%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	502	481	568	585	617	-	-	-	-	-4,2%	18,1%	3,0%	5,5%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	55	55	55	55	53	34	35	38	-30,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,6%	-35,8%	2,9%	8,6%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							No	No
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Bulgaria (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Prosecutors							No	No										
Non-judge staff							No	No										
Lawyers							No	No										
Notaries							No	No										
Enforcement agents							No	No										
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																		
National programme for gender equality							No	No										
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																		
In courts (judges)							No	No										
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No										
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No										

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Croatia

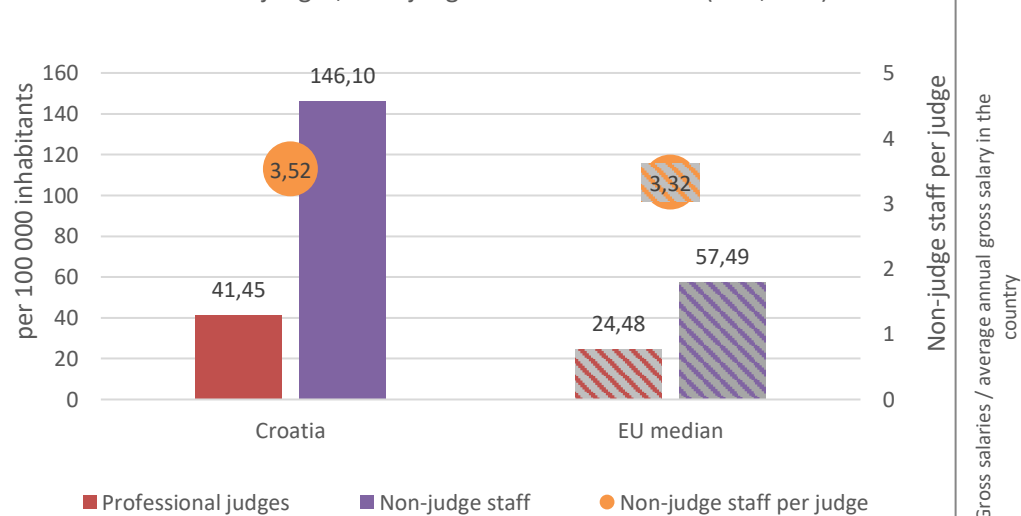
General data

Population: 4 058 165 **GDP:** 13 270 € **Average annual salary:** 14 189 €

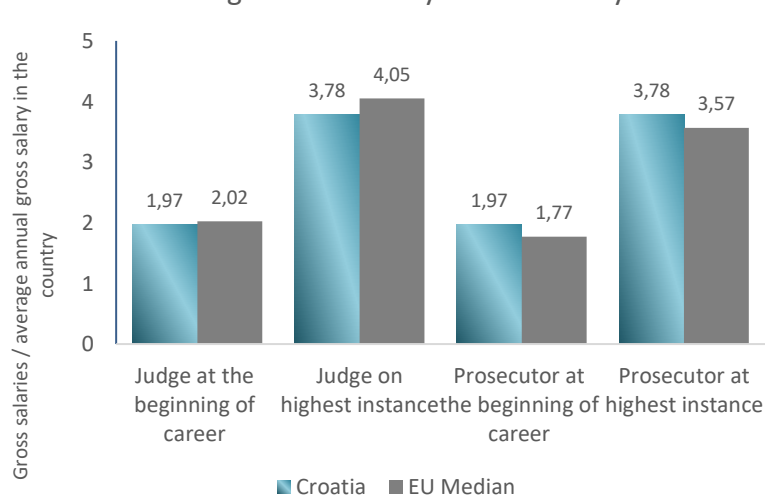
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
41,45	146,10	117,10	15,57
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

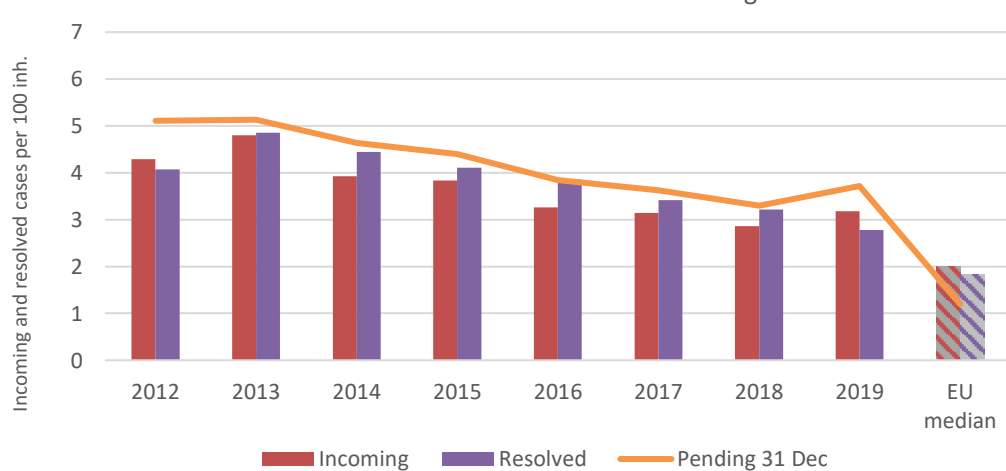


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

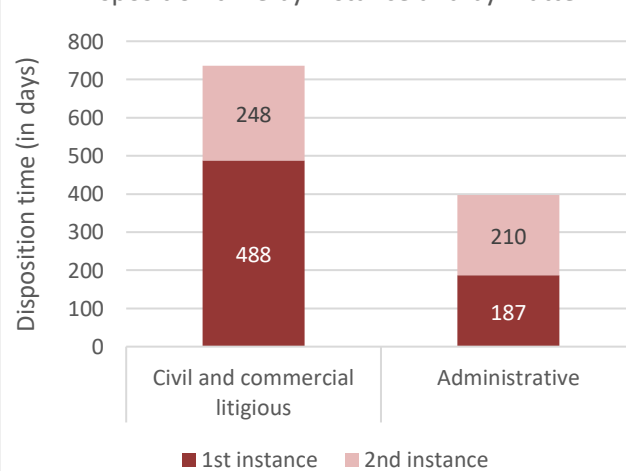


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

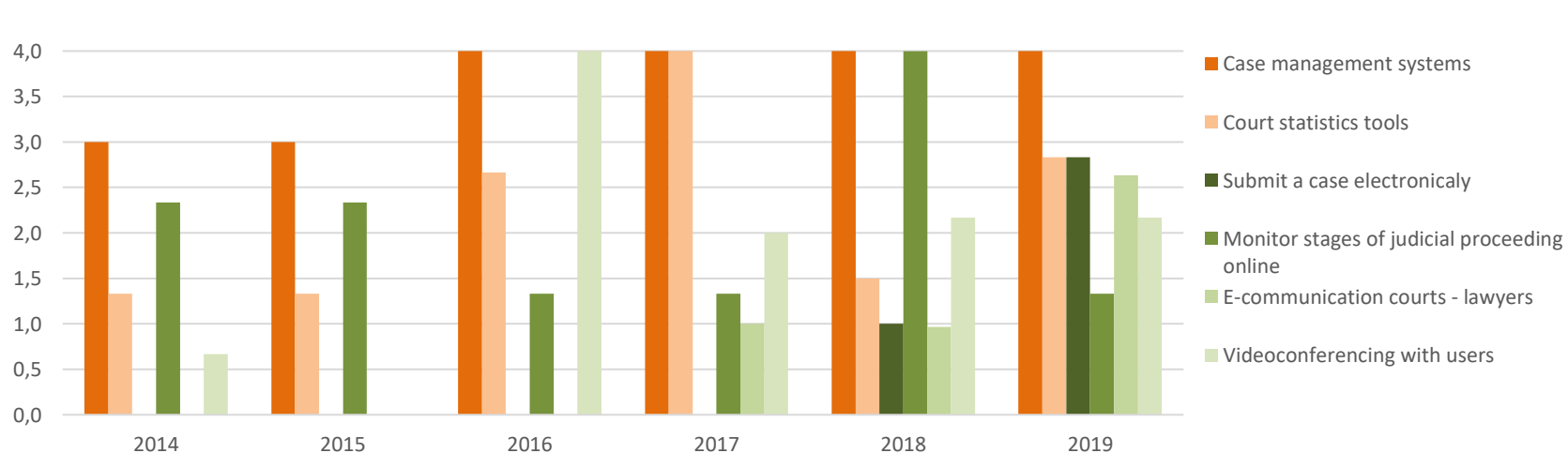


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:
Croatia

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
										2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018
Population	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	-4,8%	-1,7%	-1,9%	-0,7%	-0,4%
GDP per capita	10 290 €	10 147 €	10 162 €	10 425 €	10 965 €	11 880 €	12 593 €	13 270 €	29,0%	7,9%	14,8%	6,0%	5,4%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	7,54659	7,62726	7,65771	7,63500	7,55779	7,51364	7,40941	7,44694	-1,3%	-1,3%	-2,0%	-1,4%	0,5%
Average annual salary	12 571 €		12 508 €		12 355 €		13 671 €	14 189 €	12,9%	-1,2%	10,7%		3,8%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	45,3	45,0	44,4	44,5	43,3	43,2	40,7	41,4	-8,6%	-2,5%	-5,9%	-5,8%	1,8%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	146,3	146,5	143,4	141,5	140,3	143,7	143,0	146,1	-0,1%	-2,2%	1,9%	-0,5%	2,2%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	103,0	103,8	106,2	108,8	112,9	114,9	116,7	117,1	13,6%	6,3%	3,3%	1,5%	0,4%
Mediators	9,5	9,6	10,7	11,3	13,2	14,3	15,0	15,6	63,5%	23,3%	13,6%	4,8%	3,7%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	4,286	4,800	3,923	3,831	3,264	3,145	2,856	3,178	-25,8%	-16,8%	-12,5%	-9,2%	11,3%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	9,940	6,342	4,671	3,758	4,418	4,021	2,965	4,870	-51,0%	-5,4%	-32,9%	-26,3%	64,2%
Non-litigious land registry cases	11,2	11,1	10,4	10,7	11,8	12,1	12,2	12,8	14,4%	13,8%	3,1%	0,3%	5,2%
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	3,0	2,9	2,9	3,4	3,3	3,3	3,5	NA	15,4%	-1,0%	0,5%	3,7%
Administrative law cases	0,282	0,3	0,3	0,342	0,345	0,288	0,329	0,321	14,0%	4,6%	-4,5%	14,5%	-2,5%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	95%	101%	113%	107%	118%	109%	112%	87%	-7,58	4,72	-5,65	3,77	-25,01
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	108%	106%	107%	103%	101%	103%	119%	76%	-32,62	-5,73	18,12	15,91	-43,40
CR non-litigious land registry cases	101%	103%	99%	100%	98%	99%	100%	98%	-2,27	-1,34	2,25	0,71	-1,76
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NA	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	NA	0,06	0,01	0,32	-0,21
CR administrative law cases	41%	64%	86%	93%	109%	126%	116%	109%	67,68	23,45	6,65	-10,52	-7,16

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	457	386	380	391	364	387	374	488	6,7%	-4,2%	2,8%	-3,3%	30,4%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	101	149	178	218	189	195	167	281	179,1%	6,1%	-11,6%	-14,4%	67,9%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	42	32	33	27	32	33	34	40	-4,3%	-3,0%	6,8%	3,5%	17,2%
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NA	9	9	8	6	6	6	6	NA	-35,9%	-0,3%	-10,9%	-1,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)	523	493	426	413	319	258	197	187	-64,2%	-25,2%	-38,1%	-23,5%	-5,1%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	5,10	5,13	4,63	4,40	3,84	3,63	3,29	3,72	-27,2%	-17,0%	-14,3%	-9,1%	12,8%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,96	2,74	2,43	2,32	2,31	2,22	1,62	2,83	-4,4%	-5,1%	-30,0%	-27,1%	75,2%
Non-litigious land registry cases	1,29	1,01	0,93	0,78	1,01	1,09	1,14	1,38	7,1%	8,8%	12,6%	4,6%	21,1%
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	0,07	0,07	0,06	0,05	0,06	0,05	0,05	NA	-26,0%	-1,3%	-10,2%	2,1%
Administrative law cases	0,17	0,28	0,33	0,36	0,33	0,26	0,21	0,18	8,0%	-0,3%	-37,3%	-19,7%	-13,2%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	89%	94%	96%	104%	116%	122%	122%	119%	29,71	20,61	5,18	-0,54	-2,52
CR administrative law cases	450%	500%	454%	124%	86%	90%	86%	91%	-359,01	-368,00	-0,44	-4,37	5,33

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	370	402	448	401	328	310	280	248	-32,9%	-26,8%	-14,6%	-9,6%	-11,3%

DT administrative law cases (days)	379	228	68	62	119	153	195	210	-44,6%	75,2%	63,7%	27,3%	7,9%
------------------------------------	-----	-----	----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	--------	-------	-------	-------	------

Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

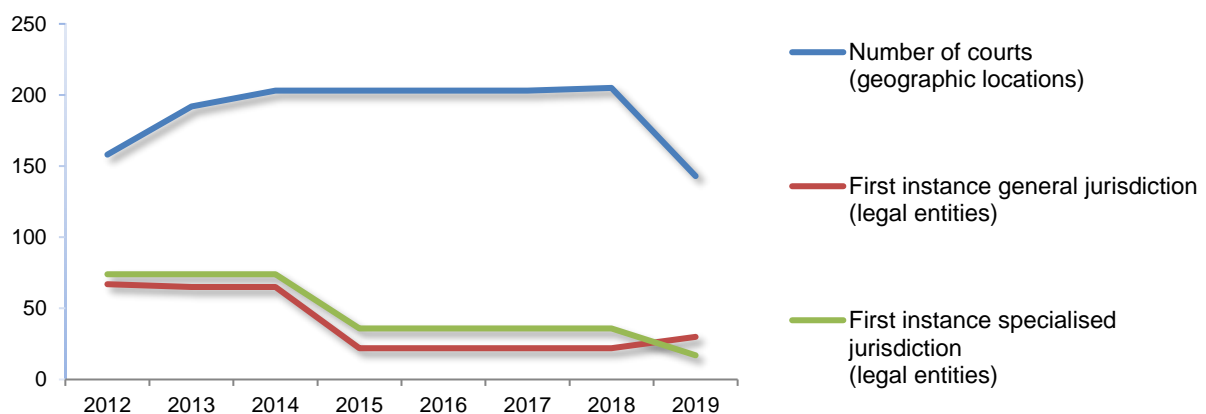
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Croatia

According to 2019 data, the Republic of Croatia has 30 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (District courts) and 17 first instance specialised courts. The Supreme Court is the last instance.

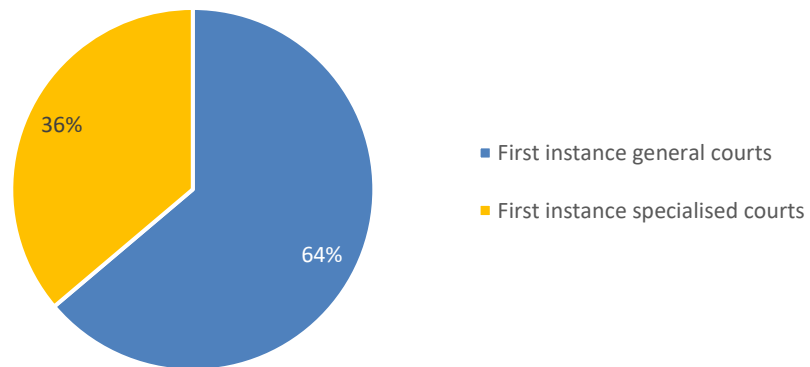
On the 1st of January 2019 new Courts Areas and Seats Act came into force. This reform removed specialized misdemeanour courts from Croatian judicial system. They were merged into municipal courts of general jurisdiction, and 8 municipal courts were reopened. Only two municipal courts specialized only for misdemeanour cases were left in two largest cities.

For this reasons, in 2019 the number of courts of general jurisdiction is higher (22 courts + 8 courts reopened), while the number of specialized courts is lower.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)	First instance general jurisdiction (legal entities)	First instance specialised jurisdiction (legal entities)
2012	158	67	74
2013	192	65	74
2014	203	65	74
2015	203	22	36
2016	203	22	36
2017	203	22	36
2018	205	22	36
2019	143	30	17



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



According to 2019 data, in Croatia there are 17 specialized courts: 9 commercial courts, 1 labour court, 4 administrative court and 3 other specialised 1st instance courts. Notably, other specialised 1st instance courts are two municipal courts, specialized only for misdemeanour cases, and one specialized only for criminal cases. In 2019, misdemeanour courts were merged to municipal courts.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Croatia

- Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
358 773 534 €

Implemented:
355 754 063 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

- Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	1 932	45,33	31,2%	68,8%
2013	1 912	45,02	30,9%	69,1%
2014	1 875	44,38	31,1%	68,9%
2015	1 864	44,48	30,5%	69,5%
2016	1 797	43,26	29,7%	70,3%
2017	1 775	43,23	29,3%	70,7%
2018	1 660	40,72	28,9%	71,1%
2019	1 682	41,45	29,1%	70,9%

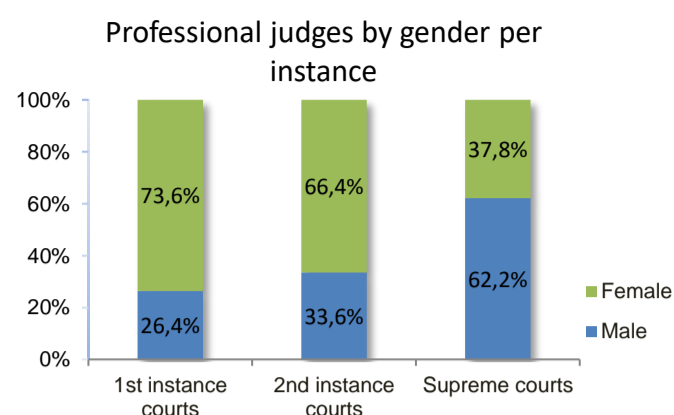


According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Croatia is 1 682 which is 1,3% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Croatia, in 2019 there are 41,4 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,5 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 3,5 non-judge staff per judge).

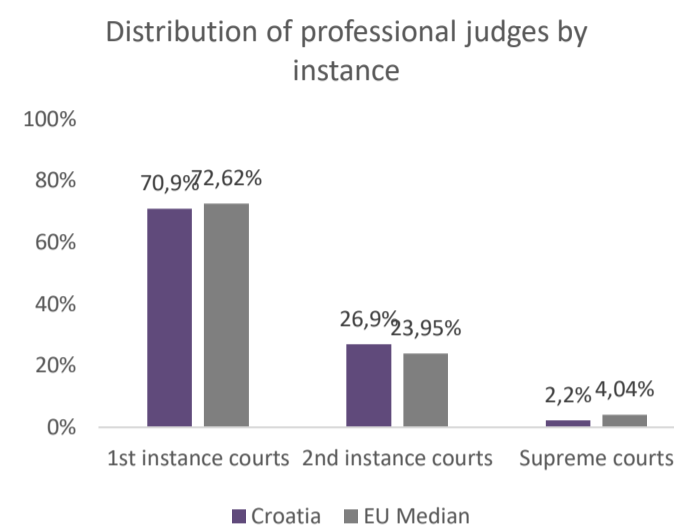
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	1 192	315	877
2nd instance courts	453	152	301
Supreme courts	37	23	14
Total	1 682	490	1 192



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	70,9%	26,4%	73,6%
2nd instance courts	26,9%	33,6%	66,4%
Supreme courts	2,2%	62,2%	37,8%



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 1 192 which represents 70,9% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 192 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 877 are female); 453 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 301 are female) and 37 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 14 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that in the total number of judges, only data on actually working judges is presented (the total does not include judges on unpaid leave; judges on maternity leave; judges suspended after disciplinary procedure; judges transferred to other State body- for example to Ministry of Justice or Judicial Academy). Moreover, two judges working half-time (for the reason of care for a child with special needs) are counted as 1 judge.

As regards the distribution male/female, it should be noticed that the number of female professional judges is higher than the number of male professional judges in first and second instance. However, the higher the level of the court, the lower is the number of female professional judges. In the highest instance, only 38% of judges are female.

In Croatia, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory



Optional



Number of training courses organised are:

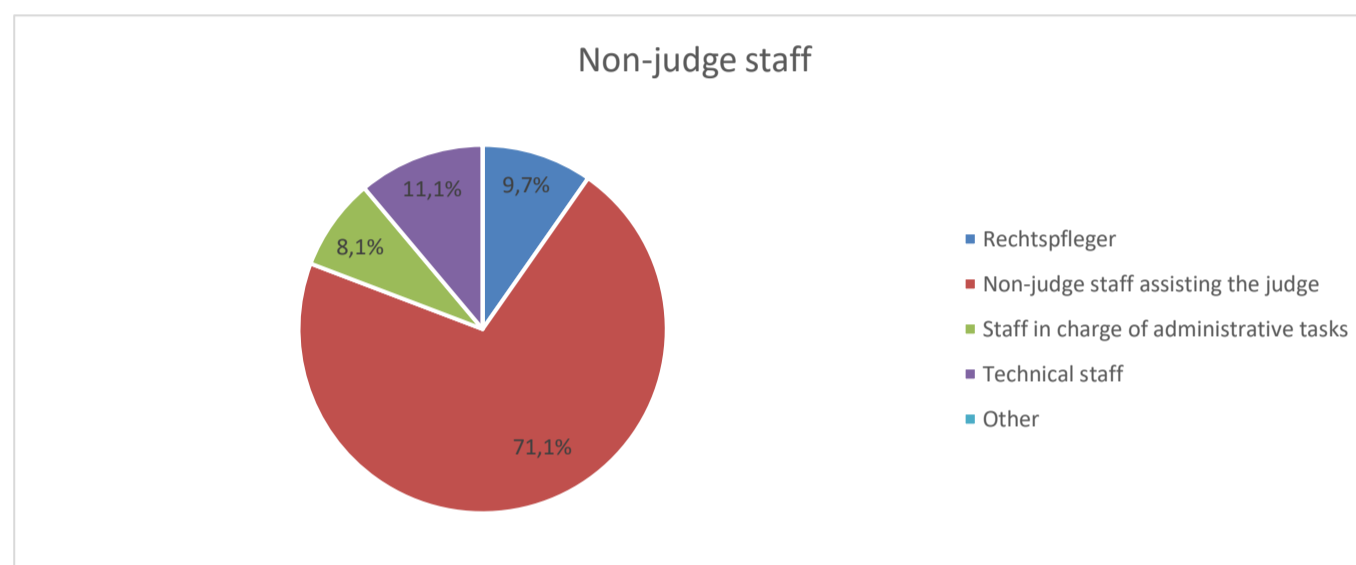
	courses in days organised, without e-learning	available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	383	4
1. Only for judges	231	1
2. Only for prosecutors	246	0
3. Only for other non-judge staff	29	0
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	7	0
5. Other common training	40	3

Total number of training courses in days organised (without e-learning) includes the training courses for judges only, for prosecutors only and for mixed groups of judges, prosecutors and judicial advisors. That is why the numbers listed below do not make up 383 days, but less. Other common training includes training for trainees.

Total online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning) includes 3 online training courses were held for mixed groups of judges and prosecutors. Trainings for mixed groups are included under each concerned category of participants (for example, if it was a joint training for judges and prosecutors, we count it as one training for judges and one training for prosecutors).

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	6 234	311	4 648	544	731	NAP
2013	6 222	285	4 643	562	732	NAP
2014	6 061	381	4 384	579	717	NAP
2015	5 929	474	4 231	534	689	NAP
2016	5 827	523	4 124	498	682	NAP
2017	5 900	542	4 187	499	672	NAP
2018	5 828	541	4 135	490	662	NAP
2019	5 929	576	4 214	480	659	NAP



In Croatia, in this cycle there are 5 929 non-judge staff (among which 5 115 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 1,7%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 576 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose
- 4 214 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 3 855 are women);
- 480 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 377 are women);
- 659 technical staff (among which 402 are women);
- [Delete this line]

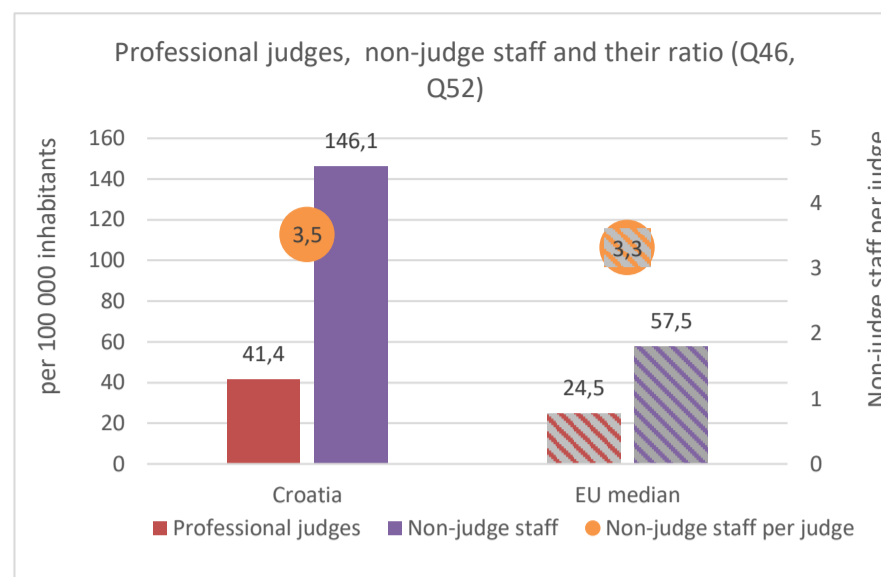
In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 143 in 2018 to 146 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 40,7 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 41,4 in 2019.

The total number of non-judicial staff is a result of a deduction and subsumes only actually working staff. Thus, the total does not include staff on unpaid leave; staff on maternity leave; staff suspended after disciplinary procedures; staff transferred to other State bodies (for example the Ministry of Justice or Judicial Academy). Besides, two non-judicial officials working half-time (for the reason of care for a child with special needs) are counted as 1 non-judicial official. The reason for fluctuation and differences in the number of Rechtspflegers in Republic of Croatia is that they work for 2 years, then prolonged 5 years and then they get a permanent post or not.

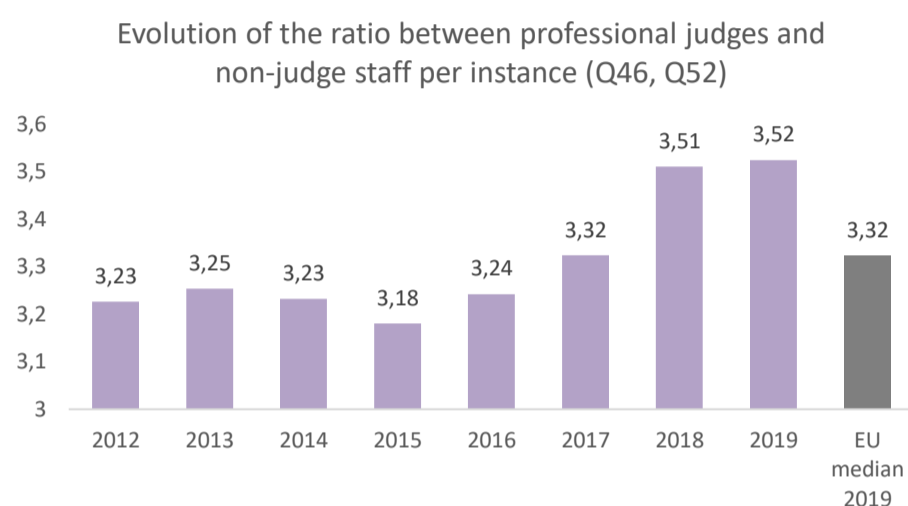
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Croatia	EU median
Professional judges	41,4	24,5
Non-judge staff	146,1	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,52	3,3



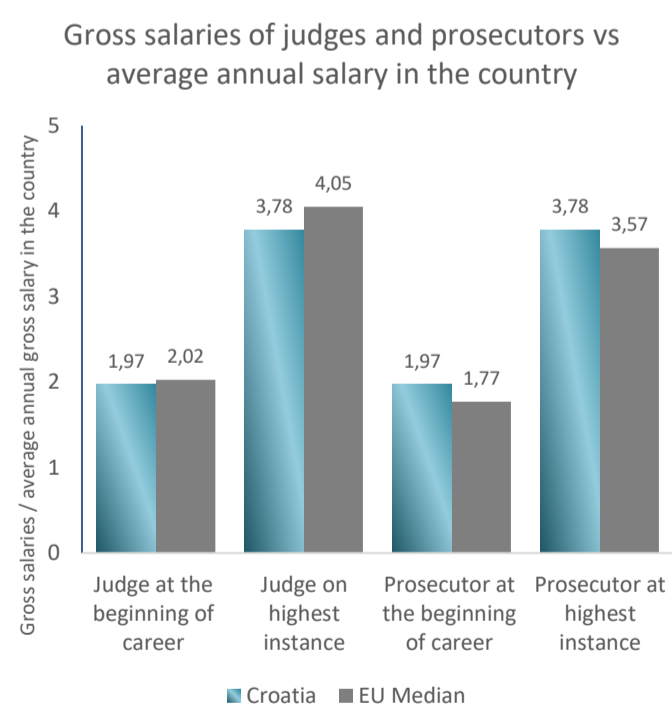
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	3,23
2013	3,25
2014	3,23
2015	3,18
2016	3,24
2017	3,32
2018	3,51
2019	3,52



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

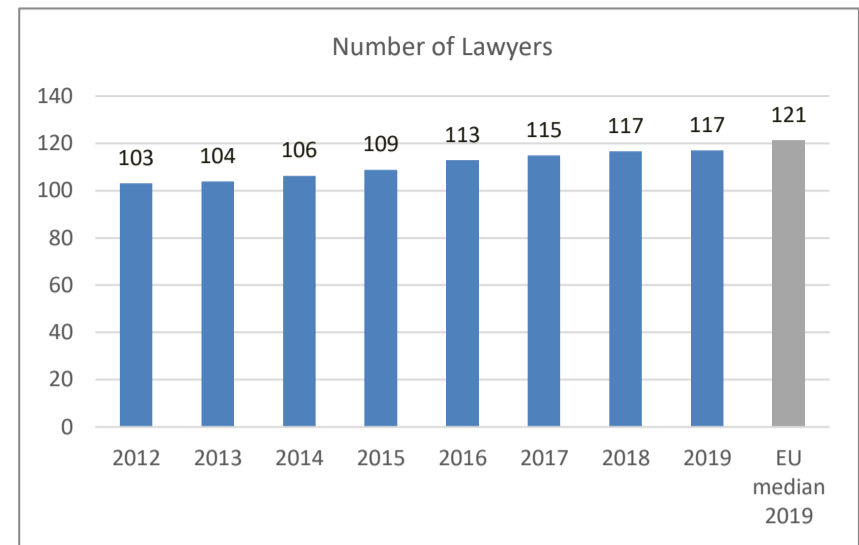
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	27 962 €	17 976 €	1,97
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	53 636 €	32 583 €	3,78
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	27 962 €	17 976 €	1,97
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	53 636 €	32 583 €	3,78



Increasing of the salaries is prescribed by the Law on Salaries of Judges and Other Judicial Officials (Official Gazette 16/19).

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	4 392	103,05
2013	4 408	103,80
2014	4 487	106,19
2015	4 560	108,81
2016	4 690	112,90
2017	4 719	114,94
2018	4 756	116,68
2019	4 752	117,10

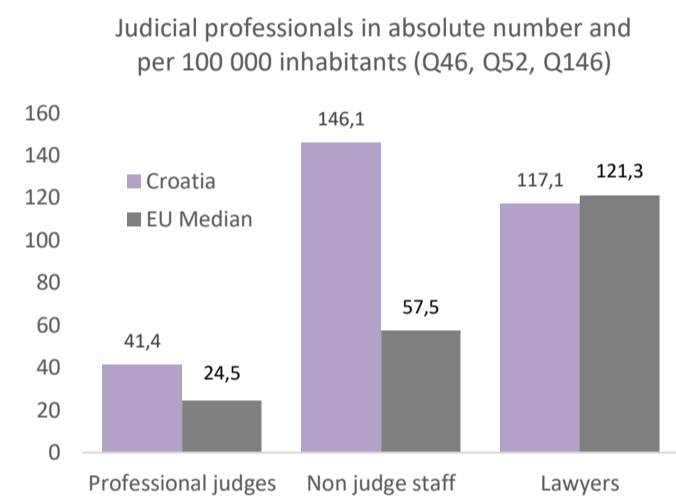


In 2019, there are 4 752 lawyers, which is -0,1% less than in 2018.

Croatia has 117,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019, which is slightly below the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 682	41,45	24,48
Non judge staff	5 929	146,10	57,49
Lawyers	4 752	117,10	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 13 279 279 € (3,3 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 13 264 181 € (3,3 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	12 750 955 €	12 750 955 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	528 324 €	513 226 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	270 202 €	255 448 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	258 122 €	257 778 €

Approved budget for other than criminal cases brought to courts decreased. Each year, the budget for secondary legal aid, i.e. for legal aid which includes representation of the parties before the court, is planned in accordance with last year's budget implementation related to this item. Therefore, in 2019, the budget for this item had been planned in a smaller amount than it was in 2018. Namely, payments for provided secondary legal aid depend on the number of submitted and approved requests for secondary legal aid and are paid after the completion of the procedure in which secondary legal aid was provided. Budget for other than criminal cases not brought to court increased. Funds for primary legal aid are allocated each year to authorized associations and law faculties on the basis of a tender, within the funds provided for that purpose in the state budget. This is project financing and funds are allocated on the basis of an approved project. Upon completion of the approved project, primary legal aid providers submit annual (descriptive and financial) reports on project implementation. Taking into account the comments of stakeholders in the primary legal aid system, the Ministry of Justice seeks to increase allocations for primary legal aid, depending on the constraints and possibilities of the state budget.

The number of other than criminal cases not brought to court increased. Having regard to the comments of the stakeholders of the legal aid system (NGO's registered in the Register of primary legal aid providers Faculties of Law, attorneys), the Ministry of Justice strives to increase the allocations for legal aid, depending on the limits and possibilities of the public budget.

In Croatia, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	√	√
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	√	√
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	√	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	√	

According to the amendments of the Free Legal Aid Act (Official Gazette 98/19), the exemption from payment of court fees could be granted in all judicial proceedings including enforcement procedures. Legal aid may be granted for exemption of payment of fees related to the enforcement of judicial decisions.

In civil cases, legal aid may be approved for the exemption from payment of litigation costs. The latter applies to the exemptions from depositing in advance the costs of witnesses, interpreters, expert witnesses, investigations and judicial advertisement. The exemption from payment of litigation costs depends on the material conditions and the type of procedure.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Victims are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

According to the Court Fees Act (Official Gazette, No. 118/18) 20 subjects are exempt from paying court fees, such as state government bodies, public authorities, employees in administrative and labour disputes, vulnerable groups of society, etc.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 76€

If an action is initiated through the electronic communication with court, the amount of court fee is decreased by 50%.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

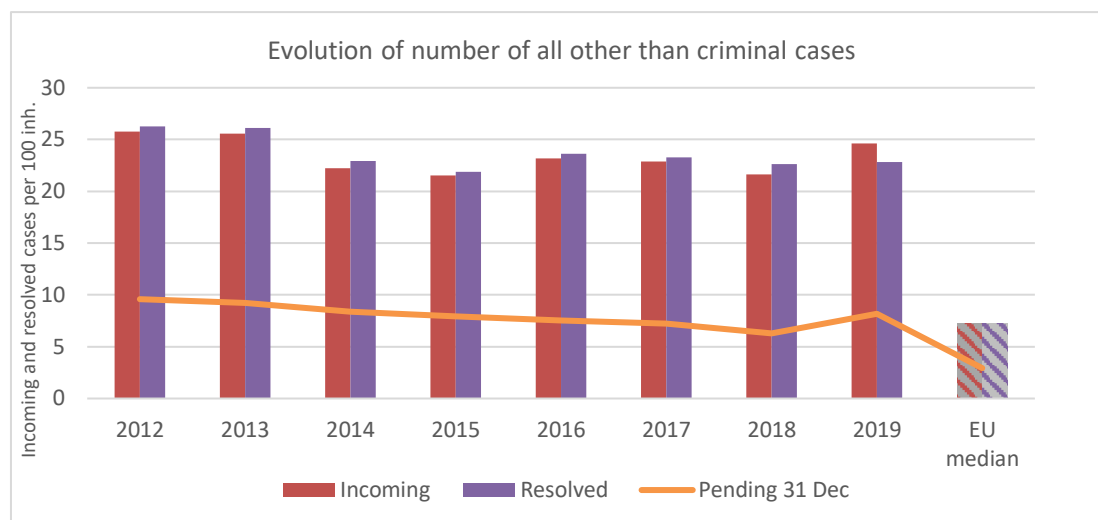
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance cases

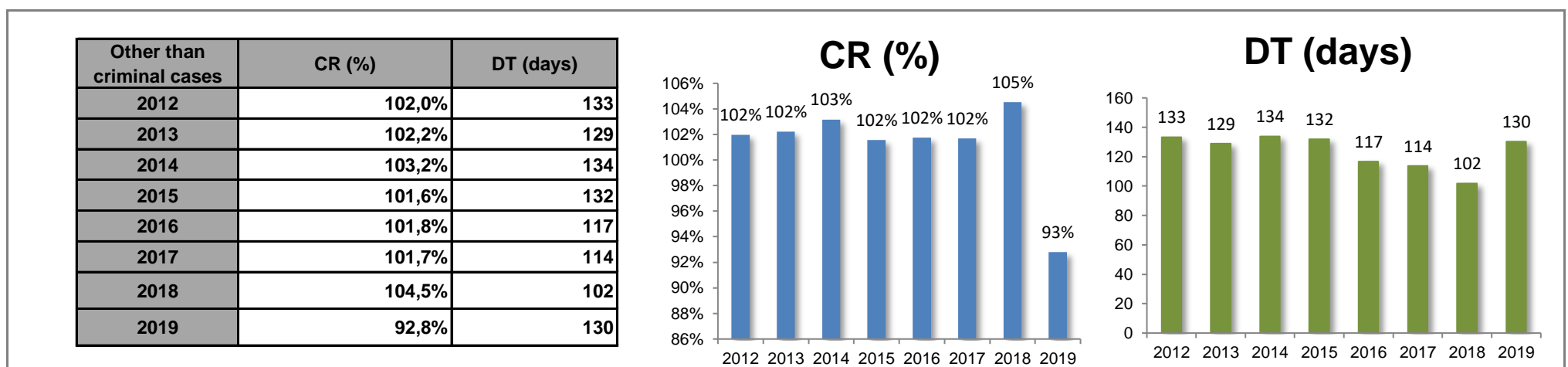
- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Croatia (24,63 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants)

The number of resolved cases in 2019 in Croatia (22,85 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (7,27 per 100 inhabitants)

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Croatia (8,16 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants)



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 92,8% in 2019 Croatia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

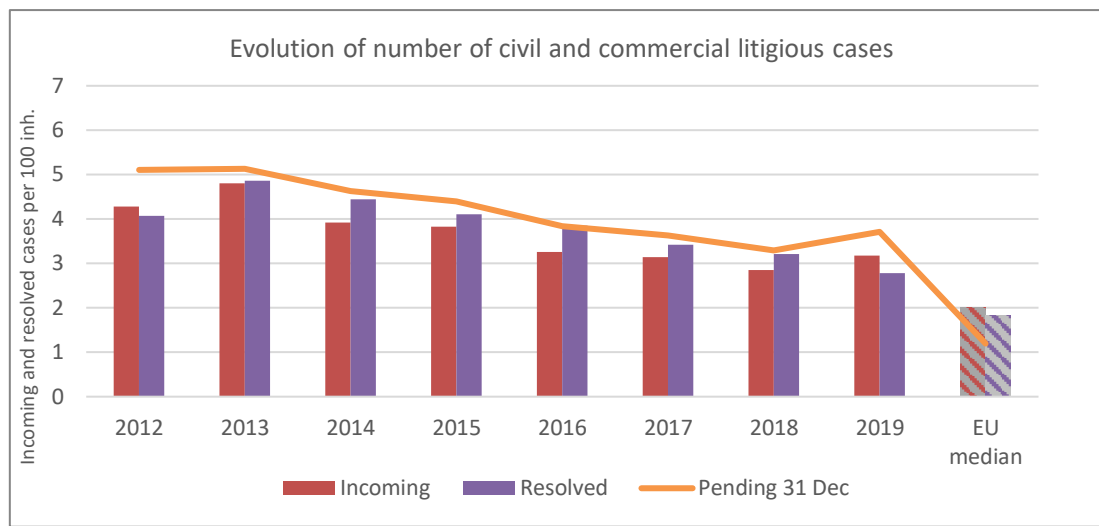
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -11,8 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 130 days, that is above EU median of 111 days

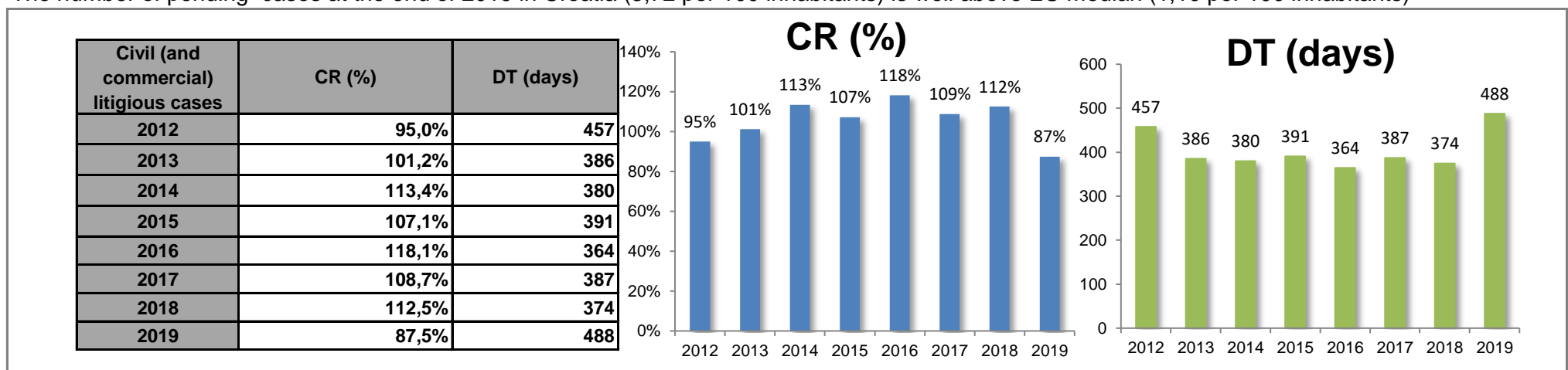
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 28,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

In 2019 new amendments to the Personal Bankruptcy Law came into force. That caused significant increase of other than criminal cases to the municipal courts. There was an increase in the number of land registry incoming cases too. The increased number of incoming land registry cases is caused by intensified economic activities and activities on the real property market. With the same number of employees working on these cases, pending cases increased at the end of the year. Additionally, a large number of citizens started civil lawsuits against banks regarding loans in Swiss currency. These factors combined led to the increase of pending cases at the end of the year as well. The decrease in the number of civil and commercial non litigious cases is due to enforcement cases: courts solved a significant amount of these cases during 2018, while the number of incoming cases decreased as well. For that reason, at the end of 2018 /beginning of 2019 there are fewer cases than at the end of 2017/ beginning of 2018.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Croatia (3,18 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants)
 The number of resolved cases in 2019 in Croatia (2,78 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants)
 The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Croatia (3,72 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants)



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 87,5% in 2019, Croatia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

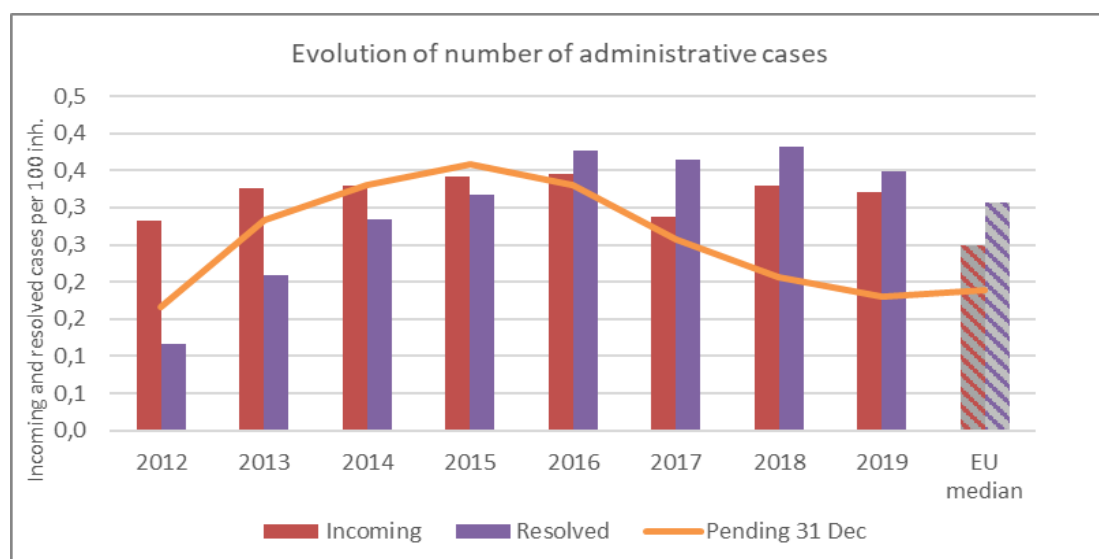
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -25,0 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 488 days, that is well above EU median of 213 days

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 30,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Croatia, there are 43 224 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 28,7% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

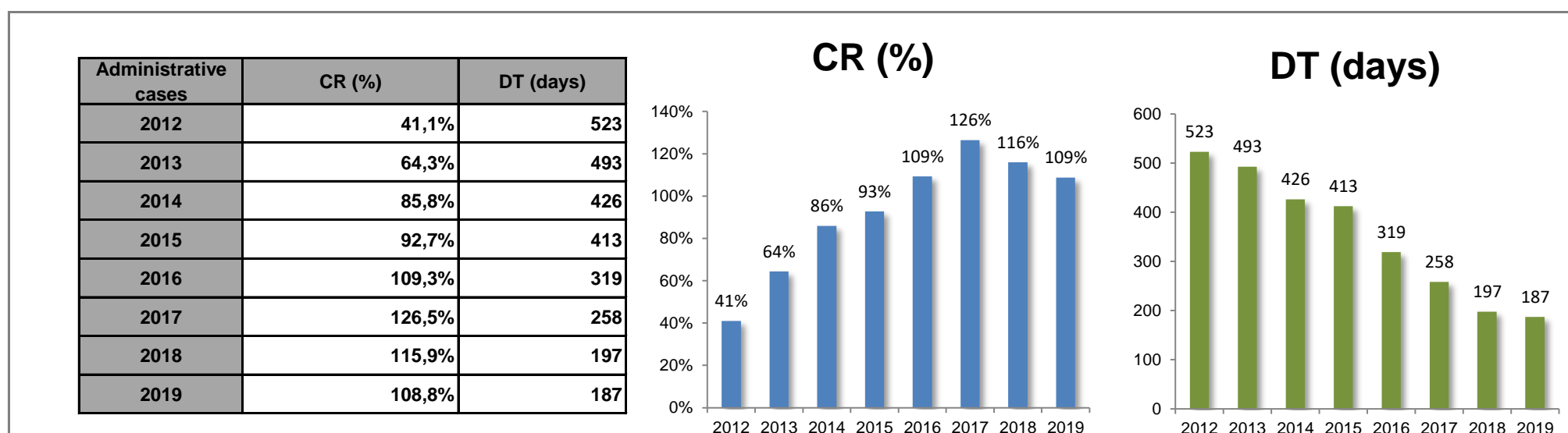
◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Croatia (0,32 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants)

The number of resolved cases in 2019 in Croatia (0,35 per 100 inhabitants) is above EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants)

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Croatia (0,18 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants)



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 108,8% in 2019, Croatia seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,2 points.

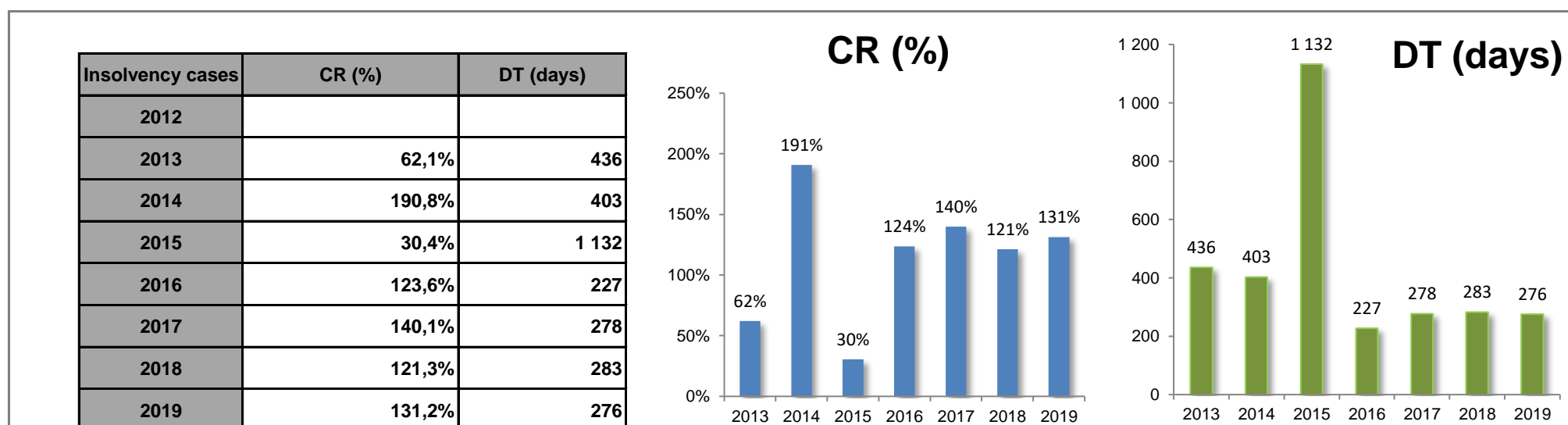
In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 187 days, that is somewhat below EU median of 284 days

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -5,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

As regards "administrative cases", administrative courts resolved more cases during 2018. That decreased the pending stock of the cases at the end of 2018/beginning of 2019.

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 131,2% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Croatia seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 9,9 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 276 days.

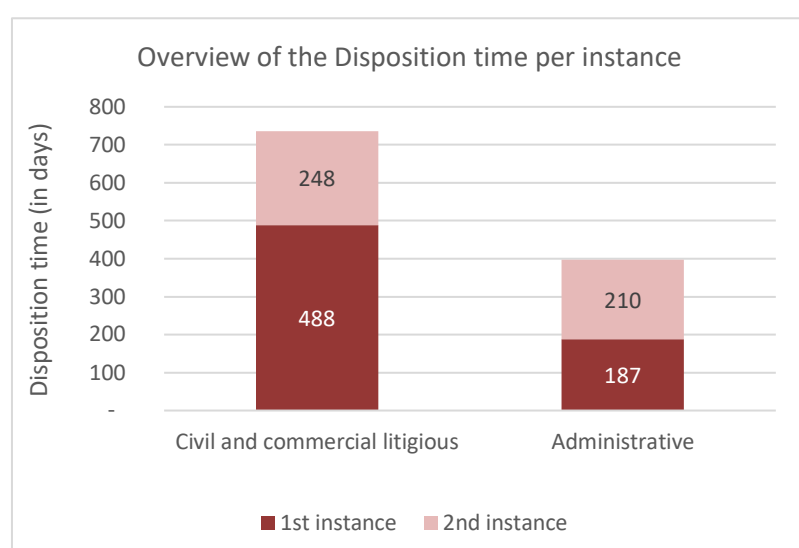
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -2,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Courts competent for "employment dismissal cases" solved more cases during 2018, which led to the decrease of pending cases at the end of 2018/beginning of 2019.

As regards insolvencies, in previous years, due to some legislative changes, Croatia faced a higher income of insolvency cases. The income of shortened bankruptcy procedures which was product of those changes has then stopped, so this income is rather "normal" for Croatia (more or less similar to the income in years before aforementioned changes).

Overview on all instances

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious	87%	119%	NA	488	248	NA
Administrative	109%	91%	NA	187	210	NA



In respect of civil and commercial litigious cases, from 2012 to 2018 the situation was stable, presenting a Clearance Rate higher than 100% and a slightly fluctuating Disposition Time. From 2019, a change in the law apparently has led to an increase in the number of incoming cases which, together with a decrease in the number of resolved cases, caused an increase of pending cases. The Clearance Rate results significantly lower than 100%, while the Disposition Time is significantly higher than the previous year. Second instance civil and commercial litigious cases appear faster than the first instance. In 2019, Disposition Time in first and second instance was higher than the EU median.

As regards administrative cases, since 2012 the Clearance Rate has always been higher than 100%, therefore the Disposition Time have decreased every year. However, in 2019, in the second instance the Clearance rate was lower than 100%, and the Disposition Time was higher than the first instance. Both in first and second instance, Disposition Time was lower than the EU median.

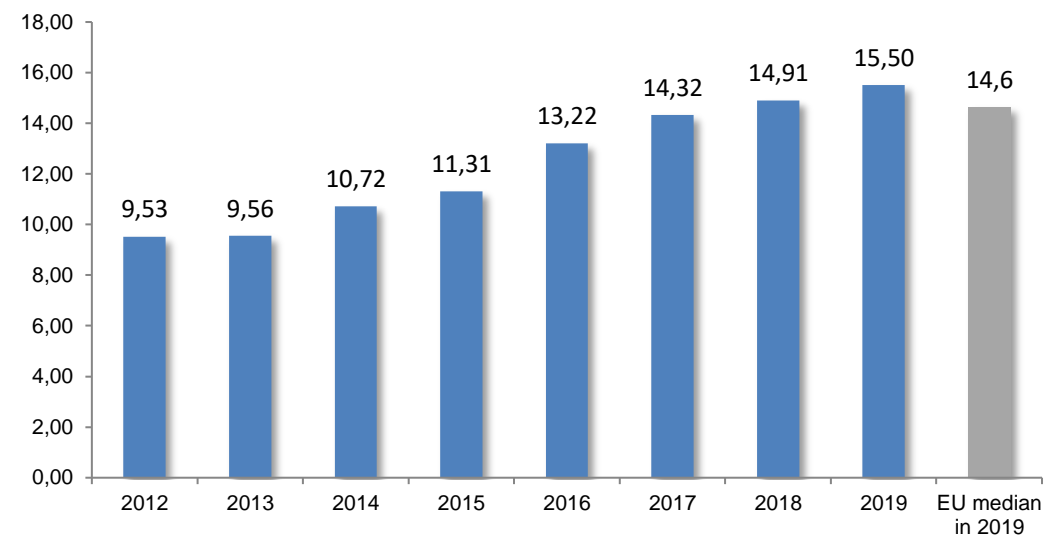
Due to legal changes, the High Administrative Court of RoC started to receive more cases from 2016. With the same amount of judges, they did not manage to cope well with this income of case, therefore pending cases increased.

● **Alternative dispute resolutions**

The judicial system in Croatia provides court related mediation.

The court related mediation system in Croatia provides mandatory court related mediation.
Before/instead of going to court

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	406	9,53
2013	406	9,56
2014	453	10,72
2015	474	11,31
2016	549	13,22
2017	588	14,32
2018	612	14,91
2019	632	15,50



In 2019, there are 632 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 15,5 accredited or registered mediators

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about 3,3%.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- clearance rate
- disposition time

In Croatia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

◦ The reporting is more frequent than annual

According to the Courts Act (Official Gazette, number 28/13, 33/15, 82/15, 82/16, 67/18, 126/19), the president of court supervises accurate performance of court activities in due time. The president of court has a duty to write a report on the performed supervision and its results, as well as on the measures taken, at least once a month. The report has to be inserted into a case file of judicial administration. The president of court is obliged to ensure court efficiency in the resolution of cases, especially when it comes to the resolution of cases the procedure of which lasts more than three years. The president of the court is obliged to take special care to respect the rights and protect children in proceedings before the courts in accordance with international standards. The president of court, except for the president of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Croatia, has a duty to submit a report on the performed tasks of judicial administration, measures and activities undertaken to improve work and efficiency of the court in the resolution of cases. The report is to be submitted directly to a court of higher instance, to the State Judiciary Council and the Ministry of Justice, once a year, at least before 31 January for the previous year.

The president of the Supreme Court submits the report on the state of judiciary to the Croatian Parliament, once a year, at the latest by the 30 April for the previous year. In this yearly report the president of the Supreme Court can report on the state and actions of the judiciary, organizational problems in courts and legislation shortcomings as well as give suggestions for the improvement of the work of courts.

The courts use special information systems for the management and operation of the courts' cases, which consist of standard applications, computer and telecommunications equipment and infrastructure, system software and tools and all the data that are entered, stored and transmitted in all of the registers of the system. Misdemeanour courts operate using JCMS (Joint Case Management System), while other courts of general jurisdiction and commercial courts use ICMS (Integrated Case Management System). Through these systems it is possible to regularly monitor and evaluate the activity, performance and output of courts for the Ministry of Justice and the courts themselves.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level. They are:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- clearance rate
- disposition time

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

The quality standards (policy of organisational quality or judges' quality) are defined by Framework Criteria for the Workload of Judges and the quality of judges' work is measured by a methodology of assessment of performance of judicial duties which is determined by the State Judiciary Council, with a previous opinion of the Council composed by presidents of all the Judiciary Councils in the Republic of Croatia and the Plenary session of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Croatia. According to the Courts Act (Official Gazette, number 28/13, 33/15, 82/15, 82/16, 67/18, 126/19), the president of the court evaluates the work of every single judge according to Framework Criteria for the Workload of Judges in the period of one year following the standards on the number of judgments delivered by a judge compared with the number of judgments that should have been delivered, according to the Framework Criteria for the Workload of Judges, result of work in different kinds of cases, respecting deadlines in delivery of judgments and drafting of judgments, quality of judgments on the grounds of expressed remedies in legal actions and other activities of judges. The Framework Criteria are adopted by the Minister of Justice on the proposal of the General Assembly of Supreme Court. According to the State Judiciary Council Act, the president of the court is obliged to initiate disciplinary proceedings against a judge if he/she establishes: that a judge, without a justified reason, did not pass a number of judgements determined by the Framework Criteria for the Workload of Judges in the period of one year, or that a judge did not perform judicial duties accurately. Judges, except for the judges of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Croatia, are evaluated in the process of appointment in another court and when they stand as candidates for the president of court. According to the State Attorney's Office Act (Official Gazette, number 67/18), performance of duties of State Attorneys and Deputy State Attorneys is evaluated according to the Framework for the workload of Deputy State Attorneys and the average work results of county and municipal State Attorney's Offices for the previous three-year period following the standards on the achieved results in resolving cases based on the number of assigned cases, quality of decisions on the grounds of expressed remedies in legal actions, orderly performance of state attorney duties such as respecting deadlines during the proceedings and other activities, experience in performing state attorney duties and compliance of conduct with the Code of Ethics of State Attorneys and Deputy State Attorneys. Framework criteria are adopted by the Minister of Justice with the prior opinion of the General State Attorney. The Criteria prescribe the number of decisions that need to be rendered every year by a deputy state attorney.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

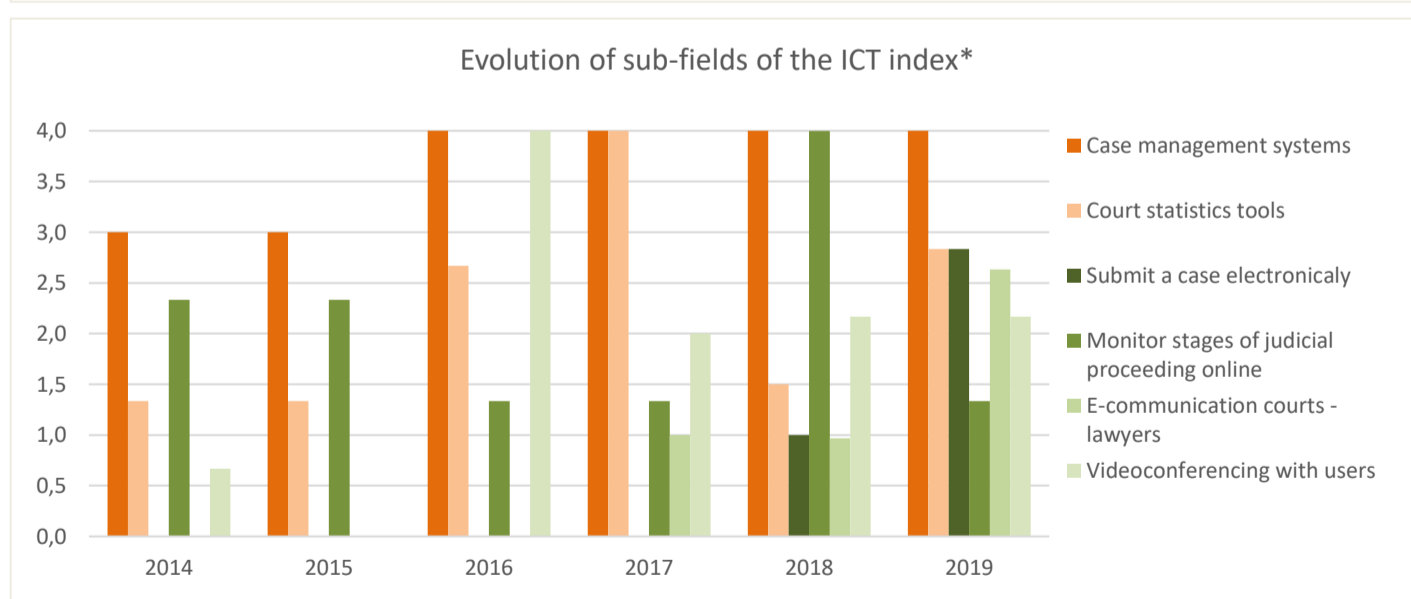
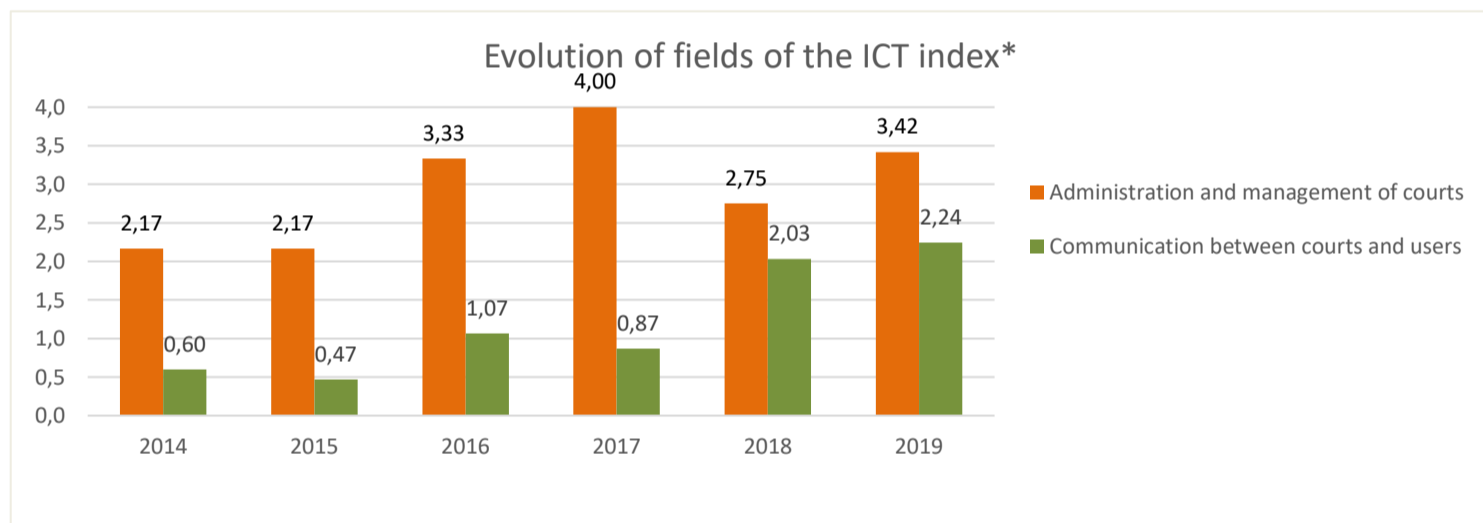
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	3,4
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	2,8
◦ Communication between court and users.	2,2
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	2,8
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	1,3
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	2,6
Videoconferencing with users	2,2

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Comments on CMS

As part of the IPA2012 project, BI platform were procured and implemented in the ICMS system, thus achieving full

Statistical data

In Croatia, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary which is the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Croatia

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	-4,8%	-0,4%	-0,5%	-0,8%	-0,9%	-1,2%	-0,7%	-0,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 290 €	10 147 €	10 162 €	10 425 €	10 965 €	11 880 €	12 593 €	13 270 €	29,0%	-1,4%	0,1%	2,6%	5,2%	8,3%	6,0%	5,4%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	7,55	7,63	7,66	7,64	7,56	7,51	7,41	7,45	-1,3%	1,1%	0,4%	-0,3%	-1,0%	-0,6%	-1,4%	0,5%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	340 465 130	310 908 394	312 548 932	314 874 728	323 169 516	323 772 574	340 708 593	358 773 534	5,4%	-8,7%	0,5%	0,7%	2,6%	0,2%	5,2%	5,3%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NAP	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NAP	No	No	No	No	No	No									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	-4,8%	-0,4%	-0,5%	-0,8%	-0,9%	-1,2%	-0,7%	-0,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 290 €	10 147 €	10 162 €	10 425 €	10 965 €	11 880 €	12 593 €	13 270 €	29,0%	-1,4%	0,1%	2,6%	5,2%	8,3%	6,0%	5,4%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	340 465 130	310 908 394	312 548 932	314 874 728	323 169 516	323 772 574	340 708 593	358 773 534	5,4%	0 €	0,5%	0,7%	2,6%	0,2%	5,2%	5,3%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	311 691 352	302 973 209	320 891 780	323 773 574	335 637 277	355 754 063	-	-	-	-2,8%	5,9%	0,9%	3,7%	6,0%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	-4,8%	-0,4%	-0,5%	-0,8%	-0,9%	-1,2%	-0,7%	-0,4%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	340 465 130	310 908 394	312 548 932	314 874 728	323 169 516	323 772 574	340 708 593	358 773 534	5,4%	-8,7%	0,5%	0,7%	2,6%	0,2%	5,2%	5,3%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	28 759 251	-	26 359 795	19 468 903	17 300 109	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-26,1%	-11,1%	-	-	-

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	76	79	76	76	-	-	-	-	-	3,9%	-3,8%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	------	-------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	-4,8%	-0,4%	-0,5%	-0,8%	-0,9%	-1,2%	-0,7%	-0,4%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	67	65	65	22	22	22	22	30	-55,2%	-3,0%	0,0%	-66,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	36,4%

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	74	74	74	36	36	36	36	17	-77,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-51,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-52,8%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	158	192	203	203	203	203	205	143	-9,5%	21,5%	5,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	1,0%	-30,2%

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	74	74	74	36	36	36	36	17	-77,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-51,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-52,8%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	9	28,6%	0,0%	0,0%	14,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	12,5%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	62	62	62	23	23	23	23	3	-95,2%	0,0%	0,0%	-62,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-87,0%

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	-4,8%	-0,4%	-0,5%	-0,8%	-0,9%	-1,2%	-0,7%	-0,4%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	430 500	415 939	391 722	354 707	331 743	313 783	297 507	257 110	-40,3%	-3,4%	-5,8%	-9,4%	-6,5%	-5,4%	-5,2%	-13,6%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	208 520	220 356	217 927	195 718	184 289	159 981	148 828	133 976	-35,7%	5,7%	-1,1%	-10,2%	-5,8%	-13,2%	-7,0%	-10,0%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	161 792	145 013	132 430	140 109	138 113	114 713	-	-	-	-10,4%	-8,7%	5,8%	-1,4%	-16,9%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	160 545	131 065	115 879	102 786	97 339	95 943	91 062	66 192	-58,8%	-18,4%	-11,6%	-11,3%	-5,3%	-1,4%	-5,1%	-27,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	45 913	42 227	35 091	44 166	47 051	48 521	-	-	-	-8,0%	-16,9%	25,9%	6,5%	3,1%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	57 484	54 928	42 811	39 262	32 551	42 009	44 709	46 432	-19,2%	-4,4%	-22,1%	-8,3%	-17,1%	29,1%	6,4%	3,9%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 515	3 102	2 965	2 540	2 157	2 342	2 089	-	-	23,3%	-4,4%	-14,3%	-15,1%	8,6%	-10,8%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	7 075	12 003	13 976	15 024	13 693	10 566	8 421	-	-	69,7%	16,4%	7,5%	-8,9%	-22,8%	-20,3%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 951	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 097 909	1 086 228	938 711	903 398	963 825	940 095	882 675	999 495	-9,0%	-1,1%	-13,6%	-3,8%	6,7%	-2,5%	-6,1%	13,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	182 693	203 831	165 741	160 537	135 583	129 130	116 412	128 985	-29,4%	11,6%	-18,7%	-3,1%	-15,5%	-4,8%	-9,8%	10,8%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	759 028	728 522	813 903	799 149	752 833	857 476	-	-	-	-4,0%	11,7%	-1,8%	-5,8%	13,9%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	423 669	269 321	197 352	157 484	183 550	165 077	120 873	197 628	-53,4%	-36,4%	-26,7%	-20,2%	16,6%	-10,1%	-26,8%	63,5%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	561 676	571 038	630 353	634 072	631 960	659 848	-	-	-	1,7%	10,4%	0,6%	-0,3%	4,4%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	476 543	472 363	438 089	449 321	490 091	497 577	495 739	519 274	9,0%	-0,9%	-7,3%	2,6%	9,1%	1,5%	-0,4%	4,7%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	126 900	123 587	121 717	140 262	136 495	136 221	140 574	-	-	-2,6%	-1,5%	15,2%	-2,7%	-0,2%	3,2%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	12 011	13 813	13 942	14 339	14 339	11 816	13 430	13 034	8,5%	15,0%	0,9%	2,8%	0,0%	-17,6%	13,7%	-2,9%	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 993	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 119 696	1 110 269	968 422	917 569	980 816	956 115	922 780	927 384	-17,2%	-0,8%	-12,8%	-5,3%	6,9%	-2,5%	-3,5%	0,5%	
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	173 631	206 291	187 950	171 980	160 153	140 364	130 931	112 813	-35,0%	18,8%	-8,9%	-8,5%	-6,9%	-12,4%	-6,7%	-13,8%	
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	768 503	732 299	804 991	800 808	776 278	800 375	-	-	-	-4,7%	9,9%	-0,5%	-3,1%	3,1%	
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	458 860	284 153	210 569	162 888	185 317	170 317	143 939	149 571	-67,4%	-38,1%	-25,9%	-22,6%	13,8%	-8,1%	-15,5%	3,9%	
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	557 934	569 411	619 674	630 491	632 339	650 804	-	-	-	2,1%	8,8%	1,7%	0,3%	2,9%	
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	479 099	484 480	434 210	447 160	479 167	494 181	495 865	510 264	6,5%	1,1%	-10,4%	3,0%	7,2%	3,1%	0,3%	2,9%	
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	126 460	123 724	122 251	140 507	136 310	136 474	140 540	-	-	-2,2%	-1,2%	14,9%	-3,0%	0,1%	3,0%	
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	4 936	8 885	11 969	13 290	15 672	14 943	15 571	14 178	187,2%	80,0%	34,7%	11,0%	17,9%	-4,7%	4,2%	-8,9%	
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	4 170	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	408 713	391 898	354 707	331 744	313 515	297 507	257 110	331 188	-19,0%	-4,1%	-9,5%	-6,5%	-5,5%	-5,1%	-13,6%	28,8%	
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	217 582	217 896	195 718	184 289	159 713	148 828	134 271	150 832	-30,7%	0,1%	-10,2%	-5,8%	-13,3%	-6,8%	-9,8%	12,3%	
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	145 013	132 430	140 109	138 113	114 418	173 078	-	-	-	-8,7%	5,8%	-1,4%	-17,2%	51,3%	
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	126 354	116 233	102 786	97 339	95 943	91 062	65 897	114 965	-9,0%	-8,0%	-11,6%	-5,3%	-1,4%	-5,1%	-27,6%	74,5%	
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	42 227	35 091	44 166	47 051	48 521	58 113	-	-	-	-16,9%	25,9%	6,5%	3,1%	19,8%	
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	54 928	42 811	39 262	32 551	42 009	44 709	46 432	55 990	1,9%	-22,1%	-8,3%	-17,1%	29,1%	6,4%	3,9%	20,6%	
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 955	2 965	2 540	2 157	2 342	2 089	2 123	-	-	0,3%	-14,3%	-15,1%	8,6%	-10,8%	1,6%	
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	7 075	12 003	13 976	15 025	13 693	10 566	8 421	7 278	2,9%	69,7%	16,4%	7,5%	-8,9%	-22,8%	-20,3%	-13,6%	

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 774	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	102,0%	102,2%	103,2%	101,6%	101,8%	101,7%	104,5%	92,8%	-9,0%	0,2%	0,9%	-1,5%	0,2%	-0,1%	2,8%	-11,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	95,0%	101,2%	113,4%	107,1%	118,1%	108,7%	112,5%	87,5%	-8,0%	6,5%	12,0%	-5,5%	10,3%	-8,0%	3,5%	-22,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,2%	100,5%	98,9%	100,2%	103,1%	93,3%	-	-	-	-0,7%	-1,6%	1,3%	2,9%	-9,5%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	108,3%	105,5%	106,7%	103,4%	101,0%	103,2%	119,1%	75,7%	-30,1%	-2,6%	1,1%	-3,1%	-2,4%	2,2%	15,4%	-36,4%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	99,3%	99,7%	98,3%	99,4%	100,1%	98,6%	-	-	-	0,4%	-1,4%	1,1%	0,6%	-1,4%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	100,5%	102,6%	99,1%	99,5%	97,8%	99,3%	100,0%	98,3%	-2,3%	2,0%	-3,4%	0,4%	-1,8%	1,6%	0,7%	-1,8%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	99,7%	100,1%	100,4%	100,2%	99,9%	100,2%	100,0%	-	-	0,5%	0,3%	-0,3%	-0,3%	0,3%	-0,2%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	41,1%	64,3%	85,8%	92,7%	109,3%	126,5%	115,9%	108,8%	164,7%	56,5%	33,5%	8,0%	17,9%	15,7%	-8,3%	-6,2%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	139,3%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	133	129	134	132	117	114	102	130	-2,2%	-3,3%	3,8%	-1,3%	-11,6%	-2,7%	-10,5%	28,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	457	386	380	391	364	387	374	488	6,7%	-15,7%	-1,4%	2,9%	-6,9%	6,3%	-3,3%	30,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	69	66	64	63	54	79	-	-	-	-4,2%	-3,8%	-0,9%	-14,5%	46,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101	149	178	218	189	195	167	281	179,1%	48,5%	19,3%	22,4%	-13,4%	3,3%	-14,4%	67,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	28	22	26	27	28	33	-	-	-	-18,6%	15,7%	4,7%	2,8%	16,4%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	42	32	33	27	32	33	34	40	-4,3%	-22,9%	2,3%	-19,5%	20,4%	3,2%	3,5%	17,2%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	9	9	8	6	6	6	6	-	-	2,6%	-13,3%	-26,1%	11,9%	-10,9%	-1,3%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	523	493	426	413	319	258	197	187	-64,2%	-5,8%	-13,6%	-3,2%	-22,7%	-19,1%	-23,5%	-5,1%

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	243	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	6 561	6 276	2 946	3 104	1 873	1 756	1 728	-	-	-4,3%	-53,1%	5,4%	-39,7%	-6,2%	-1,6%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	2 722	2 591	2 773	2 403	1 902	1 459	1 137	-	-	-4,8%	7,0%	-13,3%	-20,8%	-23,3%	-22,1%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	2 774	5 664	5 014	19 087	14 621	10 624	8 660	-	-	104,2%	-11,5%	280,7%	-23,4%	-27,3%	-18,5%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	8 553	7 283	4 384	2 566	2 867	2 798	2 661	-	-	-14,8%	-39,8%	-41,5%	11,7%	-2,4%	-4,9%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	1 972	2 378	1 603	1 517	1 199	1 119	1 073	-	-	20,6%	-32,6%	-5,4%	-21,0%	-6,7%	-4,1%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	7 628	2 378	20 217	19 021	9 967	9 213	7 175	-	-	-68,8%	750,2%	-5,9%	-47,6%	-7,6%	-22,1%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	8 493	8 964	4 233	3 797	2 984	2 826	2 640	-	-	5,5%	-52,8%	-10,3%	-21,4%	-5,3%	-6,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	2 103	2 196	1 980	2 018	1 645	1 441	1 072	-	-	4,4%	-9,8%	1,9%	-18,5%	-12,4%	-25,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	4 738	4 538	6 151	23 510	13 964	11 179	9 416	-	-	-4,2%	35,5%	282,2%	-40,6%	-19,9%	-15,8%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	6 621	4 595	3 105	1 873	1 756	1 728	1 747	-	-	-30,6%	-32,4%	-39,7%	-6,2%	-1,6%	1,1%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	2 591	2 773	2 396	1 902	1 459	1 137	1 144	-	-	7,0%	-13,6%	-20,6%	-23,3%	-22,1%	0,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	5 664	5 014	19 080	14 621	10 624	8 660	7 114	-	-	-11,5%	280,5%	-23,4%	-27,3%	-18,5%	-17,9%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	99,3%	123,1%	96,6%	148,0%	104,1%	101,0%	99,2%	-	-	24,0%	-21,6%	53,3%	-29,7%	-3,0%	-1,8%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	106,6%	92,3%	123,5%	133,0%	137,2%	128,8%	99,9%	-	-	-13,4%	33,8%	7,7%	3,1%	-6,1%	-22,4%
CR Insolvency cases	NA	62,1%	190,8%	30,4%	123,6%	140,1%	121,3%	131,2%	-	-	207,2%	-84,1%	306,2%	13,4%	-13,4%	8,2%
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	285	187	268	180	215	223	242	-	-	-34,2%	43,1%	-32,8%	19,3%	3,9%	8,2%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	450	461	442	344	324	288	390	-	-	2,5%	-4,2%	-22,1%	-5,9%	-11,0%	35,2%
DT Insolvency cases	NA	436	403	1 132	227	278	283	276	-	-	-7,6%	180,7%	-80,0%	22,3%	1,8%	-2,5%

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	101 122	95 677	89 823	81 290	73 230	64 122	54 847	47 023	-53,5%	-5,4%	-6,1%	-9,5%	-9,9%	-12,4%	-14,5%	-14,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	68 554	61 801	59 534	61 898	60 230	52 034	42 879	34 807	-49,2%	-9,9%	-3,7%	4,0%	-2,7%	-13,6%	-17,6%	-18,8%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	22 223	17 836	12 278	10 676	10 061	9 454	-	-	-	-19,7%	-31,2%	-13,0%	-5,8%	-6,0%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	517	15 572	14 292	10 839	9 033	8 373	7 906	-	-	2912,0%	-8,2%	-24,2%	-16,7%	-7,3%	-5,6%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	20	14	1 214	1 522	1 581	1 482	-	-	-	-30,0%	8571,4%	25,4%	3,9%	-6,3%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NA	1 192	1 506	1 574	1 478	-	-	-	-	-	26,3%	4,5%	-6,1%
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 802	20	14	22	16	7	4	-	-	-99,3%	-30,0%	57,1%	-27,3%	-56,3%	-42,9%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	35	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	6 631	3 530	225	121	107	66	-	-	-	-46,8%	-93,6%	-46,2%	-11,6%	-38,3%
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	32 568	18 625	8 066	1 556	722	1 412	1 907	2 762	-91,5%	-42,8%	-56,7%	-80,7%	-53,6%	95,6%	35,1%	44,8%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	89 588	95 627	87 801	83 468	79 413	68 251	65 396	62 150	-30,6%	6,7%	-8,2%	-4,9%	-4,9%	-14,1%	-4,2%	-5,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	85 606	62 684	52 468	52 292	49 743	41 345	37 304	34 633	-59,5%	-26,8%	-16,3%	-0,3%	-4,9%	-16,9%	-9,8%	-7,2%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	33 495	27 740	24 653	21 866	22 066	21 186	-	-	-	-17,2%	-11,1%	-11,3%	0,9%	-4,0%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	1 165	27 317	23 475	22 045	19 541	19 794	19 168	-	-	2244,8%	-14,1%	-6,1%	-11,4%	1,3%	-3,2%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	145	149	2 485	2 171	2 157	1 874	-	-	-	2,8%	1567,8%	-12,6%	-0,6%	-13,1%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NA	2 332	2 026	2 021	1 756	-	-	-	-	-	-13,1%	-0,2%	-13,1%
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	3 530	145	149	153	145	136	118	-	-	-95,9%	2,8%	2,7%	-5,2%	-6,2%	-13,2%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	139	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	6 033	4 116	123	154	115	144	-	-	-	-31,8%	-97,0%	25,2%	-25,3%	25,2%
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	3 982	2 612	1 838	3 436	5 017	5 040	6 026	6 331	59,0%	-34,4%	-29,6%	86,9%	46,0%	0,5%	19,6%	5,1%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	94 481	100 957	96 325	91 531	88 521	77 527	73 206	69 895	-26,0%	6,9%	-4,6%	-5,0%	-3,3%	-12,4%	-5,6%	-4,5%

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	76 556	59 231	50 297	54 407	57 939	50 523	45 383	41 262	-46,1%	-22,6%	-15,1%	8,2%	6,5%	-12,8%	-10,2%	-9,1%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	37 679	32 854	26 255	22 459	22 652	22 863	-	-	-	-12,8%	-20,1%	-14,5%	0,9%	0,9%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	1 049	29 029	26 989	23 851	20 209	20 242	20 561	-	-	2667,3%	-7,0%	-11,6%	-15,3%	0,2%	1,6%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	151	141	2 177	2 104	2 257	2 162	-	-	-	-6,6%	1444,0%	-3,4%	7,3%	-4,2%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NA	2 018	1 950	2 118	2 045	-	-	-	-	-	-3,4%	8,6%	-3,4%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	3 970	151	141	159	154	139	117	-	-	-96,2%	-6,6%	12,8%	-3,1%	-9,7%	-15,8%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	154	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	8 499	5 724	227	146	153	140	-	-	-	-32,7%	-96,0%	-35,7%	4,8%	-8,5%
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	17 925	13 073	8 349	4 270	4 327	4 545	5 171	5 770	-67,8%	-27,1%	-36,1%	-48,9%	1,3%	5,0%	13,8%	11,6%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	96 229	90 347	81 299	73 227	64 122	54 847	47 023	39 197	-59,3%	-6,1%	-10,0%	-9,9%	-12,4%	-14,5%	-14,3%	-16,6%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	77 604	65 254	61 705	59 783	52 034	42 879	34 807	28 065	-63,8%	-15,9%	-5,4%	-3,1%	-13,0%	-17,6%	-18,8%	-19,4%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	18 039	12 722	10 676	10 061	9 454	7 808	-	-	-	-29,5%	-16,1%	-5,8%	-6,0%	-17,4%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	633	13 860	10 778	9 033	8 373	7 906	6 544	-	-	2089,6%	-22,2%	-16,2%	-7,3%	-5,6%	-17,2%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	14	22	1 522	1 581	1 482	1 194	-	-	-	57,1%	6818,2%	3,9%	-6,3%	-19,4%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NA	1 506	1 574	1 478	1 189	-	-	-	-	-	4,5%	-6,1%	-19,6%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 362	14	22	16	7	4	5	-	-	-99,4%	57,1%	-27,3%	-56,3%	-42,9%	25,0%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	20	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	4 165	1 922	121	107	66	70	-	-	-	-53,9%	-93,7%	-11,6%	-38,3%	6,1%
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	18 625	8 164	1 555	722	1 412	1 907	2 762	3 324	-82,2%	-56,2%	-81,0%	-53,6%	95,6%	35,1%	44,8%	20,3%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	9 174	6 240	4 444	2 459	-	-	-	-	-	-32,0%	-28,8%	-44,7%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	105,5%	105,6%	109,7%	109,7%	111,5%	113,6%	111,9%	112,5%	6,6%	0,1%	3,9%	0,0%	1,6%	1,9%	-1,5%	0,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	89,4%	94,5%	95,9%	104,0%	116,5%	122,2%	121,7%	119,1%	33,2%	5,7%	1,5%	8,5%	11,9%	4,9%	-0,4%	-2,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	112,5%	118,4%	106,5%	102,7%	102,7%	107,9%	-	-	-	5,3%	-10,1%	-3,6%	-0,1%	5,1%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	90,0%	106,3%	115,0%	108,2%	103,4%	102,3%	107,3%	-	-	18,0%	8,2%	-5,9%	-4,4%	-1,1%	4,9%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	104,1%	94,6%	87,6%	96,9%	104,6%	115,4%	-	-	-	-9,1%	-7,4%	10,6%	8,0%	10,3%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NA	86,5%	96,2%	104,8%	116,5%	-	-	-	-	-	11,2%	8,9%	11,1%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	112,5%	104,1%	94,6%	103,9%	106,2%	102,2%	99,2%	-	-	-7,4%	-9,1%	9,8%	2,2%	-3,8%	-3,0%
CR Other registry cases	NA	110,8%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	140,9%	139,1%	184,6%	94,8%	133,0%	97,2%	-	-	-	-1,3%	32,7%	-48,6%	40,3%	-26,9%
CR Administrative law cases	450,2%	500,5%	454,2%	124,3%	86,2%	90,2%	85,8%	91,1%	-79,8%	11,2%	-9,2%	-72,6%	-30,6%	4,6%	-4,8%	6,2%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	372	327	308	292	264	258	234	205	-44,9%	-12,1%	-5,7%	-5,2%	-9,5%	-2,3%	-9,2%	-12,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	370	402	448	401	328	310	280	248	-32,9%	8,7%	11,4%	-10,4%	-18,3%	-5,5%	-9,6%	-11,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	175	141	148	164	152	125	-	-	-	-19,1%	5,0%	10,2%	-6,8%	-18,2%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	220	174	146	138	151	143	116	-	-	-20,9%	-16,4%	-5,2%	9,4%	-5,7%	-18,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	34	57	255	274	240	202	-	-	-	68,3%	348,1%	7,5%	-12,6%	-15,9%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NA	272	295	255	212	-	-	-	-	-	8,2%	-13,5%	-16,7%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	217	34	57	37	17	11	16	-	-	-84,4%	68,3%	-35,5%	-54,8%	-36,7%	48,5%
DT Other registry cases	NA	47	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	179	123	195	268	157	183	-	-	-	-31,5%	58,7%	37,5%	-41,1%	15,9%
DT Administrative law cases	379	228	68	62	119	153	195	210	-44,6%	-39,9%	-70,2%	-9,2%	93,0%	28,6%	27,3%	7,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	7 435	-	11 541	14 700	17 643	16 538	16 759	14 219	91,2%	-	-	27,4%	20,0%	-6,3%	1,3%	-15,2%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	7 440	-	7 910	8 450	7 964	6 879	6 839	6 166	-17,1%	-	-	6,8%	-5,8%	-13,6%	-0,6%	-9,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 940	-	4 751	5 507	9 069	7 899	9 379	7 140	20,2%	-	-	15,9%	64,7%	-12,9%	18,7%	-23,9%

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	8 935	-	14 700	17 643	16 538	15 518	14 219	13 243	48,2%	-	-	20,0%	-6,3%	-6,2%	-8,4%	-6,9%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	79,8%	-	60,1%	65,2%	113,9%	114,8%	137,1%	115,8%	45,0%	-	-	8,5%	74,7%	0,8%	19,4%	-15,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	549	-	1129	1169	666	717	553	677	23,3%	-	-	3,5%	-43,1%	7,7%	-22,8%	22,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	-4,8%	-0,4%	-0,5%	-0,8%	-0,9%	-1,2%	-0,7%	-0,4%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	8 071 016	6 694 673	11 464 658	11 529 667	10 810 000	10 007 450	13 338 643	13 279 279	64,5%	-17,1%	71,3%	0,6%	-6,2%	-7,4%	33,3%	-0,4%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 433 010	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	376 990	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	10 990 898	10 432 800	9 608 000	12 797 765	12 750 955	-	-	-	-	-5,1%	-7,9%	33,2%	-0,4%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 147 490	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	285 310	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	524 804	538 769	377 200	376 990	540 878	528 324	-	-	-	2,7%	-30,0%	-0,1%	43,5%	-2,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	8 071 016	NA	335 509	338 235	285 520	285 100	359 551	270 202	-96,7%	-	-	0,8%	-15,6%	-0,1%	26,1%	-24,9%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	189 295	200 534	91 681	91 890	181 326	258 122	-	-	-	5,9%	-54,3%	0,2%	97,3%	42,4%

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	10 939 335	11 529 654	10 809 907	10 002 517	13 243 256	13 264 181	-	-	-	5,4%	-6,2%	-7,5%	32,4%	0,2%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	10 738 787	NA	10 433 010	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	200 548	NA	376 956	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	10 592 511	11 144 634	10 436 871	9 608 000	12 797 765	12 750 955	-	-	-	5,2%	-6,4%	-7,9%	33,2%	-0,4%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	10 581 258	NA	10 150 923	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	11 253	NA	286 007	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	346 824	385 020	373 036	376 956	445 491	513 226	-	-	-	11,0%	-3,1%	1,1%	18,2%	15,2%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	157 529	184 486	282 088	285 308	274 009	255 448	-	-	-	17,1%	52,9%	1,1%	-4,0%	-6,8%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	189 295	200 534	90 949	91 648	171 481	257 778	-	-	-	5,9%	-54,6%	0,8%	87,1%	50,3%

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	383	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	4	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes	
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Not integrated but connected	ated including BI	
63.1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Not integrated but connected	ated including BI	
63.1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Not connected at all	: connected at all	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							100%	100%	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes	
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%	
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							Yes	Yes	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No	

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							10-49%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	100%											
064-2 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	Yes											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	NAP											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	Yes											Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							No	NAP											Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	Yes											Civil - SMS
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							No	NAP											Civil - E-mail
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							No	No											Civil - Specific computer application
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							No	0											Civil - Other
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	0											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							No	0											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	0											

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	0									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	0									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	0									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	0									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	0									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							both	both									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							No	0
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							10-49%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	100%
064-6 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							10-49%	10-49%
064-10 - Criminal							10-49%	10-49%
064-10 - Administrative							1-9%	1-9%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	No
064-3 - Equipment rate								
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	0
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							No	0
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	0
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	0

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							1-9%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate							1-9%	100%											
064-7 - Email							No	No											
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes											
064-7 - Other							No	No											
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	Yes											
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate							1-9%	100%											
064-7 - Email							No	No											
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes											
064-7 - Other							No	No											
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	Yes											
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-1 - Admission							No	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																		
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							No	No										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Workload							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	0										
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																		
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							No	No										

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	406	406	453	474	549	588	612	632	55,7%	0,0%	11,6%	4,6%	15,8%	7,1%	4,1%	3,3%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	564	-	612	-	508	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										

Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)

Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)

165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	No	No	No	-	No	No	

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	-4,8%	-0,4%	-0,5%	-0,8%	-0,9%	-1,2%	-0,7%	-0,4%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 932	1 912	1 875	1 864	1 797	1 775	1 660	1 682	-12,9%	-1,0%	-1,9%	-0,6%	-3,6%	-1,2%	-6,5%	1,3%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 378	1 366	1 343	1 348	1 277	1 261	1 176	1 192	-13,5%	-0,9%	-1,7%	0,4%	-5,3%	-1,3%	-6,7%	1,4%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	514	506	489	476	483	476	446	453	-11,9%	-1,6%	-3,4%	-2,7%	1,5%	-1,4%	-6,3%	1,6%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	40	40	43	40	37	38	38	37	-7,5%	0,0%	7,5%	-7,0%	-7,5%	2,7%	0,0%	-2,6%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	603	591	583	568	534	520	479	490	-18,7%	-2,0%	-1,4%	-2,6%	-6,0%	-2,6%	-7,9%	2,3%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	389	379	377	373	341	332	311	315	-19,0%	-2,6%	-0,5%	-1,1%	-8,6%	-2,6%	-6,3%	1,3%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	192	189	180	170	171	165	144	152	-20,8%	-1,6%	-4,8%	-5,6%	0,6%	-3,5%	-12,7%	5,6%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	22	23	26	25	22	23	24	23	4,5%	4,5%	13,0%	-3,8%	-12,0%	4,5%	4,3%	-4,2%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 329	1 321	1 292	1 296	1 263	1 255	1 181	1 192	-10,3%	-0,6%	-2,2%	0,3%	-2,5%	-0,6%	-5,9%	0,9%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	989	987	966	975	936	929	865	877	-11,3%	-0,2%	-2,1%	0,9%	-4,0%	-0,7%	-6,9%	1,4%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	322	317	309	306	312	311	302	301	-6,5%	-1,6%	-2,5%	-1,0%	2,0%	-0,3%	-2,9%	-0,3%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	18	17	17	15	15	15	14	14	-22,2%	-5,6%	0,0%	-11,8%	0,0%	0,0%	-6,7%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 234	6 222	6 061	5 929	5 827	5 900	5 828	5 929	-4,9%	-0,2%	-2,6%	-2,2%	-1,7%	1,3%	-1,2%	1,7%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	311	285	381	474	523	542	541	576	85,2%	-8,4%	33,7%	24,4%	10,3%	3,6%	-0,2%	6,5%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 648	4 643	4 384	4 231	4 124	4 187	4 135	4 214	-9,3%	-0,1%	-5,6%	-3,5%	-2,5%	1,5%	-1,2%	1,9%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	544	562	579	534	498	499	490	480	-11,8%	3,3%	3,0%	-7,8%	-6,7%	0,2%	-1,8%	-2,0%

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	731	732	717	689	682	672	662	659	-9,8%	0,1%	-2,0%	-3,9%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-1,5%	-0,5%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	868	839	819	816	803	814	-	-	-	-3,3%	-2,4%	-0,4%	-1,6%	1,4%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	71	83	93	97	93	95	-	-	-	16,9%	12,0%	4,3%	-4,1%	2,2%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	399	375	350	344	345	359	-	-	-	-6,0%	-6,7%	-1,7%	0,3%	4,1%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	119	112	113	118	113	103	-	-	-	-5,9%	0,9%	4,4%	-4,2%	-8,8%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	279	268	263	257	252	257	-	-	-	-3,9%	-1,9%	-2,3%	-1,9%	2,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	5 364	5 349	5 193	5 090	5 008	5 084	5 025	5 115	-4,6%	-0,3%	-2,9%	-2,0%	-1,6%	1,5%	-1,2%	1,8%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	246	222	310	390	430	445	448	481	95,5%	-9,8%	39,6%	25,8%	10,3%	3,5%	0,7%	7,4%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	4 227	4 219	3 985	3 856	3 774	3 843	3 790	3 855	-8,8%	-0,2%	-5,5%	-3,2%	-2,1%	1,8%	-1,4%	1,7%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	439	455	460	422	385	381	377	377	-14,1%	3,6%	1,1%	-8,3%	-8,8%	-1,0%	-1,0%	0,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	452	453	438	421	419	415	410	402	-11,1%	0,2%	-3,3%	-3,9%	-0,5%	-1,0%	-1,2%	-2,0%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	-4,8%	-0,4%	-0,5%	-0,8%	-0,9%	-1,2%	-0,7%	-0,4%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	4 392	4 408	4 487	4 560	4 690	4 719	4 756	4 752	8,2%	0,4%	1,8%	1,6%	2,9%	0,6%	0,8%	-0,1%

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 234	6 222	6 061	5 929	5 827	5 900	5 828	5 929	-4,9%	-0,2%	-2,6%	-2,2%	-1,7%	1,3%	-1,2%	1,7%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	311	285	381	474	523	542	541	576	85,2%	-8,4%	33,7%	24,4%	10,3%	3,6%	-0,2%	6,5%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 648	4 643	4 384	4 231	4 124	4 187	4 135	4 214	-9,3%	-0,1%	-5,6%	-3,5%	-2,5%	1,5%	-1,2%	1,9%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	544	562	579	534	498	499	490	480	-11,8%	3,3%	3,0%	-7,8%	-6,7%	0,2%	-1,8%	-2,0%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	731	732	717	689	682	672	662	659	-9,8%	0,1%	-2,0%	-3,9%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-1,5%	-0,5%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	868	839	819	816	803	814	-	-	-	-3,3%	-2,4%	-0,4%	-1,6%	1,4%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	71	83	93	97	93	95	-	-	-	16,9%	12,0%	4,3%	-4,1%	2,2%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	399	375	350	344	345	359	-	-	-	-6,0%	-6,7%	-1,7%	0,3%	4,1%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	119	112	113	118	113	103	-	-	-	-5,9%	0,9%	4,4%	-4,2%	-8,8%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	279	268	263	257	252	257	-	-	-	-3,9%	-1,9%	-2,3%	-1,9%	2,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	5 364	5 349	5 193	5 090	5 008	5 084	5 025	5 115	-4,6%	-0,3%	-2,9%	-2,0%	-1,6%	1,5%	-1,2%	1,8%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	246	222	310	390	430	445	448	481	95,5%	-9,8%	39,6%	25,8%	10,3%	3,5%	0,7%	7,4%

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	4 227	4 219	3 985	3 856	3 774	3 843	3 790	3 855	-8,8%	-0,2%	-5,5%	-3,2%	-2,1%	1,8%	-1,4%	1,7%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	439	455	460	422	385	381	377	377	-14,1%	3,6%	1,1%	-8,3%	-8,8%	-1,0%	-1,0%	0,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	452	453	438	421	419	415	410	402	-11,1%	0,2%	-3,3%	-3,9%	-0,5%	-1,0%	-1,2%	-2,0%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							No	No
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Croatia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							No	No									
Non-judge staff							No	No									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							No	No									
Enforcement agents							No	No									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							No	No									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Cyprus

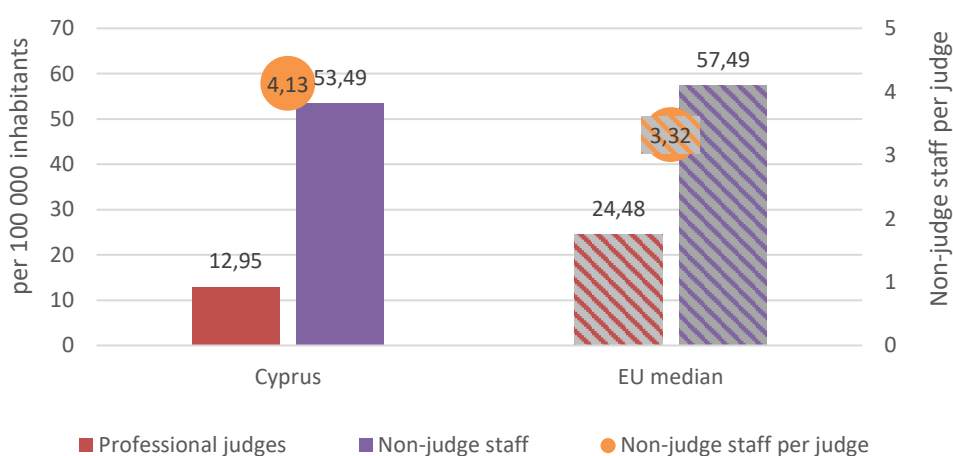
General data

Population: 888 000 **GDP:** 25 270 € **Average annual salary:** 23 742 €

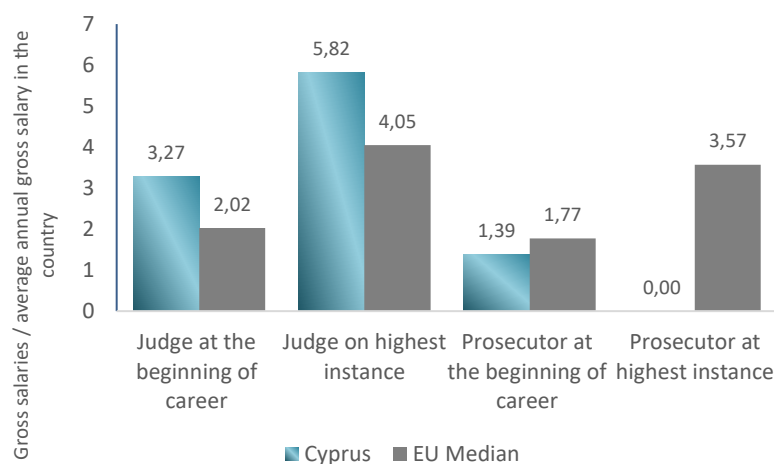
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
12,95	53,49	473,99	NA
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

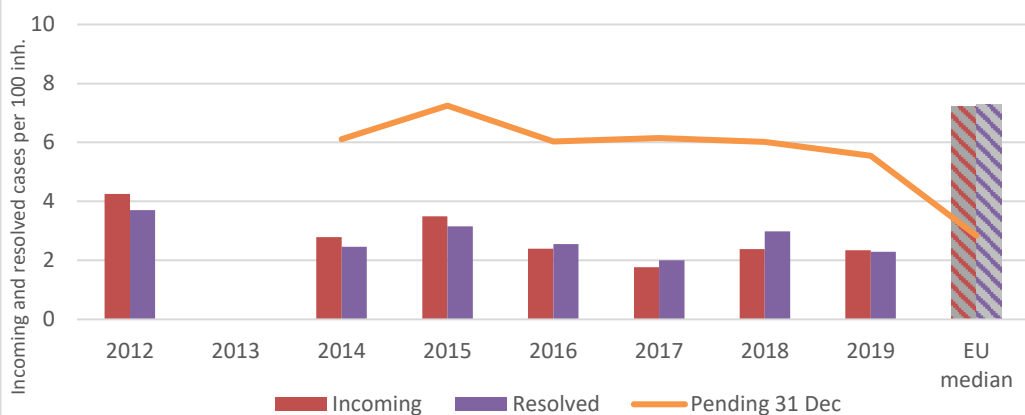


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

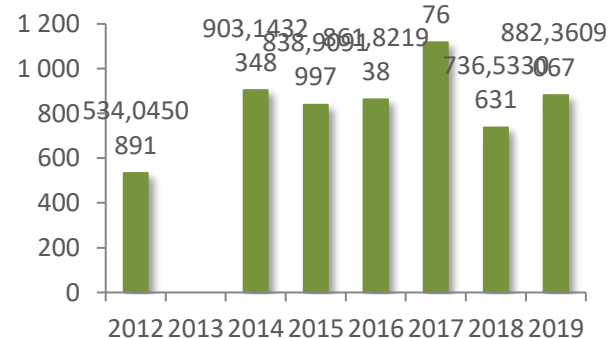


Efficiency

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases



DT (days) for all other than criminal cases



*Because number of civil and litigious cases was not available, the graphs with all other than criminal cases have been provided instead.

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Cyprus

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	2,6%	-1,1%	3,3%	2,5%	1,4%
GDP per capita	20 512 €	19 033 €	20 454 €	20 931 €	21 282 €	22 770 €	24 633 €	25 270 €	23,2%	4,0%	15,7%	8,2%	2,6%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	24 124 €		22 764 €		22 548 €		22 896 €	23 742 €	-1,6%	-0,9%	1,5%		3,7%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,9	11,8	11,3	13,3	13,1	13,9	13,5	13,0	8,9%	15,7%	3,0%	-3,2%	-3,9%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	49,0	49,8	52,2	50,0	51,5	51,6	48,7	53,5	9,2%	-1,3%	-5,4%	-5,5%	9,7%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	295,4	337,5	362,9	378,2	425,0	443,7	458,0	474,0	60,4%	17,1%	7,8%	3,2%	3,5%
Mediators	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0					
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	4,484	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,242	0,8	0,2	0,200	0,182	0,215	0,223	0,214	-11,5%	-2,7%	22,4%	3,4%	-3,9%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	78%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	74%	58%	103%	120%	113%	74%	219%	170%	95,82	9,28	106,46	145,59	-49,39
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	638	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	1 270	775	1 775	1 391	1 582	2 162	487	495	-61,1%	-10,9%	-69,2%	-77,5%	1,6%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	6,13	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,62	0,95	0,94	0,91	0,89	0,94	0,65	0,49	-21,0%	-5,5%	-26,8%	-30,7%	-24,3%
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	63%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	40%	NA	61%	89%	190%	140%	84%	88%	47,33	129,37	-106,35	-55,87	3,48
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	340	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

DT administrative law cases (days)	2 489	NA	2 890	2 741	2 522	1 975	2 156	1 724	-30,8%	-12,8%	-14,5%	9,1%	-20,0%
------------------------------------	-------	----	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	--------	--------	--------	------	--------

Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

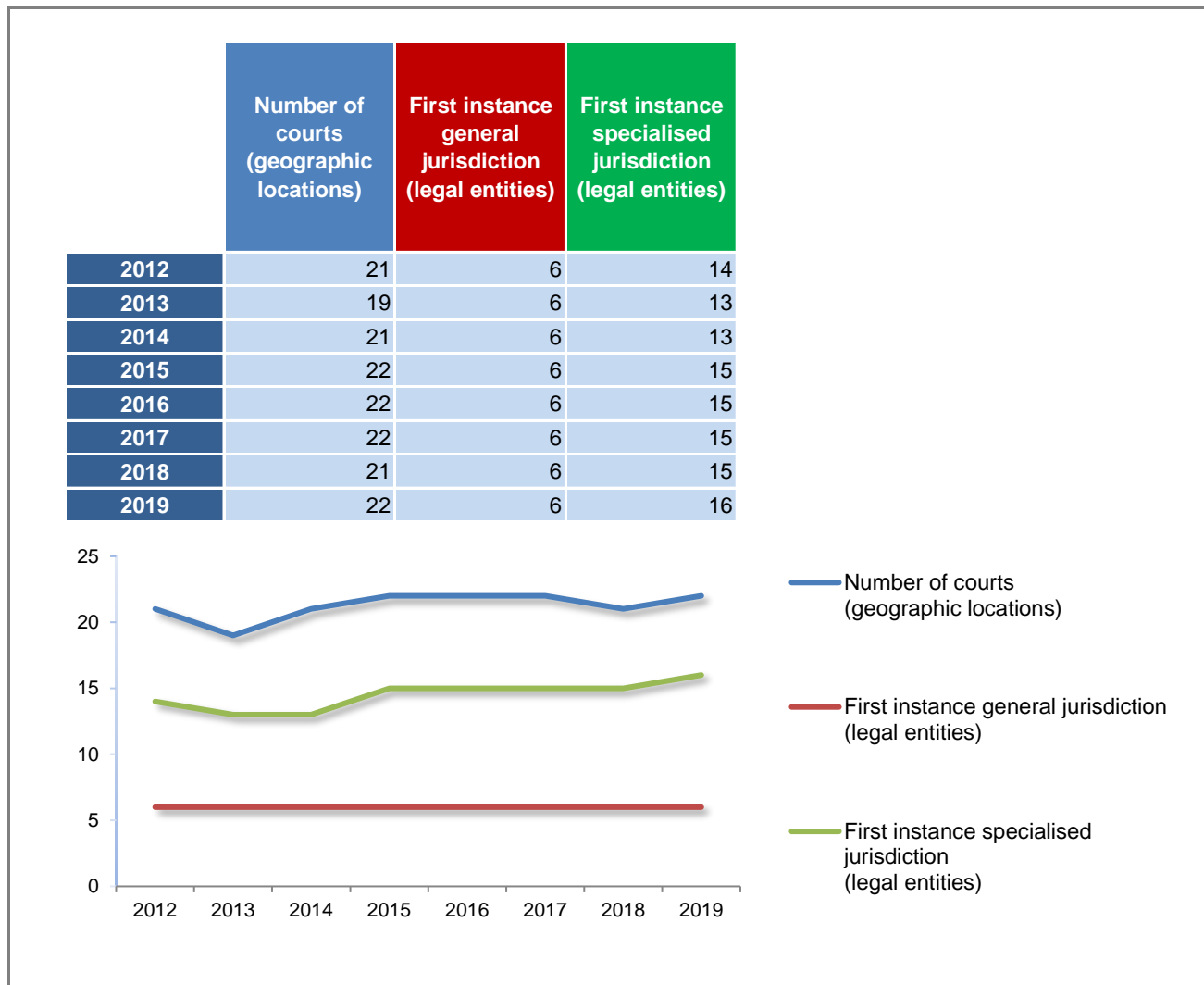
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Cyprus

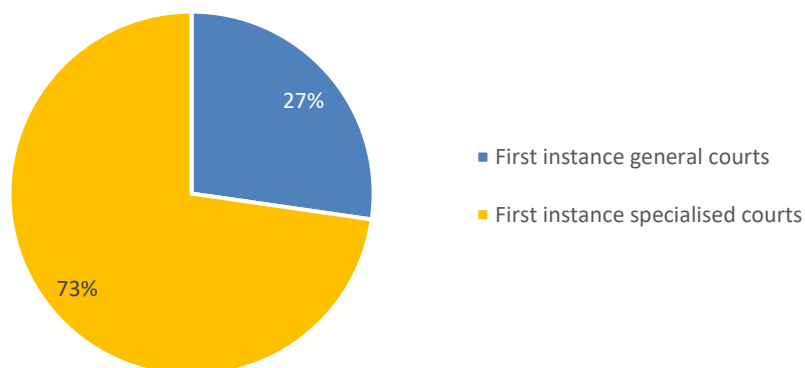
Cyprus has a two tier system. The Supreme Court is the second and final instance court. All judges of the Supreme Court hear appeals.

According to 2019 data, there are 6 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and 16 first instance specialised courts.

The total number of courts as geographic locations is 22.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts	
Total	16
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP
Labour courts	3
Family courts	3
Rent and tenancies courts	2
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP
Administrative courts	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP
Military courts	1
Other specialised 1st instance courts	6

Other specialised 1st instance courts are 1 International Protection Administrative Court and 5 Assize Court. In 2019 the new administrative court for international protection was established to hear cases concerning asylum applications and international protection matters.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Cyprus

- Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
318 694 273 €

Implemented:
302 081 901 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

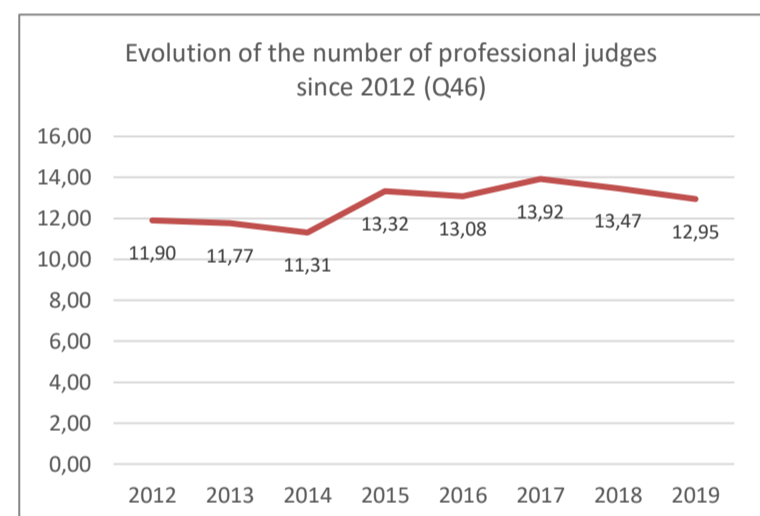


- Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	103	11,90	54,4%	45,6%
2013	101	11,77	53,5%	46,5%
2014	97	11,31	54,6%	45,4%
2015	113	13,32	53,1%	46,9%
2016	111	13,08	51,4%	48,6%
2017	119	13,92	50,4%	49,6%
2018	118	13,47	50,0%	50,0%
2019	115	12,95	51,3%	48,7%



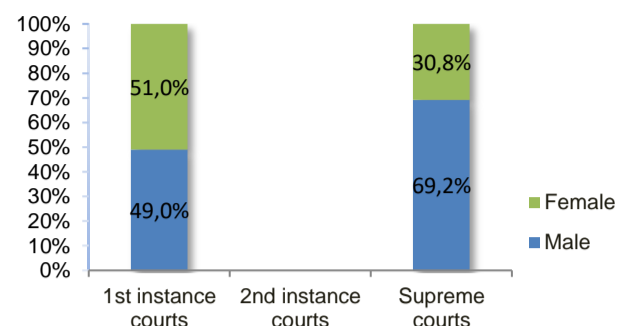
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Cyprus is 115 which is 2,5% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Cyprus, in 2019 there are 13,0 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,1 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 3,6 non-judge staff per judge).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	102	50	52
2nd instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	13	9	4
Total	115	59	56

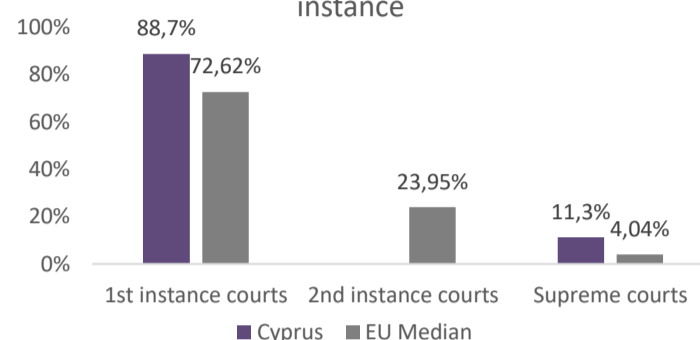
Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	88,7%	49,0%	51,0%
2nd instance courts	NA	NA	NA
Supreme courts	11,3%	69,2%	30,8%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 56 which represents 48,7% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 102 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 52 are female) and 13 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 4 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noted that the Supreme Court is the second and final instance court. All judges of the Supreme Court hear appeals and are counted in the category in "Supreme court". That is why number of judges in second instance is presented as NA/NAP.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Cyprus presents some peculiarities considering that it is a two tier system and has only first instance courts and the Supreme court.

In Cyprus, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory

Optional

√
√
√

√

√
√

A training school for judges was established. The school will provide for training of judges after appointment. The Courts of Justice Law was amended which provided that judges should attend the seminars organised by the training school. Insolvency training was compulsory in 2019 for the all judges except judges of special jurisdiction.

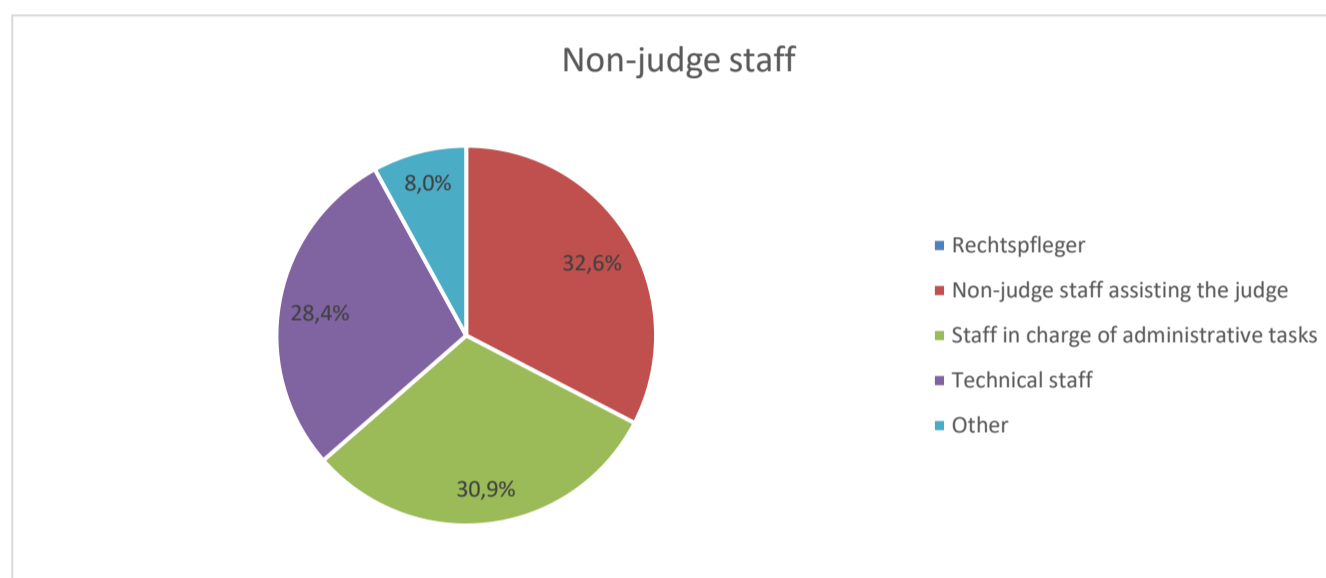
Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	11	1
1. Only for judges	4	0
2. Only for prosecutors	NA	NA
3. Only for other non-judge staff	4	0
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
5. Other common training	3	1

Other common trainings include training of judges, court staff(legal officers, registrars) and prosecutors.]

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	424	NAP	133	124	129	38
2013	427	NAP	133	131	125	38
2014	448	NAP	129	128	151	40
2015	424	NAP	130	130	128	36
2016	437	NAP	138	135	130	34
2017	441	NAP	138	135	134	34
2018	427	NAP	138	131	125	33
2019	475	NAP	155	147	135	38



In Cyprus, in this cycle there are 475 non-judge staff (among which 320 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 11,2%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 155 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 146 are women);
- 147 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 139 are women);
- 135 technical staff (among which 32 are women);
- 38 other (among which 3 are women);

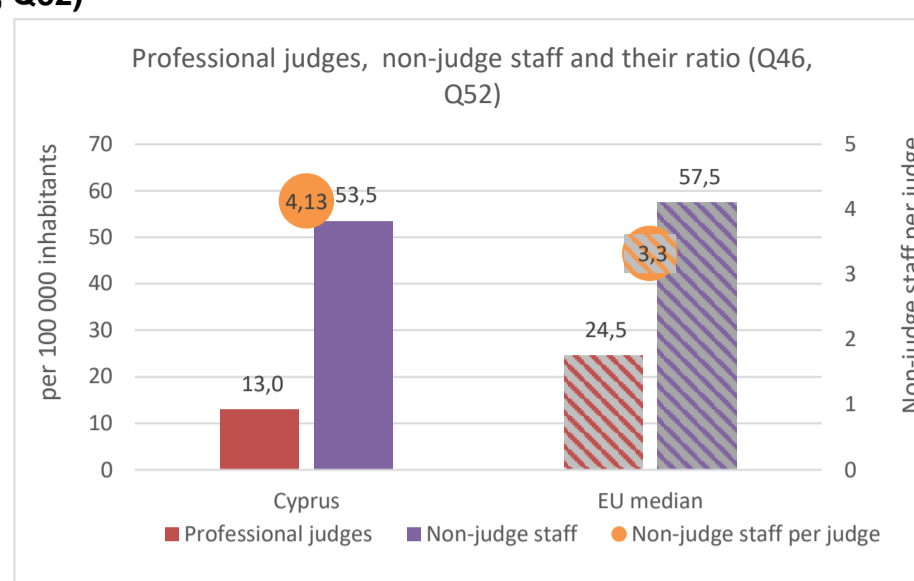
The total number of non-judge staff includes clerical staff and also court bailiffs.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 48,7 in 2018 to 53,5 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 13,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 13,0 in 2019.

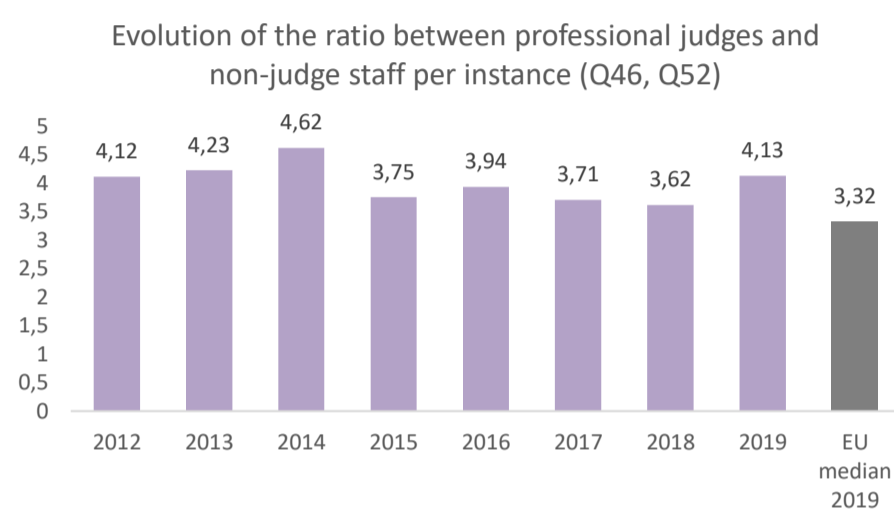
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Cyprus	EU median
Professional judges	13,0	24,5
Non-judge staff	53,5	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	4,13	3,3



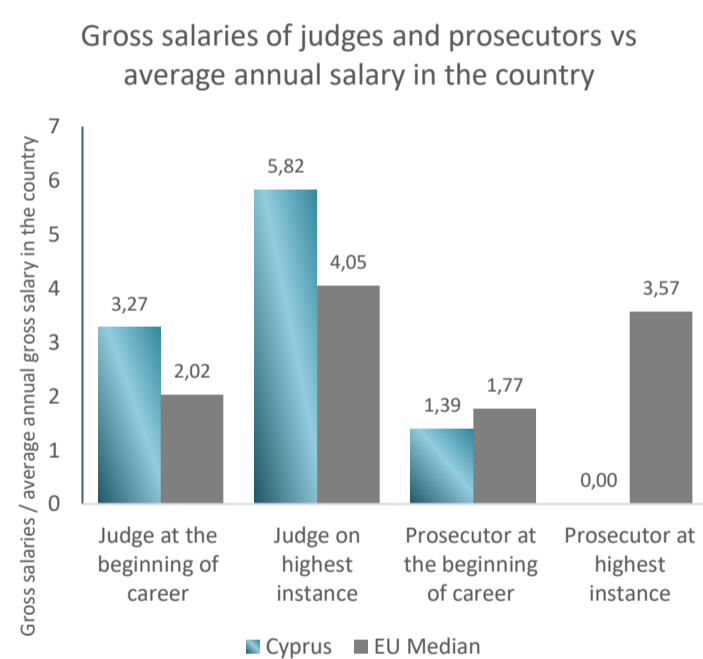
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	4,12
2013	4,23
2014	4,62
2015	3,75
2016	3,94
2017	3,71
2018	3,62
2019	4,13
EU median 2019	3,32



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	77 738 €	NA	3,27
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	138 179 €	NA	5,82
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	32 959 €	NA	1,39
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	NAP	NAP	NA



Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	2 558	295,42
2013	2 896	337,53
2014	3 114	362,94
2015	3 208	378,17
2016	3 605	424,97
2017	3 793	443,73
2018	4 012	458,04
2019	4 209	473,99

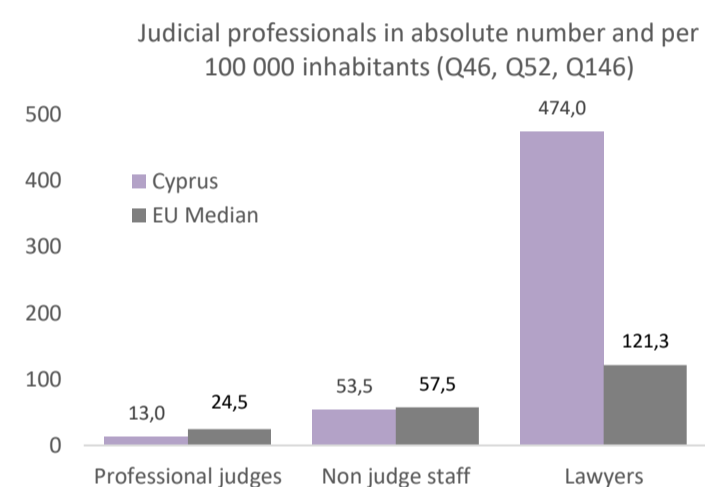


In 2019, there are 4 209 lawyers, which is 4,9% more than in 2018.

This data of 474 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	115	12,95	24,48
Non judge staff	475	53,49	57,49
Lawyers	4 209	473,99	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 2 611 010 € (2,9 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 1 863 817 € (2,1 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid cannot be carried out in respect of criminal and other than criminal cases, as well as cases brought to court and cases not brought to court.

In Cyprus, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	√	√
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	√	√
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):		
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	√	

Regarding other costs, in 2019 the legal aid law was amended and European arrest warrant procedure was included. These costs include interpreter fees, translation costs, travel expenses of witnesses.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

More precisely, the victims do not have a right to be represented at the criminal proceedings. The complainant-victim in the Cypriot criminal justice system has the role of the witness and therefore he does not bear the costs of the proceedings.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

The exemption to the court fee applies when a party in a court case is represented by the office of the Attorney General or the party is entitled to compensation from the Redundancy fund .

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

In civil cases the court fees depend on the amount of the claim. In criminal cases it is a fixed fee.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 58€

This represents a stamp duty.

It should be noted that the court fees have been revised in 2019.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

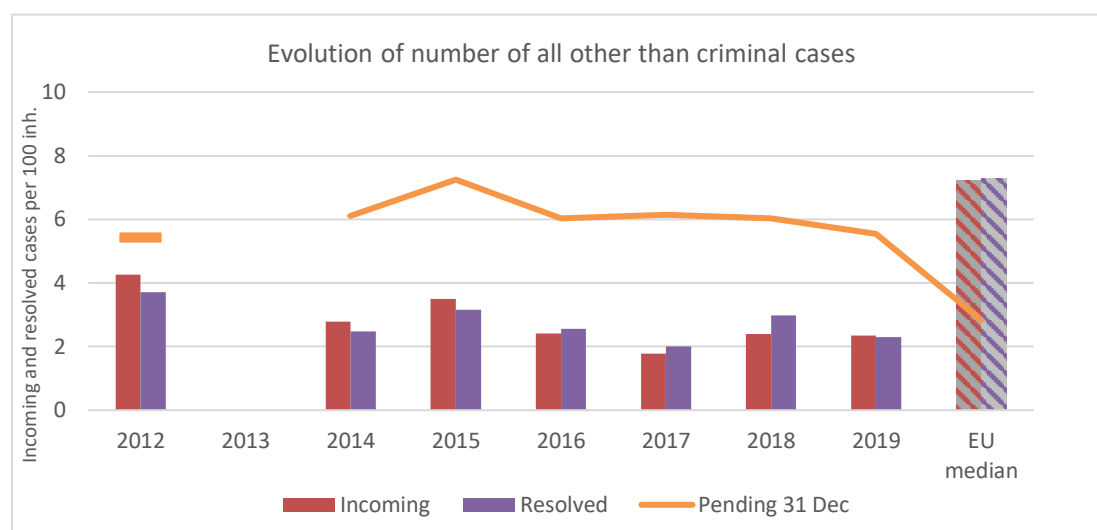
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

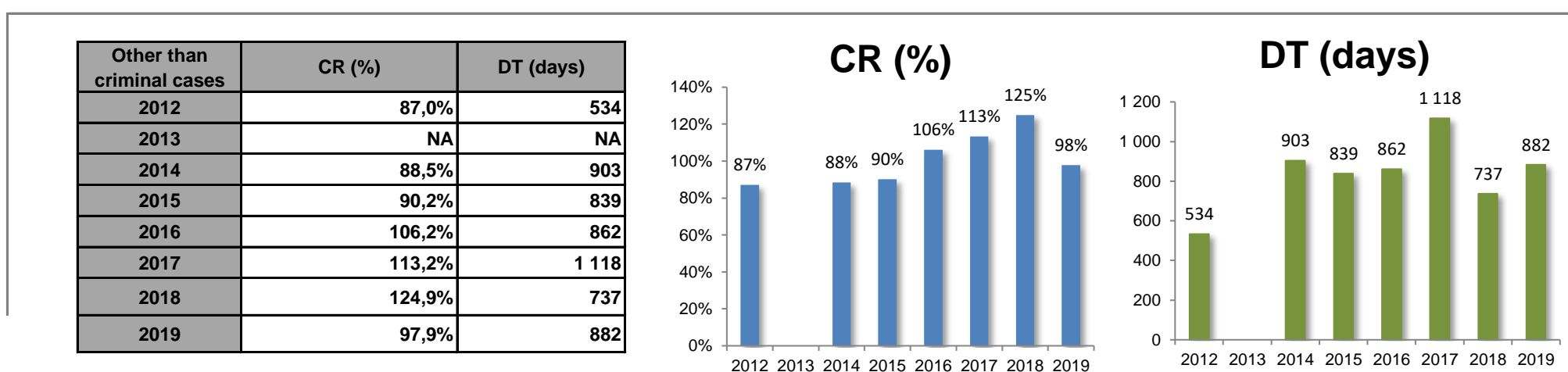
First instance cases

- *Total other than criminal cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Cyprus (2,34 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases , which is 2,30 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

Nevertheless, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Cyprus (5,55 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 97,9% in 2019 Cyprus seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

However, between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 27,0 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in a approximately 882 days, which is well above the EU median of 111 days.

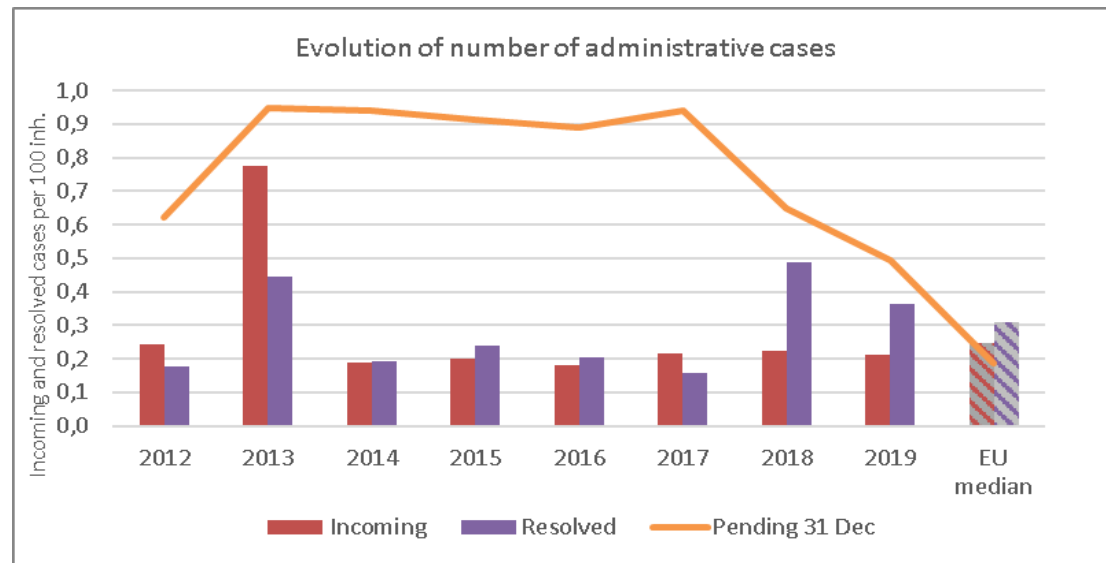
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 19,8% increase of the Disposition Time.

When analysing this data, it is important to observe that the number of litigious and non-litigious cases cannot be separated and constitute one overall category of civil cases.

- *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*

Cyprus has not provided separate data for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases for 2019 and previous cycles. Consequently, the Clearance Rate and Disposition time cannot be calculated.

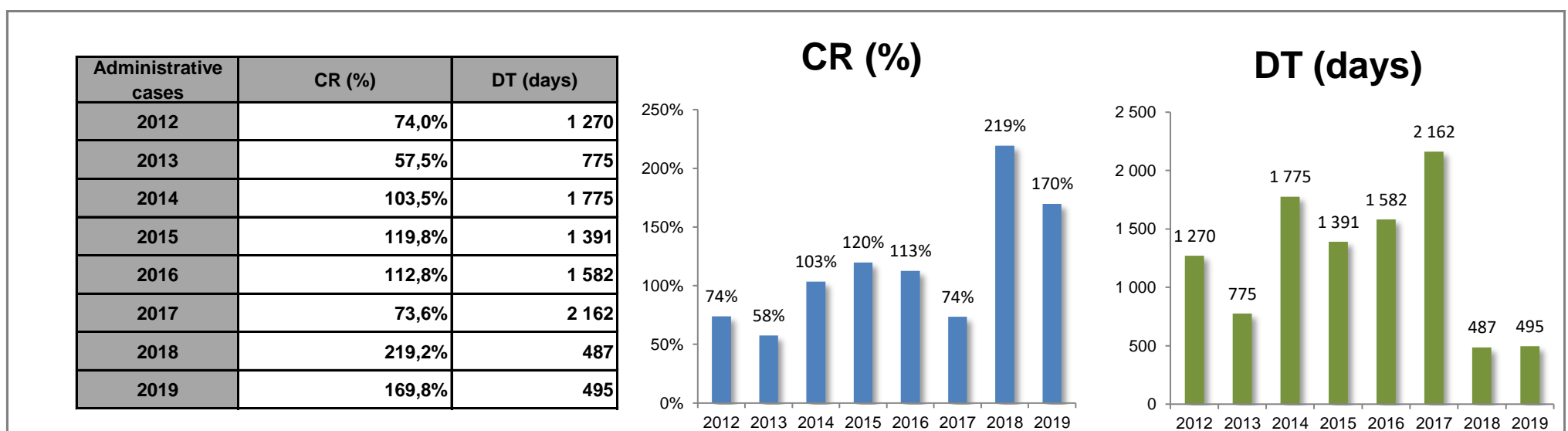
◦ *Administrative cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Cyprus (0,21 per 100 inhabitants) is below EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants).

However, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Cyprus (0,36 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants).

Also, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Cyprus (0,49 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 169,8% in 2019, Cyprus seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 49,4 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 495 days, which is significantly above the EU median of 284 days.

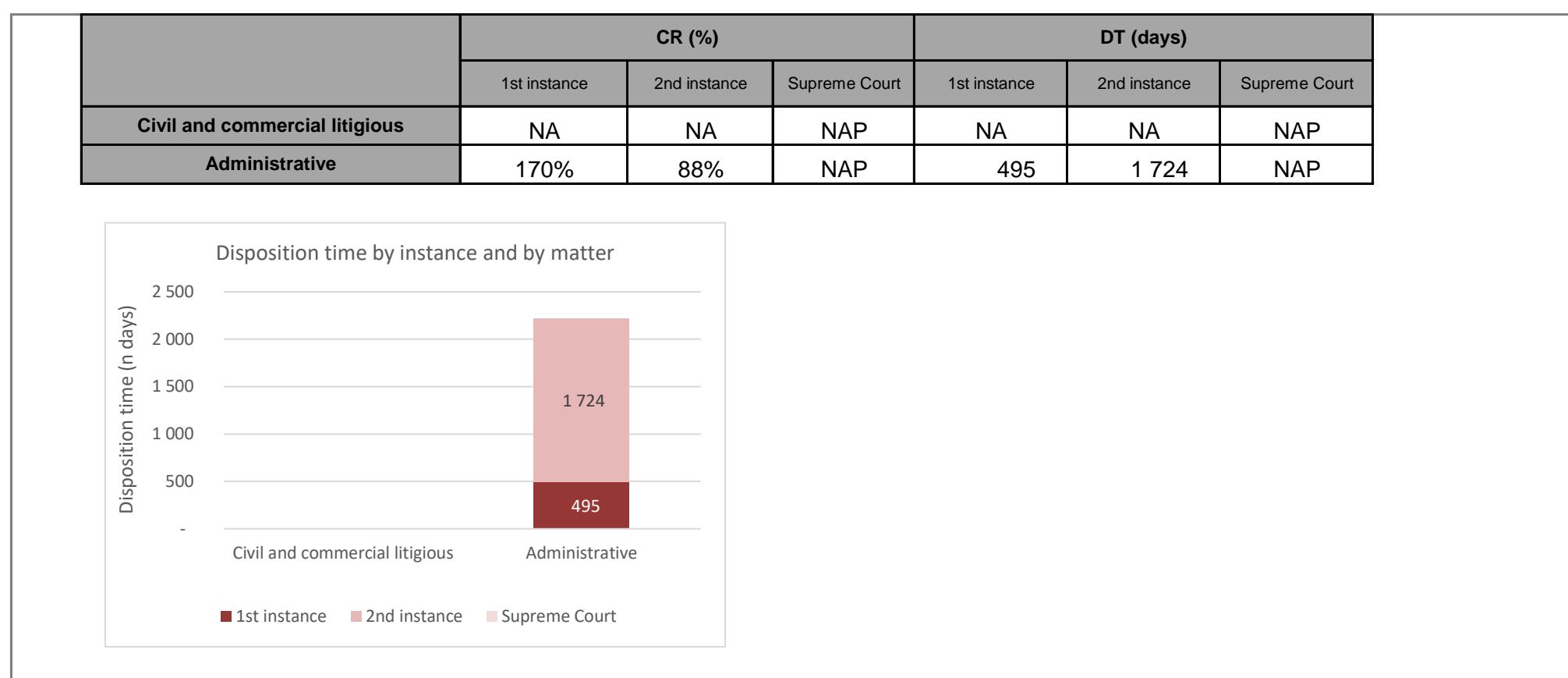
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 1,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Insolvency

The Clearance Rate and Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated considering that data on the number of insolvency cases have not been provided (NA).

Overview efficiency by instance and by case matter



Cyprus has not provided separate data for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases for 2019 and previous cycles. Consequently, the Clearance Rate and Disposition time cannot be calculated.

The administrative law cases include the cases from the administrative court which was established in 2018. Considering that Cyprus has a two tier system, only first and second instance cases can be observed. It seems that second instance encounters much more difficulties as Disposition Time is at the level of 1 724 days compared to 495 days in the first instance. However, it should be noted that both of these values are well above EU median which is 284 days in the first instance and 329 days in the second instance.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Cyprus provides court related mediation.

A law on mediation was introduced in 2012 and applies only to civil cases. The case is transmitted to mediation and the judge does not act as a mediator.

The court related mediation system in Cyprus does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

The information about the number of registered court-related mediators is not available (NA).

Data on the number of court-related mediation procedures is not available.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

The Supreme Court prepares an activity report on the reserved judgments and the period for which they are reserved. There is no report prepared by each court on the number of cases.

The report contains the number of cases resolved by each judge, the number of incoming and pending cases, the number of judges and the needs and problems of each court.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are applied in practice.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):
points (up to 4)

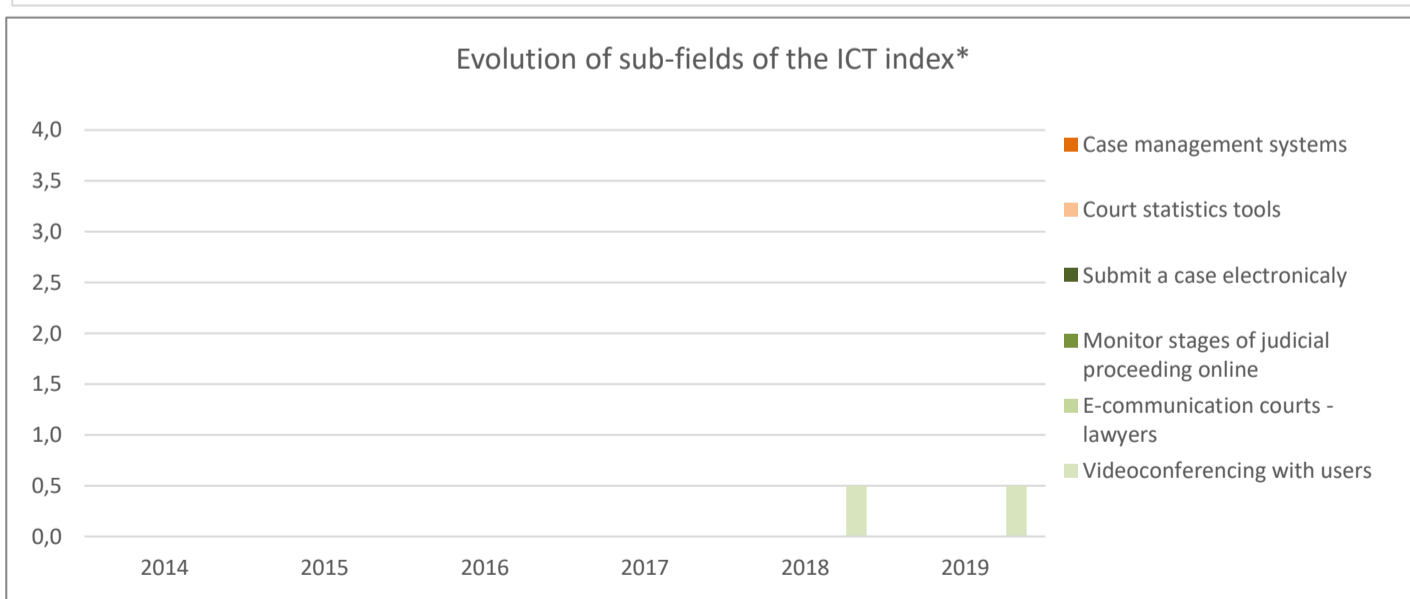
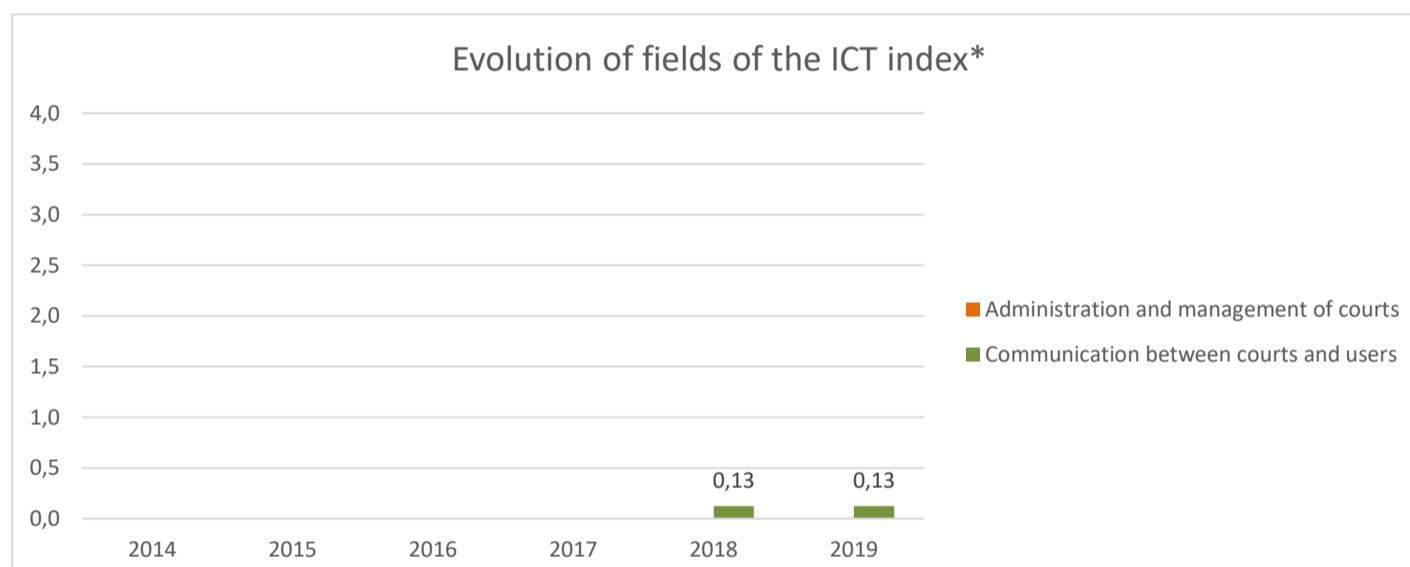
◦ Administration and management ;	0,0
Case management systems	0,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	0,0
◦ Communication between court and users.	0,1
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	0,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	0,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	0,0
Videoconferencing with users	0,5

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Statistical data

In Cyprus, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary which is the Supreme Court of Cyprus (<http://www.supremecourt.gov.cy/>).

This institution does not publish statistics of each court.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- on paper

The report contains the number of cases resolved by each judge, the number of incoming and pending cases, the number of judges and the needs and problems of each court.

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	2,6%	-0,9%	0,0%	-1,1%	0,0%	0,8%	2,5%	1,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	20 512 €	19 033 €	20 454 €	20 931 €	21 282 €	22 770 €	24 633 €	25 270 €	23,2%	-7,2%	7,5%	2,3%	1,7%	7,0%	8,2%	2,6%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	76 527 498	68 958 069	279 825 433	326 670 561	279 943 425	297 891 415	310 468 854	318 694 273	316,4%	-9,9%	305,8%	16,7%	-14,3%	6,4%	4,2%	2,6%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	2,6%	-0,9%	0,0%	-1,1%	0,0%	0,8%	2,5%	1,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	20 512 €	19 033 €	20 454 €	20 931 €	21 282 €	22 770 €	24 633 €	25 270 €	23,2%	-7,2%	7,5%	2,3%	1,7%	7,0%	8,2%	2,6%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	76 527 498	68 958 069	279 825 433	326 670 561	279 943 425	297 891 415	310 468 854	318 694 273	316,4%	0 €	305,8%	16,7%	-14,3%	6,4%	4,2%	2,6%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	NA	NA	267 527 698	288 835 447	295 571 674	302 081 901	-	-	-	-	-	8,0%	2,3%	2,2%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	2,6%	-0,9%	0,0%	-1,1%	0,0%	0,8%	2,5%	1,4%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	76 527 498	68 958 069	279 825 433	326 670 561	279 943 425	297 891 415	310 468 854	318 694 273	316,4%	-9,9%	305,8%	16,7%	-14,3%	6,4%	4,2%	2,6%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	11 377 030	-	7 851 964	9 166 370	8 221 486	7 762 843	7 660 563	7 707 621	-32,3%	-	-	16,7%	-10,3%	-5,6%	-1,3%	0,6%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	48	48	48	58	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	20,8%
--	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	-------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	2,6%	-0,9%	0,0%	-1,1%	0,0%	0,8%	2,5%	1,4%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	14	13	13	15	15	15	15	16	14,3%	-7,1%	0,0%	15,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	6,7%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	21	19	21	22	22	22	21	22	4,8%	-9,5%	10,5%	4,8%	0,0%	0,0%	-4,5%	4,8%

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	14	13	13	15	15	15	15	16	14,3%	-7,1%	0,0%	15,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	6,7%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	200,0%	0,0%	200,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	-33,3%	-33,3%	50,0%	-33,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NA	NAP	3	5	5	5	5	6	-	-	-	66,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	2,6%	-0,9%	0,0%	-1,1%	0,0%	0,8%	2,5%	1,4%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	42 179	NA	49 655	58 568	52 412	54 586	57 972	48 837	15,8%	-	-	17,9%	-10,5%	4,1%	6,2%	-15,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	44 285	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	4 851	5 395	8 130	8 074	7 737	7 540	8 025	5 700	17,5%	11,2%	50,7%	-0,7%	-4,2%	-2,5%	6,4%	-29,0%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	898	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	36 868	NA	23 939	29 667	20 394	15 160	20 937	20 817	-43,5%	-	-	23,9%	-31,3%	-25,7%	38,1%	-0,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	38 473	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	2 094	6 653	1 604	1 694	1 543	1 840	1 950	1 900	-9,3%	217,7%	-75,9%	5,6%	-8,9%	19,2%	6,0%	-2,6%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 031	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	32 092	NA	21 182	26 751	21 661	17 168	26 147	20 382	-36,5%	-	-	26,3%	-19,0%	-20,7%	52,3%	-22,0%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	30 125	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 550	3 828	1 660	2 030	1 740	1 355	4 275	3 227	108,2%	147,0%	-56,6%	22,3%	-14,3%	-22,1%	215,5%	-24,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 065	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	46 955	NA	52 412	61 484	51 145	52 578	52 762	49 272	4,9%	-	-	17,3%	-16,8%	2,8%	0,3%	-6,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	52 633	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	5 395	8 130	8 074	7 738	7 540	8 025	5 700	4 373	-18,9%	50,7%	-0,7%	-4,2%	-2,6%	6,4%	-29,0%	-23,3%

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	864	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	87,0%	NA	88,5%	90,2%	106,2%	113,2%	124,9%	97,9%	12,5%	-	-	1,9%	17,8%	6,6%	10,3%	-21,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	78,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	74,0%	57,5%	103,5%	119,8%	112,8%	73,6%	219,2%	169,8%	129,5%	-22,3%	79,9%	15,8%	-5,9%	-34,7%	197,7%	-22,5%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	103,3%	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	534	NA	903	839	862	1118	737	882	65,2%	-	-	-7,1%	2,7%	29,7%	-34,1%	19,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	638	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1270	775	1775	1391	1582	2162	487	495	-61,1%	-39,0%	129,0%	-21,6%	13,7%	36,7%	-77,5%	1,6%

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	296	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	3 450	3 378	3 335	3 282	3 389	3 581	3 322	3 293	-4,6%	-2,1%	-1,3%	-1,6%	3,3%	5,7%	-7,2%	-0,9%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	1 382	1 749	2 173	2 219	2 105	2 292	2 196	1 845	33,5%	26,6%	24,2%	2,1%	-5,1%	8,9%	-4,2%	-16,0%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	7 195	6 846	6 686	6 605	6 663	6 601	6 695	7 075	-1,7%	-4,9%	-2,3%	-1,2%	0,9%	-0,9%	1,4%	5,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	1 005	1 038	984	637	1 014	489	364	632	-37,1%	3,3%	-5,2%	-35,3%	59,2%	-51,8%	-25,6%	73,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	7 267	6 889	6 737	6 498	6 471	6 660	6 724	6 951	-4,3%	-5,2%	-2,2%	-3,5%	-0,4%	2,9%	1,0%	3,4%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	638	614	938	751	827	585	715	512	-19,7%	-3,8%	52,8%	-19,9%	10,1%	-29,3%	22,2%	-28,4%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	3 378	3 335	3 284	3 389	3 581	3 522	3 293	3 417	1,2%	-1,3%	-1,5%	3,2%	5,7%	-1,6%	-6,5%	3,8%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	1 749	2 173	2 219	2 105	2 292	2 196	1 845	1 965	12,3%	24,2%	2,1%	-5,1%	8,9%	-4,2%	-16,0%	6,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	101,0%	100,6%	100,8%	98,4%	97,1%	100,9%	100,4%	98,2%	-2,7%	-0,4%	0,1%	-2,4%	-1,3%	3,9%	-0,5%	-2,2%
CR Employment dismissal cases	63,5%	59,2%	95,3%	117,9%	81,6%	119,6%	196,4%	81,0%	27,6%	-6,8%	61,2%	23,7%	-30,8%	46,7%	64,2%	-58,8%
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	170	177	178	190	202	193	179	179	5,8%	4,1%	0,7%	7,0%	6,1%	-4,4%	-7,4%	0,4%
DT Employment dismissal cases	1 001	1 292	863	1 023	1 012	1 370	942	1 401	40,0%	29,1%	-33,2%	18,5%	-1,1%	35,4%	-31,3%	48,7%
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 918	NA	2 500	2 868	3 230	3 816	4 186	4 215	119,8%	-	-	14,7%	12,6%	18,1%	9,7%	0,7%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 148	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	619	NA	801	871	886	957	909	939	51,7%	-	-	8,7%	1,7%	8,0%	-5,0%	3,3%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	104	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 076	NA	865	788	919	786	843	930	-13,6%	-	-	-8,9%	16,6%	-14,5%	7,3%	10,3%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	515	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	288	NA	180	133	63	120	189	234	-18,8%	-	-	-26,1%	-52,6%	90,5%	57,5%	23,8%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	34	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	719	NA	437	426	461	529	737	810	12,7%	-	-	-2,5%	8,2%	14,8%	39,3%	9,9%

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	325	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	116	NA	110	118	120	168	159	205	76,7%	-	-	7,3%	1,7%	40,0%	-5,4%	28,9%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	27	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 275	NA	2 928	3 230	3 688	4 073	4 292	4 335	90,5%	-	-	10,3%	14,2%	10,4%	5,4%	1,0%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	303	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	791	NA	871	886	829	909	939	968	22,4%	-	-	1,7%	-6,4%	9,7%	3,3%	3,1%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	111	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	66,8%	NA	50,5%	54,1%	50,2%	67,3%	87,4%	87,1%	30,3%	-	-	7,0%	-7,2%	34,2%	29,9%	-0,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	63,1%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	40,3%	NA	61,1%	88,7%	190,5%	140,0%	84,1%	87,6%	117,5%	-	-	45,2%	114,7%	-26,5%	-39,9%	4,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	79,4%	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	1155	NA	2446	2767	2920	2810	2126	1953	69,1%	-	-	13,2%	5,5%	-3,8%	-24,4%	-8,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	340	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	2489	NA	2890	2741	2522	1975	2156	1724	-30,8%	-	-	-5,2%	-8,0%	-21,7%	9,1%	-20,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1501	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	2,6%	-0,9%	0,0%	-1,1%	0,0%	0,8%	2,5%	1,4%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	1 526 738	1 098 226	NA	NA	2 076 200	2 387 000	2 305 000	2 611 010	71,0%	-28,1%	-	-	-	15,0%	-3,4%	13,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	895 700	NA	1 907 617	1 636 640	1 713 791	1 863 817	-	-	-	-	-	-14,2%	4,7%	8,8%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	11	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)								
63.1 Is there a case management system?							No	No
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)								
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)								
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)								
63.1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							FALSE	FALSE
63.1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							FALSE	FALSE
63.1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							FALSE	FALSE
63.2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63.2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63.7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							No	No
63.7.1 workload of judges								
63.7.1 workload of prosecutors								
63.7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								
63.7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							No	0
63.7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	0
63.7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	0
63.7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	0
63.7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	0

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	0									

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							No	No											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial																			
064-2 - Criminal																			
064-2 - Administrative																			
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	0											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	0											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	0											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							No	0											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	0											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							No	0											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							No	0											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	0											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							No	0											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							No	No											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							No	0											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	0											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							No	0											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	0											

- Civil - Equipment rate
- Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
- Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
- Civil - SMS
- Civil - E-mail
- Civil - Specific computer application
- Civil - Other

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	0									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	0									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	0									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	0									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	0									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							FALSE	FALSE									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							FALSE	FALSE									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							FALSE	FALSE									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							No	0
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							No	0
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial								0% (NAP)
064-6 - Criminal								0% (NAP)
064-6 - Administrative								0% (NAP)
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							NA	NA
064-10 - Criminal							NA	NA
064-10 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							No	No
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial								
064-11 - Criminal								
064-11 - Administrative								
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							FALSE	FALSE

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							FALSE	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							FALSE	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	No	-	-	-	Yes	No

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	No
064-3 - Equipment rate								
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	0
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							No	0
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	0
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	0

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No									

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
064-7 - Email								No	No									
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	No									
064-7 - Other								No	No									
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	No									
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
064-7 - Email								No	No									
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	No									
064-7 - Other								No	No									
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	No									
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																		
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																		
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No									
<i>In criminal matter</i>																		
064-1 - Admission								No	No									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	NAP									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	NAP									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	NAP									
<i>In administrative matter</i>																		

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-1 - Admission							No	No										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	NAP										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	NAP										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	NAP										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																		
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							No	No										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Workload							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	0										
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																		
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							No	No										

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	Compulsory
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	True	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)																
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																	
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																	
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	No	No								
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	No	No								

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	2,6%	-0,9%	0,0%	-1,1%	0,0%	0,8%	2,5%	1,4%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	103	101	97	113	111	119	118	115	11,7%	-1,9%	-4,0%	16,5%	-1,8%	7,2%	-0,8%	-2,5%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	90	88	84	100	98	106	105	102	13,3%	-2,2%	-4,5%	19,0%	-2,0%	8,2%	-0,9%	-2,9%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	56	54	53	60	57	60	59	59	5,4%	-3,6%	-1,9%	13,2%	-5,0%	5,3%	-1,7%	0,0%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	47	44	44	51	49	52	51	50	6,4%	-6,4%	0,0%	15,9%	-3,9%	6,1%	-1,9%	-2,0%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	9	10	9	9	8	8	8	9	0,0%	11,1%	-10,0%	0,0%	-11,1%	0,0%	0,0%	12,5%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	47	47	44	53	54	59	59	56	19,1%	0,0%	-6,4%	20,5%	1,9%	9,3%	0,0%	-5,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	43	44	40	49	49	54	54	52	20,9%	2,3%	-9,1%	22,5%	0,0%	10,2%	0,0%	-3,7%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	4	3	4	4	5	5	5	4	0,0%	-25,0%	33,3%	0,0%	25,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-20,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	424	427	448	424	437	441	427	475	12,0%	0,7%	4,9%	-5,4%	3,1%	0,9%	-3,2%	11,2%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	133	133	129	130	138	138	138	155	16,5%	0,0%	-3,0%	0,8%	6,2%	0,0%	0,0%	12,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	124	131	128	130	135	135	131	147	18,5%	5,6%	-2,3%	1,6%	3,8%	0,0%	-3,0%	12,2%

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	129	125	151	128	130	134	125	135	4,7%	-3,1%	20,8%	-15,2%	1,6%	3,1%	-6,7%	8,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	38	38	40	36	34	34	33	38	0,0%	0,0%	5,3%	-10,0%	-5,6%	0,0%	-2,9%	15,2%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	178	144	146	150	143	155	-	-	-	-19,1%	1,4%	2,7%	-4,7%	8,4%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	9	9	9	9	9	9	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	7	8	8	10	8	-	-	-	-	14,3%	0,0%	25,0%	-20,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	118	99	101	105	95	103	-	-	-	-16,1%	2,0%	4,0%	-9,5%	8,4%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	29	28	28	30	35	-	-	-	-	-3,4%	0,0%	7,1%	16,7%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	272	284	280	291	291	284	320	-	-	4,4%	-1,4%	3,9%	0,0%	-2,4%	12,7%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	126	120	121	129	129	129	146	-	-	-4,8%	0,8%	6,6%	0,0%	0,0%	13,2%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	121	NA	123	127	127	121	139	-	-	-	-	3,3%	0,0%	-4,7%	14,9%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	31	33	29	29	29	30	32	-	-	6,5%	-12,1%	0,0%	0,0%	3,4%	6,7%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	7	6	6	3	3	-	-	-	-	-14,3%	0,0%	-50,0%	0,0%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	2,6%	-0,9%	0,0%	-1,1%	0,0%	0,8%	2,5%	1,4%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	2 558	2 896	3 114	3 208	3 605	3 793	4 012	4 209	64,5%	13,2%	7,5%	3,0%	12,4%	5,2%	5,8%	4,9%

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	424	427	448	424	437	441	427	475	12,0%	0,7%	4,9%	-5,4%	3,1%	0,9%	-3,2%	11,2%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	133	133	129	130	138	138	138	155	16,5%	0,0%	-3,0%	0,8%	6,2%	0,0%	0,0%	12,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	124	131	128	130	135	135	131	147	18,5%	5,6%	-2,3%	1,6%	3,8%	0,0%	-3,0%	12,2%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	129	125	151	128	130	134	125	135	4,7%	-3,1%	20,8%	-15,2%	1,6%	3,1%	-6,7%	8,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	38	38	40	36	34	34	33	38	0,0%	0,0%	5,3%	-10,0%	-5,6%	0,0%	-2,9%	15,2%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	178	144	146	150	143	155	-	-	-	-19,1%	1,4%	2,7%	-4,7%	8,4%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	9	9	9	9	9	9	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	7	8	8	10	8	-	-	-	-	14,3%	0,0%	25,0%	-20,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	118	99	101	105	95	103	-	-	-	-16,1%	2,0%	4,0%	-9,5%	8,4%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	29	28	28	30	35	-	-	-	-	-3,4%	0,0%	7,1%	16,7%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	272	284	280	291	291	284	320	-	-	4,4%	-1,4%	3,9%	0,0%	-2,4%	12,7%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	126	120	121	129	129	129	146	-	-	-4,8%	0,8%	6,6%	0,0%	0,0%	13,2%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	121	NA	123	127	127	121	139	-	-	-	-	3,3%	0,0%	-4,7%	14,9%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	31	33	29	29	29	30	32	-	-	6,5%	-12,1%	0,0%	0,0%	3,4%	6,7%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	7	6	6	3	3	-	-	-	-	-14,3%	0,0%	-50,0%	0,0%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------

Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							No	No
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Cyprus (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							No	No									
Non-judge staff							No	No									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							No	No									
Enforcement agents							No	No									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							No	No									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Czech Republic

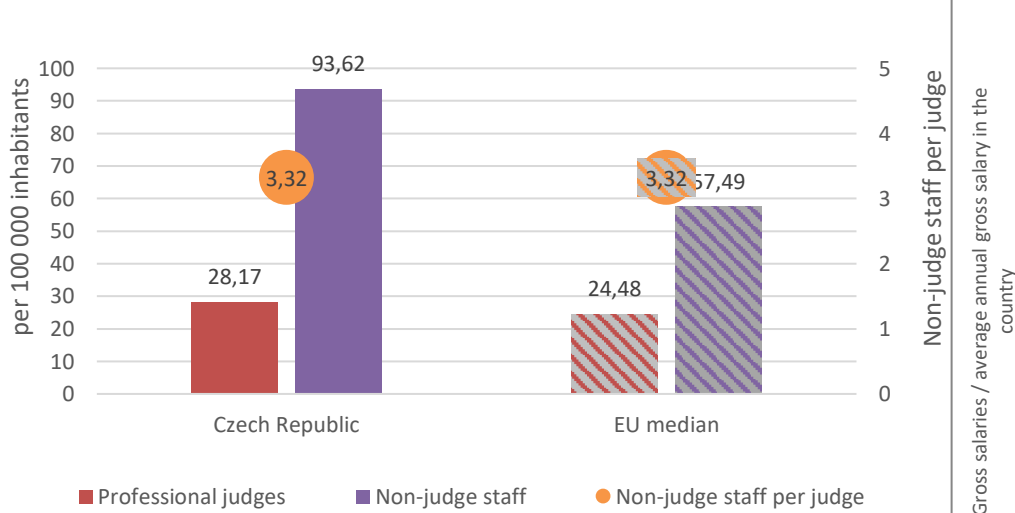
General data

Population: 10 669 324 **GDP:** 20 830 € **Average annual salary:** 16 116 €

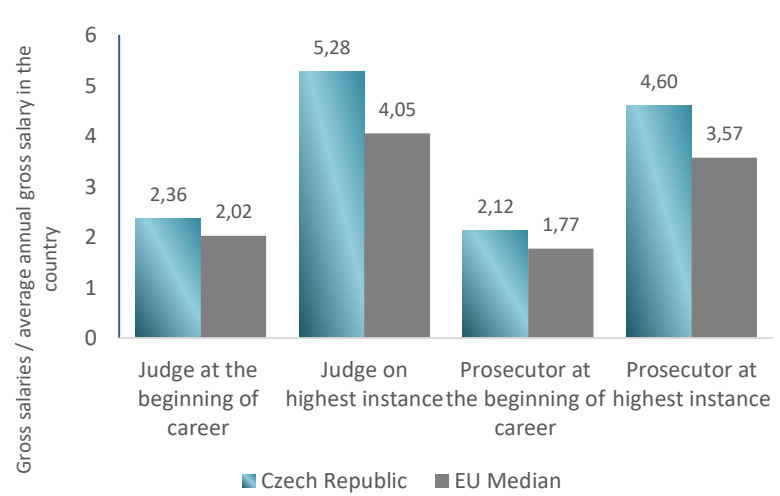
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
28,17	93,62	114,23	5,52
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

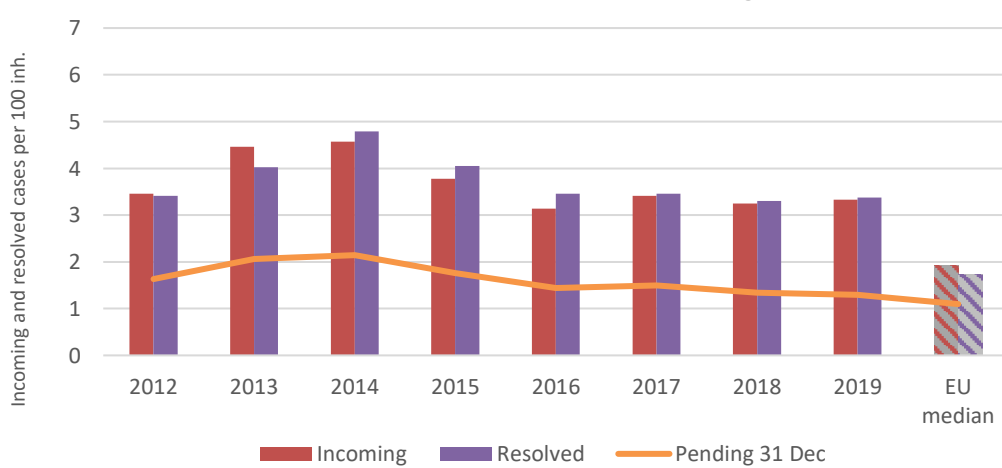


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

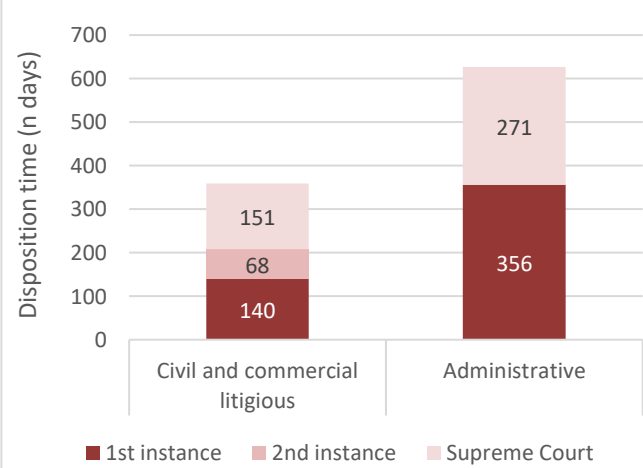


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

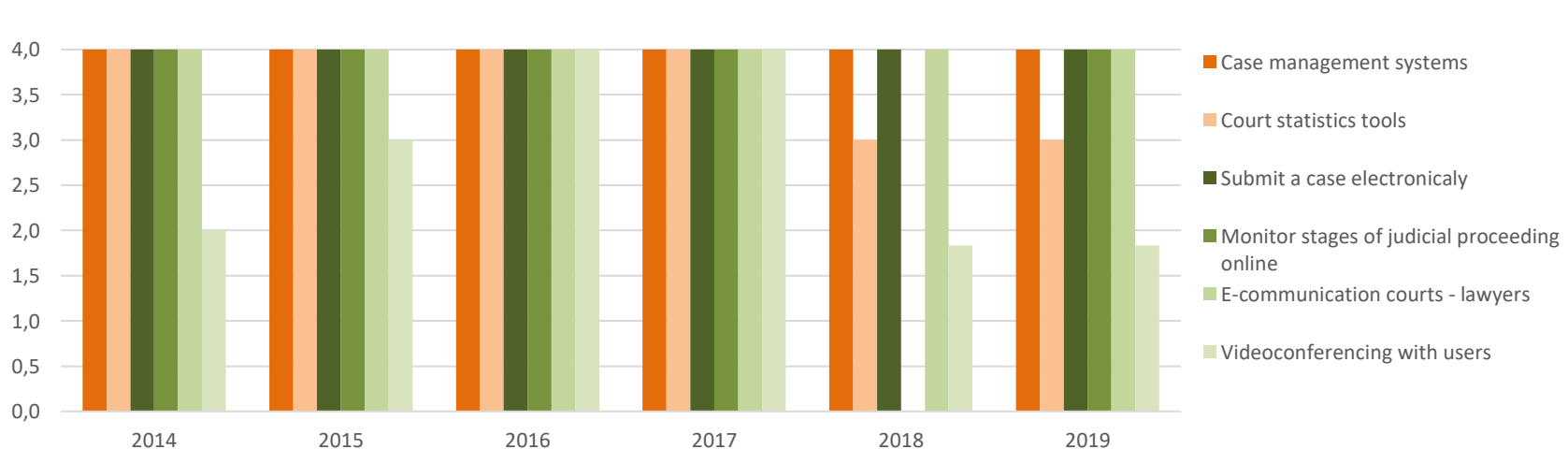


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Czech Republic

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	1,5%	0,5%	0,7%	0,6%	0,2%
GDP per capita	14 557 €	13 473 €	14 602 €	15 985 €	16 700 €	18 095 €	19 489 €	20 830 €	43,1%	14,4%	16,7%	7,7%	6,9%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	25,14000	27,42500	27,72500	27,02500	27,02000	25,54000	25,73000	25,41000	1,1%	-2,5%	-4,8%	0,7%	-1,2%
Average annual salary	12 463 €		11 083 €		12 253 €		14 365 €	16 116 €	29,3%	10,6%	17,2%		12,2%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	29,1	29,1	28,8	28,6	28,4	28,4	28,4	28,2	-3,1%	-1,3%	0,1%	0,0%	-0,9%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	86,9	86,6	88,4	89,2	91,8	93,4	92,6	93,6	7,7%	3,8%	0,8%	-0,9%	1,2%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	104,1	97,6	112,5	116,5	106,9	109,4	105,0	114,2	9,7%	-5,0%	-1,8%	-4,1%	8,8%
Mediators	3,7	4,2	4,0	5,6	5,9	6,2	6,2	5,5	49,5%	46,5%	5,3%	-1,0%	-10,5%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,455	4,463	4,570	3,773	3,142	3,411	3,251	3,330	-3,6%	-31,2%	3,5%	-4,7%	2,4%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,766	8,507	1,427	4,819	4,638	4,520	4,132	4,111	48,6%	225,0%	-10,9%	-8,6%	-0,5%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	2,3	1,7	1,6	1,3	1,0	1,1	NAP	-30,0%	-33,9%	-16,2%	7,0%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	0,1	0,087	0,108	0,104	0,111	0,099	NAP	25,4%	3,2%	7,0%	-11,0%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	99%	90%	105%	107%	110%	101%	102%	101%	2,58	5,30	-8,42	0,14	-0,17
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	103%	102%	84%	104%	105%	100%	101%	100%	-2,62	21,12	-4,05	1,27	-1,52
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	98%	97%	103%	97%	102%	100%	NAP	4,99	-0,88	4,87	-2,17
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	91%	92%	80%	92%	88%	107%	NAP	-10,71	7,82	-3,65	19,13
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	174	187	163	159	153	157	149	140	-19,6%	-6,7%	-2,6%	-5,6%	-5,8%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	45	30	160	133	116	121	120	123	174,7%	-27,8%	3,5%	-0,5%	2,2%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	20	29	16	21	16	15	NAP	-19,1%	1,6%	-23,6%	-5,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	415	437	421	408	412	356	NAP	1,3%	-2,0%	1,1%	-13,7%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,63	2,07	2,14	1,76	1,45	1,49	1,34	1,29	-20,5%	-32,6%	-7,0%	-9,9%	-3,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,35	0,72	0,53	1,82	1,55	1,50	1,38	1,38	297,8%	193,6%	-11,3%	-7,9%	0,2%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	0,12	0,13	0,07	0,07	0,05	0,05	NAP	-40,5%	-33,4%	-32,8%	-0,5%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	0,09	0,10	0,10	0,11	0,11	0,10	NAP	12,1%	11,0%	3,9%	-6,6%
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	98%	100%	102%	102%	102%	103%	102%	103%	5,69	0,30	-0,17	-1,41	1,60
CR administrative law cases	98%	105%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019

DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	70	71	73	74	69	74	75	68	-2,4%	-5,5%	8,7%	1,1%	-8,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)	397	366	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

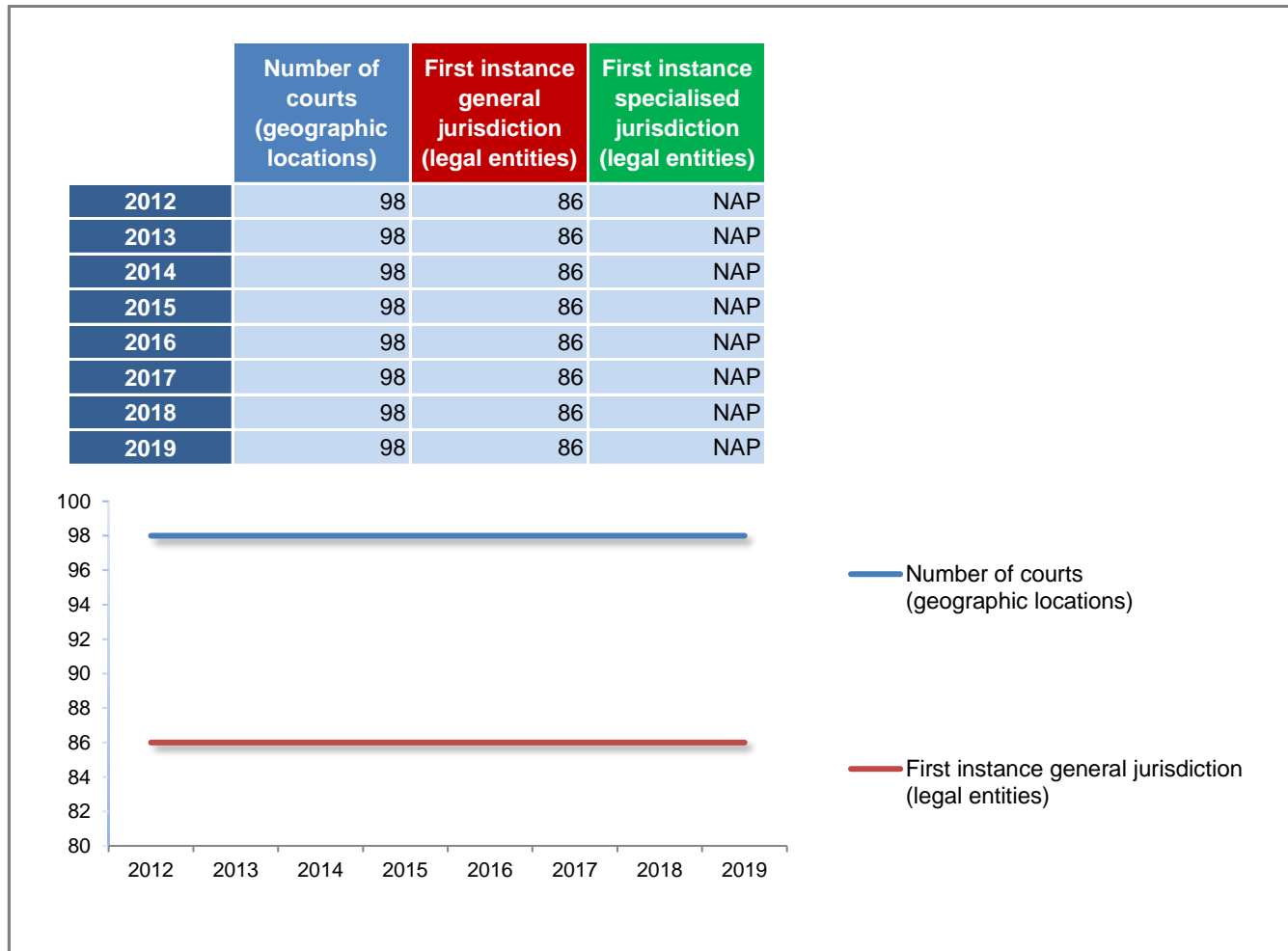
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	128%	-	96%	101%	98%	101%	110%	110%	-17,75	2,11	11,58	9,28	-0,03
CR administrative law cases	90%	-	102%	NA	91%	88%	85%	91%	0,94	-11,15	-6,09	-3,30	6,15

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	221	-	201	178	179	171	167	151	-31,8%	-10,7%	-6,9%	-2,6%	-9,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)	147	-	156	NA	176	200	262	271	84,3%	12,3%	49,0%	31,2%	3,6%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Czech Republic

The Czech Republic has a four-tier court system. According to 2019 data, in the Czech Republic there are 86 first instance courts of general jurisdiction.

There are 8 Regional courts and 2 High courts as second instance jurisdictions and 1 Supreme Court and 1 Supreme Administrative Court as highest instance courts.



There are no specialised first instance courts, but judges within individual courts are specialised (e.g. for family, labour and enforcement cases at district courts, and insolvency and administrative cases at regional courts as first instance courts).

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Czech Republic

- Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
733 871 466 €

Implemented:
747 901 045 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√
√

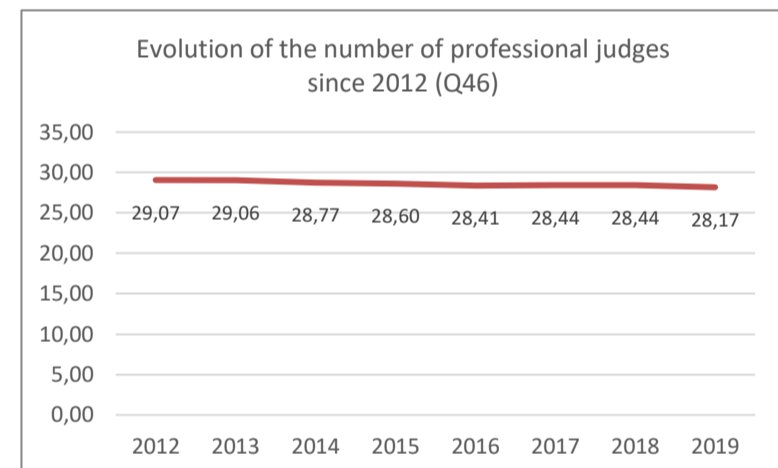
It is noteworthy that before 2014, the implemented budget was provided instead of the approved one.

- Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	3 055	29,07	39,1%	60,9%
2013	3 054	29,06	38,9%	61,1%
2014	3 028	28,77	39,4%	60,6%
2015	3 018	28,60	39,3%	60,7%
2016	3 005	28,41	39,3%	60,7%
2017	3 012	28,44	39,1%	60,9%
2018	3 029	28,44	39,5%	60,5%
2019	3 006	28,17	39,6%	60,4%



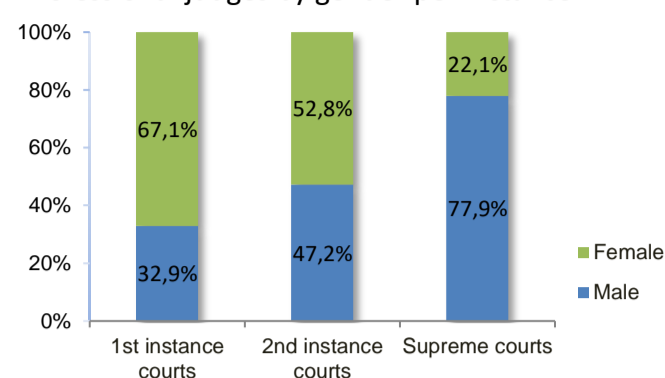
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Czech Republic is 3 006 which is 0,8% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Czech Republic, in 2019 there are 28,2 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,3 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 3,3 non-judge staff per judge).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	1 824	600	1 224
2nd instance courts	1 078	509	569
Supreme courts	104	81	23
Total	3 006	1 190	1 816

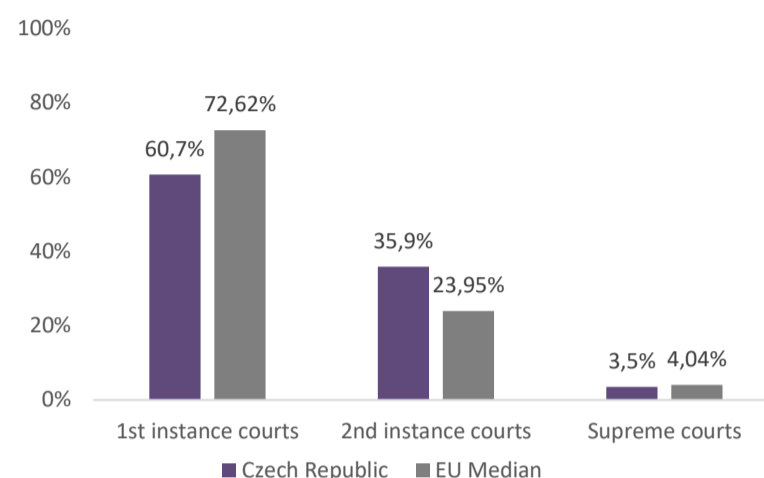
Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	60,7%	32,9%	67,1%
2nd instance courts	35,9%	47,2%	52,8%
Supreme courts	3,5%	77,9%	22,1%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 1 816 which represents 60,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 824 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 1 224 are female); 1 078 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 569 are female) and 104 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 23 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, the Czech Republic presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the Czech Republic has a four-tier system. The number of judges of the two High Courts is included in the number of second instance judges. This methodology of presentation of data is applied since 2013, while for the previous evaluations, magistrates of the High Courts were considered as third instance judges.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that there are more than 50% of female judges in first and second instance courts, but only 22.1% in the highest instance.

In Czech Republic, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory



Optional



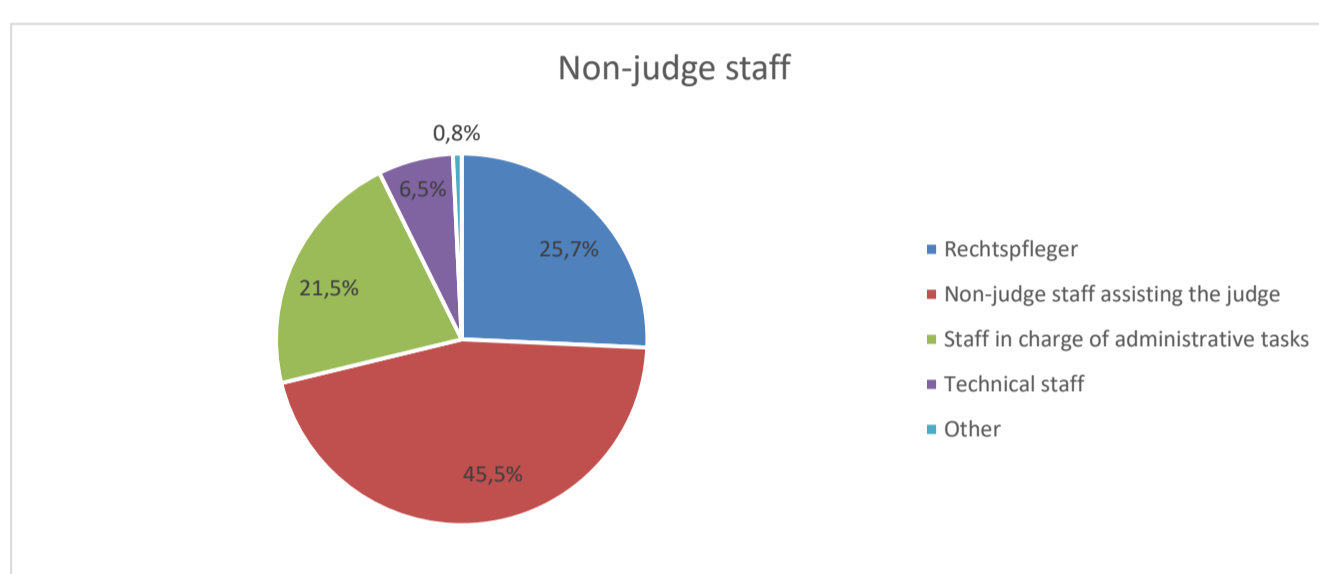
Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	1615	732
1. Only for judges	NA	367
2. Only for prosecutors	NA	367
3. Only for other non-judge staff	NA	365
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NA	365
5. Other common training	NA	NA

Number of e-learning modules that are now available to justice practitioners in the Judicial Academy on-line educational platform is relatively high. All e-learning modules are self-study courses.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	9 135	1 950	4 463	2 038	636	48
2013	9 107	1 907	4 418	2 131	625	26
2014	9 309	2 073	4 539	2 006	614	77
2015	9 409	2 190	4 519	2 053	610	37
2016	9 714	2 408	4 497	2 091	656	62
2017	9 887	2 438	4 632	2 057	701	59
2018	9 857	2 443	4 616	2 060	656	82
2019	9 989	2 568	4 546	2 145	654	76



In Czech Republic, in this cycle there are 9 989 non-judge staff (among which 8 749 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 1,3%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 2 568 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 2 130 are women);
- 4 546 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 4 367 are women);
- 2 145 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 1 807 are women);
- 654 technical staff (among which 391 are women);
- 76 other (among which 54 are women);

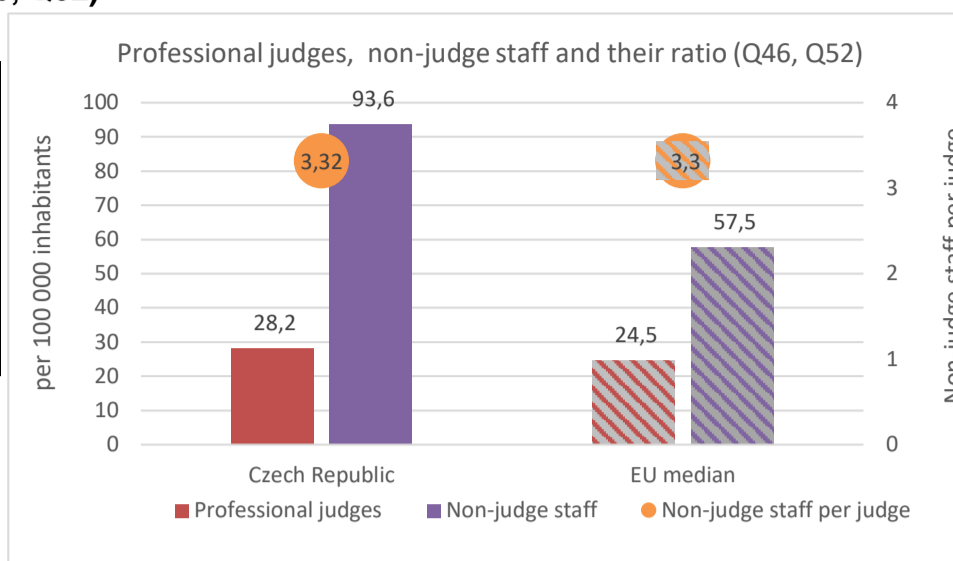
In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 92,6 in 2018 to 93,6 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants decreases from 28,4 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 28,2 in 2019.

The category "other" encompasses for 2010 judicial trainees or staff in charge of court documentation. For 2012, 2013 and 2014, besides the already mentioned components, it subsumes also press centre and telephone exchange.

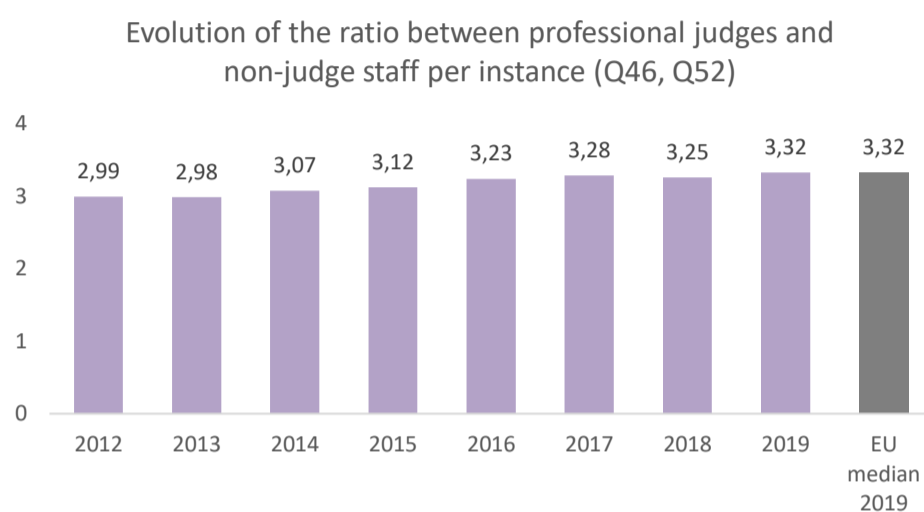
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Czech Republic	EU median
Professional judges	28,2	24,5
Non-judge staff	93,6	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,32	3,3



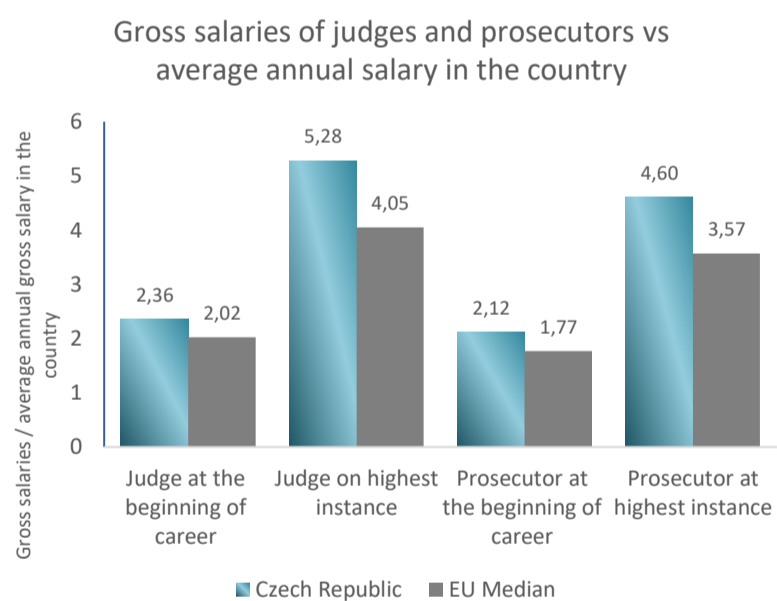
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	2,99
2013	2,98
2014	3,07
2015	3,12
2016	3,23
2017	3,28
2018	3,25
2019	3,32



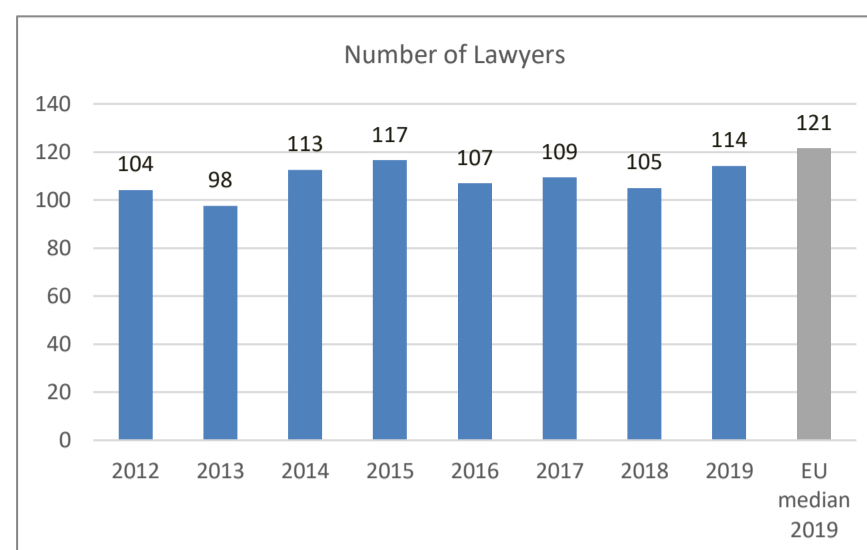
Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	38 064 €	NA	2,36
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	85 157 €	NA	5,28
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	34 238 €	NA	2,12
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	74 171 €	NA	4,60



Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	10 944	104,14
2013	10 255	97,57
2014	11 842	112,52
2015	12 300	116,55
2016	11 310	106,91
2017	11 587	109,42
2018	11 180	104,98
2019	12 188	114,23

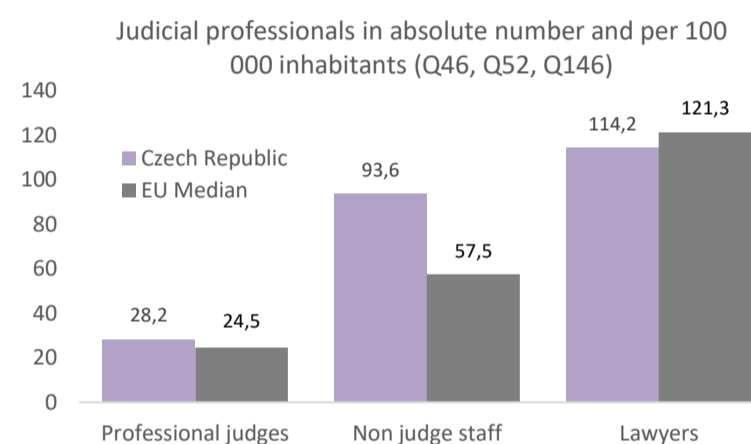


In 2019, there are 12 188 lawyers, which is 9,0% more than in 2018.

This data of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is around the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	3 006	28,17	24,48
Non judge staff	9 989	93,62	57,49
Lawyers	12 188	114,23	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is not available.

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 21 484 408 € (2,0 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	15547 111 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	5937 297 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	21484 408 €
- In criminal law cases:	15547 111 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	5937 297 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA

It is noteworthy that before 2014, the implemented budget was provided instead of the approved one.

The data on approved budget allocated to legal aid do not exist, the approved budget is not divided to this level.

The data on implemented budget are obtained from individual courts from their accounting system.

The provided data covers only financial means from the State budget and only cases brought to court. Besides, legal aid is also provided by the Czech Bar Association on its own expenses (or on the expenses of the individual lawyers) and it could cover also cases not brought to court.

In Czech Republic, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

Legal aid could be granted at every stage of the proceedings – it could be granted even only for enforcement of judicial decision.]

If legal aid is granted, it covers all costs, including lawyer's fees, fees of judicial experts, etc.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

The law regulates exceptions to the duty to pay court fees. On the one hand, the legislator has established a list of certain persons exempt from paying court fees (e.g. the State, diplomatic representations of foreign States, foundations). On the other hand, the law refers to specific types of procedures in respect of which there is an exemption from paying court fees (e.g. proceedings on guardianship, adoption, probate proceedings, election proceedings). Besides these situations, there is a possibility for participants in proceedings to ask for waiver of court fees ordered by the court. Such release should be justified by the participant's personal situation in order to avoid arbitrary or apparently unsuccessful application or protection of law.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

The court fee is CZK 1000 if the monetary performance is lower than CZK 20 000 and it represents 5% of the respective amount of money if the monetary performance is higher than CZK 20000. In non-monetary performance the court fee is CZK 2000.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 150€

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

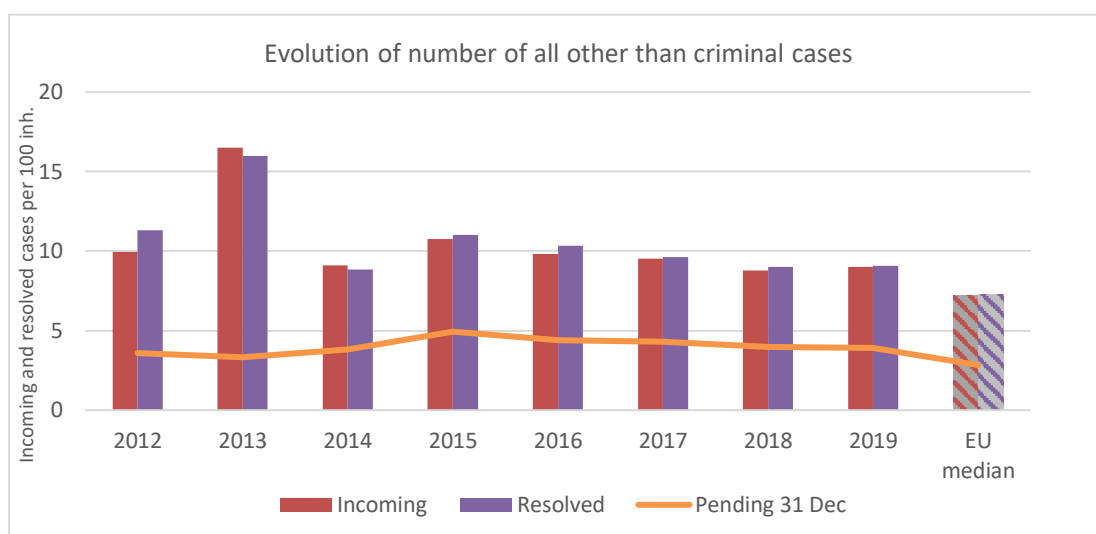
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

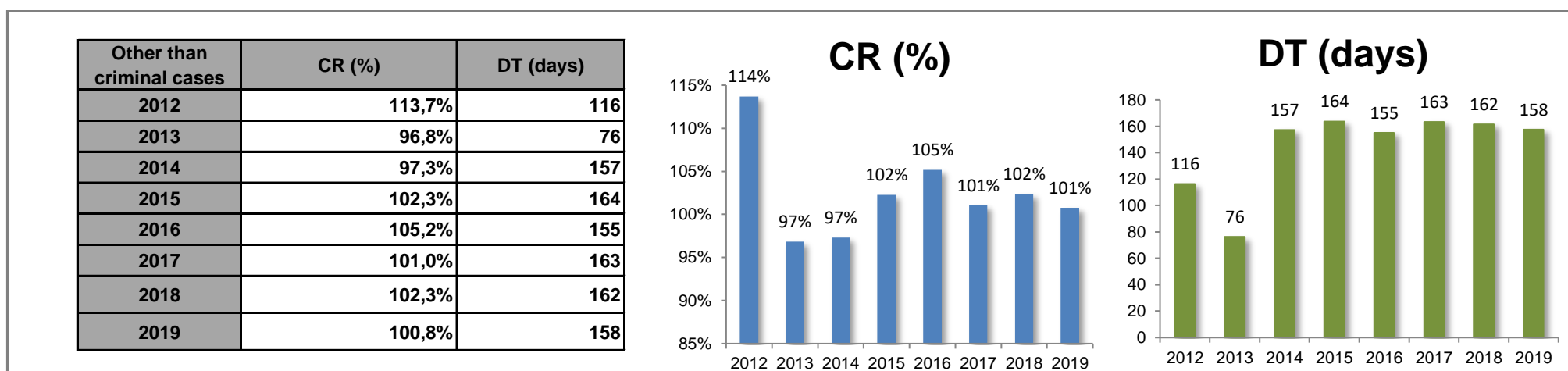
First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Czech Republic (9,00 per 100 inhabitants) is above EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 9,07 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

Also, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Czech Republic (3,91 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,8% in 2019 Czech Republic seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

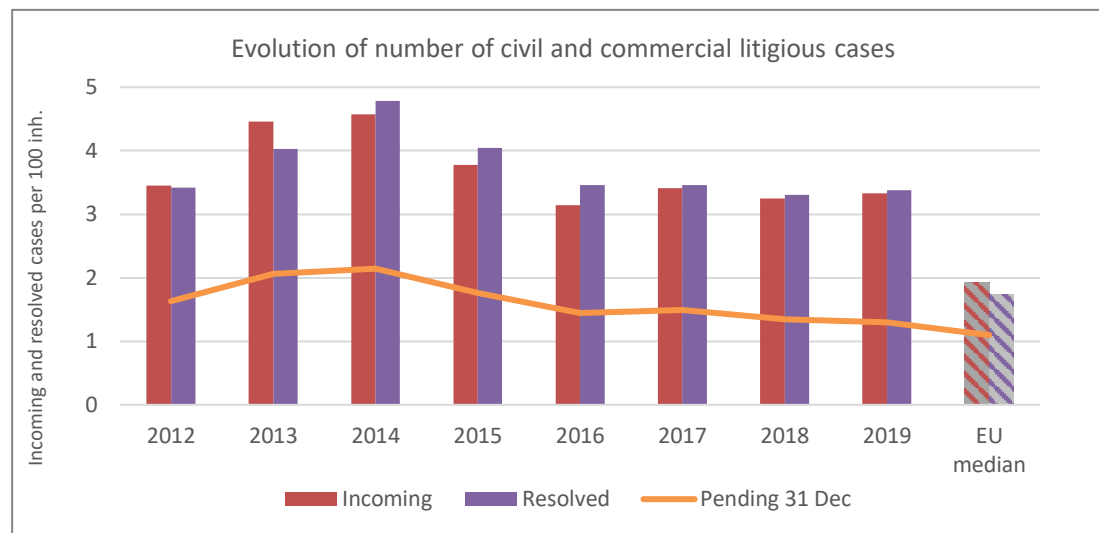
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 1,6% points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 158 days, which is above the EU median of 111 days.

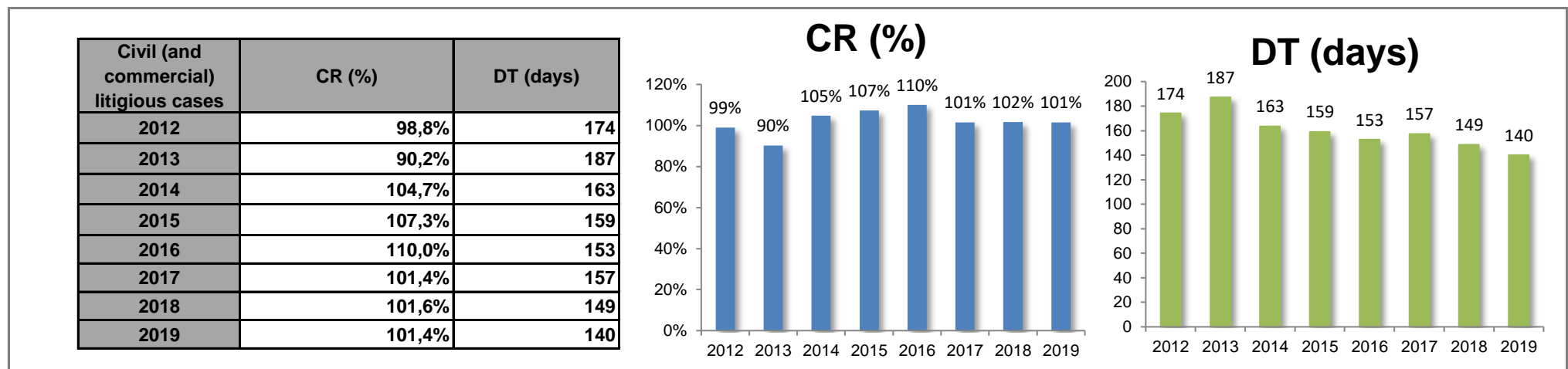
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 2,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

For years 2010, 2012 and 2013, business register cases, administrative cases and insolvency registry cases which are decided by the regional courts (second instance courts) acting as first instance courts, were included in the table concerning the case-load of second instance courts (question 97). On the contrary, since 2014, administrative cases, business registry cases and insolvency cases (and also some litigious cases) which are still decided by the second instance courts acting as first instance courts, are subsumed within the table of question 91 (which was already the case for the 2008 exercise). Methodology has been changed in year 2015 – more case types have been included, which led to the big increment in the number of cases. There are no further changes expected.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Czech Republic (3,33 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 3,38 per 100 inhabitants compare to the EU median of 1,73 per 100 inhabitants. Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Czech Republic (1,29 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,4% in 2019, Czech Republic seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

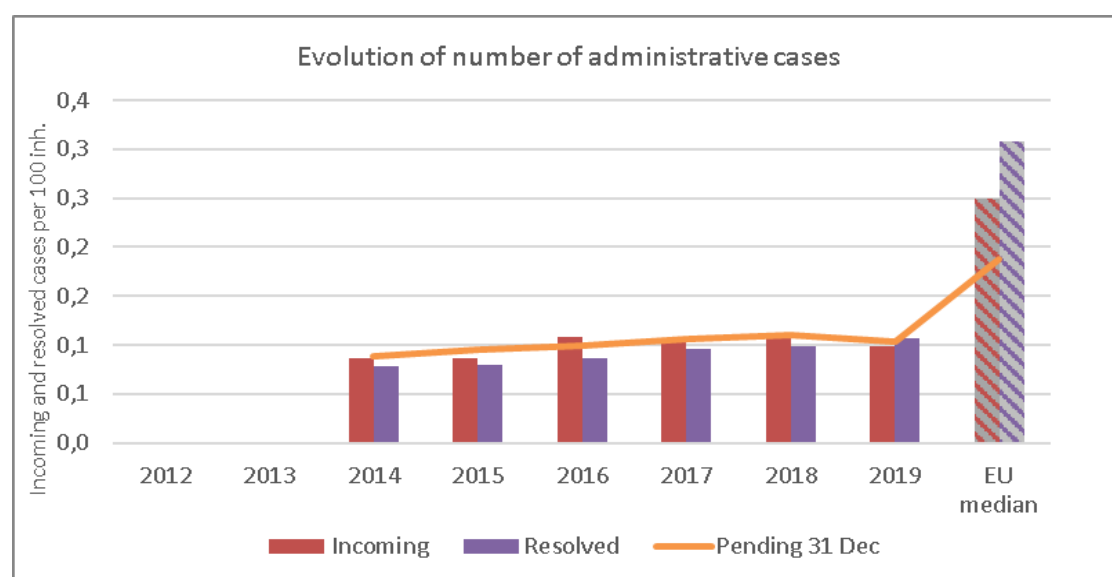
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 0.2 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 140 days, which is below the EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 5,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

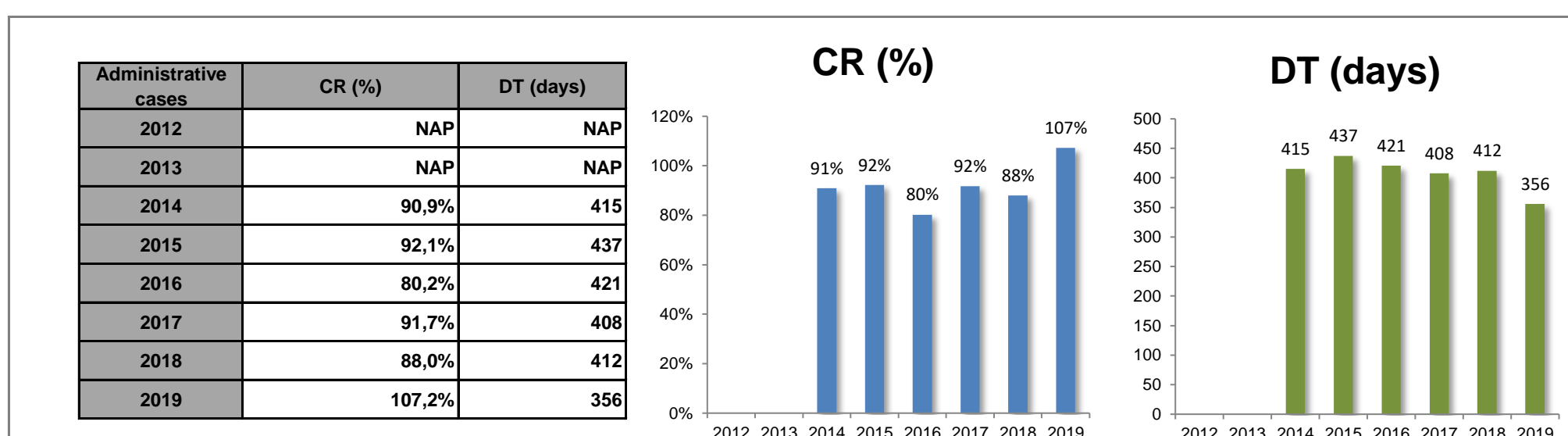
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Czech Republic (0,10 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants); as for the the number of resolved cases, which is 0,11 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 0,31 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Czech Republic (0,10 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 107,2% in 2019, Czech Republic seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

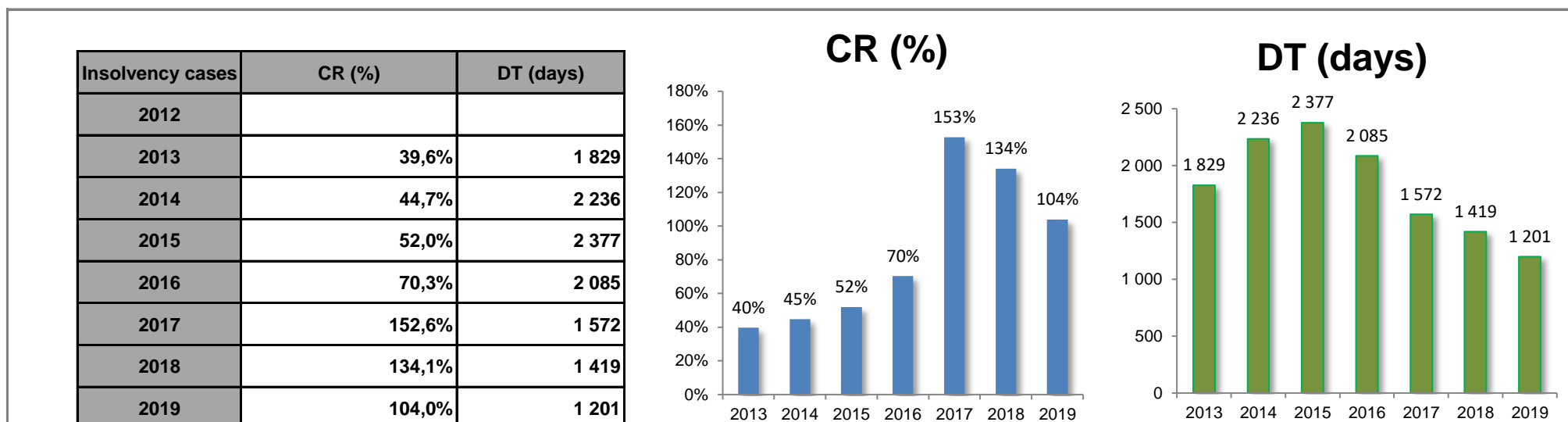
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased by 19,2 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 356 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 13,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 104,0% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Czech Republic seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

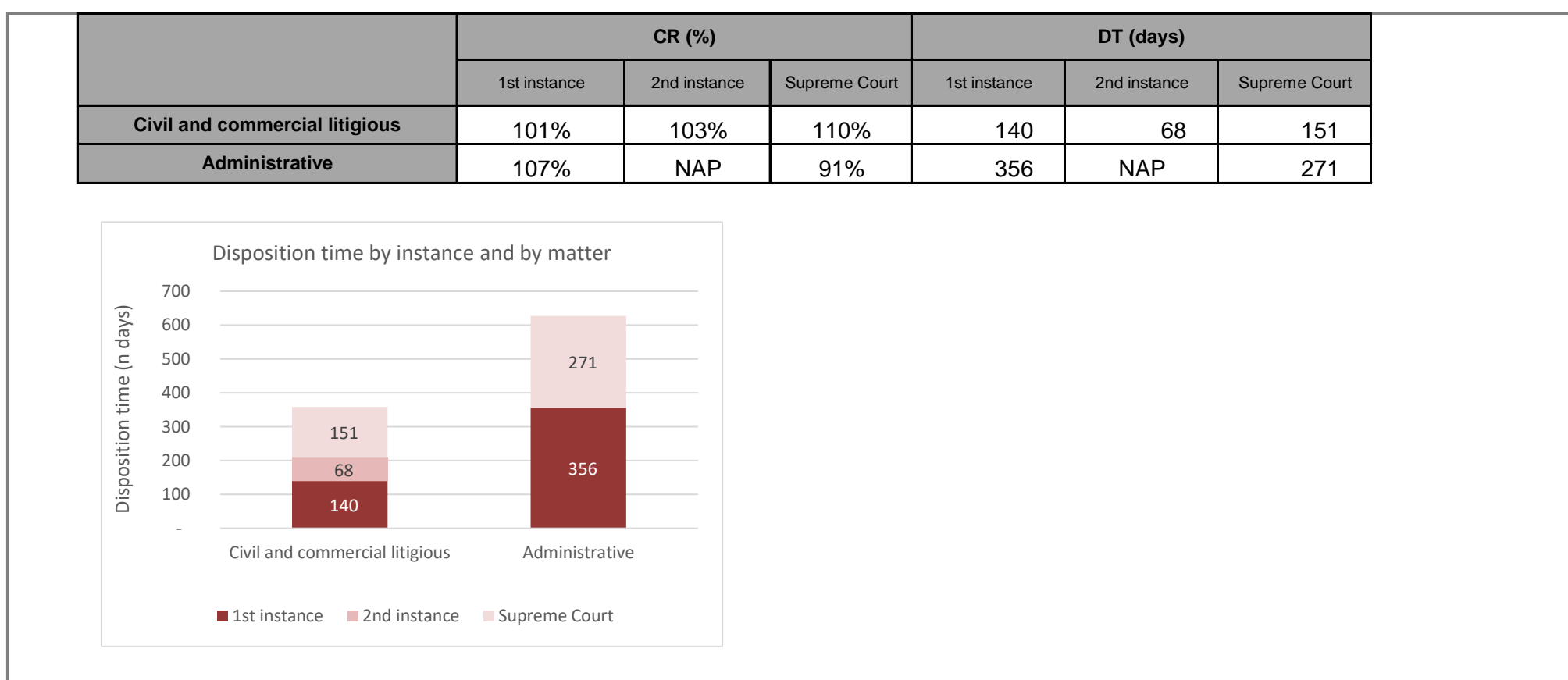
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 30,1 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 1 201 days, which is well above the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 15,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

There was a legislative change in insolvency law which might have resulted in significant growth in the number of incoming cases. The number of resolved cases also increased. The reason might be that number of incoming cases peaked in 2013 and the length of many insolvency cases is 5 years due to legislative reasons.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



In respect of administrative law cases, second instance appears as the most efficient, while first instance administrative cases have the highest recorded Disposition Time. With regard to civil and commercial litigious cases, the situation seems to be more favorable compared to the administrative law cases. Among three instances, the second instance appears as the most efficient for these cases. As regards overall efficiency in Czech Republic, it should be noted that all DT levels are below EU median values except for the first instance administrative law cases where DT of 356 days is 25% higher than EU median (284 days).

•Alternative dispute resolutions

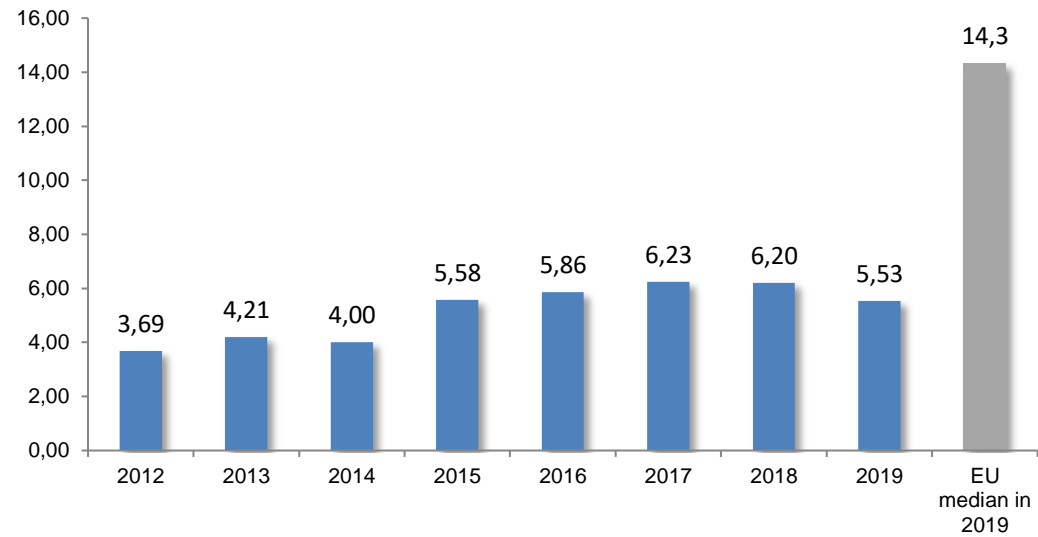
The judicial system in Czech Republic provides court related mediation.

Initially, judicial mediation was regulated by law only in criminal matters. The Act on mediation in non-criminal matters entered into force in September 2012.

The court related mediation system in Czech Republic provides mandatory court related mediation.

It can be ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	388	3,69
2013	442	4,21
2014	421	4,00
2015	589	5,58
2016	620	5,86
2017	660	6,23
2018	657	6,20
2019	589	5,53



In 2019, there are 589 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 5,5 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about 10,4%.

From the above mentioned number of mediators there are 347 probate and mediation officials and 242 mediators in non criminal cases.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio

In Czech Republic, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

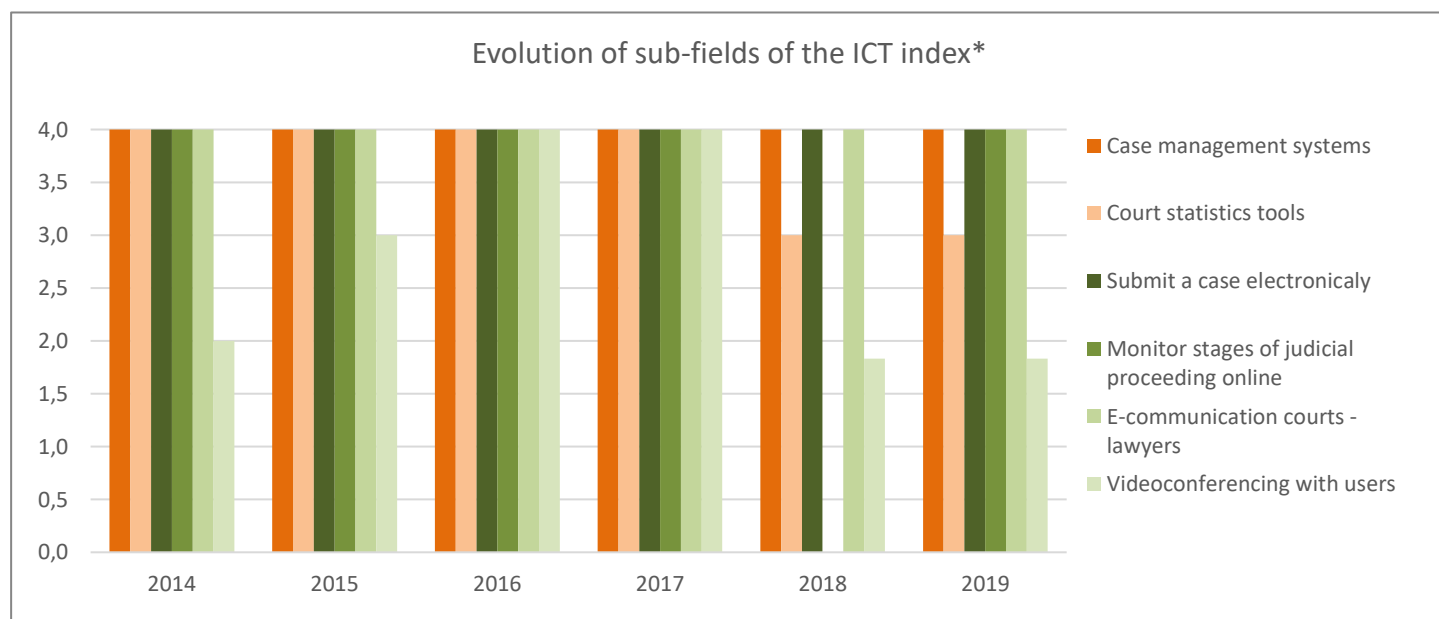
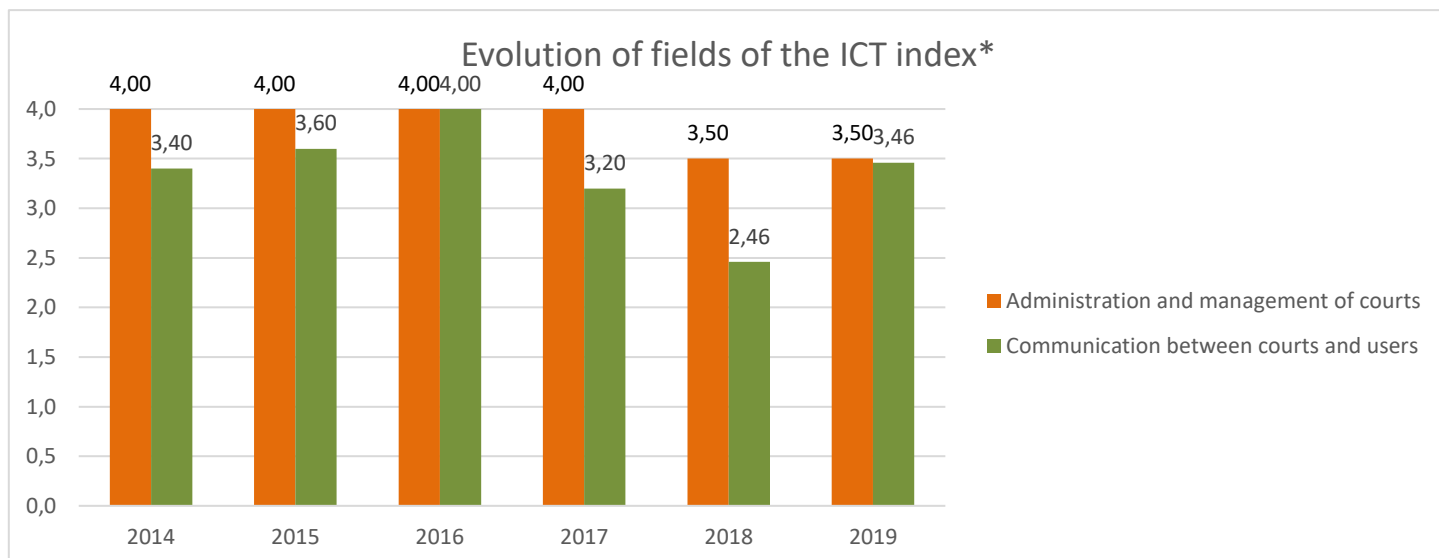
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	3,5
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	3,0
◦ Communication between court and users.	3,5
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	4,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	4,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	1,8

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Statistical data

In Czech Republic, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary which is the Ministry of Justice.

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	1,5%	0,0%	0,1%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,6%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	14 557 €	13 473 €	14 602 €	15 985 €	16 700 €	18 095 €	19 489 €	20 830 €	43,1%	-7,4%	8,4%	9,5%	4,5%	8,4%	7,7%	6,9%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	25,14	27,43	27,73	27,03	27,02	25,54	25,73	25,41	1,1%	9,1%	1,1%	-2,5%	0,0%	-5,5%	0,7%	-1,2%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	509 966 190	487 488 990	504 192 649	547 287 020	547 388 294	646 910 373	664 008 255	733 871 466	43,9%	-4,4%	3,4%	8,5%	0,0%	18,2%	2,6%	10,5%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	1,5%	0,0%	0,1%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,6%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	14 557 €	13 473 €	14 602 €	15 985 €	16 700 €	18 095 €	19 489 €	20 830 €	43,1%	-7,4%	8,4%	9,5%	4,5%	8,4%	7,7%	6,9%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	509 966 190	487 488 990	504 192 649	547 287 020	547 388 294	646 910 373	664 008 255	733 871 466	43,9%	0 €	3,4%	8,5%	0,0%	18,2%	2,6%	10,5%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	498 634 177	590 364 930	590 474 176	641 481 970	676 223 556	747 901 045	-	-	-	18,4%	0,0%	8,6%	5,4%	10,6%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	1,5%	0,0%	0,1%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,6%	0,2%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	509 966 190	487 488 990	504 192 649	547 287 020	547 388 294	646 910 373	664 008 255	733 871 466	43,9%	-4,4%	3,4%	8,5%	0,0%	18,2%	2,6%	10,5%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	59 014 432	-	47 868 874	47 312 657	45 005 572	44 571 798	44 810 915	46 589 279	-21,1%	-	-	-1,2%	-4,9%	-1,0%	0,5%	4,0%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	150	150	150	150	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	1,5%	0,0%	0,1%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,6%	0,2%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations						
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)															
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	1,5%	0,0%	0,1%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,6%	0,2%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	522 186	296 269	375 783	546 992	517 801	465 609	446 370	425 103	-18,6%	-43,3%	26,8%	45,6%	-5,3%	-10,1%	-4,1%	-4,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	166 919	171 113	248 246	215 113	186 136	163 222	148 655	143 208	-14,2%	2,5%	45,1%	-13,3%	-13,5%	-12,3%	-8,9%	-3,7%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	42 997	221 076	205 370	164 996	162 410	153 253	-	-	-	414,2%	-7,1%	-19,7%	-1,6%	-5,6%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	43 819	97 177	32 194	210 783	191 171	159 112	153 009	146 828	235,1%	121,8%	-66,9%	554,7%	-9,3%	-16,8%	-3,8%	-4,0%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 923	8 995	12 622	3 871	7 459	5 017	-	-	-	13,5%	40,3%	-69,3%	92,7%	-32,7%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	7 923	8 995	12 622	3 871	7 459	5 017	-	-	-	13,5%	40,3%	-69,3%	92,7%	-32,7%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 880	1 298	1 577	2 013	1 942	1 408	-	-	-	-54,9%	21,5%	27,6%	-3,5%	-27,5%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	8 543	9 374	8 296	10 377	10 377	11 799	-	-	-	9,7%	-11,5%	25,1%	0,0%	13,7%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	311 448	27 979	75 997	101 429	117 999	127 014	124 928	116 843	-62,5%	-91,0%	171,6%	33,5%	16,3%	7,6%	-1,6%	-6,5%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 046 760	1 734 290	958 450	1 136 003	1 039 521	1 007 787	936 757	959 983	-8,3%	65,7%	-44,7%	18,5%	-8,5%	-3,1%	-7,0%	2,5%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	363 080	469 054	480 999	398 243	332 407	361 160	346 240	355 323	-2,1%	29,2%	2,5%	-17,2%	-16,5%	8,6%	-4,1%	2,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	433 561	690 653	660 677	613 082	553 409	560 321	-	-	-	59,3%	-4,3%	-7,2%	-9,7%	1,2%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	290 715	894 145	150 192	508 617	490 606	478 629	440 015	438 605	50,9%	207,6%	-83,2%	238,6%	-3,5%	-2,4%	-8,1%	-0,3%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	238 876	179 997	167 963	132 610	111 788	119 871	-	-	-	-24,6%	-6,7%	-21,0%	-15,7%	7,2%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	238 876	179 997	167 963	132 610	111 788	119 871	-	-	-	-24,6%	-6,7%	-21,0%	-15,7%	7,2%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	44 493	2 039	2 108	1 843	1 606	1 845	-	-	-	-95,4%	3,4%	-12,6%	-12,9%	14,9%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	9 055	9 143	11 416	11 031	11 865	10 576	-	-	-	1,0%	24,9%	-3,4%	7,6%	-10,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	392 965	371 091	34 835	37 964	35 021	22 514	25 243	33 763	-91,4%	-5,6%	-90,6%	9,0%	-7,8%	-35,7%	12,1%	33,8%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 190 182	1 679 459	932 818	1 161 795	1 093 080	1 018 171	958 742	967 488	-18,7%	41,1%	-44,5%	24,5%	-5,9%	-6,9%	-5,8%	0,9%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	358 886	423 105	503 666	427 241	365 678	366 389	351 743	360 375	0,4%	17,9%	19,0%	-15,2%	-14,4%	0,2%	-4,0%	2,5%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	405 363	704 714	692 231	610 340	562 658	560 670	-	-	-	73,8%	-1,8%	-11,8%	-7,8%	-0,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	298 084	915 562	126 708	527 754	517 490	479 403	446 312	438 211	47,0%	207,1%	-86,2%	316,5%	-1,9%	-7,4%	-6,9%	-1,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	234 227	175 198	173 069	129 022	114 206	119 862	-	-	-	-25,2%	-1,2%	-25,5%	-11,5%	5,0%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	234 227	175 198	173 069	129 022	114 206	119 862	-	-	-	-25,2%	-1,2%	-25,5%	-11,5%	5,0%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	44 428	1 762	1 672	1 915	2 140	2 597	-	-	-	-96,0%	-5,1%	14,5%	11,7%	21,4%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	8 233	8 425	9 157	10 113	10 445	11 333	-	-	-	2,3%	8,7%	10,4%	3,3%	8,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	533 212	340 792	15 556	21 415	26 014	31 329	33 896	35 110	-93,4%	-36,1%	-95,4%	37,7%	21,5%	20,4%	8,2%	3,6%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	378 764	351 100	401 415	521 200	464 242	455 225	424 385	417 598	10,3%	-7,3%	14,3%	29,8%	-10,9%	-1,9%	-6,8%	-1,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	171 113	217 062	225 579	186 115	152 865	157 993	143 152	138 156	-19,3%	26,9%	3,9%	-17,5%	-17,9%	3,4%	-9,4%	-3,5%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	71 195	207 015	173 816	167 738	153 161	152 904	-	-	-	190,8%	-16,0%	-3,5%	-8,7%	-0,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	36 450	75 760	55 678	191 646	164 287	158 338	146 712	147 222	303,9%	107,8%	-26,5%	244,2%	-14,3%	-3,6%	-7,3%	0,3%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	12 572	13 794	7 516	7 459	5 041	5 026	-	-	-	9,7%	-45,5%	-0,8%	-32,4%	-0,3%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	12 572	13 794	7 516	7 459	5 041	5 026	-	-	-	9,7%	-45,5%	-0,8%	-32,4%	-0,3%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 945	1 575	2 013	1 941	1 408	656	-	-	-	-46,5%	27,8%	-3,6%	-27,5%	-53,4%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	9 365	10 092	10 555	11 295	11 797	11 042	-	-	-	7,8%	4,6%	7,0%	4,4%	-6,4%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	171 201	58 278	95 276	117 978	127 006	118 199	116 275	115 496	-32,5%	-66,0%	63,5%	23,8%	7,7%	-6,9%	-1,6%	-0,7%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	113,7%	96,8%	97,3%	102,3%	105,2%	101,0%	102,3%	100,8%	-11,4%	-14,8%	0,5%	5,1%	2,8%	-3,9%	1,3%	-1,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	98,8%	90,2%	104,7%	107,3%	110,0%	101,4%	101,6%	101,4%	2,6%	-8,7%	16,1%	2,5%	2,5%	-7,8%	0,1%	-0,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	93,5%	102,0%	104,8%	99,6%	101,7%	100,1%	-	-	-	9,1%	2,7%	-5,0%	2,1%	-1,6%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	102,5%	102,4%	84,4%	103,8%	105,5%	100,2%	101,4%	99,9%	-2,6%	-0,1%	-17,6%	23,0%	1,7%	-5,0%	1,3%	-1,5%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	98,1%	97,3%	103,0%	97,3%	102,2%	100,0%	-	-	-	-0,7%	5,9%	-5,6%	5,0%	-2,1%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	98,1%	97,3%	103,0%	97,3%	102,2%	100,0%	-	-	-	-0,7%	5,9%	-5,6%	5,0%	-2,1%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	99,9%	86,4%	79,3%	103,9%	133,3%	140,8%	-	-	-	-13,5%	-8,2%	31,0%	28,2%	5,6%
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	90,9%	92,1%	80,2%	91,7%	88,0%	107,2%	-	-	-	1,3%	-13,0%	14,3%	-4,0%	21,7%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	135,7%	91,8%	44,7%	56,4%	74,3%	139,2%	134,3%	104,0%	-23,4%	-32,3%	-51,4%	26,3%	31,7%	87,3%	-3,5%	-22,6%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	116	76	157	164	155	163	162	158	35,6%	-34,3%	105,8%	4,3%	-5,3%	5,3%	-1,0%	-2,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	174	187	163	159	153	157	149	140	-19,6%	7,6%	-12,7%	-2,7%	-4,0%	3,2%	-5,6%	-5,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	64	107	92	100	99	100	-	-	-	67,3%	-14,5%	9,5%	-1,0%	0,2%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	45	30	160	133	116	121	120	123	174,7%	-32,3%	431,0%	-17,4%	-12,6%	4,0%	-0,5%	2,2%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	20	29	16	21	16	15	-	-	-	46,7%	-44,8%	33,1%	-23,6%	-5,0%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	20	29	16	21	16	15	-	-	-	46,7%	-44,8%	33,1%	-23,6%	-5,0%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	24	326	439	370	240	92	-	-	-	1248,5%	34,7%	-15,8%	-35,1%	-61,6%
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	415	437	421	408	412	356	-	-	-	5,3%	-3,8%	-3,1%	1,1%	-13,7%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	117	62	2236	2011	1782	1377	1252	1201	924,5%	-46,7%	3481,5%	-10,1%	-11,4%	-22,7%	-9,1%	-4,1%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	13 150	12 965	13 636	12 448	11 675	10 313	9 419	9 014	-31,5%	-1,4%	5,2%	-8,7%	-6,2%	-11,7%	-8,7%	-4,3%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	30 331	52 032	75 256	95 282	111 050	119 923	117 766	116 843	285,2%	71,5%	44,6%	26,6%	16,5%	8,0%	-1,8%	-0,8%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	30 025	32 804	29 474	28 941	28 500	28 033	26 894	27 251	-9,2%	9,3%	-10,2%	-1,8%	-1,5%	-1,6%	-4,1%	1,3%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	33 083	37 637	34 835	32 801	29 871	16 895	21 211	33 763	2,1%	13,8%	-7,4%	-5,8%	-8,9%	-43,4%	25,5%	59,2%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	30 557	32 559	30 719	29 777	29 907	28 934	27 337	27 241	-10,9%	6,6%	-5,7%	-3,1%	0,4%	-3,3%	-5,5%	-0,4%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	11 382	14 920	15 556	17 047	20 998	25 782	28 436	35 110	208,5%	31,1%	4,3%	9,6%	23,2%	22,8%	10,3%	23,5%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	12 965	13 210	12 391	11 612	10 268	9 412	8 976	9 024	-30,4%	1,9%	-6,2%	-6,3%	-11,6%	-8,3%	-4,6%	0,5%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	52 032	74 749	95 276	111 036	119 923	111 036	110 541	115 496	122,0%	43,7%	27,5%	16,5%	8,0%	-7,4%	-0,4%	4,5%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	101,8%	99,3%	104,2%	102,9%	104,9%	103,2%	101,6%	100,0%	-1,8%	-2,5%	5,0%	-1,3%	2,0%	-1,6%	-1,5%	-1,7%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	34,4%	39,6%	44,7%	52,0%	70,3%	152,6%	134,1%	104,0%	202,3%	15,2%	12,6%	16,4%	35,3%	117,1%	-12,1%	-22,4%
DT Litigious divorce cases	155	148	147	142	125	119	120	121	-21,9%	-4,4%	-0,6%	-3,3%	-12,0%	-5,3%	0,9%	0,9%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	1 669	1 829	2 236	2 377	2 085	1 572	1 419	1 201	-28,0%	9,6%	22,3%	6,3%	-12,3%	-24,6%	-9,7%	-15,4%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	57 634	NA	20 446	19 856	18 078	16 586	14 187	13 224	-77,1%	-	-	-2,9%	-9,0%	-8,3%	-14,5%	-6,8%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	14 537	16 717	19 680	18 367	16 615	15 189	13 254	12 291	-15,5%	15,0%	17,7%	-6,7%	-9,5%	-8,6%	-12,7%	-7,3%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	8 509	8 930	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	4,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	30 331	52 032	766	1 489	1 463	1 397	933	933	-96,9%	71,5%	-98,5%	94,4%	-1,7%	-4,5%	-33,2%	0,0%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	172 886	NA	94 595	85 012	84 465	68 340	63 819	59 324	-65,7%	-	-	-10,1%	-0,6%	-19,1%	-6,6%	-7,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	89 388	82 980	90 549	80 002	79 178	63 475	59 029	54 478	-39,1%	-7,2%	9,1%	-11,6%	-1,0%	-19,8%	-7,0%	-7,7%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	8 148	8 124	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-0,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	33 083	38 144	4 046	5 010	5 287	4 865	4 790	4 846	-85,4%	15,3%	-89,4%	23,8%	5,5%	-8,0%	-1,5%	1,2%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	152 488	NA	95 586	86 813	85 970	70 747	64 792	61 251	-59,8%	-	-	-9,2%	-1,0%	-17,7%	-8,4%	-5,5%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	87 208	83 367	91 922	81 777	80 618	65 419	60 003	56 248	-35,5%	-4,4%	10,3%	-11,0%	-1,4%	-18,9%	-8,3%	-6,3%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	7 976	8 511	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	6,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	11 382	14 920	3 664	5 036	5 352	5 328	4 789	5 003	-56,0%	31,1%	-75,4%	37,4%	6,3%	-0,4%	-10,1%	4,5%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	78 032	NA	19 455	18 055	16 573	14 179	13 214	11 297	-85,5%	-	-	-7,2%	-8,2%	-14,4%	-6,8%	-14,5%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	16 717	16 330	18 307	16 592	15 175	13 245	12 280	10 521	-37,1%	-2,3%	12,1%	-9,4%	-8,5%	-12,7%	-7,3%	-14,3%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	8 681	8 543	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-1,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	52 032	75 256	1 148	1 463	1 398	934	934	776	-98,5%	44,6%	-98,5%	27,4%	-4,4%	-33,2%	0,0%	-16,9%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	88,2%	NA	101,0%	102,1%	101,8%	103,5%	101,5%	103,2%	17,1%	-	-	1,1%	-0,3%	1,7%	-1,9%	1,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97,6%	100,5%	101,5%	102,2%	101,8%	103,1%	101,7%	103,2%	5,8%	3,0%	1,0%	0,7%	-0,4%	1,2%	-1,4%	1,6%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	97,9%	104,8%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	7,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	34,4%	39,1%	90,6%	100,5%	101,2%	109,5%	100,0%	103,2%	200,1%	13,7%	131,5%	11,0%	0,7%	8,2%	-8,7%	3,3%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	187	NA	74	76	70	73	74	67	-64,0%	-	-	2,2%	-7,3%	4,0%	1,8%	-9,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	70	71	73	74	69	74	75	68	-2,4%	2,2%	1,7%	1,9%	-7,2%	7,6%	1,1%	-8,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	397	366	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-7,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1669	1841	114	106	95	64	71	57	-96,6%	10,3%	-93,8%	-7,3%	-10,1%	-32,9%	11,3%	-20,5%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 100	-	4 017	2 992	4 235	4 689	5 142	5 274	3,4%	-	-	-25,5%	41,5%	10,7%	9,7%	2,6%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 111	-	2 692	2 893	2 836	2 930	2 884	2 404	-41,5%	-	-	7,5%	-2,0%	3,3%	-1,6%	-16,6%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	20	31	79	68	37	35	-	-	-	55,0%	154,8%	-13,9%	-45,6%	-5,4%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	20	31	79	68	37	35	-	-	-	55,0%	154,8%	-13,9%	-45,6%	-5,4%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	983	-	1 216	NA	1 130	1 422	1 883	2 503	154,6%	-	-	-	-	25,8%	32,4%	32,9%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	6	-	89	68	190	269	338	124	1966,7%	-	-	-23,6%	179,4%	41,6%	25,7%	-63,3%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	7 665	-	8 580	6 128	9 935	10 620	9 418	9 097	18,7%	-	-	-28,6%	62,1%	6,9%	-11,3%	-3,4%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 914	-	5 462	5 757	6 065	6 105	4 784	4 340	10,9%	-	-	5,4%	5,4%	0,7%	-21,6%	-9,3%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	253	271	220	224	182	195	-	-	-	7,1%	-18,8%	1,8%	-18,8%	7,1%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	253	271	220	224	182	195	-	-	-	7,1%	-18,8%	1,8%	-18,8%	7,1%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	3 714	-	2 647	NA	3 246	3 902	4 109	4 261	14,7%	-	-	-	-	20,2%	5,3%	3,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	37	-	218	100	404	389	343	144	289,2%	-	-	-54,1%	304,0%	-3,7%	-11,8%	-58,0%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	8 356	-	8 378	6 108	9 481	10 168	9 286	9 180	9,9%	-	-	-27,1%	55,2%	7,2%	-8,7%	-1,1%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5 000	-	5 262	5 812	5 971	6 151	5 264	4 774	-4,5%	-	-	10,5%	2,7%	3,0%	-14,4%	-9,3%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	242	223	231	255	184	183	-	-	-	-7,9%	3,6%	10,4%	-27,8%	-0,5%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	242	223	231	255	184	183	-	-	-	-7,9%	3,6%	10,4%	-27,8%	-0,5%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	3 347	-	2 704	NA	2 954	3 442	3 489	3 880	15,9%	-	-	-	-	16,5%	1,4%	11,2%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	9	-	170	73	325	320	349	159	1666,7%	-	-	-57,1%	345,2%	-1,5%	9,1%	-54,4%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 409	-	4 219	3 012	4 689	5 141	5 274	5 191	17,7%	-	-	-28,6%	55,7%	9,6%	2,6%	-1,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 025	-	2 892	2 838	2 930	2 884	2 404	1 970	-34,9%	-	-	-1,9%	3,2%	-1,6%	-16,6%	-18,1%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	31	79	68	37	35	47	-	-	-	154,8%	-13,9%	-45,6%	-5,4%	34,3%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	31	79	68	37	35	47	-	-	-	154,8%	-13,9%	-45,6%	-5,4%	34,3%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	1 350	-	1 159	NA	1 422	1 882	2 503	2 884	113,6%	-	-	-	-	32,3%	33,0%	15,2%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	34	-	137	95	269	338	332	109	220,6%	-	-	-30,7%	183,2%	25,7%	-1,8%	-67,2%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	109,0%	-	97,6%	99,7%	95,4%	95,7%	98,6%	100,9%	-7,4%	-	-	2,1%	-4,3%	0,3%	3,0%	2,3%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	127,7%	-	96,3%	101,0%	98,5%	100,8%	110,0%	110,0%	-13,9%	-	-	4,8%	-2,5%	2,3%	9,2%	0,0%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	95,7%	82,3%	105,0%	113,8%	101,1%	93,8%	-	-	-	-14,0%	27,6%	8,4%	-11,2%	-7,2%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	95,7%	82,3%	105,0%	113,8%	101,1%	93,8%	-	-	-	-14,0%	27,6%	8,4%	-11,2%	-7,2%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	90,1%	-	102,2%	NA	91,0%	88,2%	84,9%	91,1%	1,0%	-	-	-	-	-3,1%	-3,7%	7,2%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	24,3%	-	78,0%	73,0%	80,4%	82,3%	101,7%	110,4%	353,9%	-	-	-6,4%	10,2%	2,3%	23,7%	8,5%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	193	-	184	180	181	185	207	206	7,2%	-	-	-2,1%	0,3%	2,2%	12,3%	-0,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	221	-	201	178	179	171	167	151	-31,8%	-	-	-11,2%	0,5%	-4,5%	-2,6%	-9,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	47	129	107	53	69	94	-	-	-	176,6%	-16,9%	-50,7%	31,1%	35,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	47	129	107	53	69	94	-	-	-	176,6%	-16,9%	-50,7%	31,1%	35,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	147	-	156	NA	176	200	262	271	84,3%	-	-	-	-	13,6%	31,2%	3,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1379	-	294	475	302	386	347	250	-81,9%	-	-	61,5%	-36,4%	27,6%	-9,9%	-27,9%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	only on Intranet	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	1,5%	0,0%	0,1%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,6%	0,2%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	24 142 835	20 805 554	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-13,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	24 142 835	20 805 554	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-13,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	5 723 657	4 903 833	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-14,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	18 419 178	15 901 721	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-13,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	20 433 489	20 622 005	21 135 536	21 273 542	21 045 390	21 484 408	-	-	-	0,9%	2,5%	0,7%	-1,1%	2,1%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	20 433 489	20 622 005	21 135 536	21 273 542	21 045 390	21 484 408	-	-	-	0,9%	2,5%	0,7%	-1,1%	2,1%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	15 362 385	15 492 736	15 766 130	15 916 078	15 616 515	15 547 111	-	-	-	0,8%	1,8%	1,0%	-1,9%	-0,4%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	15 362 385	15 492 736	15 766 130	15 916 078	15 616 515	15 547 111	-	-	-	0,8%	1,8%	1,0%	-1,9%	-0,4%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	5 071 104	5 129 269	5 369 406	5 357 464	5 428 875	5 937 297	-	-	-	1,1%	4,7%	-0,2%	1,3%	9,4%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	5 071 104	5 129 269	5 369 406	5 357 464	5 428 875	5 937 297	-	-	-	1,1%	4,7%	-0,2%	1,3%	9,4%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations						
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users															
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)															
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 761	1 615	-	-	-	-	-	-	-8,3%
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	376	732	-	-	-	-	-	-	94,7%

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges							10-49%	10-49%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							10-49%	10-49%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							Yes	Yes
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							Yes	Yes											Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							No	No											Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	No											Civil - SMS
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							No	No											Civil - E-mail
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											Civil - Specific computer application
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Other
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	No									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							not accessible at all	accessible at all									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	1-9%
064-10 - Criminal							50-99%	50-99%
064-10 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	1-9%
064-11 - Criminal							50-99%	50-99%
064-11 - Administrative							1-9%	1-9%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE									
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE									

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							10-49%	10-49%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							No	No
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	No
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	No

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																		
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																		

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																	
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Workload							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No									
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	388	442	421	589	620	660	657	589	51,8%	13,9%	-4,8%	39,9%	5,3%	6,5%	-0,5%	-10,4%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	1 200	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	1 200	-	1 222	-	982	632	681	768	-47,3%	-	-	-	-	-35,6%	7,8%	12,8%
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	No	No	Yes	Yes										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										

Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)

Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)

165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	No	No	No	No	No	-	No	No
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	No	No	No	-	No	No

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	1,5%	0,0%	0,1%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,6%	0,2%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	3 055	3 054	3 028	3 018	3 005	3 012	3 029	3 006	-1,6%	0,0%	-0,9%	-0,3%	-0,4%	0,2%	0,6%	-0,8%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 857	1 859	1 838	1 838	1 820	1 826	1 849	1 824	-1,8%	0,1%	-1,1%	0,0%	-1,0%	0,3%	1,3%	-1,4%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	964	1 098	1 090	1 081	1 083	1 085	1 078	1 078	11,8%	13,9%	-0,7%	-0,8%	0,2%	0,2%	-0,6%	0,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	234	97	100	99	102	101	102	104	-55,6%	-58,5%	3,1%	-1,0%	3,0%	-1,0%	1,0%	2,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	1 193	1 187	1 192	1 185	1 182	1 178	1 195	1 190	-0,3%	-0,5%	0,4%	-0,6%	-0,3%	-0,3%	1,4%	-0,4%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	644	632	632	629	609	598	611	600	-6,8%	-1,9%	0,0%	-0,5%	-3,2%	-1,8%	2,2%	-1,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	407	483	487	482	494	501	505	509	25,1%	18,7%	0,8%	-1,0%	2,5%	1,4%	0,8%	0,8%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	142	72	73	74	79	79	79	81	-43,0%	-49,3%	1,4%	1,4%	6,8%	0,0%	0,0%	2,5%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 862	1 867	1 836	1 833	1 823	1 834	1 834	1 816	-2,5%	0,3%	-1,7%	-0,2%	-0,5%	0,6%	0,0%	-1,0%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 213	1 227	1 206	1 209	1 211	1 228	1 238	1 224	0,9%	1,2%	-1,7%	0,2%	0,2%	1,4%	0,8%	-1,1%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	557	615	603	599	589	584	573	569	2,2%	10,4%	-2,0%	-0,7%	-1,7%	-0,8%	-1,9%	-0,7%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	92	25	27	25	23	22	23	23	-75,0%	-72,8%	8,0%	-7,4%	-8,0%	-4,3%	4,5%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	9 135	9 107	9 309	9 409	9 714	9 887	9 857	9 989	9,3%	-0,3%	2,2%	1,1%	3,2%	1,8%	-0,3%	1,3%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 950	1 907	2 073	2 190	2 408	2 438	2 443	2 568	31,7%	-2,2%	8,7%	5,6%	10,0%	1,2%	0,2%	5,1%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 463	4 418	4 539	4 519	4 497	4 632	4 616	4 546	1,9%	-1,0%	2,7%	-0,4%	-0,5%	3,0%	-0,3%	-1,5%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 038	2 131	2 006	2 053	2 091	2 057	2 060	2 145	5,3%	4,6%	-5,9%	2,3%	1,9%	-1,6%	0,1%	4,1%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	636	625	614	610	656	701	656	654	2,8%	-1,7%	-1,8%	-0,7%	7,5%	6,9%	-6,4%	-0,3%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	48	26	77	37	62	59	82	76	58,3%	-45,8%	196,2%	-51,9%	67,6%	-4,8%	39,0%	-7,3%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 159	1 390	1 166	1 293	1 206	1 240	-	-	-	19,9%	-16,1%	10,9%	-6,7%	2,8%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	352	434	394	427	398	438	-	-	-	23,3%	-9,2%	8,4%	-6,8%	10,1%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	224	292	172	263	196	179	-	-	-	30,4%	-41,1%	52,9%	-25,5%	-8,7%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	322	393	308	300	316	338	-	-	-	22,0%	-21,6%	-2,6%	5,3%	7,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	240	253	269	286	272	263	-	-	-	5,4%	6,3%	6,3%	-4,9%	-3,3%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	21	18	23	17	24	22	-	-	-	-14,3%	27,8%	-26,1%	41,2%	-8,3%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	7 989	8 105	8 150	8 019	8 548	8 594	8 651	8 749	9,5%	1,5%	0,6%	-1,6%	6,6%	0,5%	0,7%	1,1%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	1 600	1 611	1 721	1 756	2 014	2 011	2 045	2 130	33,1%	0,7%	6,8%	2,0%	14,7%	-0,1%	1,7%	4,2%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	4 282	4 261	4 315	4 227	4 325	4 369	4 420	4 367	2,0%	-0,5%	1,3%	-2,0%	2,3%	1,0%	1,2%	-1,2%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	1 709	1 842	1 684	1 660	1 783	1 757	1 744	1 807	5,7%	7,8%	-8,6%	-1,4%	7,4%	-1,5%	-0,7%	3,6%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	368	372	374	357	387	415	384	391	6,3%	1,1%	0,5%	-4,5%	8,4%	7,2%	-7,5%	1,8%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	30	19	56	19	39	42	58	54	80,0%	-36,7%	194,7%	-66,1%	105,3%	7,7%	38,1%	-6,9%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	1,5%	0,0%	0,1%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,6%	0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	10 944	10 255	11 842	12 300	11 310	11 587	11 180	12 188	11,4%	-6,3%	15,5%	3,9%	-8,0%	2,4%	-3,5%	9,0%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	9 135	9 107	9 309	9 409	9 714	9 887	9 857	9 989	9,3%	-0,3%	2,2%	1,1%	3,2%	1,8%	-0,3%	1,3%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 950	1 907	2 073	2 190	2 408	2 438	2 443	2 568	31,7%	-2,2%	8,7%	5,6%	10,0%	1,2%	0,2%	5,1%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 463	4 418	4 539	4 519	4 497	4 632	4 616	4 546	1,9%	-1,0%	2,7%	-0,4%	-0,5%	3,0%	-0,3%	-1,5%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 038	2 131	2 006	2 053	2 091	2 057	2 060	2 145	5,3%	4,6%	-5,9%	2,3%	1,9%	-1,6%	0,1%	4,1%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	636	625	614	610	656	701	656	654	2,8%	-1,7%	-1,8%	-0,7%	7,5%	6,9%	-6,4%	-0,3%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	48	26	77	37	62	59	82	76	58,3%	-45,8%	196,2%	-51,9%	67,6%	-4,8%	39,0%	-7,3%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 159	1 390	1 166	1 293	1 206	1 240	-	-	-	19,9%	-16,1%	10,9%	-6,7%	2,8%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	352	434	394	427	398	438	-	-	-	23,3%	-9,2%	8,4%	-6,8%	10,1%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	224	292	172	263	196	179	-	-	-	30,4%	-41,1%	52,9%	-25,5%	-8,7%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	322	393	308	300	316	338	-	-	-	22,0%	-21,6%	-2,6%	5,3%	7,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	240	253	269	286	272	263	-	-	-	5,4%	6,3%	6,3%	-4,9%	-3,3%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	21	18	23	17	24	22	-	-	-	-14,3%	27,8%	-26,1%	41,2%	-8,3%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	7 989	8 105	8 150	8 019	8 548	8 594	8 651	8 749	9,5%	1,5%	0,6%	-1,6%	6,6%	0,5%	0,7%	1,1%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	1 600	1 611	1 721	1 756	2 014	2 011	2 045	2 130	33,1%	0,7%	6,8%	2,0%	14,7%	-0,1%	1,7%	4,2%

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	4 282	4 261	4 315	4 227	4 325	4 369	4 420	4 367	2,0%	-0,5%	1,3%	-2,0%	2,3%	1,0%	1,2%	-1,2%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	1 709	1 842	1 684	1 660	1 783	1 757	1 744	1 807	5,7%	7,8%	-8,6%	-1,4%	7,4%	-1,5%	-0,7%	3,6%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	368	372	374	357	387	415	384	391	6,3%	1,1%	0,5%	-4,5%	8,4%	7,2%	-7,5%	1,8%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	30	19	56	19	39	42	58	54	80,0%	-36,7%	194,7%	-66,1%	105,3%	7,7%	38,1%	-6,9%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							No	No
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Czech Republic (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							No	No									
Non-judge staff							No	No									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							No	No									
Enforcement agents							No	No									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							No	No									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Denmark

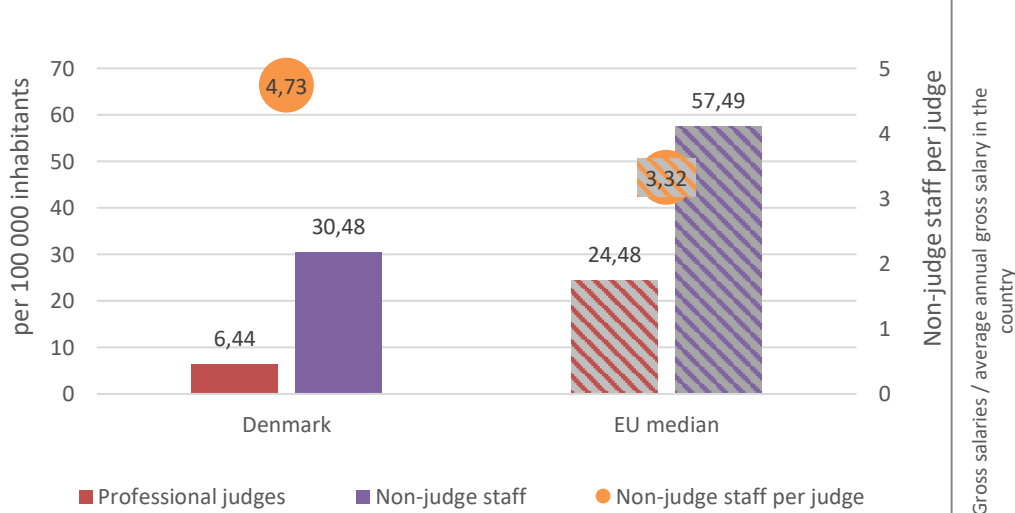
General data

Population: 5 822 763 **GDP:** 53 189 € **Average annual salary:** 38 891 €

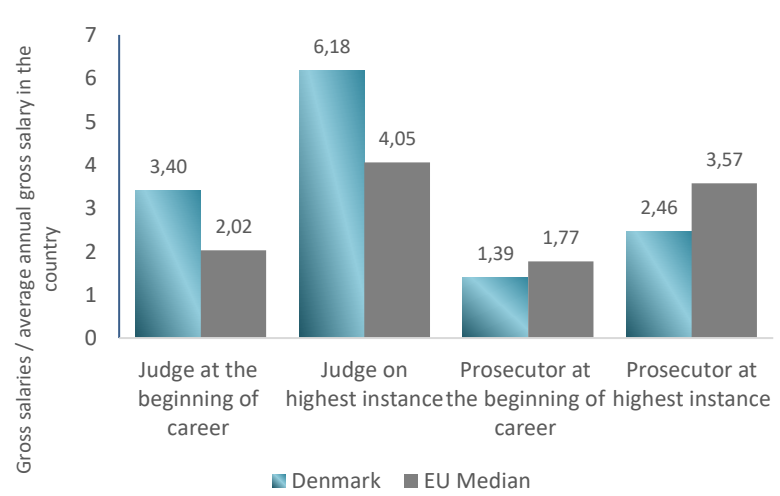
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
6,44	30,48	117,52	2,44
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

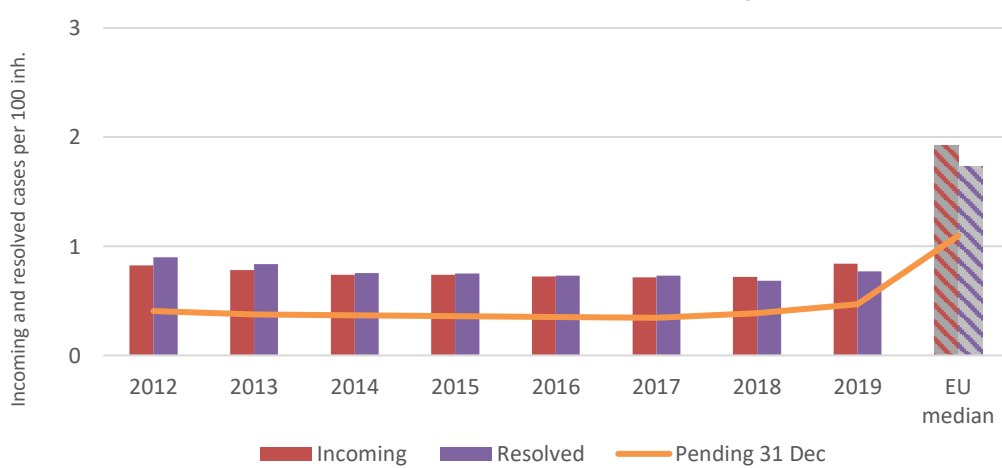


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

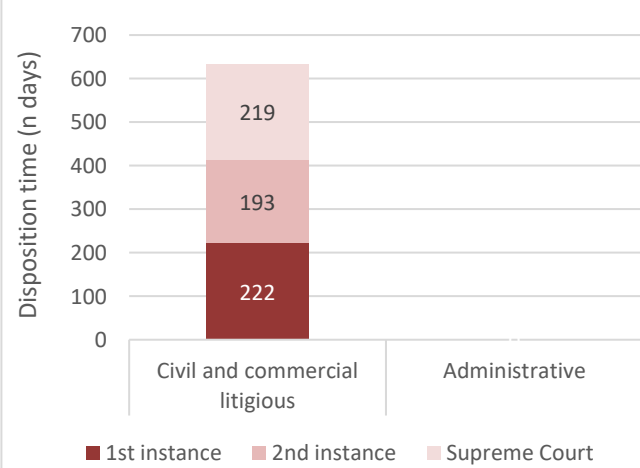


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

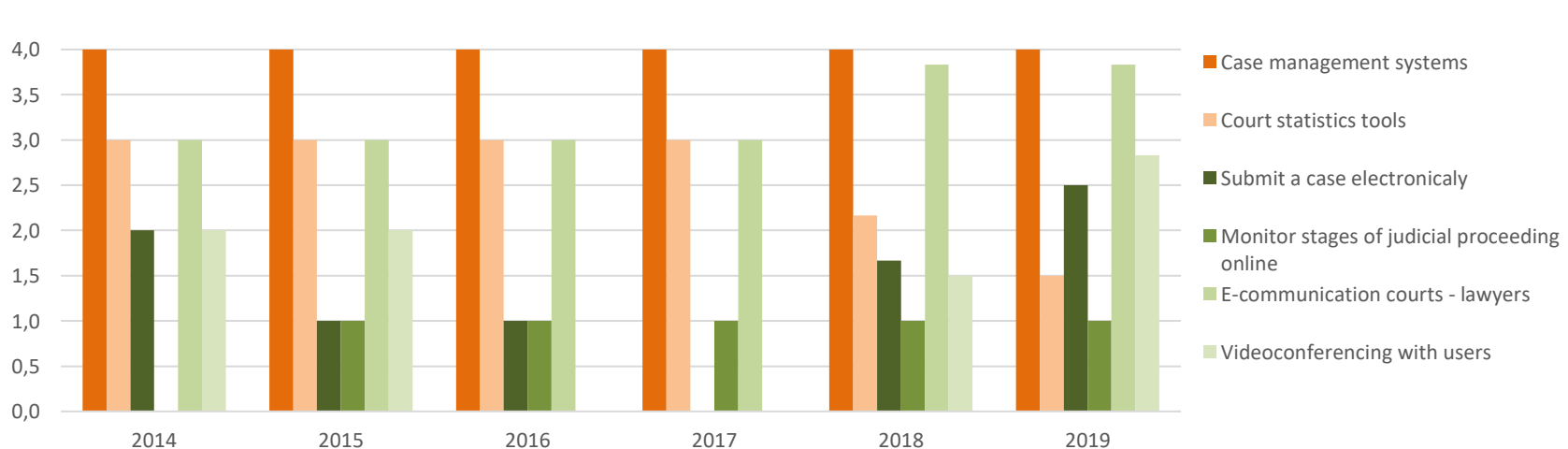


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Denmark

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	3,9%	1,6%	1,0%	0,4%	0,3%
GDP per capita	43 738 €	45 171 €	45 744 €	46 836 €	48 474 €	50 100 €	51 280 €	53 189 €	21,6%	6,0%	5,8%	2,4%	3,7%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	7,46040	7,45840	7,44360	7,46010	7,43490	7,34370	7,46690	7,47320	0,2%	-0,1%	0,4%	1,7%	0,1%
Average annual salary	51 774 €		40 140 €		41 974 €		38 035 €	38 891 €	-24,9%	4,6%	-9,4%		2,3%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	6,6	6,3	6,7	6,6	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,4	-3,0%	-2,9%	-0,2%	-1,0%	-0,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	32,5	31,1	31,0	26,8	28,6	28,3	28,5	30,5	-6,3%	-7,8%	-0,1%	0,9%	6,9%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	107,5	107,6	108,4	109,2	108,5	111,6	113,0	117,5	9,4%	0,1%	4,2%	1,3%	4,0%
Mediators	2,3	2,2	2,7	2,6	2,5	2,3	2,5	2,4	7,6%	-6,8%	-1,0%	5,5%	-1,0%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0					
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,825	0,780	0,737	0,737	0,724	0,715	0,721	0,840	1,9%	-1,8%	-0,4%	0,8%	16,6%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	6,638	6,591	6,359	6,076	6,125	6,366	6,154	6,168	-7,1%	-3,7%	0,5%	-3,3%	0,2%
Non-litigious land registry cases	37,0	31,3	30,8	36,1	29,4	29,6	29,1	38,9	5,3%	-4,7%	-1,0%	-1,8%	33,8%
Non-litigious business registry cases	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,3	21,5%	66,1%	35,1%	28,3%	-24,6%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	109%	107%	102%	102%	101%	102%	95%	92%	-17,18	-1,02	-6,18	-7,39	-3,22
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	106%	100%	99%	99%	98%	99%	100%	104%	-2,04	-1,31	2,21	0,81	3,98
CR non-litigious land registry cases	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0,02	-0,05	0,10	0,13	-0,09
CR non-litigious business registry cases	105%	113%	115%	91%	101%	89%	70%	134%	29,49	-14,57	-30,06	-18,21	63,60
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	165	164	177	174	176	172	207	222	34,2%	-0,8%	17,6%	20,5%	7,2%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	53	56	64	69	79	80	85	71	34,0%	23,0%	7,5%	5,6%	-15,7%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	10,8%	15,5%	29,2%	-27,0%	0,5%
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	163	139	147	178	106	131	200	176	8,2%	-28,1%	88,6%	52,0%	-11,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,41	0,38	0,37	0,36	0,35	0,34	0,39	0,47	15,1%	-3,5%	10,0%	12,7%	20,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,03	1,02	1,11	1,14	1,29	1,39	1,43	1,25	22,1%	16,9%	10,4%	2,9%	-12,2%
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,02	0,03	0,05	0,04	0,05	16,8%	10,1%	28,0%	-28,2%	34,3%
Non-litigious business registry cases	0,12	0,10	0,09	0,10	0,09	0,11	0,16	0,21	68,5%	4,3%	78,5%	55,0%	26,5%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	94%	99%	104%	109%	109%	105%	96%	94%	-0,41	4,96	-13,06	-9,26	-1,88
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	158	166	170	166	141	136	168	193	21,6%	-17,1%	19,6%	23,3%	14,4%

DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	132%	120%	93%	110%	92%	90%	NA	-39,14	-1,32	-17,94	-1,76
CR administrative law cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	187	151	207	170	187	219	NA	10,8%	-9,6%	10,0%	16,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

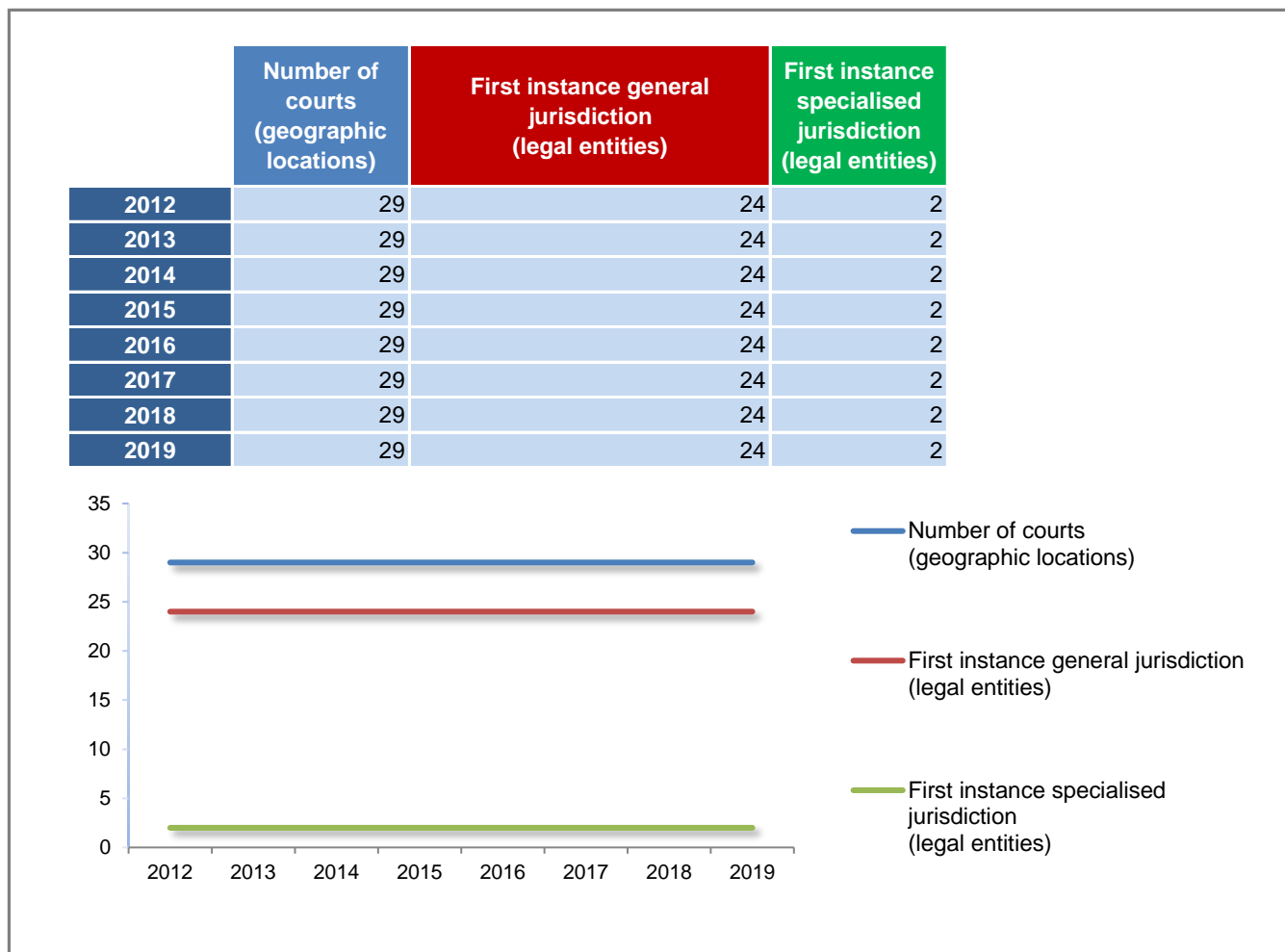
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Denmark

The Danish court system is composed of first instance courts which are called District courts; the Land Registration court and the Maritime and Commercial Court which are considered as first instance specialised courts; second and third instance courts which are the two High Courts and the Supreme Court.

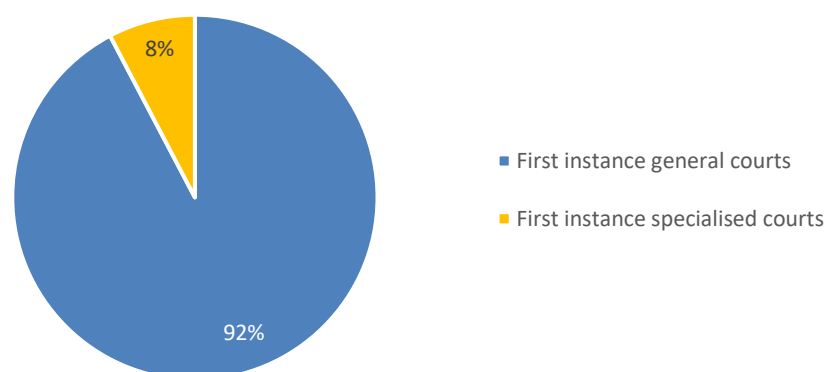
According to 2019 data, Denmark has 24 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (District courts) and 2 first instance specialised courts (the Maritime and Commercial Court and the Land registration Court).

In Denmark there are 2 first instance specialised courts: the Land Registration Court and the Maritime and Commercial Court. The Land Registration Court has been established in 2009. The Maritime and Commercial Court is classified as Commercial Court and Insolvency court because it is a peculiarity that this court also deals, to a great extent but not exclusively, with insolvency cases (bankruptcies etc.). Although it appears there are two courts there is only one.

The 24 district courts have always dealt with family cases. From 1 April 2019 family issues are a section of the court. Military courts exist but they are not part of the Danish Courts Administration.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts	
Total	2
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1
Insolvency courts	1
Labour courts	NAP
Family courts	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP
Military courts	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	1

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Denmark

- Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
2 204 798 480 €

Implemented:
2 193 263 930 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

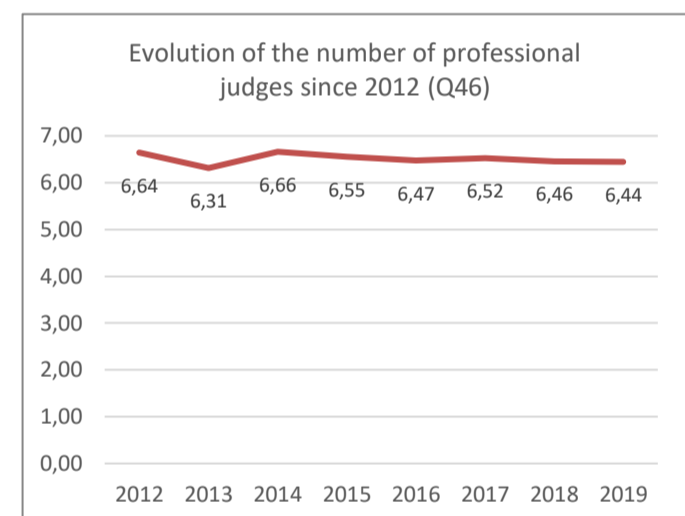


- Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	372	6,64	49,2%	50,8%
2013	355	6,31	49,6%	50,4%
2014	377	6,66	NA	NA
2015	374	6,55	NA	NA
2016	372	6,47	49,2%	50,8%
2017	377	6,52	48,8%	51,2%
2018	375	6,46	47,2%	52,8%
2019	375	6,44	50,1%	49,9%



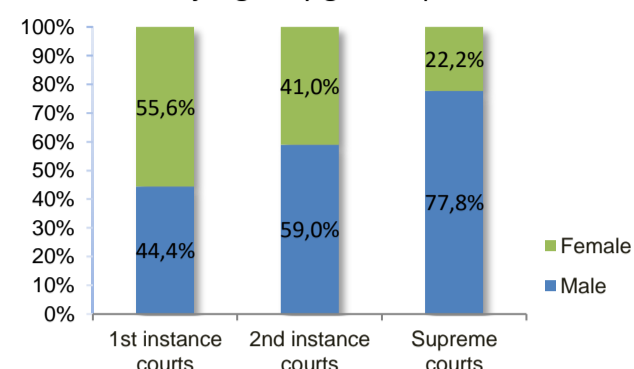
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Denmark is 375 which is equal to the number in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Denmark, in 2019 there are 6,4 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,7 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 4,4 non-judge staff per judge).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	252	112	140
2nd instance courts	105	62	43
Supreme courts	18	14	4
Total	375	188	187

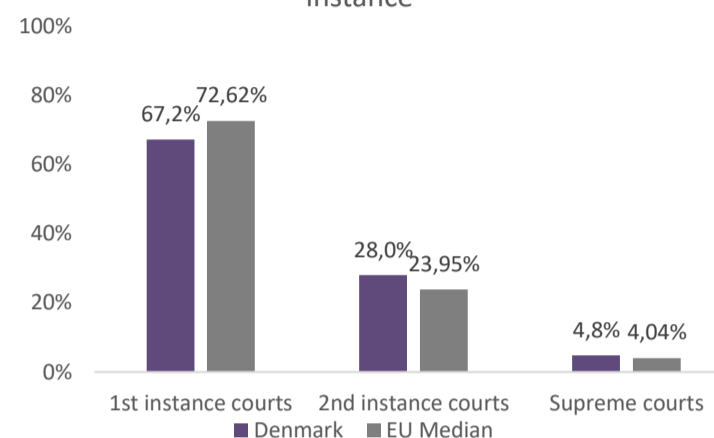
Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	67,2%	44,4%	55,6%
2nd instance courts	28,0%	59,0%	41,0%
Supreme courts	4,8%	77,8%	22,2%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 187 which represents 49,9% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 252 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 140 are female); 105 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 43 are female) and 18 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 4 are female).

As regards the distribution male/female, it should be noticed that the total number of female professional judges is equal to the one of male professional judges. However, the higher is the level of the court, the lower is the number of female professional judges.

In Denmark, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory



Optional



More specifically, training is optional except for the initial training that is compulsory for deputy judges. The Danish Court Administration offers on a yearly basis approx. 250 different sessions/seminars. In regards to in-service training on ethics this is incorporated in the initial training for deputy judges where it is relevant. In addition, different topics are offered on larger assemblies for appointed judges where ethics are a part of the specific topics.

Number of training courses organised are:

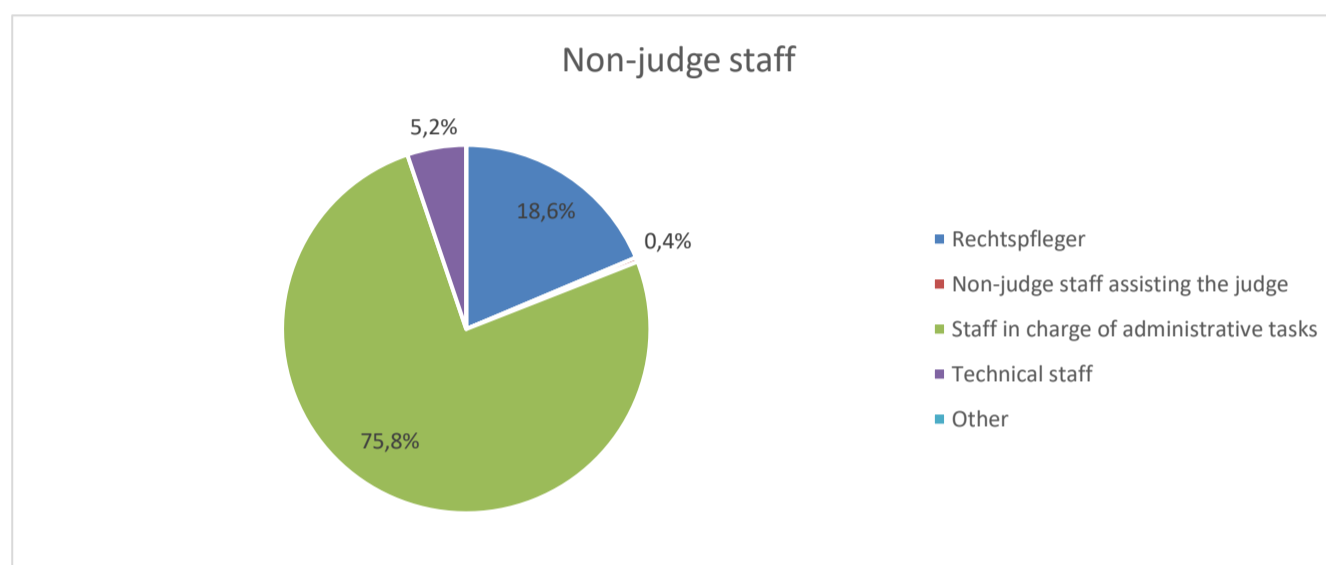
	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	375	NA
1. Only for judges	84	NA
2. Only for prosecutors	112	5
3. Only for other non-judge staff	86	NA
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
5. Other common training	93	NA

The category "Only for judges" captures both appointed judges and deputy judges. The e-learning courses are not offered by the Danish Court Administration, but another public institution in Denmark. However, they are available to all staff working within the Courts of Denmark.

As supplement to online training courses organized for public prosecution, the employees are invited to explore e-learning supplied by the government. These online courses count several thousands and they cover a variety of subjects, which are relevant for an employee in the prosecution system.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	1 823	319	1 072	201	67	164
2013	1 751	308	17	1 360	61	5
2014	1 754	572	18	1 091	68	5
2015	1 529	357	14	1 089	63	6
2016	1 642	275	12	1 285	63	7
2017	1 634	270	10	1 290	64	0
2018	1 656	274	9	1 291	72	10
2019	1 775	331	7	1 345	92	0



In Denmark, in this cycle there are 1 775 non-judge staff (among which NA females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 7,2%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

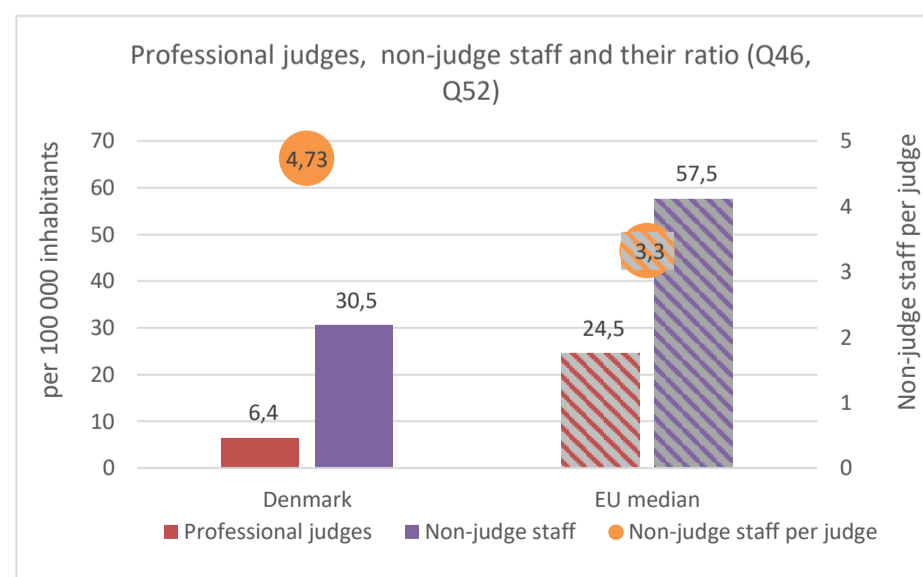
- 331 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (number of women is not available);
- 7 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (number of women is not available);
- 1 345 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (number of women is not available);
- 92 technical staff (number of women is not available);
- 0 other (number of women is not available);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 28,5 in 2018 to 30,5 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants decreases from 6,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 6,4 in 2019.

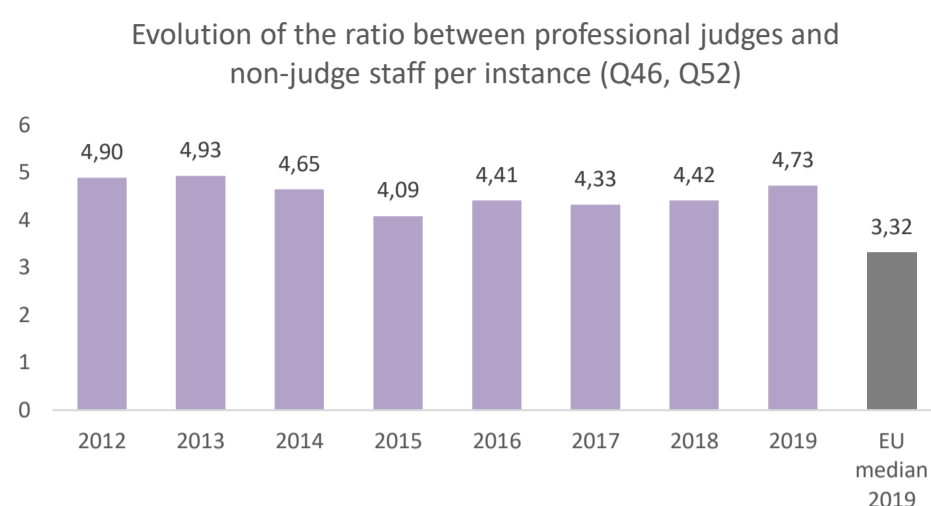
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Denmark	EU median
Professional judges	6,4	24,5
Non-judge staff	30,5	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	4,73	3,3



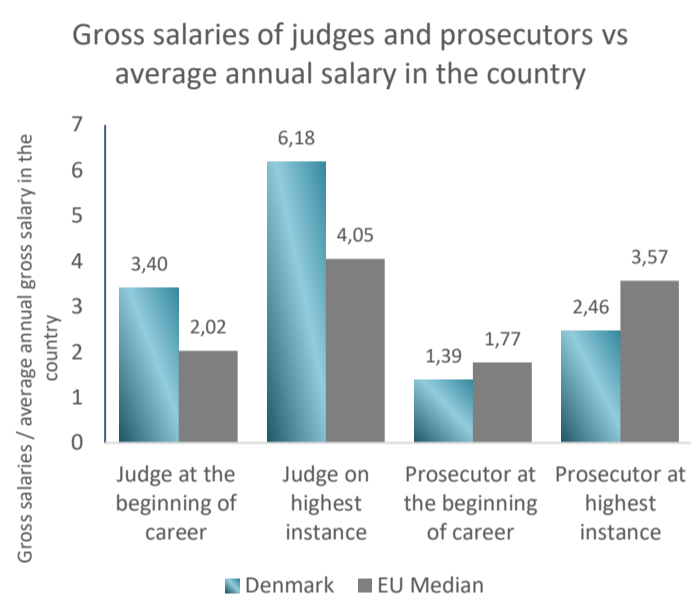
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	4,90
2013	4,93
2014	4,65
2015	4,09
2016	4,41
2017	4,33
2018	4,42
2019	4,73



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

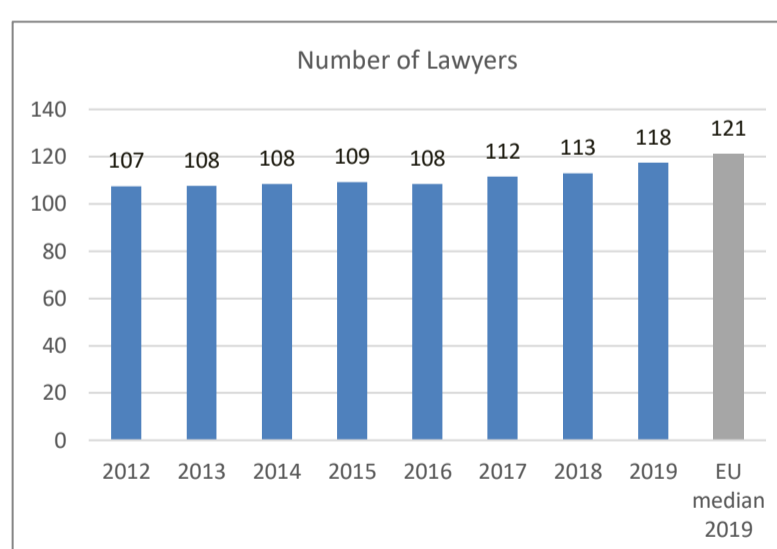
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	132 316 €	NA	3,40
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	240 196 €	NA	6,18
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	54 045 €	NA	1,39
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	95 657 €	NA	2,46



The Danish tax system is progressive, the percentage of tax depends on the income and the municipal tax varies from municipality to municipality, and therefore, net salary could not be reported.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	6 021	107,47
2013	6 053	107,64
2014	6 134	108,38
2015	6 235	109,25
2016	6 236	108,48
2017	6 450	111,57
2018	6 563	113,04
2019	6 843	117,52

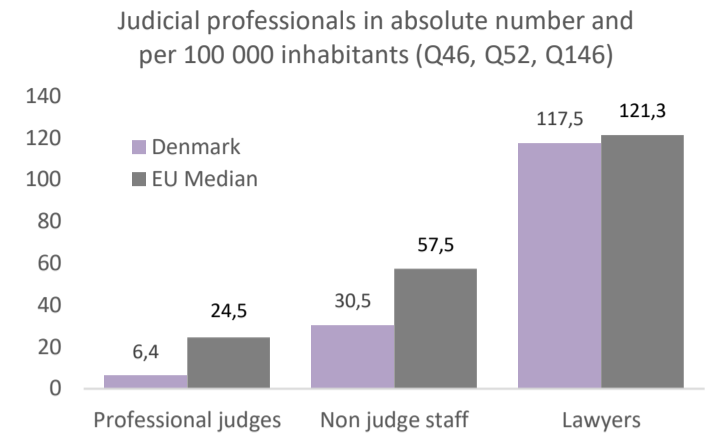


In 2019, there are 6 843 lawyers, which is 4,3% more than in 2018.

This data of 117,5 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is around the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	375	6,44	24,48
Non judge staff	1 775	30,48	57,49
Lawyers	6 843	117,52	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 142 817 000 € (24,5 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 152 327 262 € (26,2 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	75161 912 €	79390 355 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	67655 088 €	72936 907 €

The amount listed also includes expenses for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court. It is not currently possible to separate these amounts.

The difference between total budget and total accounts is approx. 9 pct. and is primarily due to increased expenses for legal assistance in extensive litigations with many defendants and many court days.

The increasing expenses compared to previous years are partly due to an increased effort to reduce case processing times and case stocks in the criminal case chain. In 2019, further expenses were incurred in connection with the implementation of several commissions of inquiry set up by the government.

In Denmark, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

In all criminal cases, a defence attorney is appointed to defendants. Victims of certain criminal offences (e.g. sexual offences, homicide and acts of violence) have access to representation in court by a support attorney. Basic legal advice is available to all persons in criminal cases. Further legal advice is only available subject to certain economic criteria.

With regard to other than criminal cases, legal aid can be granted for all necessary costs associated with the proceedings. The court decides which expenses are covered by legal aid. E.g. expenses that with good reason have been held in connection with a trial.

Under special circumstances fees for technical advisors or experts are covered in criminal cases.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

As a rule, legal fees must be paid in all civil cases. However, there are types of cases that are exempt from court fees. Cases of marriage, custody and paternity are examples of cases where there is no legal charge. If a party have been given a free trial to prosecute, he/she will not pay a court fee.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

The description of the methodology of calculation of court fees has been clarified. The new description applies as well to the 2012-2013 exercises. The methodology of calculation of court fees is based on beforehand established monetary thresholds. The reason for different amounts in different exercises is due to exchange rate fluctuations (the court fee in Danish kroner is the same).

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 54€

In inforcement cases (fogsager) the basic fee is DKK 300. If the claim exceeds DKK 3.000, another ½ percent has to be payed of the excess amount.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

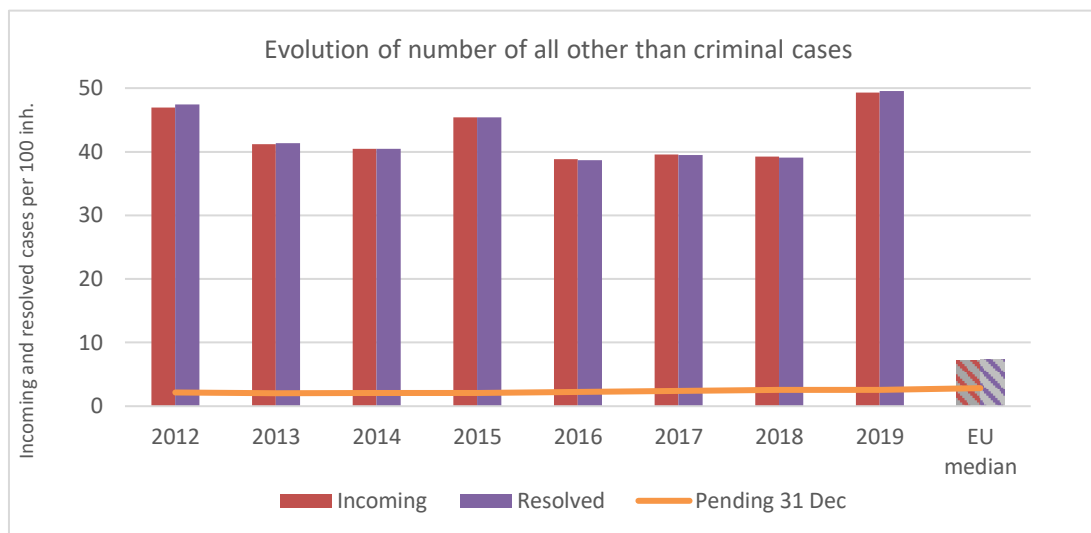
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

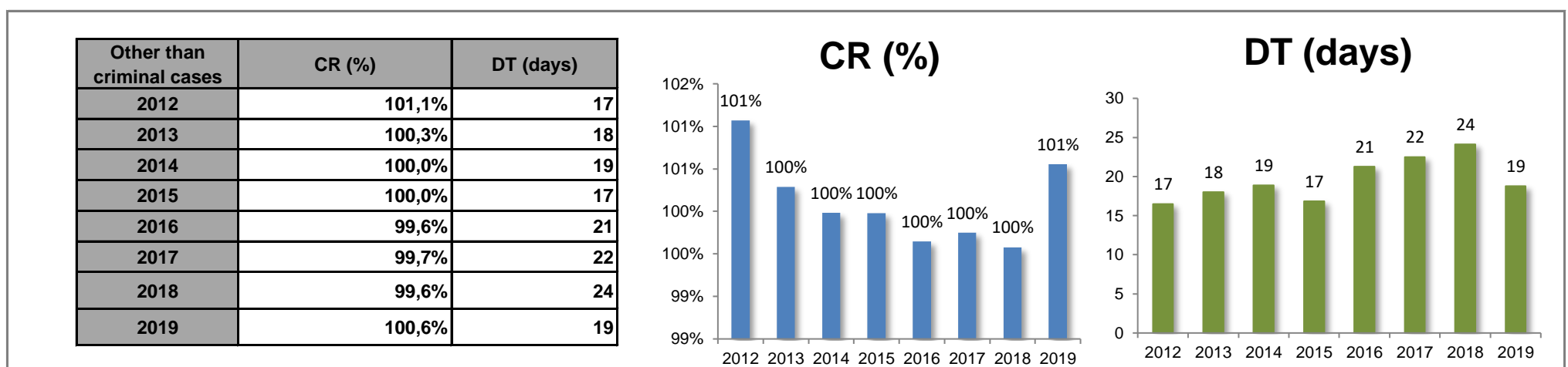
First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Denmark (49,28 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 49,55 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

However, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Denmark (2,55 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,6% in 2019 Denmark seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,0 point.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 19 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 111 days.

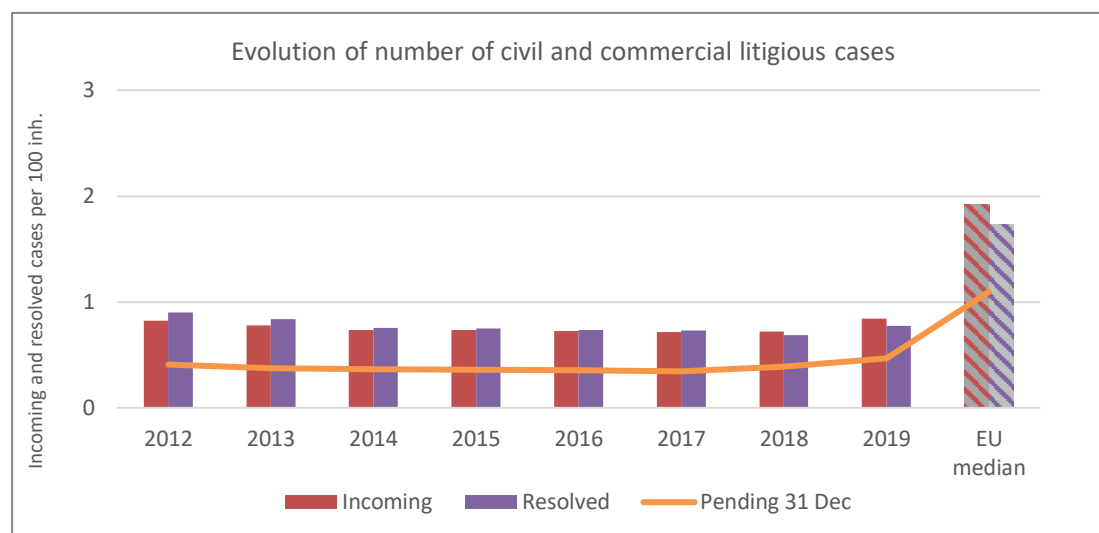
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 22,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

As concerns "non-litigious business registry cases", it is important to note that because of new regulations/laws, it is possible to start a new company with no prior capital. This causes many more companies and many more closures in some categories and also affects number of pending cases, like for non-litigious business registry cases. Furthermore, markedly fewer enforced cases were received regarding enforced closure in 2019 than in 2018, and many additional insolvency cases have been resolved in the beginning of year 2019 that had been received in late autumn / winter 2018. Furthermore, the reason for the discrepancies is that pending cases from the Maritime and Commercial High Court have been included in the figure for 2019, contrary to the previous cycles. Besides from that it is important to note that pending cases always may vary a lot as it is a residual figure when pending prior to the period, received and resolved cases are counted.

With regard to "non litigious land registry cases", it should be pointed out that variation in land registration (loans etc) appear as market and interest rates always vary from year to year. Furthermore, the residual figure of pending cases prior and after the period may vary due to the high amount of incoming and resolved cases.

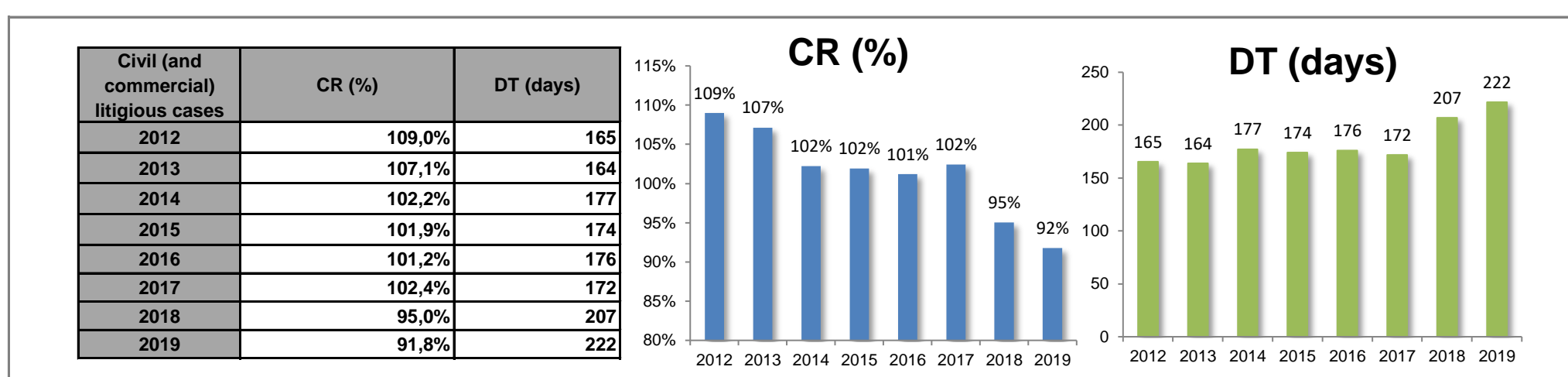
Civil and commercial non-litigious cases include paternity, adoption, guardianship and other cases in the same category, as well cases under inquisitorial procedures.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Denmark (0,84 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 0,77 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Denmark (0,47 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly below the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 91,8% in 2019, Denmark seems to face some difficulties in dealing with civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 3,2 points.

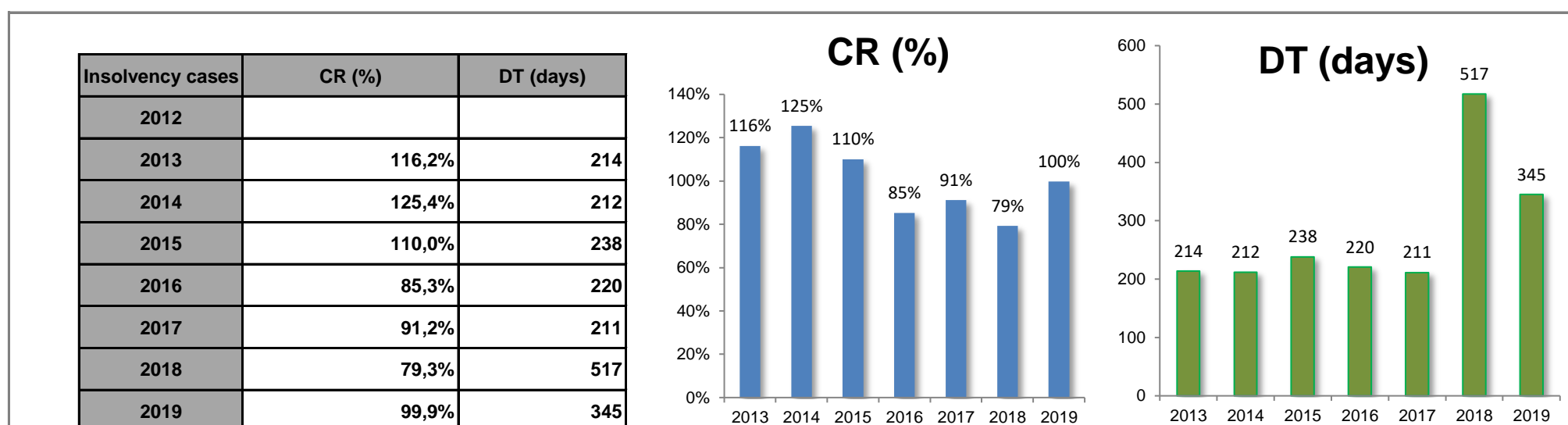
In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 222 days, which is slightly above EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 7,2% increase of the Disposition Time. The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ *Administrative cases*

The number of “administrative law cases” which are litigious is encompassed in the number of “civil and commercial litigious cases”, and therefore separate numbers could not be provided for this type of cases.

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 99,9% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Denmark seems to face some minor difficulties in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased by 20,6 points.

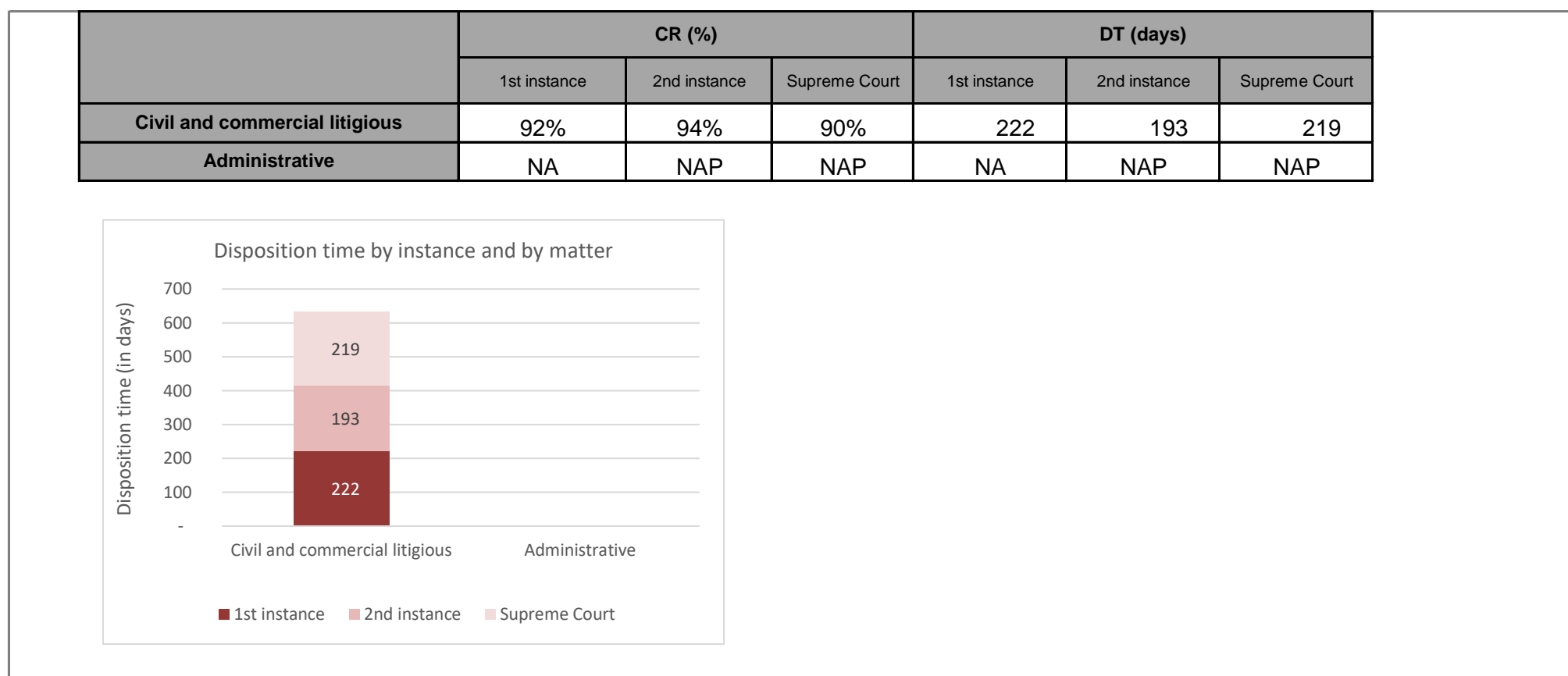
In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 345 days, which is above the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 33,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Pending bankruptcy cases from the Maritime and Commercial Court from the court's annual report is included in the figures for 2019.

There is a change in numbers of pending insolvency cases as the Maritime and Commercial Court's pending insolvency cases are included in the overall figure for 2019. It could be observed over number of years that there is an increased number of bankruptcy cases. This can be seen also in 2018 and 2019.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



In respect of civil and commercial litigious cases, the situation in all three instances seems to be balanced and in line with EU median values. First and third instance courts appear to be slightly less efficient, while the second instance courts appear as the fastest. The number of administrative law cases which are litigious is encompassed in the number of civil and commercial litigious cases and that is why no separate analysis have been provided for them.

It is noteworthy that all appellate cases are considered as “litigious cases” which explains the fact that the total of second instance cases coincides with the number of civil and commercial litigious cases.

Another important remark concerns cases that begin as first instance at one of the two High Courts are not included in the number of second instance cases.

The number of incoming third instance cases corresponds only to the number of admissible cases (cases declared inadmissible is excluded and their number is not available).

●Alternative dispute resolutions

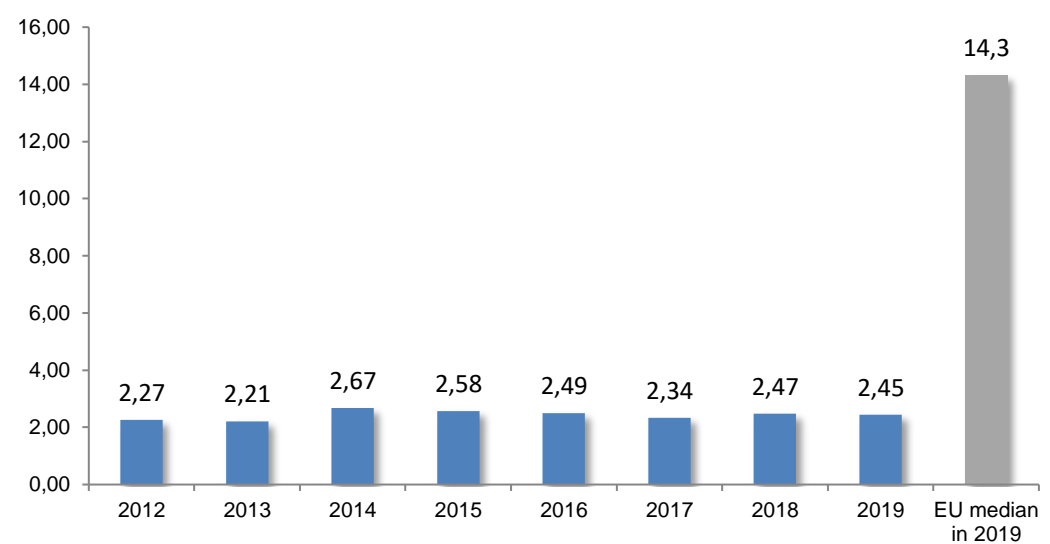
The judicial system in Denmark provides court related mediation.

The Danish Administration of Justice Act provides for two different types of judicial mediation in chapters 26 and 27.

In accordance with article 268(1) in chapter 26 of the Administration of Justice Act, the court must provide for judicial mediation in every civil case in the first instance in an attempt to reach a judicial settlement. The court can however refrain from providing such judicial mediation if, due to the nature of the case, the relationship between the parties to the proceedings, or similar circumstances, it can be assumed in advance that judicial mediation would provide no result, cf. article 268(2). In accordance with article 272 in chapter 27 of the Administration of Justice Act, the court can, if so requested by the parties to the proceedings, appoint a judicial mediator to assist the parties in reaching, by themselves, a solution to a dispute, which is at the parties' disposition.

The court related mediation system in Denmark does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

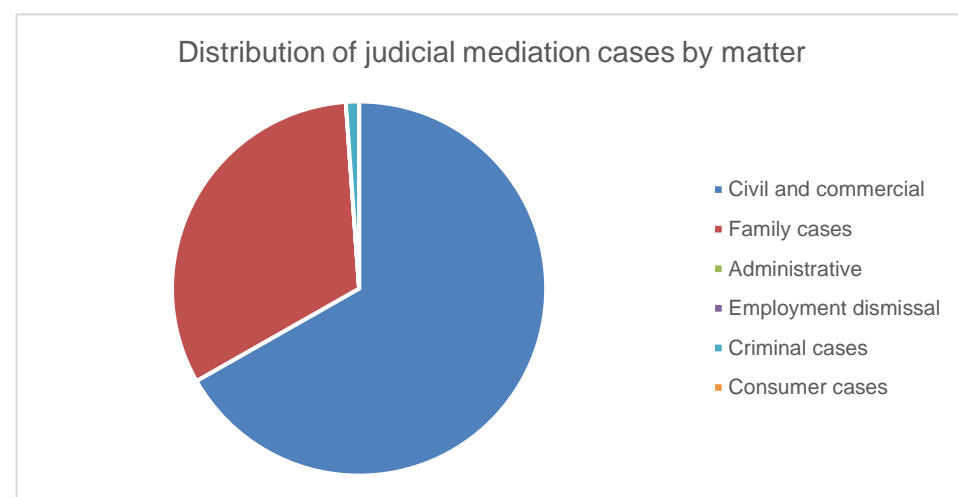
Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	127	2,27
2013	124	2,21
2014	151	2,67
2015	147	2,58
2016	143	2,49
2017	135	2,34
2018	143	2,47
2019	142	2,45



In 2019, there are 142 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 2,4 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about - 0,7%.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	617	11
Civil and commercial	412	7
Family cases	198	3
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	7	0
Consumer cases	NA	NA



Data above all relates to the district courts. The two High Courts also mediate a small number of cases, but due to data problems in a new system, the Western High Court stated in its annual report that they were unable to identify how many cases they had in which mediation was used. Therefore, Danish Court Administration didn't include the data for the two High Courts. In the figure for "number of finished court-related mediations", Danish Court Administration has excluded cases where the parties did not meet at least one time. Danish Court Administration have 7 so-called private criminal cases. In Denmark, there is no procedure for mediation of criminal cases, but private criminal cases may be mediated. Private criminal cases are cases where private legal entities (people or companies) sue others for criminal offenses. The number included here is only criminal cases dealt with in the Civil court. It seems that earlier data are only data of mediation where the mediation ended up with an agreement. Now the CEPEJ questions include start of mediation, finished court-related mediation and number of cases where an agreement is obtained.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

The Danish Court Administration works out general statistical data on case flows, target attainment, turnover time, weighted cases and productivity and numbers of staff. It is then expected that the individual courts work out a report where they explain the development in the court, plans they might have to deal with problems and challenges and the main occurrences during the year.

The content of the report is very much up to the courts to define. Typically the report will go over different sections of the court's work, indicating where it performed well and pointing out where it didn't. Furthermore, it will analyze the results and what in particular influenced them in that year.

- The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- other (please specify):

For the last evaluations it is explained with regard to the category "other" that the goals have been defined for percentile number of cases that are completed within different time brackets, i.e. 3 months, 6 months, etc.

The Danish Court Administration produces an annual report concerning cases in which violent behaviour and rape cases are included.

Courts are followed yearly in an annual report. District courts receives monthly a report about case flow, pending cases, backlogs, weighted cases and the time it takes to finalize cases.

In Denmark, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

Weighted cases is also a way to see how much activity a court has.

In Denmark, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

Monthly for the district courts quarterly for other courts.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- other (please specify):

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

The Danish Court administration takes action on the half-yearly figures where more extended reports and productivity figures are worked out. These data are used to allocate funds and judges etc.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

Quantitative measures have been used. Quality is usually measured as length of time to finalize a case.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

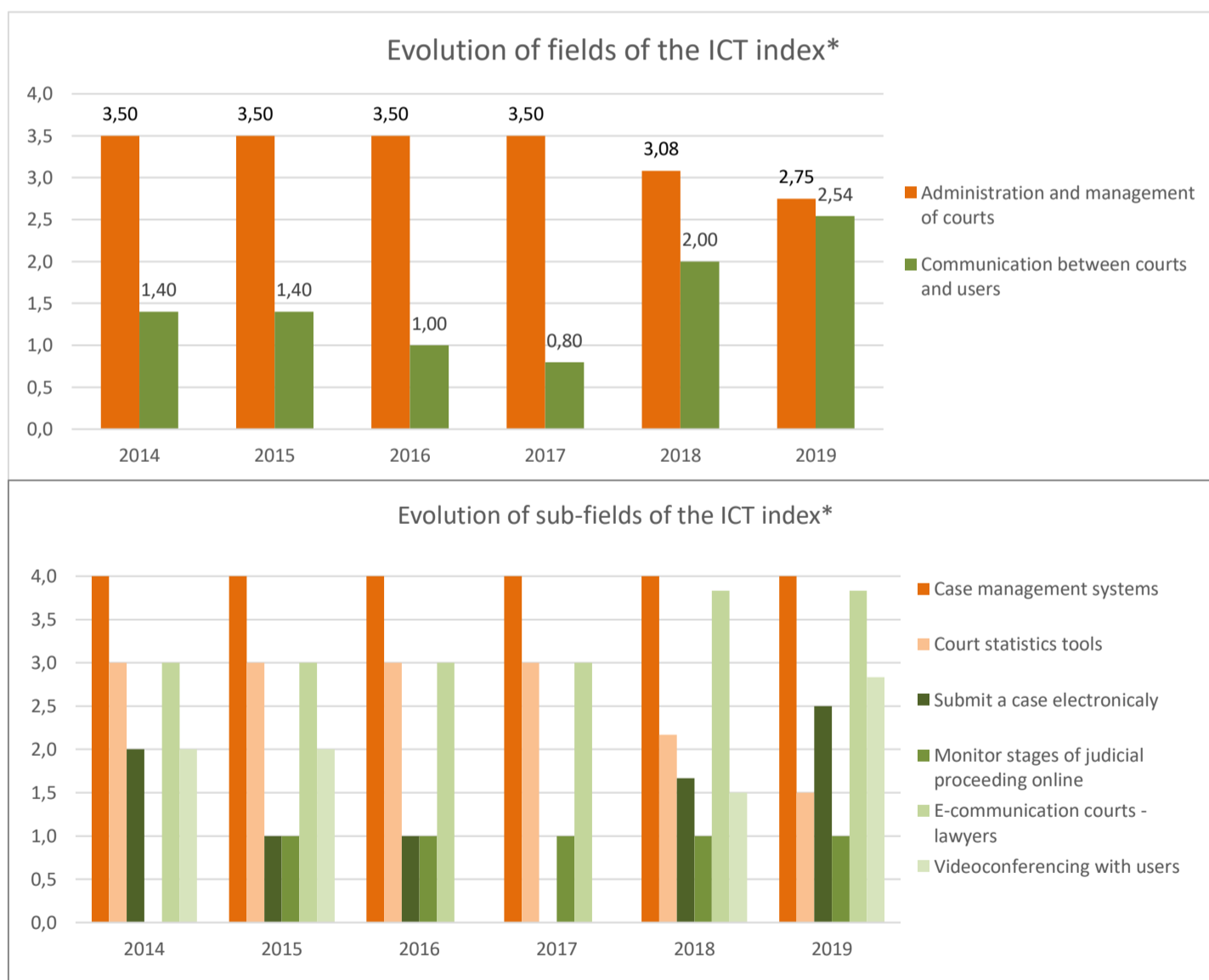
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	2,8
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	1,5
◦ Communication between court and users.	2,5
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	2,5
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	1,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	3,8
Videoconferencing with users	2,8

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Comments on writing assistance tools

For civil/commercial cases the availability rate slightly decreased as the different areas of use and the different patterns of uses have been tested and it was found that there were certain areas that were not covered.

Comments on voice recording tools

Some testing of the quality of voice recognition was conducted and found that the software was unreliable in regards to the Danish language. The response is based on the multiple choice fields and by pilot testing, meaning the simple light testing and this initiative will not be moved forward.

Comments on measurement tools on workload

It has been measured the amount of time each judge or staff spends on different categories of work (civil cases, criminal cases, administration etc.). The court activities are calculated in weighted cases. Therefore, the productivity is measured.

Statistical data

In Denmark, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary which is the Danish Court Administration.

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet

The content of the report is very much up to the courts to define. Typically the report will go over different sections of the court's work, indicating where it performed well and pointing out where it didn't. Furthermore, it will analyze the results and what in particular influenced them in that year.

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	3,9%	0,4%	0,6%	0,8%	0,7%	0,6%	0,4%	0,3%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	43 738 €	45 171 €	45 744 €	46 836 €	48 474 €	50 100 €	51 280 €	53 189 €	21,6%	3,3%	1,3%	2,4%	3,5%	3,4%	2,4%	3,7%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	7,46	7,46	7,44	7,46	7,43	7,34	7,47	7,47	0,2%	0,0%	-0,2%	0,2%	-0,3%	-1,2%	1,7%	0,1%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	2 387 211 425	2 566 046 343	2 592 079 102	2 575 394 432	1 932 211 597	1 995 955 717	2 056 060 748	2 204 798 480	-7,6%	7,5%	1,0%	-0,6%	-25,0%	3,3%	3,0%	7,2%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP							
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No							
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No							
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No							
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No	No							

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	3,9%	0,4%	0,6%	0,8%	0,7%	0,6%	0,4%	0,3%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	43 738 €	45 171 €	45 744 €	46 836 €	48 474 €	50 100 €	51 280 €	53 189 €	21,6%	3,3%	1,3%	2,4%	3,5%	3,4%	2,4%	3,7%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	2 387 211 425	2 566 046 343	2 592 079 102	2 575 394 432	1 932 211 597	1 995 955 717	2 056 060 748	2 204 798 480	-7,6%	0 €	1,0%	-0,6%	-25,0%	3,3%	3,0%	7,2%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	2 675 479 607	2 483 197 276	1 871 349 985	1 984 707 981	2 071 073 672	2 193 263 930	-	-	-	-7,2%	-24,6%	6,1%	4,4%	5,9%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	3,9%	0,4%	0,6%	0,8%	0,7%	0,6%	0,4%	0,3%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	2 387 211 425	2 566 046 343	2 592 079 102	2 575 394 432	1 932 211 597	1 995 955 717	2 056 060 748	2 204 798 480	-7,6%	7,5%	1,0%	-0,6%	-25,0%	3,3%	3,0%	7,2%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	98 520 187	-	57 764 476	55 924 183	56 367 754	57 368 901	58 121 218	60 832 602	-38,3%	-	-	-3,2%	0,8%	1,8%	1,3%	4,7%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	54	54	54	54	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	3,9%	0,4%	0,6%	0,8%	0,7%	0,6%	0,4%	0,3%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	NAP	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	24	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	3,9%	0,4%	0,6%	0,8%	0,7%	0,6%	0,4%	0,3%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	143 328	117 611	114 483	116 296	122 137	136 043	144 319	164 281	14,6%	-17,9%	-2,7%	1,6%	5,0%	11,4%	6,1%	13,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 505	23 845	21 282	20 933	20 790	20 909	20 458	23 273	-12,2%	-10,0%	-10,7%	-1,6%	-0,7%	0,6%	-2,2%	13,8%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	64 939	66 789	73 598	87 083	94 887	110 970	-	-	-	2,8%	10,2%	18,3%	9,0%	16,9%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	76 701	56 974	57 523	60 220	66 980	77 671	83 319	87 757	14,4%	-25,7%	1,0%	4,7%	11,2%	16,0%	7,3%	5,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 416	6 569	6 618	7 012	9 229	20 541	-	-	-	-11,4%	0,7%	6,0%	31,6%	122,6%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	1 333	2 460	1 680	1 616	971	1 728	3 094	2 223	66,8%	84,5%	-31,7%	-3,8%	-39,9%	78,0%	79,1%	-28,2%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	7 136	6 841	5 736	4 953	5 647	5 284	6 135	18 318	156,7%	-4,1%	-16,2%	-13,7%	14,0%	-6,4%	16,1%	198,6%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 400	2 339	2 672	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2,5%	14,2%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	28 748	27 491	28 262	28 574	27 749	28 051	28 974	30 043	4,5%	-4,4%	2,8%	1,1%	-2,9%	1,1%	3,3%	3,7%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 628 863	2 316 568	2 288 883	2 592 856	2 232 881	2 286 018	2 277 208	2 869 512	9,2%	-11,9%	-1,2%	13,3%	-13,9%	2,4%	-0,4%	26,0%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	46 213	43 878	41 717	42 053	41 620	41 329	41 854	48 940	5,9%	-5,1%	-4,9%	0,8%	-1,0%	-0,7%	1,3%	16,9%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 115 501	2 420 680	2 060 019	2 104 528	2 076 446	2 650 449	-	-	-	14,4%	-14,9%	2,2%	-1,3%	27,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	371 900	370 649	359 920	346 762	352 091	368 012	357 316	359 176	-3,4%	-0,3%	-2,9%	-3,7%	1,5%	4,5%	-2,9%	0,5%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 755 581	2 073 918	1 707 928	1 732 276	1 714 131	2 285 719	-	-	-	18,1%	-17,6%	1,4%	-1,0%	33,3%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 071 492	1 762 764	1 744 916	2 061 209	1 689 939	1 713 233	1 689 592	2 267 166	9,4%	-14,9%	-1,0%	18,1%	-18,0%	1,4%	-1,4%	34,2%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	14 694	13 341	10 665	12 709	17 989	19 043	24 539	18 553	26,3%	-9,2%	-20,1%	19,2%	41,5%	5,9%	28,9%	-24,4%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	4 240	4 999	5 554	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,9%	11,1%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	124 021	125 936	131 665	130 123	131 242	140 161	158 908	170 123	37,2%	1,5%	4,5%	-1,2%	0,9%	6,8%	13,4%	7,1%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 656 912	2 323 265	2 288 504	2 592 317	2 225 000	2 280 231	2 267 599	2 885 425	8,6%	-12,6%	-1,5%	13,3%	-14,2%	2,5%	-0,6%	27,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	50 361	47 009	42 638	42 867	42 116	42 325	39 768	44 924	-10,8%	-6,7%	-9,3%	0,5%	-1,8%	0,5%	-6,0%	13,0%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 114 440	2 418 335	2 052 009	2 098 695	2 070 226	2 670 673	-	-	-	14,4%	-15,1%	2,3%	-1,4%	29,0%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	394 750	372 421	357 102	344 907	344 729	365 470	357 728	373 901	-5,3%	-5,7%	-4,1%	-3,4%	-0,1%	6,0%	-2,1%	4,5%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 757 338	2 073 428	1 707 280	1 728 773	1 707 761	2 291 277	-	-	-	18,0%	-17,7%	1,3%	-1,2%	34,2%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 070 365	1 763 487	1 745 063	2 061 886	1 689 196	1 711 887	1 690 470	2 266 404	9,5%	-14,8%	-1,0%	18,2%	-18,1%	1,3%	-1,3%	34,1%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	15 366	15 048	12 275	11 542	18 084	16 886	17 291	24 873	61,9%	-2,1%	-18,4%	-6,0%	56,7%	-6,6%	2,4%	43,8%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	4 452	4 737	5 495	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,4%	16,0%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	125 486	125 300	131 426	131 115	130 875	139 211	157 605	169 828	35,3%	-0,1%	4,9%	-0,2%	-0,2%	6,4%	13,2%	7,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	120 108	114 531	118 484	119 689	129 683	140 504	149 974	148 368	23,5%	-4,6%	3,5%	1,0%	8,3%	8,3%	6,7%	-1,1%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	22 804	21 120	20 705	20 458	20 294	19 913	22 544	27 289	19,7%	-7,4%	-2,0%	-1,2%	-0,8%	-1,9%	13,2%	21,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	69 113	71 458	81 302	91 552	97 182	90 746	-	-	-	3,4%	13,8%	12,6%	6,1%	-6,6%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	57 548	57 559	62 626	64 876	74 342	80 213	82 907	73 032	26,9%	0,0%	8,8%	3,6%	14,6%	7,9%	3,4%	-11,9%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6 487	6 582	6 960	9 151	11 674	14 983	-	-	-	1,5%	5,7%	31,5%	27,6%	28,3%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	2 460	1 737	1 533	939	1 714	3 074	2 216	2 985	21,3%	-29,4%	-11,7%	-38,7%	82,5%	79,3%	-27,9%	34,7%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	6 852	5 751	4 954	5 643	5 246	6 077	9 458	11 998	75,1%	-16,1%	-13,9%	13,9%	-7,0%	15,8%	55,6%	26,9%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 188	2 601	2 731	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,9%	5,0%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	27 580	28 364	28 666	27 773	28 087	29 039	30 248	30 333	10,0%	2,8%	1,1%	-3,1%	1,1%	3,4%	4,2%	0,3%

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,1%	100,3%	100,0%	100,0%	99,6%	99,7%	99,6%	100,6%	-0,5%	-0,8%	-0,3%	0,0%	-0,3%	0,1%	-0,2%	1,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	109,0%	107,1%	102,2%	101,9%	101,2%	102,4%	95,0%	91,8%	-15,8%	-1,7%	-4,6%	-0,3%	-0,7%	1,2%	-7,2%	-3,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	99,9%	99,9%	99,6%	99,7%	99,7%	100,8%	-	-	-	0,0%	-0,3%	0,1%	0,0%	1,1%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	106,1%	100,5%	99,2%	99,5%	97,9%	99,3%	100,1%	104,1%	-1,9%	-5,3%	-1,3%	0,2%	-1,6%	1,4%	0,8%	4,0%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	100,1%	100,0%	100,0%	99,8%	99,6%	100,2%	-	-	-	-0,1%	0,0%	-0,2%	-0,2%	0,6%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	99,9%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	99,9%	100,1%	100,0%	0,0%	0,1%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,1%	0,0%	0,1%	-0,1%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	104,6%	112,8%	115,1%	90,8%	100,5%	88,7%	70,5%	134,1%	28,2%	7,9%	2,0%	-21,1%	10,7%	-11,8%	-20,5%	90,3%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	105,0%	94,8%	98,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-9,8%	4,4%
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	101,2%	99,5%	99,8%	100,8%	99,7%	99,3%	99,2%	99,8%	-1,3%	-1,7%	0,3%	0,9%	-1,0%	-0,4%	-0,1%	0,7%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	17	18	19	17	21	22	24	19	13,7%	9,1%	5,0%	-10,8%	26,2%	5,7%	7,3%	-22,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	165	164	177	174	176	172	207	222	34,2%	-0,8%	8,1%	-1,7%	1,0%	-2,4%	20,5%	7,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	12	11	14	16	17	12	-	-	-	-9,6%	34,1%	10,1%	7,6%	-27,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	53	56	64	69	79	80	85	71	34,0%	6,0%	13,5%	7,3%	14,7%	1,8%	5,6%	-15,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-14,0%	28,4%	29,8%	29,1%	-4,3%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	10,8%	-17,1%	-10,8%	-48,2%	122,8%	77,0%	-27,0%	0,5%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	163	139	147	178	106	131	200	176	8,2%	-14,3%	5,6%	21,1%	-40,7%	24,1%	52,0%	-11,8%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	179	200	181	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,7%	-9,5%
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	80	83	80	77	78	76	70	65	-18,7%	3,0%	-3,6%	-2,9%	1,3%	-2,8%	-8,0%	-6,9%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	2 257	1 994	1 892	1 816	1 557	1 640	1 534	1 533	-32,1%	-11,7%	-5,1%	-4,0%	-14,3%	5,3%	-6,5%	-0,1%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	6 300	5 817	4 952	4 226	4 182	4 406	8 593	9 895	57,1%	-7,7%	-14,9%	-14,7%	-1,0%	5,4%	95,0%	15,2%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	5 219	5 124	4 852	4 005	4 375	4 124	3 911	4 840	-7,3%	-1,8%	-5,3%	-17,5%	9,2%	-5,7%	-5,2%	23,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	8 199	7 291	5 808	5 815	8 499	8 454	9 381	10 504	28,1%	-11,1%	-20,3%	0,1%	46,2%	-0,5%	11,0%	12,0%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	5 497	5 237	4 946	4 286	4 314	4 212	3 905	4 637	-15,6%	-4,7%	-5,6%	-13,3%	0,7%	-2,4%	-7,3%	18,7%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	9 024	8 472	7 283	6 399	7 248	7 708	7 438	10 489	16,2%	-6,1%	-14,0%	-12,1%	13,3%	6,3%	-3,5%	41,0%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	2 000	1 890	1 817	1 546	1 618	1 552	1 540	1 736	-13,2%	-5,5%	-3,9%	-14,9%	4,7%	-4,1%	-0,8%	12,7%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	5 820	4 958	4 223	4 176	4 377	4 459	10 536	9 910	70,3%	-14,8%	-14,8%	-1,1%	4,8%	1,9%	136,3%	-5,9%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	105,3%	102,2%	101,9%	107,0%	98,6%	102,1%	99,8%	95,8%	-9,0%	-3,0%	-0,3%	5,0%	-7,9%	3,6%	-2,2%	-4,0%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	110,1%	116,2%	125,4%	110,0%	85,3%	91,2%	79,3%	99,9%	-9,3%	5,6%	7,9%	-12,2%	-22,5%	6,9%	-13,0%	25,9%
DT Litigious divorce cases	133	132	134	132	137	134	144	137	2,9%	-0,8%	1,8%	-1,8%	4,0%	-1,8%	7,0%	-5,1%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	235	214	212	238	220	211	517	345	46,5%	-9,3%	-0,9%	12,5%	-7,5%	-4,2%	144,9%	-33,3%

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 751	3 202	3 306	3 065	2 580	2 137	1 935	2 183	-20,6%	16,4%	3,2%	-7,3%	-15,8%	-17,2%	-9,5%	12,8%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 751	3 202	3 306	3 065	2 580	2 137	1 935	2 183	-20,6%	16,4%	3,2%	-7,3%	-15,8%	-17,2%	-9,5%	12,8%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	7 805	7 376	6 330	5 214	5 075	4 819	4 839	5 022	-35,7%	-5,5%	-14,2%	-17,6%	-2,7%	-5,0%	0,4%	3,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	7 805	7 376	6 330	5 214	5 075	4 819	4 839	5 022	-35,7%	-5,5%	-14,2%	-17,6%	-2,7%	-5,0%	0,4%	3,8%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	7 363	7 268	6 577	5 690	5 525	5 063	4 636	4 717	-35,9%	-1,3%	-9,5%	-13,5%	-2,9%	-8,4%	-8,4%	1,7%

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	7 363	7 268	6 577	5 690	5 525	5 063	4 636	4 717	-35,9%	-1,3%	-9,5%	-13,5%	-2,9%	-8,4%	-8,4%	1,7%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 193	3 310	3 059	2 589	2 130	1 893	2 138	2 488	-22,1%	3,7%	-7,6%	-15,4%	-17,7%	-11,1%	12,9%	16,4%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 193	3 310	3 059	2 589	2 130	1 893	2 138	2 488	-22,1%	3,7%	-7,6%	-15,4%	-17,7%	-11,1%	12,9%	16,4%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	94,3%	98,5%	103,9%	109,1%	108,9%	105,1%	95,8%	93,9%	-0,4%	4,5%	5,4%	5,0%	-0,2%	-3,5%	-8,8%	-2,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	94,3%	98,5%	103,9%	109,1%	108,9%	105,1%	95,8%	93,9%	-0,4%	4,5%	5,4%	5,0%	-0,2%	-3,5%	-8,8%	-2,0%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	158	166	170	166	141	136	168	193	21,6%	5,0%	2,1%	-2,2%	-15,3%	-3,0%	23,3%	14,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	158	166	170	166	141	136	168	193	21,6%	5,0%	2,1%	-2,2%	-15,3%	-3,0%	23,3%	14,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	352	-	222	159	114	131	100	133	-62,2%	-	-	-28,4%	-28,3%	14,9%	-23,7%	33,0%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	222	159	114	131	100	133	-	-	-	-28,4%	-28,3%	14,9%	-23,7%	33,0%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	324	-	223	230	248	215	257	302	-6,8%	-	-	3,1%	7,8%	-13,3%	19,5%	17,5%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	223	230	248	215	257	302	-	-	-	3,1%	7,8%	-13,3%	19,5%	17,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	381	-	295	275	231	236	236	272	-28,6%	-	-	-6,8%	-16,0%	2,2%	0,0%	15,3%

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	295	275	231	236	236	272	-	-	-	-6,8%	-16,0%	2,2%	0,0%	15,3%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	293	-	151	114	131	110	121	163	-44,4%	-	-	-24,5%	14,9%	-16,0%	10,0%	34,7%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	151	114	131	110	121	163	-	-	-	-24,5%	14,9%	-16,0%	10,0%	34,7%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	117,6%	-	132,3%	119,6%	93,1%	109,8%	91,8%	90,1%	-23,4%	-	-	-9,6%	-22,1%	17,8%	-16,3%	-1,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	132,3%	119,6%	93,1%	109,8%	91,8%	90,1%	-	-	-	-9,6%	-22,1%	17,8%	-16,3%	-1,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	281	-	187	151	207	170	187	219	-22,1%	-	-	-19,0%	36,8%	-17,8%	10,0%	16,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	187	151	207	170	187	219	-	-	-	-19,0%	36,8%	-17,8%	10,0%	16,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	3,9%	0,4%	0,6%	0,8%	0,7%	0,6%	0,4%	0,3%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	83 643 048	102 427 178	129 010 156	129 435 262	139 692 531	135 994 117	139 254 575	142 817 000	70,7%	22,5%	26,0%	0,3%	7,9%	-2,6%	2,4%	2,6%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	83 643 048	102 427 178	NA	NA	NA	NA	139 254 577	NA	-	22,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	65 828 364	66 393 212	71 029 873	68 112 804	71 917 395	75 161 912	-	-	-	0,9%	7,0%	-4,1%	5,6%	4,5%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	40 251 707	39 983 363	NA	NA	NA	NA	71 917 395	NA	-	-0,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	63 181 794	63 042 050	68 662 659	67 881 313	67 337 182	67 655 088	-	-	-	-0,2%	8,9%	-1,1%	-0,8%	0,5%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	43 391 341	62 443 815	NA	NA	NA	NA	67 337 182	NA	-	43,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	134 146 776	135 270 967	129 857 618	120 344 241	112 470 945	152 327 262	-	-	-	0,8%	-4,0%	-7,3%	-6,5%	35,4%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	112 470 945	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	71 094 632	72 358 279	65 784 341	63 523 837	50 114 505	79 390 355	-	-	-	1,8%	-9,1%	-3,4%	-21,1%	58,4%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	50 114 505	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	63 052 144	62 912 688	64 073 276	56 820 404	62 356 440	72 936 907	-	-	-	-0,2%	1,8%	-11,3%	9,7%	17,0%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	62 356 440	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	398	375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-5,8%	
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	135	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Fully integrated including Bl ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Not integrated but connected ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Not connected at all : connected at all	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							100%	NA
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							NA	NA
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges							0% (NAP)	10-49%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							10-49%	10-49%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	10-49%
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							Yes	Yes
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	No

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	Yes									

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	50-99%											
064-2 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							No	No											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							No	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

- Civil - Equipment rate
- Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
- Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
- Civil - SMS
- Civil - E-mail
- Civil - Specific computer application
- Civil - Other

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							not accessible at all	accessible at all									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							50-99%	50-99%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							10-49%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							NA	NA
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							10-49%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							NA	NA
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Both	Video

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Both	Video										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Both	Video										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	No
064-3 - Equipment rate							1-9%	
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	0
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	0
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							Yes	0
064-3 - Information available in CMS							Yes	0

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																		
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																		

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																		
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Workload							Yes	No										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Costs							Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No										
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																		
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes										

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Optional
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics								Compulsory	Optional	Optional

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																	
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																	
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	127	124	151	147	143	135	143	142	11,8%	-2,4%	21,8%	-2,6%	-2,7%	-5,6%	5,9%	-0,7%	

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	422	-	389	-	554	NA	715	617	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-13,7%
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	279	-	243	-	321	328	460	412	17,6%	-	-	-	-	2,2%	40,2%	-10,4%
167. 2. Family cases - started	143	-	146	-	190	161	250	198	12,6%	-	-	-	-	-15,3%	55,3%	-20,8%
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	2	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	150,0%	40,0%
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)								
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																		
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																		
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	No										
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes										

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	3,9%	0,4%	0,6%	0,8%	0,7%	0,6%	0,4%	0,3%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	372	355	377	374	372	377	375	375	0,8%	-4,6%	6,2%	-0,8%	-0,5%	1,3%	-0,5%	0,0%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	259	236	261	260	254	254	258	252	-2,7%	-8,9%	10,6%	-0,4%	-2,3%	0,0%	1,6%	-2,3%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	94	101	97	95	99	105	99	105	11,7%	7,4%	-4,0%	-2,1%	4,2%	6,1%	-5,7%	6,1%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	19	18	19	19	19	18	18	18	-5,3%	-5,3%	5,6%	0,0%	0,0%	-5,3%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	183	176	NA	NA	183	184	177	188	2,7%	-3,8%	-	-	-	0,5%	-3,8%	6,2%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	111	101	NA	NA	113	110	110	112	0,9%	-9,0%	-	-	-	-2,7%	0,0%	1,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	59	62	58	NA	57	61	54	62	5,1%	5,1%	-6,5%	-	-	7,0%	-11,5%	14,8%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	14	13	14	14	13	13	13	14	0,0%	-7,1%	7,7%	0,0%	-7,1%	0,0%	0,0%	7,7%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	189	179	NA	NA	189	193	198	187	-1,1%	-5,3%	-	-	-	2,1%	2,6%	-5,6%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	148	135	NA	NA	141	144	148	140	-5,4%	-8,8%	-	-	-	2,1%	2,8%	-5,4%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	35	39	39	NA	42	44	45	43	22,9%	11,4%	0,0%	-	-	4,8%	2,3%	-4,4%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	5	5	5	5	6	5	5	4	-20,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%	-16,7%	0,0%	-20,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	1 823	1 751	1 754	1 529	1 642	1 634	1 656	1 775	-2,6%	-3,9%	0,2%	-12,8%	7,4%	-0,5%	1,3%	7,2%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	319	308	572	357	275	270	274	331	3,8%	-3,4%	85,7%	-37,6%	-23,0%	-1,8%	1,5%	20,8%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 072	17	18	14	12	10	9	7	-99,3%	-98,4%	5,9%	-22,2%	-14,3%	-16,7%	-10,0%	-22,2%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	201	1 360	1 091	1 089	1 285	1 290	1 291	1 345	569,5%	577,0%	-19,8%	-0,2%	18,0%	0,4%	0,1%	4,2%

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	67	61	68	63	63	64	72	92	37,3%	-9,0%	11,5%	-7,4%	0,0%	1,6%	12,5%	27,8%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	164	5	5	6	7	0	10	0	-100,0%	-97,0%	0,0%	20,0%	16,7%	-100,0%	-	-100,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	0	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	0	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	3,9%	0,4%	0,6%	0,8%	0,7%	0,6%	0,4%	0,3%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	6 021	6 053	6 134	6 235	6 236	6 450	6 563	6 843	13,7%	0,5%	1,3%	1,6%	0,0%	3,4%	1,8%	4,3%

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	1 823	1 751	1 754	1 529	1 642	1 634	1 656	1 775	-2,6%	-3,9%	0,2%	-12,8%	7,4%	-0,5%	1,3%	7,2%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	319	308	572	357	275	270	274	331	3,8%	-3,4%	85,7%	-37,6%	-23,0%	-1,8%	1,5%	20,8%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 072	17	18	14	12	10	9	7	-99,3%	-98,4%	5,9%	-22,2%	-14,3%	-16,7%	-10,0%	-22,2%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	201	1 360	1 091	1 089	1 285	1 290	1 291	1 345	569,5%	577,0%	-19,8%	-0,2%	18,0%	0,4%	0,1%	4,2%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	67	61	68	63	63	64	72	92	37,3%	-9,0%	11,5%	-7,4%	0,0%	1,6%	12,5%	27,8%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	164	5	5	6	7	0	10	0	-100,0%	-97,0%	0,0%	20,0%	16,7%	-100,0%	-	-100,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	0	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	0	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							Yes	Yes
Prosecutors							Yes	Yes
Non-judge staff							Yes	Yes
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							Yes	Yes
Enforcement agents							Yes	Yes

Table 11.2: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							Yes	Yes
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	-----	-----

Denmark (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							Yes	Yes									
Non-judge staff							Yes	Yes									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							Yes	Yes									
Enforcement agents							Yes	Yes									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							Yes	Yes									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Estonia

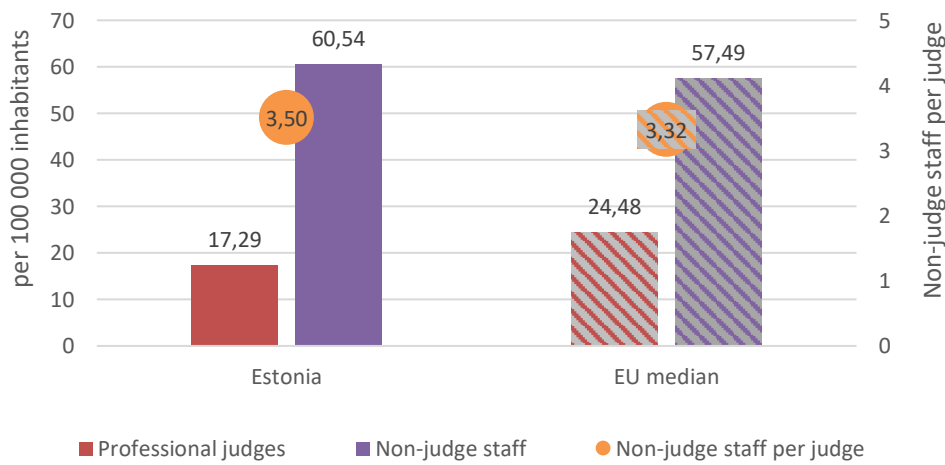
General data

Population: 1 324 820 **GDP:** 21 163 € **Average annual salary:** 16 884 €

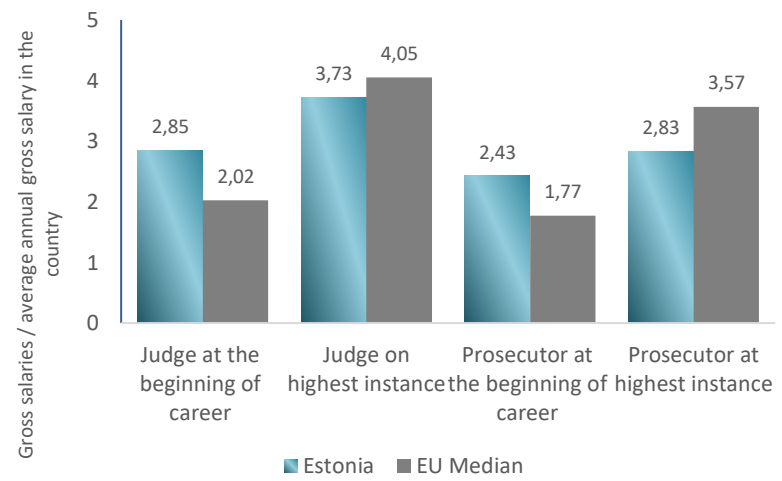
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
17,29	60,54	81,22	NAP
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

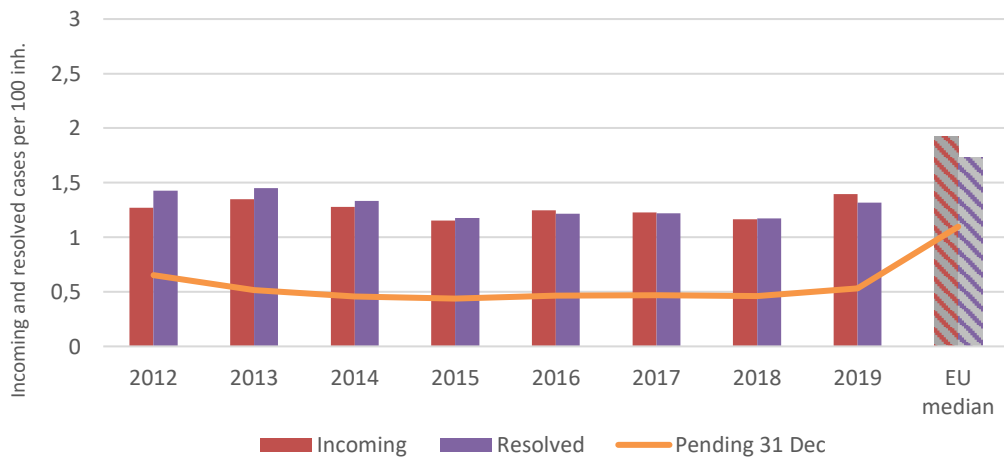


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

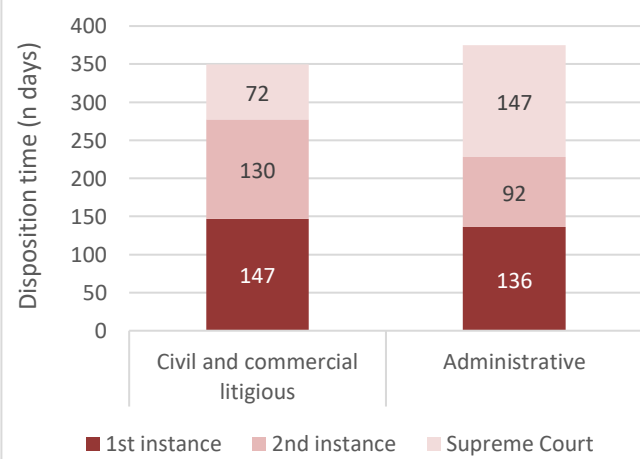


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

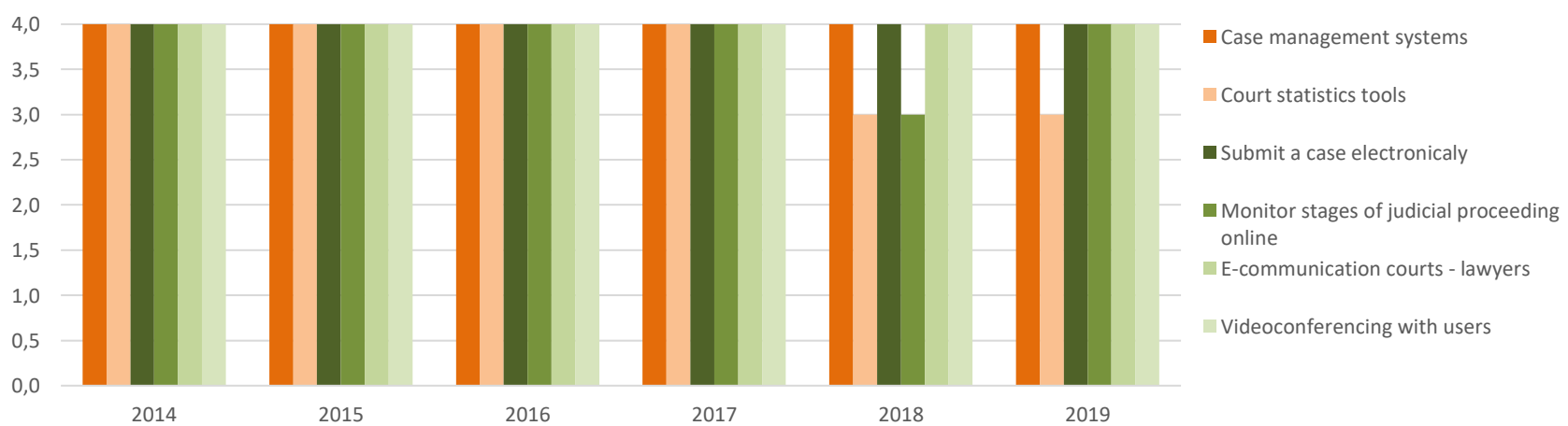


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*

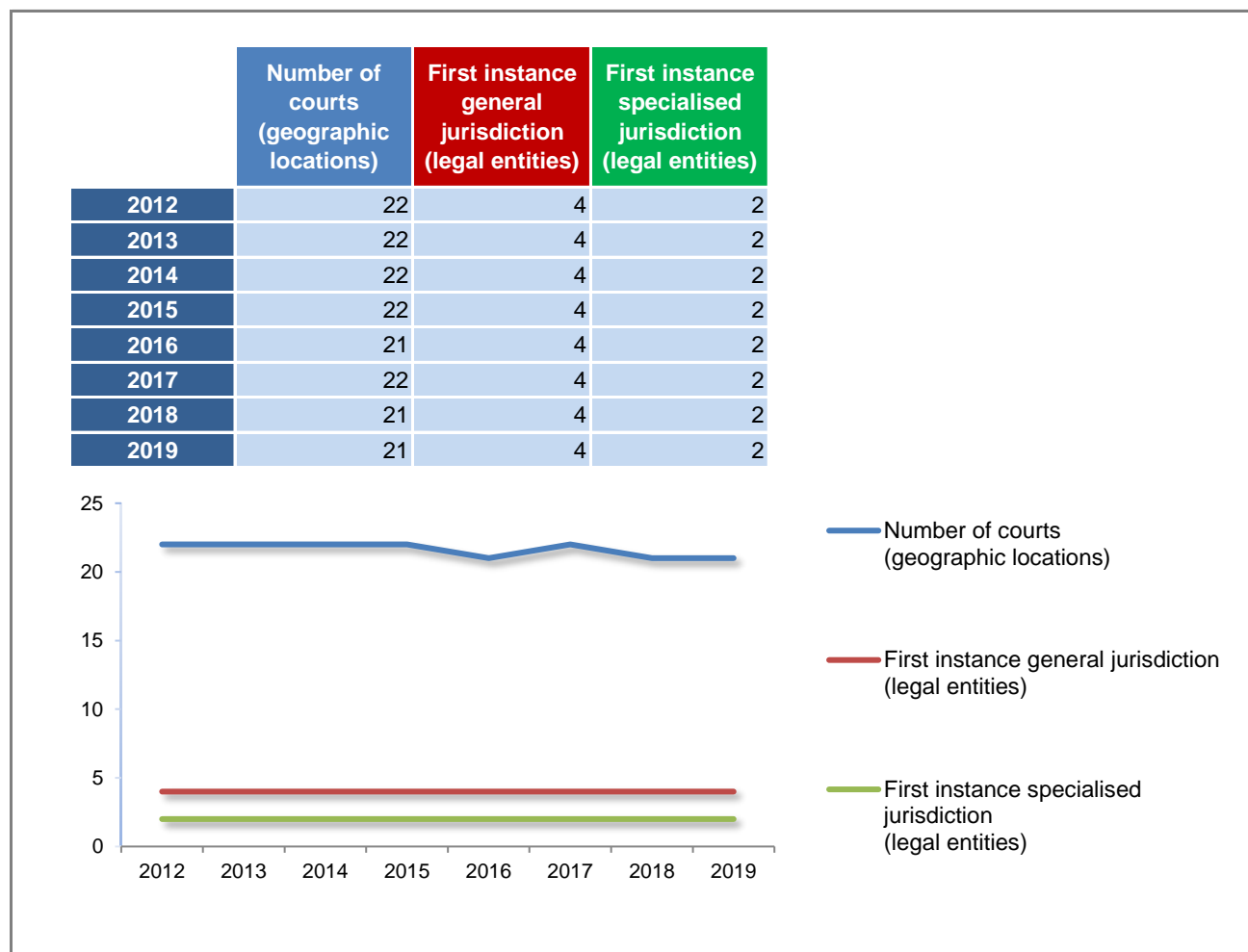


*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

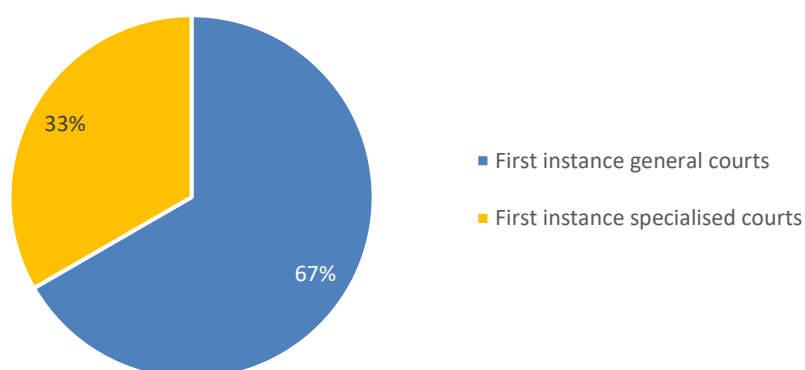
DT administrative law cases (days)	199	176	143	154	130	102	81	92	-53,9%	-8,8%	-37,6%	-20,2%	13,0%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	102%	-	98%	105%	93%	107%	98%	101%	-1,47	-4,42	4,62	-8,49	2,61
CR administrative law cases	84%	-	110%	95%	96%	110%	95%	117%	32,70	-13,96	-1,04	-15,39	22,14
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	70	-	114	88	132	85	66	72	3,2%	15,6%	-49,9%	22,1%	9,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)	154	-	126	162	173	150	207	147	-4,4%	37,3%	19,3%	37,4%	-28,9%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Estonia

Estonia has 17 courthouses of county courts (first instance courts), 4 courthouses of administrative courts (first instance courts), 2 courthouses of appellate courts (second instance courts) and 1 courthouse of the Supreme Court (highest instance court), all together 24 courthouses. However, as some of the courts are situated in the same house (e.g Tallinn Administrative Court and Tallinn Circuit Court) and taking into account the fact that Pärnu County Court has a courthouse that is divided between two locations, there are 21 actual geographical locations of Estonian courts. A small courthouse was adjoined with another small courthouse. The distance between them was less than 50 km.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts	
Total	2
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP
Labour courts	NAP
Family courts	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and cybercrime courts	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP
Administrative courts	2
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP
Military courts	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP

[Comment QALL 043] In Estonia, there are no specialized first instance courts, other than administrative courts. All the cases are dealt with by ordinary courts of first instance. The two administrative courts of first instance are situated in Tallinn and Tartu. Nevertheless, for guaranteeing wider access to justice, these two courts have several court buildings in other cities, namely in Pärnu and Jõhvi, where judges and their supporting legal staff work.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Estonia

• Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
169 321 550 €

Implemented:
157 473 650 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

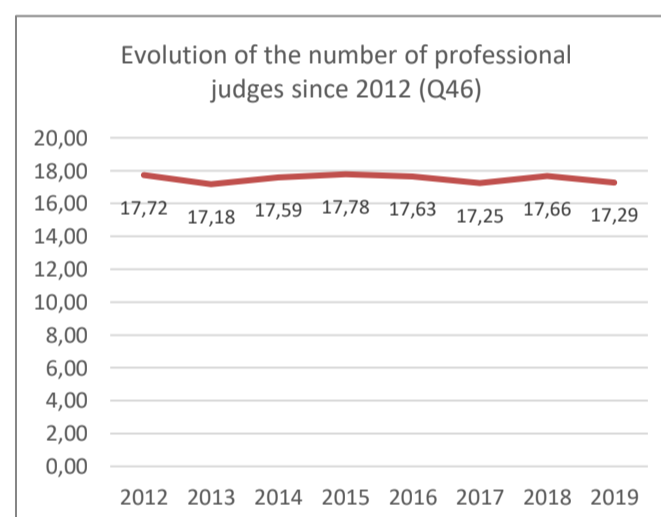
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

• Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	228	17,72	36,4%	63,6%
2013	226	17,18	36,7%	63,3%
2014	231	17,59	37,2%	62,8%
2015	234	17,78	36,8%	63,2%
2016	232	17,63	36,6%	63,4%
2017	227	17,25	36,6%	63,4%
2018	233	17,66	37,3%	62,7%
2019	229	17,29	37,6%	62,4%



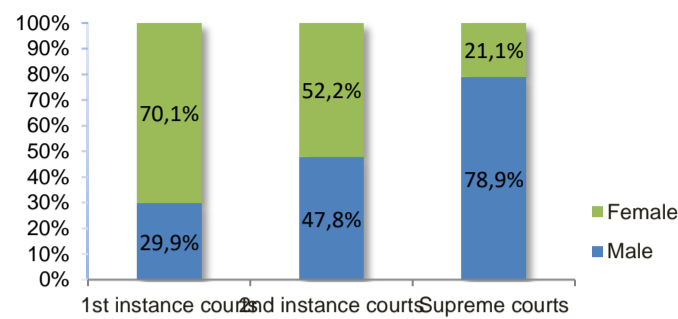
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Estonia is 229 which is 1,7% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Estonia, in 2019 there are 17,3 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,5 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 3,5 non-judge staff per judge).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	164	49	115
2nd instance courts	46	22	24
Supreme courts	19	15	4
Total	229	86	143

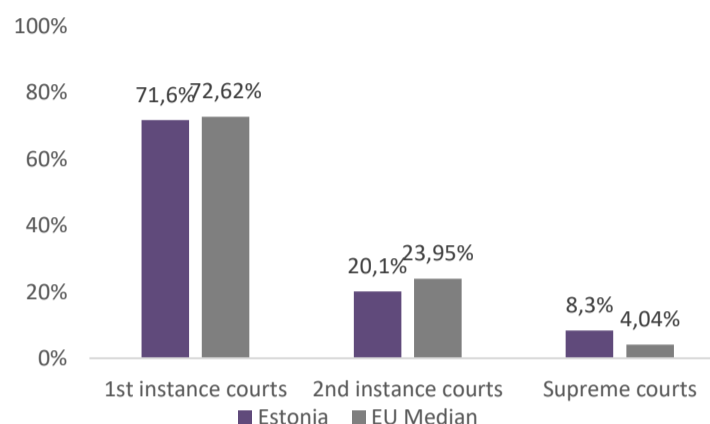
Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	71,6%	29,9%	70,1%
2nd instance courts	20,1%	47,8%	52,2%
Supreme courts	8,3%	78,9%	21,1%

Distribution of professional judges per instance



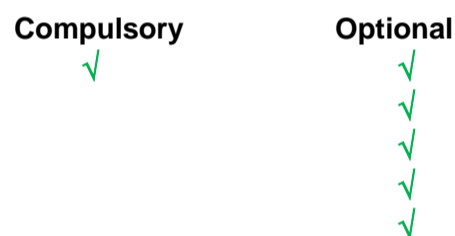
The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 143 which represents 62,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 164 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 115 are female); 46 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 24 are female) and 19 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 4 are female).

As regards the distribution male/female, it should be noticed that the number of female judges is higher than the number of male judges. However, the higher is the level of the court, the lower is the number of women working as professional judges.

In Estonia, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:



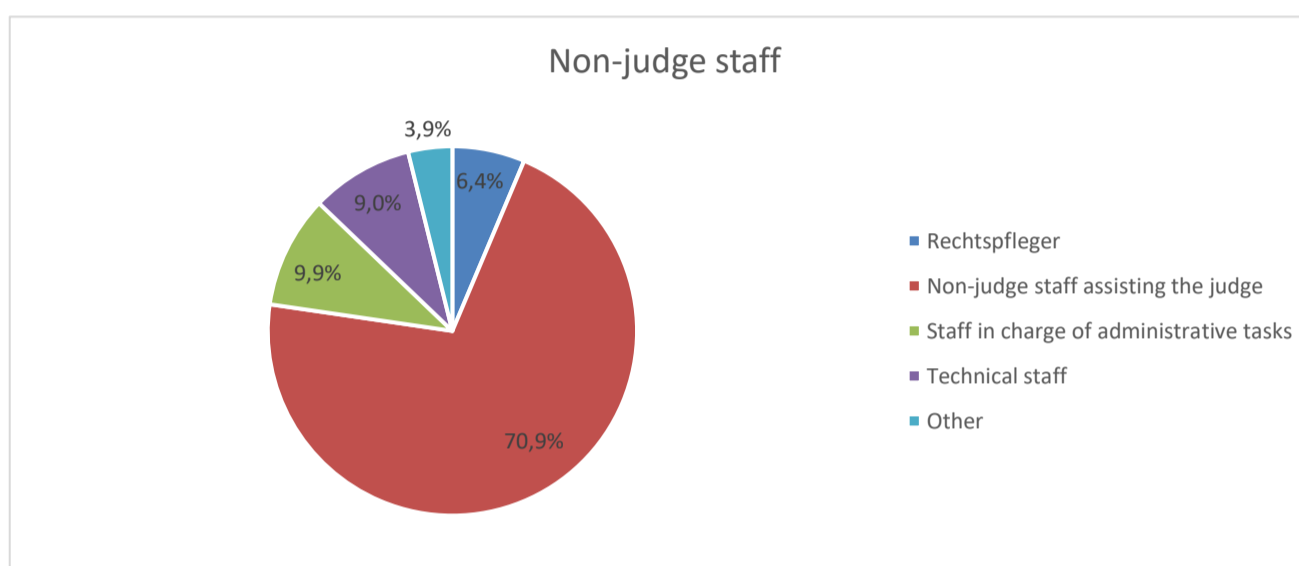
Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	NA	NA
1. Only for judges	68	0
2. Only for prosecutors	62	1
3. Only for other non-judge staff	10	1
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
5. Other common training	NA	NA

It should be noted that many courses are available online, but there's no separate data.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	957	63	220	489	138	47
2013	990	54	239	501	149	47
2014	1 017	51	684	78	161	43
2015	965	71	652	87	111	44
2016	877	51	615	82	88	41
2017	846	51	596	80	81	38
2018	819	51	583	77	73	35
2019	802	51	569	79	72	31



In Estonia, in this cycle there are 802 non-judge staff (among which 680 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals a decrease of 2,1%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 51 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 46 are women);
- 569 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 526 are women);
- 79 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 58 are women);
- 72 technical staff (among which 21 are women);
- 31 other (among which 29 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 62,1 in 2018 to 60,5 in 2019).

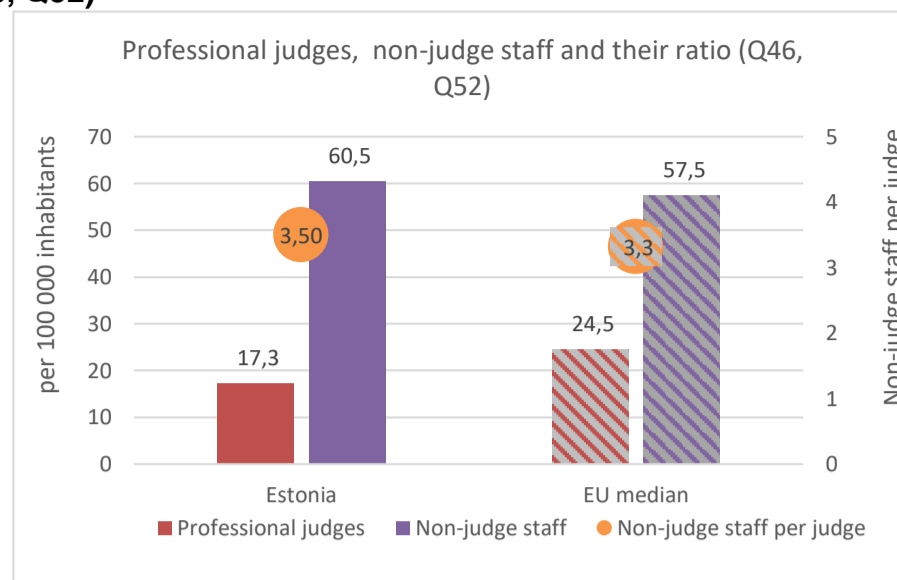
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants decreases from 17,7 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 17,3 in 2019.

The differences in figures in the sub-categories between 2010 and the following years are due to the different categorisation of court staff. It should be also noted that court interpreters are in the category "other non-judge staff".

Regarding number of courts staff, it is also interesting to mention that a pilot project has been introduced in 2013 in one county court consisting in providing each judge with a personal legal assistant. After the first year of the pilot project, the average proceeding times in civil cases in that particular court dropped from 201 days to 160 days; after the second year the average proceeding times dropped further to 132 days. In 2015, the project has been extended to all first and second instance courts.

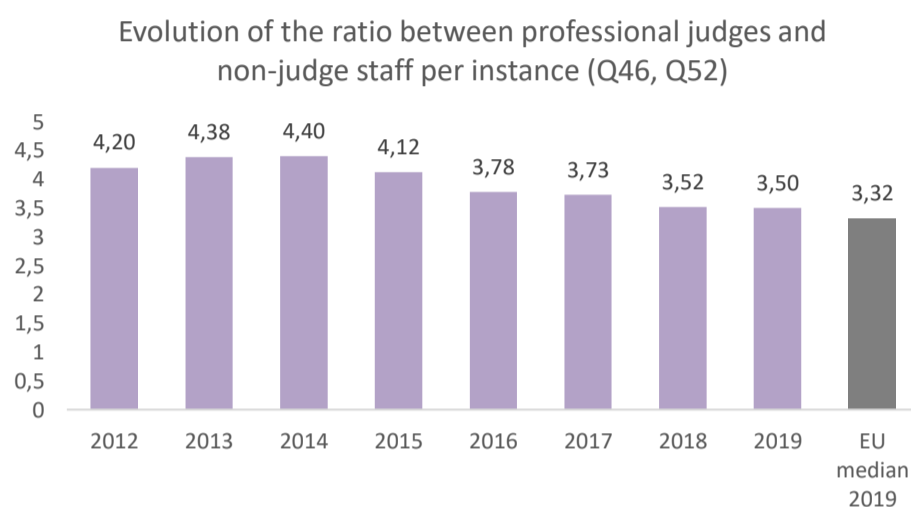
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Estonia	EU median
Professional judges	17,3	24,5
Non-judge staff	60,5	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,50	3,3



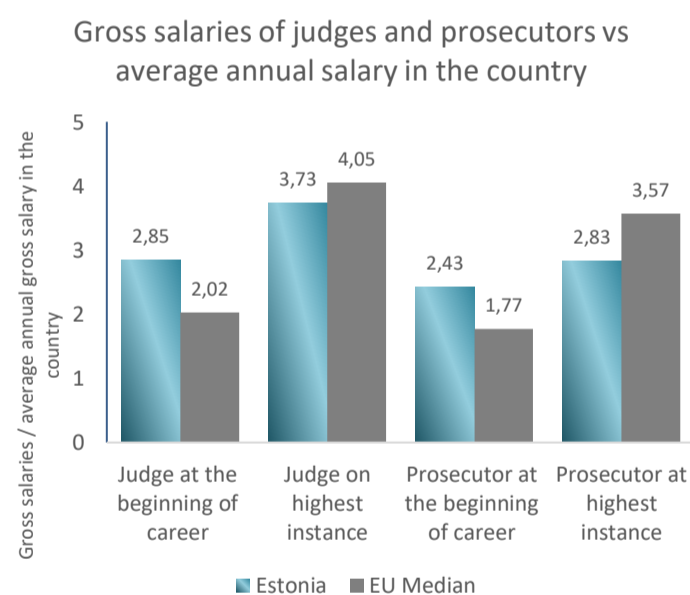
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	4,20
2013	4,38
2014	4,40
2015	4,12
2016	3,78
2017	3,73
2018	3,52
2019	3,50



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

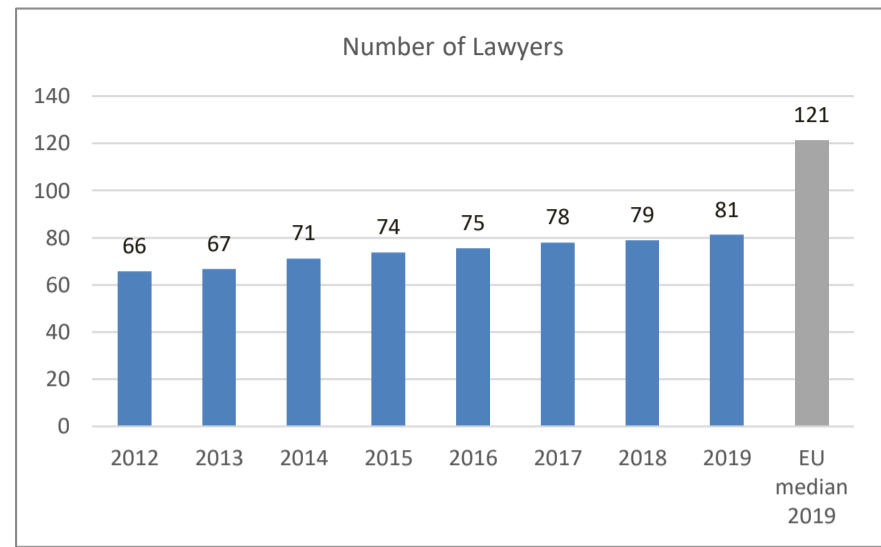
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	48 112 €	37 104 €	2,85
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	62 916 €	48 520 €	3,73
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	40 968 €	31 584 €	2,43
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	47 786 €	36 852 €	2,83



Since 2010 the salary of prosecutors depends of the salary of the President and is indexed by 1 April of each calendar year. In 2018 the salary system of public prosecutors changed and with that the smallest salaries increased the most.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	846	65,76
2013	878	66,73
2014	934	71,12
2015	970	73,71
2016	993	75,48
2017	1 024	77,83
2018	1 041	78,92
2019	1 076	81,22

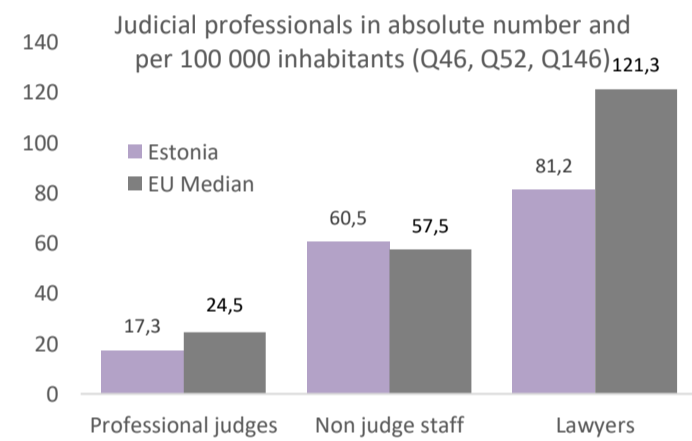


In 2019, there are 1 076 lawyers, which is 3,4% more than in 2018.

This data of 81,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is below the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	229	17,29	24,48
Non judge staff	802	60,54	57,49
Lawyers	1 076	81,22	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 3 603 944 € (3603 944 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 3 603 944 € (2,7 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid cannot be carried out in respect of criminal and other than criminal cases, as well as cases brought to court and cases not brought to court.

In Estonia, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	√	√
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	√	√
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	√	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	√	

Legal aid cannot be granted for fees related to the enforcement of judicial decisions (except for representing a person in enforcement proceedings), but procedural assistance can be granted to release a person from all or a part of the expenses related to enforcement proceedings.

Partial or full coverage of the costs related to the enforcement of judicial decisions (incl. fees of an enforcement agent) depends on the financial situation of the claimant. The advance payment of enforcement costs shall not be demanded by the bailiff from the claimant who is a natural person and who has received legal aid for the payment of procedural costs (incl court fees) as well as in case of collection of compensation for damage caused by a criminal offence as well as in case of collection of maintenance support.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Victims are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Based on an agreement of the advocate providing state legal aid and the receiver of such aid, it is possible for another advocate to start providing legal aid to the person in the same matter if the new advocate agrees with the transfer of obligation to provide state legal aid to the person. It is therefore possible to replace advocates based on an agreement of the receiver of legal aid, the current legal counsellor and the new advocate. If this trilateral agreement has been reached an application for the replacement of advocates should be submitted to the court, the prosecutor's office or the investigative body.

A recipient of state legal aid has the right to apply for the appointment of a new provider of state legal aid upon exclusion of the current advocate providing state legal aid from the Bar Association or their disbarment or upon suspension of the professional activities or long-term incapacity for work or the death of an advocate, and in other cases provided by law.

A recipient of state legal aid is also legally entitled to apply for the court to remove an advocate from the provision of state legal aid by a ruling if the advocate has demonstrated incompetence or negligence.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 275€

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

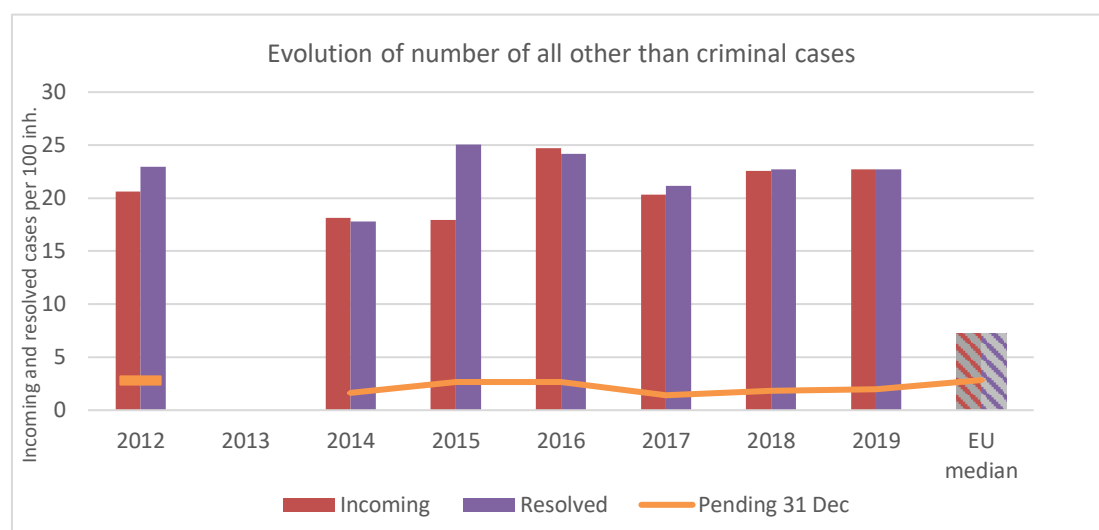
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

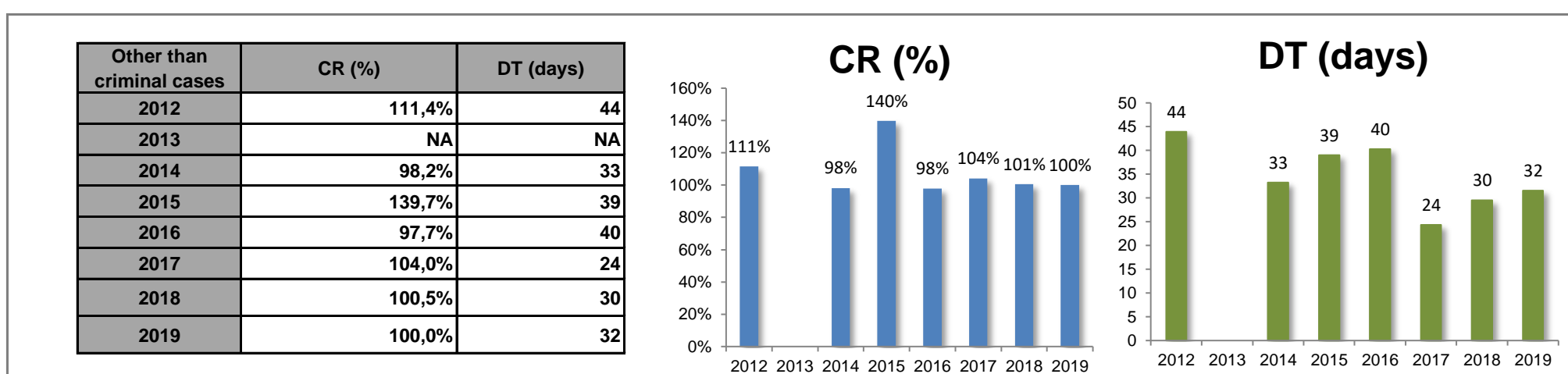
First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Estonia (22,70 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 22,71 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

However, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Estonia (1,96 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,0% in 2019 Estonia seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 0,5% points.

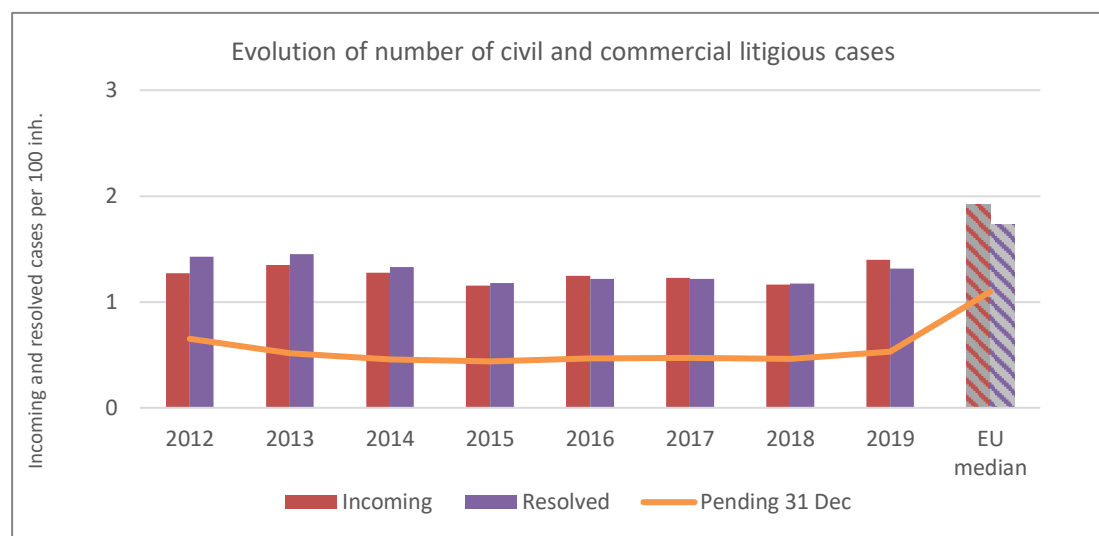
In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 32 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 6,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

It is noteworthy that the discrepancies that can be observed between the number of pending cases indicated for December of one year and the number of pending cases communicated for January of the next year, are due to the fact that the statistic system is alive and courts are entitled to modify and update data at any time.

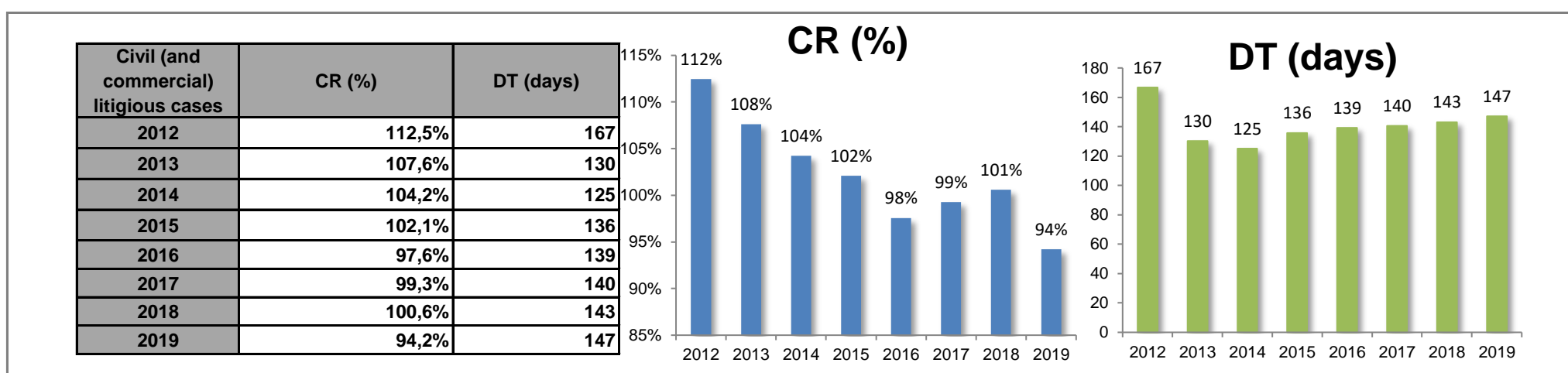
Moreover, differences in the horizontal consistency may be explained by the fact that during the proceedings some cases are joined and some are disjoined.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Estonia (1,40 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 1,32 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 1,73 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Estonia (0,53 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 94,2% in 2019, Estonia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

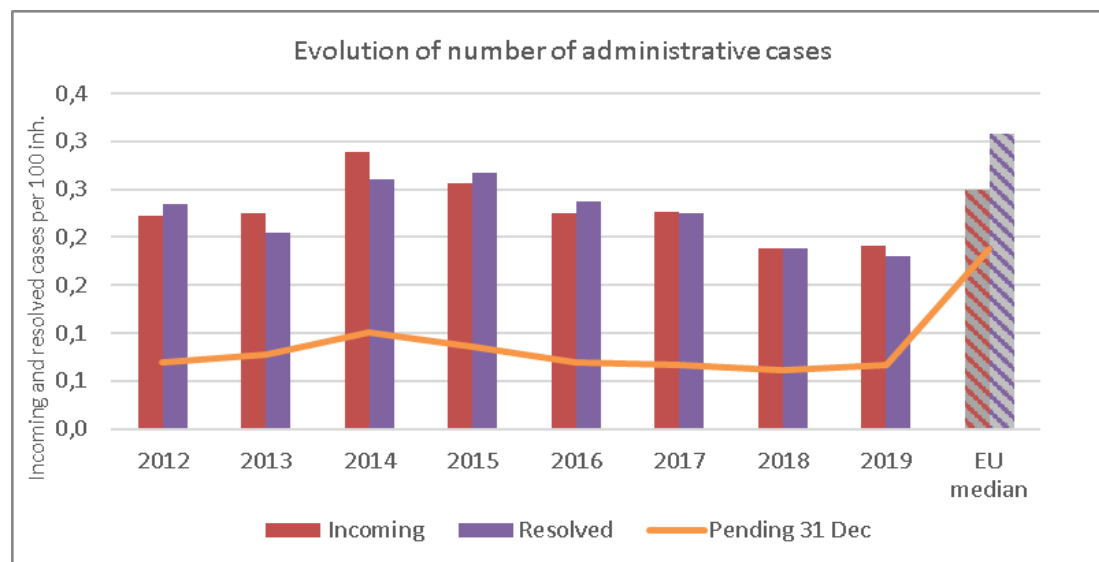
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 6,4 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 147 days, which is below EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 2,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Estonia, there are 359 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 5,1% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

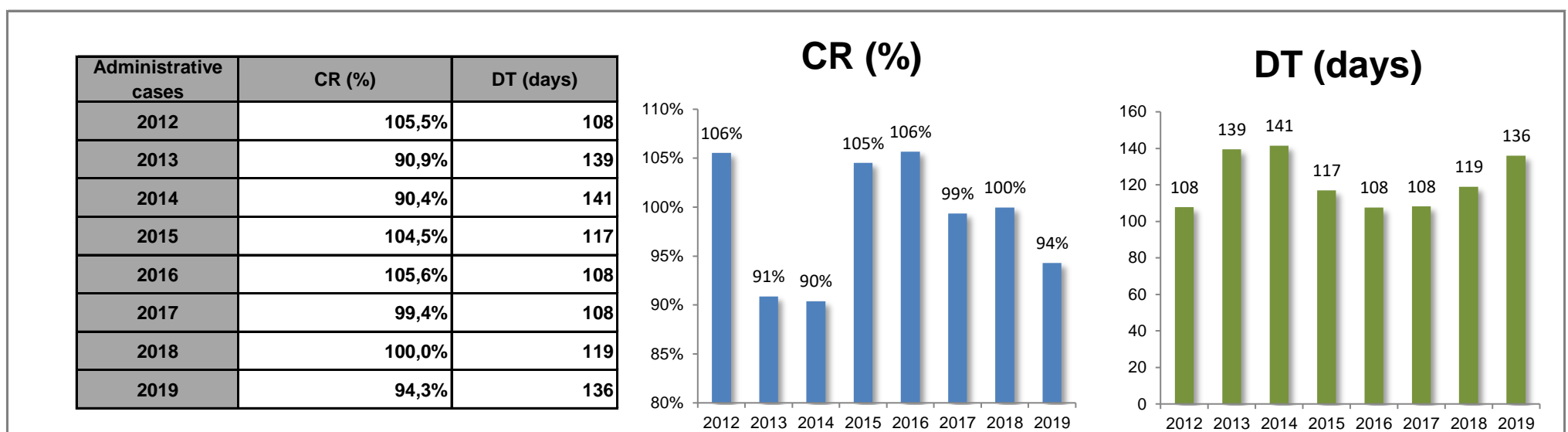
◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Estonia (0,19 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Estonia (0,18 per 100 inhabitants) is also below the EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants).

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Estonia (0,07 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 94,3% in 2019, Estonia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

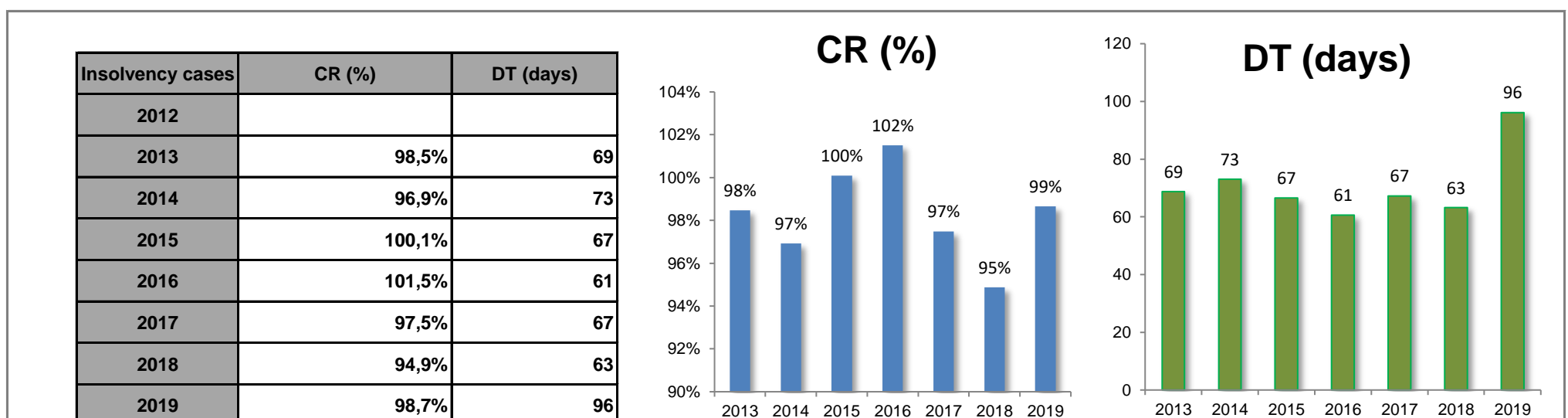
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 5,7 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 136 days, which is significantly below EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 14,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Estonia, there are 30 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 3,4% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

◦ Insolvency



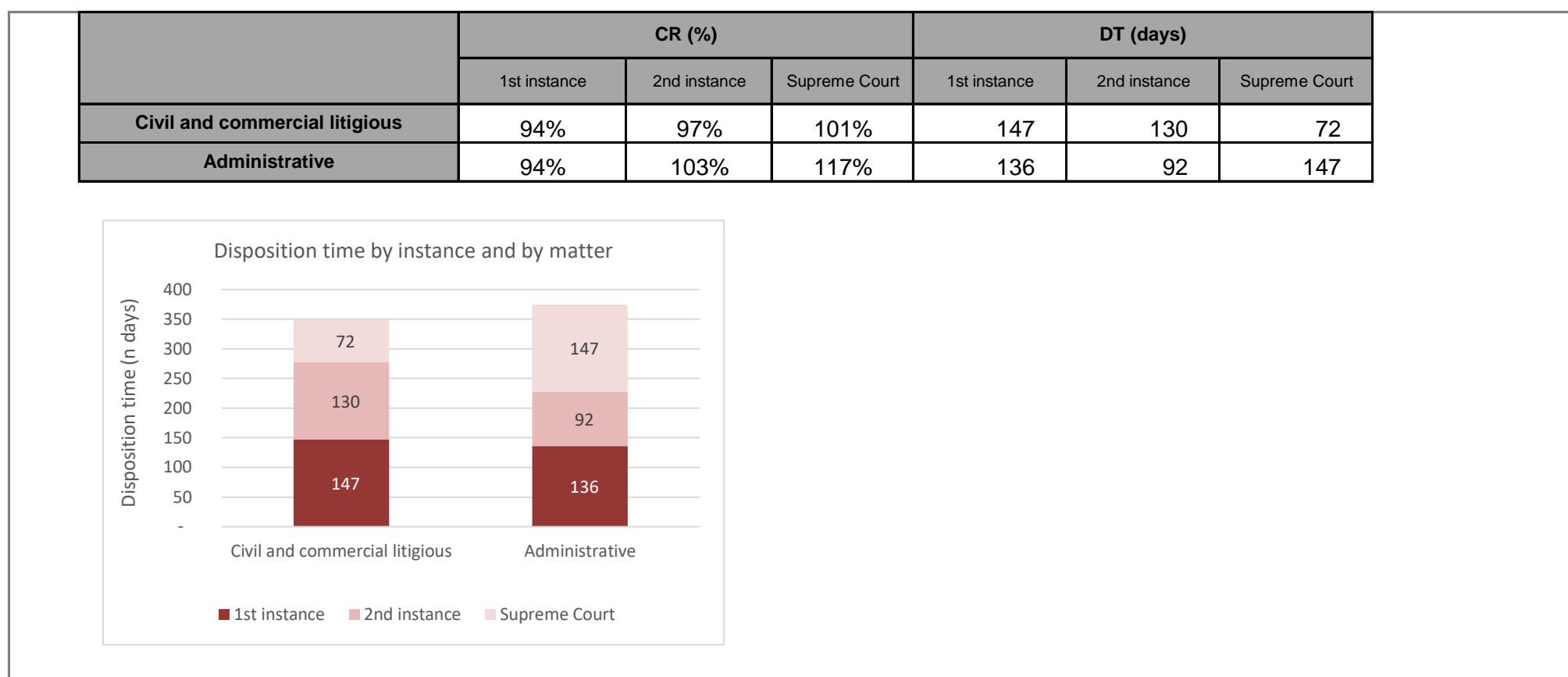
The Clearance Rate was calculated at 98,7% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Estonia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,8 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 96 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 52,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



As regards overall efficiency in Estonia, it should be noted that all DT levels are well below EU median values. In respect of civil and commercial litigious cases, first instance courts seem to be the less efficient instance, while the Supreme court appears as the fastest instance. As regards administrative cases, the second instance seem to be the fastest, while the highest instance seems to face some difficulties when it comes to the efficiency. Total DT is at similar level for these two groups of cases, with different distribution of time in second and third instances. Civil and commercial litigious cases require more time to be resolved in the second instance, while administrative cases have the longest duration in the third instance.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Estonia provides court related mediation.

The court related mediation system in Estonia provides mandatory court related mediation.

Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

◦ The reporting is more frequent than annual

It is done Quarterly.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- satisfaction of court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- other (please specify):

The scope of the monitoring system is extended to the results of proceedings; the categories of cases; the number of decisions appealed and revoked, fully or partially. The waiting time and the 'age' of pending (not solved) cases are also monitored. It is worthy of mention that every year all the courts and the Ministry of Justice enter into an agreement according to which courts should aim to carry out structural changes and to make changes in case-flow management that will ultimately ensure efficient proceedings. The content of the agreement has changed since 2017. The goals are more general and the same for all the courts (except The Supreme Court).

In Estonia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

◦ The reporting is more frequent than annual

It is done four times a year.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- satisfaction of court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- clearance rate
- disposition time

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Estonia has developed a quality system consisting of 3 parts. The first part contains the quality standards (good practice) for the management of the court that describe activities related to the chairman of the court. The second part contains the quality standards for the administration of courts and is focused on the different roles of the parties involved in the administration of courts: directors, Ministry of Justice, Council for the Administration of Courts. The third part contains quality standards for the court proceedings and is addressed to all the judges. All of the three parts of the quality standards have been discussed and approved by the Council for Administration of Courts, respectively in 2012, 2013 and 2015.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

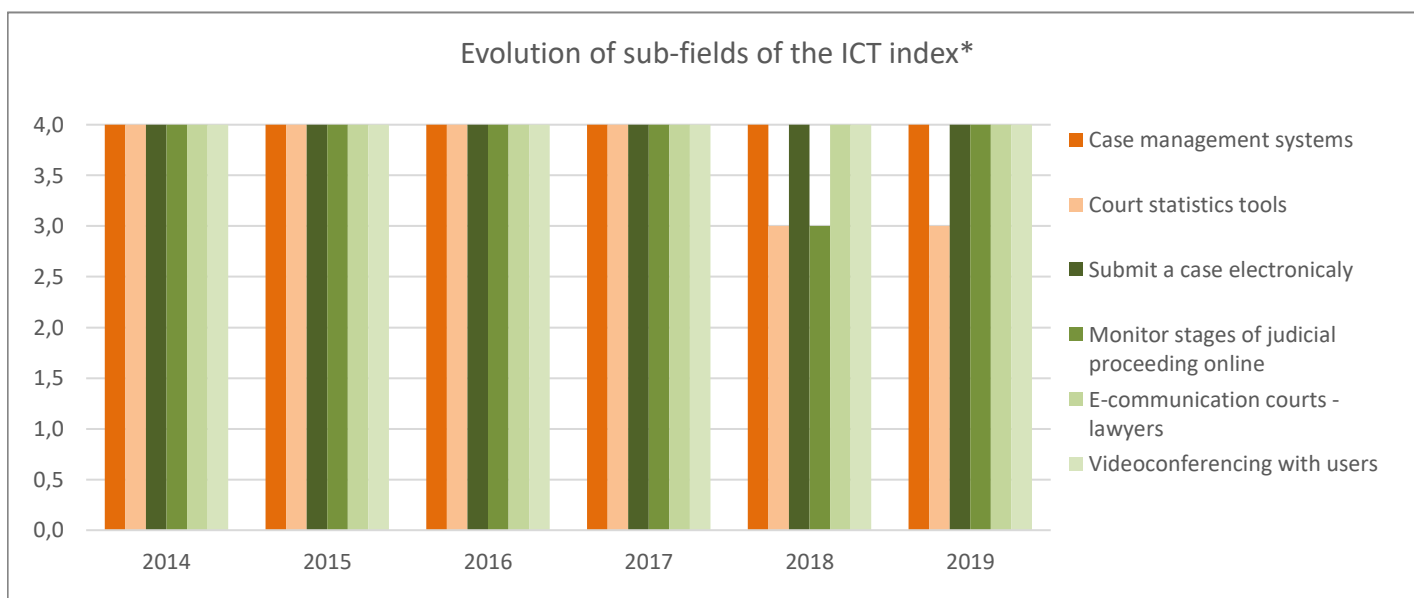
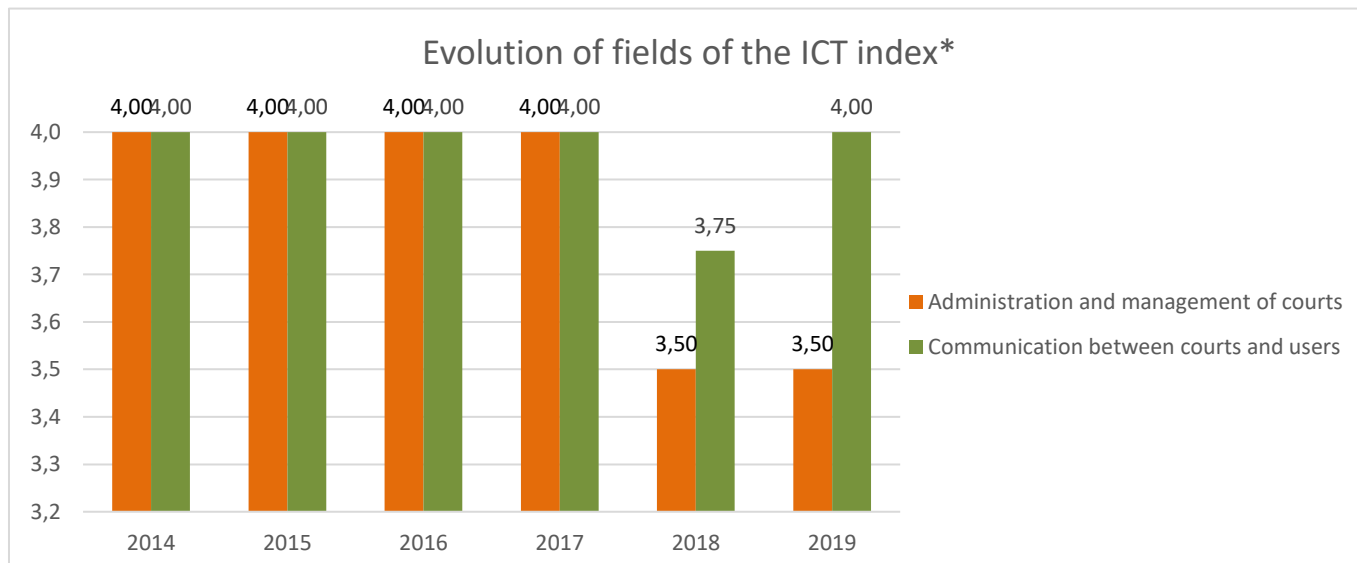
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	3,5
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	3,0
◦ Communication between court and users.	4,0
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	4,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	4,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	4,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Statistical data

In Estonia, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The Ministry of Justice collects statistical data on 1st and 2nd instance courts, while the Supreme Court collects data on the Supreme Court.

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- Only internaly (on intranet)

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	1 315 635	1 319 133	1 324 820	3,0%	2,3%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	13 495 €	14 218 €	15 186 €	15 405 €	16 034 €	17 926 €	19 737 €	21 163 €	56,8%	5,4%	6,8%	1,4%	4,1%	11,8%	10,1%	7,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	111 404 414	114 093 451	118 145 467	131 874 139	151 571 987	146 097 108	149 097 860	169 321 550	52,0%	2,4%	3,6%	11,6%	14,9%	-3,6%	2,1%	13,6%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No							
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	NAP							
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No							
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	No	No	No	No							
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No							
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No							
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NA	NA	No	No	No	No	No	No	No							
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No	No							

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	NAP									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	1 315 635	1 319 133	1 324 820	3,0%	2,3%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	13 495 €	14 218 €	15 186 €	15 405 €	16 034 €	17 926 €	19 737 €	21 163 €	56,8%	5,4%	6,8%	1,4%	4,1%	11,8%	10,1%	7,2%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	111 404 414	114 093 451	118 145 467	131 874 139	151 571 987	146 097 108	149 097 860	169 321 550	52,0%	0 €	3,6%	11,6%	14,9%	-3,6%	2,1%	13,6%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	124 344 738	127 607 708	143 028 913	136 166 916	140 192 635	157 473 650	-	-	-	2,6%	12,1%	-4,8%	3,0%	12,3%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	1 315 635	1 319 133	1 324 820	3,0%	2,3%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,4%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	111 404 414	114 093 451	118 145 467	131 874 139	151 571 987	146 097 108	149 097 860	169 321 550	52,0%	2,4%	3,6%	11,6%	14,9%	-3,6%	2,1%	13,6%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	7 219 348	-	13 801 463	14 161 498	10 014 384	16 752 981	18 754 345	19 228 507	166,3%	-	-	2,6%	-29,3%	67,3%	11,9%	2,5%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	275	275	275	275	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	1 315 635	1 319 133	1 324 820	3,0%	2,3%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,4%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	22	22	22	22	21	22	21	21	-4,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-4,5%	4,8%	-4,5%	0,0%

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	1 315 635	1 319 133	1 324 820	3,0%	2,3%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,4%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	66 242	NA	24 107	23 838	28 828	29 923	26 056	25 371	-61,7%	-	-	-1,1%	20,9%	3,8%	-12,9%	-2,6%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 418	8 412	6 803	6 116	5 845	6 193	6 280	6 157	-40,9%	-19,3%	-19,1%	-10,1%	-4,4%	6,0%	1,4%	-2,0%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	16 282	16 392	21 836	22 802	18 884	18 394	-	-	-	0,7%	33,2%	4,4%	-17,2%	-2,6%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	13 554	11 553	11 323	9 510	7 727	2 039	9 294	11 338	-16,3%	-14,8%	-2,0%	-16,0%	-18,7%	-73,6%	355,8%	22,0%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	4 959	6 882	14 109	20 763	9 590	7 056	-	-	-	38,8%	105,0%	47,2%	-53,8%	-26,4%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	3 782	3 033	3 843	3 125	3 682	3 674	4 775	4 717	24,7%	-19,8%	26,7%	-18,7%	17,8%	-0,2%	30,0%	-1,2%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	37 335	2 777	1 116	3 757	10 427	17 089	4 815	2 339	-93,7%	-92,6%	-59,8%	236,6%	177,5%	63,9%	-71,8%	-51,4%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	1 153	891	1 022	1 330	1 147	928	892	820	-28,9%	-22,7%	14,7%	30,1%	-13,8%	-19,1%	-3,9%	-8,1%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	265 301	NA	237 929	236 230	325 147	267 703	297 825	300 762	13,4%	-	-	-0,7%	37,6%	-17,7%	11,3%	1,0%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	16 336	17 745	16 775	15 189	16 408	16 159	15 382	18 501	13,3%	8,6%	-5,5%	-9,5%	8,0%	-1,5%	-4,8%	20,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	217 368	217 670	305 783	248 558	279 965	279 728	-	-	-	0,1%	40,5%	-18,7%	12,6%	-0,1%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	44 136	51 112	46 864	44 407	43 717	14 020	48 177	52 590	19,2%	15,8%	-8,3%	-5,2%	-1,6%	-67,9%	243,6%	9,2%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	170 504	173 263	262 066	234 538	231 788	227 138	-	-	-	1,6%	51,3%	-10,5%	-1,2%	-2,0%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	91 218	92 832	97 704	72 800	107 351	121 455	111 522	112 455	23,3%	1,8%	5,2%	-25,5%	47,5%	13,1%	-8,2%	0,8%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	110 756	90 012	72 800	100 463	154 715	113 083	120 266	114 683	3,5%	-18,7%	-19,1%	38,0%	54,0%	-26,9%	6,4%	-4,6%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	2 855	2 957	3 786	3 371	2 956	2 986	2 478	2 533	-11,3%	3,6%	28,0%	-11,0%	-12,3%	1,0%	-17,0%	2,2%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	295 674	NA	233 577	329 909	317 757	278 506	299 371	300 911	1,8%	-	-	41,2%	-3,7%	-12,4%	7,5%	0,5%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	18 370	19 096	17 486	15 504	16 007	16 043	15 473	17 433	-5,1%	4,0%	-8,4%	-11,3%	3,2%	0,2%	-3,6%	12,7%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	212 669	310 882	298 627	259 496	281 421	281 090	-	-	-	46,2%	-3,9%	-13,1%	8,4%	-0,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	46 041	50 946	42 969	46 104	44 042	14 025	46 060	52 873	14,8%	10,7%	-15,7%	7,3%	-4,5%	-68,2%	228,4%	14,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	169 700	264 778	254 585	245 471	235 361	228 217	-	-	-	56,0%	-3,8%	-3,6%	-4,1%	-3,0%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	92 043	92 066	97 769	163 565	106 635	120 113	112 715	112 976	22,7%	0,0%	6,2%	67,3%	-34,8%	12,6%	-6,2%	0,2%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	136 207	91 099	71 931	101 213	147 950	125 358	122 646	115 241	-15,4%	-33,1%	-21,0%	40,7%	46,2%	-15,3%	-2,2%	-6,0%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	3 013	2 687	3 422	3 523	3 123	2 967	2 477	2 388	-20,7%	-10,8%	27,4%	3,0%	-11,4%	-5,0%	-16,5%	-3,6%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	35 558	NA	21 252	35 228	35 078	18 556	24 225	25 990	-26,9%	-	-	65,8%	-0,4%	-47,1%	30,6%	7,3%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 393	6 812	5 991	5 767	6 110	6 175	6 069	7 021	-16,3%	-18,8%	-12,1%	-3,7%	5,9%	1,1%	-1,7%	15,7%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	13 935	28 333	28 047	11 501	17 349	18 079	-	-	-	103,3%	-1,0%	-59,0%	50,8%	4,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	11 434	11 765	9 147	7 724	7 326	1 943	11 328	11 954	4,5%	2,9%	-22,3%	-15,6%	-5,2%	-73,5%	483,0%	5,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	4 788	20 609	20 721	9 558	6 021	6 125	-	-	-	330,4%	0,5%	-53,9%	-37,0%	1,7%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	2 957	3 799	3 758	17 628	3 674	4 743	3 660	4 342	46,8%	28,5%	-1,1%	369,1%	-79,2%	29,1%	-22,8%	18,6%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	11 884	1 634	1 030	2 981	17 047	4 815	2 361	1 783	-85,0%	-86,3%	-37,0%	189,4%	471,9%	-71,8%	-51,0%	-24,5%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	890	1 026	1 326	1 128	921	880	807	890	0,0%	15,3%	29,2%	-14,9%	-18,4%	-4,5%	-8,3%	10,3%

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	111,4%	NA	98,2%	139,7%	97,7%	104,0%	100,5%	100,0%	-10,2%	-	-	42,3%	-30,0%	6,5%	-3,4%	-0,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	112,5%	107,6%	104,2%	102,1%	97,6%	99,3%	100,6%	94,2%	-16,2%	-4,3%	-3,1%	-2,1%	-4,4%	1,8%	1,3%	-6,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	97,8%	142,8%	97,7%	104,4%	100,5%	100,5%	-	-	-	46,0%	-31,6%	6,9%	-3,7%	0,0%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	104,3%	99,7%	91,7%	103,8%	100,7%	100,0%	95,6%	100,5%	-3,6%	-4,4%	-8,0%	13,2%	-3,0%	-0,7%	-4,4%	5,2%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	99,5%	152,8%	97,1%	104,7%	101,5%	100,5%	-	-	-	53,5%	-36,4%	7,7%	-3,0%	-1,1%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	100,9%	99,2%	100,1%	224,7%	99,3%	98,9%	101,1%	100,5%	-0,4%	-1,7%	0,9%	124,5%	-55,8%	-0,4%	2,2%	-0,6%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	123,0%	101,2%	98,8%	100,7%	95,6%	110,9%	102,0%	100,5%	-18,3%	-17,7%	-2,4%	2,0%	-5,1%	15,9%	-8,0%	-1,5%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	105,5%	90,9%	90,4%	104,5%	105,6%	99,4%	100,0%	94,3%	-10,7%	-13,9%	-0,5%	15,6%	1,1%	-5,9%	0,6%	-5,7%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	44	NA	33	39	40	24	30	32	-28,2%	-	-	17,4%	3,4%	-39,6%	21,5%	6,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	167	130	125	136	139	140	143	147	-11,9%	-21,9%	-4,0%	8,6%	2,6%	0,8%	1,9%	2,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	24	33	34	16	23	23	-	-	-	39,1%	3,1%	-52,8%	39,1%	4,3%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	91	84	78	61	61	51	90	83	-9,0%	-7,0%	-7,8%	-21,3%	-0,7%	-16,7%	77,5%	-8,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	10	28	30	14	9	10	-	-	-	175,9%	4,6%	-52,2%	-34,3%	4,9%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	12	15	14	39	13	14	12	14	19,6%	28,4%	-6,8%	180,4%	-68,0%	14,6%	-17,8%	18,4%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	32	7	5	11	42	14	7	6	-82,3%	-79,4%	-20,2%	105,7%	291,2%	-66,7%	-49,9%	-19,6%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	108	139	141	117	108	108	119	136	26,2%	29,3%	1,5%	-17,4%	-7,9%	0,6%	9,8%	14,4%

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	263	172	280	300	240	163	168	194	-26,2%	-34,6%	62,8%	7,1%	-20,0%	-32,1%	3,1%	15,5%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	283	306	277	232	218	222	193	191	-32,5%	8,1%	-9,5%	-16,2%	-6,0%	1,8%	-13,1%	-1,0%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	289	267	235	237	230	226	193	440	52,2%	-7,6%	-12,0%	0,9%	-3,0%	-1,7%	-14,6%	128,0%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	652	691	912	814	828	829	805	855	31,1%	6,0%	32,0%	-10,7%	1,7%	0,1%	-2,9%	6,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	331	451	375	386	446	356	282	291	-12,1%	36,3%	-16,9%	2,9%	15,5%	-20,2%	-20,8%	3,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	1 152	1 306	1 331	1 145	1 194	1 314	1 522	1 635	41,9%	13,4%	1,9%	-14,0%	4,3%	10,1%	15,8%	7,4%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	598	585	873	876	900	823	778	860	43,8%	-2,2%	49,2%	0,3%	2,7%	-8,6%	-5,5%	10,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	320	432	382	390	389	364	277	290	-9,4%	35,0%	-11,6%	2,1%	-0,3%	-6,4%	-23,9%	4,7%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 099	1 286	1 290	1 146	1 212	1 281	1 444	1 613	46,8%	17,0%	0,3%	-11,2%	5,8%	5,7%	12,7%	11,7%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	316	275	319	238	166	169	194	189	-40,2%	-13,0%	16,0%	-25,4%	-30,3%	1,8%	14,8%	-2,6%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	277	277	228	213	222	192	187	178	-35,7%	0,0%	-17,7%	-6,6%	4,2%	-13,5%	-2,6%	-4,8%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	312	242	258	209	201	236	250	425	36,2%	-22,4%	6,6%	-19,0%	-3,8%	17,4%	5,9%	70,0%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	91,7%	84,7%	95,7%	107,6%	108,7%	99,3%	96,6%	100,6%	9,7%	-7,7%	13,1%	12,4%	1,0%	-8,7%	-2,6%	4,1%
CR Employment dismissal cases	96,7%	95,8%	101,9%	101,0%	87,2%	102,2%	98,2%	99,7%	3,1%	-0,9%	6,3%	-0,8%	-13,7%	17,2%	-3,9%	1,5%
CR Insolvency cases	95,4%	98,5%	96,9%	100,1%	101,5%	97,5%	94,9%	98,7%	3,4%	3,2%	-1,6%	3,3%	1,4%	-4,0%	-2,7%	4,0%
DT Litigious divorce cases	193	172	133	99	67	75	91	80	-58,4%	-11,0%	-22,3%	-25,6%	-32,1%	11,3%	21,4%	-11,9%
DT Employment dismissal cases	316	234	218	199	208	193	246	224	-29,1%	-25,9%	-6,9%	-8,5%	4,5%	-7,6%	28,0%	-9,1%
DT Insolvency cases	104	69	73	67	61	67	63	96	-7,2%	-33,7%	6,3%	-8,8%	-9,1%	11,1%	-6,0%	52,2%

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 284	NA	1 515	1 358	1 432	1 214	1 135	988	-23,1%	-	-	-10,4%	5,4%	-15,2%	-6,5%	-13,0%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	533	530	732	591	602	497	559	610	14,4%	-0,6%	38,1%	-19,3%	1,9%	-17,4%	12,5%	9,1%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	138	123	114	100	109	146	-	-	-	-10,9%	-7,3%	-12,3%	9,0%	33,9%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	115	121	138	123	114	100	109	146	27,0%	5,2%	14,0%	-10,9%	-7,3%	-12,3%	9,0%	33,9%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	636	726	645	644	716	617	467	323	-49,2%	14,2%	-11,2%	-0,2%	11,2%	-13,8%	-24,3%	-30,8%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 143	NA	4 583	4 731	4 409	4 425	4 221	3 822	-7,7%	-	-	3,2%	-6,8%	0,4%	-4,6%	-9,5%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 825	2 136	2 021	1 932	1 789	1 890	1 928	1 841	0,9%	17,0%	-5,4%	-4,4%	-7,4%	5,6%	2,0%	-4,5%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	908	1 013	982	979	989	865	-	-	-	11,6%	-3,1%	-0,3%	1,0%	-12,5%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	898	1 153	908	1 013	982	979	989	865	-3,7%	28,4%	-21,2%	11,6%	-3,1%	-0,3%	1,0%	-12,5%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1 420	1 246	1 654	1 786	1 638	1 556	1 304	1 116	-21,4%	-12,3%	32,7%	8,0%	-8,3%	-5,0%	-16,2%	-14,4%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 048	NA	4 753	4 645	4 626	4 473	4 237	3 751	-7,3%	-	-	-2,3%	-0,4%	-3,3%	-5,3%	-11,5%

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 822	1 942	2 164	1 925	1 897	1 829	1 874	1 792	-1,6%	6,6%	11,4%	-11,0%	-1,5%	-3,6%	2,5%	-4,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	939	1 018	998	966	916	814	-	-	-	8,4%	-2,0%	-3,2%	-5,2%	-11,1%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	899	1 117	939	1 018	998	966	916	814	-9,5%	24,2%	-15,9%	8,4%	-2,0%	-3,2%	-5,2%	-11,1%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 327	1 327	1 650	1 702	1 731	1 678	1 447	1 145	-13,7%	0,0%	24,3%	3,2%	1,7%	-3,1%	-13,8%	-20,9%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 374	NA	1 341	1 434	1 209	1 139	1 116	1 109	-19,3%	-	-	6,9%	-15,7%	-5,8%	-2,0%	-0,6%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	536	723	590	598	494	558	612	639	19,2%	34,9%	-18,4%	1,4%	-17,4%	13,0%	9,7%	4,4%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	106	118	98	113	182	182	-	-	-	11,3%	-16,9%	15,3%	61,1%	0,0%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	114	157	106	118	98	113	182	182	59,6%	37,7%	-32,5%	11,3%	-16,9%	15,3%	61,1%	0,0%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	724	640	645	718	617	468	322	288	-60,2%	-11,6%	0,8%	11,3%	-14,1%	-24,1%	-31,2%	-10,6%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	2	3	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	50,0%	-66,7%	-100,0%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	-100,0%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	1	2	5	0	-	-	-	-	-	100,0%	150,0%	-100,0%

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	97,7%	NA	103,7%	98,2%	104,9%	101,1%	100,4%	98,1%	0,4%	-	-	-5,3%	6,9%	-3,7%	-0,7%	-2,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,8%	90,9%	107,1%	99,6%	106,0%	96,8%	97,2%	97,3%	-2,5%	-8,9%	17,8%	-6,9%	6,4%	-8,7%	0,4%	0,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	103,4%	100,5%	101,6%	98,7%	92,6%	94,1%	-	-	-	-2,8%	1,1%	-2,9%	-6,1%	1,6%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,1%	96,9%	103,4%	100,5%	101,6%	98,7%	92,6%	94,1%	-6,0%	-3,2%	6,7%	-2,8%	1,1%	-2,9%	-6,1%	1,6%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	93,5%	106,5%	99,8%	95,3%	105,7%	107,8%	111,0%	102,6%	9,8%	14,0%	-6,3%	-4,5%	10,9%	2,0%	2,9%	-7,5%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	124	NA	103	113	95	93	96	108	-12,9%	-	-	9,4%	-15,3%	-2,6%	3,4%	12,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	107	136	100	113	95	111	119	130	21,2%	26,6%	-26,8%	13,9%	-16,2%	17,2%	7,0%	9,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	41	42	36	43	73	82	-	-	-	2,7%	-15,3%	19,1%	69,9%	12,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	46	51	41	42	36	43	73	82	76,3%	10,8%	-19,7%	2,7%	-15,3%	19,1%	69,9%	12,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	199	176	143	154	130	102	81	92	-53,9%	-11,6%	-18,9%	7,9%	-15,5%	-21,8%	-20,2%	13,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	58	-	96	93	91	99	108	73	25,9%	-	-	-3,1%	-2,2%	8,8%	9,1%	-32,4%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	41	-	54	58	49	57	62	29	-29,3%	-	-	7,4%	-15,5%	16,3%	8,8%	-53,2%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	17	-	42	35	42	42	46	44	158,8%	-	-	-16,7%	20,0%	0,0%	9,5%	-4,3%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	273	-	290	289	285	259	238	210	-23,1%	-	-	-0,3%	-1,4%	-9,1%	-8,1%	-11,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	183	-	190	194	184	182	158	140	-23,5%	-	-	2,1%	-5,2%	-1,1%	-13,2%	-11,4%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	90	-	100	95	101	77	80	70	-22,2%	-	-	-5,0%	6,3%	-23,8%	3,9%	-12,5%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	263	-	296	293	269	279	231	223	-15,2%	-	-	-1,0%	-8,2%	3,7%	-17,2%	-3,5%

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	187	-	186	203	172	194	155	141	-24,6%	-	-	9,1%	-15,3%	12,8%	-20,1%	-9,0%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	76	-	110	90	97	85	76	82	7,9%	-	-	-18,2%	7,8%	-12,4%	-10,6%	7,9%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	68	-	89	89	108	80	71	61	-10,3%	-	-	0,0%	21,3%	-25,9%	-11,3%	-14,1%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	36	-	58	49	62	45	28	28	-22,2%	-	-	-15,5%	26,5%	-27,4%	-37,8%	0,0%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	32	-	38	40	46	35	43	33	3,1%	-	-	5,3%	15,0%	-23,9%	22,9%	-23,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NAP	0	NAP	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	0	NAP	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	0	NAP	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	96,3%	-	102,1%	101,4%	94,4%	107,7%	97,1%	106,2%	10,2%	-	-	-0,7%	-6,9%	14,1%	-9,9%	9,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	102,2%	-	97,9%	104,6%	93,5%	106,6%	98,1%	100,7%	-1,4%	-	-	6,9%	-10,7%	14,0%	-8,0%	2,7%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	84,4%	-	110,0%	94,7%	96,0%	110,4%	95,0%	117,1%	38,7%	-	-	-13,9%	1,4%	14,9%	-13,9%	23,3%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	94	-	110	111	147	105	112	100	5,8%	-	-	1,0%	32,2%	-28,6%	7,2%	-11,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	70	-	114	88	132	85	66	72	3,2%	-	-	-22,6%	49,3%	-35,7%	-22,1%	9,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	154	-	126	162	173	150	207	147	-4,4%	-	-	28,7%	6,7%	-13,2%	37,4%	-28,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts																		
Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)																		
81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)									
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	1 315 635	1 319 133	1 324 820	3,0%	2,3%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,4%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 838 326	3 835 000	3 934 000	4 131 000	3 603 944	-6,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,1%	-0,1%	2,6%	5,0%	-12,8%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	3 989 764	3 838 326	3 835 000	3 603 108	4 090 000	3 603 944	-	-	-	-3,8%	-0,1%	-6,0%	13,5%	-11,9%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	3 941 329	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	48 435	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	2 833 852	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	1 155 912	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							100%	100%
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							Yes	Yes
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							Yes	Yes
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations											
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019				
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																				
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes												
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%												
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%												
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%												
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No												
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No												
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No												
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes												
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							Yes	Yes												Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes												Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes												Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							Yes	Yes												Civil - SMS
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes												Civil - E-mail
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes												Civil - Specific computer application
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes												Civil - Other
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							Yes	Yes												
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes												
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No												

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	No									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Information available in CMS							Yes	Yes

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																		
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																		

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																	
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Workload							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Costs							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No									
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	No training offered	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																	
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																	
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)									
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	Yes									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	No									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																	
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																	
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	-	No	No	No								

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	1 315 635	1 319 133	1 324 820	3,0%	2,3%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,4%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	228	226	231	234	232	227	233	229	0,4%	-0,9%	2,2%	1,3%	-0,9%	-2,2%	2,6%	-1,7%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	167	165	169	170	168	163	169	164	-1,8%	-1,2%	2,4%	0,6%	-1,2%	-3,0%	3,7%	-3,0%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	42	43	44	45	45	45	45	46	9,5%	2,4%	2,3%	2,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,2%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	19	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	0,0%	-5,3%	0,0%	5,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	83	83	86	86	85	83	87	86	3,6%	0,0%	3,6%	0,0%	-1,2%	-2,4%	4,8%	-1,1%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	49	50	51	51	51	49	52	49	0,0%	2,0%	2,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,9%	6,1%	-5,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	17	17	20	20	20	20	20	22	29,4%	0,0%	17,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	10,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	17	16	15	15	14	14	15	15	-11,8%	-5,9%	-6,3%	0,0%	-6,7%	0,0%	7,1%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	145	143	145	148	147	144	146	143	-1,4%	-1,4%	1,4%	2,1%	-0,7%	-2,0%	1,4%	-2,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	118	115	118	119	117	114	117	115	-2,5%	-2,5%	2,6%	0,8%	-1,7%	-2,6%	2,6%	-1,7%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	25	26	24	25	25	25	25	24	-4,0%	4,0%	-7,7%	4,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-4,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	2	2	3	4	5	5	4	4	100,0%	0,0%	50,0%	33,3%	25,0%	0,0%	-20,0%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	957	990	1 017	965	877	846	819	802	-16,2%	3,4%	2,7%	-5,1%	-9,1%	-3,5%	-3,2%	-2,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	63	54	51	71	51	51	51	51	-19,0%	-14,3%	-5,6%	39,2%	-28,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	220	239	684	652	615	596	583	569	158,6%	8,6%	186,2%	-4,7%	-5,7%	-3,1%	-2,2%	-2,4%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	489	501	78	87	82	80	77	79	-83,8%	2,5%	-84,4%	11,5%	-5,7%	-2,4%	-3,8%	2,6%

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	138	149	161	111	88	81	73	72	-47,8%	8,0%	8,1%	-31,1%	-20,7%	-8,0%	-9,9%	-1,4%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	47	47	43	44	41	38	35	31	-34,0%	0,0%	-8,5%	2,3%	-6,8%	-7,3%	-7,9%	-11,4%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	126	146	128	130	122	122	-	-	-	15,9%	-12,3%	1,6%	-6,2%	0,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	4	20	5	5	5	5	-	-	-	400,0%	-75,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	39	40	42	43	43	43	-	-	-	2,6%	5,0%	2,4%	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	14	17	16	22	21	21	-	-	-	21,4%	-5,9%	37,5%	-4,5%	0,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	65	64	60	56	51	51	-	-	-	-1,5%	-6,3%	-6,7%	-8,9%	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	4	5	5	4	2	2	-	-	-	25,0%	0,0%	-20,0%	-50,0%	0,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	828	865	891	819	749	716	697	680	-17,9%	4,5%	3,0%	-8,1%	-8,5%	-4,4%	-2,7%	-2,4%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	58	49	47	51	46	46	46	46	-20,7%	-15,5%	-4,1%	8,5%	-9,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	186	210	645	612	573	553	540	526	182,8%	12,9%	207,1%	-5,1%	-6,4%	-3,5%	-2,4%	-2,6%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	466	483	64	70	66	58	56	58	-87,6%	3,6%	-86,7%	9,4%	-5,7%	-12,1%	-3,4%	3,6%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	75	81	96	47	28	25	22	21	-72,0%	8,0%	18,5%	-51,0%	-40,4%	-10,7%	-12,0%	-4,5%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	42	39	39	36	34	33	29	-	-	-7,1%	0,0%	-7,7%	-5,6%	-2,9%	-12,1%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	1 315 635	1 319 133	1 324 820	3,0%	2,3%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,4%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	846	878	934	970	993	1 024	1 041	1 076	27,2%	3,8%	6,4%	3,9%	2,4%	3,1%	1,7%	3,4%

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	957	990	1 017	965	877	846	819	802	-16,2%	3,4%	2,7%	-5,1%	-9,1%	-3,5%	-3,2%	-2,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	63	54	51	71	51	51	51	51	-19,0%	-14,3%	-5,6%	39,2%	-28,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	220	239	684	652	615	596	583	569	158,6%	8,6%	186,2%	-4,7%	-5,7%	-3,1%	-2,2%	-2,4%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	489	501	78	87	82	80	77	79	-83,8%	2,5%	-84,4%	11,5%	-5,7%	-2,4%	-3,8%	2,6%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	138	149	161	111	88	81	73	72	-47,8%	8,0%	8,1%	-31,1%	-20,7%	-8,0%	-9,9%	-1,4%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	47	47	43	44	41	38	35	31	-34,0%	0,0%	-8,5%	2,3%	-6,8%	-7,3%	-7,9%	-11,4%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	126	146	128	130	122	122	-	-	-	15,9%	-12,3%	1,6%	-6,2%	0,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	4	20	5	5	5	5	-	-	-	400,0%	-75,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	39	40	42	43	43	43	-	-	-	2,6%	5,0%	2,4%	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	14	17	16	22	21	21	-	-	-	21,4%	-5,9%	37,5%	-4,5%	0,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	65	64	60	56	51	51	-	-	-	-1,5%	-6,3%	-6,7%	-8,9%	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	4	5	5	4	2	2	-	-	-	25,0%	0,0%	-20,0%	-50,0%	0,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	828	865	891	819	749	716	697	680	-17,9%	4,5%	3,0%	-8,1%	-8,5%	-4,4%	-2,7%	-2,4%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	58	49	47	51	46	46	46	46	-20,7%	-15,5%	-4,1%	8,5%	-9,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	186	210	645	612	573	553	540	526	182,8%	12,9%	207,1%	-5,1%	-6,4%	-3,5%	-2,4%	-2,6%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	466	483	64	70	66	58	56	58	-87,6%	3,6%	-86,7%	9,4%	-5,7%	-12,1%	-3,4%	3,6%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	75	81	96	47	28	25	22	21	-72,0%	8,0%	18,5%	-51,0%	-40,4%	-10,7%	-12,0%	-4,5%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	42	39	39	36	34	33	29	-	-	-7,1%	0,0%	-7,7%	-5,6%	-2,9%	-12,1%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							No	No
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Estonia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							No	No									
Non-judge staff							No	No									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							No	No									
Enforcement agents							No	No									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							No	No									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Finland

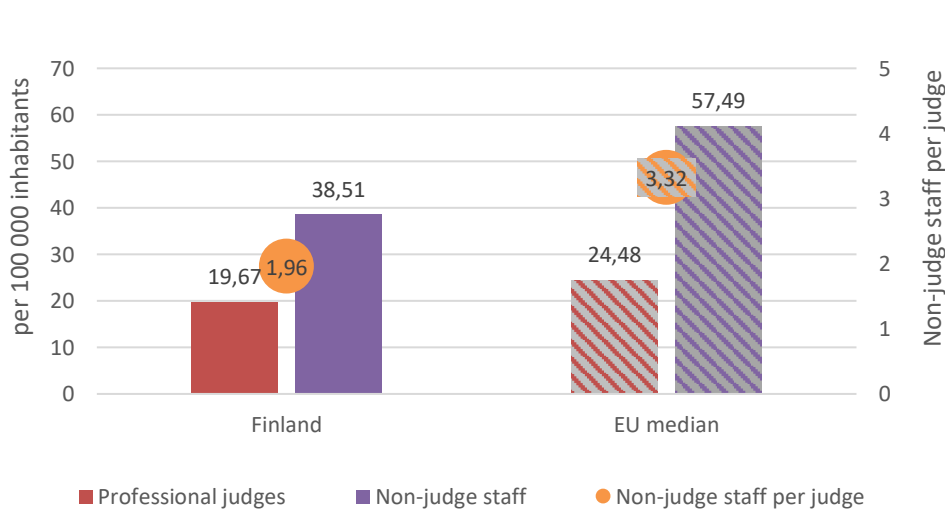
General data

Population: 5 525 292 **GDP:** 43 567 € **Average annual salary:** 42 336 €

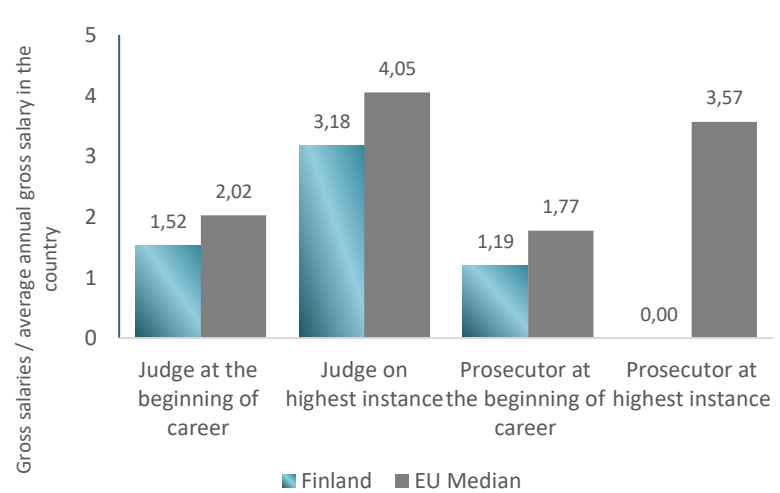
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
19,67	38,51	72,79	NAP
24,48	57,49	121,32	14,33
EU median		EU median	

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

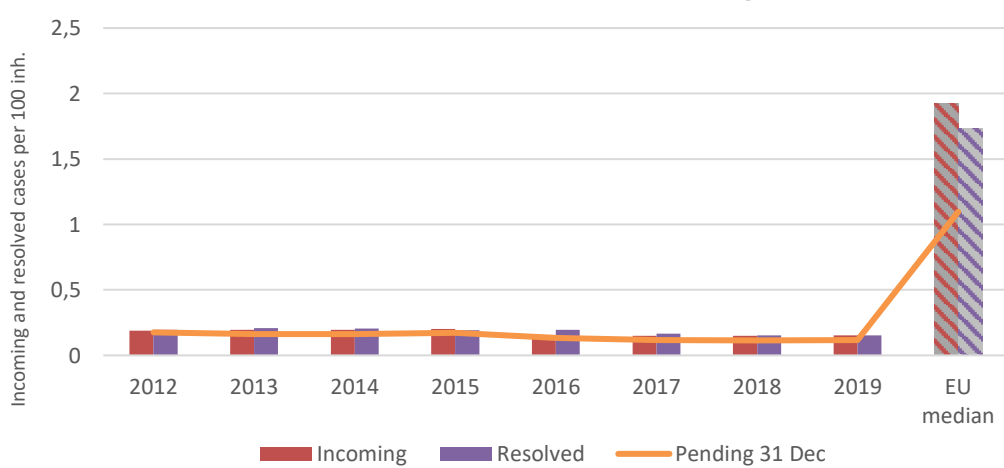


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

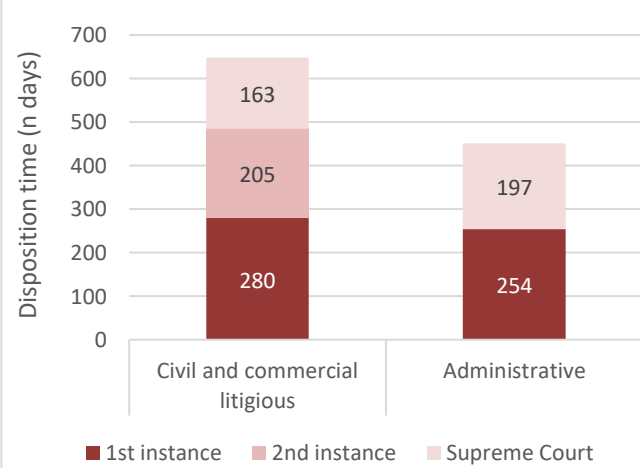


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

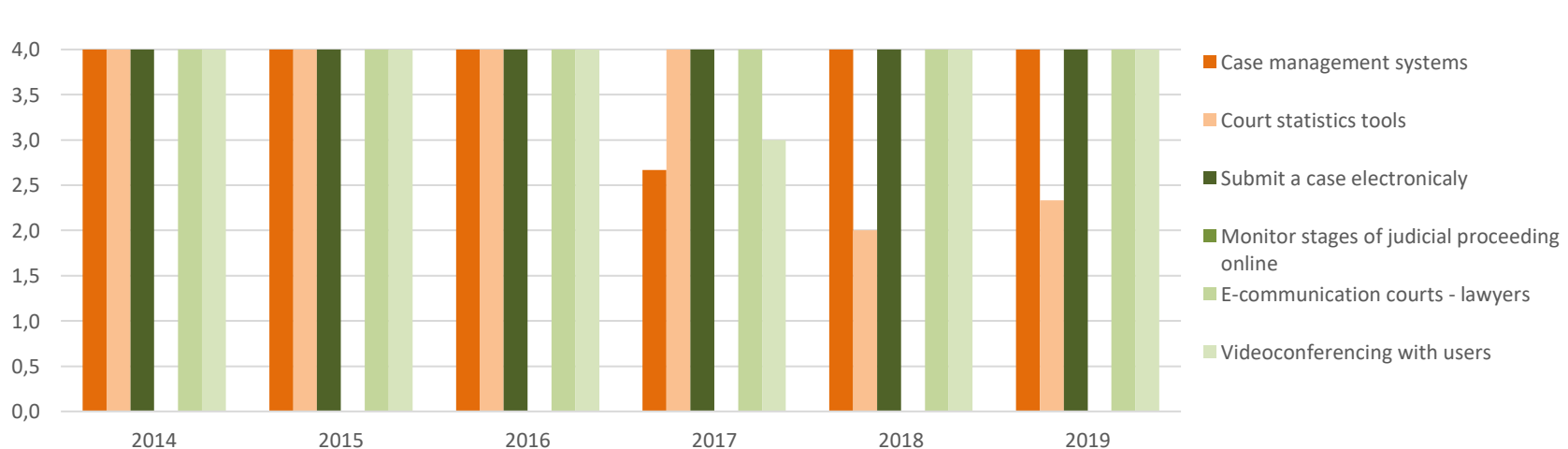


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Finland

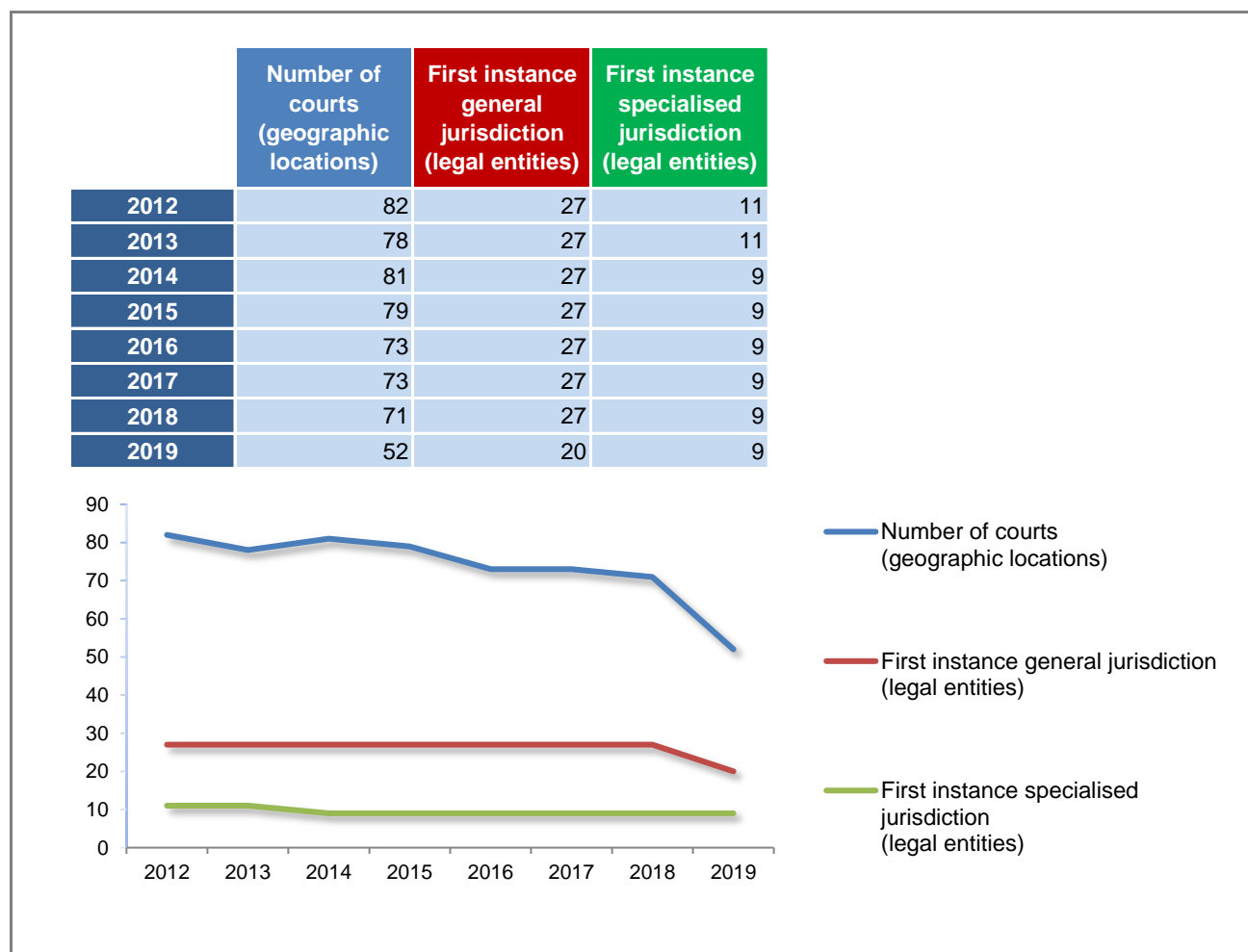
Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	1,8%	0,6%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%
GDP per capita	35 571 €	37 018 €	37 559 €	38 162 €	38 959 €	40 612 €	42 340 €	43 567 €	22,5%	3,7%	8,7%	4,3%	2,9%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	38 472 €		39 624 €		40 416 €		41 580 €	42 336 €	10,0%	2,0%	2,9%		1,8%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	18,1	18,1	18,1	18,1	19,4	19,0	19,6	19,7	8,8%	7,5%	0,9%	3,3%	0,5%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	40,8	40,3	39,5	39,1	39,4	38,8	38,6	38,5	-5,6%	-0,2%	-2,1%	-0,4%	-0,2%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	35,7	36,9	38,7	64,7	68,9	69,8	71,8	72,8	104,1%	78,2%	4,2%	2,9%	1,4%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,190	0,195	0,195	0,202	0,156	0,150	0,149	0,153	-19,6%	-20,0%	-4,3%	-0,3%	2,4%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	8,786	8,624	7,151	7,173	7,159	8,180	8,282	8,693	-1,1%	0,1%	15,7%	1,2%	5,0%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,508	0,5	0,5	0,494	0,706	0,505	0,445	0,460	-9,6%	36,6%	-36,9%	-11,7%	3,2%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	103%	106%	105%	94%	125%	111%	102%	100%	-3,37	20,26	-22,60	-8,59	-2,36
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	94%	100%	103%	99%	99%	95%	106%	94%	0,07	-3,49	6,80	10,63	-11,68
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	101%	95%	97%	102%	79%	107%	112%	100%	-1,18	-17,72	32,90	4,85	-12,45
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	325	288	289	332	252	258	273	280	-14,1%	-12,8%	8,4%	5,9%	2,4%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	84	80	84	91	94	103	71	92	9,4%	12,5%	-24,1%	-31,0%	28,6%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	248	277	280	271	279	255	235	254	2,6%	-0,4%	-15,9%	-8,0%	8,4%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,17	0,16	0,16	0,17	0,13	0,12	0,11	0,12	-33,2%	-16,7%	-15,1%	-2,6%	2,5%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,90	1,88	1,68	1,77	1,83	2,21	1,71	2,06	8,4%	8,8%	-6,2%	-22,4%	20,1%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,35	0,37	0,38	0,37	0,43	0,38	0,32	0,32	-8,3%	1,3%	-24,9%	-15,1%	-0,5%
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	109%	103%	NA	101%	119%	95%	107%	97%	-11,84	NA	-11,93	11,40	-10,00
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	204	198	NA	206	150	212	177	205	0,6%	NA	17,8%	-16,7%	15,9%

DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	88%	-	93%	103%	107%	115%	108%	97%	9,36	13,52	1,38	-6,53	-11,12
CR administrative law cases	100%	-	102%	93%	112%	104%	95%	100%	0,89	10,79	-17,27	-8,33	5,20
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	210	-	224	219	165	132	131	163	-22,2%	-26,3%	-20,8%	-0,6%	24,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)	368	-	312	358	225	169	207	197	-46,5%	-27,8%	-7,8%	23,0%	5,0%

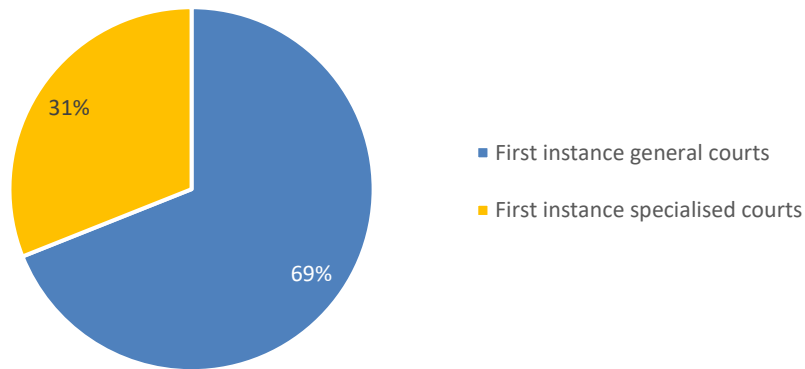
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Finland

In 2019, the court network has been modified.

Accordingly, there are in Finland 20 district courts of general jurisdiction with 36 offices, five courts of appeal, the Supreme Court, six administrative courts, the Supreme Administrative Court, the Market Court, the Labour Court and the Insurance Court. One of the administrative courts, the Labour Court and the Market Court are located in the same location. In total there are 36 courts in 52 geographic locations.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



In Finland, there are nine first instance specialised courts, namely: six regional administrative courts, the Market Court, the Labour Court and the Insurance Court.

Another specialised court is the High Court of Impeachment that hears charges against ministers (i.e. members of the Government), the Chancellor of Justice, the Parliamentary Ombudsman and members of the Supreme Court or the Supreme Administrative Court for unlawful conduct in office. In addition, the High Court of Impeachment deals with charges concerning the criminal liability of the President of the Republic. However, it is convened only when necessary.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Finland

- Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
957 272 000 €

Implemented:
NA

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

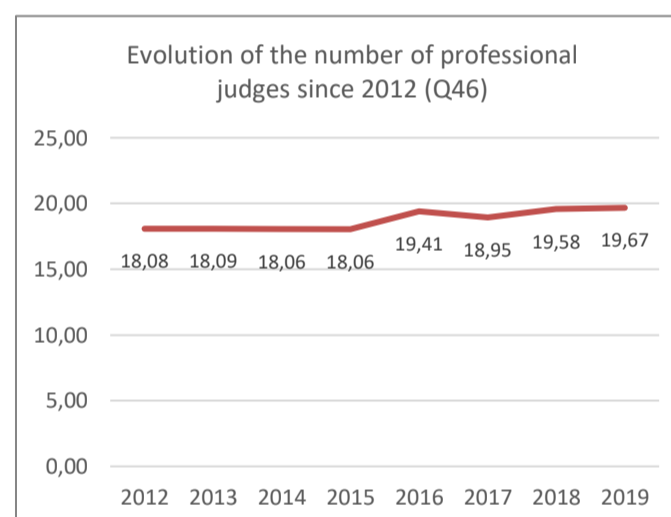


- Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	981	18,08	49,1%	50,9%
2013	986	18,09	49,1%	50,9%
2014	988	18,06	47,9%	52,1%
2015	991	18,06	45,5%	54,5%
2016	1 068	19,41	45,4%	54,6%
2017	1 045	18,95	44,0%	56,0%
2018	1 081	19,58	41,8%	58,2%
2019	1 087	19,67	41,5%	58,5%



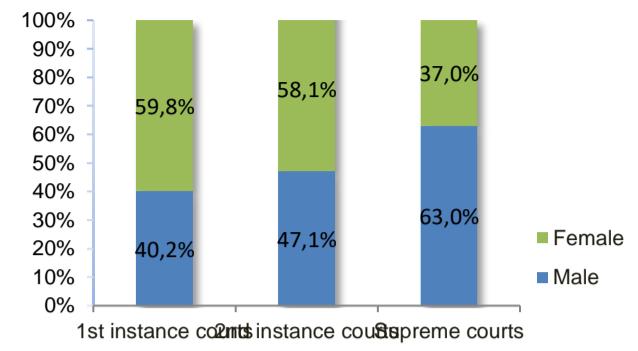
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Finland is 1 087 which is 0,6% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Finland, in 2019 there are 19,7 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,0 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 2,0 non-judge staff per judge).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	850	342	508
2nd instance courts	191	90	111
Supreme courts	46	29	17
Total	1 087	451	636

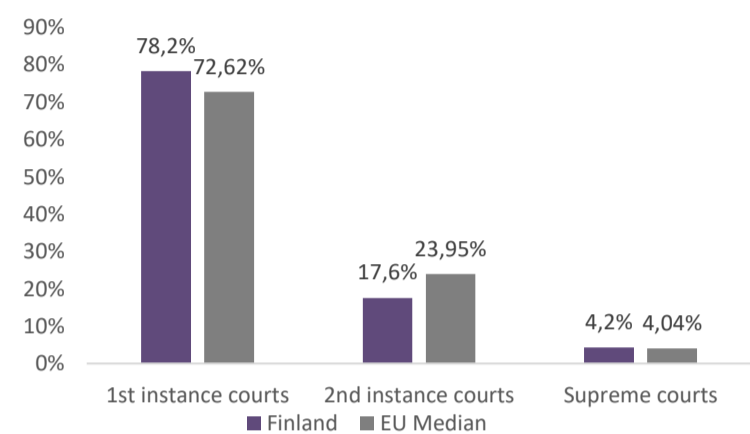
Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	78,2%	40,2%	59,8%
2nd instance courts	17,6%	47,1%	58,1%
Supreme courts	4,2%	63,0%	37,0%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 636 which represents 58,5% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 850 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 508 are female) ; 191 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 111 are female) and 46 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 17 are female).

In Finland, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory	Optional
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

More precisely, under the Courts Act, judges are responsible for maintaining and developing their knowledge of law, legal skills and professional ability. Judges shall be offered sufficient training and they shall have the opportunity to participate in this.

Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	NA	NA
1. Only for judges	135	NA
2. Only for prosecutors	NA	NA
3. Only for other non-judge staff	14	NA
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
5. Other common training	NA	NA

For judges: part of the training (without e-learning) is organized in hybrid format - some of the participants are in the classroom and some are in their courts participating by videoconferencing system. The e-Learning; HELP-courses organized by EIT / HELP-programme (about 70 participants), ICT-webinars/e-learning organised for prosecutors and court staff: 7732 participants in 2019, other training courses (webinars+Moodle) 285.

For prosecutors: it is customary to reserve few seats in each training for the other institutions. So, even though a course is organised for prosecutors, there might be one or two judges also participating.

For other non-judge staff: as above for ICT-webinars/e-learning (prosecutors and court staff: 7732 participants in 2019), other training courses (webinars+Moodle) 285.

Just like the prosecutors reserve a couple of seats for stakeholders (including judges) so do the judges. So, training concerning criminal law often includes a possibility for (a/ some) prosecutors to join. This does not apply to courses for non-judge staff. Development of basic ICT-skills is done, to a large extent, jointly with the training units for judges and for prosecutors.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	2 214	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2013	2 196	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2014	2 161	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2015	2 145	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2016	2 170	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2017	2 137	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2018	2 131	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2019	2 128	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

In Finland, in this cycle there are 2 128 non-judge staff (among which 1 630 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,1%.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 38,6 in 2018 to 38,5 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 19,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 19,7 in 2019.

It is noteworthy that the Finnish court staff organisation does not correspond to the CEPEJ subcategories. Therefore, only the total of non-judge staff can be provided, including office staff (1455), summoners (267), trainee district judges (135) and referendaries (271).

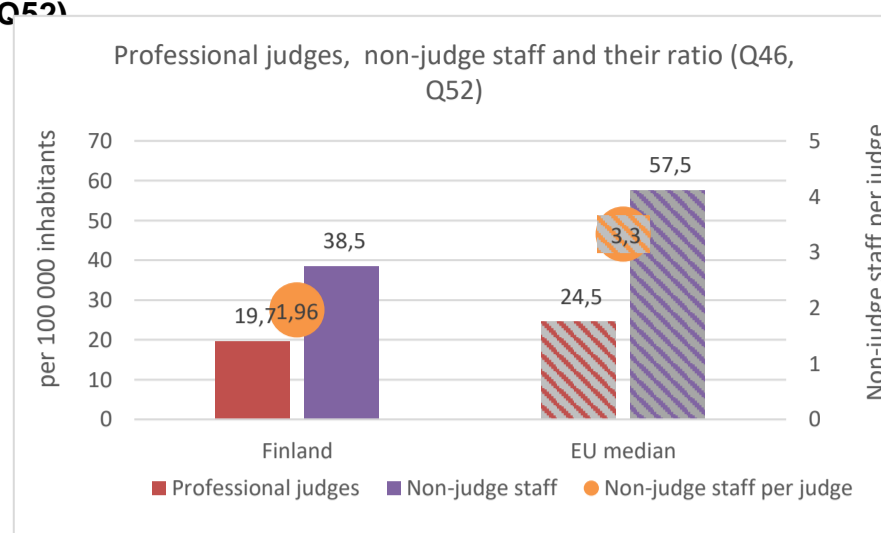
Office staff has tasks mentioned in the categories 2-5.

Summoners' tasks are for example to serve summons, subpoenas and other documents.

Trainee judges have the same responsibility as judges, but they do not have competence to deal with difficult cases. They are always appointed for a fixed term period (one year). In the courts of appeal, the administrative courts, the Supreme Court, the Supreme Administrative Court, the Labour Court and the Market Court a referendary prepares and presents a case to the judges but the final judgment is decided by the judges. The tasks of trainee judges and referendaries correspond to the categories 1 and 2.

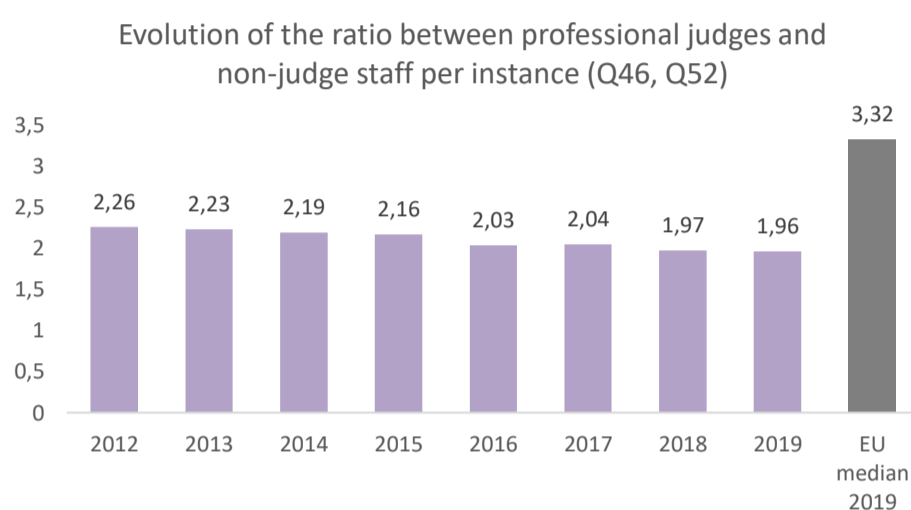
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Finland	EU median
Professional judges	19,7	24,5
Non-judge staff	38,5	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	1,96	3,3



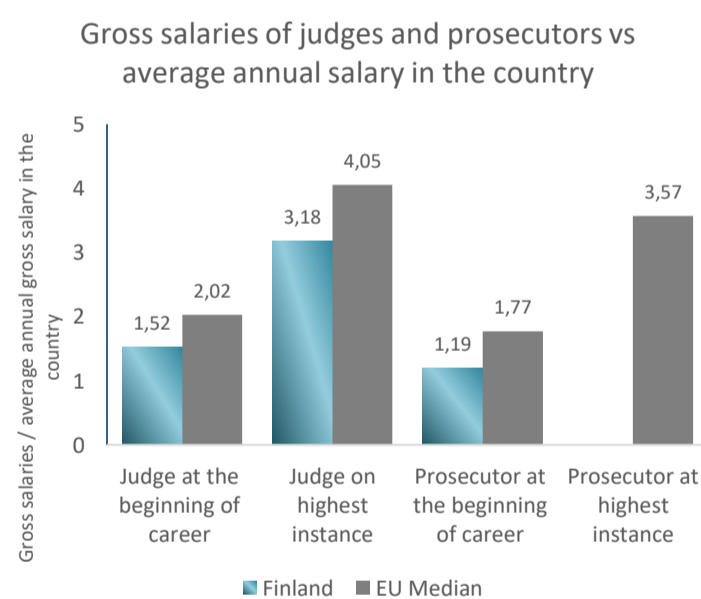
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	2,26
2013	2,23
2014	2,19
2015	2,16
2016	2,03
2017	2,04
2018	1,97
2019	1,96



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

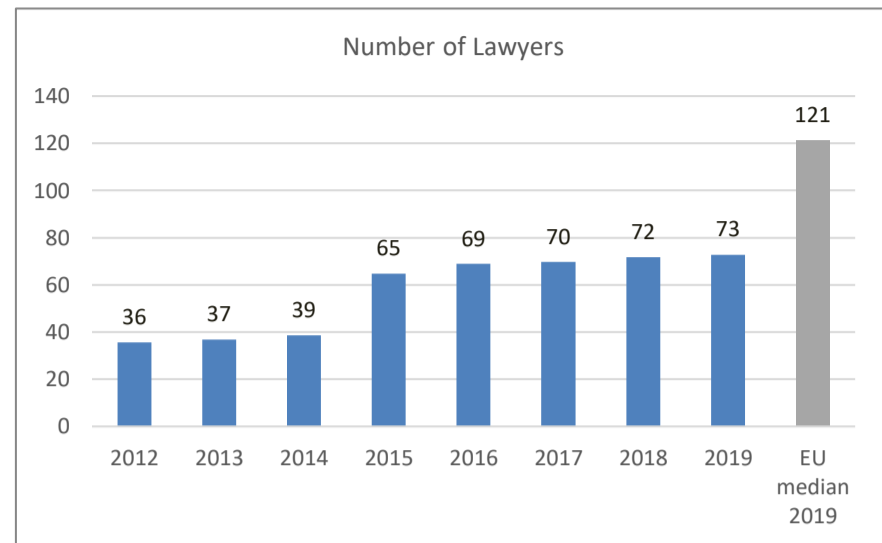
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	64 500 €	NA	1,52
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	134 500 €	NA	3,18
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	50 400 €	NA	1,19
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	NAP	NAP	NA



In Finland, there are several salary categories for judges. The salary depends also on the years of work experience. A first instance judge is in a salary category T11 in which the gross salary is from 4680€/month to 5977 €/month depending on his/her experience. A permanent first instance judge has usually at least nine years of work experience which means the salary is 5382 €/month. In Finland, the taxation is progressive so the information on net salary depends from person to person and is not available.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 935	35,66
2013	2 009	36,85
2014	2 115	38,65
2015	3 550	64,70
2016	3 791	68,89
2017	3 846	69,76
2018	3 965	71,81
2019	4 022	72,79



In 2019, there are 4 022 lawyers, which is 1,4% more than in 2018.

This data of 72,8 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is below the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Until the end of the year 2013, any lawyer (in Finland a person who has a Master's Degree in law completed in Finland is called 'a lawyer') could represent a client in court. As of 2014, only attorneys-at-law, public legal aid lawyers and licenced legal counsels are allowed to represent a client in court.

In 2019, approx. 4.000 lawyers can represent their clients in court. These consist of 1631 licensed legal counsels, 2177 members of the Finnish Bar Association (attorneys-at-law) and 214 public legal assistants in state legal aid offices.

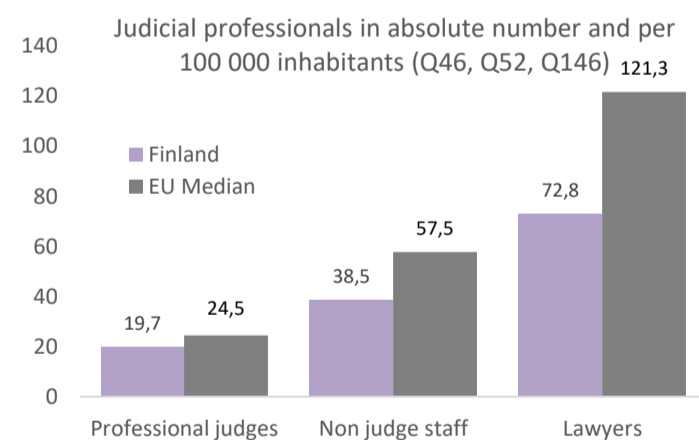
In addition, in-house lawyers can represent their company in court. Lawyers working for trade unions can represent a client in a district court and in the Labour Court in disputes regarding employment relationship. Lawyers working for public authorities can represent the public authority in court.

In order to qualify as an attorney-at-law, a lawyer needs to have at least four years of work experience and must pass the demanding three-part professional qualification test known as the bar examination. The titles of attorney-at-law and attorney's office are protected by law and can only be used by lawyers accepted into the Finnish Bar Association. Attorney's offices employ also associate lawyers, that is lawyers who are not yet members of the bar.

According to the Finnish Bar Association, 66% of their members are men and 34% women. However, 52% of their new members are women.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 087	19,67	24,48
Non judge staff	2 128	38,51	57,49
Lawyers	4 022	72,79	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 90 200 000 € (16,3 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 90 200 000 € (16,3 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid cannot be carried out in respect of criminal and other than criminal cases, as well as cases brought to court and cases not brought to court.

A part of the legal aid expenses comes from cases which are not heard in courts, and the budget does not separate legal aid expenditures in terms of court cases and non-court cases. Furthermore, there are no separate allocations for criminal and non-criminal cases. The total amount of 90 200 000 € includes the expenses of the public legal aid offices (net EUR 23.7 million) and the expenses paid to private lawyers (net EUR 66.5 million).

In Finland, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

The granting of legal aid exempts the recipient from liability for the enforcement fees pertaining to the judgment or the court order and any expenses payable in advance. All necessary costs of enforcement are covered from state funds, if they cannot be collected from the opposing party. (Legal Aid Act, Section 4(4)).

The fees and compensations arising from the interpretation and translation services required in the consideration of the matter are waived for a recipient of legal aid. Compensation for a witness called by a party receiving legal aid are paid from the state funds. Other costs arising from presenting evidence by a party receiving legal aid are paid from the state funds if the evidence was necessary for deciding the case. If a party receiving legal aid, other than the defendant in a criminal case, has been summoned to the court in person, the compensation for the costs of appearing before the court are paid from the state funds.

Legal aid can be granted for travel and lodging costs for the lawyer, as well as for the expenses of witnesses, expert witnesses included. A state-covered support person may be appointed to a victim of violent or sexual crimes, in addition to his/her legal representation.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Legal aid is provided by public legal aid lawyers and private lawyers. A public legal aid lawyer is a lawyer working at a state legal aid office. Private lawyers are attorneys-at-law or licensed legal counsels. An attorney-at-law is a lawyer who is a member of the Finnish Bar Association and whose activities are supervised by the Bar and the Chancellor of Justice. A licensed legal counsel is a lawyer who has been granted a licence to act as a legal counsel by the Licensed Lawyers Board. The activities of public legal aid lawyers and licensed legal counsel are supervised in the same manner as attorneys-at-law.

When the suspect or the injured party has himself or herself proposed a person meeting the qualifications as public defender or trial counsel, the said person shall be appointed unless there are special reasons to the contrary. (Criminal Procedure Act, Chapter 2, Section 2(2)).

◦ Court fees

Litigants do not have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

The court fees are defined in Tuomioistuinmaksulaki (1455/2015) ("Law on Court Fees") and in Oikeusministeriön asetus tuomioistuinmaksulain 2§:ssä säädettyjen maksujen tarkistamisesta (1383/2018) ("The Degree of the Ministry of Justice on the revision of fees stipulated in the paragraph 2 of the Law on Court Fees")

No court fee is required to be paid to start the court proceedings. The fee is collected after the court proceedings have finished (as is stipulated in the Tuomioistuinmaksulaki (11.12.2015/1455) §12). The person who initiated the proceedings (a plaintiff, an applicant or an appellant) is responsible for paying the court fee. A person who has been granted legal aid free of charge is exempted from the court fee. Certain parties are exempted from the court fee, for example the police, the prosecutors and the enforcement authorities.

Certain matters are handled free of charge, for example coercive measures such as confiscation and detention.

No court fee is collected in criminal cases that have been brought to the court by the prosecutor.

If the judgment or decision of a lower court in a criminal case is amended to the appellant's advantage in a court of appeal or the Supreme Court, no court fee is collected. If the judgment or decision is amended to the appellant's advantage in an administrative court, the Supreme Administrative Court or the Insurance Court, no court fee is collected.

◦ **Methodology of calculation of court fees**

The level of the court fee varies depending on the nature of the matter and the instance in which the case is handled. The court fee depends on the nature of the case (litigious or non-litigious) and in non-litigious cases also on how the case has been submitted to the court (electronically in the court's case management system or in another form, for example in paper or by email).

The fee varies between 65 euro (undisputed civil case in a District Court) and 6140 euro (public procurement worth over 10 million euros).

For a non-litigious case handled in the summary proceedings, the court fee is 65 euro for a case which has been submitted to court electronically (e.g. information has been sent directly to the court's case management system) and 86 euro for a case which has not been submitted to court electronically. For a litigious civil case, the court fee is 500 euro.

When a District Court is handling a case in a procedure based on Regulation (EC) No 1896/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 creating a European order for payment procedure or Regulation (EC) No 861/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 July 2007 establishing a European Small Claims Procedure, the fee is 86 euro.

Court fees are revised every three years based on possible changes in the value of money.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

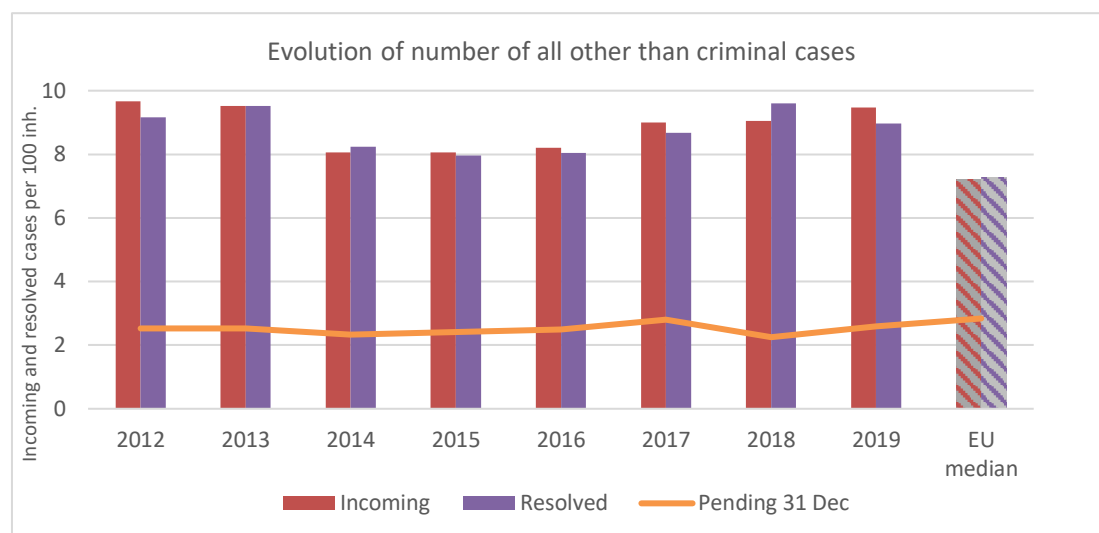
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

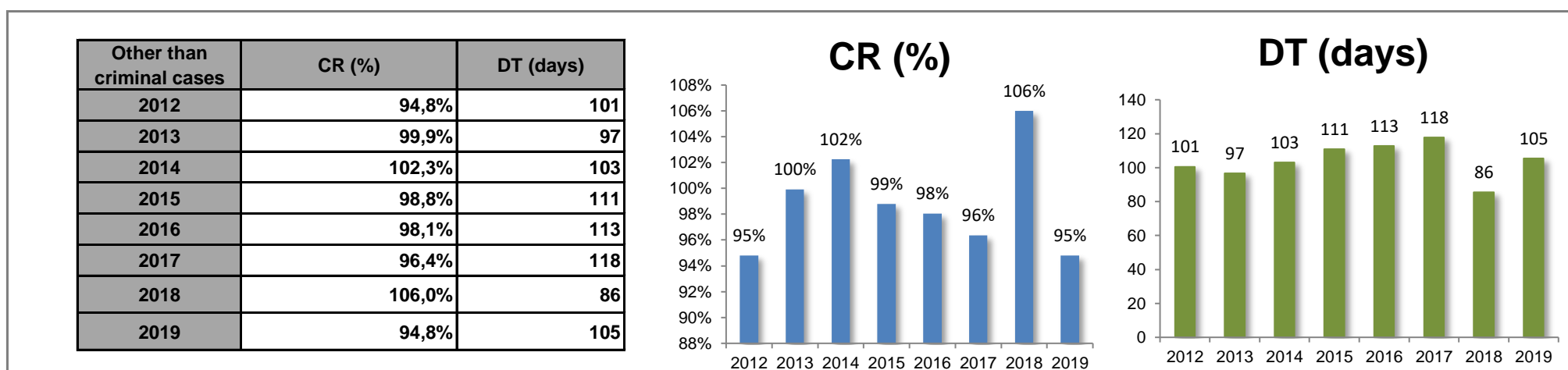
At the outset, it should be mentioned that presentation of 2019 data has been affected by the partial implementation of the new case management systems, AIPA (for general courts) and HAIPA (for administrative and special courts).

First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Finland (9,47 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 8,97 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants. However, The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Finland (2,59 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



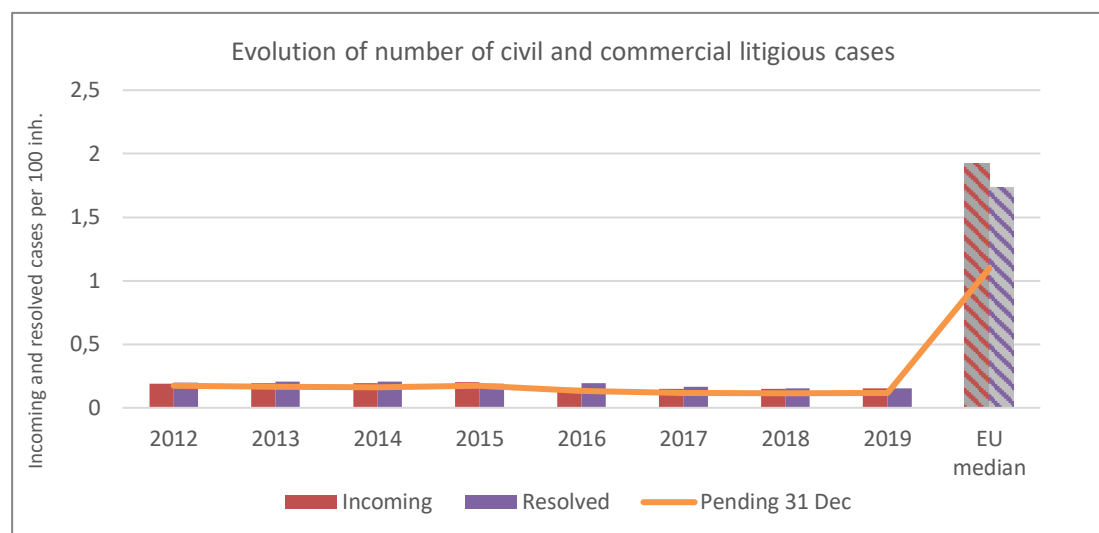
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 94,8% in 2019 Finland seems to have some problems to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -11,2 points. It is mainly due to the increase of the number of “general civil and commercial non-litigious cases” pending at the end of 2019. In this respect, it should be noticed that the partial switch to the new case management system AIPA (as for example divorce cases are already processed in this system) can be the explanation as some initial challenges in the reporting tool has been noted recently.

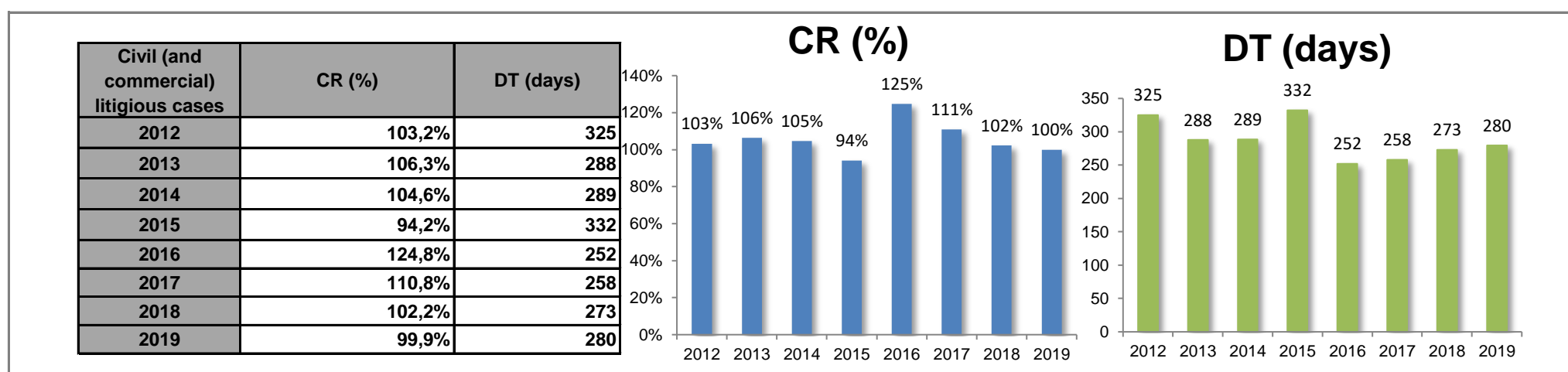
In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 105 days, which is below the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 23,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Finland (0,15 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases (0,15 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly below EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants). Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Finland (0,12 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,9% in 2019, Finland seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -2,4 points.

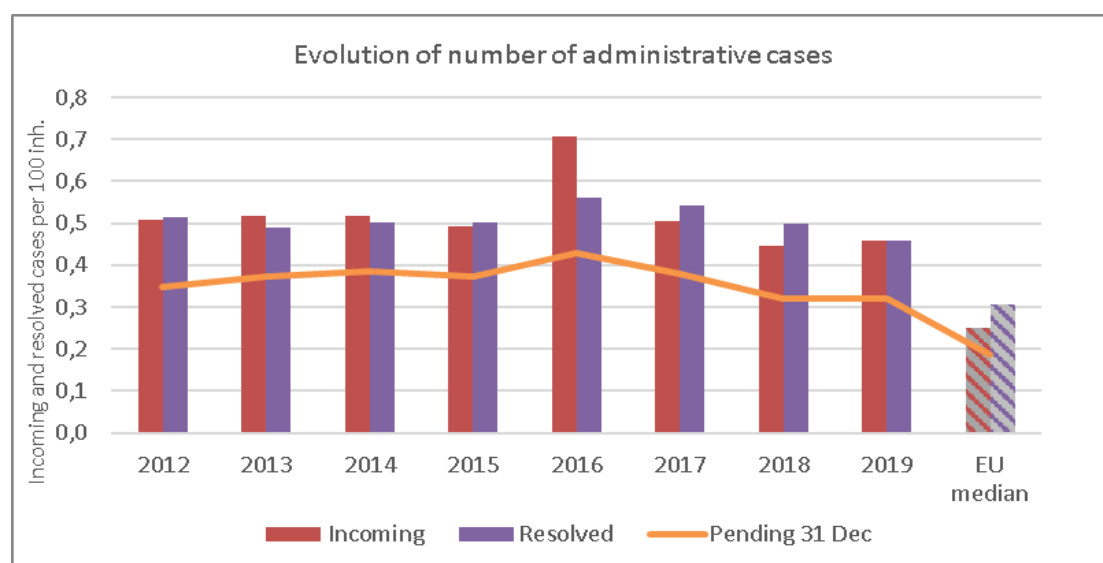
In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 280 days, which is above EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 2,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

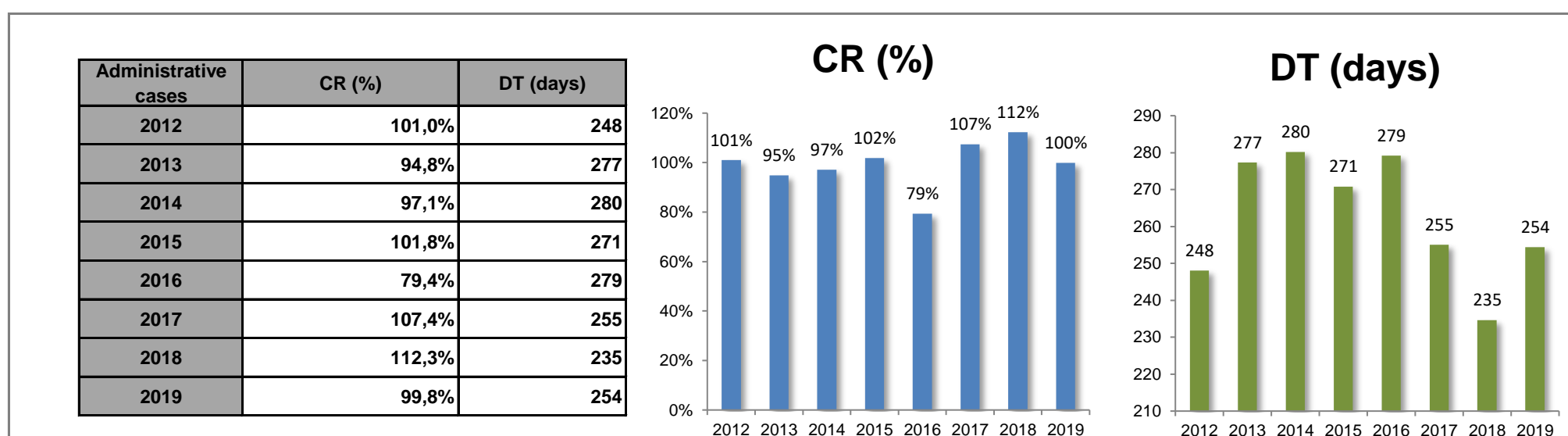
It should be recalled that a very high Clearance Rate characterised the year 2016 due to the fact that in this year the number of incoming civil cases decreased, and courts were able to deal with pending cases. Accordingly, the number of pending cases decreased between 2016 and 2019.

◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Finland (0,46 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 0,46 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 0,31 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,32 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly above EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,8% in 2019, Finland seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases, namely cases dealt by the administrative courts, the Market Court and the Insurance Court.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -12,4 points.

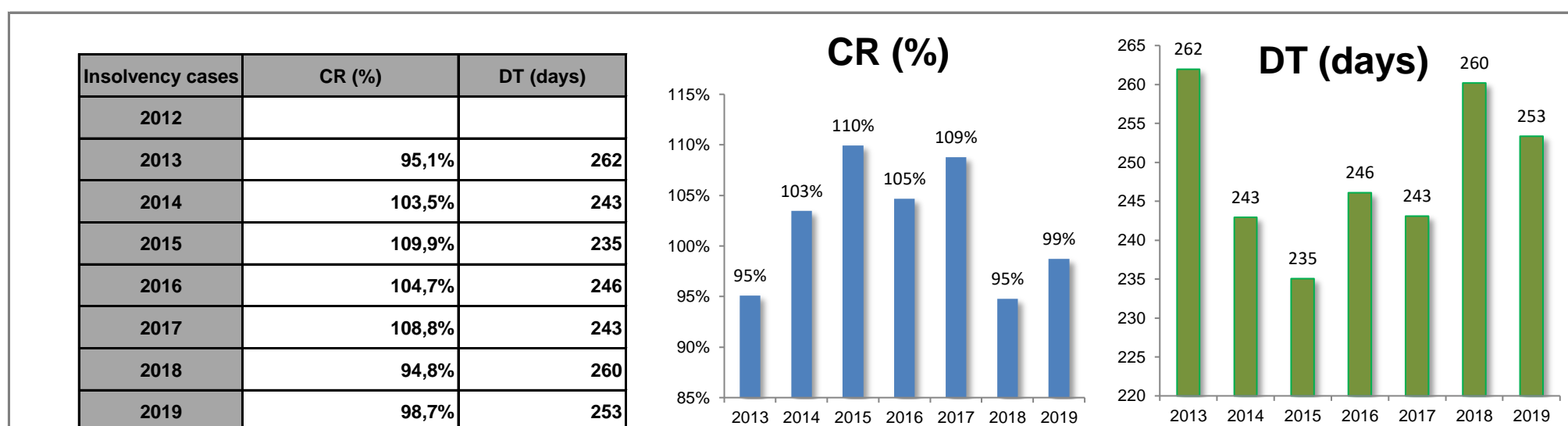
In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 254 days, which is below the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 8,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

It should be recalled that the number of administrative cases increased dramatically in 2016 due to the asylum crisis. Accordingly, more judges were hired to deal with cases and make the procedure more effective. The limits in which cases have to be handled have also been shortened in order to reduce the number of pending cases. To tackle this crisis, a legislative reform decentralized the asylum cases from one administrative court (Helsinki) to three other administrative courts as well.

◦ Insolvency



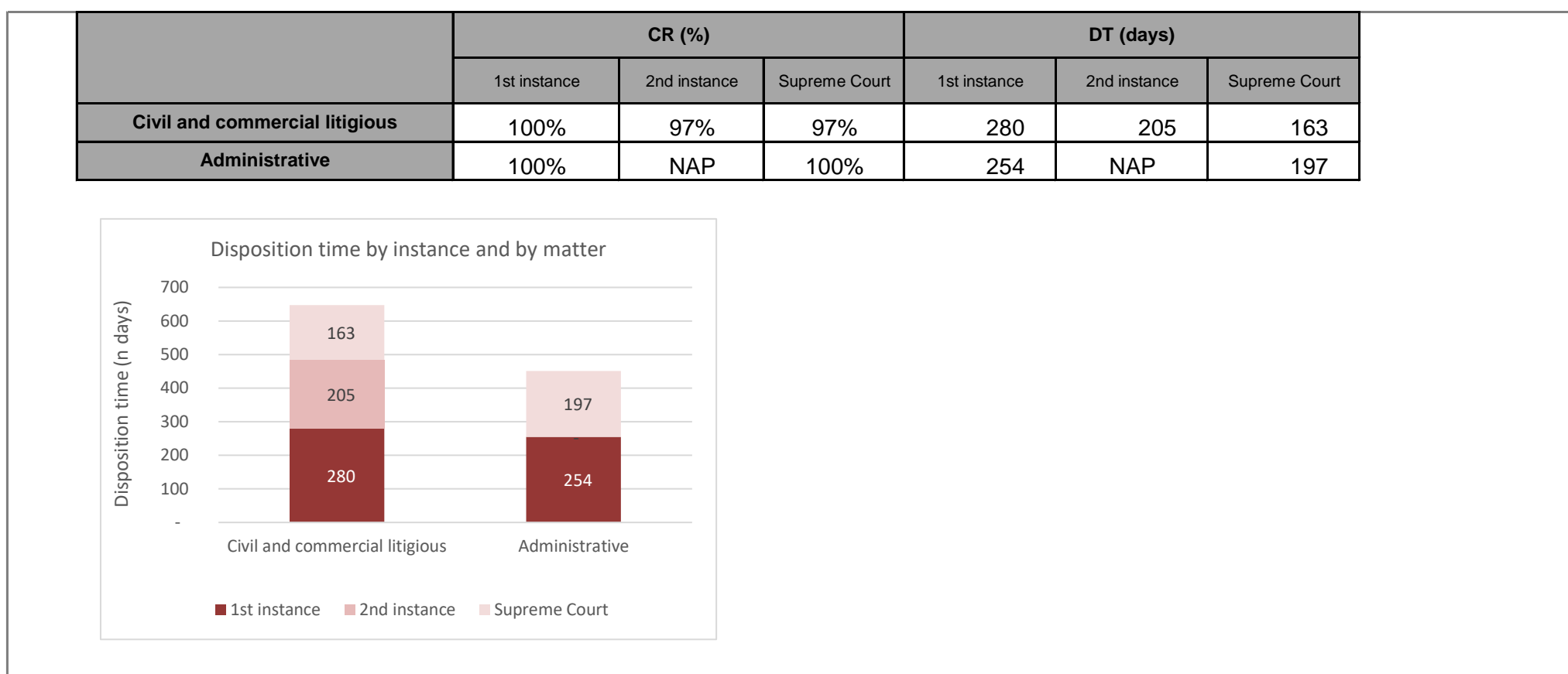
The Clearance Rate was calculated at 98,7% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Finland seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 4,0 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 253 days, which is slightly below the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -2,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



In respect of civil and commercial litigious cases, first instance courts seem to be the less efficient instance among the three instances, with a Disposition Time above the EU median of 213 days. On the other hand, the Supreme court appears as the fastest instance with a Disposition Time below the EU median of 217 days. As to the courts of appeal, their Disposition Time is above the EU median of 175 days.

A similar trend characterises administrative law cases, the Supreme administrative court being faster than first instance courts. In both cases, the Disposition Time is below the respective EU medians (219 days at last instance and 284 days at first instance).

While at first instance administrative law cases are dealt with more promptly than civil and commercial litigious cases, the latter are solved more quickly at last instance.

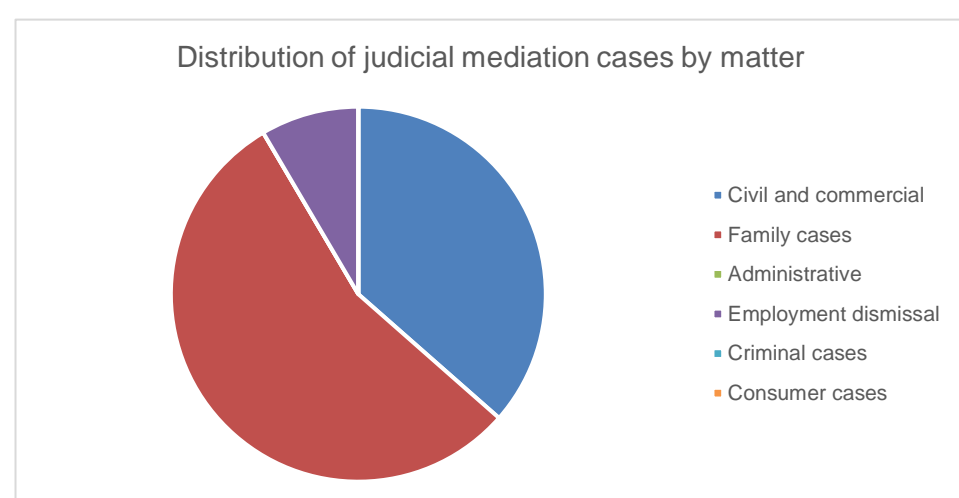
•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Finland provides court related mediation.

The court related mediation system in Finland does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

In Finland there is no accreditation or a register for court-related mediators. All mediators are trained in a special training program for mediation.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	2 349	43
Civil and commercial	857	16
Family cases	1 293	23
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	199	4
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA



The National Courts Administration is currently working on improving the method of calculating the numbers related to mediation. Therefore, the numbers given this year are not strictly compatible with last years numbers. With this new calculation method the number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation would in 2018 have been 2255 cases. The number of finished court-related mediations includes cases in which the mediation has started before 2019 and which have been concluded 2019. The number of civil and commercial cases include all other cases than those in the section 2 and 4 in which the parties agreed to start mediation. Consumer cases are not statistically specified. The number of cases in which consumers are involved, are therefore included in the number of the civil and commercial cases. Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement include only the cases in which full settlement has been reached. However, it is typical that there are partial settlements. So, the number of of settlements in total, including cases in which there is a partial settlement (and some minor issue e.g. legal costs has been forwarded back to civil proceedings) is 1773.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

The annual report should include information on the court's activities such as number of incoming cases, number of decisions given and average length of the proceedings. The report is intended to the government as a part of the budgetary information as well as to the general public and the media.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

As of 2017, the courts have a responsibility to publish a report of a court's activities annually. The courts can prepare a joint report.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- satisfaction of court staff
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

All courts keep statistics of the mentioned court activities in the operational case management systems. National Courts Administration can access these figures through a reporting system.

Satisfaction of court staff is monitored with job satisfaction surveys which are taken every second year.

In Finland, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- satisfaction of court staff
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

Statistics Finland no longer collects statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and the judiciary. The Ministry of Justice/National Courts Administration collects data and publishes the annual operational statistics, please see for example Courts statistics 2019 (in Finnish): <http://urn.fi/URN:ISBN:978-952-259-912-4>

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level. More precisely, there are quality projects covering civil and/or criminal cases in the Court of Appeal of Rovaniemi judicial district and in the Helsinki Court of Appeal judicial district. In a quality project, one or several working groups are set up usually for a year. There are judges from district courts within the judicial district of a court of appeal and court of appeal judges and referendaries in the working group. Depending on the topic, prosecutors, attorneys-at-law and other lawyers, public legal aid lawyers and police may also participate in the working group's work. The working group writes a report on a specific theme, for example developing conduct of the court proceedings or legal costs in criminal and civil cases. The written report is presented and discussed in a formal event and published. The aim is to provide legal professionals with practical information and guidelines on a certain topic.

In addition, there are co-operation projects between administrative courts.

The Finnish Association of Judges compiled and published Ethical Principles for Judges in 2012.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

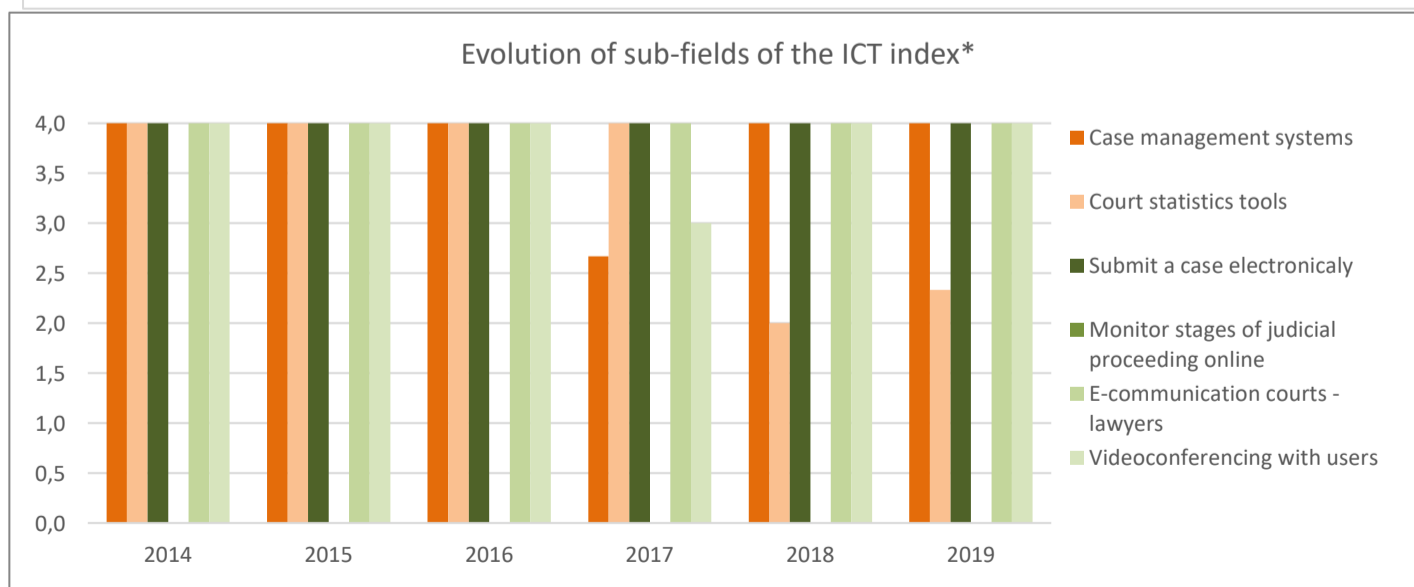
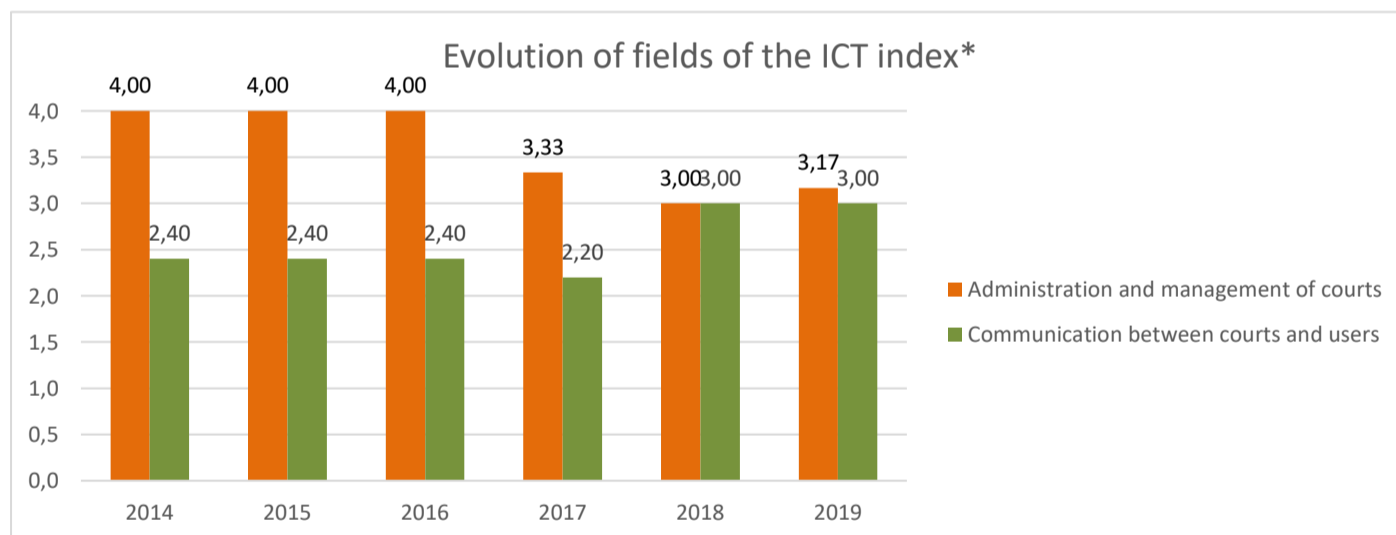
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	3,2
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	2,3
◦ Communication between court and users.	3,0
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	4,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	0,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	4,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Regarding the measurement tools on workload, the courts and the prosecutors' offices use Business Objects XI software (BOXI) which is now updated to Business Objects Board software (BOB). In administrative courts Power BI software is integrated to case management system.

The tool is 'deployed' 100% in the sense that it is available and accessible. However, judges are not required to use the tool, so it is not used 100%. We estimated the use to correspond '10-49%'. The heads of courts are able follow the number of cases resolved by the judge. However, this is usually not used on detailed/short term manner. Rather, it may be used at a court level (for example in budget negotiations) and as a long term indicator, or in case of a sudden and radical change in judges output (but even then not as a tool for disciplinary measure). Similarly to judges, the process servers record their hours in a different manner, and we estimated the use to correspond '50-99%'.

Statistical data

In Finland, the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Ministry of Justice.

More precisely, the Ministry of Justice collects data via automated case management systems of the courts and different automated statistics systems. The Ministry of Justice publishes the annual operational statistics.

In the future the National Courts Administration which was established in the beginning of 2020 will also have competence in this regard.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Please see for example courts' statistics 2019 (in Finnish):<http://urn.fi/URN:ISBN:978-952-259-912-4>

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet
- Intranet (internal) website
- Paper distribution

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	1,8%	0,5%	0,4%	0,3%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	35 571 €	37 018 €	37 559 €	38 162 €	38 959 €	40 612 €	42 340 €	43 567 €	22,5%	4,1%	1,5%	1,6%	2,1%	4,2%	4,3%	2,9%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	855 857 000	869 035 000	911 956 000	923 112 000	925 500 000	911 858 000	926 866 000	957 272 000	11,8%	1,5%	4,9%	1,2%	0,3%	-1,5%	1,6%	3,3%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	NAP								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	1,8%	0,5%	0,4%	0,3%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	35 571 €	37 018 €	37 559 €	38 162 €	38 959 €	40 612 €	42 340 €	43 567 €	22,5%	4,1%	1,5%	1,6%	2,1%	4,2%	4,3%	2,9%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	855 857 000	869 035 000	911 956 000	923 112 000	925 500 000	911 858 000	926 866 000	957 272 000	11,8%	0 €	4,9%	1,2%	0,3%	-1,5%	1,6%	3,3%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	1,8%	0,5%	0,4%	0,3%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	855 857 000	869 035 000	911 956 000	923 112 000	925 500 000	911 858 000	926 866 000	957 272 000	11,8%	1,5%	4,9%	1,2%	0,3%	-1,5%	1,6%	3,3%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	33 833 367	-	33 455 279	32 416 004	35 596 248	46 906 025	45 297 274	42 753 487	26,4%	-	-	-3,1%	9,8%	31,8%	-3,4%	-5,6%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	500	500	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-	-
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	---	---

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	1,8%	0,5%	0,4%	0,3%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	20	-25,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-25,9%

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	11	11	9	9	9	9	9	9	-18,2%	0,0%	-18,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	82	78	81	79	73	73	71	52	-36,6%	-4,9%	3,8%	-2,5%	-7,6%	0,0%	-2,7%	-26,8%

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	11	11	9	9	9	9	9	9	-18,2%	0,0%	-18,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	8	8	6	6	6	6	6	6	-25,0%	0,0%	-25,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	1,8%	0,5%	0,4%	0,3%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	109 588	137 004	137 261	127 125	128 042	136 237	154 229	115 918	5,8%	25,0%	0,2%	-7,4%	0,7%	6,4%	13,2%	-24,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9 829	9 600	9 321	8 883	9 530	7 358	6 487	6 451	-34,4%	-2,3%	-2,9%	-4,7%	7,3%	-22,8%	-11,8%	-0,6%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102 233	91 790	97 217	100 644	121 848	86 233	-	-	-	-10,2%	5,9%	3,5%	21,1%	-29,2%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	75 446	103 192	102 233	91 790	97 217	100 644	121 848	86 233	14,3%	36,8%	-0,9%	-10,2%	5,9%	3,5%	21,1%	-29,2%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	19 203	18 849	20 233	20 955	15 553	22 940	20 765	17 620	-8,2%	-1,8%	7,3%	3,6%	-25,8%	47,5%	-9,5%	-15,1%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 110	5 363	5 474	5 497	5 742	5 295	5 129	5 614	9,9%	5,0%	2,1%	0,4%	4,5%	-7,8%	-3,1%	9,5%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	524 352	519 154	440 553	441 823	451 430	496 472	499 995	522 977	-0,3%	-1,0%	-15,1%	0,3%	2,2%	10,0%	0,7%	4,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 320	10 644	10 677	11 108	8 587	8 259	8 244	8 448	-18,1%	3,1%	0,3%	4,0%	-22,7%	-3,8%	-0,2%	2,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	391 260	393 554	393 960	450 958	457 303	480 320	-	-	-	0,6%	0,1%	14,5%	1,4%	5,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	476 764	470 137	391 260	393 554	393 960	450 958	457 303	480 320	0,7%	-1,4%	-16,8%	0,6%	0,1%	14,5%	1,4%	5,0%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	27 579	28 214	28 254	27 112	38 831	27 817	24 593	25 396	-7,9%	2,3%	0,1%	-4,0%	43,2%	-28,4%	-11,6%	3,3%	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	9 689	10 159	10 362	10 049	10 052	9 438	9 855	8 813	-9,0%	4,9%	2,0%	-3,0%	0,0%	-6,1%	4,4%	-10,6%	
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	497 063	518 725	450 486	436 443	442 641	478 438	529 974	495 812	-0,3%	4,4%	-13,2%	-3,1%	1,4%	8,1%	10,8%	-6,4%	
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 653	11 319	11 164	10 463	10 718	9 152	8 427	8 436	-20,8%	6,3%	-1,4%	-6,3%	2,4%	-14,6%	-7,9%	0,1%	
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	401 590	388 228	390 607	429 811	484 490	452 792	-	-	-	-3,3%	0,6%	10,0%	12,7%	-6,5%	
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	449 101	470 722	401 590	388 228	390 607	429 811	484 490	452 792	0,8%	4,8%	-14,7%	-3,3%	0,6%	10,0%	12,7%	-6,5%	
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	27 852	26 745	27 429	27 595	30 815	29 878	27 608	25 348	-9,0%	-4,0%	2,6%	0,6%	11,7%	-3,0%	-7,6%	-8,2%	
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	9 457	9 939	10 303	10 157	10 501	9 597	9 449	9 236	-2,3%	5,1%	3,7%	-1,4%	3,4%	-8,6%	-1,5%	-2,3%	
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	136 877	137 433	127 328	132 586	136 831	154 271	124 250	143 083	4,5%	0,4%	-7,4%	4,1%	3,2%	12,7%	-19,5%	15,2%	
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9 496	8 925	8 834	9 528	7 399	6 465	6 304	6 463	-31,9%	-6,0%	-1,0%	7,9%	-22,3%	-12,6%	-2,5%	2,5%	
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	91 903	97 116	100 570	121 791	94 661	113 761	-	-	-	5,7%	3,6%	21,1%	-22,3%	20,2%	
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	103 109	102 607	91 903	97 116	100 570	121 791	94 661	113 761	10,3%	-0,5%	-10,4%	5,7%	3,6%	21,1%	-22,3%	20,2%	
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	18 930	20 318	21 058	20 475	23 569	20 879	17 750	17 668	-6,7%	7,3%	3,6%	-2,8%	15,1%	-11,4%	-15,0%	-0,5%	

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 342	5 583	5 533	5 467	5 293	5 136	5 535	5 191	-2,8%	4,5%	-0,9%	-1,2%	-3,2%	-3,0%	7,8%	-6,2%

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	94,8%	99,9%	102,3%	98,8%	98,1%	96,4%	106,0%	94,8%	0,0%	5,4%	2,3%	-3,4%	-0,7%	-1,7%	10,0%	-10,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	103,2%	106,3%	104,6%	94,2%	124,8%	110,8%	102,2%	99,9%	-3,3%	3,0%	-1,7%	-9,9%	32,5%	-11,2%	-7,8%	-2,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,6%	98,6%	99,1%	95,3%	105,9%	94,3%	-	-	-	-3,9%	0,5%	-3,9%	11,2%	-11,0%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	94,2%	100,1%	102,6%	98,6%	99,1%	95,3%	105,9%	94,3%	0,1%	6,3%	2,5%	-3,9%	0,5%	-3,9%	11,2%	-11,0%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	101,0%	94,8%	97,1%	101,8%	79,4%	107,4%	112,3%	99,8%	-1,2%	-6,1%	2,4%	4,8%	-22,0%	35,3%	4,5%	-11,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	97,6%	97,8%	99,4%	101,1%	104,5%	101,7%	95,9%	104,8%	7,4%	0,2%	1,6%	1,7%	3,4%	-2,7%	-5,7%	9,3%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	101	97	103	111	113	118	86	105	4,8%	-3,8%	6,7%	7,5%	1,8%	4,3%	-27,3%	23,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	325	288	289	332	252	258	273	280	-14,1%	-11,5%	0,4%	15,1%	-24,2%	2,3%	5,9%	2,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	84	91	94	103	71	92	-	-	-	9,3%	2,9%	10,1%	-31,0%	28,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	84	80	84	91	94	103	71	92	9,4%	-5,1%	5,0%	9,3%	2,9%	10,1%	-31,0%	28,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	248	277	280	271	279	255	235	254	2,6%	11,8%	1,1%	-3,4%	3,1%	-8,6%	-8,0%	8,4%

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	206	205	196	196	184	195	214	205	-0,5%	-0,6%	-4,4%	0,2%	-6,4%	6,2%	9,5%	-4,1%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	11 706	12 203	12 127	12 326	12 384	11 255	11 444	11 999	2,5%	4,2%	-0,6%	1,6%	0,5%	-9,1%	1,7%	4,8%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	559	509	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-8,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	2 135	2 251	2 439	2 326	2 050	1 936	1 745	1 946	-8,9%	5,4%	8,4%	-4,6%	-11,9%	-5,6%	-9,9%	11,5%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	17 075	18 185	18 542	18 579	17 023	17 648	18 001	17 553	2,8%	6,5%	2,0%	0,2%	-8,4%	3,7%	2,0%	-2,5%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	577	638	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	10,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	3 359	3 553	3 372	2 882	2 725	2 384	2 801	2 894	-13,8%	5,8%	-5,1%	-14,5%	-5,4%	-12,5%	17,5%	3,3%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	17 696	18 262	18 325	18 545	18 145	17 458	17 579	19 042	7,6%	3,2%	0,3%	1,2%	-2,2%	-3,8%	0,7%	8,3%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	647	601	658	666	662	557	529	505	-21,9%	-7,1%	9,5%	1,2%	-0,6%	-15,9%	-5,0%	-4,5%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	3 261	3 379	3 489	3 168	2 852	2 593	2 654	2 857	-12,4%	3,6%	3,3%	-9,2%	-10,0%	-9,1%	2,4%	7,6%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	11 085	12 126	12 344	12 360	11 262	11 445	11 866	10 510	-5,2%	9,4%	1,8%	0,1%	-8,9%	1,6%	3,7%	-11,4%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	489	546	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	11,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	2 233	2 425	2 322	2 040	1 923	1 727	1 892	1 983	-11,2%	8,6%	-4,2%	-12,1%	-5,7%	-10,2%	9,6%	4,8%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	103,6%	100,4%	98,8%	99,8%	106,6%	98,9%	97,7%	108,5%	4,7%	-3,1%	-1,6%	1,0%	6,8%	-7,2%	-1,3%	11,1%
CR Employment dismissal cases	112,1%	94,2%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-16,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	97,1%	95,1%	103,5%	109,9%	104,7%	108,8%	94,8%	98,7%	1,7%	-2,0%	8,8%	6,2%	-4,8%	3,9%	-12,9%	4,2%
DT Litigious divorce cases	229	242	246	243	227	239	246	201	-11,9%	6,0%	1,4%	-1,1%	-6,9%	5,6%	3,0%	-18,2%
DT Employment dismissal cases	276	332	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	20,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	250	262	243	235	246	243	260	253	1,4%	4,8%	-7,3%	-3,2%	4,7%	-1,2%	7,0%	-2,6%

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 757	1 383	1 843	1 913	1 912	1 363	1 456	1 288	-26,7%	-21,3%	33,3%	3,8%	-0,1%	-28,7%	6,8%	-11,5%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 220	991	NA	1 651	1 606	1 161	1 267	1 120	-8,2%	-18,8%	-	-	-2,7%	-27,7%	9,1%	-11,6%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	240	206	252	162	138	117	-	-	-	-14,2%	22,3%	-35,7%	-14,8%	-15,2%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	304	198	240	206	252	162	138	117	-61,5%	-34,9%	21,2%	-14,2%	22,3%	-35,7%	-14,8%	-15,2%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	163	122	64	56	54	40	51	51	-68,7%	-25,2%	-47,5%	-12,5%	-3,6%	-25,9%	27,5%	0,0%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 587	3 562	3 835	3 780	3 069	2 894	2 739	2 801	-21,9%	-0,7%	7,7%	-1,4%	-18,8%	-5,7%	-5,4%	2,3%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 760	1 677	NA	2 806	2 376	2 281	2 163	2 187	24,3%	-4,7%	-	-	-15,3%	-4,0%	-5,2%	1,1%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	828	914	651	562	529	569	-	-	-	10,4%	-28,8%	-13,7%	-5,9%	7,6%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 098	1 119	828	914	651	562	529	569	-48,2%	1,9%	-26,0%	10,4%	-28,8%	-13,7%	-5,9%	7,6%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	487	497	54	60	42	51	47	45	-90,8%	2,1%	-89,1%	11,1%	-30,0%	21,4%	-7,8%	-4,3%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 773	3 538	3 763	3 779	3 618	2 804	2 905	2 698	-28,5%	-6,2%	6,4%	0,4%	-4,3%	-22,5%	3,6%	-7,1%

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 912	1 730	NA	2 848	2 821	2 176	2 310	2 117	10,7%	-9,5%	-	-	-0,9%	-22,9%	6,2%	-8,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	861	869	741	586	550	523	-	-	-	0,9%	-14,7%	-20,9%	-6,1%	-4,9%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 114	1 043	861	869	741	586	550	523	-53,1%	-6,4%	-17,4%	0,9%	-14,7%	-20,9%	-6,1%	-4,9%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	514	496	62	62	56	42	45	58	-88,7%	-3,5%	-87,5%	0,0%	-9,7%	-25,0%	7,1%	28,9%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 571	1 407	1 915	1 914	1 363	1 453	1 290	1 391	-11,5%	-10,4%	36,1%	-0,1%	-28,8%	6,6%	-11,2%	7,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 068	938	NA	1 609	1 161	1 266	1 120	1 190	11,4%	-12,2%	-	-	-27,8%	9,0%	-11,5%	6,3%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	207	251	162	138	117	163	-	-	-	21,3%	-35,5%	-14,8%	-15,2%	39,3%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	288	274	207	251	162	138	117	163	-43,4%	-4,9%	-24,5%	21,3%	-35,5%	-14,8%	-15,2%	39,3%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	136	123	56	54	40	49	53	38	-72,1%	-9,6%	-54,5%	-3,6%	-25,9%	22,5%	8,2%	-28,3%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	105,2%	99,3%	98,1%	100,0%	117,9%	96,9%	106,1%	96,3%	-8,4%	-5,6%	-1,2%	1,9%	17,9%	-17,8%	9,5%	-9,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	108,6%	103,2%	NA	101,5%	118,7%	95,4%	106,8%	96,8%	-10,9%	-5,0%	-	-	17,0%	-19,7%	11,9%	-9,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	104,0%	95,1%	113,8%	104,3%	104,0%	91,9%	-	-	-	-8,6%	19,7%	-8,4%	-0,3%	-11,6%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101,5%	93,2%	104,0%	95,1%	113,8%	104,3%	104,0%	91,9%	-9,4%	-8,1%	11,6%	-8,6%	19,7%	-8,4%	-0,3%	-11,6%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	105,5%	99,8%	114,8%	103,3%	133,3%	82,4%	95,7%	128,9%	22,1%	-5,4%	15,0%	-10,0%	29,0%	-38,2%	16,3%	34,6%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	152	145	186	185	138	189	162	188	23,8%	-4,5%	28,0%	-0,5%	-25,6%	37,5%	-14,3%	16,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	204	198	NA	206	150	212	177	205	0,6%	-2,9%	-	-	-27,2%	41,4%	-16,7%	15,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	88	105	80	86	78	114	-	-	-	20,1%	-24,3%	7,7%	-9,7%	46,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	94	96	88	105	80	86	78	114	20,6%	1,6%	-8,5%	20,1%	-24,3%	7,7%	-9,7%	46,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	97	91	330	318	261	426	430	239	147,6%	-6,3%	264,2%	-3,6%	-18,0%	63,3%	1,0%	-44,4%

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 730	-	4 536	4 519	4 746	4 012	3 648	3 791	-19,9%	-	-	-0,4%	5,0%	-15,5%	-9,1%	3,9%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	364	-	510	579	549	482	359	292	-19,8%	-	-	13,5%	-5,2%	-12,2%	-25,5%	-18,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	3 941	-	3 719	3 625	3 916	3 294	3 057	3 337	-15,3%	-	-	-2,5%	8,0%	-15,9%	-7,2%	9,2%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	425	-	307	315	281	236	232	162	-61,9%	-	-	2,6%	-10,8%	-16,0%	-1,7%	-30,2%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 509	-	5 747	5 720	6 195	7 736	7 321	7 177	30,3%	-	-	-0,5%	8,3%	24,9%	-5,4%	-2,0%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	960	-	1 013	884	999	862	767	725	-24,5%	-	-	-12,7%	13,0%	-13,7%	-11,0%	-5,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	3 947	-	4 201	4 319	4 785	6 411	6 199	6 113	54,9%	-	-	2,8%	10,8%	34,0%	-3,3%	-1,4%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	602	-	533	517	411	463	355	339	-43,7%	-	-	-3,0%	-20,5%	12,7%	-23,3%	-4,5%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 388	-	5 741	5 475	6 905	8 094	7 155	7 215	33,9%	-	-	-4,6%	26,1%	17,2%	-11,6%	0,8%

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	841	-	944	914	1 066	988	829	703	-16,4%	-	-	-3,2%	16,6%	-7,3%	-16,1%	-15,2%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	3 928	-	4 272	4 012	5 382	6 638	5 902	6 138	56,3%	-	-	-6,1%	34,1%	23,3%	-11,1%	4,0%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	619	-	525	549	457	468	424	374	-39,6%	-	-	4,6%	-16,8%	2,4%	-9,4%	-11,8%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 851	-	4 542	4 764	4 036	3 654	3 814	3 753	-22,6%	-	-	4,9%	-15,3%	-9,5%	4,4%	-1,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	483	-	579	549	482	356	297	314	-35,0%	-	-	-5,2%	-12,2%	-26,1%	-16,6%	5,7%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	3 960	-	3 648	3 932	3 319	3 067	3 354	3 312	-16,4%	-	-	7,8%	-15,6%	-7,6%	9,4%	-1,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	408	-	315	283	235	231	163	127	-68,9%	-	-	-10,2%	-17,0%	-1,7%	-29,4%	-22,1%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	97,8%	-	99,9%	95,7%	111,5%	104,6%	97,7%	100,5%	2,8%	-	-	-4,2%	16,4%	-6,1%	-6,6%	2,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	87,6%	-	93,2%	103,4%	106,7%	114,6%	108,1%	97,0%	10,7%	-	-	11,0%	3,2%	7,4%	-5,7%	-10,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	99,5%	-	101,7%	92,9%	112,5%	103,5%	95,2%	100,4%	0,9%	-	-	-8,7%	21,1%	-7,9%	-8,0%	5,5%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	102,8%	-	98,5%	106,2%	111,2%	101,1%	119,4%	110,3%	7,3%	-	-	7,8%	4,7%	-9,1%	18,2%	-7,6%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	329	-	289	318	213	165	195	190	-42,2%	-	-	10,0%	-32,8%	-22,8%	18,1%	-2,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	210	-	224	219	165	132	131	163	-22,2%	-	-	-2,1%	-24,7%	-20,3%	-0,6%	24,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	368	-	312	358	225	169	207	197	-46,5%	-	-	14,8%	-37,1%	-25,1%	23,0%	-5,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	241	-	219	188	188	180	140	124	-48,5%	-	-	-14,1%	-0,2%	-4,0%	-22,1%	-11,7%

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	1,8%	0,5%	0,4%	0,3%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	67 697 000	71 208 000	65 276 000	77 700 000	89 400 000	97 700 000	93 700 000	90 200 000	33,2%	5,2%	-8,3%	19,0%	15,1%	9,3%	-4,1%	-3,7%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	65 276 000	77 700 000	89 400 000	97 392 000	91 300 000	90 200 000	-	-	-	19,0%	15,1%	8,9%	-6,3%	-1,2%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes	
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Not integrated but connected	Integrated	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes	
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%	
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							Yes	Yes	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							Yes	Yes	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No	

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

Civil - Equipment rate

Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory

Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means

Civil - SMS

Civil - E-mail

Civil - Specific computer application

Civil - Other

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							not accessible at all	accessible at all									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Information available in CMS							Yes	Yes

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	NA
064-7 - Modality - Email							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																
064-7 - Equipment rate							0% (NAP)	NA								
064-7 - Email							No	Yes								
064-7 - Specific computer application							No	No								
064-7 - Other							No	No								
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	Yes								
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																
064-7 - Equipment rate							NA	NA								
064-7 - Email							Yes	Yes								
064-7 - Specific computer application							No	No								
064-7 - Other							No	No								
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No								
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
<i>In criminal matter</i>																
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
<i>In administrative matter</i>																

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																	
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	0									
065-4 - Impact on Workload							No	0									
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	0									
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	0									
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	0									
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																	
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																	
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	673	726	1 671	2 349	-	-	-	-	-	7,9%	130,2%	40,6%
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	204	237	505	857	-	-	-	-	-	16,2%	113,1%	69,7%
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	425	432	1 034	1 293	-	-	-	-	-	1,6%	139,4%	25,0%
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	44	57	132	199	-	-	-	-	-	29,5%	131,6%	50,8%
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																		
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																		
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	1,8%	0,5%	0,4%	0,3%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	981	986	988	991	1 068	1 045	1 081	1 087	10,8%	0,5%	0,2%	0,3%	7,8%	-2,2%	3,4%	0,6%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	744	758	758	761	834	817	850	850	14,2%	1,9%	0,0%	0,4%	9,6%	-2,0%	4,0%	0,0%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	194	185	186	188	184	178	184	191	-1,5%	-4,6%	0,5%	1,1%	-2,1%	-3,3%	3,4%	3,8%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	43	43	44	42	50	50	47	46	7,0%	0,0%	2,3%	-4,5%	19,0%	0,0%	-6,0%	-2,1%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	482	484	473	451	485	460	452	451	-6,4%	0,4%	-2,3%	-4,7%	7,5%	-5,2%	-1,7%	-0,2%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	350	362	356	338	368	350	344	342	-2,3%	3,4%	-1,7%	-5,1%	8,9%	-4,9%	-1,7%	-0,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	105	95	89	85	84	78	78	90	-14,3%	-9,5%	-6,3%	-4,5%	-1,2%	-7,1%	0,0%	15,4%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	27	27	28	28	33	32	30	29	7,4%	0,0%	3,7%	0,0%	17,9%	-3,0%	-6,3%	-3,3%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	499	502	515	540	583	585	629	636	27,5%	0,6%	2,6%	4,9%	8,0%	0,3%	7,5%	1,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	394	396	402	423	466	467	506	508	28,9%	0,5%	1,5%	5,2%	10,2%	0,2%	8,4%	0,4%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	89	90	97	103	100	100	106	111	24,7%	1,1%	7,8%	6,2%	-2,9%	0,0%	6,0%	4,7%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	16	16	16	14	17	18	17	17	6,3%	0,0%	0,0%	-12,5%	21,4%	5,9%	-5,6%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	2 214	2 196	2 161	2 145	2 170	2 137	2 131	2 128	-3,9%	-0,8%	-1,6%	-0,7%	1,2%	-1,5%	-0,3%	-0,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	488	498	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 643	1 630	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,8%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	1,8%	0,5%	0,4%	0,3%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 935	2 009	2 115	3 550	3 791	3 846	3 965	4 022	107,9%	3,8%	5,3%	67,8%	6,8%	1,5%	3,1%	1,4%

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	2 214	2 196	2 161	2 145	2 170	2 137	2 131	2 128	-3,9%	-0,8%	-1,6%	-0,7%	1,2%	-1,5%	-0,3%	-0,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	488	498	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 643	1 630	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,8%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							Yes	No
Prosecutors							Yes	No
Non-judge staff							Yes	No
Lawyers							Yes	No
Notaries							Yes	No
Enforcement agents							Yes	No

Table 11.2: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Finland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							No	No									
Non-judge staff							No	No									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							No	No									
Enforcement agents							No	No									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							No	No									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

France

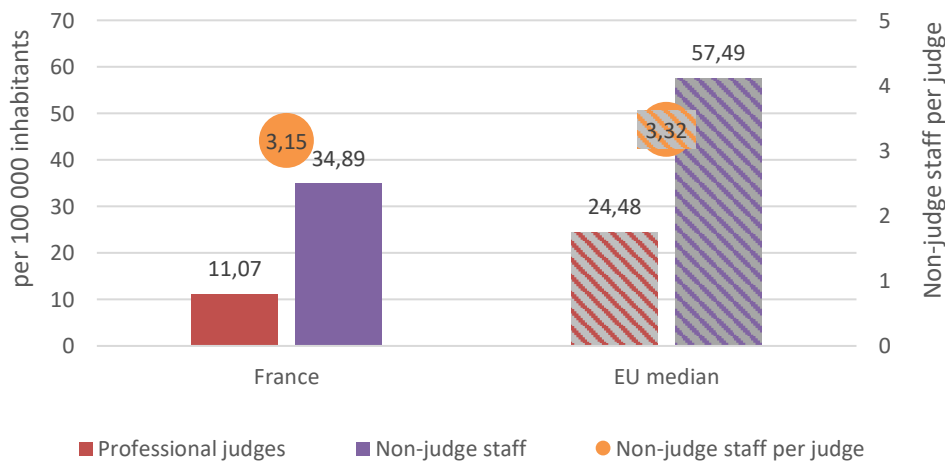
General data

Population: 67 063 703 **GDP:** 35 960 € **Average annual salary:** 36 705 €

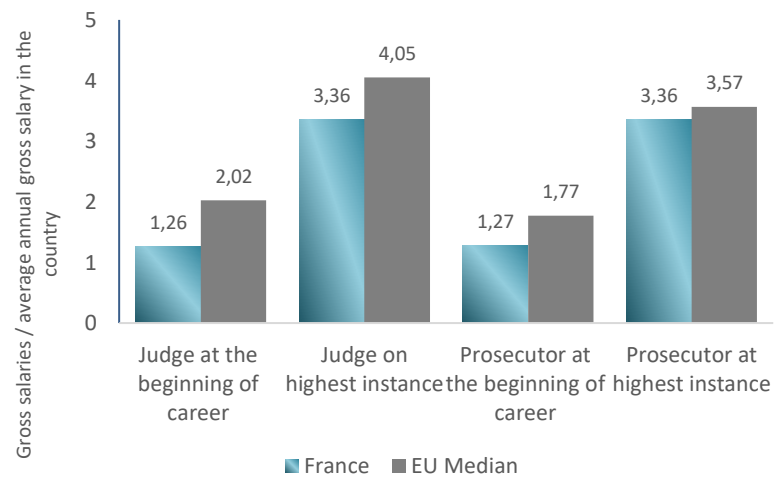
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
11,07	34,89	102,64	NA
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

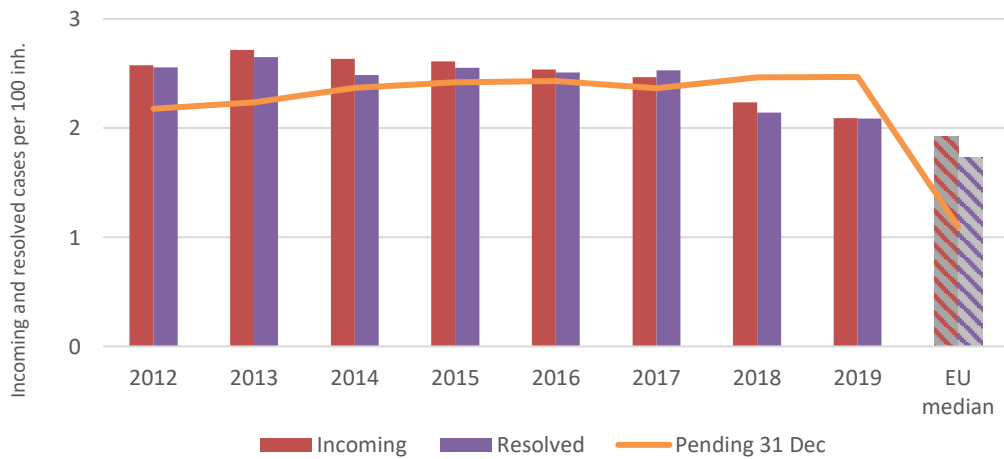


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

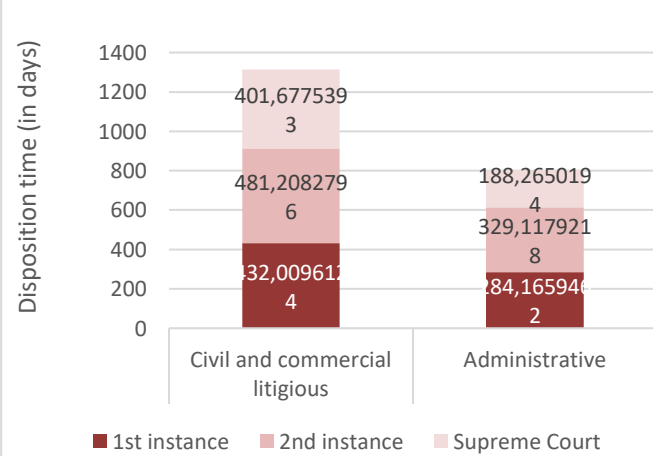


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

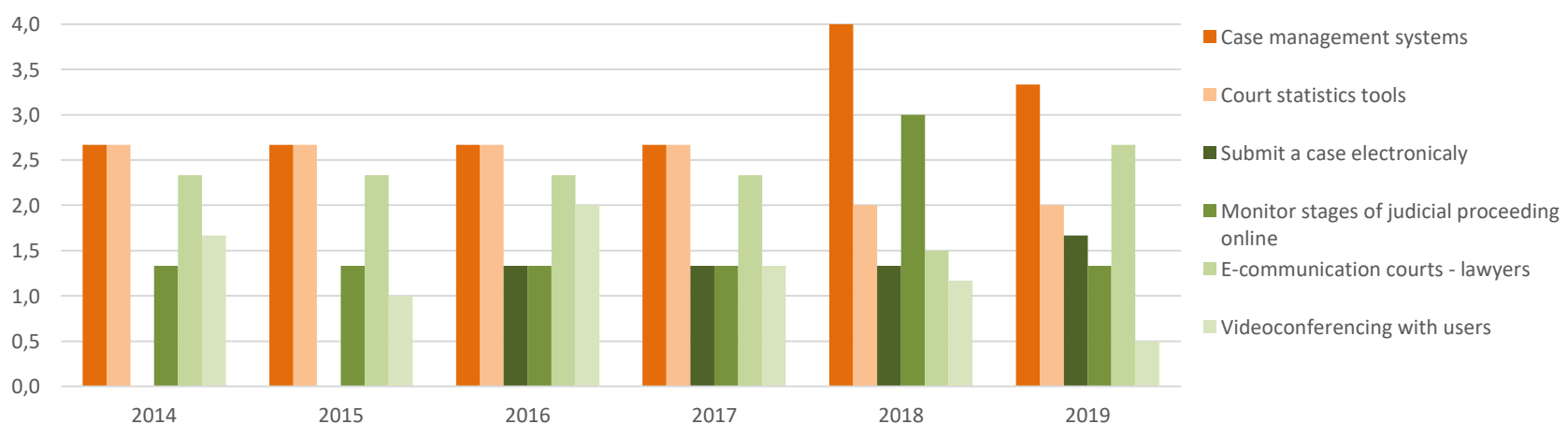


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

France

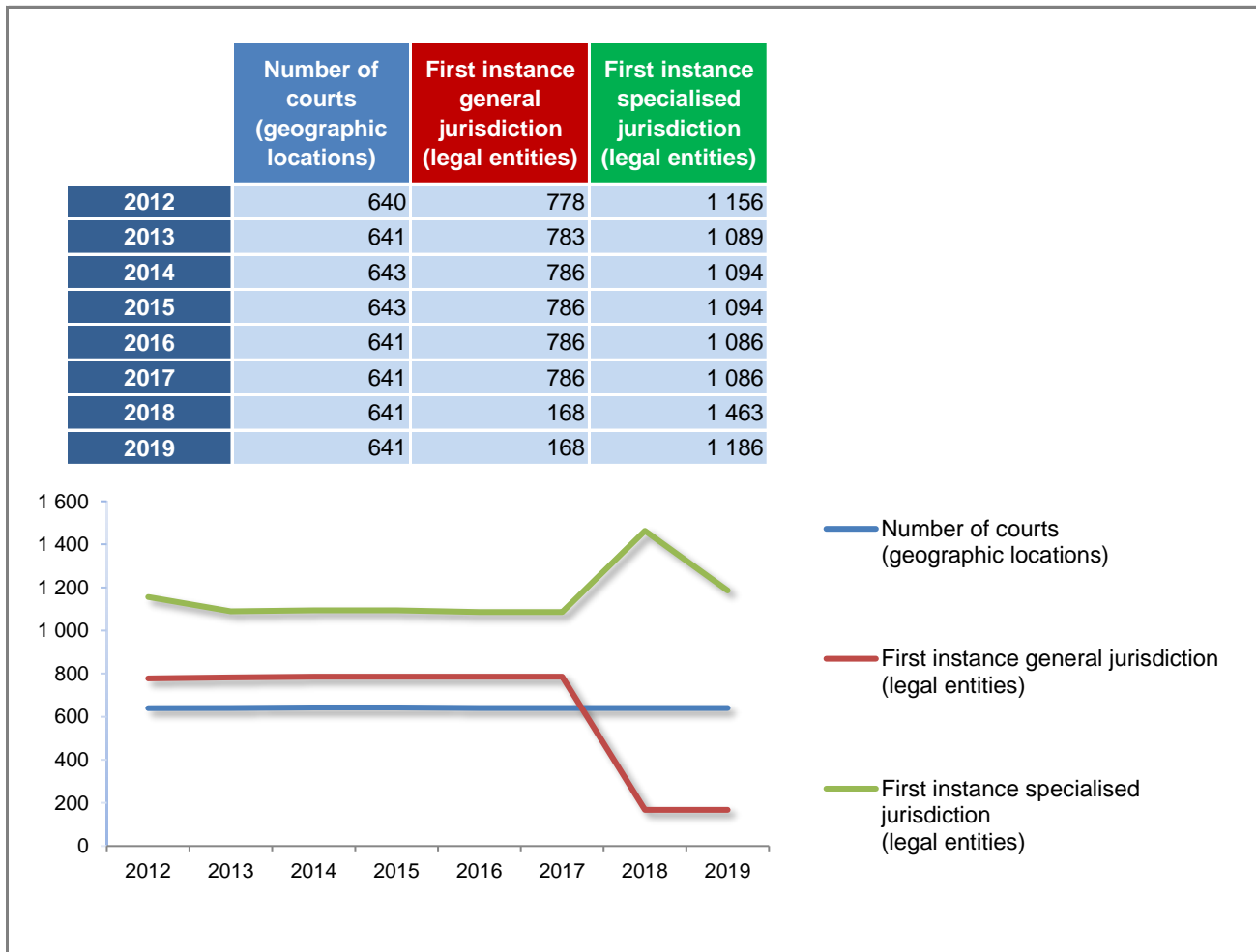
Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	2,3%	1,0%	0,0%	-0,3%	0,1%
GDP per capita	31 059 €	32 112 €	32 227 €	32 796 €	33 337 €	34 150 €	34 978 €	35 960 €	15,8%	3,4%	4,9%	2,4%	2,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	34 100 €		34 500 €		35 400 €		35 763 €	36 705 €	7,6%	2,6%	1,0%		2,6%
Resources													
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	10,7	10,7	10,5	10,5	10,4	10,5	10,9	11,1	3,3%	-0,1%	4,0%	3,3%	2,0%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	33,2	33,3	33,7	33,5	33,9	33,8	34,1	34,9	5,2%	0,6%	0,6%	0,9%	2,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	85,7	91,5	93,6	93,2	97,7	99,7	99,9	102,6	19,8%	4,4%	2,3%	0,3%	2,7%
Mediators	NA	3,7	3,7	3,9	4,4	4,4	2,1	NA	NA	18,8%	-51,2%	-51,0%	NA
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.													
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,575	2,719	2,636	2,612	2,536	2,468	2,236	2,093	-18,7%	-3,8%	-11,8%	-9,4%	-6,4%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,485	0,490	0,516	0,535	0,540	0,417	0,256	0,249	-48,7%	-4,6%	-52,7%	-38,8%	-2,5%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,272	0,3	0,3	0,288	0,289	0,294	0,318	0,345	26,7%	2,1%	10,1%	8,3%	8,5%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	99%	98%	94%	98%	99%	103%	96%	100%	0,46	4,65	-3,27	-5,79	3,93
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	101%	98%	97%	98%	96%	111%	99%	101%	-0,33	-1,26	3,26	-12,58	2,33
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	107%	104%	96%	98%	99%	102%	98%	97%	-10,14	2,80	-0,65	-3,74	-1,88
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	311	308	348	346	353	341	420	432	38,8%	1,6%	19,0%	23,3%	2,8%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	73	80	89	93	111	86	162	158	117,4%	25,0%	46,3%	89,8%	-2,4%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	302	284	305	313	314	290	285	284	-5,9%	2,9%	-9,0%	-1,5%	-0,4%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.													
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,18	2,24	2,37	2,42	2,43	2,36	2,47	2,47	13,3%	2,6%	1,4%	4,3%	0,2%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,10	0,11	0,12	0,13	0,16	0,11	0,11	0,11	11,2%	29,0%	-28,4%	3,1%	-2,6%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,24	0,22	0,24	0,24	0,25	0,24	0,24	0,26	7,9%	3,7%	-0,5%	2,8%	5,9%
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	99%	94%	93%	95%	95%	104%	105%	102%	3,23	1,92	9,34	1,09	-2,49
CR administrative law cases	102%	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	97%	96%	-6,36	-2,49	-0,48	-2,72	-1,27
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	405	431	477	476	487	464	466	481	18,8%	2,1%	-4,2%	0,4%	3,3%

DT administrative law cases (days)	346	345	334	329	341	334	327	329	-4,9%	2,0%	-4,0%	-1,9%	0,5%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	96%	-	92%	88%	105%	90%	123%	102%	6,61	12,64	18,26	32,82	-20,75
CR administrative law cases	101%	-	101%	109%	100%	103%	100%	101%	-0,04	-1,54	0,34	-2,58	0,81
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	378	-	425	516	376	469	337	402	6,4%	-11,4%	-10,5%	-28,2%	19,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	271	-	185	206	207	184	200	188	-30,4%	12,3%	-3,5%	8,5%	-5,9%

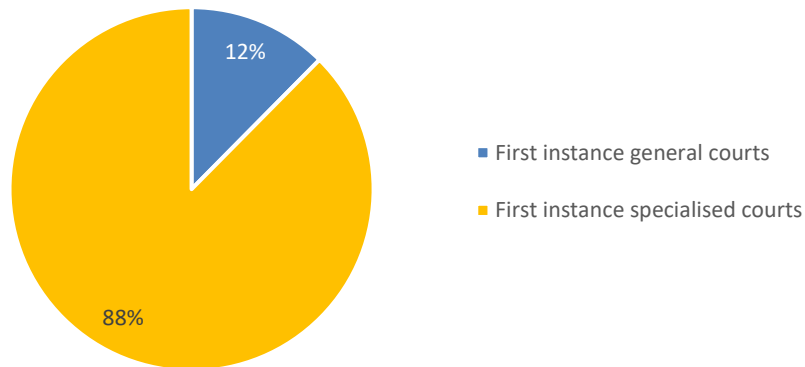
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in France

In France, justice services are provided by two autonomous branches of the courts: ordinary courts, which have jurisdiction over civil and criminal matters, and administrative courts, which have jurisdiction over administrative law. Both of these branches are organised in a three level structure including first instance courts, courts of appeal and one Supreme Court (Cour de cassation and Conseil d'Etat, respectively).

According to 2019 data, in France there are 168 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (164 TGI (Tribunaux de grande instance)+ 4 TPI (Tribunaux de première instance)) and 1 186 first instance specialised courts.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



The 1186 first instance specialised courts encompass 143 commercial courts, 216 labour courts, 289 rent and tenancies courts, 49 enforcement of criminal sanctions courts, 9 courts specialised in fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption, 42 administrative courts and 438 other specialised courts. The latter category includes: 274 joint courts for rural leases; 155 juvenile courts; the Court for navigation on the Rhine; 6 maritime courts; the National asylum court; the Court of first instance for navigation on the Moselle.

Since 1 January 2019, social litigation, formerly divided between the social security courts (TASS), the incapacity courts (TCI) and the departmental social assistance commissions (CDAS), has been merged and transferred to the “Tribunaux de grande instance” (first instance courts of general jurisdiction). As a result, these specialised courts have been abolished.

As of 1 November 2019, litigation concerning military invalidity pensions will be transferred to the administrative courts, eliminating the military invalidity pension courts and the regional military invalidity pension courts which rule on appeal.

These changes explain the variation in the number of courts compared to the previous year.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in France

- Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
9 859 437 605 €

Implemented:
9 773 301 202 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services



The above annual public budget includes data for the whole justice system, attached to the Ministry of Justice, and includes data for the Supreme administrative court (Conseil d'Etat), the administrative courts, the Court of Justice of the Republic and the Constitutional Court. The evolution of the budget between 2018 and 2019 is mainly explained by:

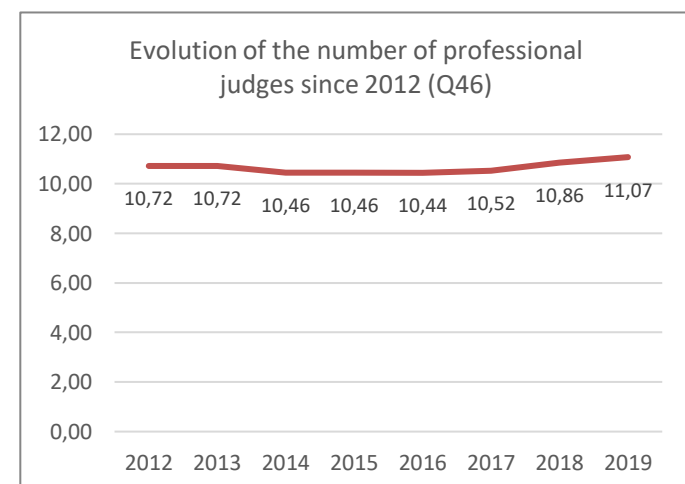
- a 4% increase in the amount of the "Justice" mission;
- the integration of the portion not included in the general justice budget of appropriations contributing to the transversal "Juvenile Justice" policy (under the responsibility of the national police, the national gendarmerie, secondary public-school education, social inclusion and individual protection).

- Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	7 033	10,72	40,2%	59,8%
2013	7 054	10,72	38,9%	61,1%
2014	6 935	10,46	37,7%	62,3%
2015	6 967	10,46	36,7%	63,3%
2016	6 995	10,44	35,6%	64,4%
2017	7 066	10,52	34,6%	65,4%
2018	7 277	10,86	33,9%	66,1%
2019	7 427	11,07	33,0%	67,0%



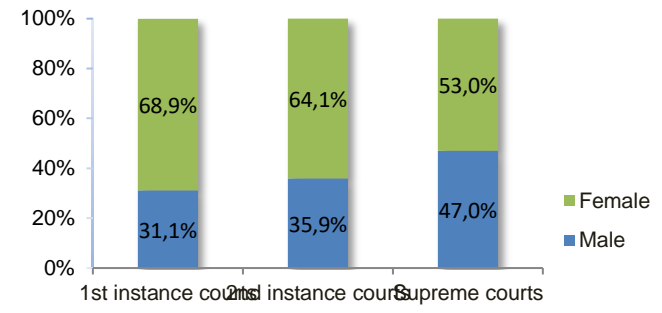
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in France is 7 427 which is 2,1% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in France, in 2019 there are 11,1 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,2 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 3,1 non-judge staff per judge).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	5 243	1 629	3 613
2nd instance courts	1 827	656	1 171
Supreme courts	355	167	188
Total	7 427	2 454	4 973

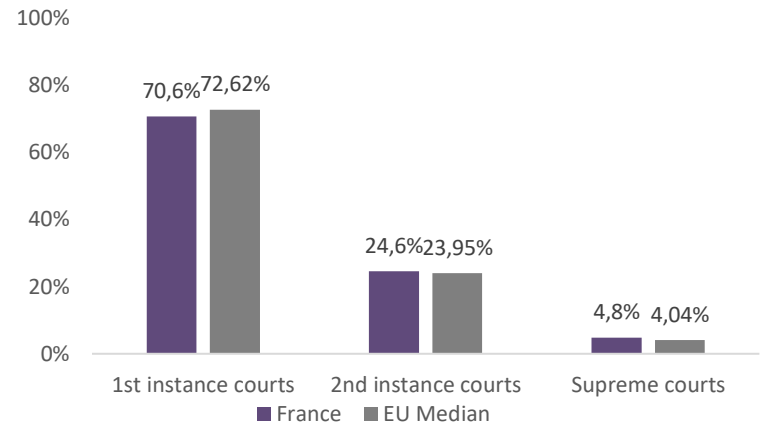
Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	70,6%	31,1%	68,9%
2nd instance courts	24,6%	35,9%	64,1%
Supreme courts	4,8%	47,0%	53,0%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 4 973 which represents 67,0% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 5 243 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 3 613 are female) ; 1 827 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 1 171 are female) and 355 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 188 are female).

It should be pinpointed that data on judges is presented in full time equivalent, part-time employees being counted. Besides, it refers to the number of judges on duty in the courts. All judges in courts are counted, including presidents of courts, as the latter perform judges' duties.

According to 2019 data on the number of judges from civil society (first instance) they are in total 19,002 (489 temporary judges (MTT) + 13,277 labour judges (conseillers prud'hommes) + 1,832 Assessors of the Social Centres (APS) + 3,404 Consular Judges of the Commercial Courts (JC); Men: 11,249 (243 MTT + 6,902 CPH + 1,294 APS + 2,810 JC); Women: 7,753 (246 MTT + 6375 CPH + 538 APS + 594 JC).

In France, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory	Optional
✓	
✓	
	✓
✓	
	✓

As regards judges from civil society, compulsory training schemes have been provided under the aegis of the National School for the Judiciary.

For consular judges: initial 8-day training course and 2 days of in-service training per year.

For labour judges ("conseillers prud'hommes"): 5-day initial training course (3 days e-learning and 2 days in person) and in-service training of 6 weeks per mandate (4 years) under the aegis of the Ministry of Labour.

For judges working on a temporary basis: initial training: 10 days of theoretical probationary training and 40 to 80 days of practical training in the courts; in-service training of 5 days compulsory in the first year, then 3 days per year in the following years.

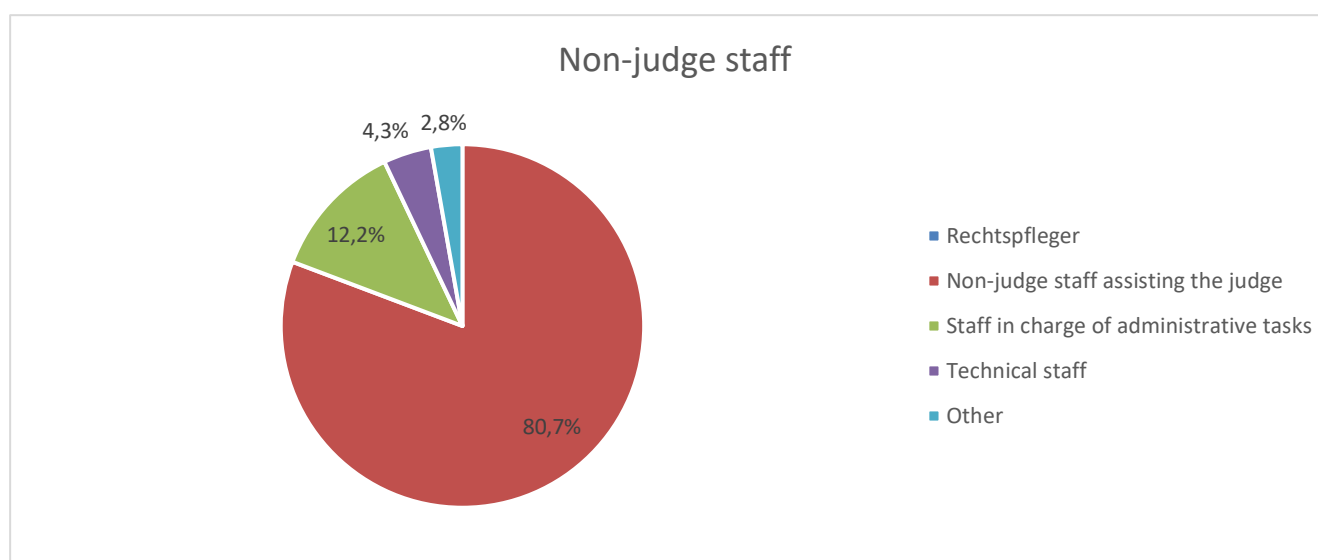
For the assessors of the social centres: compulsory one-day initial training.

The number of training courses organised in 2019 is not available.

The 5-day in-service training is compulsory every year. Judges may supplement it with other training days, without any limitation other than that of continuity of service.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	21 758	NAP	17 663	1 352	964	1 779
2013	21 946	NAP	17 920	2 979	1 047	NAP
2014	22 360	NAP	18 816	2 493	1 051	NAP
2015	22 326	NAP	18 906	2 513	907	NAP
2016	22 712	NAP	18 904	2 613	923	272
2017	22 714	NAP	19 074	2 703	937	NAP
2018	22 844	NAP	18 894	2 657	1 025	268
2019	23 396	NAP	18 891	2 853	1 001	651



In France, in this cycle there are 23 396 non-judge staff (among which 19 152 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,4%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 18 891 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 16 361 are women);
- 2 853 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 2 165 are women);
- 1 001 technical staff (among which 158 are women);
- 651 other (among which 467 are women);

Other non-judge staff includes specialised assistants (106, 48 men and 58 women) and legal assistants (422, 93 men and 329 women) working in the civil and criminal courts. The increase in the number of legal assistants between 2018 and 2019 is due to the creation of new budgetary posts obtained.

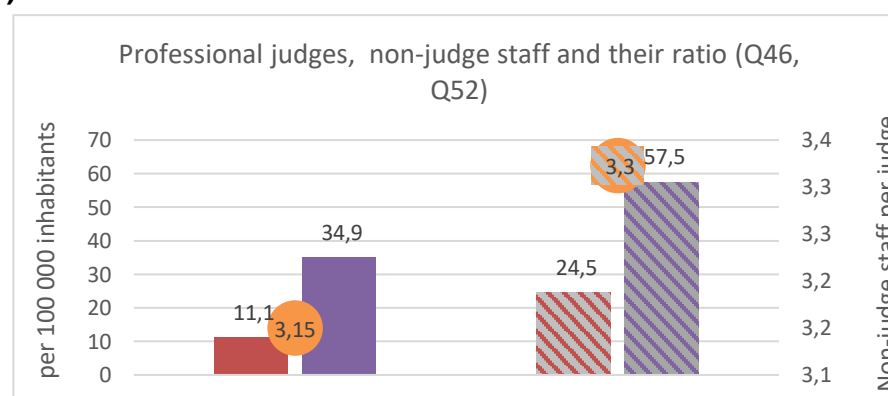
In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 34,1 in 2018 to 34,9 in 2019).

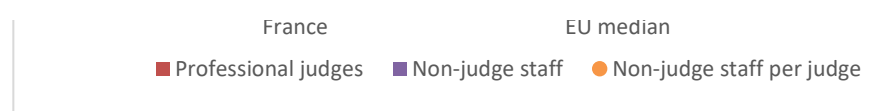
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 10,9 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 11,1 in 2019.

It is interesting to mention that as of 31/12/2019, 1,693 category A and B staff (including 1,408 women) were undergoing initial training at the "Ecole nationale des greffes", most of them on practical training courses in the courts. These staff will join the courts in 2020 or 2021, which will significantly increase the number of staff working in the courts and regional administrative departments.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

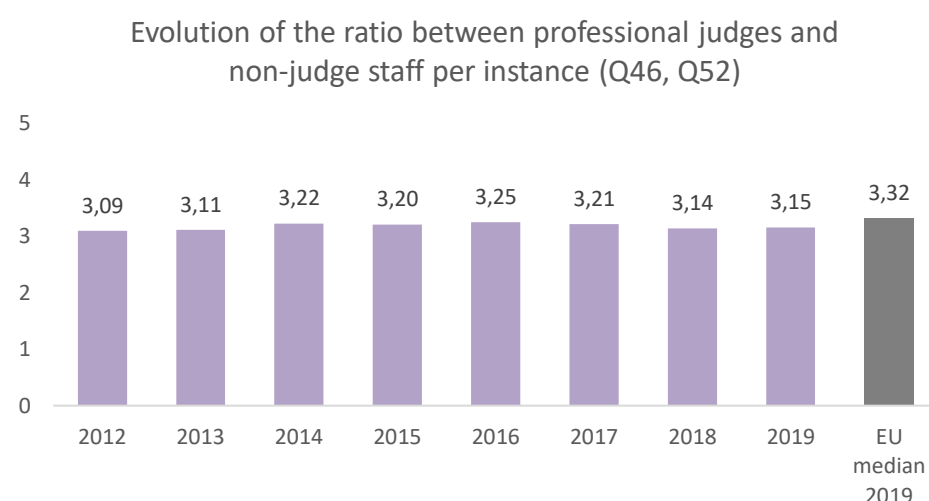
	France	EU median
Professional judges	11,1	24,5
Non-judge staff	34,9	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,15	3,3





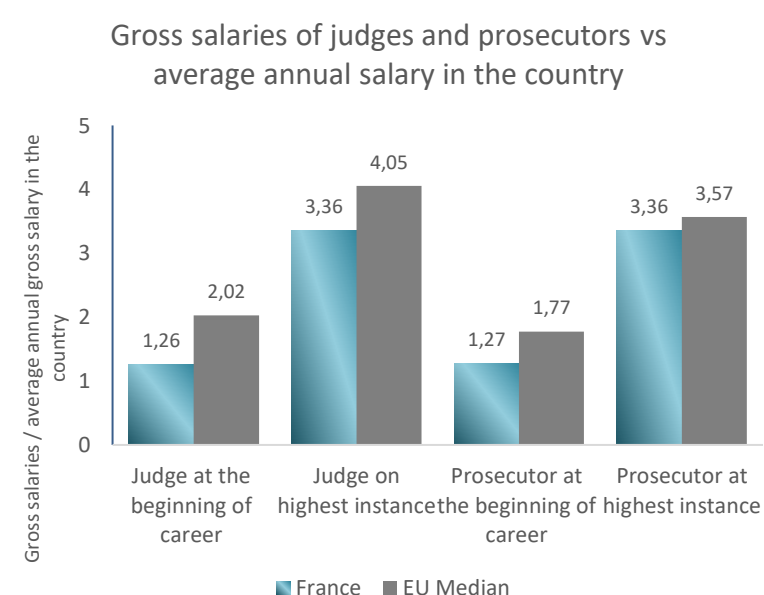
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	3,09
2013	3,11
2014	3,22
2015	3,20
2016	3,25
2017	3,21
2018	3,14
2019	3,15



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	46 149 €	37 716 €	1,26
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	123 213 €	101 922 €	3,36
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	46 738 €	38 502 €	1,27
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	123 213 €	101 922 €	3,36

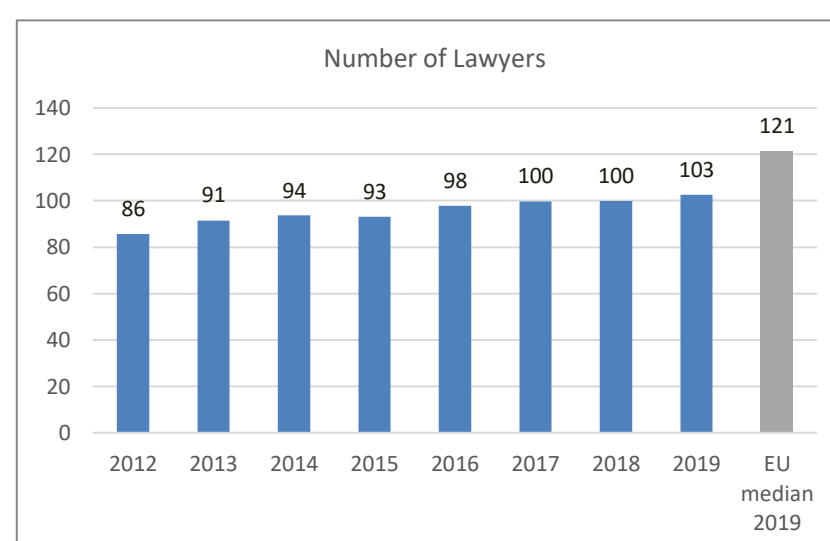


The above described categories correspond to:

- First-instance professional judge (civil and criminal courts) at the beginning of his/her career: judge at the 3rd step of the second grade - lump-sum compensation: 35% - flexible bonus 12%.
- Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career: prosecutor of the Public Prosecutor's Office at the 3rd step of the second grade - lump-sum compensation: 38% - flexible bonus 12%.
- Judge of the Court of Cassation: President of Chamber CC (F: 1369) - flexible bonus 14%.
- Prosecutor at the Court of Cassation: First Advocate General CC (F: 1369) - flexible premium 14%.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	56 176	85,65
2013	60 223	91,50
2014	62 073	93,60
2015	62 073	93,16
2016	65 480	97,74
2017	66 958	99,66
2018	66 958	99,95
2019	68 835	102,64

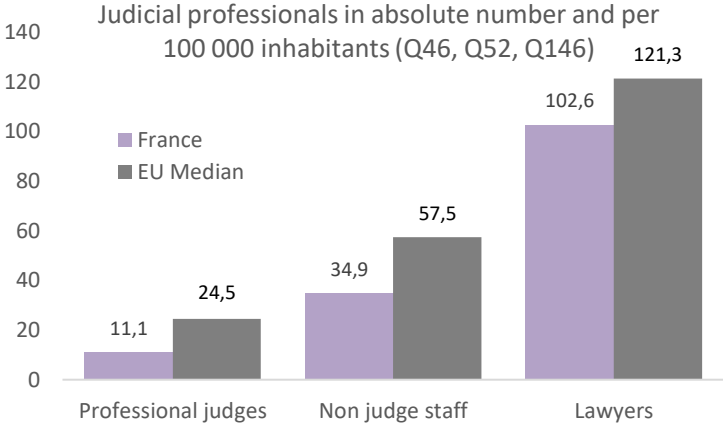


In 2019, there are 68 835 lawyers, which is 2,8% more than in 2018.

This data of 102,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is below the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	7 427	11,07	24,48
Non judge staff	23 396	34,89	57,49
Lawyers	68 835	102,64	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 543 319 313 € (8,1 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 528 101 885 € (7,9 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	506 716 963 €	492 100 591 €
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	36 602 350 €	36 001 294 €
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA

In France, the law pertaining to legal aid has several components: legal aid granted to litigants before courts as well as for out of court proceedings (transactions, participatory procedures in civil matters that are not brought to court); legal aid granted for consultation out of any proceedings; legal aid covering legal representation by a lawyer granted to individuals detained in custody, individuals detained in the frame of disciplinary proceedings, or in matters of mediation and plea bargaining procedures; legal aid granted for legal consultation (Legal Advice Centres and legal access points created by Departmental Councils for Access to the Law offer court users free legal consultations by lawyers, notaries and bailiffs).

It is noteworthy that the annual public budget for cases brought to court has two components: the approved budget and the REBAJ (legal aid extra-budgetary resources) which are not voted appropriations in the strict sense. Accordingly, the 2019 approved annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court corresponds to 423,716,957 Euro + 83,0006 Euro REBAJ = 506,716,963 Euro. The 2019 implemented annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court corresponds to 409 100 585 Euro+ 83000006 euro REBAJ = 492 100 591 Euro.

In France, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

Enforcement agents may be appointed to enforce any legal decision for a beneficiary of legal aid, either as a continuation of the proceedings or separately. Moreover, according to article 10 of the Law of 10 July 1991 on Legal Aid, legal aid may be granted on the occasion of the enforcement, on French territory, of a court decision or any other enforceable title, including if they emanate from another Member State of the European Union except for Denmark.

Article 11 of the aforementioned law provides for that legal aid "applies automatically to procedures, acts or measures for the enforcement of court decisions obtained with its benefit, unless enforcement is suspended for more than one year for a reason other than the exercise of a remedy or a decision to suspend enforcement".

Legal aid covers all the legal costs related to an instance (in case of total legal aid). More precisely, articles 40 and 40-1 of the Act of the 10th of July 1991 on legal aid provide that the beneficiary of legal aid is entitled to the assistance of a lawyer and any public or ministerial officials (bailiffs, solicitors, and notaries in particular). S/he is also exempt from the payment of advance or deposit of all costs relating to the proceedings, procedures or acts for which it has been granted (expertise, social inquiry, family mediation, etc.), with the exception of a hearing right of €13.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants do not have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

There is an exception in certain civil matters. Indeed, there is a fee payable by the parties to the appeal proceedings where the appointment of lawyer is compulsory before the Court of appeal. The fee is paid by the lawyer applying on behalf of his/her client either by means of mobile stamps or by electronic means. It is not due by the party receiving legal aid. The amount of this fee is allocated to the compensation fund of the profession of "avoué" (FIDA) at the courts of appeal.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 0€.

In order to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery, the simplified procedure for the recovery of small claims applies (decree no. 2016-285 of March 9, 2016). Akin to the procedure before the first instance judge, the implementation of the simplified procedure, at the request of the creditor, is free of charge.

It should be noted that the decree of December 11, 2019, which came into force on January 1, 2020, sets the use of this simplified procedure at a new ceiling of 5,000€.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

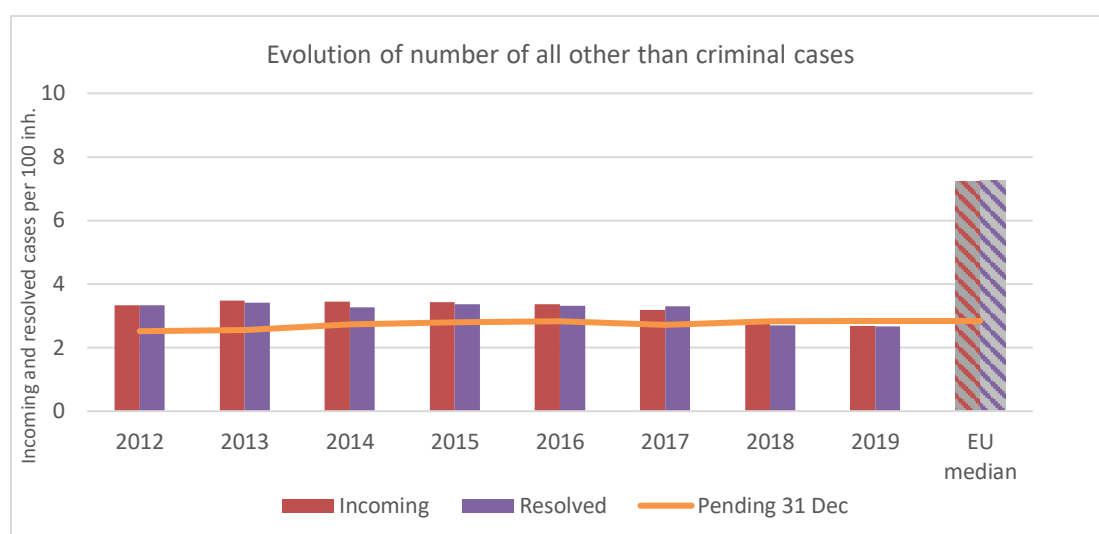
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

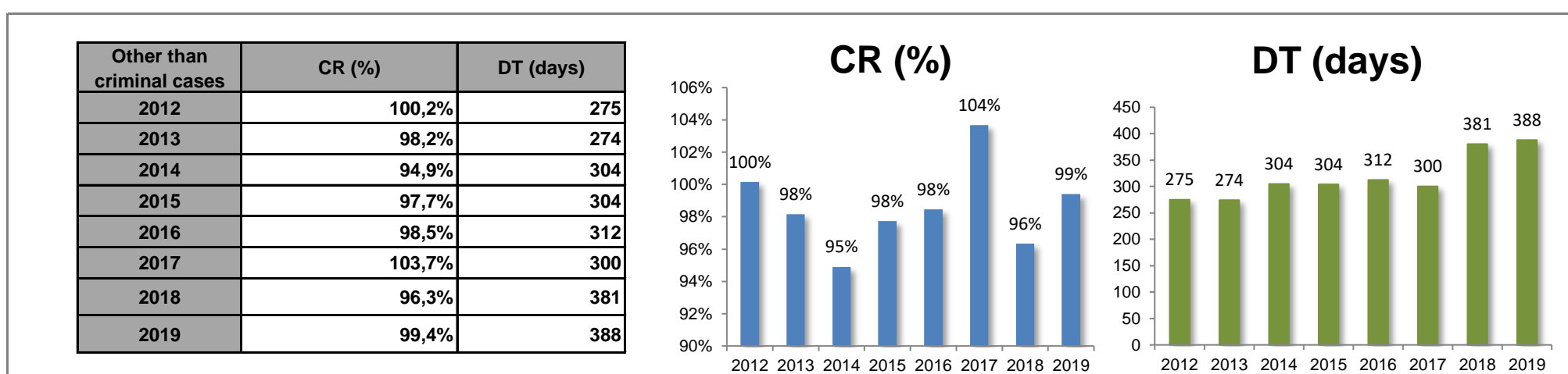
First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in France (2,69 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 2,67 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (2,84 per 100 inhabitants) is the same of the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



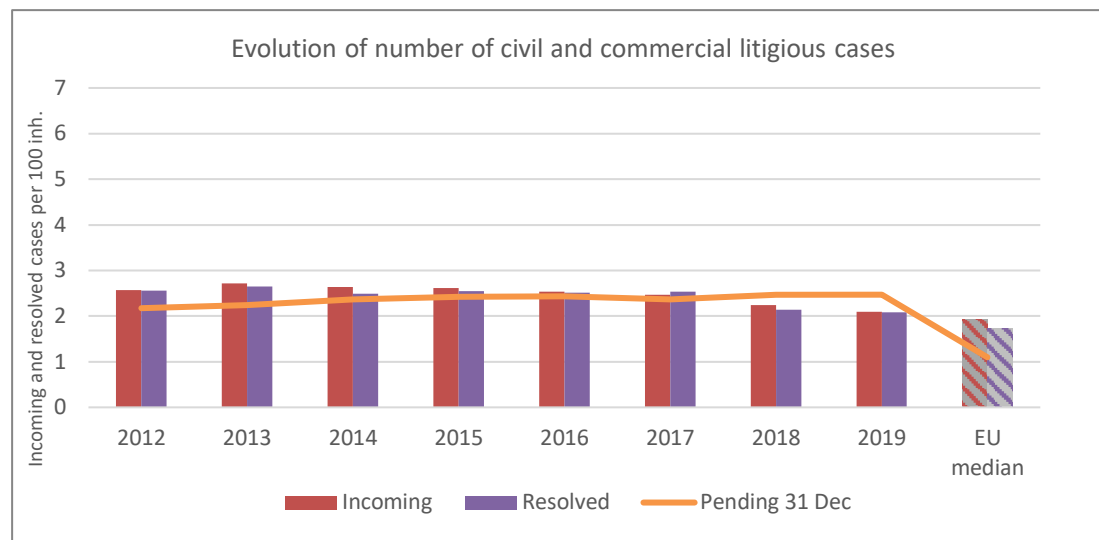
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,4% in 2019 France seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 3,1 points.

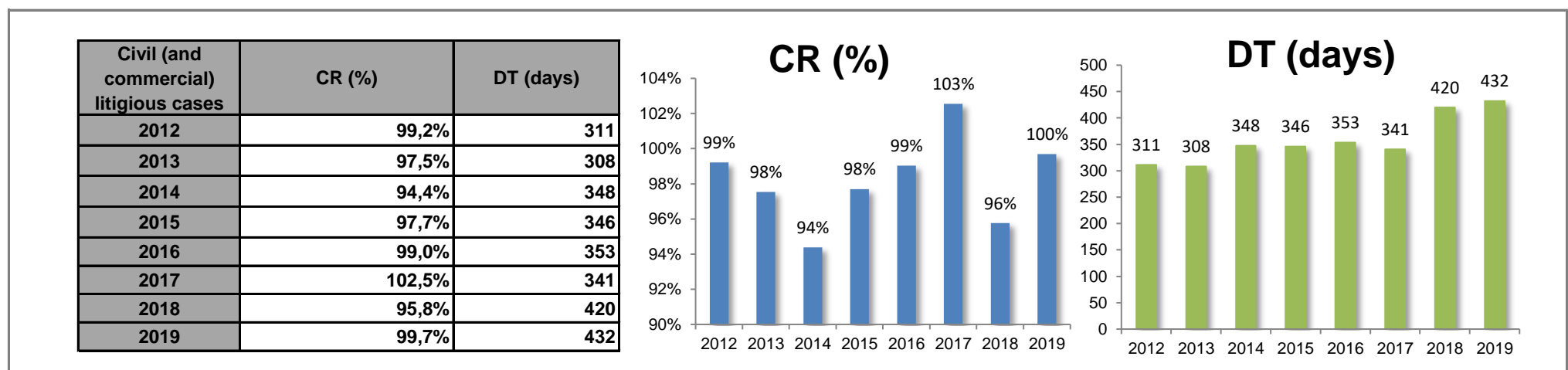
In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 388 days, which is well above EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 1,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in France (2,09 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 (2,09 per 100 inhabitants) is also above EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants). Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (2,47 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,7% in 2019, France seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

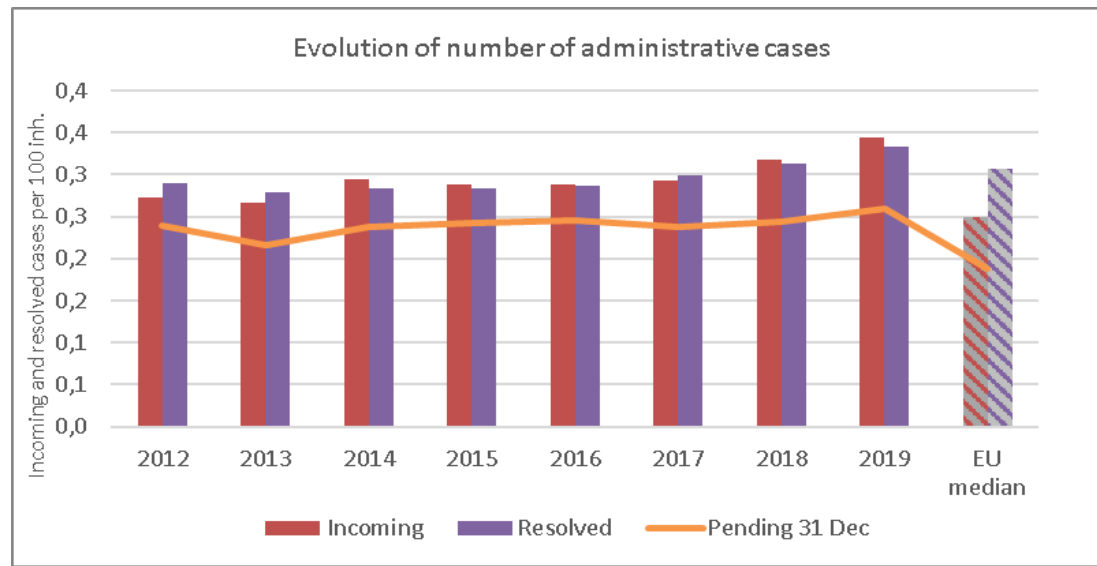
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 3,9 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 432 days, which is well above the EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 2,8% increase of the Disposition Time.

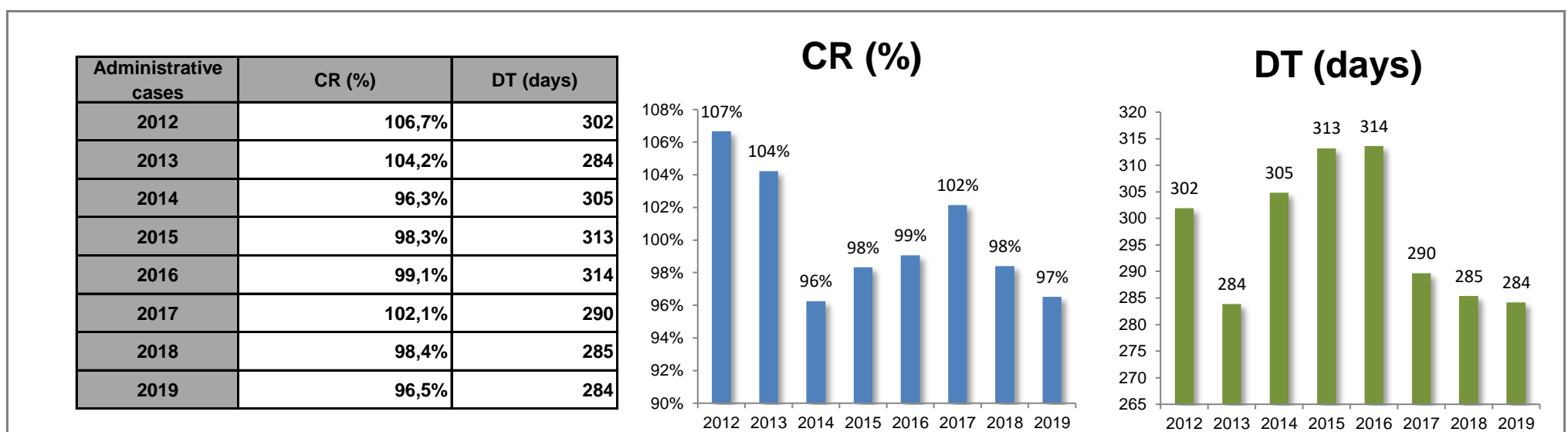
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in France (0,34 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 0,33 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 0,31 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in France (0,26 per 100 inhabitants) is also above EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 96,5% in 2019, France seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,9 points.

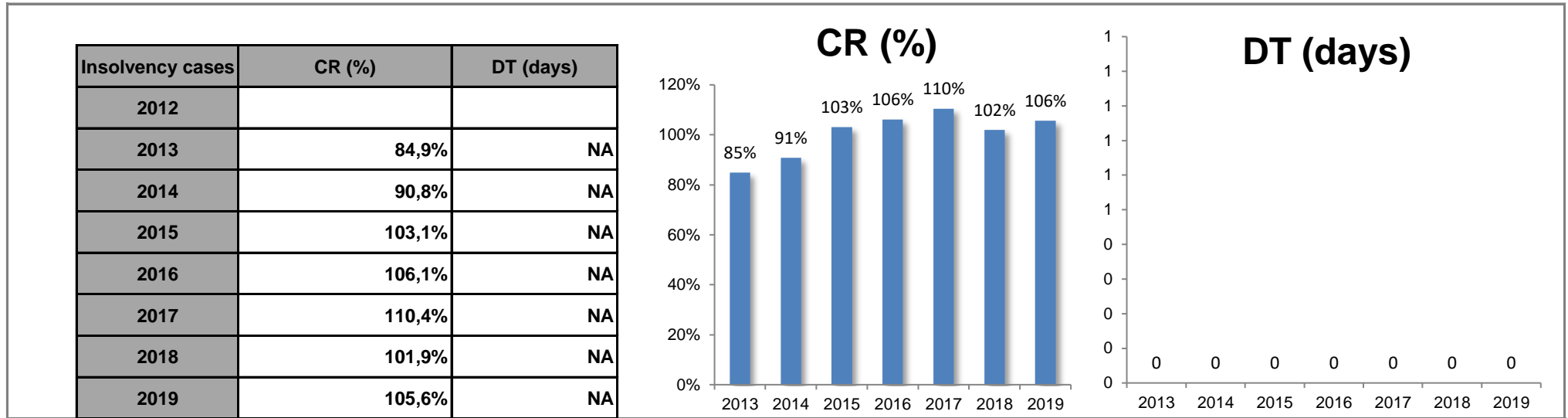
In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 284 days, which is the same of the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -0,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In France, there are 12 255 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 7,1% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

It is noteworthy that, in contrast with previous cycle, 2019 data on administrative law cases pending for more than 2 years are expressed in net figures, excluding serial cases presenting the same legal issue for trial.

◦ Insolvency

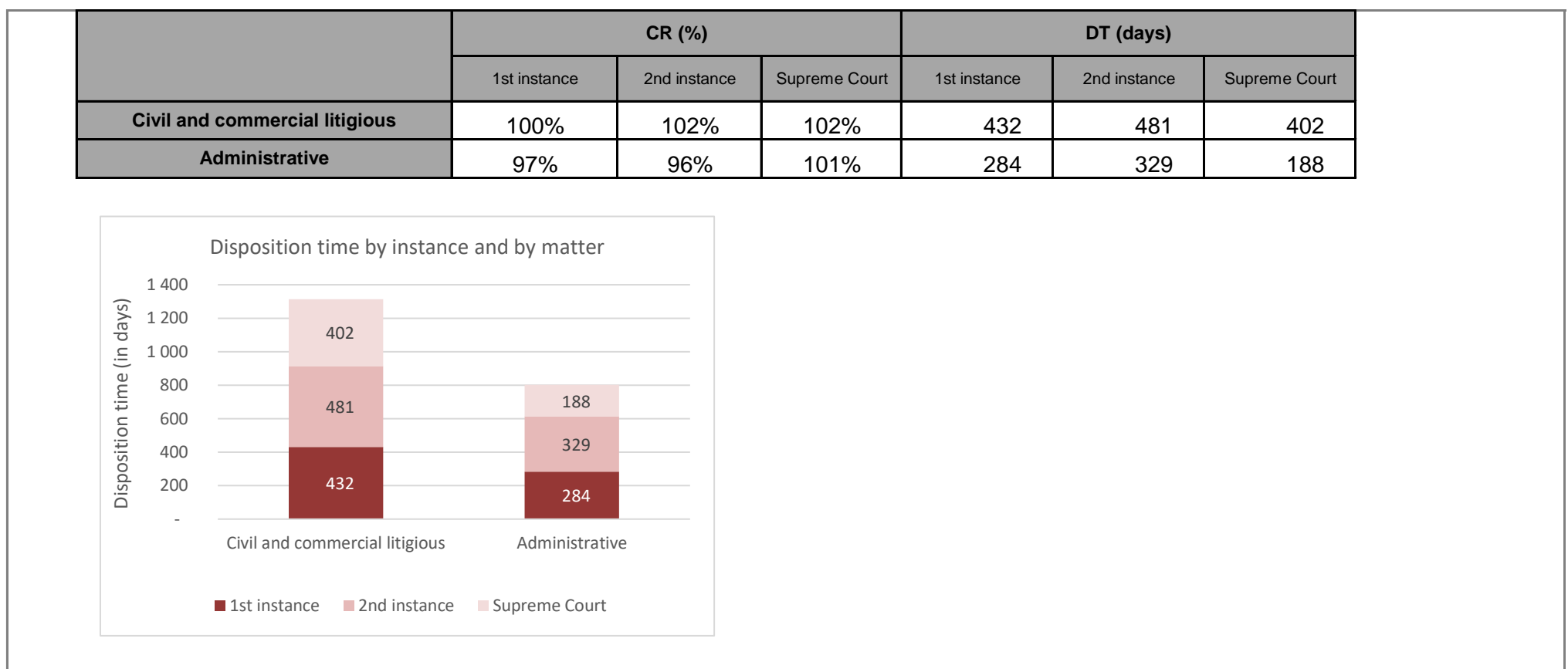


The Clearance Rate was calculated at 105,6% in 2019 for insolvency cases, France seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 3,6 points.

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



Concerning civil and commercial litigious cases, courts of appeal appear to be the less efficient instance, while the Court of cassation is characterised by the lowest Disposition time among the three instances. However, the Disposition Time of all three instances is significantly above the respective EU medians (213 days at first instance, 175 days at second instance and 217 days at third instance).

As to administrative law cases, the Supreme administrative court (Conseil d'Etat) appear as the most efficient instance with a Disposition Time below the EU median of 219 days. The Disposition Time indicators of first instance courts and courts of appeal correspond exactly to the EU medians.

At all three instances, administrative law cases are solved more promptly than civil and commercial litigious cases.

●Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in France provides court related mediation.

The court related mediation system in France provides mandatory court related mediation.

Before/instead of going to court

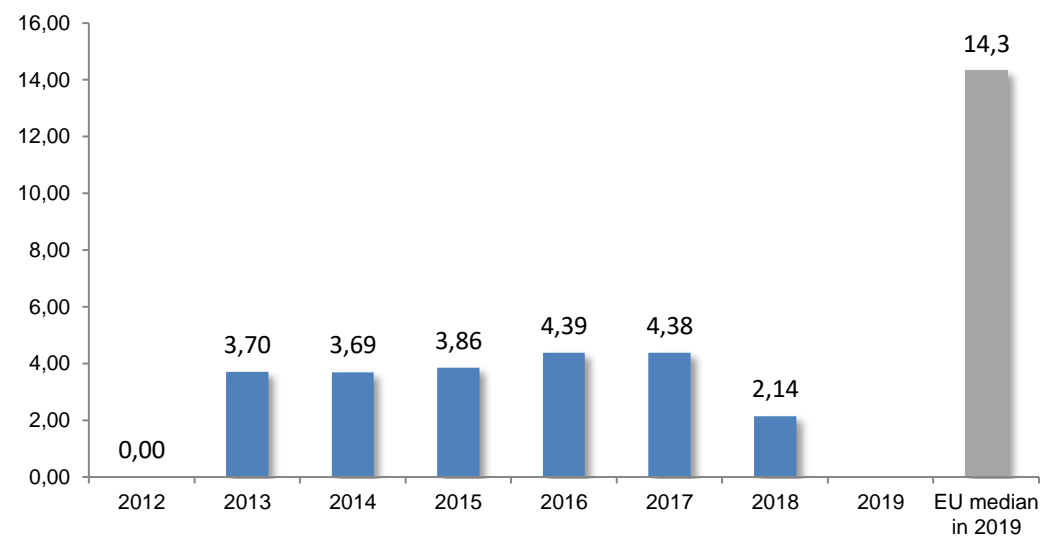
Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding

The legal system provides for mandatory informative sessions with a mediator in the field of civil service, for employees of the territorial civil service, the Ministry of National Education and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (in certain areas: e.g. remuneration, secondment or lay-off); with regard to social disputes in certain departments (employment centres, active solidarity income, housing allowance, specific solidarity allowance).

In civil matters, Law No. 2019222 of 23 March 2019 on the 2018-2022 justice programme provides for a mandatory attempt to resort to amicable dispute resolution, which includes mediation. Indeed, Article 3 of the aforementioned law specifies that “when the claim seeks payment of a sum not exceeding a certain amount (5 000 euros) or relates to a neighbourhood dispute, the referral to court (Tribunal de grande instance) must, subject to inadmissibility, which the judge may rule ex officio, be preceded, at the choice of the parties, by an attempt at conciliation conducted by a judicial conciliator, an attempt at mediation, as defined in Article 21 of Act No. 95-125 of 8 February 1995 on the organisation of the courts and civil, criminal and administrative procedure, or an attempt at participatory procedure, except under conditions laid down by law”. Some procedures necessarily begin with a mediation phase before the court. This is the case for disputes between employer and employee as well as for disputes concerning rural leases.

In family matters, the attempt at compulsory prior family mediation, provided for in Article 6 of Act No. 2016-1547 of 18 November 2016 on the modernisation of justice in the 21st century, is still being tested in 11 courts of first instance (Tribunaux de grande instance). The 3-year experiment (till 31 December 2019) applies to applications for modification of the arrangements for the exercise of parental authority or contribution to the maintenance and education of the child laid down in a judgment or an approved agreement.

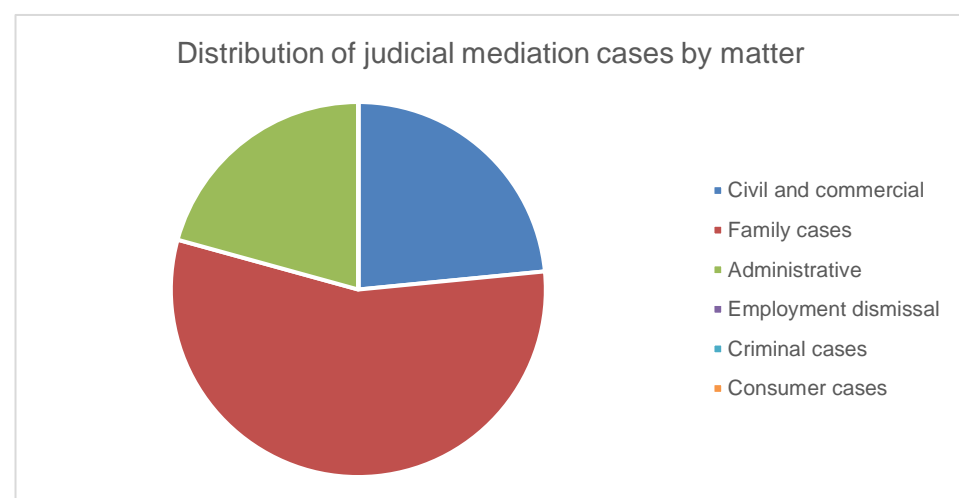
Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	NA	NA
2013	2 435	3,70
2014	2 450	3,69
2015	2 571	3,86
2016	2 940	4,39
2017	2 940	4,38
2018	1 436	2,14
2019	NA	NA



In 2019, the number of accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation is not available.

Accordingly, the variation between 2018 and 2019 cannot be calculated.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	1 156	2
Family cases	2 751	4
Administrative	1 021	2
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA



• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

However, such report exists in the field of administrative justice. The report takes stock of the human and budgetary resources granted to the court as well as activity statistics. The document is distributed annually to all heads of courts in a dematerialised manner.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- satisfaction of court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio

Civil and criminal justice: After the deployment of innovative applications, satisfaction questionnaires are sent to users in the courts (heads of courts, directors of registries, judges and registry officials) in order to improve change support actions and the implementation.

In addition, with regard to victims, the Ministry of Justice conducted a satisfaction survey in the second half of 2019 among victims of criminal offences who resort to victim support associations. The results of this survey, similar to a previous survey conducted in 2011, could be published in 2020.

Likewise, the Ministry of Justice is attentive to citizens' views on the way they are received in the courts. For several years now, surveys have been conducted on the reception in the courts by a service provider pretending being a litigant. In 2018, an online survey, coupled with a face-to-face survey, was conducted in seven 1st instance courts "tribunaux de grande instance" among litigants appearing in these courts. In 2019, the satisfaction survey will be carried out in all "tribunaux de grande instance" via an online survey accessible by internet address or QR code. Finally, a national survey is also under way on the reception of litigants in the courts in the specific context of the implementation of social centres within the "tribunaux de grande instance" and the integration within these courts of the three separate courts that previously dealt with these types of litigation. The survey, carried out among court staff, aims to assess the difficulties encountered by persons presenting themselves at the reception desk and to identify any corrections that could be included in the texts.

The reply to the question encompasses replies from administrative justice and civil and criminal justice.

In France, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

Concerning civil and criminal branches, there are two objectives for evaluating courts' performance. The first lies in the need to provide the heads of courts with steering elements via monthly dashboards (Civil and Criminal), the second in the context of annual management dialogues, the dashboard covering this time a whole year. These dashboards are freely accessible so that they can be widely diffused to all stakeholders and thus facilitate comparison, the latter being the primary means of analysing performance. Administrative courts also use monthly dashboards and civil and criminal courts receive quarterly reports on steering activities via a business application.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

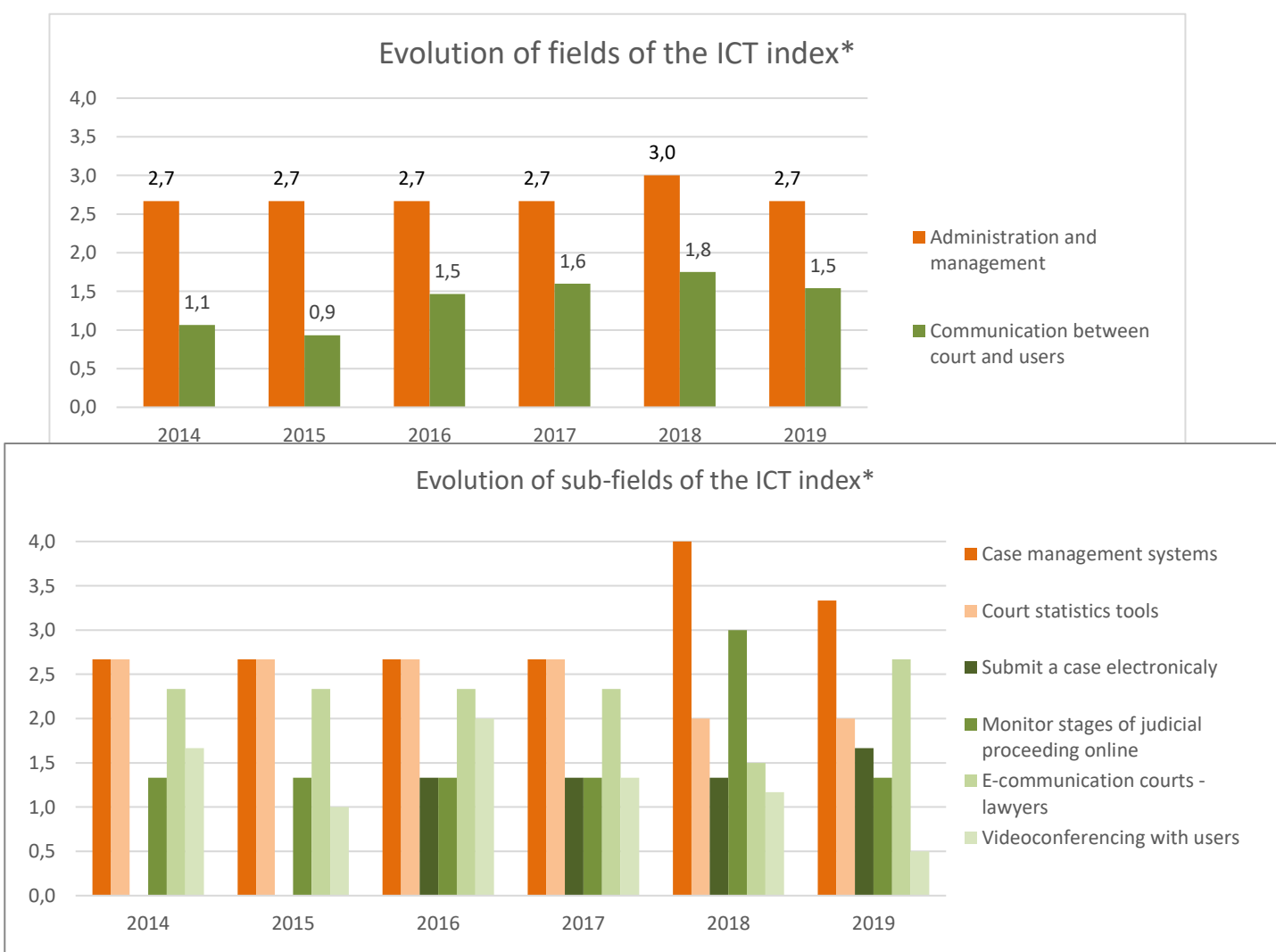
	points (up to 4)
Administration and management	2,7
Case management systems	3,3
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	2,0
Communication between court and users	1,5
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	1,7
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	1,3
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	2,7
Videoconferencing with users	0,5

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Concerning writing assistance tools: Cassiopée for all « Tribunaux de grande instance »
 APPI for execution of sentences services
 MINOS for police courts

As to voice recording tools, the positive reply concerns only administrative justice.

In respect of Case management systems (CMS), there are applications to manage court proceedings for both criminal and civil matters. These applications are not based on CMS but have been developed specifically for the needs of the Ministry of Justice.

Statistical data

The centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the civil and criminal courts is the Sub-Directorate of Statistics and Studies of the Ministry of Justice. Concerning the administrative courts, it is the General Secretariat of the Supreme Administrative Court (Conseil d'Etat) and the Office of analysis and forecasting of the Directorate of prospective and Finance of the Supreme Administrative Court (Conseil d'Etat).

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

However, such reports exist in the field of administrative justice. The report takes stock of the human and budgetary resources granted to the court as well as activity statistics. The document is distributed annually to all heads of courts in a dematerialised manner.

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	2,3%	0,4%	0,8%	0,5%	0,5%	0,3%	-0,3%	0,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	31 059 €	32 112 €	32 227 €	32 796 €	33 337 €	34 150 €	34 978 €	35 960 €	15,8%	3,4%	0,4%	1,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,8%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	8 087 936 029	8 117 218 594	8 497 762 614	8 662 252 315	8 887 412 229	9 297 768 512	9 399 793 877	9 859 437 605	21,9%	0,4%	4,7%	1,9%	2,6%	4,6%	1,1%	4,9%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	2,3%	0,4%	0,8%	0,5%	0,5%	0,3%	-0,3%	0,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	31 059 €	32 112 €	32 227 €	32 796 €	33 337 €	34 150 €	34 978 €	35 960 €	15,8%	3,4%	0,4%	1,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,8%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	8 087 936 029	8 117 218 594	8 497 762 614	8 662 252 315	8 887 412 229	9 297 768 512	9 399 793 877	9 859 437 605	21,9%	0 €	4,7%	1,9%	2,6%	4,6%	1,1%	4,9%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	8 338 592 823	8 597 790 089	8 721 899 705	9 066 584 493	9 271 415 202	9 773 301 202	-	-	-	3,1%	1,4%	4,0%	2,3%	5,4%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	2,3%	0,4%	0,8%	0,5%	0,5%	0,3%	-0,3%	0,1%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	8 087 936 029	8 117 218 594	8 497 762 614	8 662 252 315	8 887 412 229	9 297 768 512	9 399 793 877	9 859 437 605	21,9%	0,4%	4,7%	1,9%	2,6%	4,6%	1,1%	4,9%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	29 902 926	29 286 825	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2,1%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	0	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
--	---	---	---	---	---	-----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	2,3%	0,4%	0,8%	0,5%	0,5%	0,3%	-0,3%	0,1%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	778	783	786	786	786	786	168	168	-78,4%	0,6%	0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-78,6%	0,0%

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	1 156	1 089	1 094	1 094	1 086	1 086	1 463	1 186	2,6%	-5,8%	0,5%	0,0%	-0,7%	0,0%	34,7%	-18,9%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	640	641	643	643	641	641	641	641	0,2%	0,2%	0,3%	0,0%	-0,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	1 156	1 089	1 094	1 094	1 086	1 086	1 463	1 186	2,6%	-5,8%	0,5%	0,0%	-0,7%	0,0%	34,7%	-18,9%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	143	143	148	148	143	143	143	143	0,0%	0,0%	3,5%	0,0%	-3,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	281	281	281	281	281	289	289	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,8%	0,0%
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	50	50	50	50	50	49	49	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-2,0%	0,0%
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	12,5%	0,0%
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	115	141	141	141	141	141	241	NAP	-	22,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	70,9%	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	640	208	208	208	200	200	474	438	-31,6%	-67,5%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,8%	0,0%	137,0%	-7,6%

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	2,3%	0,4%	0,8%	0,5%	0,5%	0,3%	-0,3%	0,1%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 654 187	1 643 188	1 692 658	1 810 803	1 863 243	1 899 497	1 821 752	1 892 584	14,4%	-0,7%	3,0%	7,0%	2,9%	1,9%	-4,1%	3,9%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 415 720	1 428 811	1 473 097	1 571 438	1 611 461	1 630 342	1 588 116	1 651 625	16,7%	0,9%	3,1%	6,7%	2,5%	1,2%	-2,6%	4,0%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	69 629	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	-	-	-	15,8%	10,3%	18,1%	-30,4%	2,8%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	69 108	64 473	69 629	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	8,8%	-6,7%	8,0%	15,8%	10,3%	18,1%	-30,4%	2,8%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	169 359	149 904	149 932	158 768	162 856	164 091	160 474	165 741	-2,1%	-11,5%	0,0%	5,9%	2,6%	0,8%	-2,2%	3,3%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 185 753	2 288 177	2 285 876	2 288 643	2 253 976	2 135 602	1 882 289	1 801 871	-17,6%	4,7%	-0,1%	0,1%	-1,5%	-5,3%	-11,9%	-4,3%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 688 929	1 789 902	1 747 989	1 740 302	1 698 704	1 658 004	1 498 080	1 403 505	-16,9%	6,0%	-2,3%	-0,4%	-2,4%	-2,4%	-9,6%	-6,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	342 262	356 334	361 740	280 355	171 180	167 086	-	-	-	4,1%	1,5%	-22,5%	-38,9%	-2,4%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	318 333	322 513	342 262	356 334	361 740	280 355	171 180	167 086	-47,5%	1,3%	6,1%	4,1%	1,5%	-22,5%	-38,9%	-2,4%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	178 491	175 762	195 625	192 007	193 532	197 243	213 029	231 280	29,6%	-1,5%	11,3%	-1,8%	0,8%	1,9%	8,0%	8,6%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 189 186	2 246 155	2 169 237	2 237 067	2 219 465	2 213 947	1 813 313	1 791 335	-18,2%	2,6%	-3,4%	3,1%	-0,8%	-0,2%	-18,1%	-1,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 675 838	1 745 616	1 649 648	1 700 279	1 682 166	1 700 230	1 434 571	1 399 133	-16,5%	4,2%	-5,5%	3,1%	-1,1%	1,1%	-15,6%	-2,5%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	331 294	348 005	345 602	312 257	169 124	168 973	-	-	-	5,0%	-0,7%	-9,6%	-45,8%	-0,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	322 968	317 357	331 294	348 005	345 602	312 257	169 124	168 973	-47,7%	-1,7%	4,4%	5,0%	-0,7%	-9,6%	-45,8%	-0,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	190 380	183 182	188 295	188 783	191 697	201 460	209 618	223 229	17,3%	-3,8%	2,8%	0,3%	1,5%	5,1%	4,0%	6,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 650 754	1 685 210	1 809 297	1 862 379	1 897 754	1 821 152	1 890 728	1 903 120	15,3%	2,1%	7,4%	2,9%	1,9%	-4,0%	3,8%	0,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 428 811	1 473 097	1 571 438	1 611 461	1 627 999	1 588 116	1 651 625	1 655 997	15,9%	3,1%	6,7%	2,5%	1,0%	-2,4%	4,0%	0,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	-	-	-	10,3%	18,1%	-30,4%	2,8%	-2,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	64 473	69 629	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	13,7%	8,0%	15,8%	10,3%	18,1%	-30,4%	2,8%	-2,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	157 470	142 484	157 262	161 992	164 691	159 874	163 885	173 792	10,4%	-9,5%	10,4%	3,0%	1,7%	-2,9%	2,5%	6,0%

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,2%	98,2%	94,9%	97,7%	98,5%	103,7%	96,3%	99,4%	-0,7%	-2,0%	-3,3%	3,0%	0,7%	5,3%	-7,1%	3,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,2%	97,5%	94,4%	97,7%	99,0%	102,5%	95,8%	99,7%	0,5%	-1,7%	-3,2%	3,5%	1,4%	3,6%	-6,6%	4,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	96,8%	97,7%	95,5%	111,4%	98,8%	101,1%	-	-	-	0,9%	-2,2%	16,6%	-11,3%	2,4%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101,5%	98,4%	96,8%	97,7%	95,5%	111,4%	98,8%	101,1%	-0,3%	-3,0%	-1,6%	0,9%	-2,2%	16,6%	-11,3%	2,4%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	106,7%	104,2%	96,3%	98,3%	99,1%	102,1%	98,4%	96,5%	-9,5%	-2,3%	-7,6%	2,1%	0,7%	3,1%	-3,7%	-1,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	275	274	304	304	312	300	381	388	40,9%	-0,5%	11,2%	-0,2%	2,7%	-3,8%	26,8%	1,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	311	308	348	346	353	341	420	432	38,8%	-1,0%	12,9%	-0,5%	2,1%	-3,5%	23,3%	2,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	89	93	111	86	162	158	-	-	-	5,0%	19,0%	-22,9%	89,8%	-2,4%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	73	80	89	93	111	86	162	158	117,4%	9,9%	10,9%	5,0%	19,0%	-22,9%	89,8%	-2,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	302	284	305	313	314	290	285	284	-5,9%	-6,0%	7,4%	2,7%	0,1%	-7,6%	-1,5%	-0,4%

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	92 864	90 694	91 882	86 926	84 579	94 560	92 802	89 026	-4,1%	-2,3%	1,3%	-5,4%	-2,7%	11,8%	-1,9%	-4,1%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	124 434	145 779	134 837	128 489	108 193	94 099	90 504	80 566	-35,3%	17,2%	-7,5%	-4,7%	-15,8%	-13,0%	-3,8%	-11,0%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	55 561	57 743	56 820	57 902	53 072	49 626	49 083	46 375	-16,5%	3,9%	-1,6%	1,9%	-8,3%	-6,5%	-1,1%	-5,5%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	92 659	89 956	88 220	84 602	85 560	82 562	86 771	90 569	-2,3%	-2,9%	-1,9%	-4,1%	1,1%	-3,5%	5,1%	4,4%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	130 478	128 657	130 574	136 021	131 063	122 120	97 053	96 580	-26,0%	-1,4%	1,5%	4,2%	-3,6%	-6,8%	-20,5%	-0,5%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	47 942	49 024	51 577	59 686	56 300	54 768	50 039	48 969	2,1%	2,3%	5,2%	15,7%	-5,7%	-2,7%	-8,6%	-2,1%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	99,8%	99,2%	96,0%	97,3%	101,2%	87,3%	93,5%	101,7%	2,0%	-0,6%	-3,2%	1,4%	3,9%	-13,7%	7,1%	8,8%
CR Employment dismissal cases	104,9%	88,3%	96,8%	105,9%	121,1%	129,8%	107,2%	119,9%	14,3%	-15,8%	9,7%	9,3%	14,4%	7,1%	-17,4%	11,8%
CR Insolvency cases	86,3%	84,9%	90,8%	103,1%	106,1%	110,4%	101,9%	105,6%	22,4%	-1,6%	6,9%	13,6%	2,9%	4,0%	-7,6%	3,6%
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	264 198	266 006	294 069	294 210	307 020	317 778	310 011	302 841	14,6%	0,7%	10,5%	0,0%	4,4%	3,5%	-2,4%	-2,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	224 664	227 624	254 353	254 567	266 127	276 110	268 669	260 673	16,0%	1,3%	11,7%	0,1%	4,5%	3,8%	-2,7%	-3,0%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	12 215	12 170	12 996	NA	12 798	12 700	-	-	-	-0,4%	6,8%	-	-	-0,8%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	11 211	10 833	12 215	12 170	12 996	13 068	12 798	12 700	13,3%	-3,4%	12,8%	-0,4%	6,8%	0,6%	-2,1%	-0,8%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	28 323	27 549	27 501	27 473	27 897	28 600	28 544	29 468	4,0%	-2,7%	-0,2%	-0,1%	1,5%	2,5%	-0,2%	3,2%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	265 158	274 843	282 436	279 740	282 835	273 682	263 086	263 044	-0,8%	3,7%	2,8%	-1,0%	1,1%	-3,2%	-3,9%	0,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	206 339	215 309	220 119	215 160	217 135	203 792	194 060	190 203	-7,8%	4,3%	2,2%	-2,3%	0,9%	-6,1%	-4,8%	-2,0%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	32 460	33 983	34 392	NA	35 253	37 157	-	-	-	4,7%	1,2%	-	-	5,4%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	30 325	30 649	32 460	33 983	34 392	38 607	35 253	37 157	22,5%	1,1%	5,9%	4,7%	1,2%	12,3%	-8,7%	5,4%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	28 494	28 885	29 857	30 597	31 308	31 283	33 773	35 684	25,2%	1,4%	3,4%	2,5%	2,3%	-0,1%	8,0%	5,7%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	263 746	262 203	267 325	267 682	272 077	281 393	270 311	264 733	0,4%	-0,6%	2,0%	0,1%	1,6%	3,4%	-3,9%	-2,1%

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	204 319	203 196	205 772	203 896	207 152	211 233	203 258	194 479	-4,8%	-0,5%	1,3%	-0,9%	1,6%	2,0%	-3,8%	-4,3%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	31 623	33 246	34 320	NA	34 199	35 994	-	-	-	5,1%	3,2%	-	-	5,2%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	30 258	29 992	31 623	33 246	34 320	38 877	34 199	35 994	19,0%	-0,9%	5,4%	5,1%	3,2%	13,3%	-12,0%	5,2%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	29 169	29 015	29 930	30 540	30 605	31 283	32 854	34 260	17,5%	-0,5%	3,2%	2,0%	0,2%	2,2%	5,0%	4,3%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	265 610	278 646	309 180	306 268	317 778	310 067	302 786	301 152	13,4%	4,9%	11,0%	-0,9%	3,8%	-2,4%	-2,3%	-0,5%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	226 684	239 737	268 700	265 831	276 110	268 669	259 471	256 397	13,1%	5,8%	12,1%	-1,1%	3,9%	-2,7%	-3,4%	-1,2%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	13 052	12 907	13 068	NA	13 852	13 863	-	-	-	-1,1%	1,2%	-	-	0,1%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	11 278	11 490	13 052	12 907	13 068	12 798	13 852	13 863	22,9%	1,9%	13,6%	-1,1%	1,2%	-2,1%	8,2%	0,1%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	27 648	27 419	27 428	27 530	28 600	28 600	29 463	30 892	11,7%	-0,8%	0,0%	0,4%	3,9%	0,0%	3,0%	4,9%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	950	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,5%	95,4%	94,6%	95,7%	96,2%	102,8%	102,7%	100,6%	1,2%	-4,1%	-0,8%	1,1%	0,5%	6,9%	-0,1%	-2,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,0%	94,4%	93,5%	94,8%	95,4%	103,7%	104,7%	102,2%	3,3%	-4,7%	-0,9%	1,4%	0,7%	8,6%	1,1%	-2,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	97,4%	97,8%	99,8%	NA	97,0%	96,9%	-	-	-	0,4%	2,0%	-	-	-0,1%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	99,8%	97,9%	97,4%	97,8%	99,8%	100,7%	97,0%	96,9%	-2,9%	-1,9%	-0,4%	0,4%	2,0%	0,9%	-3,7%	-0,1%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	102,4%	100,5%	100,2%	99,8%	97,8%	100,0%	97,3%	96,0%	-6,2%	-1,9%	-0,2%	-0,4%	-2,1%	2,3%	-2,7%	-1,3%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	368	388	422	418	426	402	409	415	13,0%	5,5%	8,8%	-1,1%	2,1%	-5,7%	1,7%	1,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	405	431	477	476	487	464	466	481	18,8%	6,3%	10,7%	-0,2%	2,2%	-4,6%	0,4%	3,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	151	142	139	NA	148	141	-	-	-	-5,9%	-1,9%	-	-	-4,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	136	140	151	142	139	120	148	141	3,3%	2,8%	7,7%	-5,9%	-1,9%	-13,5%	23,0%	-4,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	346	345	334	329	341	334	327	329	-4,9%	-0,3%	-3,0%	-1,6%	3,7%	-2,2%	-1,9%	0,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	27 533	-	27 568	29 070	28 489	29 757	29 145	25 062	-9,0%	-	-	5,4%	-2,0%	4,5%	-2,1%	-14,0%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	20 666	-	21 199	22 858	23 041	24 358	23 870	19 635	-5,0%	-	-	7,8%	0,8%	5,7%	-2,0%	-17,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	6 867	-	6 369	6 212	5 448	5 399	5 275	5 427	-21,0%	-	-	-2,5%	-12,3%	-0,9%	-2,3%	2,9%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	30 833	-	33 377	29 139	30 018	32 754	27 021	27 287	-11,5%	-	-	-12,7%	3,0%	9,1%	-17,5%	1,0%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	21 798	-	21 295	20 412	20 398	22 890	17 458	17 071	-21,7%	-	-	-4,1%	-0,1%	12,2%	-23,7%	-2,2%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	9 035	-	12 082	8 727	9 620	9 864	9 563	10 216	13,1%	-	-	-27,8%	10,2%	2,5%	-3,1%	6,8%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	30 005	-	31 888	27 476	30 994	30 806	31 076	27 795	-7,4%	-	-	-13,8%	12,8%	-0,6%	0,9%	-10,6%

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	20 874	-	19 636	17 923	21 387	20 667	21 493	17 475	-16,3%	-	-	-8,7%	19,3%	-3,4%	4,0%	-18,7%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	9 131	-	12 252	9 553	9 607	10 139	9 583	10 320	13,0%	-	-	-22,0%	0,6%	5,5%	-5,5%	7,7%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	28 361	-	29 057	30 733	27 513	31 705	25 090	24 554	-13,4%	-	-	5,8%	-10,5%	15,2%	-20,9%	-2,1%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	21 590	-	22 858	25 347	22 052	26 581	19 835	19 231	-10,9%	-	-	10,9%	-13,0%	20,5%	-25,4%	-3,0%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	6 771	-	6 199	5 386	5 461	5 124	5 255	5 323	-21,4%	-	-	-13,1%	1,4%	-6,2%	2,6%	1,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	97,3%	-	95,5%	94,3%	103,3%	94,1%	115,0%	101,9%	4,7%	-	-	-1,3%	9,5%	-8,9%	22,3%	-11,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	95,8%	-	92,2%	87,8%	104,8%	90,3%	123,1%	102,4%	6,9%	-	-	-4,8%	19,4%	-13,9%	36,4%	-16,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	101,1%	-	101,4%	109,5%	99,9%	102,8%	100,2%	101,0%	0,0%	-	-	7,9%	-8,8%	2,9%	-2,5%	0,8%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	345	-	333	408	324	376	295	322	-6,5%	-	-	22,8%	-20,6%	15,9%	-21,6%	9,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	378	-	425	516	376	469	337	402	6,4%	-	-	21,5%	-27,1%	24,7%	-28,2%	19,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	271	-	185	206	207	184	200	188	-30,4%	-	-	11,4%	0,8%	-11,1%	8,5%	-5,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	, only on Intranet	, only on Intranet	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	No
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	2,3%	0,4%	0,8%	0,5%	0,5%	0,3%	-0,3%	0,1%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	367 180 000	369 270 787	366 887 166	389 200 710	365 684 483	455 671 354	514 790 357	543 319 313	48,0%	0,6%	-0,6%	6,1%	-6,0%	24,6%	13,0%	5,5%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	308 120 000	310 014 019	345 406 000	384 034 110	330 748 321	447 196 004	478 793 007	506 716 963	64,5%	0,6%	11,4%	11,2%	-13,9%	35,2%	7,1%	5,8%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	59 060 000	59 256 768	21 481 166	5 166 600	34 936 162	8 475 350	35 997 350	36 602 350	-38,0%	0,3%	-63,7%	-75,9%	576,2%	-75,7%	324,7%	1,7%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	88 730 000	88 198 988	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-0,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	219 390 000	221 815 031	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	1,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	381 268 078	319 155 587	338 820 356	433 291 526	506 719 237	528 101 885	-	-	-	-16,3%	6,2%	27,9%	16,9%	4,2%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	360 262 109	313 655 576	305 194 866	425 370 649	471 713 627	492 100 591	-	-	-	-12,9%	-2,7%	39,4%	10,9%	4,3%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	21 005 969	5 500 011	33 625 490	7 920 887	35 005 610	36 001 294	-	-	-	-73,8%	511,4%	-76,4%	341,9%	2,8%
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	210 371 889	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	103 283 687	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?								Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)								100%	50-99%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)								100%	50-99%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)								100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not integrated but connected	ed but connected
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	ed but connected
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not integrated but connected	ed but connected
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								NA	100%
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								NA	50-99%
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload								No	No
63-7.1 workload of judges									
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors									
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff									
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges								No	0
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors								No	0
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								No	0
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges								No	0
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors								No	0

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	0									

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							0% (NAP)	NA											
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	NA											
064-2 - Administrative							50-99%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	NA											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	NA											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							No	NA											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	NA											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							No	NA											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	NA											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	No											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

- Civil - Equipment rate
- Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
- Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
- Civil - SMS
- Civil - E-mail
- Civil - Specific computer application
- Civil - Other

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							NA	50-99%
064-6 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-6 - Administrative							50-99%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							NA	NA
064-10 - Criminal							NA	NA
064-10 - Administrative							10-49%	NA
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							No	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial								NA
064-11 - Criminal								100%
064-11 - Administrative								0% (NAP)
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							FALSE	FALSE

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							FALSE	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							FALSE	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	No
064-3 - Equipment rate								
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							0	0
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							0	0
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							0	0
064-3 - Information available in CMS							0	0

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							50-99%	50-99%
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								NA	NA										
064-7 - Email								No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	Yes										
064-7 - Other								No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								NA	NA										
064-7 - Email								No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other								No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	No										
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																		
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Workload							Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	No										
065-4 - Impact on Costs							Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No										
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																		
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes										

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional		
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	2 435	2 450	2 571	2 940	2 940	1 436	NA	-	-	0,6%	4,9%	14,4%	0,0%	-51,2%	-

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	Yes	-	No	-	False	False	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	Yes	-	No	-	False	False	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	33 922	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	2 954	-	4 805	-	NA	NA	NA	1 156	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	2 740	-	7 022	-	NA	NA	2 724	2 751	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,0%
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	261	780	1 021	-	-	-	-	-	-	198,9%	30,9%
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	9 604	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	15 231	-	12 491	-	11 995	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)								
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										

Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)

Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)

165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	Yes	Yes	

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	2,3%	0,4%	0,8%	0,5%	0,5%	0,3%	-0,3%	0,1%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	7 033	7 054	6 935	6 967	6 995	7 066	7 277	7 427	5,6%	0,3%	-1,7%	0,5%	0,4%	1,0%	3,0%	2,1%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	4 962	4 977	4 876	4 883	4 919	4 982	5 121	5 243	5,7%	0,3%	-2,0%	0,1%	0,7%	1,3%	2,8%	2,4%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 695	1 708	1 706	1 721	1 731	1 748	1 805	1 827	7,8%	0,8%	-0,1%	0,9%	0,6%	1,0%	3,3%	1,2%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	376	369	353	363	345	336	351	355	-5,6%	-1,9%	-4,3%	2,8%	-5,0%	-2,6%	4,5%	1,1%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	2 829	2 746	2 617	2 555	2 491	2 443	2 466	2 454	-13,2%	-2,9%	-4,7%	-2,4%	-2,5%	-1,9%	0,9%	-0,5%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	1 819	1 772	1 701	1 657	1 628	1 608	1 611	1 629	-10,4%	-2,6%	-4,0%	-2,6%	-1,8%	-1,2%	0,2%	1,1%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	787	760	719	701	687	668	685	656	-16,6%	-3,4%	-5,4%	-2,5%	-2,0%	-2,8%	2,5%	-4,2%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	223	214	197	197	176	167	170	167	-25,1%	-4,0%	-7,9%	0,0%	-10,7%	-5,1%	1,8%	-1,8%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	4 204	4 308	4 318	4 412	4 504	4 623	4 811	4 973	18,3%	2,5%	0,2%	2,2%	2,1%	2,6%	4,1%	3,4%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	3 143	3 205	3 175	3 226	3 291	3 374	3 510	3 613	15,0%	2,0%	-0,9%	1,6%	2,0%	2,5%	4,0%	2,9%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	908	948	987	1 020	1 044	1 080	1 120	1 171	28,9%	4,4%	4,1%	3,3%	2,4%	3,4%	3,7%	4,6%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	153	155	156	166	169	169	181	188	22,9%	1,3%	0,6%	6,4%	1,8%	0,0%	7,1%	3,9%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	21 758	21 946	22 360	22 326	22 712	22 714	22 844	23 396	7,5%	0,9%	1,9%	-0,2%	1,7%	0,0%	0,6%	2,4%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	17 663	17 920	18 816	18 906	18 904	19 074	18 894	18 891	7,0%	1,5%	5,0%	0,5%	0,0%	0,9%	-0,9%	0,0%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 352	2 979	2 493	2 513	2 613	2 703	2 657	2 853	111,0%	120,3%	-16,3%	0,8%	4,0%	3,4%	-1,7%	7,4%

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	964	1 047	1 051	907	923	937	1 025	1 001	3,8%	8,6%	0,4%	-13,7%	1,8%	1,5%	9,4%	-2,3%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	1 779	NAP	NAP	NAP	272	NAP	268	651	-63,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	142,9%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	3 902	3 797	3 969	4 007	NA	4 244	-	-	-	-2,7%	4,5%	1,0%	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	2 454	2 450	2 497	2 585	NA	2 530	-	-	-	-0,2%	1,9%	3,5%	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	585	603	621	658	NA	687	-	-	-	3,1%	3,0%	6,0%	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	863	744	759	764	NA	843	-	-	-	-13,8%	2,0%	0,7%	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	92	NAP	NA	184	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	16 767	18 215	18 458	18 529	18 743	18 707	NA	19 152	14,2%	8,6%	1,3%	0,4%	1,2%	-0,2%	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	15 517	15 662	16 362	16 456	16 407	16 489	NA	16 361	5,4%	0,9%	4,5%	0,6%	-0,3%	0,5%	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	1 060	2 300	1 908	1 910	1 992	2 045	NA	2 165	104,2%	117,0%	-17,0%	0,1%	4,3%	2,7%	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	190	253	188	163	164	173	NA	158	-16,8%	33,2%	-25,7%	-13,3%	0,6%	5,5%	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	180	NAP	NA	467	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	2,3%	0,4%	0,8%	0,5%	0,5%	0,3%	-0,3%	0,1%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	56 176	60 223	62 073	62 073	65 480	66 958	66 958	68 835	22,5%	7,2%	3,1%	0,0%	5,5%	2,3%	0,0%	2,8%

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	21 758	21 946	22 360	22 326	22 712	22 714	22 844	23 396	7,5%	0,9%	1,9%	-0,2%	1,7%	0,0%	0,6%	2,4%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	17 663	17 920	18 816	18 906	18 904	19 074	18 894	18 891	7,0%	1,5%	5,0%	0,5%	0,0%	0,9%	-0,9%	0,0%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 352	2 979	2 493	2 513	2 613	2 703	2 657	2 853	111,0%	120,3%	-16,3%	0,8%	4,0%	3,4%	-1,7%	7,4%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	964	1 047	1 051	907	923	937	1 025	1 001	3,8%	8,6%	0,4%	-13,7%	1,8%	1,5%	9,4%	-2,3%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	1 779	NAP	NAP	NAP	272	NAP	268	651	-63,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	142,9%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	3 902	3 797	3 969	4 007	NA	4 244	-	-	-	-2,7%	4,5%	1,0%	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	2 454	2 450	2 497	2 585	NA	2 530	-	-	-	-0,2%	1,9%	3,5%	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	585	603	621	658	NA	687	-	-	-	3,1%	3,0%	6,0%	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	863	744	759	764	NA	843	-	-	-	-13,8%	2,0%	0,7%	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	92	NAP	NA	184	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	16 767	18 215	18 458	18 529	18 743	18 707	NA	19 152	14,2%	8,6%	1,3%	0,4%	1,2%	-0,2%	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	15 517	15 662	16 362	16 456	16 407	16 489	NA	16 361	5,4%	0,9%	4,5%	0,6%	-0,3%	0,5%	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	1 060	2 300	1 908	1 910	1 992	2 045	NA	2 165	104,2%	117,0%	-17,0%	0,1%	4,3%	2,7%	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	190	253	188	163	164	173	NA	158	-16,8%	33,2%	-25,7%	-13,3%	0,6%	5,5%	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	180	NAP	NA	467	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							Yes	Yes
Lawyers							Yes	Yes
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

France (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							No	No									
Non-judge staff							Yes	Yes									
Lawyers							Yes	Yes									
Notaries							No	No									
Enforcement agents							No	No									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							No	No									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Germany

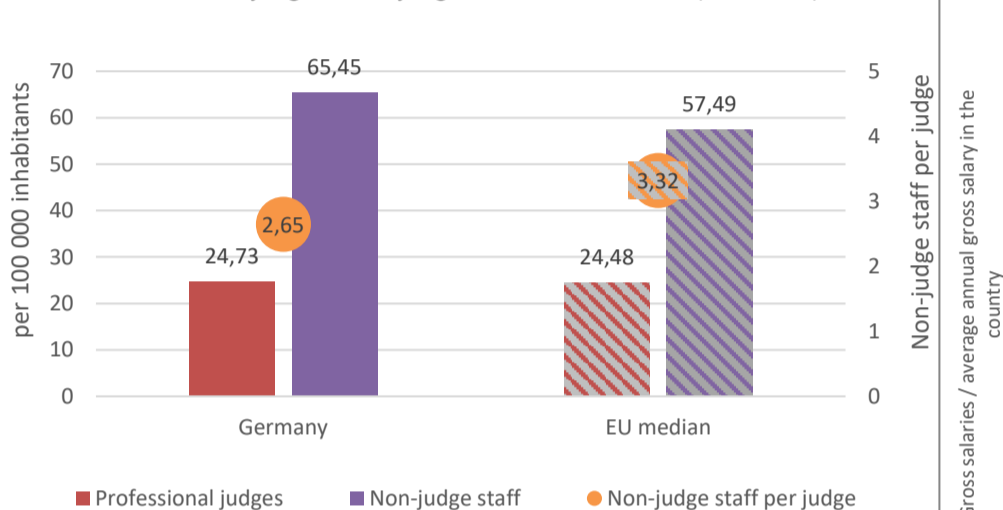
General data

Population: 83 166 711 **GDP:** 41 342 € **Average annual salary:** 56 808 €

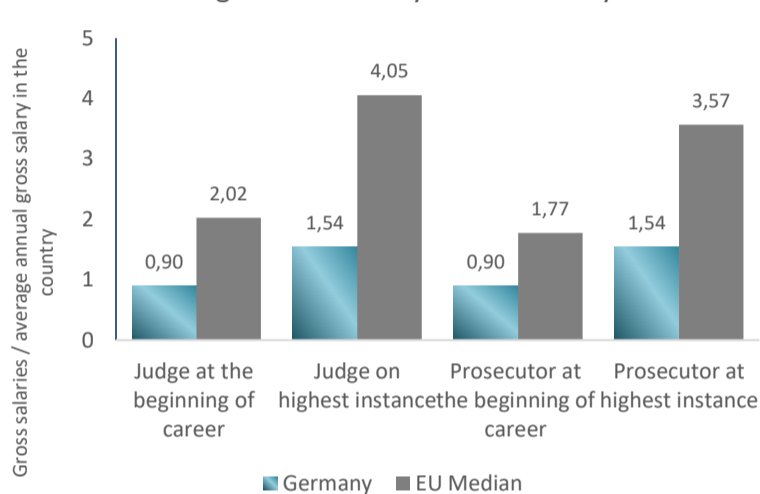
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
24,73	65,45	199,48	NAP
24,48	57,49	121,32	14,33
EU median		EU median	

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

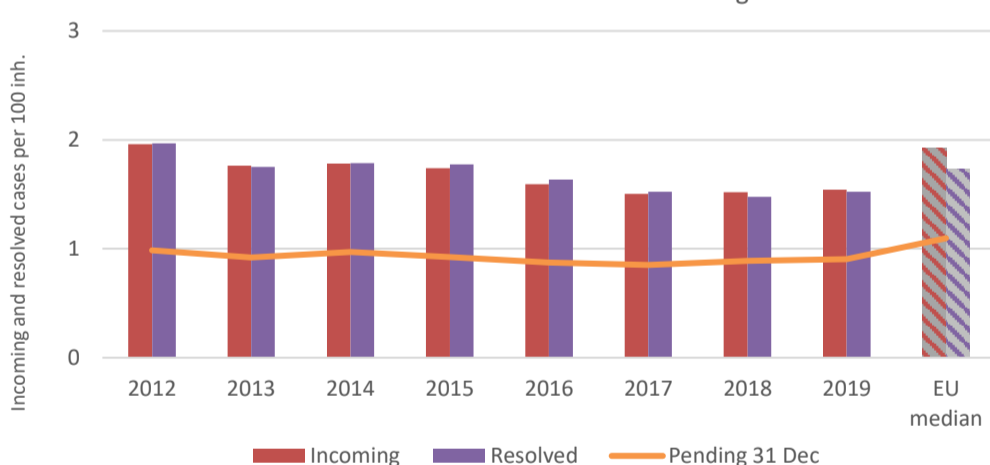


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country¹

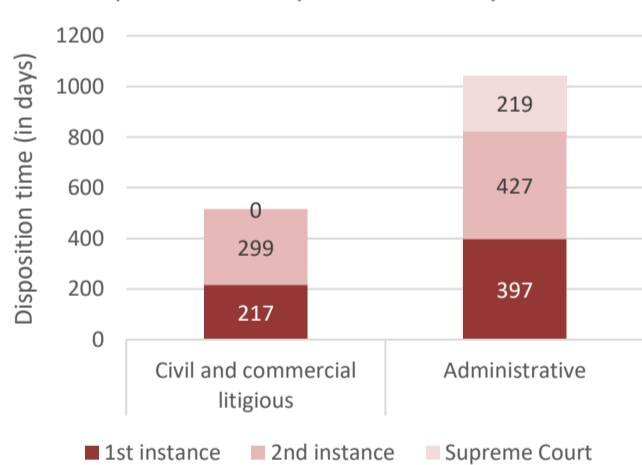


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

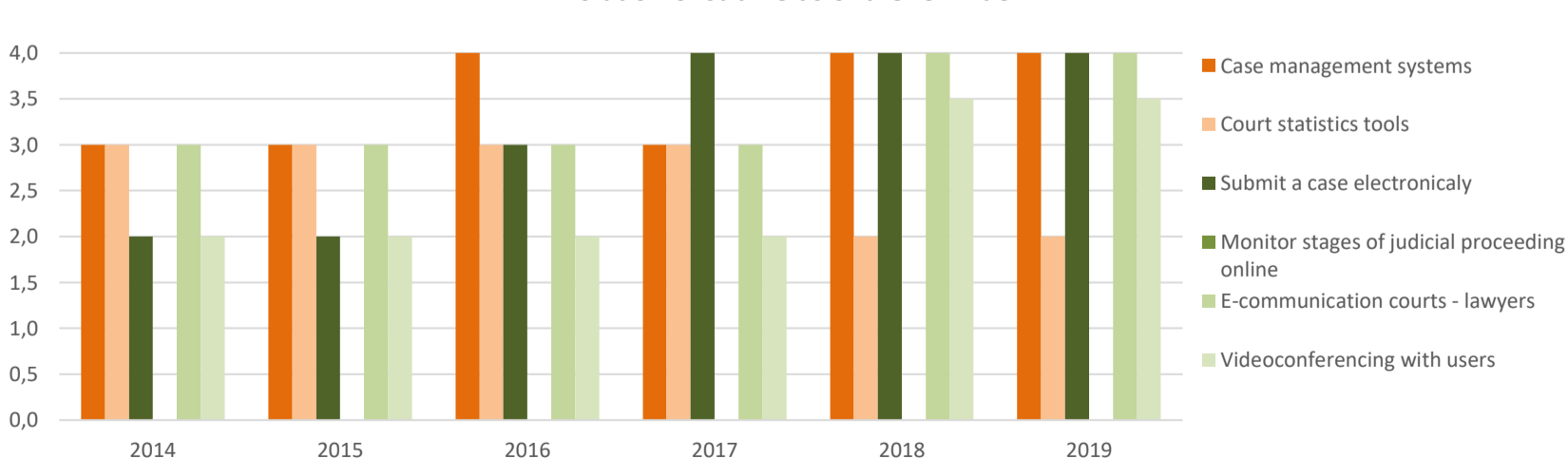


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

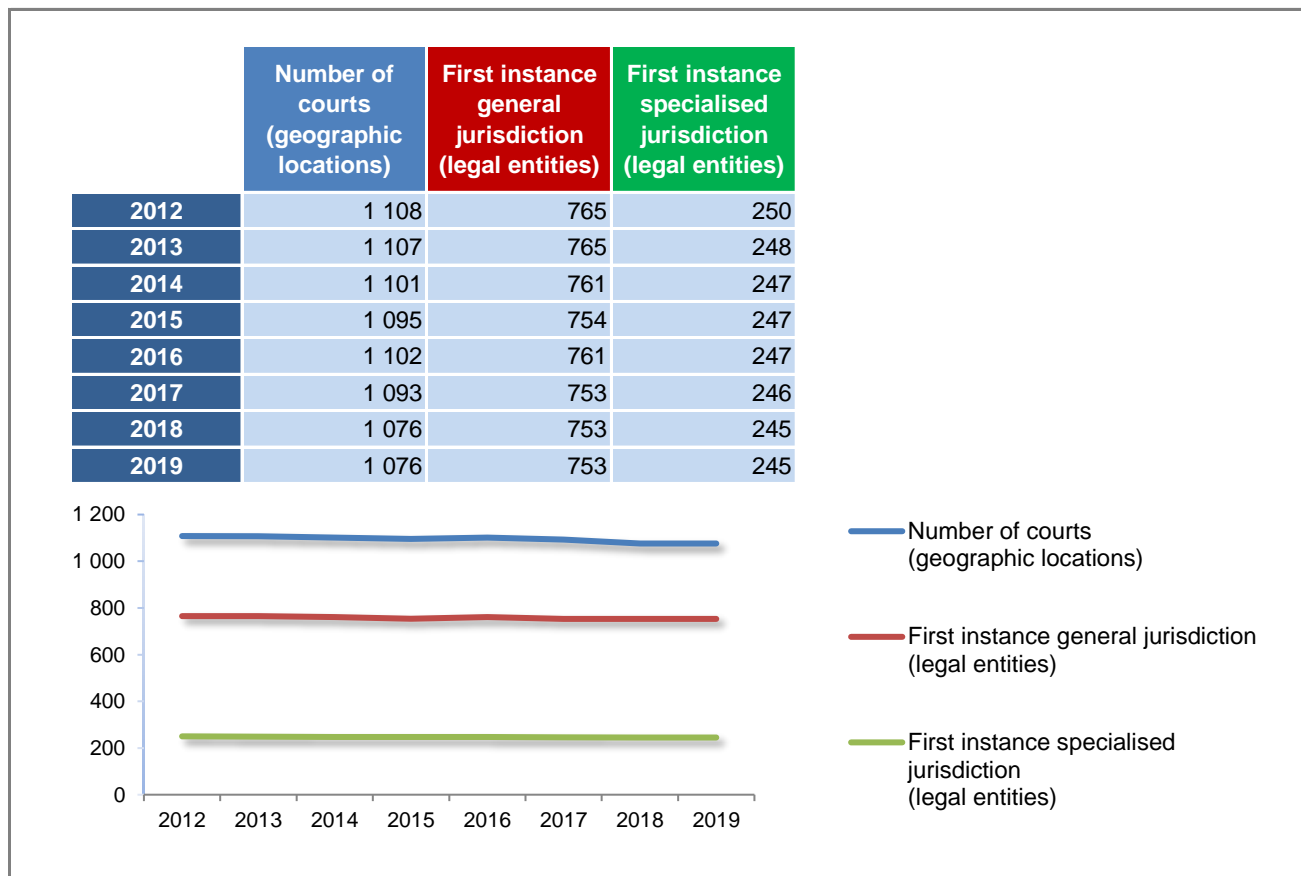
Germany

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	3,7%	1,7%	1,0%	0,4%	0,2%
GDP per capita	32 550 €	33 343 €	33 343 €	37 087 €	37 997 €	39 649 €	40 852 €	41 342 €	27,0%	14,0%	7,5%	3,0%	1,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	44 991 €		44 991 €		50 352 €		53 688 €	56 808 €	29,3%	11,9%	6,6%		8,3%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	24,7	23,9	23,9	23,6	24,2	24,3	24,5	24,7	0,1%	1,1%	1,3%	0,8%	1,0%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	66,9	66,0	66,0	65,2	64,7	64,3	65,1	65,5	-2,1%	-1,9%	0,6%	1,2%	0,5%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	200,5	201,4	202,4	200,3	200,1	199,2	198,9	199,5	-0,5%	-1,2%	-0,6%	-0,2%	0,3%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,961	1,763	1,781	1,741	1,592	1,506	1,520	1,542	-21,4%	-10,6%	-4,5%	0,9%	1,4%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	2,928	NA	3,211	3,055	3,023	3,024	NA	9,7%	-5,9%	1,1%	0,1%
Non-litigious land registry cases	7,0	6,8	6,8	NA	6,8	6,6	6,5	6,7	-4,8%	-0,6%	-3,2%	1,3%	1,7%
Non-litigious business registry cases	0,1	NA	0,1	NA	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,2	7,9%	2,5%	2,4%	2,5%	4,7%
Administrative law cases	0,856	0,8	0,8	0,804	0,900	1,049	0,901	0,818	-4,5%	10,8%	0,2%	-14,0%	9,3%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	100%	99%	100%	102%	103%	101%	97%	99%	-1,47	2,51	-5,45	-4,02	1,64
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	75%	NA	72%	71%	69%	68%	NA	-3,45	-2,55	-1,63	-1,16
CR administrative law cases	102%	100%	100%	103%	92%	84%	97%	109%	7,28	-7,98	4,78	13,13	11,85
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	183	192	198	190	196	204	220	217	18,3%	-1,4%	12,4%	7,8%	-1,4%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	7 030	7 236	7 356	7 305	NA	NA	4,6%	1,7%	-0,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)	354	357	367	349	375	421	435	397	12,2%	2,1%	16,1%	3,3%	-8,8%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,99	0,92	0,97	0,92	0,88	0,85	0,89	0,91	-8,3%	-9,6%	1,6%	4,5%	1,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	2,06	2,09	2,13	2,17	NA	NA	3,4%	1,8%	2,2%
Administrative law cases	0,84	0,80	0,82	0,79	0,85	1,02	1,04	0,97	14,8%	4,2%	22,3%	2,7%	-7,2%
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	100%	100%	NA	101%	102%	99%	85%	NA	0,96	-2,30	-3,40	-13,88
CR administrative law cases	97%	93%	93%	NA	96%	96%	94%	98%	0,88	3,30	-2,74	-2,08	4,31
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	233	233	NA	245	254	262	299	NA	5,0%	7,1%	3,3%	14,0%

DT administrative law cases (days)	431	320	320	NA	452	430	443	427	-0,8%	41,4%	-2,0%	2,9%	-3,5%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	97%	102%	NA	109%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA
CR administrative law cases	100%	-	100%	107%	107%	100%	98%	103%	2,60	6,50	-8,90	-2,65	5,01
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	358	349	NA	261	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	197	-	206	185	172	198	228	219	11,1%	-16,6%	32,8%	15,3%	-4,2%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Germany

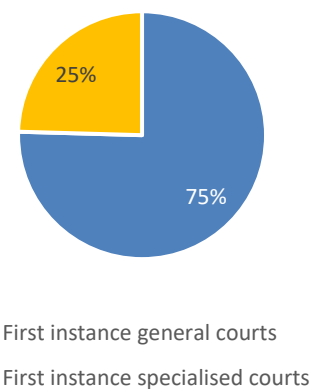
The court system in Germany has a federal structure. The administration of justice is entrusted to federal courts and the courts of the 16 federal states (Landers). The ordinary jurisdiction consists of the civil and criminal jurisdictions. The specialised courts are the Administrative courts, the Finance courts, the Labour courts and the Social courts. In addition, there is the constitutional jurisdiction, which consists of the Federal Constitutional Court and the Constitutional courts of the Landers.



Specialised courts

Total	245
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP
Labour courts	108
Family courts	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and Internet related disputes	NAP
Administrative courts	51
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	68
Military courts	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	18

Percentage of first instance specialised courts



It is noteworthy that depending on the value at dispute, commercial cases are dealt with at Local or Regional Courts, on application in a chamber established at the Regional Court for commercial cases. There are no separate commercial courts. Likewise, there are no independent rent and tenancies courts, enforcement courts or courts for insurance cases. Depending on the caseload, special panels of judges are established for this purpose at the Local and Regional Courts. Family cases are dealt with at first instance in special departments of the Local Courts. The Federal Armed Forces do not have any military courts of their own; its members are subject to civil jurisdiction. The category "other" covers 18 Finance Courts.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Germany

- **Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):**

Approved
17 799 353 714 €

Implemented:
17 391 995 317 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

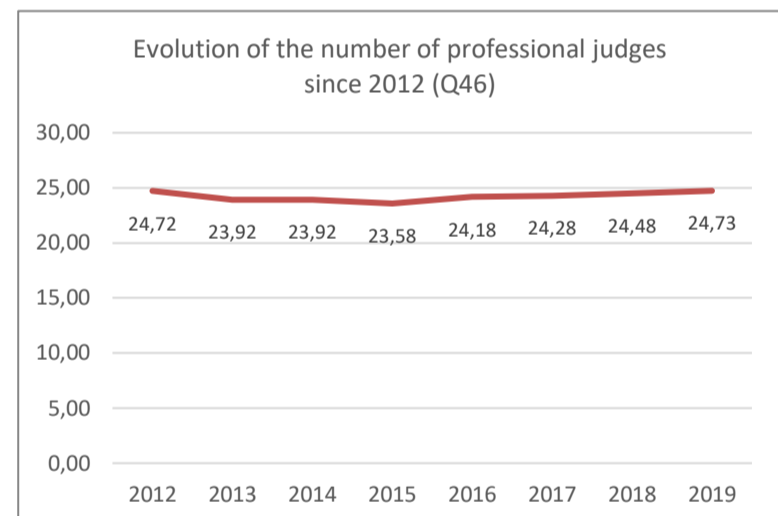
It is noteworthy that all data concerning the budget should be construed in the light of the federal State structure of Germany. Accordingly, variations for which no particular explanation has been notified are often due to the fact that for the different evaluation cycles a different number of Lander provided a reply. Owing to this peculiarity, the information remains most of the time incomplete. The figures include the federal budget as well as the budgets indicated by the respondent Landers.

- **Human resources**

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	19 832	24,72	NA	NA
2013	19 323	23,92	NA	NA
2014	19 323	23,92	NA	NA
2015	19 282	23,58	NA	NA
2016	19 867	24,18	NA	NA
2017	20 069	24,28	NA	NA
2018	20 323	24,48	NA	NA
2019	20 570	24,73	NA	NA



According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Germany is 20 570 which is 1,2% more than in previous cycle.

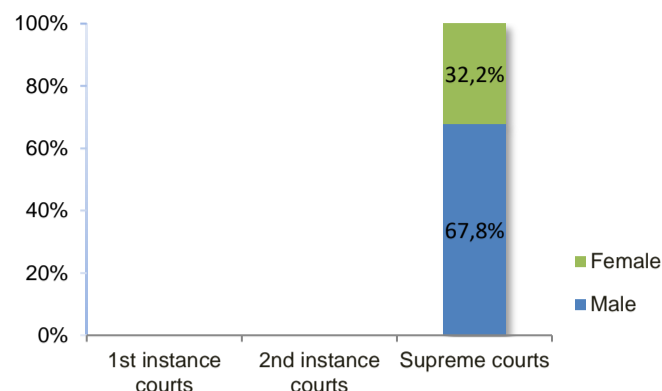
More precisely, in Germany, in 2019 there are 24,7 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,6 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 2,7 non-judge staff per judge).

The information relates to manpower percentages. There are no absolute figures for the number of persons. As to the information regarding manpower percentages, a judge working full-time is counted as 1. A judge who works part-time is counted as a portion of 1, depending upon his work hours as a percentage of full-time (e.g. 0.5 for a judge who works half of the full-time working hours). As to items 46.1 and 46.2, the information is based upon summaries of the staff. This data is derived from a complex calculation key as an annual average value of the actual personnel deployed (for example, excluding employees who were not present more than 20 working days during a quarter for reasons other than holiday and/or training). As to item 46.3, the number of professional judges at the highest courts of law is based upon judicial statistics. This data is collected every two years and compiled into an overview. It is noteworthy that figures for the Federal courts (judges) are included in the frame of question 46.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	16 042	NA	NA
2nd instance courts	4 071	NA	NA
Supreme courts	457	310	147
Total	20 570	NA	NA

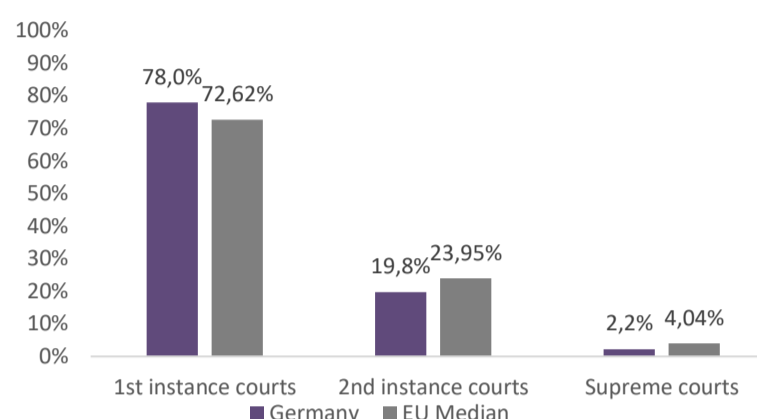
Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	78,0%	NA	NA
2nd instance courts	19,8%	NA	NA
Supreme courts	2,2%	67,8%	32,2%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of professional judges (all instances) is NA by gender and this analysis is only possible for the judges if the Supreme court.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 16 042 are sitting in first instance courts ; 4 071 are sitting in second instance courts and 457 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 147 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that Germany has a very precise calculation for the number of judges on all instances presented in FTE. On the other side this sophisticated calculation does not provide same data by gender which is the drawback of this source. The data for the Supreme court is based on a biannual survey and it is not available each year. However this data is possible to provide by gender.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, German distribution by instances is very close to EU median values except for Supreme court where is half of it.

In Germany, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:
- In-service training on ethics:



All in-service training in Germany are not compulsory. Because judicial independence is interpreted very widely in Germany, it is not possible to enforce detailed rules in that regard.

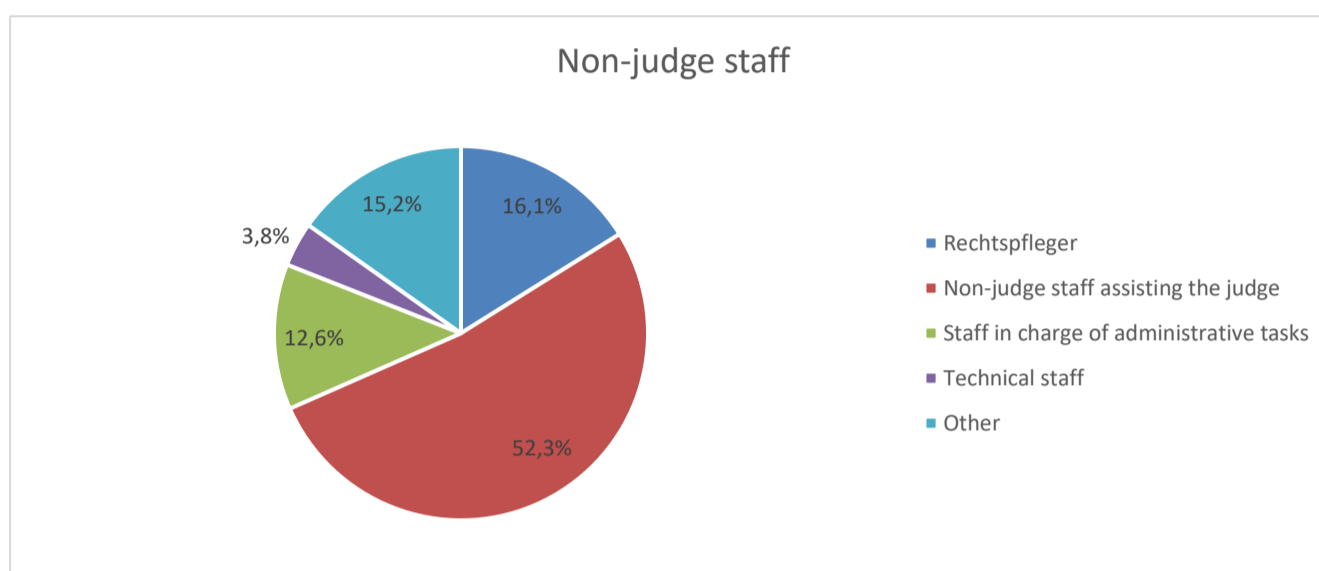
Number of training courses organised is not available for Germany neither for total nor for any of the categories.

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	NA	NA
1. Only for judges	NA	NA
2. Only for prosecutors	NA	NA
3. Only for other non-judge staff	NA	NA
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
5. Other common training	NA	NA

In many landers the different staff categories have separate training courses and also common training courses. Examples for "other common trainings" are: health maintenance in office, data privacy, soft skill management training and other behavior-oriented coachings.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	53 649	8 461	29 144	7 478	1 281	7 285
2013	53 302	8 482	28 621	7 503	1 119	7 578
2014	53 302	8 482	28 621	7 503	1 119	7 577
2015	53 292	8 564	28 336	7 626	1 087	7 679
2016	53 181	8 720	28 069	6 524	1 866	8 002
2017	53 178	8 565	28 084	6 580	1 937	8 012
2018	54 072	8 860	28 469	6 678	1 996	8 069
2019	54 434	8 771	28 464	6 844	2 089	8 266



In Germany, in this cycle there are 54 434 non-judge staff (among which NA females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,7%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 8 771 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose
- 28 464 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which NA are women);
- 6 844 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which NA are women);
- 2 089 technical staff (among which NA are women);
- 8 266 other (among which NA are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 65,1 in 2018 to 65,5 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 24,7 in 2019.

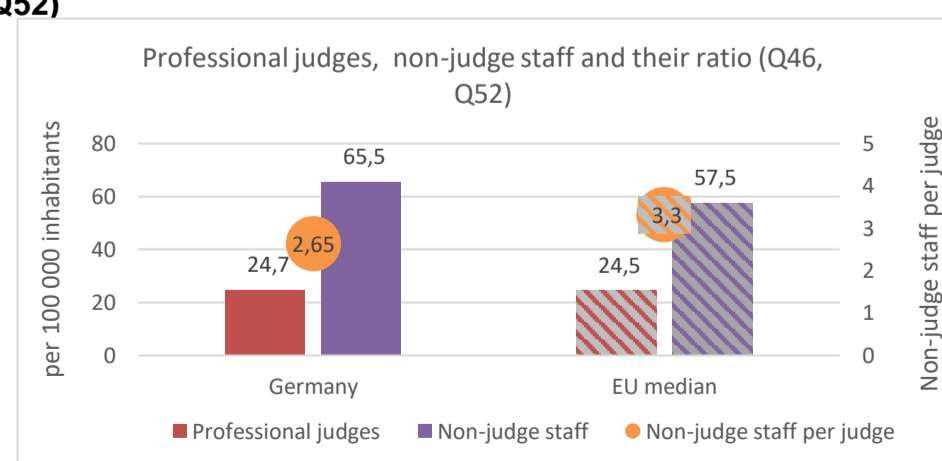
Figures for the Federal Courts are not included.

These figures denote the number of staff (full-time equivalent) who are:

- granted unpaid leave for training/further-training purposes,
- released to work in staff representation bodies, as representatives for staff with disabilities, and as gender equality commissioners,
- employed in a special facility,
- employed as reception/security staff,
- employed by the court switchboard,
- motorpool staff,
- cleaners and other non-salaried personnel

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

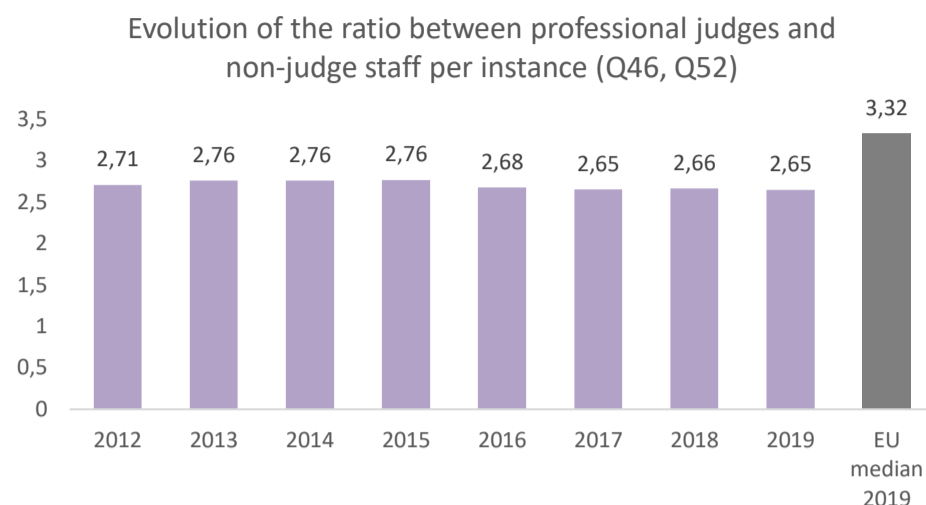
	Germany	EU median
Professional judges	24,7	24,5
Non-judge staff	65,5	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	2,65	3,3



The number of judges in Germany is almost the same as the EU median while the number of non-judge staff is somewhat above the EU median. However the number of non-judge staff per judge is still below the EU median.

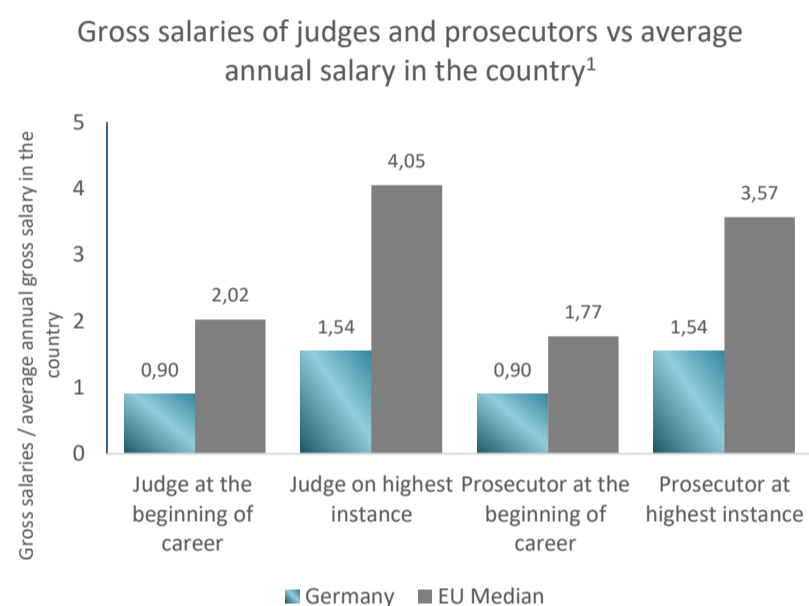
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	2,71
2013	2,76
2014	2,76
2015	2,76
2016	2,68
2017	2,65
2018	2,66
2019	2,65



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	51 199 €	38 928 €	0,90
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	87 680 €	59 447 €	1,54
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	51 199 €	38 928 €	0,90
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	87 680 €	59 447 €	1,54

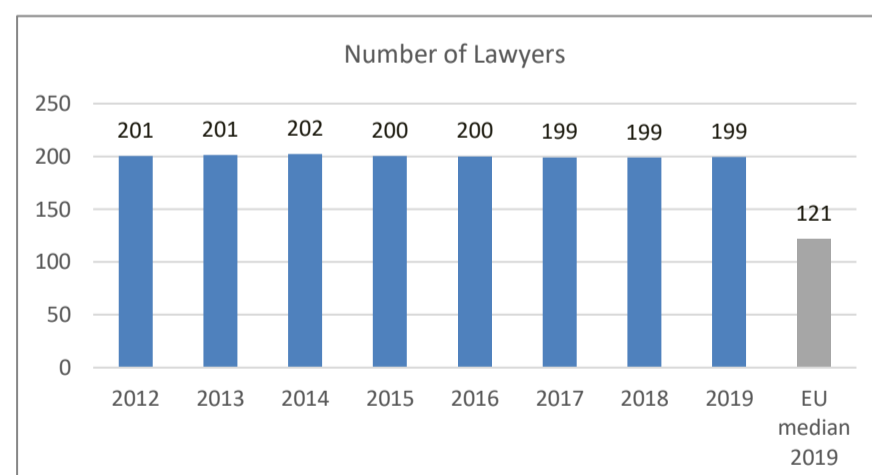


¹Germany provided the annual average salary for 2018 because 2019 data is not available at the moment of data collection

No information on annual net salary is available since it depends on the personal circumstances of judges and public prosecutors. The federal average was calculated unweighted: the annual salaries of the Federal Länder were added and divided by the number of Länder, regardless of how many judges and prosecutors work in the respective Federal Land (the corresponding data are not known).

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	160 880	200,52
2013	162 695	201,40
2014	163 513	202,42
2015	163 772	200,28
2016	164 393	200,05
2017	164 656	199,20
2018	165 104	198,87
2019	165 901	199,48

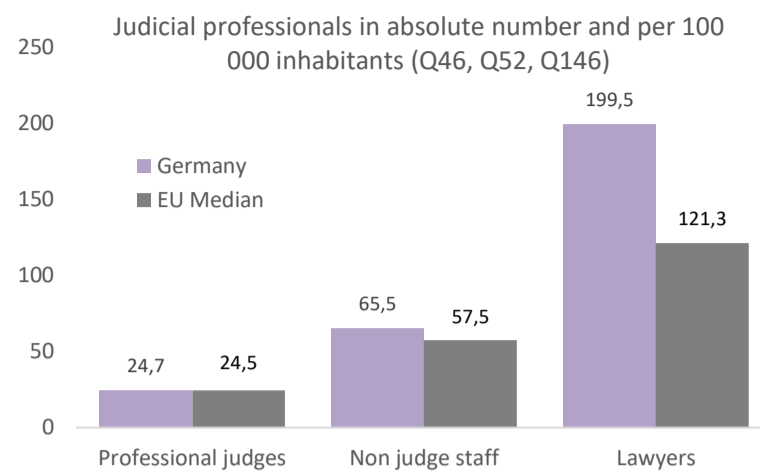


In 2019, there are 165 901 lawyers, which is 0,5% more than in 2018.

This data of 199,5 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is quite above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	20 570	24,73	24,48
Non judge staff	54 434	65,45	57,49
Lawyers	165 901	199,48	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 747 653 492 € (9,0 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 647 481 494 € (7,8 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA

It is noteworthy that all data concerning the budget should be construed in the light of the federal State structure of Germany. Accordingly, variations for which no particular explanation has been notified are often due to the fact that for the different evaluation cycles a different number of Lander provided a reply. Owing to this peculiarity, the information remains most of the time incomplete. The figures include the federal budget as well as the budgets indicated by the respondent Landers.

In Germany, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

With regard to criminal cases: There is a kind of legal aid for legal representation. Under specific conditions the law provides for the so called "necessary defense". This implies mandatory legal representation, which is initially financed by the State.

In principle in civil matters, legal aid in compulsory enforcement is granted for the entire enforcement proceeding and not for individual enforcement measures.

If granted, legal aid covers all of the costs of the legal dispute. The approval of legal aid includes the costs for the taking of evidence (e.g. witnesses, experts), as well as travel expenses of the recipient to attend a court hearing if personal attendance at the hearing is necessary. Expenditure for the preparation of the proceedings (e.g. expert witnesses, interpreters) may be refundable as necessary expenditure of the appointed solicitor.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

In civil matters, the court is to serve the statement of claim to the respondent party only after the fee covering the proceedings in general has been paid. Thus, any proceedings fundamentally will become pending by service of the statement of claim only after such payment has been received. Where the demand for relief is expanded, no court action is to be taken prior to payment of the fee for the proceedings; this rule also applies before the courts of appeals (section 12 (1) of the German Law on the Costs of Court Proceedings).

There are exceptions in place for counterclaims, for European small claims procedures (ESCP), for disputes about inventions made by an employee inasmuch as the courts have exclusive competence for patent disputes, and for actions for retrial of a case pursuant to section 580 number 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure. This applies to a counterclaim in light of its close ties to a court dispute already pending; in all other regards, particular reasons are given that relate to the proceedings. Further exceptions have been provided for if a petitioner has been granted legal aid for the costs of the proceedings, if the petitioner is entitled to a release from the obligation to pay fees, or if legitimate interests are given for bringing an action or defending against an action, but the petitioner is unable to make the advance payment or if the delay caused to the proceedings by the obligation to pay the fees in advance would result in damages that it is impossible to compensate, or only with difficulty.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

In criminal matters, fees related to the proceedings will arise in an amount stipulated by law, while the amounts of fees charged in other court proceedings will be primarily oriented by the amount in dispute or the transaction value.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 324€

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

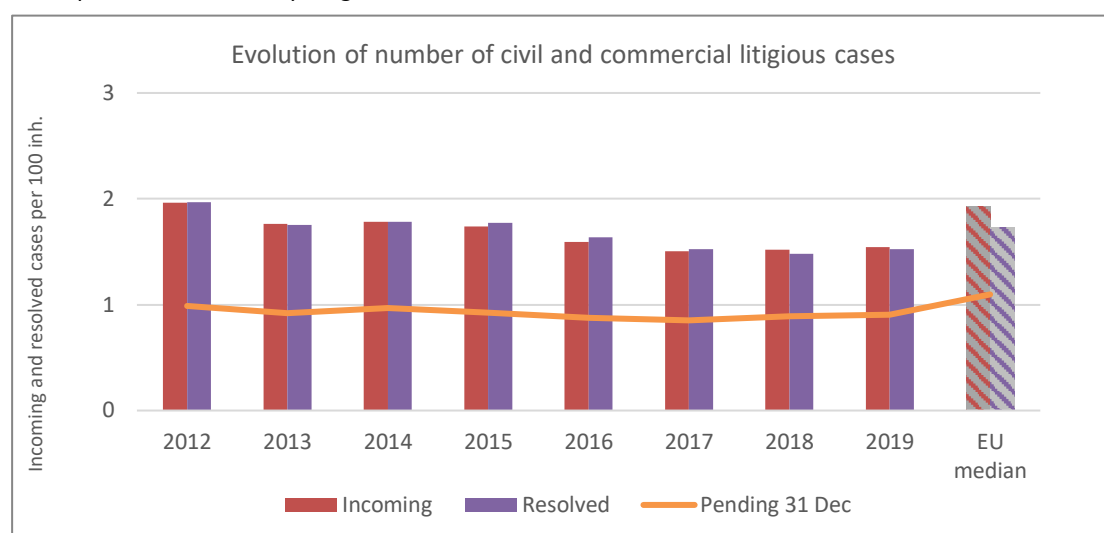
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance cases

- *Total other than criminal cases*

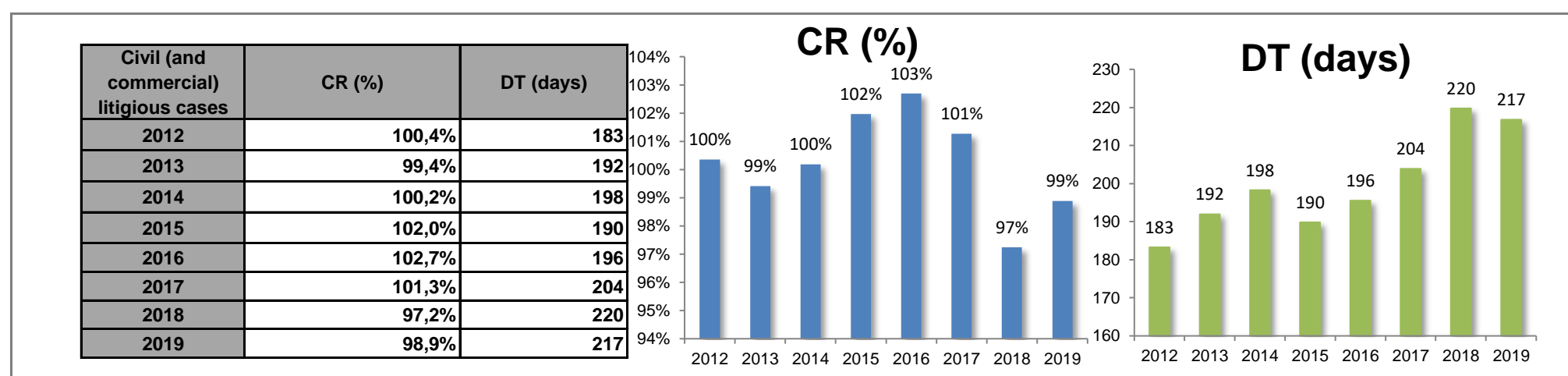
Data for this category of cases is not available for Germany.

- *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Germany (1,54 per 100 inhabitants) as well as the number of resolved cases (1,52 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (1,92 and 1,73 per 100 inhabitants respectively).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Germany (0,91 per 100 inhabitants) is also below the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



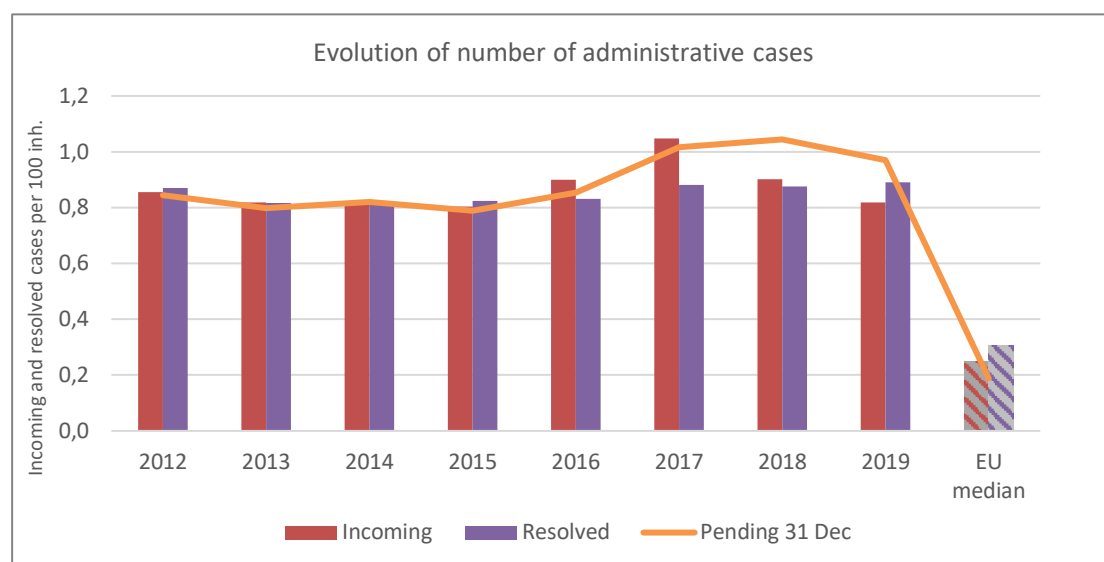
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,9% in 2019, Germany seems close to 100% objective in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases. Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,6 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 217 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -1,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

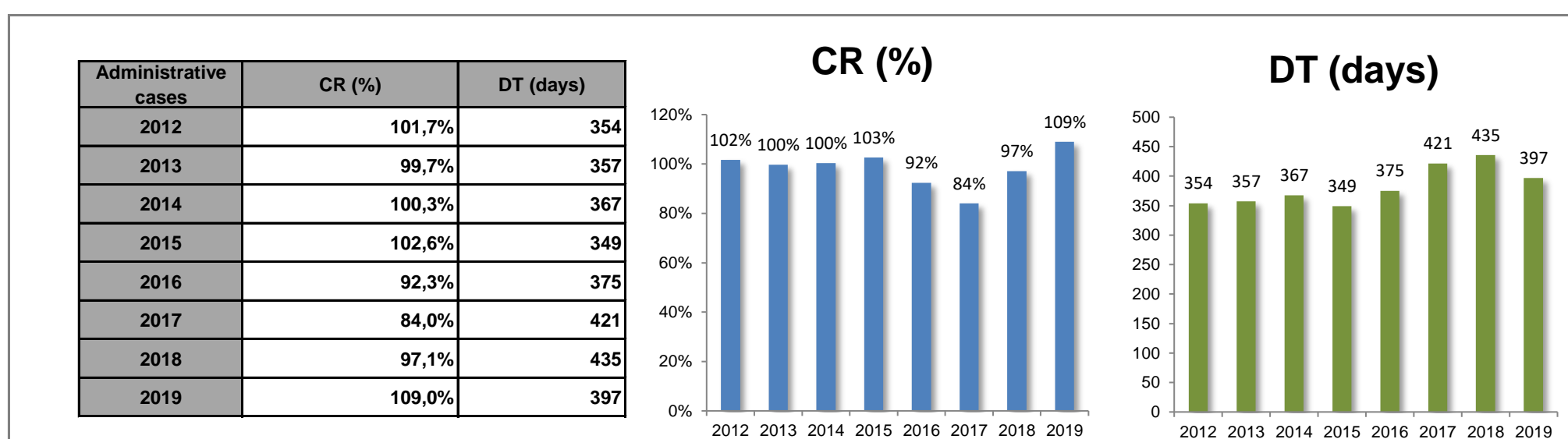
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Germany (0,82 per 100 inhabitants) and the number of resolved cases (0,89 per 100 inhabitants) are both well above the EU median (0,25 and 0,31 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Germany (0,97 per 100 inhabitants) is also well above the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 109,0% in 2019, Germany seems to make extra effort to deal with its administrative cases after three years of lower clearance rate than 100%.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 11,8 points and consequently lead to a -8,8% decrease of the Disposition Time in the same period.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 397 days, which is above the EU median of 284 days.

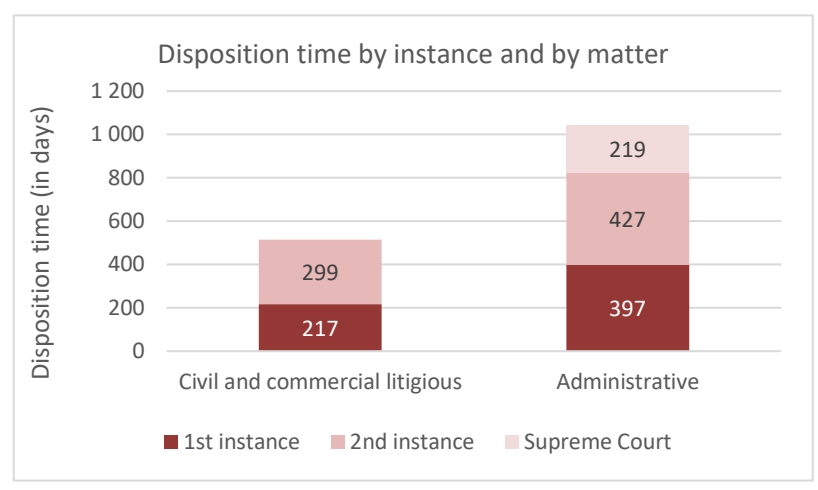
The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Insolvency*

The data on insolvency cases is not available and efficiency indicators cannot be calculated.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious	99%	85%	NA	217	299	NA
Administrative	109%	98%	103%	397	427	219



From the available data it seems the administrative cases on second instance are longest in Germany as it is on EU level. For this category the DT is 427 days that is much higher than EU median of 329 days. With 217 days shortest in Germany seems are civil and commercial litigious cases on first instance that is on the same level as EU median with 213 days. Supreme court instance for civil cases is not available.

● **Alternative dispute resolutions**

The judicial system in Germany provides court related mediation.

The court related mediation system in Germany does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

The number of accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation is not applicable to Germany.

The number of court related mediation cases is also not available.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In 2019, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- costs of the judicial procedures
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- other (please specify):

At the level of the Federal Government, statistics on proceedings encompass the number of incoming cases, the type of proceeding, the form of conclusion, and the time needed for conclusion. Moreover, information regarding other characteristics is also collected (legal aid in litigation and legal aid for proceedings, value of dispute, subject area, remedies, etc.) All of this information can be correlated to one another upon evaluation. The regular evaluations can be found in the publications of the Federal Statistical Office. Data regarding the business overviews usually does not contain – in that it involves manual statistics – additional information beyond the business workload, particularly as regards the duration of proceedings.

Some of the Länder did mention a monitoring system concerning other court activities such as statistics on the nature of resolution are kept (e.g. in civil cases: dealt with by contentious judgment/by acknowledgement/by settlement, etc.).

In Germany, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

Since 2012, the reply “No” is provided depending on the answer of the majority of the respondent Landers.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

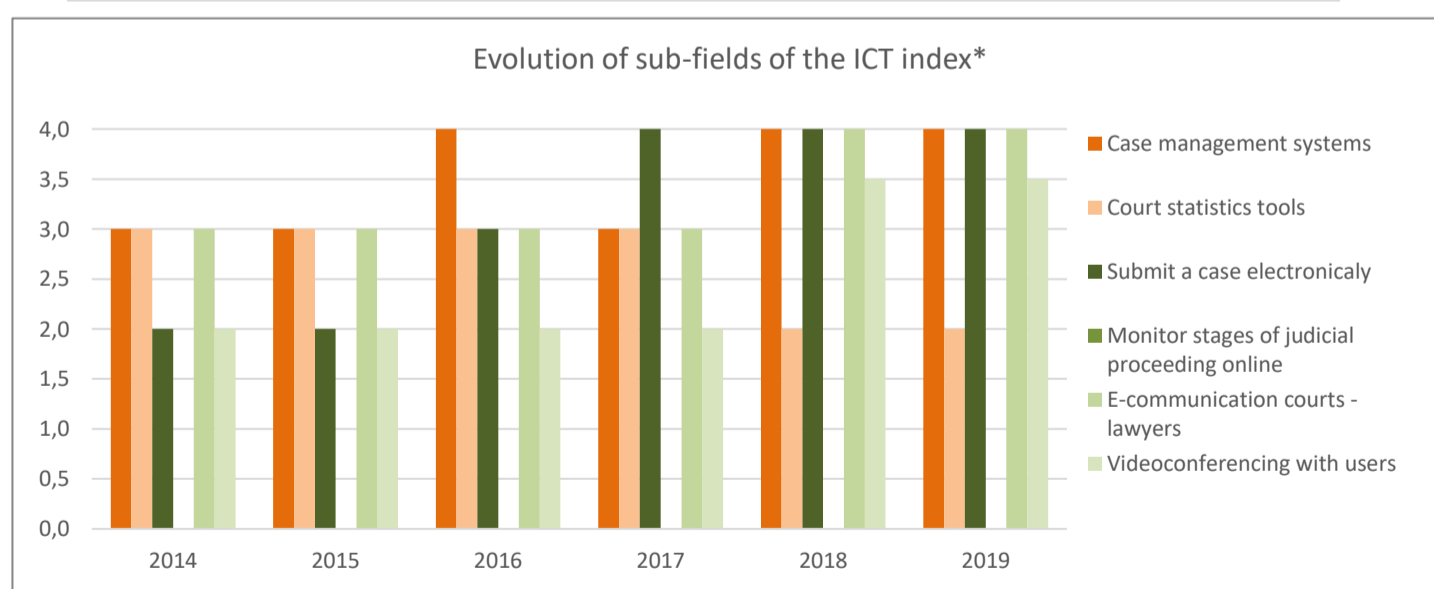
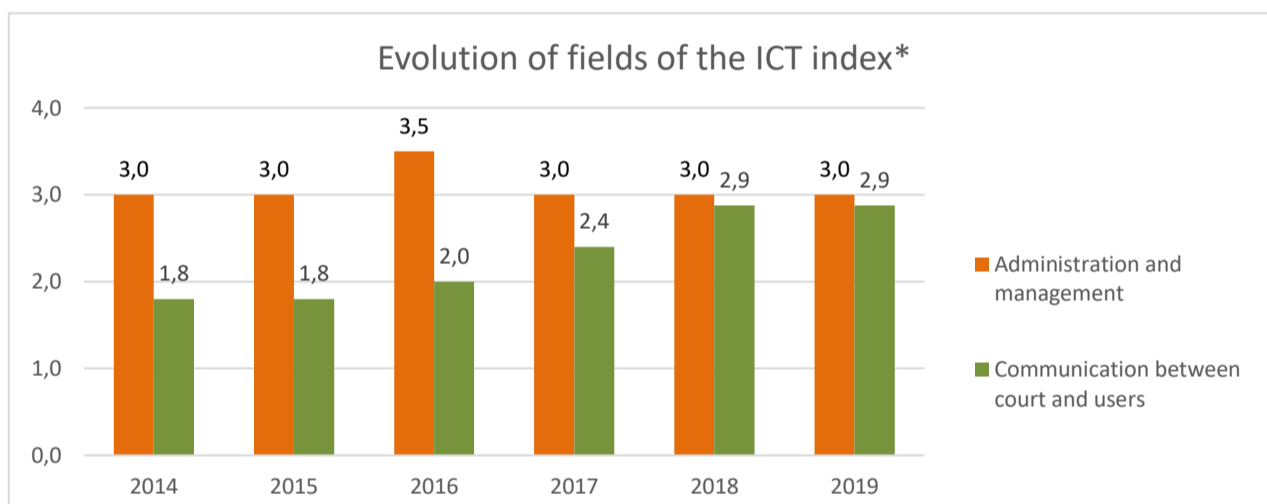
	points (up to 4)
Administration and management	3,0
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	2,0
Communication between court and users	2,9
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	4,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	0,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	3,5

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Statistical data

In Germany, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

It is noteworthy that in 1965 the Conference of Justice Ministers established a nationwide committee for judicial statistics. The permanent Chair is held by the Bavarian justice administration department. All of the Land justice administration departments comprise the voting members of the committee. Invited guests are representatives of the Federal Office of Justice, the Federal Statistical Office, and the Land Statistical Offices of Bavaria, Baden-Württemberg, Lower Saxony, and North-Rhine/Westphalia.

The committee is responsible for the introduction and revision of statistics regarding the business of the justice system.

This involves the uniform nationwide coordinated collection of statistical data regarding courts of general jurisdiction, the public prosecution offices, and courts of specialized jurisdiction. The collected statistical data is used for the distribution of business, calculation of personnel requirements, supervision, draft legislation, monitoring efficiency as a result of statutory amendments, and public work. Against this background, it is necessary for the committee to regularly examine the statistics regarding the justice system and conform it to the above-named requirements and current information needs. At the same time this ensures that the collected information can be compared at the federal level. The collection documentation is prepared by the courts and public prosecution offices. The evaluation takes place centrally at each Land Statistical Office. The latter summarizes the significant results of the statistics and publishes them annually.

In addition to the collections named above the workload in respect of non-contentious proceedings is encompassed in national reviews of business. The results are collected by each Lander and after that compiled by the Federal Office of Justice at the federal level. All courts and public prosecution offices maintain national personnel data. The effective date for collection of the data is 31 December and the information encompasses the position, gender, and percentage of time for which existing personnel are employed. In addition thereto, the deployment of personnel in the significant business branches of the justice system is collected as an average. The annual results are collected by the Lander justice administration departments. The Federal Office of Justice then creates an overview of the significant results from the Landers overviews.

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	3,7%	0,7%	0,0%	1,2%	0,5%	0,6%	0,4%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	32 550 €	33 343 €	33 343 €	37 087 €	37 997 €	39 649 €	40 852 €	41 342 €	27,0%	2,4%	0,0%	11,2%	2,5%	4,3%	3,0%	1,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	13 392 212 369	13 986 936 153	13 882 558 855	15 357 285 199	16 190 630 224	16 639 296 320	17 079 829 012	17 799 353 714	32,9%	4,4%	-0,7%	10,6%	5,4%	2,8%	2,6%	4,2%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	3,7%	0,7%	0,0%	1,2%	0,5%	0,6%	0,4%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	32 550 €	33 343 €	33 343 €	37 087 €	37 997 €	39 649 €	40 852 €	41 342 €	27,0%	2,4%	0,0%	11,2%	2,5%	4,3%	3,0%	1,2%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	13 392 212 369	13 986 936 153	13 882 558 855	15 357 285 199	16 190 630 224	16 639 296 320	17 079 829 012	17 799 353 714	32,9%	0 €	-0,7%	10,6%	5,4%	2,8%	2,6%	4,2%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	13 668 652 786	15 158 157 990	15 943 075 304	16 308 153 335	16 792 836 023	17 391 995 317	-	-	-	10,9%	5,2%	2,3%	3,0%	3,6%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	3,7%	0,7%	0,0%	1,2%	0,5%	0,6%	0,4%	0,2%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	13 392 212 369	13 986 936 153	13 882 558 855	15 357 285 199	16 190 630 224	16 639 296 320	17 079 829 012	17 799 353 714	32,9%	4,4%	-0,7%	10,6%	5,4%	2,8%	2,6%	4,2%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	3 567 436 506	-	3 600 787 657	3 442 704 519	4 336 886 963	NA	4 322 388 298	4 133 479 050	15,9%	-	-	-4,4%	26,0%	-	-	-4,4%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	324	324	324	324	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	3,7%	0,7%	0,0%	1,2%	0,5%	0,6%	0,4%	0,2%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	765	765	761	754	761	753	753	753	-1,6%	0,0%	-0,5%	-0,9%	0,9%	-1,1%	0,0%	0,0%

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	250	248	247	247	247	246	245	245	-2,0%	-0,8%	-0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,4%	-0,4%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	1 108	1 107	1 101	1 095	1 102	1 093	1 076	1 076	-2,9%	-0,1%	-0,5%	-0,5%	0,6%	-0,8%	-1,6%	0,0%

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	250	248	247	247	247	246	245	245	-2,0%	-0,8%	-0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,4%	-0,4%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	113	111	110	110	110	110	108	108	-4,4%	-1,8%	-0,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-1,8%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	68	68	68	68	68	67	68	68	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-1,5%	1,5%	0,0%
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	3,7%	0,7%	0,0%	1,2%	0,5%	0,6%	0,4%	0,2%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 966 112	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	798 265	736 340	785 606	782 964	754 864	719 662	703 935	738 824	-7,4%	-7,8%	6,7%	-0,3%	-3,6%	-4,7%	-2,2%	5,0%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 657 420	1 691 876	1 727 738	1 766 395	-	-	-	-	-	2,1%	2,1%	2,2%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	689 031	643 094	664 067	662 009	644 890	701 598	845 199	867 035	25,8%	-6,7%	3,3%	-0,3%	-2,6%	8,8%	20,5%	2,6%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 957 181	1 851 995	1 851 995	1 748 709	1 468 300	462 519	440 716	444 077	-77,3%	-5,4%	0,0%	-5,6%	-16,0%	-68,5%	-4,7%	0,8%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 573 220	1 424 016	1 439 072	1 423 489	1 308 135	1 244 697	1 261 954	1 282 250	-18,5%	-9,5%	1,1%	-1,1%	-8,1%	-4,8%	1,4%	1,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	2 365 351	NA	2 639 044	2 525 579	2 509 519	2 515 303	-	-	-	-	-	-4,3%	-0,6%	0,2%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	5 604 653	5 490 219	5 490 219	NA	5 551 746	5 476 346	5 428 233	5 531 883	-1,3%	-2,0%	0,0%	-	-	-1,4%	-0,9%	1,9%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	118 560	NA	117 251	NA	122 206	122 799	126 423	132 566	11,8%	-	-	-	-	0,5%	3,0%	4,9%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	686 985	661 706	655 687	657 108	739 325	866 662	748 328	680 061	-1,0%	-3,7%	-0,9%	0,2%	12,5%	17,2%	-13,7%	-9,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 518 404	1 622 446	1 622 446	1 203 321	1 348 599	970 975	945 094	953 399	-37,2%	6,9%	0,0%	-25,8%	12,1%	-28,0%	-2,7%	0,9%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 888 915	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 578 891	1 415 623	1 441 714	1 451 589	1 343 337	1 260 439	1 227 172	1 267 995	-19,7%	-10,3%	1,8%	0,7%	-7,5%	-6,2%	-2,6%	3,3%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	88 326	NA	87 843	87 136	87 651	90 370	-	-	-	-	-	-0,8%	0,6%	3,1%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	698 569	659 613	657 745	674 226	682 617	727 832	726 730	741 004	6,1%	-5,6%	-0,3%	2,5%	1,2%	6,6%	-0,2%	2,0%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 519 898	1 418 949	1 418 949	1 224 780	1 355 615	994 402	960 583	953 682	-37,3%	-6,6%	0,0%	-13,7%	10,7%	-26,6%	-3,4%	-0,7%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	792 594	744 510	782 964	754 864	719 662	703 920	738 819	753 049	-5,0%	-6,1%	5,2%	-3,6%	-4,7%	-2,2%	5,0%	1,9%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 691 795	1 727 539	1 766 513	1 808 598	-	-	-	-	-	2,1%	2,3%	2,4%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	677 447	645 014	662 009	644 891	701 598	840 158	866 972	806 072	19,0%	-4,8%	2,6%	-2,6%	8,8%	19,7%	3,2%	-7,0%

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 955 687	1 838 550	1 838 550	1 728 710	1 463 852	440 747	443 995	453 747	-76,8%	-6,0%	0,0%	-6,0%	-15,3%	-69,9%	0,7%	2,2%

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,4%	99,4%	100,2%	102,0%	102,7%	101,3%	97,2%	98,9%	-1,5%	-0,9%	0,8%	1,8%	0,7%	-1,4%	-4,0%	1,7%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	75,3%	NA	71,9%	71,0%	69,3%	68,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-1,3%	-2,3%	-1,7%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	101,7%	99,7%	100,3%	102,6%	92,3%	84,0%	97,1%	109,0%	7,2%	-2,0%	0,6%	2,3%	-10,0%	-9,0%	15,6%	12,2%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,1%	87,5%	87,5%	101,8%	100,5%	102,4%	101,6%	100,0%	-0,1%	-12,6%	0,0%	16,4%	-1,2%	1,9%	-0,8%	-1,6%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	183	192	198	190	196	204	220	217	18,3%	4,8%	3,3%	-4,2%	3,0%	4,2%	7,8%	-1,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	7030	7236	7356	7305	-	-	-	-	-	2,9%	1,7%	-0,7%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	354	357	367	349	375	421	435	397	12,2%	0,8%	2,9%	-5,0%	7,5%	12,3%	3,3%	-8,8%

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	470	473	473	515	394	162	169	174	-63,0%	0,7%	0,0%	8,9%	-23,5%	-59,0%	4,3%	2,9%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	26 968	40 175	40 175	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	49,0%	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	101 369	152 391	152 391	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	50,3%	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	143 662	143 662	NA	159 395	149 526	139 752	135 212	-	-	0,0%	-	-	-6,2%	-6,5%	-3,2%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	190 258	167 014	167 014	NA	184 025	174 149	167 836	168 629	-11,4%	-12,2%	0,0%	-	-	-5,4%	-3,6%	0,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	144 293	152 919	152 919	NA	192 161	180 886	173 096	178 797	23,9%	6,0%	0,0%	-	-	-5,9%	-4,3%	3,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	25 360	39 686	39 647	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	56,5%	-0,1%	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	-	303 654	303 654	NA	293 924	293 027	280 659	292 436	-	-	0,0%	-	-	-0,3%	-4,2%	4,2%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	142,3%	100,3%	100,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-29,5%	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	64	95	95	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	47,7%	-0,1%	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	65 321	65 321	NA	68 430	67 257	65 161	66 211	-	-	0,0%	-	-	-1,7%	-3,1%	1,6%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	49 194	55 796	55 796	NA	50 298	51 875	53 918	57 216	16,3%	13,4%	0,0%	-	-	3,1%	3,9%	6,1%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	22 739	19 288	19 288	NA	21 860	19 833	19 499	19 399	-14,7%	-15,2%	0,0%	-	-	-9,3%	-1,7%	-0,5%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	101 960	101 960	NA	99 151	91 640	93 235	121 042	-	-	0,0%	-	-	-7,6%	1,7%	29,8%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	44 091	69 294	69 294	NA	43 468	47 805	50 376	50 788	15,2%	57,2%	0,0%	-	-	10,0%	5,4%	0,8%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	57 167	42 202	42 202	NA	47 031	43 826	41 700	42 062	-26,4%	-26,2%	0,0%	-	-	-6,8%	-4,9%	0,9%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	211 134	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 056	102 185	102 185	NA	100 324	93 736	92 194	102 945	231,5%	229,0%	0,0%	-	-	-6,6%	-1,6%	11,7%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	81 309	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	42 797	64 492	64 492	NA	41 891	45 754	47 169	49 744	16,2%	50,7%	0,0%	-	-	9,2%	3,1%	5,5%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	55 972	43 335	43 335	NA	49 058	44 085	41 629	41 506	-25,8%	-22,6%	0,0%	-	-	-10,1%	-5,6%	-0,3%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	65 227	65 227	NA	67 257	65 161	66 211	84 305	-	-	0,0%	-	-	-3,1%	1,6%	27,3%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	50 488	56 458	56 458	NA	51 849	53 926	57 214	58 217	15,3%	11,8%	0,0%	-	-	4,0%	6,1%	1,8%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	23 934	18 155	18 155	NA	19 833	19 574	19 348	19 882	-16,9%	-24,1%	0,0%	-	-	-1,3%	-1,2%	2,8%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	100,2%	100,2%	NA	101,2%	102,3%	98,9%	85,0%	-	-	0,0%	-	-	1,1%	-3,3%	-14,0%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	97,1%	93,1%	93,1%	NA	96,4%	95,7%	93,6%	97,9%	0,9%	-4,1%	0,0%	-	-	-0,7%	-2,2%	4,6%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	97,9%	102,7%	102,7%	NA	104,3%	100,6%	99,8%	98,7%	0,8%	4,9%	0,0%	-	-	-3,6%	-0,8%	-1,2%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	233	233	NA	245	254	262	299	-	-	0,0%	-	-	3,7%	3,3%	14,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	431	320	320	NA	452	430	443	427	-0,8%	-25,8%	0,0%	-	-	-4,8%	2,9%	-3,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	156	153	153	NA	148	162	170	175	12,0%	-2,0%	0,0%	-	-	9,8%	4,7%	3,1%

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	8 867	-	NA	NA	10 558	10 586	9 529	9 495	7,1%	-	-	-	-	0,3%	-10,0%	-0,4%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	4 023	4 143	NA	5 473	NA	NA	-	-	-	3,0%	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	3 939	-	4 040	4 037	3 837	3 487	3 414	3 549	-9,9%	-	-	-0,1%	-5,0%	-9,1%	-2,1%	4,0%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 494	-	1 868	1 908	1 449	1 618	1 195	1 113	-25,5%	-	-	2,1%	-24,1%	11,7%	-26,1%	-6,9%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	13 989	-	NA	NA	15 591	15 396	13 678	13 606	-2,7%	-	-	-	-	-1,3%	-11,2%	-0,5%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	4 348	4 158	NA	6 316	NA	NA	-	-	-	-4,4%	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	7 282	-	7 131	6 508	6 755	6 365	5 806	5 522	-24,2%	-	-	-8,7%	3,8%	-5,8%	-8,8%	-4,9%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	335	-	2 657	2 273	2 305	1 876	1 755	2 401	616,7%	-	-	-14,5%	1,4%	-18,6%	-6,4%	36,8%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	13 475	-	NA	NA	15 664	15 880	13 713	13 784	2,3%	-	-	-	-	1,4%	-13,6%	0,5%

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	802	-	4 228	4 246	NA	6 869	NA	NA	-	-	-	0,4%	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	2 614	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	7 289	-	7 137	6 990	7 200	6 387	5 672	5 671	-22,2%	-	-	-2,1%	3,0%	-11,3%	-11,2%	0,0%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 770	-	2 617	2 596	2 136	2 299	1 837	2 283	-17,6%	-	-	-0,8%	-17,7%	7,6%	-20,1%	24,3%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 381	-	NA	NA	10 485	10 102	9 494	9 317	-0,7%	-	-	-	-	-3,7%	-6,0%	-1,9%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	4 143	4 055	NA	4 920	NA	NA	-	-	-	-2,1%	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	3 932	-	4 033	3 552	3 392	3 465	3 548	3 400	-13,5%	-	-	-11,9%	-4,5%	2,2%	2,4%	-4,2%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 074	-	1 908	1 585	1 618	1 195	1 113	1 231	-40,6%	-	-	-16,9%	2,1%	-26,1%	-6,9%	10,6%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	96,3%	-	NA	NA	100,5%	103,1%	100,3%	101,3%	5,2%	-	-	-	-	2,7%	-2,8%	1,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	97,2%	102,1%	NA	108,8%	NA	NA	-	-	-	5,0%	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	100,1%	-	100,1%	107,4%	106,6%	100,3%	97,7%	102,7%	2,6%	-	-	7,3%	-0,8%	-5,9%	-2,6%	5,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	826,9%	-	98,5%	114,2%	92,7%	122,5%	104,7%	95,1%	-88,5%	-	-	16,0%	-18,9%	32,2%	-14,6%	-9,2%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	254	-	NA	NA	244	232	253	247	-2,9%	-	-	-	-	-5,0%	8,8%	-2,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	358	349	NA	261	NA	NA	-	-	-	-2,5%	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	197	-	206	185	172	198	228	219	11,1%	-	-	-10,1%	-7,3%	15,2%	15,3%	-4,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	273	-	266	223	276	190	221	197	-28,0%	-	-	-16,3%	24,1%	-31,4%	16,6%	-11,0%

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	3,7%	0,7%	0,0%	1,2%	0,5%	0,6%	0,4%	0,2%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	344 535 431	345 878 597	686 978 779	673 149 670	725 056 049	NA	755 656 823	747 653 492	117,0%	0,4%	98,6%	-2,0%	7,7%	-	-	-1,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	310 062 277	312 128 782	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	0,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	34 473 154	33 749 815	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-2,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	88 876 724	95 284 694	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	7,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	221 185 553	216 844 088	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-2,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations											
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019				
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																				
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	647 401 631	711 636 303	676 027 512	NA	647 411 572	647 481 494	-	-	-	9,9%	-5,0%	-	-	0,0%				
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes	
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							100%	100%	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes	
63-7.1 workload of judges							50-99%	50-99%	
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							50-99%	50-99%	
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							50-99%	50-99%	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							No	No	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							Yes	Yes	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							Yes	Yes	

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means								Yes	Yes										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial								100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal								100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative								100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil								No	No										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal								No	No										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative								No	No										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil								Yes	Yes										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal								Yes	Yes										Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative								Yes	Yes										Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil								Yes	Yes										Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal								Yes	Yes										Civil - SMS
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative								Yes	Yes										Civil - E-mail
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means								Yes	Yes										Civil - Specific computer application
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil								Yes	Yes										Civil - Other
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal								Yes	Yes										
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative								Yes	Yes										
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil								No	No										

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							not accessible at all	accessible at all									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	50-99%
064-10 - Criminal							50-99%	50-99%
064-10 - Administrative							50-99%	50-99%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	1-9%
064-11 - Criminal							1-9%	1-9%
064-11 - Administrative							1-9%	1-9%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Both	Video

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Both	Video										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Both	Video										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Information available in CMS							Yes	Yes

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%	100%										
064-7 - Email								No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other								No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%	100%										
064-7 - Email								No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other								No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes										
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																	
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	0									
065-4 - Impact on Workload							No	0									
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	0									
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	0									
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	0									
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional		
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations															
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019								
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																								
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																								
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)									
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	NAP	NAP	
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	NAP	NAP									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	NAP	NAP									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	NAP	NAP									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	NAP	NAP									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP									

Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)

Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)

165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	3,7%	0,7%	0,0%	1,2%	0,5%	0,6%	0,4%	0,2%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	19 832	19 323	19 323	19 282	19 867	20 069	20 323	20 570	3,7%	-2,6%	0,0%	-0,2%	3,0%	1,0%	1,3%	1,2%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	14 861	14 840	14 840	14 833	15 385	15 587	15 827	16 042	7,9%	-0,1%	0,0%	0,0%	3,7%	1,3%	1,5%	1,4%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	4 056	4 024	4 024	3 993	4 018	4 018	4 039	4 071	0,4%	-0,8%	0,0%	-0,8%	0,6%	0,0%	0,5%	0,8%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	457	459	459	456	464	464	457	457	-0,1%	0,4%	0,0%	-0,7%	1,8%	0,0%	-1,5%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	348	348	NA	328	328	310	310	-	-	-0,1%	-	-	0,0%	-5,5%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	111	111	NA	136	136	147	147	-	-	0,0%	-	-	0,0%	8,1%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	53 649	53 302	53 302	53 292	53 181	53 178	54 072	54 434	1,5%	-0,6%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,2%	0,0%	1,7%	0,7%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	8 461	8 482	8 482	8 564	8 720	8 565	8 860	8 771	3,7%	0,3%	0,0%	1,0%	1,8%	-1,8%	3,4%	-1,0%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	29 144	28 621	28 621	28 336	28 069	28 084	28 469	28 464	-2,3%	-1,8%	0,0%	-1,0%	-0,9%	0,1%	1,4%	0,0%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	7 478	7 503	7 503	7 626	6 524	6 580	6 678	6 844	-8,5%	0,3%	0,0%	1,6%	-14,5%	0,9%	1,5%	2,5%

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	1 281	1 119	1 119	1 087	1 866	1 937	1 996	2 089	63,1%	-12,7%	0,0%	-2,9%	71,7%	3,8%	3,0%	4,7%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	7 285	7 578	7 577	7 679	8 002	8 012	8 069	8 266	13,5%	4,0%	0,0%	1,3%	4,2%	0,1%	0,7%	2,4%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	3,7%	0,7%	0,0%	1,2%	0,5%	0,6%	0,4%	0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	160 880	162 695	163 513	163 772	164 393	164 656	165 104	165 901	3,1%	1,1%	0,5%	0,2%	0,4%	0,2%	0,3%	0,5%

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	53 649	53 302	53 302	53 292	53 181	53 178	54 072	54 434	1,5%	-0,6%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,2%	0,0%	1,7%	0,7%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	8 461	8 482	8 482	8 564	8 720	8 565	8 860	8 771	3,7%	0,3%	0,0%	1,0%	1,8%	-1,8%	3,4%	-1,0%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	29 144	28 621	28 621	28 336	28 069	28 084	28 469	28 464	-2,3%	-1,8%	0,0%	-1,0%	-0,9%	0,1%	1,4%	0,0%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	7 478	7 503	7 503	7 626	6 524	6 580	6 678	6 844	-8,5%	0,3%	0,0%	1,6%	-14,5%	0,9%	1,5%	2,5%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	1 281	1 119	1 119	1 087	1 866	1 937	1 996	2 089	63,1%	-12,7%	0,0%	-2,9%	71,7%	3,8%	3,0%	4,7%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	7 285	7 578	7 577	7 679	8 002	8 012	8 069	8 266	13,5%	4,0%	0,0%	1,3%	4,2%	0,1%	0,7%	2,4%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	No	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							Yes	Yes
Prosecutors							Yes	Yes
Non-judge staff							Yes	Yes
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							Yes	Yes

Table 11.2: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							Yes	Yes
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	-----	-----

Germany (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							Yes	Yes									
Non-judge staff							Yes	Yes									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							No	No									
Enforcement agents							Yes	Yes									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							Yes	Yes									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							Yes	Yes									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							Yes	Yes									
For courts' non-judge staff							Yes	Yes									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

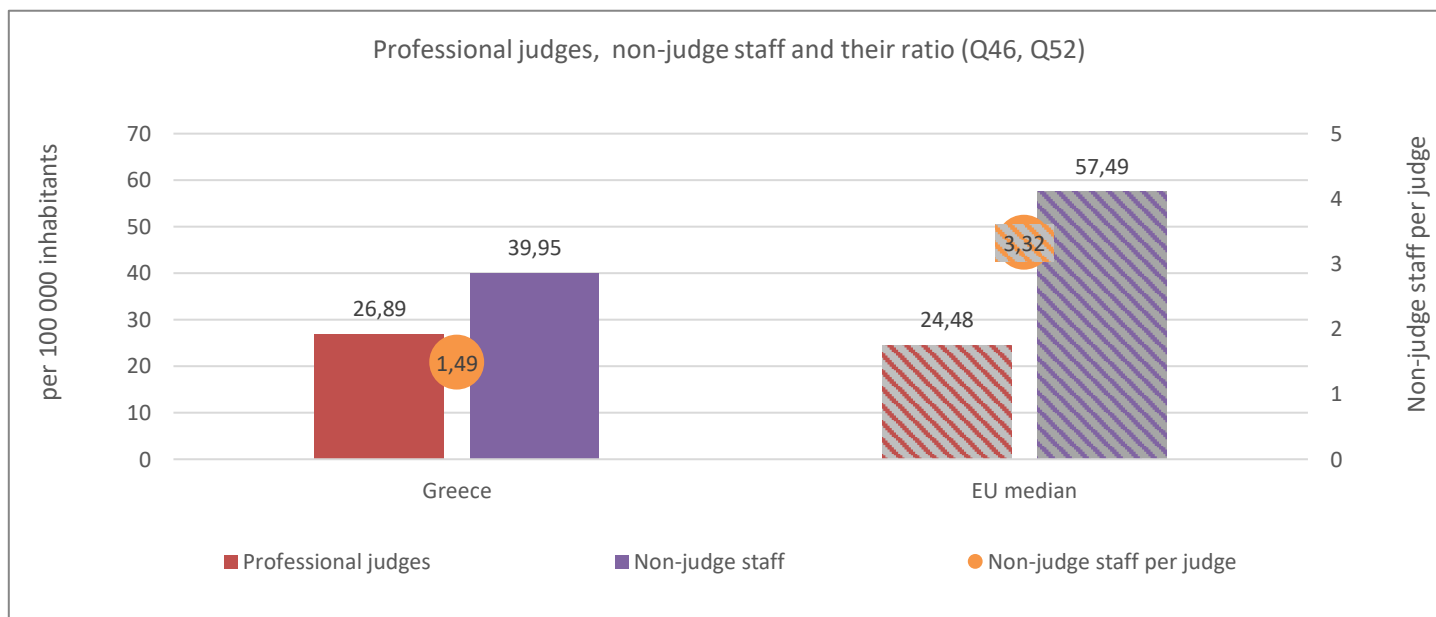
Greece

General data

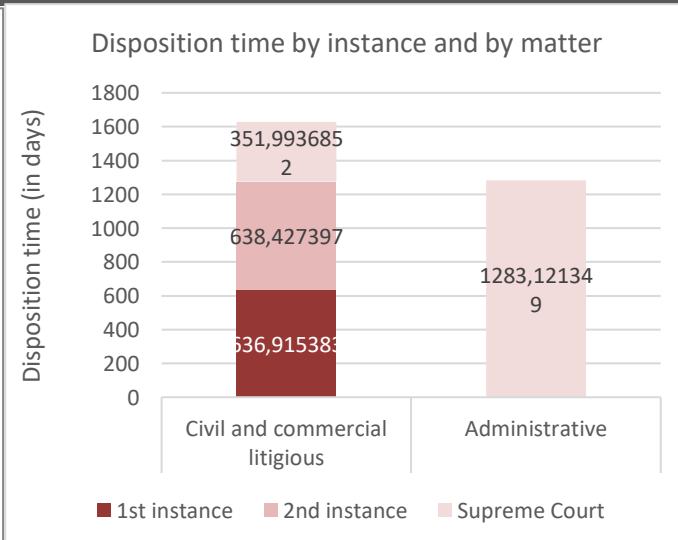
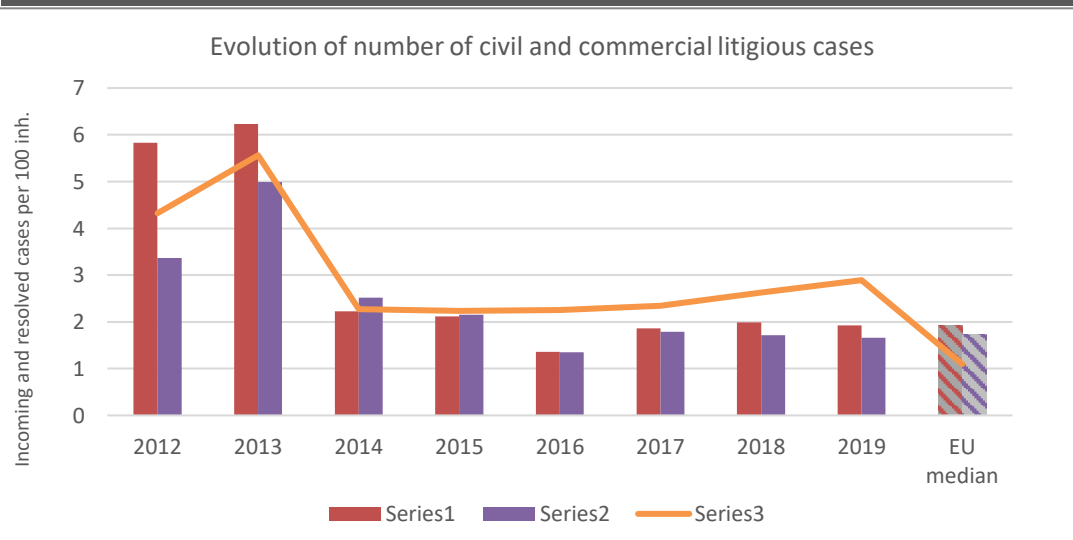
Population: 10 724 599 **GDP:** 16 736 € **Average annual salary:** NA

Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
26,89	39,95	396,29	23,81
24,48	57,49	121,32	14,33
EU median		EU median	

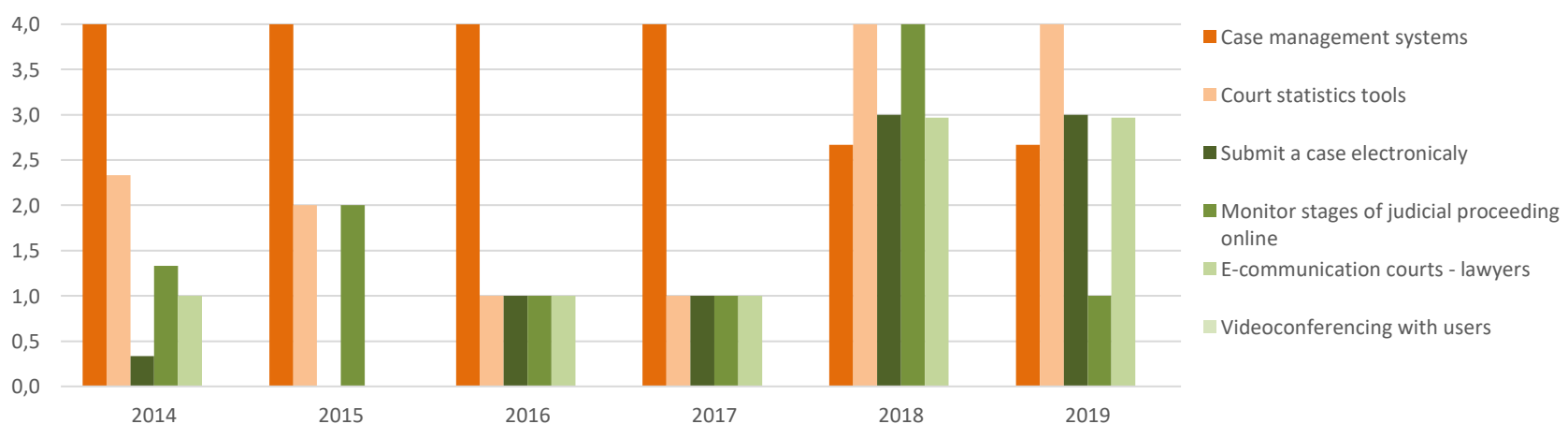


Efficiency



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Greece

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	-3,1%	-0,6%	-0,4%	-0,3%	-0,2%
GDP per capita	17 161 €	NA	16 250 €	16 181 €	16 154 €	16 736 €	16 736 €	16 736 €	-2,5%	-0,6%	3,6%	0,0%	0,0%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	NA		16 243 €		16 243 €		NA	NA	NA	0,0%	NA	NA	NA

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	23,3	35,0	20,6	20,3	25,8	26,6	26,8	26,9	15,6%	25,3%	3,8%	0,7%	0,5%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	48,2	48,6	50,5	51,3	39,3	38,5	38,9	39,9	-17,0%	-22,2%	-1,0%	1,1%	2,7%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	380,7	381,3	387,7	388,9	390,3	389,1	399,9	396,3	4,1%	0,7%	2,4%	2,8%	-0,9%
Mediators	NA	NA	NA	NA	15,4	16,8	15,5	23,8	NA	NA	0,4%	-7,7%	53,6%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				1,3	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				2,3	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	5,834	6,227	2,226	2,119	1,359	1,861	1,987	1,924	-67,0%	-38,9%	46,2%	6,8%	-3,2%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,581	0,6	NA	0,501	0,500	0,558	0,562	NA	NA	NA	12,3%	0,6%	NA

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	58%	80%	113%	102%	99%	96%	86%	86%	28,47	-14,02	-12,82	-9,78	-0,10
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	143%	153%	NA	183%	148%	166%	164%	NA	NA	NA	15,42	-2,49	NA

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	469	407	330	378	610	479	559	637	35,8%	84,9%	-8,3%	16,7%	13,9%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	1 520	1 148	NA	964	1 086	735	601	NA	NA	NA	-44,6%	-18,2%	NA

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	4,32	5,56	2,28	2,23	2,25	2,35	2,63	2,89	-33,1%	-1,1%	16,7%	12,0%	10,1%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	3,47	3,12	NA	2,43	2,20	1,87	1,51	NA	NA	NA	-31,3%	-18,9%	NA

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	78%	NA	102%	93%	75%	113%	97%	101%	23,53	-27,32	22,24	-15,75	4,21
CR administrative law cases	69%	NA	NA	122%	107%	138%	114%	NA	NA	NA	6,93	-23,52	NA

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	834	NA	509	588	1 149	640	662	638	-23,5%	126,0%	-42,4%	3,5%	-3,6%

DT administrative law cases (days)	1 130	NA	NA	683	915	509	564	NA	NA	NA	-38,4%	10,7%	NA
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	108%	-	NA	NA	NA	119%	95%	95%	-13,50	NA	NA	-24,09	-0,73
CR administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	130%	133%	107%	107%	NA	NA	-23,51	-26,87	0,35
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	346	-	NA	NA	NA	279	331	352	1,8%	NA	NA	18,6%	6,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	-	NA	NA	893	1 014	1 265	1 283	NA	NA	41,6%	24,7%	1,5%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Greece

In Greece there are 289 first instance courts of general jurisdiction. The accurate number of first instance specialized courts encompassing administrative courts, military courts and other courts is not available.

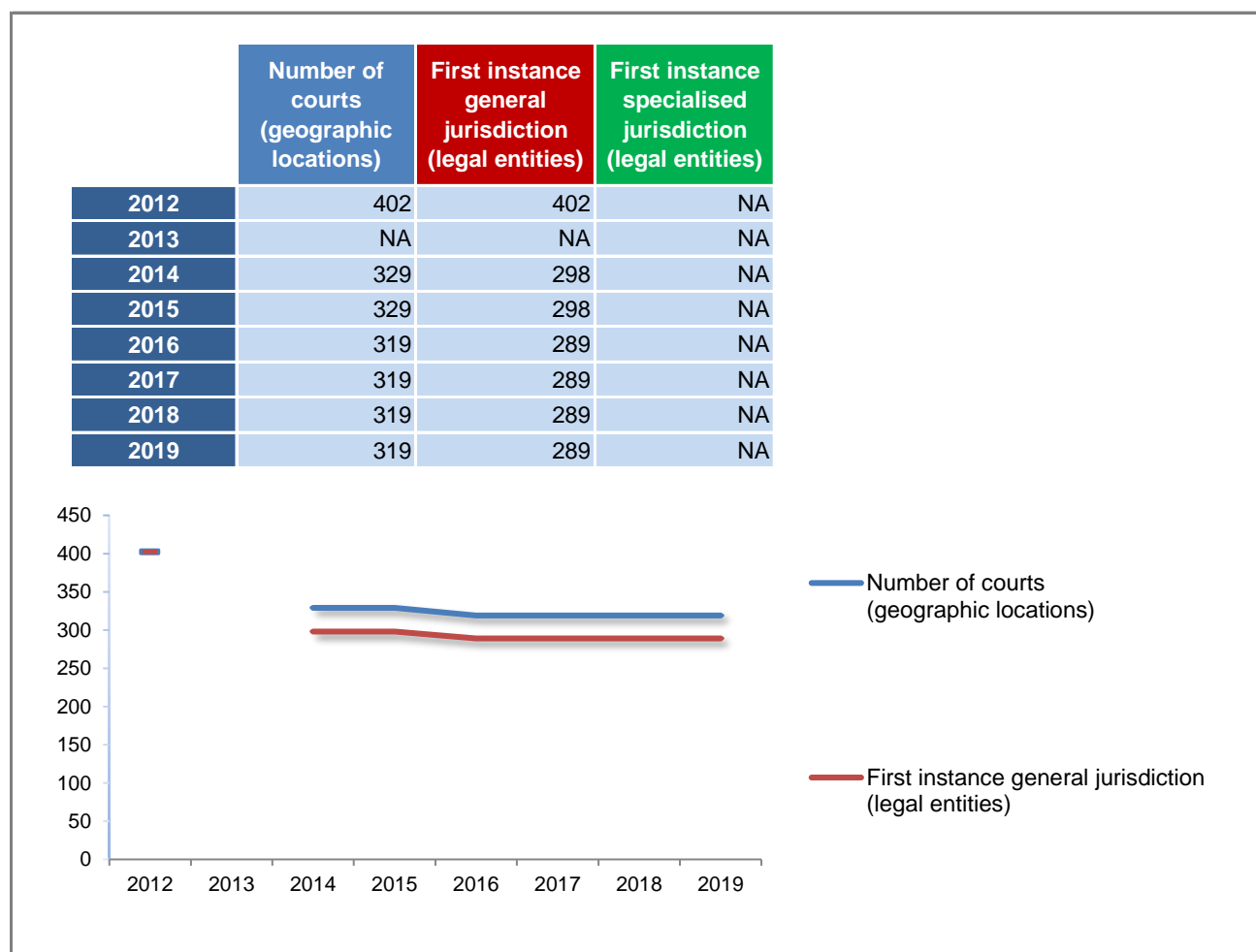
According to the Greek Constitution there are three categories of courts: civil, criminal and administrative. The Supreme Court of the civil and penal justice is the Court of Cassation, while the Supreme Court of the administrative justice is the Council of State.

Civil cases are judged at first instance by the District courts or the courts of first instance, according to the estimated value of the matter disputed at law. At second instance, cases are dealt with by the courts of first instance or the courts of appeal, again according to the estimated value of the matter disputed at law. At third instance, cases are judged by the Court of Cassation.

Cases concerning employment dismissal follow a special procedure and are dealt with at first instance by the Department of Labour Disputes of the single-member first instance court and on appeal by the competent court of appeal.

The merit of an administrative act can be contested before the administrative courts (of first instance and of appeal) through legal remedies of the recourse or of the suit. In the other cases they must be appealed against with the legal remedy of the writ of annulment and are under the jurisdiction either of the Council of State or of the Administrative Court of appeal.

There are in total 319 courts as geographic locations.



Specialised courts	
Total	NA
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP
Labour courts	NAP
Family courts	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP
Administrative courts	30
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP
Military courts	NA
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NA

As first instance specialised courts, in Greece, there are 30 administrative courts, as well as military courts and some other specialised courts. The Greek Constitution is reluctant to provide in the Greek legal system special courts. Instead, within the first instance courts and courts of appeal of large cities, there are special Chambers, where the task of adjudicating in special categories of law (e.g. family law, commercial law, etc.) is assigned. Judges entrusted with such duties have usually the correspondent specific studies. As far as other special courts are concerned, special provisions regulate the operation of courts for juveniles, military, navy and air force courts.

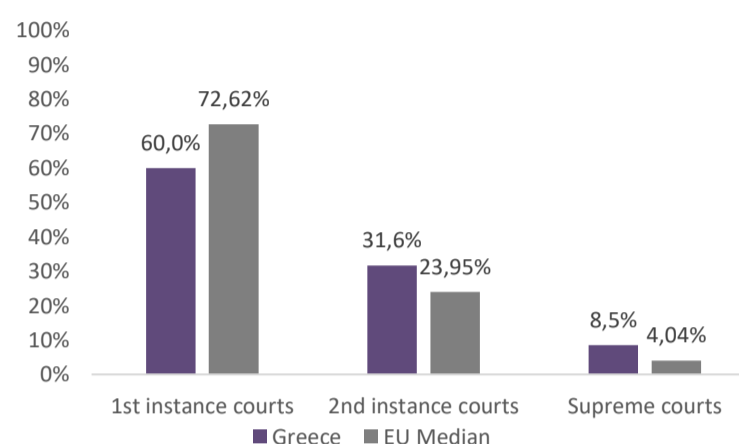
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	1 729	NA	NA
2nd instance courts	911	NA	NA
Supreme courts	244	NA	NA
Total	2 884	NA	NA

Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	60,0%	NA	NA
2nd instance courts	31,6%	NA	NA
Supreme courts	8,5%	NA	NA

Distribution of professional judges by instance



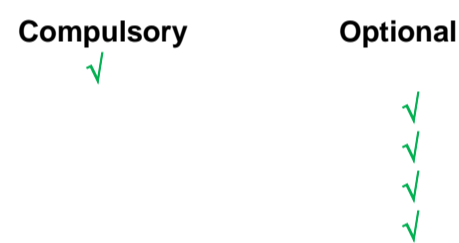
The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is NA which represents NA of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 729 are sitting in first instance courts; 911 are sitting in second instance courts and 244 are sitting in Supreme Court.

As regards the distribution male/female the data were not available (NA).

In Greece, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:



The in service training is not a compulsory procedure in general. Nevertheless, the National School of Judges may, taking into account the special needs of the judiciary, organize special training seminars compulsory for certain categories of the judiciary.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	5 327	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP
2013	5 376	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP
2014	5 474	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP
2015	5 572	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP
2016	4 236	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP
2017	4 145	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP
2018	4 179	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP
2019	4 284	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP

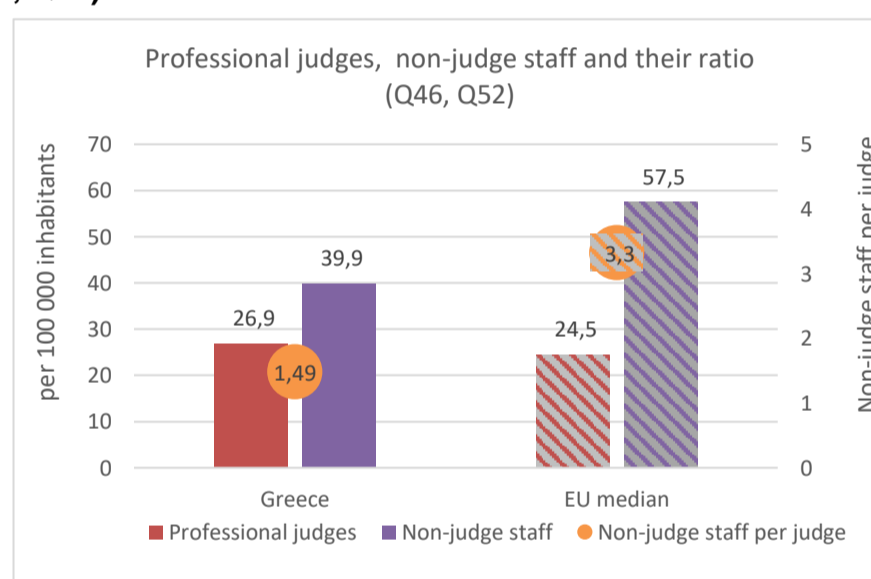
In Greece, in this cycle there are 4 284 non-judge staff (among which 3 283 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,5%.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 38,9 in 2018 to 39,9 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 26,8 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 26,9 in 2019.

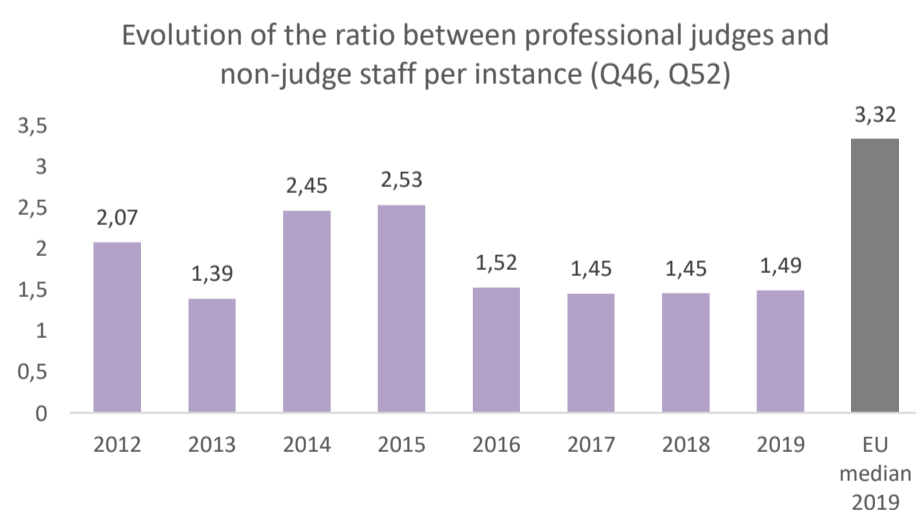
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Greece	EU median
Professional judges	26,9	24,5
Non-judge staff	39,9	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	1,49	3,3



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Ratio
2012	2,07
2013	1,39
2014	2,45
2015	2,53
2016	1,52
2017	1,45
2018	1,45
2019	1,49

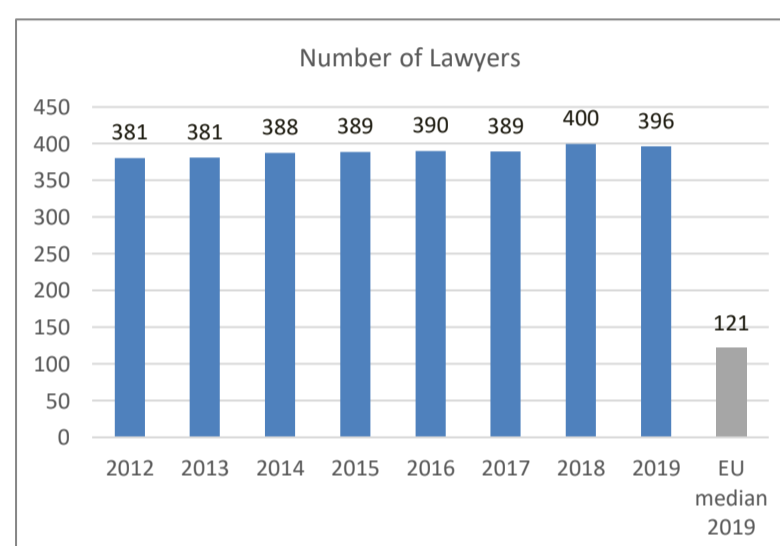


Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	31 710 €	22 795 €	NA
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	87 247 €	49 749 €	NA
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	31 710 €	22 795 €	NA
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	87 247 €	49 749 €	NA

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	42 113	380,68
2013	42 177	381,26
2014	42 052	387,68
2015	42 226	388,89
2016	42 091	390,32
2017	41 903	389,14
2018	42 949	399,85
2019	42 500	396,29



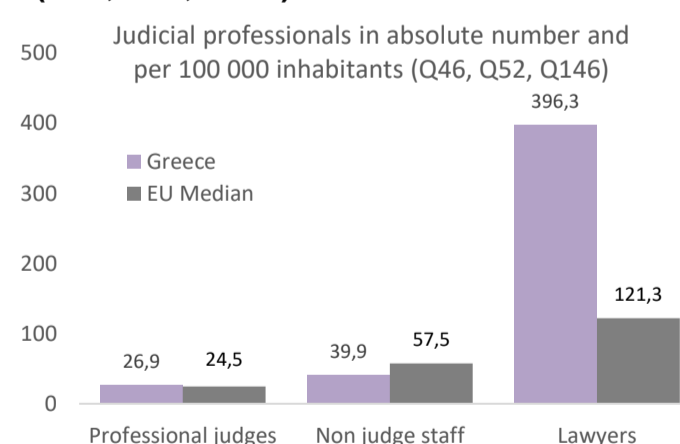
In 2019, there are 42 500 lawyers, which is 1,0% less than in 2018.

This data of 396,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The number is indicative and constantly changing, in the absence of restrictions on the number of positions. The data are provided by the Plenary Session of the Presidents of Hellenic Bar Associations

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 884	26,89	24,48
Non judge staff	4 284	39,95	57,49
Lawyers	42 500	396,29	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 21 296 725 € (2,0 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 7 561 650 € (0,7 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid cannot be carried out in respect of criminal and other than criminal cases, as well as cases brought to court and cases not brought to court.

The difference in the approved and implemented budget is because the approved budget concerns economic obligations not only of 2019 but also of previous years.

In Greece, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

Exoneration from paying court fees in civil and commercial cases covers court bailiffs' fees.

Article 9 par. 2 and 3 of law 3226/2004: Exemption of court fees in civil and commercial cases, of payment of a bailiff as well as the costs of the enforcement procedure.

Regarding "criminal cases", the ex officio appointment of a lawyer is provided. Furthermore, if an expert's opinion is considered by the court to be necessary then the relevant costs are covered by the State.

With regard to administrative courts, there is not any such legislative provision, while in civil and commercial cases legal aid is granted for expert fees.

Other costs might be provided for payment of a lawyer, notary, bailiff, witness.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Victims are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Free access to all courts applies only for those who have been provided with legal aid.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 30€

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

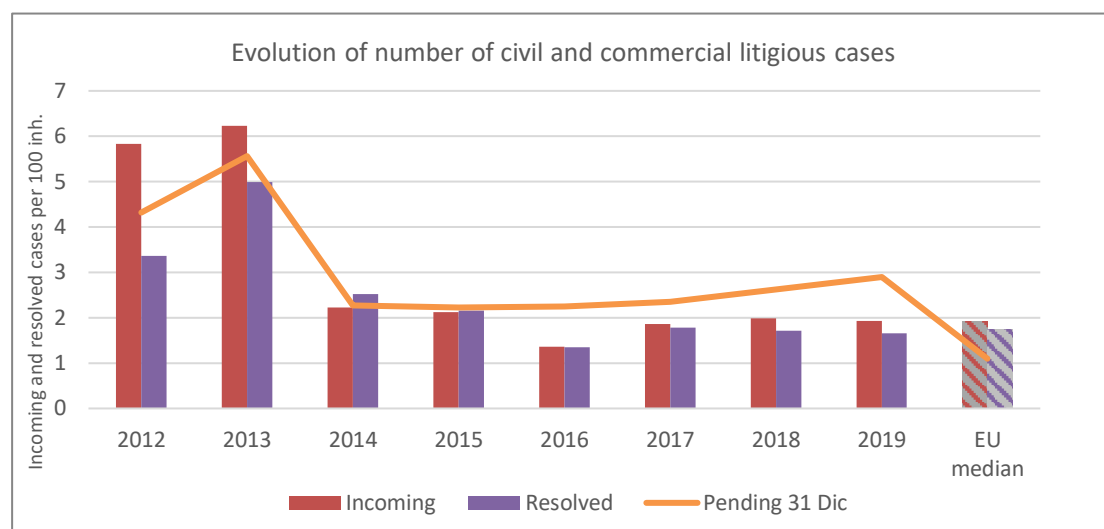
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance cases

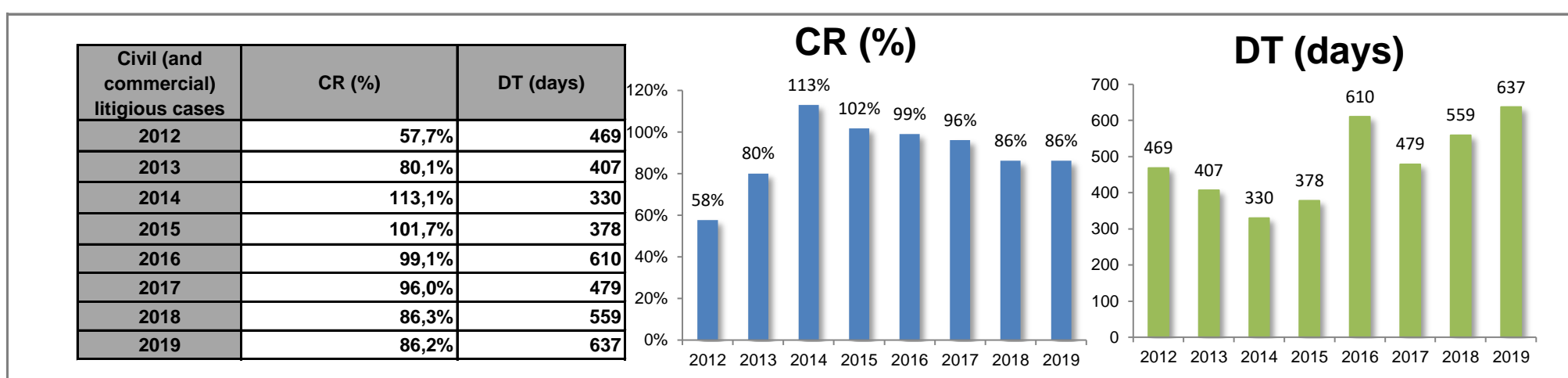
- *Total other than criminal cases*

Total number of other than criminal cases is not available (NA), therefore CR and DT for this type of cases cannot be calculated.

- *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Greece (1,92 per 100 inhabitants) is the same as the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 (1,66 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants). Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (2,89 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 86,2% in 2019, Greece seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 0,1 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 637 days, which is well above the EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 13,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

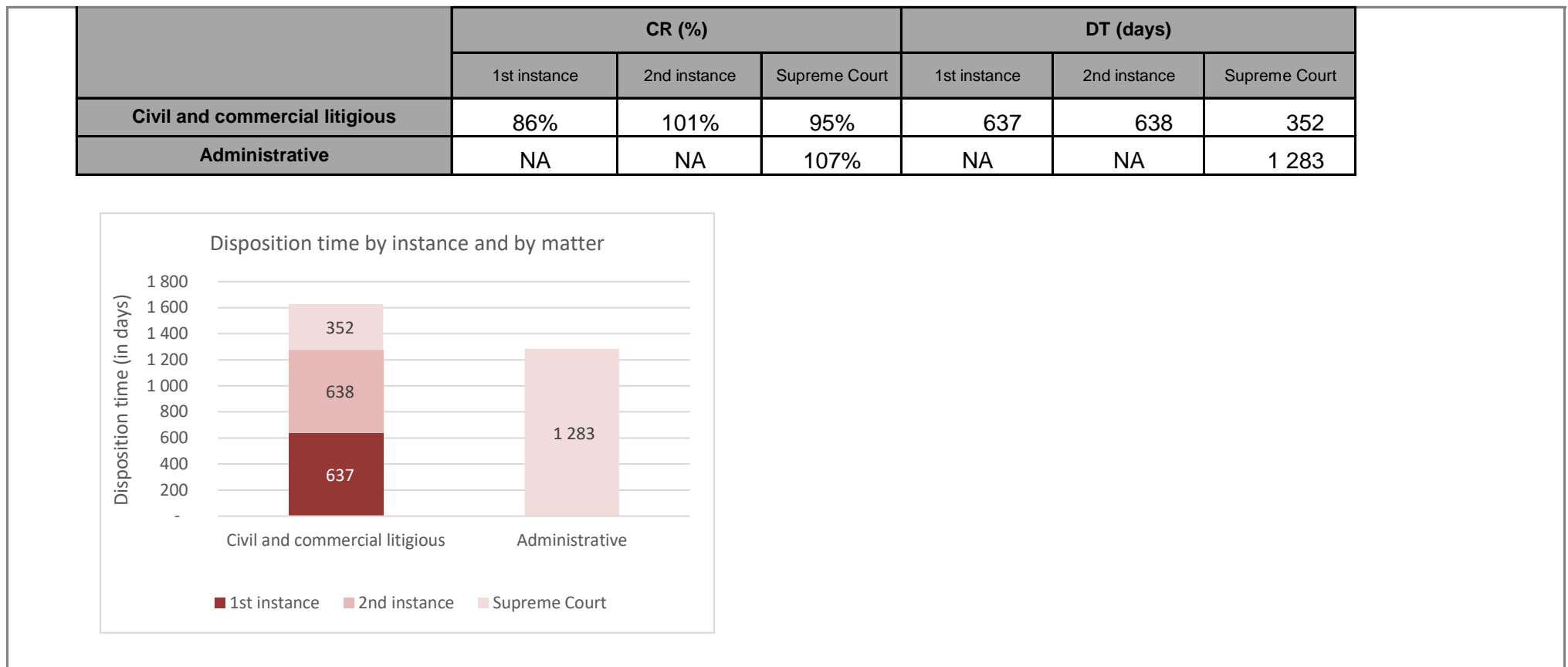
- *Administrative cases*

The Council of State did not provide data regarding the first and second instance Administrative law cases to the Ministry of Justice. Therefore, CR and DT for this type of cases cannot be calculated.

- *Insolvency*

Competent Authorities and Courts did not provide the relevant data for insolvency cases. Therefore, CR and DT for this type of cases cannot be calculated.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



As regards overall efficiency in Greece, it should be noted that all DT levels are well above EU median values. In respect of civil and commercial litigious cases, the first and second instance courts seem to face significant challenges as both instances recorded very high DT levels (637 and 638 days respectively) which are 3 to 4 times larger than EU median (213 and 175 days respectively). In the highest instance court, the situation appears more favorable as DT shows lower value compared with first two instances (352 days) but is still considerably higher than EU median (217 days).

For administrative law cases DT cannot be compared between three instances, considering that only data for the highest instance were provided in 2019. However, it could be concluded that third instance court encounters considerable difficulties with efficiency as DT is significantly higher than EU median (1 283 days compared with 219 days). This implies large backlogs of administrative cases.

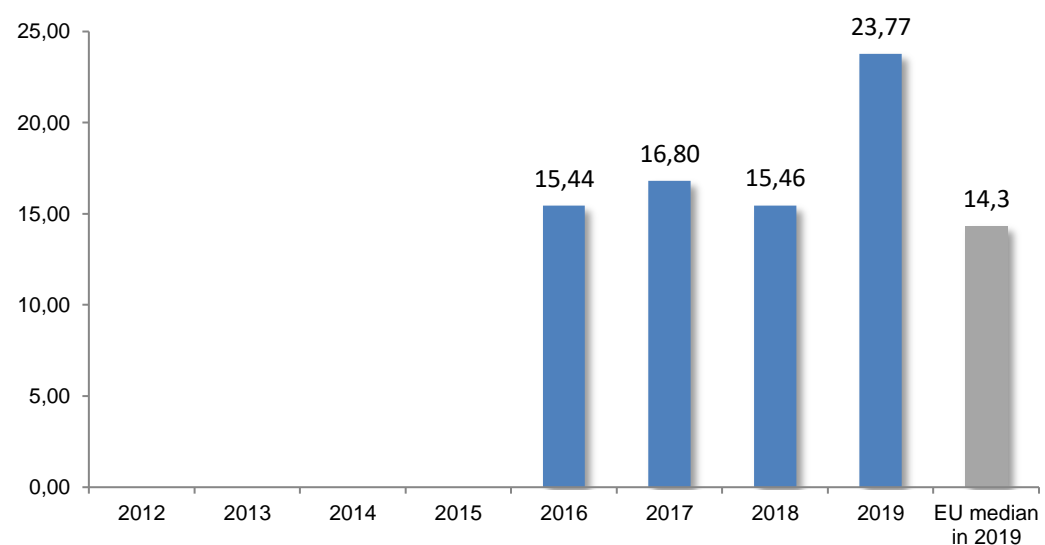
•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Greece provides court related mediation.

For Civil cases judicial mediation is optional and it is possible to resort to it before filing any action or during pendency before the Court of first instance or the Court of Appeal.

The court related mediation system in Greece provides mandatory court related mediation
Before/instead of going to court

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	1 665	15,44
2017	1 809	16,80
2018	1 665	15,46
2019	2 553	23,77



In 2019, there are 2 553 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 23,8 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about 53,3%.

The interest of people to acquire the status of mediator increased in 2019 without any special or official reason identified.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

Although individual courts are asked to prepare an annual activity report, this is not required by law.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- clearance rate

According to Law 1756/1988 (art. 85), supreme judges appointed as inspectors for one year's term, redact every year general reports on the operation of each court and prosecutor's office in their district and recommend the necessary measures for the proper functioning of the service. Regarding administrative courts, this task is fulfilled by the General Commission of the State for ordinary administrative courts.

Furthermore, the Greek government has introduced a new system for organizing and evaluating the planning and implementation of public sector actions and projects, which introduces among others, monitoring court activities. (L. 4622/2019 art. 49 foll.)

In Greece, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

- The frequency of the reporting is annual

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- productivity of judges and court staff
- clearance rate

Quality standards are set by the Code of Organization of Courts and Status of Judicial Officers (Law 1756/1988).

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

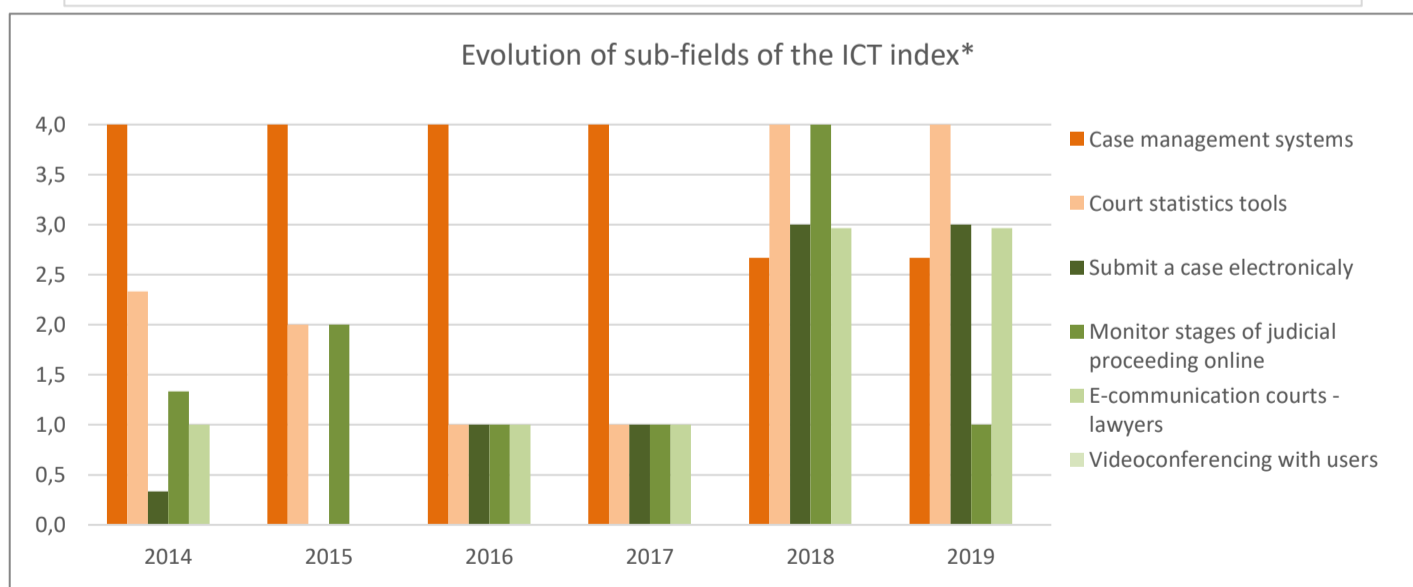
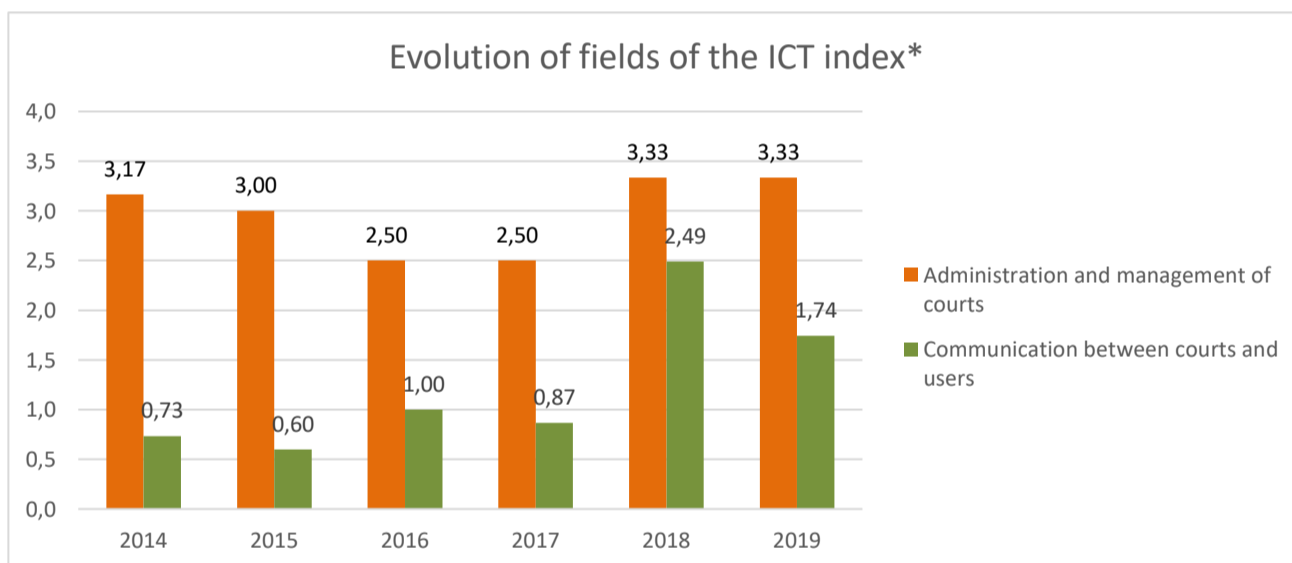
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	3,3
Case management systems	2,7
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	4,0
◦ Communication between court and users.	1,7
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	3,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	1,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	3,0
Videoconferencing with users	0,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



In the context of the Informational System OSDDY PP there are provided templates for certificates, case files and other documents that are used in the judicial proceedings.

Statistical data

In Greece, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

Although courts collect data, each one in its respective jurisdiction, the centralized institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Ministry of Justice, Transparency and Human Rights.

The Special Service for the Collection of Statistical Data of the Hellenic Ministry of Justice (JustStat) has been established by law, but has not yet been organized and is currently not operating.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet
- on paper

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	-3,1%	0,0%	-1,9%	0,1%	-0,7%	-0,1%	-0,3%	-0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	17 161 €	NA	16 250 €	16 181 €	16 154 €	16 736 €	16 736 €	16 736 €	-2,5%	-	-	-0,4%	-0,2%	3,6%	0,0%	0,0%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	641 115 896	516 114 464	630 351 878	604 676 673	619 318 531	654 054 781	667 460 664	553 665 661	-13,6%	-19,5%	22,1%	-4,1%	2,4%	5,6%	2,0%	-17,0%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	-3,1%	0,0%	-1,9%	0,1%	-0,7%	-0,1%	-0,3%	-0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	17 161 €	NA	16 250 €	16 181 €	16 154 €	16 736 €	16 736 €	16 736 €	-2,5%	-	-	-0,4%	-0,2%	3,6%	0,0%	0,0%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	641 115 896	516 114 464	630 351 878	604 676 673	619 318 531	654 054 781	667 460 664	553 665 661	-13,6%	0 €	22,1%	-4,1%	2,4%	5,6%	2,0%	-17,0%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	679 571 628	618 667 173	614 012 525	605 171 633	690 980 622	506 781 141	-	-	-	-9,0%	-0,8%	-1,4%	14,2%	-26,7%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	-3,1%	0,0%	-1,9%	0,1%	-0,7%	-0,1%	-0,3%	-0,2%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	641 115 896	516 114 464	630 351 878	604 676 673	619 318 531	654 054 781	667 460 664	553 665 661	-13,6%	-19,5%	22,1%	-4,1%	2,4%	5,6%	2,0%	-17,0%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	99 050 000	-	145 783 667	114 591 422	106 539 586	126 728 593	128 674 943	144 816 169	46,2%	-	-	-21,4%	-7,0%	18,9%	1,5%	12,5%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	NA	85	NA	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
--	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	-3,1%	0,0%	-1,9%	0,1%	-0,7%	-0,1%	-0,3%	-0,2%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	402	NA	298	298	289	289	289	289	-28,1%	-	-	0,0%	-3,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	402	NA	329	329	319	319	319	319	-20,6%	-	-	0,0%	-3,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	NAP	NA	NA	30	30	30	30	30	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	-3,1%	0,0%	-1,9%	0,1%	-0,7%	-0,1%	-0,3%	-0,2%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	616 391	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	205 198	478 241	278 913	246 691	241 441	244 637	252 811	281 705	37,3%	133,1%	-41,7%	-11,6%	-2,1%	1,3%	3,3%	11,4%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	411 193	383 402	NA	308 860	263 476	240 650	200 803	NA	-	-6,8%	-	-	-14,7%	-8,7%	-16,6%	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	709 644	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	645 339	688 859	241 418	230 068	146 569	200 426	213 468	206 387	-68,0%	6,7%	-65,0%	-4,7%	-36,3%	36,7%	6,5%	-3,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	64 305	71 568	NA	54 402	53 934	60 100	60 320	NA	-	11,3%	-	-	-0,9%	11,4%	0,4%	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	464 392	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	372 296	551 755	273 048	233 954	145 221	192 482	184 131	177 813	-52,2%	48,2%	-50,5%	-14,3%	-37,9%	32,5%	-4,3%	-3,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	92 096	109 771	NA	99 763	79 872	99 772	98 633	NA	-	19,2%	-	-	-19,9%	24,9%	-1,1%	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	861 643	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	478 241	615 345	246 839	242 209	242 789	252 654	282 148	310 279	-35,1%	28,7%	-59,9%	-1,9%	0,2%	4,1%	11,7%	10,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	383 402	345 199	NA	263 473	237 593	200 978	162 490	NA	-	-10,0%	-	-	-9,8%	-15,4%	-19,2%	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	65,4%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	57,7%	80,1%	113,1%	101,7%	99,1%	96,0%	86,3%	86,2%	49,3%	38,8%	41,2%	-10,1%	-2,6%	-3,1%	-10,2%	-0,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	143,2%	153,4%	NA	183,4%	148,1%	166,0%	163,5%	NA	-	7,1%	-	-	-19,2%	12,1%	-1,5%	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	677	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	469	407	330	378	610	479	559	637	35,8%	-13,2%	-18,9%	14,5%	61,5%	-21,5%	16,7%	13,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1520	1148	NA	964	1086	735	601	NA	-	-24,5%	-	-	12,6%	-32,3%	-18,2%	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	89 875	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	38 192	NA	39 307	38 027	38 244	43 336	38 983	41 354	8,3%	-	-	-3,3%	0,6%	13,3%	-10,0%	6,1%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	51 683	NA	NA	47 453	43 442	42 280	36 360	NA	-	-	-	-	-8,5%	-2,7%	-14,0%	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	53 496	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	25 360	NA	26 719	25 337	18 181	20 594	22 431	23 187	-8,6%	-	-	-5,2%	-28,2%	13,3%	8,9%	3,4%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	28 136	NA	NA	19 018	15 714	18 380	19 066	NA	-	-	-	-	-17,4%	17,0%	3,7%	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	39 203	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	19 711	NA	27 284	23 641	13 599	23 228	21 767	23 477	19,1%	-	-	-13,4%	-42,5%	70,8%	-6,3%	7,9%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	19 492	NA	NA	23 195	16 867	25 326	21 786	NA	-	-	-	-	-27,3%	50,2%	-14,0%	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	105 371	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	45 044	NA	38 027	38 054	42 826	40 702	39 492	41 064	-8,8%	-	-	0,1%	12,5%	-5,0%	-3,0%	4,0%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	60 327	NA	NA	43 407	42 289	35 334	33 640	NA	-	-	-	-	-2,6%	-16,4%	-4,8%	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations						
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	73,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	77,7%	NA	102,1%	93,3%	74,8%	112,8%	97,0%	101,3%	30,3%	-	-	-8,6%	-19,8%	50,8%	-14,0%	4,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	69,3%	NA	NA	122,0%	107,3%	137,8%	114,3%	NA	-	-	-	-	-12,0%	28,4%	-17,1%	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	981	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	834	NA	509	588	1149	640	662	638	-23,5%	-	-	15,5%	95,6%	-44,4%	3,5%	-3,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1130	NA	NA	683	915	509	564	NA	-	-	-	-	34,0%	-44,4%	10,7%	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	980	-	2 207	2 135	18 956	17 201	15 597	15 496	1481,2%	-	-	-3,3%	787,9%	-9,3%	-9,3%	-0,6%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	980	-	NA	NA	NA	2 309	1 904	2 012	105,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-17,5%	5,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	16 296	14 892	13 693	13 484	-	-	-	-	-	-8,6%	-8,1%	-1,5%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 712	-	1 865	2 322	6 597	5 766	5 969	5 864	242,5%	-	-	24,5%	184,1%	-12,6%	3,5%	-1,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 712	-	NA	NA	NA	2 083	2 324	2 343	36,9%	-	-	-	-	-	11,6%	0,8%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	4 675	3 683	3 645	3 521	-	-	-	-	-	-21,2%	-1,0%	-3,4%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 851	-	1 937	1 797	6 977	7 404	6 102	5 983	223,2%	-	-	-7,2%	288,3%	6,1%	-17,6%	-2,0%

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 851	-	NA	NA	NA	2 488	2 216	2 217	19,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-10,9%	0,0%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	6 083	4 916	3 886	3 766	-	-	-	-	-	-19,2%	-21,0%	-3,1%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 754	-	2 135	2 660	17 197	15 563	15 475	15 377	776,7%	-	-	24,6%	546,5%	-9,5%	-0,6%	-0,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 754	-	NA	NA	NA	1 904	2 012	2 138	21,9%	-	-	-	-	-	5,7%	6,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	14 888	13 659	13 463	13 239	-	-	-	-	-	-8,3%	-1,4%	-1,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	8 586	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	8 586	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	108,1%	-	103,9%	77,4%	105,8%	128,4%	102,2%	102,0%	-5,6%	-	-	-25,5%	36,7%	21,4%	-20,4%	-0,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	108,1%	-	NA	NA	NA	119,4%	95,4%	94,6%	-12,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-20,2%	-0,8%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	130,1%	133,5%	106,6%	107,0%	-	-	-	-	-	2,6%	-20,1%	0,3%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	346	-	402	540	900	767	926	938	171,2%	-	-	34,3%	66,5%	-14,7%	20,7%	1,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	346	-	NA	NA	NA	279	331	352	1,8%	-	-	-	-	-	18,6%	6,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	893	1014	1265	1283	-	-	-	-	-	13,5%	24,7%	1,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	-3,1%	0,0%	-1,9%	0,1%	-0,7%	-0,1%	-0,3%	-0,2%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	8 300 000	7 970 370	10 225 994	12 010 629	10 321 925	18 501 360	21 323 380	21 296 725	156,6%	-4,0%	28,3%	17,5%	-14,1%	79,2%	15,3%	-0,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations											
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019				
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																				
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	7 348 223	6 788 015	6 120 564	4 177 398	7 026 655	7 561 650	-	-	-	-7,6%	-9,8%	-31,7%	68,2%	7,6%				
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes	
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	NA	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							0% (NAP)	50-99%	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes	
63-7.1 workload of judges							50-99%	50-99%	
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							NA	NA	
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							NA	NA	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							NA	NA	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	NA	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	NA	

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA									

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations											
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019				
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																				
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes												
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	50-99%												
064-2 - Criminal							10-49%	10-49%												
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%												
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							Yes	Yes												
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							Yes	Yes												
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No												
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							No	Yes												
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	Yes												
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes												
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes												
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							Yes	Yes												
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes												
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes												
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes												
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							Yes	Yes												
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							No	No												
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							Yes	Yes												

- Civil - Equipment rate
- Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
- Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
- Civil - SMS
- Civil - E-mail
- Civil - Specific computer application
- Civil - Other

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	No									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							both	both									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)								
064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							No	0
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	50-99%
064-6 - Criminal							50-99%	50-99%
064-6 - Administrative							10-49%	10-49%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							No	No
064-10- Civil and/or commercial								
064-10 - Criminal								
064-10 - Administrative								
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	50-99%
064-11 - Criminal							1-9%	1-9%
064-11 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE									
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE									

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	No
064-3 - Equipment rate								
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	0
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							No	0
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	0
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	0

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No									

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																	
064-7 - Equipment rate								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)								
064-7 - Email								No	No								
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	No								
064-7 - Other								No	No								
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	No								
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																	
064-7 - Equipment rate								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)								
064-7 - Email								No	No								
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	No								
064-7 - Other								No	No								
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	No								
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																	
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																	
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No								
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No								
<i>In criminal matter</i>																	
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No								
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No								
<i>In administrative matter</i>																	

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																		
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							No	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Workload							No	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No										
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																		
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							No	No										

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Compulsory	Optional	Optional			
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	No training offered	No training offered	Optional	No training offered	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional	

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 665	1 809	1 665	2 553	-	-	-	-	-	8,6%	-8,0%	53,3%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	True	False	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	True	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	41	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	1 782	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)									
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										Yes
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										No
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										No
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes										Yes
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										No
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																		
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																		
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	-	No	No	No									

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	-3,1%	0,0%	-1,9%	0,1%	-0,7%	-0,1%	-0,3%	-0,2%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 574	3 877	2 231	2 206	2 780	2 861	2 874	2 884	12,0%	50,6%	-42,5%	-1,1%	26,0%	2,9%	0,5%	0,3%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 518	2 643	1 540	1 517	1 750	1 714	1 720	1 729	13,9%	74,1%	-41,7%	-1,5%	15,4%	-2,1%	0,4%	0,5%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	812	984	459	450	892	900	911	911	12,2%	21,2%	-53,4%	-2,0%	98,2%	0,9%	1,2%	0,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	244	250	232	239	138	247	243	244	0,0%	2,5%	-7,2%	3,0%	-42,3%	79,0%	-1,6%	0,4%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	831	NA	616	NA	795	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	411	NA	369	NA	468	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	291	NA	132	NA	251	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	129	NA	115	NA	76	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 743	NA	1 615	NA	1 985	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 107	NA	1 171	NA	1 282	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	521	NA	327	NA	641	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	115	NA	117	NA	62	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 327	5 376	5 474	5 572	4 236	4 145	4 179	4 284	-19,6%	0,9%	1,8%	1,8%	-24,0%	-2,1%	0,8%	2,5%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 523	1 543	1 133	1 097	1 112	1 001	-	-	-	1,3%	-26,6%	-3,2%	1,4%	-10,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	3 951	4 029	3 103	3 048	3 067	3 283	-	-	-	2,0%	-23,0%	-1,8%	0,6%	7,0%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	-3,1%	0,0%	-1,9%	0,1%	-0,7%	-0,1%	-0,3%	-0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	42 113	42 177	42 052	42 226	42 091	41 903	42 949	42 500	0,9%	0,2%	-0,3%	0,4%	-0,3%	-0,4%	2,5%	-1,0%

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 327	5 376	5 474	5 572	4 236	4 145	4 179	4 284	-19,6%	0,9%	1,8%	1,8%	-24,0%	-2,1%	0,8%	2,5%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 523	1 543	1 133	1 097	1 112	1 001	-	-	-	1,3%	-26,6%	-3,2%	1,4%	-10,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	3 951	4 029	3 103	3 048	3 067	3 283	-	-	-	2,0%	-23,0%	-1,8%	0,6%	7,0%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	No, only on intranet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	----------------------

Table 11.1: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							No	No
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Greece (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							No	No									
Non-judge staff							No	No									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							No	No									
Enforcement agents							No	No									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							No	No									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Hungary

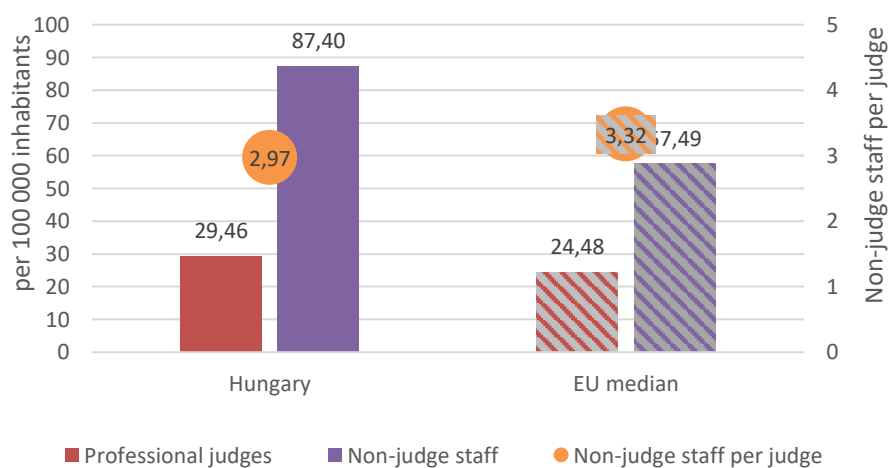
General data

Population: 9 769 000 **GDP:** 13 180 € **Average annual salary:** 13 375 €

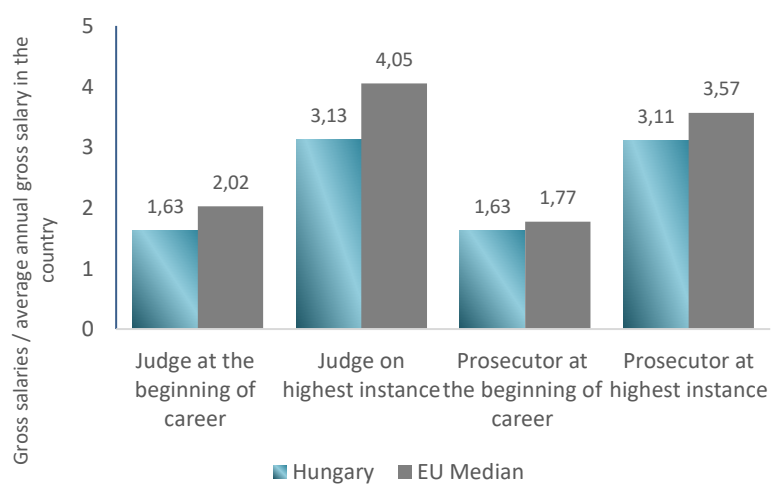
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
29,46	87,40	130,20	2,08
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

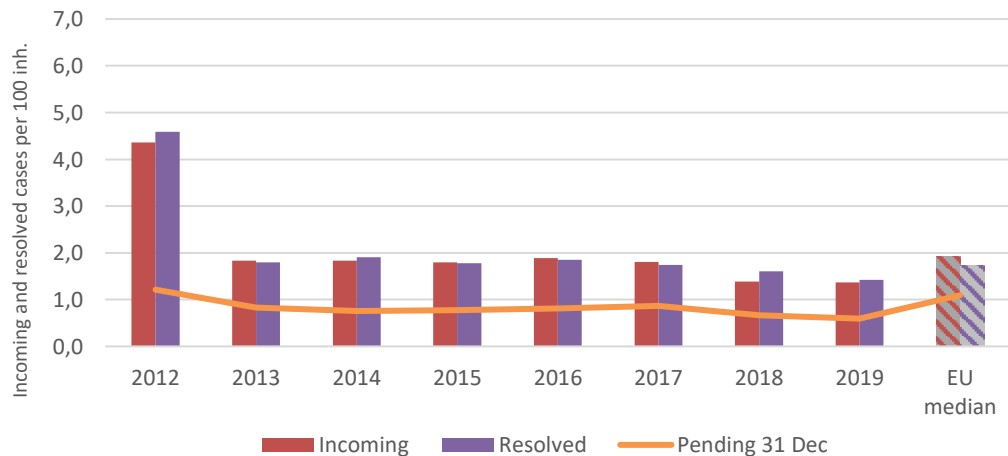


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

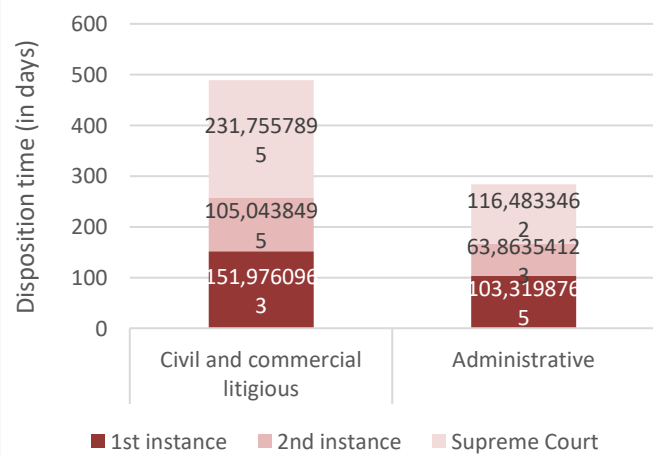


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

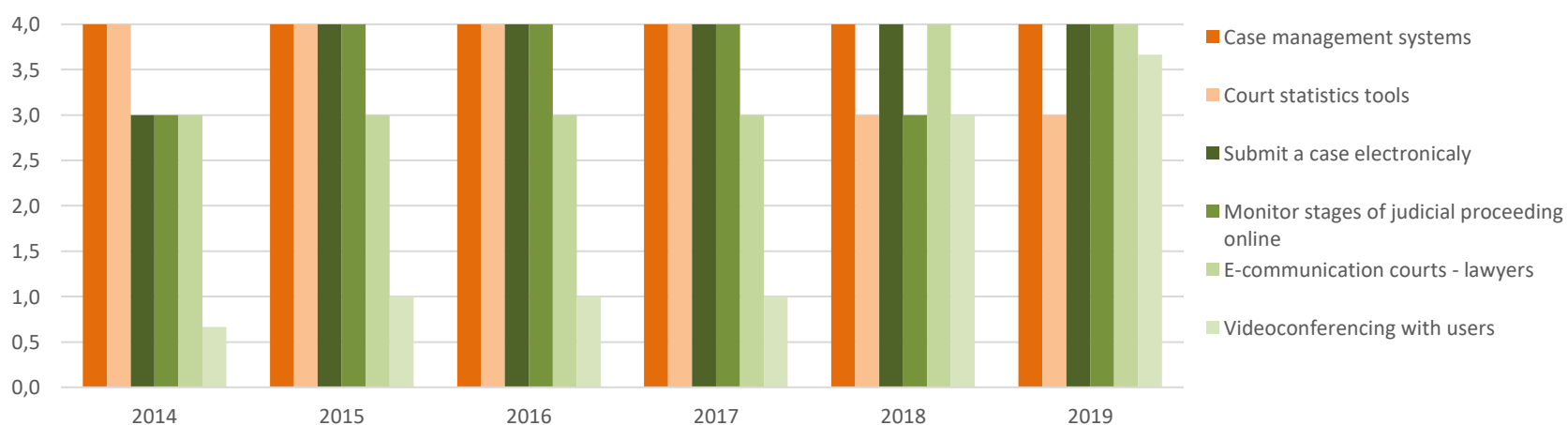


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Hungary

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	-1,4%	-0,6%	-2,1%	-2,9%	1,9%
GDP per capita	9 800 €	9 900 €	10 500 €	10 900 €	11 200 €	11 800 €	12 500 €	13 180 €	34,5%	6,7%	11,6%	5,9%	5,4%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	292,96000	296,91000	315,00000	315,68000	309,40000	309,40000	322,16000	329,99000	12,6%	-1,8%	4,1%	4,1%	2,4%
Average annual salary	9 137 €		9 759 €		10 537 €		12 288 €	13 375 €	46,4%	8,0%	16,6%		8,8%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	27,9	28,4	28,5	28,6	28,7	28,6	30,2	29,5	5,5%	0,5%	5,1%	5,3%	-2,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	82,2	81,0	81,4	81,2	81,7	84,8	88,9	87,4	6,4%	0,4%	8,8%	4,8%	-1,7%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	131,2	131,6	131,9	132,2	114,2	113,3	132,6	130,2	-0,8%	-13,4%	16,1%	17,0%	-1,8%
Mediators	0,1	0,2	1,2	1,6	1,8	1,8	1,6	2,1	1615,9%	45,9%	-10,2%	-9,4%	30,3%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	4,364	1,831	1,830	1,794	1,886	1,805	1,382	1,366	-68,7%	3,1%	-26,7%	-23,5%	-1,2%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,491	2,041	1,831	2,157	1,955	2,041	2,127	1,822	-26,9%	6,8%	8,8%	4,2%	-14,3%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	3,9	7,4	4,3	4,7	4,5	4,2	3,5	3,2	-17,9%	3,0%	-20,6%	-15,5%	-9,9%
Administrative law cases	0,127	0,2	0,2	0,185	0,200	0,171	0,178	0,168	32,3%	9,4%	-10,7%	4,3%	-5,8%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	105%	98%	104%	99%	98%	96%	116%	104%	-0,68	-5,94	17,89	19,83	-11,89
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	106%	99%	101%	98%	103%	102%	101%	100%	-6,17	1,44	-1,56	-1,12	-1,13
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	102%	95%	103%	102%	102%	98%	104%	98%	-3,98	-0,71	1,71	5,38	-5,26
CR administrative law cases	108%	104%	92%	105%	100%	102%	102%	103%	-5,46	7,59	1,94	-0,45	0,83

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	97	169	144	159	159	181	151	152	57,4%	10,2%	-4,8%	-16,6%	0,5%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	51	53	50	54	47	36	32	36	-28,2%	-6,5%	-32,1%	-12,3%	14,8%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	24	34	NA	NA	NA	NA	39,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)	147	115	148	110	109	116	109	103	-29,7%	-26,5%	-0,2%	-6,0%	-4,9%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,21	0,83	0,75	0,77	0,81	0,86	0,67	0,59	-51,1%	7,1%	-17,5%	-23,0%	-10,8%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,37	0,30	0,25	0,31	0,26	0,21	0,19	0,18	-50,5%	1,3%	-27,2%	-9,7%	-2,8%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0,25	0,29	NA	NA	NA	NA	19,2%
Administrative law cases	0,06	0,05	0,07	0,06	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	-11,7%	-13,0%	-9,2%	-2,4%	-9,6%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	101%	101%	111%	102%	100%	99%	106%	110%	8,71	-11,16	5,39	6,50	4,05
CR administrative law cases	108%	94%	99%	102%	97%	99%	97%	106%	-2,04	-1,59	0,29	-1,54	9,15

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	125	127	114	123	121	133	112	105	-15,9%	6,6%	-7,4%	-15,2%	-6,6%

DT administrative law cases (days)	60	91	94	87	83	91	91	64	7,1%	-12,1%	10,7%	0,5%	-30,2%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	94%	-	102%	96%	86%	88%	110%	111%	16,67	-15,71	23,71	22,10	1,20
CR administrative law cases	89%	-	108%	96%	99%	96%	90%	118%	28,92	-8,64	-9,03	-6,04	28,07
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	208	-	158	181	203	246	229	232	11,2%	28,4%	13,0%	-6,8%	1,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	280	-	129	169	168	201	228	116	-58,4%	29,8%	35,9%	13,3%	-48,9%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Hungary

The Hungarian court system is organised as follows:

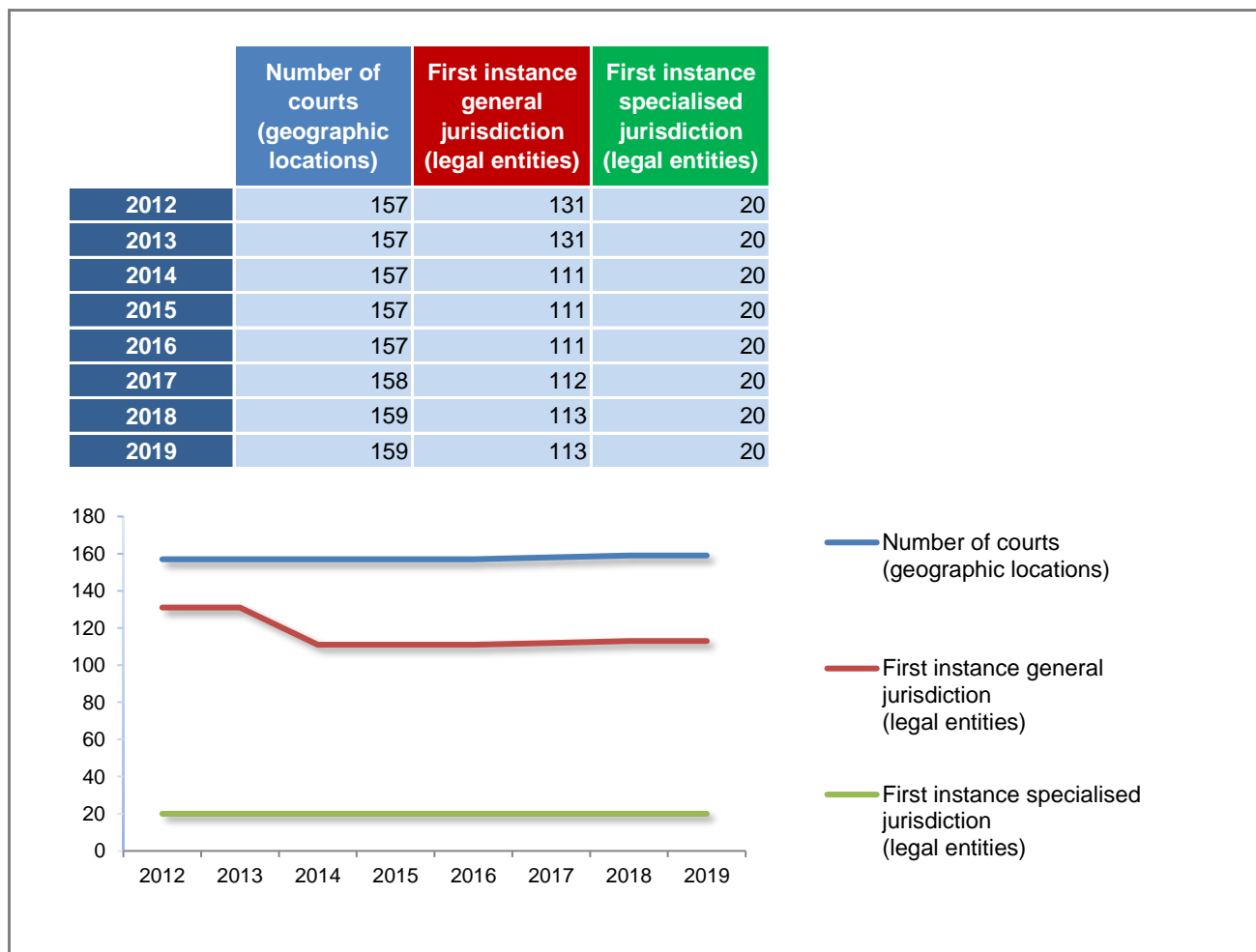
Kúria (1) – the Hungarian Supreme Court - its jurisdiction in criminal, civil and administrative cases covers adjudication of extraordinary remedies and appeals, adopting uniformity decisions. It also decides if municipal decrees are in compliance with higher level legislation.

Regional courts of appeal (5) – their jurisdiction in criminal and civil cases covers the adjudication of appeals received from the regional courts (third instance in criminal cases).

Regional courts (20) – their jurisdiction in criminal, civil and administrative cases covers the adjudication of appeals received from district courts, administrative and labour courts, and procedure at first instance in certain criminal and civil cases.

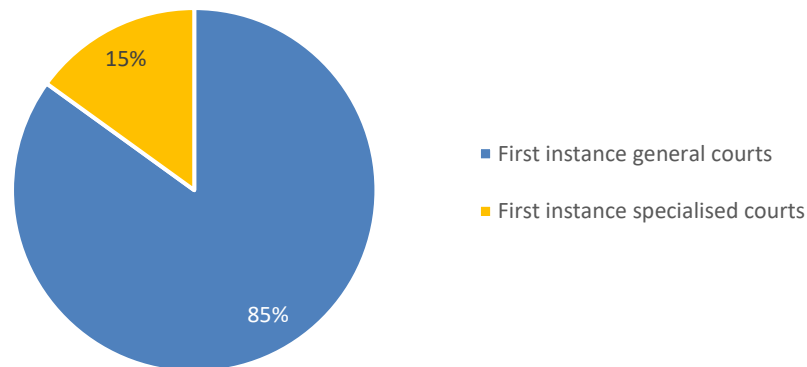
District courts (113) – their jurisdiction in criminal and civil cases covers the procedures at first instance. The number of judges in the largest district court is 357, whereas the smallest court operates with one judge. Out of the 113 district courts, the district courts in the seat of the regional courts have special competences in many cases.

Administrative and labour courts (20) – their jurisdiction covers procedures at first instance in individual and collective labour disputes and in administrative cases. First instance administrative and labour courts (20) started operating on 1 January 2013 as first instance specialized courts.



Two new district courts were established (one in 2017 in the city of Szigetszentmiklós, another one in 2019 in the city of Érd).

Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts

Total	20
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP
Labour courts	20
Family courts	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and cybercrime courts	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP
Administrative courts	20
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP
Military courts	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP

In Hungary, the only specialized 1st instance courts are the administrative and labour courts (20) that deal with administrative, labour and social security cases. Till 2013, there were 20 Labour courts which became in 2013 Administrative and Labour courts. More precisely, their jurisdiction covers procedures at first instance in individual and collective labour disputes, and in administrative actions. These courts are not a part of the ordinary 1st instance courts (district courts). Their professional management is the duty of the administrative and labour regional departments (6). There are military departments at five Regional Courts and at one Regional Court of Appeal. Although they only deal with military related criminal cases, they are not considered as specialized courts as they are a part of the ordinary court system both in administrative and professional management.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Hungary

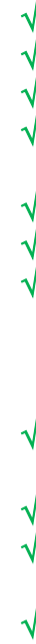
• Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
1 814 214 673 €

Implemented:
NA

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services



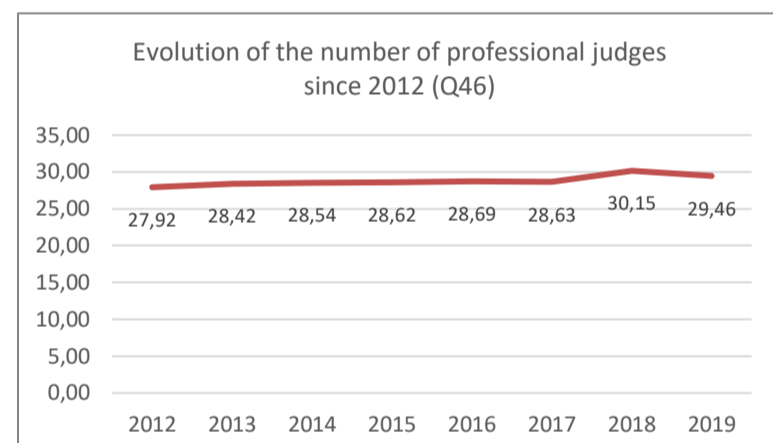
Note: The implemented budget of 2019 not yet approved by the Parliament.

• Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	2 767	27,92	30,9%	69,1%
2013	2 807	28,42	31,8%	68,2%
2014	2 813	28,54	31,0%	69,0%
2015	2 813	28,62	30,9%	69,1%
2016	2 811	28,69	31,0%	69,0%
2017	2 828	28,63	31,1%	68,9%
2018	2 892	30,15	31,2%	68,8%
2019	2 878	29,46	30,8%	69,2%



According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Hungary is 2 878 which is -0,5% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Hungary, in 2019 there are 29,5 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,0 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 2,9 non-judge staff per judge).

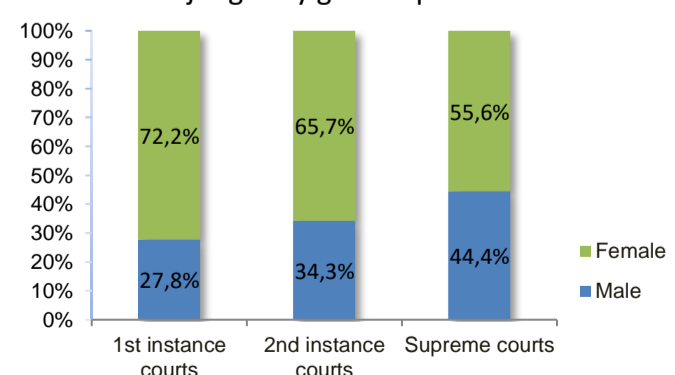
Since 2012 and the establishment of the National Office for the Judiciary, the data collection methodology is the same. Accordingly, the number of first instance professional judges includes judges of the District Courts and the Administrative and Labour Courts. As second instance judges are counted judges of the Regional Courts and the Regional Courts of Appeal. As concerns the Regional Courts, the distribution of first and second instance cases is based on the bylaws which are renewed every year by the president of each court after consultation with the judicial council and the professional department of the court. The number of Supreme Court judges is indicated respectively.

There are additional 54 judges assigned to the National Office for the Judiciary (for work in accordance with judicial administration) and to the Ministry of Justice (to help the legislative work of the ministry). These judges do not hear cases while they are assigned.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

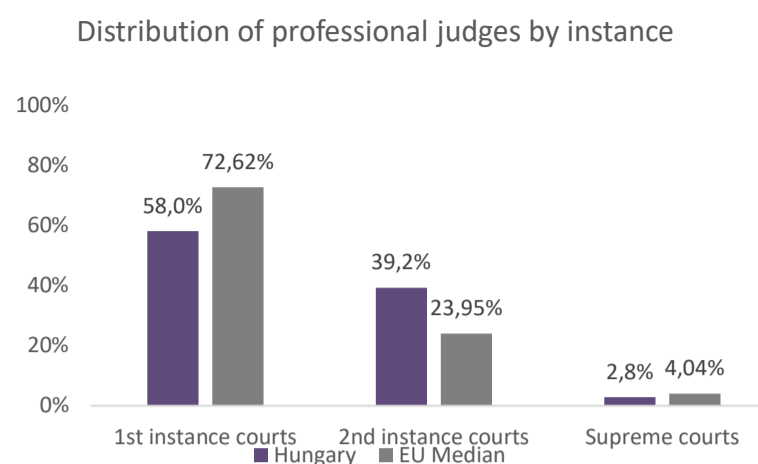
2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	1 670	464	1 206
2nd instance courts	1 127	387	740
Supreme courts	81	36	45
Total	2 878	887	1 991

Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	58,0%	27,8%	72,2%
2nd instance courts	39,2%	34,3%	65,7%
Supreme courts	2,8%	44,4%	55,6%



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 1 991 which represents 69,2% of the total number of judges.

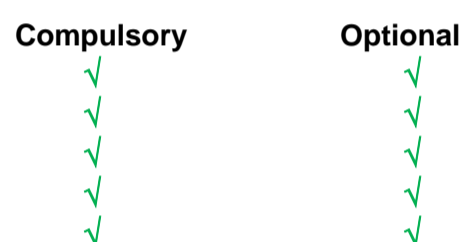
The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 670 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 1 206 are female) ; 1 127 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 740 are female) and 81 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 45 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Hungary seems to have more judges on 2nd instance than EU median and less on first and on final instance.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that there are more women than men in the judiciary in Hungary on all instances. The number of women decreases on the higher instances but it is still higher than the man judges.

In Hungary, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:



In Hungary it seems that all mentioned training is available both as compulsory and optional.

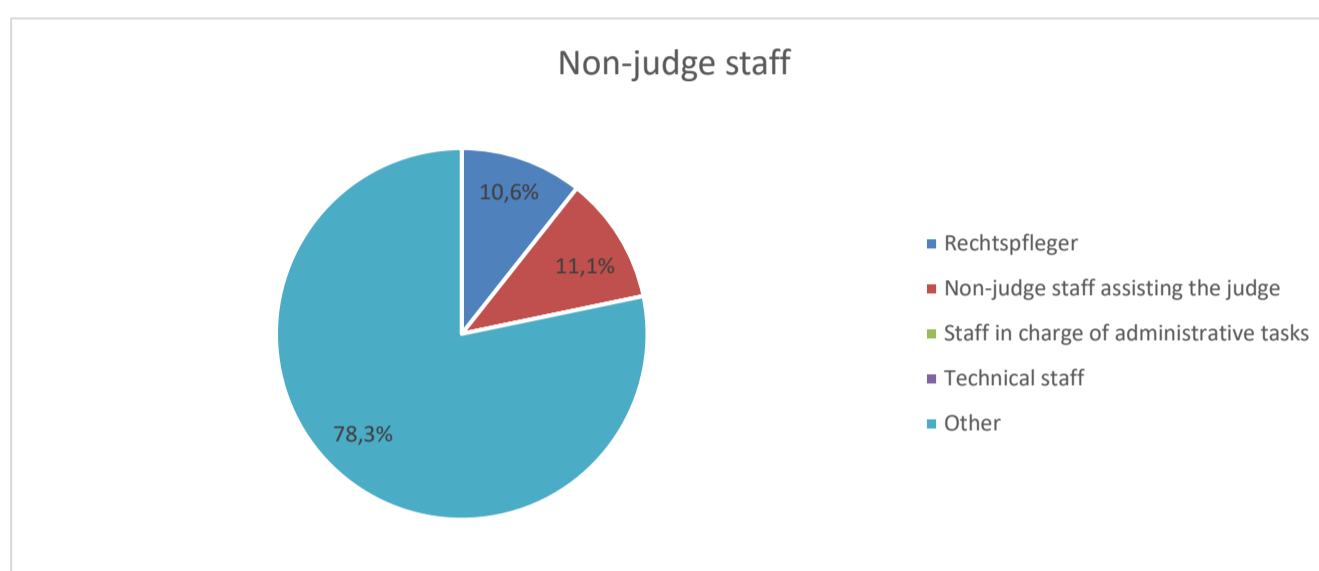
Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	647	10
1. Only for judges	156	0
2. Only for prosecutors	8	0
3. Only for other non-judge staff	208	0
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	0	0
5. Other common training	283	10

"Other common trainings" for the courts include those trainings that were available for both judges and other court employees (e.g. IT topics). The 156 trainings labelled "only for judges" were destined only for judges.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	8 142	767	2 406	NA	NA	4 969
2013	8 000	777	2 254	NA	NA	4 969
2014	8 022	778	907	NA	NA	6 337
2015	7 979	808	899	NA	NA	6 272
2016	8 003	820	897	NA	NA	6 286
2017	8 379	852	930	NA	NA	6 597
2018	8 528	888	935	NA	NA	6 705
2019	8 538	909	947	NA	NA	6 682



In Hungary, in this cycle there are 8 538 non-judge staff (among which 7 195 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,1%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 909 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose
- 947 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 839 are women);
- 6 682 other (among which 5 635 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has slightly decreased (from 88,9 in 2018 to 87,4 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 30,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 29,5 in 2019.

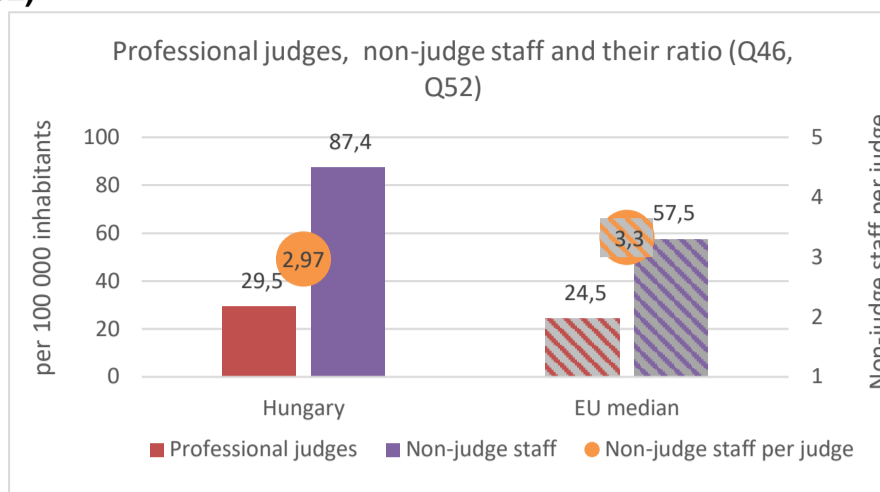
Court secretaries („bíróági titkár”) are employees of the court that are similar to Rechtspfleger. They are lawyers, who after acquiring a degree at a law faculty have made the bar exam (which requires at least 3 years professional practice). They are enabled to perform duties of judges in cases specifically defined by law.

According to the Constitution when a court secretary is dealing with a case he/she has the same independence as a judge. In criminal cases they can make out of trial decisions (e.g. order an expert to be included in the case), or they can hear witnesses on request of another court. This practically means they assist the judges in pre-trial phase of the case. In misdemeanour cases they adjudicate the case - this is an area of law in which mostly court secretaries deal with cases of first instance. In civil and labour cases they can make any decision that can be made without hearing the case. This practically means they assist the judges in pre-trial phase of the case. In administrative non-litigious cases they can make any decision that can be made without hearing the case. In company registry cases they can make every decision, as well in insolvency cases (with some exceptions).

Other non-judge staff includes staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the management of the courts (3) and technical staff (4).

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

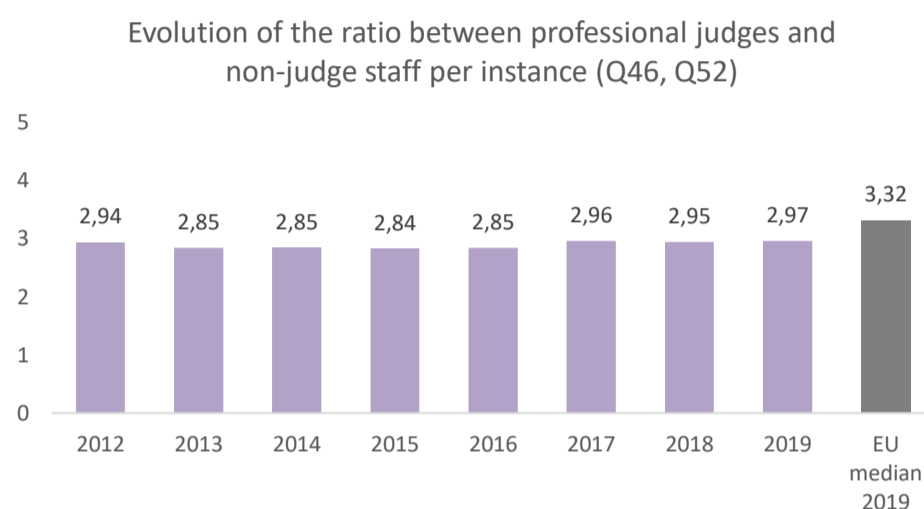
	Hungary	EU median
Professional judges	29,5	24,5
Non-judge staff	87,4	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	2,97	3,3



The number of judges in Hungary is above the EU median as it is the number of non-judge staff which is much more above the EU median. However the number of non-judge staff per judge is still below the EU median.

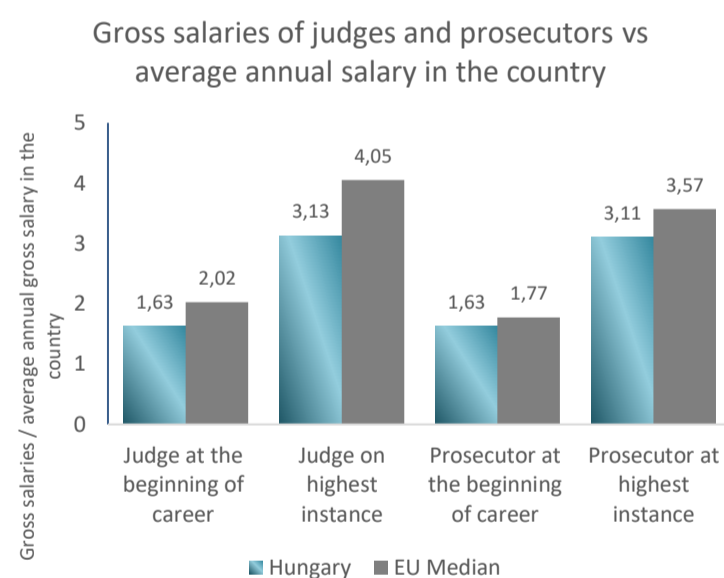
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	2,94
2013	2,85
2014	2,85
2015	2,84
2016	2,85
2017	2,96
2018	2,95
2019	2,97



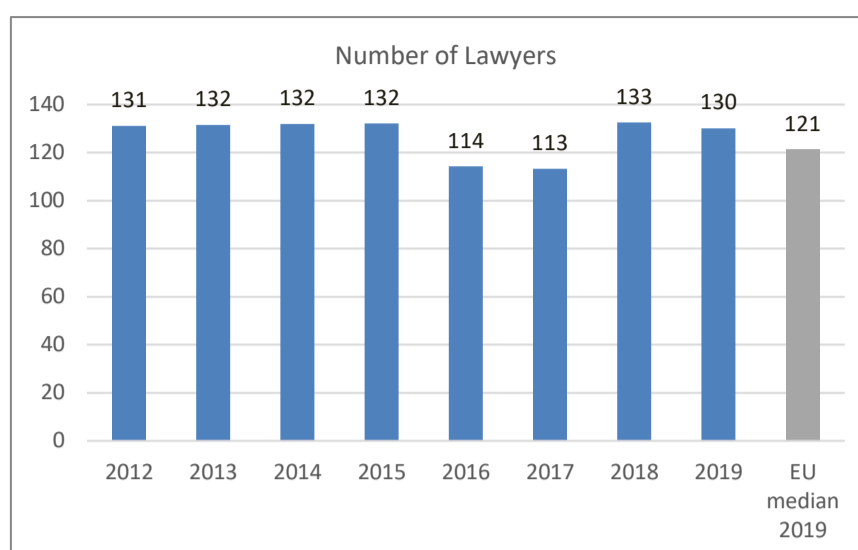
Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	21 812 €	14 505 €	1,63
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	41 879 €	27 849 €	3,13
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	21 843 €	14 525 €	1,63
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	41 543 €	27 626 €	3,11



Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	13 000	131,20
2013	13 000	131,61
2014	13 000	131,91
2015	13 000	132,24
2016	11 191	114,22
2017	11 191	113,30
2018	12 715	132,57
2019	12 719	130,20

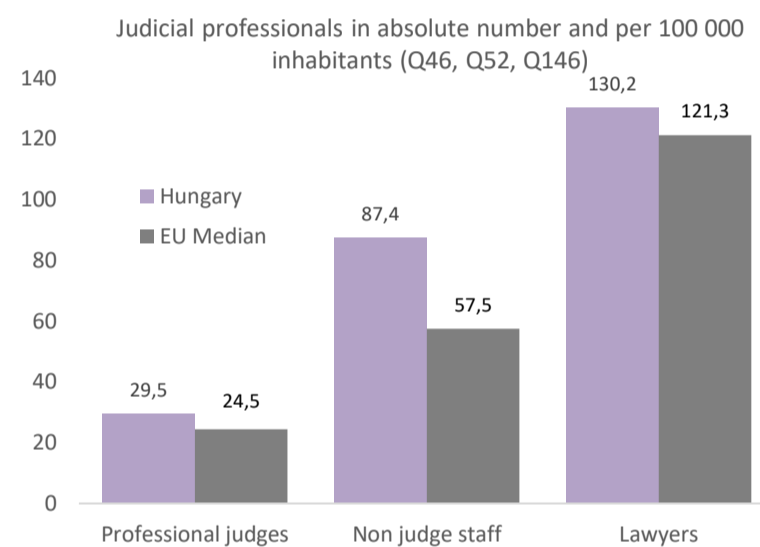


In 2019, there are 12 719 lawyers, which is almost the same as in 2018.

This data of 130,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is slightly above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 878	29,46	24,48
Non judge staff	8 538	87,40	57,49
Lawyers	12 719	130,20	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 770 922 € (0,1 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid for 2019 is not available yet since is not yet approved by the Parliament..

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is also not available as per CEPEJ categories.

In Hungary, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	NAP	

According to the Legal Aid Act LXXX of 2003, the Legal Aid Service may grant legal aid in judicial and extrajudicial cases. The county justice services, as offices of first instance and in charge of receiving the applications for legal aid, do not merely assess the eligibility for aid but, in simple cases, provide legal assistance directly as well – without prior screening of the clients' financial capabilities. However, legal aid (legal advice, drafting a document) is primarily provided by legal aid providers (attorneys, notaries public, non-governmental organizations etc.) who are recorded into the Register of legal aid providers who have contractual relation with the Legal Aid Service. The latter provides professional legal assistance for socially disadvantaged people. The law defines the situations in which legal aid can be granted and those in which no legal aid may be provided.

If legal aid is authorized, it extends to all stages of the proceedings, including the enforcement phase. However, it concerns only the fee of the legal aid provider. Besides, legal representation cannot be granted in such cases, but only extrajudicial assistance (legal advice, drafting of documents).

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

As a rule, litigants are required to pay court fees. However, if a person is not able to pay the amount because of his/her financial situation, he/she may be granted an exemption from paying the court fee. Besides, some civil societies (e.g. churches, associations, foundations) are exempted from paying court fees ex lege. Moreover, the Hungarian legislation provides for a regime of exemptions with regard to specific categories of cases covering numerous law fields, namely: family law, labour law, trade law, administrative law, electoral law, tax law, intellectual property law, criminal law, procedural law etc. The regime of exemptions applies also in respect of enforcement proceedings, liquidation proceedings, proceedings initiated on the basis of favorable decision by the Constitutional Court, court mediation, different auxiliary proceedings related to the main case in criminal matters, etc. According to the law, there could be a reduction of the court fee in some particular situations. For example, the duty is 10% of the duty on judicial proceedings if, during the first hearing, the plaintiff withdraws his claim, the legal action is suspended and subsequently dismissed, the defendant acknowledges the claim, the parties reach a settlement or jointly file for dismissal, the court ex officio rejects the petition. The duty is 30% of the court fee for cases dismissed by suspension following the first hearing or due to the plaintiff's withdrawal, or if jointly requested by the parties. The duty is 50% of the court fee if a settlement is concluded between the parties after the first hearing. Exceptionally, in criminal cases, a court fee should be paid if the cases arrive to court by a private indictment (e.g. slander or defamation cases).

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

There are no details on the methodology of calculation of court fees.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 180€

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

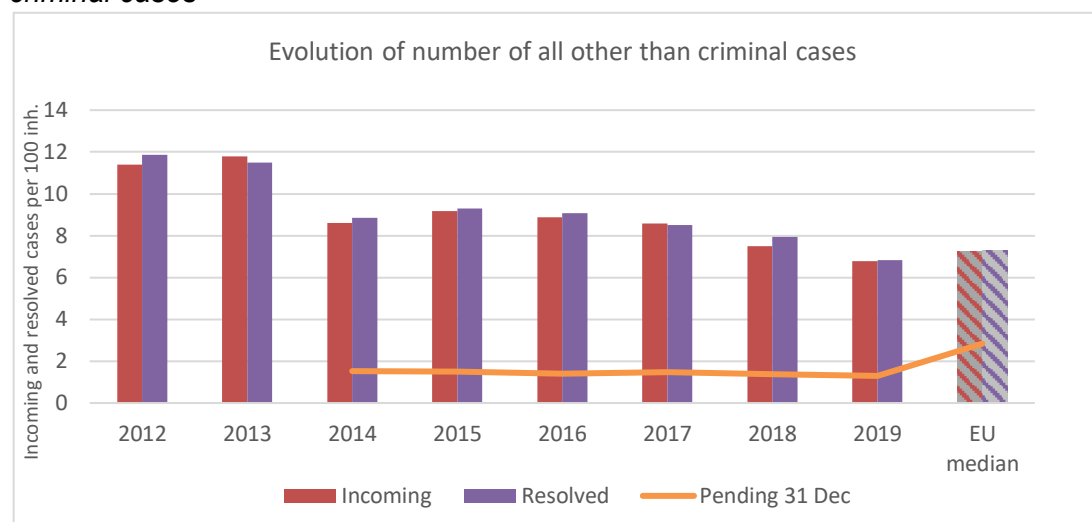
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance cases

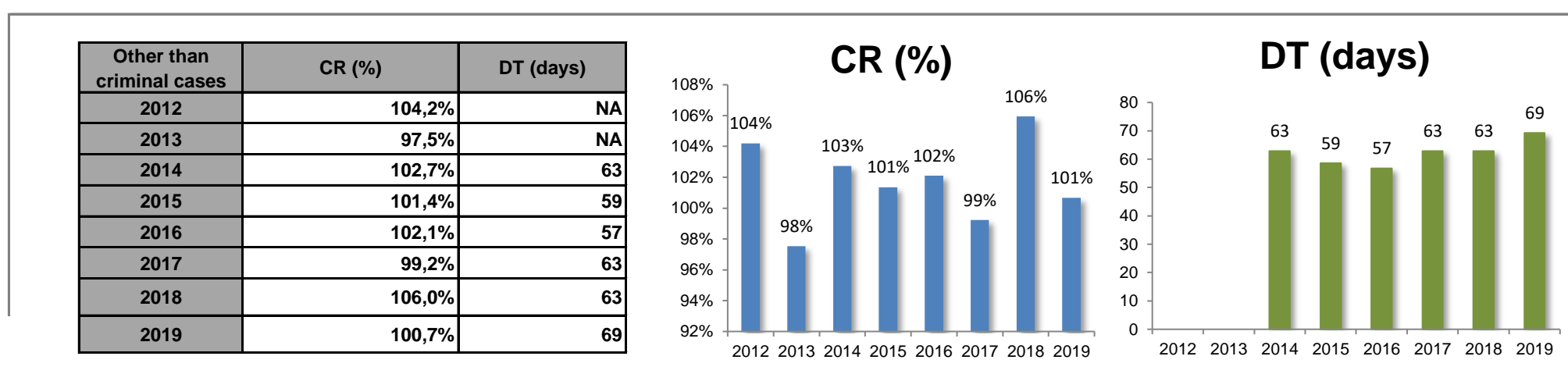
- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Hungary (6,79 per 100 inhabitants) is below EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants)

Similarly, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Hungary (6,84 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (7,27 per 100 inhabitants).

Further to incoming and resolved, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Hungary (1,30 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



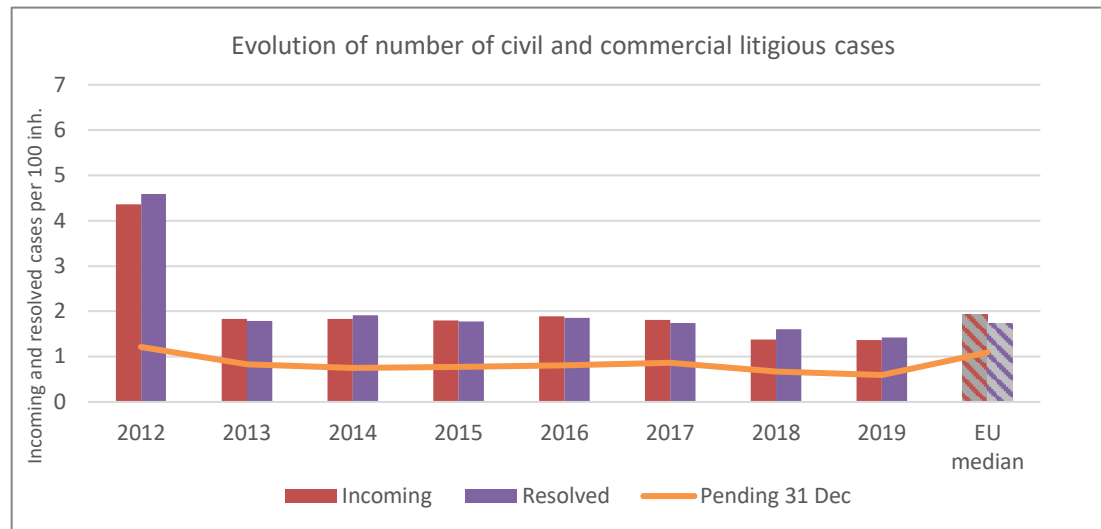
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,7% in 2019 Hungary seems to deal with its other than criminal cases with a good pace.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -5,3 points but it is still over 100%.

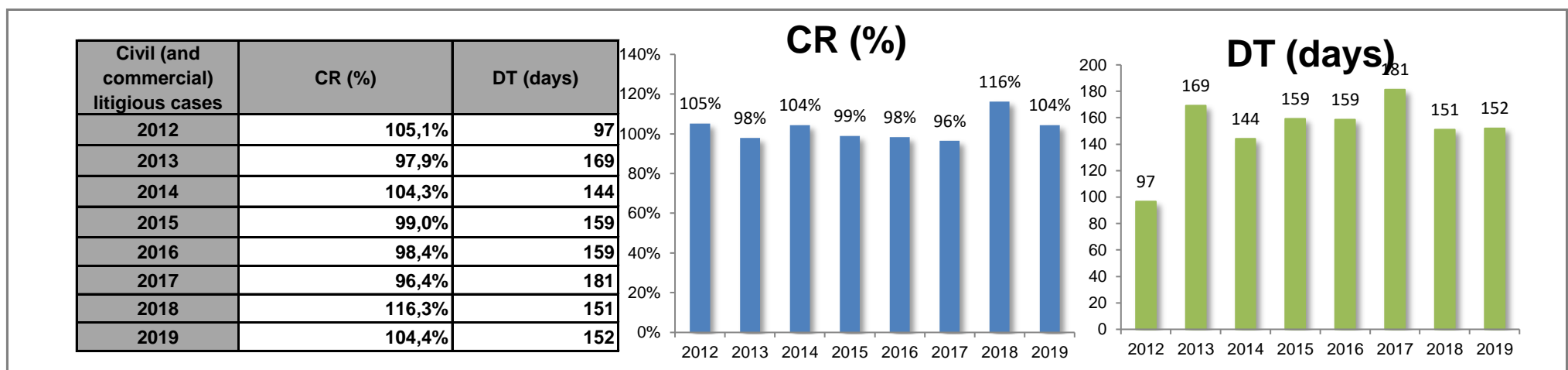
In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 69 days, which is below the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 10,2% increase of the Disposition Time that is still quite low.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Hungary (1,37 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants). Similarly, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Hungary (1,43 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants). The number of pending civil and commercial litigious cases at the end of 2019 in Hungary (0,59 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



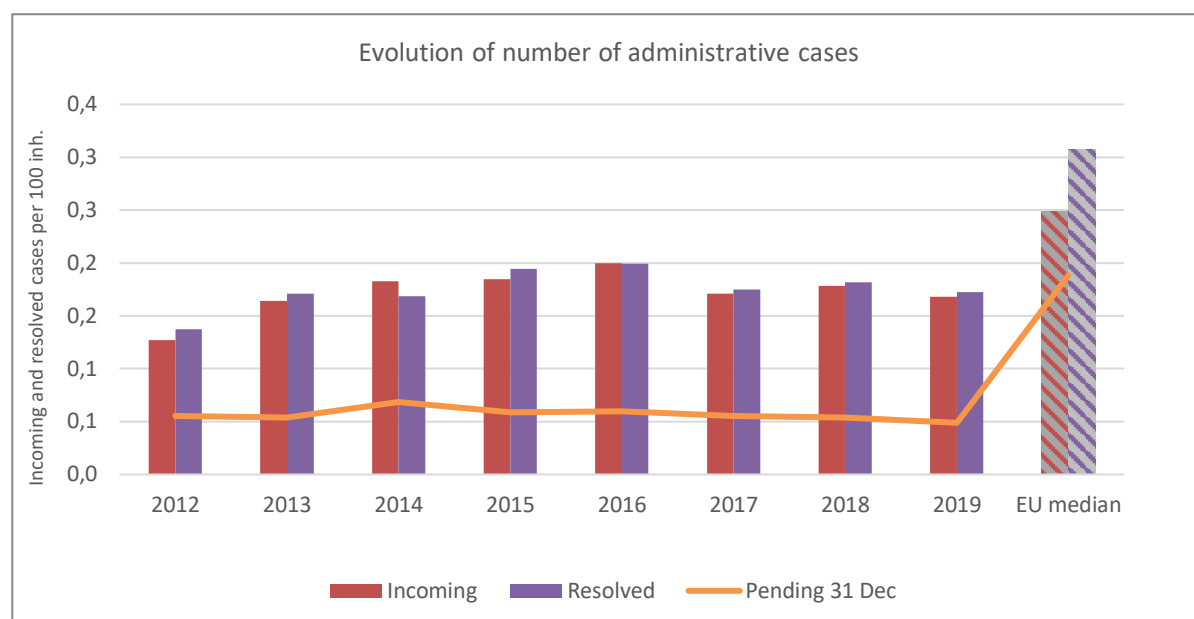
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104,4% in 2019, Hungary seems quite able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases. Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -11,9 points but it is still above 100% and does not create any backlog.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 152 days, which is below the EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals an insignificant 0,5% increase of the Disposition Time but does not have any effect on the efficiency for this type of cases.

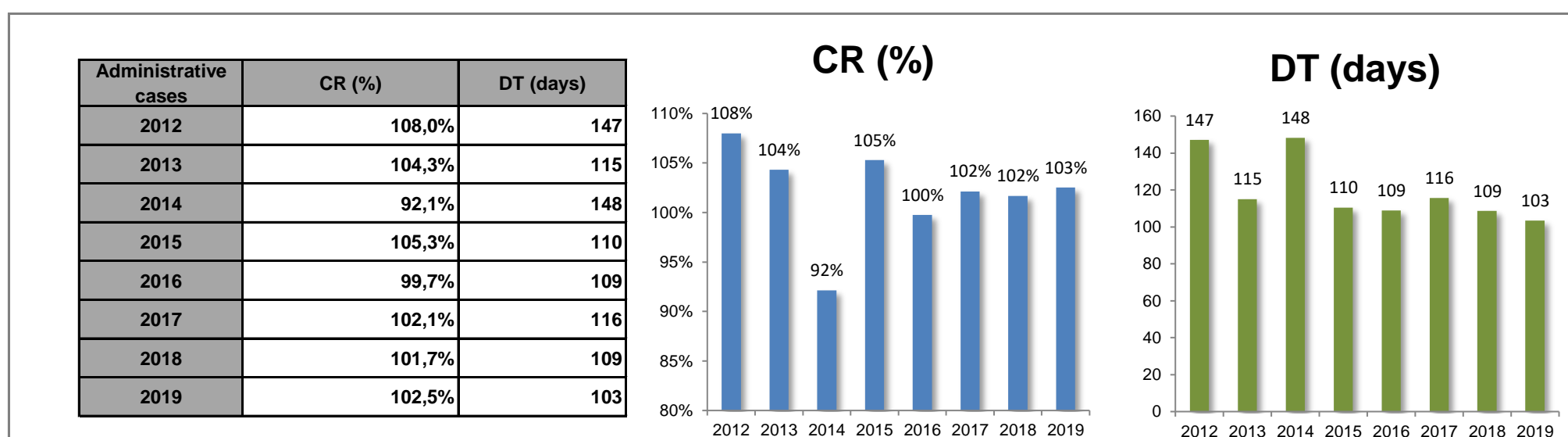
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Administrative cases



Both the number of incoming cases in 2019 (0,17 per 100 inhabitants) and the number of resolved cases in Hungary (0,17 per 100 inhabitants) are below the EU median (0,25 and 0,31 per 100 inhabitants respectively).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Hungary (0,05 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants)



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,5% in 2019, Hungary seems quite capable to deal with its administrative cases.

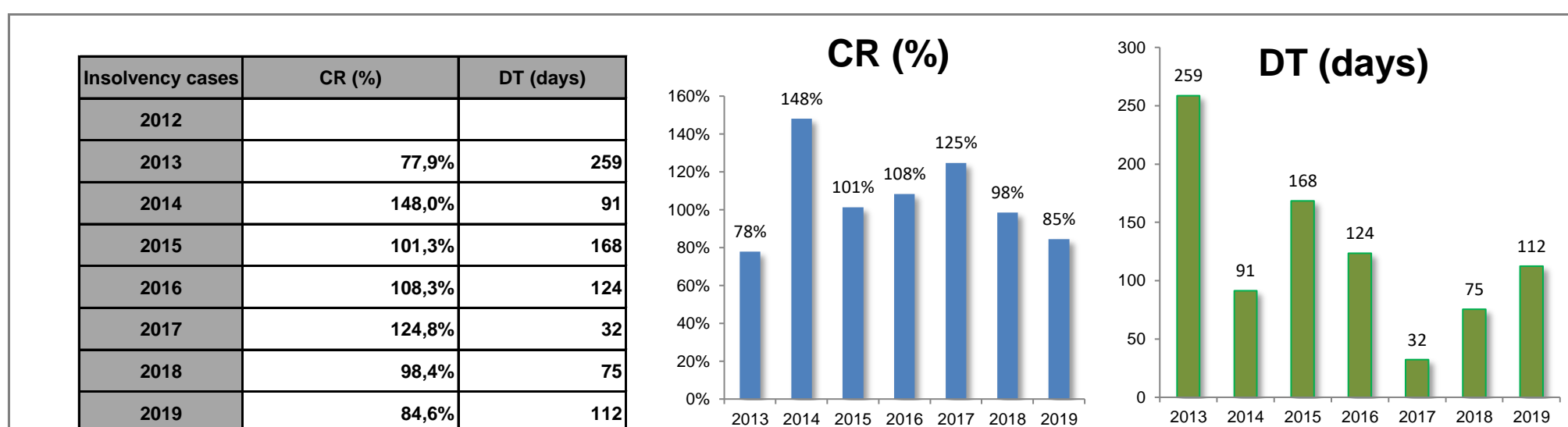
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,8 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 103 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 284 days and Hungary seems to be very efficient for this category of cases.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals even a a further -4,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 84,6% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Hungary seems to have some minor issues to deal with its insolvency cases in the last 2 cycles.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -13,9 points.

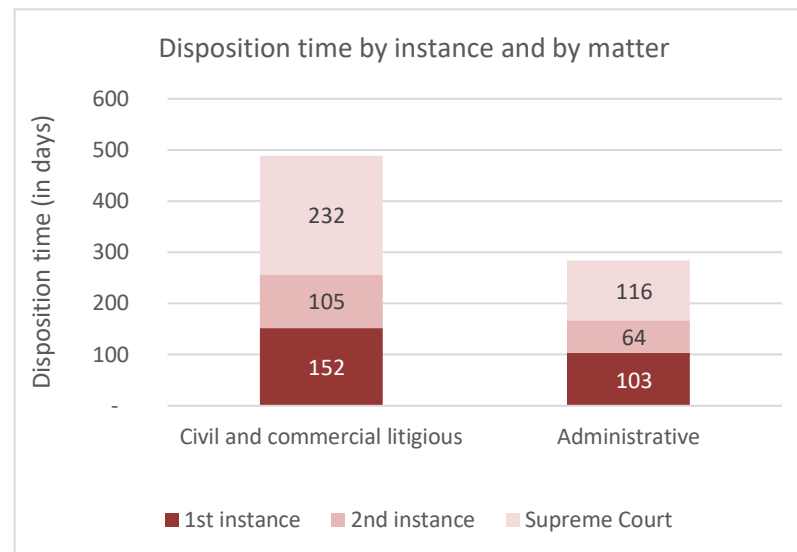
The analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 49,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

Still in 2019, insolvency cases are solved in only 112 days that is rather good compared with EU median of 258 days is significantly below.

This development should be monitored since the situation is deteriorating in the last 2 years.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious	104%	110%	111%	152	105	232
Administrative	103%	106%	118%	103	64	116



It seems that in Hungary the procedures are longest at the Supreme court and shortest at the second instance courts. With Disposition time of 232 days for civil and commercial litigious cases and 116 days for administrative cases this seems to be the longest period in Hungary. On the other side second Compared with EU median, in Hungary, only for civil and commercial cases Hungary the Disposition Time is slightly above EU median of 217 days.

●Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Hungary provides court related mediation.

Judicial mediation was introduced in the Hungarian legal system in 2012. In this type of mediation, there is always the intervention of a judge or a public prosecutor who facilitates, advises on, decides on or/and approves the procedure. Different laws encourage the parties to choose the mediation procedure in compliance with the voluntary principle. Among these, the most significant are the Civil Procedure Code, the Act on Charges and the Act on the Service of the Judicial Employees. Detailed rules in relation to judicial mediation are provided by the Order 14/2002 (VIII.1.) of the Minister of Justice, the Rules on Judicial Case Management, and the Rules issued by the President of the National Office for the Judiciary. It is noteworthy that the Act LV of 2002 on Mediation covers civil litigation, but excludes mediation in libel proceedings, guardianship proceedings, proceedings on the termination of parental responsibility, enforcement proceedings, procedures establishing paternity or ancestry and constitutional appeals.

Since the year 2014 the new Civil Code introduced obligatory mediation in cases concerning child custody. In such cases the judge may order the parties to turn to a mediator and suspend the case.

In the administrative court process the court shall inform the parties of the essence of and the possibility and conditions of resorting to a mediation procedure in order to facilitate the settlement . In the civil procedure – after adopting the order closing the preparatory stage – the court shall provide information on the possibility of entering into a mediation procedure, including the method and advantages of doing so, the possibility of laying down an agreement in a court settlement, and the rules pertaining to a stay. Besides the court shall inform the parties of the essence, availability, and conditions of mediation, if it appears that such a procedure may be successful, and especially if it is requested by a party, as well as of the rules pertaining to the stay of the proceedings .

The court related mediation system in Hungary provides mandatory court related mediation.

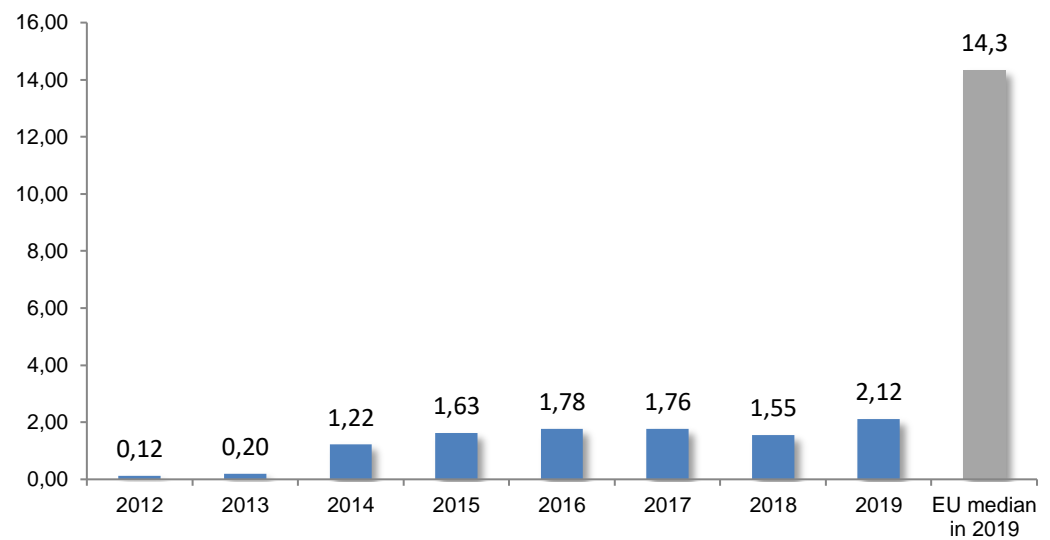
Before/instead of going to court

Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding

According to the Act V of 2013 on Civil Law, in justified cases, the court may order the parents to submit to mediation in the interest of properly exercising parental supervision and to ensure their cooperation to that end, including the right to maintain direct contact between the parent living separate and apart and the child. (further relevant regulations: the Act LV of 2002 on Mediation, chapter IV/B., the mandatory mediation procedure).

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	12	0,12
2013	20	0,20
2014	120	1,22
2015	160	1,63
2016	174	1,78
2017	174	1,76
2018	153	1,55
2019	203	2,12

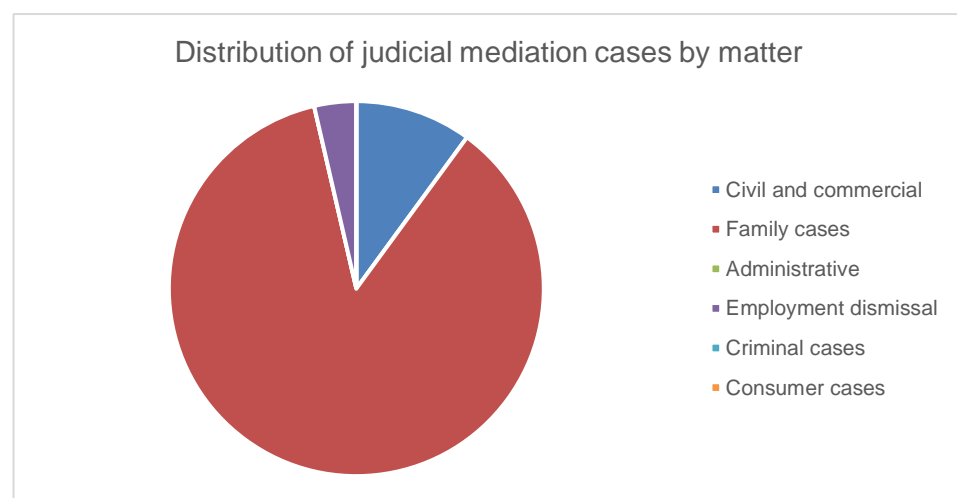


In 2019, there are 203 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 2,1 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants. This number is well below the EU median of 14,3 mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about 32,7%.

Number of court related mediation cases

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	746	8
Civil and commercial	75	1
Family cases	644	7
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	27	0
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA



Administrative cases (nr.3.) and consumer cases (nr.6.) are included in category civil and commercial cases (nr.1.)

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

The president of each court has to present an annual report about the performance of the court that is presented at the conference of judges and made available on the intranet site of the court.

Furthermore, the presidents of the Regional Courts and Regional Courts of Appeal have to present their reports to the NOJ as well. The President of the Supreme Court (Kúria) has to present the annual report to the Parliament and make it available on the website of the Kúria.

- The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- other:

Other include:

- statistics on the reasons of the postpone of the trials,
- number of trial days in cases, - number of tried cases per day,
- the subject of incoming / finished / pending cases,
- the ratio of litigious and non-litigious cases,
- cases that are pending over 2 or 5 years have a separated statistical report every month
- cases in which there were no actions taken in the last 30 days by the court have a separated statistical report every month]

In Hungary, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

The statistics of the court system are composed in every quarter, half and whole year. It is published on the central internet website of the courts in every half year.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- and other

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

The statistical output of a court (mainly the number of incoming and pending cases) is taken into consideration during the distribution of human resources.

Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is no specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

Second instance courts have to prepare a note on the decision and the trial procedure of the first instance court, based on professional criteria in every case. In this note, the court of appeal has to examine: the application of substantive, procedural and administrative regulations; the preparation of the hearings; the quality of the judges trial leading practice; if the coercive measures were well founded; if the hearings were set timely; if the ruling was transcribed in time; if the decision was edited correctly. The conclusions are summarized and judges of first instance courts are informed about them at least once a year.

Furthermore, the departments of the Supreme Court (Kúria) responsible for examining the judicial practice evaluates the practice of the courts and regularly inform judges about their experience.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

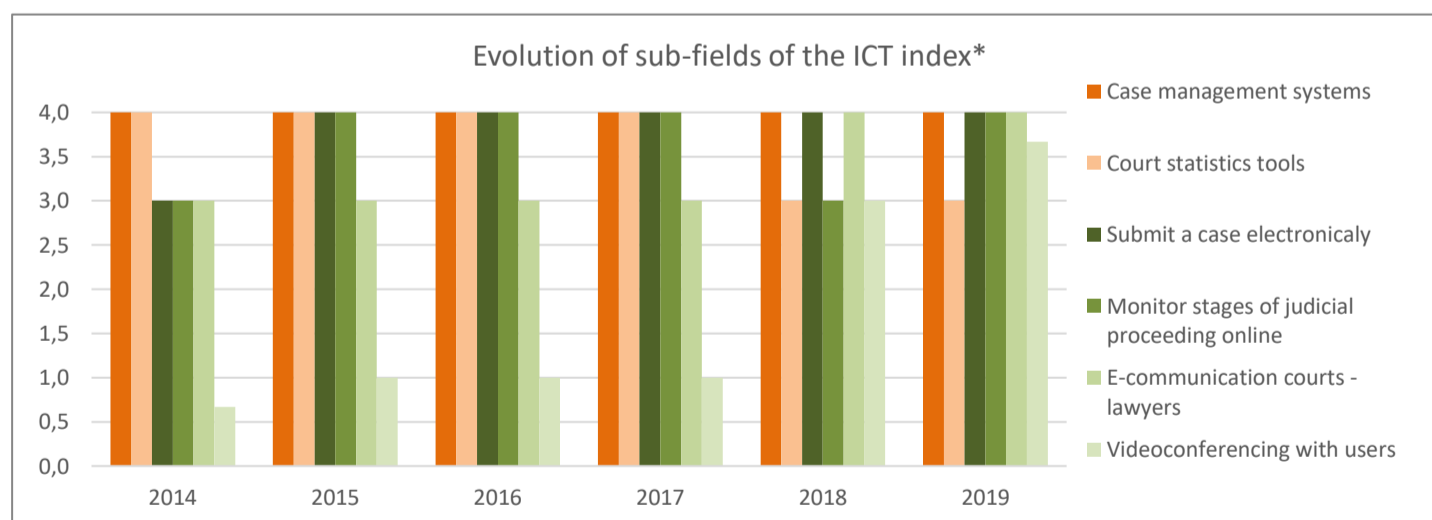
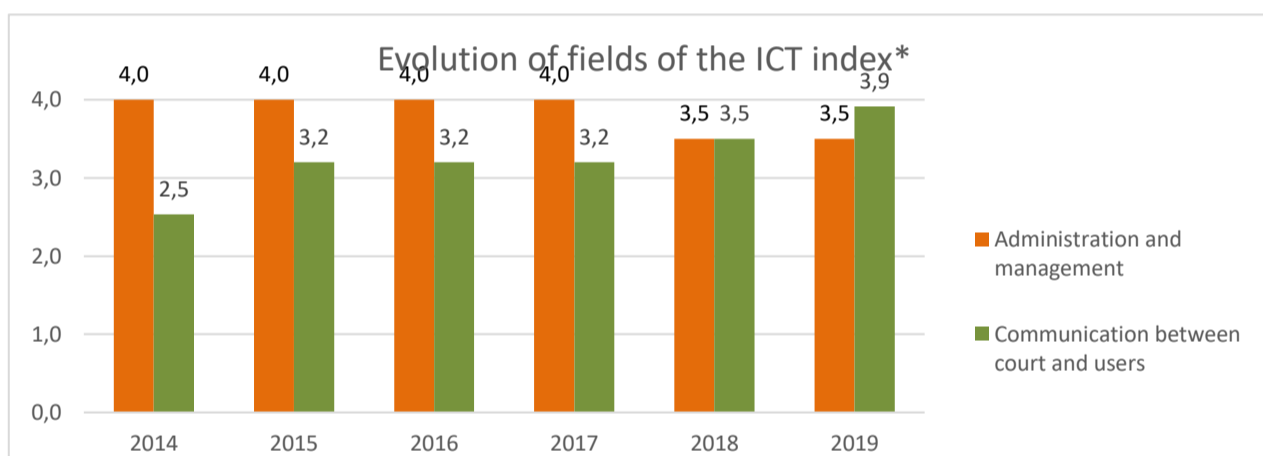
	points (up to 4)
Administration and management	3,5
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	3,0
Communication between court and users	3,9
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	4,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	4,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	3,7

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Statistical data

In Hungary, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the National Office for the Judiciary (Department of Statistical Data Analyses).

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet
- Only internaly (on intranet)

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	-1,4%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,3%	-0,3%	0,8%	-2,9%	1,9%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	9 800 €	9 900 €	10 500 €	10 900 €	11 200 €	11 800 €	12 500 €	13 180 €	34,5%	1,0%	6,1%	3,8%	2,8%	5,4%	5,9%	5,4%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	292,96	296,91	315,00	315,68	309,40	309,40	322,16	329,99	12,6%	1,3%	6,1%	0,2%	-2,0%	0,0%	4,1%	2,4%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 609 052 020	1 609 052 020	1 395 391 434	1 502 700 119	1 341 550 100	1 364 599 782	1 612 253 232	1 814 214 673	12,8%	0,0%	-13,3%	7,7%	-10,7%	1,7%	18,1%	12,5%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NA	NA	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NA	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NA	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NA	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NA	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NA	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NA	No	No	No	No	No	No									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	-1,4%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,3%	-0,3%	0,8%	-2,9%	1,9%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	9 800 €	9 900 €	10 500 €	10 900 €	11 200 €	11 800 €	12 500 €	13 180 €	34,5%	1,0%	6,1%	3,8%	2,8%	5,4%	5,9%	5,4%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 609 052 020	1 609 052 020	1 395 391 434	1 502 700 119	1 341 550 100	1 364 599 782	1 612 253 232	1 814 214 673	12,8%	- €	-13,3%	7,7%	-10,7%	1,7%	18,1%	12,5%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	1 506 559 228	NA	1 481 702 163	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	-1,4%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,3%	-0,3%	0,8%	-2,9%	1,9%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 609 052 020	1 609 052 020	1 395 391 434	1 502 700 119	1 341 550 100	1 364 599 782	1 612 253 232	1 814 214 673	12,8%	0,0%	-13,3%	7,7%	-10,7%	1,7%	18,1%	12,5%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	6 159 824	-	6 691 245	7 396 653	8 625 404	NA	NA	1 661 258	-73,0%	-	-	10,5%	16,6%	-	-	-

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	180	180	180	180	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	-1,4%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,3%	-0,3%	0,8%	-2,9%	1,9%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	131	131	111	111	111	112	113	113	-13,7%	0,0%	-15,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,9%	0,9%	0,0%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	157	157	157	157	157	158	159	159	1,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,6%	0,6%	0,0%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	NA	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	-1,4%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,3%	-0,3%	0,8%	-2,9%	1,9%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	162 126	150 305	148 425	138 168	174 020	131 158	-	-	-	-7,3%	-1,3%	-6,9%	25,9%	-24,6%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	142 113	78 381	82 107	74 290	76 124	79 099	85 430	63 848	-55,1%	-44,8%	4,8%	-9,5%	2,5%	3,9%	8,0%	-25,3%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28 503	26 626	31 335	25 806	58 332	43 355	-	-	-	-6,6%	17,7%	-17,6%	126,0%	-25,7%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	51 785	27 684	27 373	25 154	30 442	25 130	20 389	17 886	-65,5%	-46,5%	-1,1%	-8,1%	21,0%	-17,4%	-18,9%	-12,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	962	1 076	893	704	37 436	25 208	-	-	-	11,9%	-17,0%	-21,2%	5217,6%	-32,7%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	35 986	23 606	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-34,4%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	962	1 076	893	704	1 450	1 602	-	-	-	11,9%	-17,0%	-21,2%	106,0%	10,5%
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	168	396	391	492	507	261	-	-	-	135,7%	-1,3%	25,8%	3,0%	-48,5%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	6 483	6 019	5 320	6 734	5 776	5 827	5 467	5 180	-20,1%	-7,2%	-11,6%	26,6%	-14,2%	0,9%	-6,2%	-5,2%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	56 882	57 094	46 196	42 655	35 190	27 436	24 791	18 775	-67,0%	0,4%	-19,1%	-7,7%	-17,5%	-22,0%	-9,6%	-24,3%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 129 126	1 164 682	848 998	902 411	870 257	847 148	719 282	663 594	-41,2%	3,1%	-27,1%	6,3%	-3,6%	-2,7%	-15,1%	-7,7%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	432 443	180 813	180 382	176 407	184 824	178 330	132 557	133 406	-69,2%	-58,2%	-0,2%	-2,2%	4,8%	-3,5%	-25,7%	0,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	613 158	678 103	637 091	623 259	550 507	497 329	-	-	-	10,6%	-6,0%	-2,2%	-11,7%	-9,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	246 856	201 578	180 459	212 034	191 575	201 591	203 997	178 014	-27,9%	-18,3%	-10,5%	17,5%	-9,6%	5,2%	1,2%	-12,7%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	430 096	463 007	441 767	418 418	344 358	317 207	-	-	-	7,7%	-4,6%	-5,3%	-17,7%	-7,9%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	385 241	726 545	427 114	459 210	437 387	414 067	339 852	311 808	-19,1%	88,6%	-41,2%	7,5%	-4,8%	-5,3%	-17,9%	-8,3%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	2 982	3 797	4 380	4 351	4 506	5 399	-	-	-	27,3%	15,4%	-0,7%	3,6%	19,8%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 603	3 062	3 749	3 250	2 152	2 108	-	-	-	17,6%	22,4%	-13,3%	-33,8%	-2,0%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	12 595	16 189	18 008	18 149	19 590	16 908	17 120	16 432	30,5%	28,5%	11,2%	0,8%	7,9%	-13,7%	1,3%	-4,0%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	51 991	39 557	37 450	29 752	28 752	28 651	19 098	16 427	-68,4%	-23,9%	-5,3%	-20,6%	-3,4%	-0,4%	-33,3%	-14,0%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 176 429	1 135 973	872 260	914 672	888 592	840 592	762 142	668 015	-43,2%	-3,4%	-23,2%	4,9%	-2,9%	-5,4%	-9,3%	-12,4%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	454 369	177 087	188 199	174 573	181 849	171 999	154 139	139 267	-69,3%	-61,0%	6,3%	-7,2%	4,2%	-5,4%	-10,4%	-9,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	626 526	681 609	650 977	620 029	565 484	492 145	-	-	-	8,8%	-4,5%	-4,8%	-8,8%	-13,0%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	262 314	200 004	182 894	206 746	196 915	206 332	206 500	178 186	-32,1%	-23,8%	-8,6%	13,0%	-4,8%	4,8%	0,1%	-13,7%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	441 257	471 796	450 414	410 463	356 586	311 945	-	-	-	6,9%	-4,5%	-8,9%	-13,1%	-12,5%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	394 348	691 613	438 389	467 816	445 845	406 858	352 232	306 757	-22,2%	75,4%	-36,6%	6,7%	-4,7%	-8,7%	-13,4%	-12,9%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	2 868	3 980	4 569	3 605	4 354	5 188	-	-	-	38,8%	14,8%	-21,1%	20,8%	19,2%
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 375	3 067	3 648	3 235	2 398	2 014	-	-	-	29,1%	18,9%	-11,3%	-25,9%	-16,0%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	13 599	16 888	16 594	19 107	19 539	17 268	17 407	16 844	23,9%	24,2%	-1,7%	15,1%	2,3%	-11,6%	0,8%	-3,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	51 799	50 381	40 941	39 383	36 227	31 296	25 112	19 759	-61,9%	-2,7%	-18,7%	-3,8%	-8,0%	-13,6%	-19,8%	-21,3%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	150 089	146 650	138 177	144 724	131 158	126 736	-	-	-	-2,3%	-5,8%	4,7%	-9,4%	-3,4%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	120 187	82 107	74 290	76 124	79 099	85 430	63 848	57 987	-51,8%	-31,7%	-9,5%	2,5%	3,9%	8,0%	-25,3%	-9,2%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	26 410	31 726	25 806	29 036	43 355	48 539	-	-	-	20,1%	-18,7%	12,5%	49,3%	12,0%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	36 327	29 258	24 938	30 442	25 102	20 389	17 886	17 714	-51,2%	-19,5%	-14,8%	22,1%	-17,5%	-18,8%	-12,3%	-1,0%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 076	893	704	8 659	25 208	30 470	-	-	-	-17,0%	-21,2%	1130,0%	191,1%	20,9%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	23 606	28 657	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,4%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	1 076	893	704	1 450	1 602	1 813	-	-	-	-17,0%	-21,2%	106,0%	10,5%	13,2%
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	396	391	492	507	261	355	-	-	-	-1,3%	25,8%	3,0%	-48,5%	36,0%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	5 479	5 320	6 734	5 776	5 827	5 467	5 180	4 768	-13,0%	-2,9%	26,6%	-14,2%	0,9%	-6,2%	-5,2%	-8,0%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	57 074	46 270	42 655	33 024	27 445	24 791	18 775	15 442	-72,9%	-18,9%	-7,8%	-22,6%	-16,9%	-9,7%	-24,3%	-17,8%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	104,2%	97,5%	102,7%	101,4%	102,1%	99,2%	106,0%	100,7%	-3,4%	-6,4%	5,3%	-1,3%	0,7%	-2,8%	6,8%	-5,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	105,1%	97,9%	104,3%	99,0%	98,4%	96,4%	116,3%	104,4%	-0,6%	-6,8%	6,5%	-5,2%	-0,6%	-2,0%	20,6%	-10,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,2%	100,5%	102,2%	99,5%	102,7%	99,0%	-	-	-	-1,6%	1,7%	-2,6%	3,3%	-3,7%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	106,3%	99,2%	101,3%	97,5%	102,8%	102,4%	101,2%	100,1%	-5,8%	-6,6%	2,1%	-3,8%	5,4%	-0,4%	-1,1%	-1,1%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	102,6%	101,9%	102,0%	98,1%	103,6%	98,3%	-	-	-	-0,7%	0,1%	-3,8%	5,6%	-5,0%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	102,4%	95,2%	102,6%	101,9%	101,9%	98,3%	103,6%	98,4%	-3,9%	-7,0%	7,8%	-0,7%	0,1%	-3,6%	5,5%	-5,1%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	96,2%	104,8%	104,3%	82,9%	96,6%	96,1%	-	-	-	9,0%	-0,5%	-20,6%	16,6%	-0,6%
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	91,2%	100,2%	97,3%	99,5%	111,4%	95,5%	-	-	-	9,8%	-2,9%	2,3%	11,9%	-14,3%
CR Administrative law cases	108,0%	104,3%	92,1%	105,3%	99,7%	102,1%	101,7%	102,5%	-5,1%	-3,4%	-11,7%	14,2%	-5,3%	2,4%	-0,4%	0,8%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,6%	127,4%	109,3%	132,4%	126,0%	109,2%	131,5%	120,3%	20,7%	27,8%	-14,2%	21,1%	-4,8%	-13,3%	20,4%	-8,5%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	63	59	57	63	63	69	-	-	-	-6,8%	-3,0%	10,7%	0,0%	10,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97	169	144	159	159	181	151	152	57,4%	75,3%	-14,9%	10,5%	-0,2%	14,2%	-16,6%	0,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	15	17	14	17	28	36	-	-	-	10,4%	-14,8%	18,1%	63,7%	28,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	51	53	50	54	47	36	32	36	-28,2%	5,6%	-6,8%	8,0%	-13,4%	-22,5%	-12,3%	14,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1	1	1	8	26	36	-	-	-	-22,4%	-17,4%	1249,7%	235,1%	38,2%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	24	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,4%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	137	82	56	147	134	128	-	-	-	-40,2%	-31,3%	161,0%	-8,5%	-5,0%
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	61	47	49	57	40	64	-	-	-	-23,5%	5,8%	16,2%	-30,6%	61,9%
DT Administrative law cases	147	115	148	110	109	116	109	103	-29,7%	-21,8%	28,8%	-25,5%	-1,3%	6,2%	-6,0%	-4,9%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	402	335	380	306	277	289	273	285	-29,1%	-16,6%	13,4%	-19,5%	-9,7%	4,6%	-5,6%	4,5%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	16 416	13 134	12 878	NA	10 682	11 371	13 123	11 425	-30,4%	-20,0%	-1,9%	-	-	6,5%	15,4%	-12,9%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	3 389	3 144	2 492	2 198	1 762	1 332	1 306	909	-73,2%	-7,2%	-20,7%	-11,8%	-19,8%	-24,4%	-2,0%	-30,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	62	51	85	37	54	39	12	13	-79,0%	-17,7%	66,7%	-56,5%	45,9%	-27,8%	-69,2%	8,3%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	27 394	28 392	28 512	27 446	27 677	28 326	24 452	26 735	-2,4%	3,6%	0,4%	-3,7%	0,8%	2,3%	-13,7%	9,3%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	5 119	4 170	3 872	3 231	2 452	2 258	1 552	1 630	-68,2%	-18,5%	-7,1%	-16,6%	-24,1%	-7,9%	-31,3%	5,0%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	124	154	100	77	120	109	64	123	-0,8%	24,2%	-35,1%	-23,0%	55,8%	-9,2%	-41,3%	92,2%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	30 676	28 648	28 641	16 764	26 988	26 574	26 150	27 581	-10,1%	-6,6%	0,0%	-41,5%	61,0%	-1,5%	-1,6%	5,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	5 364	4 822	4 166	3 667	2 882	2 265	1 949	1 697	-68,4%	-10,1%	-13,6%	-12,0%	-21,4%	-21,4%	-14,0%	-12,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	135	120	148	78	130	136	63	104	-23,0%	-11,1%	23,3%	-47,3%	66,7%	4,6%	-53,7%	65,1%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	13 134	12 878	12 749	10 682	11 371	13 123	11 425	10 579	-19,5%	-1,9%	-1,0%	-16,2%	6,5%	15,4%	-12,9%	-7,4%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	3 144	2 492	2 198	1 762	1 332	1 325	909	842	-73,2%	-20,7%	-11,8%	-19,8%	-24,4%	-0,5%	-31,4%	-7,4%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	51	85	37	36	44	12	13	32	-37,3%	66,7%	-56,5%	-2,7%	22,2%	-72,7%	8,3%	146,2%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	112,0%	100,9%	100,5%	61,1%	97,5%	93,8%	106,9%	103,2%	-7,9%	-9,9%	-0,4%	-39,2%	59,6%	-3,8%	14,0%	-3,5%
CR Employment dismissal cases	104,8%	115,6%	107,6%	113,5%	117,5%	100,3%	125,6%	104,1%	-0,6%	10,4%	-7,0%	5,5%	3,6%	-14,7%	25,2%	-17,1%
CR Insolvency cases	108,9%	77,9%	148,0%	101,3%	108,3%	124,8%	98,4%	84,6%	-22,3%	-28,4%	89,9%	-31,6%	6,9%	15,2%	-21,1%	-14,1%
DT Litigious divorce cases	156	164	162	233	154	180	159	140	-10,4%	5,0%	-1,0%	43,1%	-33,9%	17,2%	-11,5%	-12,2%
DT Employment dismissal cases	214	189	193	175	169	214	170	181	-15,3%	-11,8%	2,1%	-8,9%	-3,8%	26,6%	-20,3%	6,4%
DT Insolvency cases	138	259	91	168	124	32	75	112	-18,6%	87,5%	-64,7%	84,6%	-26,7%	-73,9%	133,9%	49,1%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	14 630	14 226	14 768	12 415	11 410	11 724	12 508	10 738	-26,6%	-2,8%	3,8%	-15,9%	-8,1%	2,8%	6,7%	-14,2%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 318	8 101	7 898	5 947	5 607	5 575	5 721	4 883	-41,3%	-2,6%	-2,5%	-24,7%	-5,7%	-0,6%	2,6%	-14,6%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	4 628	4 334	3 889	3 921	4 337	4 445	-	-	-	-6,4%	-10,3%	0,8%	10,6%	2,5%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 040	4 359	4 510	3 803	3 443	3 559	4 057	4 197	3,9%	7,9%	3,5%	-15,7%	-9,5%	3,4%	14,0%	3,5%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	84	435	317	304	216	190	-	-	-	417,9%	-27,1%	-4,1%	-28,9%	-12,0%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	38	163	217	239	197	174	-	-	-	328,9%	33,1%	10,1%	-17,6%	-11,7%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	45	43	46	272	100	65	19	16	-64,4%	-4,4%	7,0%	491,3%	-63,2%	-35,0%	-70,8%	-15,8%
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	34	96	129	58	64	58	-	-	-	182,4%	34,4%	-55,0%	10,3%	-9,4%
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	460	312	421	447	406	472	497	561	22,0%	-32,2%	34,9%	6,2%	-9,2%	16,3%	5,3%	12,9%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	1 590	1 231	1 821	1 687	1 508	1 756	1 953	849	-46,6%	-22,6%	47,9%	-7,4%	-10,6%	16,4%	11,2%	-56,5%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	52 532	53 319	52 315	47 429	51 351	49 176	47 084	40 152	-23,6%	1,5%	-1,9%	-9,3%	8,3%	-4,2%	-4,3%	-14,7%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	23 451	22 534	17 137	16 439	16 729	15 890	15 009	11 857	-49,4%	-3,9%	-24,0%	-4,1%	1,8%	-5,0%	-5,5%	-21,0%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28 788	24 769	27 741	25 732	26 048	23 619	-	-	-	-14,0%	12,0%	-7,2%	1,2%	-9,3%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	19 728	21 813	26 806	22 072	25 565	24 206	24 698	22 469	13,9%	10,6%	22,9%	-17,7%	15,8%	-5,3%	2,0%	-9,0%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 257	2 067	1 619	992	921	809	-	-	-	64,4%	-21,7%	-38,7%	-7,2%	-12,2%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	171	783	929	824	802	693	-	-	-	357,9%	18,6%	-11,3%	-2,7%	-13,6%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	203	216	1 086	1 284	690	168	119	116	-42,9%	6,4%	402,8%	18,2%	-46,3%	-75,7%	-29,2%	-2,5%
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	725	630	557	534	429	341	-	-	-	-13,1%	-11,6%	-4,1%	-19,7%	-20,5%
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1 761	1 791	1 761	1 654	2 151	2 017	2 302	2 246	27,5%	1,7%	-1,7%	-6,1%	30,0%	-6,2%	14,1%	-2,4%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	6 725	6 301	4 629	4 567	4 730	5 537	3 725	2 430	-63,9%	-6,3%	-26,5%	-1,3%	3,6%	17,1%	-32,7%	-34,8%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	52 936	53 272	53 693	48 434	51 037	48 392	48 854	42 247	-20,2%	0,6%	0,8%	-9,8%	5,4%	-5,2%	1,0%	-13,5%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	23 668	22 737	19 082	16 759	16 761	15 744	15 847	12 999	-45,1%	-3,9%	-16,1%	-12,2%	0,0%	-6,1%	0,7%	-18,0%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28 113	25 214	27 709	25 316	25 940	24 139	-	-	-	-10,3%	9,9%	-8,6%	2,5%	-6,9%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	19 409	21 616	26 429	22 432	25 449	23 708	24 558	22 884	17,9%	11,4%	22,3%	-15,1%	13,4%	-6,8%	3,6%	-6,8%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 021	2 185	1 632	1 080	947	889	-	-	-	114,0%	-25,3%	-33,8%	-12,3%	-6,1%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	161	729	907	866	825	773	-	-	-	352,8%	24,4%	-4,5%	-4,7%	-6,3%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	205	221	860	1 456	725	214	122	116	-43,4%	7,8%	289,1%	69,3%	-50,2%	-70,5%	-43,0%	-4,9%
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	663	597	628	528	435	366	-	-	-	-10,0%	5,2%	-15,9%	-17,6%	-15,9%
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 909	1 682	1 735	1 695	2 085	1 992	2 238	2 389	25,1%	-11,9%	3,2%	-2,3%	23,0%	-4,5%	12,3%	6,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	7 084	6 357	4 763	4 766	4 482	5 340	4 829	2 720	-61,6%	-10,3%	-25,1%	0,1%	-6,0%	19,1%	-9,6%	-43,7%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	14 226	14 273	13 390	11 410	11 724	12 508	10 738	8 643	-39,2%	0,3%	-6,2%	-14,8%	2,8%	6,7%	-14,2%	-19,5%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 101	7 898	5 953	5 633	5 575	5 721	4 883	3 741	-53,8%	-2,5%	-24,6%	-5,4%	-1,0%	2,6%	-14,6%	-23,4%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	5 303	3 889	3 921	4 337	4 445	3 925	-	-	-	-26,7%	0,8%	10,6%	2,5%	-11,7%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 359	4 556	4 887	3 443	3 559	4 057	4 197	3 782	-13,2%	4,5%	7,3%	-29,5%	3,4%	14,0%	3,5%	-9,9%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	320	317	304	216	190	110	-	-	-	-0,9%	-4,1%	-28,9%	-12,0%	-42,1%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	48	217	239	197	174	94	-	-	-	352,1%	10,1%	-17,6%	-11,7%	-46,0%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	43	38	272	100	65	19	16	16	-62,8%	-11,6%	615,8%	-63,2%	-35,0%	-70,8%	-15,8%	0,0%
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	96	129	58	64	58	33	-	-	-	34,4%	-55,0%	10,3%	-9,4%	-43,1%
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	312	421	447	406	472	497	561	418	34,0%	34,9%	6,2%	-9,2%	16,3%	5,3%	12,9%	-25,5%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	1 231	1 175	1 687	1 482	1 756	1 953	849	559	-54,6%	-4,5%	43,6%	-12,2%	18,5%	11,2%	-56,5%	-34,2%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,8%	99,9%	102,6%	102,1%	99,4%	98,4%	103,8%	105,2%	4,4%	-0,9%	2,7%	-0,5%	-2,7%	-1,0%	5,4%	1,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,9%	100,9%	111,3%	101,9%	100,2%	99,1%	105,6%	109,6%	8,6%	0,0%	10,4%	-8,4%	-1,7%	-1,1%	6,6%	3,8%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	97,7%	101,8%	99,9%	98,4%	99,6%	102,2%	-	-	-	4,2%	-1,9%	-1,5%	1,2%	2,6%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	98,4%	99,1%	98,6%	101,6%	99,5%	97,9%	99,4%	101,8%	3,5%	0,7%	-0,5%	3,1%	-2,1%	-1,6%	1,5%	2,4%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	81,2%	105,7%	100,8%	108,9%	102,8%	109,9%	-	-	-	30,1%	-4,6%	8,0%	-5,6%	6,9%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	94,2%	93,1%	97,6%	105,1%	102,9%	111,5%	-	-	-	-1,1%	4,9%	7,6%	-2,1%	8,4%
CR Other registry cases	101,0%	102,3%	79,2%	113,4%	105,1%	127,4%	102,5%	100,0%	-1,0%	1,3%	-22,6%	43,2%	-7,3%	21,2%	-19,5%	-2,5%
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	91,4%	94,8%	112,7%	98,9%	101,4%	107,3%	-	-	-	3,6%	19,0%	-12,3%	2,6%	5,9%
CR Administrative law cases	108,4%	93,9%	98,5%	102,5%	96,9%	98,8%	97,2%	106,4%	-1,9%	-13,4%	4,9%	4,0%	-5,4%	1,9%	-1,6%	9,4%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	105,3%	100,9%	102,9%	104,4%	94,8%	96,4%	129,6%	111,9%	6,3%	-4,2%	2,0%	1,4%	-9,2%	1,8%	34,4%	-13,7%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	98	98	91	86	84	94	80	75	-23,9%	-0,3%	-6,9%	-5,5%	-2,5%	12,5%	-15,0%	-6,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	125	127	114	123	121	133	112	105	-15,9%	1,5%	-10,2%	7,7%	-1,0%	9,2%	-15,2%	-6,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	69	56	52	63	63	59	-	-	-	-18,2%	-8,3%	21,1%	0,0%	-5,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	82	77	67	56	51	62	62	60	-26,4%	-6,2%	-12,3%	-17,0%	-8,9%	22,4%	-0,1%	-3,3%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	114	53	68	73	73	45	-	-	-	-53,7%	28,4%	7,4%	0,3%	-38,3%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	109	109	96	83	77	44	-	-	-	-0,2%	-11,5%	-13,7%	-7,3%	-42,3%
DT Other registry cases	77	63	115	25	33	32	48	50	-34,2%	-18,0%	83,9%	-78,3%	30,5%	-1,0%	47,7%	5,2%
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	53	79	34	44	49	33	-	-	-	49,2%	-57,3%	31,2%	10,0%	-32,4%
DT Administrative law cases	60	91	94	87	83	91	91	64	7,1%	53,1%	2,9%	-7,0%	-5,5%	10,2%	0,5%	-30,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	63	67	129	113	143	133	64	75	18,3%	6,4%	91,6%	-12,2%	26,0%	-6,7%	-51,9%	16,9%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	2 604	2 308	2 428	3 186	3 663	3 448	-	-	-	-11,4%	5,2%	31,2%	15,0%	-5,9%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 240	-	1 073	1 030	1 121	1 579	1 993	1 744	40,6%	-	-	-4,0%	8,8%	40,9%	26,2%	-12,5%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	43	83	47	104	120	139	-	-	-	93,0%	-43,4%	121,3%	15,4%	15,8%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	25	-	32	73	38	68	104	104	316,0%	-	-	128,1%	-47,9%	78,9%	52,9%	0,0%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	9	10	8	34	8	32	-	-	-	11,1%	-20,0%	325,0%	-76,5%	300,0%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	4	9	7	28	8	30	-	-	-	125,0%	-22,2%	300,0%	-71,4%	275,0%
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	6	-	3	1	1	6	0	2	-66,7%	-	-	-66,7%	0,0%	500,0%	-100,0%	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	0	0	1	2	8	3	-	-	-	-	-	100,0%	300,0%	-62,5%
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	1 048	-	980	817	903	924	1 000	1 218	16,2%	-	-	-16,6%	10,5%	2,3%	8,2%	21,8%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	830	-	508	378	357	579	550	347	-58,2%	-	-	-25,6%	-5,6%	62,2%	-5,0%	-36,9%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	5 883	5 799	7 069	6 748	5 928	5 161	-	-	-	-1,4%	21,9%	-4,5%	-12,2%	-12,9%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 571	-	2 338	2 354	3 301	3 376	2 531	2 139	-16,8%	-	-	0,7%	40,2%	2,3%	-25,0%	-15,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	608	557	707	640	608	426	-	-	-	-8,4%	26,9%	-9,5%	-5,0%	-29,9%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	374	-	549	508	626	594	548	374	0,0%	-	-	-7,5%	23,2%	-5,1%	-7,7%	-31,8%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	45	26	47	12	35	31	-	-	-	-42,2%	80,8%	-74,5%	191,7%	-11,4%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	28	21	39	12	33	29	-	-	-	-25,0%	85,7%	-69,2%	175,0%	-12,1%
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	31	-	3	5	8	0	2	2	-93,5%	-	-	66,7%	60,0%	-100,0%	-	0,0%
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	14	23	34	34	25	21	-	-	-	64,3%	47,8%	0,0%	-26,5%	-16,0%
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1 824	-	2 143	2 038	2 030	1 889	2 167	2 188	20,0%	-	-	-4,9%	-0,4%	-6,9%	14,7%	1,0%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	979	-	794	850	1 031	843	622	408	-58,3%	-	-	7,1%	21,3%	-18,2%	-26,2%	-34,4%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	6 179	5 679	6 311	6 271	6 143	5 989	-	-	-	-8,1%	11,1%	-0,6%	-2,0%	-2,5%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 426	-	2 381	2 263	2 843	2 962	2 780	2 375	-2,1%	-	-	-5,0%	25,6%	4,2%	-6,1%	-14,6%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	568	593	650	624	589	478	-	-	-	4,4%	9,6%	-4,0%	-5,6%	-18,8%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	360	-	508	543	596	558	548	415	15,3%	-	-	6,9%	9,8%	-6,4%	-1,8%	-24,3%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	44	28	21	38	11	44	-	-	-	-36,4%	-25,0%	81,0%	-71,1%	300,0%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	23	23	18	32	11	41	-	-	-	0,0%	-21,7%	77,8%	-65,6%	272,7%
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	19	-	5	5	3	6	0	3	-84,2%	-	-	0,0%	-40,0%	100,0%	-100,0%	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	16	22	33	28	30	19	-	-	-	37,5%	50,0%	-15,2%	7,1%	-36,7%
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 625	-	2 306	1 952	2 009	1 813	1 949	2 582	58,9%	-	-	-15,4%	2,9%	-9,8%	7,5%	32,5%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 074	-	924	871	809	872	825	554	-48,4%	-	-	-5,7%	-7,1%	7,8%	-5,4%	-32,8%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	2 308	2 428	3 186	3 663	3 448	2 620	-	-	-	5,2%	31,2%	15,0%	-5,9%	-24,0%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 385	-	1 030	1 121	1 579	1 993	1 744	1 508	8,9%	-	-	8,8%	40,9%	26,2%	-12,5%	-13,5%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	83	47	104	120	139	87	-	-	-	-43,4%	121,3%	15,4%	15,8%	-37,4%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	39	-	73	38	68	104	104	63	61,5%	-	-	-47,9%	78,9%	52,9%	0,0%	-39,4%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	10	8	34	8	32	19	-	-	-	-20,0%	325,0%	-76,5%	300,0%	-40,6%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	9	7	28	8	30	18	-	-	-	-22,2%	300,0%	-71,4%	275,0%	-40,0%
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	18	-	1	1	6	0	2	1	-94,4%	-	-	0,0%	500,0%	-100,0%	-	-50,0%
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	0	1	2	8	3	5	-	-	-	-	100,0%	300,0%	-62,5%	66,7%
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	1 247	-	817	903	924	1 000	1 218	824	-33,9%	-	-	10,5%	2,3%	8,2%	21,8%	-32,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	735	-	378	357	579	550	347	201	-72,7%	-	-	-5,6%	62,2%	-5,0%	-36,9%	-42,1%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	105,0%	97,9%	89,3%	92,9%	103,6%	116,0%	-	-	-	-6,8%	-8,8%	4,1%	11,5%	12,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	94,4%	-	101,8%	96,1%	86,1%	87,7%	109,8%	111,0%	17,7%	-	-	-5,6%	-10,4%	1,9%	25,2%	1,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	93,4%	106,5%	91,9%	97,5%	96,9%	112,2%	-	-	-	14,0%	-13,6%	6,1%	-0,6%	15,8%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	96,3%	-	92,5%	106,9%	95,2%	93,9%	100,0%	111,0%	15,3%	-	-	15,5%	-10,9%	-1,3%	6,5%	11,0%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	97,8%	107,7%	44,7%	316,7%	31,4%	141,9%	-	-	-	10,1%	-58,5%	608,7%	-90,1%	351,6%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	82,1%	109,5%	46,2%	266,7%	33,3%	141,4%	-	-	-	33,3%	-57,9%	477,8%	-87,5%	324,1%
CR Other registry cases	61,3%	-	166,7%	100,0%	37,5%	-	0,0%	150,0%	144,7%	-	-	-40,0%	-62,5%	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	114,3%	95,7%	97,1%	82,4%	120,0%	90,5%	-	-	-	-16,3%	1,5%	-15,2%	45,7%	-24,6%
CR Administrative law cases	89,1%	-	107,6%	95,8%	99,0%	96,0%	89,9%	118,0%	32,5%	-	-	-11,0%	3,3%	-3,0%	-6,3%	31,2%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	109,7%	-	116,4%	102,5%	78,5%	103,4%	132,6%	135,8%	23,8%	-	-	-11,9%	-23,4%	31,8%	28,2%	2,4%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	136	156	184	213	205	160	-	-	-	14,5%	18,1%	15,7%	-3,9%	-22,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	208	-	158	181	203	246	229	232	11,2%	-	-	14,5%	12,1%	21,1%	-6,8%	1,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	53	29	58	70	86	66	-	-	-	-45,8%	101,9%	20,2%	22,7%	-22,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	40	-	52	26	42	68	69	55	40,1%	-	-	-51,3%	63,0%	63,4%	1,8%	-20,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	83	104	591	77	1062	158	-	-	-	25,7%	466,7%	-87,0%	1281,8%	-85,2%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	143	111	568	91	995	160	-	-	-	-22,2%	411,1%	-83,9%	990,9%	-83,9%
DT Other registry cases	346	-	73	73	730	0	-	122	-64,8%	-	-	0,0%	900,0%	-100,0%	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	0	17	22	104	37	96	-	-	-	-	33,3%	371,4%	-65,0%	163,2%
DT Administrative law cases	280	-	129	169	168	201	228	116	-58,4%	-	-	30,6%	-0,6%	19,9%	13,3%	-48,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	250	-	149	150	261	230	154	132	-47,0%	-	-	0,2%	74,6%	-11,9%	-33,3%	-13,7%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	-1,4%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,3%	-0,3%	0,8%	-2,9%	1,9%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	907 974	612 980	570 980	788 773	804 784	804 679	772 908	770 922	-15,1%	-32,5%	-6,9%	38,1%	2,0%	0,0%	-3,9%	-0,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	970 353	NA	1 140 272	NA	648 746	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	389 868	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	258 878	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations						
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users															
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)															
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	707	647	-	-	-	-	-	-	-8,5%
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-67,7%

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							Yes	Yes
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							Yes	Yes											Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							Yes	Yes											Civil - SMS
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes											Civil - E-mail
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											Civil - Specific computer application
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Other
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							No	No											

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							10-49%	50-99%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							10-49%	50-99%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	1-9%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							1-9%	1-9%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Both	Video

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Both	Video									
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Both	Video									

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Information available in CMS							Yes	Yes

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																		
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																		

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																	
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Workload							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No									
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.2 General in-service training	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	12	20	120	160	174	174	153	203	1591,7%	66,7%	500,0%	33,3%	8,8%	0,0%	-12,1%	32,7%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	1 025	-	919	975	1 299	746	-	-	-	-	-	6,1%	33,2%	-42,6%
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	257	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-70,8%
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	977	644	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-34,1%
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	9	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	56	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-51,8%
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	6 410	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																		
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																		
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	-1,4%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,3%	-0,3%	0,8%	-2,9%	1,9%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 767	2 807	2 813	2 813	2 811	2 828	2 892	2 878	4,0%	1,4%	0,2%	0,0%	-0,1%	0,6%	2,3%	-0,5%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 672	1 687	1 684	1 662	1 678	1 669	1 682	1 670	-0,1%	0,9%	-0,2%	-1,3%	1,0%	-0,5%	0,8%	-0,7%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 021	1 036	1 047	1 066	1 051	1 075	1 126	1 127	10,4%	1,5%	1,1%	1,8%	-1,4%	2,3%	4,7%	0,1%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	74	84	82	85	82	84	84	81	9,5%	13,5%	-2,4%	3,7%	-3,5%	2,4%	0,0%	-3,6%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	856	894	873	868	871	879	902	887	3,6%	4,4%	-2,3%	-0,6%	0,3%	0,9%	2,6%	-1,7%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	496	502	500	484	472	476	475	464	-6,5%	1,2%	-0,4%	-3,2%	-2,5%	0,8%	-0,2%	-2,3%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	326	350	332	341	358	365	389	387	18,7%	7,4%	-5,1%	2,7%	5,0%	2,0%	6,6%	-0,5%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	34	42	41	43	41	38	38	36	5,9%	23,5%	-2,4%	4,9%	-4,7%	-7,3%	0,0%	-5,3%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 911	1 913	1 940	1 945	1 940	1 949	1 990	1 991	4,2%	0,1%	1,4%	0,3%	-0,3%	0,5%	2,1%	0,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 176	1 185	1 184	1 178	1 206	1 193	1 207	1 206	2,6%	0,8%	-0,1%	-0,5%	2,4%	-1,1%	1,2%	-0,1%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	695	686	715	725	693	710	737	740	6,5%	-1,3%	4,2%	1,4%	-4,4%	2,5%	3,8%	0,4%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	40	42	41	42	41	46	46	45	12,5%	5,0%	-2,4%	2,4%	-2,4%	12,2%	0,0%	-2,2%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	8 142	8 000	8 022	7 979	8 003	8 379	8 528	8 538	4,9%	-1,7%	0,3%	-0,5%	0,3%	4,7%	1,8%	0,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	767	777	778	808	820	852	888	909	18,5%	1,3%	0,1%	3,9%	1,5%	3,9%	4,2%	2,4%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	2 406	2 254	907	899	897	930	935	947	-60,6%	-6,3%	-59,8%	-0,9%	-0,2%	3,7%	0,5%	1,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	4 969	4 969	6 337	6 272	6 286	6 597	6 705	6 682	34,5%	0,0%	27,5%	-1,0%	0,2%	4,9%	1,6%	-0,3%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 312	1 248	1 256	1 267	1 316	1 343	-	-	-	-4,9%	0,6%	0,9%	3,9%	2,1%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	162	176	184	188	-	-	-	-	-	8,6%	4,5%	2,2%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	120	100	106	108	-	-	-	-	-	-16,7%	6,0%	1,9%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	974	991	1 026	1 047	-	-	-	-	-	1,7%	3,5%	2,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	NA	6 710	6 731	6 747	7 112	7 212	7 195	-	-	-	0,3%	0,2%	5,4%	1,4%	-0,2%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	658	676	704	721	-	-	-	-	-	2,7%	4,1%	2,4%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	777	830	829	839	-	-	-	-	-	6,8%	-0,1%	1,2%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	5 312	5 606	5 679	5 635	-	-	-	-	-	5,5%	1,3%	-0,8%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	-1,4%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,3%	-0,3%	0,8%	-2,9%	1,9%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	13 000	13 000	13 000	13 000	11 191	11 191	12 715	12 719	-2,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-13,9%	0,0%	13,6%	0,0%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	8 142	8 000	8 022	7 979	8 003	8 379	8 528	8 538	4,9%	-1,7%	0,3%	-0,5%	0,3%	4,7%	1,8%	0,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	767	777	778	808	820	852	888	909	18,5%	1,3%	0,1%	3,9%	1,5%	3,9%	4,2%	2,4%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	2 406	2 254	907	899	897	930	935	947	-60,6%	-6,3%	-59,8%	-0,9%	-0,2%	3,7%	0,5%	1,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	4 969	4 969	6 337	6 272	6 286	6 597	6 705	6 682	34,5%	0,0%	27,5%	-1,0%	0,2%	4,9%	1,6%	-0,3%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 312	1 248	1 256	1 267	1 316	1 343	-	-	-	-4,9%	0,6%	0,9%	3,9%	2,1%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	162	176	184	188	-	-	-	-	-	8,6%	4,5%	2,2%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	120	100	106	108	-	-	-	-	-	-16,7%	6,0%	1,9%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	974	991	1 026	1 047	-	-	-	-	-	1,7%	3,5%	2,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	NA	6 710	6 731	6 747	7 112	7 212	7 195	-	-	-	0,3%	0,2%	5,4%	1,4%	-0,2%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	658	676	704	721	-	-	-	-	-	2,7%	4,1%	2,4%

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	777	830	829	839	-	-	-	-	-	6,8%	-0,1%	1,2%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	5 312	5 606	5 679	5 635	-	-	-	-	-	5,5%	1,3%	-0,8%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							No	No
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Hungary (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							No	No									
Non-judge staff							No	No									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							No	No									
Enforcement agents							No	No									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							No	No									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Ireland

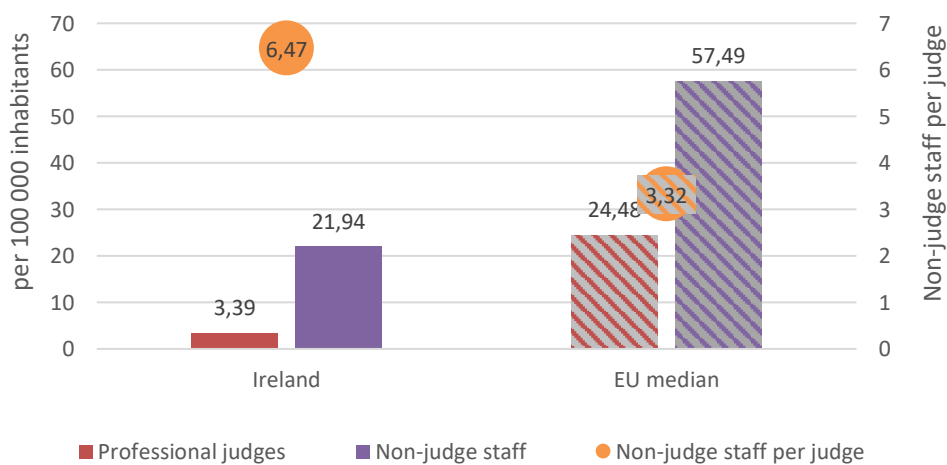
General data

Population: 4 921 500 **GDP:** 72 346 € **Average annual salary:** 40 283 €

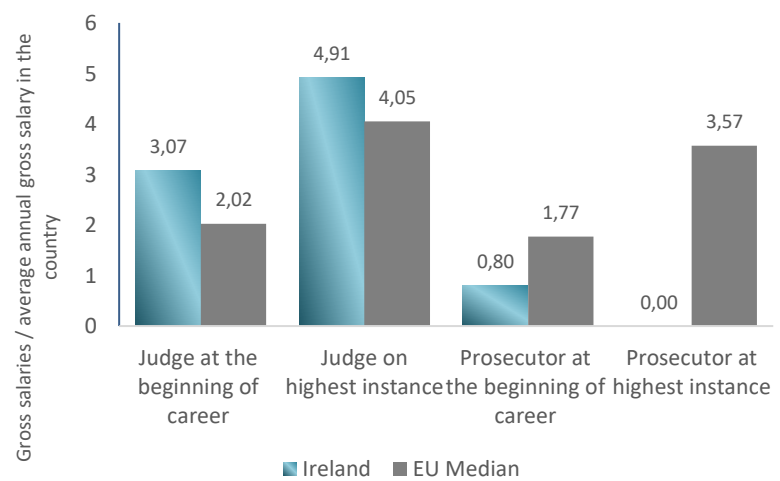
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
3,39	21,94	301,05	NA
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

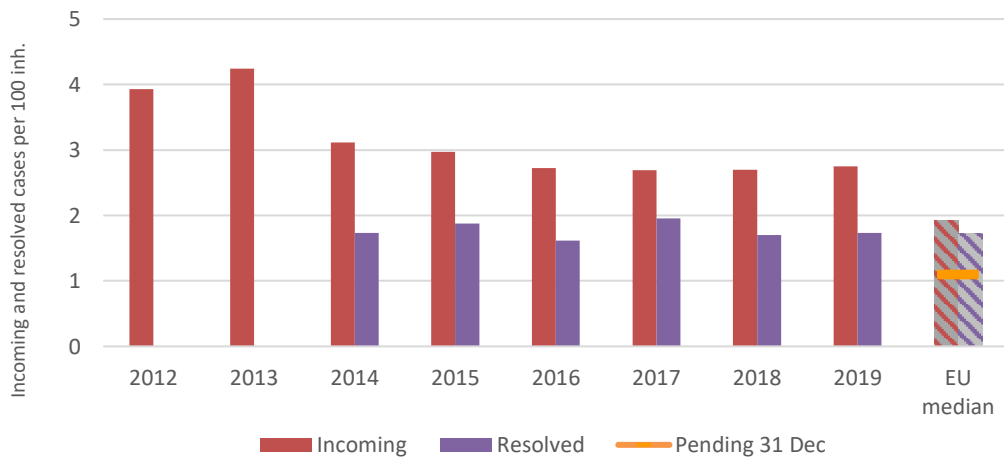


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

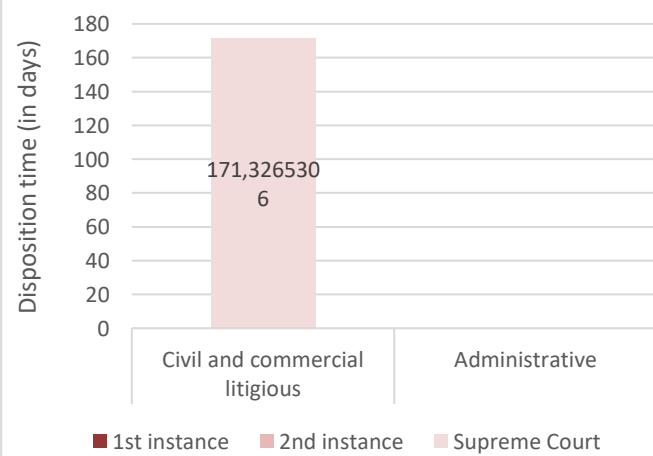


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

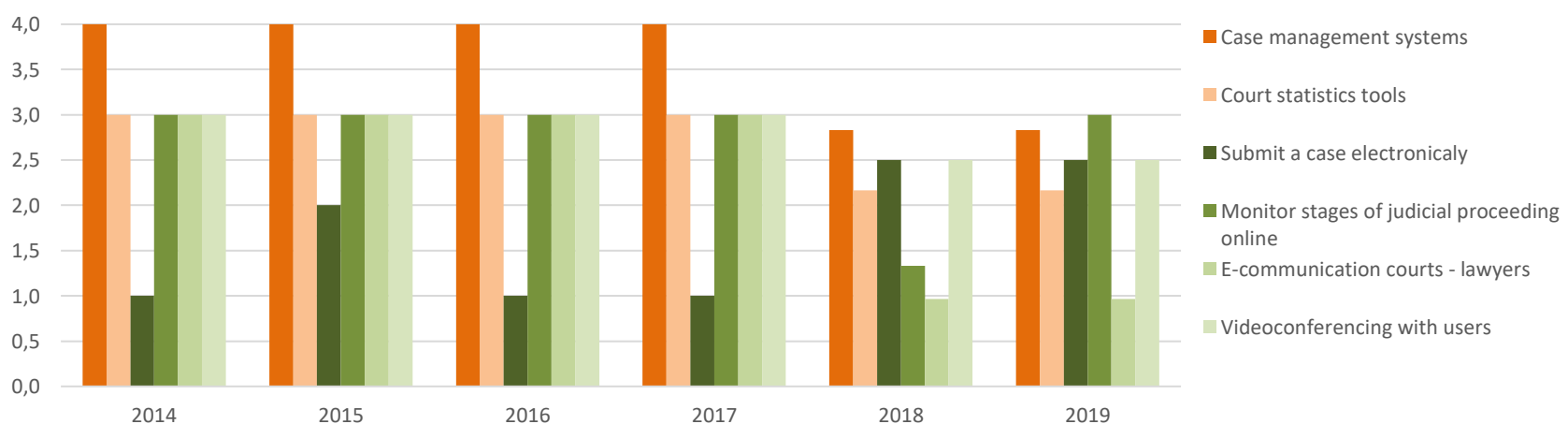


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Ireland

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	7,2%	1,0%	3,9%	1,3%	1,3%
GDP per capita	37 675 €	38 055 €	41 011 €	55 187 €	58 961 €	61 369 €	66 716 €	72 346 €	92,0%	43,8%	13,2%	8,7%	8,4%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	33 358 €		35 768 €		36 919 €		38 871 €	40 283 €	20,8%	3,2%	5,3%		3,6%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	3,1	3,2	3,5	3,4	3,5	3,3	3,3	3,4	8,2%	0,2%	-5,0%	-1,3%	3,0%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	20,6	20,1	20,0	20,2	20,9	21,3	21,6	21,9	6,6%	4,1%	3,5%	1,2%	1,6%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	240,8	243,7	250,5	255,3	261,8	262,7	270,6	301,0	25,0%	4,5%	3,3%	3,0%	11,3%
Mediators	0,8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,927	4,244	3,113	2,970	2,726	2,688	2,700	2,747	-30,0%	-12,4%	-0,9%	0,5%	1,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	2,274	2,265	2,243	1,990	1,887	1,905	NA	-1,4%	-15,9%	-5,2%	0,9%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	56%	63%	59%	73%	63%	63%	NA	3,66	3,85	-9,67	-0,08
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	96%	94%	96%	93%	100%	93%	NA	0,13	4,16	7,10	-7,53
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	89%	75%	84%	82%	66%	75%	93%	NA	7,27	-7,46	9,30	18,08
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

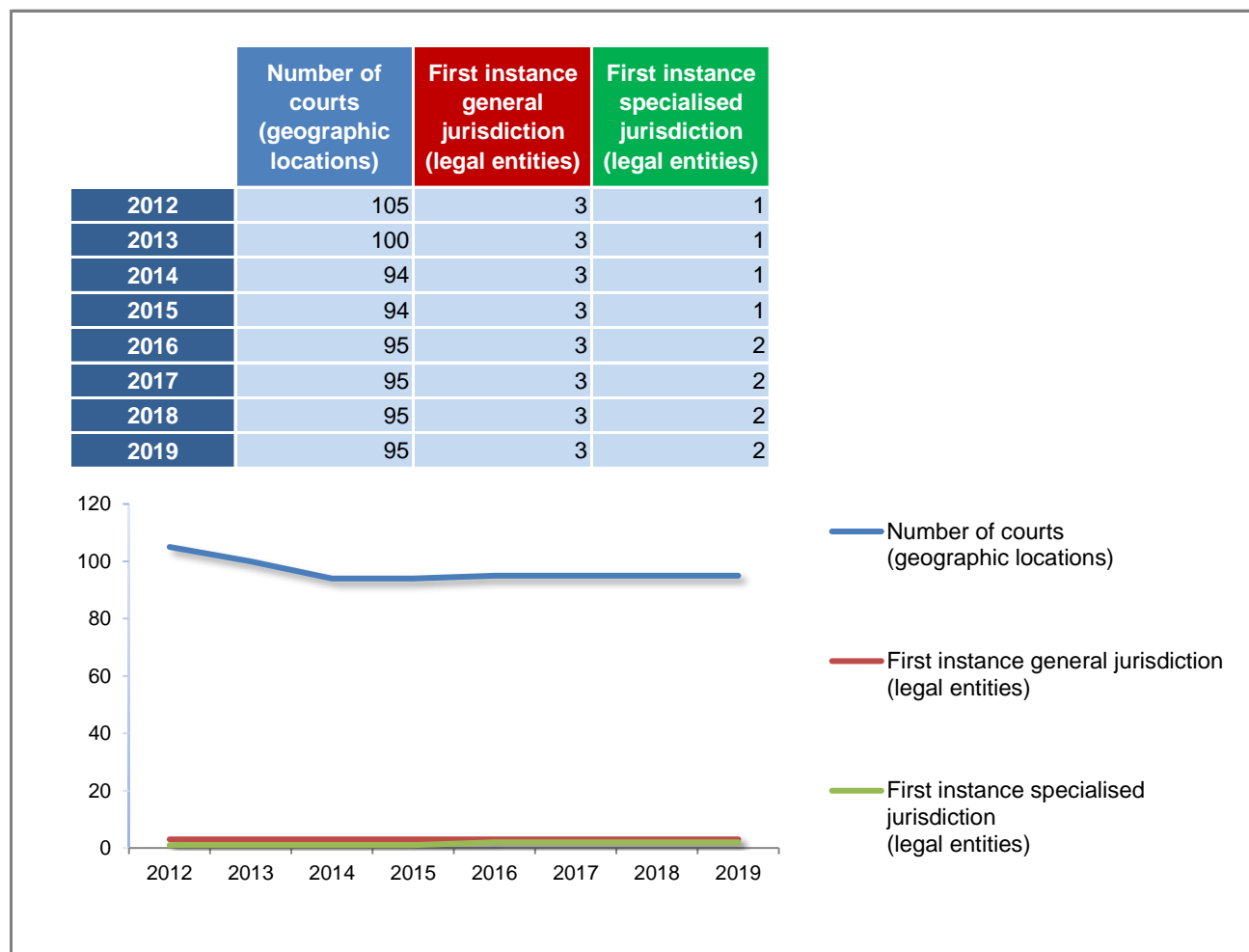
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	42%	-	152%	481%	190%	123%	90%	106%	64,04	37,69	-99,34	-32,33	15,89
CR administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	846	-	NA	NA	219	226	256	171	-79,7%	NA	16,8%	13,7%	-33,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

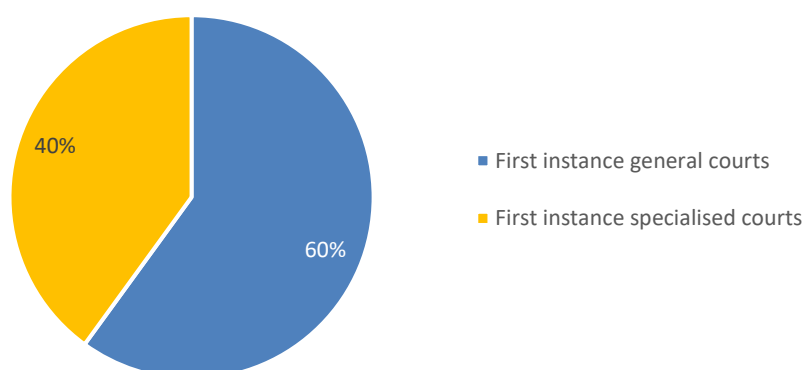
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Ireland

In Ireland, there are only three first instance courts (as legal entities) exercising general jurisdiction for the entire State (the High Court, the Circuit Court and the District Court). Each of those three courts has a single court president only, who exercises a nationwide remit for his/her court. The number of geographic locations reflects the physical location serving as seats or venues for the three jurisdictions.

On 4th October, 2013 the Irish electorate approved by Referendum an amendment to the Constitution to enable the establishment of a Court of Appeal. The necessary legislation, the Court of Appeal Act, was enacted in July, 2014. The Court of Appeal is placed immediately below the Supreme Court in the jurisdictional hierarchy, effectively assuming the existing appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and the Court of Criminal Appeal and the Courts-Martial Appeals Court. The Supreme Court has appellate jurisdiction for decisions of the Court of Appeal where the Supreme Court determines that the decision involves a matter of general public importance or it is necessary in the interests of justice that there be an appeal to the Supreme Court and for decisions of the High Court in exceptional circumstances involving a matter of general public importance and /or the interests of justice. The establishment of the Court of Appeal enabled the Supreme Court to concentrate on cases which are appropriate for consideration by it as the court of Final Appeal under the constitution. The Court of Appeal was established by order of the Government and started functioning in October 2014.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts	
Total	2
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP
Labour courts	NAP
Family courts	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	2
Internet related disputes	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP
Military courts	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP

The two specialised first instance courts listed above are Special Criminal Court No. 1 and Special Criminal Court No. 2. The latter was established in October 2015 and came into operation, sitting for the first time, in 2016.

Other than distinctions between jurisdictional levels there is no specialisation - all judges within a court jurisdiction may be allocated to any category of case falling within the jurisdictional remit of the court concerned. Starting in 2013 a new cadre of specialist judges was created in the Circuit Court with specific jurisdiction in relation to certain types of personal insolvency remedy and certain pre-trial order making powers.

Ireland has a specialist regime for the trial of commercial proceedings in the form of the Commercial List of the High Court (known as the 'Commercial Court') but, as it is not a separate legal entity, being a list within and formally a part of the High Court, it is not included as a specialist court as such.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Ireland

- **Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):**

Approved
2 790 000 000 €

Implemented:
2 830 000 000 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services



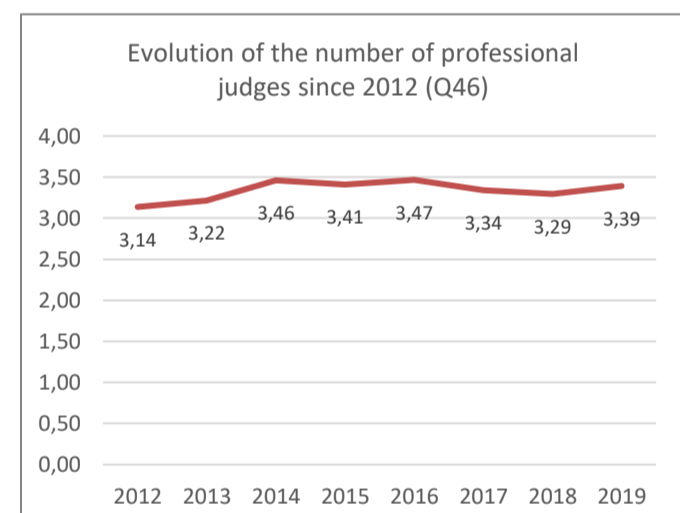
The Judicial Council was set up on the 17th December 2019.

- **Human resources**

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	144	3,14	73,6%	26,4%
2013	148	3,22	71,6%	28,4%
2014	160	3,46	67,5%	32,5%
2015	159	3,41	66,0%	34,0%
2016	162	3,47	64,8%	35,2%
2017	160	3,34	63,1%	36,9%
2018	160	3,29	61,3%	38,8%
2019	167	3,39	62,3%	37,7%



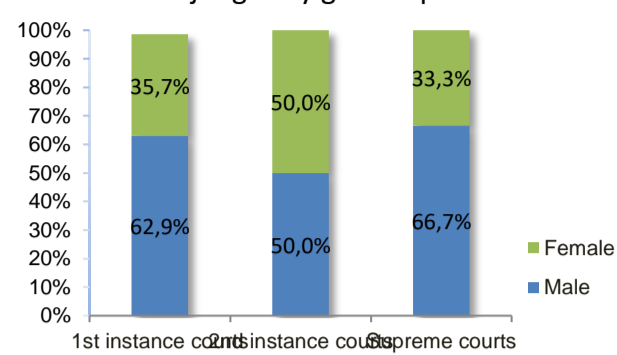
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Ireland is 167 which is 4,4% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Ireland, in 2019 there are 3,4 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 6,5 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 6,6 non-judge staff per judge).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	143	90	51
2nd instance courts	16	8	8
Supreme courts	9	6	3
Total	167	104	63

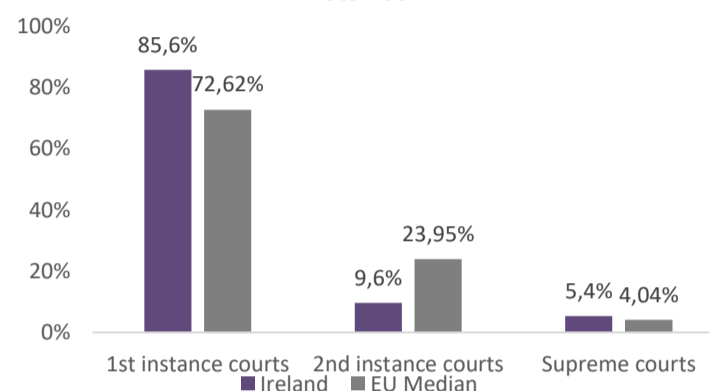
Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	85,6%	62,9%	35,7%
2nd instance courts	9,6%	50,0%	50,0%
Supreme courts	5,4%	66,7%	33,3%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 63 which represents 37,7% of the total number of judges.

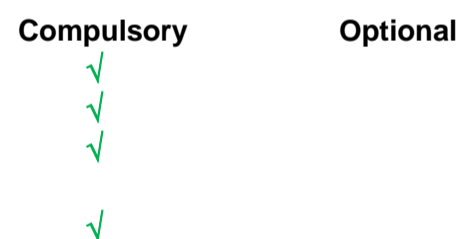
The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 143 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 51 are female); 16 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 8 are female) and 9 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 3 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Ireland presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Number of first instance professional judges refers to ordinary judges of the District Court, ordinary and specialist judges of the Circuit Court and ordinary judges of the High Court - including Court Presidents. An amendment was made to the number of judges in the court of appeal due to workload of the court.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that only in 2nd instance courts have equal number of male and female judges, while first and third instance courts have significantly lower percentage of female judges (35.7% and 33.3% respectively).

In Ireland, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

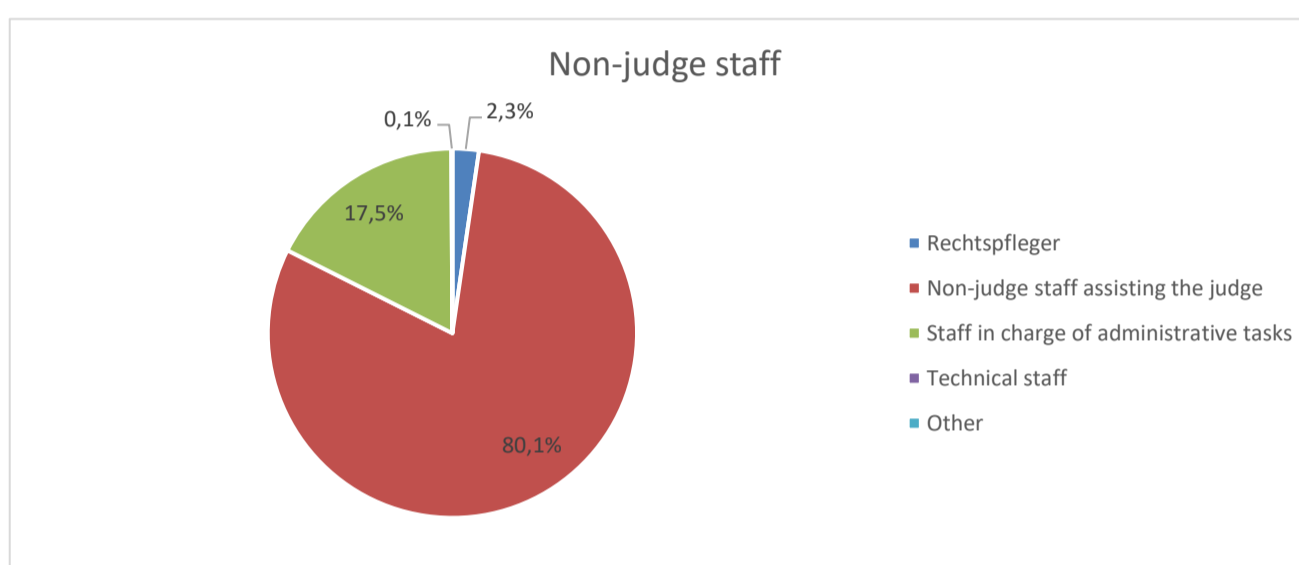
- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:



The Judicial Council was set up in December 2019 and therefore number of trainings has not been provided. The council is composed of members of the Judiciary and is the competent authority for training judges.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	945	31	787	125	2	NAP
2013	927	21	778	128	NAP	NAP
2014	927	24	771	131	1	NAP
2015	942	25	775	141	1	NAP
2016	975	23	790	161	1	NAP
2017	1 023	25	830	167	1	NAP
2018	1 049	25	849	173	1	NAP
2019	1 080	25	865	189	1	NAP



In Ireland, in this cycle there are 1 080 non-judge staff (among which 685 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 3,0%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 25 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 12 are women);
- 865 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 574 are women);
- 189 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 99 are women);
- 1 technical staff (among which 0 are women);

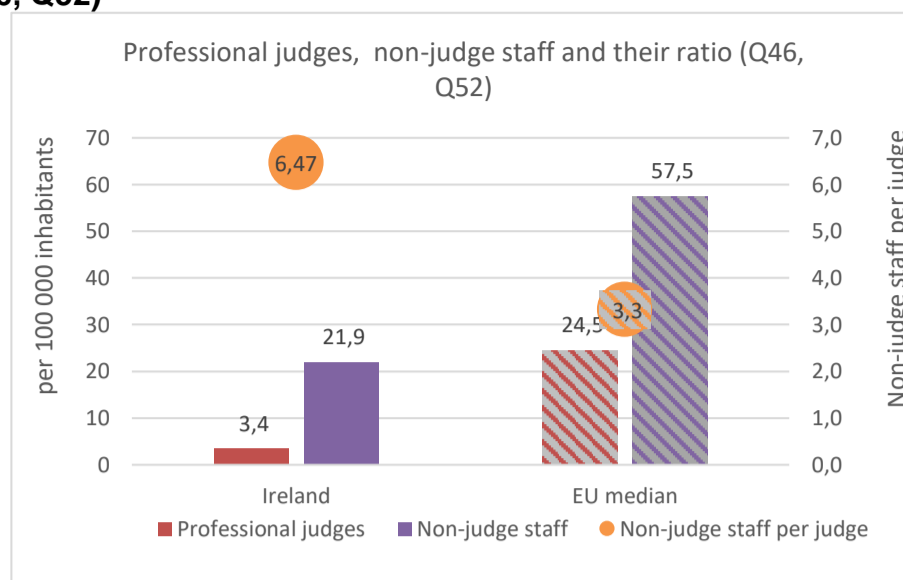
In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 21,6 in 2018 to 21,9 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 3,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 3,4 in 2019.

It should be noted that staff numbers in the Irish Courts Service are computed on the basis of "Full-time equivalent" resources, requiring that staff numbers include decimal points, reflecting part-time, work-sharing and other reduced time working arrangements. As decimal points are not imputable to this question in the data base, it has been necessary to round up or round down figures.

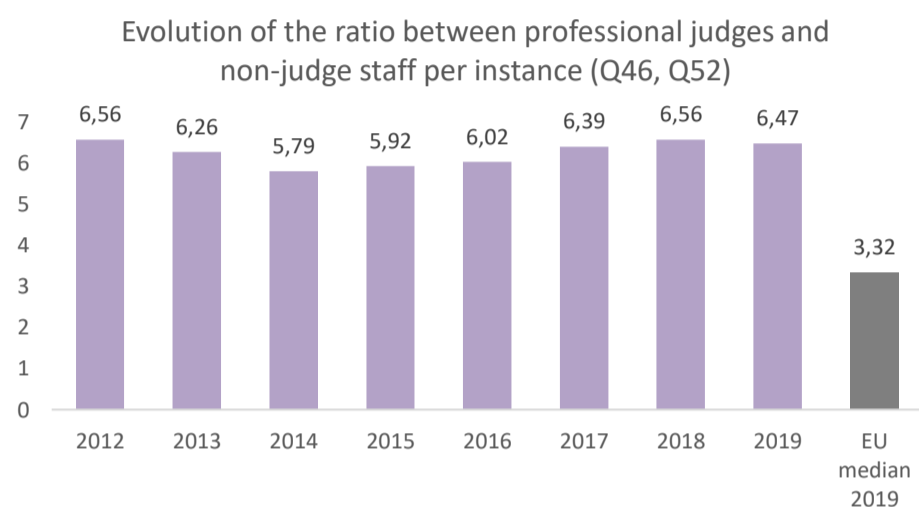
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Ireland	EU median
Professional judges	3,4	24,5
Non-judge staff	21,9	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	6,47	3,3



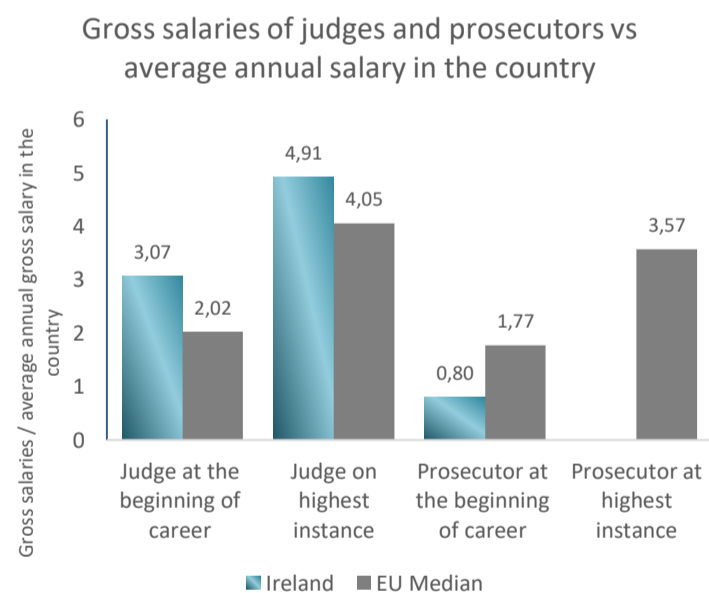
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	6,56
2013	6,26
2014	5,79
2015	5,92
2016	6,02
2017	6,39
2018	6,56
2019	6,47
EU median 2019	3,32



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

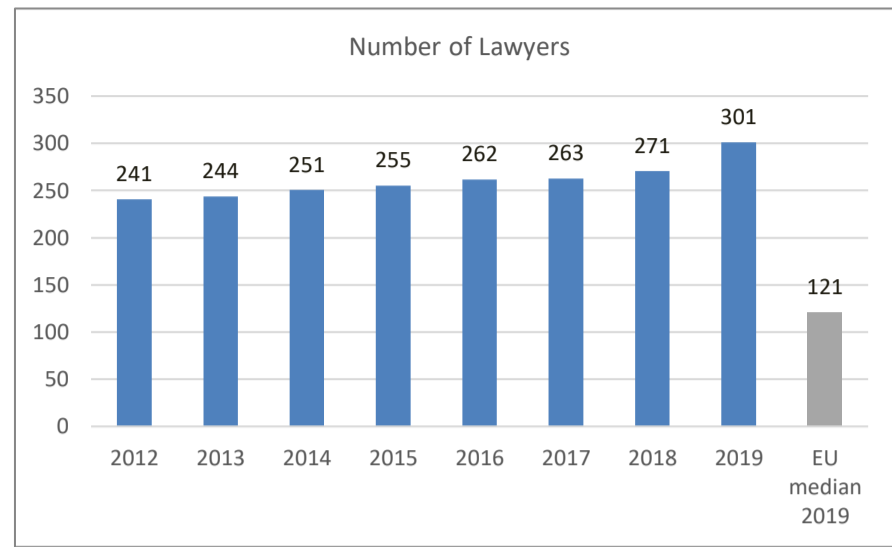
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	123 754 €	NA	3,07
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	197 916 €	NA	4,91
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	32 153 €	NA	0,80
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	NAP	NAP	NA



The judicial salary reflects that of a judge of the District Court and a judge of the Supreme Court as at 31 December 2019. Statutory deductions such as PAYE, USC, pension contributions will vary according to personal circumstances. In every case these will be charged in accordance with the relevant statutory provisions. Prosecuting in the Superior Courts is not necessarily linked to grade.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	11 055	240,79
2013	11 215	243,70
2014	11 588	250,50
2015	11 907	255,29
2016	12 237	261,83
2017	12 588	262,66
2018	13 142	270,58
2019	14 816	301,05



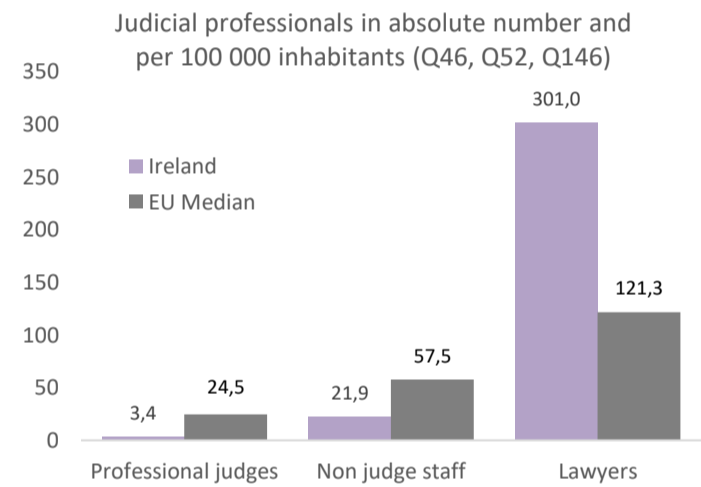
In 2019, there are 14 816 lawyers, which is 12,7% more than in 2018.

This data of 301,0 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

This figure represents the current membership of the Bar Council of Ireland and the Law Society of Ireland.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	167	3,39	24,48
Non judge staff	1 080	21,94	57,49
Lawyers	14 816	301,05	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 102 098 000 € (20,7 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 105 888 000 € (21,5 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	61 302 000 €	65 092 000 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	40 796 000 €	40 796 000 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	61 302 000 €	65 092 000 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NAP	NAP
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA

The annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in other than criminal cases is the state funding received by the Legal Aid Board in one year. The annual public budget implemented regarding legal aid is the total expenditure of the Legal Aid Board. It should be noted that:

(1) The Legal Aid Board receives funding from sources other than state funding, in the form of contributions paid by legally aided persons and costs recovered from legally aided persons. This funding is paid into the same Legal Aid Fund as the state funding and therefore it is not possible to distinguish expenditure funded from this source as distinct as from state funding.

(2) The Legal Aid Board does not separately account for the money it spends on the provision of legal advice to the money it spends on the provision of legal representation. Nor does it separately account for the costs of the mediation service from that of the law centre service, and even if it did, that would not represent the full total of the Board's spending on non-litigious cases for the above reason.

It should be noted that the budget for Criminal Legal Aid increased due to the overrun in the previous year (where a supplementary €15 million was required).

The excess of €3.79 million compared with the original allocation of €61.302 million is reflected in part in the supplementary estimate for the subhead. The additional requirement arose due to the number and category of criminal matters coming before the courts in which legal aid certificates were issued. Under the Criminal Justice (Legal Aid) Act 1962 the Judiciary are responsible for the granting of legal aid. This is a demand led scheme and the fees and expenses due to the legal practitioners are paid in accordance with the terms and conditions of the scheme.

In Ireland, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	√	√
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	√	√
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):		
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	√	

Civil legal aid does not generally include fees in respect of enforcement by an enforcement agent (this is distinct from enforcement of proceedings in a court which may be covered).

In criminal cases, legal aid can cover the cost of expert witnesses (medical and technical), interpreters, translation service providers, travel costs, disbursements i.e. photocopying costs, prison visits.

In civil cases, fees of other professionals may be covered where it is necessary having regard to the circumstances of the case.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Family Law Proceedings are exempt from court fees.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

Court fees are charged on a range of transactions and are charged in accordance with fees set out in Court Fees Orders made by the Minister for Justice and Equality.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 25€

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

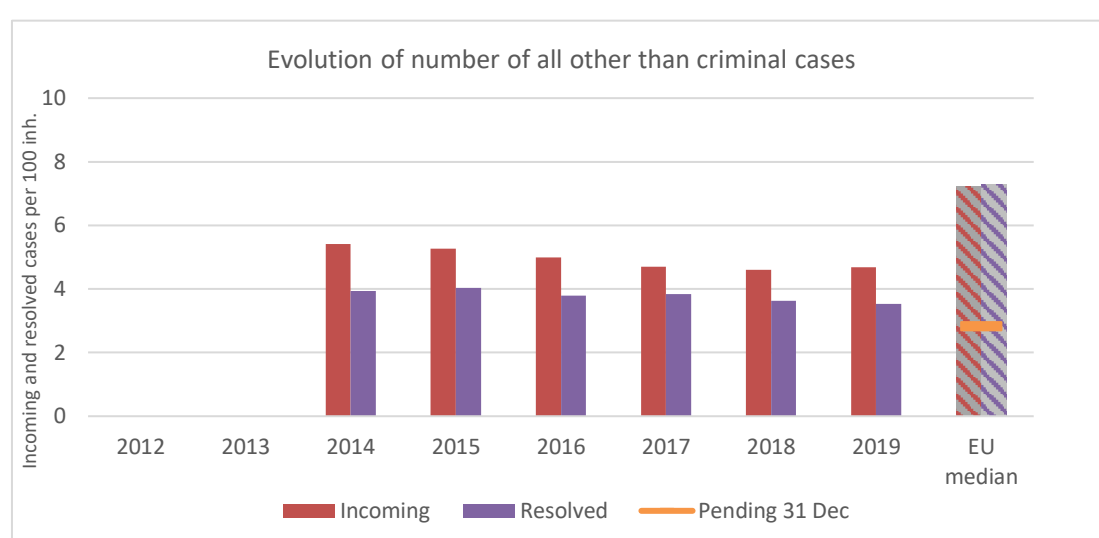
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

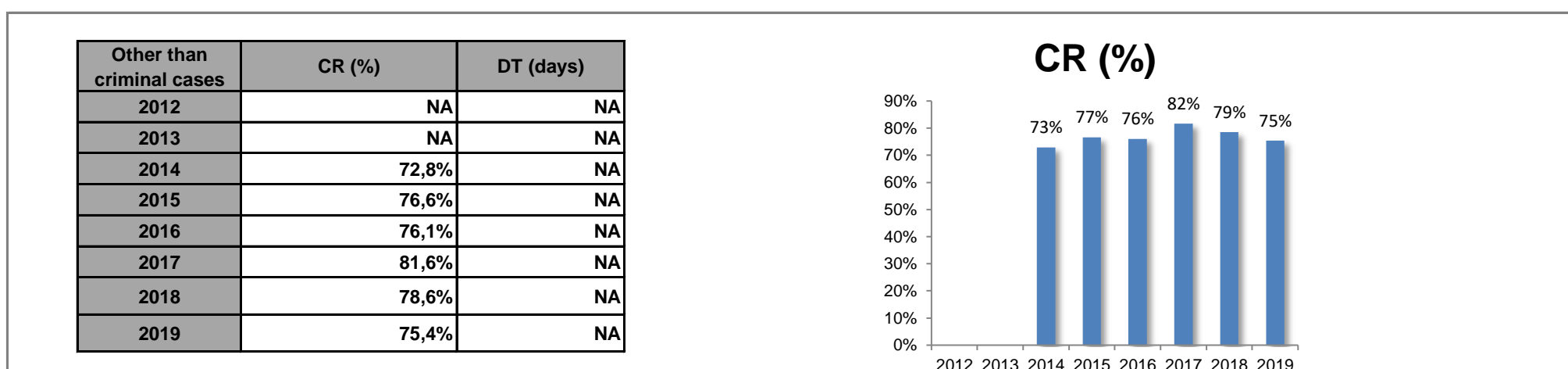
Regarding data for Ireland, historically the number of pending civil cases has not been recorded in caseload data, as many cases initiated before the Irish courts either settle out of court or are not proceeded with by the plaintiff/applicant without there being any procedural requirement that the parties inform the court of either a settlement or an intention not to proceed with the case. Consequently, number of resolved cases appears lower and number of pending cases is not available (NA). For this reason, CR shows lower values and DT cannot be calculated which imposes certain limitations on the caseload analysis. The mentioned characteristics of the system have to be taken into account whenever analysing available data for Ireland.

First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Ireland (4,68 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 (3,53 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (7,27 per 100 inhabitants).

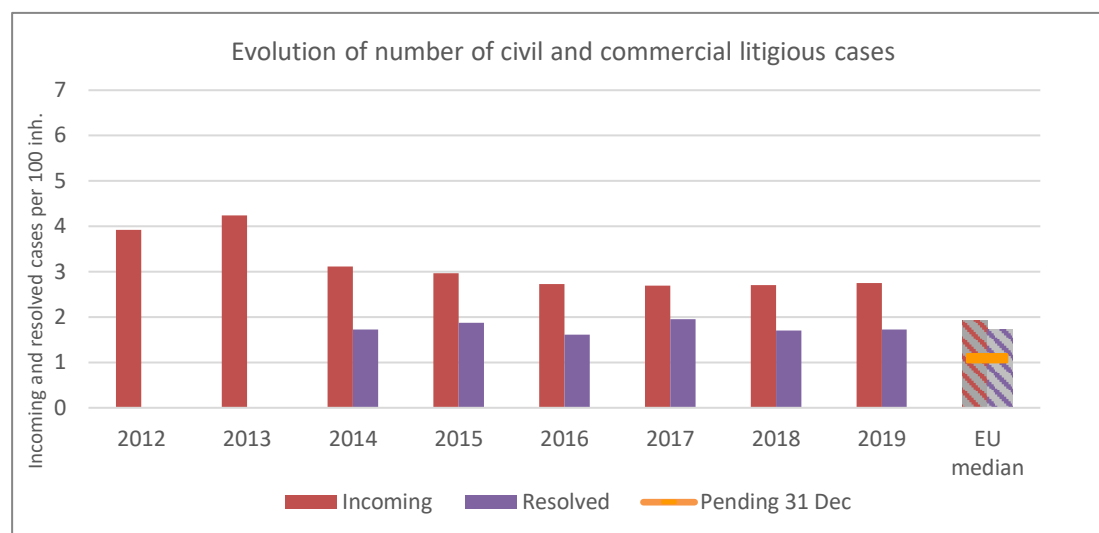


The Clearance Rate was calculated at 75,4% in 2019.

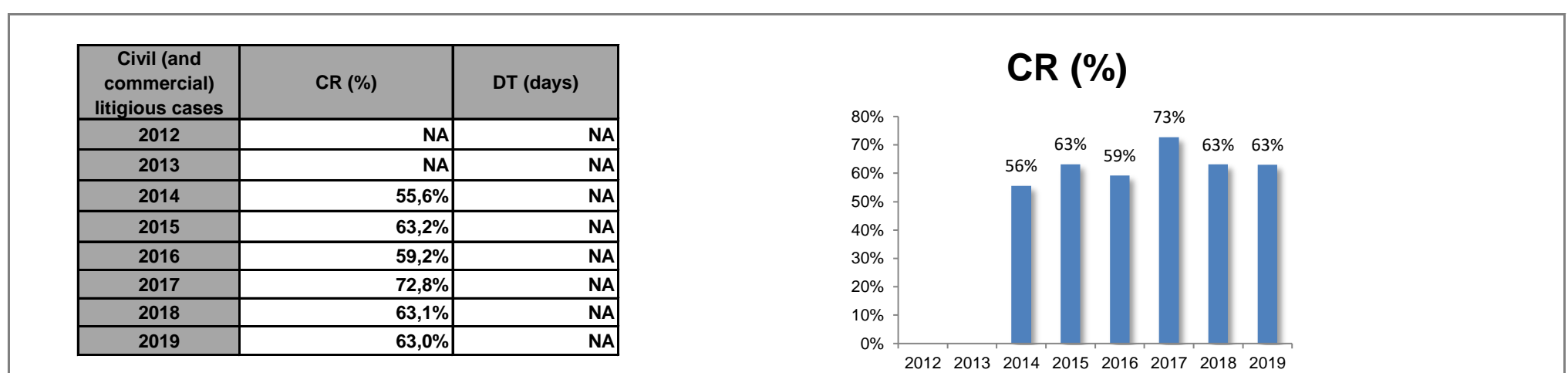
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 3,2 points.

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Ireland (2,75 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants); whereas the number of resolved cases in 2019 (1,73 per 100 inhabitants) is the same as the EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants).



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 63,0% in 2019.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 0,1 points.

The Disposition Time of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated.

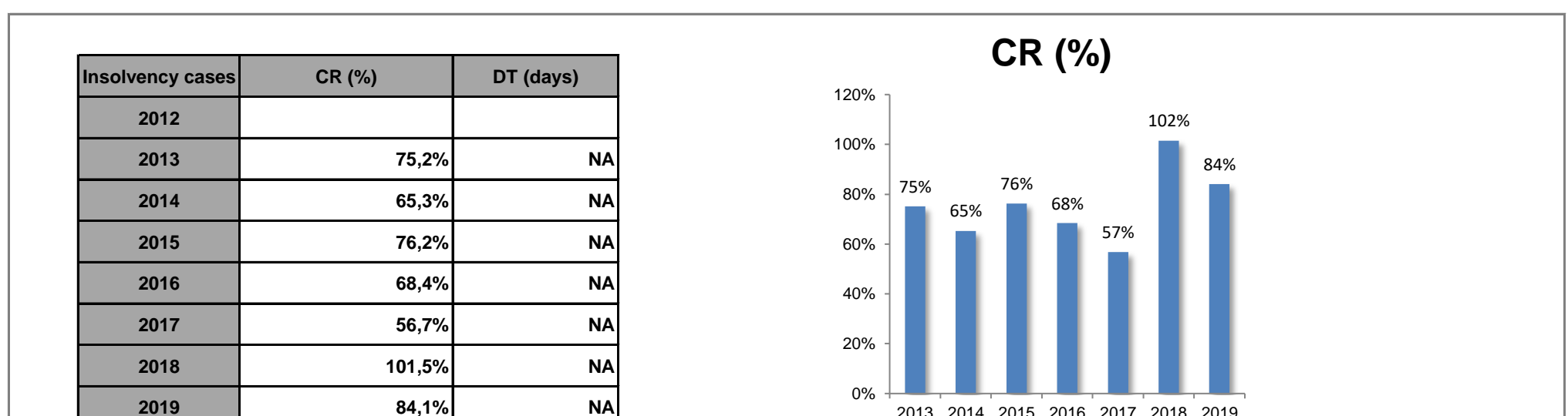
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases include proceedings not resolved inter partes, such as undefended pecuniary claims, deed poll applications, probate (grants of representation), wardship proceedings, registrations of enduring powers of attorney, appointment of care representatives, unopposed personal and corporate insolvency proceedings, liquor licencing applications and marriage notice exemption applications. Furthermore, category "other" cases includes: Taxation of bills of costs, Appointment by Chief Justice of Commissioner for Oaths and Notaries Public, Persons called to the Bar; Declarations by newly appointed Judges; Extensions of service granted to District Court Judges/County Registrars; Certificates of Authentication issued.

◦ *Administrative cases*

Number of administrative cases has not been available (NA), and therefore CR and DT cannot be calculated.

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 84,1% in 2019.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -17,4 points.

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

Under the Insolvency category the above figures reflect both corporate and personal insolvency cases. Insolvency figures include both litigious and non-litigious cases.

It is worth noting, that there was a decrease in bankruptcy and alternative personal insolvency application by debtors and to bankruptcy as a remedy by creditors in 2019. The overall amount of personal insolvency cases fell from 2,909 in 2016 to 1,496 in 2019.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious	63%	93%	106%	NA	NA	171
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Due to the lack of number of pending cases, DT cannot be calculated. Consequently, no comprehensive analysis of overall efficiency could be provided.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Ireland provides court related mediation.

Court procedures facilitate the referring of pending proceedings to various types of ADR (in particular conciliation, mediation and arbitration). One developing area within ADR is collaborative law, involving lawyers for the respective parties seeking to collaborate on reaching a resolution. In this method, the collaborating lawyers do not act for their respective clients should the dispute proceed to litigation.

The court related mediation system in Ireland does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

There is a legal requirement for Legal Counsel to recommend mediation to clients (if deemed suitable)
<http://www.irishstatutebook.ie/eli/2017/act/27/section/14/enacted/en/html#sec14>

The number of accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation was not available.

The number of judicial mediation cases was not available.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

The Courts Service is required by statute to provide an annual report on its activity during the year concerned. The report would include data on caseload for each court jurisdiction.

The Report is available to public, and is part of a larger annual report.

- The frequency of the reporting is annual

The Annual Report principally contains information on the governance arrangements for the Courts Service, operational activities and developments in the year reported on, budgetary position and detailed statistics on court caseload for that year. The report is formally made to the Minister for Justice and Equality, but is made available to the public.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- other

In Ireland, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- satisfaction of court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

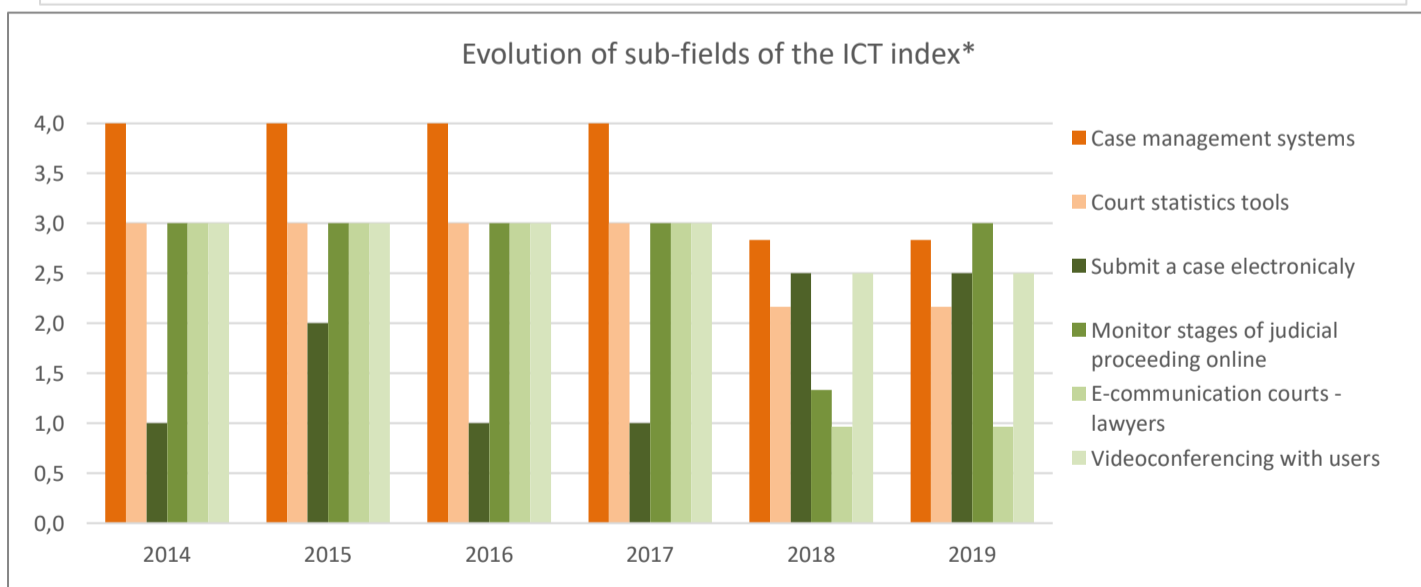
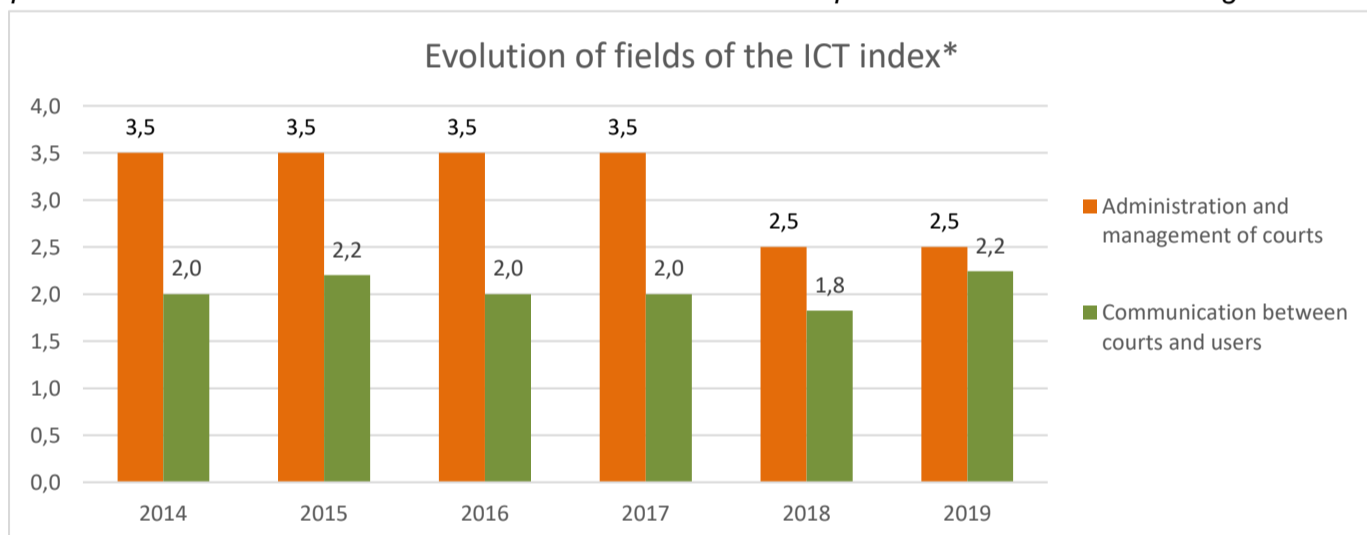
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	2,5
Case management systems	2,8
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	2,2
◦ Communication between court and users.	2,2
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	2,5
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	3,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	1,0
Videoconferencing with users	2,5

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Statistical data

In Ireland, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary which is Information Officer (The Courts Service, 15 - 24 Phoenix Street North, Smithfield, Dublin 7).

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet
- on paper

The Report is available to public, and is part of a larger annual report.

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	7,2%	0,2%	0,5%	0,8%	0,2%	2,5%	1,3%	1,3%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	37 675 €	38 055 €	41 011 €	55 187 €	58 961 €	61 369 €	66 716 €	72 346 €	92,0%	1,0%	7,8%	34,6%	6,8%	4,1%	8,7%	8,4%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	2 346 727 000	2 285 727 000	2 245 651 000	2 261 784 000	2 418 240 000	2 610 473 000	2 698 476 000	2 790 000 000	18,9%	-2,6%	-1,8%	0,7%	6,9%	7,9%	3,4%	3,4%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	Yes							
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP							
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No							
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No							
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No							
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	7,2%	0,2%	0,5%	0,8%	0,2%	2,5%	1,3%	1,3%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	37 675 €	38 055 €	41 011 €	55 187 €	58 961 €	61 369 €	66 716 €	72 346 €	92,0%	1,0%	7,8%	34,6%	6,8%	4,1%	8,7%	8,4%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	2 346 727 000	2 285 727 000	2 245 651 000	2 261 784 000	2 418 240 000	2 610 473 000	2 698 476 000	2 790 000 000	18,9%	0 €	-1,8%	0,7%	6,9%	7,9%	3,4%	3,4%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	2 334 962 000	2 241 247 000	2 436 408 000	2 586 280 000	2 681 016 000	2 830 000 000	-	-	-	-4,0%	8,7%	6,2%	3,7%	5,6%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	7,2%	0,2%	0,5%	0,8%	0,2%	2,5%	1,3%	1,3%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	2 346 727 000	2 285 727 000	2 245 651 000	2 261 784 000	2 418 240 000	2 610 473 000	2 698 476 000	2 790 000 000	18,9%	-2,6%	-1,8%	0,7%	6,9%	7,9%	3,4%	3,4%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	43 720 000	-	44 302 000	44 136 000	47 780 000	44 734 000	47 969 000	43 972 000	0,6%	-	-	-0,4%	8,3%	-6,4%	7,2%	-8,3%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	25	25	25	25	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	7,2%	0,2%	0,5%	0,8%	0,2%	2,5%	1,3%	1,3%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	105	100	94	94	95	95	95	95	-9,5%	-4,8%	-6,0%	0,0%	1,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	1	1	1	1	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	7,2%	0,2%	0,5%	0,8%	0,2%	2,5%	1,3%	1,3%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	250 402	245 462	233 058	225 215	223 906	230 240	-	-	-	-2,0%	-5,1%	-3,4%	-0,6%	2,8%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	180 287	195 299	143 993	138 540	127 395	128 820	131 159	135 208	-25,0%	8,3%	-26,3%	-3,8%	-8,0%	1,1%	1,8%	3,1%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	105 215	105 623	104 848	95 363	91 655	93 740	-	-	-	0,4%	-0,7%	-9,0%	-3,9%	2,3%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	105 215	105 623	104 848	95 363	91 655	93 740	-	-	-	0,4%	-0,7%	-9,0%	-3,9%	2,3%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	1 194	1 299	815	1 032	1 092	1 292	-	-	-	8,8%	-37,3%	26,6%	5,8%	18,3%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	182 409	187 987	177 247	183 793	175 913	173 602	-	-	-	3,1%	-5,7%	3,7%	-4,3%	-1,3%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	80 027	87 505	75 463	93 729	82 744	85 193	-	-	-	9,3%	-13,8%	24,2%	-11,7%	3,0%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101 188	99 183	100 969	89 032	92 077	87 117	-	-	-	-2,0%	1,8%	-11,8%	3,4%	-5,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	120 010	101 188	99 183	100 969	89 032	92 077	87 117	-	-	-15,7%	-2,0%	1,8%	-11,8%	3,4%	-5,4%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	35	1 194	1 299	815	1 032	1 092	1 292	-	-	3311,4%	8,8%	-37,3%	26,6%	5,8%	18,3%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	72,8%	76,6%	76,1%	81,6%	78,6%	75,4%	-	-	-	5,1%	-0,7%	7,3%	-3,7%	-4,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	55,6%	63,2%	59,2%	72,8%	63,1%	63,0%	-	-	-	13,6%	-6,2%	22,8%	-13,3%	-0,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	96,2%	93,9%	96,3%	93,4%	100,5%	92,9%	-	-	-	-2,4%	2,6%	-3,1%	7,6%	-7,5%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	96,2%	93,9%	96,3%	93,4%	100,5%	92,9%	-	-	-	-2,4%	2,6%	-3,1%	7,6%	-7,5%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	486	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	3 482	3 609	3 831	4 314	4 179	3 995	3 888	4 073	17,0%	3,6%	6,2%	12,6%	-3,1%	-4,4%	-2,7%	4,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	358	69	135	121	48	18	13	-	-	-80,7%	95,7%	-10,4%	-60,3%	-62,5%	-27,8%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	380	314	1 615	2 368	2 909	3 060	1 526	1 496	293,7%	-17,4%	414,3%	46,6%	22,8%	5,2%	-50,1%	-2,0%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	2 892	2 949	2 638	3 291	3 277	3 434	3 252	3 573	23,5%	2,0%	-10,5%	24,8%	-0,4%	4,8%	-5,3%	9,9%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	120	89	102	105	73	31	22	-	-	-25,8%	14,6%	2,9%	-30,5%	-57,5%	-29,0%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	275	236	1 055	1 805	1 989	1 736	1 549	1 258	357,5%	-14,2%	347,0%	71,1%	10,2%	-12,7%	-10,8%	-18,8%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	524	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	83,1%	81,7%	68,9%	76,3%	78,4%	86,0%	83,6%	87,7%	5,6%	-1,6%	-15,7%	10,8%	2,8%	9,6%	-2,7%	4,9%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	33,5%	129,0%	75,6%	86,8%	152,1%	172,2%	169,2%	-	-	284,8%	-41,4%	14,9%	75,3%	13,2%	-1,7%
CR Insolvency cases	72,4%	75,2%	65,3%	76,2%	68,4%	56,7%	101,5%	84,1%	16,2%	3,9%	-13,1%	16,7%	-10,3%	-17,0%	78,9%	-17,2%
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	695	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	2 084	2 334	2 637	2 679	2 673	2 827	2 685	-	-	12,0%	13,0%	1,6%	-0,2%	5,8%	-5,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	2 084	2 334	2 637	2 679	2 673	2 827	2 685	-	-	12,0%	13,0%	1,6%	-0,2%	5,8%	-5,0%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	1 849	1 754	2 227	2 208	1 755	2 119	2 498	-	-	-5,1%	27,0%	-0,9%	-20,5%	20,7%	17,9%

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	1 849	1 754	2 227	2 208	1 755	2 119	2 498	-	-	-5,1%	27,0%	-0,9%	-20,5%	20,7%	17,9%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	88,7%	75,1%	84,5%	82,4%	65,7%	75,0%	93,0%	-	-	-15,3%	12,4%	-2,4%	-20,3%	14,2%	24,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	88,7%	75,1%	84,5%	82,4%	65,7%	75,0%	93,0%	-	-	-15,3%	12,4%	-2,4%	-20,3%	14,2%	24,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	NA	NA	334	187	144	181	-	-	-	-	-	-44,0%	-23,0%	25,7%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	241	-	NA	NA	334	187	144	181	-24,9%	-	-	-	-	-44,0%	-23,0%	25,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	462	109	164	190	268	323	-	-	-	-76,4%	50,5%	15,9%	41,1%	20,5%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	605	-	462	109	164	190	268	323	-46,6%	-	-	-76,4%	50,5%	15,9%	41,1%	20,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	702	524	311	233	242	343	-	-	-	-25,4%	-40,6%	-25,1%	3,9%	41,7%

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	255	-	702	524	311	233	242	343	34,5%	-	-	-25,4%	-40,6%	-25,1%	3,9%	41,7%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	NA	NA	187	144	182	161	-	-	-	-	-	-23,0%	26,4%	-11,5%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	591	-	NA	NA	187	144	170	161	-72,8%	-	-	-	-	-23,0%	18,1%	-5,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	151,9%	480,7%	189,6%	122,6%	90,3%	106,2%	-	-	-	216,4%	-60,6%	-35,3%	-26,4%	17,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	42,1%	-	151,9%	480,7%	189,6%	122,6%	90,3%	106,2%	151,9%	-	-	216,4%	-60,6%	-35,3%	-26,4%	17,6%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	219	226	275	171	-	-	-	-	-	2,8%	21,7%	-37,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	846	-	NA	NA	219	226	256	171	-79,7%	-	-	-	-	2,8%	13,7%	-33,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	7,2%	0,2%	0,5%	0,8%	0,2%	2,5%	1,3%	1,3%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	83 159 000	84 623 000	80 126 000	79 971 000	82 390 000	89 010 000	89 577 000	102 098 000	22,8%	1,8%	-5,3%	-0,2%	3,0%	8,0%	0,6%	14,0%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	83 159 000	84 623 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	1,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	47 552 000	47 500 000	47 552 000	49 302 000	49 302 000	61 302 000	-	-	-	-0,1%	0,1%	3,7%	0,0%	24,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	50 500 000	50 863 000	47 552 000	47 500 000	47 552 000	49 302 000	49 302 000	61 302 000	21,4%	0,7%	-6,5%	-0,1%	0,1%	3,7%	0,0%	24,3%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	32 574 000	32 471 000	34 838 000	39 708 000	40 275 000	40 796 000	-	-	-	-0,3%	7,3%	14,0%	1,4%	1,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	32 659 000	33 760 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	3,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	85 346 304	87 308 145	91 666 000	100 622 672	111 463 335	105 888 000	-	-	-	2,3%	5,0%	9,8%	10,8%	-5,0%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	49 900 000	50 900 000	52 998 000	58 138 672	64 806 000	65 092 000	-	-	-	2,0%	4,1%	9,7%	11,5%	0,4%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	49 900 000	50 900 000	52 998 000	58 138 672	64 806 000	65 092 000	-	-	-	2,0%	4,1%	9,7%	11,5%	0,4%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	35 446 304	36 408 145	38 668 000	42 484 000	46 657 335	40 796 000	-	-	-	2,7%	6,2%	9,9%	9,8%	-12,6%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes	
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							NA	NA	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Integrated	Integrated	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Integrated	Integrated	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Not connected at all : connected at all		
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							No	No	
63-7.1 workload of judges									
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors									
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff									
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							No	0	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	0	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	0	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	0	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	0	

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	0									

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	50-99%											
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%											
064-2 - Administrative							NA	NA											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							No	No											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							No	No											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	No											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							No	No											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							Yes	Yes											

Civil - Equipment rate

Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory

Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means

Civil - SMS

Civil - E-mail

Civil - Specific computer application

Civil - Other

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	No									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							not accessible at all	accessible at all									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							No	0
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							10-49%	10-49%
064-6 - Criminal							NA	NA
064-6 - Administrative							NA	NA
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	50-99%
064-10 - Criminal							50-99%	50-99%
064-10 - Administrative							NA	NA
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	50-99%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							NA	NA
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Both	Video										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	No
064-3 - Equipment rate								
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	0
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							No	0
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	0
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	0

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No									

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
064-7 - Email								No	No									
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	No									
064-7 - Other								No	No									
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	No									
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
064-7 - Email								No	No									
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	No									
064-7 - Other								No	No									
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	No									
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																		
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																		
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No									
<i>In criminal matter</i>																		
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No									
<i>In administrative matter</i>																		

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-1 - Admission							No	No										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																		
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	No										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Workload							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	0										
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																		
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes										

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Optional
127.1.2 General in-service training	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	No training proposed	No training proposed				
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics								Compulsory	Compulsory	

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																	
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																	
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	35	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)									
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																	
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																	
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	No								

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	7,2%	0,2%	0,5%	0,8%	0,2%	2,5%	1,3%	1,3%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	144	148	160	159	162	160	160	167	16,0%	2,8%	8,1%	-0,6%	1,9%	-1,2%	0,0%	4,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	136	138	140	140	143	142	142	143	5,1%	1,5%	1,4%	0,0%	2,1%	-0,7%	0,0%	0,7%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	NAP	NAP	10	9	10	10	10	16	-	-	-	-10,0%	11,1%	0,0%	0,0%	60,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	8	10	10	10	9	8	8	9	12,5%	25,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-10,0%	-11,1%	0,0%	12,5%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	106	106	108	105	105	101	98	104	-1,9%	0,0%	1,9%	-2,8%	0,0%	-3,8%	-3,0%	6,1%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	99	99	93	92	92	88	88	90	-9,1%	0,0%	-6,1%	-1,1%	0,0%	-4,3%	0,0%	2,3%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NAP	NAP	8	7	8	8	5	8	-	-	-	-12,5%	14,3%	0,0%	-37,5%	60,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	7	7	7	6	5	5	5	6	-14,3%	0,0%	0,0%	-14,3%	-16,7%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	38	42	52	54	57	59	62	63	65,8%	10,5%	23,8%	3,8%	5,6%	3,5%	5,1%	1,6%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	37	39	47	48	51	54	54	51	37,8%	5,4%	20,5%	2,1%	6,3%	5,9%	0,0%	-5,6%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NAP	NAP	2	2	2	2	5	8	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	150,0%	60,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	1	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	200,0%	200,0%	0,0%	33,3%	0,0%	-25,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	945	927	927	942	975	1 023	1 049	1 080	14,3%	-1,9%	0,0%	1,6%	3,5%	4,9%	2,5%	3,0%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	31	21	24	25	23	25	25	25	-19,4%	-32,3%	14,3%	4,2%	-8,0%	8,7%	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	787	778	771	775	790	830	849	865	9,9%	-1,1%	-0,9%	0,5%	1,9%	5,1%	2,3%	1,9%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	125	128	131	141	161	167	173	189	51,2%	2,4%	2,3%	7,6%	14,2%	3,7%	3,6%	9,2%

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	2	NAP	1	1	1	1	1	1	-50,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	361	362	374	409	420	395	-	-	-	0,3%	3,3%	9,4%	2,7%	-6,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	12	12	12	14	14	13	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	16,7%	0,0%	-7,1%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	282	272	268	313	318	291	-	-	-	-3,5%	-1,5%	16,8%	1,6%	-8,5%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	66	77	93	81	88	90	-	-	-	16,7%	20,8%	-12,9%	8,6%	2,3%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	623	566	580	601	614	629	685	-	-	-9,1%	2,5%	3,6%	2,2%	2,4%	8,9%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	10	12	13	11	11	11	12	-	-	20,0%	8,3%	-15,4%	0,0%	0,0%	9,1%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	521	489	503	522	517	531	574	-	-	-6,1%	2,9%	3,8%	-1,0%	2,7%	8,1%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	92	65	64	68	86	85	99	-	-	-29,3%	-1,5%	6,3%	26,5%	-1,2%	16,5%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	NAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	7,2%	0,2%	0,5%	0,8%	0,2%	2,5%	1,3%	1,3%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	11 055	11 215	11 588	11 907	12 237	12 588	13 142	14 816	34,0%	1,4%	3,3%	2,8%	2,8%	2,9%	4,4%	12,7%

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	945	927	927	942	975	1 023	1 049	1 080	14,3%	-1,9%	0,0%	1,6%	3,5%	4,9%	2,5%	3,0%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	31	21	24	25	23	25	25	25	-19,4%	-32,3%	14,3%	4,2%	-8,0%	8,7%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	787	778	771	775	790	830	849	865	9,9%	-1,1%	-0,9%	0,5%	1,9%	5,1%	2,3%	1,9%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	125	128	131	141	161	167	173	189	51,2%	2,4%	2,3%	7,6%	14,2%	3,7%	3,6%	9,2%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	2	NAP	1	1	1	1	1	1	-50,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	361	362	374	409	420	395	-	-	-	0,3%	3,3%	9,4%	2,7%	-6,0%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	12	12	12	14	14	13	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	16,7%	0,0%	-7,1%	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	282	272	268	313	318	291	-	-	-	-3,5%	-1,5%	16,8%	1,6%	-8,5%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	66	77	93	81	88	90	-	-	-	16,7%	20,8%	-12,9%	8,6%	2,3%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	623	566	580	601	614	629	685	-	-	-9,1%	2,5%	3,6%	2,2%	2,4%	8,9%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	10	12	13	11	11	11	12	-	-	20,0%	8,3%	-15,4%	0,0%	0,0%	9,1%	

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	521	489	503	522	517	531	574	-	-	-6,1%	2,9%	3,8%	-1,0%	2,7%	8,1%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	92	65	64	68	86	85	99	-	-	-29,3%	-1,5%	6,3%	26,5%	-1,2%	16,5%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	NAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							No	No
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Ireland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							No	No									
Non-judge staff							No	No									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							No	No									
Enforcement agents							No	No									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							No	No									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Italy

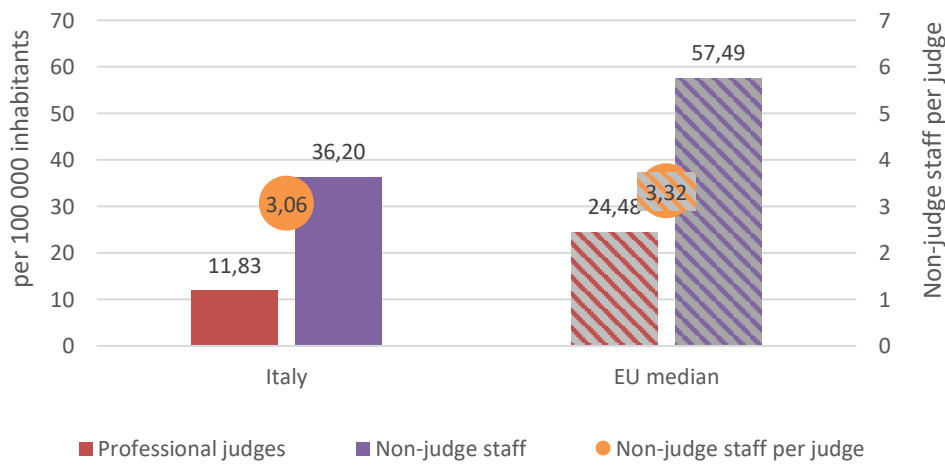
General data

Population: 60 244 639 **GDP:** 29 609 € **Average annual salary:** 30 641 €

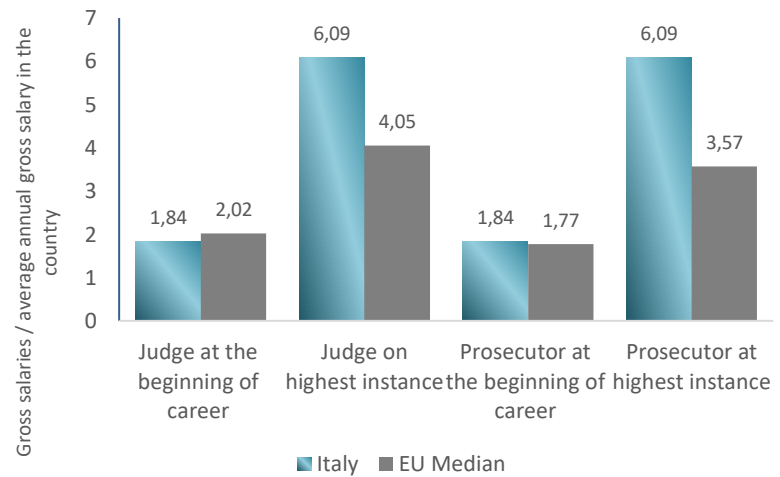
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
11,83	36,20	392,56	39,63
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

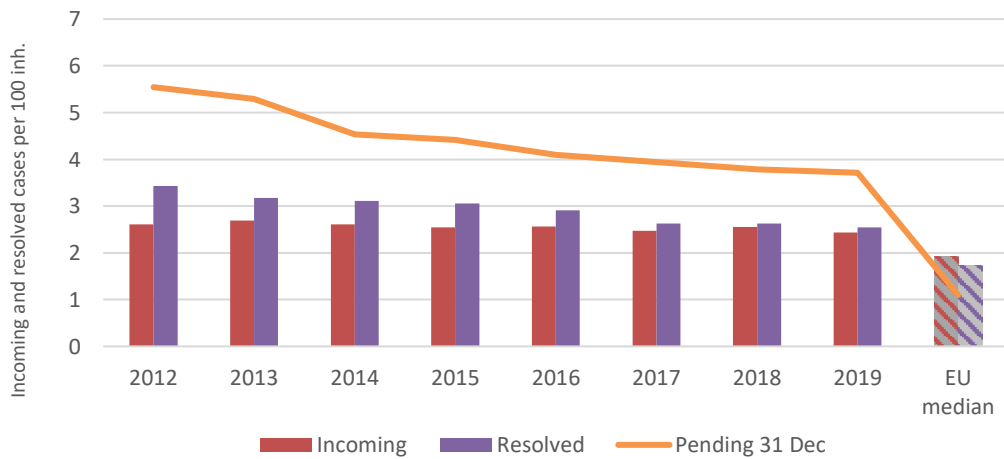


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

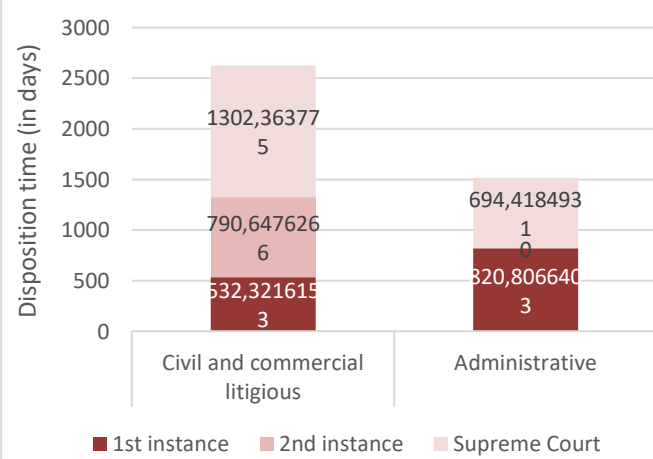


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

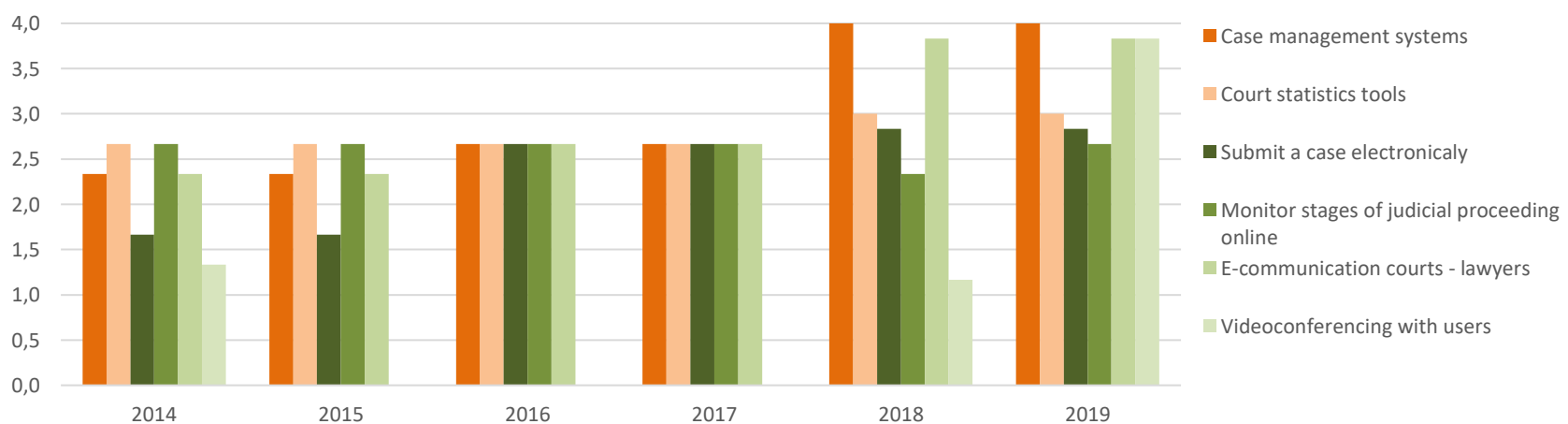


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Italy

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	0,9%	-0,3%	-0,4%	-0,2%	-0,2%
GDP per capita	25 729 €	25 553 €	26 585 €	26 947 €	27 587 €	28 359 €	29 071 €	29 609 €	15,1%	3,8%	5,4%	2,5%	1,9%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	28 619 €		29 327 €		29 389 €		29 343 €	30 641 €	7,1%	0,2%	-0,2%		4,4%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	10,6	11,0	11,4	10,9	10,6	10,8	11,6	11,8	11,2%	-7,5%	10,1%	8,0%	1,8%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	39,7	38,5	36,0	35,2	35,0	34,2	37,1	36,2	-8,7%	-3,0%	6,2%	8,6%	-2,5%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	379,0	379,0	368,2	390,9	378,4	382,9	388,3	392,6	3,6%	2,8%	2,6%	1,4%	1,1%
Mediators	NA	NA	31,7	35,5	39,0	39,6	39,8	39,6	NA	23,0%	2,1%	0,5%	-0,4%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,613	2,690	2,608	2,547	2,566	2,468	2,550	2,439	-6,7%	-1,6%	-0,6%	3,3%	-4,4%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	4,106	4,303	3,866	3,195	3,381	3,162	3,196	3,192	-22,3%	-12,5%	-5,5%	1,1%	-0,1%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,086	0,1	0,1	0,102	0,090	0,080	0,083	0,084	-1,9%	-14,1%	-8,1%	3,1%	2,0%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	131%	118%	119%	120%	113%	106%	103%	104%	-26,7%	-6,0%	-10,3%	-3,5%	1,5%
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	94%	99%	101%	105%	97%	99%	102%	102%	7,8%	-4,8%	5,3%	3,1%	-0,3%
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	280%	190%	156%	142%	153%	156%	136%	131%	-148,7%	-2,1%	-17,1%	-19,9%	-5,2%

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	590	608	532	527	514	548	527	532	-9,8%	-3,3%	2,5%	-3,7%	1,0%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	213	193	228	227	250	254	231	222	4,2%	10,0%	-7,8%	-9,1%	-3,8%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	886	1 043	984	1 008	925	887	889	821	-7,4%	-6,0%	-3,9%	0,2%	-7,7%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	5,54	5,29	4,54	4,41	4,10	3,94	3,79	3,72	-33,0%	-9,7%	-7,5%	-3,8%	-1,9%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,25	2,26	2,44	2,09	2,24	2,18	2,06	1,97	-12,2%	-8,4%	-8,0%	-5,2%	-4,2%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,58	0,50	0,44	0,40	0,35	0,30	0,27	0,25	-57,4%	-20,4%	-21,5%	-9,9%	-9,4%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	104%	128%	119%	122%	111%	117%	120%	131%	26,0%	-8,5%	9,0%	2,9%	10,6%
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

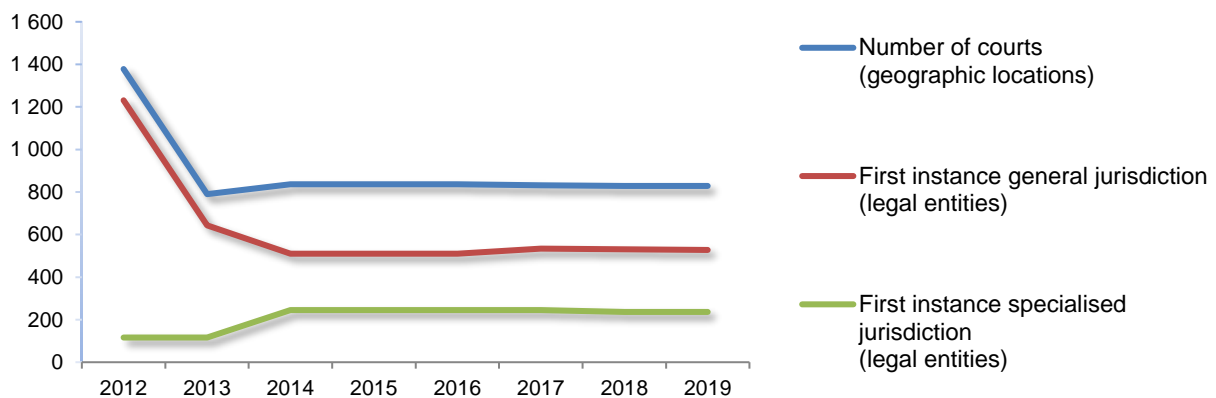
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	1 161	855	959	1 005	993	893	863	791	-31,9%	3,6%	-13,1%	-3,3%	-8,4%

DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	86%	-	93%	87%	92%	100%	88%	85%	-0,37	-1,06	-4,28	-12,26	-2,48
CR administrative law cases	124%	-	96%	89%	96%	107%	108%	113%	-11,78	0,50	12,18	1,56	4,03
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	1 470	-	1 316	1 469	1 442	1 299	1 266	1 302	-11,4%	9,6%	-12,2%	-2,6%	2,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)	778	-	886	1 003	971	950	792	694	-10,7%	9,6%	-18,5%	-16,7%	-12,3%

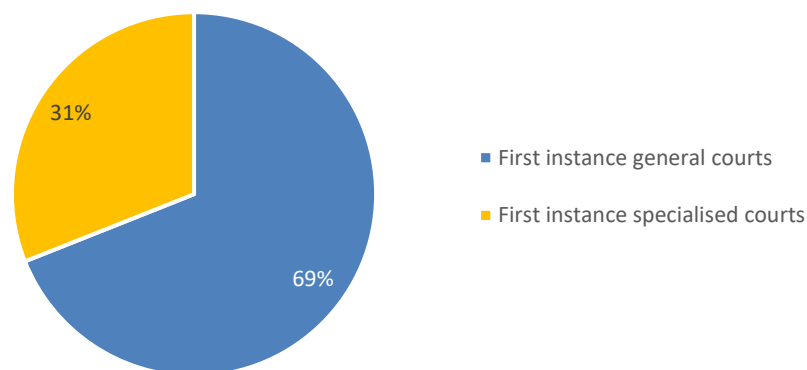
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Italy

In Italy there are 527 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and 237 first instance courts of specialised jurisdiction. Geographic locations are 828. In 2012-2013 Italy went through a major reform of the judicial map. In particular, a great number of justice of peace offices (initially 846) were shut down. However, each Italian municipality had (and still has) the opportunity to preserve the office at their own expenses. For this reason, each year a series of Justice of Peace offices administered by the municipality might be re-opened or closed. 3 justice of peace offices closed between 2017 and 2018.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)	First instance general jurisdiction (legal entities)	First instance specialised jurisdiction (legal entities)
2012	1 378	1 231	116
2013	790	643	116
2014	836	510	245
2015	836	510	245
2016	836	510	245
2017	831	534	245
2018	828	531	237
2019	828	527	237



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts

In 2019, Italy had 237 specialised courts. 22 of them are commercial courts, 58 are enforcement of criminal sanctions courts, 21 are administrative courts, 4 are military courts and 132 are other specialised 1st instance courts.

Since 2014, in Italy there have been 22 Brand Commercial courts (Tribunali delle imprese) that are legal entities of their own and not just internal court divisions for organizational purpose (such as labour, family etc.).

It is noteworthy that in Italy, some of the specialized first instance courts are not administered and financed by the Ministry of Justice. This is the case for the regional audit commissions, the local tax commissions and military courts. These courts are not taken into consideration for the replies to questions 6, 46 and 52 for none of the exercises.

In respect of the 20 regional administrative courts (geographic locations) and their supreme court, it is noteworthy that the category "other" subsumes 29 Minor (or Juvenile) Courts and 103 Tax Courts.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Italy

• Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
9 417 174 616 €

Implemented:
8 587 606 992 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

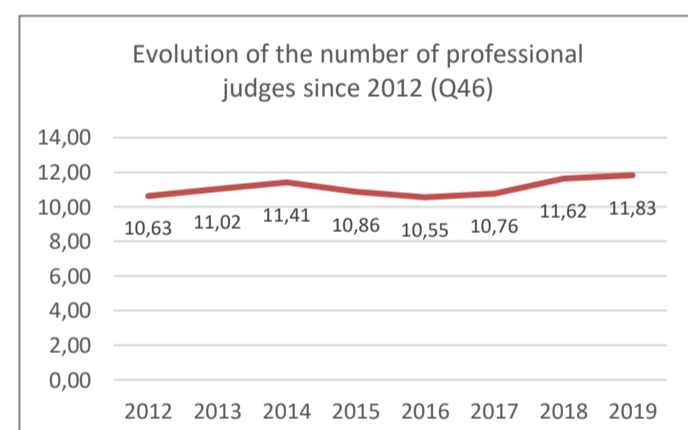
Due to the structure of the Italian judicial system, the Ministry of Justice has one single budget which does not distinguish between the budget allocated to courts, the budget allocated to public prosecution services and the one allocated to the administration. The figures provided in this chapter are the result of a re-classification of the budget statements which takes into consideration several criteria.]

• Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	6 347	10,63	48,8%	51,2%
2013	6 579	11,02	47,6%	52,4%
2014	6 939	11,41	47,6%	52,4%
2015	6 590	10,86	46,6%	53,4%
2016	6 395	10,55	45,6%	54,4%
2017	6 508	10,76	45,1%	54,9%
2018	7 015	11,62	45,5%	54,5%
2019	7 127	11,83	44,7%	55,3%



According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Italy is 7 127 which is 1,6% more than in previous cycle.

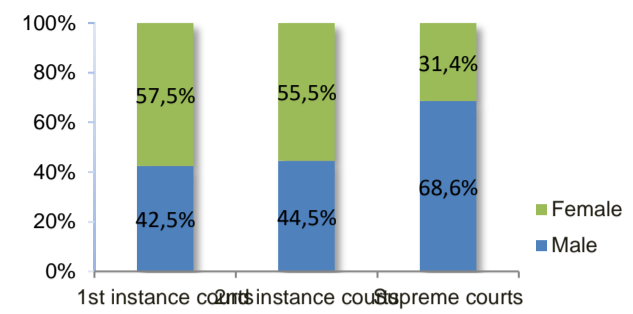
More precisely, in Italy, in 2019 there are 11,8 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,1 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 3,2 non-judge staff per judge).

The specialized first instance courts that are not administered and financed by the Ministry of Justice (regional audit commissions, local tax commissions and military courts) are not taken into consideration at question

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	5 407	2 297	3 110
2nd instance courts	1 208	537	671
Supreme courts	512	351	161
Total	7 127	3 185	3 942

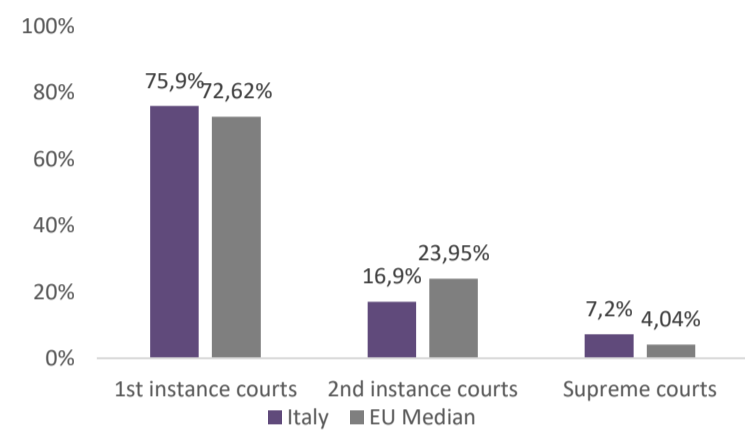
Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	75,9%	42,5%	57,5%
2nd instance courts	16,9%	44,5%	55,5%
Supreme courts	7,2%	68,6%	31,4%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 3 942 which represents 55,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 5 407 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 3 110 are female); 1 208 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 671 are female) and 512 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 161 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that in 2018 and 2019 judges belonging to administrative justice have been included.

As regards the distribution male/female, it should be noticed that female judges are the majority in the first two instances. However, in the higher instance only one third of judges are female.

In Italy, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:
- In-service training on ethics:



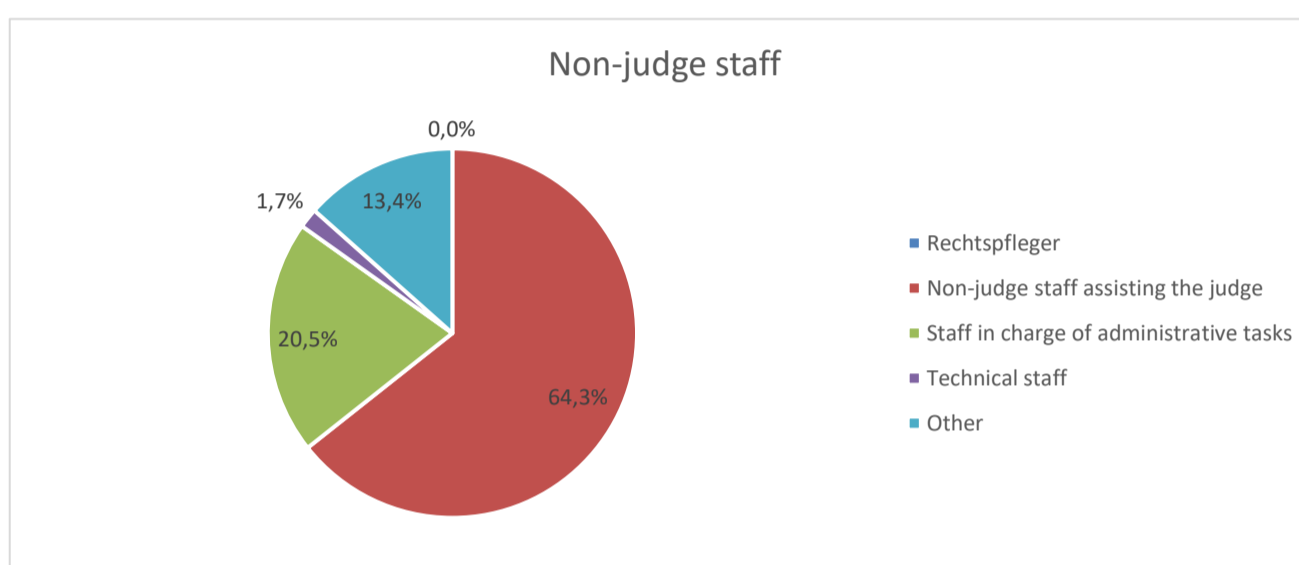
Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	NA	NA
1. Only for judges	NA	NA
2. Only for prosecutors	NA	NA
3. Only for other non-judge staff	NA	NA
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
5. Other common training	NA	NA

In accordance with the constitutional principles of judicial independence, freedom of research and teaching, and good administration of justice, the School for the Judiciary, established by the Legislative Decree n. 26, of 30 January 2006, ensures the implementation of the right to, and duty of, professional training of members of the judiciary; the School also performs other tasks in the areas of training and research, as provided for by the law and the School's own charter. The School is an independent entity with legal personality under public and private law, as well as full capacity vis-à-vis organizational, functioning, management, contractual and accounting aspects of its activity. Its charter was adopted on February 6, 2012. The School is the sole agency competent with regard to professional training of the judiciary. In adopting or amending its annual training programme the School takes account of the guidelines it receives from the High Council for the Judiciary and the Minister of Justice, as well as the proposals it receives from the National Bar Council and the National University Council. The School may conclude agreements or memoranda of understanding with other public or private entities. The organs of the School are: the Board of Directors, the President and the Secretary General. The Board of Directors is composed of 12 members: 7 are chosen from among judges and prosecutors, both in service and retired; 3 from among university professors, both in service and retired, and 2 among lawyers who have practiced for at least ten years. The High Council for the Judiciary appoints 6 judges and prosecutors and 1 university professor, the Minister of Justice appoints 1 judge or prosecutor, 2 lawyers and 2 university professors. The members of the Board shall hold office for four years and may not be immediately renewed. The Secretary General is either a judge or prosecutor or a chief executive within State Ministries. Moreover, the National School of Administration (Scuola Nazionale dell'Amministrazione) is a national body which is in charge of the training of all civil servants (including non-judge staff belonging to the Justice Administration).

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	23 672	NAP	14 811	4 542	497	3 822
2013	22 991	NAP	14 349	4 395	494	3 753
2014	21 903	NAP	13 760	4 116	488	3 539
2015	21 360	NAP	13 392	4 068	474	3 426
2016	21 182	NAP	13 297	4 071	351	3 463
2017	20 664	NAP	12 949	4 046	343	3 326
2018	22 401	NAP	14 279	4 631	376	3 115
2019	21 808	NAP	14 032	4 471	376	2 929



In Italy, in this cycle there are 21 808 non-judge staff (among which 14 634 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals a decrease of -2,6%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 14 032 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 10 129 are women);
- 4 471 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 3 233 are women);
- 376 technical staff (among which 149 are women);
- 2 929 other (among which 1 123 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 37,1 in 2018 to 36,2 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 11,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 11,8 in 2019.

The category "other non-judge staff" encompasses assistants, receptionists, porters and other judicial staff. As a general remark, it should be stressed that the high percentage of "other non-judge staff" in Italy is due to a very strict interpretation of the definition of the main categories. The specialized first instance courts that are not administered and financed by the Ministry of Justice (regional audit commissions, local tax commissions and military courts) are not taken into consideration at question 52.

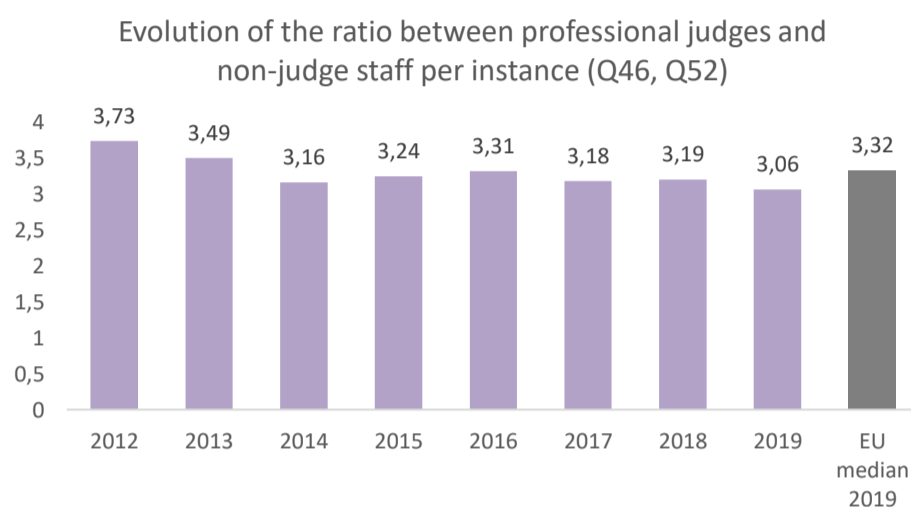
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Italy	EU median
Professional judges	11,8	24,5
Non-judge staff	36,2	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,06	3,3



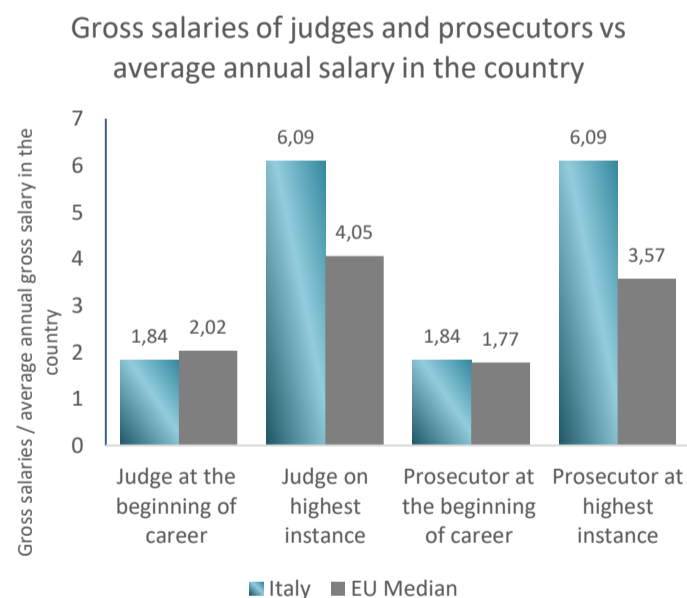
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	3,73
2013	3,49
2014	3,16
2015	3,24
2016	3,31
2017	3,18
2018	3,19
2019	3,06



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

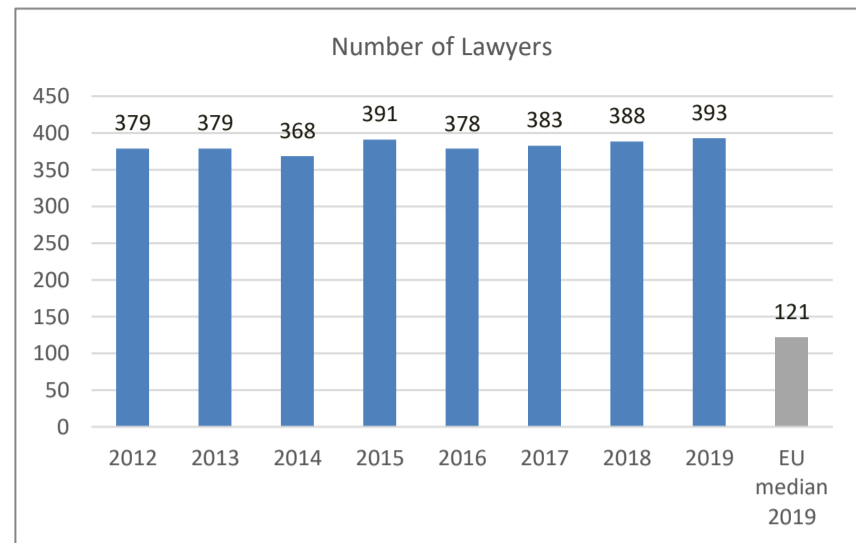
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	56 263 €	34 758 €	1,84
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	186 637 €	99 203 €	6,09
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	56 263 €	34 758 €	1,84
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	186 637 €	99 203 €	6,09



It is noteworthy that the salaries of judges and public prosecutors do not depend on the position held but rather on the experience (i.e. years of service). That means that the salary of a judge working in the lowest courts can be the same as the salary of a judge working in the Highest Appellate Court.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	226 202	378,99
2013	226 202	378,99
2014	223 842	368,19
2015	237 132	390,88
2016	229 292	378,44
2017	231 565	382,85
2018	234 386	388,32
2019	236 494	392,56

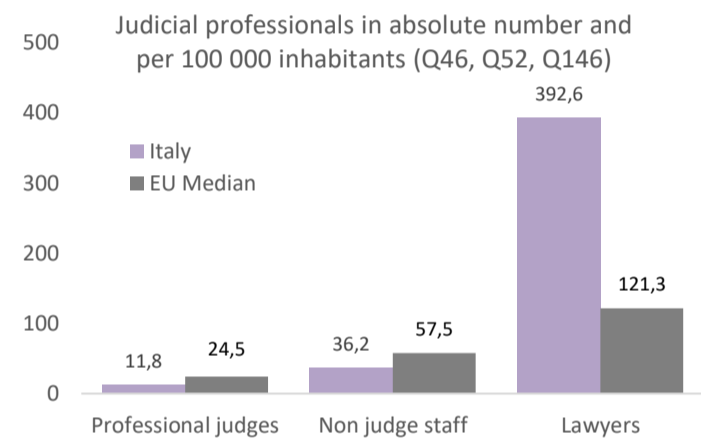


In 2019, there are 236 494 lawyers, which is 0,9% more than in 2018.

This data of 392,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	7 127	11,83	24,48
Non judge staff	21 808	36,20	57,49
Lawyers	236 494	392,56	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 333 226 015 € (5,5 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 333 226 015 € (5,5 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	192 045 652 €	192 045 652 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	141 180 363 €	141 180 363 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	333 226 015 €	333 226 015 €
- In criminal law cases:	192 045 652 €	192 045 652 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	141 180 363 €	141 180 363 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	0 €	0 €
- In criminal law cases:	0 €	0 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	0 €	0 €

In Italy there is not a specific budget allocated to legal aid. Legal aid is part of the general budget allocated to justice expenses.

More generally, due to the structure of the Italian judicial system, the Ministry of Justice has one single budget which does not distinguish between the budget allocated to courts, the budget allocated to public prosecution services and the one allocated to the administration. The figures provided in this chapter are the result of a re-classification of the budget statements which takes into consideration several criteria.

In Italy, legal aid can be granted for all categories of civil cases: litigious, non-litigious and also ADR. Nevertheless, in respect of the latter, so far the Ministry of Justice has not experienced any payment yet.

In Italy, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

Legal advice does not exist as such in Italy, but lawyers play a role in ADR procedures

Legal aid also covers expenses related to the enforcement of judicial decisions.

Legal aid can also be granted for costs related to private detectives, interpreters and expert witnesses.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Generally, litigants are required to pay court fees in respect of other than criminal law cases, except for cases concerning employment, agriculture, family matters and other specific cases explicitly enumerated by law (DPR 115/2002).

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

Courts fees depend on the value of the dispute and they are provided by law.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 98€

To commence a case whose value is 3.000€ the court fee is 98€. The appeal fee for the same case is 147,00€ whilst the cassation fee is 196,00€.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

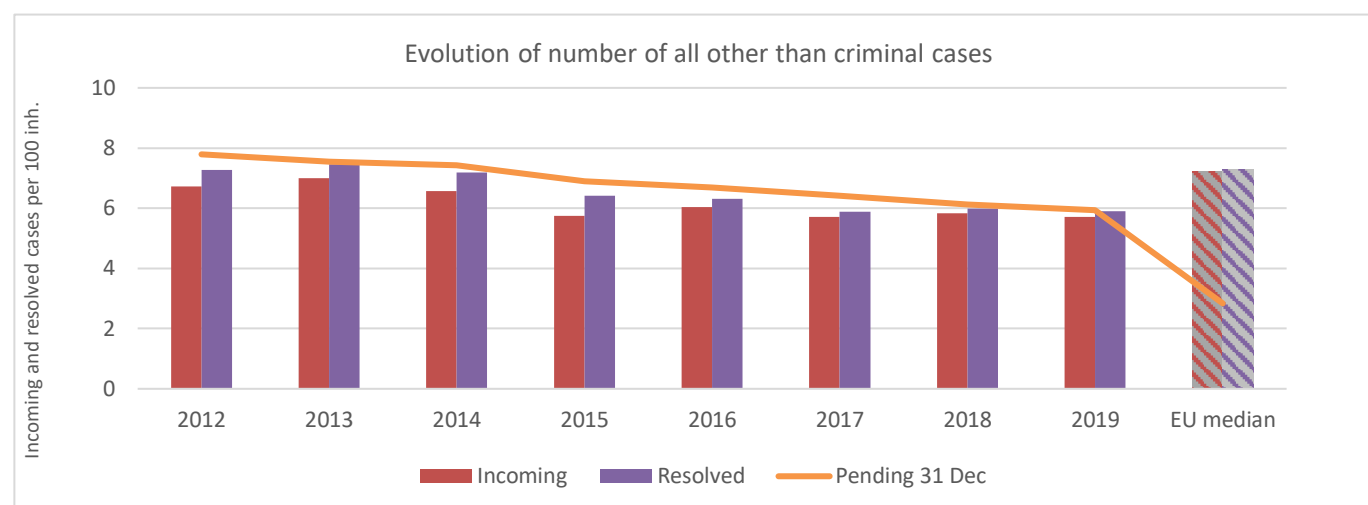
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance cases

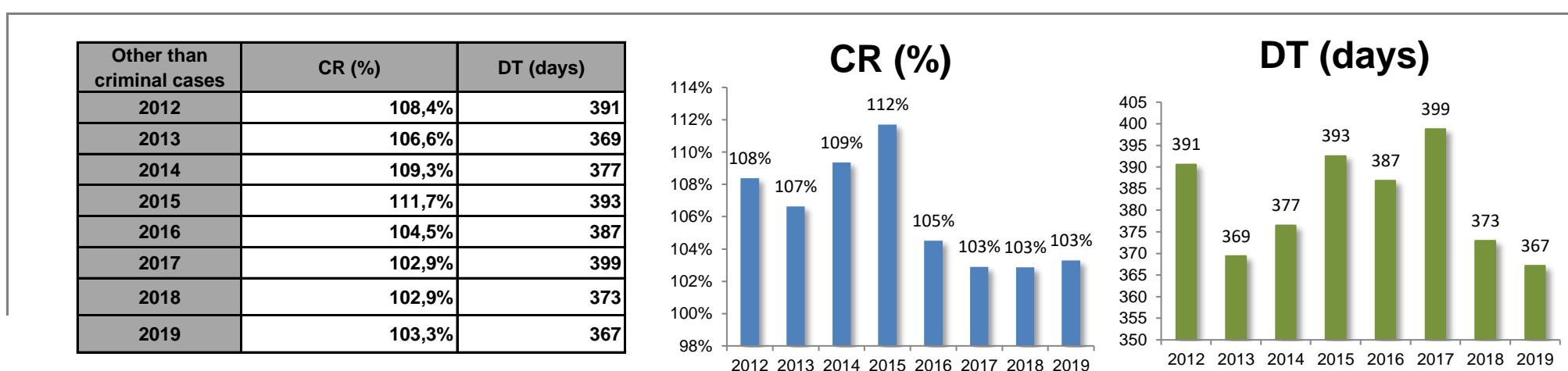
- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Italy (5,72 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 (5,90 per 100 inhabitants) is also below EU median (7,27 per 100 inhabitants).

However, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (5,94 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



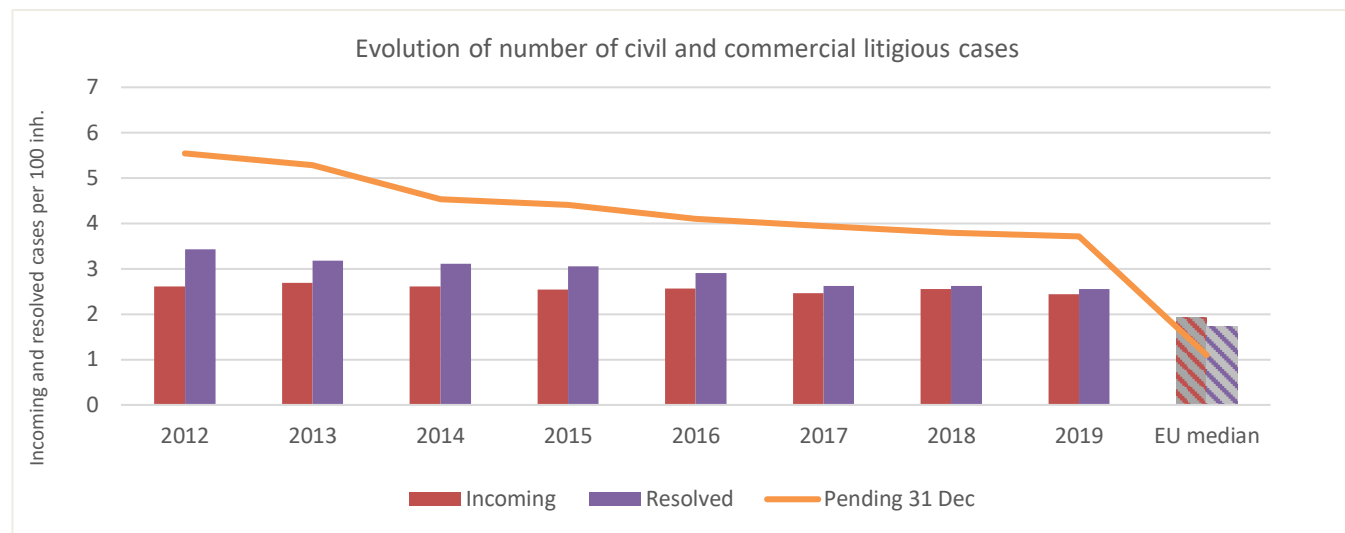
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,3% in 2019 Italy seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,4 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 367 days, which is well above the EU median of 111 days.

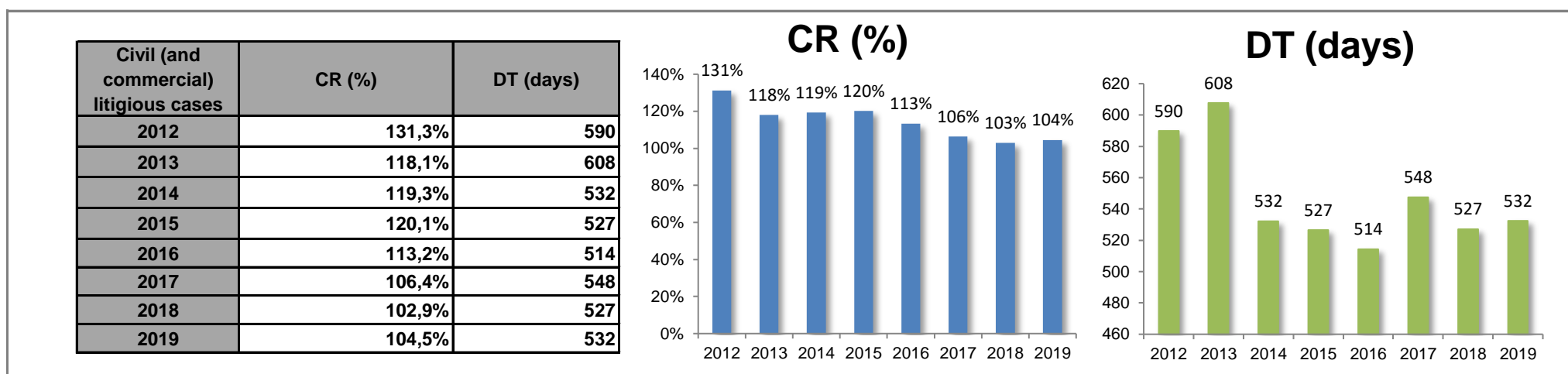
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -1,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Italy (2,44 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 2,55 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 1,73 per 100 inhabitants.

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (3,72 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104,5% in 2019, Italy seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

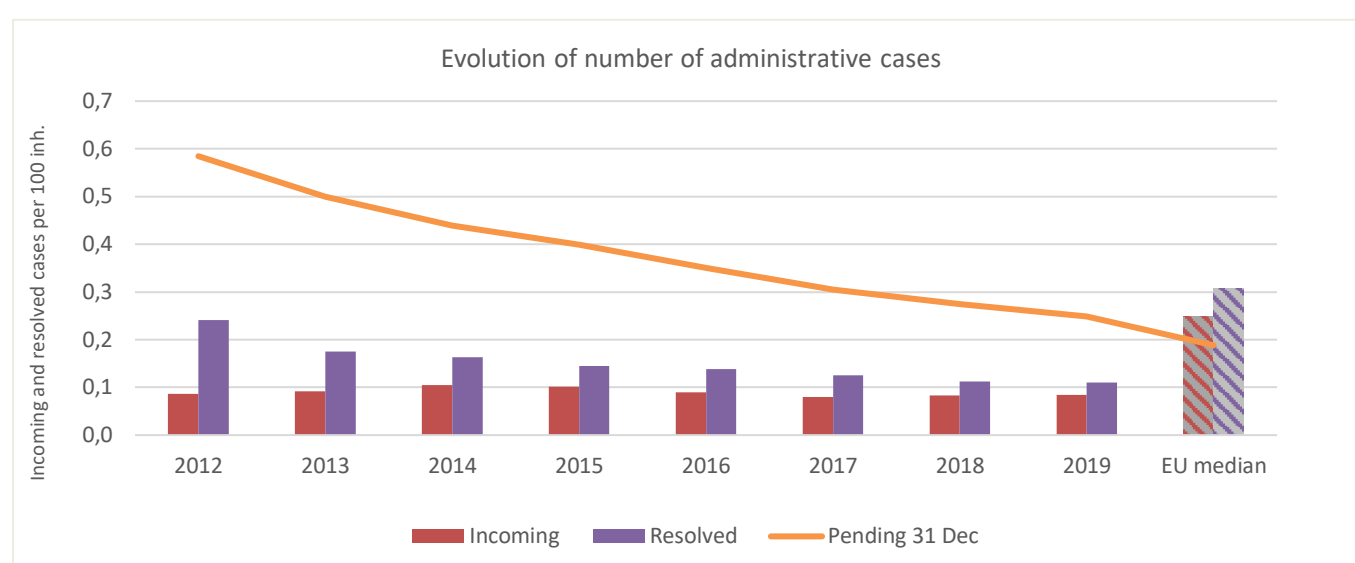
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,6 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 532 days, which is well above the EU median of 213 days.

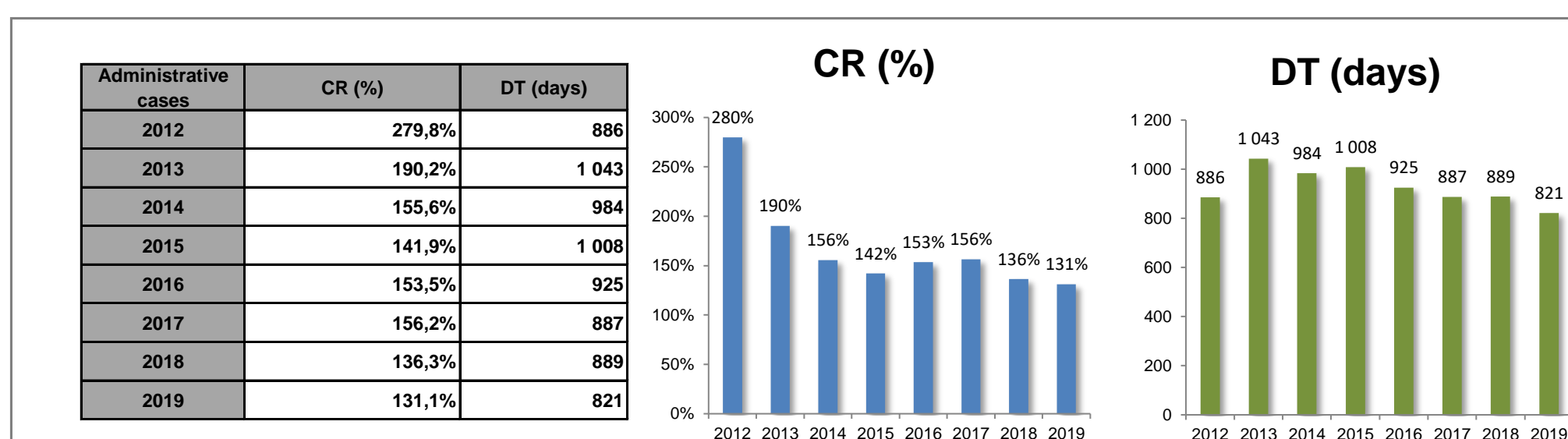
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 1,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ *Administrative cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Italy (0,08 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 0,11 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 0,31 per 100 inhabitants. Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,25 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 131,1% in 2019, Italy seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -5,3 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 821 days, which is well above the EU median of 284 days.

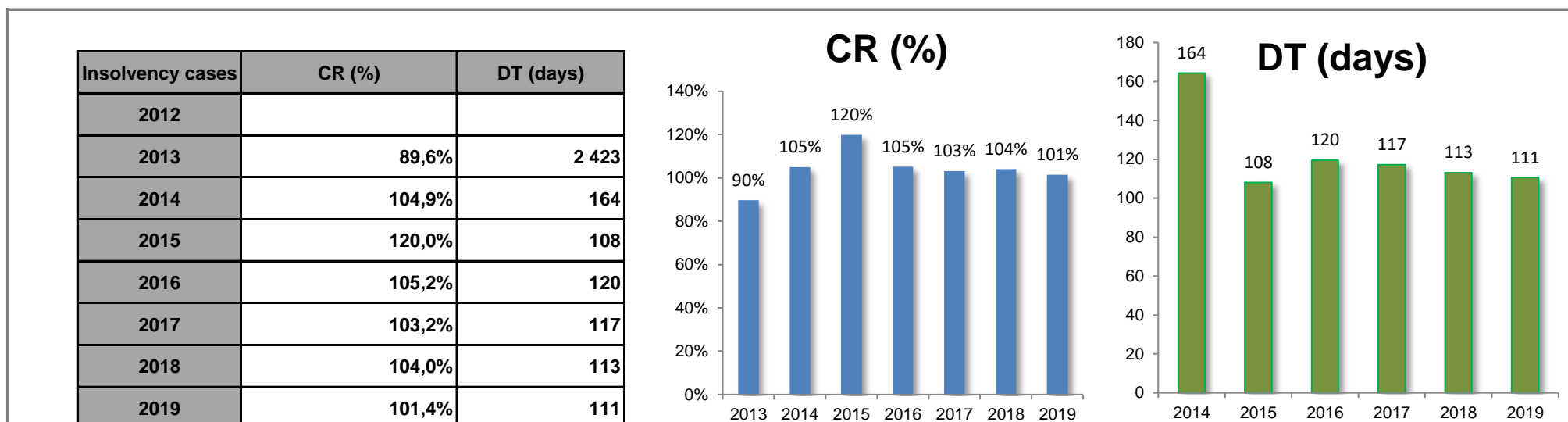
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -7,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Italy, there are 72 949 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 48,6% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

A different methodology of classification of civil cases is used since 2012. The result is an improved classification and a better split between litigious and non-litigious cases. For 2010, 2012 and 2013, the category of civil and commercial non-litigious cases has an identical content, namely: separation and divorce by mutual consent, interdiction and incapacitation, protective measures for underage, guardianship and trusteeship etc. Since 2014, it subsumes uncontested payment orders, uncontested divorces, technical appraisals, judicial interdiction and incapacitation, hereditament, etc.

Number of "pending cases older than 2 years" is not available because it refers to first instance causes which also include the activity of Justice of peace offices, for which this information is no available.

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 101,4% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Italy seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

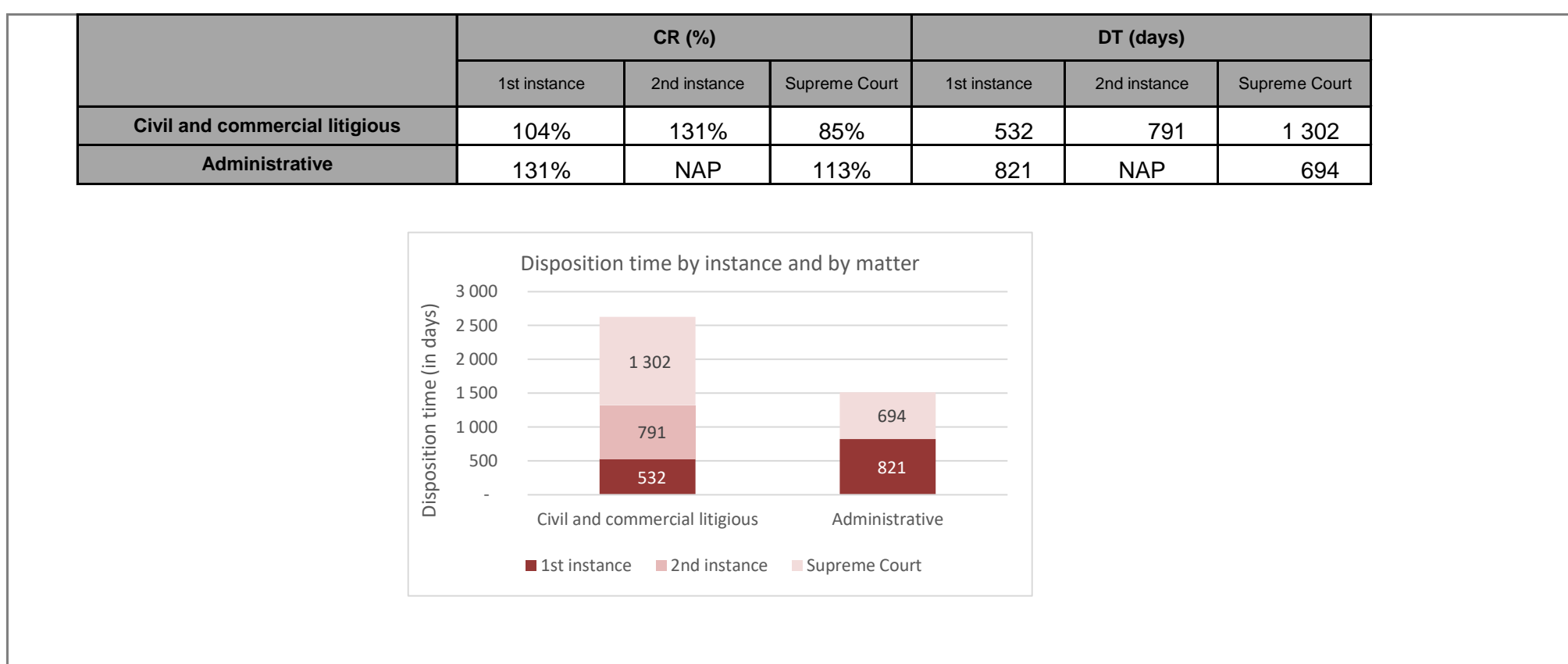
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -2,5 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 111 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -2,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

With regard to the insolvency cases, the peculiarity of the Italian system consists in distinguishing between “insolvency applications” and “insolvency cases”. The former category concerns the litigious part of the proceeding where creditors and debtors have different goals (dispute). The latter category concerns the part of the proceeding where the judge has already established the insolvency / bankruptcy of the debtor and the case is all about the management of the assets and proceeds of the debtor. Figures at questions 101 and 102 refer to “insolvency applications” rather than “insolvency cases”.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



As regards other than criminal cases, Italy has a lower number of incoming and solved cases per inhabitant compared to the EU median, but a significantly higher number of pending cases per inhabitant. Therefore, Disposition Time results well above the EU median. The high number of pending cases is an issue that also regards civil and commercial cases and administrative cases, and it is accompanied by high Disposition Time. It is noteworthy that Clearance Rate has been above 100% every year in each category of cases, and since 2013, Disposition Time has diminished.

The Supreme Court, as regards civil and commercial cases, has a Clearance rate well below 100%, and really high disposition time.

Non-litigious enforcement cases are not in the competence of the Courts of Appeal.

With regard to the administrative cases (which number is provided only since 2014), the appeals are dealt with by the Council of State (Consiglio di Stato) which is a legal-administrative consultative body ensuring the legality of public administration in Italy. The Council has jurisdiction on acts of all administrative authorities, except when these authorities lack discretionary power, in which case the dispute is considered to be one of civil law. Figures referring to the activity of the Council of State are inserted in the frame of question 99 and not question 97. The Supreme Court does not deal with “non litigious cases”. Most frequent subjects for “Litigious cases” are: Tributes, Immigration, Employment and Welfare.

●Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Italy provides court related mediation.

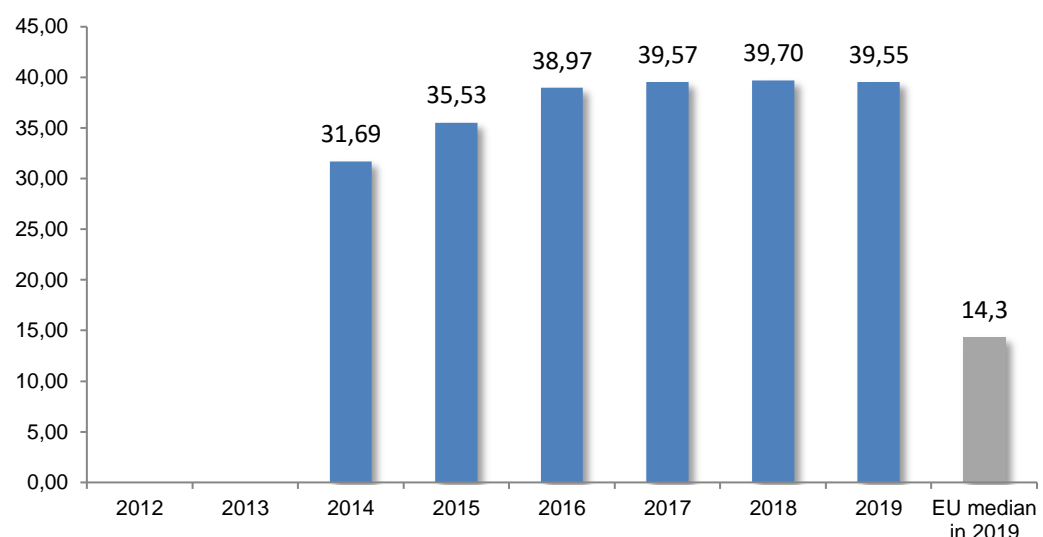
The court related mediation system in Italy provides mandatory court related mediation.

Before/instead of going to court

Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding

Mandatory mediation comes for the following fields: rights in rem, condominium disputes, division of assets, wills and inheritance, leasing, family covenants and agreements, loans, business rents, medical malpractice damages, libel, insurance, bank and financial contracts.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	19 266	31,69
2015	21 555	35,53
2016	23 612	38,97
2017	23 932	39,57
2018	24 010	39,70
2019	23 875	39,55



In 2019, there are 23 875 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 39,6 accredited or registered

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about -0,6%.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	72 664	121
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA

In Italy one party may initiate a mediation procedure and the other party may decide to take part to it or not. Please consider that in 2019 in Italy 256.311 mediation proceedings were initiated. Both parties showed up at the first mediation meeting in only 72.664 mediation proceedings. Please also note that these figures refer to private mediation. For some matter subjects the mediation is mandatory and it is managed by private mediation companies. Please note that the above figures refer to mediation procedures monitored by the Ministry of Justice. In Italy, there is a plethora of different forms of ADR procedures and some are not so widespread. Court-related mediations do exist for both family cases and labour cases but such mediation proceedings are not monitored by the Ministry of Justice.

• **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report. The frequency of the reporting is annual.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

In Italy, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court. The reporting is quarterly.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level. They are:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- age of pending cases

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

In Italy there is not a strict quality system as such. However, there is a regular monitoring system in place which tracks the performance of court activities.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in 2019 (graphics below):

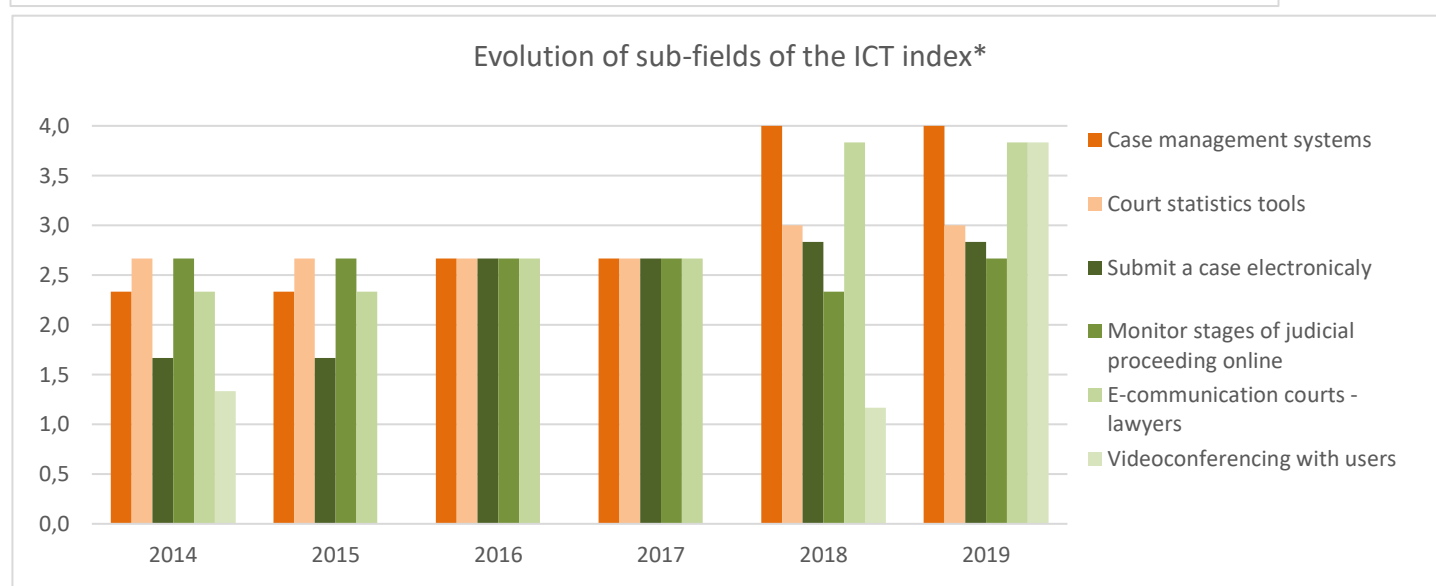
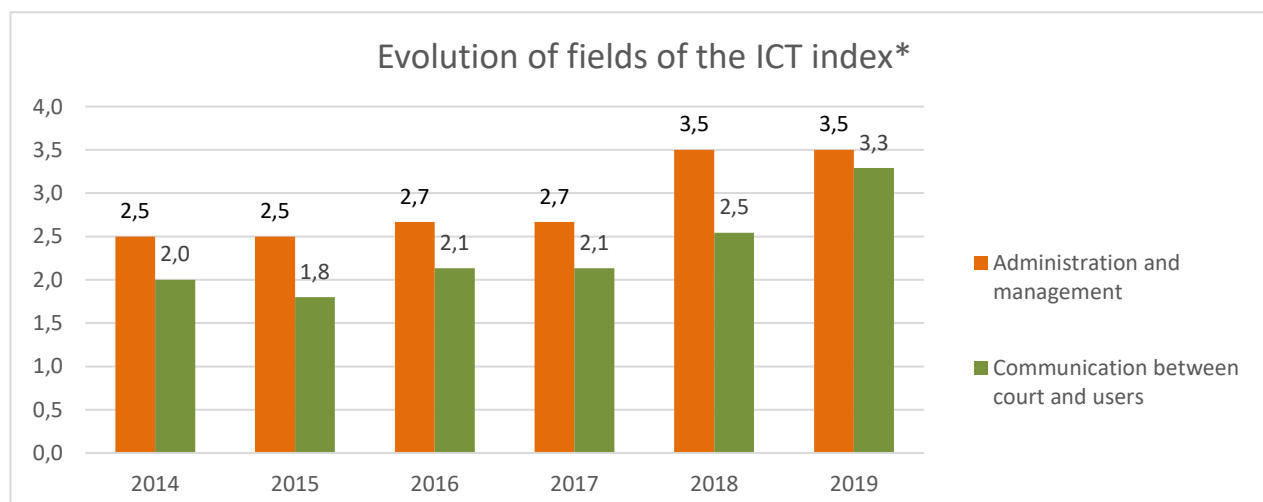
	points (up to 4)
Administration and management	3,5
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	3,0
Communication between court and users	3,3
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	2,8
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	2,7
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	3,8
Videoconferencing with users	3,8

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Statistical data

In Italy, there are two centralised institutions that are responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary:

Department of Statistics and Organizational Analysis within the Ministry of Justice (for the ordinary justice).

Bureau of the Administrative Justice Council (for the administrative justice).

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

The Department of Statistics and Organizational Analysis publishes all its reports and tables on its public website:

<https://webstat.giustizia.it/SitePages/StatisticheGiudiziarie/Statistiche%20giudiziarie.aspx>

Specific reports regarding the activity of each court are published on a quarterly basis here

<https://webstat.giustizia.it/SitePages/Monitoraggio%20della%20giustizia.aspx>

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet
- on paper

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	0,9%	0,0%	1,9%	-0,2%	-0,1%	-0,2%	-0,2%	-0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	25 729 €	25 553 €	26 585 €	26 947 €	27 587 €	28 359 €	29 071 €	29 609 €	15,1%	-0,7%	4,0%	1,4%	2,4%	2,8%	2,5%	1,9%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	8 038 108 740	8 011 802 994	7 889 724 845	8 106 150 695	8 039 945 941	8 426 327 920	9 175 774 389	9 417 174 616	17,2%	-0,3%	-1,5%	2,7%	-0,8%	4,8%	8,9%	2,6%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	0,9%	0,0%	1,9%	-0,2%	-0,1%	-0,2%	-0,2%	-0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	25 729 €	25 553 €	26 585 €	26 947 €	27 587 €	28 359 €	29 071 €	29 609 €	15,1%	-0,7%	4,0%	1,4%	2,4%	2,8%	2,5%	1,9%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	8 038 108 740	8 011 802 994	7 889 724 845	8 106 150 695	8 039 945 941	8 426 327 920	9 175 774 389	9 417 174 616	17,2%	0 €	-1,5%	2,7%	-0,8%	4,8%	8,9%	2,6%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	7 583 536 696	8 058 025 592	7 895 556 203	8 050 279 515	8 744 055 046	8 587 606 992	-	-	-	6,3%	-2,0%	2,0%	8,6%	-1,8%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	0,9%	0,0%	1,9%	-0,2%	-0,1%	-0,2%	-0,2%	-0,2%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	8 038 108 740	8 011 802 994	7 889 724 845	8 106 150 695	8 039 945 941	8 426 327 920	9 175 774 389	9 417 174 616	17,2%	-0,3%	-1,5%	2,7%	-0,8%	4,8%	8,9%	2,6%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	465 147 222	-	463 052 628	453 626 000	513 761 705	497 840 407	464 172 751	440 807 236	-5,2%	-	-	-2,0%	13,3%	-3,1%	-6,8%	-5,0%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	98	98	98	98	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	0,9%	0,0%	1,9%	-0,2%	-0,1%	-0,2%	-0,2%	-0,2%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	1 231	643	510	510	510	534	531	527	-57,2%	-47,8%	-20,7%	0,0%	0,0%	4,7%	-0,6%	-0,8%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	116	116	245	245	245	245	237	237	104,3%	0,0%	111,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,3%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	1 378	790	836	836	836	831	828	828	-39,9%	-42,7%	5,8%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,6%	-0,4%	0,0%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																	
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	116	116	245	245	245	245	237	237	104,3%	0,0%	111,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,3%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	22	22	22	22	22	22	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	29	29	29	29	29	29	21	21	-27,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-27,6%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	4	4	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	29	29	132	132	132	132	132	132	355,2%	0,0%	355,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	0,9%	0,0%	1,9%	-0,2%	-0,1%	-0,2%	-0,2%	-0,2%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 986 193	4 781 009	4 885 347	4 618 528	4 215 937	3 982 989	3 797 952	3 691 867	-26,0%	-4,1%	2,2%	-5,5%	-8,7%	-5,5%	-4,6%	-2,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 796 202	3 445 954	3 063 946	2 987 907	2 687 388	2 478 381	2 331 797	2 304 755	-39,3%	-9,2%	-11,1%	-2,5%	-10,1%	-7,8%	-5,9%	-1,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 518 708	1 362 885	1 287 283	1 292 897	1 282 107	1 221 344	-	-	-	-10,3%	-5,5%	0,4%	-0,8%	-4,7%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 189 991	1 335 055	1 518 708	1 362 885	1 287 283	1 292 897	1 282 107	1 221 344	2,6%	12,2%	13,8%	-10,3%	-5,5%	0,4%	-0,8%	-4,7%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	441 243	347 728	302 693	267 736	241 266	211 711	184 048	165 768	-62,4%	-21,2%	-13,0%	-11,5%	-9,9%	-12,2%	-13,1%	-9,9%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 010 588	4 173 702	3 999 586	3 483 179	3 657 690	3 454 018	3 518 409	3 443 248	-14,1%	4,1%	-4,2%	-12,9%	5,0%	-5,6%	1,9%	-2,1%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 559 779	1 605 399	1 585 740	1 545 092	1 554 837	1 492 837	1 539 174	1 469 215	-5,8%	2,9%	-1,2%	-2,6%	0,6%	-4,0%	3,1%	-4,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 350 123	1 938 087	2 048 288	1 912 626	1 929 267	1 923 159	-	-	-	-17,5%	5,7%	-6,6%	0,9%	-0,3%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	2 450 809	2 568 303	2 350 123	1 938 087	2 048 288	1 912 626	1 929 267	1 923 159	-21,5%	4,8%	-8,5%	-17,5%	5,7%	-6,6%	0,9%	-0,3%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	51 366	54 902	63 723	61 723	54 565	48 555	49 968	50 874	-1,0%	6,9%	16,1%	-3,1%	-11,6%	-11,0%	2,9%	1,8%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 346 215	4 450 604	4 373 441	3 890 953	3 822 644	3 554 193	3 618 916	3 556 819	-18,2%	2,4%	-1,7%	-11,0%	-1,8%	-7,0%	1,8%	-1,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 047 289	1 895 576	1 891 595	1 855 663	1 760 695	1 588 435	1 583 707	1 535 123	-25,0%	-7,4%	-0,2%	-1,9%	-5,1%	-9,8%	-0,3%	-3,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 382 677	2 035 290	1 978 213	1 889 902	1 967 089	1 955 012	-	-	-	-14,6%	-2,8%	-4,5%	4,1%	-0,6%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	2 298 926	2 555 028	2 382 677	2 035 290	1 978 213	1 889 902	1 967 089	1 955 012	-15,0%	11,1%	-6,7%	-14,6%	-2,8%	-4,5%	4,1%	-0,6%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	143 713	104 409	99 169	87 594	83 736	75 856	68 120	66 684	-53,6%	-27,3%	-5,0%	-11,7%	-4,4%	-9,4%	-10,2%	-2,1%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 650 566	4 504 107	4 511 492	4 184 883	4 050 983	3 882 814	3 697 445	3 578 296	-23,1%	-3,1%	0,2%	-7,2%	-3,2%	-4,2%	-4,8%	-3,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 308 692	3 155 777	2 758 091	2 677 336	2 481 530	2 382 783	2 287 264	2 238 847	-32,3%	-4,6%	-12,6%	-2,9%	-7,3%	-4,0%	-4,0%	-2,1%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 486 154	1 265 682	1 357 358	1 315 621	1 244 285	1 189 491	-	-	-	-14,8%	7,2%	-3,1%	-5,4%	-4,4%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 341 874	1 348 330	1 486 154	1 265 682	1 357 358	1 315 621	1 244 285	1 189 491	-11,4%	0,5%	10,2%	-14,8%	7,2%	-3,1%	-5,4%	-4,4%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	348 896	298 221	267 247	241 865	212 095	184 410	165 896	149 958	-57,0%	-14,5%	-10,4%	-9,5%	-12,3%	-13,1%	-10,0%	-9,6%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	108,4%	106,6%	109,3%	111,7%	104,5%	102,9%	102,9%	103,3%	-4,7%	-1,6%	2,5%	2,2%	-6,4%	-1,5%	0,0%	0,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	131,3%	118,1%	119,3%	120,1%	113,2%	106,4%	102,9%	104,5%	-20,4%	-10,0%	1,0%	0,7%	-5,7%	-6,0%	-3,3%	1,5%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,4%	105,0%	96,6%	98,8%	102,0%	101,7%	-	-	-	3,6%	-8,0%	2,3%	3,2%	-0,3%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	93,8%	99,5%	101,4%	105,0%	96,6%	98,8%	102,0%	101,7%	8,4%	6,1%	1,9%	3,6%	-8,0%	2,3%	3,2%	-0,3%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	279,8%	190,2%	155,6%	141,9%	153,5%	156,2%	136,3%	131,1%	-53,2%	-32,0%	-18,2%	-8,8%	8,1%	1,8%	-12,7%	-3,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	391	369	377	393	387	399	373	367	-6,0%	-5,4%	1,9%	4,3%	-1,5%	3,1%	-6,5%	-1,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	590	608	532	527	514	548	527	532	-9,8%	3,0%	-12,4%	-1,0%	-2,3%	6,4%	-3,7%	1,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	228	227	250	254	231	222	-	-	-	-0,3%	10,3%	1,5%	-9,1%	-3,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	213	193	228	227	250	254	231	222	4,2%	-9,6%	18,2%	-0,3%	10,3%	1,5%	-9,1%	-3,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	886	1043	984	1008	925	887	889	821	-7,4%	17,7%	-5,7%	2,5%	-8,3%	-4,0%	0,2%	-7,7%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	34 114	34 738	36 304	37 027	40 593	46 446	47 638	46 872	37,4%	1,8%	4,5%	2,0%	9,6%	14,4%	2,6%	-1,6%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	29 014	28 981	26 665	23 281	18 661	17 414	-	-	-	-0,1%	-8,0%	-12,7%	-19,8%	-6,7%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	85 736	86 501	22 427	22 772	14 653	12 461	11 140	9 754	-88,6%	0,9%	-74,1%	1,5%	-35,7%	-15,0%	-10,6%	-12,4%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	19 287	20 580	26 639	31 420	39 304	37 702	34 968	32 847	70,3%	6,7%	29,4%	17,9%	25,1%	-4,1%	-7,3%	-6,1%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	22 216	27 440	25 411	23 416	19 323	16 583	-	-	-	23,5%	-7,4%	-7,9%	-17,5%	-14,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	12 577	14 792	42 967	41 036	36 968	34 324	30 772	30 332	141,2%	17,6%	190,5%	-4,5%	-9,9%	-7,2%	-10,3%	-1,4%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	18 174	18 936	26 037	27 959	33 283	35 369	35 701	34 929	92,2%	4,2%	37,5%	7,4%	19,0%	6,3%	0,9%	-2,2%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	22 512	29 933	29 012	25 812	20 716	18 971	-	-	-	33,0%	-3,1%	-11,0%	-19,7%	-8,4%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	11 909	13 261	45 092	49 233	38 884	35 407	31 996	30 767	158,4%	11,4%	240,0%	9,2%	-21,0%	-8,9%	-9,6%	-3,8%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	35 227	36 382	36 906	40 488	46 614	48 779	46 905	44 790	27,1%	3,3%	1,4%	9,7%	15,1%	4,6%	-3,8%	-4,5%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	28 718	26 488	23 064	20 885	17 268	15 026	-	-	-	-7,8%	-12,9%	-9,4%	-17,3%	-13,0%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	86 404	88 032	20 302	14 575	12 737	11 378	9 916	9 319	-89,2%	1,9%	-76,9%	-28,2%	-12,6%	-10,7%	-12,8%	-6,0%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	94,2%	92,0%	97,7%	89,0%	84,7%	93,8%	102,1%	106,3%	12,9%	-2,4%	6,2%	-9,0%	-4,8%	10,8%	8,8%	4,2%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	101,3%	109,1%	114,2%	110,2%	107,2%	114,4%	-	-	-	7,7%	4,7%	-3,4%	-2,7%	6,7%
CR Insolvency cases	94,7%	89,6%	104,9%	120,0%	105,2%	103,2%	104,0%	101,4%	7,1%	-5,3%	17,1%	14,3%	-12,3%	-1,9%	0,8%	-2,4%
DT Litigious divorce cases	707	701	517	529	511	503	480	468	-33,8%	-0,9%	-26,2%	2,2%	-3,3%	-1,5%	-4,7%	-2,4%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	466	323	290	295	304	289	-	-	-	-30,6%	-10,2%	1,8%	3,0%	-5,0%
DT Insolvency cases	2 648	2 423	164	108	120	117	113	111	-95,8%	-8,5%	-93,2%	-34,2%	10,6%	-1,9%	-3,6%	-2,3%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	531 410	499 704	439 933	424 709	399 051	385 136	363 503	340 257	-36,0%	-6,0%	-12,0%	-3,5%	-6,0%	-3,5%	-5,6%	-6,4%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	528 418	497 217	437 579	419 257	393 213	379 494	358 157	334 910	-36,6%	-5,9%	-12,0%	-4,2%	-6,2%	-3,5%	-5,6%	-6,5%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 354	5 452	5 838	5 642	5 346	5 347	-	-	-	131,6%	7,1%	-3,4%	-5,2%	0,0%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	2 992	2 487	2 354	5 452	5 838	5 642	5 346	5 347	78,7%	-16,9%	-5,3%	131,6%	7,1%	-3,4%	-5,2%	0,0%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	160 832	155 940	135 270	126 652	135 081	133 838	126 600	115 428	-28,2%	-3,0%	-13,3%	-6,4%	6,7%	-0,9%	-5,4%	-8,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	156 965	152 029	131 558	117 158	125 912	125 189	118 052	106 921	-31,9%	-3,1%	-13,5%	-10,9%	7,5%	-0,6%	-5,7%	-9,4%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	3 712	9 494	9 169	8 649	8 548	8 507	-	-	-	155,8%	-3,4%	-5,7%	-1,2%	-0,5%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3 867	3 911	3 712	9 494	9 169	8 649	8 548	8 507	120,0%	1,1%	-5,1%	155,8%	-3,4%	-5,7%	-1,2%	-0,5%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	168 276	198 289	160 768	151 988	148 821	155 302	150 011	148 023	-12,0%	17,8%	-18,9%	-5,5%	-2,1%	4,4%	-3,4%	-1,3%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	163 967	194 258	156 913	142 886	139 482	146 395	141 492	139 548	-14,9%	18,5%	-19,2%	-8,9%	-2,4%	5,0%	-3,3%	-1,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	3 855	9 102	9 339	8 907	8 519	8 475	-	-	-	136,1%	2,6%	-4,6%	-4,4%	-0,5%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 309	4 031	3 855	9 102	9 339	8 907	8 519	8 475	96,7%	-6,5%	-4,4%	136,1%	2,6%	-4,6%	-4,4%	-0,5%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	523 966	457 355	414 435	399 373	385 311	363 672	340 092	307 662	-41,3%	-12,7%	-9,4%	-3,6%	-3,5%	-5,6%	-6,5%	-9,5%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	521 416	454 988	412 224	393 529	379 643	358 288	334 717	302 283	-42,0%	-12,7%	-9,4%	-4,5%	-3,5%	-5,6%	-6,6%	-9,7%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 211	5 844	5 668	5 384	5 375	5 379	-	-	-	164,3%	-3,0%	-5,0%	-0,2%	0,1%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	2 550	2 367	2 211	5 844	5 668	5 384	5 375	5 379	110,9%	-7,2%	-6,6%	164,3%	-3,0%	-5,0%	-0,2%	0,1%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	185 908	164 856	150 260	134 739	-	-	-	-	-	-11,3%	-8,9%	-10,3%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	185 645	164 683	150 061	134 551	-	-	-	-	-	-11,3%	-8,9%	-10,3%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	104,6%	127,2%	118,8%	120,0%	110,2%	116,0%	118,5%	128,2%	22,6%	21,5%	-6,5%	1,0%	-8,2%	5,3%	2,1%	8,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	104,5%	127,8%	119,3%	122,0%	110,8%	116,9%	119,9%	130,5%	24,9%	22,3%	-6,7%	2,3%	-9,2%	5,6%	2,5%	8,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	103,9%	95,9%	101,9%	103,0%	99,7%	99,6%	-	-	-	-7,7%	6,2%	1,1%	-3,2%	0,0%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	111,4%	103,1%	103,9%	95,9%	101,9%	103,0%	99,7%	99,6%	-10,6%	-7,5%	0,8%	-7,7%	6,2%	1,1%	-3,2%	0,0%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	1137	842	941	959	945	855	827	759	-33,2%	-25,9%	11,8%	1,9%	-1,5%	-9,6%	-3,2%	-8,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1161	855	959	1005	993	893	863	791	-31,9%	-26,3%	12,2%	4,8%	-1,2%	-10,1%	-3,3%	-8,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	209	234	222	221	230	232	-	-	-	11,9%	-5,5%	-0,4%	4,4%	0,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	216	214	209	234	222	221	230	232	7,3%	-0,8%	-2,3%	11,9%	-5,5%	-0,4%	4,4%	0,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	95 593	-	123 247	125 956	133 356	133 524	135 331	138 641	45,0%	-	-	2,2%	5,9%	0,1%	1,4%	2,4%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	95 124	-	98 285	100 367	104 094	106 426	106 511	110 979	16,7%	-	-	2,1%	3,7%	2,2%	0,1%	4,2%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	26 892	-	24 574	25 162	28 795	26 662	28 418	27 288	1,5%	-	-	2,4%	14,4%	-7,4%	6,6%	-4,0%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	469	-	388	427	467	436	402	374	-20,3%	-	-	10,1%	9,4%	-6,6%	-7,8%	-7,0%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	29 128	-	41 064	40 789	41 100	39 637	48 538	50 769	74,3%	-	-	-0,7%	0,8%	-3,6%	22,5%	4,6%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	28 766	-	29 908	29 587	29 270	29 895	36 470	38 330	33,2%	-	-	-1,1%	-1,1%	2,1%	22,0%	5,1%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	9 302	-	10 761	10 823	11 407	9 343	11 657	12 044	29,5%	-	-	0,6%	5,4%	-18,1%	24,8%	3,3%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	362	-	395	379	423	399	411	395	9,1%	-	-	-4,1%	11,6%	-5,7%	3,0%	-3,9%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	25 012	-	38 507	35 803	38 377	40 226	45 087	46 596	86,3%	-	-	-7,0%	7,2%	4,8%	12,1%	3,3%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	24 637	-	27 842	25 860	26 938	29 897	32 002	32 685	32,7%	-	-	-7,1%	4,2%	11,0%	7,0%	2,1%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	11 562	-	10 309	9 604	10 985	9 990	12 646	13 551	17,2%	-	-	-6,8%	14,4%	-9,1%	26,6%	7,2%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	375	-	356	339	454	339	439	360	-4,0%	-	-	-4,8%	33,9%	-25,3%	29,5%	-18,0%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	99 709	-	125 804	130 942	136 079	132 935	138 782	142 814	43,2%	-	-	4,1%	3,9%	-2,3%	4,4%	2,9%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99 253	-	100 351	104 094	106 426	106 424	110 979	116 624	17,5%	-	-	3,7%	2,2%	0,0%	4,3%	5,1%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	24 632	-	25 026	26 381	29 217	26 015	27 429	25 781	4,7%	-	-	5,4%	10,8%	-11,0%	5,4%	-6,0%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	456	-	427	467	436	496	374	409	-10,3%	-	-	9,4%	-6,6%	13,8%	-24,6%	9,4%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	67 085	64 029	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-4,6%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	52 947	54 704	53 490	52 408	-	-	-	-	3,3%	-2,2%	-2,0%	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	13 552	11 567	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-14,6%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	85,9%	-	93,8%	87,8%	93,4%	101,5%	92,9%	91,8%	6,9%	-	-	-6,4%	6,4%	8,7%	-8,5%	-1,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	85,6%	-	93,1%	87,4%	92,0%	100,0%	87,7%	85,3%	-0,4%	-	-	-6,1%	5,3%	8,7%	-12,3%	-2,8%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	124,3%	-	95,8%	88,7%	96,3%	106,9%	108,5%	112,5%	-9,5%	-	-	-7,4%	8,5%	11,0%	1,5%	3,7%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	103,6%	-	90,1%	89,4%	107,3%	85,0%	106,8%	91,1%	-12,0%	-	-	-0,8%	20,0%	-20,8%	25,7%	-14,7%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	1455	-	1192	1335	1294	1206	1124	1119	-23,1%	-	-	11,9%	-3,0%	-6,8%	-6,9%	-0,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1470	-	1316	1469	1442	1299	1266	1302	-11,4%	-	-	11,7%	-1,9%	-9,9%	-2,6%	2,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	778	-	886	1003	971	950	792	694	-10,7%	-	-	13,2%	-3,2%	-2,1%	-16,7%	-12,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	444	-	438	503	351	534	311	415	-6,6%	-	-	14,9%	-30,3%	52,4%	-41,8%	33,4%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts																	
Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)																	
81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)										
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	0,9%	0,0%	1,9%	-0,2%	-0,1%	-0,2%	-0,2%	-0,2%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	153 454 322	160 755 405	NA	NA	233 477 724	285 534 786	317 861 899	333 226 015	117,1%	4,8%	-	-	-	22,3%	11,3%	4,8%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	153 454 322	160 755 405	NA	NA	233 477 724	285 534 786	317 861 899	333 226 015	117,1%	4,8%	-	-	-	22,3%	11,3%	4,8%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	141 769 784	166 706 733	182 215 914	192 045 652	-	-	-	-	-	17,6%	9,3%	5,4%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	99 665 697	100 854 891	NA	NA	141 769 784	166 706 733	182 215 914	192 045 652	92,7%	1,2%	-	-	-	17,6%	9,3%	5,4%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	91 707 940	118 828 053	135 645 985	141 180 363	-	-	-	-	-	29,6%	14,2%	4,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	53 788 625	59 900 514	NA	NA	91 707 940	118 828 053	135 645 985	141 180 363	162,5%	11,4%	-	-	-	29,6%	14,2%	4,1%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	143 915 571	172 851 135	233 477 724	285 534 786	317 861 899	333 226 015	-	-	-	20,1%	35,1%	22,3%	11,3%	4,8%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	143 915 571	172 851 135	233 477 724	285 534 786	317 861 899	333 226 015	-	-	-	20,1%	35,1%	22,3%	11,3%	4,8%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	88 159 228	105 129 874	141 769 784	166 706 733	182 215 914	192 045 652	-	-	-	19,2%	34,9%	17,6%	9,3%	5,4%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	88 159 228	105 129 874	141 769 784	166 706 733	182 215 914	192 045 652	-	-	-	19,2%	34,9%	17,6%	9,3%	5,4%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	55 756 343	67 721 261	91 707 940	118 828 053	135 645 985	141 180 363	-	-	-	21,5%	35,4%	29,6%	14,2%	4,1%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	55 756 343	67 721 261	91 707 940	118 828 053	135 645 985	141 180 363	-	-	-	21,5%	35,4%	29,6%	14,2%	4,1%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes	
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Integrated	Integrated	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes	
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%	
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							Yes	Yes	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No	

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	No											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

Civil - Equipment rate

Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory

Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means

Civil - SMS

Civil - E-mail

Civil - Specific computer application

Civil - Other

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							both	both									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							50-99%	50-99%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							0% (NAP)	100%
064-10 - Criminal							10-49%	50-99%
064-10 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-11 - Criminal							10-49%	10-49%
064-11 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Both	Video

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Both	Video										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Both	Video										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate								100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							0	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							0	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							0	Yes
064-3 - Information available in CMS							0	Yes

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No									

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Specific computer application							No	No										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Specific computer application							No	No										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																		
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																		

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																	
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Workload							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Costs							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No									
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							No	No									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	19 266	21 555	23 612	23 932	24 010	23 875	-	-	-	11,9%	9,5%	1,4%	0,3%	-0,6%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	154 879	-	295 010	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	295 010	-	269 988	263 263	76 569	72 664	-	-	-	-	-	-2,5%	-70,9%	-5,1%
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																	
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																	
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	0,9%	0,0%	1,9%	-0,2%	-0,1%	-0,2%	-0,2%	-0,2%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	6 347	6 579	6 939	6 590	6 395	6 508	7 015	7 127	12,3%	3,7%	5,5%	-5,0%	-3,0%	1,8%	7,8%	1,6%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	4 929	5 101	5 404	5 072	4 878	4 897	5 259	5 407	9,7%	3,5%	5,9%	-6,1%	-3,8%	0,4%	7,4%	2,8%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 118	1 164	1 195	1 152	1 155	1 214	1 230	1 208	8,1%	4,1%	2,7%	-3,6%	0,3%	5,1%	1,3%	-1,8%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	300	314	340	366	362	397	526	512	70,7%	4,7%	8,3%	7,6%	-1,1%	9,7%	32,5%	-2,7%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	3 100	3 129	3 303	3 074	2 918	2 932	3 192	3 185	2,7%	0,9%	5,6%	-6,9%	-5,1%	0,5%	8,9%	-0,2%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	2 259	2 284	2 429	2 243	2 108	2 106	2 278	2 297	1,7%	1,1%	6,3%	-7,7%	-6,0%	-0,1%	8,2%	0,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	609	606	618	568	558	567	560	537	-11,8%	-0,5%	2,0%	-8,1%	-1,8%	1,6%	-1,2%	-4,1%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	232	239	256	263	252	259	354	351	51,3%	3,0%	7,1%	2,7%	-4,2%	2,8%	36,7%	-0,8%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	3 247	3 450	3 636	3 516	3 477	3 576	3 823	3 942	21,4%	6,3%	5,4%	-3,3%	-1,1%	2,8%	6,9%	3,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	2 670	2 817	2 975	2 829	2 770	2 791	2 981	3 110	16,5%	5,5%	5,6%	-4,9%	-2,1%	0,8%	6,8%	4,3%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	509	558	577	584	597	647	670	671	31,8%	9,6%	3,4%	1,2%	2,2%	8,4%	3,6%	0,1%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	68	75	84	103	110	138	172	161	136,8%	10,3%	12,0%	22,6%	6,8%	25,5%	24,6%	-6,4%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	23 672	22 991	21 903	21 360	21 182	20 664	22 401	21 808	-7,9%	-2,9%	-4,7%	-2,5%	-0,8%	-2,4%	8,4%	-2,6%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	14 811	14 349	13 760	13 392	13 297	12 949	14 279	14 032	-5,3%	-3,1%	-4,1%	-2,7%	-0,7%	-2,6%	10,3%	-1,7%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	4 542	4 395	4 116	4 068	4 071	4 046	4 631	4 471	-1,6%	-3,2%	-6,3%	-1,2%	0,1%	-0,6%	14,5%	-3,5%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	497	494	488	474	351	343	376	376	-24,3%	-0,6%	-1,2%	-2,9%	-25,9%	-2,3%	9,6%	0,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	3 822	3 753	3 539	3 426	3 463	3 326	3 115	2 929	-23,4%	-1,8%	-5,7%	-3,2%	1,1%	-4,0%	-6,3%	-6,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	7 367	7 221	7 253	7 068	7 472	7 174	-	-	-	-2,0%	0,4%	-2,6%	5,7%	-4,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	3 708	3 683	3 759	3 717	4 011	3 903	-	-	-	-0,7%	2,1%	-1,1%	7,9%	-2,7%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	1 076	1 064	1 081	1 058	1 297	1 238	-	-	-	-1,1%	1,6%	-2,1%	22,6%	-4,5%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	276	265	208	203	223	227	-	-	-	-4,0%	-21,5%	-2,4%	9,9%	1,8%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	2 307	2 209	2 205	2 090	1 941	1 806	-	-	-	-4,2%	-0,2%	-5,2%	-7,1%	-7,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	15 240	14 536	14 139	13 929	13 596	14 929	14 634	-	-	-4,6%	-2,7%	-1,5%	-2,4%	9,8%	-2,0%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	10 475	10 052	9 709	9 538	9 232	10 268	10 129	-	-	-4,0%	-3,4%	-1,8%	-3,2%	11,2%	-1,4%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	3 232	3 040	3 004	2 990	2 988	3 334	3 233	-	-	-5,9%	-1,2%	-0,5%	-0,1%	11,6%	-3,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	213	212	209	143	140	153	149	-	-	-0,5%	-1,4%	-31,6%	-2,1%	9,3%	-2,6%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	1 320	1 232	1 217	1 258	1 236	1 174	1 123	-	-	-6,7%	-1,2%	3,4%	-1,7%	-5,0%	-4,3%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	0,9%	0,0%	1,9%	-0,2%	-0,1%	-0,2%	-0,2%	-0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	226 202	226 202	223 842	237 132	229 292	231 565	234 386	236 494	4,5%	0,0%	-1,0%	5,9%	-3,3%	1,0%	1,2%	0,9%

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	23 672	22 991	21 903	21 360	21 182	20 664	22 401	21 808	-7,9%	-2,9%	-4,7%	-2,5%	-0,8%	-2,4%	8,4%	-2,6%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	14 811	14 349	13 760	13 392	13 297	12 949	14 279	14 032	-5,3%	-3,1%	-4,1%	-2,7%	-0,7%	-2,6%	10,3%	-1,7%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	4 542	4 395	4 116	4 068	4 071	4 046	4 631	4 471	-1,6%	-3,2%	-6,3%	-1,2%	0,1%	-0,6%	14,5%	-3,5%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	497	494	488	474	351	343	376	376	-24,3%	-0,6%	-1,2%	-2,9%	-25,9%	-2,3%	9,6%	0,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	3 822	3 753	3 539	3 426	3 463	3 326	3 115	2 929	-23,4%	-1,8%	-5,7%	-3,2%	1,1%	-4,0%	-6,3%	-6,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	7 367	7 221	7 253	7 068	7 472	7 174	-	-	-	-2,0%	0,4%	-2,6%	5,7%	-4,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	3 708	3 683	3 759	3 717	4 011	3 903	-	-	-	-0,7%	2,1%	-1,1%	7,9%	-2,7%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	1 076	1 064	1 081	1 058	1 297	1 238	-	-	-	-1,1%	1,6%	-2,1%	22,6%	-4,5%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	276	265	208	203	223	227	-	-	-	-4,0%	-21,5%	-2,4%	9,9%	1,8%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	2 307	2 209	2 205	2 090	1 941	1 806	-	-	-	-4,2%	-0,2%	-5,2%	-7,1%	-7,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	15 240	14 536	14 139	13 929	13 596	14 929	14 634	-	-	-4,6%	-2,7%	-1,5%	-2,4%	9,8%	-2,0%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	10 475	10 052	9 709	9 538	9 232	10 268	10 129	-	-	-4,0%	-3,4%	-1,8%	-3,2%	11,2%	-1,4%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	3 232	3 040	3 004	2 990	2 988	3 334	3 233	-	-	-5,9%	-1,2%	-0,5%	-0,1%	11,6%	-3,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	213	212	209	143	140	153	149	-	-	-0,5%	-1,4%	-31,6%	-2,1%	9,3%	-2,6%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	1 320	1 232	1 217	1 258	1 236	1 174	1 123	-	-	-6,7%	-1,2%	3,4%	-1,7%	-5,0%	-4,3%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							No	No
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Italy (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Prosecutors							No	No										
Non-judge staff							No	No										
Lawyers							No	No										
Notaries							No	No										
Enforcement agents							No	No										
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																		
National programme for gender equality							Yes	Yes										
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																		
In courts (judges)							Yes	Yes										
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							Yes	Yes										
For courts' non-judge staff							Yes	Yes										

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Latvia

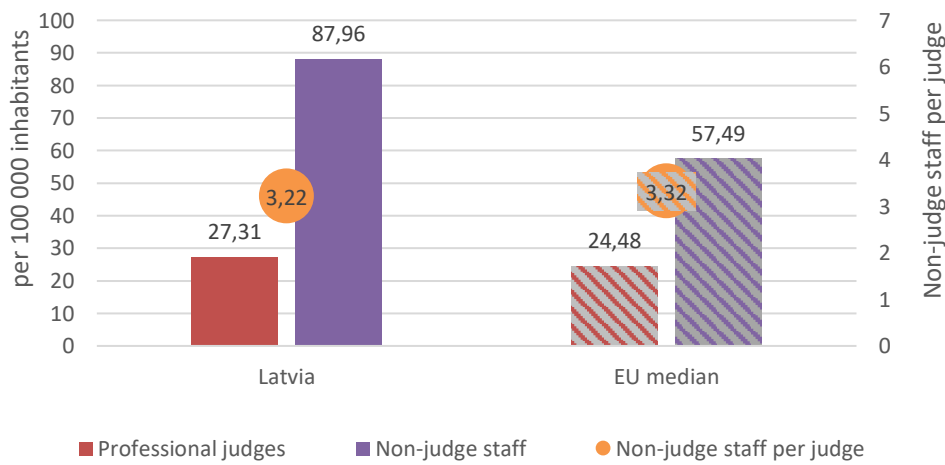
General data

Population: 1 907 675 **GDP:** 15 928 € **Average annual salary:** 12 912 €

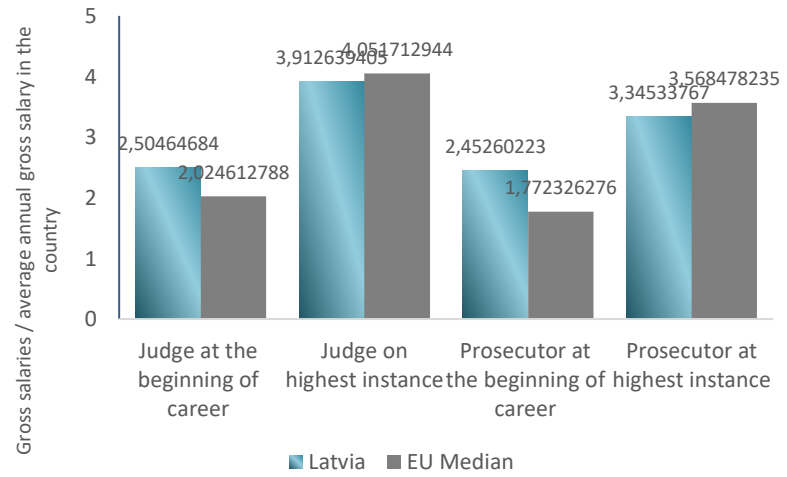
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
27,31	87,96	71,13	2,52
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

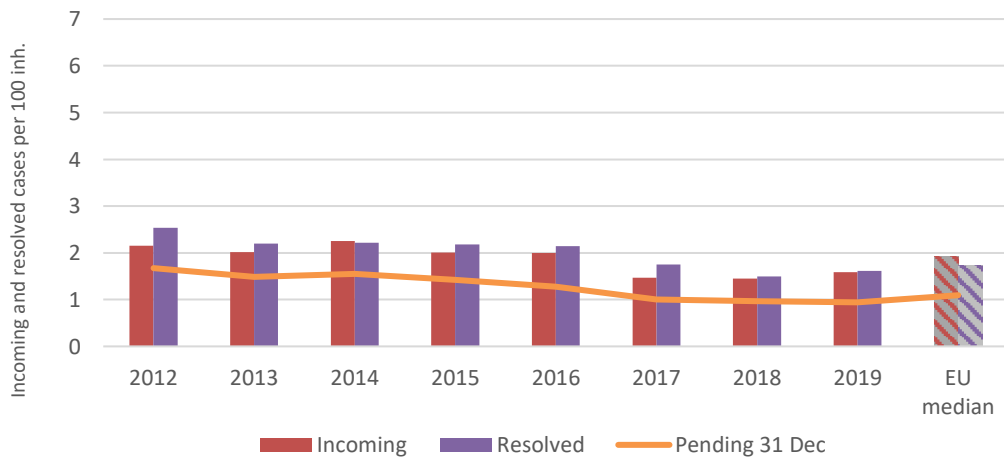


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

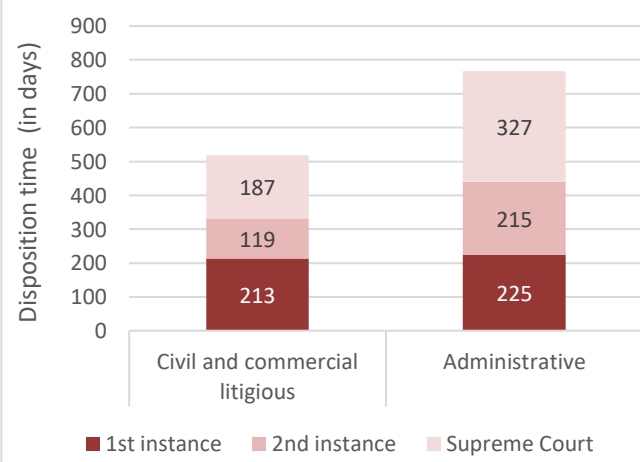


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

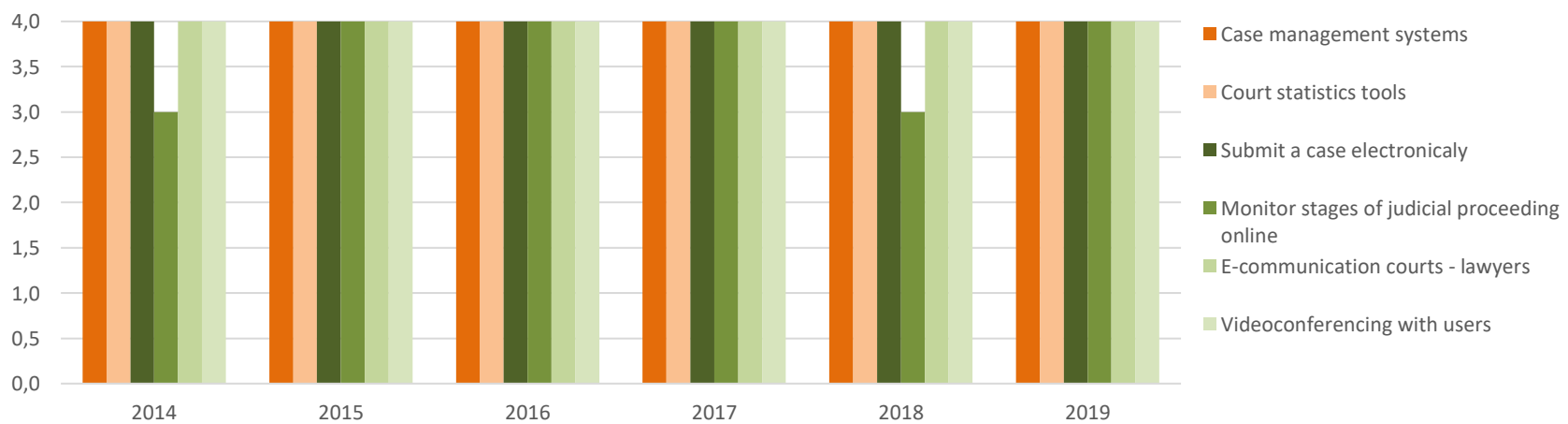


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Latvia

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	-6,7%	-1,6%	-2,5%	-1,5%	-0,6%
GDP per capita	10 858 €	11 575 €	12 065 €	12 329 €	12 762 €	13 855 €	15 136 €	15 928 €	46,7%	5,8%	18,6%	9,2%	5,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	0,70280	0,70280	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	8 981 €		9 816 €		10 308 €		12 384 €	12 912 €	43,8%	5,0%	20,1%		4,3%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	21,5	23,8	24,4	25,0	25,5	25,1	29,1	27,3	27,2%	4,8%	14,0%	15,9%	-6,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	78,6	78,8	78,8	77,1	80,3	78,8	89,3	88,0	11,9%	1,9%	11,2%	13,4%	-1,5%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	65,7	66,0	68,1	69,2	62,5	70,3	63,4	71,1	8,3%	-8,2%	1,5%	-9,7%	12,1%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	1,2	1,9	2,2	2,4	2,7	2,5	NAP	82,1%	24,0%	14,8%	-7,1%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,157	2,013	2,255	2,006	1,994	1,469	1,447	1,583	-26,6%	-11,6%	-27,4%	-1,5%	9,4%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,422	1,643	1,433	1,476	1,497	2,211	2,206	2,345	64,9%	4,4%	47,3%	-0,3%	6,3%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	12,1	12,6	12,6	12,8	14,7	NAP	NAP	1,6%	1,4%	15,0%
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,195	0,1	0,1	0,113	0,120	0,106	0,096	0,098	-49,7%	0,5%	-19,9%	-9,7%	2,2%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	118%	109%	98%	109%	107%	119%	103%	102%	-15,52	8,97	-4,08	-15,99	-1,24
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	101%	96%	100%	106%	100%	96%	99%	98%	-3,20	0,15	-0,92	2,92	-1,10
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	99%	100%	100%	100%	100%	NAP	NAP	-0,16	0,22	0,00
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	130%	163%	144%	106%	95%	100%	105%	105%	-25,20	-48,59	9,90	5,49	0,13
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	241	247	255	238	217	208	236	213	-11,6%	-15,0%	8,9%	13,3%	-10,0%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	37	50	53	36	36	40	42	47	25,0%	-31,6%	14,1%	5,1%	12,6%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	300	203	155	200	228	249	248	225	-25,2%	47,0%	8,7%	-0,5%	-9,4%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,67	1,49	1,55	1,42	1,27	1,00	0,97	0,94	-43,7%	-18,0%	-24,0%	-3,3%	-2,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,15	0,22	0,21	0,15	0,15	0,23	0,25	0,30	99,6%	-28,4%	66,5%	8,0%	18,4%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,00	0,00	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,21	0,13	0,07	0,07	0,07	0,07	0,07	0,06	-69,6%	-2,2%	-3,9%	-5,3%	-7,3%
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	110%	108%	101%	107%	96%	103%	104%	99%	-11,08	-4,98	8,12	1,06	-5,06
CR administrative law cases	90%	124%	101%	136%	137%	129%	107%	91%	1,72	35,78	-30,06	-21,65	-15,41
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	133	142	160	102	124	100	104	119	-10,8%	-22,7%	-15,6%	4,1%	14,1%

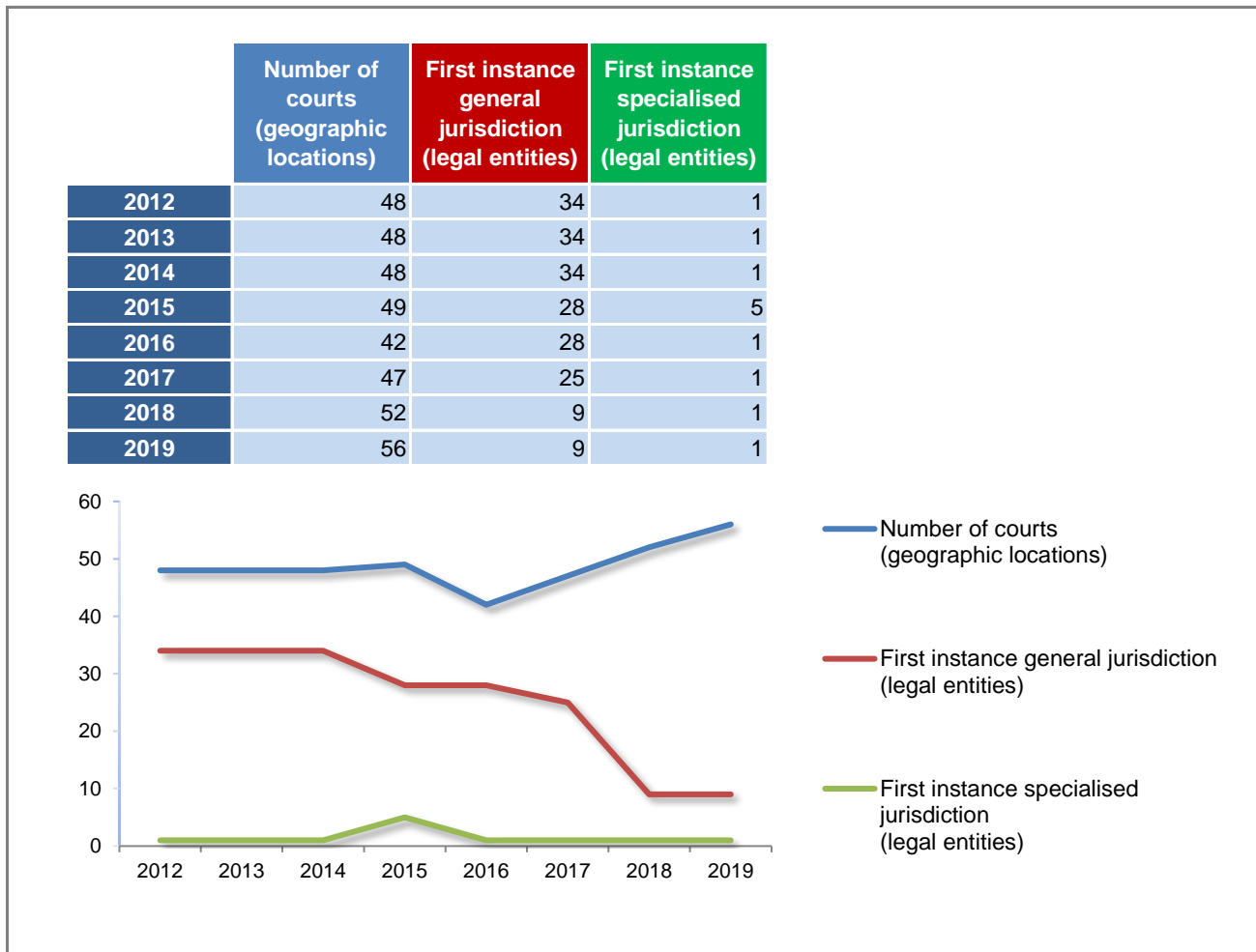
DT administrative law cases (days)	364	227	371	277	210	152	169	215	-40,9%	-43,4%	-19,6%	1,2%	27,4%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	85%	129%	146%	95%	108%	104%	NA	60,15	-37,40	12,82	-4,19
CR administrative law cases	NA	-	84%	86%	92%	89%	90%	113%	NA	8,10	-2,50	0,51	23,15
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	559	329	153	206	204	187	NA	-72,6%	33,1%	-1,0%	-8,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	-	189	231	270	359	459	327	NA	43,0%	70,1%	28,1%	-28,9%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Latvia

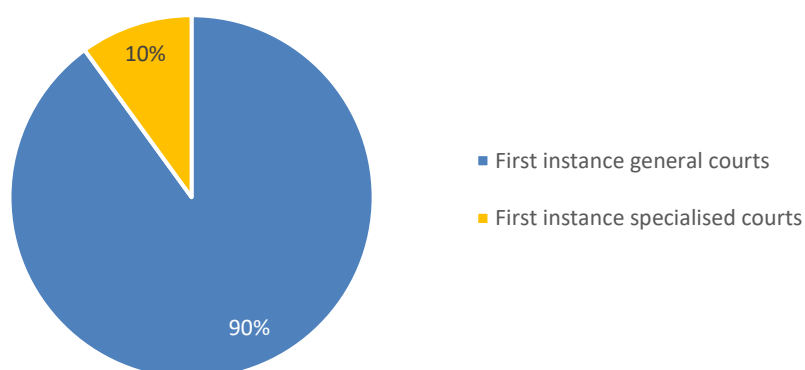
According to 2019 data, in Latvia, for the first instance, there are: 9 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and 1 first instance specialised jurisdiction. There are also six appellate courts and Supreme court.

In 2019, a reform of Land Register Units was completed and they have been included in the composition of district (city) courts. The number of legal entities hasn't changed but number of courts per geographic locations therefore differs.

The data regarding the geographic locations are indicated on 31.12.2019.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts	
Total	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP
Labour courts	NAP
Family courts	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP
Administrative courts	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP
Military courts	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP

It is noteworthy that only the Administrative court can be considered as a 1st instance specialized court (which is divided into 5 court houses). As to the category “military courts”, the reply not available (NA) is justified by the fact that according to the Law on Judicial Power, judicial power in the Republic of Latvia is vested in district (city) courts, regional courts, the Supreme Court and the Constitutional Court, but in state of emergencies or during war – also military courts. The rest of the courts in Latvia are not established. It should be mentioned that Latvia has one Court which is specialized in Commercial cases, but that court also works with other civil cases as a first instance court. This court has not been marked as a specialized court because it is not a separate commercial court, but just few judges are specialized for commercial cases.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Latvia

● Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
286 934 122 €

Implemented:
277 696 649 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

✓

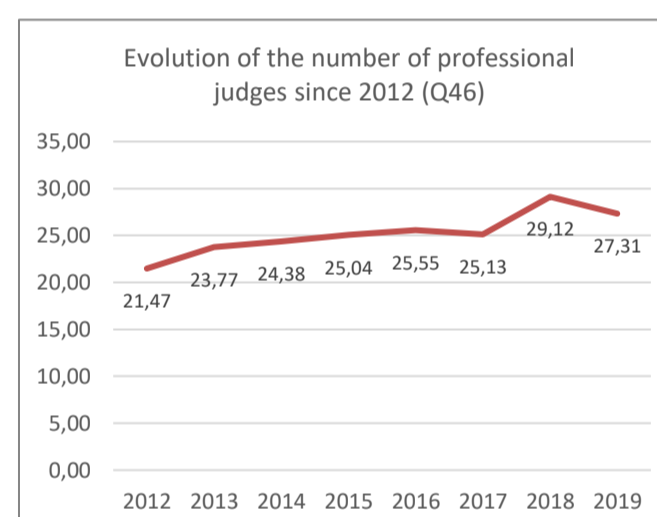
✓
✓

● Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	439	21,47	23,0%	77,0%
2013	481	23,77	23,5%	76,5%
2014	488	24,38	22,7%	77,3%
2015	493	25,04	36,5%	63,5%
2016	503	25,55	21,9%	78,1%
2017	490	25,13	21,4%	78,6%
2018	559	29,12	19,3%	80,7%
2019	521	27,31	19,0%	81,0%



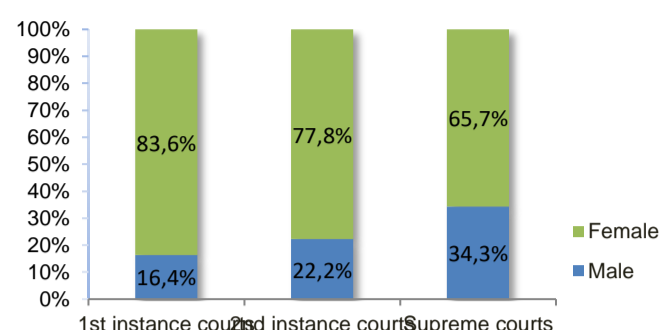
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Latvia is 521 which is 6,8% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Latvia, in 2019 there are 27,3 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,2 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was also 3,1 non-judge staff per judge).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	360	59	301
2nd instance courts	126	28	98
Supreme courts	35	12	23
Total	521	99	422

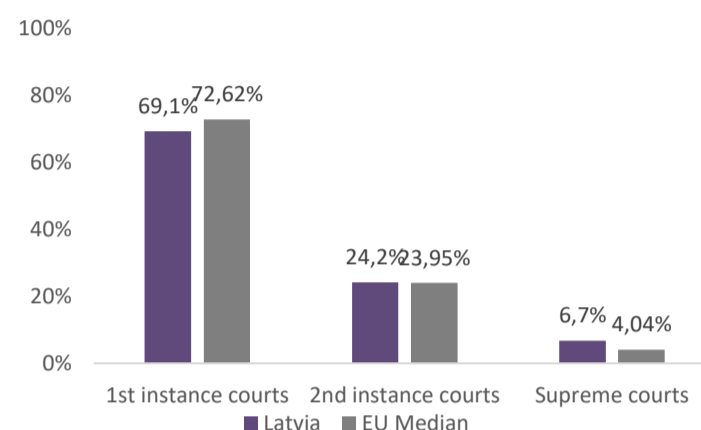
Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	69,1%	16,4%	83,6%
2nd instance courts	24,2%	22,2%	77,8%
Supreme courts	6,7%	34,3%	65,7%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 422 which represents 81,0% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 360 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 301 are female); 126 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 98 are female) and 35 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 23 are female).

As regards the distribution of male/female, it has to be specified that in Latvia the participation of women in judiciary is exceptionally high, from 83,6% in first instance to 65,7% in Supreme Court.

In Latvia, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory	Optional
✓	
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

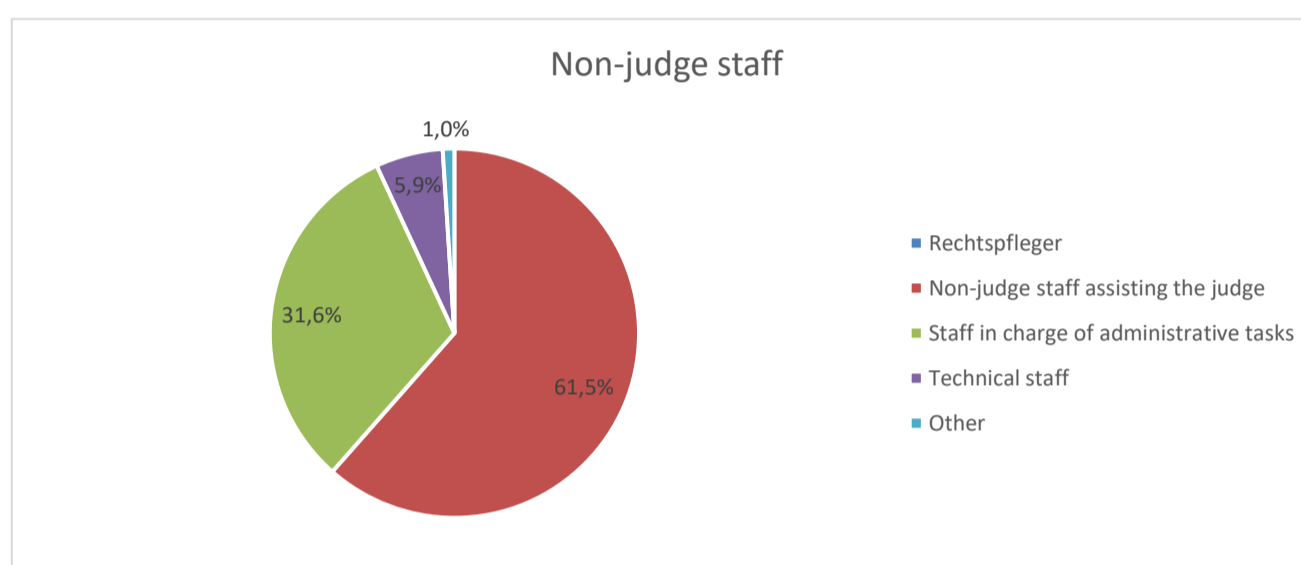
Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	371	NA
1. Only for judges	44	NA
2. Only for prosecutors	NA	NA
3. Only for other non-judge staff	17	NA
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
5. Other common training	310	NA

In 2019, 404 prosecutors participated in 98 training activities in Latvia and 96 prosecutors participated in 172 international training activities. However, the number of training days in the Prosecutor's Office are not separately listed. The additional trainings were organized within the ESF project "Justice for Growth". Overall objective of the project is strengthening capacity and human resources in the judicial sector and law enforcement authorities in Latvia with the view to provide the input in development of the economy and attracting investment. The duration of the project is 01.01.2016 – 31.12.2022.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	1 608	NAP	1 090	351	160	7
2013	1 594	NAP	1 093	347	147	7
2014	1 578	NAP	1 071	354	144	9
2015	1 519	NAP	1 044	323	141	11
2016	1 582	NAP	1 071	355	142	14
2017	1 536	NAP	932	483	95	26
2018	1 715	NAP	1 059	477	83	96
2019	1 678	NAP	1 032	530	99	17



In Latvia, in this cycle there are 1 678 non-judge staff (among which 1 499 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals a decrease of 2,2%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 1 032 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 902 are women);
- 530 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 511 are women);
- 99 technical staff (among which 72 are women);
- 17 other (among which 14 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 89,3 in 2018 to 88,0 in 2019).

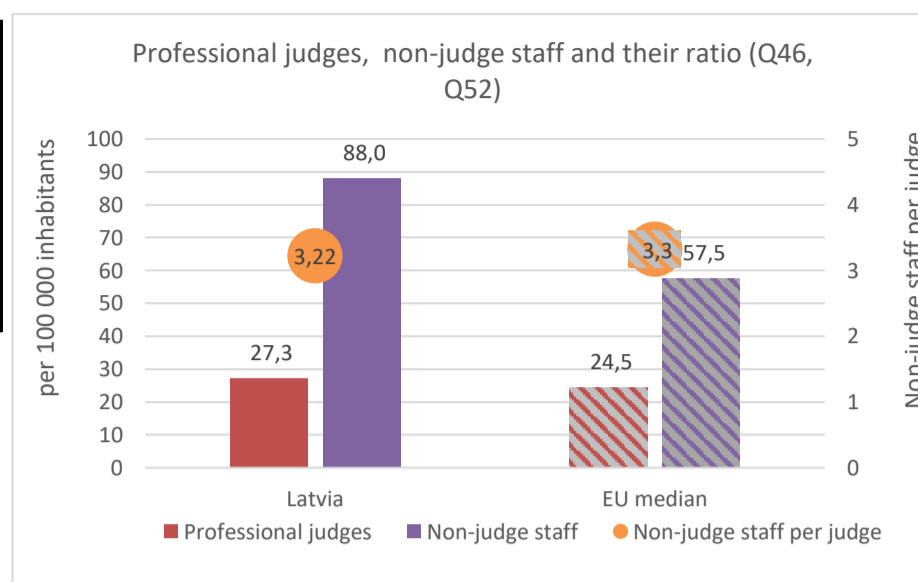
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants decreases from 29,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 27,3 in 2019.

Category Other non - judge staff includes: Staff of the Division of case-law and research, Division of provision of regime of secrecy and Secretariat of the Council for the Judiciary, as well as consultants (desk officers) of the Supreme Court of Latvia.

The overall discrepancies in number of non-judge staff starts from 2018 due to court reform (Land Registry offices integrated in general jurisdiction courts) and historically high turnover rate. The data between 2018 and 2019 are very similar.

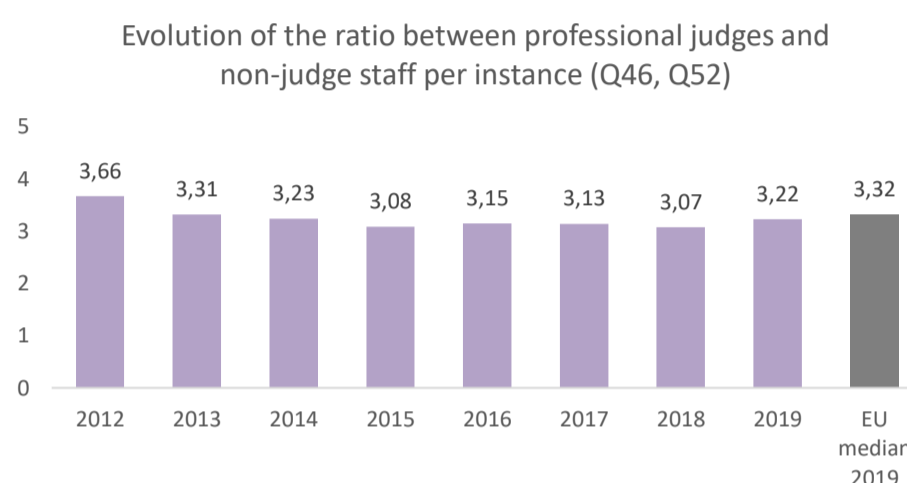
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Latvia	EU median
Professional judges	27,3	24,5
Non-judge staff	88,0	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,22	3,3



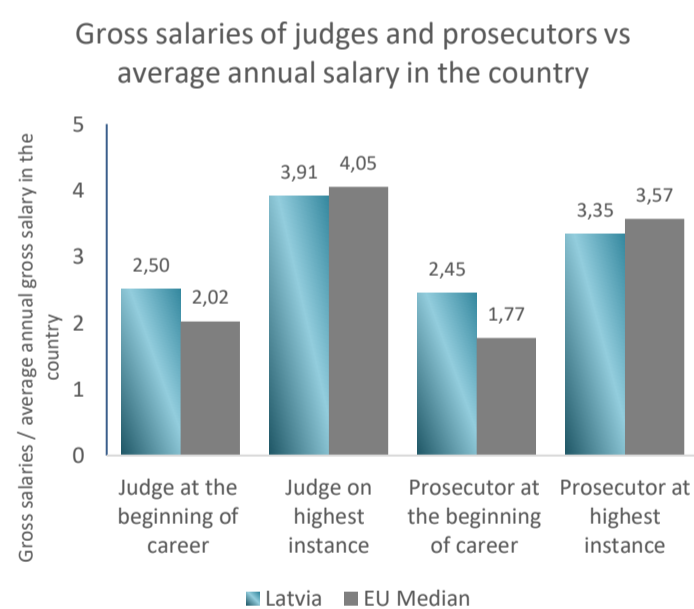
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	3,66
2013	3,31
2014	3,23
2015	3,08
2016	3,15
2017	3,13
2018	3,07
2019	3,22



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	32 340 €	22 656 €	2,50
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	50 520 €	35 052 €	3,91
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	31 668 €	22 198 €	2,45
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	43 195 €	30 059 €	3,35

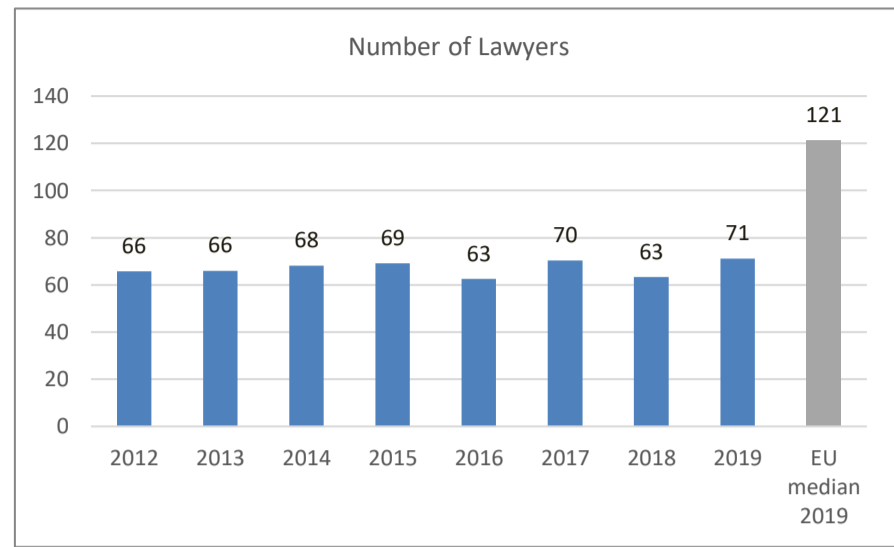


Discrepancies with data from the previous cycle are connected with changes in the Law On Remuneration of Officials and Employees of State and Local Government Authorities.

The increase in salaries of prosecutors is related to changes in the regulatory framework for prosecutors remuneration, which entered into force on 01.01.2019.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 343	65,68
2013	1 336	66,01
2014	1 363	68,10
2015	1 363	69,22
2016	1 231	62,52
2017	1 370	70,25
2018	1 218	63,44
2019	1 357	71,13

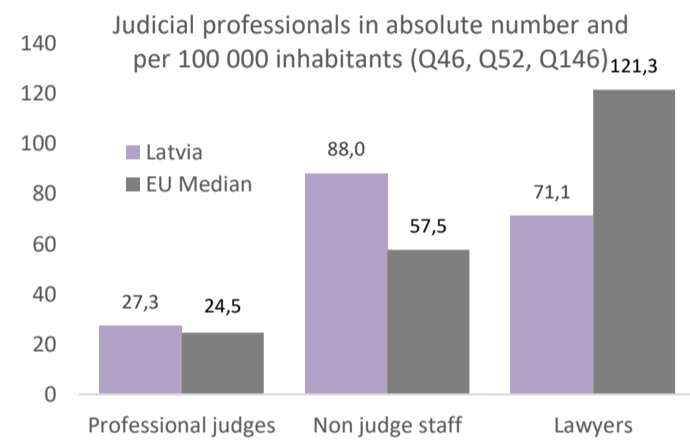


In 2019, there are 1 357 lawyers, which is 11,4% more than in 2018.

This data of 71,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is below the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	521	27,31	24,48
Non judge staff	1 678	87,96	57,49
Lawyers	1 357	71,13	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 2 007 508 € (1,1 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 1 912 508 € (1,0 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	1778 248 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	134 260 €

The Cabinet of Ministers Regulations No. 1493 “Regulations on the Extent of the State Ensured Legal Aid, the Amount of the Payment Due to the Legal Aid Providers, Reimbursable Expenses and Payment Procedure Thereof” of December 22, 2009 provides for the types and extent of legal aid, the amount of payment to be paid to legal aid providers and the reimbursable expenses arising from the provision of legal aid, as well as the amount and payment procedure thereof. In accordance with this Regulation, the following shall be covered from the funds allocated for the provision of legal aid: certain types of legal aid (for example provision of legal consultations, drafting an appellate complaint, representation at court sittings etc.) in criminal matters, civil matters, administrative matters and cross-border dispute matters, as well as in out-of-court dispute matters. Furthermore, reimbursable expenses (road transportation expenses and hotel expenses) shall also be paid from the aforementioned funds.]

Through developing the state ensured legal aid system, the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Latvia has revised amount of the payment due to the legal aid providers for the provision of legal aid, anticipating an annual increase starting with January 1, 2014, January 1, 2015 and July 1, 2016. Moreover additional funds were allocated from the state budget in 2014 to extend the provision of legal aid to the victims (Amendments to the Criminal Procedure Law on May 29, 2014).]

Public budget funds are allocated on the basis of forecasts. The forecasts are influenced by several variables: the number of legal disputes, the number of low-income and needy people, the number of initiated criminal proceedings. Implemented public budget in 2019 is close to the adopted forecasts.

In Latvia, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):		
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

Regarding costs of the fees that are related to the enforcement of judicial decisions, in the Republic of Latvia there is another mechanism – a legal framework that provides for exemptions from payment of enforcement of the judgment expenditures on the basis of the law (Section 567 of the Civil Procedure Law). Moreover, in accordance with Section 11 of the Cabinet of Ministers Regulations No 454 of 26 June 2012 “Regulations on the Remuneration Rates of Sworn Bailiffs”, a sworn bailiff has the right to reduce the remuneration fees.

In relation to other costs of court proceedings, a legal framework provides for exemptions from payment of court costs granted on the basis of the law by the judge in civil proceedings (Section 43 of the Civil Procedure Law). Furthermore, the Criminal Procedure Law stipulates which costs, for example, conducting of inspections, shall be assumed by the State. The mentioned regulation is applying to court proceedings and exemptions rules in their respect (for example concerning the expertise costs etc).

In addition, according to the State Ensured Legal Aid Law, in cross-borders cases a person has the right to receive the following: 1) services of an interpreter; 2) translation of documents requested by the court or the competent authority and submitted by the recipient of legal aid, which are necessary for adjudication of the matter; 3) payment of expenses related to the attendance at court sittings, if the presence of the person in court is provided for by the law or if the court requests so, deciding that the relevant person cannot be heard in another way (the Legal Aid Administration makes a decision).

In accordance with the Cabinet of Ministers Regulation No 1493 of 22 December 2009 “Regulations Regarding the Amount of State-ensured Legal Aid, the Amount of Payment, Reimbursable Expenses and the Procedures for Payment Thereof”, if legal aid is provided outside the place of practice of the provider of legal aid, his or her travelling (transport) expenses and hotel (accommodation) expenses shall be covered from the State budget. It is relevant for all cases – civil, administrative and criminal. In asylum cases and cases related to foreigners who are obligated to be returned, the responsible institution – the Office of Citizenship and Migration Affairs or the Legal Aid Administration – shall ensure the communication of the applicant for legal aid with the provider of legal aid, which covers costs of the interpretation services.

It is indicated that the state provides representation in court and legal advice, but in Latvia it is provided and paid also for preparation of procedural documents in all types of cases and in criminal cases for representation in the pre-trial criminal proceedings.

It should also be mentioned that additional persons are exempted, for example, from expertise, interpreters and travel expenses (in cross border disputes).

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Victims are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

For provision of defence and representation, a person addresses request to the person directing the criminal proceedings (investigator, public prosecutor or judge). The person directing the criminal proceedings sends a request to appoint a lawyer to the elder of sworn advocates, who appoints a lawyer to the person.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Exceptions are set forth by article 43 of the Civil Procedure Law. According to this provision:

o Fourteen exhaustively enumerated categories of persons shall be exempt from payment of court costs to the State. Different law fields are affected by the regime of exemptions, namely labour law, family law, criminal law, financial law, insolvency matters etc.; o If a public prosecutor or State or local government institutions or persons who are conferred the right by law, to defend in court other persons' rights and interests protected by law, of other persons in court, withdraws from an application which has been submitted on behalf of another person, but such person demands adjudication of the matter on the merits, the court costs shall be paid in accordance with generally applicable provisions. o The parties may also be exempted from payment of court costs to the State in other cases provided for by law. o A court or a judge, upon considering the material situation of a natural person, shall exempt him or her partly or fully from payment of court costs into State revenues, as well as postpone payment of court costs adjudged into State revenues, or divide payment thereof into instalments. o In claims for dissolution of marriage upon the request of the plaintiff the judge shall postpone payment of State fees or divide payment thereof into instalments if a minor child is in the care of the plaintiff.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

Court fees are calculated according to the Civil Procedure Law (article 34) and the Administrative Procedure Law (article 124). The amount of court fees is calculated taking into account the value of the claim and the type of the claim (claim in divorce cases, application in special procedural cases, claims, which do not have a property nature or cannot be assessed etc.).

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 358€

According to Latvian legislation, there are two ways to submit an application to court:

1) In general order:

Civil Procedure Law, Section 34

In regard to claims assessable as a monetary amount:

from 2135 euro to 7114 euro, — 320,10 euro plus 4 % of the amount claimed exceeding 2134 euro

$320,10 \text{ €} + (3000 \text{ €} - 2134 \text{ €}) \times 4 \% = 320,10 \text{ €} + 34,64 \text{ €} = 354,74 \text{ €}$ plus 3,20 EUR costs related the adjudication of court proceedings.

2) Enforcement of obligations according to warning procedure Civil Procedure Law, 406 prim

1. Enforcement of obligations according to warning procedures is permitted in payment obligations, which are justified by a document and for which the term for enforcement is due, as well as payment obligations regarding the payment of such compensation, which is in the entered into contract regarding supply of goods, purchase of goods or provision of services if such obligations are justified by a document and for which a time period for enforcement has not been specified.

2. Enforcement of obligations according to warning procedures is not permitted:

1) for payments related to unperformed correlative performance;

2) if the declared place of residence or place of residence of the debtor is not known;

3) if the declared place of residence, place of residence or legal address of the debtor is not in the Republic of Latvia;

4) if the requested penalty exceeds the amount of the principal debt;

5) if the requested interest exceeds the amount of the principal debt;

6) for payment obligations if the amount of the debt exceeds EUR 15 000.

In accordance with the cases provided for in the Civil Procedure, a person may apply for the enforcement of obligations according to warning procedure, then the State fee (Article 34 CPL) shall be payable at 2 per cent of the amount of the debt, which in this case is EUR 60 plus 5,44 EUR costs related the adjudication of court proceedings.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

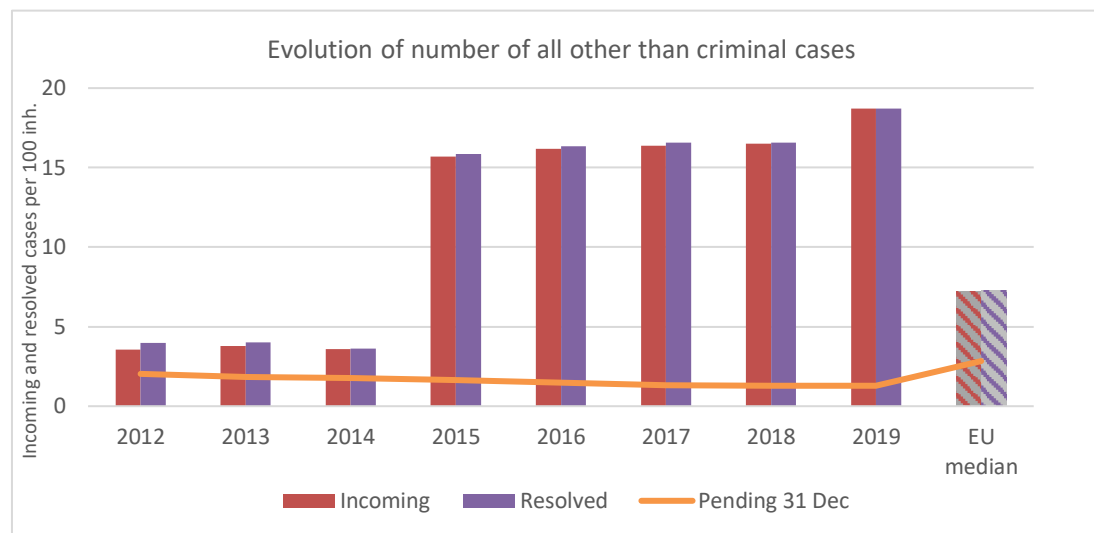
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

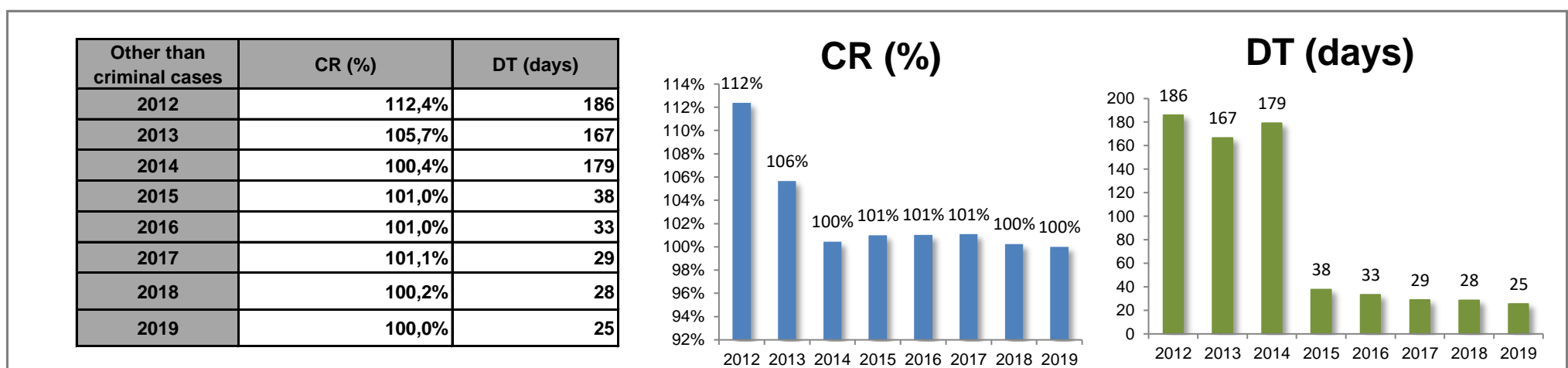
First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Latvia (18,72 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which 18,71 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Latvia (1,30 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,0% in 2019 Latvia seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 0,2 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 25 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 10,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

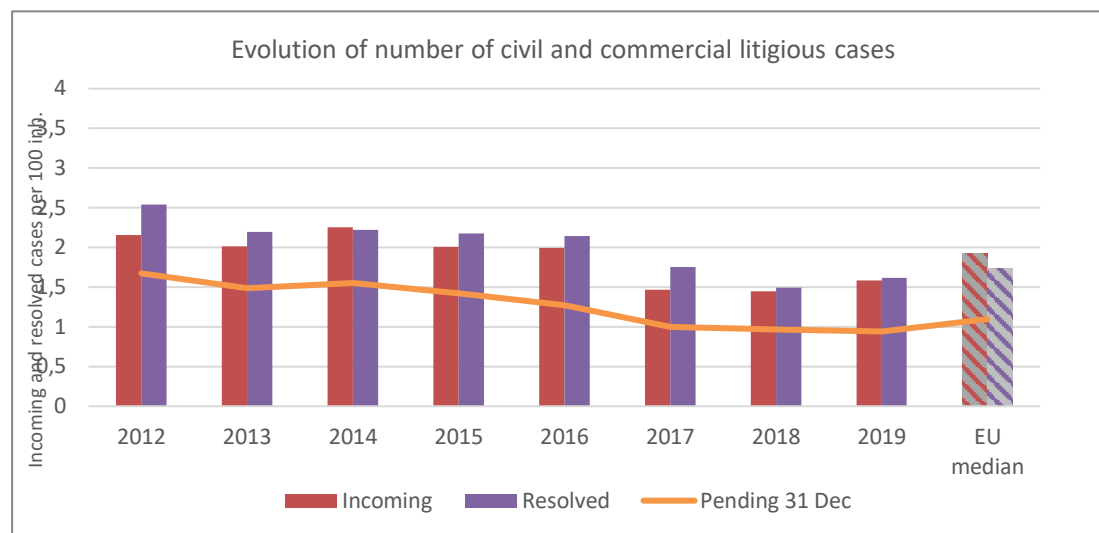
Within the Court Information System, submissions received in the previous year but registered the next year are considered as incoming cases for the new year. "Non-litigious enforcement cases" and "non-litigious business registry cases" are not defined in the Civil Code and both are not within the competence of courts in the first instance.

Land registry cases are treated in a different manner at first instance compared to other civil cases at the first instance (therefore they represent a separate group of cases in the first instance), but land registry cases appealed to a court of second instance are treated in exactly the same manner as other civil cases in the second instance court (therefore they are not a separate group of cases in the second instance).

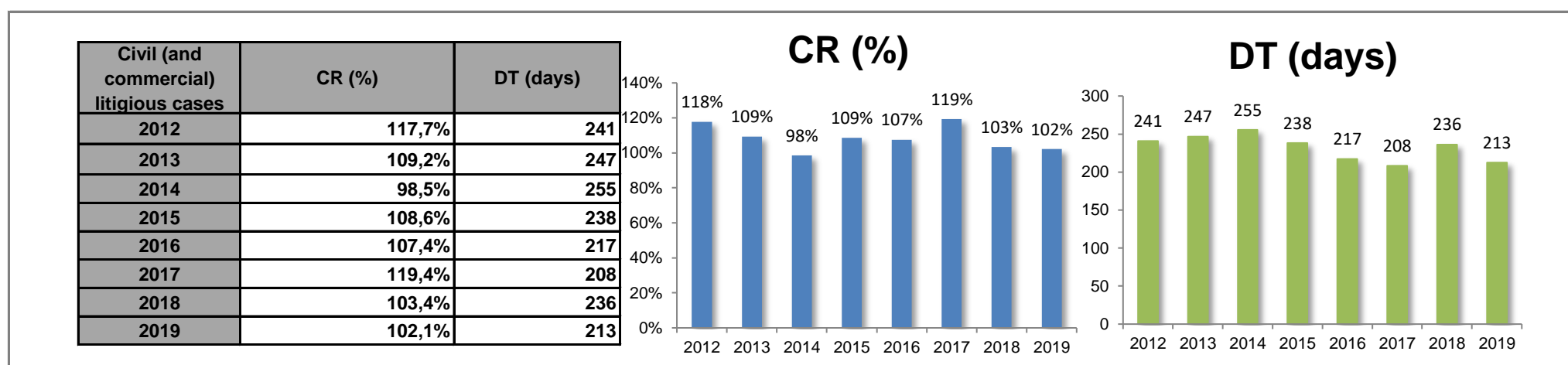
The category "civil and commercial non-litigious cases" encompasses: applications for securing claim prior to initiation of the matter in a court; applications for securing of evidence prior to initiation of the matter in a court; applications for execution of obligations through the court; undisputed compulsory execution of obligations; execution of obligations in accordance with warning procedures; voluntary sale of immovable property at auction through the court; submitting the subject-matter of an obligation for safekeeping in the court; applications for Commercial Court adjudication execution procedures; applications for arbitrary court decision compulsory execution; applications for property protection if there is no inheritance case; applications concerning execution of court adjudications.

In 2018 there were several stages of court system reform. Several District courts were merged, and The Land Register offices appended to the District courts. Partially due to court system reform, Court Information System database has undergone several error checks and data clean-ups, that has affected amount of cases, especially – unresolved. The reform of the judiciary could also have affected the backlog of cases pending for more than 2 years, as it is undoubtedly that when transferring a backlog from one court to another, another judge needs extra time to go into the case file. However, the methodology for processing statistical data must also be taken into account, i.e. the functionality of the database, that the period of suspension of proceedings is taken into account during the proceedings and other external economic factors could have affected the number of long-standing civil cases. Taking into account also the peculiarities of litigation in Latvia, for example, that commercial cases are not separated from civil cases and that one civil case may contain several claims which are considered in one procedure, this generally means that the case takes longer to process.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Latvia (1,58 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 1,62 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 1,73 per 100 inhabitants. The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,94 per 100 inhabitants) is also below EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,1% in 2019, Latvia seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

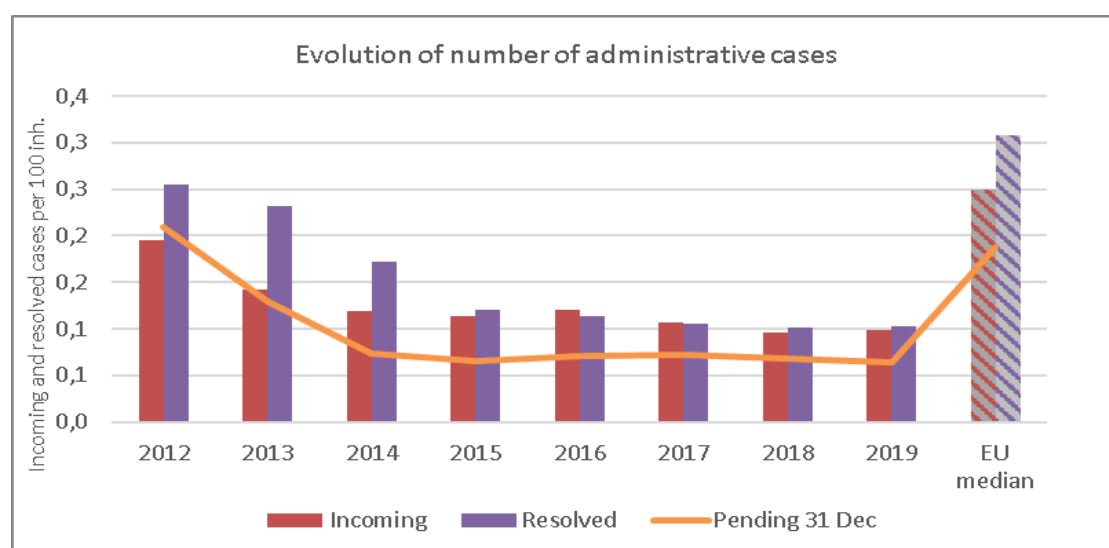
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 1,3 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 213 days, which is the same as the EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 10,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

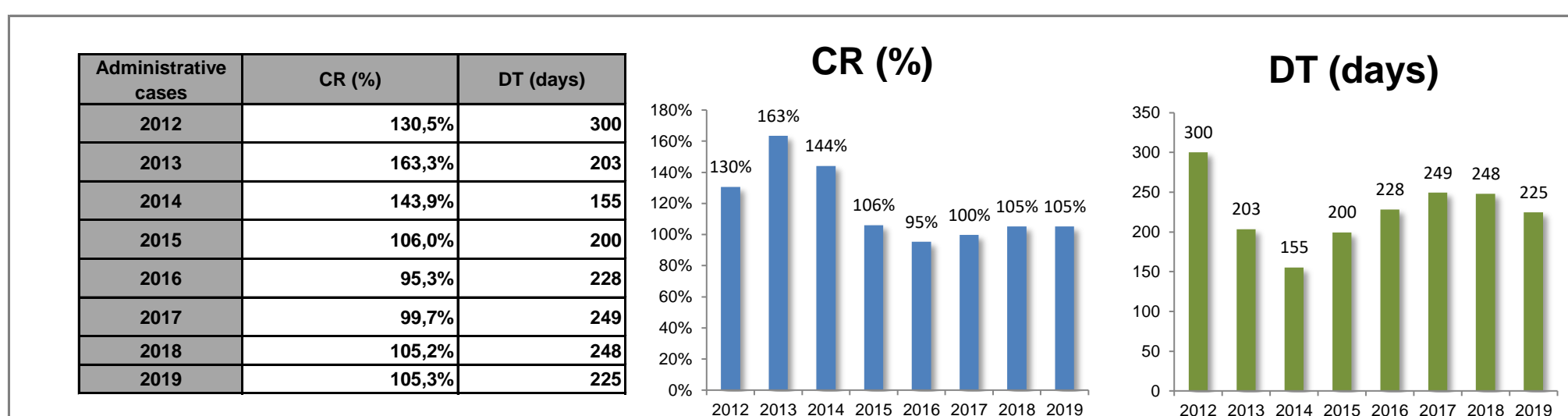
In Latvia, there are 3 894 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 21,7% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Latvia (0,10 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 0,10 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 0,31 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Latvia (0,06 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly below EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 105,3% in 2019, Latvia seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

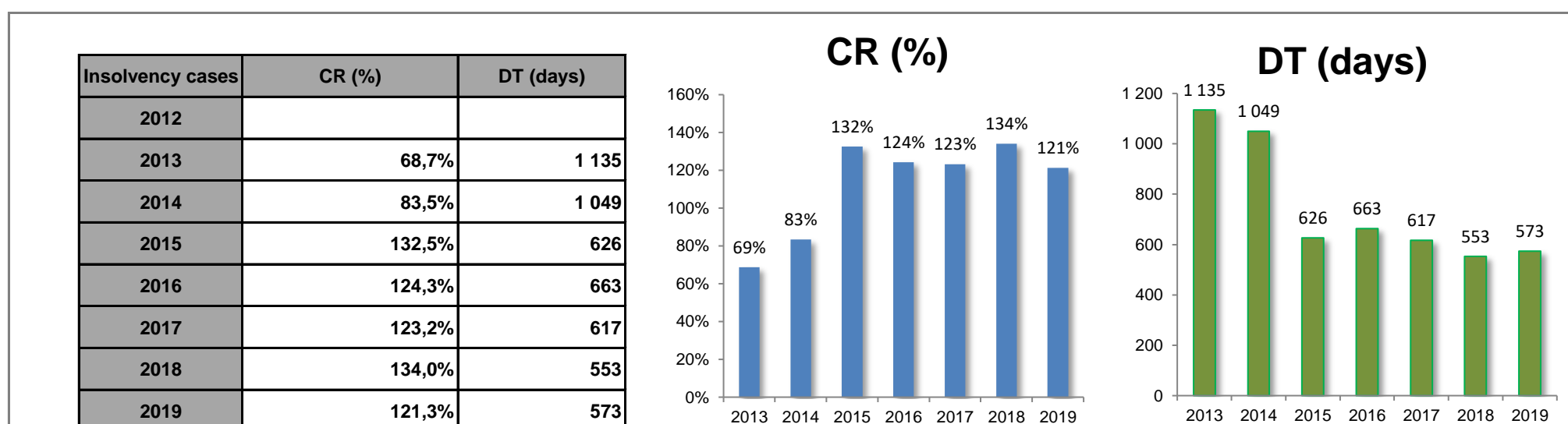
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased by 0.1 point.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 225 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 9,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Latvia, there are 99 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 8,2% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

◦ Insolvency



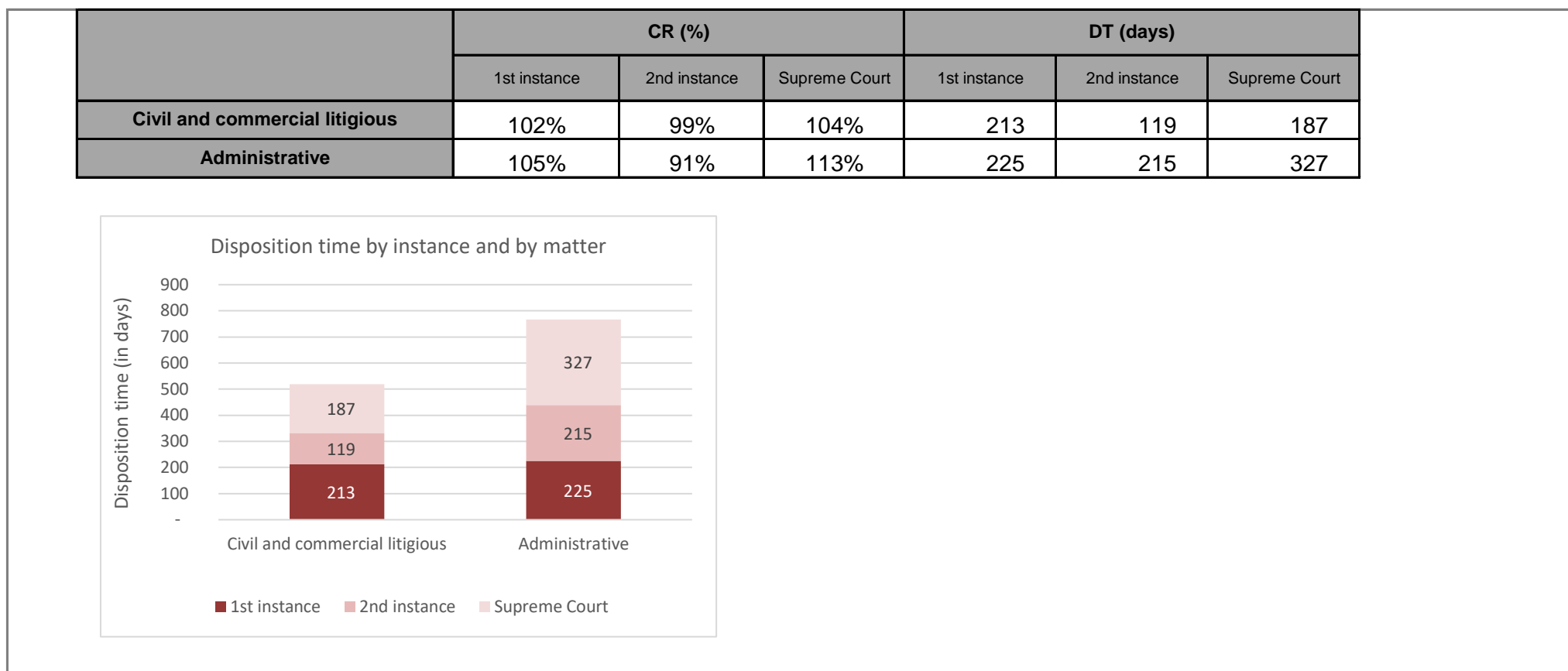
The Clearance Rate was calculated at 121,3% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Latvia seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 12,7 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 573 days, which is well above the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 3,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



Looking at total disposition time levels, courts in Latvia seem to process civil and commercial cases more rapidly than administrative cases. As regards different instances, the first instance courts seem to need the most time to resolve civil and litigious cases while second instance appears as the most efficient for this type of cases. Situation is different for administrative cases where third instance seems to face much more difficulties than two lower instances. Concerning overall efficiency in Latvia, it should be noted that all DT levels are below EU median values except for the third instance administrative law cases where DT of 327 days is 50% higher than EU median (219 days).

In accordance with the provisions related to data gathering, all information must be recorded in the Court Information System within 3 days. However, the Court Information System functionality for the statistical reports provides in the System recorded figures at the end of the year. Consequently, submissions received in the previous year but registered the next year are considered as incoming cases for the new year. Justice statistics do not distinguish between “non-litigious enforcement cases” and “non-litigious business registry cases” because such types of cases are not defined in the Civil Code. At any rate, both of these sub-categories of cases are not within the competence of courts neither in first instance, nor in second instance. Land registry cases are treated in a different manner at first instance compared to other civil cases at the first instance (therefore they represent a separate group of cases in the first instance), but land registry cases appealed to a court of second instance are treated in exactly the same manner as other civil cases in the second instance court (therefore they are not a separate group of cases in the second instance).

Starting from 2019 the Supreme Court has changed system of classification of cases under different categories for civil cases. During this change the court encountered problem of reclassification of cases registered during previous years. This reclassification had as objective to introduce the detailed classification used for first and second instance courts. Statistics for the reference year 2019 encompasses results from both categories. Other non-litigious cases (2.3) are specific enforcement procedures which are regarded as uncontested for Latvian civil procedure. These have been received via the specific procedure of a protest submitted by the Prosecutors General Office. The number became available as the result of introduction of the detailed classification regime. Additional problem in reporting number of cases for years before 2019, is that there was no clear understanding of concepts NA (not available data) and NAP (not applicable). Hopefully, this has been resolved and for the next coming years the Supreme Court together with the Courts Administration can set up a clear and understandable model of reporting.

Since 2015 number of unresolved administrative cases increased. During year 2018 additional recourses were allocated to the Administrative department (chamber) of the Supreme Court, including additional judges. As the result, number of resolved cases in 2019 increased. For next coming two years there are two additional judges envisaged for the Administrative department.

● **Alternative dispute resolutions**

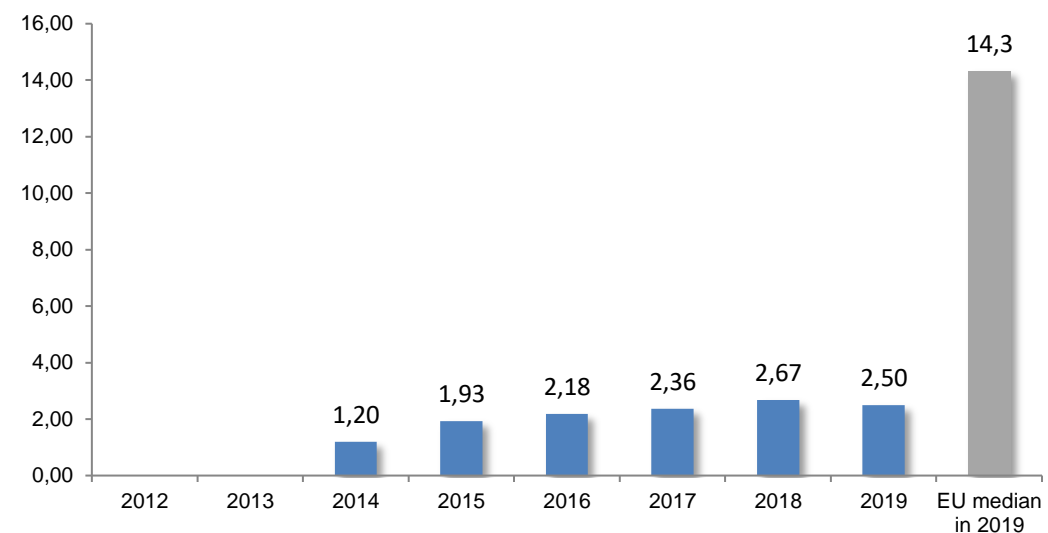
The judicial system in Latvia provides court related mediation.

Court-annexed mediation is used in civil disputes to be resolved in court proceedings by way of action. Judges have an obligation to offer the parties the option of mediation at different stages of proceedings (after the initiation of the case, in the pre-trial stage, pre-trial hearing, or at any other point until the conclusion of the examining of the case on its merits.) However, parties are free to decide whether to opt for mediation or not.

The court related mediation system in Latvia does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

Latvian legislation does not stipulate the use of mediation as mandatory in any type of cases. Parties to a case may mutually agree to use mediation as a means of dispute resolution. The only reservation stipulated by the Civil Procedure Law pertains to cases where parties have, following the procedure stipulated in the law, mutually agreed beforehand that in case of a dispute, they would use mediation (e.g. by including such a provision in a contract concluded by and between them. A judge shall refuse to accept a statement of claim if the parties have, in accordance with the procedures laid down in law, agreed on the settlement of a dispute through mediation and evidence that a proposal to settle the dispute through mediation has been rejected has not been submitted, or a mediation agreement has not been entered into, or mediation has been terminated without reaching an agreement in accordance with the procedures laid down in the Mediation Law (Paragraph 31, Section 132 (1) of the Civil Procedure Law). In this case the judge's refusal to accept a statement of claim cannot be construed as an obstacle to submit an equivalent statement of claim to a court after having rectified the deficiencies.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	NAP	NAP
2013	NAP	NAP
2014	24	1,20
2015	38	1,93
2016	43	2,18
2017	46	2,36
2018	52	2,67
2019	48	2,50



In 2019, there are 48 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 2,5 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about 7,7%.

Data are available only for certified mediators. According to legislation there can be practicing mediators and certified mediators. The former is a natural person selected freely by the parties who have agreed to conduct mediation while the latter, is a mediator who, in accordance with the procedures laid down in the laws and regulations, has acquired mediation and received a certificate which gives him/her the right to be included in the list of mediators.

• **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

There are publicly available statistical reports on all courts and cases at <https://dati.ta.gov.lv/>.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

Courts are required to submit this report to the Judiciary Council before the end of January.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- satisfaction of court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- costs of the judicial procedures
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

Implemented business intelligence solution allows to monitor very closely all the mentioned court activities. Satisfaction of court staff and users is being evaluated by regular questionnaires in courts.

In Latvia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

◦ The reporting is more frequent than annual

Evaluation happens on a basis of request. The evaluation can happen for a single court or instance at any time for a number of reasons.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- satisfaction of court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- costs of the judicial procedures
- clearance rate
- disposition time

According to the Law on Judicial Power, a Chief judge of a court shall plan and determine the objectives of the court work in relation to average time periods for adjudication of matters (the standard of time periods for adjudication of matters) prior to the beginning of each calendar year in co-operation with court judges. The standard of time periods for adjudication of matters shall be determined, taking into account the court resources and the necessity to ensure the right of a person to adjudication of a matter in a reasonable time period and in conformity with other basic principles for examination of matters. A Chief Judge of a court shall approve the standard of time periods for adjudication of matters in a court and supervise the actual time periods of examining matters in a court. A Chief Judge of a court shall submit information to the Board of Justice regarding the approved standard of time periods for adjudication of matters until 1 February of each year.

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

There is a suggestion from State Audit Office and a subsequent proposition from Ministry of Justice and Court administration to the Judiciary Council to start to take court work statistical indicators into account when planning annual budget. If necessary, based on workload data resources can be allocated later within a court.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

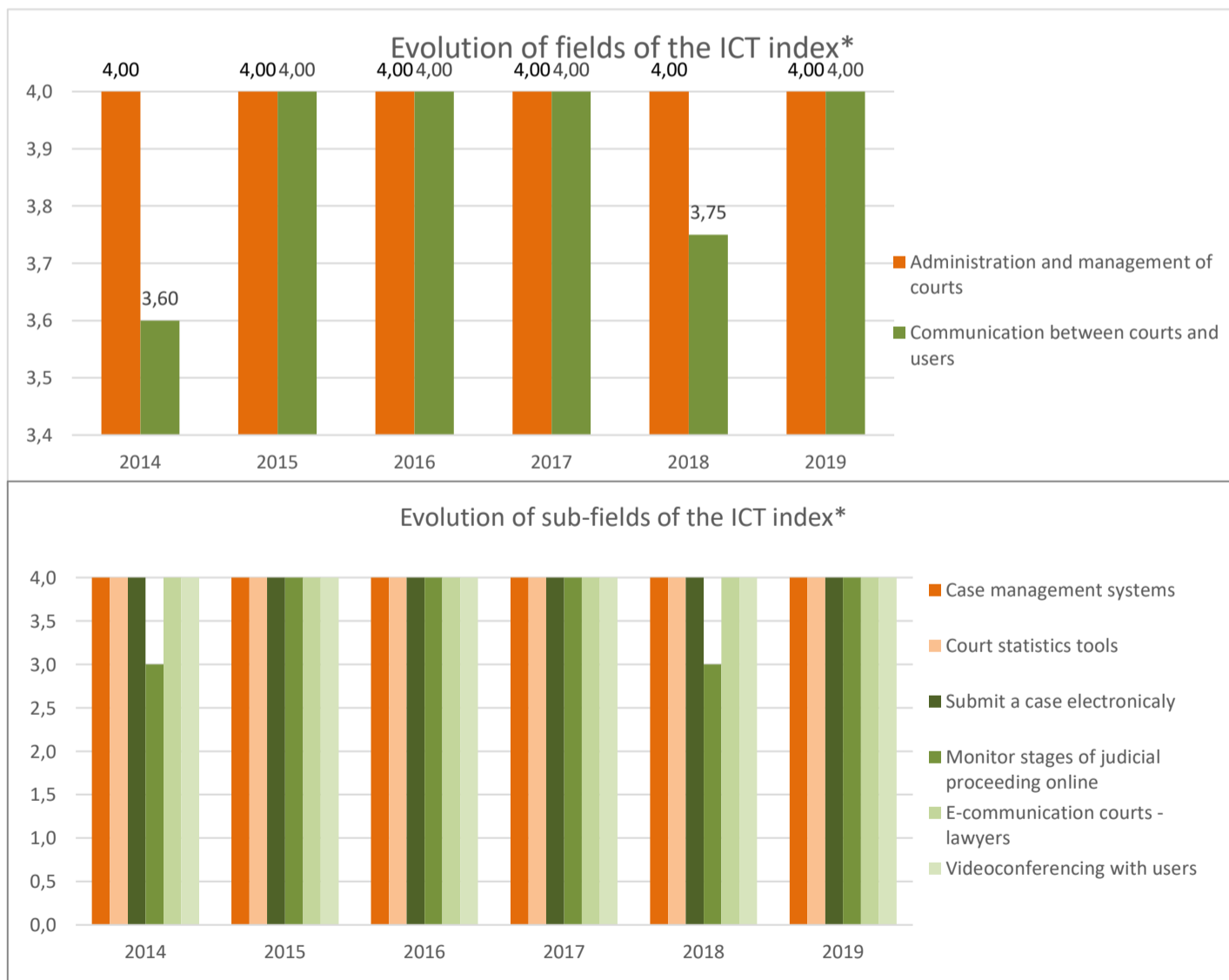
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	4,0
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	4,0
◦ Communication between court and users.	4,0
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	4,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	4,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	4,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Court administration has implemented a world class business intelligence solution to work with court data.

Statistical data

In Latvia, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary which is the Court Administration of Latvia, Antonijas street 6, Riga, Latvia.

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Available at <https://dati.ta.gov.lv/>

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	-6,7%	-1,0%	-1,1%	-1,6%	0,0%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-0,6%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 858 €	11 575 €	12 065 €	12 329 €	12 762 €	13 855 €	15 136 €	15 928 €	46,7%	6,6%	4,2%	2,2%	3,5%	8,6%	9,2%	5,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	0,70	0,70	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	144 823 662	154 007 746	166 768 649	187 009 541	194 261 318	242 090 282	256 454 903	286 934 122	98,1%	6,3%	8,3%	12,1%	3,9%	24,6%	5,9%	11,9%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	-6,7%	-1,0%	-1,1%	-1,6%	0,0%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-0,6%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 858 €	11 575 €	12 065 €	12 329 €	12 762 €	13 855 €	15 136 €	15 928 €	46,7%	6,6%	4,2%	2,2%	3,5%	8,6%	9,2%	5,2%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	144 823 662	154 007 746	166 768 649	187 009 541	194 261 318	242 090 282	256 454 903	286 934 122	98,1%	0 €	8,3%	12,1%	3,9%	24,6%	5,9%	11,9%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	161 910 132	180 316 995	191 611 390	237 476 360	252 927 163	277 696 649	-	-	-	11,4%	6,3%	23,9%	6,5%	9,8%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	-6,7%	-1,0%	-1,1%	-1,6%	0,0%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-0,6%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	144 823 662	154 007 746	166 768 649	187 009 541	194 261 318	242 090 282	256 454 903	286 934 122	98,1%	6,3%	8,3%	12,1%	3,9%	24,6%	5,9%	11,9%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	16 573 777	-	16 697 327	14 460 678	14 460 678	13 834 936	12 806 080	13 490 576	-18,6%	-	-	-13,4%	0,0%	-4,3%	-7,4%	5,3%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	355	355	355	358	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,8%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	-6,7%	-1,0%	-1,1%	-1,6%	0,0%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-0,6%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	34	34	34	28	28	25	9	9	-73,5%	0,0%	0,0%	-17,6%	0,0%	-10,7%	-64,0%	0,0%

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	400,0%	-80,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	48	48	48	49	42	47	52	56	16,7%	0,0%	0,0%	2,1%	-14,3%	11,9%	10,6%	7,7%

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	400,0%	-80,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	400,0%	-80,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	-6,7%	-1,0%	-1,1%	-1,6%	0,0%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-0,6%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	48 647	41 425	35 793	37 504	32 312	29 430	25 433	24 757	-49,1%	-14,8%	-13,6%	4,8%	-13,8%	-8,9%	-13,6%	-2,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	42 051	33 818	30 395	31 407	28 001	25 078	19 522	18 609	-55,7%	-19,6%	-10,1%	3,3%	-10,8%	-10,4%	-22,2%	-4,7%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	4 213	4 671	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 836	-	-	-	10,9%	-35,4%	-2,4%	52,7%	7,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3 438	3 185	4 213	4 671	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 836	40,7%	-7,4%	32,3%	10,9%	-35,4%	-2,4%	52,7%	7,5%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	5 496	4 422	2 510	1 426	1 293	1 405	1 412	1 312	-76,1%	-19,5%	-43,2%	-43,2%	-9,3%	8,7%	0,5%	-7,1%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	72 547	76 869	71 939	308 909	318 677	319 637	317 227	357 072	392,2%	6,0%	-6,4%	329,4%	3,2%	0,3%	-0,8%	12,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	44 106	40 747	45 127	39 504	39 260	28 652	27 778	30 196	-31,5%	-7,6%	10,7%	-12,5%	-0,6%	-27,0%	-3,1%	8,7%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28 691	267 173	277 057	288 911	287 606	325 004	-	-	-	831,2%	3,7%	4,3%	-0,5%	13,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	29 068	33 257	28 691	29 066	29 479	43 123	42 345	44 727	53,9%	14,4%	-13,7%	1,3%	1,4%	46,3%	-1,8%	5,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	238 107	247 578	245 788	245 261	280 277	-	-	-	-	4,0%	-0,7%	-0,2%	14,3%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	238 107	247 578	245 788	245 261	280 277	-	-	-	-	4,0%	-0,7%	-0,2%	14,3%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	3 989	2 865	2 387	2 232	2 360	2 074	1 843	1 872	-53,1%	-28,2%	-16,7%	-6,5%	5,7%	-12,1%	-11,1%	1,6%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	81 520	81 225	72 254	312 004	321 955	323 093	317 970	357 017	338,0%	-0,4%	-11,0%	331,8%	3,2%	0,4%	-1,6%	12,3%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	51 930	44 500	44 438	42 910	42 183	34 197	28 712	30 836	-40,6%	-14,3%	-0,1%	-3,4%	-1,7%	-18,9%	-16,0%	7,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28 718	266 729	277 524	286 829	287 320	324 210	-	-	-	828,8%	4,0%	3,4%	0,2%	12,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	29 483	32 046	28 718	30 719	29 550	41 571	42 059	43 933	49,0%	8,7%	-10,4%	7,0%	-3,8%	40,7%	1,2%	4,5%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	236 010	247 974	245 258	245 261	280 277	-	-	-	-	5,1%	-1,1%	0,0%	14,3%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	236 010	247 974	245 258	245 261	280 277	-	-	-	-	5,1%	-1,1%	0,0%	14,3%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	5 205	4 679	3 436	2 365	2 248	2 067	1 938	1 971	-62,1%	-10,1%	-26,6%	-31,2%	-4,9%	-8,1%	-6,2%	1,7%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	41 530	37 069	35 478	32 312	29 430	25 444	24 690	24 812	-40,3%	-10,7%	-4,3%	-8,9%	-8,9%	-13,5%	-3,0%	0,5%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	34 227	30 065	31 084	28 001	25 078	19 533	18 588	17 969	-47,5%	-12,2%	3,4%	-9,9%	-10,4%	-22,1%	-4,8%	-3,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	4 186	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 785	5 630	-	-	-	-27,9%	-2,4%	52,7%	6,4%	17,7%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3 023	4 396	4 186	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 785	5 630	86,2%	45,4%	-4,8%	-27,9%	-2,4%	52,7%	6,4%	17,7%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	4 280	2 608	1 461	1 293	1 405	1 412	1 317	1 213	-71,7%	-39,1%	-44,0%	-11,5%	8,7%	0,5%	-6,7%	-7,9%

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	112,4%	105,7%	100,4%	101,0%	101,0%	101,1%	100,2%	100,0%	-11,0%	-6,0%	-4,9%	0,6%	0,0%	0,1%	-0,8%	-0,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	117,7%	109,2%	98,5%	108,6%	107,4%	119,4%	103,4%	102,1%	-13,3%	-7,2%	-9,8%	10,3%	-1,1%	11,1%	-13,4%	-1,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	100,1%	99,8%	100,2%	99,3%	99,9%	99,8%	-	-	-	-0,3%	0,3%	-0,9%	0,6%	-0,1%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101,4%	96,4%	100,1%	105,7%	100,2%	96,4%	99,3%	98,2%	-3,2%	-5,0%	3,9%	5,6%	-5,2%	-3,8%	3,0%	-1,1%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	99,1%	100,2%	99,8%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	1,0%	-0,4%	0,2%	0,0%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	99,1%	100,2%	99,8%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	1,0%	-0,4%	0,2%	0,0%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	130,5%	163,3%	143,9%	106,0%	95,3%	99,7%	105,2%	105,3%	-19,3%	25,2%	-11,9%	-26,4%	-10,1%	4,6%	5,5%	0,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	186	167	179	38	33	29	28	25	-86,4%	-10,4%	7,6%	-78,9%	-11,7%	-13,8%	-1,4%	-10,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	241	247	255	238	217	208	236	213	-11,6%	2,5%	3,5%	-6,7%	-8,9%	-3,9%	13,3%	-10,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	53	4	4	6	6	6	-	-	-	-92,2%	-6,2%	47,7%	6,2%	4,3%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	37	50	53	36	36	40	42	47	25,0%	33,8%	6,3%	-32,6%	1,5%	8,5%	5,1%	12,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	300	203	155	200	228	249	248	225	-25,2%	-32,2%	-23,7%	28,6%	14,3%	9,3%	-0,5%	-9,4%

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	1 905	1 649	1 454	1 565	1 426	1 304	1 178	1 099	-42,3%	-13,4%	-11,8%	7,6%	-8,9%	-8,6%	-9,7%	-6,7%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	994	779	599	570	397	308	276	203	-79,6%	-21,6%	-23,1%	-4,8%	-30,4%	-22,4%	-10,4%	-26,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	4 825	5 402	6 328	6 643	5 812	5 247	4 718	4 041	-16,2%	12,0%	17,1%	5,0%	-12,5%	-9,7%	-10,1%	-14,3%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	2 389	2 098	2 035	1 815	1 805	1 616	1 569	1 534	-35,8%	-12,2%	-3,0%	-10,8%	-0,6%	-10,5%	-2,9%	-2,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	549	575	557	442	462	409	355	330	-39,9%	4,7%	-3,1%	-20,6%	4,5%	-11,5%	-13,2%	-7,0%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	2 626	2 961	2 832	2 557	2 323	2 266	1 990	1 908	-27,3%	12,8%	-4,4%	-9,7%	-9,2%	-2,5%	-12,2%	-4,1%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	2 645	2 293	1 968	1 954	1 927	1 741	1 648	1 589	-39,9%	-13,3%	-14,2%	-0,7%	-1,4%	-9,7%	-5,3%	-3,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	764	755	622	615	551	441	427	322	-57,9%	-1,2%	-17,6%	-1,1%	-10,4%	-20,0%	-3,2%	-24,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	2 049	2 035	2 364	3 388	2 888	2 792	2 666	2 314	12,9%	-0,7%	16,2%	43,3%	-14,8%	-3,3%	-4,5%	-13,2%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	1 649	1 454	1 521	1 426	1 304	1 179	1 099	1 044	-36,7%	-11,8%	4,6%	-6,2%	-8,6%	-9,6%	-6,8%	-5,0%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	779	599	534	397	308	276	204	211	-72,9%	-23,1%	-10,9%	-25,7%	-22,4%	-10,4%	-26,1%	3,4%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	5 402	6 328	6 796	5 812	5 247	4 721	4 042	3 635	-32,7%	17,1%	7,4%	-14,5%	-9,7%	-10,0%	-14,4%	-10,1%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	110,7%	109,3%	96,7%	107,7%	106,8%	107,7%	105,0%	103,6%	-6,4%	-1,3%	-11,5%	11,3%	-0,8%	0,9%	-2,5%	-1,4%
CR Employment dismissal cases	139,2%	131,3%	111,7%	139,1%	119,3%	107,8%	120,3%	97,6%	-29,9%	-5,6%	-15,0%	24,6%	-14,3%	-9,6%	11,6%	-18,9%
CR Insolvency cases	78,0%	68,7%	83,5%	132,5%	124,3%	123,2%	134,0%	121,3%	55,4%	-11,9%	21,5%	58,7%	-6,2%	-0,9%	8,7%	-9,5%
DT Litigious divorce cases	228	231	282	266	247	247	243	240	5,4%	1,7%	21,9%	-5,6%	-7,3%	0,1%	-1,5%	-1,5%
DT Employment dismissal cases	372	290	313	236	204	228	174	239	-35,7%	-22,2%	8,2%	-24,8%	-13,4%	12,0%	-23,7%	37,2%
DT Insolvency cases	962	1 135	1 049	626	663	617	553	573	-40,4%	17,9%	-7,6%	-40,3%	5,9%	-6,9%	-10,3%	3,6%

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5819	5 567	4 449	3 152	3 101	2 684	2 175	1 823	-	-	-20,1%	-29,2%	-1,6%	-13,4%	-19,0%	-16,2%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 336	2 939	2 362	1 251	1 652	1 691	1 528	1 323	-43,4%	25,8%	-19,6%	-47,0%	32,1%	2,4%	-9,6%	-13,4%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	14	23	14	16	0	0	-	-	-	64,3%	-39,1%	14,3%	-100,0%	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	2	17	1	1	14	16	0	0	-100,0%	750,0%	-94,1%	0,0%	1300,0%	14,3%	-100,0%	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	13	22	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	69,2%	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	13	22	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	69,2%	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	31	12	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-61,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 188	2 559	1 986	1 878	1 435	977	647	500	-77,1%	17,0%	-22,4%	-5,4%	-23,6%	-31,9%	-33,8%	-22,7%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	60	40	87	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-33,3%	117,5%	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 700	8 913	7 553	6 897	6 965	6 532	5 619	5 272	-45,6%	-8,1%	-15,3%	-8,7%	1,0%	-6,2%	-14,0%	-6,2%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 603	5 820	5 180	5 504	5 719	5 331	4 464	4 170	-9,4%	26,4%	-11,0%	6,3%	3,9%	-6,8%	-16,3%	-6,6%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	147	95	6	9	6	0	-	-	-	-35,4%	-93,7%	50,0%	-33,3%	-100,0%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	13	160	11	4	6	9	6	0	-100,0%	1130,8%	-93,1%	-63,6%	50,0%	50,0%	-33,3%	-100,0%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	136	91	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-33,1%	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	136	91	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-33,1%	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	182	142	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-22,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	2 761	2 510	1 909	1 388	1 240	1 192	1 149	1 102	-60,1%	-9,1%	-23,9%	-27,3%	-10,7%	-3,9%	-3,6%	-4,1%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	374	281	317	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-24,9%	12,8%	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	10 052	9 946	7 539	6 939	7 209	7 066	5 895	5 151	-48,8%	-1,1%	-24,2%	-8,0%	3,9%	-2,0%	-16,6%	-12,6%

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5 083	6 291	5 246	5 910	5 507	5 510	4 661	4 143	-18,5%	23,8%	-16,6%	12,7%	-6,8%	0,1%	-15,4%	-11,1%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	148	110	4	24	6	0	-	-	-	-25,7%	-96,4%	500,0%	-75,0%	-100,0%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	15	157	11	11	4	24	6	0	-100,0%	946,7%	-93,0%	0,0%	-63,6%	500,0%	-75,0%	-100,0%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	137	99	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-27,7%	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	137	99	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-27,7%	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	201	141	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-29,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	2 478	3 123	1 931	1 889	1 698	1 532	1 228	1 008	-59,3%	26,0%	-38,2%	-2,2%	-10,1%	-9,8%	-19,8%	-17,9%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	394	234	214	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-40,6%	-8,5%	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 467	4 509	4 463	3 101	2 857	2 150	1 899	1 944	-64,4%	-17,5%	-1,0%	-30,5%	-7,9%	-24,7%	-11,7%	2,4%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 856	2 443	2 296	1 652	1 864	1 512	1 331	1 350	-27,3%	31,6%	-6,0%	-28,0%	12,8%	-18,9%	-12,0%	1,4%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	13	14	16	1	0	0	-	-	-	7,7%	14,3%	-93,8%	-100,0%	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	0	20	1	0	16	1	0	0	-	-	-95,0%	-100,0%	-	-93,8%	-100,0%	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	12	14	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	16,7%	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	12	14	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	16,7%	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	12	13	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	8,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	2 471	1 946	1 964	1 435	977	637	568	594	-76,0%	-21,2%	0,9%	-26,9%	-31,9%	-34,8%	-10,8%	4,6%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	40	87	190	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	117,5%	118,4%	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	0	NA	156	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	0	NA	97	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	0	NA	59	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	103,6%	111,6%	99,8%	100,6%	103,5%	108,2%	104,9%	97,7%	-5,7%	7,7%	-10,6%	0,8%	2,9%	4,5%	-3,0%	-6,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	110,4%	108,1%	101,3%	107,4%	96,3%	103,4%	104,4%	99,4%	-10,0%	-2,1%	-6,3%	6,0%	-10,3%	7,3%	1,0%	-4,8%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	100,7%	115,8%	66,7%	266,7%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	15,0%	-42,4%	300,0%	-62,5%	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	115,4%	98,1%	100,0%	275,0%	66,7%	266,7%	100,0%	-	-	-15,0%	1,9%	175,0%	-75,8%	300,0%	-62,5%	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	100,7%	108,8%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	8,0%	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	100,7%	108,8%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	8,0%	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	110,4%	99,3%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-10,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	89,8%	124,4%	101,2%	136,1%	136,9%	128,5%	106,9%	91,5%	1,9%	38,6%	-18,7%	34,5%	0,6%	-6,1%	-16,8%	-14,4%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	105,3%	83,3%	67,5%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-21,0%	-18,9%	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	199	165	216	163	145	111	118	138	-30,6%	-16,6%	30,6%	-24,5%	-11,3%	-23,2%	5,9%	17,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	133	142	160	102	124	100	104	119	-10,8%	6,4%	12,7%	-36,1%	21,1%	-18,9%	4,1%	14,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	32	46	1460	15	0	-	-	-	-	44,9%	3042,9%	-99,0%	-100,0%	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	0	46	33	0	1460	15	0	-	-	-	-28,6%	-100,0%	-	-99,0%	-100,0%	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	32	52	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	61,4%	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	32	52	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	61,4%	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	22	34	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	54,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	364	227	371	277	210	152	169	215	-40,9%	-37,5%	63,2%	-25,3%	-24,3%	-27,7%	11,2%	27,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	37	136	324	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	266,2%	138,8%	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 180	-	2 195	2 590	NA	1 698	1 614	1 651	39,9%	-	-	18,0%	-	-	-4,9%	2,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	1 852	2 085	1 644	938	741	653	-	-	-	12,6%	-21,2%	-42,9%	-21,0%	-11,9%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	25	NA	NA	NA	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	11	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	14	NA	NAP	NAP	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	14	NA	NAP	NA	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	-	318	505	671	760	869	958	-	-	-	58,8%	32,9%	13,3%	14,3%	10,2%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	0	NAP	NA	4	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	875,0%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 576	-	2 801	2 646	NA	2 379	2 186	2 008	27,4%	-	-	-5,5%	-	-	-8,1%	-8,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	1 594	1 420	1 568	1 386	1 082	1 142	-	-	-	-10,9%	10,4%	-11,6%	-21,9%	5,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	44	NA	NA	NA	44	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-50,0%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	4	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	40	NA	NAP	NAP	44	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-56,8%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	40	NA	NAP	NA	43	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-55,8%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	1	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	1 163	1 226	1 116	993	850	844	-	-	-	5,4%	-9,0%	-11,0%	-14,4%	-0,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	0	NAP	NA	210	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 274	-	2 385	2 957	NA	2 463	2 149	2 159	69,5%	-	-	24,0%	-	-	-12,7%	0,5%

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	1 361	1 825	2 282	1 321	1 170	1 187	-	-	-	34,1%	25,0%	-42,1%	-11,4%	1,5%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	48	72	71	26	43	21	-	-	-	50,0%	-1,4%	-63,4%	65,4%	-51,2%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	14	36	64	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	157,1%	77,8%	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	34	26	NAP	NAP	43	19	-	-	-	-23,5%	-	-	-	-55,8%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	34	26	NA	21	42	19	-	-	-	-23,5%	-	-	100,0%	-54,8%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	1	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	10	7	5	NAP	2	-	-	-	-	-30,0%	-28,6%	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	976	1 060	1 027	884	761	951	-	-	-	8,6%	-3,1%	-13,9%	-13,9%	25,0%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	0	69	232	175	NA	-	-	-	-	-	236,2%	-24,6%	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 482	-	2 609	2 315	NA	1 614	1 651	1 500	1,2%	-	-	-11,3%	-	-	2,3%	-9,1%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	2 085	1 644	957	745	653	608	-	-	-	-21,2%	-41,8%	-22,2%	-12,3%	-6,9%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	19	NA	NA	NA	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,0%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	1	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	18	NA	NAP	NAP	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	18	NA	NAP	NA	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	-	505	671	760	869	958	851	-	-	-	32,9%	13,3%	14,3%	10,2%	-11,2%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	0	NAP	NA	39	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	503	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	80,8%	-	85,1%	111,8%	NA	103,5%	98,3%	107,5%	33,0%	-	-	31,2%	-	-5,0%	9,4%	
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	85,4%	128,5%	145,5%	95,3%	108,1%	103,9%	-	-	-	50,5%	13,2%	-34,5%	13,5%	-3,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	109,1%	NA	NA	NA	97,7%	95,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2,3%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	350,0%	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	85,0%	NA	NAP	NAP	97,7%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,3%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	85,0%	NA	NA	NA	97,7%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,4%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	100,0%	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	66,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	-	83,9%	86,5%	92,0%	89,0%	89,5%	112,7%	-	-	-	3,0%	6,4%	-3,3%	0,6%	25,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	-	NAP	NA	83,3%	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	425	-	399	286	NA	239	280	254	-40,3%	-	-	-28,4%	-	-	17,2%	-9,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	559	329	153	206	204	187	-	-	-	-41,2%	-53,4%	34,5%	-1,0%	-8,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	144	NA	NA	NA	8	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	309,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	26	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	193	NA	NAP	NAP	8	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	126,3%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	193	NA	NAP	NA	9	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121,1%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	183	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	-	189	231	270	359	459	327	-	-	-	22,3%	16,9%	32,8%	28,1%	-28,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	-	NAP	NA	81	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts																		
Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)																		
81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes										
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes										
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes										
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes										
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes										
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes										
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes										
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes										
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes										

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)									
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	-6,7%	-1,0%	-1,1%	-1,6%	0,0%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-0,6%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	962 294	962 294	1 650 291	1 863 989	2 514 338	2 207 598	2 212 650	2 007 508	108,6%	0,0%	71,5%	12,9%	34,9%	-12,2%	0,2%	-9,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	1 159 625	1 691 382	2 035 197	1 786 933	1 726 526	1 912 508	-	-	-	45,9%	20,3%	-12,2%	-3,4%	10,8%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 598 541	1 778 248	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,2%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	127 985	134 260	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,9%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	104	371	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	256,7%
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							100%	100%
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							Yes	Yes
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							Yes	Yes
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																		
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							No	No										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	No										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							No	No										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							Yes	Yes										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes										
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes										
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes										
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							Yes	Yes										
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes										
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							No	No										

Civil - Equipment rate

Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory

Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means

Civil - SMS

Civil - E-mail

Civil - Specific computer application

Civil - Other

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE									
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE									

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Information available in CMS							Yes	Yes

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No									

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%										
064-7 - Email							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No										
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																		
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																		

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																	
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Workload							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No									
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	24	38	43	46	52	48	-	-	-	58,3%	13,2%	7,0%	13,0%	-7,7%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	Yes									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	Yes	No	Yes									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									

Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)

Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)

165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	-6,7%	-1,0%	-1,1%	-1,6%	0,0%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-0,6%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	439	481	488	493	503	490	559	521	18,7%	9,6%	1,5%	1,0%	2,0%	-2,6%	14,1%	-6,8%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	263	298	307	310	313	311	381	360	36,9%	13,3%	3,0%	1,0%	1,0%	-0,6%	22,5%	-5,5%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	126	133	134	136	143	143	143	126	0,0%	5,6%	0,8%	1,5%	5,1%	0,0%	0,0%	-11,9%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	50	50	47	47	47	36	35	35	-30,0%	0,0%	-6,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-23,4%	-2,8%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	101	113	111	180	110	105	108	99	-2,0%	11,9%	-1,8%	62,2%	-38,9%	-4,5%	2,9%	-8,3%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	47	59	62	62	60	58	61	59	25,5%	25,5%	5,1%	0,0%	-3,2%	-3,3%	5,2%	-3,3%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	31	31	31	33	35	35	35	28	-9,7%	0,0%	0,0%	6,5%	6,1%	0,0%	0,0%	-20,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	23	23	18	15	15	12	12	12	-47,8%	0,0%	-21,7%	-16,7%	0,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	338	368	377	313	393	385	451	422	24,9%	8,9%	2,4%	-17,0%	25,6%	-2,0%	17,1%	-6,4%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	216	239	245	248	253	253	320	301	39,4%	10,6%	2,5%	1,2%	2,0%	0,0%	26,5%	-5,9%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	95	102	103	103	108	108	108	98	3,2%	7,4%	1,0%	0,0%	4,9%	0,0%	0,0%	-9,3%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	27	27	29	32	32	24	23	23	-14,8%	0,0%	7,4%	10,3%	0,0%	-25,0%	-4,2%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	1 608	1 594	1 578	1 519	1 582	1 536	1 715	1 678	4,4%	-0,9%	-1,0%	-3,7%	4,1%	-2,9%	11,7%	-2,2%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 090	1 093	1 071	1 044	1 071	932	1 059	1 032	-5,3%	0,3%	-2,0%	-2,5%	2,6%	-13,0%	13,6%	-2,5%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	351	347	354	323	355	483	477	530	51,0%	-1,1%	2,0%	-8,8%	9,9%	36,1%	-1,2%	11,1%

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	160	147	144	141	142	95	83	99	-38,1%	-8,1%	-2,0%	-2,1%	0,7%	-33,1%	-12,6%	19,3%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	7	7	9	11	14	26	96	17	142,9%	0,0%	28,6%	22,2%	27,3%	85,7%	269,2%	-82,3%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	136	110	128	181	116	179	-	-	-	-19,1%	16,4%	41,4%	-35,9%	54,3%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	67	65	65	124	50	130	-	-	-	-3,0%	0,0%	90,8%	-59,7%	160,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	36	16	34	36	39	19	-	-	-	-55,6%	112,5%	5,9%	8,3%	-51,3%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	30	18	26	13	16	27	-	-	-	-40,0%	44,4%	-50,0%	23,1%	68,8%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	3	11	3	8	11	3	-	-	-	266,7%	-72,7%	166,7%	37,5%	-72,7%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	1 460	1 442	1 409	1 454	1 355	1 599	1 499	-	-	-1,2%	-2,3%	3,2%	-6,8%	18,0%	-6,3%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	1 028	1 004	979	1 006	808	1 009	902	-	-	-2,3%	-2,5%	2,8%	-19,7%	24,9%	-10,6%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	311	318	307	321	447	438	511	-	-	2,3%	-3,5%	4,6%	39,3%	-2,0%	16,7%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	118	114	123	116	82	67	72	-	-	-3,4%	7,9%	-5,7%	-29,3%	-18,3%	7,5%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	3	6	0	11	18	85	14	-	-	100,0%	-100,0%	-	63,6%	372,2%	-83,5%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	-6,7%	-1,0%	-1,1%	-1,6%	0,0%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-0,6%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 343	1 336	1 363	1 363	1 231	1 370	1 218	1 357	1,0%	-0,5%	2,0%	0,0%	-9,7%	11,3%	-11,1%	11,4%

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	1 608	1 594	1 578	1 519	1 582	1 536	1 715	1 678	4,4%	-0,9%	-1,0%	-3,7%	4,1%	-2,9%	11,7%	-2,2%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 090	1 093	1 071	1 044	1 071	932	1 059	1 032	-5,3%	0,3%	-2,0%	-2,5%	2,6%	-13,0%	13,6%	-2,5%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	351	347	354	323	355	483	477	530	51,0%	-1,1%	2,0%	-8,8%	9,9%	36,1%	-1,2%	11,1%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	160	147	144	141	142	95	83	99	-38,1%	-8,1%	-2,0%	-2,1%	0,7%	-33,1%	-12,6%	19,3%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	7	7	9	11	14	26	96	17	142,9%	0,0%	28,6%	22,2%	27,3%	85,7%	269,2%	-82,3%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	136	110	128	181	116	179	-	-	-	-19,1%	16,4%	41,4%	-35,9%	54,3%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	67	65	65	124	50	130	-	-	-	-3,0%	0,0%	90,8%	-59,7%	160,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	36	16	34	36	39	19	-	-	-	-55,6%	112,5%	5,9%	8,3%	-51,3%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	30	18	26	13	16	27	-	-	-	-40,0%	44,4%	-50,0%	23,1%	68,8%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	3	11	3	8	11	3	-	-	-	266,7%	-72,7%	166,7%	37,5%	-72,7%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	1 460	1 442	1 409	1 454	1 355	1 599	1 499	-	-	-1,2%	-2,3%	3,2%	-6,8%	18,0%	-6,3%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	1 028	1 004	979	1 006	808	1 009	902	-	-	-2,3%	-2,5%	2,8%	-19,7%	24,9%	-10,6%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	311	318	307	321	447	438	511	-	-	2,3%	-3,5%	4,6%	39,3%	-2,0%	16,7%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	118	114	123	116	82	67	72	-	-	-3,4%	7,9%	-5,7%	-29,3%	-18,3%	7,5%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	3	6	0	11	18	85	14	-	-	100,0%	-100,0%	-	63,6%	372,2%	-83,5%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							No	No
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Latvia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Prosecutors							No	No									
Non-judge staff							No	No									
Lawyers							No	No									
Notaries							No	No									
Enforcement agents							No	No									
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																	
National programme for gender equality							No	No									
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																	
In courts (judges)							No	No									
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No									
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No									

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

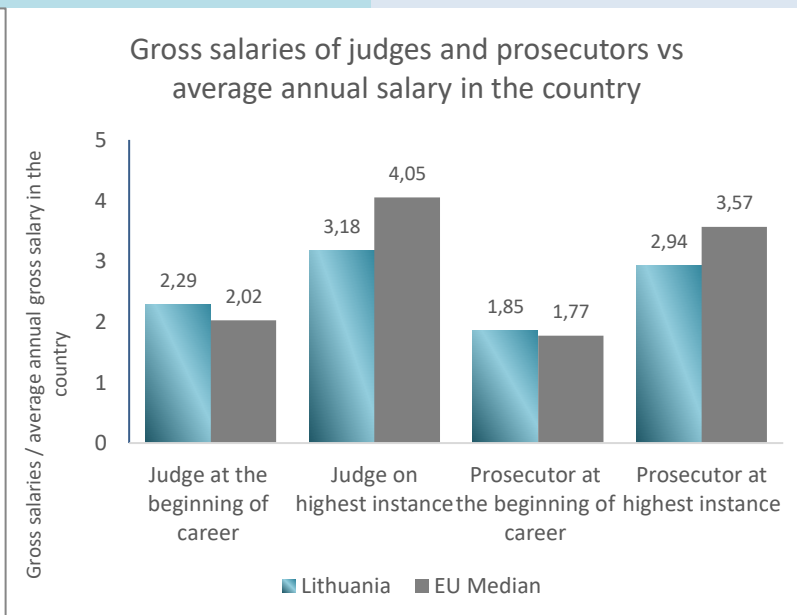
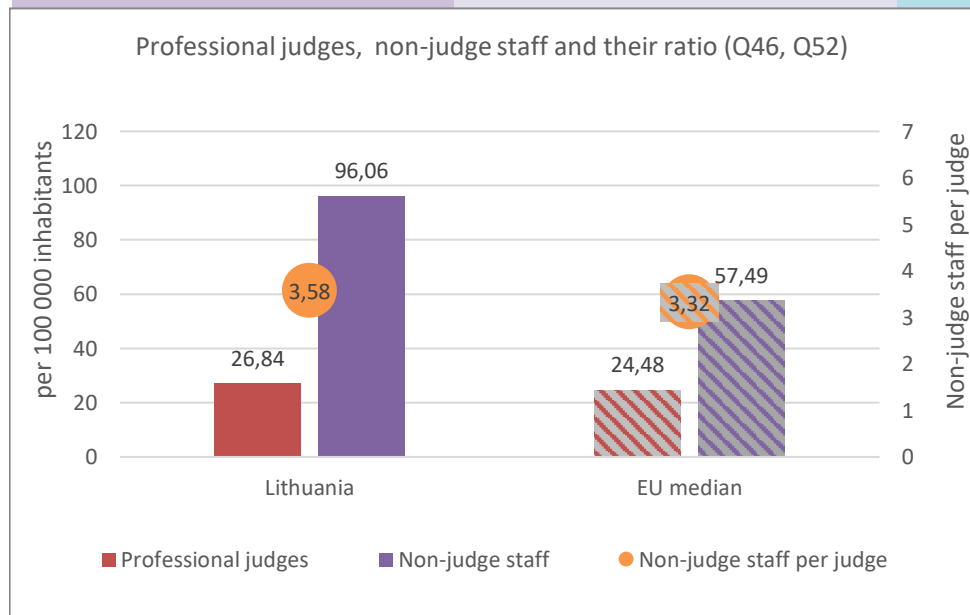
Lithuania

General data

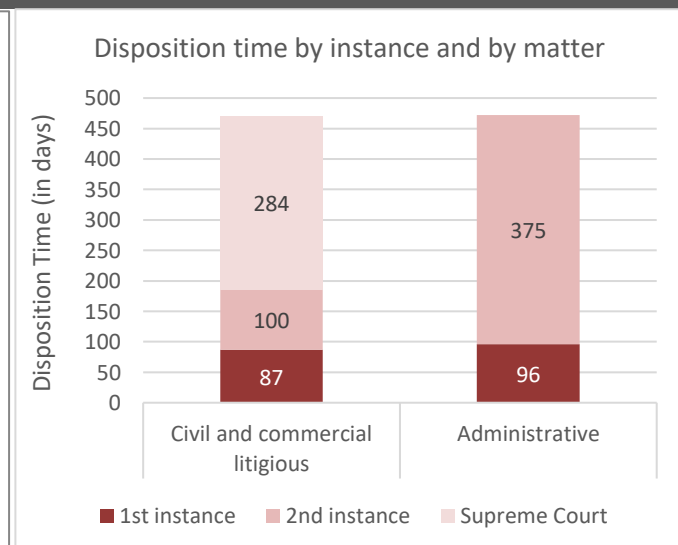
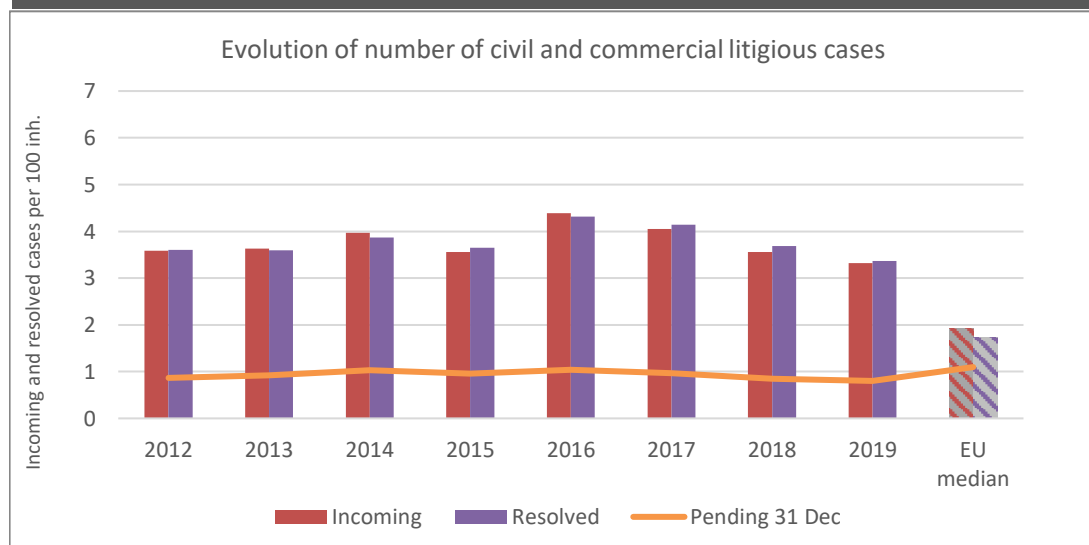
Population: 2 794 090 **GDP:** 17 333 € **Average annual salary:** 15 557 €

Professionals

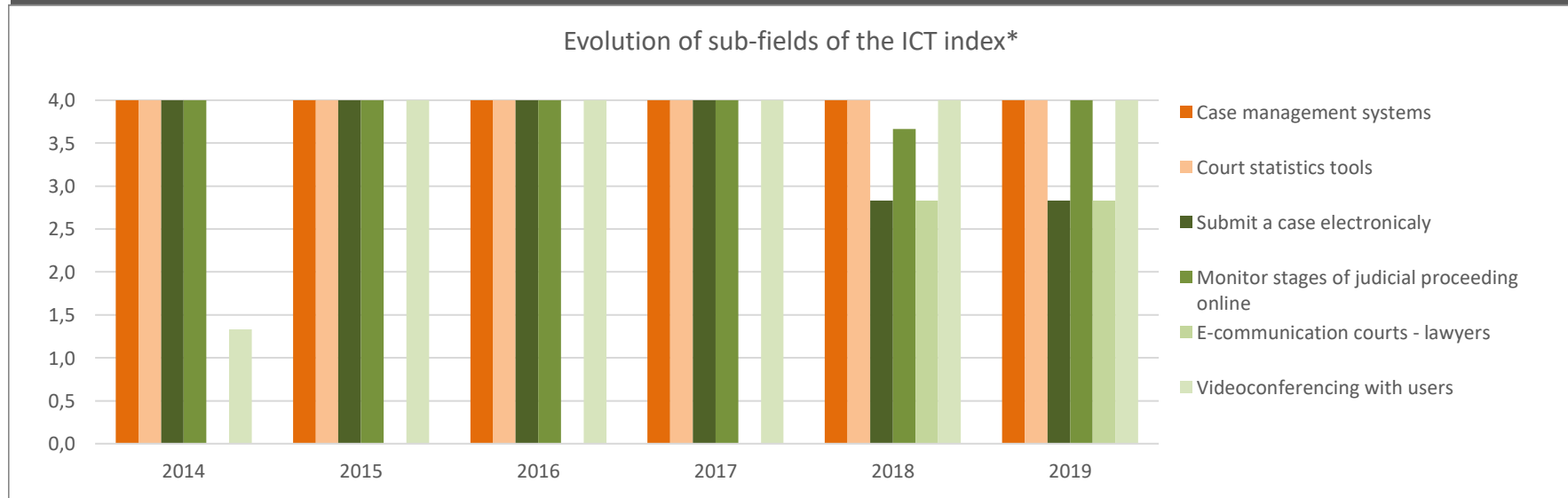
Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants		Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants		Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.		Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.	
26,84		96,06		80,46		14,03	
24,48	EU median	57,49		121,32	EU median	14,33	



Efficiency



Information and communication technology



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

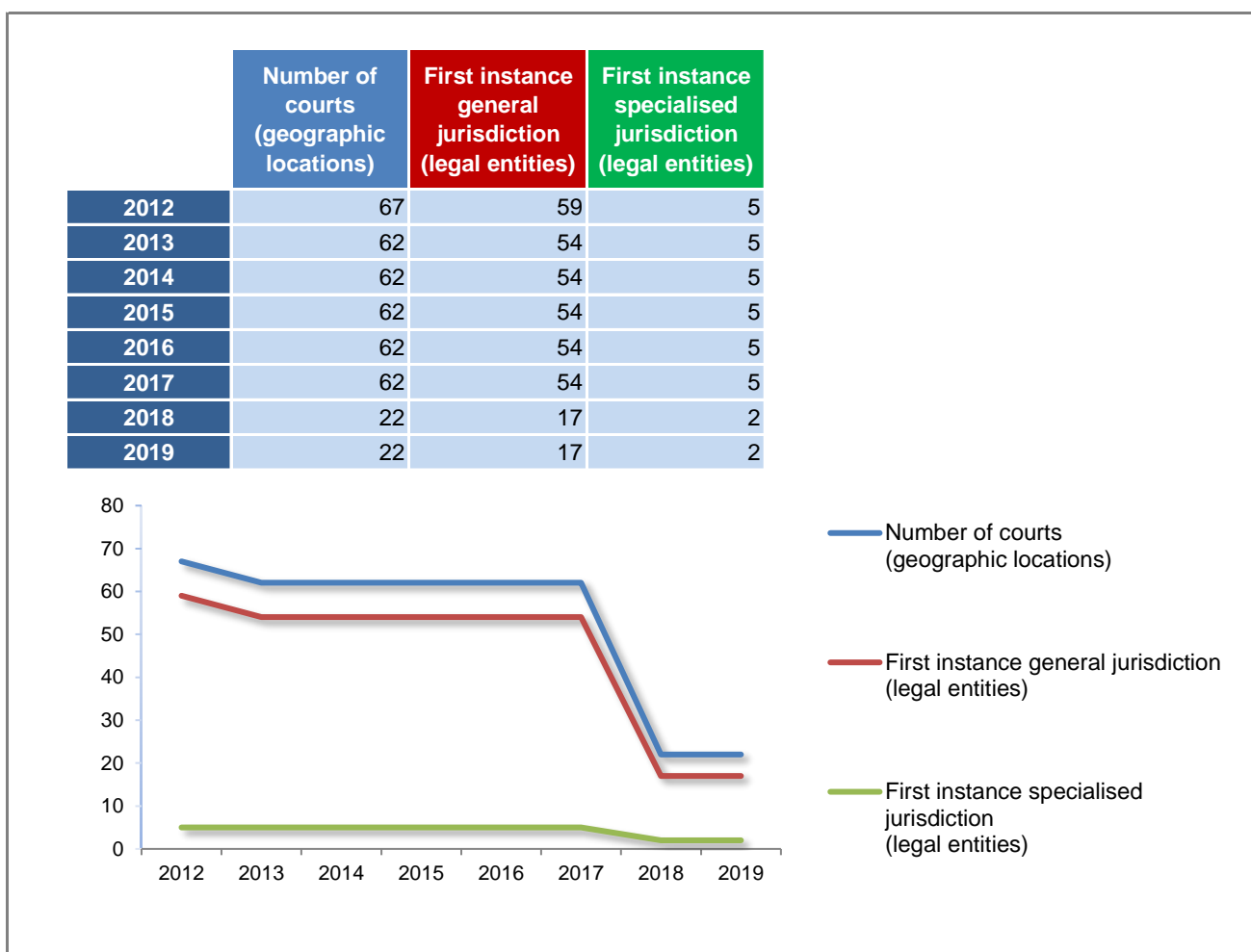
DT administrative law cases (days)	108	156	204	252	295	352	386	375	249,3%	44,4%	30,8%	9,6%	-2,6%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	88%	-	83%	128%	95%	97%	115%	83%	-5,08	12,18	19,15	17,42	-31,65
CR administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	188	-	268	133	184	218	160	284	50,7%	-31,1%	-13,5%	-26,9%	77,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Lithuania

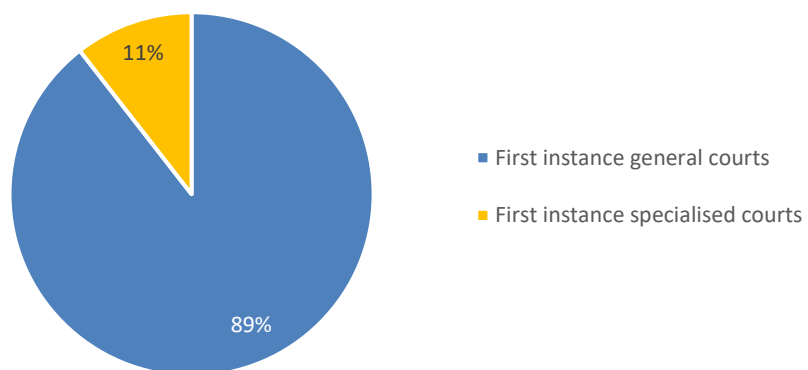
The number of first instance courts (legal entities) in Lithuania decreased from 1st January 2018 according to the Law on Reorganization of Courts of the Republic of Lithuania (Law of 23rd June 2016 No. XII-2474). Instead of 49 district courts (legal entities) there are now 12 district courts (some of them have court houses), and instead of 5 regional administrative courts there are now 2 of them (one has houses). The number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction (legal entities) also encompasses 5 regional courts (of general jurisdiction) which are first instance for criminal and civil cases assigned to their jurisdiction by law. In addition, these courts are appeal instance for judgements, decisions, rulings and orders of district courts.

Accordingly, in total there are 17 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (legal entities).

Besides, there are 2 courts of appeal, one of them being specialized in the field of administrative law – the Administrative Supreme court, and 1 Court of cassation.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



In Lithuania, the only first instance specialised courts are the 2 administrative courts.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Lithuania

- Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
224 519 900 €

Implemented:
223 152 700 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services: the National Courts Administration

√
√
√
√

√

√

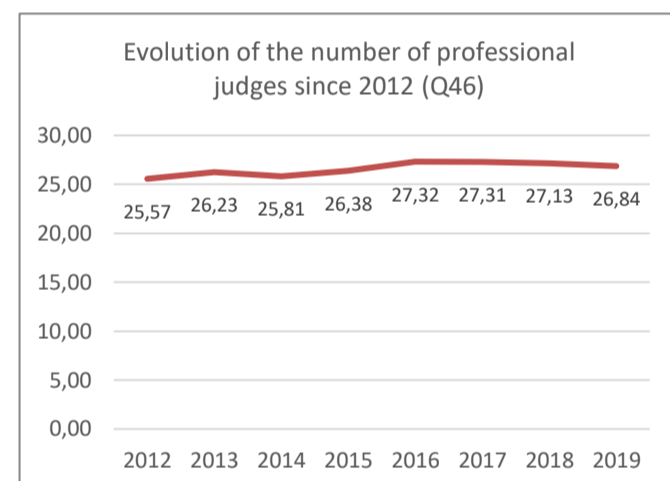
√

- Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	768	25,57	41,0%	59,0%
2013	772	26,23	40,4%	59,6%
2014	754	25,81	39,4%	60,6%
2015	762	26,38	38,2%	61,8%
2016	778	27,32	38,3%	61,7%
2017	767	27,31	37,9%	62,1%
2018	758	27,13	37,5%	62,5%
2019	750	26,84	35,7%	64,3%



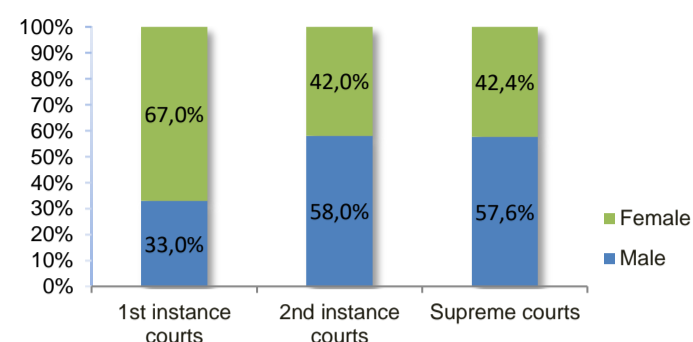
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Lithuania is 750 which is -1,1% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Lithuania, in 2019 there are 26,8 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,6 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 3,5 non-judge staff per judge).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	667	220	447
2nd instance courts	50	29	21
Supreme courts	33	19	14
Total	750	268	482

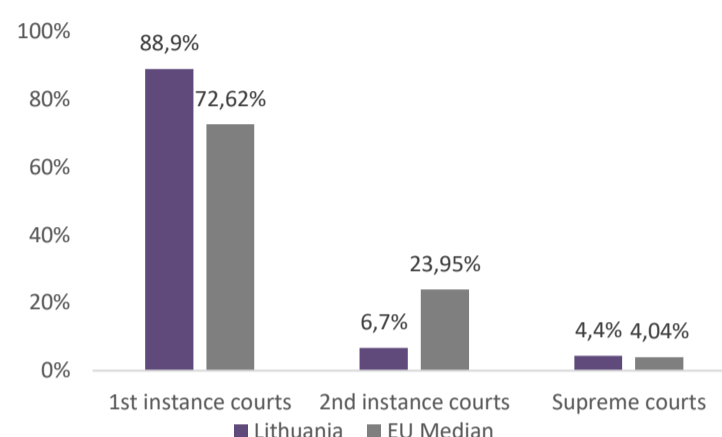
Professional judges by gender and instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	88,9%	33,0%	67,0%
2nd instance courts	6,7%	58,0%	42,0%
Supreme courts	4,4%	57,6%	42,4%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 482 which represents 64,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 667 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 447 are female) ; 50 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 21 are female) and 33 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 14 are female).

It is noteworthy that the methodology of presentation of data reflects the peculiarities of the Lithuanian court system. Namely, as the regional courts function not only as courts of appeal, but also as courts of first instance (Article 19 of the Law on Courts of the Republic of Lithuania), judges of these courts are encompassed in the category of first instance judges. Accordingly, the latter indicates the number of judges of district courts, regional courts and regional administrative courts. Likewise, given that the Supreme Administrative Court is the court of appeal (although the rulings of the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania are final and not subject to appeal) judges of this court are considered as second instance judges. The latter category includes the number of judges of the Court of Appeal of Lithuania and the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania. Judges of the Supreme Court of Lithuania are presented as third instance judges.

In Lithuania, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory



Optional



Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	NA	NA
1. Only for judges	85	0
2. Only for prosecutors	197	1
3. Only for other non-judge staff	40	0
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	90	0
5. Other common training	21	0

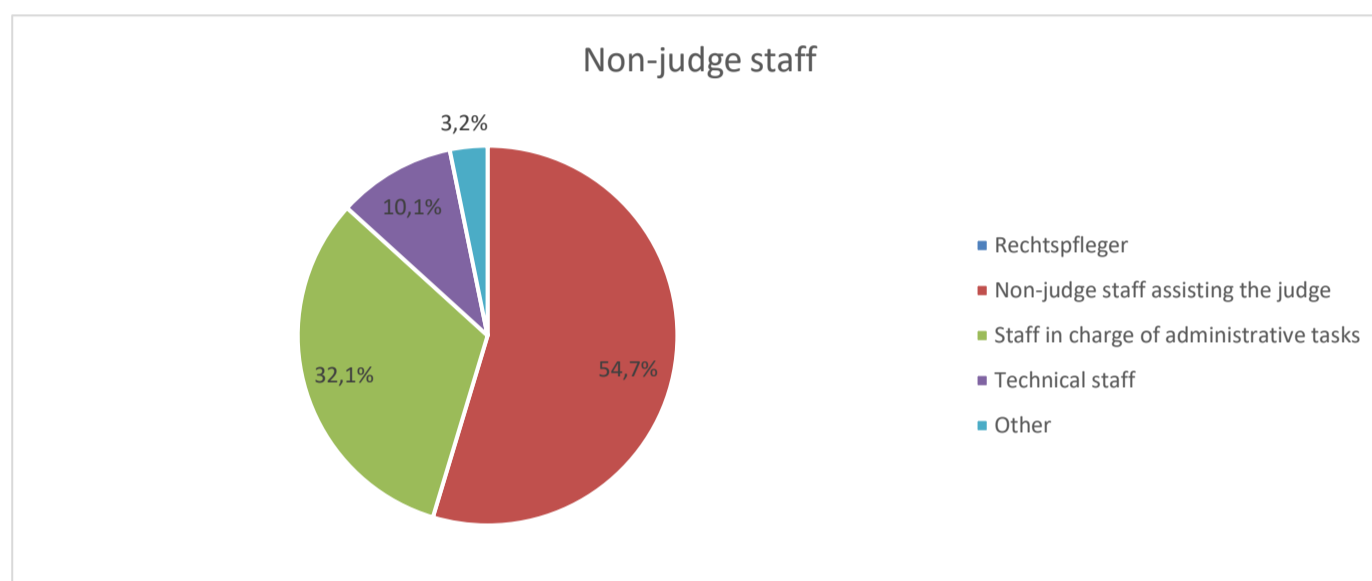
It should be pinpointed that in Lithuania, the National Courts Administration is responsible for organization of training courses for judges. Besides, the prosecution service organises training for prosecutors itself.

In 2019, 1519 judges participated in 53 trainings according to 30 training programs approved by the Judicial Council. The duration of training according to the programs in Lithuania is calculated in academic hours. In 2019 the total duration of judicial training was 679 acad. hours, which would be about 85 days. 35 trainings of different duration were organized for court staff.

Concerning the prosecution. In total the Prosecution Service has implemented 233 days (or 1858 ac. hours) of training activities in 2019. Most of the training activities were meant to both prosecutors and non-prosecutors (e.g. prosecutors assistants, lawyers). This means, that e.g. 90 days of training courses for non-prosecutors actually were training events for prosecutors as well. Only a small number of training activities is organised only for prosecutors or only for non-prosecutor staff. NB. Data is approximate and is not countable in total as some trainings interrelate.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	2 619	NAP	1 348	776	425	70
2013	2 602	NAP	1 358	733	428	83
2014	2 608	NAP	1 369	801	353	85
2015	2 729	NAP	1 475	816	350	88
2016	2 740	NAP	1 526	855	272	87
2017	2 722	NAP	1 505	871	259	87
2018	2 664	NAP	1 451	849	280	84
2019	2 684	NAP	1 467	861	270	86



In Lithuania, in this cycle there are 2 684 non-judge staff. Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,8%. Gender breakdown is not available.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

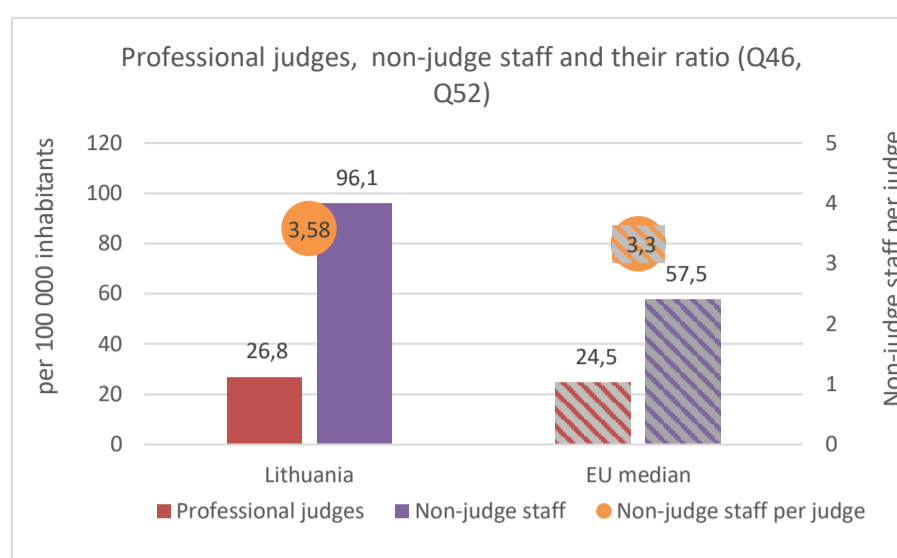
- 1 467 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 861 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 270 technical staff;
- 86 other (translators and court psychologists).

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 95,3 in 2018 to 96,1 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 27,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 26,8 in 2019.

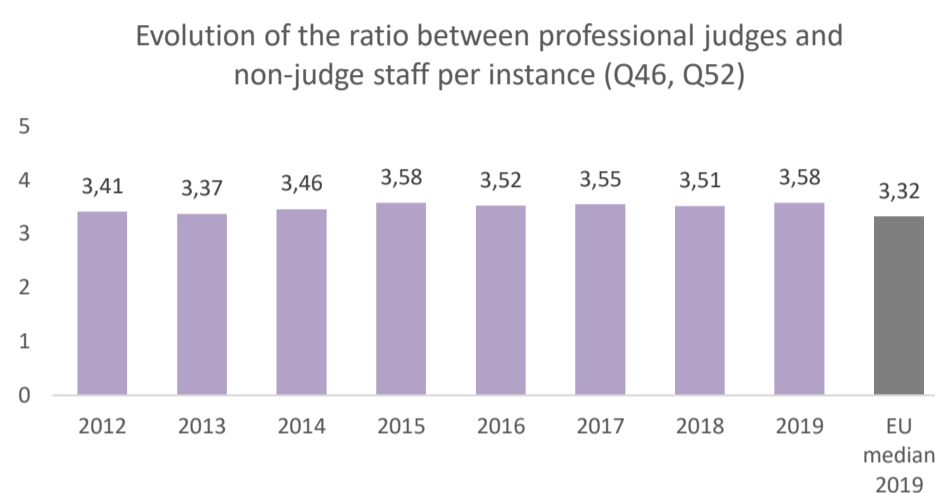
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Lithuania	EU median
Professional judges	26,8	24,5
Non-judge staff	96,1	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,58	3,3



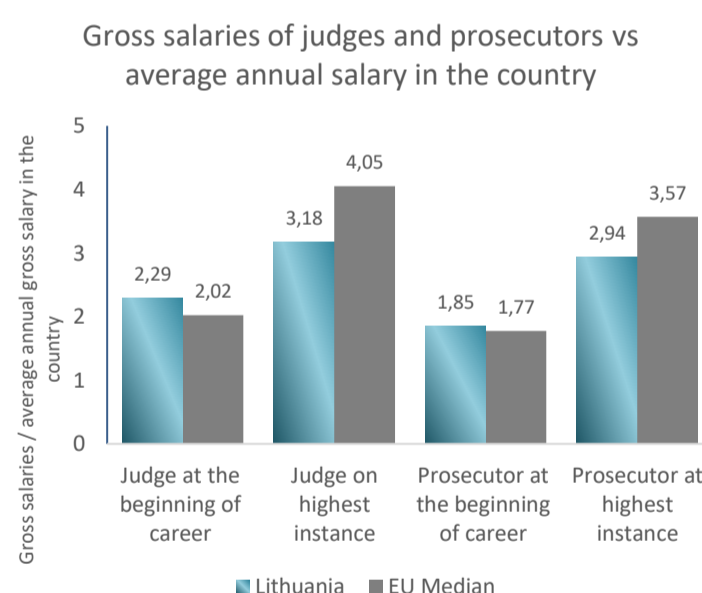
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	3,41
2013	3,37
2014	3,46
2015	3,58
2016	3,52
2017	3,55
2018	3,51
2019	3,58



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	35 649 €	21 568 €	2,29
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	49 425 €	29 902 €	3,18
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	28 856 €	17 458 €	1,85
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	45 664 €	27 627 €	2,94



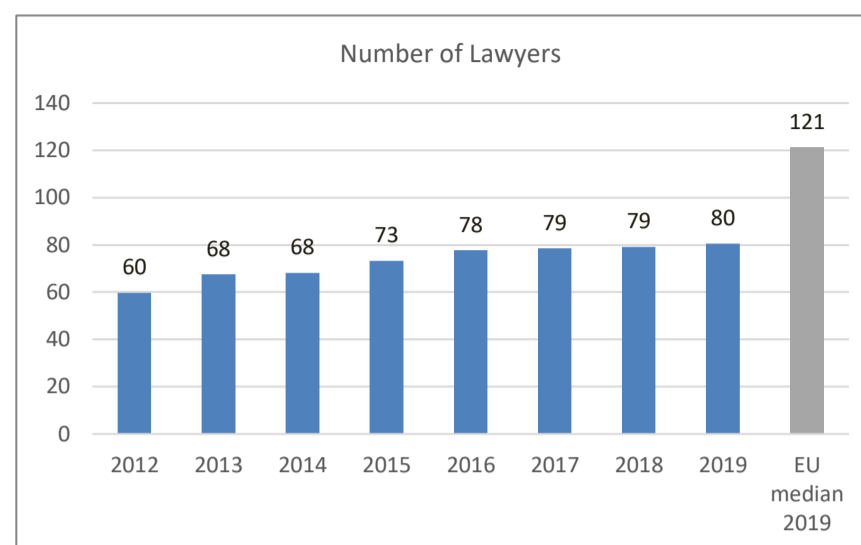
From 2019 January 1 the salaries of district court judges increased due to an increase in their official salary coefficients (the official salary ratio of the president of the court increased from 0.5 to 1.5 basic amounts; deputy chief judge - from 1.2 to 1.9 basic amounts, judge - by 2 basic amounts).

From 2019 January 1 the basic amount of the official salary, which is used to calculate the salaries of both prosecutors and judges, was also increased: in 2018 this basic amount was 132.5 euros, in 2019 - 173 euros.

More generally, the average annual salary increased in 2019 due to changes in the tax system resulting in an increase in the basic salary of politicians, judges, civil servants, civil servants and employees of budgetary institutions, an increase in the minimum monthly salary, a revision of the new salary system for civil servants, a change in the procedure for calculating exemptions and other reasons.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 796	59,79
2013	1 988	67,54
2014	1 988	68,05
2015	2 117	73,29
2016	2 213	77,71
2017	2 207	78,57
2018	2 213	79,20
2019	2 248	80,46



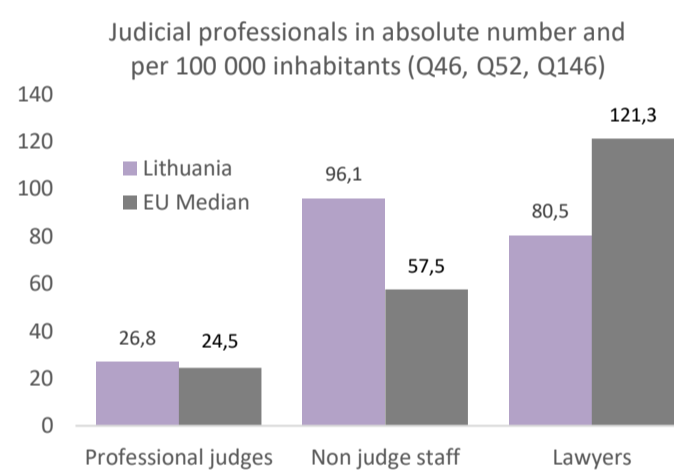
In 2019, there are 2 248 lawyers, which is 1,6% more than in 2018.

This data of 80,5 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is below the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

There are also 1008 lawyers' assistants (449 males, 559 females). They can provide some legal service but are not included in the number of lawyers above.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	750	26,84	24,48
Non judge staff	2 684	96,05	57,49
Lawyers	2 248	80,46	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 6 847 794 € (2,5 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 6 837 270 € (2,4 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	NAP	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NAP	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	540 000 €	529 476 €
- In criminal law cases:	NAP	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NAP	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	6 307 794 €	6 307 794 €
- In criminal law cases:	NAP	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NAP	NA

It is noteworthy that in Lithuania, two types of legal aid are ensured.

On the one hand, primary legal aid comprises the delivering of legal information, legal advice (consultations), drafting of documents to be submitted to State and municipal institutions, with the exception of procedural documents, advice on out-of-court settlement of a dispute, actions for amicable settlement of a dispute and drafting of a settlement agreement.

On the other hand, secondary legal aid comprises preparation of documents, defence and representation in courts, including the process of enforcement, representation in preliminary extrajudicial consideration of a dispute, where such a procedure has been laid down by laws or by a court decision (e.g. settlement of a dispute in the Labour disputes commission).

Accordingly, the approved public budget for legal aid for 2019 is composed of 540000 € for primary legal aid and 6307794 € for secondary legal aid (6847794 €).

In 2019 funds were increased for the organization and provision of state-guaranteed legal aid. This was necessary due to a lack of funds to pay for the services provided.

As to the implemented public budget in 2019, it was € 6837270 as € 10524 of funds allocated to primary legal aid were unused and given back to the state budget.

In Lithuania, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

The costs of secondary legal aid from which the applicant shall be exempted are: litigation costs incurred in civil and administrative proceedings, the costs related to the hearing of a civil action brought in a criminal matter, the costs related to defence and representation in court (including the appeal and cassation proceedings, irrespective of the initiator), as well as the costs of the execution process (except for costs incurred by the debtor in the execution process), the costs related to the drafting of procedural documents and collection of evidence, interpretation, representation in the event of preliminary extrajudicial consideration of a dispute, where such a procedure has been laid down by laws or by a court decision (Article 14, part 2 of the Law on Legal Aid).

The costs of State-guaranteed legal aid shall also cover the costs of interpretation of communications between the lawyer and the applicant where, in the cases provided for in treaties of the Republic of Lithuania, it is impossible to ensure that a person providing State-guaranteed legal aid communicates with the applicant in the language which the latter understands (Article 14, part 10 of the Law on Legal Aid).

Where the physical presence of an applicant is required by the law or by the court, the travel costs to be borne by the applicant shall be borne by the State-guarantee legal aid services from the State budget funds allocated for that purpose (Article 20, part 2 of the Law on Legal Aid).

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

However, the Code of Civil Procedure enumerates categories of persons to be exempted from payment of court costs. Different law fields are affected by the regime of exemptions, namely labour, family, criminal, procedural, financial, bankruptcy law and other cases provided for by the law. The court, while taking into consideration the person's material situation, shall be entitled by means of summary proceedings to release him in part from the payment of the official fee at the request of the person. A petition to release a person in part from the payment of the official fee must be reasoned. Proof confirming the grounds of the request must be annexed to the petition. The court ruling concerning this petition must be reasoned.

◦ **Methodology of calculation of court fees**

Article 80 of the Code of Civil Procedure provides for the amounts of stamp duty (court fee). According to the system, established in this article, the stamp duty in non-property cases is an exact amount of money, though in property (pecuniary) cases the calculation of stamp duty is combined with proportional and ordinary value. Article 80(1) of the Code of Civil Procedure enumerates the different categories of court fees depending on the nature of the claim (dispute). Stamp duty for separate appeals (when court orders of the 1st instance courts are appealed separately from the court decision) is not paid, except for separate appeals against court orders on the imposition of provisional (protective) measures (Article 334(1) of the Code of Civil Procedure). For petitions for review of a default judgment and petitions against an arbitration decision, an official fee is established by law. A request to impose provisional measures or measures for safeguarding or collecting evidence requires also the payment of an official court fee. If the case is filed via electronic means or if the parties have settled the dispute through mediation before going to court, 75% of the court fee shall be paid, but not less than 5 EUR.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 90€.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

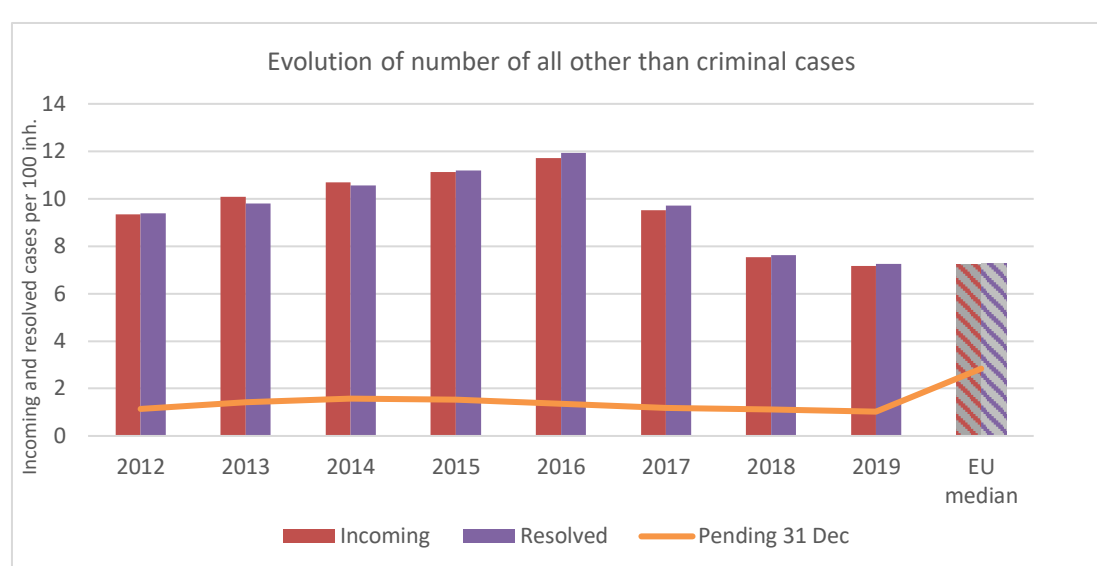
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

At the outset, it should be highlighted that in Lithuania, statistical data on case-flow and their classification are made according to the specific regulations and are mainly based on the institutes of Civil, Criminal Codes and the codes of Civil and Criminal procedures, as well as the Code of Administrative Offences and the law on Administrative procedure. Therefore, figures for some of the types of cases are unavailable because there is no such classification while making statistical reports. In respect of the variations that can be observed between figures provided for the different evaluation cycles and in the light of the above described peculiarity of the statistic system of Lithuania, it is noteworthy that cases the number of which is not available are included in other categories, i.e. "civil litigious", "civil non-litigious". Accordingly, the indicated totals are relevant. The changes mainly are influenced by changes in number of incoming cases (developments of constitutional doctrine or amendments in law, etc.).

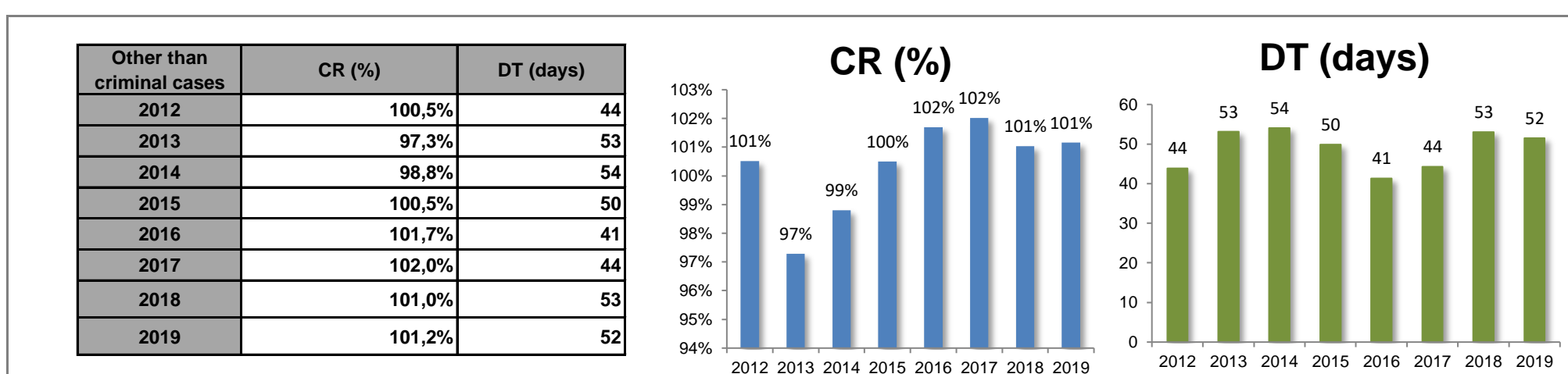
First instance cases

◦ Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Lithuania (7,18 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 7,26 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Lithuania (1,02 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,2% in 2019 Lithuania seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

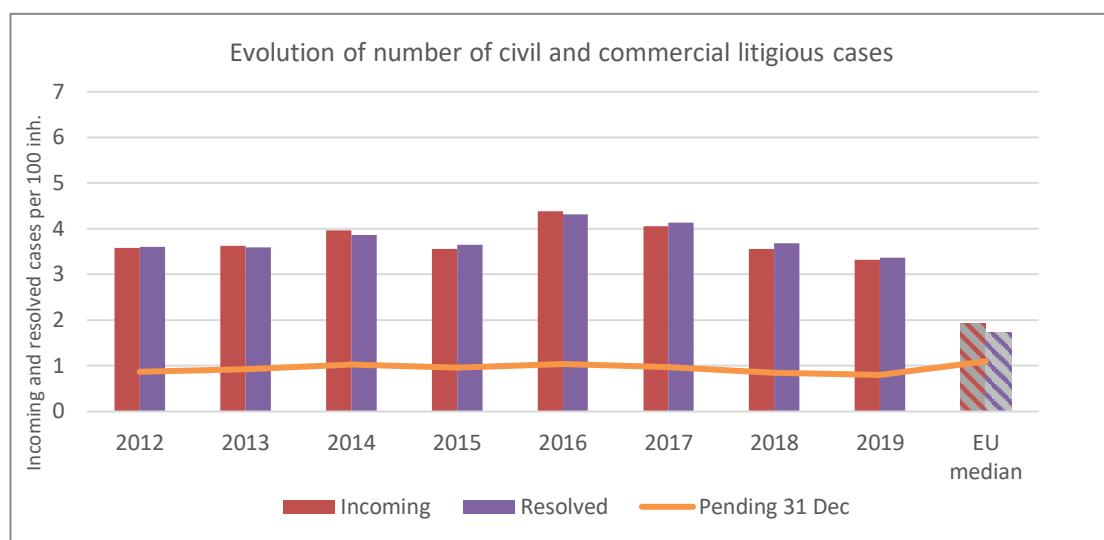
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,1 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 52 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -2,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

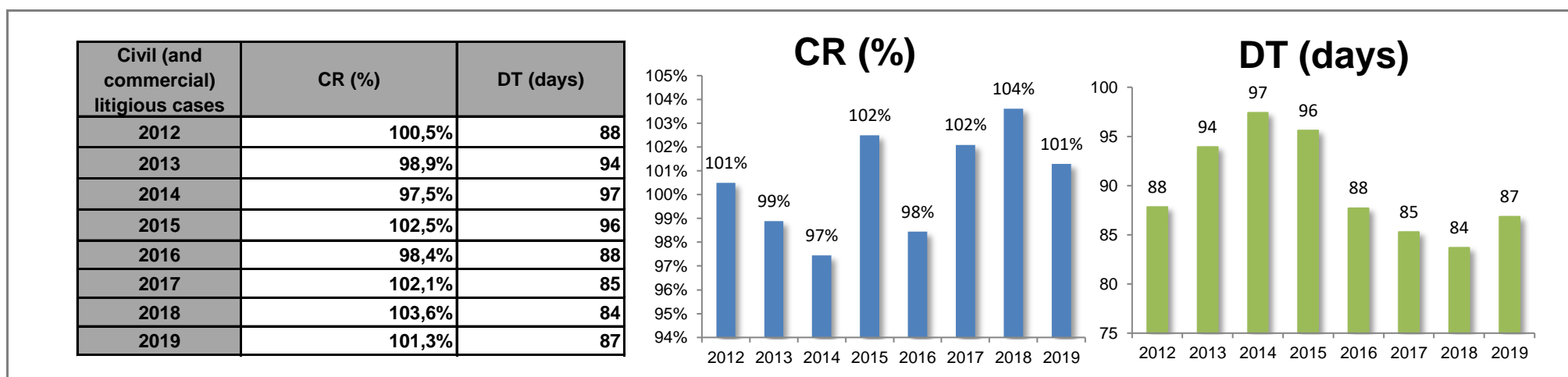
In 2019 there is a downward trend in the backlog of incoming and resolved cases. In 2019 the number of court order cases has decreased which may have been caused by the general decrease of debtors' natural persons in 2017–2019. According to the information provided by the credit bureau Creditinfo data, on 1st January 2020 there were 163 929 debtors (natural persons), on 1st January 2019 -177 055, on 1st January 2018 - 207 000 debtors (natural persons).

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Lithuania (3,32 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Lithuania (3,37 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly above the EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants).

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,80 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,3% in 2019, Lithuania seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

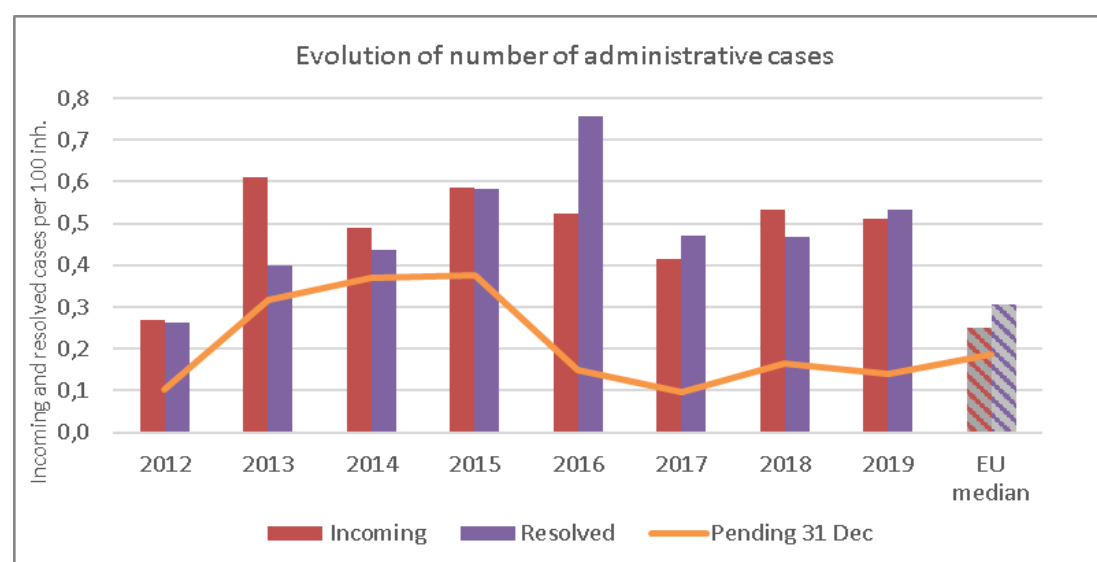
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -2,3 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 87 days, which is significantly below EU median of 213 days.

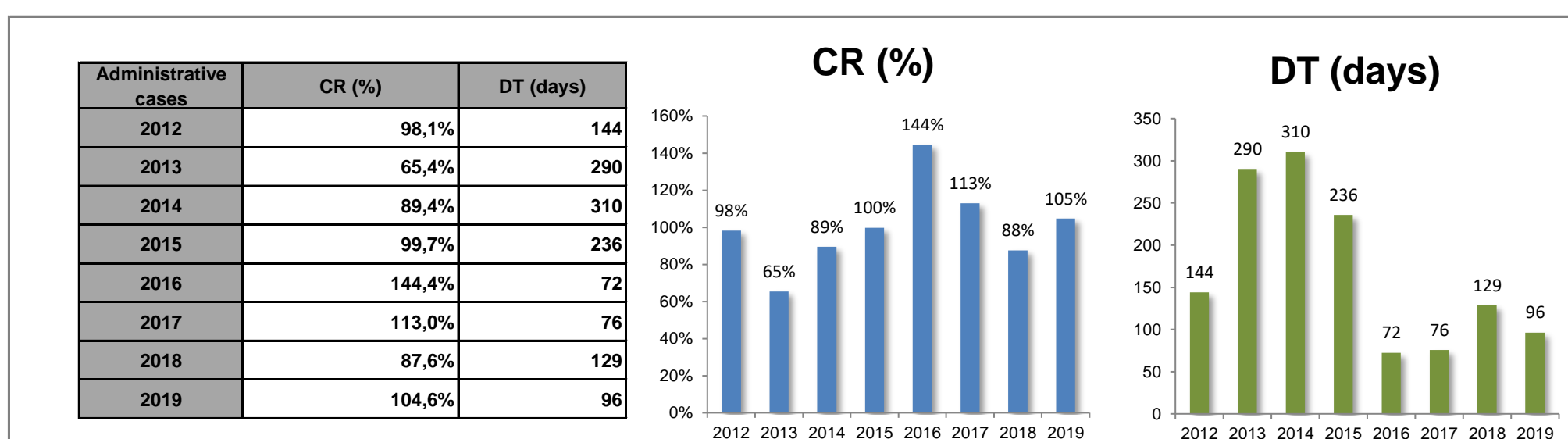
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 3,8% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Lithuania, there are 1 253 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 5,6% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

◦ *Administrative cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Lithuania (0,51 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 (0,53 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly above EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants). Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,14 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104,6% in 2019, Lithuania seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 17,0 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 96 days, which is significantly below EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -25,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

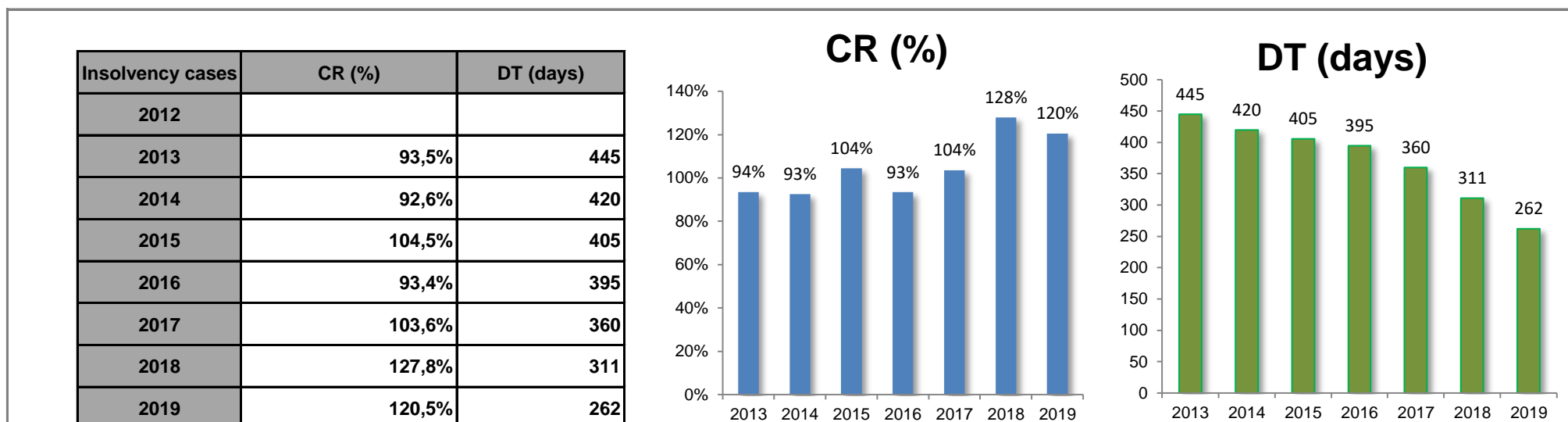
In Lithuania, there are 77 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 2,0% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

In 2018, the number of administrative cases received increased by 27.35% compared to 2017 (e.g. the number of cases concerning conditions and detention of prisoners, cases concerning the legal status of aliens have significantly increased) and this led to the growth in the number of pending cases at the end of 2018 (and to the beginning of the reference year 2019).

In 2019, compared to 2018, the number of administrative cases heard in regional administrative courts increased by 14%. The change in the increase was due to a 34% increase compared to 2018 in the number of applications for a local fee for the collection and treatment of municipal waste. In 2019 there was a further upward trend in tax cases, enforcement cases and arrest cases, but there has been a significant reduction in civil liability for damage caused by illegal actions by public authorities.

In 2019, as compared to 2018, the number of administrative misconduct cases dealt with by district courts increased by 16%. The change was due to a 64% increase in the number of cases of administrative offenses related to transport and road transport (370-463 Articles of the Code of Administrative Offenses). In 2019 significantly increased the number of cases of driving under the influence of drugs, psychotropic or other psychoactive substances without driving license. The number of cases related to trade, the financial system and statistics has also increased.

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 120,5% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Lithuania seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

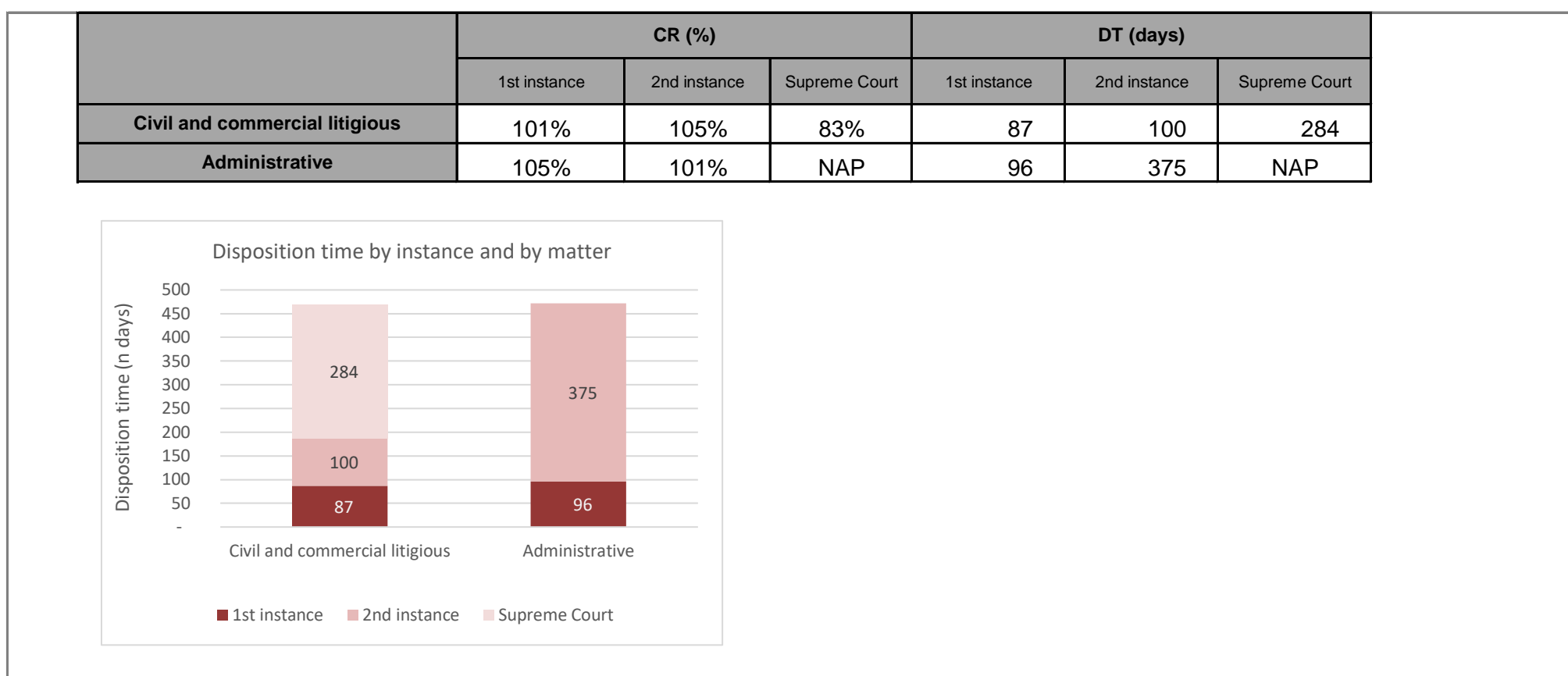
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,4 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 262 days, which is slightly above EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -15,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In 2019 the number of bankruptcy proceedings compared to 2018 remained stably consistent, depending on the economic situation.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



In the light of the 2019 data, it seems that, generally, civil and commercial litigious cases are dealt with more promptly than administrative law cases.

In administrative matters, first instance courts are more efficient than the Supreme administrative court (second and last instance). Their Disposition Time is meaningfully below the EU median of 284 days. In fact, the data provided in respect of the case-flow of the Supreme administrative court encompasses appeal cases (on decisions of the court of first Instance) as well as cases that are heard in the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania as sole instance. Its Disposition Time is higher than the EU median for second instance (329 days) and the EU median for last instance (219 days).

As to civil and commercial litigious cases, district courts are the fastest instance with a very low Disposition Time compared to the EU median of 213 days, followed by appellate courts also characterised by a low Disposition Time in respect of the EU median of 175 days. On the other hand, the Court of cassation seems to encounter more difficulties, its Disposition Time being above the EU median 217 days. In fact, in 2019, the Supreme Court of Lithuania examined fewer cases than were received, therefore the number of pending cases increased at the end of the year. However, it should be noted that in 2019 the Supreme Court of Lithuania has provided a number of important and particularly socially sensitive interpretations in both civil, criminal and administrative offences cases.

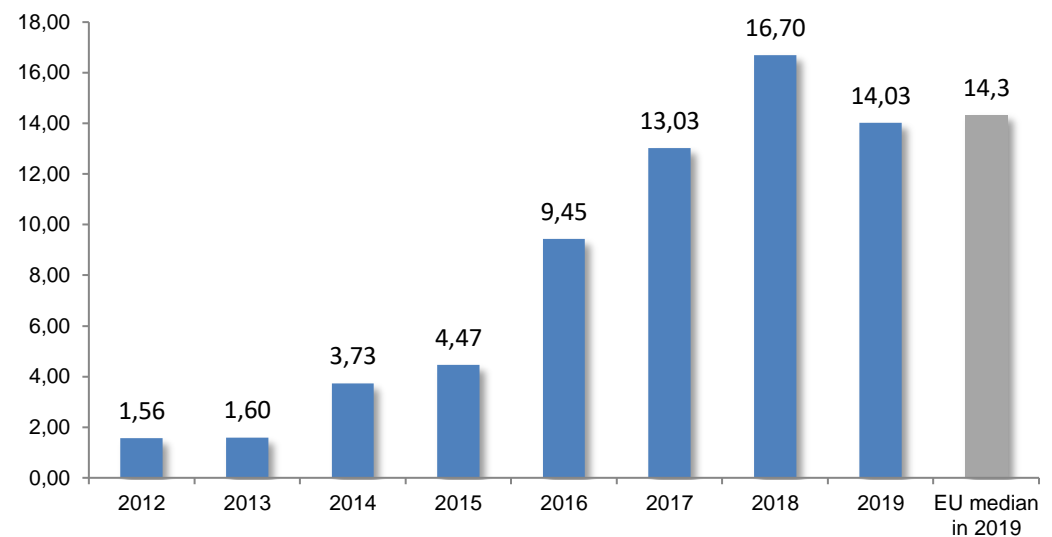
●Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Lithuania provides court-related mediation.

In 2019, the court-related mediation system in Lithuania does not provide mandatory mediation.

However, it is important to highlight that mandatory mediation before bringing a claim to the court is established from 1 January 2020 in family disputes examined according to contentious proceedings. Thus, in certain civil cases, when an amicable resolution of the dispute is likely, mandatory mediation may be ordered by a court.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	47	1,56
2013	47	1,60
2014	109	3,73
2015	129	4,47
2016	269	9,45
2017	366	13,03
2018	469	16,70
2019	392	14,03



In 2019, there are 392 accredited or registered mediators who practise court-related mediation which represent 14,0 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

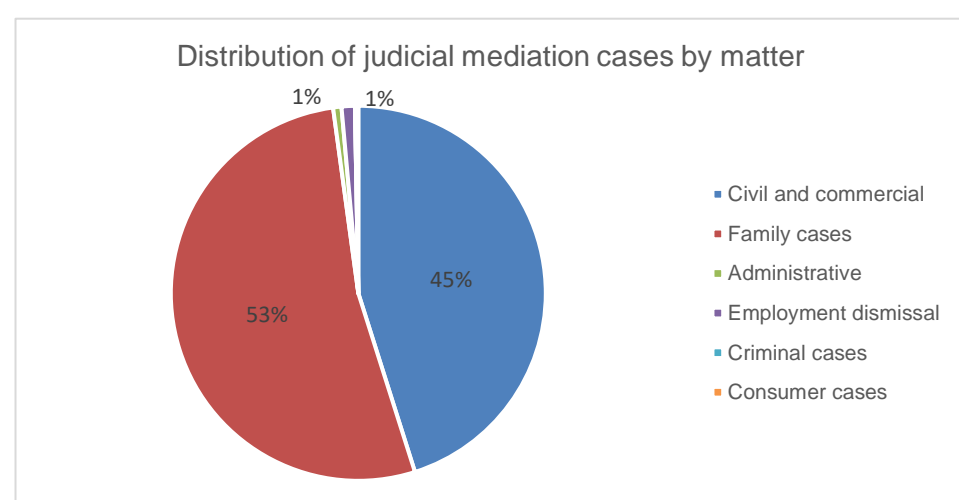
The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about -16,4%.

On 29 June 2017 new regulation for mediation and becoming mediator was adopted which entered into force from 2019-01-01. The amendments that have been made set new requirements to improve the quality of mediation services. Also, the establishment of mediation as a professional activity (with the exception of court-related mediation by judges) is approved, part of such activity is paid by state. These factors as well as the overall promotion of mediation in the country might have impact on the significant increase of the number of people that gained the status of mediator.

Till 1st January 2019 the National Courts Administration has been maintaining the list of court mediators which included judges and other persons (not judges). Due to a change in legal regulation (from 1st January, 2019), the National Courts Administration maintains only the list of Judges who have been granted the status of mediators (Article 5 (2) of the Law on Mediation of the Republic of Lithuania) and transmits this data to the State Guaranteed Legal Aid Service. The latter maintains the common list of mediators and decides on the status of mediator for persons who are not judges. The mentioned list is published on the website of the the State Guaranteed Legal Aid Service (Article 5 (6) of the Law on Mediation). On 31 December 2019 the list contained 286 mediators non-judges (of which 71 males and 215 females), and 106 mediators judges (of which 25 males and 81 females).

It is to notice that court-related mediation in practice is more often executed by mediators judges but mediators who are not judges are also allowed to mediate at this stage when they are appointed by the State Guaranteed Legal Aid Service.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	696	25
Civil and commercial	314	11
Family cases	367	13
Administrative	5	0
Employment dismissal	8	0
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	2	0



As a result of mediation publicity campaigns conducted by the Ministry of Justice, the National Judicial Administration and other entities, those who go to court have more and more information about the possibility of resolving a dispute amicably through court-related mediation. Participants in the proceedings receive an explanation of the possibility to use judicial mediation together with the procedural documents. Judges also explain the essence of mediation to the parties in the cases before them and suggest the use of court-related mediation procedure (such an obligation is enshrined in law).

On 1 March 2019 the provisions of the Law on Administrative Proceedings of the Republic of Lithuania entered into force, enabling administrative disputes to be resolved with the help of court-related mediation. The latter is possible for an administrative dispute that allows the parties to enter into an amicable settlement under the law.

In order to positively assess the contribution of judges to the promotion of court-related mediation processes and the involvement of judges in court-related mediation, in 2019 the procedure for evaluating the performance of judges has been updated, which provides that during the evaluation of a judge's performance he may be awarded a certain amount of points for his activities as a mediator, the number of cases transferred to mediation by the judge is also taken into consideration.

It should be noted that family, labour cases and consumer cases, as well as civil and commercial cases, are heard by courts of general jurisdiction (in Lithuania there are no specialized courts for these categories of cases).

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

Court activity reports publish changes in court staff, the outcome of the proceedings (statistics), the internal administration of the court, the material and financial provision, aspects of the court's relations with the media and the public. The reports are intended to acquaint the public with the activities of the court.

- The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- clearance rate

All of these data are recorded in the Lithuanian Court Information System (LITEKO), as well as other data, related to the case, it's process and the parties to the proceedings.

In Lithuania, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

- The frequency of the reporting is annual

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

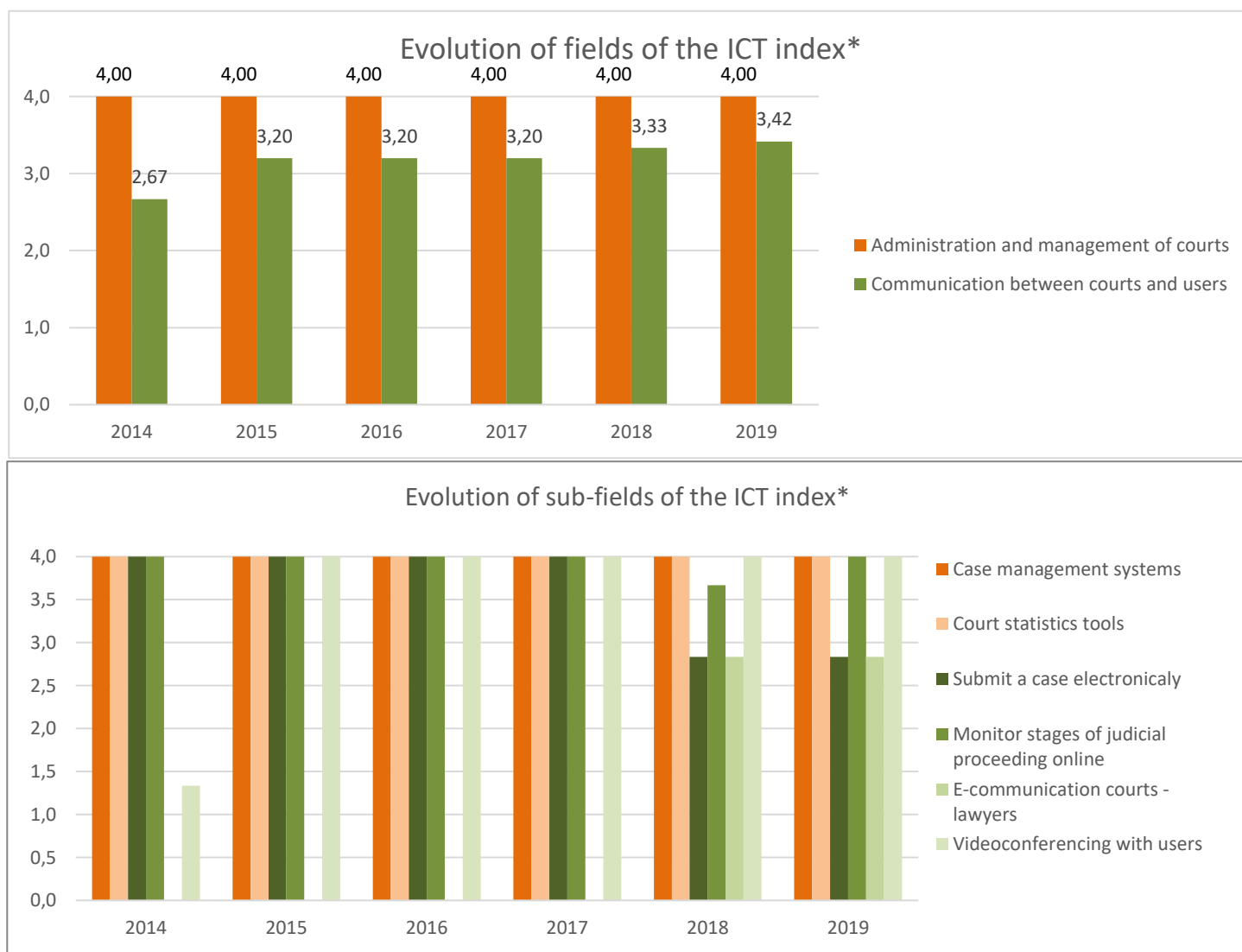
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	4,0
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	4,0
	3,4
◦ Communication between court and users.	2,8
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	4,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	2,8
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	4,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



In respect of writing assisting tools, it should be noted that templates are prepared and stored in the Lithuanian Courts Information System (LITEKO) together with special tools for filling them with metadata. Also, templates are prepared in administrative offence and pretrial cases and are available in Lithuanian Courts Information System (LITEKO) and the Integrated Criminal Process Information System (IBPS).

In respect of voice recording tools, it is noteworthy that the courts hearings are recorded in all courts and cases, the record substitutes the written protocol except the criminal case and is made in all cases with some specific exceptions, when the protocol is not required (e.g. some administrative offence cases).

In terms of Case management systems, Lithuanian Courts Information System (LITEKO) is a unique centralized database for all matters. Also, the electronic service portal e.teismas. It provide access for parties to their cases, that are managed in electronic form.

Statistical data

In Lithuania, the National Courts Administration is the centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet

Court activity reports publish changes in court staff, the outcome of the proceedings (statistics), the internal administration of the court, the material and financial provision, aspects of the court's relations with the media and the public. The reports are intended to acquaint the public with the activities of the court.

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	-7,0%	-2,0%	-0,8%	-1,1%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,5%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	11 025 €	11 707 €	12 381 €	12 780 €	13 468 €	14 796 €	16 158 €	17 333 €	57,2%	6,2%	5,8%	3,2%	5,4%	9,9%	9,2%	7,3%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	3,45	3,45	3,45	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	179 756 697	173 980 248	187 687 479	202 009 577	214 590 000	214 814 000	210 249 000	224 519 900	24,9%	-3,2%	7,9%	7,6%	6,2%	0,1%	-2,1%	6,8%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	-7,0%	-2,0%	-0,8%	-1,1%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,5%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	11 025 €	11 707 €	12 381 €	12 780 €	13 468 €	14 796 €	16 158 €	17 333 €	57,2%	6,2%	5,8%	3,2%	5,4%	9,9%	9,2%	7,3%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	179 756 697	173 980 248	187 687 479	202 009 577	214 590 000	214 814 000	210 249 000	224 519 900	24,9%	0 €	7,9%	7,6%	6,2%	0,1%	-2,1%	6,8%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	184 993 284	198 889 873	205 678 600	209 490 600	208 710 700	223 152 700	-	-	-	7,5%	3,4%	1,9%	-0,4%	6,9%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	-7,0%	-2,0%	-0,8%	-1,1%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,5%	0,0%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	179 756 697	173 980 248	187 687 479	202 009 577	214 590 000	214 814 000	210 249 000	224 519 900	24,9%	-3,2%	7,9%	7,6%	6,2%	0,1%	-2,1%	6,8%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	7 600 585	-	7 695 204	7 399 000	10 119 000	8 644 520	9 763 600	10 275 700	35,2%	-	-	-3,8%	36,8%	-14,6%	12,9%	5,2%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	90	90	90	90	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	-7,0%	-2,0%	-0,8%	-1,1%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,5%	0,0%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	59	54	54	54	54	54	17	17	-71,2%	-8,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-68,5%	0,0%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	-60,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-60,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	67	62	62	62	62	62	22	22	-67,2%	-7,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-64,5%	0,0%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	-60,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-60,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	-60,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-60,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	-7,0%	-2,0%	-0,8%	-1,1%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,5%	0,0%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	35 363	33 908	41 985	45 735	44 147	38 475	33 101	30 934	-12,5%	-4,1%	23,8%	8,9%	-3,5%	-12,8%	-14,0%	-6,5%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 545	26 005	27 197	30 149	27 595	29 543	27 167	23 582	-11,2%	-2,0%	4,6%	10,9%	-8,5%	7,1%	-8,0%	-13,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 941	1 041	870	1 862	1 720	1 144	-	-	-	-46,4%	-16,4%	114,0%	-7,6%	-33,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 461	1 079	1 765	729	410	867	1 301	721	-50,7%	-26,1%	63,6%	-58,7%	-43,8%	111,5%	50,1%	-44,6%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	176	312	460	995	419	423	-	-	-	77,3%	47,4%	116,3%	-57,9%	1,0%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 974	3 128	9 332	10 845	10 893	4 270	2 748	4 599	54,6%	5,2%	198,3%	16,2%	0,4%	-60,8%	-35,6%	67,4%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	4 383	3 696	3 515	3 700	4 789	2 800	1 466	1 609	-63,3%	-15,7%	-4,9%	5,3%	29,4%	-41,5%	-47,6%	9,8%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	280 708	296 795	312 570	321 474	333 886	267 278	210 779	200 534	-28,6%	5,7%	5,3%	2,8%	3,9%	-19,9%	-21,1%	-4,9%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	107 559	106 890	115 932	102 793	124 885	113 871	99 292	92 883	-13,6%	-0,6%	8,5%	-11,3%	21,5%	-8,8%	-12,8%	-6,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	91 549	103 334	108 033	110 043	71 599	66 772	-	-	-	12,9%	4,5%	1,9%	-34,9%	-6,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	77 669	84 829	82 707	90 640	81 613	80 626	63 208	59 748	-23,1%	9,2%	-2,5%	9,6%	-10,0%	-1,2%	-21,6%	-5,5%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	8 842	12 694	26 420	29 417	8 391	7 024	-	-	-	43,6%	108,1%	11,3%	-71,5%	-16,3%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	8 068	17 932	14 276	16 923	14 917	11 699	14 899	14 273	76,9%	122,3%	-20,4%	18,5%	-11,9%	-21,6%	27,4%	-4,2%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	87 412	87 144	90 813	98 424	86 051	31 665	24 989	26 606	-69,6%	-0,3%	4,2%	8,4%	-12,6%	-63,2%	-21,1%	6,5%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	282 163	288 718	308 820	323 062	339 558	272 652	212 946	202 846	-28,1%	2,3%	7,0%	4,6%	5,1%	-19,7%	-21,9%	-4,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	108 099	105 698	112 980	105 347	122 937	116 247	102 877	94 080	-13,0%	-2,2%	6,9%	-6,8%	16,7%	-5,4%	-11,5%	-8,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	92 449	103 505	107 041	110 185	72 175	66 952	-	-	-	12,0%	3,4%	2,9%	-34,5%	-7,2%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	78 051	83 967	83 743	90 959	81 156	80 192	63 788	59 903	-23,3%	7,6%	-0,3%	8,6%	-10,8%	-1,2%	-20,5%	-6,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	8 706	12 546	25 885	29 993	8 387	7 049	-	-	-	44,1%	106,3%	15,9%	-72,0%	-16,0%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	7 914	11 728	12 763	16 875	21 540	13 221	13 048	14 929	88,6%	48,2%	8,8%	32,2%	27,6%	-38,6%	-1,3%	14,4%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	88 099	87 325	90 628	97 335	88 040	32 999	24 846	26 885	-69,5%	-0,9%	3,8%	7,4%	-9,5%	-62,5%	-24,7%	8,2%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	33 908	41 985	45 735	44 147	38 475	33 101	30 934	28 622	-15,6%	23,8%	8,9%	-3,5%	-12,8%	-14,0%	-6,5%	-7,5%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 005	27 197	30 149	27 595	29 543	27 167	23 582	22 385	-13,9%	4,6%	10,9%	-8,5%	7,1%	-8,0%	-13,2%	-5,1%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 041	870	1 862	1 720	1 144	964	-	-	-	-16,4%	114,0%	-7,6%	-33,5%	-15,7%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 079	1 941	729	410	867	1 301	721	566	-47,5%	79,9%	-62,4%	-43,8%	111,5%	50,1%	-44,6%	-21,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	312	460	995	419	423	398	-	-	-	47,4%	116,3%	-57,9%	1,0%	-5,9%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	3 128	9 332	10 845	10 893	4 270	2 748	4 599	3 943	26,1%	198,3%	16,2%	0,4%	-60,8%	-35,6%	67,4%	-14,3%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 696	3 515	3 700	4 789	2 800	1 466	1 609	1 330	-64,0%	-4,9%	5,3%	29,4%	-41,5%	-47,6%	9,8%	-17,3%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,5%	97,3%	98,8%	100,5%	101,7%	102,0%	101,0%	101,2%	0,6%	-3,2%	1,6%	1,7%	1,2%	0,3%	-1,0%	0,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,5%	98,9%	97,5%	102,5%	98,4%	102,1%	103,6%	101,3%	0,8%	-1,6%	-1,4%	5,2%	-3,9%	3,7%	1,5%	-2,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,0%	100,2%	99,1%	100,1%	100,8%	100,3%	-	-	-	-0,8%	-1,1%	1,1%	0,7%	-0,5%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,5%	99,0%	101,3%	100,4%	99,4%	99,5%	100,9%	100,3%	-0,2%	-1,5%	2,3%	-0,9%	-0,9%	0,0%	1,5%	-0,7%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	98,5%	98,8%	98,0%	102,0%	100,0%	100,4%	-	-	-	0,4%	-0,9%	4,1%	-2,0%	0,4%
CR Administrative law cases	98,1%	65,4%	89,4%	99,7%	144,4%	113,0%	87,6%	104,6%	6,6%	-33,3%	36,7%	11,5%	44,8%	-21,7%	-22,5%	19,4%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,8%	100,2%	99,8%	98,9%	102,3%	104,2%	99,4%	101,0%	0,3%	-0,6%	-0,4%	-0,9%	3,5%	1,9%	-4,6%	1,6%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	44	53	54	50	41	44	53	52	17,4%	21,0%	1,8%	-7,7%	-17,1%	7,1%	19,7%	-2,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	88	94	97	96	88	85	84	87	-1,1%	7,0%	3,7%	-1,8%	-8,3%	-2,8%	-1,9%	3,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	4	3	6	6	6	5	-	-	-	-25,4%	107,0%	-10,3%	1,5%	-9,2%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	5	8	3	2	4	6	4	3	-31,7%	67,2%	-62,3%	-48,2%	137,0%	51,9%	-30,3%	-16,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	13	13	14	5	18	21	-	-	-	2,3%	4,8%	-63,7%	261,0%	11,9%
DT Administrative law cases	144	290	310	236	72	76	129	96	-33,2%	101,3%	6,8%	-24,0%	-69,3%	4,9%	69,6%	-25,1%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	15	15	15	18	12	16	24	18	17,9%	-4,1%	1,4%	20,5%	-35,4%	39,7%	45,8%	-23,6%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	946	867	698	560	784	584	765	709	-25,1%	-8,4%	-19,5%	-19,8%	40,0%	-25,5%	31,0%	-7,3%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	146	122	132	85	84	84	53	70	-52,1%	-16,4%	8,2%	-35,6%	-1,2%	0,0%	-36,9%	32,1%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	4 253	4 352	4 615	4 960	4 775	5 108	4 936	3 931	-7,6%	2,3%	6,0%	7,5%	-3,7%	7,0%	-3,4%	-20,4%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	8 196	8 192	8 034	8 164	7 457	7 711	7 787	7 705	-6,0%	0,0%	-1,9%	1,6%	-8,7%	3,4%	1,0%	-1,1%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	453	429	308	273	264	267	195	145	-68,0%	-5,3%	-28,2%	-11,4%	-3,3%	1,1%	-27,0%	-25,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	3 717	4 051	4 656	4 114	5 058	4 836	3 609	3 674	-1,2%	9,0%	14,9%	-11,6%	22,9%	-4,4%	-25,4%	1,8%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	8 275	8 361	8 172	7 940	7 657	7 530	7 843	7 832	-5,4%	1,0%	-2,3%	-2,8%	-3,6%	-1,7%	4,2%	-0,1%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	477	419	355	274	264	298	178	164	-65,6%	-12,2%	-15,3%	-22,8%	-3,6%	12,9%	-40,3%	-7,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	3 618	3 788	4 311	4 299	4 725	5 008	4 614	4 427	22,4%	4,7%	13,8%	-0,3%	9,9%	6,0%	-7,9%	-4,1%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	867	698	560	784	584	765	709	582	-32,9%	-19,5%	-19,8%	40,0%	-25,5%	31,0%	-7,3%	-17,9%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	122	132	85	84	84	53	70	51	-58,2%	8,2%	-35,6%	-1,2%	0,0%	-36,9%	32,1%	-27,1%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	4 352	4 615	4 960	4 775	5 108	4 936	3 931	3 178	-27,0%	6,0%	7,5%	-3,7%	7,0%	-3,4%	-20,4%	-19,2%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	101,0%	102,1%	101,7%	97,3%	102,7%	97,7%	100,7%	101,6%	0,7%	1,1%	-0,3%	-4,4%	5,6%	-4,9%	3,1%	0,9%
CR Employment dismissal cases	105,3%	97,7%	115,3%	100,4%	100,0%	111,6%	91,3%	113,1%	7,4%	-7,2%	18,0%	-12,9%	-0,4%	11,6%	-18,2%	23,9%
CR Insolvency cases	97,3%	93,5%	92,6%	104,5%	93,4%	103,6%	127,8%	120,5%	23,8%	-3,9%	-1,0%	12,9%	-10,6%	10,9%	23,5%	-5,8%
DT Litigious divorce cases	38	30	25	36	28	37	33	27	-29,1%	-20,3%	-17,9%	44,1%	-22,8%	33,2%	-11,0%	-17,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	93	115	87	112	116	65	144	114	21,6%	23,2%	-24,0%	28,0%	3,8%	-44,1%	121,1%	-20,9%
DT Insolvency cases	439	445	420	405	395	360	311	262	-40,3%	1,3%	-5,6%	-3,5%	-2,7%	-8,8%	-13,6%	-15,7%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	8 765	7 510	6 426	6 419	7 782	7 841	8 620	7 990	-8,8%	-14,3%	-14,4%	-0,1%	21,2%	0,8%	9,9%	-7,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5 164	5 788	4 303	3 995	4 213	4 130	4 745	3 917	-24,1%	12,1%	-25,7%	-7,2%	5,5%	-2,0%	14,9%	-17,4%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 100	1 270	1 656	2 010	3 119	3 385	3 692	3 888	85,1%	-39,5%	30,4%	21,4%	55,2%	8,5%	9,1%	5,3%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	1 501	452	467	414	450	326	183	185	-87,7%	-69,9%	3,3%	-11,3%	8,7%	-27,6%	-43,9%	1,1%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	23 324	23 705	23 545	25 440	23 053	20 648	18 336	17 082	-26,8%	1,6%	-0,7%	8,0%	-9,4%	-10,4%	-11,2%	-6,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	14 623	14 262	14 687	14 992	14 605	13 943	12 498	11 463	-21,6%	-2,5%	3,0%	2,1%	-2,6%	-4,5%	-10,4%	-8,3%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	3 482	4 260	3 948	5 635	4 457	4 138	3 877	3 683	5,8%	22,3%	-7,3%	42,7%	-20,9%	-7,2%	-6,3%	-5,0%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	5 219	5 183	4 910	4 813	3 991	2 567	1 961	1 936	-62,9%	-0,7%	-5,3%	-2,0%	-17,1%	-35,7%	-23,6%	-1,3%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	24 579	24 789	23 552	24 077	22 994	19 869	18 966	17 752	-27,8%	0,9%	-5,0%	2,2%	-4,5%	-13,6%	-4,5%	-6,4%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	13 999	15 747	14 995	14 774	14 688	13 328	13 326	12 075	-13,7%	12,5%	-4,8%	-1,5%	-0,6%	-9,3%	0,0%	-9,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	4 312	3 874	3 594	4 526	4 191	3 831	3 681	3 732	-13,5%	-10,2%	-7,2%	25,9%	-7,4%	-8,6%	-3,9%	1,4%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	6 268	5 168	4 963	4 777	4 115	2 710	1 959	1 945	-69,0%	-17,5%	-4,0%	-3,7%	-13,9%	-34,1%	-27,7%	-0,7%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	7 510	6 426	6 419	7 782	7 841	8 620	7 990	7 320	-2,5%	-14,4%	-0,1%	21,2%	0,8%	9,9%	-7,3%	-8,4%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5 788	4 303	3 995	4 213	4 130	4 745	3 917	3 305	-42,9%	-25,7%	-7,2%	5,5%	-2,0%	14,9%	-17,4%	-15,6%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	1 270	1 656	2 010	3 119	3 385	3 692	3 888	3 839	202,3%	30,4%	21,4%	55,2%	8,5%	9,1%	5,3%	-1,3%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	452	467	414	450	326	183	185	176	-61,1%	3,3%	-11,3%	8,7%	-27,6%	-43,9%	1,1%	-4,9%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	29	28	47	26	-	-	-	-	-	-3,4%	67,9%	-44,7%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	18	19	22	13	-	-	-	-	-	5,6%	15,8%	-40,9%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	11	9	25	13	-	-	-	-	-	-18,2%	177,8%	-48,0%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	105,4%	104,6%	100,0%	94,6%	99,7%	96,2%	103,4%	103,9%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-4,3%	-5,4%	5,4%	-3,5%	7,5%	0,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	95,7%	110,4%	102,1%	98,5%	100,6%	95,6%	106,6%	105,3%	10,0%	15,3%	-7,5%	-3,5%	2,1%	-5,0%	11,5%	-1,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	123,8%	90,9%	91,0%	80,3%	94,0%	92,6%	94,9%	101,3%	-18,2%	-26,6%	0,1%	-11,8%	17,1%	-1,5%	2,6%	6,7%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	120,1%	99,7%	101,1%	99,3%	103,1%	105,6%	99,9%	100,5%	-16,3%	-17,0%	1,4%	-1,8%	3,9%	2,4%	-5,4%	0,6%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	112	95	99	118	124	158	154	151	35,0%	-15,2%	5,1%	18,6%	5,5%	27,2%	-2,9%	-2,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	151	100	97	104	103	130	107	100	-33,8%	-33,9%	-2,5%	7,0%	-1,4%	26,6%	-17,4%	-6,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	108	156	204	252	295	352	386	375	249,3%	45,1%	30,8%	23,2%	17,2%	19,3%	9,6%	-2,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	26	33	30	34	29	25	34	33	25,5%	25,3%	-7,7%	12,9%	-15,9%	-14,8%	39,8%	-4,2%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	244	-	315	439	281	298	321	250	2,5%	-	-	39,4%	-36,0%	6,0%	7,7%	-22,1%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	230	-	293	403	252	278	292	226	-1,7%	-	-	37,5%	-37,5%	10,3%	5,0%	-22,6%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	14	-	22	36	29	20	29	24	71,4%	-	-	63,6%	-19,4%	-31,0%	45,0%	-17,2%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	825	-	820	690	709	634	572	585	-29,1%	-	-	-15,9%	2,8%	-10,6%	-9,8%	2,3%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	687	-	659	543	576	502	451	476	-30,7%	-	-	-17,6%	6,1%	-12,8%	-10,2%	5,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	138	-	161	147	133	132	121	109	-21,0%	-	-	-8,7%	-9,5%	-0,8%	-8,3%	-9,9%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	739	-	696	848	692	611	643	507	-31,4%	-	-	21,8%	-18,4%	-11,7%	5,2%	-21,2%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	605	-	549	694	550	488	517	395	-34,7%	-	-	26,4%	-20,7%	-11,3%	5,9%	-23,6%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	134	-	147	154	142	123	126	112	-16,4%	-	-	4,8%	-7,8%	-13,4%	2,4%	-11,1%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	330	-	439	252	298	321	250	328	-0,6%	-	-	-42,6%	18,3%	7,7%	-22,1%	31,2%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	312	-	403	252	278	292	226	307	-1,6%	-	-	-37,5%	10,3%	5,0%	-22,6%	35,8%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	18	-	36	29	20	29	24	21	16,7%	-	-	-19,4%	-31,0%	45,0%	-17,2%	-12,5%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	0	5	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-80,0%	-100,0%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	0	5	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-80,0%	-100,0%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	89,6%	-	84,9%	122,9%	97,6%	96,4%	112,4%	86,7%	-3,2%	-	-	44,8%	-20,6%	-1,3%	16,6%	-22,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	88,1%	-	83,3%	127,8%	95,5%	97,2%	114,6%	83,0%	-5,8%	-	-	53,4%	-25,3%	1,8%	17,9%	-27,6%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	97,1%	-	91,3%	104,8%	106,8%	93,2%	104,1%	102,8%	5,8%	-	-	14,7%	1,9%	-12,7%	11,8%	-1,3%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	163	-	230	108	157	192	142	236	44,9%	-	-	-52,9%	44,9%	22,0%	-26,0%	66,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	188	-	268	133	184	218	160	284	50,7%	-	-	-50,5%	39,2%	18,4%	-26,9%	77,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	49	-	89	69	51	86	70	68	39,6%	-	-	-23,1%	-25,2%	67,4%	-19,2%	-1,6%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	-7,0%	-2,0%	-0,8%	-1,1%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,5%	0,0%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	4 543 826	4 561 226	5 900 767	5 925 285	5 500 227	6 203 031	6 224 861	6 847 794	50,7%	0,4%	29,4%	0,4%	-7,2%	12,8%	0,4%	10,0%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	4 030 145	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	540 000	-86,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	513 681	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	6 307 794	1128,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	5 883 027	5 917 807	5 494 755	5 994 497	6 220 085	6 837 270	-	-	-	0,6%	-7,1%	9,1%	3,8%	9,9%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	516 089	529 476	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,6%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	5 703 996	6 307 794	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,6%
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?								Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)								100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)								100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)								100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								NA	NA
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								NA	NA
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload								Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges								100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors								100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges								Yes	Yes
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors								No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges								No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors								No	No

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	NA											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							Yes	Yes											Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	No											Civil - SMS
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes											Civil - E-mail
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											Civil - Specific computer application
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Other
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	No											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							publication of decision online	publication of decision online									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							both	both									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							NA	NA
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE									
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE									

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							NA	100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							No	No
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	Yes
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	No

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																	
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%	100%								
064-7 - Email								No	No								
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes								
064-7 - Other								No	No								
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes								
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																	
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%	100%								
064-7 - Email								No	No								
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes								
064-7 - Other								No	No								
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes								
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																	
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																	
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No								
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No								
<i>In criminal matter</i>																	
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No								
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No								
<i>In administrative matter</i>																	

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																	
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Workload							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No									
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges								
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)								
127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional		
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	No training offered	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	No training offered	Optional	No training offered	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	47	47	109	129	269	366	469	392	734,0%	0,0%	131,9%	18,3%	108,5%	36,1%	28,1%	-16,4%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	True	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	53	-	313	540	483	696	-	-	-	-	-	72,5%	-10,6%	44,1%
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	53	-	139	200	223	314	-	-	-	-	-	43,9%	11,5%	40,8%
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	172	333	258	367	-	-	-	-	-	93,6%	-22,5%	42,2%
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	2	7	2	8	-	-	-	-	-	250,0%	-71,4%	300,0%
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	Yes									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																	
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																	
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	No	No	No	-	Yes	Yes									

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	-7,0%	-2,0%	-0,8%	-1,1%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,5%	0,0%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	768	772	754	762	778	767	758	750	-2,3%	0,5%	-2,3%	1,1%	2,1%	-1,4%	-1,2%	-1,1%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	684	691	671	679	692	686	676	667	-2,5%	1,0%	-2,9%	1,2%	1,9%	-0,9%	-1,5%	-1,3%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	51	48	49	48	51	48	49	50	-2,0%	-5,9%	2,1%	-2,0%	6,3%	-5,9%	2,1%	2,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	33	33	34	35	35	33	33	33	0,0%	0,0%	3,0%	2,9%	0,0%	-5,7%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	315	312	297	291	298	291	284	268	-14,9%	-1,0%	-4,8%	-2,0%	2,4%	-2,3%	-2,4%	-5,6%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	259	261	246	240	245	242	235	220	-15,1%	0,8%	-5,7%	-2,4%	2,1%	-1,2%	-2,9%	-6,4%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	31	27	27	27	29	28	29	29	-6,5%	-12,9%	0,0%	0,0%	7,4%	-3,4%	3,6%	0,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	25	24	24	24	24	21	20	19	-24,0%	-4,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-12,5%	-4,8%	-5,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	453	460	457	471	480	476	474	482	6,4%	1,5%	-0,7%	3,1%	1,9%	-0,8%	-0,4%	1,7%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	425	430	425	439	447	444	441	447	5,2%	1,2%	-1,2%	3,3%	1,8%	-0,7%	-0,7%	1,4%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	20	21	22	21	22	20	20	21	5,0%	5,0%	4,8%	-4,5%	4,8%	-9,1%	0,0%	5,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	8	9	10	11	11	12	13	14	75,0%	12,5%	11,1%	10,0%	0,0%	9,1%	8,3%	7,7%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	2 619	2 602	2 608	2 729	2 740	2 722	2 664	2 684	2,5%	-0,6%	0,2%	4,6%	0,4%	-0,7%	-2,1%	0,8%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 348	1 358	1 369	1 475	1 526	1 505	1 451	1 467	8,8%	0,7%	0,8%	7,7%	3,5%	-1,4%	-3,6%	1,1%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	776	733	801	816	855	871	849	861	11,0%	-5,5%	9,3%	1,9%	4,8%	1,9%	-2,5%	1,4%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	425	428	353	350	272	259	280	270	-36,5%	0,7%	-17,5%	-0,8%	-22,3%	-4,8%	8,1%	-3,6%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	70	83	85	88	87	87	84	86	22,9%	18,6%	2,4%	3,5%	-1,1%	0,0%	-3,4%	2,4%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	2 243	2 259	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	0,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	1 243	1 256	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	1,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	665	690	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	3,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	268	233	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-13,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	80	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	-7,0%	-2,0%	-0,8%	-1,1%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,5%	0,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 796	1 988	1 988	2 117	2 213	2 207	2 213	2 248	25,2%	10,7%	0,0%	6,5%	4,5%	-0,3%	0,3%	1,6%

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	2 619	2 602	2 608	2 729	2 740	2 722	2 664	2 684	2,5%	-0,6%	0,2%	4,6%	0,4%	-0,7%	-2,1%	0,8%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 348	1 358	1 369	1 475	1 526	1 505	1 451	1 467	8,8%	0,7%	0,8%	7,7%	3,5%	-1,4%	-3,6%	1,1%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	776	733	801	816	855	871	849	861	11,0%	-5,5%	9,3%	1,9%	4,8%	1,9%	-2,5%	1,4%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	425	428	353	350	272	259	280	270	-36,5%	0,7%	-17,5%	-0,8%	-22,3%	-4,8%	8,1%	-3,6%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	70	83	85	88	87	87	84	86	22,9%	18,6%	2,4%	3,5%	-1,1%	0,0%	-3,4%	2,4%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	2 243	2 259	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	0,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	1 243	1 256	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	1,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	665	690	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	3,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	268	233	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-13,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	80	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Table 11.1: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
Prosecutors							No	No
Non-judge staff							Yes	Yes
Lawyers							No	No
Notaries							No	No
Enforcement agents							No	No

Table 11.2: Existance of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)

Judges							No	No
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	----

Lithuania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Prosecutors							No	No										
Non-judge staff							Yes	Yes										
Lawyers							No	No										
Notaries							No	No										
Enforcement agents							No	No										
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																		
National programme for gender equality							Yes	Yes										
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																		
In courts (judges)							No	No										
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No										
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No										

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Luxembourg

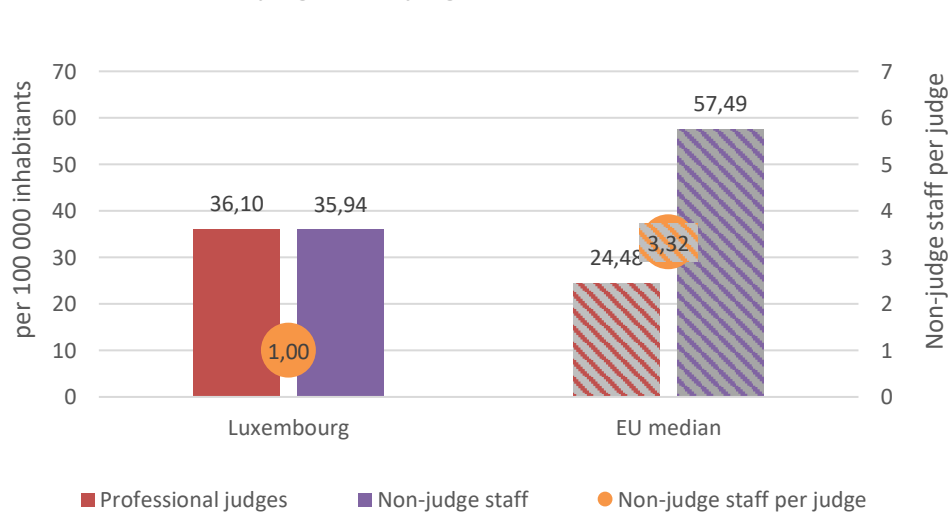
General data

Population: 626 108 **GDP:** 101 446 € **Average annual salary:** 63 015 €

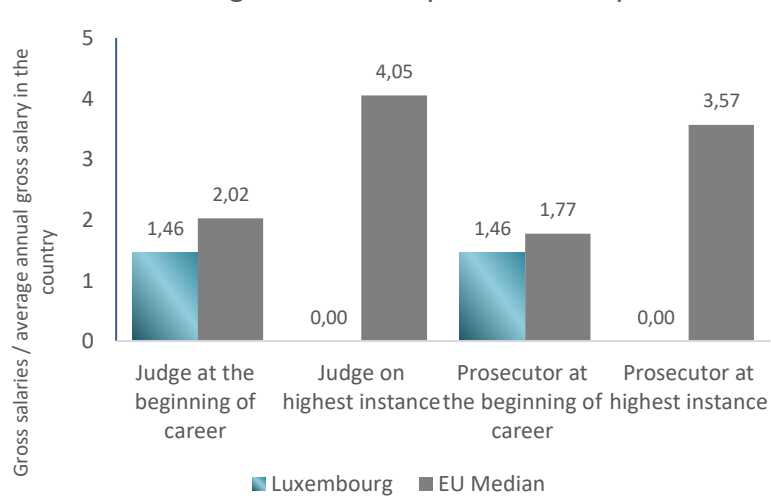
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
36,10	35,94	465,41	36,26
24,48	57,49	121,32	14,33
EU median		EU median	

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

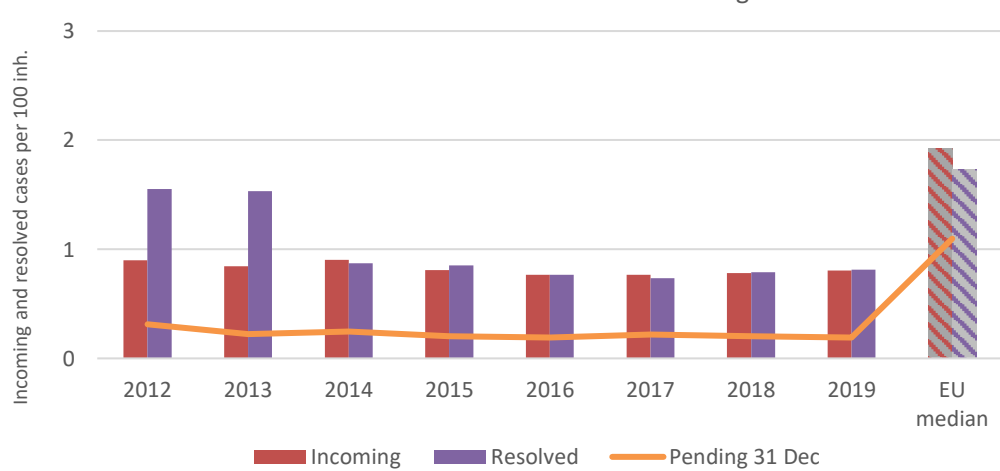


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

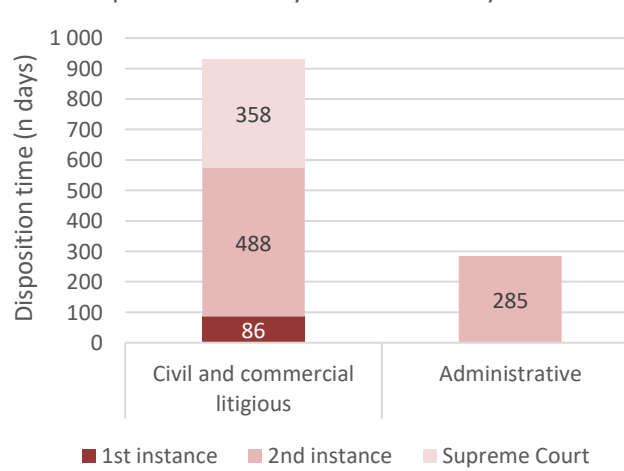


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

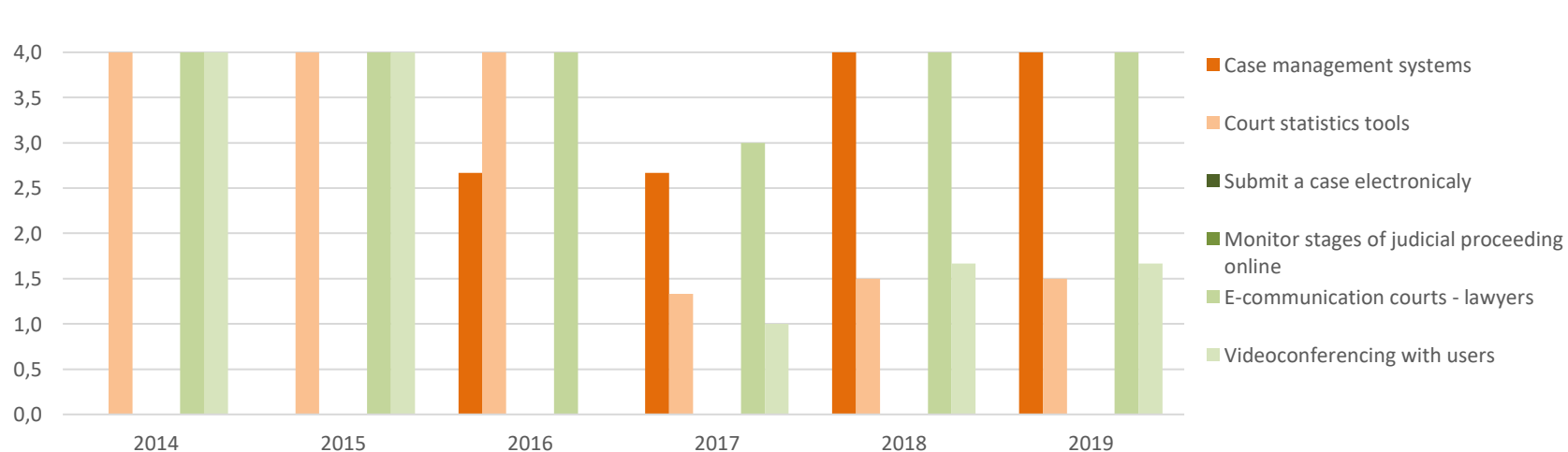


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Luxembourg

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	19,3%	4,9%	3,9%	2,0%	2,0%
GDP per capita	83 600 €	83 400 €	88 500 €	88 500 €	90 700 €	92 026 €	95 943 €	101 446 €	21,3%	2,5%	5,8%	4,3%	5,7%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	42 500 €		46 000 €		66 300 €		61 720 €	63 015 €	48,3%	44,1%	-6,9%		2,1%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	34,1	32,7	32,7	32,5	31,7	32,9	36,2	36,1	5,9%	-3,1%	14,2%	9,9%	-0,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	NA	36,0	34,8	35,0	33,9	33,2	35,8	35,9	NA	-2,7%	5,8%	7,9%	0,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	384,8	400,5	387,2	412,6	403,1	431,4	487,5	465,4	21,0%	4,1%	21,0%	13,0%	-4,5%
Mediators	21,0	23,6	24,0	19,5	29,3	23,9	32,3	36,3	73,0%	22,1%	10,1%	34,8%	12,4%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,899	0,844	0,901	0,809	0,767	0,765	0,783	0,805	-0,5%	-4,9%	2,0%	2,4%	2,8%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,178	0,172	NAP	NAP	0,188	0,164	0,168	0,167	-6,3%	NAP	-10,7%	2,4%	-0,4%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,308	0,2	0,2	0,225	0,200	0,201	0,203	0,233	-24,4%	-7,8%	1,3%	0,7%	4,6%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	173%	182%	97%	105%	100%	96%	101%	101%	-71,65	3,25	1,02	4,75	0,15
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	100%	100%	NAP	NAP	100%	100%	100%	100%	0,00	NAP	0,00	0,00	0,00
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	70%	94%	94%	91%	98%	94%	86%	75%	5,42	4,20	-11,75	-8,35	-10,75
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	73	53	103	86	91	108	94	86	17,0%	-11,0%	3,2%	-12,2%	-9,3%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,31	0,22	0,25	0,20	0,19	0,22	0,20	0,19	-38,7%	-21,7%	6,4%	-5,7%	-6,6%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,00	0,00	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	103%	103%	87%	100%	106%	118%	115%	103%	-0,46	19,43	8,50	-3,55	-11,74
CR administrative law cases	73%	101%	101%	104%	102%	97%	103%	96%	22,58	1,09	1,19	5,64	-6,97
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	511	498	722	601	553	466	467	488	-4,4%	-23,5%	-15,6%	0,1%	4,6%

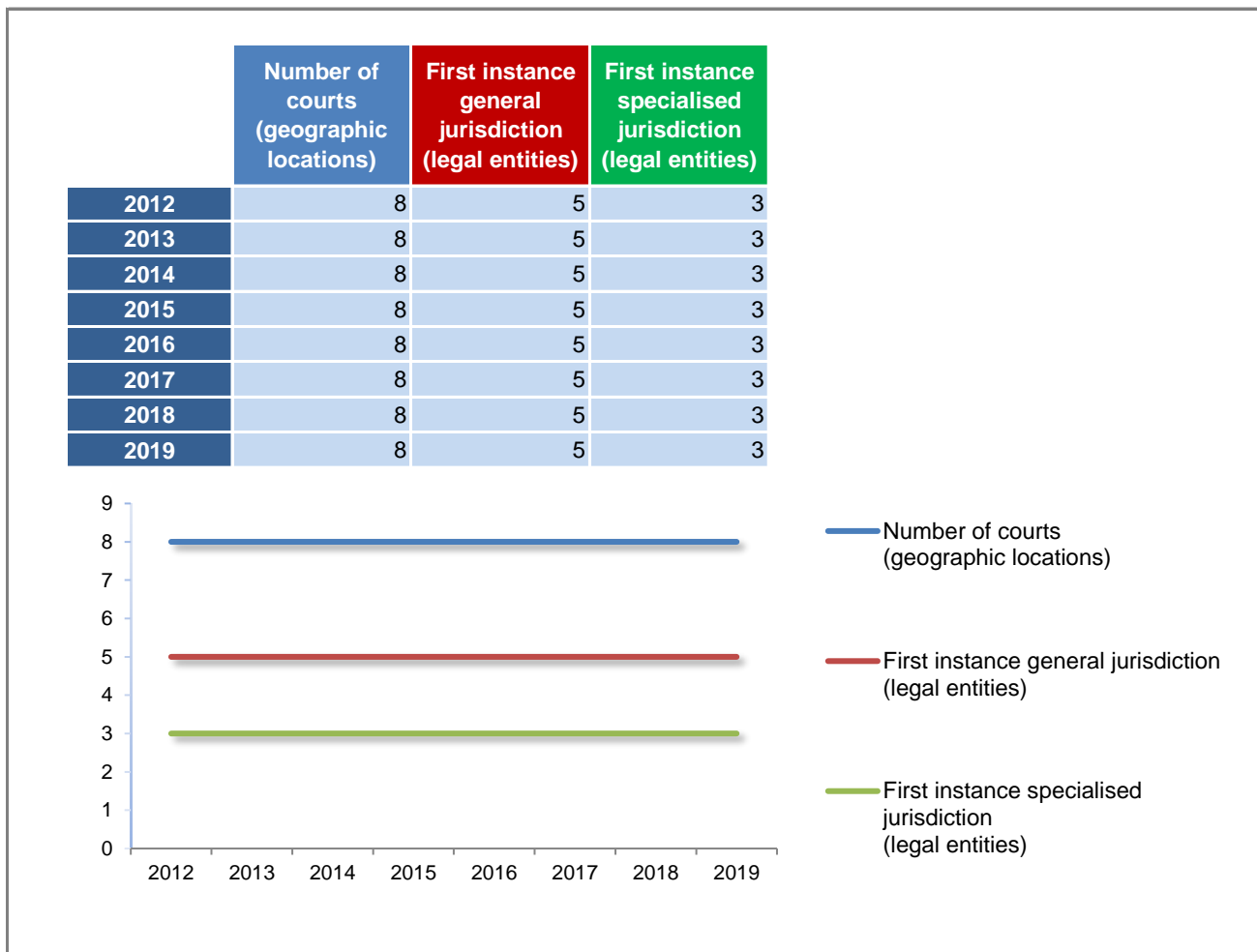
DT administrative law cases (days)	290	175	175	202	228	211	222	285	-1,8%	30,1%	-2,5%	5,1%	28,1%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	NA	90%	100%	78%	95%	96%	NA	NA	-4,67	17,20	0,36
CR administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	NA	287	276	398	408	358	NA	NA	47,6%	2,5%	-12,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Luxembourg

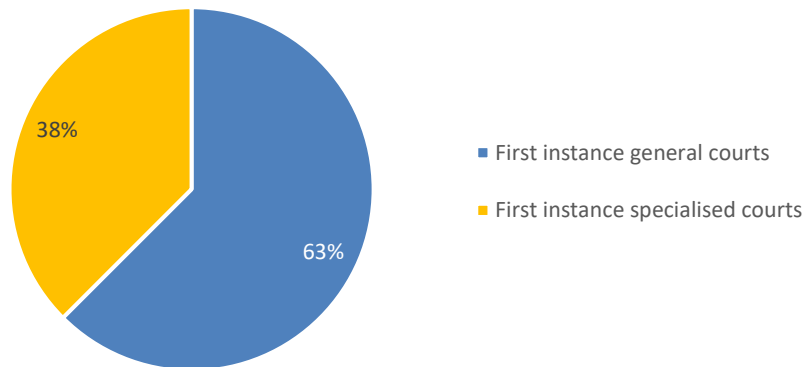
In Luxembourg, 3 justices of the peace and 2 district courts sit as first instance courts of general jurisdiction.

At the top of the hierarchy of courts in civil, commercial, social and criminal matters is the Superior Court of Justice (Cour supérieure de justice), which includes the Court of Appeal (second instance) and the Court of Cassation (third instance).

With regard to administrative matters, the Administrative court of appeal functions as both second and last instance.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



The category of first instance specialised courts encompasses 2 commercial courts, 3 labor courts, 2 family courts, 3 rent and tenancies courts, 1 administrative court (tribunal administratif), 1 insurance and/ or social welfare court, 1 military court.

However, most of the specialized courts are in fact specialized sections of a general court. Namely, the commercial courts (which also deal with insolvency cases) are specialized sections of the district court (tribunal d'arrondissement). Only the administrative, military and 1st instance social security court are self-standing.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Luxembourg

- **Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):**

Approved
187 172 836 €

Implemented:
NA

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

The annual public budget allocated to the whole justice system includes, among other things, budget items relating to subsidies to the bar associations, expenses for setting up and running the anti-money laundering unit, expenses for the organization of additional courses in Luxembourg law and judicial traineeships or relating to judicial assistance (<http://data.legilux.public.lu/eli/etat/leg/loi/2019/04/26/a274/jo>).

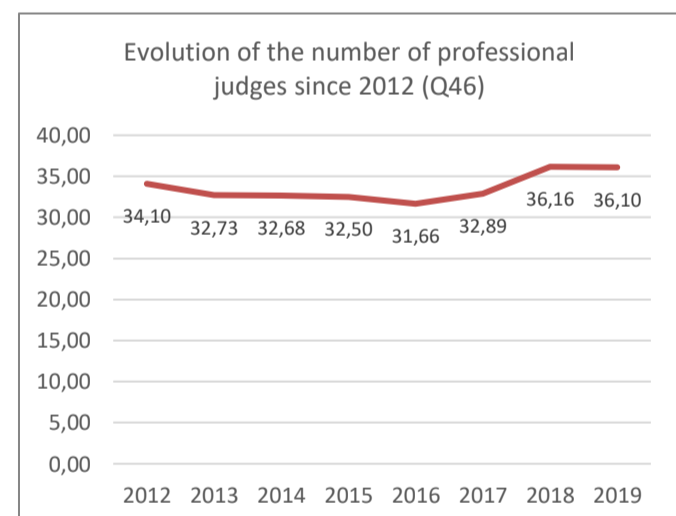
Data on implemented budget is not yet available, as the regulation of the general account for the financial year is voted and generally published in December of the year following the financial year in question.

- **Human resources**

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	179	34,10	NA	NA
2013	180	32,73	35,0%	65,0%
2014	184	32,68	35,3%	64,7%
2015	183	32,50	35,0%	65,0%
2016	187	31,66	35,3%	64,7%
2017	198	32,89	35,4%	64,6%
2018	222	36,16	32,0%	68,0%
2019	226	36,10	31,4%	68,6%



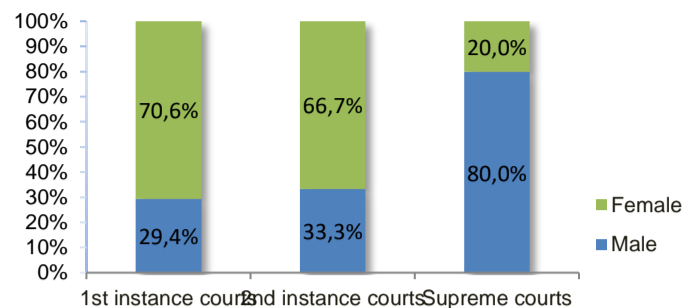
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Luxembourg is 226 which is 1,8% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Luxembourg, in 2019 there are 36,1 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 1,0 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was the same).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	170	50	120
2nd instance courts	51	17	34
Supreme courts	5	4	1
Total	226	71	155

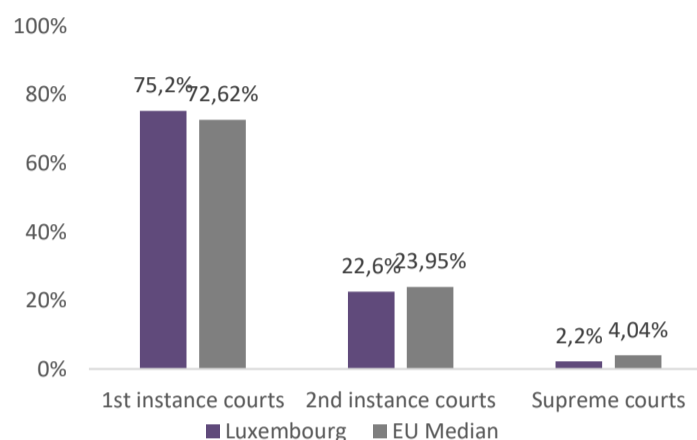
Professional judges by gender and instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	75,2%	29,4%	70,6%
2nd instance courts	22,6%	33,3%	66,7%
Supreme courts	2,2%	80,0%	20,0%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



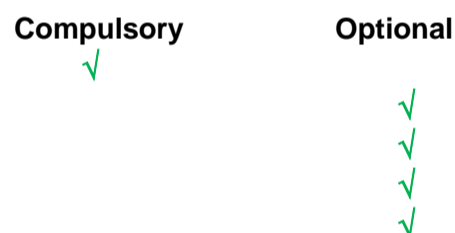
The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 155 which represents 68,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 170 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 120 are female) ; 51 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 34 are female) and 5 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 1 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, it should be noticed that judges of district courts, the administrative tribunal and justices of peace are counted as first instance professional judges. Judges of the Court of appeal of the Superior Court of Justice and the Administrative court of appeal are considered as second instance professional judges. The number of Supreme Court professional judges refers solely to the Court of cassation judges.

In Luxembourg, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

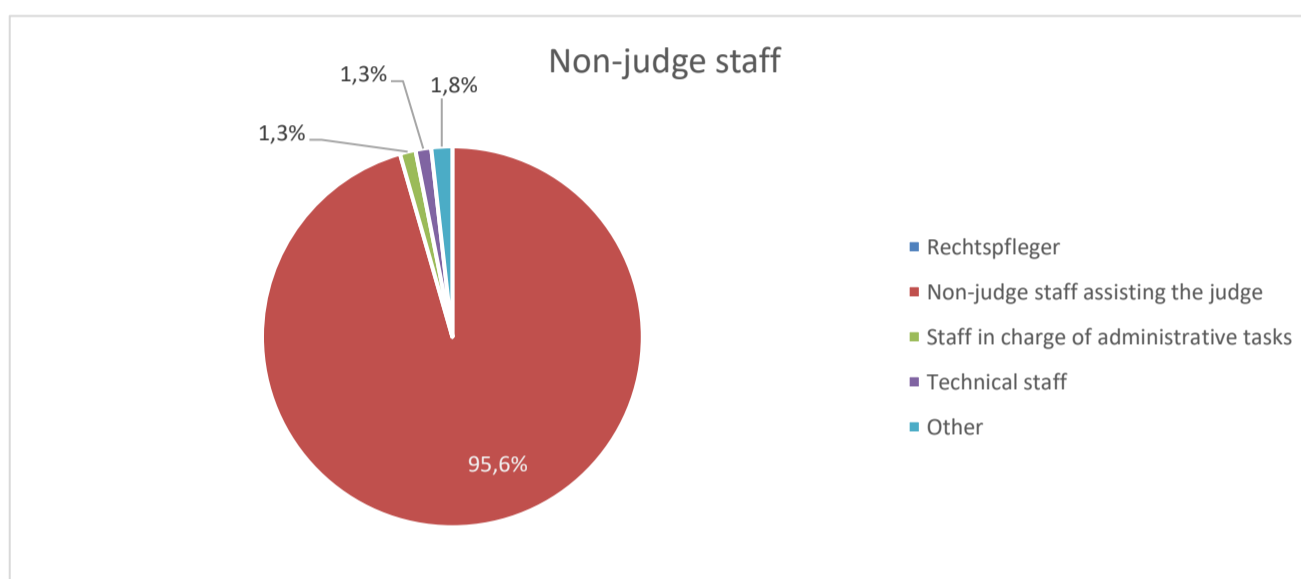
- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:



Data on the number of training courses organised in 2019 is not available.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2013	198	NAP	192	5	1	NAP
2014	196	NAP	132	63	1	NAP
2015	197	NAP	129	67	1	NAP
2016	200	NAP	131	66	3	NAP
2017	200	NAP	191	6	3	NAP
2018	220	NAP	210	3	3	4
2019	225	NAP	215	3	3	4



In Luxembourg, in this cycle there are 225 non-judge staff (among which 143 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,3%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 215 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 140 are women);
- 3 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 1 is a women);
- 3 technical staff (among which 0 are women);
- 4 other (among which 2 are women);

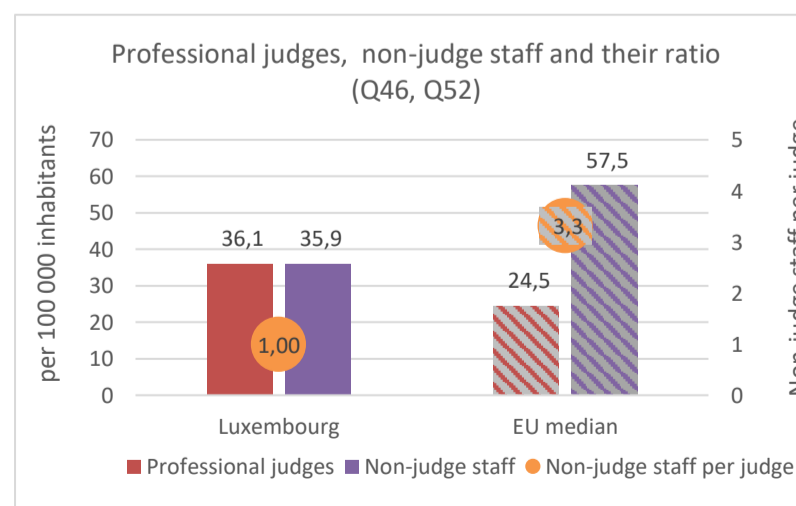
In general, all the non-judge staff is in charge to assist the judges (except at the administrative courts). Therefore, it is not relevant to distinguish between staff in charge of administrative tasks and staff assisting the judges. This distinction could only be made in the administrative courts.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 35,8 in 2018 to 35,9 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 36,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 36,1 in 2019.

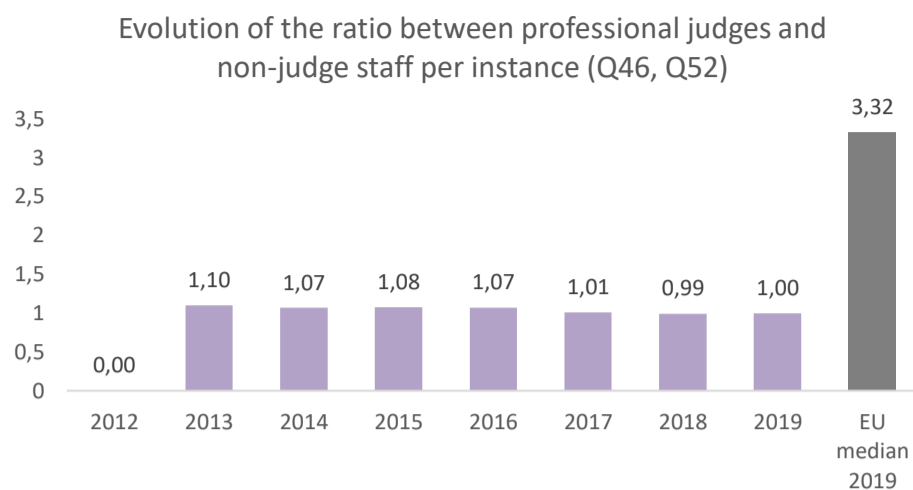
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Luxembourg	EU median
Professional judges	36,1	24,5
Non-judge staff	35,9	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	1,00	3,3



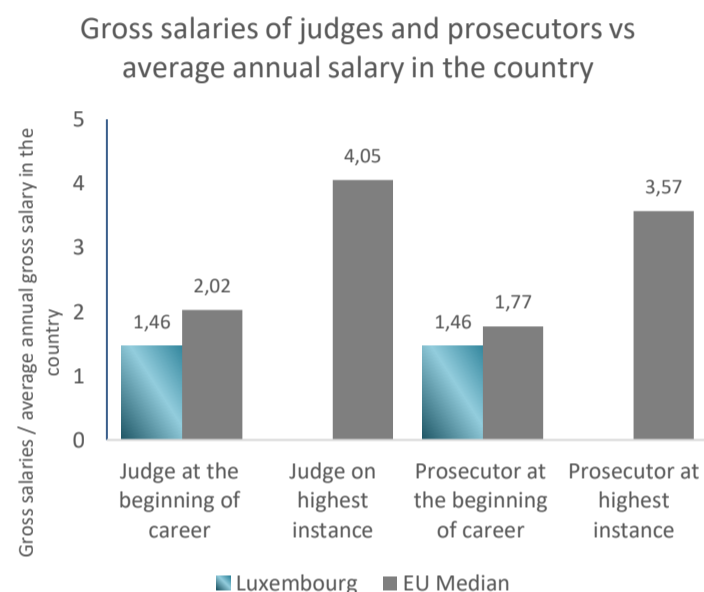
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	NA
2013	1,10
2014	1,07
2015	1,08
2016	1,07
2017	1,01
2018	0,99
2019	1,00



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

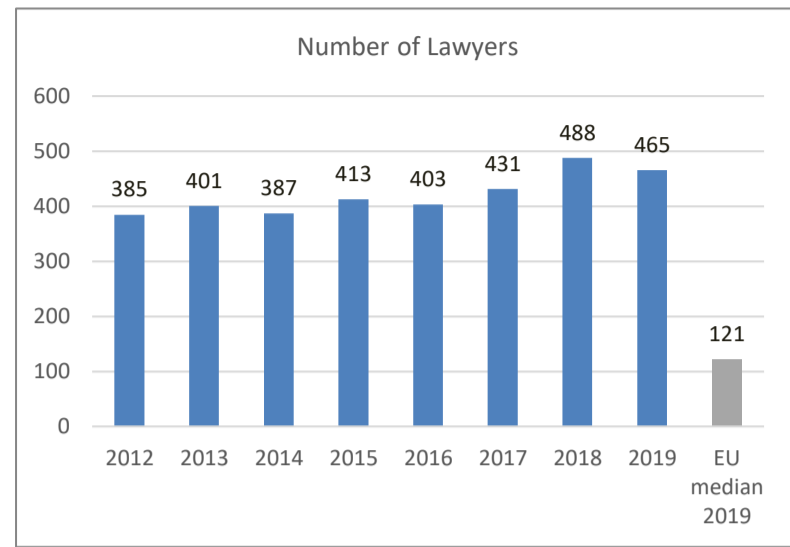
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	92 016 €	NA	1,46
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	NA	NA	NA
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	92 016 €	NA	1,46
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	NA	NA	NA



As a salary at the beginning of the career (first instance professional judge or prosecutor) is presented the salary of the “attachés de justice” after their first appointment. The salary scale for judges and prosecutors is based on 380 points, any professional experience can be added but is not taken into account in the calculations. To calculate the annual salary, these points must be multiplied by the value of the index point. In December 2019, the value of the index point of a civil servant was 20,17893, which corresponds to a salary of €92,016 over 12 months. In 2016, this figure corresponded to €84,185 and in 2018 to €89,771. More explanations on the calculation of civil servants' salaries, which also apply to the M career of magistrates (judges and prosecutors), can be found on the civil service website: <https://fonction-publique.public.lu/fr/carriere/parcours-remuneration/fonctionnaire/traitement.html>.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	2 020	384,76
2013	2 203	400,55
2014	2 180	387,21
2015	2 323	412,61
2016	2 381	403,08
2017	2 597	431,39
2018	2 993	487,54
2019	2 914	465,41

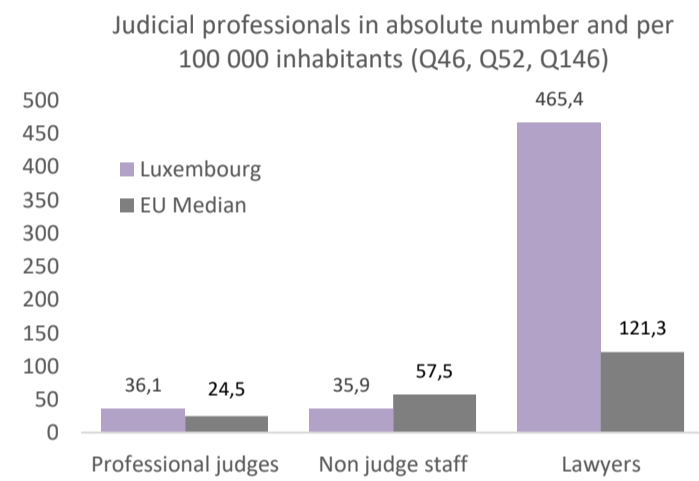


In 2019, there are 2 914 lawyers, which is -2,6% less than in 2018.

This data of 465,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	226	36,10	24,48
Non judge staff	225	35,94	57,49
Lawyers	2 914	465,41	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 8 300 000 € (13,3 € per capita).

Data on implemented budget is not yet available, as the regulation of the general account for the financial year is voted and generally published in December of the year following the financial year in question.

The budget allocated for legal aid covers legal aid for all matters (criminal or not) and types of cases (litigious or not). However, the budget does not distinguish a specific amount of legal aid available per matter or type of case.

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid cannot be carried out in respect of criminal and other than criminal cases, as well as cases brought to court and cases not brought to court.

In Luxembourg, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):		

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants do not have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Generally, it is not necessary to pay a tax or fees to start a proceeding before an ordinary court. It may be, however, that one of the parties be ordered to pay the costs and expenses but the amount of this type of sentences is very low (a few euros).

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

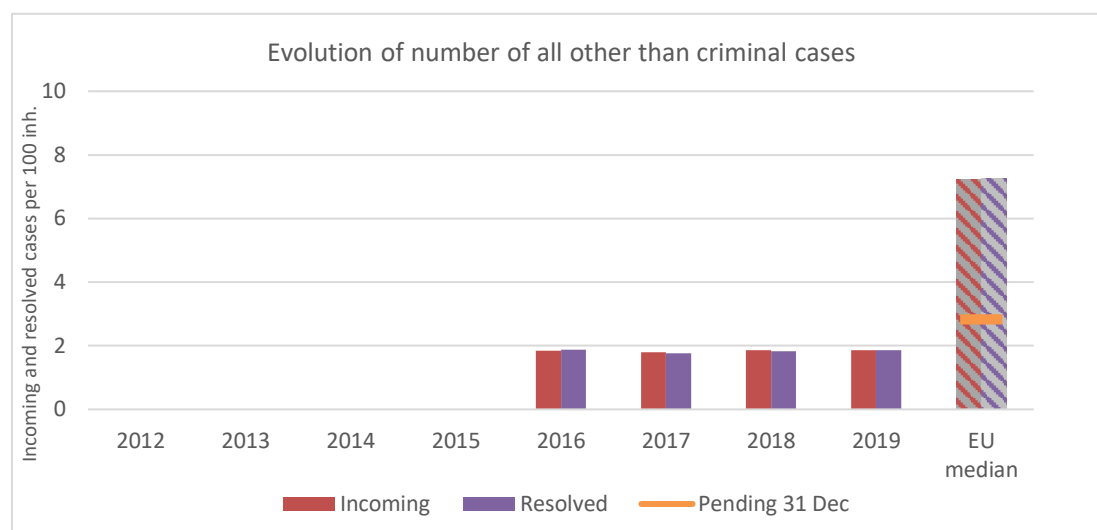
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

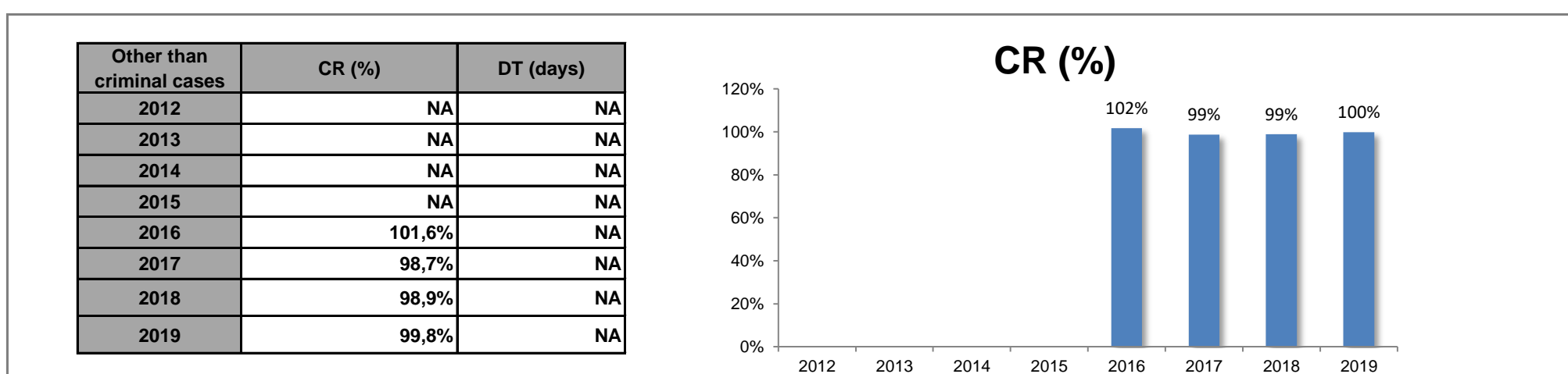
First instance cases

- *Total other than criminal cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Luxembourg (1,86 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 (1,85 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly below the EU median (7,27 per 100 inhabitants).

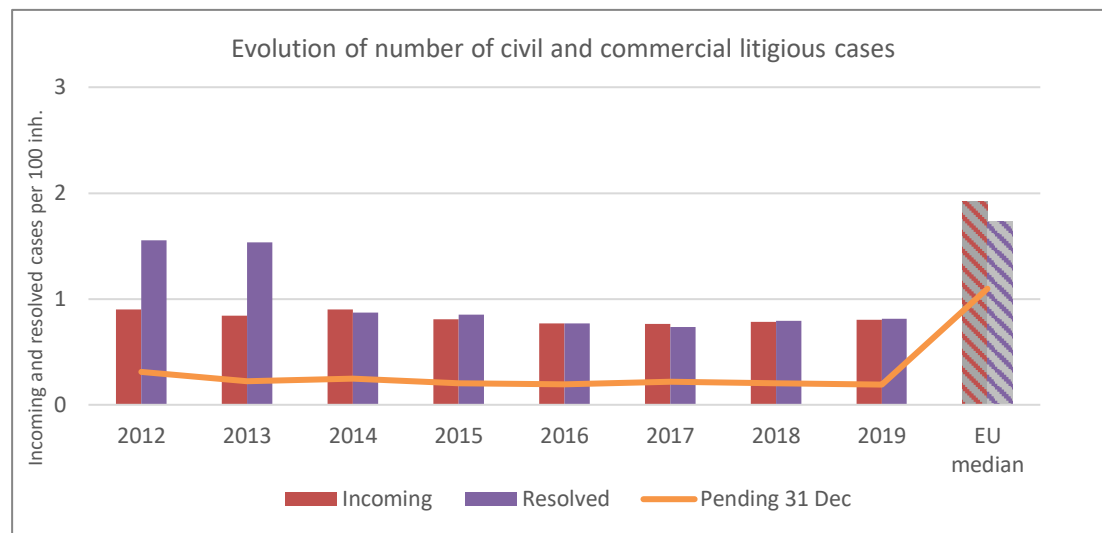


With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,8% in 2019 Luxembourg seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,0 points.

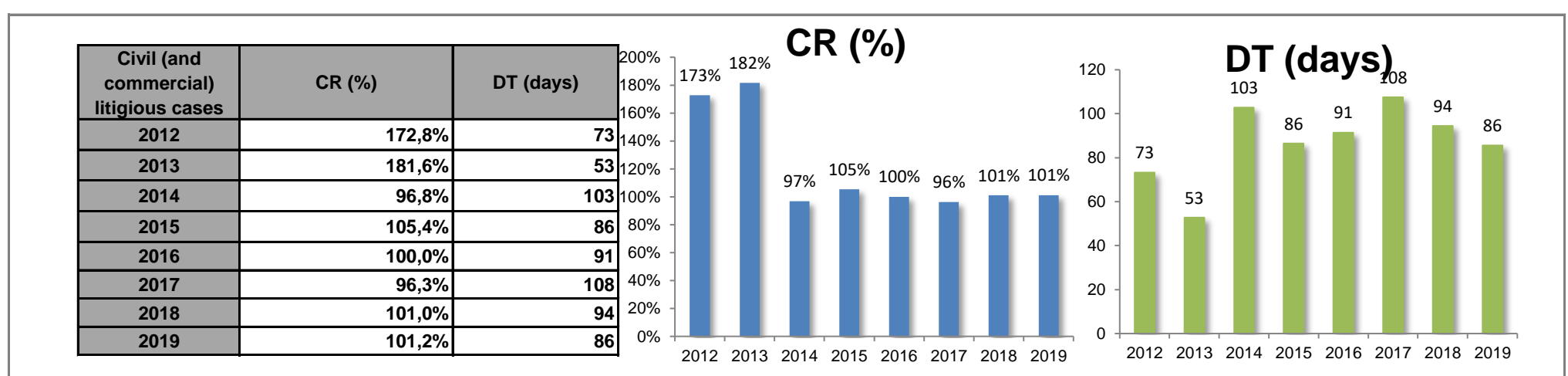
The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Luxembourg (0,80 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 0,81 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 1,73 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,19 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly below the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,2% in 2019, Luxembourg seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

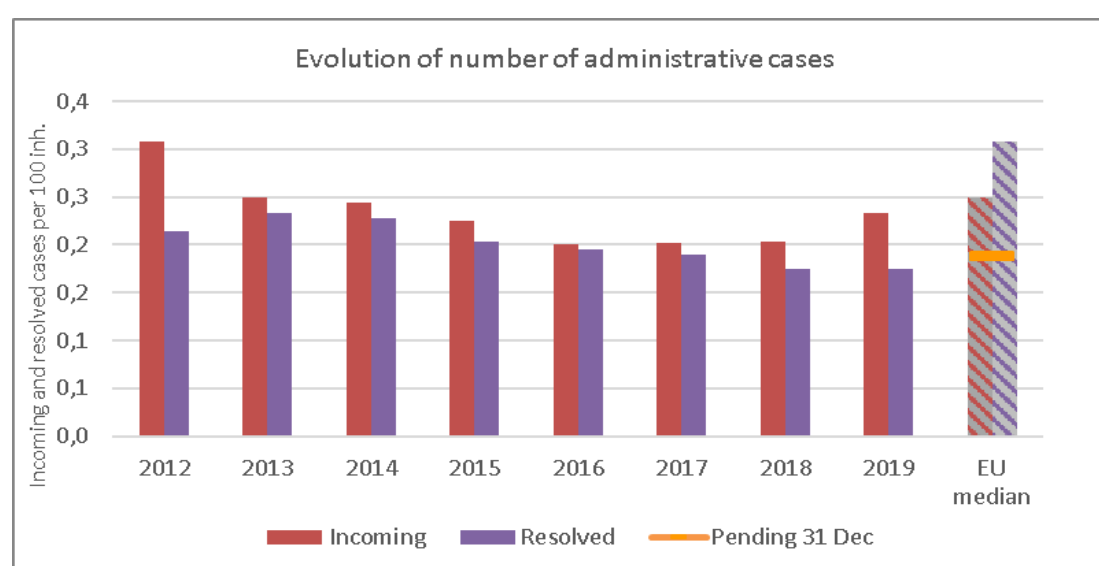
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,2 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 86 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 213 days.

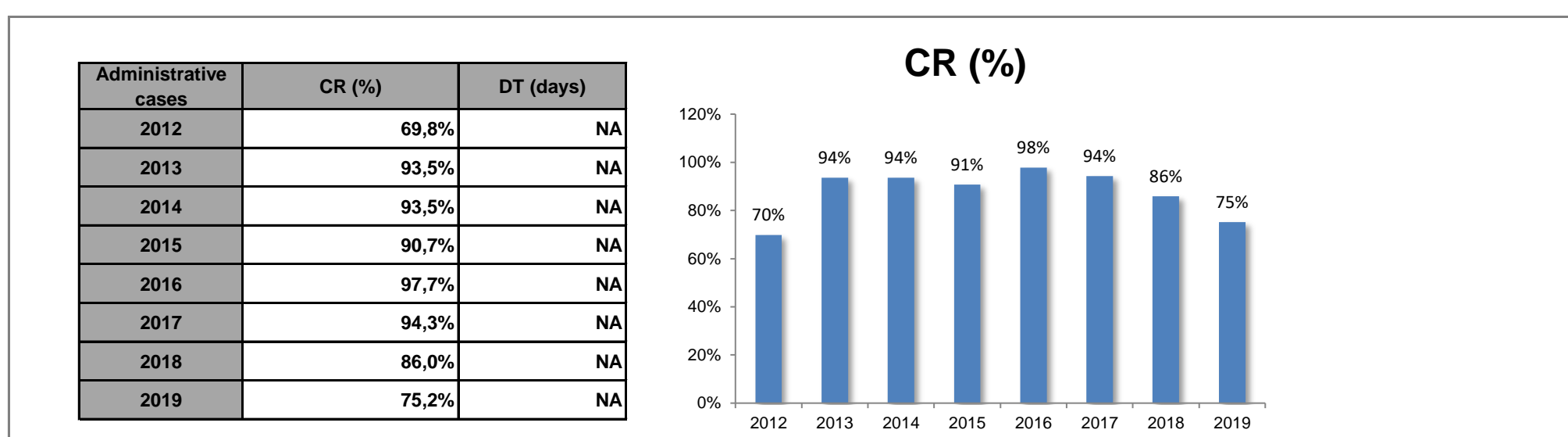
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -9,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Luxembourg (0,23 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Luxembourg (0,17 per 100 inhabitants) is also below the EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants).



For 2019 the Clearance Rate has been calculated at 75,2%.

Nevertheless, it should be highlighted that in Luxembourg data for pending administrative law cases at first instance is not available. In fact, the statistical tool incorporated in the administrative court's "JANGA" database does not currently allow for the exact production of the number of pending cases. An update of this database is planned in the near future, which should significantly improve the reliability of the mentioned statistical tool.

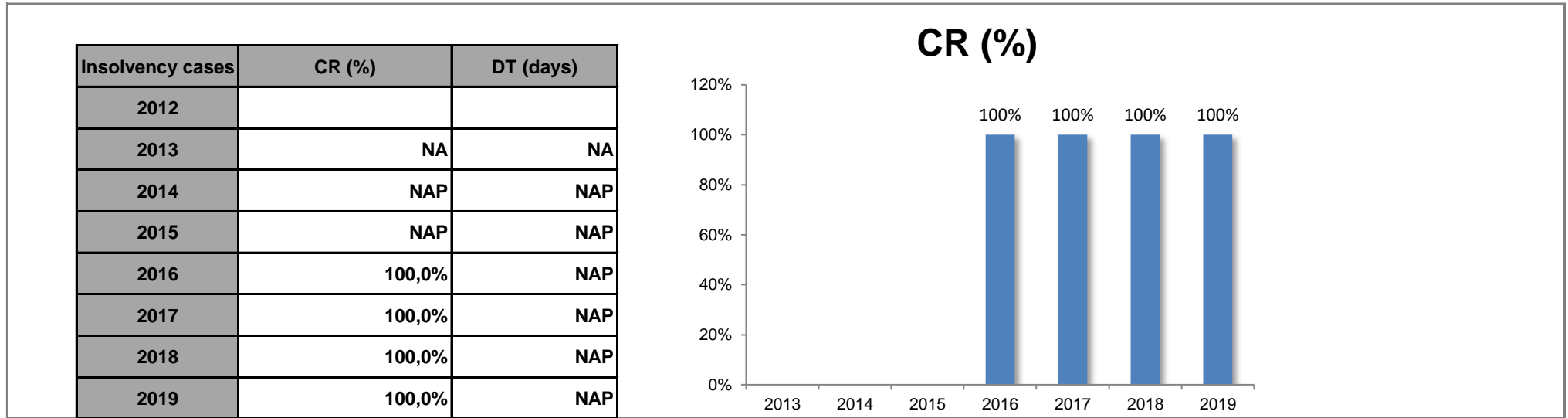
Accordingly, the evaluation of efficiency cannot be complete. It is true that the CR in respect of first instance administrative law cases is rather low which would suggest that there are issues with the efficiency for these cases. However, this should not be a big problem since absolute number of incoming cases for 2019 is 1 456, while the number of resolved cases is 1 095.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -10,7 points.

The Disposition Time of the administrative cases cannot be calculated.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Insolvency

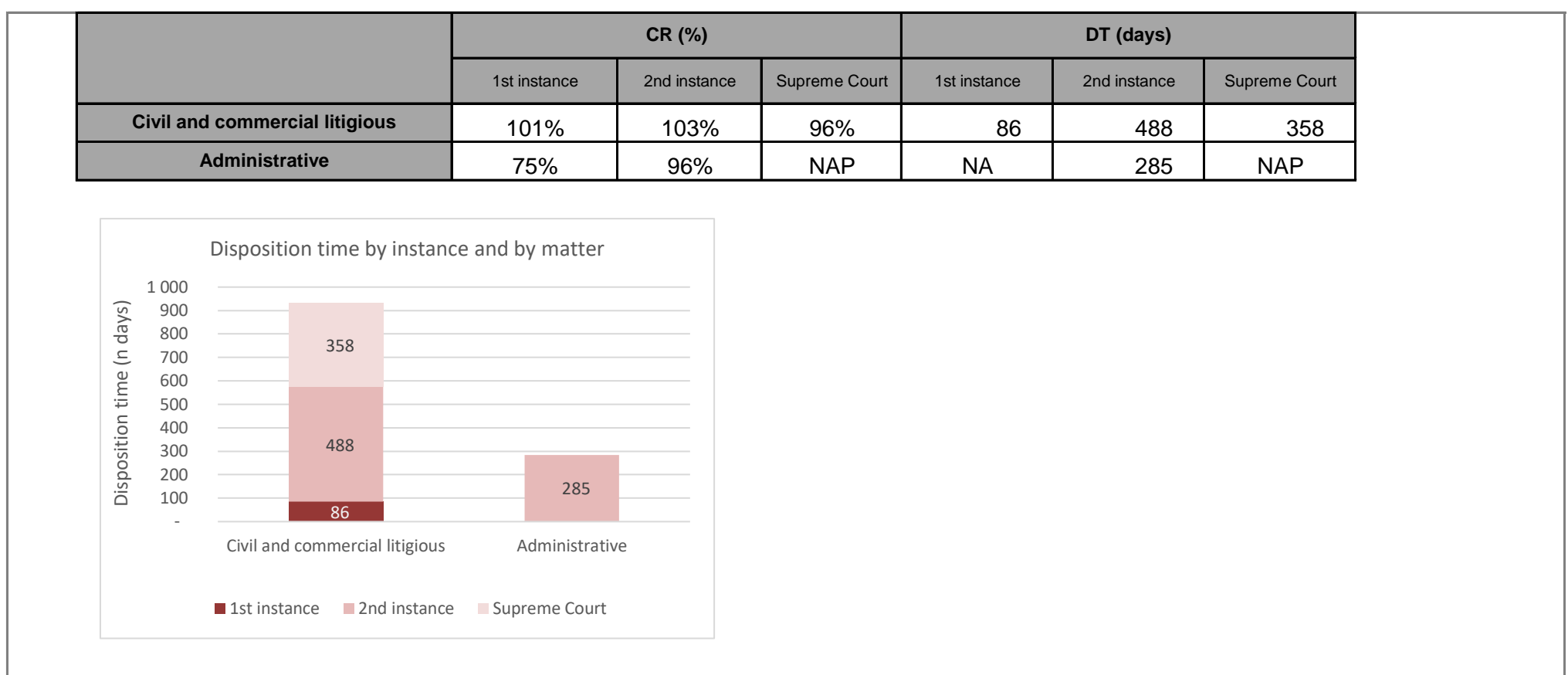


The Clearance Rate was calculated at 100,0% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Luxembourg seemsto be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has been stable.

In Luxembourg there are no pending cases in insolvency matters and no backlogs, the system being able to resolve all incoming cases without any delay.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



In respect of civil and commercial litigious cases, the first instance courts are the most efficient instance with a Disposition Time well below the EU median of 213 days. On the other hand, the Court of appeal is characterised by the highest Disposition Time which is meaningfully above the EU median of 175 days. As to the Court of cassation, its Disposition Time is also significantly above the EU median of 217 days. It should be noticed that pending cases at the beginning of the year at second and third instances have been restated in relation to those available at the time of the 2018-2020 evaluation cycle. The introduction of a new case management application at the Court of appeal and the Court of cassation (JUCIV) has made it possible to identify a number of cases, still listed as pending, which were in fact completed.

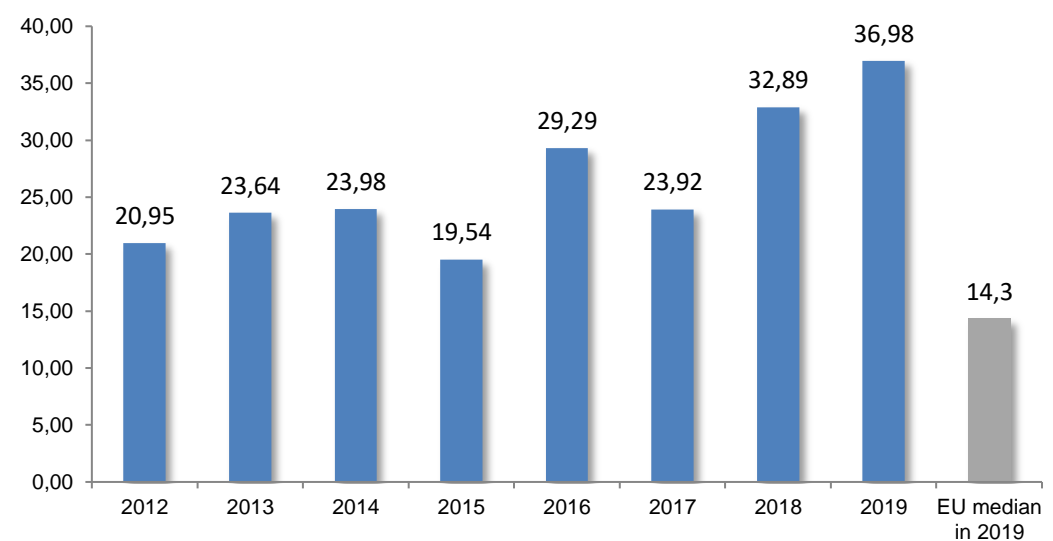
Concerning administrative matters, the Disposition Time can be calculated only with regard to the Administrative court of appeal and it is considerably lower than the DT concerning the Court of appeal of the Superior Court of Justice. Besides, this indicator is below the EU median of 329 days.

● **Alternative dispute resolutions**

The judicial system in Luxembourg provides court related mediation.

The court related mediation system in Luxembourg does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	110	20,95
2013	130	23,64
2014	135	23,98
2015	110	19,54
2016	173	29,29
2017	144	23,92
2018	198	32,89
2019	227	36,98



In 2019, there are 227 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 37,0 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about 14,6%.

The figures provided represent the total number of accredited mediators (in civil, commercial and criminal matters) without taking into account mediators who have ceased their activity.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	49	8
Consumer cases	NA	NA

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

The report is public and available in its integrity.

<https://justice.public.lu/dam-assets/fr/publications/rapport-activites-judiciaires/Rapports-juridictions-judiciaires-2019.pdf>

A condensed version is published in the series "Les chiffres de la Justice".

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- costs of the judicial procedures
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

More precisely, no regular system has been implemented up to today. However, a monitoring can be done through the statistical service of the judiciary (SSJ) on an punctual basis and upon request by the competent authorities.

In Luxembourg, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

Although the technically correct answer is "no", the Judiciary edits every year an annual report on its activities during the previous year. This reports is available to the public (report 2019, see <https://justice.public.lu/dam-assets/fr/publications/rapport-activites-judiciaires/Rapports-juridictions-judiciaires-2019.pdf>).

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) does not exist and performance and quality indicators are not defined at the court level.

The figures presented by the SSJ within the annual report are used on a regular basis to allocate (and ask for) means to the courts and prosecutorial services.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

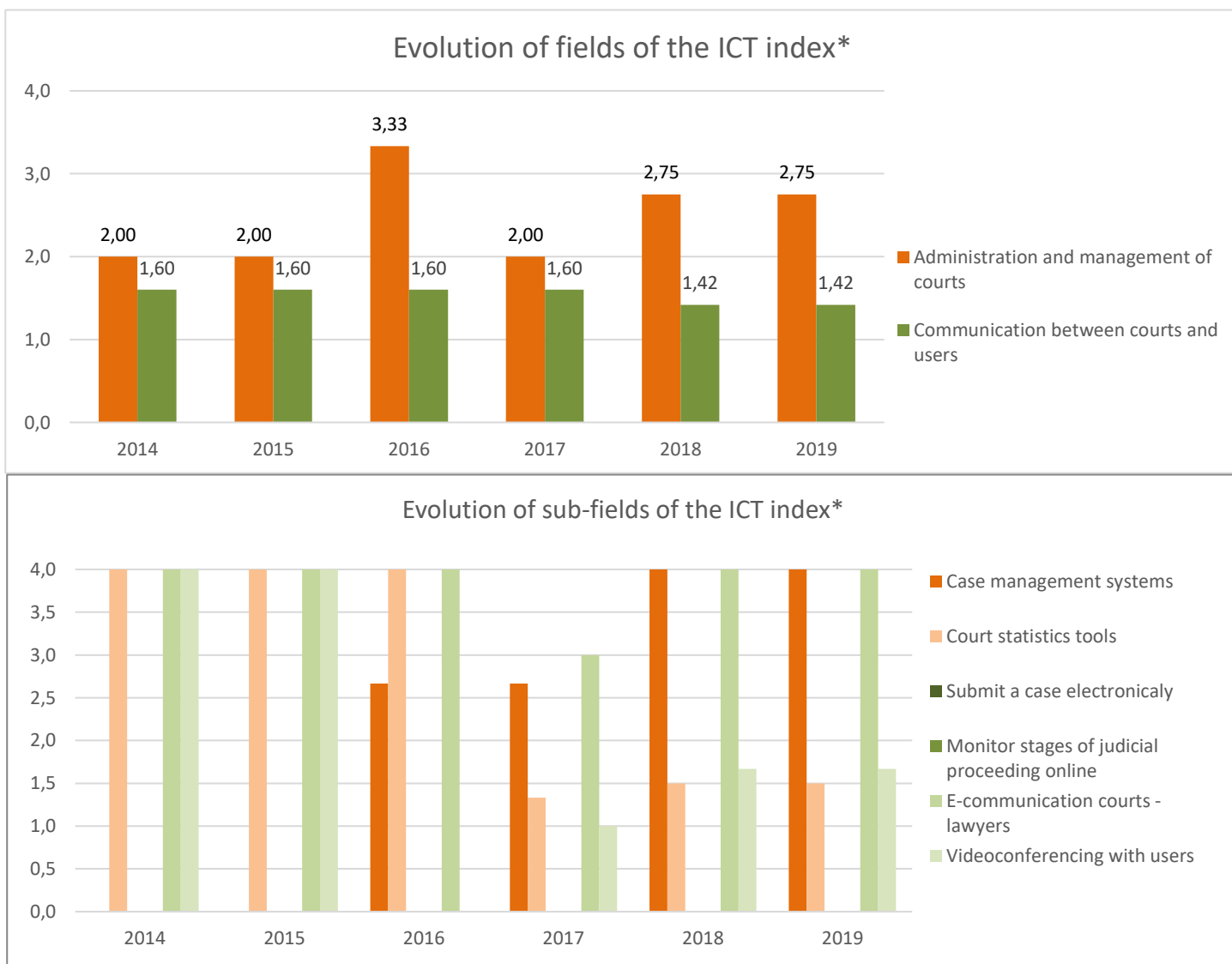
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	2,8
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	1,5
◦ Communication between court and users.	1,4
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	0,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	0,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	1,7

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



All magistrates and clerks have access to writing assistance tools, however not the entire scope of documents is covered, as the possibility to use free text is essential to the work of the judiciary. Administrative courts have been provided with a new application in 2018.

As to the voice recording tools, the use of private dictation applications is tolerated, but is not in general use.

Statistical data

The centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the General Prosecutor's Office of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg (Cité Judiciaire, CR building, L - 2080 Luxembourg). The Statistical Service of Justice (SSJ) is attached to the Public Prosecutor's Office.

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet

The report is public and available in its integrity.

<https://justice.public.lu/dam-assets/fr/publications/rapport-activites-judiciaires/Rapports-juridictions-judiciaires-2019.pdf>

A condensed version is published in the series "Les chiffres de la Justice".

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	19,3%	4,8%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%	1,9%	2,0%	2,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	83 600 €	83 400 €	88 500 €	88 500 €	90 700 €	92 026 €	95 943 €	101 446 €	21,3%	-0,2%	6,1%	0,0%	2,5%	1,5%	4,3%	5,7%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	124 017 268	131 444 869	131 444 869	135 877 524	149 652 235	153 865 546	162 949 120	187 172 836	50,9%	6,0%	0,0%	3,4%	10,1%	2,8%	5,9%	14,9%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	19,3%	4,8%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%	1,9%	2,0%	2,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	83 600 €	83 400 €	88 500 €	88 500 €	90 700 €	92 026 €	95 943 €	101 446 €	21,3%	-0,2%	6,1%	0,0%	2,5%	1,5%	4,3%	5,7%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	124 017 268	131 444 869	131 444 869	135 877 524	149 652 235	153 865 546	162 949 120	187 172 836	50,9%	0 €	0,0%	3,4%	10,1%	2,8%	5,9%	14,9%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	NA	NA	150 885 948	159 733 252	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	5,9%	-	-

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	19,3%	4,8%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%	1,9%	2,0%	2,0%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	124 017 268	131 444 869	131 444 869	135 877 524	149 652 235	153 865 546	162 949 120	187 172 836	50,9%	6,0%	0,0%	3,4%	10,1%	2,8%	5,9%	14,9%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	19,3%	4,8%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%	1,9%	2,0%	2,0%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	13	23	-	2	13	13	13	13	0,0%	76,9%	-	-	550,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	2	2	2	NAP	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	3	3	3	NAP	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	2	5	2	NAP	2	2	2	2	0,0%	150,0%	-60,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	3	3	3	NAP	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Number of military courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	19,3%	4,8%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%	1,9%	2,0%	2,0%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5 072	5 007	1 218	1 382	1 137	1 136	1 306	1 256	-75,2%	-1,3%	-75,7%	13,5%	-17,7%	-0,1%	15,0%	-3,8%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	1 646	1 440	1 314	1 319	-	-	-	-	-	-12,5%	-8,8%	0,4%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	1 646	1 440	1 314	1 319	-	-	-	-	-	-12,5%	-8,8%	0,4%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 911	10 776	11 379	11 620	-	-	-	-	-	-1,2%	5,6%	2,1%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 718	4 643	5 074	4 555	4 533	4 604	4 807	5 038	6,8%	-1,6%	9,3%	-10,2%	-0,5%	1,6%	4,4%	4,8%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	5 195	4 959	5 326	5 126	-	-	-	-	-	-4,5%	7,4%	-3,8%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	937	948	NAP	NAP	1 111	987	1 031	1 047	11,7%	1,2%	-	-	-	-11,2%	4,5%	1,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	4 084	3 972	4 295	4 079	-	-	-	-	-	-2,7%	8,1%	-5,0%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1 615	1 372	1 372	1 264	1 183	1 213	1 246	1 456	-9,8%	-15,0%	0,0%	-7,9%	-6,4%	2,5%	2,7%	16,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	11 091	10 637	11 249	11 602	-	-	-	-	-	-4,1%	5,8%	3,1%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 155	8 432	4 910	4 800	4 534	4 434	4 857	5 098	-37,5%	3,4%	-41,8%	-2,2%	-5,5%	-2,2%	9,5%	5,0%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	5 401	5 059	5 321	5 342	-	-	-	-	-	-6,3%	5,2%	0,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	937	948	1 044	1 104	1 111	987	1 031	1 047	11,7%	1,2%	10,1%	5,7%	0,6%	-11,2%	4,5%	1,6%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	4 290	4 072	4 290	4 295	-	-	-	-	-	-5,1%	5,4%	0,1%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 127	1 283	1 283	1 146	1 156	1 144	1 071	1 095	-2,8%	13,8%	0,0%	-10,7%	0,9%	-1,0%	-6,4%	2,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 635	1 218	1 382	1 137	1 136	1 306	1 256	1 196	-26,9%	-25,5%	13,5%	-17,7%	-0,1%	15,0%	-3,8%	-4,8%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	1 440	1 341	1 319	1 103	-	-	-	-	-	-6,9%	-1,6%	-16,4%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	1 440	1 341	1 319	1 103	-	-	-	-	-	-6,9%	-1,6%	-16,4%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	3 700	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	101,6%	98,7%	98,9%	99,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-2,9%	0,1%	1,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	172,8%	181,6%	96,8%	105,4%	100,0%	96,3%	101,0%	101,2%	-41,5%	5,1%	-46,7%	8,9%	-5,1%	-3,7%	4,9%	0,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	104,0%	102,0%	99,9%	104,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-1,9%	-2,1%	4,3%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,0%	100,0%	NAP	NAP	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	105,0%	102,5%	99,9%	105,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-2,4%	-2,6%	5,4%
CR Administrative law cases	69,8%	93,5%	93,5%	90,7%	97,7%	94,3%	86,0%	75,2%	7,8%	34,0%	0,0%	-3,0%	7,8%	-3,5%	-8,9%	-12,5%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	73	53	103	86	91	108	94	86	17,0%	-28,0%	94,9%	-15,8%	5,8%	17,6%	-12,2%	-9,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	97	97	90	75	-	-	-	-	-	-0,6%	-6,5%	-16,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	123	120	112	94	-	-	-	-	-	-1,9%	-6,6%	-16,5%
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	782	631	663	737	-	-	-	-	-	-19,3%	5,1%	11,2%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	498	617	668	1 070	-	-	-	-	-	23,9%	8,3%	60,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	2 343	NA	1 726	1 670	1 455	1 308	1 434	1 367	-41,7%	-	-	-3,2%	-12,9%	-10,1%	9,6%	-4,7%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NAP	912	915	988	1 086	1 227	-	-	-	-	0,3%	8,0%	9,9%	13,0%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	434	589	794	649	586	594	1 043	-	-	35,7%	34,8%	-18,3%	-9,7%	1,4%	75,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	1 824	1 606	1 901	1 826	1 735	1 743	1 698	1 625	-10,9%	-12,0%	18,4%	-3,9%	-5,0%	0,5%	-2,6%	-4,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 029	1 058	869	NAP	915	988	1 086	1 227	19,2%	2,8%	-17,9%	-	-	8,0%	9,9%	13,0%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	631	663	737	764	-	-	-	-	-	5,1%	11,2%	3,7%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	130,3%	95,0%	88,9%	97,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-27,1%	-6,4%	9,6%
CR Employment dismissal cases	77,8%	NA	110,1%	109,3%	119,2%	133,3%	118,4%	118,9%	52,7%	-	-	-0,7%	9,1%	11,8%	-11,1%	0,4%
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	355	413	453	267	-	-	-	-	-	16,4%	9,7%	-41,0%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 483	1 836	1 993	2 111	2 111	2 033	1 814	1 683	13,5%	23,8%	8,6%	5,9%	0,0%	-3,7%	-10,8%	-7,2%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	91	170	170	168	157	153	161	154	69,2%	86,8%	0,0%	-1,2%	-6,5%	-2,5%	5,2%	-4,3%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 269	1 296	1 259	1 283	1 265	1 202	1 125	1 197	-5,7%	2,1%	-2,9%	1,9%	-1,4%	-5,0%	-6,4%	6,4%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	292	348	348	273	241	286	246	218	-25,3%	19,2%	0,0%	-21,6%	-11,7%	18,7%	-14,0%	-11,4%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 312	1 335	1 092	1 283	1 343	1 421	1 290	1 232	-6,1%	1,8%	-18,2%	17,5%	4,7%	5,8%	-9,2%	-4,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	214	350	350	284	245	278	253	209	-2,3%	63,6%	0,0%	-18,9%	-13,7%	13,5%	-9,0%	-17,4%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 836	1 823	2 160	2 111	2 033	1 814	1 649	1 648	-10,2%	-0,7%	18,5%	-2,3%	-3,7%	-10,8%	-9,1%	-0,1%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	170	168	168	157	153	161	154	163	-4,1%	-1,2%	0,0%	-6,5%	-2,5%	5,2%	-4,3%	5,8%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	103,4%	103,0%	86,7%	100,0%	106,2%	118,2%	114,7%	102,9%	-0,4%	-0,4%	-15,8%	15,3%	6,2%	11,4%	-3,0%	-10,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	73,3%	100,6%	100,6%	104,0%	101,7%	97,2%	102,8%	95,9%	30,8%	37,2%	0,0%	3,4%	-2,3%	-4,4%	5,8%	-6,8%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	511	498	722	601	553	466	467	488	-4,4%	-2,4%	44,9%	-16,8%	-8,0%	-15,7%	0,1%	4,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	290	175	175	202	228	211	222	285	-1,8%	-39,6%	0,0%	15,2%	13,0%	-7,3%	5,1%	28,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	81	-	NA	70	81	81	109	104	28,4%	-	-	-	15,7%	0,0%	34,6%	-4,6%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	70	81	81	109	104	-	-	-	-	15,7%	0,0%	34,6%	-4,6%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	111	-	NA	114	107	128	107	116	4,5%	-	-	-	-6,1%	19,6%	-16,4%	8,4%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	114	107	128	107	116	-	-	-	-	-6,1%	19,6%	-16,4%	8,4%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	69	-	100	103	107	100	102	111	60,9%	-	-	3,0%	3,9%	-6,5%	2,0%	8,8%

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	100	103	107	100	102	111	-	-	-	3,0%	3,9%	-6,5%	2,0%	8,8%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	91	-	NA	81	81	109	114	109	19,8%	-	-	-	0,0%	34,6%	4,6%	-4,4%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	81	81	109	114	109	-	-	-	-	0,0%	34,6%	4,6%	-4,4%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	62,2%	-	NA	90,4%	100,0%	78,1%	95,3%	95,7%	53,9%	-	-	-	10,7%	-21,9%	22,0%	0,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	90,4%	100,0%	78,1%	95,3%	95,7%	-	-	-	-	10,7%	-21,9%	22,0%	0,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	481	-	NA	287	276	398	408	358	-25,5%	-	-	-	-3,7%	44,0%	2,5%	-12,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	287	276	398	408	358	-	-	-	-	-3,7%	44,0%	2,5%	-12,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts																
Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)																
81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No		
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No		
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No		
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)										
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	No	NAP	NAP
--	---	---	---	---	-----	----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	19,3%	4,8%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%	1,9%	2,0%	2,0%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	3 500 000	3 000 000	3 000 000	3 500 000	4 000 000	6 000 000	7 500 000	8 300 000	137,1%	-14,3%	0,0%	16,7%	14,3%	50,0%	25,0%	10,7%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	6 805 606	9 114 644	6 572 492	NA	-	-	-	-	-	33,9%	-27,9%	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	No	NAP	NAP

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes	
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Not connected at all	: connected at all	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							NA	NA	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							NA	NA	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							No	No	
63-7.1 workload of judges									
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors									
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff									
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							No	0	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	0	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	0	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	0	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	0	

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	0									

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																		
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means								No	No									
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial																		
064-2 - Criminal																		
064-2 - Administrative																		
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil								No	0									
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal								No	0									
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative								No	0									
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil								No	0									
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal								No	0									Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative								No	0									
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil								No	0									
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal								No	0									
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative								No	0									
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means								No	No									
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil								No	0									
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal								No	0									
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative								No	0									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil								No	0									

- Civil - Equipment rate
- Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
- Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
- Civil - SMS
- Civil - E-mail
- Civil - Specific computer application
- Civil - Other

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	0									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	0									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	0									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	0									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	0									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							not accessible at all	accessible at all									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							NA	NA
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							NA	NA
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							NA	NA
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							NA	NA
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							FALSE	FALSE

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Both	Video										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							FALSE	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	No
064-3 - Equipment rate								
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	0
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							No	0
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	0
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	0

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No									

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%											100%
064-7 - Email								Yes											Yes
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes											Yes
064-7 - Other								No											No
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No											No
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%											100%
064-7 - Email								Yes											Yes
064-7 - Specific computer application								No											No
064-7 - Other								No											No
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No											No

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								No	No										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	NAP										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	NAP										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	NAP										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								No	No										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	NAP										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	NAP										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	NAP										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																			
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system								No	No										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes								No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Workload								No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources								No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Costs								No	0										
065-4 - Impact on Other								No	0										

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																			
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation								No	No										

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional	Optional

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																	
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																	
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	110	130	135	110	173	144	198	227	106,4%	18,2%	3,8%	-18,5%	57,3%	-16,8%	37,5%	14,6%	

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	68	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-27,9%
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									

Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)

Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)

165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	No	No	No	-	No	No	

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	19,3%	4,8%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%	1,9%	2,0%	2,0%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	179	180	184	183	187	198	222	226	26,3%	0,6%	2,2%	-0,5%	2,2%	5,9%	12,1%	1,8%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	139	139	143	142	143	146	168	170	22,3%	0,0%	2,9%	-0,7%	0,7%	2,1%	15,1%	1,2%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	NA	NA	37	37	40	47	49	51	-	-	-	0,0%	8,1%	17,5%	4,3%	4,1%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	40	41	4	4	4	5	5	5	-87,5%	2,5%	-90,2%	0,0%	0,0%	25,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	NA	63	65	64	66	70	71	71	-	-	3,2%	-1,5%	3,1%	6,1%	1,4%	0,0%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	NA	46	49	48	49	47	50	50	-	-	6,5%	-2,0%	2,1%	-4,1%	6,4%	0,0%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	14	14	13	19	17	17	-	-	-	0,0%	-7,1%	46,2%	-10,5%	0,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	17	2	2	4	4	4	4	-	-	-88,2%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	NA	117	119	119	121	128	151	155	-	-	1,7%	0,0%	1,7%	5,8%	18,0%	2,6%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	NA	93	94	94	94	99	118	120	-	-	1,1%	0,0%	0,0%	5,3%	19,2%	1,7%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	23	23	27	28	32	34	-	-	-	0,0%	17,4%	3,7%	14,3%	6,3%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	24	2	2	0	1	1	1	-	-	-91,7%	0,0%	-100,0%	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	NA	198	196	197	200	200	220	225	-	-	-1,0%	0,5%	1,5%	0,0%	10,0%	2,3%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NA	192	132	129	131	191	210	215	-	-	-31,3%	-2,3%	1,6%	45,8%	9,9%	2,4%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	5	63	67	66	6	3	3	-	-	1160,0%	6,3%	-1,5%	-90,9%	-50,0%	0,0%

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	200,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	79	78	85	75	84	82	-	-	-	-1,3%	9,0%	-11,8%	12,0%	-2,4%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	58	56	59	69	77	75	-	-	-	-3,4%	5,4%	16,9%	11,6%	-2,6%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	20	21	23	3	2	2	-	-	-	5,0%	9,5%	-87,0%	-33,3%	0,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	1	1	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	0,0%	200,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	120	117	119	115	125	136	143	-	-	-2,5%	1,7%	-3,4%	8,7%	8,8%	5,1%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	117	74	73	72	122	133	140	-	-	-36,8%	-1,4%	-1,4%	69,4%	9,0%	5,3%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	3	43	46	43	3	1	1	-	-	1333,3%	7,0%	-6,5%	-93,0%	-66,7%	0,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)																
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)																
Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	19,3%	4,8%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%	1,9%	2,0%	2,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	2 020	2 203	2 180	2 323	2 381	2 597	2 993	2 914	44,3%	9,1%	-1,0%	6,6%	2,5%	9,1%	15,2%	-2,6%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	NA	198	196	197	200	200	220	225	-	-	-1,0%	0,5%	1,5%	0,0%	10,0%	2,3%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NA	192	132	129	131	191	210	215	-	-	-31,3%	-2,3%	1,6%	45,8%	9,9%	2,4%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	5	63	67	66	6	3	3	-	-	1160,0%	6,3%	-1,5%	-90,9%	-50,0%	0,0%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	200,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	79	78	85	75	84	82	-	-	-	-1,3%	9,0%	-11,8%	12,0%	-2,4%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	58	56	59	69	77	75	-	-	-	-3,4%	5,4%	16,9%	11,6%	-2,6%

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	20	21	23	3	2	2	-	-	-	5,0%	9,5%	-87,0%	-33,3%	0,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	1	1	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	0,0%	200,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	120	117	119	115	125	136	143	-	-	-2,5%	1,7%	-3,4%	8,7%	8,8%	5,1%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	117	74	73	72	122	133	140	-	-	-36,8%	-1,4%	-1,4%	69,4%	9,0%	5,3%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	3	43	46	43	3	1	1	-	-	1333,3%	7,0%	-6,5%	-93,0%	-66,7%	0,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	

Luxembourg (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations						
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)															
Judges							No	No							
Prosecutors							No	No							
Non-judge staff							No	No							
Lawyers							No	No							
Notaries							No	No							
Enforcement agents							No	No							
Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)															
Judges							No	No							
Prosecutors							No	No							
Non-judge staff							No	No							
Lawyers							No	No							
Notaries							No	No							
Enforcement agents							No	No							
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)															
National programme for gender equality							No	No							
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)															
In courts (judges)							Yes	Yes							
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							Yes	Yes							
For courts' non-judge staff							Yes	Yes							

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Malta

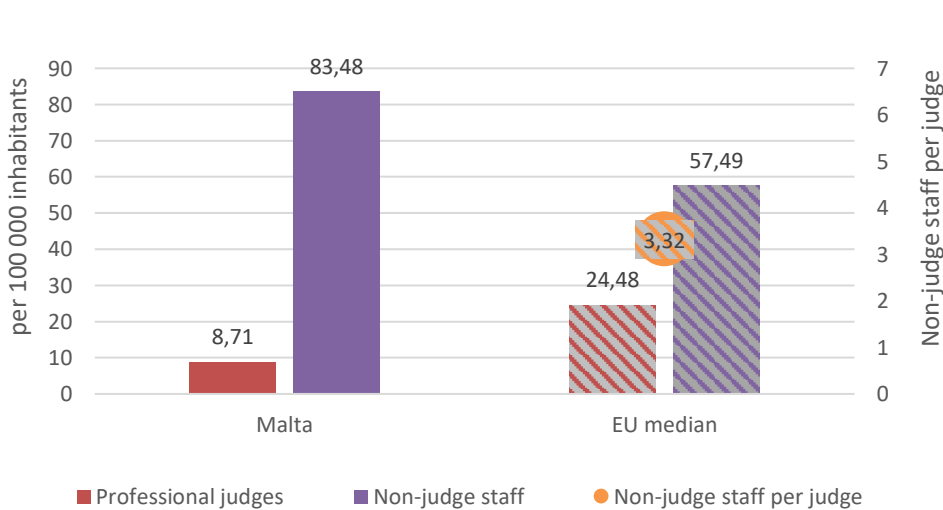
General data

Population: 493 559 **GDP:** 26 490 € **Average annual salary:** 19 590 €

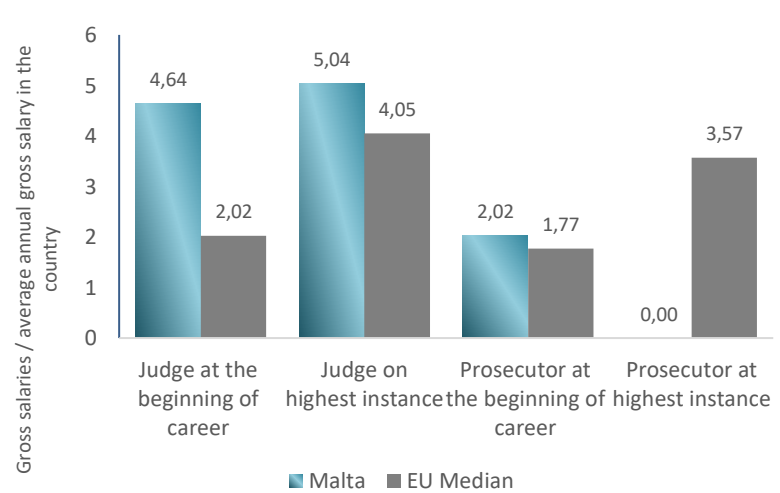
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
8,71	83,48	333,90	13,57
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

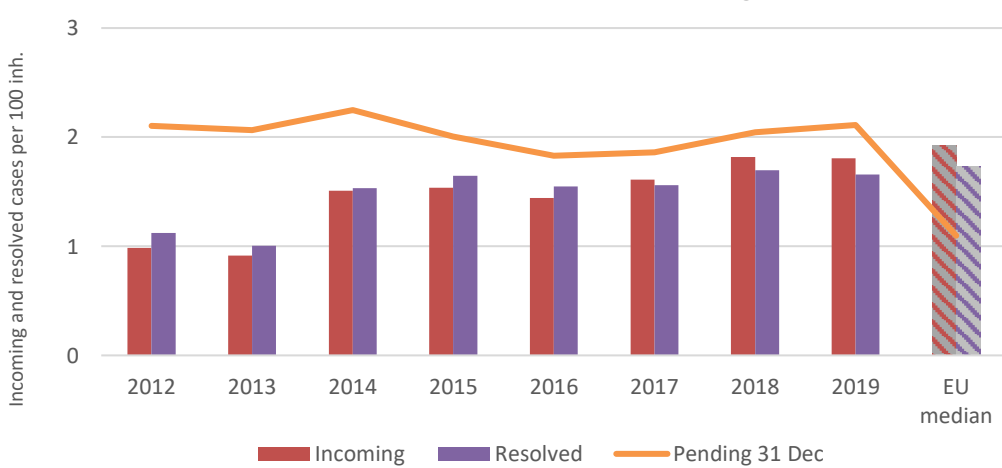


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

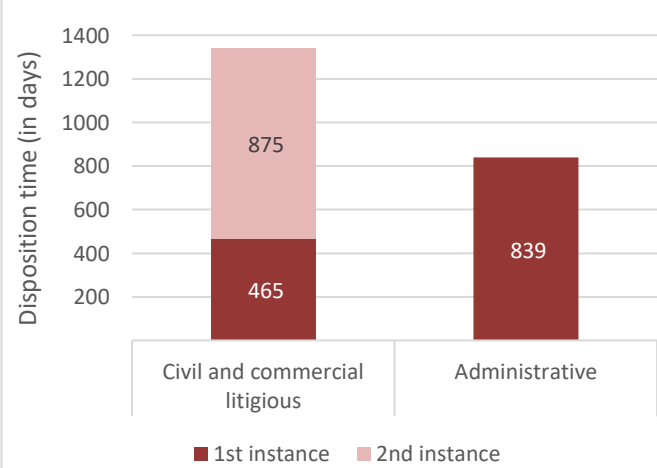


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

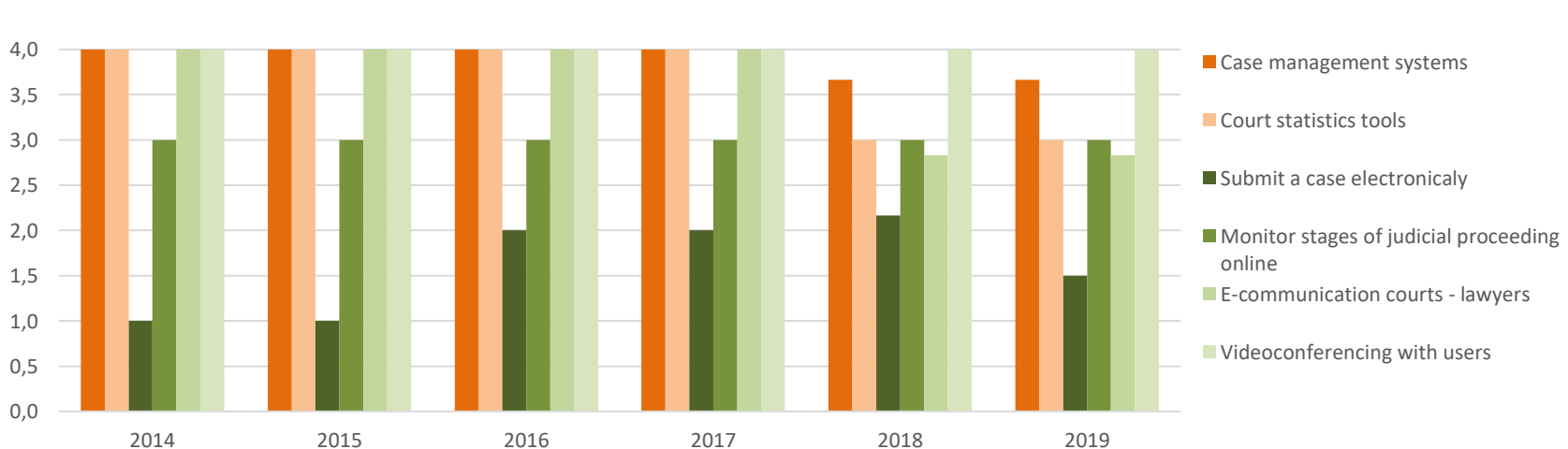


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Malta

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	16,8%	4,7%	3,3%	0,0%	3,8%
GDP per capita	16 417 €	16 831 €	18 525 €	21 469 €	22 664 €	23 778 €	25 556 €	26 490 €	61,4%	22,3%	12,8%	7,5%	3,7%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	15 536 €		16 082 €		17 261 €		19 036 €	19 590 €	26,1%	7,3%	10,3%		2,9%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	9,5	9,8	9,3	9,3	9,8	9,0	9,5	8,7	-8,0%	4,8%	-3,2%	4,7%	-7,9%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	85,2	105,0	88,5	87,3	83,2	82,8	86,8	83,5	-2,0%	-6,0%	4,3%	4,8%	-3,9%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	331,4	259,0	337,7	348,3	288,3	309,6	322,7	333,9	0,8%	-14,6%	11,9%	4,2%	3,5%
Mediators	16,3	16,1	13,9	13,5	14,3	14,5	14,1	13,6	-16,9%	3,4%	-1,8%	-2,9%	-3,6%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,985	0,916	1,511	1,535	1,443	1,609	1,816	1,805	83,3%	-4,5%	25,9%	12,9%	-0,6%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,667	0,639	0,816	NAP	NAP	NAP	-4,2%	27,7%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,082	0,1	0,0	0,017	0,020	0,017	0,031	0,026	-67,8%	-27,8%	58,0%	81,5%	-14,8%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	114%	110%	101%	107%	107%	97%	93%	92%	-22,02	6,01	-13,97	-3,63	-1,58
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	92%	108%	89%	NAP	NAP	NAP	16,12	-18,54
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	40%	40%	149%	411%	114%	147%	91%	121%	80,60	-34,30	-23,29	-55,76	29,61

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	685	750	536	445	432	435	440	465	-32,0%	-19,5%	1,9%	1,1%	5,8%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	33	3	46	NAP	NAP	NAP	-92,2%	1695,4%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	1 457	2 036	1 408	495	1 464	1 147	1 057	839	-42,4%	3,9%	-27,8%	-7,9%	-20,6%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,10	2,06	2,25	2,01	1,83	1,86	2,04	2,11	0,5%	-18,5%	11,6%	9,8%	3,3%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,06	0,00	0,09	NAP	NAP	NAP	-91,2%	1798,3%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,13	0,18	0,16	0,09	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,07	-44,3%	-42,2%	-9,1%	3,7%	-10,3%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	55%	68%	87%	96%	106%	118%	80%	112%	57,64	18,65	-25,87	-37,65	32,49
CR administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

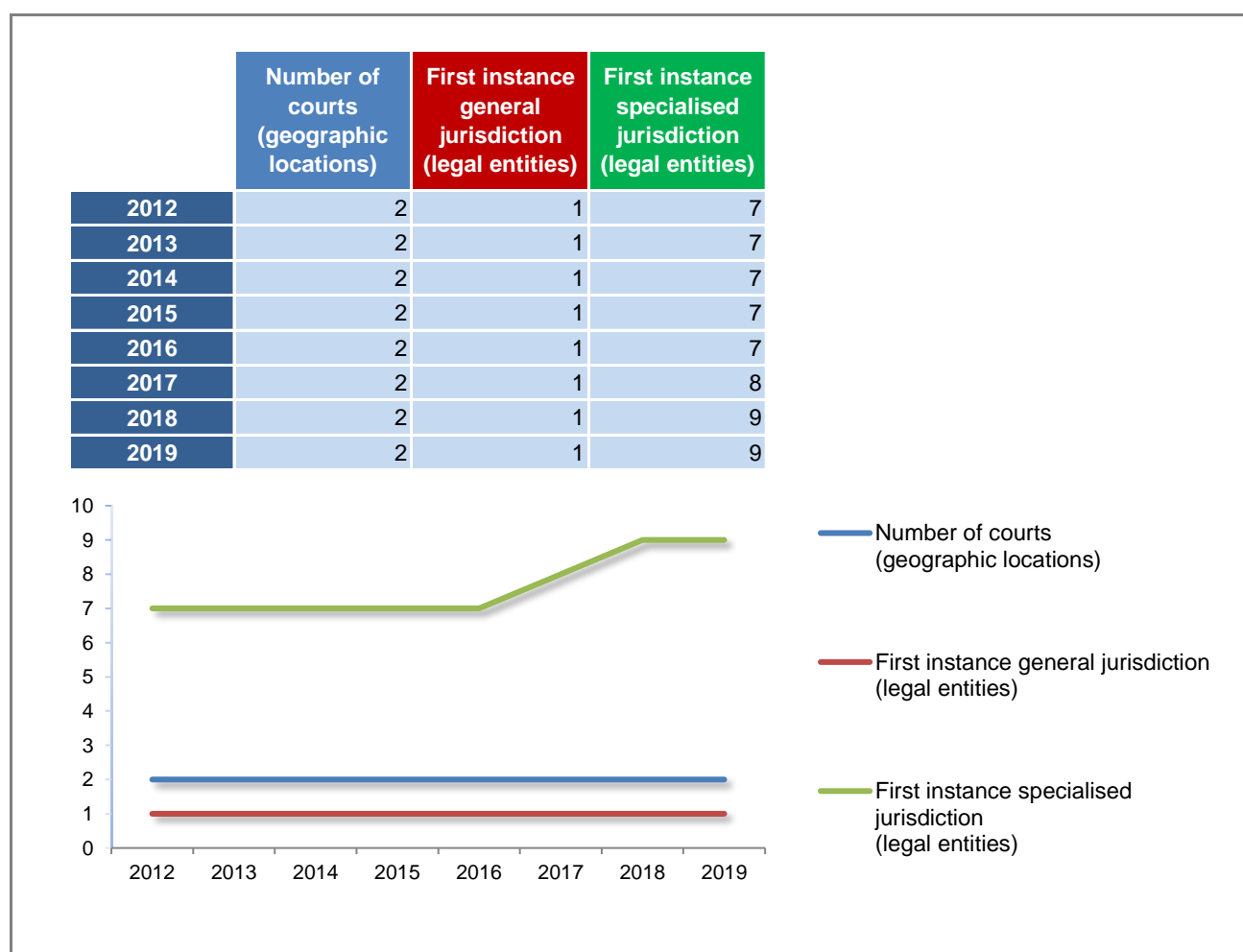
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	1 065	1 189	1 010	973	783	796	1 120	875	-17,9%	-22,4%	42,9%	40,7%	-21,8%

DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
------------------------------------	----	----	-----	-----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Malta

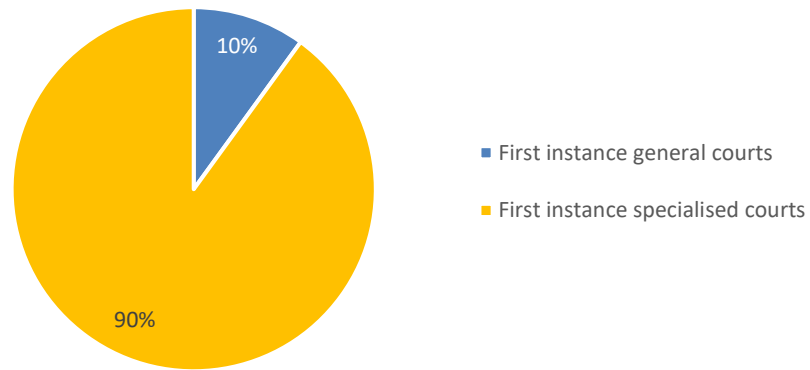
According to 2019 data, the 1st Instance Courts in Malta include general jurisdiction and specialised courts, tribunals and boards. There is one first instance court of general jurisdiction and nine (9) specialised first instance courts, namely the First Hall - Commercial Section, the First Hall - Family Court, the Rent Regulation Board, the Administrative Tribunal, the Court of First Instance, the Land Arbitration Board, the Rural Leases Control Board, the Small Claims Tribunal and the Court of Voluntary Jurisdiction.

In Malta there is no Supreme Court, the Court of Appeal being the Court of second instance. The Constitutional Court is presided over by the three judges who compose the Court of second instance also known as the Court of Appeal in its Superior Jurisdiction. It is interesting to notice that two judges presiding over the second instance courts also preside over the Civil Court, First Hall and the Family Court (which are specialised first instance courts).



In 2018, the Commercial Division was set up in order to hear cases filed under the Companies Act that include Insolvency cases. This new specialised first instance court is the reason behind the increase in the number of courts in 2018 and 2019.

Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts	
Total	9
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1
Insolvency courts	NAP
Labour courts	NAP
Family courts	1
Rent and tenancies courts	1
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP
Administrative courts	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP
Military courts	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	5

The courts referred to under 'Other specialised 1st Instance courts' include:

- The Civil Court, First Hall
- the Land Arbitration Board
- the Rural Leases Control Board
- the Small Claims Tribunal
- the Court of Voluntary Jurisdiction

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Malta

- **Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):**

Approved
138 885 600 €

Implemented:
168 342 346 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services



Most of the increase in the implemented budget lies in the expenditure of the Court Services Agency, the Prison system, the Police and the Refugee Services.

The "Other services" category includes:

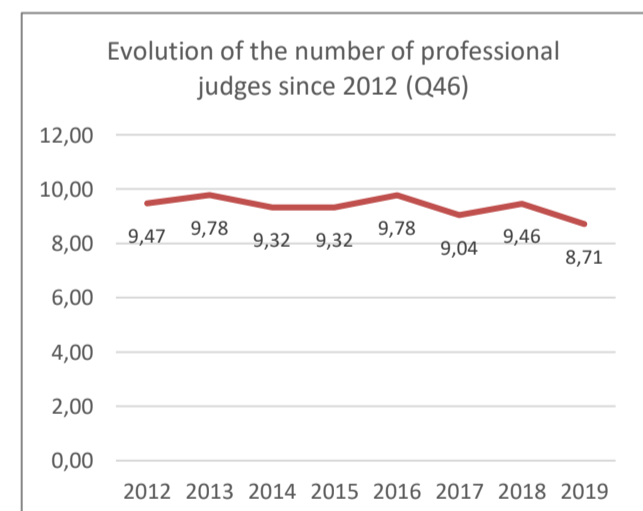
- the Asset Recovery Bureau
- the Malta Mediation Centre
- the Malta Arbitration Centre
- the Permanent Commission Against Corruption
- the Law Commissioner
- the Department of Justice

- **Human resources**

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	40	9,47	65,0%	35,0%
2013	42	9,78	64,3%	35,7%
2014	41	9,32	61,0%	39,0%
2015	42	9,32	57,1%	42,9%
2016	45	9,78	57,8%	42,2%
2017	43	9,04	53,5%	46,5%
2018	45	9,46	48,9%	51,1%
2019	43	8,71	44,2%	55,8%



According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Malta is 43 which is -4,4% less than in previous cycle.

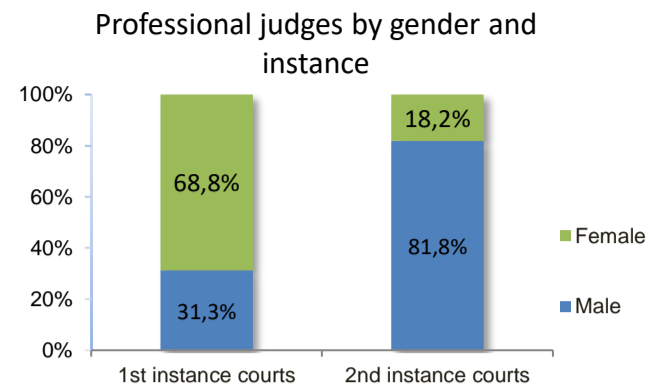
More precisely, in Malta, in 2019 there are 8,7 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 9,6 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 9,2 non-judge staff per judge).

The number of first Instance 'judges' also includes magistrates that preside over first Instance Courts. The difference in nominal figures is of 4 male magistrates compared to previous cycle. This is mainly due to retirement and the appointment of two male magistrates to judges. Three new magistrates have been appointed in 2019, only one of these is male.

Regarding the number of second instance professional judges, one judge has been appointed Judge elect in respect of Malta on the European Court of Human Rights. Given that she did not serve in Malta at the end of 2019, she does not feature in the above data.

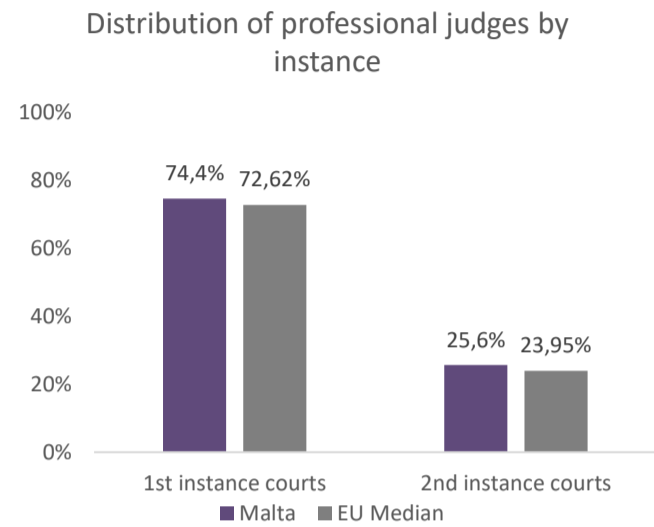
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	32	10	22
2nd instance courts	11	9	2
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	43	19	24



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	74,4%	31,3%	68,8%
2nd instance courts	25,6%	81,8%	18,2%
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 24 which represents 55,8% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 32 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 22 are female); 11 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 2 are female).

Regarding the distribution of male/female judges, the 2019 data highlights a sharp difference between the 1st instance courts and the 2nd instance courts. Namely, the percentage of female professional judges at 1st instance court is 68,8% whereas it is only 18,2% at the 2nd instance courts. Thus, female professional judges are overrepresented at the first instance and underrepresented at second instance.

In Malta, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory **Optional**
 ✓
 ✓
 ✓

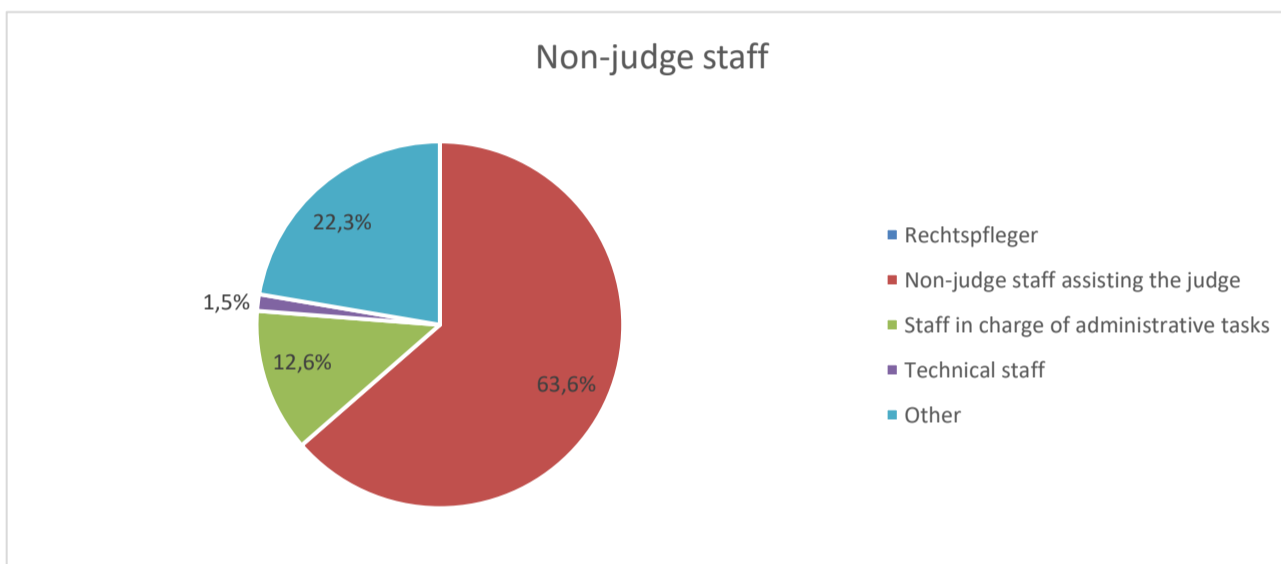
Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	10	NAP
1. Only for judges	10	NAP
2. Only for prosecutors	NAP	NAP
3. Only for other non-judge staff	NAP	NAP
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NAP	NAP
5. Other common training	NAP	NAP

The training courses offered to the judiciary over 2019 included 8 full day sessions and 4 half day sessions, thus totalling to 10 full days of training.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	360	NAP	213	111	8	28
2013	451	NAP	156	103	8	36
2014	389	NAP	231	59	9	90
2015	393	NAP	239	60	5	89
2016	383	NAP	227	59	7	90
2017	394	NAP	231	56	9	98
2018	413	NAP	247	61	9	96
2019	412	NAP	262	52	6	92



In Malta, in this cycle there are 412 non-judge staff (among which 240 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,2%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

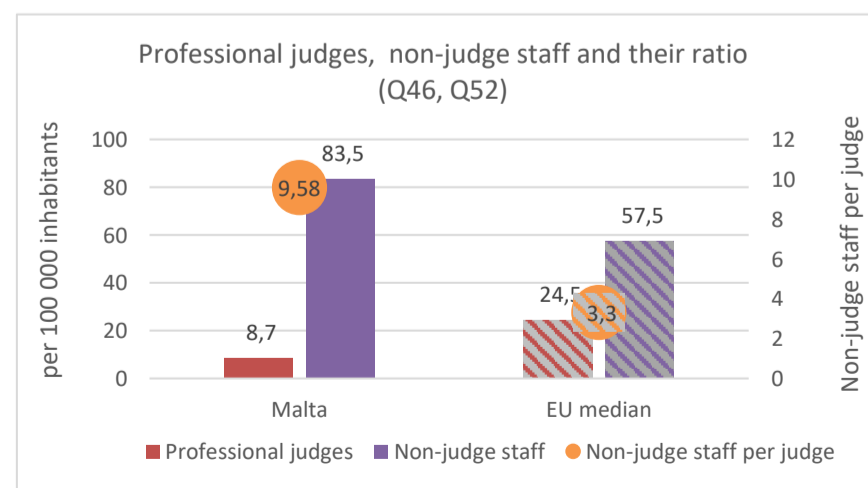
- 262 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 193 are women);
- 52 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 28 are women);
- 6 technical staff (among which 0 are women);
- 92 other (among which 19 are women);

In light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 86,8 in 2018 to 83,5 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 9,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 8,7 in 2019.

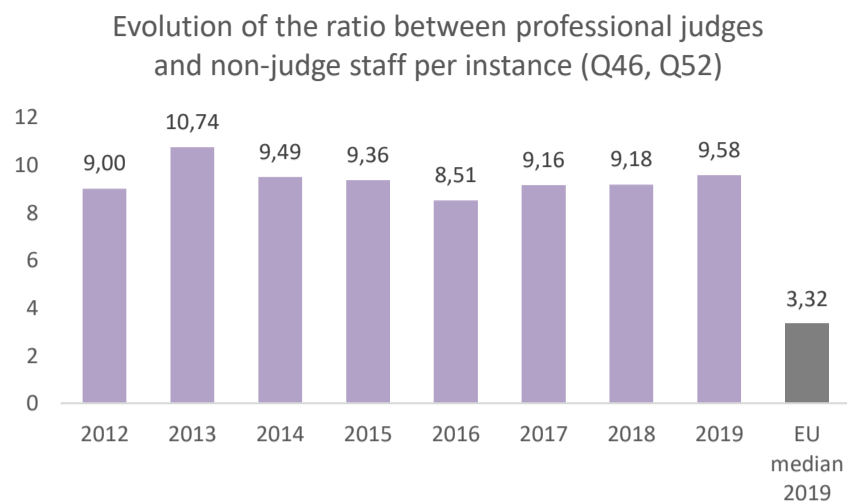
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Malta	EU median
Professional judges	8,7	24,5
Non-judge staff	83,5	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	9,58	3,3



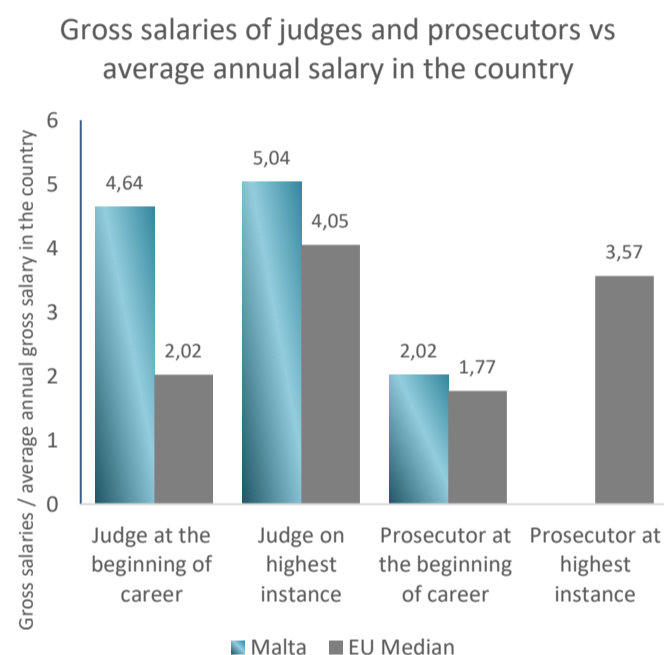
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	9,00
2013	10,74
2014	9,49
2015	9,36
2016	8,51
2017	9,16
2018	9,18
2019	9,58



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

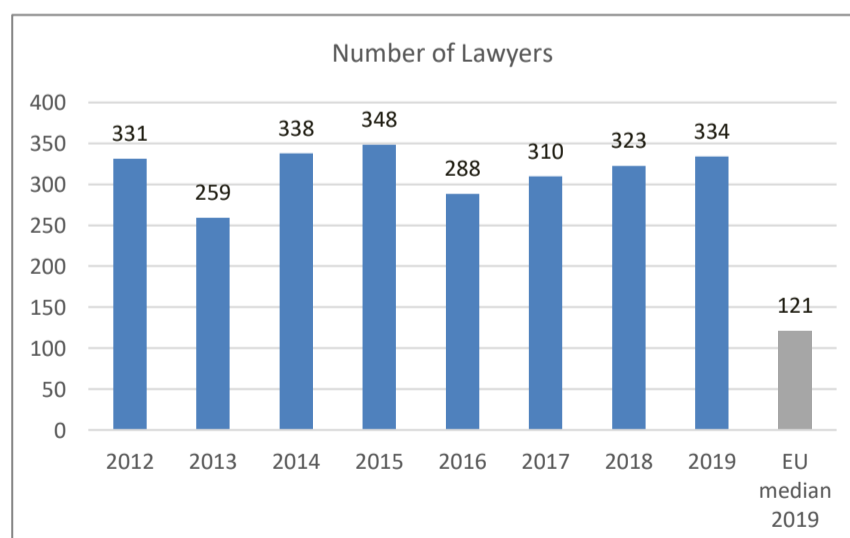
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	90 863 €	65 693 €	4,64
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	98 713 €	71 350 €	5,04
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	39 612 €	30 015 €	2,02
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	NAP	NAP	NA



Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career: there was an increase in the gross annual salary which is also reflected in the net annual salary. The difference in the net annual salary is then due to the different tax brackets that apply.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 400	331,35
2013	1 112	258,95
2014	1 485	337,74
2015	1 569	348,35
2016	1 327	288,29
2017	1 473	309,65
2018	1 535	322,68
2019	1 648	333,90

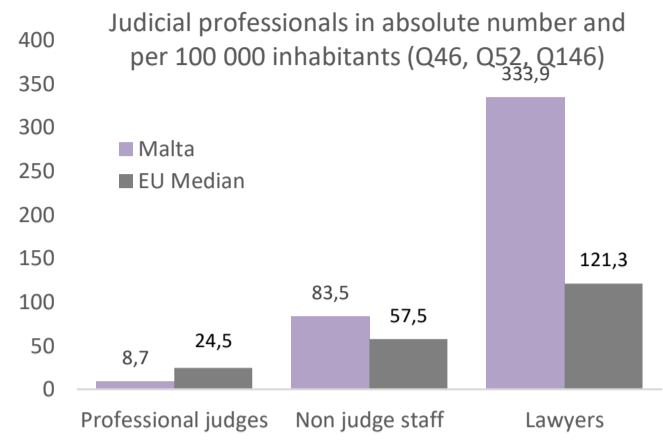


In 2019, there are 1 648 lawyers, which is 7,4% more than in 2018.

Malta has 333,9 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019, which is above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	43	8,71	24,48
Non judge staff	412	83,48	57,49
Lawyers	1 648	333,90	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	450 000 €	409 015 €
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	NAP	NAP
- In criminal law cases:	NAP	NAP
- In other than criminal law cases:	NAP	NAP

The main increase in the budget results from the expenses related to the relocation of the premises of Legal Aid. Despite the fact that this relocation happened in 2020, expenses related to upgrading the new premises with facilities and also initial payments of rent account for the biggest difference in the budget expenditure in 2019. In addition, in 2019, some Legal Aid lawyers were trained abroad, and the Agency also recruited temporary support staff to assist in legal duties.

In Malta, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	√	√
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	√	√
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	√	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):		

All the information related to how Legal Aid functions in Malta in both criminal and non-criminal cases can be found at: <https://www.legalaidmalta.gov.mt>. Whilst in previous evaluations we used to declare that in Malta Legal Aid attends only to Representation in Court, the Agency is in fact offering legal Advice in both civil and criminal cases within specific context. Thus, in criminal cases, the Legal Aid Agency started providing legal advice to persons under arrest, as per EU Directive 2013/ 48 relative to the right of access to a lawyer during interrogation stage. On the other hand, in civil cases the Agency

The legal aid lawyer will see to the merits of the case till it is totally finalized. Eligible candidates can enforce foreign judgements in Malta through legal aid as long as the procedure is carried out through court representation.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Victims are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

If a litigant is granted legal aid, he/she is exempted from paying court fees or taxes which are borne by the Government. There are no such taxes or fees in relation to criminal cases.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

The Code of Organisation and Civil Procedures (Chapter 12) regulates all court fees and taxes, such as registry fees and lawyers' fees that can arise in the course of any civil proceeding. The tariffs are set out in schedules A to K annexed to the COCP.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 54€

The court fees to be paid for €3000 debt recovery has not changed since the last evaluation cycle, and is therefore €54.40.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

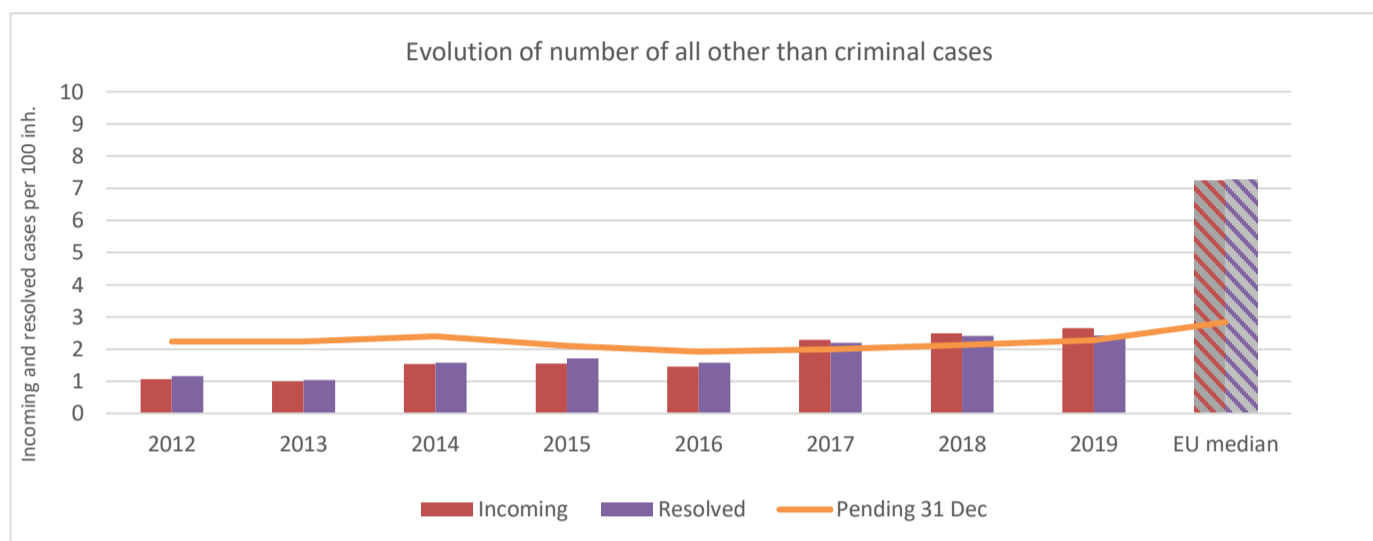
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

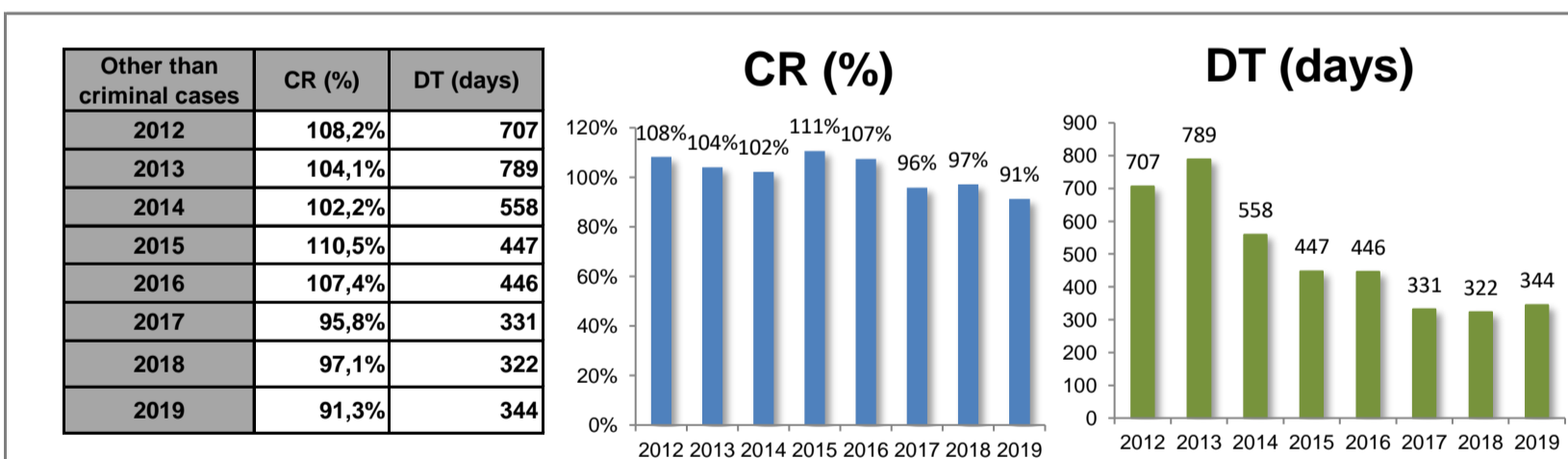
First instance cases

- *Total other than criminal cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Malta (2,65 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 2,42 per 100 inhabitant compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Malta (2,28 per 100 inhabitants) is also below the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 91,3% in 2019 Malta seems not able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -5,8 percentage points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 344 days, which is well above the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 6,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

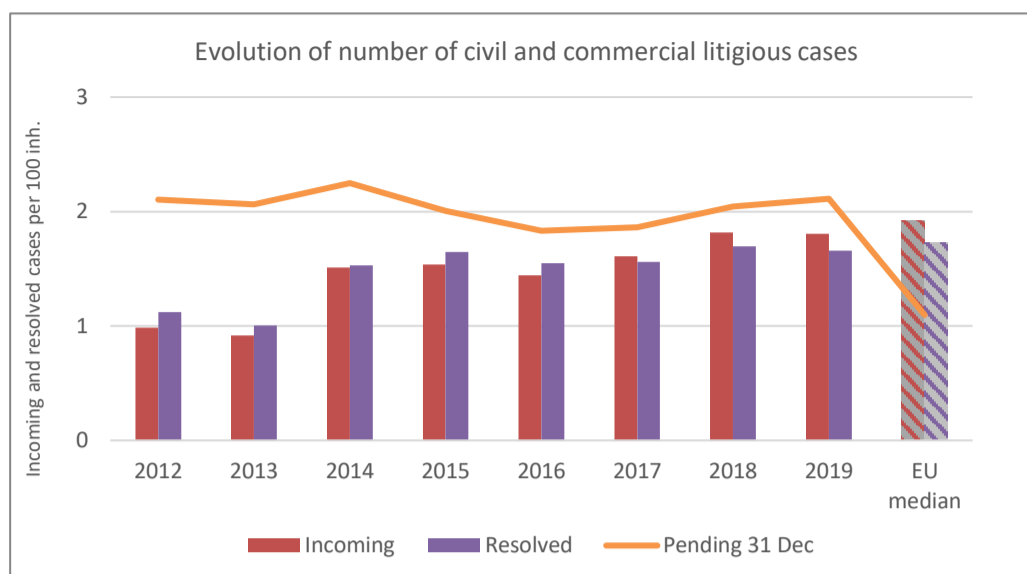
Non-litigious data is not available for 2015.

The vast majority of cases heard before the courts of Malta are litigious cases. Nevertheless, there is the Court of Voluntary Jurisdiction which deals with adoptions, appointment of tutor, curators and other administrators, interdiction and incapacitation and opening of secret wills.

The 2019 data for non litigious incoming cases was provided by the case management system of the Court Services Agency and shows an increase in the incoming caseload of these cases over that of the previous year. The relative high number of pending of non litigious cases at the end of 2019 compared by the previous year is the result of the increase of incoming cases but a retention in the number of resolved cases. As a result, efficiency, as expressed as a higher number of pending cases, has suffered.

The data shows an increase in the resolved caseload of the 2nd instance courts for total than criminal cases and, in fact, the pending caseload at the end of the year is less than that registered in 2018. These courts were more efficient in 2019.

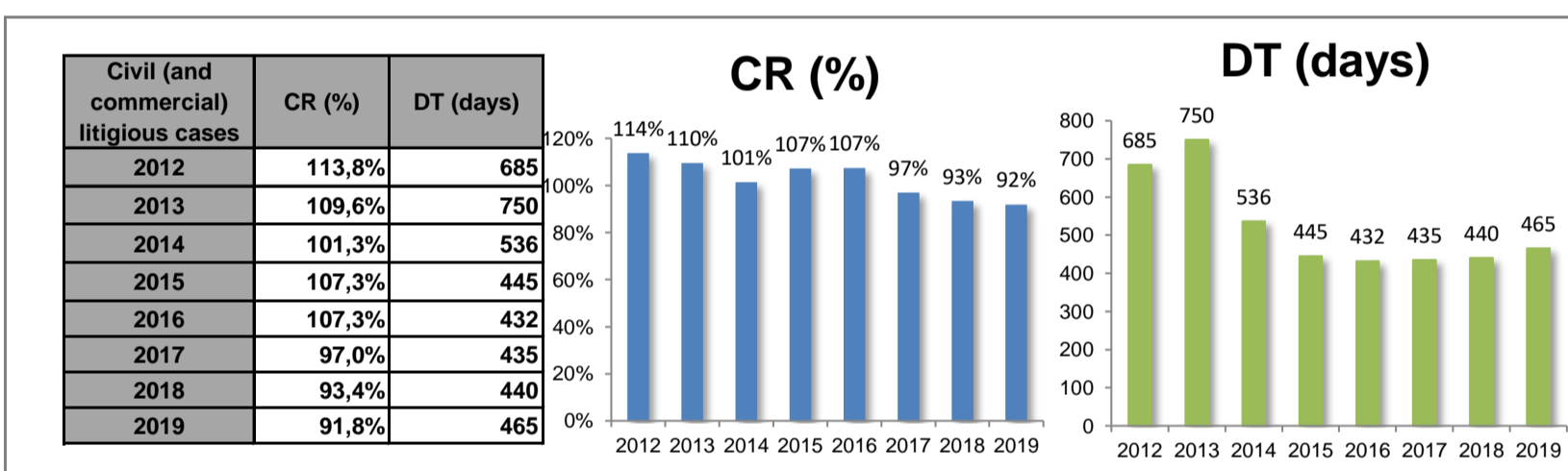
◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Malta (1,81 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 (1,66 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants).

However, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (2,11 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 91,8% in 2019, Malta seems not able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

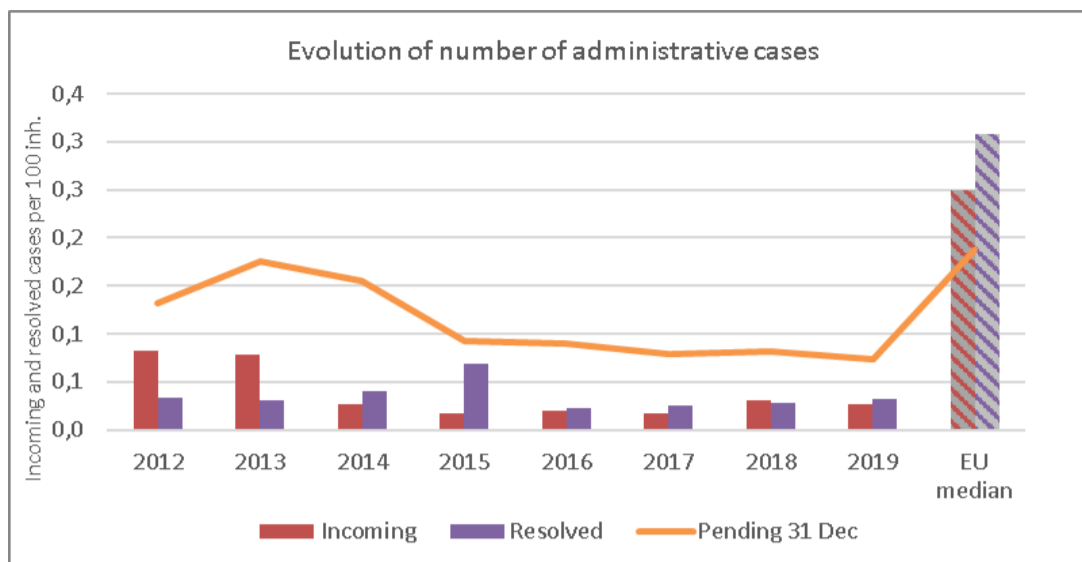
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,6 percentage points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 465 days, which is well above the EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 5,8% increase of the Disposition Time.

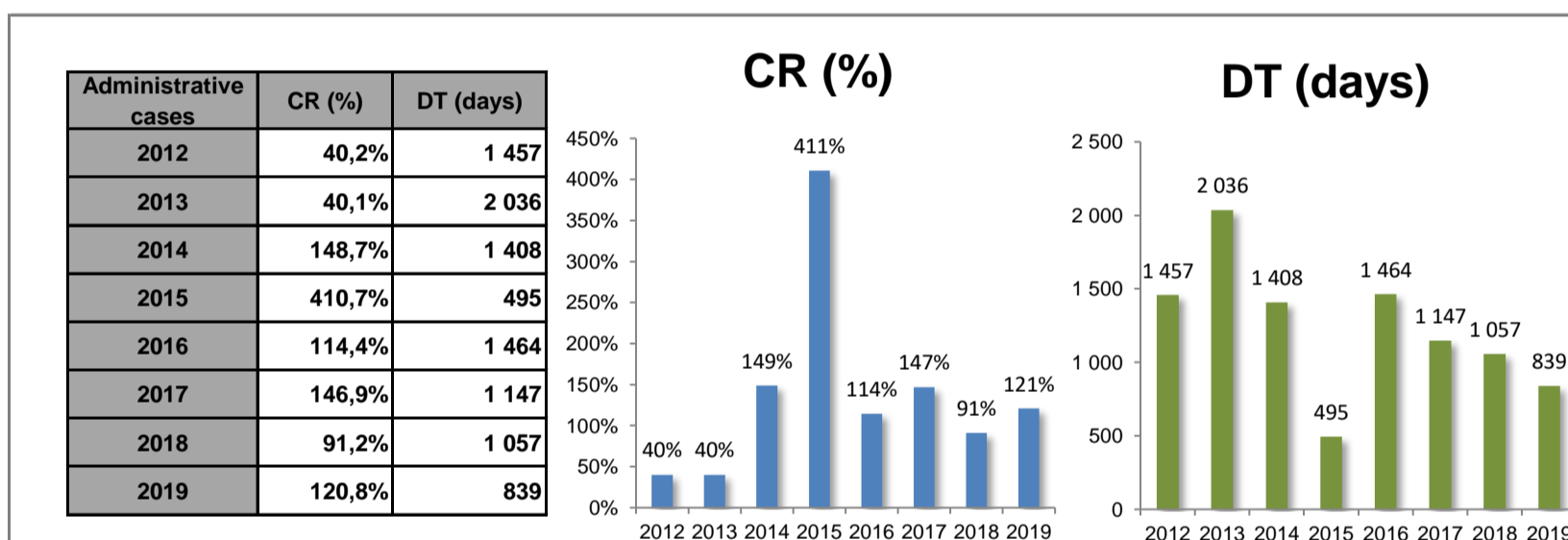
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Malta (0,03 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 0,03 per 100 inhabitants, compared to the EU median of 0,31 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,07 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly below EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 120,8% in 2019, Malta seems able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 29,6 percentage points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 839 days, which is well above the EU median of 284 days.

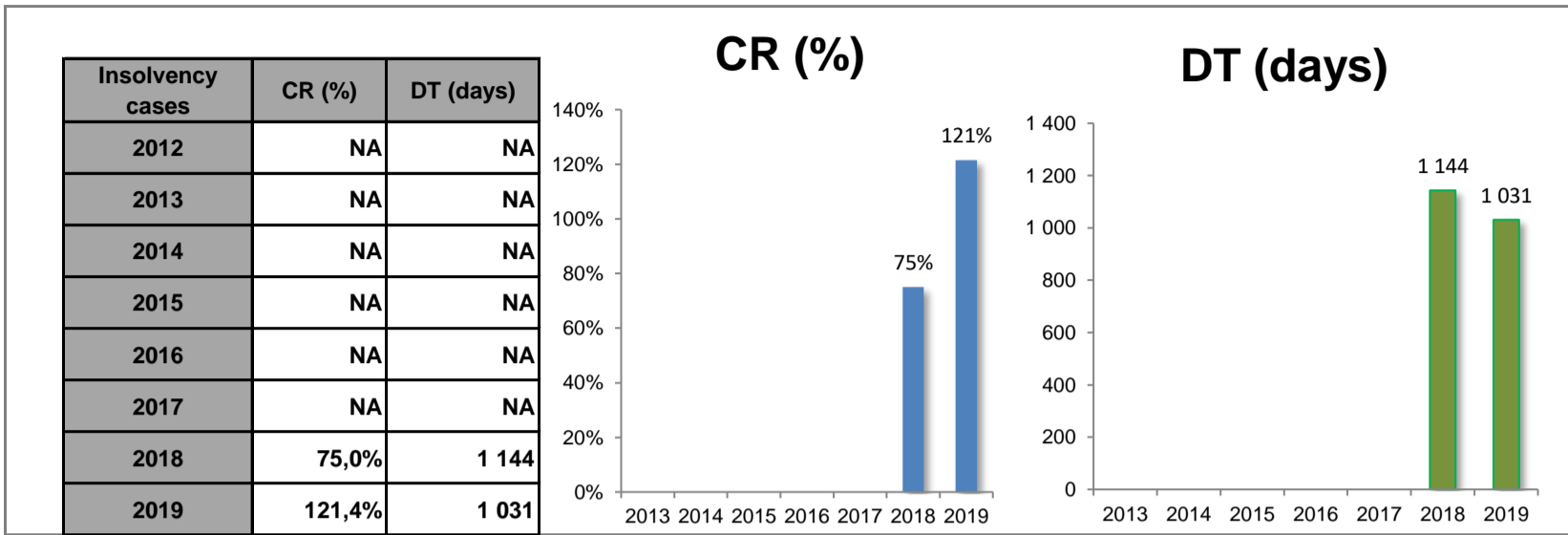
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -20,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Malta, there are 222 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 61,5% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

The Administrative Review Tribunal was set up in late 2009 and replaced a number of ad hoc tribunals, each with their own varying caseload. From the moment it has been set-up, till practically 2014, the Administrative Review Tribunal was incorporating all these different caseloads within its own, and this resulted in a disproportional increase in the number of administrative incoming cases, as well as an increase in the pending caseload. Only now is the Tribunal starting to settle down to its normal annual caseload. The figures of "administrative cases" reflect the changes resulting from the integration of the caseloads of the ad hoc tribunals, into the Administrative Review Tribunal.

The observed variations for these cases between 2013 and the following years are due to the fact that in 2014 another magistrate started presiding over the Administrative Review Tribunal thereby increasing the judicial complement to 2 members. This change resulted in an increase in the number of administrative resolved cases leading to the increase in the clearance rate. The low number of incoming cases is reflecting the current intake once all cases from the ad hoc tribunals have been transferred.

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 121,4% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Malta seems to deal with its insolvency cases.

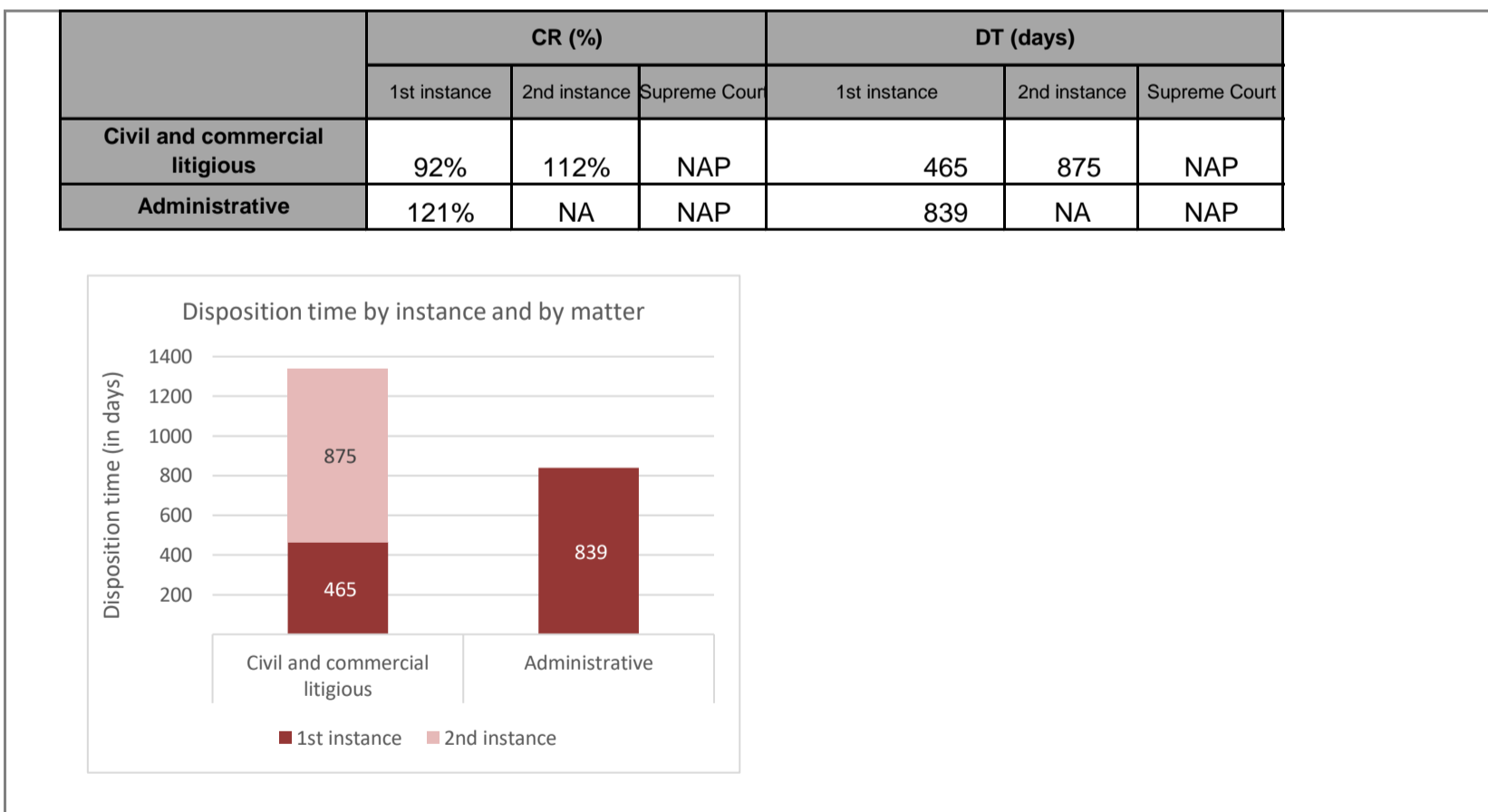
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 46,4 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 1 031 days, which is well above the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -9,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Following the establishment of the Civil Court, Commercial Division, a number of insolvency cases previously filed before other courts were still being transferred to the new Court and hence the relatively high number of incoming cases in previous years. The Commercial Court is now fully operational and receiving new cases filed before it. Hence this figure is presumed to reflect more faithfully the cases of insolvency filed within a year.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



As far as the Civil and commercial litigious cases are concerned, the first instance courts are faster than the second instance courts with a Disposition Time (DT) of 465 days and 875 days respectively. The Clearance Rate (CR) for the first instance of cases as slightly decrease compared to 2018 (-1,58 percentage points). However, a greater variation can be noticed for the period 2012 - 2019, when the CR has decreased by over 22 percentage points for first instance courts, from 114% in 2012 to 92% in 2019. This has impacted the efficiency of first instance courts for Civil and commercial litigious cases.

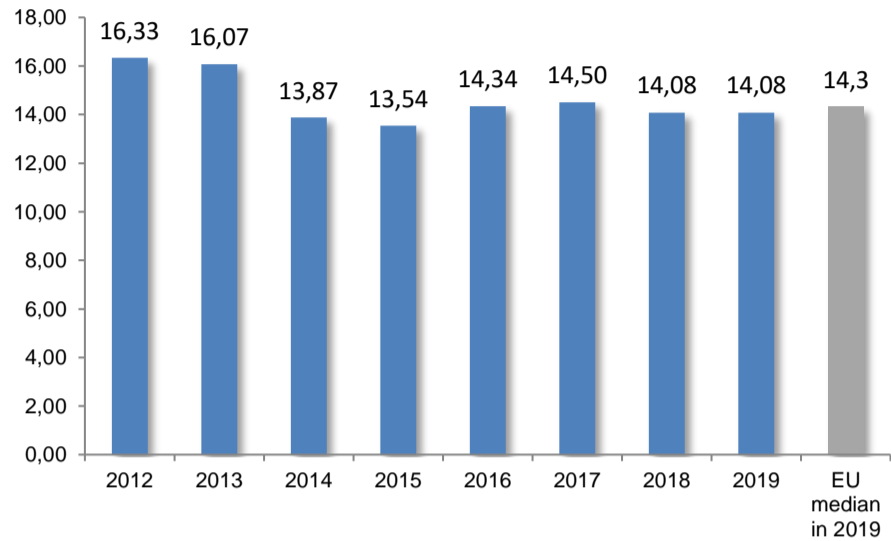
Although the DT for the first instance Administrative cases is still much higher than for the first instance Civil and commercial litigious cases, it has shown a downward trend during the last four years. The CR is 121%, which represents almost 30 percentage points more than in 2018. In 2019 the first instance courts dealing with administrative cases have thus been more efficient than the previous year.

●Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Malta provides court related mediation.

The court related mediation system in Malta provides mandatory court related mediation.
Before/instead of going to court

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	69	16,33
2013	69	16,07
2014	61	13,87
2015	61	13,54
2016	66	14,34
2017	69	14,50
2018	67	14,08
2019	67	14,08



In 2019, there are 67 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 14,1

There is no variation between 2018 and 2019.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	2 104	426
Civil and commercial	1	0
Family cases	2 103	426
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NAP	NAP
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NAP	NAP

The Malta Mediation Centre received for the first time in 2019, the first case at mediation according to Art 10.2 of the Chp 579 Media and Defamation Act. This case was actually filed in court in 2018 but was then referred for mediation in 2019, and it is still ongoing.

- **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

- The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- number of appeals
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- other: age of pending caseload

In Malta, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- number of appeals
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- other: age of pending caseload

Currently Malta carries out systematic quantitative analysis of the performance of the different courts, based on international standards. They are also addressing measures of quality as defined by recognised international institutions, supplemented by internal reports that are purposely commissioned to focus on specific aspects of the functioning of the justice system. These ongoing efforts at measuring the efficiency and quality of our justice system is compared with past performance, but as yet, not with established targets.

Malta does not have defined 'targets' but assesses its performance in terms of indicators defined by international institutions.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

There exists a Code of Ethics for the members of the Judiciary which, though not providing for the organisation and quality of the judicial work, does lay upon the members of the Judiciary certain obligations which are important in ensuring the transparency and independence of the judicial process.

There are general quality standards that apply to the public sector, but not specific quality standards that monitor the implementation of quality standards within the judiciary or the prosecution services.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

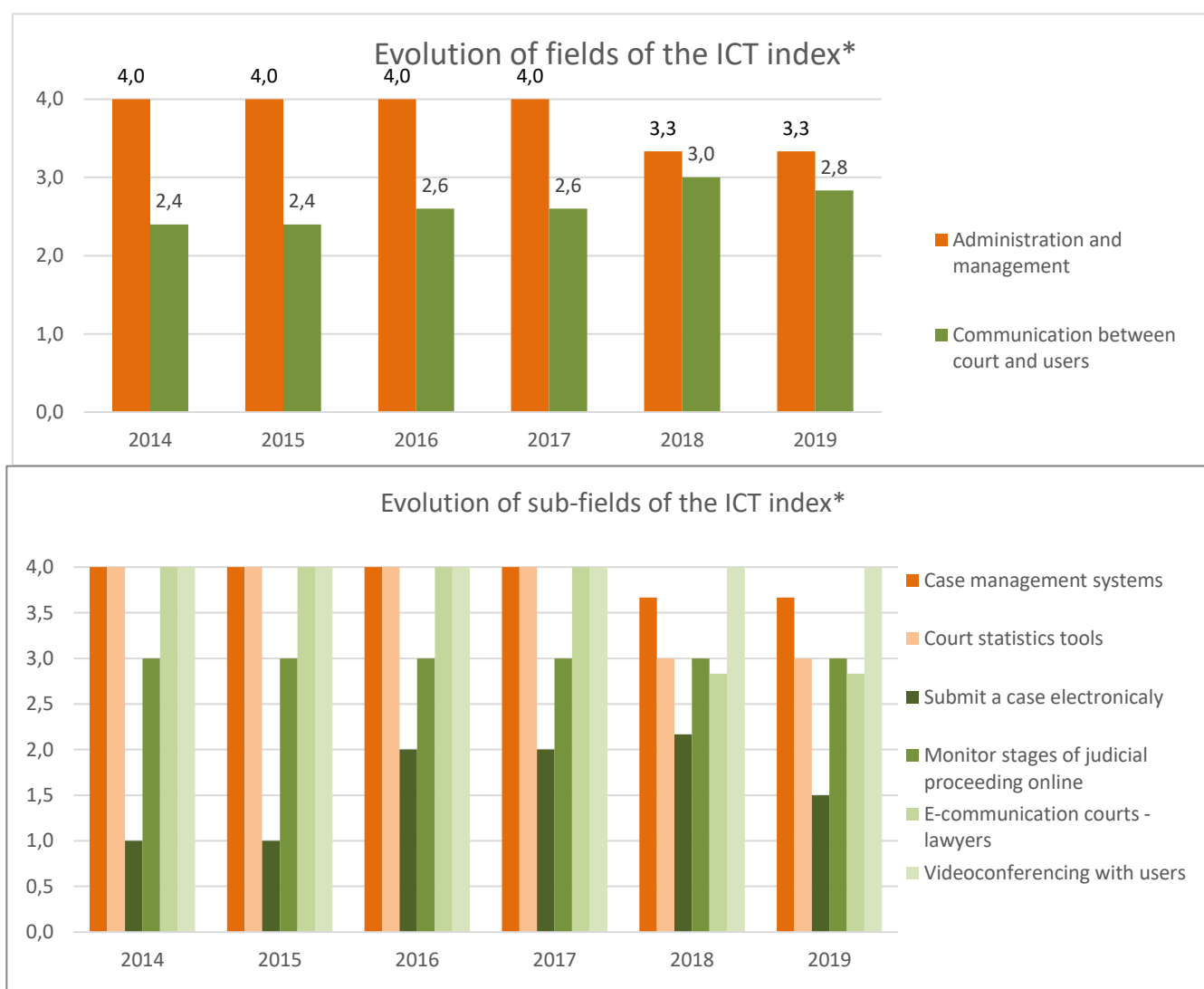
	points (up to 4)
Administration and management	3,3
Case management systems	3,7
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	3,0
Communication between court and users	2,8
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	1,5
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	3,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	2,8
Videoconferencing with users	4,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Statistical data

In Malta, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The Court Administration has an in-house database and case management system that collects statistical information regarding all civil courts, and aspects of criminal procedure. This system is accessed daily by the court officers, but its upkeep and technical back-up are entrusted to the Malta Information Technology Agency (MITA) which is a government agency specialising in ICT services for government entities and departments, which are subcontracted by the Ministry for Justice, Culture and Local Government to provide and manage the IT infrastructure at the Law Courts. This data is then analysed and evaluated by the Department of Justice.

More specifically, the Malta Information Technology and Training Services Limited (MITTS) was set up in 2000 in order to establish the national IT strategy. In 2008, MITA was established as a government agency tasked with the implementation of the ICT roadmap. It incorporated the functions of MITTS and also took on some other functions that previously fell within the remit of the IT Ministry. Malta Information and Technology Agency (MITA):

Address: Gattard House, National Road, Blata I-Bajda, HMR9010, Malta

Webpage: <http://www.mita.gov.mt>

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Court statistics are available at: <http://www.ecourts.gov.mt>

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- on paper

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	16,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,2%	3,3%	0,0%	3,8%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	16 417 €	16 831 €	18 525 €	21 469 €	22 664 €	23 778 €	25 556 €	26 490 €	61,4%	2,5%	10,1%	15,9%	5,6%	4,9%	7,5%	3,7%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	84 584 522	76 813 500	94 456 603	92 769 554	107 856 200	106 064 516	121 982 700	138 885 600	64,2%	-9,2%	23,0%	-1,8%	16,3%	-1,7%	15,0%	13,9%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	NAP	No	No								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	NAP	Yes	Yes	Yes								

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	16,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,2%	3,3%	0,0%	3,8%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	16 417 €	16 831 €	18 525 €	21 469 €	22 664 €	23 778 €	25 556 €	26 490 €	61,4%	2,5%	10,1%	15,9%	5,6%	4,9%	7,5%	3,7%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	84 584 522	76 813 500	94 456 603	92 769 554	107 856 200	106 064 516	121 982 700	138 885 600	64,2%	0 €	23,0%	-1,8%	16,3%	-1,7%	15,0%	13,9%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	127 874 691	168 342 346	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,6%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	16,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,2%	3,3%	0,0%	3,8%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	84 584 522	76 813 500	94 456 603	92 769 554	107 856 200	106 064 516	121 982 700	138 885 600	64,2%	-9,2%	23,0%	-1,8%	16,3%	-1,7%	15,0%	13,9%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	6 399 974	-	6 583 082	6 665 908	6 904 081	7 750 204	6 897 841	7 104 514	11,0%	-	-	1,3%	3,6%	12,3%	-11,0%	3,0%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	54	54	54	54	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																
Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)																
Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	16,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,2%	3,3%	0,0%	3,8%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	7	7	7	7	7	8	9	9	28,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	14,3%	12,5%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	7	7	7	7	7	8	9	9	28,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	14,3%	12,5%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	0	NAP	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	5	5	4	4	4	5	5	5	0,0%	0,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	0,0%	25,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	16,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,2%	3,3%	0,0%	3,8%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 805	9 789	10 845	10 568	9 459	NA	9 492	10 138	3,4%	-0,2%	10,8%	-2,6%	-10,5%	-	-	6,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9 457	9 238	10 092	9 885	9 041	NA	8 856	9 727	2,9%	-2,3%	9,2%	-2,1%	-8,5%	-	-	9,8%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	262	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-91,2%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	262	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-91,2%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	348	551	753	683	418	413	374	388	11,5%	58,3%	36,7%	-9,3%	-38,8%	-1,2%	-9,4%	3,7%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 507	4 272	6 762	6 991	6 730	10 911	11 827	13 066	189,9%	-5,2%	58,3%	3,4%	-3,7%	62,1%	8,4%	10,5%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 161	3 935	6 643	6 916	6 640	7 656	8 640	8 909	114,1%	-5,4%	68,8%	4,1%	-4,0%	15,3%	12,9%	3,1%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	3 174	3 040	4 027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-4,2%	32,5%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	3 174	3 040	4 027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-4,2%	32,5%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	346	337	119	75	90	81	147	130	-62,4%	-2,6%	-64,7%	-37,0%	20,0%	-10,0%	81,5%	-11,6%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 875	4 447	6 909	7 727	7 231	10 458	11 481	11 932	144,8%	-8,8%	55,4%	11,8%	-6,4%	44,6%	9,8%	3,9%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 736	4 312	6 732	7 419	7 128	7 427	8 068	8 178	72,7%	-9,0%	56,1%	10,2%	-3,9%	4,2%	8,6%	1,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 912	3 279	3 597	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,6%	9,7%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 912	3 279	3 597	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,6%	9,7%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	139	135	177	308	103	119	134	157	12,9%	-2,9%	31,1%	74,0%	-66,6%	15,5%	12,6%	17,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 437	9 614	10 568	9 459	8 843	9 492	10 138	11 243	19,1%	1,9%	9,9%	-10,5%	-6,5%	7,3%	6,8%	10,9%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 882	8 861	9 885	9 041	8 430	8 856	9 727	10 429	17,4%	-0,2%	11,6%	-8,5%	-6,8%	5,1%	9,8%	7,2%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	262	23	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-91,2%	1869,6%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	262	23	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-91,2%	1869,6%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	555	753	683	418	413	374	388	361	-35,0%	35,7%	-9,3%	-38,8%	-1,2%	-9,4%	3,7%	-7,0%

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	108,2%	104,1%	102,2%	110,5%	107,4%	95,8%	97,1%	91,3%	-15,6%	-3,8%	-1,8%	8,2%	-2,8%	-10,8%	1,3%	-5,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	113,8%	109,6%	101,3%	107,3%	107,3%	97,0%	93,4%	91,8%	-19,4%	-3,7%	-7,5%	5,9%	0,1%	-9,6%	-3,7%	-1,7%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	91,7%	107,9%	89,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,6%	-17,2%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	91,7%	107,9%	89,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,6%	-17,2%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	40,2%	40,1%	148,7%	410,7%	114,4%	146,9%	91,2%	120,8%	200,6%	-0,3%	271,3%	176,1%	-72,1%	28,4%	-38,0%	32,5%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	707	789	558	447	446	331	322	344	-51,3%	11,7%	-29,2%	-20,0%	-0,1%	-25,8%	-2,7%	6,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	685	750	536	445	432	435	440	465	-32,0%	9,6%	-28,5%	-17,0%	-3,0%	0,8%	1,1%	5,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	33	3	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-92,2%	1695,4%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	33	3	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-92,2%	1695,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1457	2036	1408	495	1464	1147	1057	839	-42,4%	39,7%	-30,8%	-64,8%	195,5%	-21,6%	-7,9%	-20,6%

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	142	162	130	121	126	151	-	-	-	14,1%	-19,8%	-6,9%	4,1%	19,8%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	285	299	358	334	395	372	-	-	-	4,9%	19,7%	-6,7%	18,3%	-5,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	20	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-30,0%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	265	331	367	329	370	353	-	-	-	24,9%	10,9%	-10,4%	12,5%	-4,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	15	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,3%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	162	130	121	126	151	170	-	-	-	-19,8%	-6,9%	4,1%	19,8%	12,6%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	47	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,1%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	93,0%	110,7%	102,5%	98,5%	93,7%	94,9%	-	-	-	19,1%	-7,4%	-3,9%	-4,9%	1,3%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	75,0%	121,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,9%
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	223	143	120	140	149	176	-	-	-	-35,8%	-16,1%	16,2%	6,6%	18,0%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 144	1 031	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-9,9%

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 134	1 577	1 841	1 945	NA	1 922	1 797	1 951	72,0%	39,1%	16,7%	5,6%	-	-	-6,5%	8,6%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 134	1 577	1 841	1 945	2 015	1 922	1 797	1 951	72,0%	39,1%	16,7%	5,6%	3,6%	-4,6%	-6,5%	8,6%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	990	829	807	772	NA	701	796	694	-29,9%	-16,3%	-2,7%	-4,3%	-	-	13,6%	-12,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	990	829	807	772	867	701	796	694	-29,9%	-16,3%	-2,7%	-4,3%	12,3%	-19,1%	13,6%	-12,8%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	542	565	703	738	NA	824	636	780	43,9%	4,2%	24,4%	5,0%	-	-	-22,8%	22,6%

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	542	565	703	738	917	824	636	780	43,9%	4,2%	24,4%	5,0%	24,3%	-10,1%	-22,8%	22,6%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 582	1 841	1 945	1 968	NA	1 797	1 951	1 870	18,2%	16,4%	5,6%	1,2%	-	-	8,6%	-4,2%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 582	1 841	1 945	1 968	1 968	1 797	1 951	1 870	18,2%	16,4%	5,6%	1,2%	0,0%	-8,7%	8,6%	-4,2%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	1 657	758	889	973	-	-	-	-	-	-54,3%	17,3%	9,4%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	1 657	758	889	973	-	-	-	-	-	-54,3%	17,3%	9,4%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	54,7%	68,2%	87,1%	95,6%	NA	117,5%	79,9%	112,4%	105,3%	24,5%	27,8%	9,7%	-	-	-32,0%	40,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	54,7%	68,2%	87,1%	95,6%	105,8%	117,5%	79,9%	112,4%	105,3%	24,5%	27,8%	9,7%	10,6%	11,1%	-32,0%	40,7%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	1065	1189	1010	973	NA	796	1120	875	-17,9%	11,6%	-15,1%	-3,6%	-	-	40,7%	-21,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1065	1189	1010	973	783	796	1120	875	-17,9%	11,6%	-15,1%	-3,6%	-19,5%	1,6%	40,7%	-21,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	16,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,2%	3,3%	0,0%	3,8%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	49 500	49 500	70 000	51 000	100 000	150 000	400 000	450 000	809,1%	0,0%	41,4%	-27,1%	96,1%	50,0%	166,7%	12,5%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	49 500	49 500	70 000	51 000	100 000	150 000	400 000	450 000	809,1%	0,0%	41,4%	-27,1%	96,1%	50,0%	166,7%	12,5%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	70 000	51 000	161 662	249 326	304 137	409 015	-	-	-	-27,1%	217,0%	54,2%	22,0%	34,5%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	70 000	51 000	161 662	249 326	304 137	409 015	-	-	-	-27,1%	217,0%	54,2%	22,0%	34,5%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,1%
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							50-99%	50-99%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	NA
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							NA	10-49%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							NA	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							NA	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	Yes
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	NA
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	NA

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA									

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							10-49%	10-49%											
064-2 - Criminal							NA	0% (NAP)											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	No											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	No											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

Civil - Equipment rate

Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory

Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means

Civil - SMS

Civil - E-mail

Civil - Specific computer application

Civil - Other

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	Yes									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							NA	NA
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	No
064-3 - Equipment rate								
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							0	0
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							0	0
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							0	0
064-3 - Information available in CMS							0	0

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							50-99%	50-99%
064-7 - Modality - Email							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							50-99%	50-99%										
064-7 - Email							No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							NA	NA										
064-7 - Email							No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application							No	No										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No										
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																		
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																		
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																		

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes									
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No									
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																	
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Workload							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	No									
065-4 - Impact on Costs							Yes	Yes									
065-4 - Impact on Other							Yes	Yes									
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	Optional	Optional		
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	No training proposed	No training proposed	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	No training offered	No training proposed	No training proposed		
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							No training proposed	

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	69	69	61	61	66	69	67	67	-2,9%	0,0%	-11,6%	0,0%	8,2%	4,5%	-2,9%	0,0%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	Yes	-	Yes	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	1 896	1 911	NA	2 104	-	-	-	-	0,8%	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	1 581	-	-	-	1 896	1 911	2 059	2 103	20,9%	-	-	-	0,8%	7,7%	2,1%	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																		
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																		
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	No	No									

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	16,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,2%	3,3%	0,0%	3,8%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	40	42	41	42	45	43	45	43	7,5%	5,0%	-2,4%	2,4%	7,1%	-4,4%	4,7%	-4,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	34	36	33	34	36	34	34	32	-5,9%	5,9%	-8,3%	3,0%	5,9%	-5,6%	0,0%	-5,9%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	6	6	8	8	9	9	11	11	83,3%	0,0%	33,3%	0,0%	12,5%	0,0%	22,2%	0,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	26	27	25	24	26	23	22	19	-26,9%	3,8%	-7,4%	-4,0%	8,3%	-11,5%	-4,3%	-13,6%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	20	21	18	17	18	15	14	10	-50,0%	5,0%	-14,3%	-5,6%	5,9%	-16,7%	-6,7%	-28,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	6	6	7	7	8	8	8	9	50,0%	0,0%	16,7%	0,0%	14,3%	0,0%	0,0%	12,5%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	14	15	16	18	19	20	23	24	71,4%	7,1%	6,7%	12,5%	5,6%	5,3%	15,0%	4,3%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	14	15	15	17	18	19	20	22	57,1%	7,1%	0,0%	13,3%	5,9%	5,6%	5,3%	10,0%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	0	0	1	1	1	1	3	2	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	200,0%	-33,3%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	360	451	389	393	383	394	413	412	14,4%	25,3%	-13,7%	1,0%	-2,5%	2,9%	4,8%	-0,2%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	213	156	231	239	227	231	247	262	23,0%	-26,8%	48,1%	3,5%	-5,0%	1,8%	6,9%	6,1%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	111	103	59	60	59	56	61	52	-53,2%	-7,2%	-42,7%	1,7%	-1,7%	-5,1%	8,9%	-14,8%

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	8	8	9	5	7	9	9	6	-25,0%	0,0%	12,5%	-44,4%	40,0%	28,6%	0,0%	-33,3%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	28	36	90	89	90	98	96	92	228,6%	28,6%	150,0%	-1,1%	1,1%	8,9%	-2,0%	-4,2%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	187	180	177	183	172	-	-	-	-	-3,7%	-1,7%	3,4%	-6,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	73	73	69	64	69	69	-	-	-	0,0%	-5,5%	-7,2%	7,8%	0,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	40	36	29	30	24	-	-	-	-	-10,0%	-19,4%	3,4%	-20,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	9	5	7	9	9	6	-	-	-	-44,4%	40,0%	28,6%	0,0%	-33,3%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	70	69	68	75	75	73	-	-	-	-1,4%	-1,4%	10,3%	0,0%	-2,7%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	206	203	217	230	240	-	-	-	-	-1,5%	6,9%	6,0%	4,3%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	158	166	158	167	178	193	-	-	-	5,1%	-4,8%	5,7%	6,6%	8,4%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	20	23	27	31	28	-	-	-	-	15,0%	17,4%	14,8%	-9,7%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	20	20	22	23	21	19	-	-	-	0,0%	10,0%	4,5%	-8,7%	-9,5%

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)																
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)																
Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	16,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,2%	3,3%	0,0%	3,8%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 400	1 112	1 485	1 569	1 327	1 473	1 535	1 648	17,7%	-20,6%	33,5%	5,7%	-15,4%	11,0%	4,2%	7,4%
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	360	451	389	393	383	394	413	412	14,4%	25,3%	-13,7%	1,0%	-2,5%	2,9%	4,8%	-0,2%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	213	156	231	239	227	231	247	262	23,0%	-26,8%	48,1%	3,5%	-5,0%	1,8%	6,9%	6,1%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	111	103	59	60	59	56	61	52	-53,2%	-7,2%	-42,7%	1,7%	-1,7%	-5,1%	8,9%	-14,8%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	8	8	9	5	7	9	9	6	-25,0%	0,0%	12,5%	-44,4%	40,0%	28,6%	0,0%	-33,3%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	28	36	90	89	90	98	96	92	228,6%	28,6%	150,0%	-1,1%	1,1%	8,9%	-2,0%	-4,2%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	187	180	177	183	172	-	-	-	-	-3,7%	-1,7%	3,4%	-6,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	73	73	69	64	69	69	-	-	-	0,0%	-5,5%	-7,2%	7,8%	0,0%

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	40	36	29	30	24	-	-	-	-	-10,0%	-19,4%	3,4%	-20,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	9	5	7	9	9	6	-	-	-	-44,4%	40,0%	28,6%	0,0%	-33,3%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	70	69	68	75	75	73	-	-	-	-1,4%	-1,4%	10,3%	0,0%	-2,7%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	206	203	217	230	240	-	-	-	-	-1,5%	6,9%	6,0%	4,3%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	158	166	158	167	178	193	-	-	-	5,1%	-4,8%	5,7%	6,6%	8,4%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	20	23	27	31	28	-	-	-	-	15,0%	17,4%	14,8%	-9,7%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	20	20	22	23	21	19	-	-	-	0,0%	10,0%	4,5%	-8,7%	-9,5%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Malta (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)																
Judges							No	No								
Prosecutors							No	No								
Non-judge staff							No	No								
Lawyers							No	No								
Notaries							No	No								
Enforcement agents							No	No								
Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)																
Judges							No	No								
Prosecutors							No	No								
Non-judge staff							No	No								
Lawyers							No	No								
Notaries							No	No								
Enforcement agents							No	No								
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																
National programme for gender equality							No	No								
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																
In courts (judges)							No	No								
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No								
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No								

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Netherlands

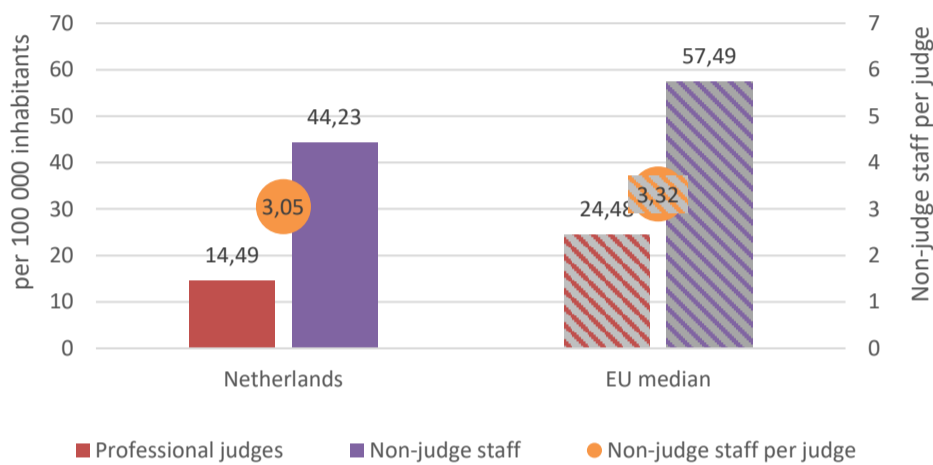
General data

Population: 17 407 585 **GDP:** 46 883 € **Average annual salary:** 60 500 €

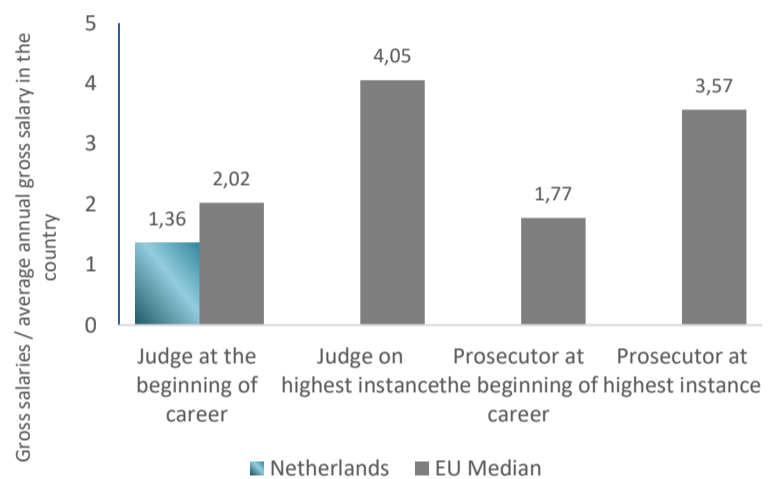
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
14,49	44,23	102,42	5,37
24,48	57,49	121,32	14,33
EU median		EU median	

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

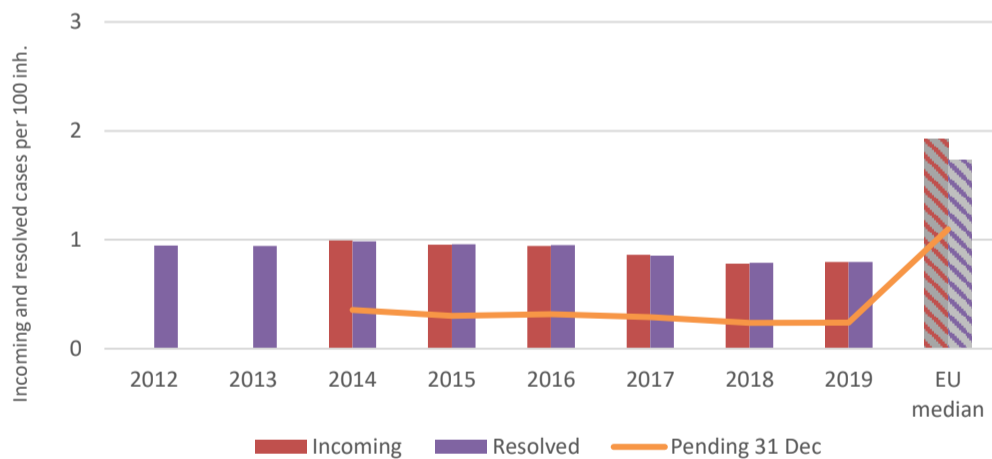


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country¹

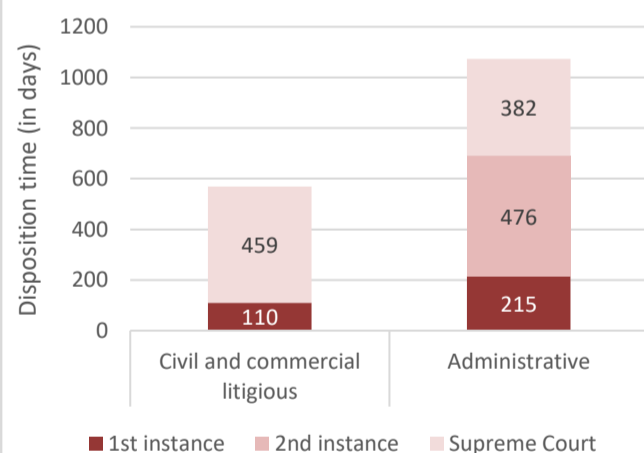


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

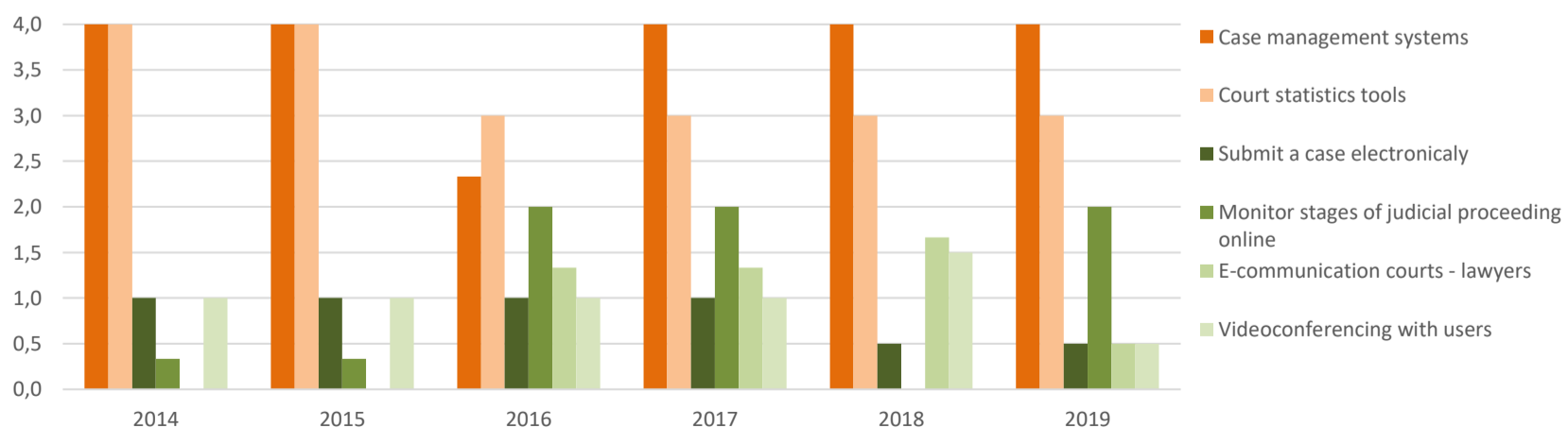


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for: Netherlands

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	3,7%	1,1%	1,2%	0,6%	0,7%
GDP per capita	38 236 €	38 255 €	39 313 €	39 937 €	41 258 €	42 578 €	45 052 €	46 883 €	22,6%	4,9%	9,2%	5,8%	4,1%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	54 700 €		56 900 €		57 300 €		58 800 €	60 500 €	7,5%	0,7%	2,6%		0,0%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	14,4	14,1	14,0	13,9	13,6	14,8	14,6	14,5	0,9%	-2,2%	6,9%	-1,2%	-0,7%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	37,3	43,3	43,9	42,8	42,8	43,8	43,4	44,2	18,7%	-2,4%	1,2%	-1,0%	2,0%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	101,7	102,8	104,8	102,1	102,4	102,9	102,9	102,4	0,7%	-2,3%	0,3%	0,0%	-0,5%
Mediators	4,9	5,5	7,0	8,3	8,6	8,8	5,8	5,4	9,9%	22,2%	-32,4%	-34,1%	-7,4%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	0,995	0,954	0,944	0,861	0,779	0,797	NA	-5,1%	-17,4%	-9,5%	2,3%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	5,841	5,686	5,796	5,585	5,570	NA	NA	-1,8%	-3,6%	-0,3%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,685	0,7	0,6	0,591	0,662	0,579	0,576	0,608	-11,2%	1,8%	-12,9%	-0,5%	5,5%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	99%	100%	101%	99%	101%	100%	NA	1,57	0,52	2,13	-1,03
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	100%	101%	99%	101%	100%	NA	NA	0,52	2,13	-1,03
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	98%	100%	99%	103%	95%	105%	95%	94%	-3,88	-3,62	-0,09	-9,91	-1,51

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	132	115	121	124	110	110	NA	-8,1%	-9,4%	-11,8%	0,3%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	74	66	68	65	62	NA	NA	-2,6%	-4,2%	-4,9%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	163	164	171	168	178	165	200	215	32,0%	4,1%	11,8%	20,9%	7,7%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	0,36	0,30	0,32	0,29	0,24	0,24	NA	-11,5%	-24,7%	-18,4%	1,5%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	1,18	1,04	1,06	1,00	0,94	NA	NA	-3,9%	-5,7%	-6,1%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,30	0,30	0,30	0,28	0,31	0,28	0,30	0,34	12,5%	2,1%	-2,7%	9,0%	11,8%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	99%	90%	101%	93%	103%	99%	108%	100%	1,21	1,64	5,35	9,43	-8,35

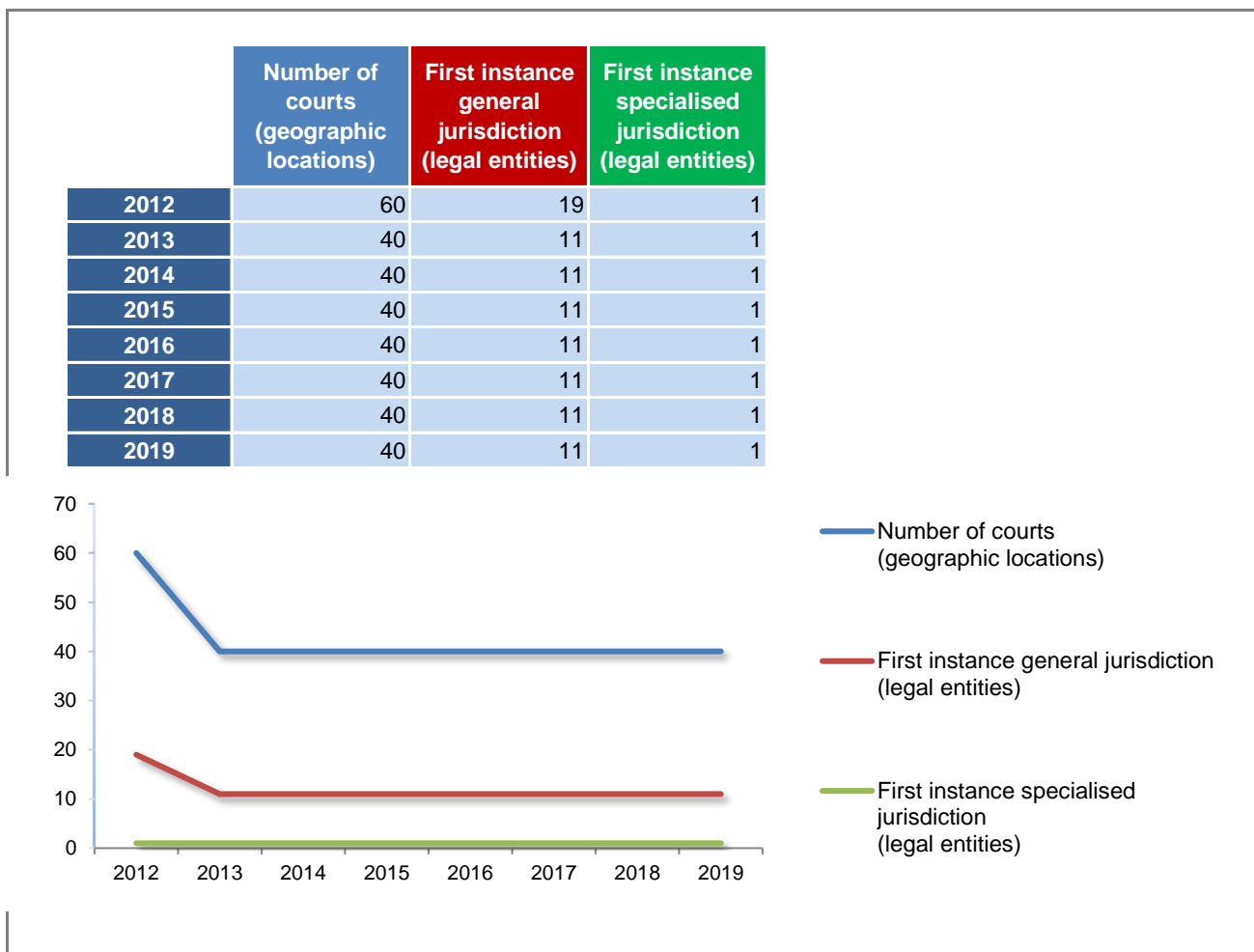
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

DT administrative law cases (days)	440	478	411	427	348	444	437	476	8,3%	-15,3%	25,4%	-1,7%	9,0%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	100%	84%	NA	NA	NA	NA	-16,38
CR administrative law cases	NA	-	98%	NA	NA	NA	87%	80%	NA	NA	NA	NA	-6,91
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	320	459	NA	NA	NA	NA	43,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	299	382	NA	NA	NA	NA	27,9%

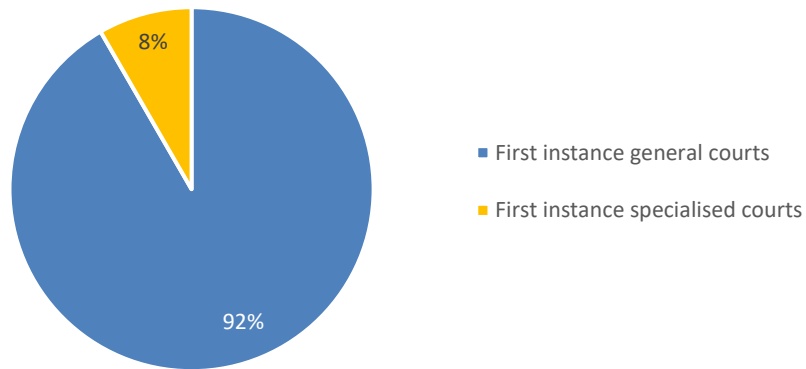
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Netherlands

Since 2013 and following the implementation of the reform related to the reorganization of the judicial map, the number of district courts which are first instance courts of general jurisdiction was reduced from 19 to 11. Moreover, this reform resulted in the closure of sub-district court locations due to which the number of geographic locations decreased from 64 to 40.

Besides, there are 1 Central Appeal Tribunal, 4 General Appeal (second instance) courts, 1 Trade and Industry Appeals Tribunal (special administrative court, which rules on disputes in the area of social-economic administrative law and other specific laws, such as competition law) and 1 Supreme Court.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



There is only one specialized first instance court, namely the Trade and Industry Appeals Tribunal, also known as Administrative High Court for Trade and Industry.

The other specialized jurisdictions are not legal entities (Natte kamer, Ondernemingskamer, Militaire kamer) but only chambers within the courts.

There is no separate military court, but there is a military chamber in one of the district courts.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Netherlands

- **Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):**

Approved
12 899 909 000 €

Implemented:
13 662 272 000 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services



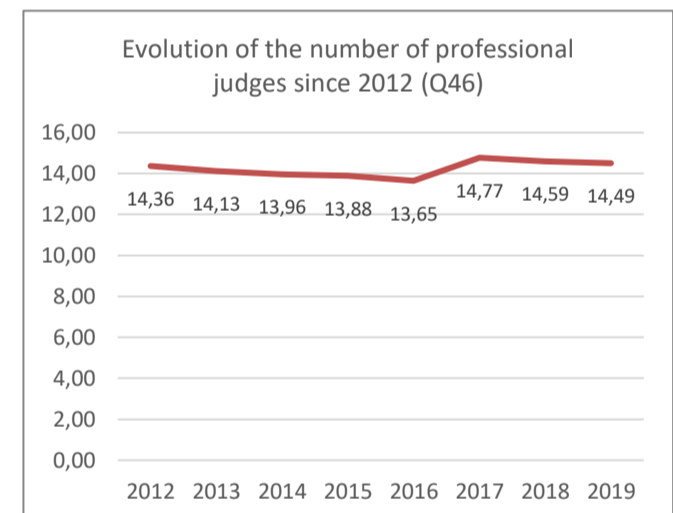
The category "other services" refers to: Raad van State - it is not part of the Ministry of Justice and Safety annual budget, but falls under 'Boek II - Overige hoge colleges van staat' (Book II - Other High colleges of State); police and secret service.

- **Human resources**

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	2 410	14,36	46,6%	53,4%
2013	2 378	14,13	44,5%	55,5%
2014	2 359	13,96	43,7%	56,3%
2015	2 357	13,88	43,5%	56,5%
2016	2 331	13,65	42,4%	57,6%
2017	2 538	14,77	NA	NA
2018	2 522	14,59	39,9%	60,1%
2019	2 523	14,49	39,6%	60,4%

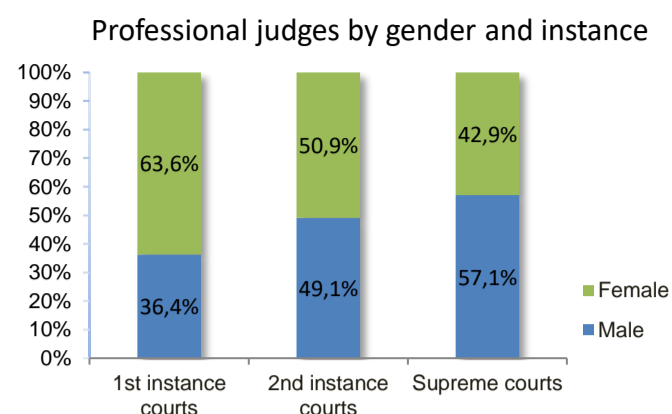


According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in the Netherlands is 2 523 which is almost the same figure than in previous cycle (2 522).

More precisely, in the Netherlands, in 2019 there are 14,5 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,1 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 3,0 non-judge staff per judge).

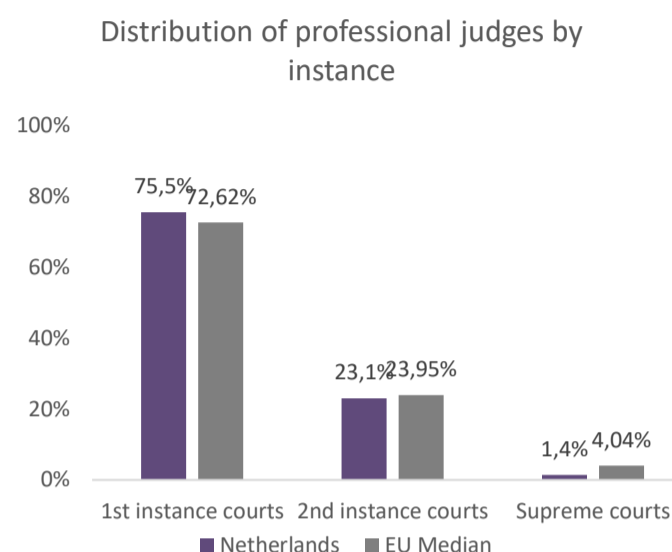
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	1 906	693	1 213
2nd instance courts	582	286	296
Supreme courts	35	20	15
Total	2 523	999	1 524



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	75,5%	36,4%	63,6%
2nd instance courts	23,1%	49,1%	50,9%
Supreme courts	1,4%	57,1%	42,9%



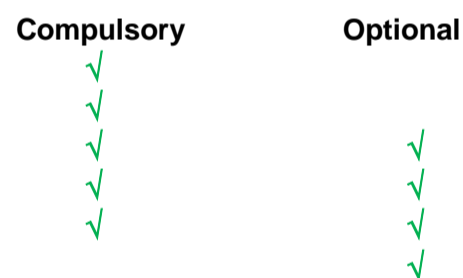
The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 1 524 which represents 60,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 906 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 1 213 are female) ; 582 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 296 are female) and 35 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 15 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, it should be noted that since 2010 the provided numbers include court presidents. Besides, the number of first instance judges encompasses judges 'overig RA' that cannot be assigned solely to 1st or 2nd instance.

In Netherlands, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:
- In-service training on ethics:



Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	421	45
1. Only for judges	132	NA
2. Only for prosecutors	NA	NA
3. Only for other non-judge staff	NA	NA
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
5. Other common training	NA	NA

SSR reports that this format is difficult to answer. The organisation reports they offer learning activities for judges, public prosecutors and non-judge/non-prosecutor staff, but that only in the initial education period, are courses offered separately. Because of this, it seems few courses are offered, while annually about 25000 participants are registered.

Additionally, the Public Prosecution reports 211 training courses followed by prosecutors only, and 29 courses using e-learning, and 204 training courses followed by non-prosecutor staff, and 31 courses using e-learning. The duration of these courses vary from part of a day to several days, and were followed at SSR.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	6 252	NAP	4 847	NA	NA	1 405
2013	7 287	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2014	7 422	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2015	7 265	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2016	7 317	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2017	7 523	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2018	7 492	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2019	7 699	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA

In the Netherlands, in this cycle there are 7 699 non-judge staff (among which 5 104 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,8%.

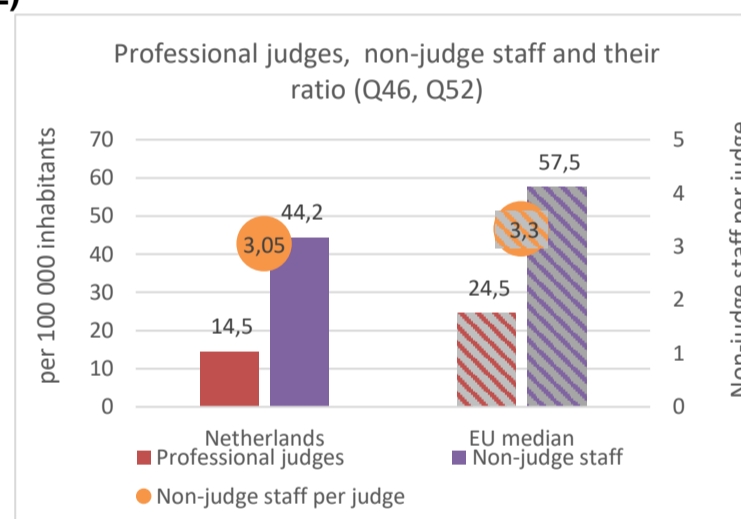
Akin to previous cycles, this year only the total of non-judge staff working in courts is available.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 43,4 in 2018 to 44,2 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 14,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 14,5 in 2019.

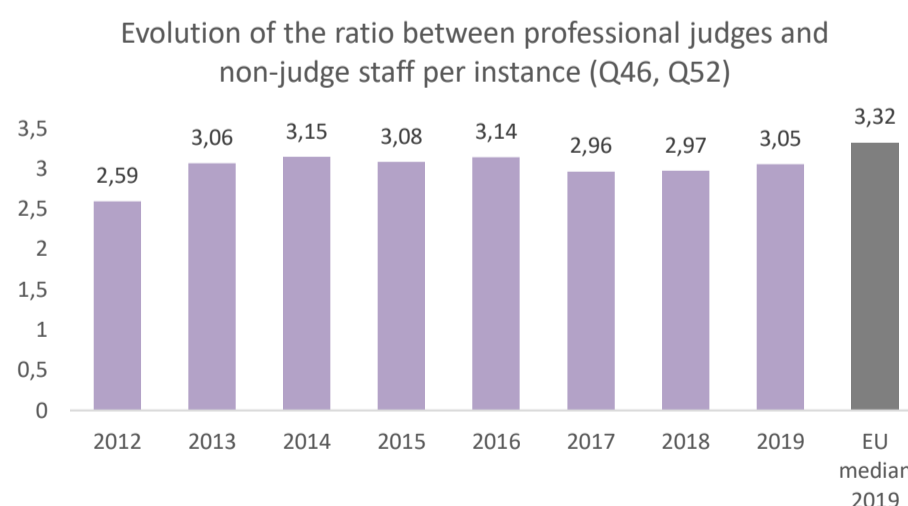
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Netherlands	EU median
Professional judges	14,5	24,5
Non-judge staff	44,2	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,05	3,3



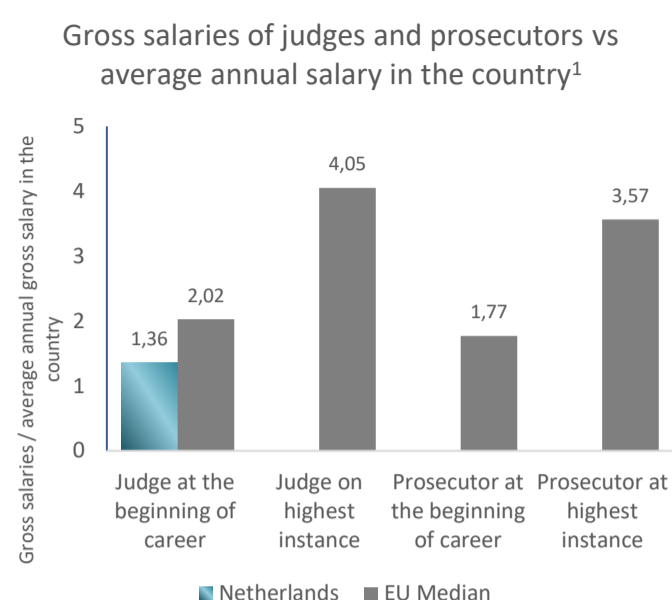
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Ratio
2012	2,59
2013	3,06
2014	3,15
2015	3,08
2016	3,14
2017	2,96
2018	2,97
2019	3,05



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

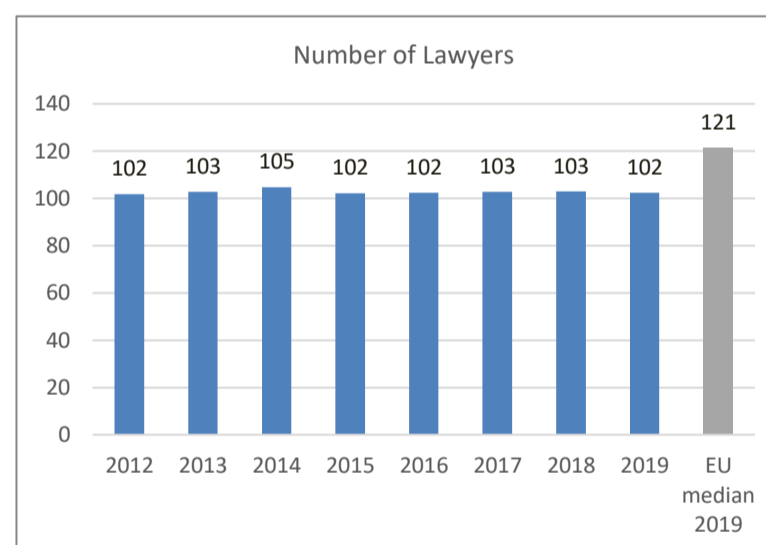
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	82 113 €	52 314 €	1,36
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	NA	NA	NA
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	NA	NA	NA
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	NA	NA	NA



Salary of judge / prosecutor 'at the beginning of career': the salary used is the one for a starting judge / prosecutor, after finalizing a training period of several years. During the training there is a fixed salary, lower than the salary of a fully functional judge / prosecutor. In the Dutch system, there is the Wet Rechtspositie Rechterlijke Ambtenaren (Law Judicial Position of Magistrates), in which article 7 specifies that for the determination of the salary of magistrates, the different types (e.g. judge, public prosecutor, etc.) of magistrates are appointed to categories. These categories are then used to specify salary categories in the Collective Labour Agreement for this field. Relevant websites: <https://wetten.overheid.nl/BWBR0008365/2020-01-01#Hoofdstuk3>
<https://nvvr.org/cao>

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	17 068	101,72
2013	17 298	102,79
2014	17 713	104,80
2015	17 343	102,14
2016	17 498	102,44
2017	17 672	102,86
2018	17 784	102,90
2019	17 829	102,42

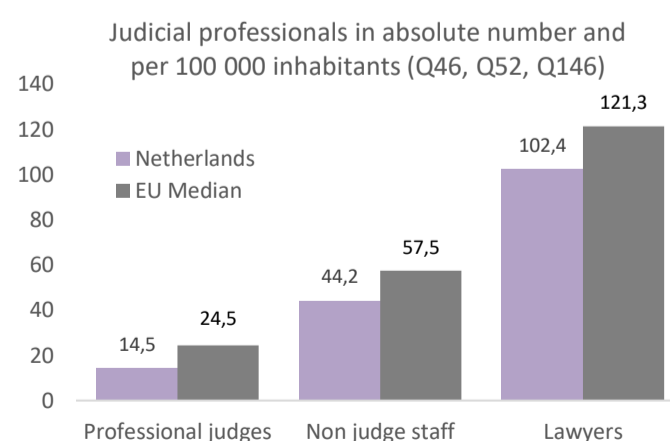


In 2019, there are 17 829 lawyers, which is 0,3% more than in 2018.

This data of 102,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is below the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 523	14,49	24,48
Non judge staff	7 699	44,23	57,49
Lawyers	17 829	102,42	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 444 400 000 € (25,5 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 417 800 000 € (24,0 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	162 400 000 €	152 100 000 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	282 000 000 €	265 700 000 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA

The Dutch legal aid system encompasses three 'lines' that provide legal aid and constitutes a mixed model consisting of a public preliminary provision, public first-line and private second-line help.

•Firstly, the preliminary provision of the interactive online application called Roadmap to Justice offers digital help to people to find solutions for their legal problems in an interactive manner, initially in the area of divorce. This online platform provides information, objective criteria and self-help tools. With the aid of a reviewer the agreements can be finalized in a divorce settlement. In the near future, after-care will also be possible. The Legal Services Counters also have a website that can be seen as a preliminary provision.

•Secondly, the Legal Services Counters (LSC) who are financed by the Legal Aid Board, act as what is commonly known as the 'front office' (primary help). Legal matters are being clarified to clients and information and advice given. If necessary, clients will be referred to other professionals or support agencies. Clients may also be referred to a private lawyer or mediator who acts as the secondary line of legal aid. Clients may also apply for legal aid from a subsidised lawyer or mediator directly.

•Finally, private lawyers and mediators provide legal aid in more complicated or time-consuming matters (secondary help). They are paid by the Legal Aid Board to provide their services to clients of limited means. Generally, they are paid a fixed fee according to the type of case, although exceptions can be made for more extensive cases.

Since 2010 it is possible to get subsidized legal aid for criminal cases that do not go to court. However, for subsidized legal aid in criminal cases it is not possible to make the distinction between "cases brought to court" and "non-litigious cases".

Until 2013 the number of non-litigious criminal cases was negligible. So they were ignored. On the contrary, currently the number of cases is growing and becoming substantial. So they can no longer be ignored, but the actual figures are not available.

It is noteworthy that subsidized legal aid has an open end funding, meaning that all applications that meet the criteria are awarded, regardless of the original budget. Accordingly, the difference between the proposed budget and the implemented one could be contentious.

The budget intended to the Legal Counters (one of the providers of primary legal aid) is not included.

In the Netherlands, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

Legal aid can also be granted for the following costs: travel costs, interpreter and translation costs, administrative costs, medical expert costs in injury cases for which a special regulation exists.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

However, the preferred lawyer has to be registered with the Legal Aid Board.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

A court fee is required in Administrative Law and Civil Law procedures. Only in insolvency cases, child care cases, psychiatric patient cases and asylum cases one does not have to pay a court tax or fee. There are no other exceptions.

◦ **Methodology of calculation of court fees**

In civil cases, there are fixed fee rates based on the underlying value of the claim. There is flat rate in cases where the value of the claim is undetermined. In civil cases there are different rates for individuals and legal entities.

In administrative cases the rate depends on the type of case and whether it is an individual or legal entity.

There is a fixed flat rate for people with low income.

Since 1 January 2011 the court fee must be paid in advance.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 476€.

The rate of 476 euros is for companies, institutions and organisations.
For individuals the rate is 226 euros, and 79 euros for individuals with low income.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

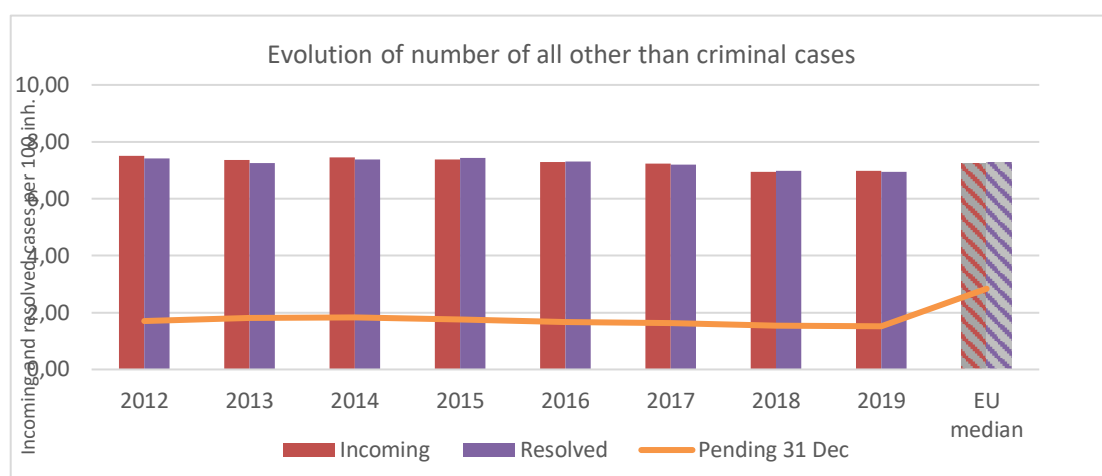
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

It is noteworthy that in the Netherlands, it is not possible to say whether incoming or pending cases will be litigious or non-litigious. This distinction can be made retroactively. Accordingly, the number of pending cases at the beginning of the year is not available.

First instance cases

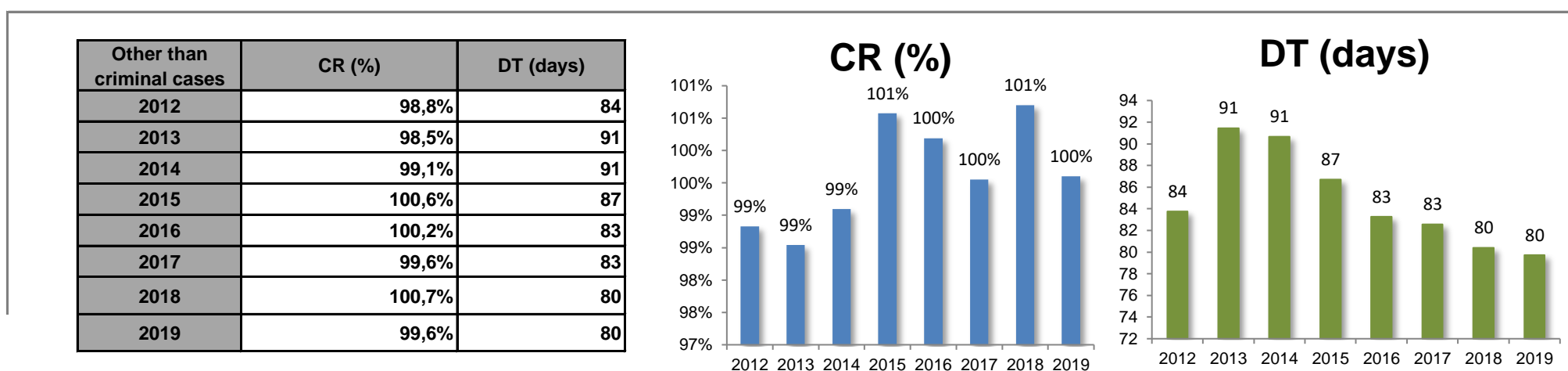
- *Total other than criminal cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in the Netherlands (6,98 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in the Netherlands (6,95 per 100 inhabitants) is also slightly below the EU median (7,27 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in the Netherlands (1,52 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



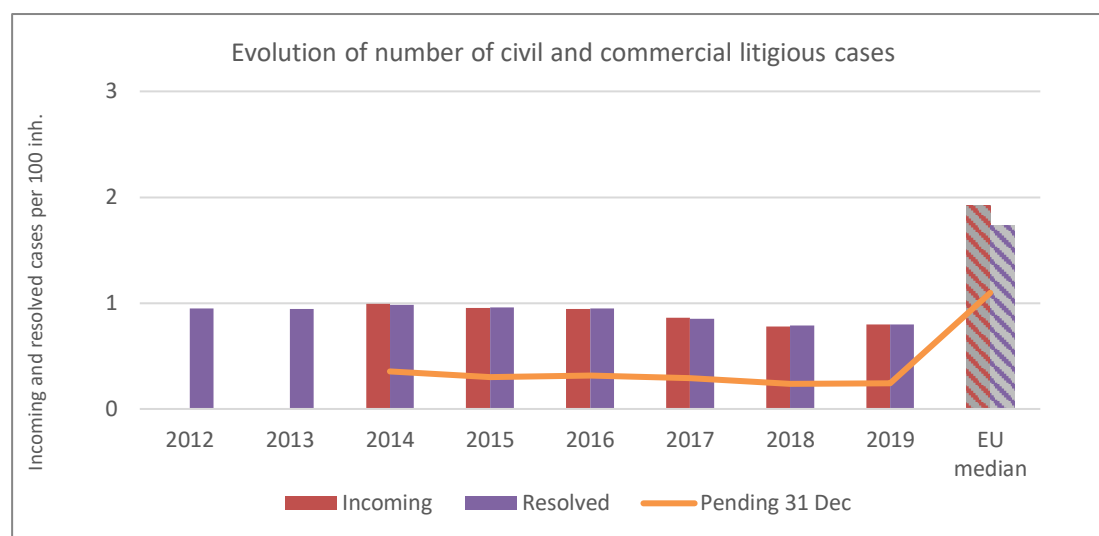
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,6% in 2019 Netherlands seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,1 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 80 days, which is below the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -0,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



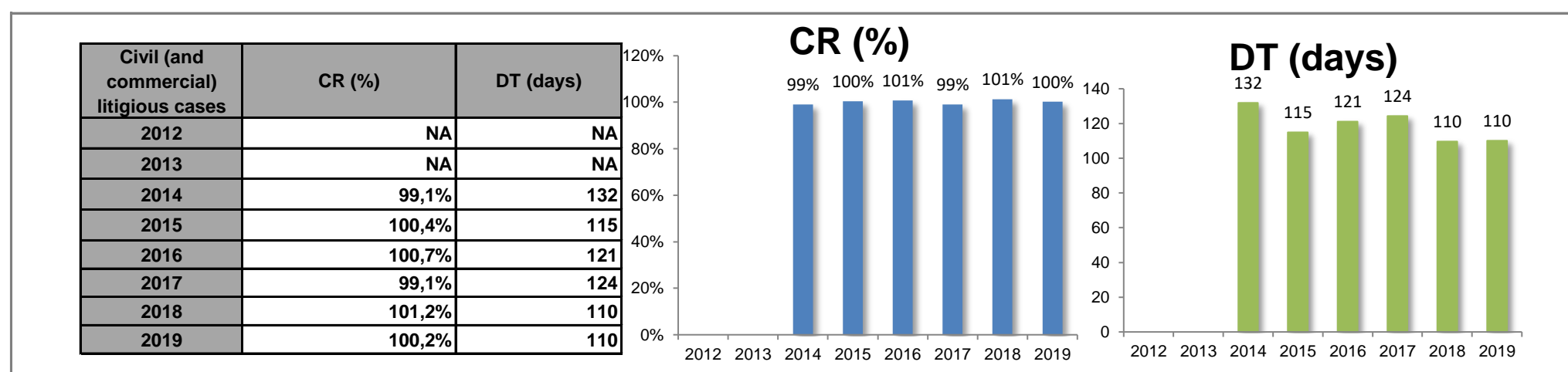
NA	0,95	
NA	0,94	
0,99	0,99	0,36
0,95	0,96	0,30
0,94	0,95	0,32
0,86	0,85	0,29
0,78	0,79	0,24
0,80	0,80	0,24
1,92	1,73	1,10

At the outset, it should be noticed that the number of insolvency cases cannot be identified separately and is encompassed within the general category of civil and commercial litigious cases. The latter category includes uncontested civil/commercial summons, and civil requests (verzoekschriften), both commercial and family cases.

The number of incoming cases in 2019 in the Netherlands (0,80 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2019 in the Netherlands (0,80 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in the Netherlands (0,24 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,2% in 2019, Netherlands seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

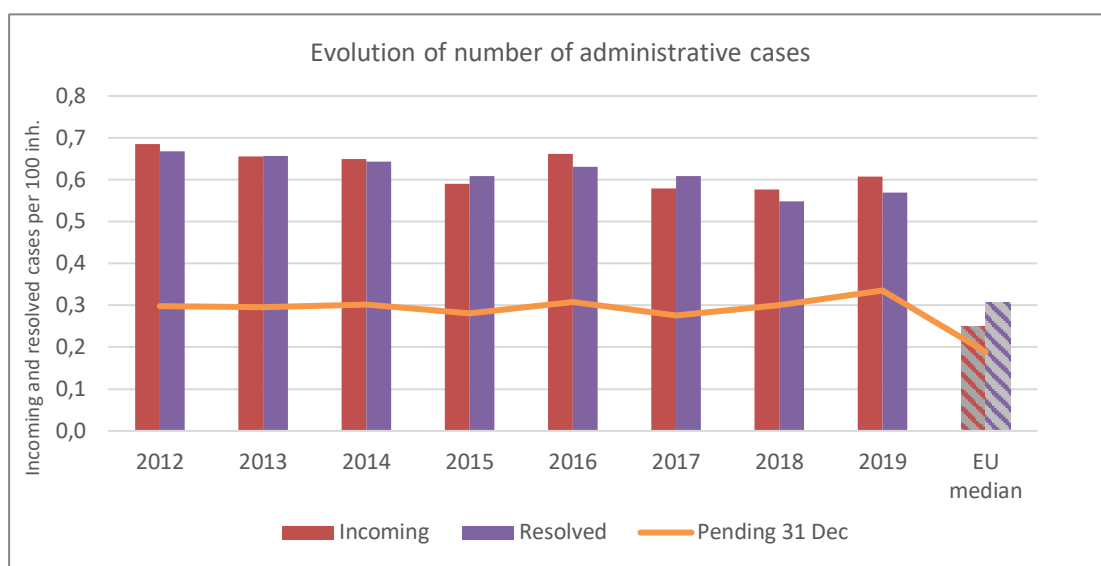
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,0 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 110 days, which is below the EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 0,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

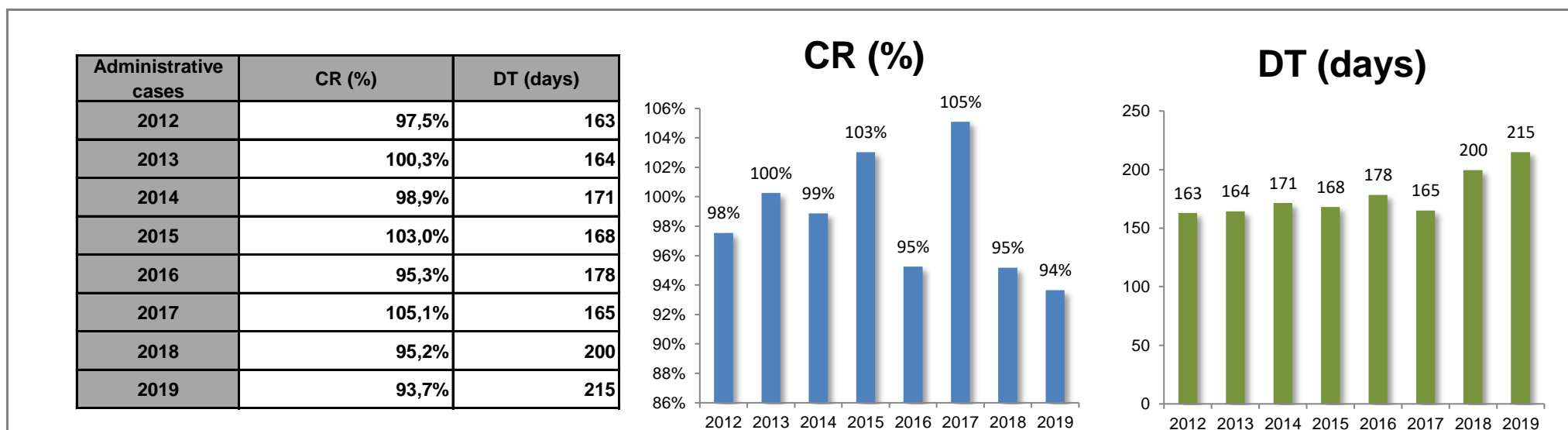
◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in the Netherlands (0,61 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2019 in the Netherlands (0,57 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in the Netherlands (0,34 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 93,7% in 2019, Netherlands seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,5 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 215 days, which is below the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 7,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

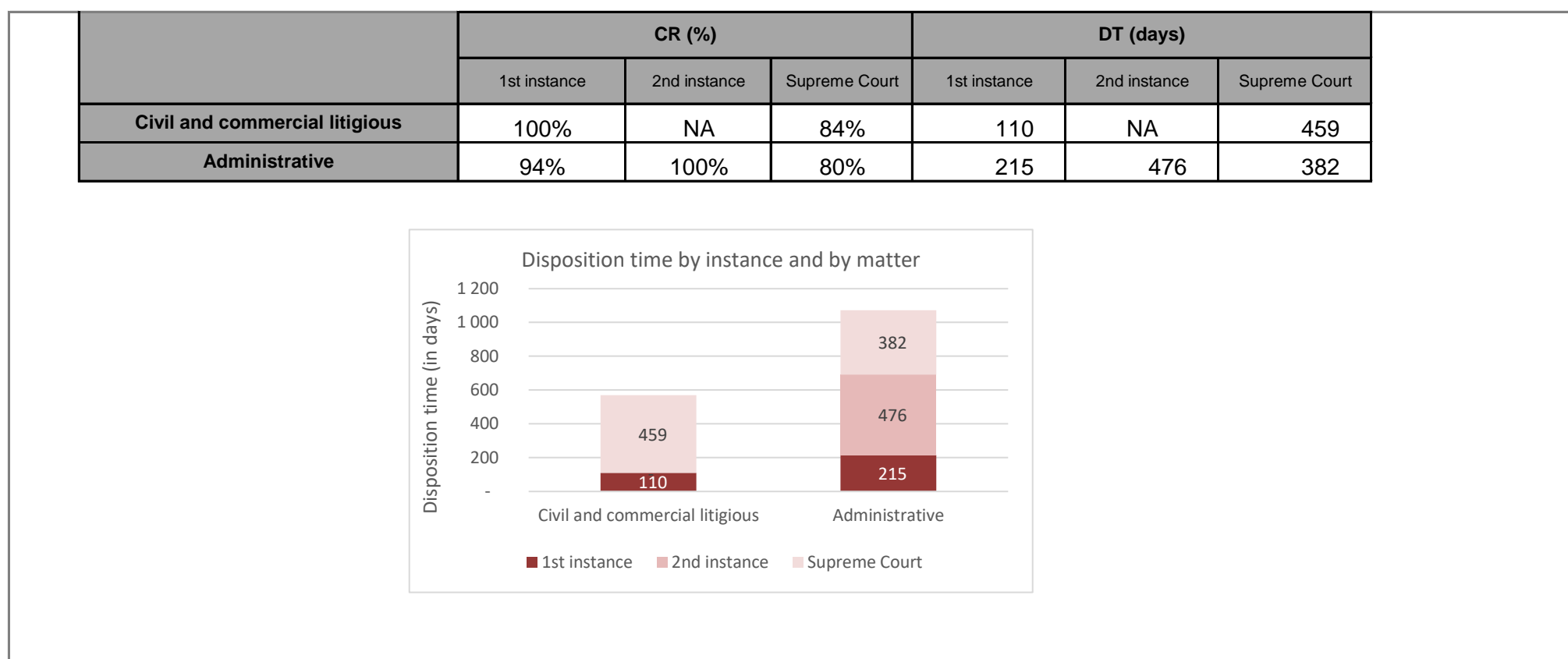
◦ Insolvency

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012		
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA
2017	NA	NA
2018	NA	NA
2019	NA	NA

The Clearance Rate and the Disposition Time of insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

As mentioned already above, the number of insolvency cases cannot be identified separately, and is encompassed within the general category of civil and commercial litigious cases.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



Concerning civil and commercial litigious cases, first instance courts seem to be more efficient than the High Court, presenting a Disposition Time considerably below the EU median of 213 days. The High Court is characterised by a relatively high Disposition Time in respect of both civil and commercial litigious cases and administrative cases, each time meaningfully above the EU medians of 217 and 219 days respectively. In administrative matters, first instance courts are also the most efficient instance with a Disposition Time below the EU median of 284 days. The Disposition Time of courts of appeal cannot be calculated in respect of civil and commercial litigious cases, while for administrative cases it is significantly above the EU median of 329 days.

First instance courts seem to be faster with regard to civil and commercial litigious cases compared to administrative cases. As to the High Court, administrative cases are resolved more promptly than civil and commercial litigious cases.

It is noteworthy that concerning Dutch administrative law, there are three other courts that may act as supreme court: the Administrative Jurisdiction Division of the Council of the State, the Administrative Court for Trade and Industry, and the Central Appeals Court for Public Service and Social Security matters. However, cases of these courts are not included in the data provided.

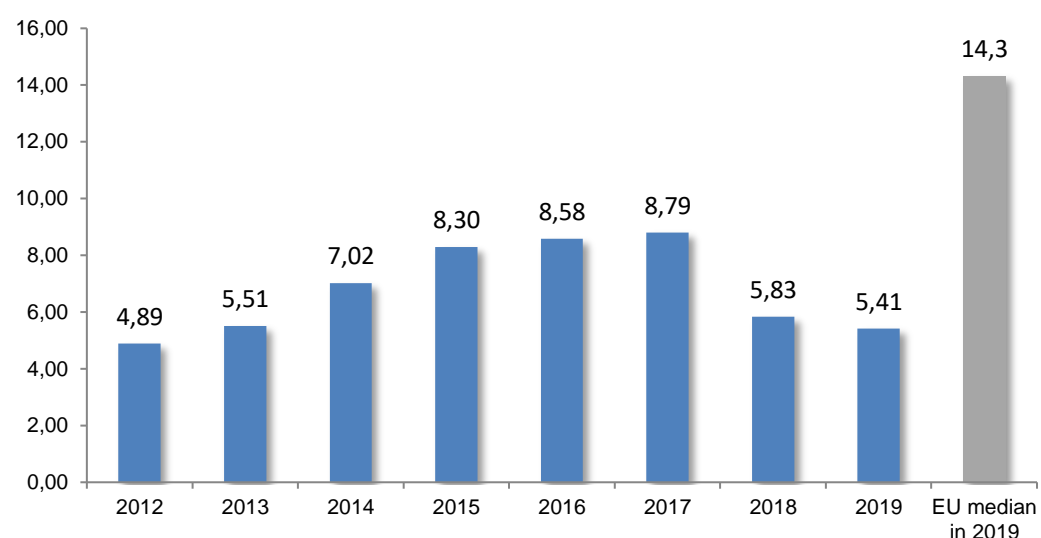
● **Alternative dispute resolutions**

The judicial system in Netherlands provides court related mediation.

Court-related mediation always implies the intervention of a judge or a public prosecutor who facilitates, advises on, decides on or/and approves the procedure. For example, in civil disputes or divorce cases, judges may refer parties to a mediator if they believe that more satisfactory results can be achieved for both parties. In criminal law cases, a public prosecutor can propose that he/she mediates a case between an offender and a victim (for example to establish a compensation agreement).

The court related mediation system in the Netherlands does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	820	4,89
2013	927	5,51
2014	1 187	7,02
2015	1 409	8,30
2016	1 466	8,58
2017	1 511	8,79
2018	1 002	5,83
2019	935	5,41



In 2019, there are 935 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 5,4 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about -6,7%.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	3 442	20
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA

Only the total of court-related mediation procedures is available for 2019.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

More precisely, an annual report for all courts is published. Some courts choose to publish individual annual reports, but this is not required. There are other institutes as well that publish reports, but these are more broad in character than just the functioning of the courts (e.g. WODC publishes monitors on criminal activity).

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- satisfaction of court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- number of appeals
- disposition time

In the Netherlands, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

Along with the monthly reports and quarterly reports, there are annual reports which are more thorough and elaborate.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- satisfaction of court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

There are quality standards which are measured by annual statistical figures per individual court. Examples are the scores of customer satisfaction surveys, the percentage of cases judged by three instead of one judge and case processing times (the so called 'Kengetallen gerechten').

There is a so-called Team Judicial Quality (Team Juridische Kwaliteit), which studies topics in a theme-wise manner. This is part of the program 'Programma OM Strafvordering 2020'. A team of public prosecutors participates in TKJ and assesses the judicial work of colleagues in a structured and systematic way. There is often a first assessment (baseline) and a first follow-up assessment, and sometimes even a second follow-up. If necessary, the assessment framework is adjusted.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

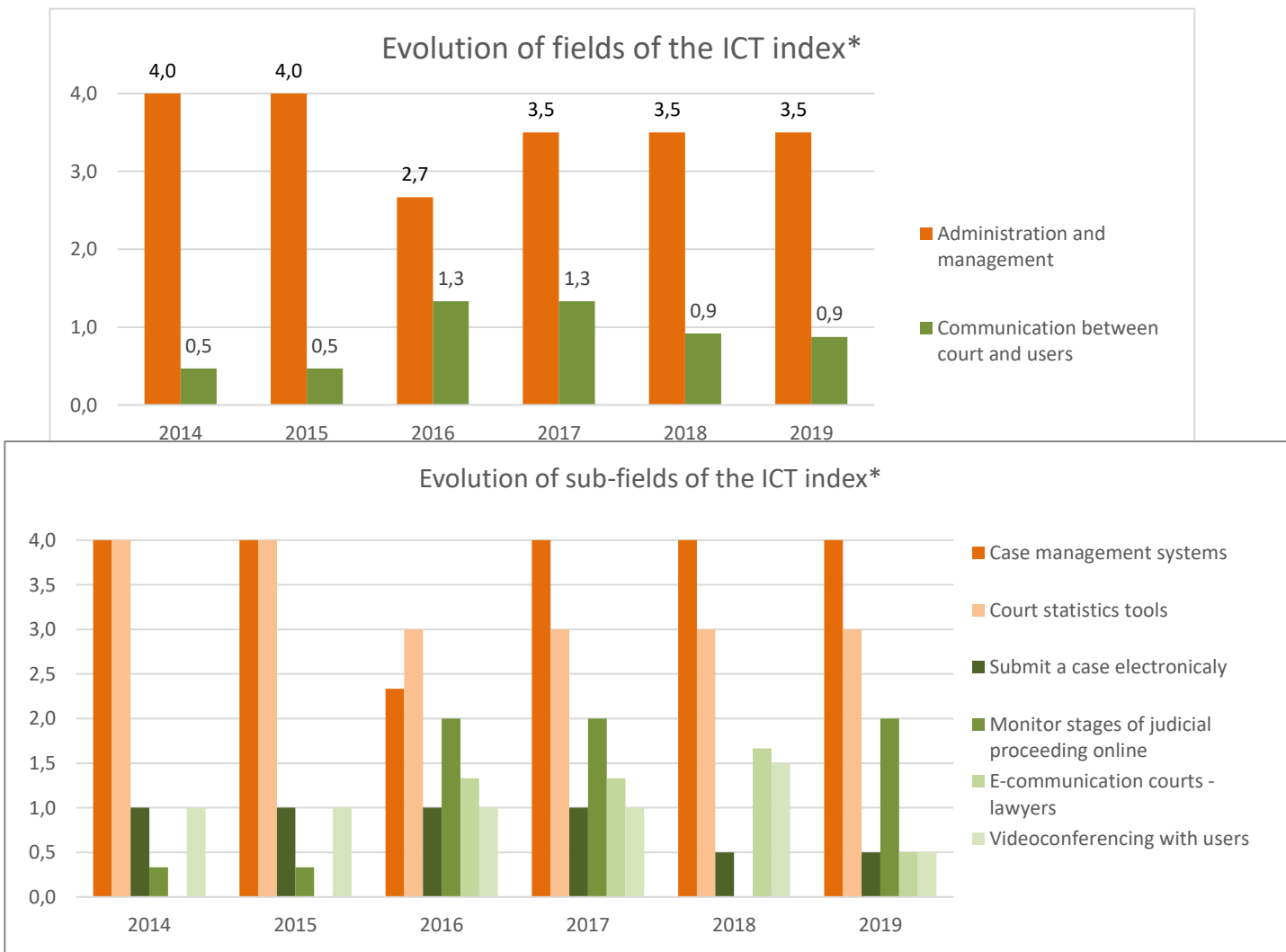
	points (up to 4)
Administration and management	3,5
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	3,0
Communication between court and users	0,9
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	0,5
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	2,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	0,5
Videoconferencing with users	0,5

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



As to writing assistance tools, there is a tool, which is called 'Schrijfhulp'. It is a tool that helps people e.g. write a letter to respond to a summons:
https://formulieren.rechtspraak.nl/formulier/SchrijfhulpKanton_Dagvaarding_004.aspx/Benodigdheden_Dagvaarding_004

As to voice recording tools, there are some court rooms with sound recordings to an SD-card. This is solely to assist in the reporting. It is not product in itself.

The level of automisation differs between courts and types of courts, which makes it difficult to report how much voice recording tools are used. Voice recognition is not used.

Statistical data

In the Netherlands, the Council of the Judiciary is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The Council of the Judiciary collects data, both for internal planning and control, and communication with the Department of Justice.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

An annual report for all courts is published. Some courts choose to publish individual annual reports, but this is not required. There are other institutes as well that publish reports, but these are more broad in character than just the functioning of the courts (e.g. WODC publishes monitors on criminal activity).

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	3,7%	0,3%	0,4%	0,5%	0,6%	0,6%	0,6%	0,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	38 236 €	38 255 €	39 313 €	39 937 €	41 258 €	42 578 €	45 052 €	46 883 €	22,6%	0,0%	2,8%	1,6%	3,3%	3,2%	5,8%	4,1%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	11 467 326 000	12 383 259 000	11 807 861 000	11 437 413 000	11 700 989 000	12 647 856 000	12 080 537 000	12 899 909 000	12,5%	8,0%	-4,6%	-3,1%	2,3%	8,1%	-4,5%	6,8%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	NAP								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	Yes								

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	3,7%	0,3%	0,4%	0,5%	0,6%	0,6%	0,6%	0,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	38 236 €	38 255 €	39 313 €	39 937 €	41 258 €	42 578 €	45 052 €	46 883 €	22,6%	0,0%	2,8%	1,6%	3,3%	3,2%	5,8%	4,1%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	11 467 326 000	12 383 259 000	11 807 861 000	11 437 413 000	11 700 989 000	12 647 856 000	12 080 537 000	12 899 909 000	12,5%	0 €	-4,6%	-3,1%	2,3%	8,1%	-4,5%	6,8%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	12 624 891 000	12 718 106 000	13 192 070 000	12 997 869 000	12 814 046 000	13 662 272 000	-	-	-	0,7%	3,7%	-1,5%	-1,4%	6,6%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	3,7%	0,3%	0,4%	0,5%	0,6%	0,6%	0,6%	0,7%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	11 467 326 000	12 383 259 000	11 807 861 000	11 437 413 000	11 700 989 000	12 647 856 000	12 080 537 000	12 899 909 000	12,5%	8,0%	-4,6%	-3,1%	2,3%	8,1%	-4,5%	6,8%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	237 570 000	-	217 194 000	198 293 000	194 428 000	205 181 000	160 462 000	165 259 000	-30,4%	-	-	-8,7%	-1,9%	5,5%	-21,8%	3,0%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	471	471	476	476	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	1,1%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	3,7%	0,3%	0,4%	0,5%	0,6%	0,6%	0,6%	0,7%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	19	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	-42,1%	-42,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	60	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	-33,3%	-33,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	3,7%	0,3%	0,4%	0,5%	0,6%	0,6%	0,6%	0,7%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	279 460	287 474	305 520	310 170	299 580	284 649	279 950	266 100	-4,8%	2,9%	6,3%	1,5%	-3,4%	-5,0%	-1,7%	-4,9%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	51 794	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	204 372	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	204 372	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	48 010	50 084	49 800	51 020	47 570	52 649	47 290	51 840	8,0%	4,3%	-0,6%	2,4%	-6,8%	10,7%	-10,2%	9,6%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 258 187	1 237 427	1 260 111	1 253 987	1 245 537	1 243 209	1 199 579	1 214 258	-3,5%	-1,6%	1,8%	-0,5%	-0,7%	-0,2%	-3,5%	1,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	168 127	161 950	161 171	147 954	134 710	138 752	-	-	-	-3,7%	-0,5%	-8,2%	-9,0%	3,0%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	982 142	991 752	971 332	995 731	965 230	969 669	-	-	-	1,0%	-2,1%	2,5%	-3,1%	0,5%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	991 752	971 332	995 731	965 230	969 669	-	-	-	-	-2,1%	2,5%	-3,1%	0,5%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	114 930	110 273	109 842	100 285	113 034	99 524	99 629	105 837	-7,9%	-4,1%	-0,4%	-8,7%	12,7%	-12,0%	0,1%	6,2%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 243 457	1 219 381	1 248 701	1 261 182	1 247 910	1 237 649	1 207 954	1 209 419	-2,7%	-1,9%	2,4%	1,0%	-1,1%	-0,8%	-2,4%	0,1%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	159 165	158 722	166 639	162 533	162 270	146 581	136 326	138 986	-12,7%	-0,3%	5,0%	-2,5%	-0,2%	-9,7%	-7,0%	2,0%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	973 447	995 325	977 958	986 489	976 807	971 301	-	-	-	2,2%	-1,7%	0,9%	-1,0%	-0,6%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	972 185	950 102	NA	995 325	977 958	986 489	976 807	971 301	-0,1%	-2,3%	-	-	-1,7%	0,9%	-1,0%	-0,6%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	112 107	110 557	108 615	103 324	107 682	104 579	94 821	99 132	-11,6%	-1,4%	-1,8%	-4,9%	4,2%	-2,9%	-9,3%	4,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	285 340	305 520	310 170	299 580	284 649	279 950	266 100	264 130	-7,4%	7,1%	1,5%	-3,4%	-5,0%	-1,7%	-4,9%	-0,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	60 160	51 211	53 826	49 944	40 981	41 905	-	-	-	-14,9%	5,1%	-7,2%	-17,9%	2,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	198 990	200 799	178 174	182 716	173 279	163 855	-	-	-	0,9%	-11,3%	2,5%	-5,2%	-5,4%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	200 799	178 174	182 716	173 279	163 855	-	-	-	-	-11,3%	2,5%	-5,2%	-5,4%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	50 010	49 800	51 020	47 570	52 649	47 290	51 846	58 370	16,7%	-0,4%	2,4%	-6,8%	10,7%	-10,2%	9,6%	12,6%

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	98,8%	98,5%	99,1%	100,6%	100,2%	99,6%	100,7%	99,6%	0,8%	-0,3%	0,6%	1,5%	-0,4%	-0,6%	1,2%	-1,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	99,1%	100,4%	100,7%	99,1%	101,2%	100,2%	-	-	-	1,3%	0,3%	-1,6%	2,1%	-1,0%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	99,1%	100,4%	100,7%	99,1%	101,2%	100,2%	-	-	-	1,3%	0,3%	-1,6%	2,1%	-1,0%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	100,4%	100,7%	99,1%	101,2%	100,2%	-	-	-	-	0,3%	-1,6%	2,1%	-1,0%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	97,5%	100,3%	98,9%	103,0%	95,3%	105,1%	95,2%	93,7%	-4,0%	2,8%	-1,4%	4,2%	-7,5%	10,3%	-9,4%	-1,6%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	84	91	91	87	83	83	80	80	-4,8%	9,2%	-0,9%	-4,4%	-4,0%	-0,8%	-2,6%	-0,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	132	115	121	124	110	110	-	-	-	-12,7%	5,3%	2,7%	-11,8%	0,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	75	74	66	68	65	62	-	-	-	-1,3%	-9,7%	1,7%	-4,2%	-4,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	74	66	68	65	62	-	-	-	-	-9,7%	1,7%	-4,2%	-4,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	163	164	171	168	178	165	200	215	32,0%	1,0%	4,3%	-2,0%	6,2%	-7,5%	20,9%	7,7%

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 118	6 200	5 757	5 827	5 332	5 018	4 539	4 648	-24,0%	1,3%	-7,1%	1,2%	-8,5%	-5,9%	-9,5%	2,4%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	4 676	4 689	3 897	3 289	3 752	2 720	2 117	1 801	-61,5%	0,3%	-16,9%	-15,6%	14,1%	-27,5%	-22,2%	-14,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	28 220	NA	27 910	26 110	27 510	27 932	27 980	27 940	-1,0%	-	-	-6,4%	5,4%	1,5%	0,2%	-0,1%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	13 020	NA	14 350	14 180	15 110	14 650	14 770	13 880	6,6%	-	-	-1,2%	6,6%	-3,0%	0,8%	-6,0%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	26 839	27 880	26 463	27 845	29 324	25 706	23 500	23 008	-14,3%	3,9%	-5,1%	5,2%	5,3%	-12,3%	-8,6%	-2,1%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	11 006	12 196	12 419	13 853	14 904	12 266	10 701	10 632	-3,4%	10,8%	1,8%	11,5%	7,6%	-17,7%	-12,8%	-0,6%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	27 298	27 234	27 979	26 482	29 263	26 236	24 992	23 506	-13,9%	-0,2%	2,7%	-5,4%	10,5%	-10,3%	-4,7%	-5,9%

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	10 871	10 947	12 586	12 925	15 349	12 132	11 593	10 630	-2,2%	0,7%	15,0%	2,7%	18,8%	-21,0%	-4,4%	-8,3%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	27 490	27 910	26 110	27 510	27 932	27 980	27 940	27 510	0,1%	1,5%	-6,4%	5,4%	1,5%	0,2%	-0,1%	-1,5%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	13 100	14 350	14 180	15 110	14 650	14 770	13 880	13 870	5,9%	9,5%	-1,2%	6,6%	-3,0%	0,8%	-6,0%	-0,1%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,7%	97,7%	105,7%	95,1%	99,8%	102,1%	106,3%	102,2%	0,4%	-4,0%	8,2%	-10,0%	4,9%	2,3%	4,2%	-3,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	98,8%	89,8%	101,3%	93,3%	103,0%	98,9%	108,3%	100,0%	1,2%	-9,1%	12,9%	-7,9%	10,4%	-4,0%	9,5%	-7,7%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	368	374	341	379	348	389	408	427	16,2%	1,8%	-8,9%	11,3%	-8,1%	11,7%	4,8%	4,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	440	478	411	427	348	444	437	476	8,3%	8,8%	-14,1%	3,8%	-18,4%	27,6%	-1,7%	9,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations						
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)															
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	920	1 037	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,7%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	380	378	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,5%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	540	659	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,0%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 676	-	1 512	NA	NA	NA	1 353	1 447	-13,7%	-	-	-	-	-	6,9%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	429	421	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1,9%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	1 021	NA	NA	NA	924	1 026	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,0%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 688	-	1 405	NA	NA	NA	1 236	1 177	-30,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-4,8%

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	431	354	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-17,9%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	1 000	NA	NA	NA	805	823	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,2%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 037	1 307	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,0%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	378	445	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,7%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	659	862	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,8%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,7%	-	92,9%	NA	NA	NA	91,4%	81,3%	-19,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-11,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	100,5%	84,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-16,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	-	97,9%	NA	NA	NA	87,1%	80,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-7,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	306	405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	320	459	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	299	382	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No
--	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	3,7%	0,3%	0,4%	0,5%	0,6%	0,6%	0,6%	0,7%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	495 300 000	498 200 000	430 000 000	417 100 000	440 400 000	447 157 000	460 600 000	444 400 000	-10,3%	0,6%	-13,7%	-3,0%	5,6%	1,5%	3,0%	-3,5%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	462 140 000	463 594 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	0,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	33 160 000	34 606 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	4,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	170 226 000	156 400 000	174 500 000	NA	165 800 000	162 400 000	-	-	-	-8,1%	11,6%	-	-	-2,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	145 366 000	141 854 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-2,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	259 774 000	260 700 000	265 900 000	NA	294 800 000	282 000 000	-	-	-	0,4%	2,0%	-	-	-4,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	361 773 000	321 740 000	229 003 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-11,1%	-28,8%	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	30 771 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	455 000 000	403 110 000	468 300 000	433 005 000	413 900 000	417 800 000	-	-	-	-11,4%	16,2%	-7,5%	-4,4%	0,9%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	146 734 000	121 946 000	170 700 000	NA	149 600 000	152 100 000	-	-	-	-16,9%	40,0%	-	-	1,7%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	308 266 000	281 164 000	297 600 000	NA	264 300 000	265 700 000	-	-	-	-8,8%	5,8%	-	-	0,5%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	274 464 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	33 802 000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No	No

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	421	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	45	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							No	No
63-7.1 workload of judges								
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors								
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							No	0
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	0
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	0
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	0
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	0

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	0									

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							NA	NA											
064-2 - Criminal							NA	NA											
064-2 - Administrative							NA	NA											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	NA											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	NA											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	NA											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							No	NA											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	NA											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							No	NA											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							No	NA											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	NA											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							No	NA											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							No	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							No	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							No	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	Yes											

- Civil - Equipment rate
- Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
- Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
- Civil - SMS
- Civil - E-mail
- Civil - Specific computer application
- Civil - Other

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	Yes									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							FALSE	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							FALSE	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							FALSE	accessible at all									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial								NA
064-6 - Criminal								NA
064-6 - Administrative							100%	NA
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	NA
064-10 - Criminal							1-9%	NA
064-10 - Administrative							1-9%	NA
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							NA	NA
064-11 - Criminal							NA	NA
064-11 - Administrative							NA	NA
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							FALSE	FALSE

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							FALSE	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							FALSE	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							No	No
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	No

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							NA	NA
064-7 - Modality - Email							Yes	0
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							No	0
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	0

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	0									

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate								NA	NA									
064-7 - Email								No	0									
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	0									
064-7 - Other								No	0									
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	0									
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate								NA	NA									
064-7 - Email								No	0									
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	0									
064-7 - Other								No	0									
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	0									

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission							No	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission							No	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission							No	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																			
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							No	Yes											
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	Yes											
065-4 - Impact on Workload							No	No											
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	No											
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	No											
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No											

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																	
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation								No	Yes								

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory								
127.1.2 General in-service training	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory								
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory								
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional								
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional								
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics								Optional	Optional								

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																	
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																	
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	820	927	1 187	1 409	1 466	1 511	1 002	935	14,0%	13,0%	28,0%	18,7%	4,0%	3,1%	-33,7%	-6,7%	

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	2 531	-	2 642	-	2 399	2 429	3 686	3 442	-4,0%	-	-	-	-	1,3%	51,7%	-6,6%
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	330	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	2 016	-	2 087	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	185	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																		
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																		
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	No	No									
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	3,7%	0,3%	0,4%	0,5%	0,6%	0,6%	0,6%	0,7%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 410	2 378	2 359	2 357	2 331	2 538	2 522	2 523	4,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,1%	-1,1%	8,9%	-0,6%	0,0%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 855	1 850	1 829	1 811	1 788	1 930	1 907	1 906	2,7%	-0,3%	-1,1%	-1,0%	-1,3%	7,9%	-1,2%	-0,1%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	519	528	530	546	543	570	582	582	12,1%	1,7%	0,4%	3,0%	-0,5%	5,0%	2,1%	0,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	36	NA	NA	NA	NA	38	33	35	-2,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-13,2%	6,1%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	1 122	1 058	1 031	1 026	988	NA	1 006	999	-11,0%	-5,7%	-2,6%	-0,5%	-3,7%	-	-	-0,7%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	784	757	738	722	693	721	694	693	-11,6%	-3,4%	-2,5%	-2,2%	-4,0%	4,0%	-3,7%	-0,1%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	306	301	293	304	295	293	292	286	-6,5%	-1,6%	-2,7%	3,8%	-3,0%	-0,7%	-0,3%	-2,1%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	32	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	20	20	-37,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 288	1 320	1 328	1 331	1 343	NA	1 516	1 524	18,3%	2,5%	0,6%	0,2%	0,9%	-	-	0,5%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 071	1 093	1 091	1 089	1 095	1 209	1 213	1 213	13,3%	2,1%	-0,2%	-0,2%	0,6%	10,4%	0,3%	0,0%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	213	227	237	242	248	277	290	296	39,0%	6,6%	4,4%	2,1%	2,5%	11,7%	4,7%	2,1%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	13	15	275,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,4%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 252	7 287	7 422	7 265	7 317	7 523	7 492	7 699	23,1%	16,6%	1,9%	-2,1%	0,7%	2,8%	-0,4%	2,8%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 847	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	1 405	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 595	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)																
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)																
Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	3,7%	0,3%	0,4%	0,5%	0,6%	0,6%	0,6%	0,7%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	17 068	17 298	17 713	17 343	17 498	17 672	17 784	17 829	4,5%	1,3%	2,4%	-2,1%	0,9%	1,0%	0,6%	0,3%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 252	7 287	7 422	7 265	7 317	7 523	7 492	7 699	23,1%	16,6%	1,9%	-2,1%	0,7%	2,8%	-0,4%	2,8%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 847	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	1 405	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 595	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	

Netherlands (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)																			
Judges							No	No											
Prosecutors							No	No											
Non-judge staff							No	No											
Lawyers							No	No											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							No	No											
Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)																			
Judges							No	No											
Prosecutors							No	No											
Non-judge staff							No	No											
Lawyers							No	No											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							No	No											
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																			
National programme for gender equality							No	No											
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																			
In courts (judges)							No	No											
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No											
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No											

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Poland

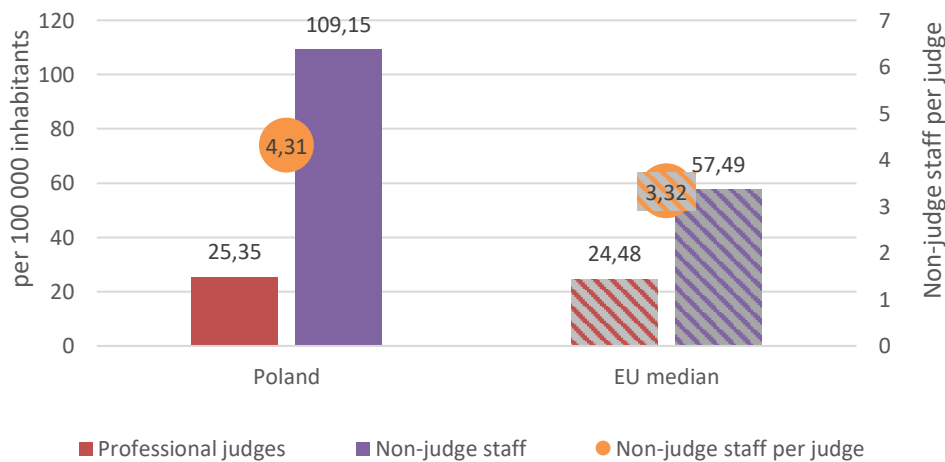
General data

Population: 38 411 000 **GDP:** 13 289 € **Average annual salary:** 14 736 €

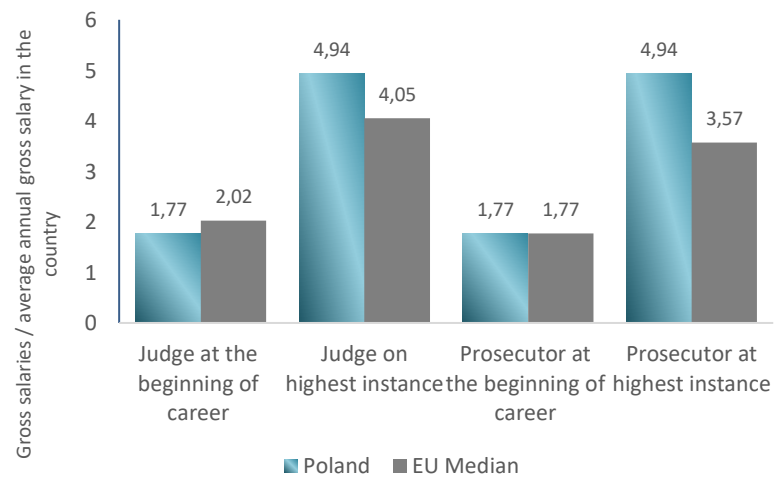
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
25,35	109,15	143,65	10,73
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

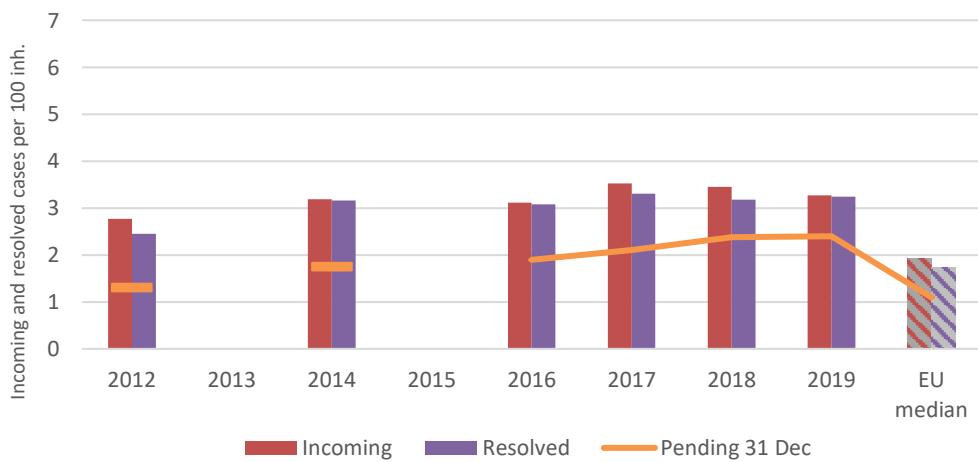


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

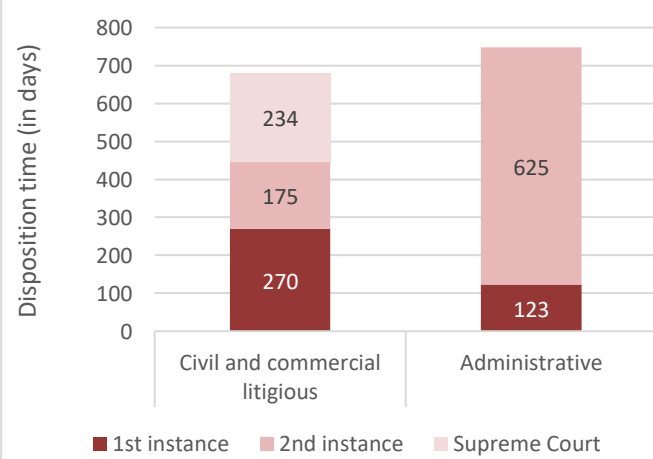


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

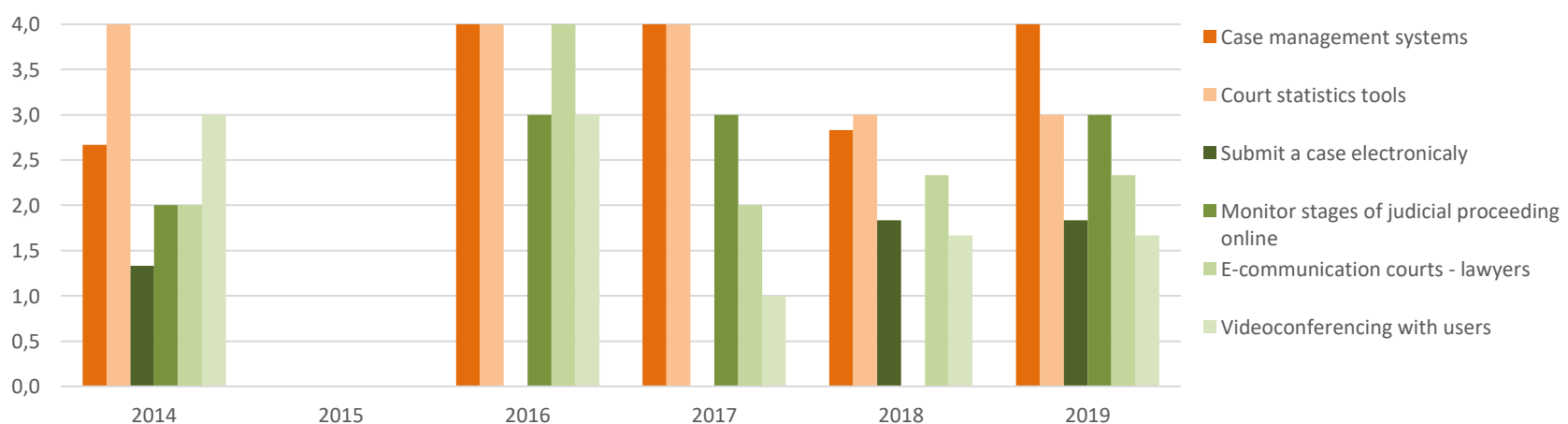


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

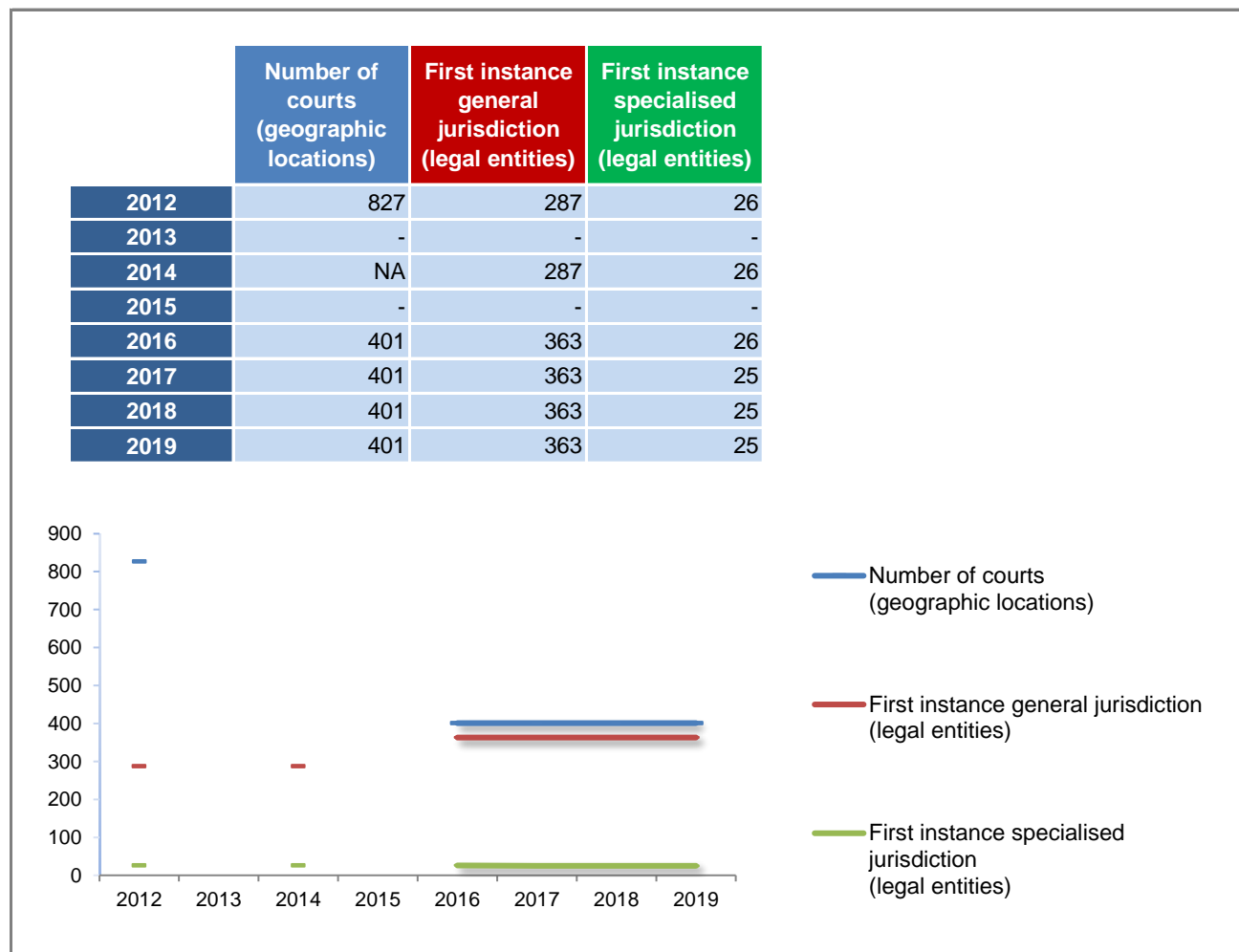
Poland

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	38 533 000	-	38 496 000		38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%	-0,1%	0,0%
GDP per capita	10 126 €	-	10 538 €		11 370 €	12 365 €	12 960 €	13 289 €	31,2%	7,9%	14,0%	4,8%	2,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	4,08820	-	4,26230		4,42000	4,17090	4,30000	4,30000	5,2%	3,7%	-2,7%	3,1%	0,0%
Average annual salary	10 338 €		10 650 €		NA		NA	14 736 €	42,5%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	26,2	-	26,2		26,0	26,1	25,5	25,3	-3,4%	-1,0%	-2,0%	-2,6%	-0,4%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	106,0	-	107,9		112,3	121,8	105,9	109,2	3,0%	4,1%	-5,8%	-13,1%	3,1%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	114,1	-	137,1		125,7	133,3	138,2	143,7	25,9%	-8,3%	9,9%	3,7%	4,0%
Mediators	NA	-	NA		NA	NA	NA	10,7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0									
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0									
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,769	-	3,186		3,113	3,520	3,449	3,266	18,0%	-2,3%	10,8%	-2,0%	-5,3%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	12,457	-	11,451		12,531	13,182	12,031	11,934	-4,2%	9,4%	-4,0%	-8,7%	-0,8%
Non-litigious land registry cases	8,3	-	8,4		9,3	9,6	9,6	17,3	108,6%	10,4%	3,2%	0,4%	80,0%
Non-litigious business registry cases	1,6	-	1,9		2,2	3,1	2,5	2,2	37,1%	16,5%	11,4%	-20,5%	-13,1%
Administrative law cases	0,187	-	0,2		0,200	0,188	0,172	0,183	-2,4%	-8,7%	-13,9%	-8,9%	6,5%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	89%	-	99%	-	99%	94%	92%	99%	10,77	-0,47	-6,70	-1,74	7,19
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	103%	-	105%	-	86%	105%	103%	99%	-3,58	-8,51	16,34	-2,31	-3,21
CR non-litigious land registry cases	101%	-	100%	-	97%	98%	97%	81%	-20,91	-2,58	-0,72	-0,99	-6,26
CR non-litigious business registry cases	99%	-	98%	-	98%	97%	103%	101%	1,77	-0,29	4,98	6,33	-2,43
CR administrative law cases	100%	-	97%	-	103%	107%	105%	99%	-1,00	6,47	2,08	-2,02	-6,49
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	195	-	203	-	225	232	273	270	38,3%	10,7%	21,5%	17,5%	-1,1%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	42	-	36	-	91	54	51	55	29,4%	151,5%	-44,1%	-5,5%	8,2%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	18	-	23	-	41	48	60	129	617,9%	79,6%	48,4%	26,2%	113,4%
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	16	-	25	-	31	48	46	49	201,8%	23,0%	47,1%	-5,0%	8,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)	112	-	139	-	143	121	118	123	9,6%	2,4%	-17,4%	-2,7%	4,5%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,31	-	1,76		1,89	2,10	2,38	2,40	83,0%	7,6%	25,5%	13,0%	1,0%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,49	-	1,18		2,68	2,03	1,71	1,78	19,7%	126,6%	-36,1%	-15,6%	4,0%
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,41	-	0,52		1,01	1,22	1,54	4,91	1089,0%	93,2%	52,0%	25,4%	219,6%
Non-litigious business registry cases	0,07	-	0,13		0,19	0,40	0,32	0,30	321,1%	42,8%	72,1%	-19,5%	-8,1%
Administrative law cases	0,06	-	0,08		0,08	0,07	0,06	0,06	5,9%	-0,2%	-27,5%	-13,0%	4,4%
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	94%	-	97%	-	96%	97%	96%	90%	-4,40	-0,88	-0,26	-0,69	-5,84
CR administrative law cases	82%	-	84%	-	89%	108%	93%	97%	15,66	4,53	4,28	-15,04	4,30
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	71	-	89	-	105	119	137	175	146,4%	18,6%	30,1%	15,3%	27,9%

DT administrative law cases (days)	475	-	537	-	607	502	537	625	31,5%	13,0%	-11,5%	7,1%	16,3%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	94%	-	104%	108%	88%	98%	NA	0,13	-16,70	-20,53	0,19
CR administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	-	89%	108%	93%	NA	NA	NA	4,58	-14,37	NA
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	187	-	180	158	250	234	NA	-3,7%	39,4%	58,0%	-6,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	-	NA	-	607	504	535	NA	NA	NA	-11,8%	6,3%	NA

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Poland

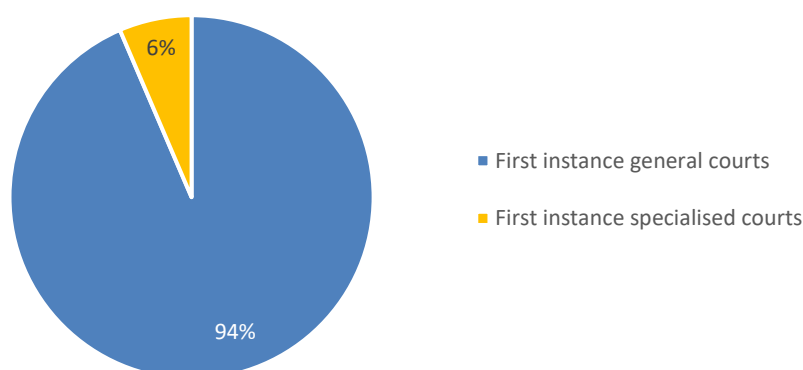
It is noteworthy that the Polish court structure is characterized by four levels of courts but only three instances. Basically, there are district courts which are first instance courts, regional courts which are first and second instance courts, and appellate courts which are second instance courts. The highest instance courts are the Supreme Court and the Supreme Administrative Court.



In Poland, there are 363 first instance courts of general jurisdiction including common courts: 318 regional courts and 45 district courts.

There are 401 geographic locations encompassing the Supreme Court, common courts (318 regional courts, 45 district courts, 11 appeal courts), administrative courts (voivodship administrative courts (16), the Supreme Administrative Court), military courts (regional military courts (7), district military courts (2)).

Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts

There are 25 specialised courts of first instance, namely 16 administrative courts and 9 military courts (7 regionals and 2 district).

It is noteworthy that the Land and Mortgage Courts, which are within the structure of the common court system, deal with specific topics, but they are departments.

Besides, the National Court Register and Pledge Registry Departments are business divisions.

The EU Trademark and Community Design Court (which existed in the XXII Division of the District Court in Warsaw)- functioned from 2004 until the creation of intellectual property courts, which took place on 1 July 2020. Cases in the field of intellectual property belong to the jurisdiction of selected District Courts (Article 47990 of the Code of Civil Procedure), while the District Court in Warsaw (XXII Division) has exclusive jurisdiction in matters of intellectual property concerning computer programs, inventions, utility models, topography of integrated circuits, plant varieties and company secrets of a technical nature.

The Court of Competition and Consumer Protection is a special department functioning within the District Court in Warsaw. In the current state of law, the scope of activity of the 17th Department of the Court of Competition and Consumer Protection includes the handling of the following cases in court proceedings of appeals and complaints against decisions and orders issued by the government: the President of the Office of Competition and Consumer Protection, the President of the Energy Regulatory Office, the President of the Railway Transport Office, the President of the Office of Electronic Communications.

When it comes to matters from lease or tenancy agreements - as long as these matters are of an economic nature, they are recognized by business departments, as are matters related to new technologies and the Internet space.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Poland

- **Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):**

Approved
3 116 122 000 €

Implemented:
3 149 167 000 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget ✓
- Legal aid budget ✓
- Public prosecution services budget ✓
- Prison system ✓
- Probation services ✓
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy ✓
- Enforcement services ✓
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles ✓
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice ✓
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services ✓

The data include budget parts administered by the Minister of Justice, i.e. part 15 Common Courts and part 37 Justice. Part 15 covers the expenses of common judiciary units, the remuneration of retired common court judges and the payment of State Treasury compensation, while Part 37 includes expenses related to the functioning of the Ministry of Justice, organizational units of the prison system, scientific institutes of the Ministry of Justice, the National School of Judiciary and Public Prosecution, the College of Criminology and Penitentiary houses, juvenile detention centers and shelters for minors, retirement and disability benefits for prison service officers and retired judges of common courts.

The data does not include other units of the judiciary: common organizational units of the prosecutor's office, administrative judiciary, military judiciary, the Supreme Court, the Constitutional Tribunal and the National Council of the Judiciary.

The amount planned in the budget act for part 15 and part 37 was increased in the course of the financial year by funds from the state budget specific reserves and the amended plan for the above-mentioned parts amounted to 3 165 730 000 €.

The budget of the judiciary consists of "part 15 - Ordinary courts" and "part 37 - Justice", the individual budget components of the above parts are presented below.

part 15 Ordinary courts

section 755 Administration of justice, chap. 75595 - Other activities

- expenditure included in the above chapter of the budget classification relate to the payment of State Treasury compensation

part 37 - Justice

department 730 Higher education and science, chap. 73014 - Teaching and research activities, subsidy and subsidy for the College of Criminology and Penitentiary Studies

section 755 Administration of justice, chap. 75507 - Scientific institutes of the Ministry of Justice, chap. 75514 - National School of Judiciary and Public Prosecution

- as part of the above chapters, expenditure related to the functioning of scientific institutes of the Ministry of Justice, the National School of Judiciary and Public Prosecution and the College of Criminology and Penitentiary Studies

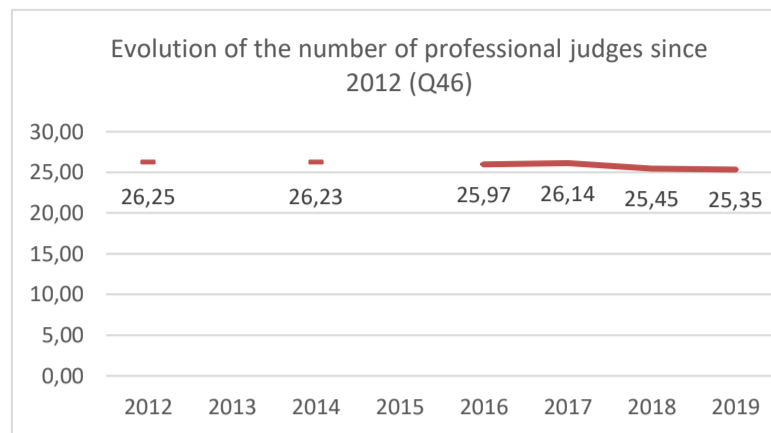
Police services are not part of the budget parts administered by the Minister of Justice, i.e. part 15 Common Courts and part 37 Justice of the Budget Act.

• Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	10 114	26,25	36,6%	63,4%
2013	-	-	-	-
2014	10 096	26,23	NA	NA
2015	-	-	-	-
2016	9 980	25,97	NA	NA
2017	10 047	26,14	36,6%	62,6%
2018	9 776	25,45	NA	NA
2019	9 736	25,35	37,7%	62,3%



According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Poland is 9 736 which is -0,4% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Poland, in 2019 there are 25,3 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,3 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 4,2 non-judge staff per judge).

There are 99 Supreme courts' judges: 25 in civil chamber, 27 in criminal chamber, 14 in labour law and social security chamber, 20 in extraordinary control and public affairs chamber, 13 in disciplinary chamber.

Females are 21:

- 11 in civil chamber
- 3 in criminal chamber
- 3 in labour law and social security chamber
- 3 in extraordinary control and public affairs chamber
- 1 in disciplinary chamber

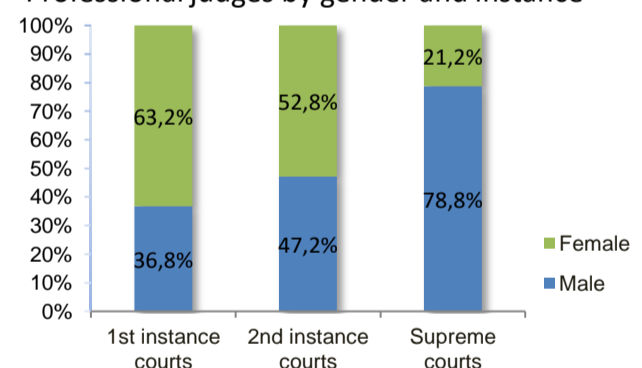
Males are 78:

- 14 in civil chamber
- 24 in criminal chamber
- 11 in labour law and social security chamber
- 17 in extraordinary control and public affairs chamber
- 12 in disciplinary chamber

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	9 194	3 386	5 808
2nd instance courts	443	209	234
Supreme courts	99	78	21
Total	9 736	3 673	6 063

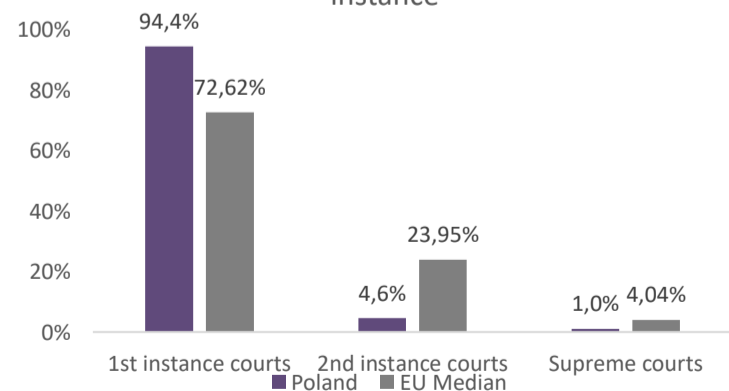
Professional judges by gender and instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	94,4%	36,8%	63,2%
2nd instance courts	4,6%	47,2%	52,8%
Supreme courts	1,0%	78,8%	21,2%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 6 063 which represents 62,3% of the total number of judge

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 9 194 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 5 808 are female); 443 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 234 are female) and 99 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 21 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Poland presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. As mentioned in previous section, the Polish court structure is characterized by four levels of courts but only three instances. There are district courts which are first instance courts, regional courts which are first and second instance courts, and appellate courts which are second instance courts. The highest instance courts are the Supreme Court, the Supreme Administrative Court and the Constitutional tribunal. Owing to this peculiarity, some judges sit as first and second instance magistrates. According to the methodology of presentation of data that has been chosen, judges of regional courts are counted as first instance judges together with judges of district courts. Only judges of appellate courts are considered as second instance magistrates.

As regards the distribution male/female, it should be noticed that female judges are the majority in the first two instances. However, in the higher instance only one 21% of judges are female.

In Poland, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

	Compulsory	Optional
◦ Initial training:	✓	✓
◦ General in-service training:	✓	✓
◦ In-service training for specialised judicial functions:		✓
◦ In-service training for management functions of the court:		✓
◦ In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:		✓
◦ In-service training on ethics:		✓

According to the Article 2(1)(2) of the Act of 23 January 2009 of the National School of Judiciary and Public Prosecution the National School's tasks include among others training and enhancing the professional competence of judges and prosecutors, in order to complement their specialist knowledge and professional skills. The continuous training of judicial and prosecutorial staff is based mainly on the Annual Schedule, which ensures a constant performance of training tasks and a possibility to familiarize with the training offer by the trainees. The judge is obliged to participate, as far as possible annually, in the training and professional development organized by the National School of Judiciary and Public Prosecution or other forms of professional development, to supplement professional knowledge and skills. This means that judges are obliged to raise professional qualifications, but – with one exception referred to below – are not subject to mandatory training. The participation in training courses organized by National School of Judiciary and Public Prosecution is voluntary, and the judges are invited to participate in these courses as appropriate to their professional needs. The exception mentioned above is provided for states that after taking up the first position of a judge, a judge who did not previously take the position of the assessor, is trained in the methodology of the judge's work organized by National School of Judiciary and Public Prosecution. The President of the court directs the judge for training at the earliest time foreseen in the training schedule of National School of Judiciary and Public Prosecution for the given year. This obligation therefore applies to persons who become judges from other legal professions or conducted scientific research.

The training offer of the National School in 2019 was wide and covered each of the above mentioned types of trainings. Moreover judges and public prosecutors were able to participate not only in the trainings organised by the National School but also other institutions (for example courts, public prosecutor's offices, the Ministry of Justice).

Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e- learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	1114	45
1. Only for judges	686	NAP
2. Only for prosecutors	237	NAP
3. Only for other non-judge staff	144	NAP
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	31	NAP
5. Other common training	16	45

The presented number of trainings was introduced on the basis of data from the National School of Judiciary and Public Prosecution and data from the National Public Prosecutor's Office.

The differences in the data relating to 2018 and 2019 may result both from the number of editions of training courses of a given type conducted in a given year and from the adopted method of training categorization.

In 2019, as many as 74 editions of training courses on the amendment to the civil procedure (point 39 on the list of training courses below) were conducted, which entered into force in November 2019. The amendment was extensive and in 2019 caused an increase in training needs in the scope covered by it.

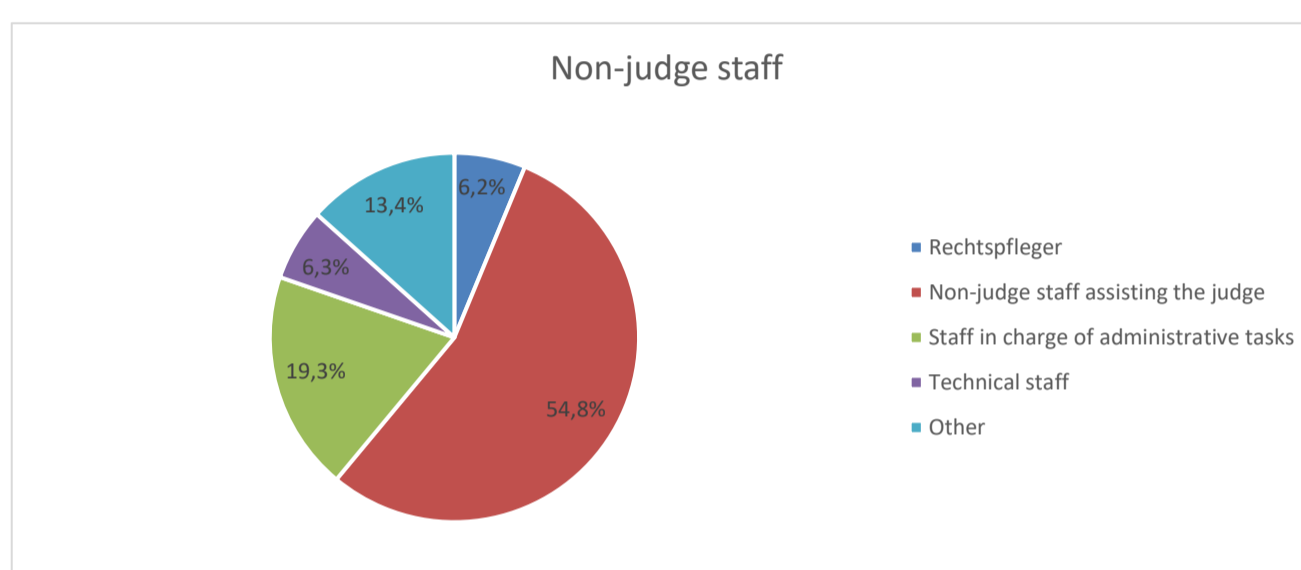
The differences in the data on training in the discussed years may also result from the commencement of implementation in 2019 of specific projects financed from EU funds (e.g. items 41-43 in the list of training courses below).

Moreover, for the purposes of drawing up the questionnaire in 2019, it was assumed that trainings in which the participation of judges is by far the most important should be categorized as intended exclusively for this professional group - even if the training was also attended, to a small extent, by prosecutors.

Examples of "Other common trainings": 1) training meeting of the staff of the KSSiP and the persons coordinating the training for officials of financial branches of common courts, and officials of the budgetary and administrative departments of general government units Organisational Public Prosecutor's Office, 2 editions, ref. U16/19; 3) training for civil servants of the human resources departments of common courts and civil servants organisational and judicial departments of general organisational units of Public Prosecutor's Office, 2 editions, ref. U4/19; 4) management of the work by the head of the secretariat of the common court department and the general public prosecutor's office, 2 editions, ref. U9/19.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	40 844	1 810	23 110	7 239	3 487	5 198
2013	-	-	-	-	-	-
2014	41 534	1 847	23 428	7 324	3 741	5 194
2015	0	0	0	0	0	0
2016	43 176	2 138	24 231	7 687	3 261	5 859
2017	46 807	1 941	27 607	8 226	3 243	5 790
2018	40 662	2 201	22 398	7 663	2 739	5 661
2019	41 927	2 618	22 972	8 077	2 654	5 606



In Poland, in this cycle there are 41 927 non-judge staff (among which 35 316 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 3,1%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 2 618 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose
- 22 972 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 21 086 are women);
- 8 077 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 6 148 are women);
- 2 654 technical staff (among which 1 773 are women);
- 5 606 other (among which 4 428 are women);

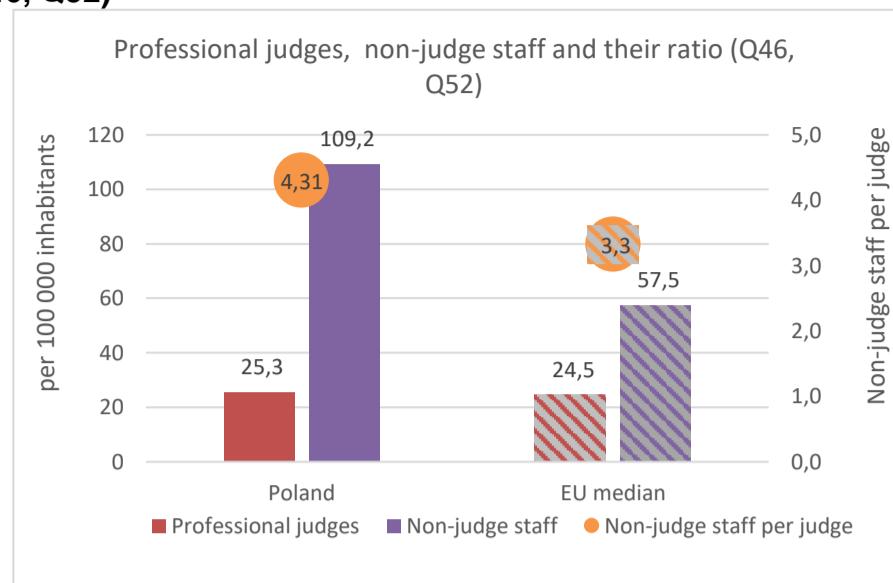
Other staff are professional probation officers and staff employed in Consultative Team of Judicial Specialist

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 105,9 in 2018 to 109,2 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 25,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 25,3 in 2019.

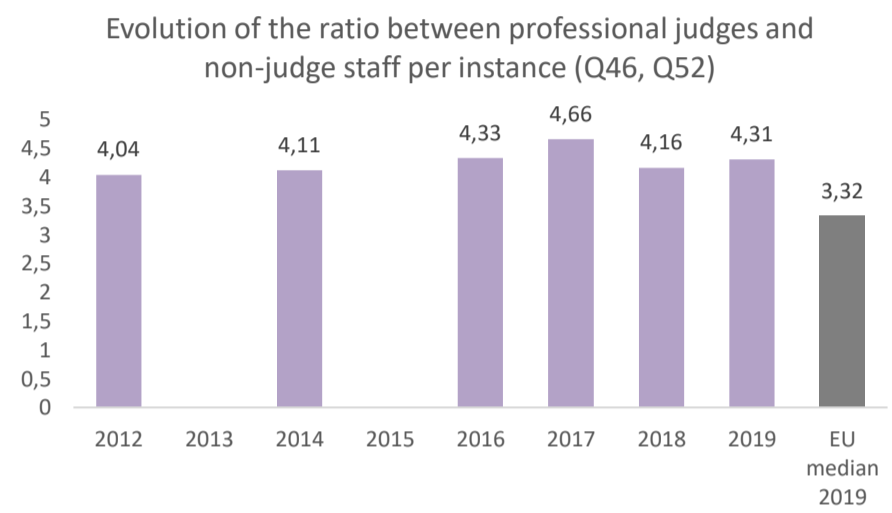
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Poland	EU median
Professional judges	25,3	24,5
Non-judge staff	109,2	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	4,31	3,3



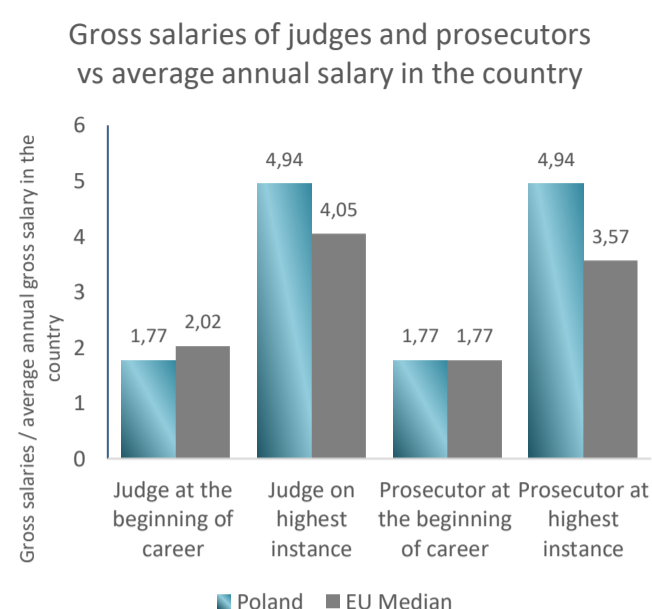
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	4,04
2013	-
2014	4,11
2015	-
2016	4,33
2017	4,66
2018	4,16
2019	4,31



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	26 117 €	21 355 €	1,77
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	72 866 €	53 032 €	4,94
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	26 117 €	21 355 €	1,77
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	72 866 €	53 032 €	4,94



The base salary for public prosecutors of common organisational units of the prosecutor's office is determined on the basis of the table of base salary for prosecutors of common organisational units of the prosecutor's office and the Institute of National Remembrance - Commission for the Prosecution of Crimes against the Polish Nation, and the multipliers used to determine this salary, which constitutes appendix no. 1 to the Regulation of the Council of Ministers of 29 February 2016 on the base salary of the prosecutors and the amount of functional allowances to which the prosecutors are entitled. The above table sets out the rates of base salary for different prosecutorial positions and the corresponding multiplier, which is used to determine the base salary for this position.

Pursuant to Article 123 of the Act of 28 January 2016 – The Prosecutor's Office Law, the basis for determining the base salary of a prosecutor in a given year is the so-called base amount, i.e. the average salary in the second quarter of the previous year, published in the Official Journal of the Republic of Poland "Monitor Polski" by the President of the Central Statistical Office. Pursuant to Article 124 § 1 of the abovementioned Act, the base salary of prosecutors of the National Prosecutor's Office is equal to the base salary of the Supreme Court judges. Pursuant to Article 48 of the Act of 8 December 2017 on the Supreme Court (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 5, as amended), the salary of a judge of the Supreme Court is determined at the base rate or the promotion rate. The promotion rate is 115% of the base rate. A judge of the Supreme Court, taking up a position, receives the base salary at the base rate. After 7 years of service in the Supreme Court, the base salary of a Supreme Court judge is increased to the promotion rate.

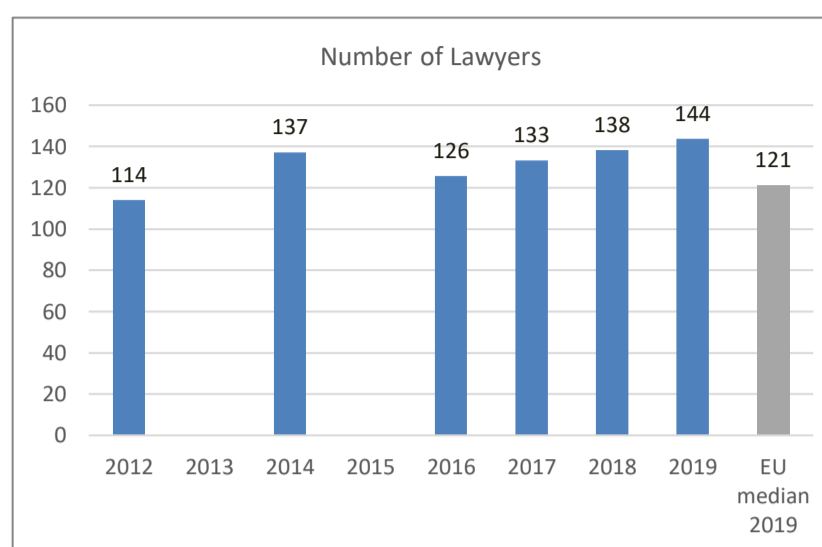
At the same time, pursuant to Article 124 § 11 of the quoted Act – The Prosecutor's Office Law, a prosecutor is entitled to an allowance for long-term work amounting to, starting from the 6th year of work, 5% of the base salary currently earned by the prosecutor and increasing after each consecutive year of work by 1% of this salary, until 20% of the base salary is reached. After 20 years of work, the allowance is paid, irrespective of the length of service beyond that period, in the amount of 20% of the base salary currently earned by the prosecutor.

Moreover, pursuant to Article 124 § 10 of the quoted Act – The Prosecutor's Office Law, in connection with the function of a prosecutor, the prosecutor is entitled to a functional allowance, which results from appendix no. 2 Table of functions and multipliers used to determine the amount of functional allowances to the Ordinance of the Council of Ministers of 29 February 2016 on the base salary of the prosecutors and the amount of functional allowances to which the prosecutors are entitled..

Additionally, pursuant to Article 111 § 2 and 4 of the abovementioned Act, due to the nature of work and the scope of tasks performed, a special bonus may also be granted to the prosecutor of the National Prosecutor's Office, in the amount not exceeding 40% of the total base salary and the functional allowance. The allowance shall be granted for a fixed period, and in justified cases - also for an indefinite period.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	43 974	114,12
2013	-	-
2014	52 760	137,05
2015	-	-
2016	48 315	125,71
2017	51 227	133,29
2018	53 081	138,19
2019	55 178	143,65



In 2019, there are 55 178 lawyers, which is 4,0% more than in 2018.

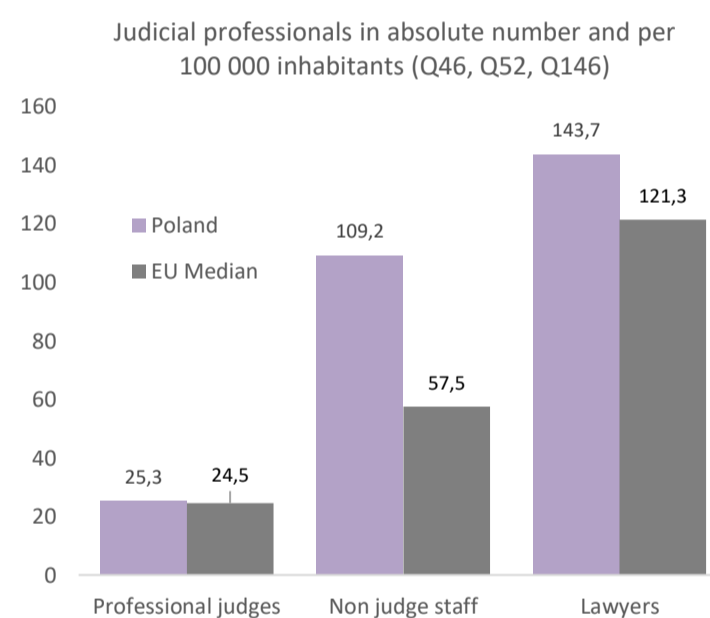
This data of 143,7 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

It is the total number of legal advisers and advocates.

It is noteworthy that legal advisers have the same powers as advocates.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	9 736	25,35	24,48
Non judge staff	41 927	109,15	57,49
Lawyers	55 178	143,65	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is not available.

The total annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid is not available.

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	29 028 000 €	28 405 000 €
- In criminal law cases:	15 865 000 €	13 590 000 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	13 164 000 €	14 816 000 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA

Apart from the expenses for legal aid granted ex officio, financed from part 15 of the Common Courts, the expenses in the field of legal assistance are realized from part 85 of the Voivod's Budget, division 755 Justice, chapter 75515 Free legal assistance in connection with the implementation of tasks resulting from of August 5, 2015 on free legal assistance, free civic counseling and legal education (Journal of Laws of 2019, item 294, as amended). The total amount of subsidy for the implementation of tasks resulting from the above-mentioned of the act, secured in the Budget Act for 2019, amounted to PLN 100 914 000 PLN, i.e. 23 697 000 €.

In Poland, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

Legal aid is applicable in criminal matters, other than criminal matters and includes legal advice, mediation and other legal services. In addition to the regulations in the Code of Civil Procedure and Criminal Procedure, the Act on Free Legal Aid, Free Civic Counseling and Legal Education was amended in 2019.

Legal aid covers costs related to the enforcement agents' fees and actions. The exemption from court costs granted to the party by the court in the exploratory proceeding or from which the party uses the power of the act extends also to enforcement proceedings (Article 771 of the Code of Civil Procedure). In addition, applications: for exemption from court costs and for the appointment of an attorney - an attorney or legal counsel ex officio may also be submitted during enforcement proceedings.

In civil proceedings, exemption from court costs may relate to fees and expenses. Expenses include in particular: travel costs of a party who is exempt from court costs related to a personal appearance ordered by a court; reimbursement of travel and accommodation costs as well as lost earnings or witness income; remuneration and reimbursement of costs incurred by experts, translators and probation officers established for a party in a given case; lump-sum costs of taking evidence from the opinion-giving opinion of a team of court specialists; remuneration due to other persons or institutions and reimbursement of costs incurred by them; costs of carrying out other evidence; the costs of transporting animals and goods, keeping them or storing them; advertising costs; costs of detention and custody; lump sums due to probation officers for conducting environmental interviews in cases of: annulment of marriage, for divorce and separation, as well as for participation in parents' contacts with children determined by the court; the cost of issuing a certificate by a forensic doctor; the cost of mediation conducted as a result of referral by the court.

In criminal proceedings, unless the Code of Criminal Procedure stipulates otherwise, all expenses are temporarily lectured by the State Treasury.

If a party to a notary's activity is not able to incur the remuneration required by a notary public for its own and for the family, it may apply to the district court competent for its place of residence to release in full or in part from this remuneration. This provision shall apply accordingly to a legal person that proves that he has insufficient funds to incur the remuneration demanded by a notary public.

The court, after determining that there is a need to perform a notarial act, takes into account the application and appoints a notary to perform the requested notarial activity (Article 6 of the Act of 14 February 1991 on Notary Public Rights).

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Victims are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Due to Regulation of the Minister of Justice of 27 May 2015 on how to provide the accused with the assistance of an ex officio defender (i.e. Journal of Laws of 2017, item 53): In the application for the appointment of an ex officio defender, the accused may indicate whether he requests the appointment of a lawyer or legal advisor. The president of the court, court or legal Secretary Court when appointing an ex officio defender is not bound by the demand of the accused.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Comment concerning civil cases :

The general rule implies that a litigant must pay an initial fee. There are two kinds of exceptions. Firstly, there are categories of cases (mainly employment and child support) for which there is no initial fee. Secondly, litigants can be granted exemption from paying court fees after having filed a motion in this respect. Also public benefit organizations operating on the basis of public benefit and voluntary work regulations are not obliged to pay fees, with the exception of matters relating to the economic activity conducted by these organizations, in matters related to the implementation of a public task commissioned on the basis of public benefit and voluntary work regulations. Other social organizations whose task does not consist in running a business, may be granted exemption from court costs by the court in their own cases conducted in connection with social, scientific, educational, cultural, sport, charity, selfhelp, consumer protection, environmental protection and social welfare. While granting exemption from court costs, the court takes into account primarily the statutory objectives of the organization's activities and the possibilities and needs to achieve these objectives through civil proceedings.

Comment concerning criminal cases: The public prosecution procedure mostly covers the offences listed in the Criminal Code and in the special laws. The public prosecutor before all courts is the Prosecutor. The Prosecutor does not pay a fee for initiating proceedings and that is the rule. In criminal cases, if prosecutor does not bring an accusation, court fee is paid by entity who is initiating a criminal proceeding (cases from a private or subsidiary prosecution). Legal aid includes also the coverage of or the exemption from this fee.

The initial fee in criminal proceedings is paid in private prosecution cases. The victim may, as a private prosecutor, bring and support a private prosecution.

Private prosecution cases are: - intentional slight bodily harm; - unintentional slight bodily harm; - defamation; - insult; - violation of bodily integrity

The initial fee of PLN 300 (72 euro) is paid :

1. by the party initiating the case with the guilt of private prosecution (of the prosecuted cases in the Penal Code). The money must be paid in the court's cashier's office or bank account, and proof of payment must be attached to the private indictment.

2. the subsidiary subsidy - all prosecutions for public prosecution, in cases when, after fulfilling the criminal proceedings specified in the Code of Criminal Procedure premises, the prosecutor did not decide to accuse; the fee is paid by the aggrieved party.

The court or legal secretary of the court shall relieve a person, in whole or in part, from payment of the costs payable in respect of the lodging of a pleading where that person has proved that, having regard to his family situation, his financial situation and his income, it would be too burdensome to pay them.

Exceptions:

In civil proceedings, numerous exceptions are regulated in Title IV of the Act of 28 July 2005 on court costs in civil matters regarding exemptions from court costs. Also a party may be exempted from court costs if he makes a declaration from which it appears that he is unable to bear them without compromising the maintenance necessary for himself and his family.

In criminal proceedings:

The Prosecutor does not pay a fee for initiating proceedings and that is the rule. Exceptions: The initial fee in criminal proceedings is paid in private prosecution cases (according to criminal code - - intentional slight bodily harm; - unintentional slight bodily harm; - defamation; - insult; - violation of bodily integrity) and the subsidiary subsidy.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

Court fees in civil cases are calculated on the basis of the provisions of the Act on court fees in civil cases. According to this law, the fee is to be paid when the letter subject to the fee is lodged with the court. There are three types of fees in civil matters: fixed, relative or basic. Criminal cases - the fee initiating proceedings on a private indictment or as an auxiliary prosecutor is a lump sum fee and is determined on the basis of the Ordinance of the Minister of Justice of 28 May 2003.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 174€

It was calculated on the basis of Article 13 point 6 of the Act on court costs in civil proceedings. From August 21, 2019, in cases concerning property rights, a fixed fee is collected from the letter, determined according to the value of the subject of dispute or the value of the subject of appeal, which is over PLN 10,000 to PLN 15,000 - in the amount of PLN 750 (174 euro).

The recent change in the fee results from the change in the provisions on court costs in civil cases.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

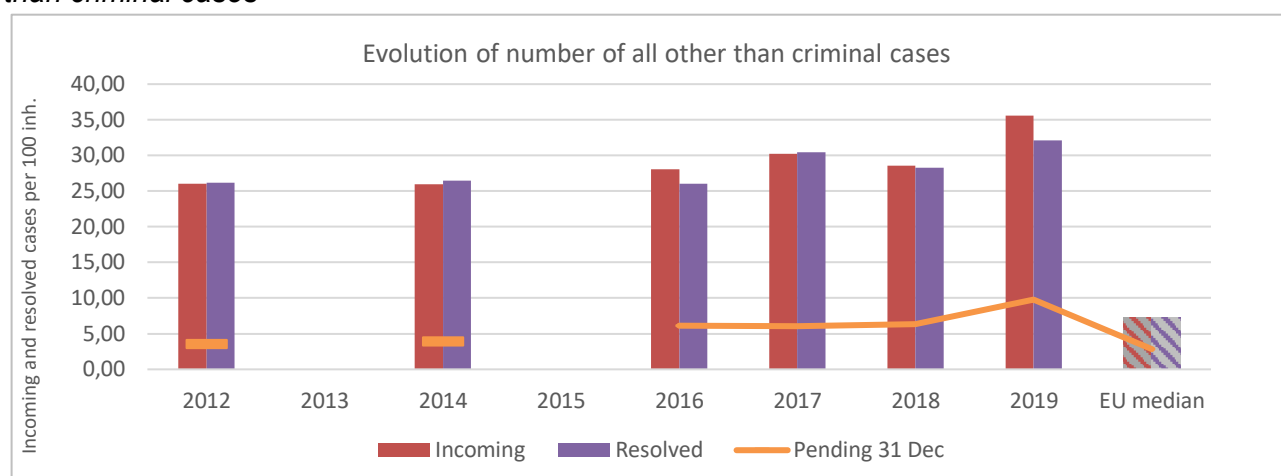
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance cases

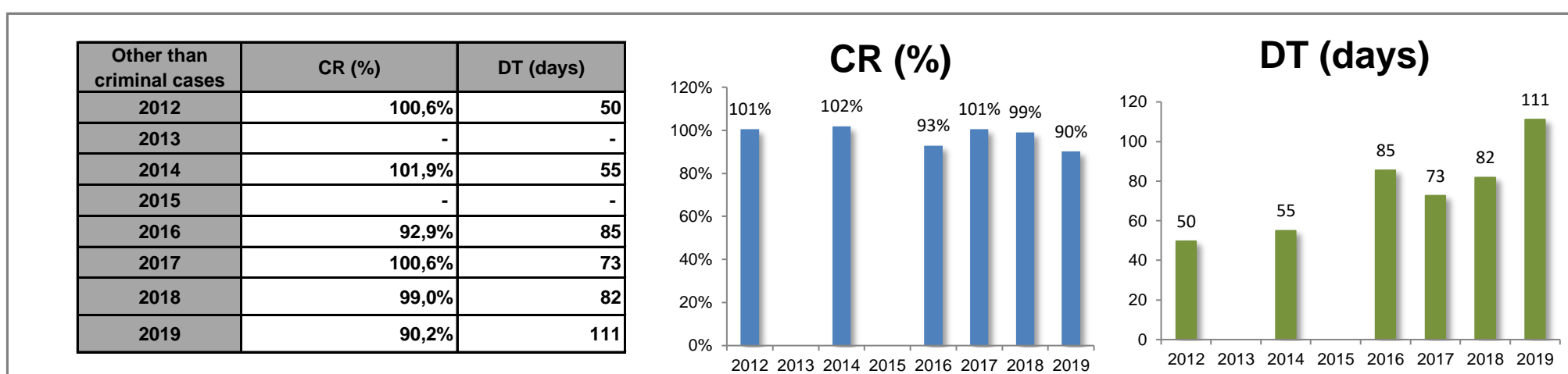
- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Poland (35,61 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Poland (32,11 per 100 inhabitants) is also well above the EU median (7,27 per 100 inhabitants).

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (9,78 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



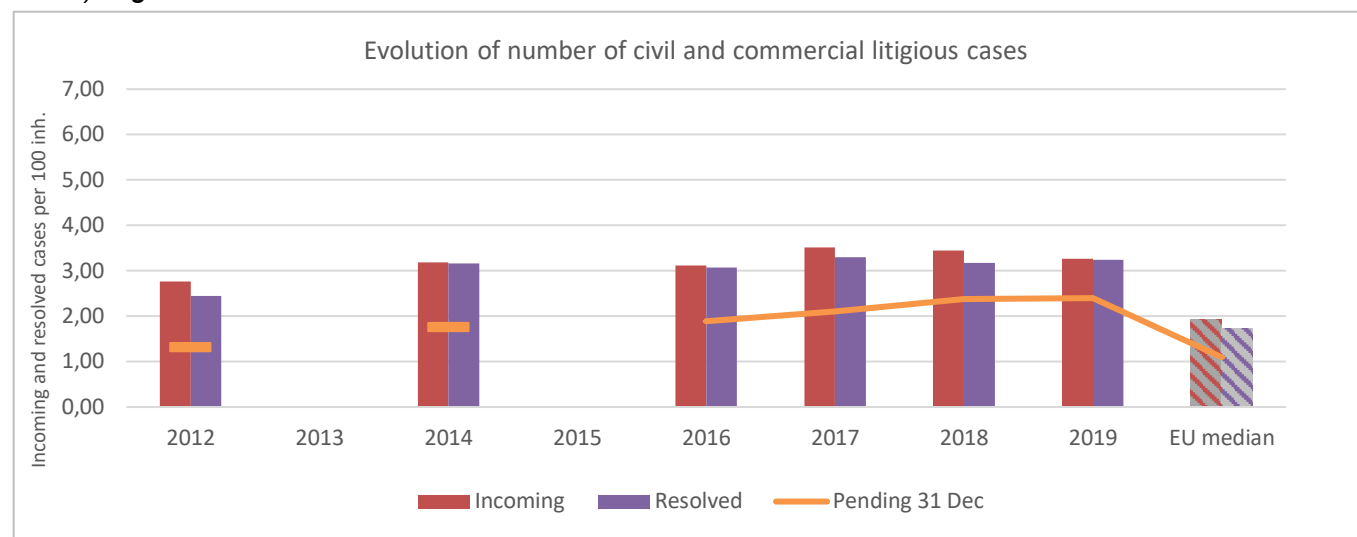
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 90,2% in 2019 Poland seems to face difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -8,8 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 111 days, which is the same as the EU median (111 days).

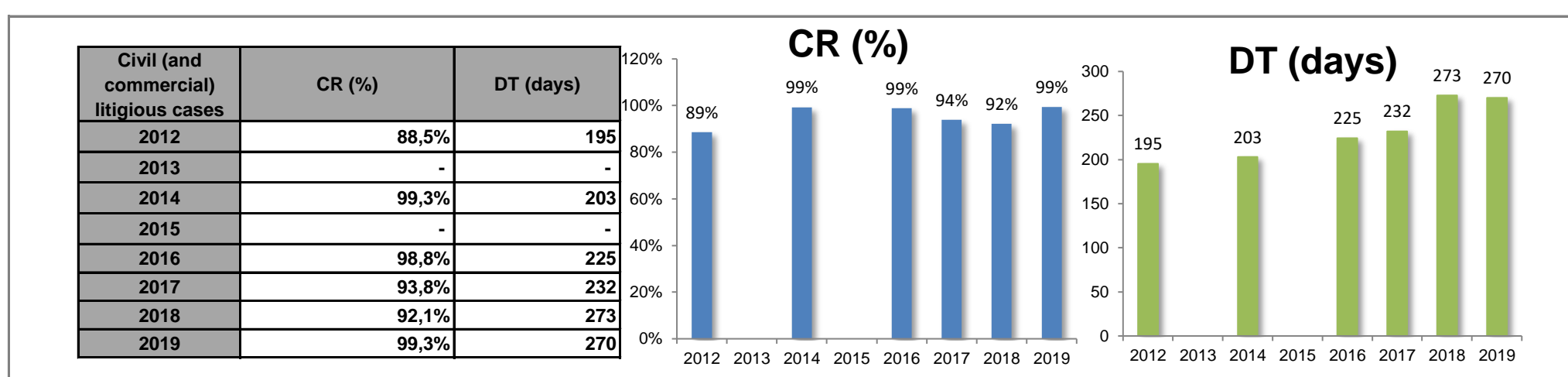
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 36,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Poland (3,27 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 3,24 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 1,73 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (2,40 per 100 inhabitants) is also well above the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



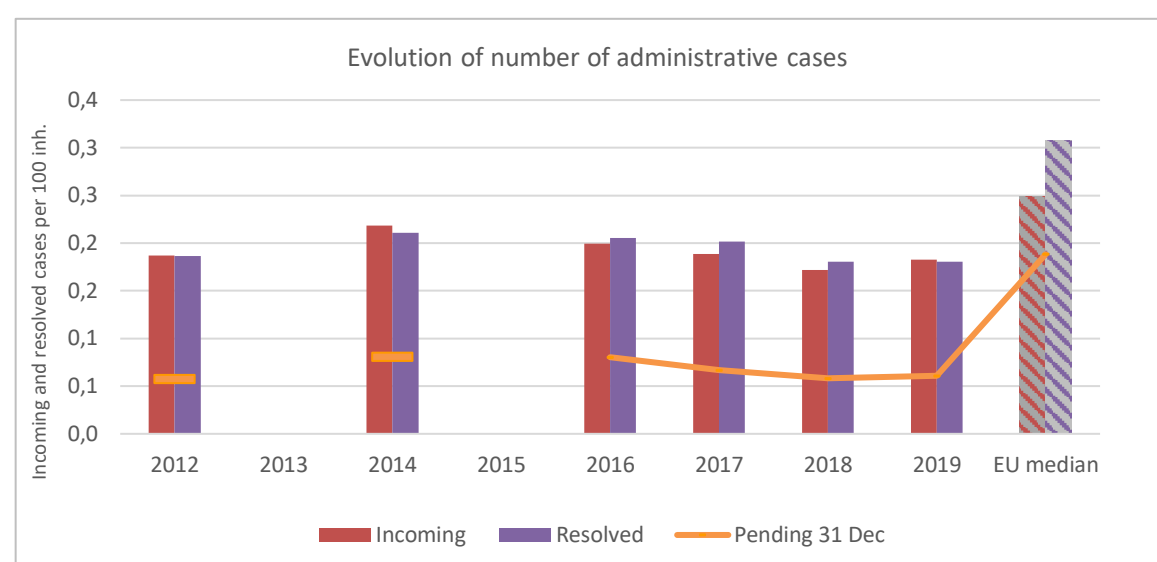
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,3% in 2019, Poland seems to face difficulties with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 7,2 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 270 days, which is above the EU median of 213 days.

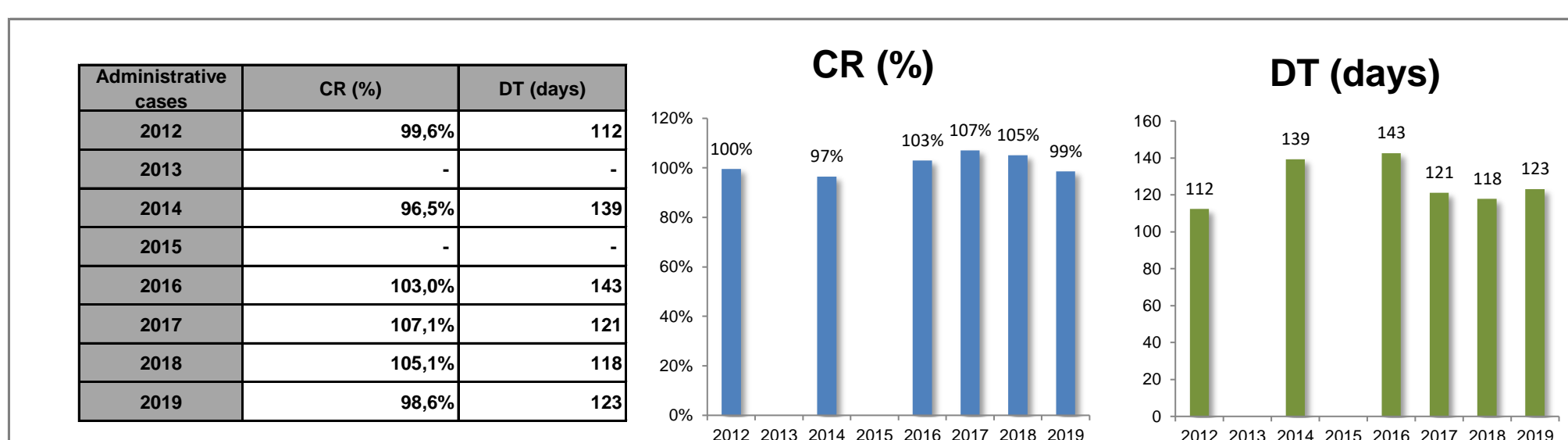
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -1,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ *Administrative cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Poland (0,18 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 0,18 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 0,31 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Poland (0,06 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly below EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,6% in 2019, Poland seems to face difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -6,5 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 123 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 4,5% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

Attention should be drawn on the fact that it is not excluded to notice horizontal inconsistencies due to omissions or mistakes in statistical information generated by courts as well as to structural changes within the court system. As for the category "civil (and commercial) litigious cases", it includes as well litigious family and labour (employment) cases. Besides, it encompasses also some types of cases decided under chapter II of the Civil Proceedings Code that concern non-litigious cases (such as distribution of inherited assets, separation of common property, demarcation of the real estate) which nature in fact is litigious because of the opposite interests of the parties and contradictory ways of presenting their arguments.

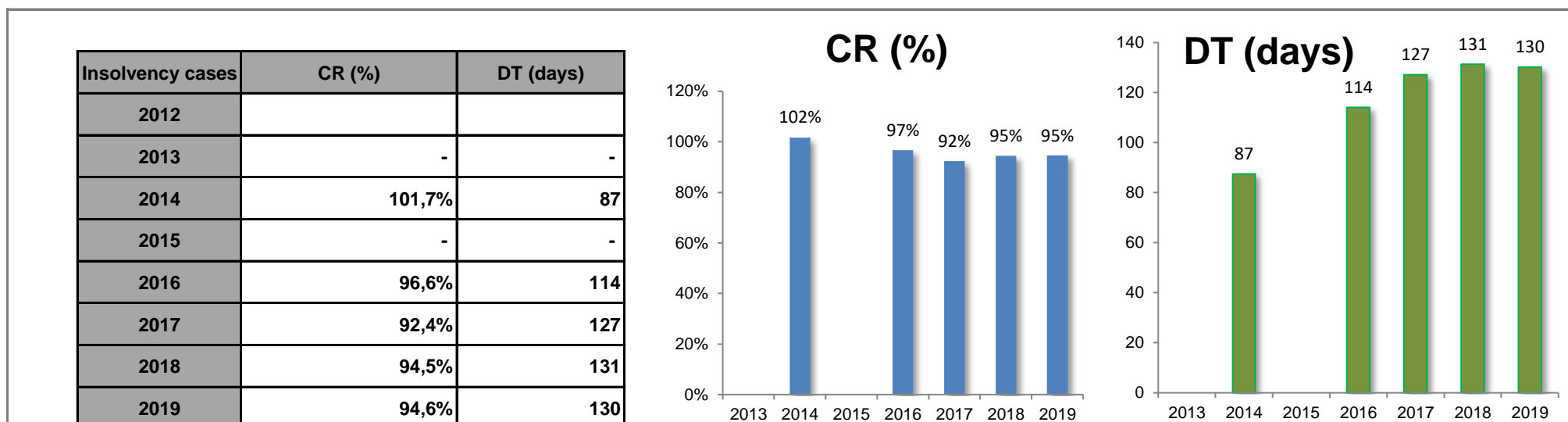
The discrepancies in section 4.2.2. Case flow management - first instance - compared to the previous period mainly concern the data shown in point 2.2.1 Non-litigious land registry cases.

In explaining the above, it should be emphasized that the general state of cases in courts of first instance in 2019 was related to cases brought to the land registry departments with regard to the conversion of the right of perpetual use of built-up land for residential purposes into land ownership. In 2019, more than 2 million incoming cases of this type, which also resulted in an increase in the number of resolved cases in this area, as well as pending cases for the next reporting period.

It should be noted that after excluding from the analysis all cases considered in Land Registry Departments, the impact of cases and settlements in 2019 were almost at the same level as in the previous year.

The category of civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases (including non-litigious family cases) covers all the rest of cases decided under chapter II of the Civil Proceedings Code which are non-litigious cases (such as ascertainment of the acquisition of an inheritance, cases connected with birth, marriage and death records, declaration of dead, adoption as well as summary and injunction proceedings in money payment cases).

◦ Insolvency



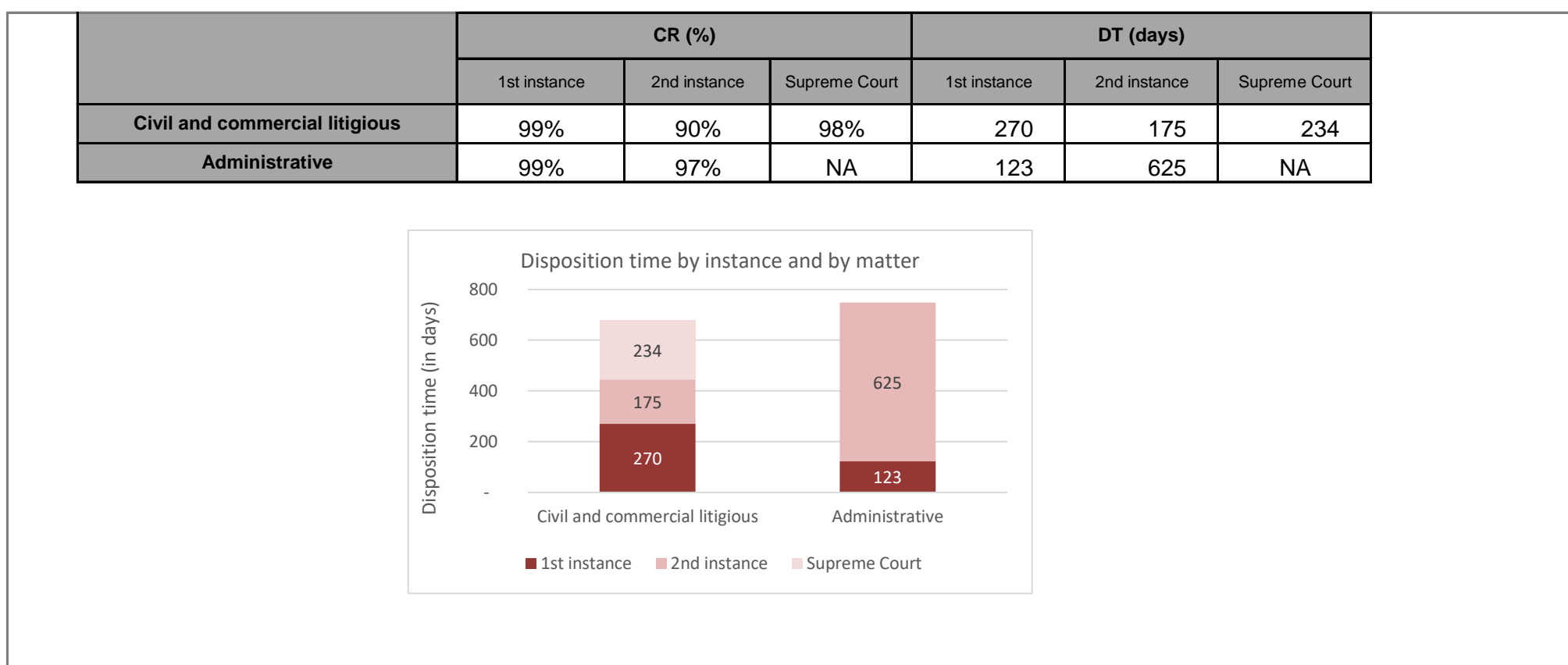
The Clearance Rate was calculated at 94,6% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Poland seems to face difficulties in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate remained stable.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 130 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -0,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



In 2019, in every instance and for every category of cases, Clearance Rate does not exceed 100%. As courts were not resolving all the incoming cases, pendencies accumulated and the Disposition Time slightly increased. As regards civil and commercial litigious cases, in first and third instance Disposition Time is higher than the EU median, while in second instance it corresponds to the EU median. As regards administrative cases, in first instance Disposition Time is lower than the EU median, while second instance it is significantly higher.

The decrease of Clearance Rate for Civil and commercial litigious cases and Other cases in 2019 compared with 2018 is caused by increased value of incoming cases. For Civil and commercial litigious cases: from 141 045 cases in 2018 to 155 341 cases in 2019 (increase of 10%) and for Other cases: from 41 242 cases in 2018 to 44 233 cases in 2019 (increase of 7%). The number of judges hearing in these type of cases in 2019 was at comparable level like in 2018 so the number of cases per one judge had increased automatically. In 2019, 16,844 cassation appeals (3,385 appeals less than in 2018) and 80 appeals for reopening the proceedings were submitted to the Supreme Administrative Court. From the previous period, 27,649 complaints and 28 applications for reopening of proceedings remain to be considered. In total, the Supreme Administrative Court had to consider 44,493 cassation appeals. In 2019, a total of 16,375 cassation complaints were examined. In 3,465 cases, the Supreme Administrative Court allowed the cassation appeal (21.16%), dismissed 11,721 cassation appeals (71.58%), and settled 1,189 in a different way (7.26%). Apart from cassation appeals, in 2019 the Supreme Administrative Court handled 4,665 complaints against decisions (orders) of courts of first instance, of which 715 allowed the appeal (15.36% of all appeals), and in 3,773 cases, the Supreme Administrative Court dismissed the appeal (80.88%), and it handled 177 matters in a different way (3.79%).

Moreover, the Supreme Administrative Court examined 162 complaints about violation of a party's right to hear a case in court proceedings without undue delay, of which 4 were admitted (2.47% of all settlements of this type), 60 were dismissed (37.04%), and 98 were settled in other way (60.49%). In 2019, the Supreme Administrative Court handled 42.33% of all cases within 12 months, and 80.43% within 24 months. With regard to cassation complaints, 23.54% of the cases were settled within 12 months. In the case of complaints, 91.13% are examined by 2 months, and within 12 months, this ratio is 99.72%.

It should be noticed that the Supreme Administrative Court is also the court of second instance and it is impossible for the Statistics Division to divide its cases statistics and identify the number of second instance cases on the one hand, and the number of third instance cases, on the other hand. The total number of administrative law cases dealt with by the Supreme Administrative Court is provided within the frame of Q97, while Q99 is replied by NA.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Poland provides court related mediation.

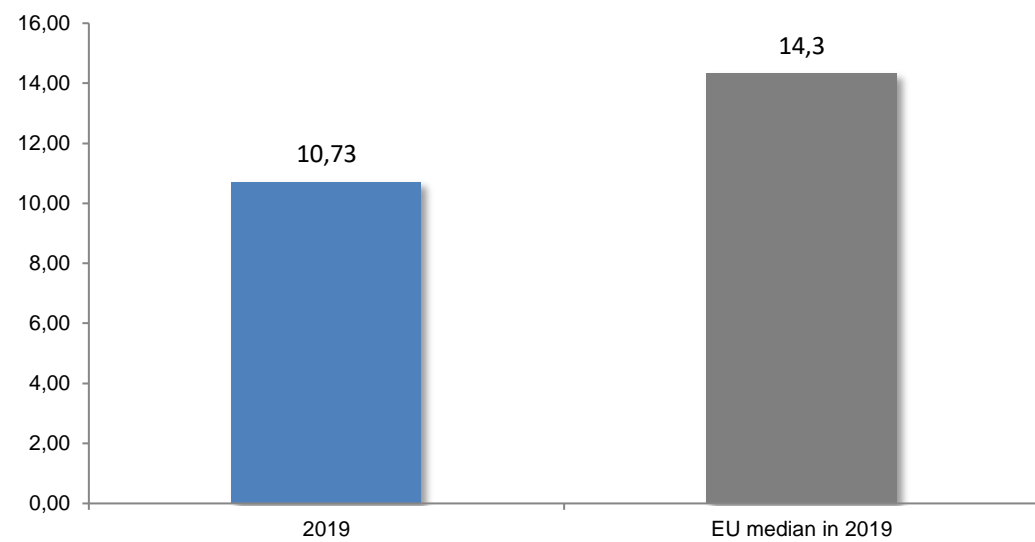
Court-related mediation procedures are regulated in relevant legal acts, e.g. The Code Of Civil Procedure, The Code of Criminal Procedure, The Code of Administrative Procedure.

Mediation is governed, inter alia, by the Code of Civil Procedure and the Code of Criminal Procedure.

The court related mediation system in Poland does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

Mediation in Polish legal system is voluntary.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	NA	NA
2013	-	-
2014	NA	NA
2015	-	-
2016	NA	NA
2017	NA	NA
2018	NA	NA
2019	4 120	10,73

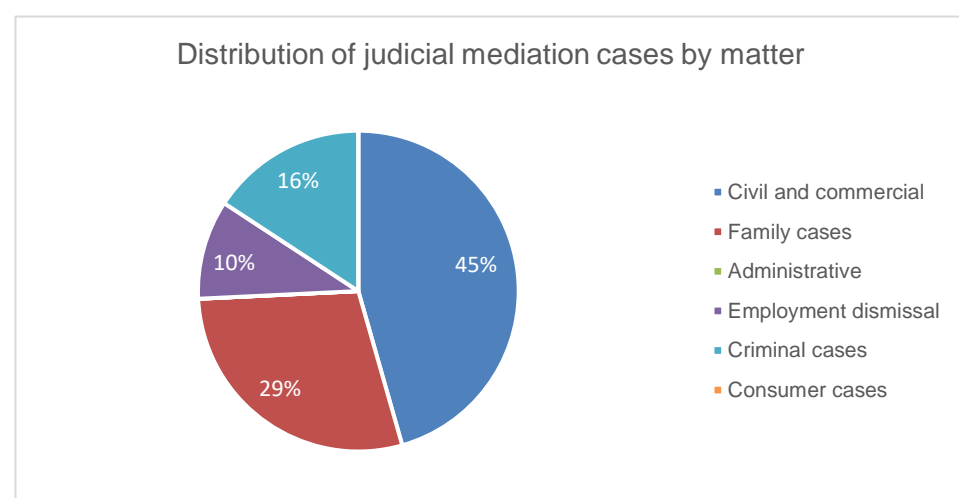


In 2019, there are 4 120 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 10,7 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 cannot be calculated.

The Ministry of Justice is currently working on the project "Dissemination of alternative dispute resolution methods by raising the competence of mediators, establishing the National Register of Mediators (KRM) and information activities.". The National Register of Mediators (KRM) will be a public register containing information on persons practicing the profession of mediator. The functioning of KRM will allow for ordering and increasing the ministry's control over the activity and number of mediators in Poland.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	27 463	71
Civil and commercial	12 518	33
Family cases	7 869	20
Administrative	1	0
Employment dismissal	2 746	7
Criminal cases	4 329	11
Consumer cases	NA	NA



"Postępowanie mediacyjne w świetle danych statystycznych – sądy rejonowe i okręgowe w latach 2006-2019" (eng. Mediation proceedings based on statistical data - regional and district courts in the years 2006-2019) – developed by the Ministry of Justice
 There are no separate statistics for cases involving consumer cases. Such cases are classified as civil cases.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

The president of the court of appeal draws up an annual report on the activities of the courts operating in the area of appeal in the scope of tasks entrusted to him, which, after giving the general assembly of appellate judges, submits to the Minister of Justice, no later than the end of April each year. The president of the regional court draws up annual information on the activities of the courts operating in the area of the district, within the scope of tasks entrusted to him, which, after being approved by the general assembly of district judges, submits to the president of the court of appeal, no later than by the end of February each year. The president of the district court prepares annual information on the court's activities in the scope of tasks entrusted to him, which, after consulting the judges of this court, submits to the chairman of the district court no later than the end of January each year (Article 37h of the Law on the system of common courts).

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

The presidents of appellate courts are required to submit, not later than the end of April of each year, the annual information on the activities of the courts acting in the appellate field.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

In Poland, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

Every year, an analysis is made of the annual information of the presidents of the courts of appeal about the activities of the courts operating in the area of appeals containing statistical data from individual appeals and information on actions taken to ensure the best activity of the courts in the area of appeal. The Minister of Justice assesses the annual information and accepts or refuses to accept this information

The analysis of the work of courts in the areas of operation of individual appeals is also based on statistical data for the first half of each year.

Based on the obtained statistical data, the Department of Administrative Surveillance carries out, as required, data on judicial units, in particular in the context of the efficiency of proceedings and the need for appropriate action by court presidents to ensure the most effective work of their subordinate units.

The analysis of the work of all courts is carried out cyclically for the first half of each year and after its completion, in particular based on the average duration of the procedure, control of influence and degree of residue, influence, settlement and remaining case, influence and settlement of cases on a judge according to the limit as at the last day of the statistical period, impact, settlement and remainder on staffing in versions 1 and 3. In addition, data on individual units are analyzed as required.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is no specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

The most important indicator - the stability of jurisprudence - is related to the assessment of judgments by appeal courts (second instance). It is based on the ratio of judgments amended or repealed in the appeal proceedings to judgments maintained in force.

Another important indicator is the indicator of controlling the inflow of court cases which informs whether courts examine all inflowing cases in a given statistical period (e.g. during a year), or whether backlog of inflowing cases increases. In addition, the judging time of inflowing court cases (whether it lengthens or shortens) is checked - the statistical periods are compared (e.g. year to year).

Inspection departments operate in the appellate and regional courts. The task of the judges working in these departments is to perform on behalf of the president of the court activities in the scope of supervision over the administrative activity of the courts in the area of the operation of a given appellate or district court. Supervision consists in taking actions to improve the office of the courts or increase the efficiency and level of work organization culture in the courts. For this purpose, visits of departments in courts or surveys of recognized cases of a given category are carried out, the secretariats of departments in the courts are controlled.

Activities in the scope of administrative supervision can not enter the field in which judges and assessors are independent.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

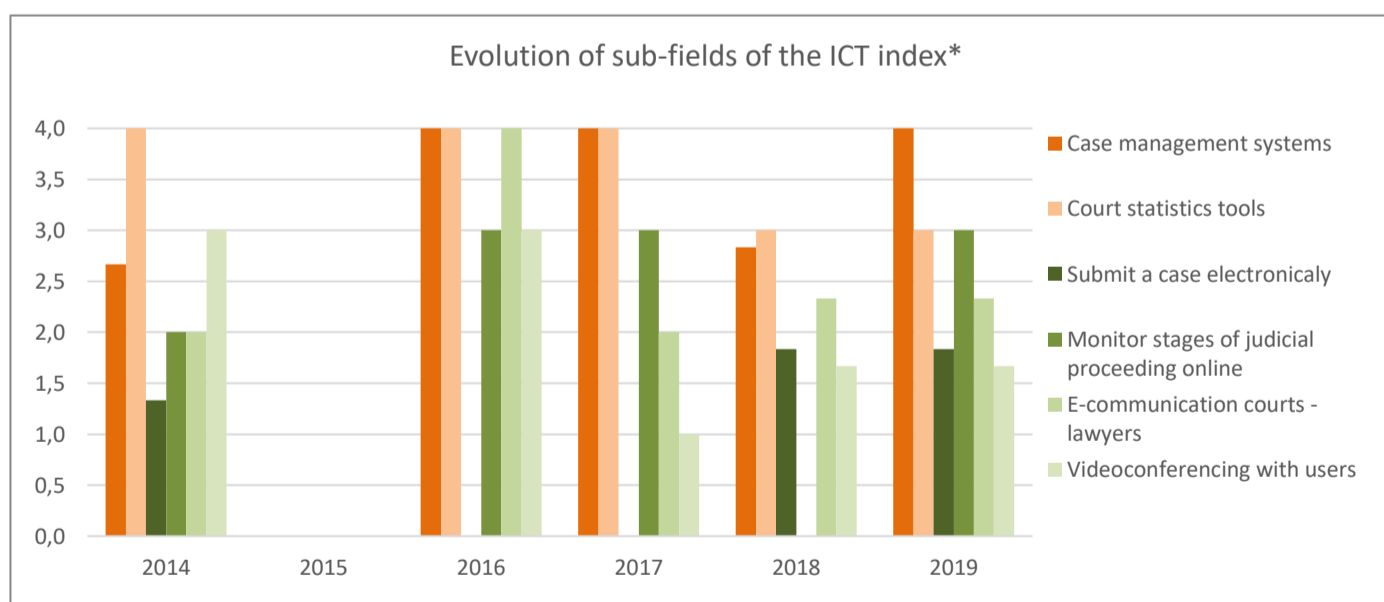
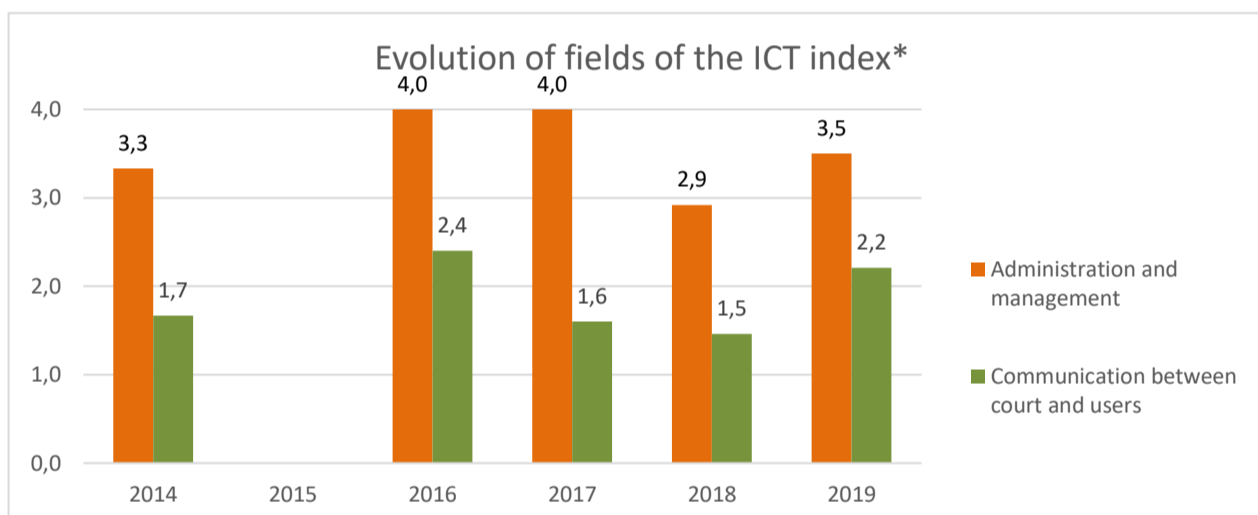
	points (up to 4)
Administration and management	3,5
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	3,0
Communication between court and users	2,2
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	1,8
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	3,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	2,3
Videoconferencing with users	1,7

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Comments on writing assistance tools

The so called e-Protocol system, financed from EU funds.

Registration form for notification of erroneous activities of IT systems, information from the National Court Register, Application form for access to public information, Civil complaint forms, Forms of bankruptcy complaints - "consumers", National Court Registry forms, formulas for reserve management services and forwarded to Central Information on Registered Pledges, Information request forms with the National Criminal Register, Application form for execution and reporting bailiff operations, inventory configuration list, toolkit form for central information on registered sets, formula for court and economic judgment.

It is difficult to assess it due to the different degree of computerization of litigation and non-litigious proceedings, as well as the uneven use of various tools, starting with ZEUS.

Comments on CMS

Random Assignment System (SLPS) - for registering and assigning cases to judges (SLPS - case registration and allocation system)

2) Office systems in courts, differentiated in individual units and departments (e.g. in commercial litigation and bankruptcy departments - "Judge-2", "Sawa", "Currenda", "Praetor", land and mortgage register departments - SOWKW and CI, in departments KRS - "Lotus" office and entry system - "SW", system in the Plots of the Register of Pledges) - Various computer office systems in individual courts.

Comments on measurement tools on workload

This kind of tools exist only for prosecutors. For judges and in courts there is only software used for registering judicial proceedings and their management. ZSRK system does not cover: units of the prosecutor's office, administrative judiciary, military judiciary, Supreme Court, Tribunal Constitutional and the National Council of the Judiciary.

Statistical data

In Poland, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralized institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Ministry of Justice (Department of Organisation for 2010, Department of Strategy and Deregulation for 2012 and Department of Strategy and European Funds for 2014-2020).

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Depending on the type of the statistical data they are published on internet or only on intranet website or other internal portals.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed on paper

The president of the court of appeal draws up an annual report on the activities of the courts operating in the area of appeal in the scope of tasks entrusted to him, which, after giving the general assembly of appellate judges, submits to the Minister of Justice, no later than the end of April each year. The president of the regional court draws up annual information on the activities of the courts operating in the area of the district, within the scope of tasks entrusted to him, which, after being approved by the general assembly of district judges, submits to the president of the court of appeal, no later than by the end of February each year. The president of the district court prepares annual information on the court's activities in the scope of asks entrusted to him, which, after consulting the judges of this court, submits to the chairman of the district court no later than the end of January each year (Article 37h of the Law on the system of common courts).

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	-0,3%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-0,1%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 126 €	-	10 538 €	-	11 370 €	12 365 €	12 960 €	13 289 €	31,2%	-	-	-	-	8,8%	4,8%	2,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	4,09	-	4,26	-	4,42	4,17	4,30	4,30	5,2%	-	-	-	-	-5,6%	3,1%	0,0%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	2 472 780 000	-	2 566 111 000	-	2 639 249 000	2 847 091 000	2 893 643 000	3 116 122 000	26,0%	-	-	-	-	7,9%	1,6%	7,7%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	-	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	-0,3%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-0,1%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 126 €	-	10 538 €	-	11 370 €	12 365 €	12 960 €	13 289 €	31,2%	-	-	-	-	8,8%	4,8%	2,5%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	2 472 780 000	-	2 566 111 000	-	2 639 249 000	2 847 091 000	2 893 643 000	3 116 122 000	26,0%	-	-	-	-	7,9%	1,6%	7,7%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	2 564 903 000	-	2 575 272 000	2 833 926 000	2 884 275 000	3 149 167 000	-	-	-	-	-	10,0%	1,8%	9,2%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	-0,3%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-0,1%	0,0%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	2 472 780 000	-	2 566 111 000	-	2 639 249 000	2 847 091 000	2 893 643 000	3 116 122 000	26,0%	-	-	-	-	7,9%	1,6%	7,7%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	408 787 000	-	407 715 000	-	415 418 000	470 593 000	426 883 000	484 679 000	18,6%	-	-	-	-	13,3%	-9,3%	13,5%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	150	150	150	174	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	16,0%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	-------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	-0,3%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-0,1%	0,0%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	287	-	287	-	363	363	363	363	26,5%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	26	-	26	-	26	25	25	25	-3,8%	-	-	-	-	-3,8%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	827	-	NA	-	401	401	401	401	-51,5%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	26	-	26	-	26	25	25	25	-3,8%	-	-	-	-	-3,8%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	17	-	17	-	17	16	16	16	-5,9%	-	-	-	-	-5,9%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	9	-	9	-	9	9	9	9	0,0%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	-0,3%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-0,1%	0,0%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 431 356	-	1 721 758	-	1 579 497	2 390 468	2 324 337	2 414 543	68,7%	-	-	-	-	51,3%	-2,8%	3,9%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	382 664	-	667 984	-	713 029	724 720	807 970	912 519	138,5%	-	-	-	-	1,6%	11,5%	12,9%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	910 148	-	725 695	1 534 191	1 404 323	1 367 290	-	-	-	-	-	111,4%	-8,5%	-2,6%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	718 309	-	667 530	-	371 152	1 030 834	780 007	657 899	-8,4%	-	-	-	-	177,7%	-24,3%	-15,7%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	242 618	-	354 543	503 357	624 316	709 391	-	-	-	-	-	42,0%	24,0%	13,6%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	204 376	-	203 662	-	298 505	388 192	470 502	589 726	188,5%	-	-	-	-	30,0%	21,2%	25,3%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	20 595	-	38 956	-	56 038	115 165	153 814	119 665	481,0%	-	-	-	-	105,5%	33,6%	-22,2%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	21 837	-	20 070	-	33 167	30 867	25 726	22 374	2,5%	-	-	-	-	-6,9%	-16,7%	-13,0%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	83 575	-	115 556	-	107 606	100 690	86 318	112 360	34,4%	-	-	-	-	-6,4%	-14,3%	30,2%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	10 045 154	-	9 991 816	-	10 778 246	11 628 150	10 983 338	13 677 355	36,2%	-	-	-	-	7,9%	-5,5%	24,5%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 066 935	-	1 226 470	-	1 196 509	1 352 948	1 324 787	1 254 576	17,6%	-	-	-	-	13,1%	-2,1%	-5,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	8 395 454	-	9 256 718	9 952 141	9 272 680	12 062 299	-	-	-	-	-	7,5%	-6,8%	30,1%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 800 084	-	4 408 257	-	4 815 988	5 066 262	4 621 436	4 583 880	-4,5%	-	-	-	-	5,2%	-8,8%	-0,8%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	3 987 197	-	4 440 730	4 885 879	4 651 244	7 478 419	-	-	-	-	-	10,0%	-4,8%	60,8%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	3 194 947	-	3 245 962	-	3 578 837	3 678 725	3 691 685	6 644 391	108,0%	-	-	-	-	2,8%	0,4%	80,0%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	610 397	-	741 235	-	861 893	1 207 154	959 559	834 028	36,6%	-	-	-	-	40,1%	-20,5%	-13,1%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	72 160	-	84 161	-	76 692	72 426	65 963	70 227	-2,7%	-	-	-	-	-5,6%	-8,9%	6,5%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	300 631	-	285 731	-	248 327	250 635	319 908	290 253	-3,5%	-	-	-	-	0,9%	27,6%	-9,3%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	10 100 564	-	10 177 708	-	10 015 117	11 693 624	10 873 270	12 333 858	22,1%	-	-	-	-	16,8%	-7,0%	13,4%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	944 559	-	1 217 579	-	1 182 200	1 269 714	1 220 249	1 245 830	31,9%	-	-	-	-	7,4%	-3,9%	2,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	8 598 250	-	8 491 429	10 081 986	9 305 584	10 747 291	-	-	-	-	-	18,7%	-7,7%	15,5%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 944 396	-	4 620 175	-	4 156 304	5 317 072	4 743 532	4 557 728	-7,8%	-	-	-	-	27,9%	-10,8%	-3,9%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	3 987 075	-	4 335 125	4 764 914	4 562 052	6 189 563	-	-	-	-	-	9,9%	-4,3%	35,7%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	3 240 327	-	3 248 343	-	3 489 148	3 596 416	3 572 462	5 349 662	65,1%	-	-	-	-	3,1%	-0,7%	49,7%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	603 887	-	729 732	-	845 977	1 168 498	989 590	839 901	39,1%	-	-	-	-	38,1%	-15,3%	-15,1%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	71 865	-	81 240	-	78 992	77 567	69 315	69 238	-3,7%	-	-	-	-	-1,8%	-10,6%	-0,1%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	295 530	-	280 639	-	262 496	264 357	278 122	271 499	-8,1%	-	-	-	-	0,7%	5,2%	-2,4%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 375 396	-	1 533 930	-	2 342 626	2 324 994	2 434 405	3 758 040	173,2%	-	-	-	-	-0,8%	4,7%	54,4%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	505 040	-	676 875	-	727 338	807 954	912 508	921 265	82,4%	-	-	-	-	11,1%	12,9%	1,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	707 352	-	1 490 984	1 404 346	1 371 419	2 682 298	-	-	-	-	-	-5,8%	-2,3%	95,6%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	573 450	-	455 612	-	1 030 836	780 024	657 911	684 051	19,3%	-	-	-	-	-24,3%	-15,7%	4,0%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	251 740	-	460 148	624 322	713 508	1 998 247	-	-	-	-	-	35,7%	14,3%	180,1%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	158 992	-	201 281	-	388 194	470 501	589 725	1 884 455	1085,3%	-	-	-	-	21,2%	25,3%	219,5%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	27 106	-	50 459	-	71 954	153 821	123 783	113 792	319,8%	-	-	-	-	113,8%	-19,5%	-8,1%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	22 132	-	30 991	-	30 867	25 726	22 374	23 363	5,6%	-	-	-	-	-16,7%	-13,0%	4,4%

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	88 676	-	118 712	-	93 437	86 968	128 104	131 114	47,9%	-	-	-	-	-6,9%	47,3%	2,3%

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,6%	-	101,9%	-	92,9%	100,6%	99,0%	90,2%	-10,3%	-	-	-	-	8,2%	-1,6%	-8,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	88,5%	-	99,3%	-	98,8%	93,8%	92,1%	99,3%	12,2%	-	-	-	-	-5,0%	-1,9%	7,8%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,4%	-	91,7%	101,3%	100,4%	89,1%	-	-	-	-	-	10,4%	-0,9%	-11,2%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	103,0%	-	104,8%	-	86,3%	105,0%	102,6%	99,4%	-3,5%	-	-	-	-	21,6%	-2,2%	-3,1%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	100,0%	-	97,6%	97,5%	98,1%	82,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-0,1%	0,6%	-15,6%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	101,4%	-	100,1%	-	97,5%	97,8%	96,8%	80,5%	-20,6%	-	-	-	-	0,3%	-1,0%	-16,8%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	98,9%	-	98,4%	-	98,2%	96,8%	103,1%	100,7%	1,8%	-	-	-	-	-1,4%	6,5%	-2,4%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	99,6%	-	96,5%	-	103,0%	107,1%	105,1%	98,6%	-1,0%	-	-	-	-	4,0%	-1,9%	-6,2%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	98,3%	-	98,2%	-	105,7%	105,5%	86,9%	93,5%	-4,8%	-	-	-	-	-0,2%	-17,6%	7,6%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	50	-	55	-	85	73	82	111	123,8%	-	-	-	-	-15,0%	12,6%	36,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	195	-	203	-	225	232	273	270	38,3%	-	-	-	-	3,4%	17,5%	-1,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	30	-	64	51	54	91	-	-	-	-	-	-20,7%	5,8%	69,3%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	42	-	36	-	91	54	51	55	29,4%	-	-	-	-	-40,9%	-5,5%	8,2%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	23	-	39	48	57	118	-	-	-	-	-	23,4%	19,4%	106,4%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	18	-	23	-	41	48	60	129	617,9%	-	-	-	-	17,6%	26,2%	113,4%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	16	-	25	-	31	48	46	49	201,8%	-	-	-	-	54,8%	-5,0%	8,3%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	112	-	139	-	143	121	118	123	9,6%	-	-	-	-	-15,1%	-2,7%	4,5%

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	110	-	154	-	130	120	168	176	60,9%	-	-	-	-	-7,6%	40,0%	4,8%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	42 786	-	47 162	-	46 315	47 334	49 485	53 202	24,3%	-	-	-	-	2,2%	4,5%	7,5%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	11 102	-	7 201	-	5 607	5 087	4 124	4 090	-63,2%	-	-	-	-	-9,3%	-18,9%	-0,8%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	794	-	1 166	-	3 167	3 563	4 660	5 549	598,9%	-	-	-	-	12,5%	30,8%	19,1%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	90 933	-	89 791	-	89 135	88 361	89 156	85 975	-5,5%	-	-	-	-	-0,9%	0,9%	-3,6%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	22 070	-	9 727	-	8 266	6 082	5 479	5 595	-74,6%	-	-	-	-	-26,4%	-9,9%	2,1%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	4 589	-	4 469	-	11 797	14 468	16 309	19 596	327,0%	-	-	-	-	22,6%	12,7%	20,2%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	89 217	-	88 752	-	88 303	86 405	85 568	86 108	-3,5%	-	-	-	-	-2,1%	-1,0%	0,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	20 924	-	11 024	-	8 786	7 045	5 513	5 508	-73,7%	-	-	-	-	-19,8%	-21,7%	-0,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	4 390	-	4 546	-	11 401	13 371	15 420	18 535	322,2%	-	-	-	-	17,3%	15,3%	20,2%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	44 750	-	48 539	-	47 334	49 290	53 202	53 275	19,1%	-	-	-	-	4,1%	7,9%	0,1%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	12 249	-	5 904	-	5 087	4 124	4 090	4 177	-65,9%	-	-	-	-	-18,9%	-0,8%	2,1%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	993	-	1 089	-	3 563	4 660	5 549	6 610	565,7%	-	-	-	-	30,8%	19,1%	19,1%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	98,1%	-	98,8%	-	99,1%	97,8%	96,0%	100,2%	2,1%	-	-	-	-	-1,3%	-1,9%	4,4%
CR Employment dismissal cases	94,8%	-	113,3%	-	106,3%	115,8%	100,6%	98,4%	3,8%	-	-	-	-	9,0%	-13,1%	-2,2%
CR Insolvency cases	95,7%	-	101,7%	-	96,6%	92,4%	94,5%	94,6%	-1,1%	-	-	-	-	-4,4%	2,3%	0,0%
DT Litigious divorce cases	183	-	200	-	196	208	227	226	23,3%	-	-	-	-	6,4%	9,0%	-0,5%
DT Employment dismissal cases	214	-	195	-	211	214	271	277	29,5%	-	-	-	-	1,1%	26,7%	2,2%
DT Insolvency cases	83	-	87	-	114	127	131	130	57,7%	-	-	-	-	11,5%	3,3%	-0,9%

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	43 509	-	75 994	-	86 082	94 082	97 689	103 913	138,8%	-	-	-	-	9,3%	3,8%	6,4%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	16 468	-	29 063	-	34 276	39 761	44 823	51 551	213,0%	-	-	-	-	16,0%	12,7%	15,0%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	5 834	-	6 675	8 065	8 034	5 537	-	-	-	-	-	20,8%	-0,4%	-31,1%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3 538	-	5 725	-	6 502	7 845	7 884	5 369	51,8%	-	-	-	-	20,7%	0,5%	-31,9%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	109	-	173	220	150	168	-	-	-	-	-	27,2%	-31,8%	12,0%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	0	-	109	-	173	220	150	168	-	-	-	-	-	27,2%	-31,8%	12,0%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	114	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	13 243	-	19 271	-	25 867	27 824	26 406	27 649	108,8%	-	-	-	-	7,6%	-5,1%	4,7%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	9 793	-	21 826	-	19 264	18 432	18 426	19 176	95,8%	-	-	-	-	-4,3%	0,0%	4,1%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	215 523	-	226 525	-	234 349	231 855	227 220	240 192	11,4%	-	-	-	-	-1,1%	-2,0%	5,7%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	128 986	-	139 285	-	144 116	142 391	141 045	155 341	20,4%	-	-	-	-	-1,2%	-0,9%	10,1%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	22 231	-	24 234	26 234	24 637	23 774	-	-	-	-	-	8,3%	-6,1%	-3,5%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	21 232	-	21 773	-	23 610	25 708	24 213	23 378	10,1%	-	-	-	-	8,9%	-5,8%	-3,4%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	458	-	624	526	424	396	-	-	-	-	-	-15,7%	-19,4%	-6,6%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	0	-	458	-	624	526	424	396	-	-	-	-	-	-15,7%	-19,4%	-6,6%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	492	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	15 017	-	17 787	-	18 945	17 746	20 296	16 844	12,2%	-	-	-	-	-6,3%	14,4%	-17,0%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	44 921	-	47 222	-	47 054	45 484	41 242	44 233	-1,5%	-	-	-	-	-3,3%	-9,3%	7,3%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	200 797	-	222 883	-	226 459	228 056	218 219	217 234	8,2%	-	-	-	-	0,7%	-4,3%	-0,5%

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	121 722	-	135 027	-	138 444	137 410	135 132	139 755	14,8%	-	-	-	-	-0,7%	-1,7%	3,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	21 713	-	23 300	25 964	23 698	22 220	-	-	-	-	-	11,4%	-8,7%	-6,2%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	19 889	-	21 258	-	22 723	25 368	23 292	21 863	9,9%	-	-	-	-	11,6%	-8,2%	-6,1%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	455	-	577	596	406	357	-	-	-	-	-	3,3%	-31,9%	-12,1%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	0	-	455	-	577	596	406	357	-	-	-	-	-	3,3%	-31,9%	-12,1%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	479	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	12 276	-	14 994	-	16 829	19 192	18 897	16 407	33,7%	-	-	-	-	14,0%	-1,5%	-13,2%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	41 512	-	51 149	-	47 886	45 490	40 492	38 852	-6,4%	-	-	-	-	-5,0%	-11,0%	-4,1%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	58 235	-	79 151	-	93 972	97 881	106 690	126 871	117,9%	-	-	-	-	4,2%	9,0%	18,9%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	23 732	-	32 865	-	39 948	44 742	50 736	67 137	182,9%	-	-	-	-	12,0%	13,4%	32,3%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	6 323	-	7 609	8 335	8 973	7 091	-	-	-	-	-	9,5%	7,7%	-21,0%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 935	-	6 211	-	7 389	8 185	8 805	6 884	39,5%	-	-	-	-	10,8%	7,6%	-21,8%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	112	-	220	150	168	207	-	-	-	-	-	-31,8%	12,0%	23,2%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	0	-	112	-	220	150	168	207	-	-	-	-	-	-31,8%	12,0%	23,2%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	127	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	15 984	-	22 064	-	27 983	26 378	27 805	28 086	75,7%	-	-	-	-	-5,7%	5,4%	1,0%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	13 202	-	17 899	-	18 432	18 426	19 176	24 557	86,0%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	4,1%	28,1%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	93,2%	-	98,4%	-	96,6%	98,4%	96,0%	90,4%	-2,9%	-	-	-	-	1,8%	-2,4%	-5,8%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	94,4%	-	96,9%	-	96,1%	96,5%	95,8%	90,0%	-4,7%	-	-	-	-	0,5%	-0,7%	-6,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	97,7%	-	96,1%	99,0%	96,2%	93,5%	-	-	-	-	-	2,9%	-2,8%	-2,8%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	93,7%	-	97,6%	-	96,2%	98,7%	96,2%	93,5%	-0,2%	-	-	-	-	2,5%	-2,5%	-2,8%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	99,3%	-	92,5%	113,3%	95,8%	90,2%	-	-	-	-	-	22,5%	-15,5%	-5,9%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	-	-	99,3%	-	92,5%	113,3%	95,8%	90,2%	-	-	-	-	-	22,5%	-15,5%	-5,9%
CR Other registry cases	97,4%	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	81,7%	-	84,3%	-	88,8%	108,1%	93,1%	97,4%	19,2%	-	-	-	-	21,7%	-13,9%	4,6%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	92,4%	-	108,3%	-	101,8%	100,0%	98,2%	87,8%	-5,0%	-	-	-	-	-1,7%	-1,8%	-10,5%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	106	-	130	-	151	157	178	213	101,4%	-	-	-	-	3,4%	13,9%	19,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	71	-	89	-	105	119	137	175	146,4%	-	-	-	-	12,8%	15,3%	27,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	106	-	119	117	138	116	-	-	-	-	-	-1,7%	17,9%	-15,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	91	-	107	-	119	118	138	115	26,9%	-	-	-	-	-0,8%	17,2%	-16,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	90	-	139	92	151	212	-	-	-	-	-	-34,0%	64,4%	40,1%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	-	-	90	-	139	92	151	212	-	-	-	-	-	-34,0%	64,4%	40,1%
DT Other registry cases	97	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	475	-	537	-	607	502	537	625	31,5%	-	-	-	-	-17,3%	7,1%	16,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	116	-	128	-	140	148	173	231	98,7%	-	-	-	-	5,2%	16,9%	33,5%

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	22 872	-	NA	-	30 527	32 161	30 034	NA	-	-	-	-	-	5,4%	-6,6%	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	3 565	-	4 660	4 294	3 655	4 596	-	-	-	-	-	-7,9%	-14,9%	25,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	-	25 867	27 867	26 379	NA	-	-	-	-	-	7,7%	-5,3%	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	332	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	21 550	-	NA	-	27 302	25 585	27 869	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-6,3%	8,9%	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	8 410	-	8 357	7 780	7 640	7 585	-	-	-	-	-	-6,9%	-1,8%	-0,7%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	-	18 945	17 805	20 229	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-6,0%	13,6%	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	1 163	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	25 013	-	NA	-	25 552	27 611	25 596	NA	-	-	-	-	-	8,1%	-7,3%	-

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	7 926	-	8 723	8 419	6 699	7 424	-	-	-	-	-	-3,5%	-20,4%	10,8%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	-	16 829	19 192	18 897	NA	-	-	-	-	-	14,0%	-1,5%	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	1 236	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	19 409	-	NA	-	32 277	30 135	32 307	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-6,6%	7,2%	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	4 052	-	4 294	3 655	4 596	4 757	-	-	-	-	-	-14,9%	25,7%	3,5%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	-	27 983	26 480	27 711	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-5,4%	4,6%	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	259	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	116,1%	-	NA	-	93,6%	107,9%	91,8%	NA	-	-	-	-	-	15,3%	-14,9%	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	94,2%	-	104,4%	108,2%	87,7%	97,9%	-	-	-	-	-	3,7%	-19,0%	11,6%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	-	88,8%	107,8%	93,4%	NA	-	-	-	-	-	21,3%	-13,3%	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	106,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	283	-	NA	-	461	398	461	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-13,6%	15,6%	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	187	-	180	158	250	234	-	-	-	-	-	-11,8%	58,0%	-6,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	-	607	504	535	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-17,0%	6,3%	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	-0,3%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-0,1%	0,0%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	24 107 000	-	25 029 000	-	65 738 000	57 628 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-12,3%	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	24 107 000	-	25 029 000	-	NAP	34 737 000	28 848 000	29 028 000	20,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-17,0%	0,6%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	22 891 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	15 559 000	-	41 006 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	-	15 559 000	-	NAP	22 731 000	15 906 000	15 865 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-30,0%	-0,3%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	9 470 000	-	24 732 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	-	9 470 000	-	NAP	12 006 000	12 942 000	13 164 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,8%	1,7%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	23 328 000	-	27 427 000	52 913 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	92,9%	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	23 328 000	-	NAP	30 187 000	27 928 000	28 405 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-7,5%	1,7%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NAP	-	NA	22 726 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	13 682 000	-	16 039 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	13 682 000	-	NAP	16 436 000	14 063 000	13 590 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-14,4%	-3,4%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	9 645 000	-	11 388 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	9 645 000	-	NAP	13 751 000	13 865 000	14 816 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,8%	6,9%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	-	No	Yes	Yes	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	880	1 114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,6%
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							NA	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Integrated	Integrated
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							100%	100%
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	0% (NAP)
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							Yes	Yes
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	No

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	No									

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																		
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	1-9%										
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	No										Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes										Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							No	No										Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	No										Civil - SMS
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes										Civil - E-mail
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes										Civil - Specific computer application
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							No	No										Civil - Other
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							Yes	Yes										
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes										
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No										

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No										
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No										
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	No										
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No										
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes										
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							not accessible at all	not accessible at all										
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	not accessible at all										
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							not accessible at all	both										

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							10-49%	10-49%
064-6 - Criminal							NA	NA
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							NA	NA
064-10 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	50-99%
064-11 - Criminal							NA	NA
064-11 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Both	Video

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Both	Video										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							NAP	NAP										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate								NA
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							0	NA
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							0	NA
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							0	NA
064-3 - Information available in CMS							0	NA

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							50-99%	50-99%
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							50-99%	50-99%										
064-7 - Email							No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7 - Email							No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application							No	No										
064-7 - Other							No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No										

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No											
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																			
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							No	No											
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	0											
065-4 - Impact on Workload							No	0											
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							No	0											
065-4 - Impact on Costs							No	0											
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	0											

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																			
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							Yes	Yes											

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges								
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)								
127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	-	Compulsory	-	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Compulsory	-	Compulsory	-	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	-	Optional	-	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	-	Optional	-	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	-	Optional	-	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations						
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods															
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)															
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	4 120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	Yes	-	Yes	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	9 544	-	10 623	-	20 856	24 115	26 272	27 463	152,7%	-	-	-	15,6%	8,9%	4,5%
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	5 199	-	4 123	-	12 986	13 403	13 297	12 518	157,8%	-	-	-	3,2%	-0,8%	-5,9%
167. 2. Family cases - started	1 756	-	1 932	-	5 151	7 720	6 933	7 869	339,6%	-	-	-	49,9%	-10,2%	13,5%
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	25	-	10	-	8	1	6	1	-96,0%	-	-	-	-87,5%	500,0%	-83,3%
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	284	-	512	-	1 536	1 869	2 178	2 746	558,1%	-	-	-	21,7%	16,5%	26,1%
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	2 280	-	4 046	-	1 175	1 122	3 858	4 329	-50,8%	-	-	-	-4,5%	243,9%	12,2%
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																	
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																	
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes									
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	-	No	-	No	-	No	No									

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	-0,3%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-0,1%	0,0%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	10 114	-	10 096	-	9 980	10 047	9 776	9 736	-3,7%	-	-	-	-	0,7%	-2,7%	-0,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	9 441	-	9 516	-	9 422	9 508	9 240	9 194	-2,6%	-	-	-	-	0,9%	-2,8%	-0,5%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	497	-	494	-	475	458	426	443	-10,9%	-	-	-	-	-3,6%	-7,0%	4,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	86	-	86	-	83	81	110	99	15,1%	-	-	-	-	-2,4%	35,8%	-10,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	3 701	-	NA	-	NA	3 677	NA	3 673	-0,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	3 371	-	3 451	-	3 400	3 466	3 411	3 386	0,4%	-	-	-	-	1,9%	-1,6%	-0,7%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	221	-	229	-	221	211	196	209	-5,4%	-	-	-	-	-4,5%	-7,1%	6,6%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	6 413	-	NA	-	NA	6 289	NA	6 063	-5,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	6 070	-	6 065	-	6 022	6 042	5 829	5 808	-4,3%	-	-	-	-	0,3%	-3,5%	-0,4%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	276	-	265	-	254	247	230	234	-15,2%	-	-	-	-	-2,8%	-6,9%	1,7%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	40 844	-	41 534	-	43 176	46 807	40 662	41 927	2,7%	-	-	-	-	8,4%	-13,1%	3,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 810	-	1 847	-	2 138	1 941	2 201	2 618	44,6%	-	-	-	-	-9,2%	13,4%	18,9%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	23 110	-	23 428	-	24 231	27 607	22 398	22 972	-0,6%	-	-	-	-	13,9%	-18,9%	2,6%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	7 239	-	7 324	-	7 687	8 226	7 663	8 077	11,6%	-	-	-	-	7,0%	-6,8%	5,4%

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	3 487	-	3 741	-	3 261	3 243	2 739	2 654	-23,9%	-	-	-	-	-0,6%	-15,5%	-3,1%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	5 198	-	5 194	-	5 859	5 790	5 661	5 606	7,8%	-	-	-	-	-1,2%	-2,2%	-1,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	6 424	6 611	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,9%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	537	-	NA	561	651	737	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,0%	13,2%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	1 866	1 886	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,1%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	1 825	1 929	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,7%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	1 008	891	881	-	-	-	-	-	-	-11,6%	-1,1%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	1 200	1 191	1 178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,8%	-1,1%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	34 238	35 316	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,1%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	-	1 310	-	NA	1 380	1 550	1 881	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,3%	21,4%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	20 532	21 086	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,7%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	5 838	6 148	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,3%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	2 235	1 848	1 773	-	-	-	-	-	-	-17,3%	-4,1%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	4 590	4 470	4 428	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2,6%	-0,9%

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)																
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)																
Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	-0,3%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-0,1%	0,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	43 974	-	52 760	-	48 315	51 227	53 081	55 178	25,5%	-	-	-	-	6,0%	3,6%	4,0%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	40 844	-	41 534	-	43 176	46 807	40 662	41 927	2,7%	-	-	-	-	8,4%	-13,1%	3,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 810	-	1 847	-	2 138	1 941	2 201	2 618	44,6%	-	-	-	-	-9,2%	13,4%	18,9%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	23 110	-	23 428	-	24 231	27 607	22 398	22 972	-0,6%	-	-	-	-	13,9%	-18,9%	2,6%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	7 239	-	7 324	-	7 687	8 226	7 663	8 077	11,6%	-	-	-	-	7,0%	-6,8%	5,4%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	3 487	-	3 741	-	3 261	3 243	2 739	2 654	-23,9%	-	-	-	-	-0,6%	-15,5%	-3,1%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	5 198	-	5 194	-	5 859	5 790	5 661	5 606	7,8%	-	-	-	-	-1,2%	-2,2%	-1,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	6 424	6 611	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,9%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	537	-	NA	561	651	737	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,0%	13,2%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	1 866	1 886	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,1%

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	1 825	1 929	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,7%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	1 008	891	881	-	-	-	-	-	-	-11,6%	-1,1%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	1 200	1 191	1 178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,8%	-1,1%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	34 238	35 316	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,1%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	-	1 310	-	NA	1 380	1 550	1 881	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,3%	21,4%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	20 532	21 086	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,7%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	5 838	6 148	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,3%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	2 235	1 848	1 773	-	-	-	-	-	-	-17,3%	-4,1%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	4 590	4 470	4 428	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2,6%	-0,9%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	---	-----	---	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	-	Yes, on internet	-	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	---	------------------	---	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Poland (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)																
Judges							No	No								
Prosecutors							No	No								
Non-judge staff							No	No								
Lawyers							No	No								
Notaries							No	No								
Enforcement agents							No	No								
Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)																
Judges							No	No								
Prosecutors							No	No								
Non-judge staff							No	No								
Lawyers							No	No								
Notaries							No	No								
Enforcement agents							No	No								
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																
National programme for gender equality							No	No								
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																
In courts (judges)							No	No								
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No								
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No								

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Portugal

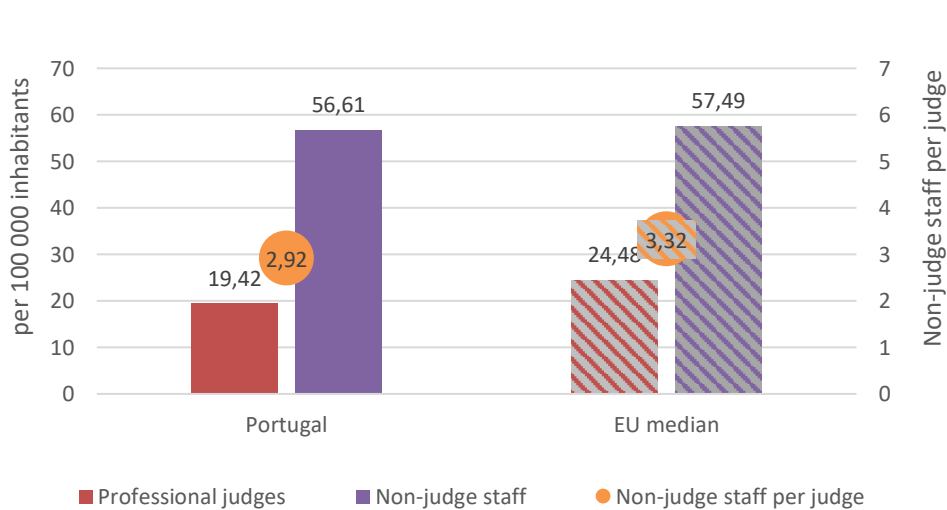
General data

Population: 10 295 909 **GDP:** 20 660 € **Average annual salary:** 17 226 €

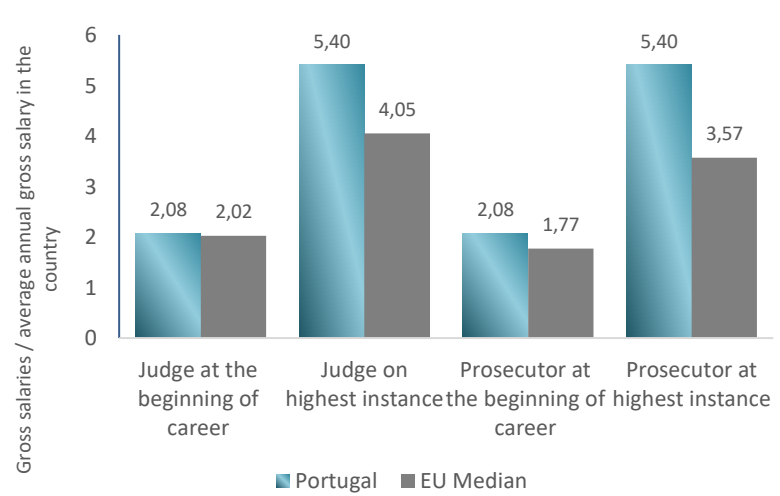
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
19,42	56,61	322,50	NA
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

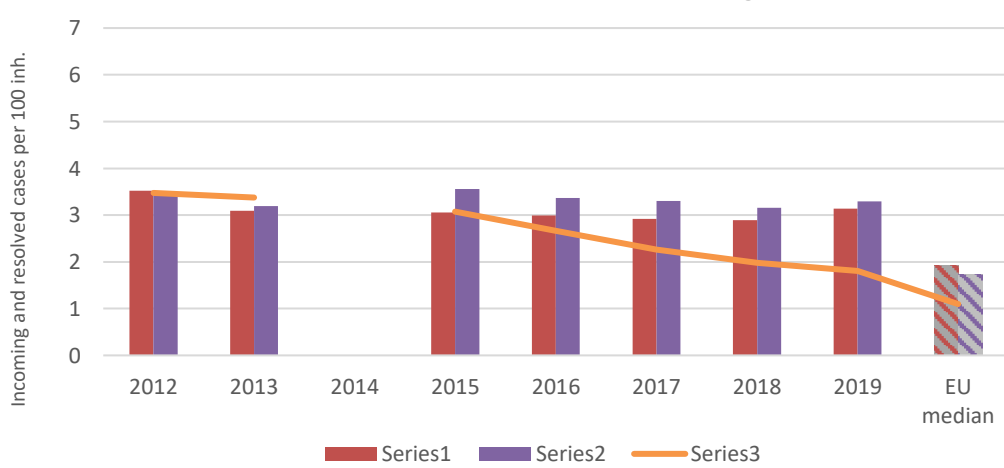


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

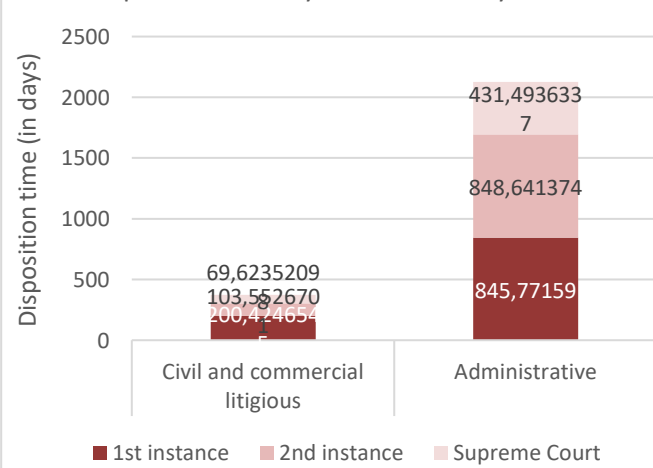


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

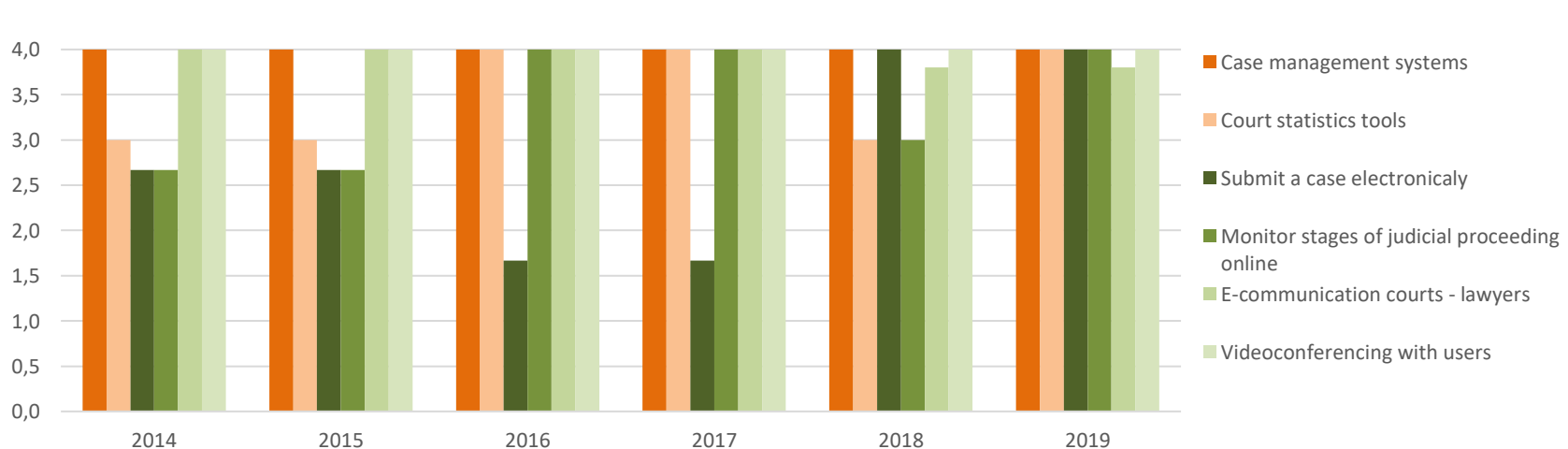


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for: Portugal

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	-1,8%	-0,6%	-0,3%	-0,1%	0,2%
GDP per capita	15 607 €	15 890 €	16 637 €	17 317 €	17 905 €	18 744 €	19 614 €	20 660 €	32,4%	7,6%	9,5%	4,6%	5,3%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	15 383 €		15 588 €		16 079 €		16 766 €	17 226 €	12,0%	3,1%	4,3%		2,7%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	19,2	19,4	19,2	19,2	19,3	20,0	19,3	19,4	1,4%	0,4%	0,0%	-3,8%	0,8%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	58,3	57,6	54,9	56,1	54,8	56,3	56,6	56,6	-2,8%	-0,2%	3,3%	0,6%	0,0%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	270,2	275,9	282,8	263,8	295,6	304,4	315,0	322,5	19,3%	4,5%	6,6%	3,5%	2,4%
Mediators	2,4	2,4	1,9	2,1	5,0	6,0	NA	NA	NA	163,9%	NA	NA	NA
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,520	3,095	NA	3,056	2,996	2,923	2,888	3,139	-10,8%	NA	-3,6%	-1,2%	8,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	0,337	0,253	0,244	0,237	0,265	NA	NA	-6,1%	-2,7%	11,9%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	98%	103%	NA	116%	112%	113%	109%	105%	7,29	NA	-3,12	-3,87	-4,18
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	80%	112%	105%	111%	106%	NA	NA	-0,55	5,97	-4,81

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	369	386	NA	315	289	250	229	200	-45,6%	NA	-20,6%	-8,2%	-12,5%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	989	911	988	928	846	NA	NA	1,8%	-6,1%	-8,8%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,47	3,37	NA	3,07	2,66	2,26	1,98	1,81	-47,9%	NA	-25,6%	-12,5%	-8,5%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	0,73	0,70	0,69	0,67	0,65	NA	NA	-4,9%	-3,5%	-2,4%

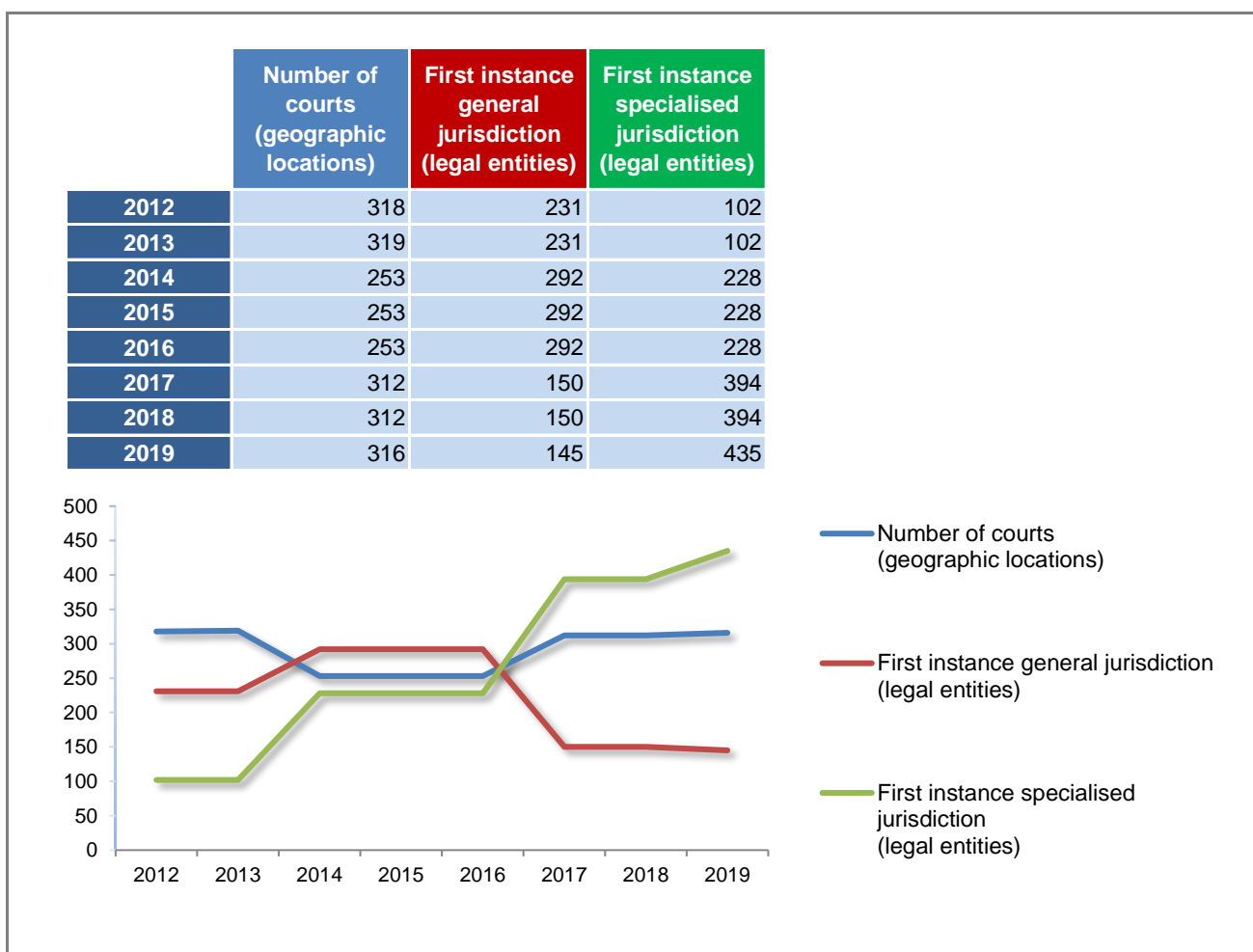
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	101%	NA	95%	97%	99%	102%	102%	NA	NA	4,72	2,72	0,02
CR administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	107%	88%	76%	74%	90%	NA	NA	-13,51	-2,17	15,80

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	94	NA	106	114	111	107	104	NA	NA	-5,9%	-3,7%	-3,4%

DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	573	714	842	1 016	849	NA	NA	42,4%	20,7%	-16,5%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	NA	100%	99%	104%	98%	95%	NA	NA	-0,92	-5,60	-3,58
CR administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	89%	96%	104%	100%	88%	NA	NA	3,37	-4,66	-12,10
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	NA	58	58	44	49	70	NA	NA	-15,4%	11,4%	41,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	-	NA	299	322	272	364	431	NA	NA	13,1%	33,8%	18,6%

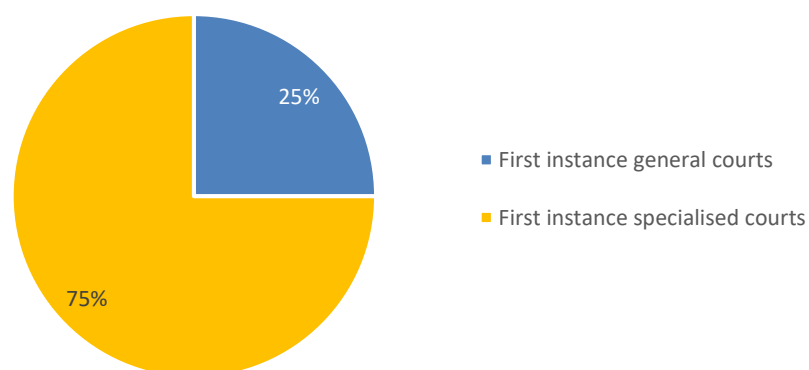
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Portugal

Under the Portuguese Constitution, there are two set of courts: judicial courts, which have general jurisdiction in civil/commercial and criminal matters and encompass specialized courts, and administrative and tax courts, whose role is to settle disputes arising out of administrative and tax relations. These latter are specialised in this domain only. The ordinary justice administration in Portugal is organised on a three-level structure which includes: 145 first instance courts of general jurisdiction, 5 courts of appeal and the Supreme Court of Justice. The administrative justice which is autonomous, i.e. independent from the civil justice, is organised on a three-level structure which includes: 17 Administrative and Tax courts (first instance), the Central Administrative Court and the Supreme Administrative Court



The differences registered result from the changes to the judicial organization (Law n. 40-A/2016, 22 December) in force since January 1, 2017. Accordingly, 20 courts that were closed in 2014 were re-enacted as proximity judgments, new family sections were created as well as new sections with generic jurisdiction. The decrease of the total number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction is accompanied by an increase of certain types of specialized courts.

Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts

In Portugal, in 2010, there are 435 first instance specialised courts. This number encompasses 23 commercial courts, 44 labour courts, 51 family courts, 6 enforcement of criminal sanctions courts, 17 administrative courts and 293 other specialised first instance courts. It should be noticed that Administrative courts are part of another jurisdiction.

Under the category "Other specialised 1st instance courts" are included: Civil Central Judicial Divisions, Criminal Central Judicial Divisions, Civil Local Proximity Judicial Divisions, Criminal Local Proximity Judicial Divisions, Petty Criminality Local Proximity Judicial Divisions, Criminal Examination Judicial Divisions, Enforcement Judicial Divisions, Central Criminal Examination Court, Intellectual Property Court, Competition Court and Maritime Court.

There are no insolvency courts in Portugal.

Law 31/2012, 14 August, put in force a special eviction procedure that takes place before the Rent and tenancy section (Balcão Nacional do Arrendamento) that is functioning since 8 January 2013. This procedure enables the landlord to obtain an eviction order when the tenant does not vacate the leased premises on the date prescribed by law or by the date fixed by agreement between the parties. This is an electronic procedure that takes place before the rent and tenancy section (Balcão Nacional do Arrendamento). This section is not a court and is dependent on the Ministry of Justice. Only if the tenant opposes the application for eviction is the case referred to a judicial court.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Portugal

- Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
1 816 888 752 €

Implemented:
1 750 663 811 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

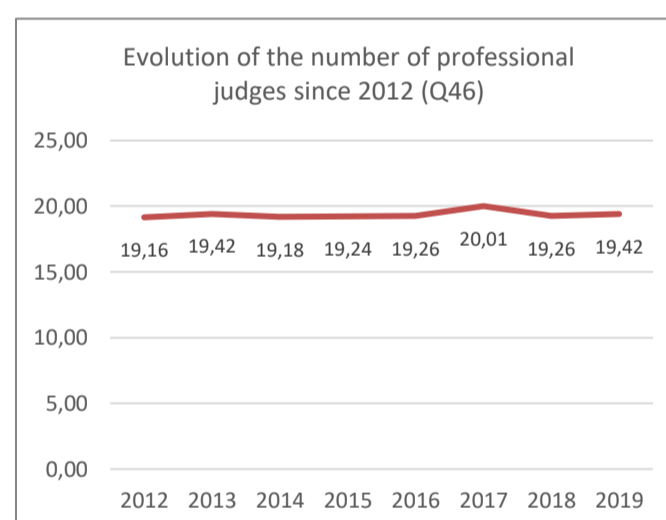
Before 2015, the budget of the judicial police was included in the category "other services", while starting from 2015, the Criminal Investigation Police (Policía Judiciária) has been included in the new category "some police services".

- Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	2 009	19,16	43,0%	57,0%
2013	2 025	19,42	41,9%	58,1%
2014	1 990	19,18	41,6%	58,4%
2015	1 990	19,24	41,0%	59,0%
2016	1 986	19,26	40,7%	59,3%
2017	2 059	20,01	38,5%	58,9%
2018	1 979	19,26	38,8%	61,2%
2019	1 999	19,42	38,1%	61,9%



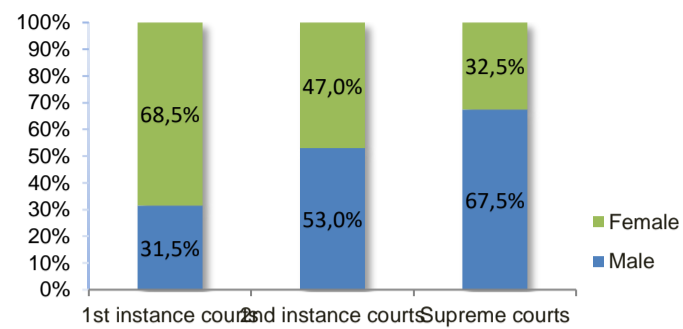
According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Portugal is 1 999 which is 1,0% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Portugal, in 2019 there are 19,4 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,9 non-judge staff per judge (like in previous cycle).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	1 443	455	988
2nd instance courts	479	254	225
Supreme courts	77	52	25
Total	1 999	761	1 238

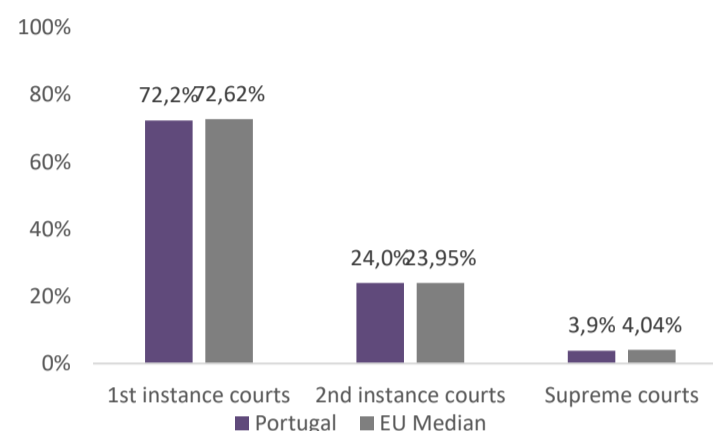
Professional judges by gender and instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	72,2%	31,5%	68,5%
2nd instance courts	24,0%	53,0%	47,0%
Supreme courts	3,9%	67,5%	32,5%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 1 238 which represents 61,9% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 443 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 988 are female); 479 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 225 are female) and 77 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 25 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that for all of the last three exercises, the total includes judges from courts of 1st, 2nd and 3rd instances, except the Constitutional Court.

As regards the distribution male/female, it should be noticed that the higher the instance, the lower the percentage of women. In the highest instance female judges are only one third.

In Portugal, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:



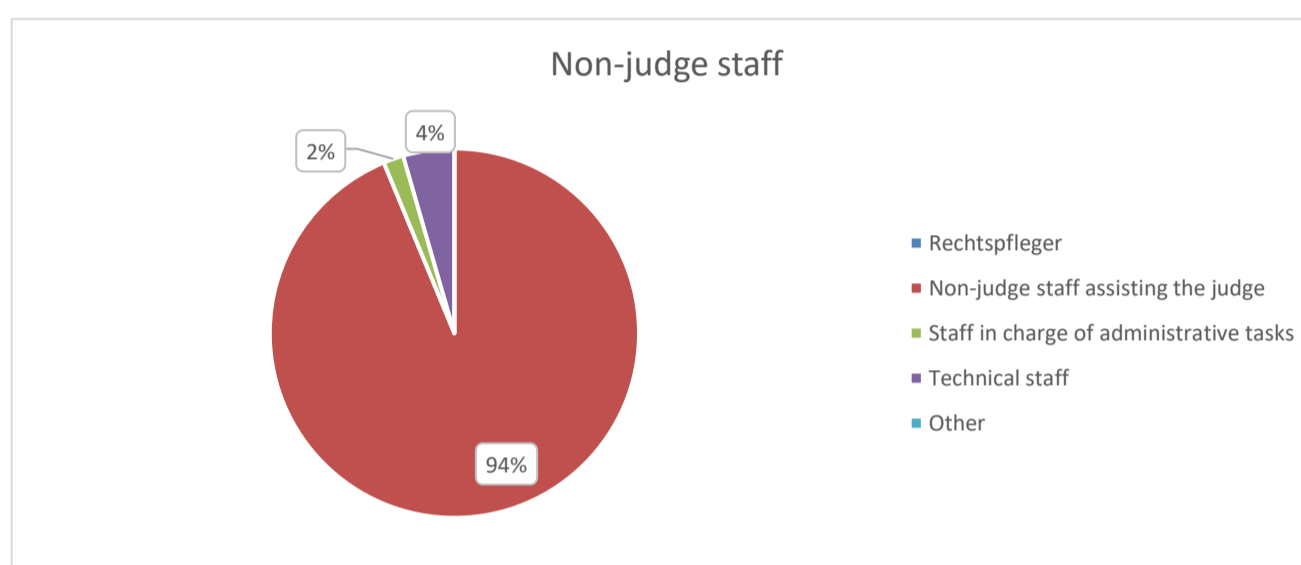
According to the new legal professional statute for judges (Law 67/2019, 27th August) in-service training is considered a right and a duty; each judge shall attend at least two sessions each year, provided by the Centre for Judicial Studies (CEJ). As CEJ offers more than one hundred sessions a year, only a very small part is mandatory. For this reason both boxes (Compulsory) and (optional) were filled in. In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts is not provided by CEJ. Such specific training is provided by another public entity.

Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	95	2
1. Only for judges	NAP	NAP
2. Only for prosecutors	NAP	NAP
3. Only for other non-judge staff	NAP	NAP
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	NAP	NAP
5. Other common training	NAP	NAP

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	6 110	NAP	5 601	256	251	2
2013	6 005	NAP	5 558	217	230	0
2014	5 698	NAP	5 293	101	227	77
2015	5 799	NAP	5 422	88	225	64
2016	5 652	NAP	5 342	92	210	8
2017	5 789	NAP	5 465	78	246	0
2018	5 818	NAP	5 486	94	238	0
2019	5 829	NAP	5 465	103	261	0



In Portugal, in this cycle there are 5 829 non-judge staff (among which 3 891 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,2%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 5 465 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 3 658 are women);
- 103 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 40 are women);
- 261 technical staff (among which 193 are women);

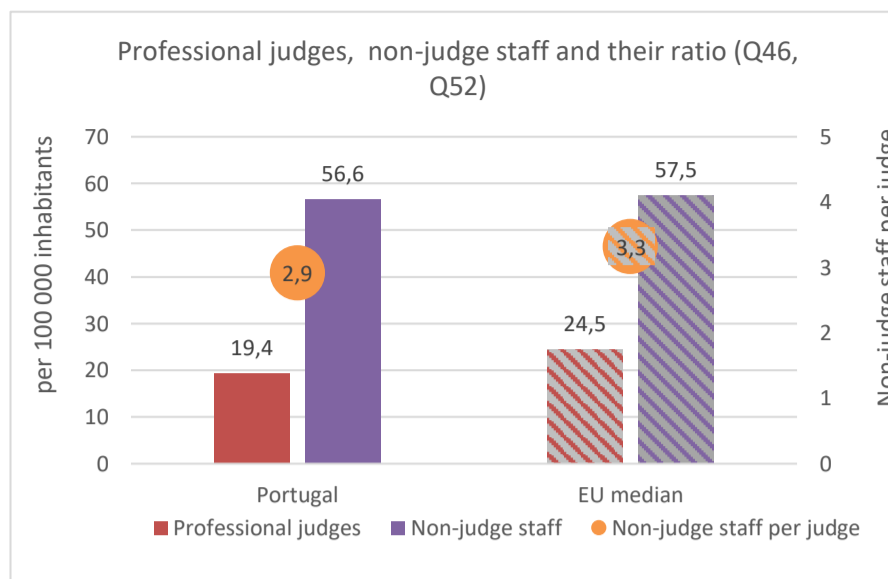
In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has not increased (56,6 in 2018 and in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 19,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 19,4 in 2019.

In 2019, as in previous years, there was no other non-judge staff.

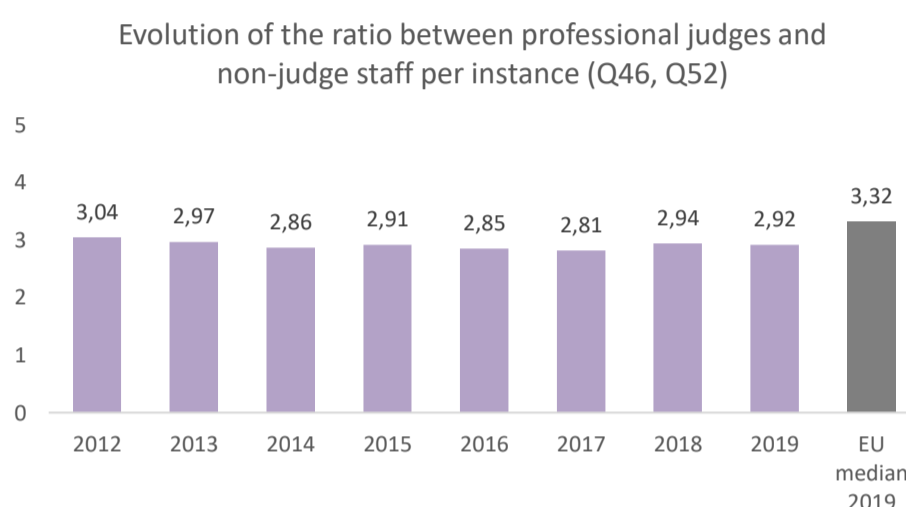
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Portugal	EU median
Professional judges	19,4	24,5
Non-judge staff	56,6	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	2,92	3,3



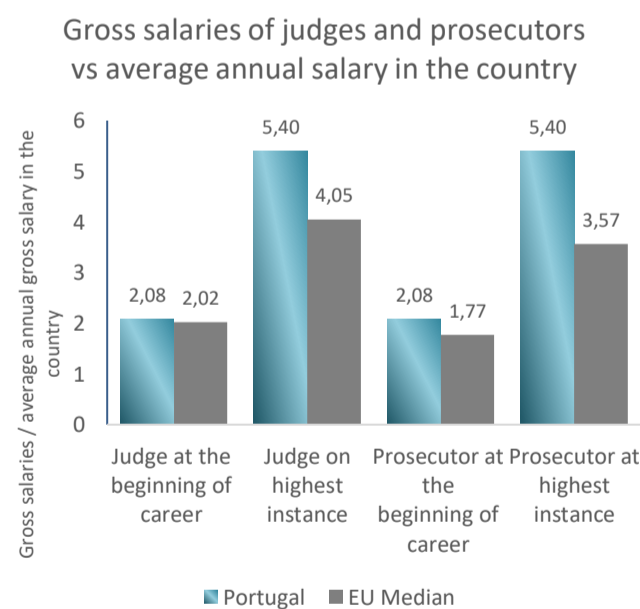
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	3,04
2013	2,97
2014	2,86
2015	2,91
2016	2,85
2017	2,81
2018	2,94
2019	2,92



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

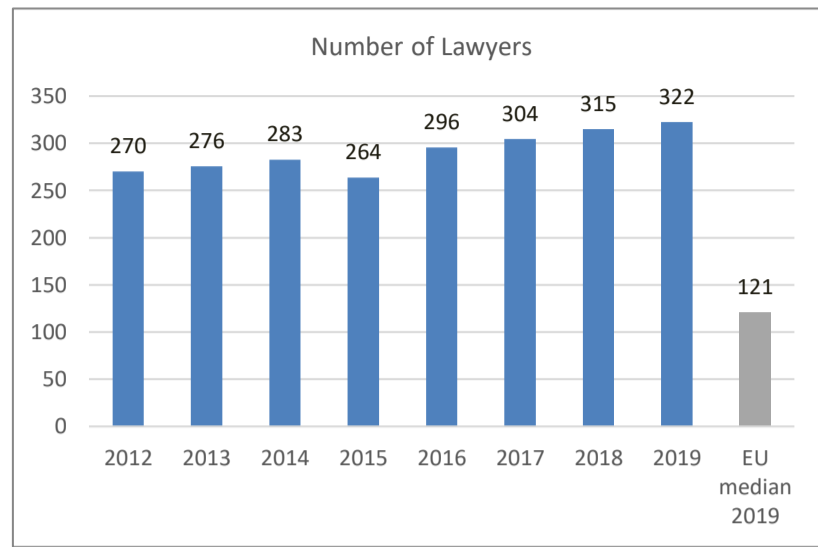
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	35 805 €	NA	2,08
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	93 095 €	NA	5,40
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	35 805 €	NA	2,08
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	93 095 €	NA	5,40



The increase of the Public Prosecutors' salary in the Supreme Court was due to the revision of the Statute of Judicial Magistrates

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	28 341	270,24
2013	28 765	275,86
2014	29 337	282,77
2015	27 277	263,76
2016	30 475	295,60
2017	31 326	304,40
2018	32 368	314,97
2019	33 204	322,50

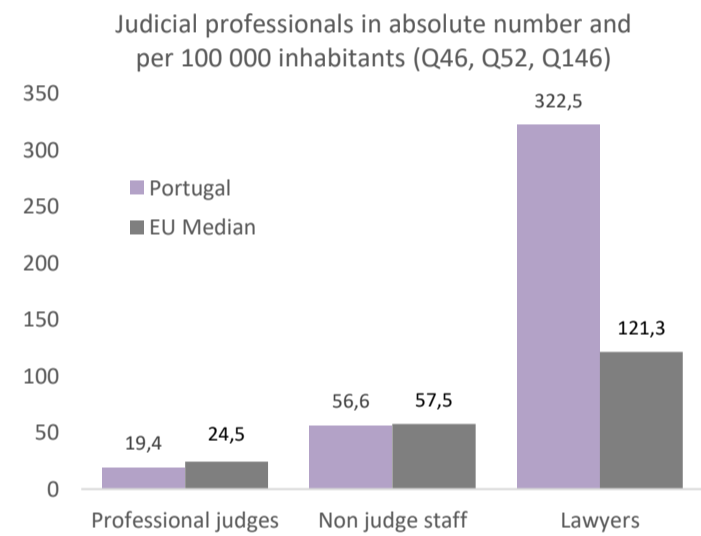


In 2019, there are 33 204 lawyers, which is 2,6% more than in 2018.

This data of 322,5 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 999	19,42	24,48
Non judge staff	5 829	56,61	57,49
Lawyers	33 204	322,50	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 111 625 624 € (10,8 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 131 136 461 € (12,7 € per capita).

Data about the distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid are not available.

Prior to 2019, a part of the advance money paid in legal aid was accounted by reducing the court fees received by the State in the same amount. In 2019 this situation has been corrected and now all the revenue and the expense are accounted separately. This has represented a significant increase in the value of the annual income of court fees received by the State.

In Portugal, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	√	√
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	√	√
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	√	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	√	

The Portuguese law foresees the total or partial exemption from court fees and other expenses related to the case, such as fees for the enforcement of judicial decisions.

The Portuguese law provides for the total or partial exemption from court fees and other expenses related to the case.

Legal aid may also include fees of technical advisors or experts, costs of other legal professionals (notaries) and travel costs. In addition, all applications, certificates and any other documents requested for legal protection purposes are exempt from taxes, fees and charges.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Victims are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 204€

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

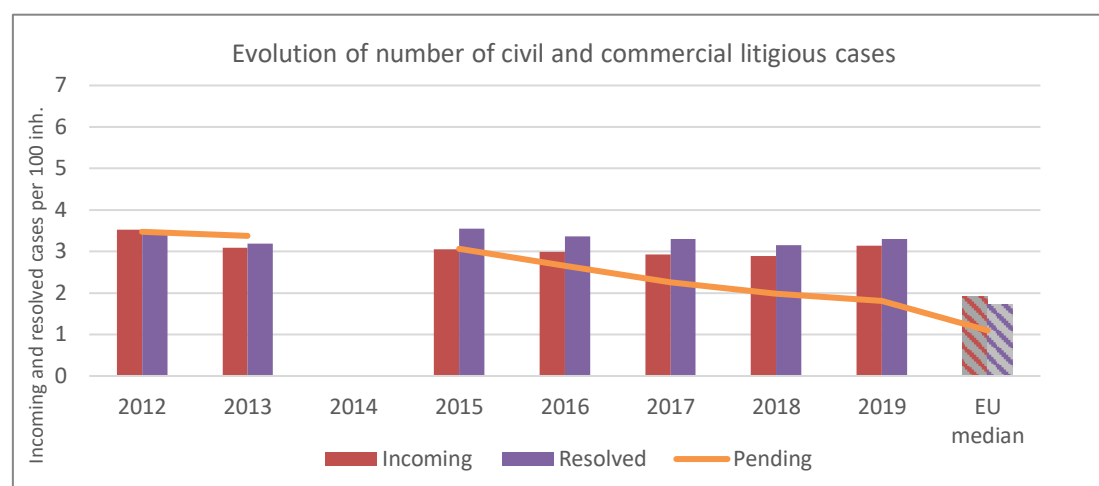
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance cases

- *Total other than criminal cases*

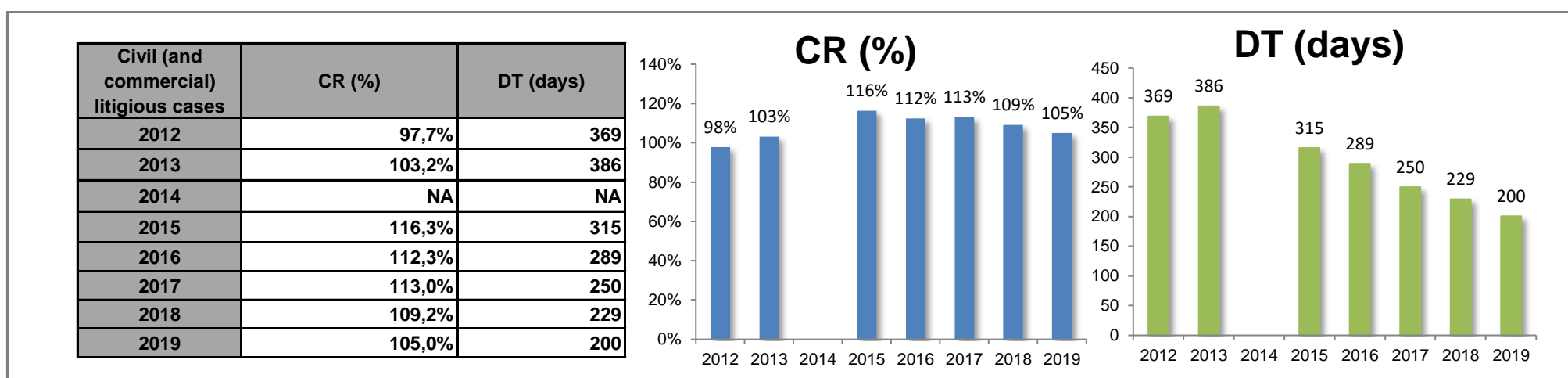
Data for Total other than criminal cases have not been provided by Portugal. Hence, it has not been possible to calculate the Clearance Rate and the Disposition time for this type of cases.

- *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Portugal (3,14 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 3,30 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 1,73 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (1,81 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly above the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 105,0% in 2019, Portugal seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -4,2 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 200 days, which is below the EU median of 213 days.

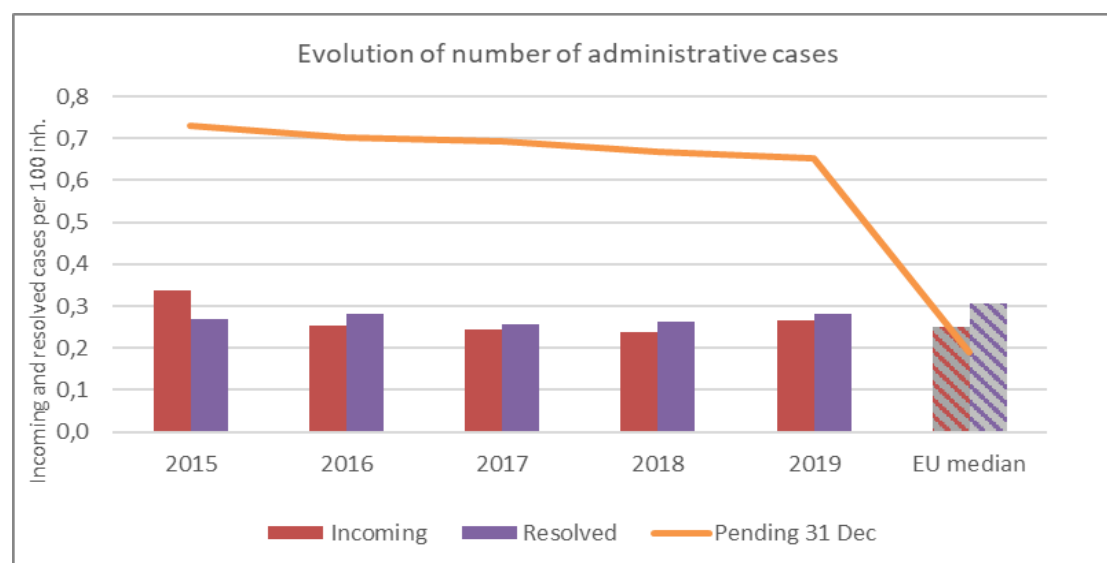
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -12,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Portugal, there are 34 445 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 18,5% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

Since 2007, statistical data concerning pending cases in 1st instance judicial courts are collected through the courts information systems. Being dynamic systems, allowing regular corrections and up-dating, the data collection may lead to oscillation data from previous years resulting in variations in pending cases.

The decrease of the number of pending cases older than 2 years follows the general trend of decrease of pending cases for this category.

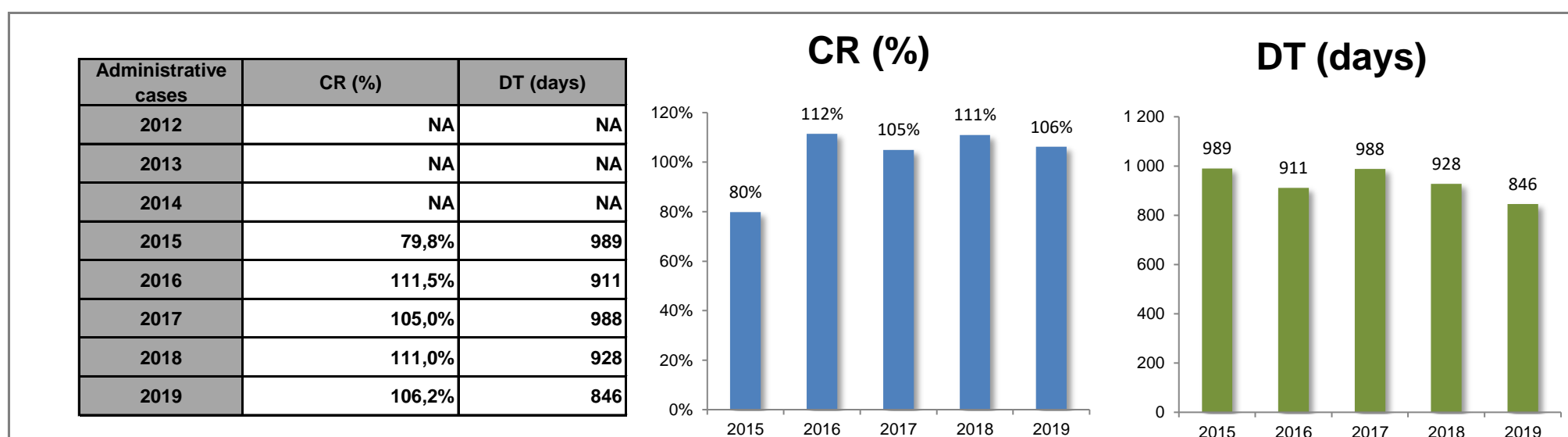
◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Portugal (0,27 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants).

However, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Portugal (0,28 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Portugal (0,65 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 106,2% in 2019, Portugal seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

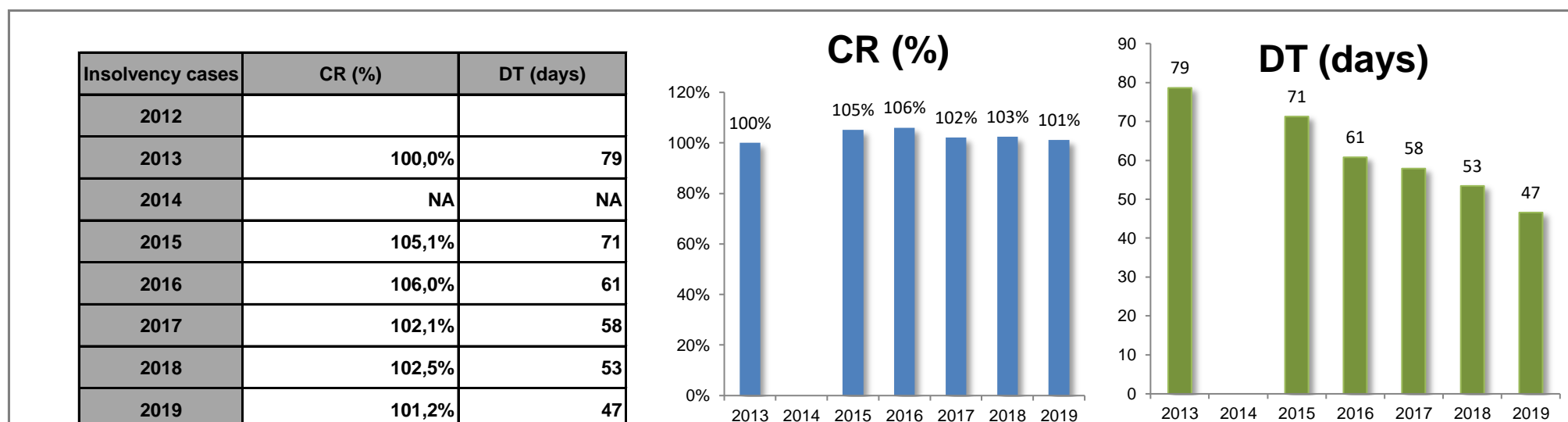
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -4,8 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 846 days, which is well above the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -8,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 101,2% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Portugal seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

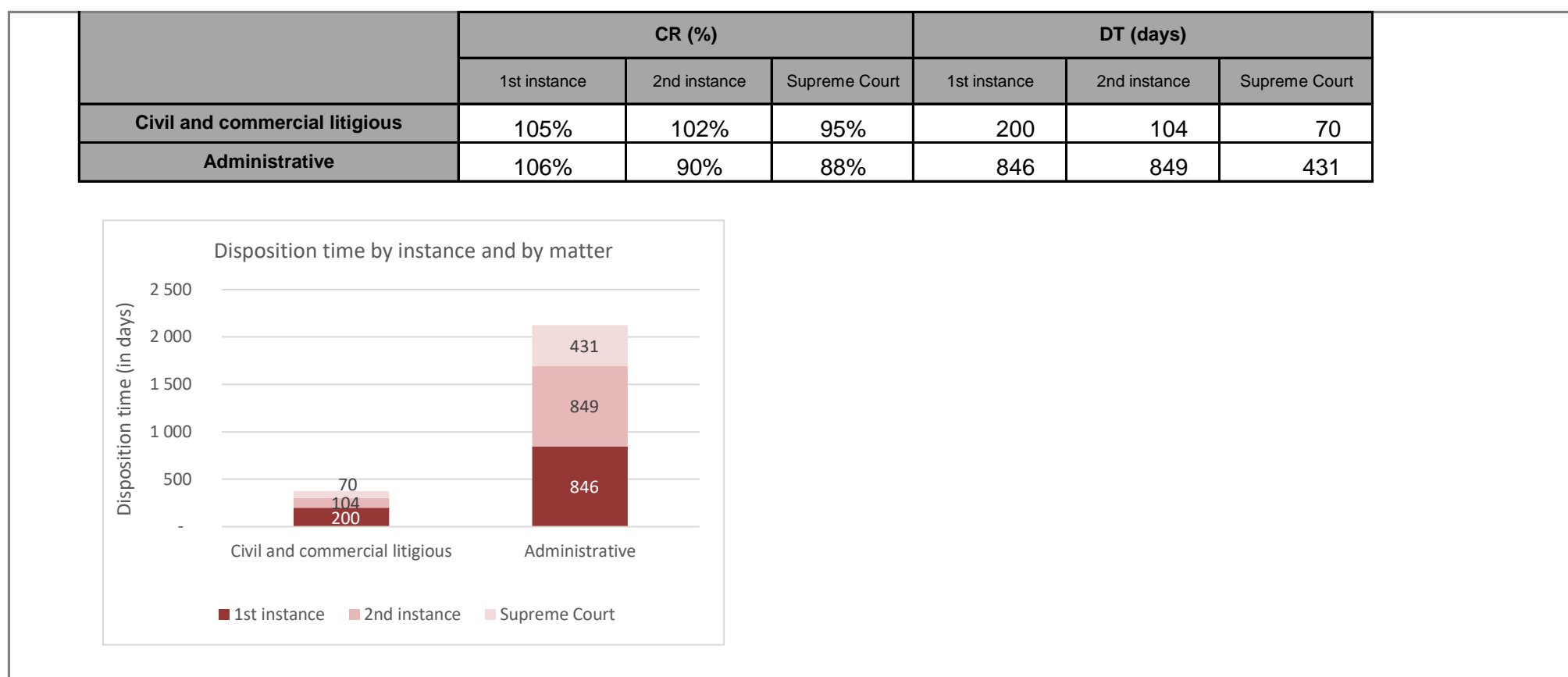
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,3 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 47 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -12,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of insolvency pending cases has decreased in relation to 2018, because the number of resolved cases has increased. In addition, the number of insolvency cases in 2018 decreased due to a more favourable economic situation. Finally, this decrease follows the decrease in pending cases in the civil procedural area in global terms.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



In respect of civil and commercial litigious cases, a Clearance Rate above 100% every year is followed by a progressive decrease in Disposition Time: from 2013 to 2019 the Disposition Time has reduced by nearly half. Disposition time is higher in 1st instance than in the other instances. In all three instances, it is lower than the EU median.

As regards administrative cases, Disposition Time has decreased during the last 4 years, but it remains significantly higher than the EU median. The recent increase of resolved cases can be explained by the increase on the number of judges in Administrative Courts.

Disposition Time of insolvency cases has diminished, and it is significantly lower than the EU median.

Since 2007, statistical data concerning pending cases in 2nd instance judicial courts are collected through the courts information systems. Being a dynamic system, allowing regular corrections and up-dating, this data collection may lead to oscillation data from previous years resulting in variations in pending cases.

In Portugal, there are not non-litigious cases in superior courts.

The category "other" does not exist in the higher instances.

It is noteworthy that before 2015, data concerning the total of "other than criminal law cases" did not include administrative law cases. Since 2015, administrative law cases are included in the total which explains the significant increase of cases.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Portugal provides court related mediation.

The court related mediation system in Portugal does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

The resort to family mediation, as regards civil juvenile restraining orders (procedural forms designed, in most cases, to supplement and regulate the incapacity of exercising the rights of the children), is specially foreseen in the General Regime of the Civil Juvenile Procedure (RGPTC), approved by the Law 141/2015, of 8 September. Therein, it is set forth that, at any stage of the proceedings and whenever deemed appropriate, the judge may, on his own motion but with the parties’ consent or at their request, determine the intervention of the public or private services on family mediation. To such purpose, it is also established the judge’s duty to inform the interested parties on the existence and objectives of the services on family mediation. (The agreement reached through mediation shall be homologated by the judge if it meets the interest of the child).

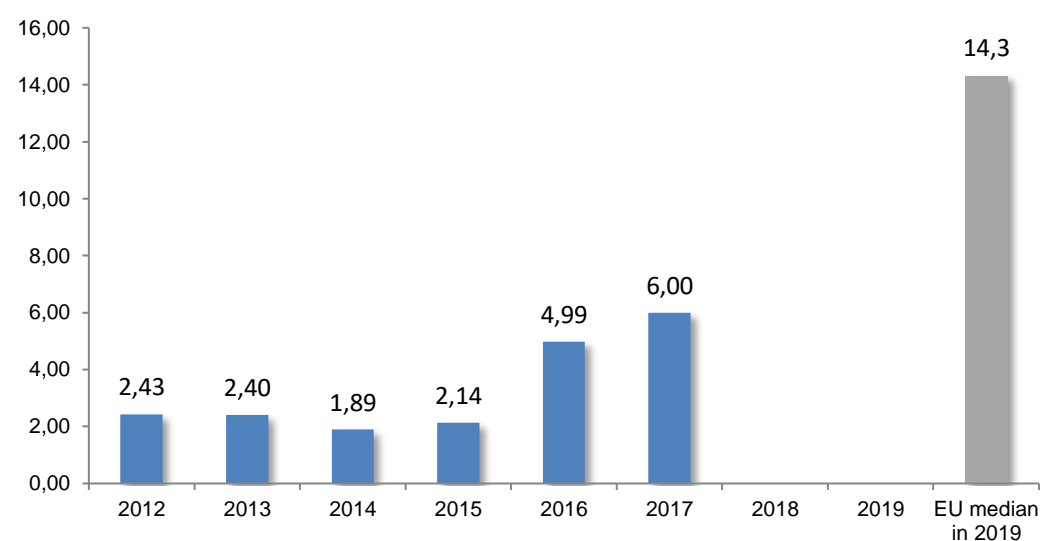
It ought to be referred that a compulsory mediation model, having as reference experiences such as the “ordered” or “mandatory” mediation (California) has been considered in the course of the works that led to the recent approval of RGPTC, in particular with respect to the regulation of the exercise of parental responsibility. Such possibility was set aside as it was considered that, on one hand, the willingness trait would be, by itself, an enhanced factor if not even determinant to the success of the proceedings and, on the other hand, in due consideration to the contraindication of the principle of mediation in cases of domestic violence.

Accordingly, the provisions set forth in article 48(1) of the Council of Europe Convention on preventing and combating violence against women and domestic violence (Istanbul Convention), approved and ratified by Portugal (Res. AR 4/2013, of 21/1), were taken into account:

“Parties shall take the necessary legislative or other measures to prohibit mandatory alternative dispute resolution processes, including mediation and conciliation, in relation to all forms of violence covered by the scope of this Convention.” Thus, the Portuguese legislator chose to maintain the voluntary basis of the mediation process and, at the same time, establish a “specialized technical hearing”, of a compulsory nature, whenever the parties do not reach an agreement at the judicial hearing and do not consent to mediation (Articles 23 and 38 of RGPTC). The “specialized technical hearing” on parental dispute matters is entrusted to the court’s technical assistance team and is designed to provide a diagnosed assessment on the parents’ competences and on the parties’ availability towards an agreement that may better safeguard the superior interest of the child. At the same time, this intervention purports to fulfil the enlightenment and awareness goals inherent to a pre-mediation session.

This is an intervention which is clearly different from the mediation process. It may be highlighted, for instance and among others, its distinct purposes and characteristics: on one hand, the contents of the sessions are not confidential (the outcome of the intervention shall culminate with a reasoned notice to the court) and on the other, the specialized technical auditor is a real court advisor (and not an impartial and independent third party as the mediator).

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	255	2,43
2013	250	2,40
2014	196	1,89
2015	221	2,14
2016	514	4,99
2017	617	6,00
2018	NA	NA
2019	NA	NA

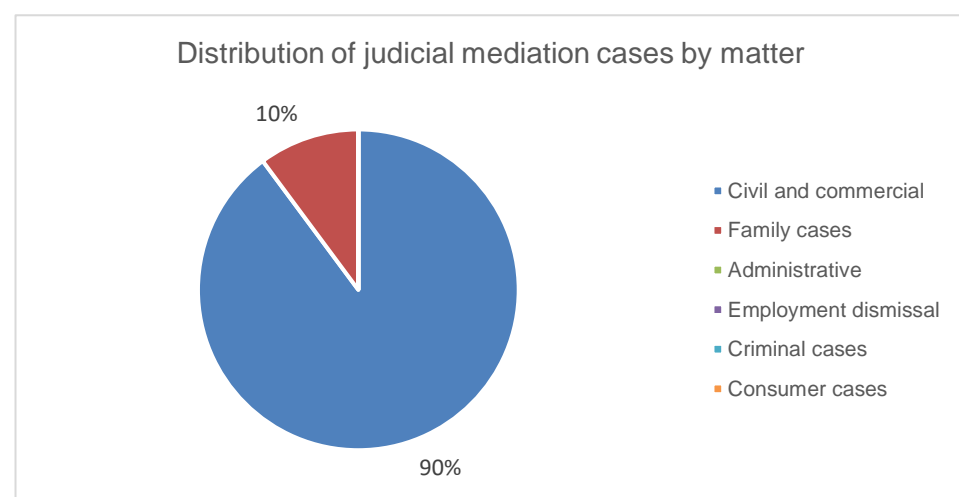


In 2019, there are NA accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent NA accredited or registered mediators per

The variation between 2018 and 2019 cannot be calculated.

There is a national registry on private mediators and also a national registry on public mediators, but it cannot be determined who among them practice court-related mediation. Besides, since the registration is not mandatory, there are also some mediators that are not registered and may practice court-related mediation.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	2 653	26
Family cases	300	3
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA



The total number of cases doesn't include data on criminal cases. This number is protected by statistical confidentiality.
Data on criminal cases is protected by statistical confidentiality.
Data on consumer cases is included in civil and commercial cases.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

Generally, the waiting time during court procedures is not monitored. However, in some courts, there are such practices.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- costs of the judicial procedures
- number of appeals
- clearance rate
- disposition time

In this evaluation cycle we included "satisfaction of users" because one of the tasks of the president judge of the court is to monitor and evaluate the activity of the court, in particular the quality of the justice service provided to citizens, taking into account particular complaints or responses to satisfaction questionnaires. "Article 94 of Law 62/2013, 26th August, on the judicial organization"

In Portugal, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level. They are:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- clearance rate
- disposition time

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Law on the organisation of the judicial system (Law 62/2013 of 26 August) sets out that the High Council for the Judiciary and the Prosecutor-General, in liaison with the member of Government responsible for the justice, establish, within their respective competences, the strategic objectives for first instance courts for a three year period. These entities are also responsible for setting, every year, the strategic objectives of first instance courts for the following judicial year

Taking into account the results obtained in the previous year and the strategic objectives formulated for the subsequently year, the president of the court and the public prosecutor coordinator, after hearing the judiciary administrator, articulate proposals for the procedural objectives for each court. This system is very recent, is currently being implemented, subject to improvements, and only covers civil and commercial cases.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

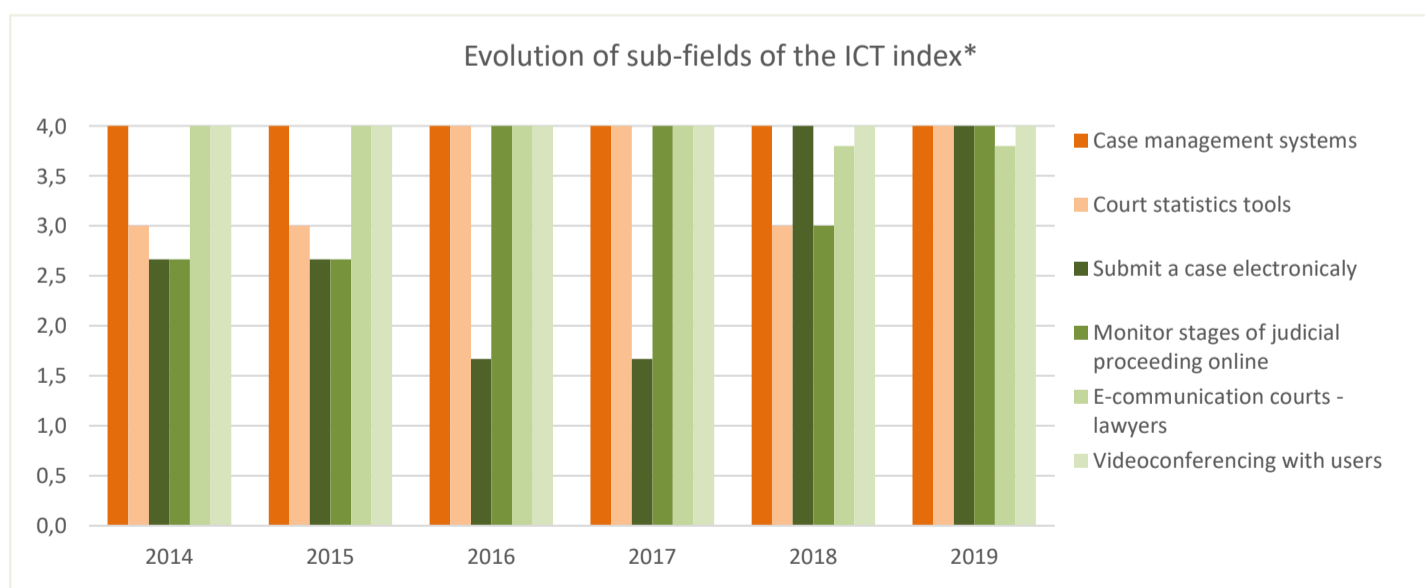
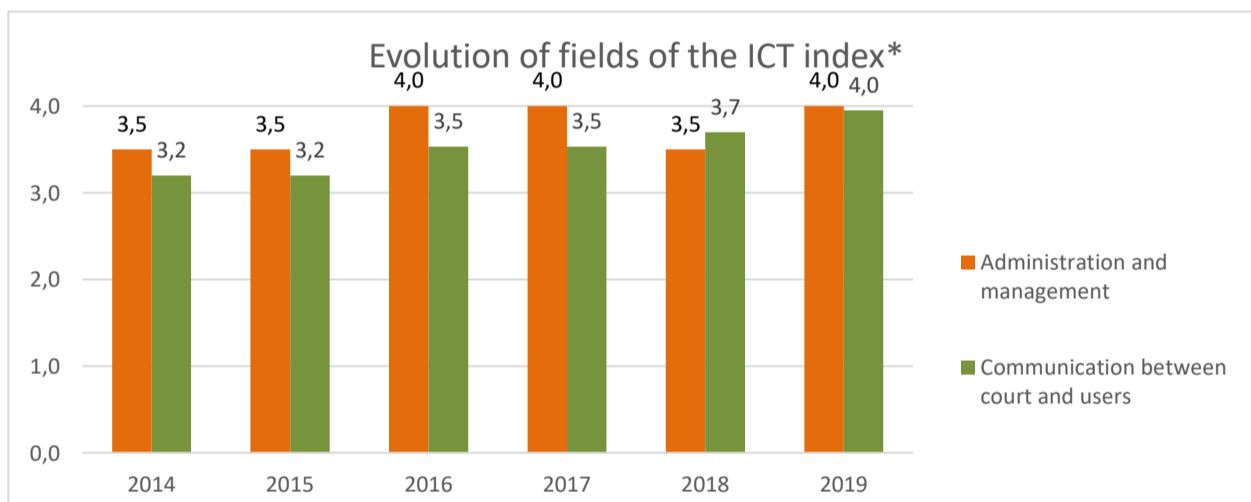
	points (up to 4)
Administration and management	4,0
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	4,0
Communication between court and users	4,0
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	4,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	4,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	3,8
Videoconferencing with users	4,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Statistical data

In Portugal, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralized institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Directorate-General for Justice Policy (Ministry of Justice). Directorate General for Justice Policy (Ministry of Justice)

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

<https://estatisticas.justica.gov.pt/sites/siej/en-us/pages/default.aspx>

<https://estatisticas.justica.gov.pt/sites/siej/en-us/pages/default.aspx>

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	-1,8%	-0,6%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	15 607 €	15 890 €	16 637 €	17 317 €	17 905 €	18 744 €	19 614 €	20 660 €	32,4%	1,8%	4,7%	4,1%	3,4%	4,7%	4,6%	5,3%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 744 093 667	1 734 250 908	1 527 115 078	1 352 562 645	1 624 770 130	1 609 019 282	1 716 787 243	1 816 888 752	4,2%	-0,6%	-11,9%	-11,4%	20,1%	-1,0%	6,7%	5,8%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	-1,8%	-0,6%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	15 607 €	15 890 €	16 637 €	17 317 €	17 905 €	18 744 €	19 614 €	20 660 €	32,4%	1,8%	4,7%	4,1%	3,4%	4,7%	4,6%	5,3%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 744 093 667	1 734 250 908	1 527 115 078	1 352 562 645	1 624 770 130	1 609 019 282	1 716 787 243	1 816 888 752	4,2%	0 €	-11,9%	-11,4%	20,1%	-1,0%	6,7%	5,8%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	1 659 148 028	1 664 807 492	1 672 253 585	1 526 954 064	1 619 793 694	1 750 663 811	-	-	-	0,3%	0,4%	-8,7%	6,1%	8,1%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	-1,8%	-0,6%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%	0,2%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 744 093 667	1 734 250 908	1 527 115 078	1 352 562 645	1 624 770 130	1 609 019 282	1 716 787 243	1 816 888 752	4,2%	-0,6%	-11,9%	-11,4%	20,1%	-1,0%	6,7%	5,8%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	207 899 840	-	171 890 423	137 412 266	148 596 268	158 596 963	129 093 962	203 226 482	-2,2%	-	-	-20,1%	8,1%	6,7%	-18,6%	57,4%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	204	204	204	204	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	-1,8%	-0,6%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%	0,2%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	231	231	292	292	292	150	150	145	-37,2%	0,0%	26,4%	0,0%	0,0%	-48,6%	0,0%	-3,3%

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	102	102	228	228	228	394	394	435	326,5%	0,0%	123,5%	0,0%	0,0%	72,8%	0,0%	10,4%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	318	319	253	253	253	312	312	316	-0,6%	0,3%	-20,7%	0,0%	0,0%	23,3%	0,0%	1,3%

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	102	102	248	248	245	411	411	435	326,5%	0,0%	143,1%	0,0%	-1,2%	67,8%	0,0%	5,8%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	4	4	20	20	20	20	20	23	475,0%	0,0%	400,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	15,0%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	47	47	44	44	44	44	44	44	-6,4%	0,0%	-6,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	19	19	45	45	45	49	49	51	168,4%	0,0%	136,8%	0,0%	0,0%	8,9%	0,0%	4,1%
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NA	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	12	7	114	114	114	276	276	293	2341,7%	-41,7%	1528,6%	0,0%	0,0%	142,1%	0,0%	6,2%

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	-1,8%	-0,6%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%	0,2%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 595 259	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	355 821	362 099	NA	369 190	312 255	271 902	230 602	202 485	-43,1%	1,8%	-	-	-15,4%	-12,9%	-15,2%	-12,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	68 332	75 515	72 589	71 446	68 923	-	-	-	-	10,5%	-3,9%	-1,6%	-3,5%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	718 369	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	369 178	322 689	NA	316 060	308 880	300 833	296 748	323 236	-12,4%	-12,6%	-	-	-2,3%	-2,6%	-1,4%	8,9%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	34 850	26 049	25 091	24 382	27 335	-	-	-	-	-25,3%	-3,7%	-2,8%	12,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	689 351	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	360 694	332 948	NA	367 725	346 863	340 071	323 967	339 370	-5,9%	-7,7%	-	-	-5,7%	-2,0%	-4,7%	4,8%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	27 810	29 048	26 343	27 055	29 018	-	-	-	-	4,5%	-9,3%	2,7%	7,3%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 624 277	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	364 305	351 840	NA	317 525	274 272	232 664	203 383	186 351	-48,8%	-3,4%	-	-	-13,6%	-15,2%	-12,6%	-8,4%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	75 372	72 516	71 337	68 773	67 240	-	-	-	-	-3,8%	-1,6%	-3,6%	-2,2%

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	96,0%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97,7%	103,2%	NA	116,3%	112,3%	113,0%	109,2%	105,0%	7,5%	5,6%	-	-	-3,5%	0,7%	-3,4%	-3,8%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	79,8%	111,5%	105,0%	111,0%	106,2%	-	-	-	-	39,7%	-5,8%	5,7%	-4,3%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	860	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	369	386	NA	315	289	250	229	200	-45,6%	4,6%	-	-	-8,4%	-13,5%	-8,2%	-12,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	989	911	988	928	846	-	-	-	-	-7,9%	8,5%	-6,1%	-8,8%

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	7 627	7 195	NA	7 801	5 294	4 408	3 871	3 560	-53,3%	-5,7%	-	-	-32,1%	-16,7%	-12,2%	-8,0%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	6 448	5 721	NA	3 533	2 493	1 733	1 462	1 327	-79,4%	-11,3%	-	-	-29,4%	-30,5%	-15,6%	-9,2%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	3 568	4 316	NA	4 527	3 482	2 562	2 175	1 726	-51,6%	21,0%	-	-	-23,1%	-26,4%	-15,1%	-20,6%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	9 638	9 281	NA	9 167	9 131	9 351	8 256	9 014	-6,5%	-3,7%	-	-	-0,4%	2,4%	-11,7%	9,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	7 897	5 951	NA	4 498	3 663	3 469	3 312	3 179	-59,7%	-24,6%	-	-	-18,6%	-5,3%	-4,5%	-4,0%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	20 776	20 068	NA	17 325	14 746	13 986	12 437	12 236	-41,1%	-3,4%	-	-	-14,9%	-5,2%	-11,1%	-1,6%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	9 975	9 590	NA	11 387	9 966	9 855	8 560	9 128	-8,5%	-3,9%	-	-	-12,5%	-1,1%	-13,1%	6,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	8 659	7 662	NA	5 529	4 598	3 853	3 559	3 239	-62,6%	-11,5%	-	-	-16,8%	-16,2%	-7,6%	-9,0%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	19 969	20 065	NA	18 206	15 625	14 282	12 748	12 381	-38,0%	0,5%	-	-	-14,2%	-8,6%	-10,7%	-2,9%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	7 290	6 886	NA	5 581	4 459	3 904	3 567	3 446	-52,7%	-5,5%	-	-	-20,1%	-12,4%	-8,6%	-3,4%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	5 686	4 010	NA	2 502	1 558	1 349	1 215	1 267	-77,7%	-29,5%	-	-	-37,7%	-13,4%	-9,9%	4,3%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	4 375	4 319	NA	3 556	2 603	2 266	1 864	1 581	-63,9%	-1,3%	-	-	-26,8%	-12,9%	-17,7%	-15,2%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	103,5%	103,3%	NA	124,2%	109,1%	105,4%	103,7%	101,3%	-2,2%	-0,2%	-	-	-12,1%	-3,4%	-1,6%	-2,3%
CR Employment dismissal cases	109,6%	128,8%	NA	122,9%	125,5%	111,1%	107,5%	101,9%	-7,1%	17,4%	-	-	2,1%	-11,5%	-3,3%	-5,2%
CR Insolvency cases	96,1%	100,0%	NA	105,1%	106,0%	102,1%	102,5%	101,2%	5,3%	4,0%	-	-	0,8%	-3,6%	0,4%	-1,3%
DT Litigious divorce cases	267	262	NA	179	163	145	152	138	-48,3%	-1,7%	-	-	-8,7%	-11,5%	5,2%	-9,4%
DT Employment dismissal cases	240	191	NA	165	124	128	125	143	-40,4%	-20,3%	-	-	-25,1%	3,3%	-2,5%	14,6%
DT Insolvency cases	80	79	NA	71	61	58	53	47	-41,7%	-1,8%	-	-	-14,7%	-4,8%	-7,8%	-12,7%

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 493	NA	5 031	11 039	11 776	12 864	14 087	14 803	169,5%	-	-	119,4%	6,7%	9,2%	9,5%	5,1%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	5 230	NA	4 731	5 733	6 346	6 547	6 175	-	-	-	-	21,2%	10,7%	3,2%	-5,7%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	6 308	6 043	6 518	7 540	8 628	-	-	-	-	-4,2%	7,9%	15,7%	14,4%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	19 056	NA	18 220	24 269	24 755	25 963	24 849	24 466	28,4%	-	-	33,2%	2,0%	4,9%	-4,3%	-1,5%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	19 408	NA	20 684	20 946	21 671	20 661	20 123	-	-	-	-	1,3%	3,5%	-4,7%	-2,6%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	3 585	3 809	4 292	4 188	4 343	-	-	-	-	6,2%	12,7%	-2,4%	3,7%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	19 319	NA	18 520	25 532	23 666	24 738	24 130	24 387	26,2%	-	-	37,9%	-7,3%	4,5%	-2,5%	1,1%

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	19 607	NA	19 682	20 332	21 468	21 030	20 486	-	-	-	-	3,3%	5,6%	-2,0%	-2,6%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	3 850	3 334	3 270	3 100	3 901	-	-	-	-	-13,4%	-1,9%	-5,2%	25,8%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 230	NA	4 731	11 776	12 865	14 089	14 806	14 882	184,6%	-	-	148,9%	9,2%	9,5%	5,1%	0,5%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	5 031	NA	5 733	6 347	6 549	6 178	5 812	-	-	-	-	10,7%	3,2%	-5,7%	-5,9%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	6 043	6 518	7 540	8 628	9 070	-	-	-	-	7,9%	15,7%	14,4%	5,1%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,4%	NA	101,6%	105,2%	95,6%	95,3%	97,1%	99,7%	-1,7%	-	-	3,5%	-9,1%	-0,3%	1,9%	2,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	101,0%	NA	95,2%	97,1%	99,1%	101,8%	101,8%	-	-	-	-	2,0%	2,1%	2,7%	0,0%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	107,4%	87,5%	76,2%	74,0%	89,8%	-	-	-	-	-18,5%	-13,0%	-2,8%	21,3%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	99	NA	93	168	198	208	224	223	125,4%	-	-	80,6%	17,9%	4,8%	7,7%	-0,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	94	NA	106	114	111	107	104	-	-	-	-	7,2%	-2,3%	-3,7%	-3,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	573	714	842	1016	849	-	-	-	-	24,6%	17,9%	20,7%	-16,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	599	-	447	1 320	1 492	1 559	1 394	1 442	140,7%	-	-	195,3%	13,0%	4,5%	-10,6%	3,4%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	414	416	436	332	378	-	-	-	-	0,5%	4,8%	-23,9%	13,9%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	906	1 076	1 123	1 062	1 064	-	-	-	-	18,8%	4,4%	-5,4%	0,2%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 524	-	2 253	4 094	4 069	3 995	3 919	4 107	62,7%	-	-	81,7%	-0,6%	-1,8%	-1,9%	4,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	2 610	2 748	2 631	2 850	2 943	-	-	-	-	5,3%	-4,3%	8,3%	3,3%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	1 484	1 321	1 364	1 069	1 164	-	-	-	-	-11,0%	3,3%	-21,6%	8,9%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 608	-	2 285	3 922	4 002	4 160	3 870	3 810	46,1%	-	-	71,6%	2,0%	3,9%	-7,0%	-1,6%

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	2 608	2 728	2 735	2 803	2 789	-	-	-	-	4,6%	0,3%	2,5%	-0,5%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	1 314	1 274	1 425	1 067	1 021	-	-	-	-	-3,0%	11,9%	-25,1%	-4,3%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	515	-	415	1 492	1 559	1 394	1 443	1 739	237,7%	-	-	259,5%	4,5%	-10,6%	3,5%	20,5%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	416	436	332	379	532	-	-	-	-	4,8%	-23,9%	14,2%	40,4%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	1 076	1 123	1 062	1 064	1 207	-	-	-	-	4,4%	-5,4%	0,2%	13,4%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	103,3%	-	101,4%	95,8%	98,4%	104,1%	98,7%	92,8%	-10,2%	-	-	-5,5%	2,7%	5,9%	-5,2%	-6,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	99,9%	99,3%	104,0%	98,4%	94,8%	-	-	-	-	-0,7%	4,7%	-5,4%	-3,6%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	88,5%	96,4%	104,5%	99,8%	87,7%	-	-	-	-	8,9%	8,3%	-4,5%	-12,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	72	-	66	139	142	122	136	167	131,1%	-	-	109,5%	2,4%	-14,0%	11,3%	22,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	58	58	44	49	70	-	-	-	-	0,2%	-24,0%	11,4%	41,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	-	NA	299	322	272	364	431	-	-	-	-	7,6%	-15,5%	33,8%	18,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts																		
Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)																		
81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No									Yes
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									Yes
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No									No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)									
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	-1,8%	-0,6%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%	0,2%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	55 184 100	42 241 300	33 403 315	35 466 326	31 816 000	49 496 172	53 213 075	111 625 624	102,3%	-23,5%	-20,9%	6,2%	-10,3%	55,6%	7,5%	109,8%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations											
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019				
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																				
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	68 342 718	59 549 714	60 335 899	59 688 085	54 522 686	131 136 461	-	-	-	-12,9%	1,3%	-1,1%	-8,7%	140,5%				
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	139	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-31,7%	
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-50,0%	

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Integrated	ated including BI
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Integrated	ated including BI
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Integrated	ated including BI
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							100%	100%
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	0% (NAP)
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							Yes	Yes
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							Yes	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							Yes	Yes											Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							Yes	Yes											Civil - SMS
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes											Civil - E-mail
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											Civil - Specific computer application
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Other
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	No									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							No	0
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	No
064-3 - Equipment rate							NA	NA
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							Yes	0
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	0
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							Yes	0
064-3 - Information available in CMS							Yes	0

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%	100%									
064-7 - Email								No	No									
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	No									
064-7 - Other								Yes	Yes									
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes									
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate								NA	NA									
064-7 - Email								No	No									
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	No									
064-7 - Other								No	No									
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	No									

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																			
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Workload								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Costs								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Other								No	No										

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations											
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019				
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																				
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation								Yes	Yes											

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Optional
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	No training offered	No training offered	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	No training offered	Compulsory	No training offered	No training proposed	Compulsory	Optional			Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics								Compulsory	Compulsory	

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	255	250	196	221	514	617	NA	NA	-	-2,0%	-21,6%	12,8%	132,6%	20,0%	-	-

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	3 391	-	1 759	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	3 270	-	1 664	-	1 241	1 133	2 455	2 653	-65,4%	-	-	-	-	-8,7%	116,7%	8,1%
167. 2. Family cases - started	72	-	79	-	434	300	221	300	316,7%	-	-	-	-	-30,9%	-26,3%	35,7%
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	49	-	16	-	4	0	NA	NA	-100,0%	-	-	-	-	-100,0%	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)									
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																	
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																	
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	No	No								

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	-1,8%	-0,6%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%	0,2%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 009	2 025	1 990	1 990	1 986	2 059	1 979	1 999	-0,5%	0,8%	-1,7%	0,0%	-0,2%	3,7%	-3,9%	1,0%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 480	1 525	1 478	1 495	1 479	1 486	1 456	1 443	-2,5%	3,0%	-3,1%	1,2%	-1,1%	0,5%	-2,0%	-0,9%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	445	425	430	411	425	493	452	479	7,6%	-4,5%	1,2%	-4,4%	3,4%	16,0%	-8,3%	6,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	84	75	82	84	82	80	71	77	-8,3%	-10,7%	9,3%	2,4%	-2,4%	-2,4%	-11,3%	8,5%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	864	849	828	815	809	792	767	761	-11,9%	-1,7%	-2,5%	-1,6%	-0,7%	-2,1%	-3,2%	-0,8%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	507	518	494	498	493	479	463	455	-10,3%	2,2%	-4,6%	0,8%	-1,0%	-2,8%	-3,3%	-1,7%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	282	263	267	249	250	253	253	254	-9,9%	-6,7%	1,5%	-6,7%	0,4%	1,2%	0,0%	0,4%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	75	68	67	68	66	60	51	52	-30,7%	-9,3%	-1,5%	1,5%	-2,9%	-9,1%	-15,0%	2,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 145	1 176	1 162	1 175	1 177	1 213	1 212	1 238	8,1%	2,7%	-1,2%	1,1%	0,2%	3,1%	-0,1%	2,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	973	1 007	984	997	986	1 007	993	988	1,5%	3,5%	-2,3%	1,3%	-1,1%	2,1%	-1,4%	-0,5%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	163	162	163	162	175	186	199	225	38,0%	-0,6%	0,6%	-0,6%	8,0%	6,3%	7,0%	13,1%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	9	7	15	16	16	20	20	25	177,8%	-22,2%	114,3%	6,7%	0,0%	25,0%	0,0%	25,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 110	6 005	5 698	5 799	5 652	5 789	5 818	5 829	-4,6%	-1,7%	-5,1%	1,8%	-2,5%	2,4%	0,5%	0,2%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	5 601	5 558	5 293	5 422	5 342	5 465	5 486	5 465	-2,4%	-0,8%	-4,8%	2,4%	-1,5%	2,3%	0,4%	-0,4%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	256	217	101	88	92	78	94	103	-59,8%	-15,2%	-53,5%	-12,9%	4,5%	-15,2%	20,5%	9,6%

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	251	230	227	225	210	246	238	261	4,0%	-8,4%	-1,3%	-0,9%	-6,7%	17,1%	-3,3%	9,7%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	2	0	77	64	8	0	0	0	-100,0%	-100,0%	-	-16,9%	-87,5%	-100,0%	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	2 024	1 994	1 916	1 959	1 959	1 938	-	-	-	-1,5%	-3,9%	2,2%	0,0%	-1,1%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	1 860	1 844	1 805	1 846	1 836	1 807	-	-	-	-0,9%	-2,1%	2,3%	-0,5%	-1,6%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	62	57	57	48	63	63	-	-	-	-8,1%	0,0%	-15,8%	31,3%	0,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	58	57	53	65	60	68	-	-	-	-1,7%	-7,0%	22,6%	-7,7%	13,3%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	44	36	1	0	0	0	-	-	-	-18,2%	-97,2%	-100,0%	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 910	3 856	3 674	3 805	3 736	3 830	3 859	3 891	-0,5%	-1,4%	-4,7%	3,6%	-1,8%	2,5%	0,8%	0,8%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	3 635	3 607	3 433	3 578	3 537	3 619	3 650	3 658	0,6%	-0,8%	-4,8%	4,2%	-1,1%	2,3%	0,9%	0,2%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	96	83	39	31	35	30	31	40	-58,3%	-13,5%	-53,0%	-20,5%	12,9%	-14,3%	3,3%	29,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	179	166	169	168	157	181	178	193	7,8%	-7,3%	1,8%	-0,6%	-6,5%	15,3%	-1,7%	8,4%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	0	33	28	7	0	0	0	-	-	-	-15,2%	-75,0%	-100,0%	-	-

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)																
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)																
Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	-1,8%	-0,6%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%	0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	28 341	28 765	29 337	27 277	30 475	31 326	32 368	33 204	17,2%	1,5%	2,0%	-7,0%	11,7%	2,8%	3,3%	2,6%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 110	6 005	5 698	5 799	5 652	5 789	5 818	5 829	-4,6%	-1,7%	-5,1%	1,8%	-2,5%	2,4%	0,5%	0,2%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	5 601	5 558	5 293	5 422	5 342	5 465	5 486	5 465	-2,4%	-0,8%	-4,8%	2,4%	-1,5%	2,3%	0,4%	-0,4%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	256	217	101	88	92	78	94	103	-59,8%	-15,2%	-53,5%	-12,9%	4,5%	-15,2%	20,5%	9,6%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	251	230	227	225	210	246	238	261	4,0%	-8,4%	-1,3%	-0,9%	-6,7%	17,1%	-3,3%	9,7%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	2	0	77	64	8	0	0	0	-100,0%	-100,0%	-	-16,9%	-87,5%	-100,0%	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	2 024	1 994	1 916	1 959	1 959	1 938	-	-	-	-1,5%	-3,9%	2,2%	0,0%	-1,1%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	1 860	1 844	1 805	1 846	1 836	1 807	-	-	-	-0,9%	-2,1%	2,3%	-0,5%	-1,6%

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	62	57	57	48	63	63	-	-	-	-8,1%	0,0%	-15,8%	31,3%	0,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	58	57	53	65	60	68	-	-	-	-1,7%	-7,0%	22,6%	-7,7%	13,3%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	44	36	1	0	0	0	-	-	-	-18,2%	-97,2%	-100,0%	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 910	3 856	3 674	3 805	3 736	3 830	3 859	3 891	-0,5%	-1,4%	-4,7%	3,6%	-1,8%	2,5%	0,8%	0,8%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	3 635	3 607	3 433	3 578	3 537	3 619	3 650	3 658	0,6%	-0,8%	-4,8%	4,2%	-1,1%	2,3%	0,9%	0,2%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	96	83	39	31	35	30	31	40	-58,3%	-13,5%	-53,0%	-20,5%	12,9%	-14,3%	3,3%	29,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	179	166	169	168	157	181	178	193	7,8%	-7,3%	1,8%	-0,6%	-6,5%	15,3%	-1,7%	8,4%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	0	33	28	7	0	0	0	-	-	-	-15,2%	-75,0%	-100,0%	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Portugal (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)																			
Judges							No	No											
Prosecutors							No	No											
Non-judge staff							No	No											
Lawyers							No	No											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							No	No											
Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)																			
Judges							No	No											
Prosecutors							No	No											
Non-judge staff							No	No											
Lawyers							No	No											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							No	No											
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																			
National programme for gender equality							Yes	Yes											
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																			
In courts (judges)							No	No											
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No											
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No											

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Romania

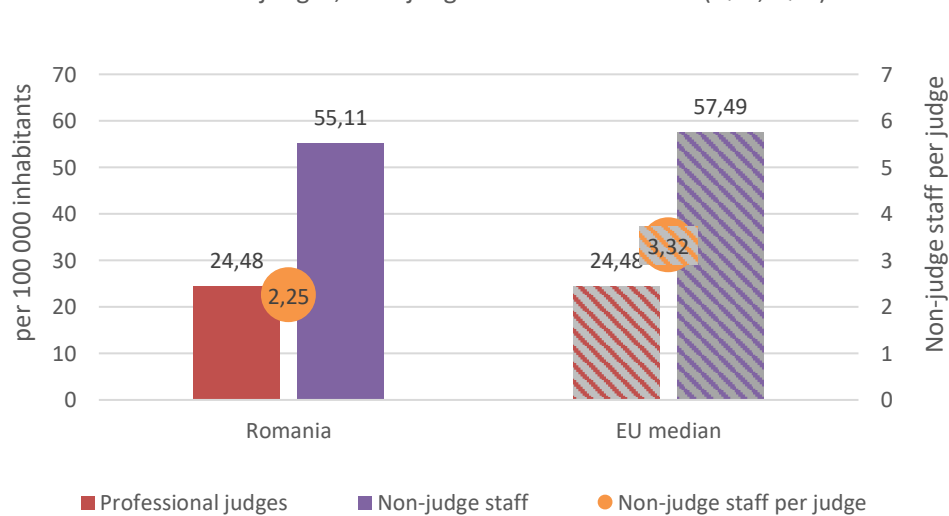
General data

Population: 19 414 458 **GDP:** 11 500 € **Average annual salary:** 12 829 €

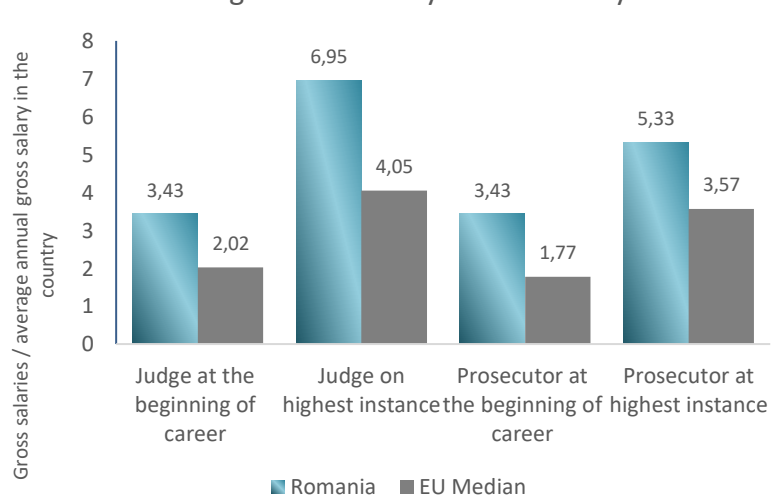
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
24,48	55,11	121,32	57,86
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

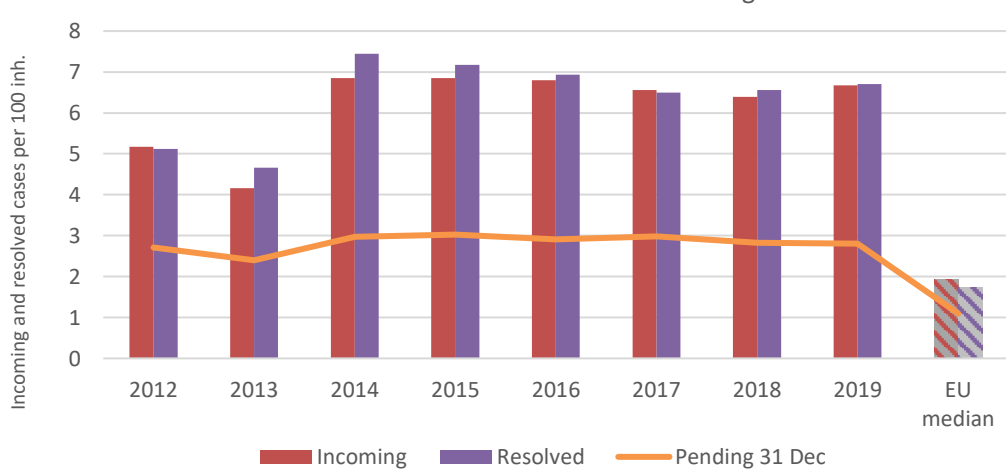


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

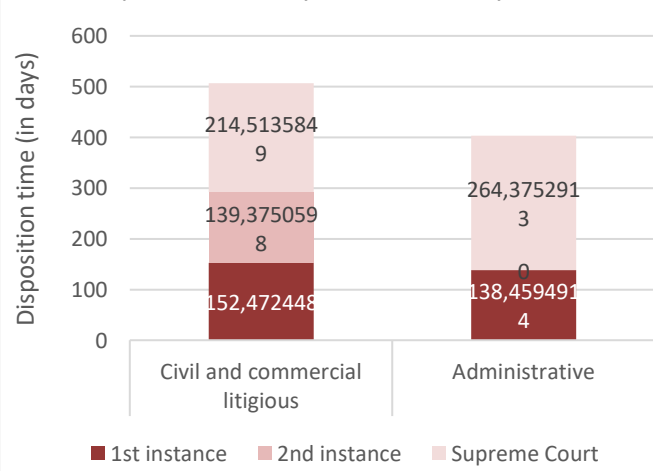


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

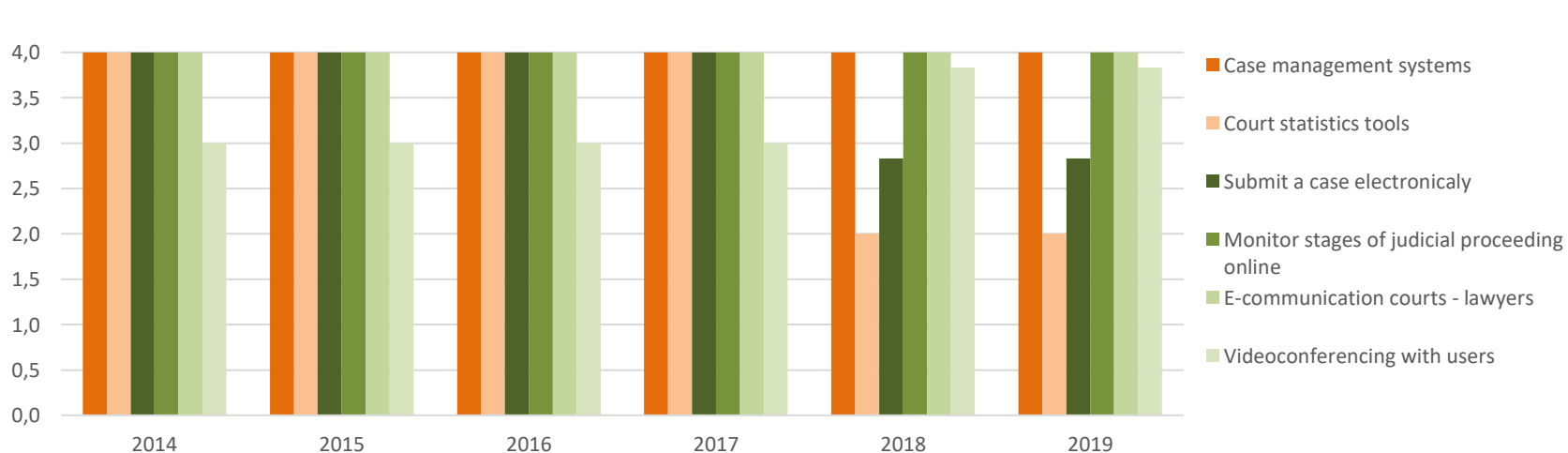


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for: Romania

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	-8,9%	-11,9%	-1,2%	-0,6%	0,0%
GDP per capita	6 660 €	7 217 €	7 533 €	8 100 €	8 600 €	9 600 €	10 400 €	11 500 €	72,7%	14,2%	20,9%	8,3%	10,6%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	4,41530	4,48470	4,48210	4,52450	4,54110	4,65970	4,66390	4,77930	8,2%	1,3%	2,7%	0,1%	2,5%
Average annual salary	5 556 €		6 152 €		7 085 €		11 235 €	12 829 €	130,9%	15,2%	58,6%		14,2%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	20,2	22,6	20,5	23,3	23,6	23,9	24,1	24,5	21,0%	14,7%	2,3%	0,9%	1,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	43,6	48,3	45,5	51,9	52,4	54,5	54,9	55,1	26,5%	15,1%	4,8%	0,8%	0,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	98,2	117,0	104,3	119,6	118,2	117,9	117,9	121,3	23,6%	13,3%	0,2%	0,0%	2,9%
Mediators	19,4	54,4	30,7	59,2	25,9	24,3	23,6	57,9	198,1%	-15,7%	-8,7%	-2,7%	144,9%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	5,176	4,158	6,852	6,848	6,800	6,554	6,393	6,678	29,0%	-0,7%	-6,0%	-2,5%	4,5%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,359	2,866	0,090	0,097	0,094	0,118	0,122	0,127	-94,6%	4,6%	29,8%	2,9%	4,0%
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	206,2%	-1,8%	-3,5%	5,1%	3,9%
Non-litigious business registry cases	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	34,5%	-6,5%	11,7%	-45,1%	16,2%
Administrative law cases	1,078	1,0	0,4	0,331	0,598	0,748	0,432	0,426	-60,4%	69,9%	-27,8%	-42,3%	-1,2%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	99%	112%	109%	105%	102%	99%	103%	100%	1,40	-6,63	0,64	3,49	-2,28
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	96%	100%	110%	107%	107%	102%	99%	96%	-0,16	-3,21	-7,83	-2,55	-2,88
CR non-litigious land registry cases	104%	110%	101%	113%	110%	98%	95%	92%	-12,37	9,33	-15,53	-3,06	-2,73
CR non-litigious business registry cases	70%	55%	46%	56%	68%	40%	145%	57%	-12,55	22,01	77,03	104,26	-87,53
CR administrative law cases	78%	130%	161%	133%	92%	102%	118%	100%	22,24	-69,26	26,24	15,76	-17,67
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	193	187	146	154	153	167	157	152	-21,1%	5,0%	2,8%	-6,0%	-3,0%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	47	39	73	54	33	21	24	38	-19,7%	-55,2%	-25,9%	14,5%	57,1%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	228	194	295	258	235	300	317	347	52,1%	-20,1%	34,8%	5,9%	9,3%
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	1 632	2 249	2 919	2 357	2 900	2 937	1 391	3 301	102,3%	-0,7%	-52,0%	-52,6%	137,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	272	106	179	170	170	114	117	138	-49,0%	-5,0%	-30,9%	2,5%	18,0%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,71	2,39	2,97	3,02	2,91	2,98	2,83	2,80	3,2%	-2,1%	-2,7%	-5,1%	-0,9%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,29	0,31	0,02	0,02	0,01	0,01	0,01	0,01	-95,7%	-54,5%	-10,9%	14,9%	58,6%
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,01	0,01	0,02	0,02	0,02	0,02	0,02	0,03	310,4%	-14,3%	11,7%	7,8%	10,3%
Non-litigious business registry cases	0,01	0,01	0,02	0,02	0,02	0,03	0,02	0,03	123,2%	37,7%	14,5%	-6,9%	9,0%
Administrative law cases	0,63	0,37	0,28	0,20	0,26	0,24	0,16	0,16	-74,1%	-8,1%	-35,8%	-31,8%	-0,9%
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	105%	66%	67%	93%	106%	97%	105%	100%	-5,31	39,79	-0,93	7,95	-5,41
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	218	353	299	185	131	152	128	139	-36,0%	-56,3%	-2,2%	-16,0%	8,9%

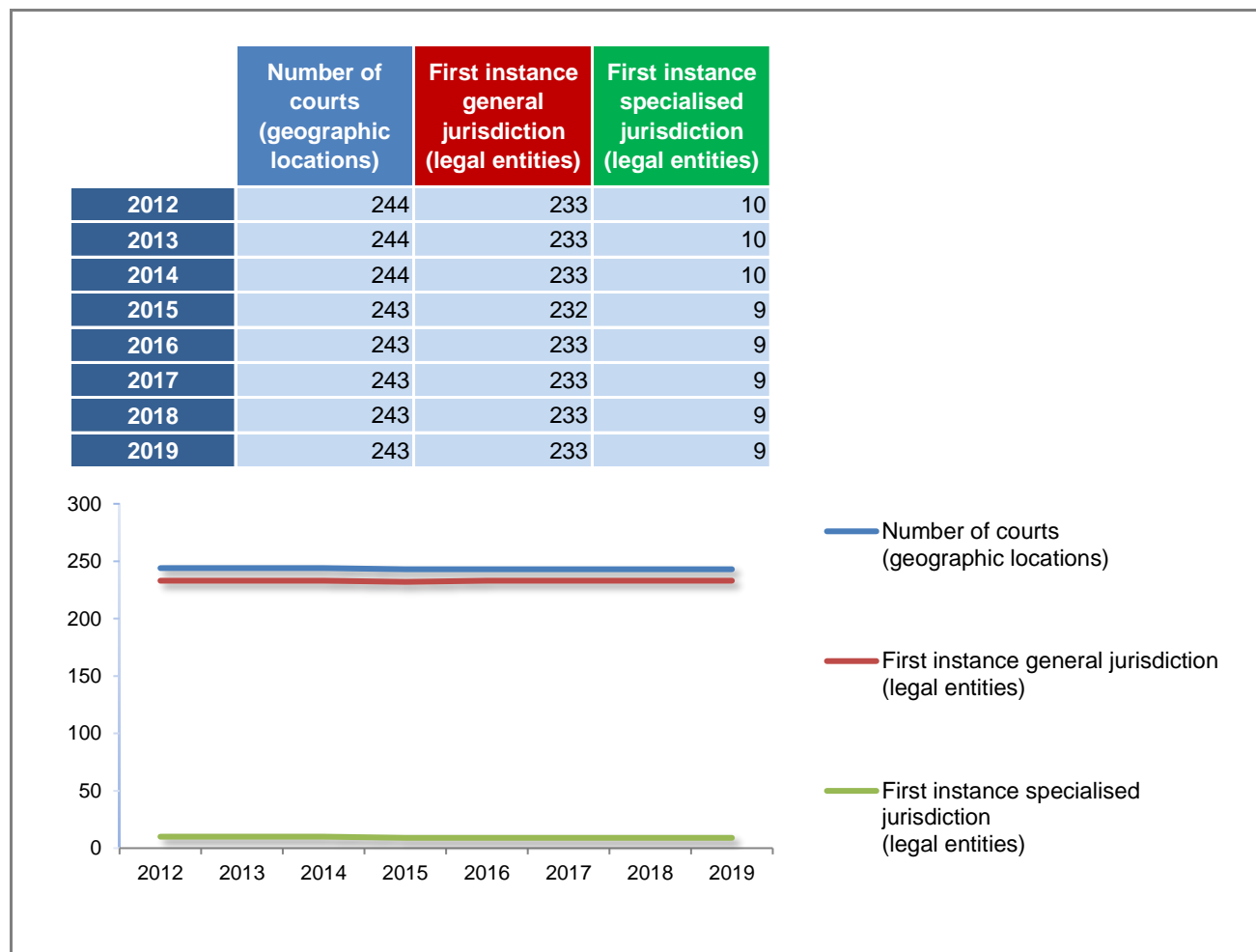
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	100%	-	166%	190%	126%	109%	80%	101%	0,78	-99,92	-46,23	-29,55	21,19
CR administrative law cases	69%	-	124%	126%	105%	83%	123%	100%	30,75	-18,54	17,59	39,71	-23,28
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	188	-	143	102	170	193	246	215	14,1%	18,7%	44,6%	27,7%	-12,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)	411	-	117	142	185	184	149	264	-35,7%	57,8%	-19,6%	-18,9%	77,4%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Romania

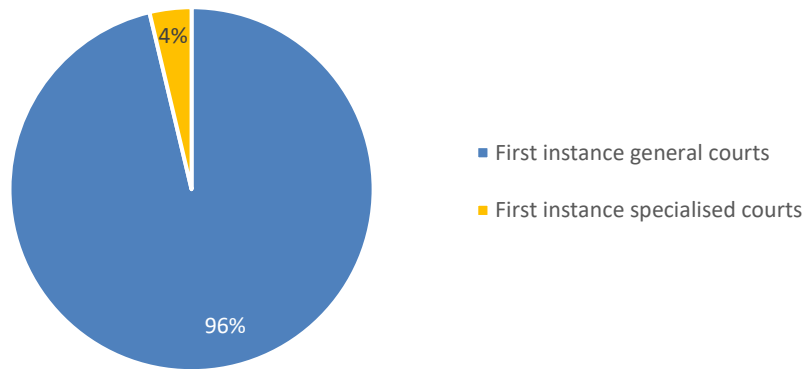
In Romania there are 233 first instance courts of general jurisdiction including 176 judecatorii (first instance courts), 42 tribunals and 15 courts of appeal. The tribunals and the courts of appeal are ruling in first instance in more important cases or in the situations where the competence is established in personam.

More generally, in Romania there are 4 court levels: first instance courts (judecatorii), tribunals (tribunale), courts of appeal (curti de apel) and the High Court of Cassation and Justice (HCCJ). First instance courts (judecatorii) have a general jurisdiction and most of the cases start at this level. The appeals against the decisions of the first instance courts in civil matters are decided at the tribunals. The appeals in criminal matters against the decisions of the first instance courts are decided at the courts of appeal. More important cases may start at tribunals or at the courts of appeal and the appeals against the decisions of these courts are decided by higher courts. It is noteworthy that, according to the law, in Romania there are two types of appeal: first appeal which is an appeal on the merits and second appeal which is an appeal on the law /"recurs").

The competence of dealing with appeals is granted to tribunals, courts of appeal and the High Court of Cassation and Justice (HCCJ).



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



The 9 first instance specialised courts encompass 3 commercial courts, 1 family court and 5 military courts.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Romania

- Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
1 319 683 426 €

Implemented:
1 308 562 390 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

✓
✓
✓

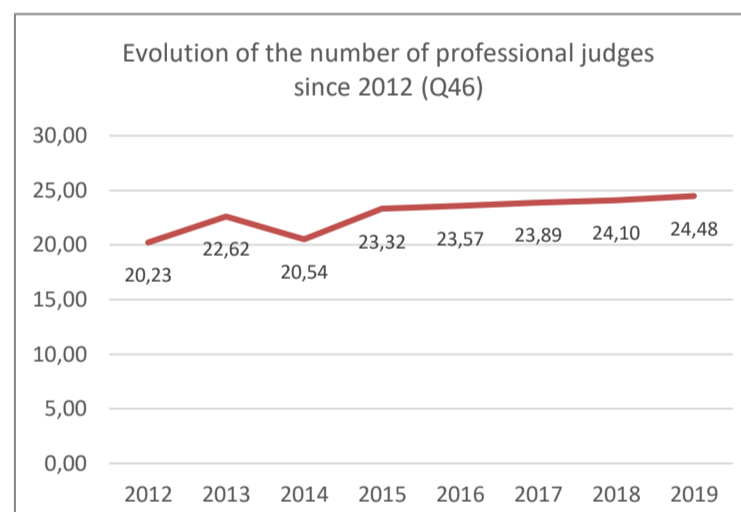
The other institutions coordinated by the Ministry of Justice and included in the budget are the National Trade Register and the National Authority for Citizenship.

- Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	4 310	20,23	27,5%	72,5%
2013	4 511	22,62	26,9%	73,1%
2014	4 577	20,54	26,1%	73,9%
2015	4 608	23,32	26,1%	73,9%
2016	4 628	23,57	26,4%	73,6%
2017	4 664	23,89	26,2%	73,8%
2018	4 677	24,10	27,2%	72,8%
2019	4 753	24,48	26,6%	73,4%

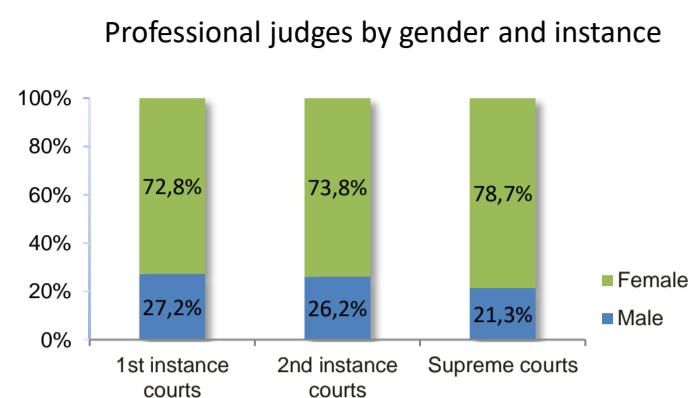


According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Romania is 4 753 which is 1,6% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Romania, in 2019 there are 24,5 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is the same than the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,3 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was also at 2,3 non-judge staff per judge).

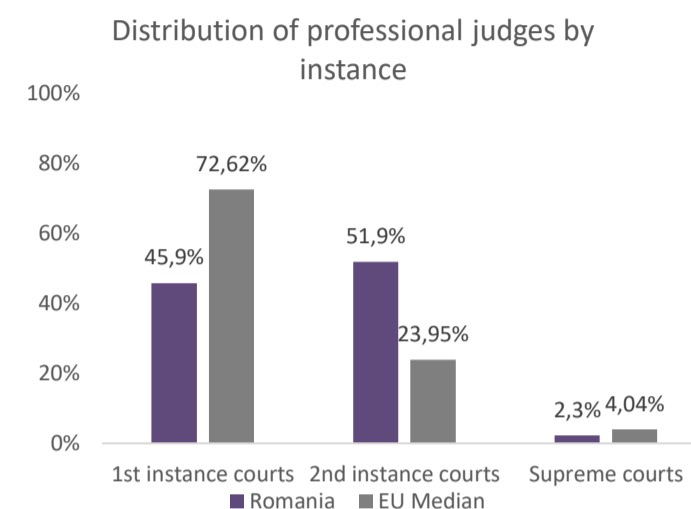
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	2 180	594	1 586
2nd instance courts	2 465	645	1 820
Supreme courts	108	23	85
Total	4 753	1 262	3 491



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	45,9%	27,2%	72,8%
2nd instance courts	51,9%	26,2%	73,8%
Supreme courts	2,3%	21,3%	78,7%



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 3 491 which represents 73,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 2 180 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 1 586 are female) ; 2 465 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 1 820 are female) and 108 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 85 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, it should be recalled that Romania presents the peculiarity of having 4 court levels: first instance courts (judecatorii), tribunals (tribunale), courts of appeal (curti de apel) and the High Court of Cassation and Justice (HCCJ). Starting from 2014, only judges from first instance courts (judecatorii) are counted as first instance professional judges, while judges from tribunals and courts of appeal are included in the category "second instance professional judges", even if according to the procedural provisions in terms of competences they may judge both as first and second instance courts.

In Romania, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:
- In-service training on ethics:



Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	505	243
1. Only for judges	127	0
2. Only for prosecutors	63	0
3. Only for other non-judge staff	177	191
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	53	52
5. Other common training	85	0

In-service training courses for judges and prosecutors are organised by the National Institute of Magistracy (NIM) while the professional training for non-judges/non-prosecutor staff, namely for clerks functioning in courts/prosecution offices are organised through the National School of Clerks.

Relating to the situation of e-learning courses for 2019, it should be mentioned that currently, the Dokeos distance learning platform, purchased and adapted in 2008, is no longer functional, the features of the e-learning platform being overtaken by technical evolution, which means that viewing the content of e-Learning courses has become difficult on next generation browsers using HTML5 . Thus, the e-Learning platform displays content correctly on Internet Explorer browsers up to version 7, a version that is no longer supported by current Windows operating systems.

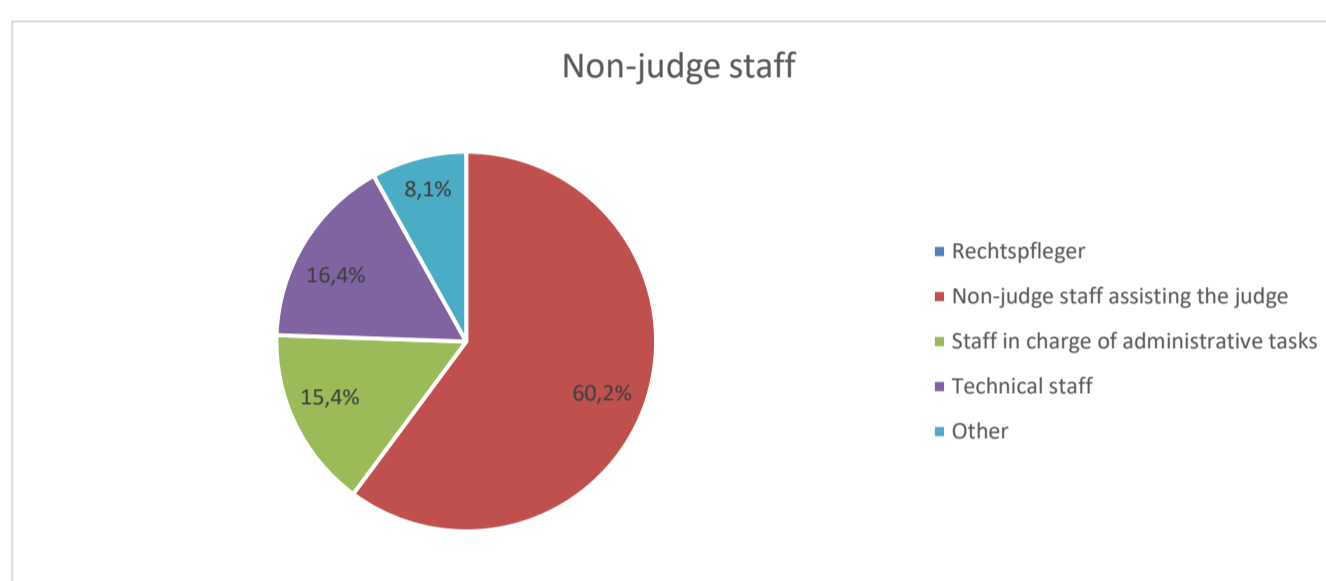
At the same time, it was found that at the level of the judicial system the interest for the use of distance learning tools has migrated to online transmissions / video recordings of some training activities.

Therefore, lately NIM has organized a greater number of training activities using these tools that have proven their effectiveness over time, namely online broadcasts or recordings of training activities. During 2019, continuous training activities were scheduled within 2 large-scale projects "Justice 2020: professionalism and integrity", SIPOCA code 453, code MySMIS2014 + 118978 and "Training and capacity building in the judiciary" funded under the Norwegian Financial Mechanism 2014 -2021, coordinated by the Superior Council of Magistracy, which were rescheduled in 2020.

As for the category of common training activities, for example, during the referred period such joint training courses were organised for both judges and prosecutors as well as for the category of judicial staff assimilated to judges and prosecutors and for assistant magistrates.

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	9 283	NAP	5 489	1 486	1 762	546
2013	9 639	NAP	5 743	1 563	1 784	549
2014	10 147	NAP	6 072	1 585	1 854	636
2015	10 251	NAP	6 149	1 615	1 844	643
2016	10 297	NAP	6 191	1 621	1 822	663
2017	10 638	NAP	6 358	1 697	1 731	852
2018	10 662	NAP	6 402	1 645	1 772	843
2019	10 700	NAP	6 437	1 646	1 750	867



In Romania, in this cycle there are 10 700 non-judge staff. Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,4%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 6 437 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 1 646 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 1 750 technical staff;
- 867 other;

The number indicated for the category “non-judge staff assisting judges” (6437) encompasses clerks with judicial tasks (169 work only within the High Court of Cassation and Justice); the number indicated for “staff in charge of administrative tasks” (1646) refers to registering clerks, documentary clerks, statistician clerks, archivist clerks and public servants (16 work only within the High Court of Cassation and Justice); the number indicated for “technical staff” (1750) refers to IT staff, contractual personnel and other personnel / drivers, ushers, procedural agents (6 IT staff works only within the High Court of Cassation and Justice). The category “other” (867) subsumes assistance magistrates (116), judicial assistants (177), probation counsellors (574).

Assistance magistrates work only within the High Court of Cassation and Justice. They participate in the trial sessions, have a consultative vote in deliberations and write the minutes of the sessions, as well as the decisions.

Judicial assistants work only within tribunals and are part, together with the judges, of the panels which judge, in first instance, cases regarding labour and social insurances litigations (the panel is composed of 1 judge and 2 judicial assistants; the latter participate in the deliberations with a consultative vote and sign the decisions).

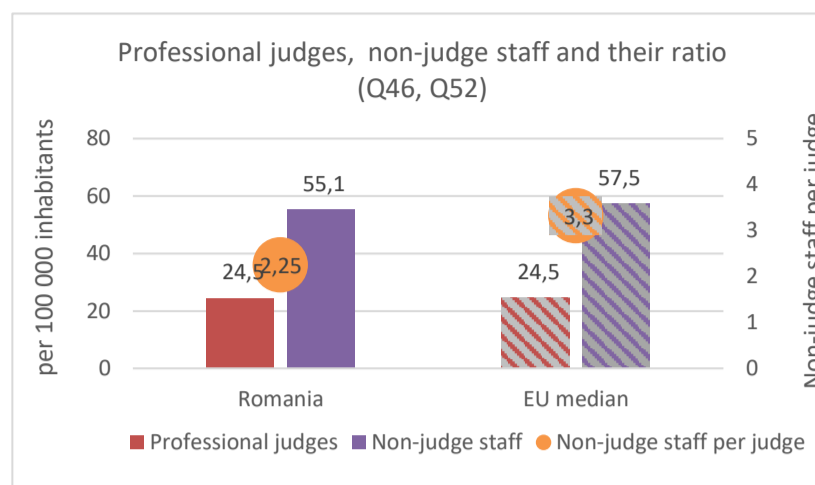
The probation counselors have, in principle, the following attributions: support the activity of judges by elaborating certain evaluation documents in criminal cases with juvenile offenders; support the activity of the judge delegated with enforcing decisions in criminal matters; cooperate with public institutions in order to execute the measure to force a minor to carry out an unpaid activity in an institution of public interest; initiate and carry on special programs of social reinsertion for persons convicted to prison and for minors who committed offences provided by the criminal law; carry out, at request, activities of individual counselling of offenders, with regard to the social, group and individual behaviour; initiate and carry out special programmes of protection, social and judicial assistance of minors and youngsters who committed offences.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 54,9 in 2018 to 55,1 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 24,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 24,5 in 2019.

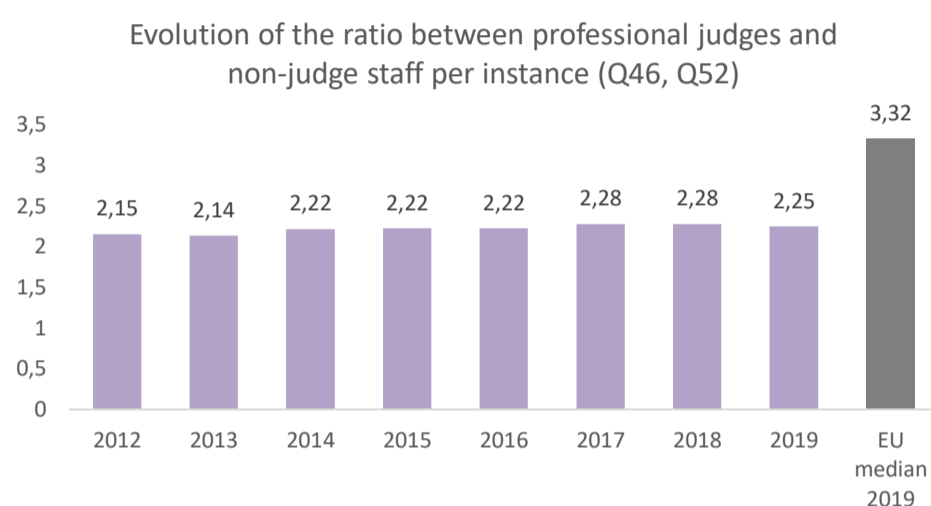
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Romania	EU median
Professional judges	24,5	24,5
Non-judge staff	55,1	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	2,25	3,3



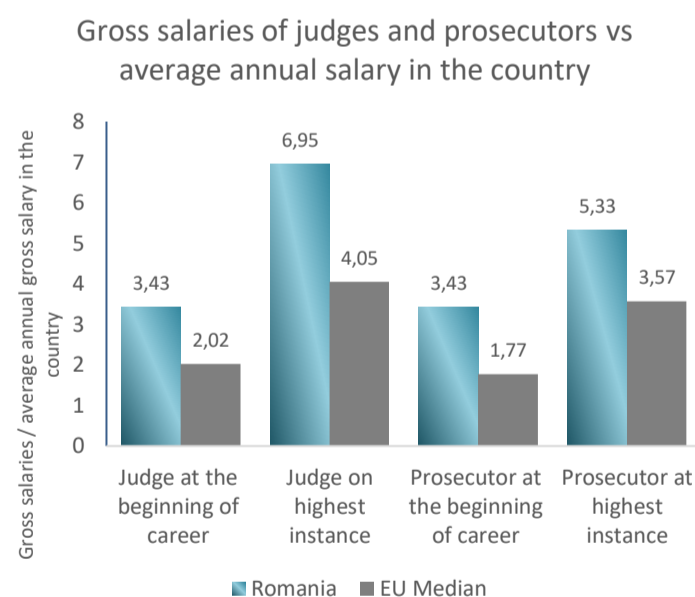
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	2,15
2013	2,14
2014	2,22
2015	2,22
2016	2,22
2017	2,28
2018	2,28
2019	2,25



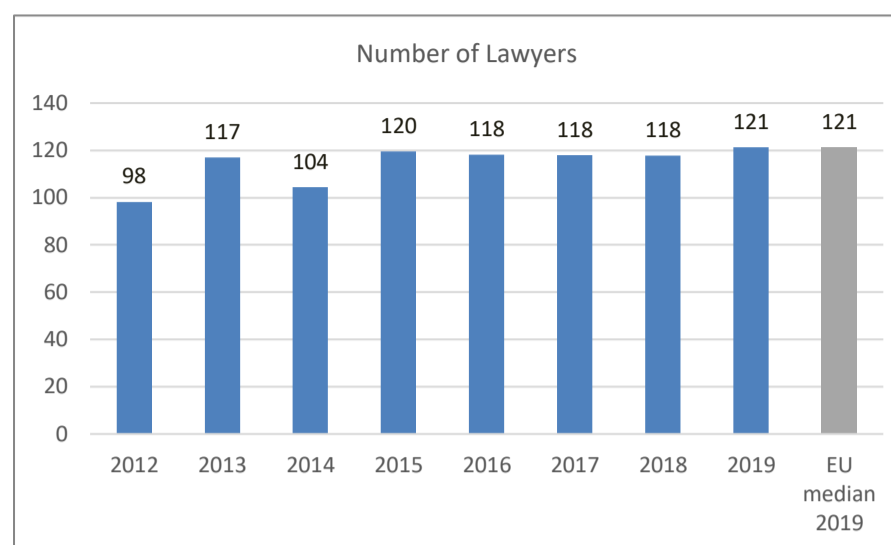
Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	44 041 €	25 764 €	3,43
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	89 180 €	52 170 €	6,95
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	44 041 €	25 764 €	3,43
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	68 320 €	39 967 €	5,33



Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	20 919	98,19
2013	23 332	117,00
2014	23 244	104,33
2015	23 635	119,61
2016	23 205	118,16
2017	23 020	117,91
2018	22 873	117,87
2019	23 554	121,32



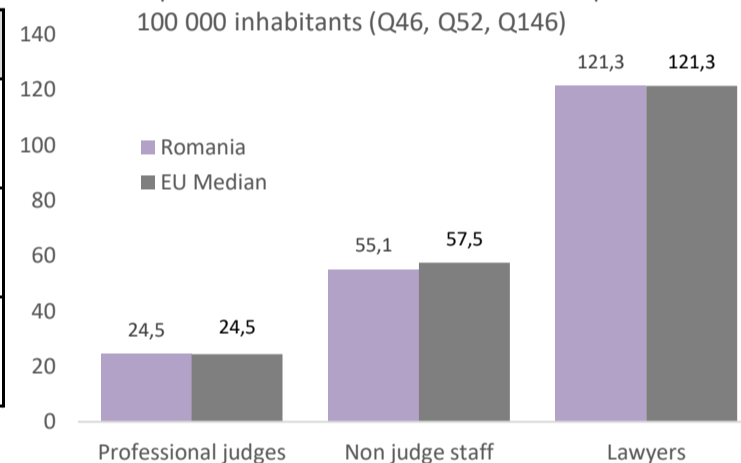
In 2019, there are 23 554 lawyers, which is 3,0% more than in 2018.

This data of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	4 753	24,48	24,48
Non judge staff	10 700	55,11	57,49
Lawyers	23 554	121,32	121,32

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 15 019 354 € (0,8 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 15 011 547 € (0,8 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	13 967 945 €	13 960 738 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	1 051 409 €	1 050 809 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	15 019 354 €	15 011 547 €
- In criminal law cases:	13 967 945 €	13 960 738 €
- In other than criminal law cases:	1 051 409 €	1 050 809 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA

The observed increase in the budget of legal aid between 2018 and 2019 stems from the fact that the amounts of public legal aid have increased compared to previous charges - according to the Protocol on the establishment of fees due to lawyers for legal aid (as amended in 2019) lawyers' fees have been increased by at least 2.40%.

In Romania, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	√	√
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	√	√
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	√	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	√	

Concerning the enforcement phase, legal aid may be granted as facilities at the payment of judicial duties. Moreover, according to Article 6 letter c) of the Government Emergency Ordinance 51/2008, it can also be the payment of the bailiff's fee.

According to Article 6 letter b) of the Government Emergency Ordinance 51/2008, public aid may also cover costs of the expert, translator or interpreter services during the trial, with the consent of the court or of the jurisdictional authority, if this payment is the obligation of the one requiring judicial public aid, according to law.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Victims are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

According to the relevant legislation, namely the Law 146/1997 on Judicial Stamp Duties and the Government Emergency Ordinance 80/2013, court fees are set differently depending on the nature of disputes. In respect of patrimonial disputes which value can be estimated in money court fees are fixed as a percentage of the value of the case. The latter gradually diminishes as the amount increases. For non-patrimonial disputes that cannot be evaluated in money, (e.g. guardianship cases, establishment of paternity), the law provides for fixed court fees. There are 5 categories of fixed fees: 5 euro, 12 euro, 24 euro, 48 euro, 72 euro. For each type of non-patrimonial dispute the law expressly provides for the quantum of the fixed fee. It is worth noticing that the Government Emergency Ordinance 80/2013 eliminated the judicial stamp, which was accessory to the judicial stamp duty, simplifying thus the procedure.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 172€

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

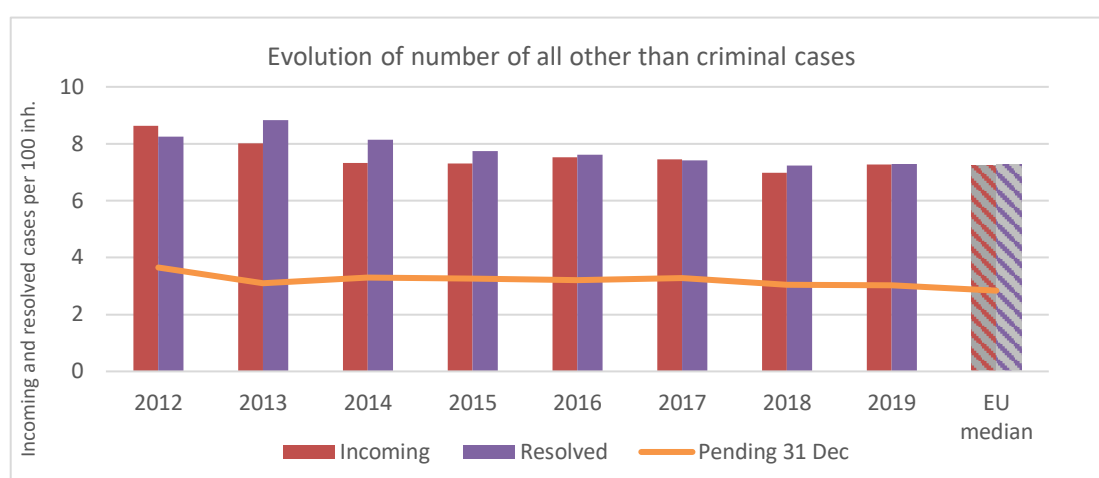
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases

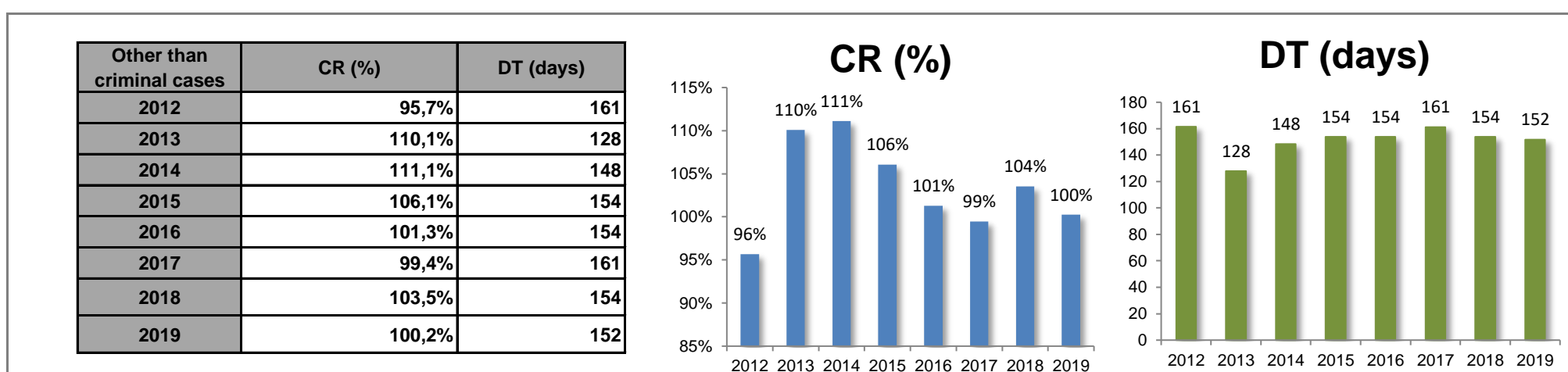


In the light of the peculiarity of the Romanian judicial system having 4 court levels, it is worth specifying that are presented as first instance cases all the first instance cases, irrespective of the level of the courts.

The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Romania (7,27 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2019 in Romania (7,28 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (7,27 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Romania (3,03 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



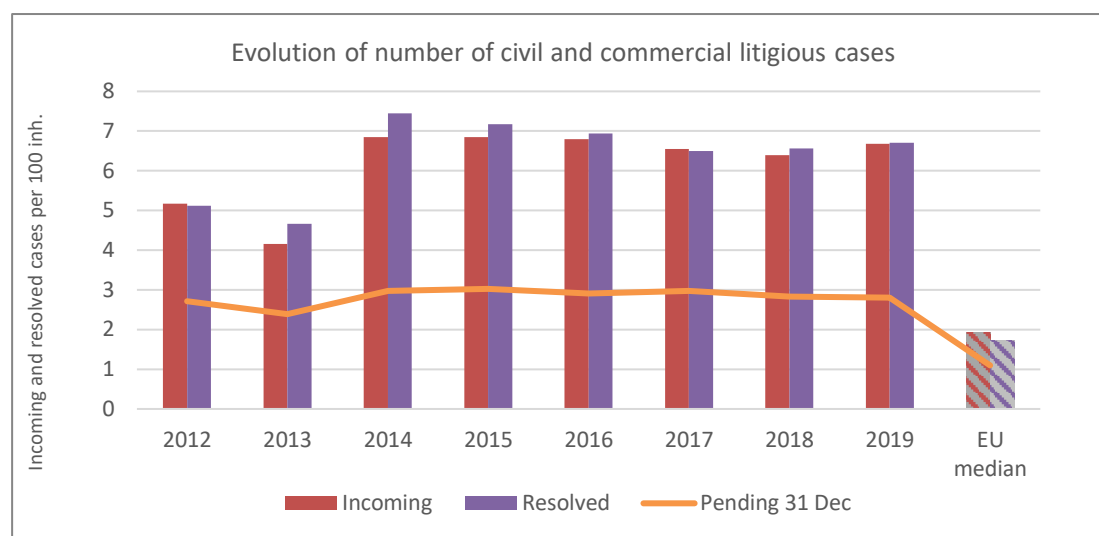
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,2% in 2019 Romania seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -3,3 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 152 days, which is above the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -1,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

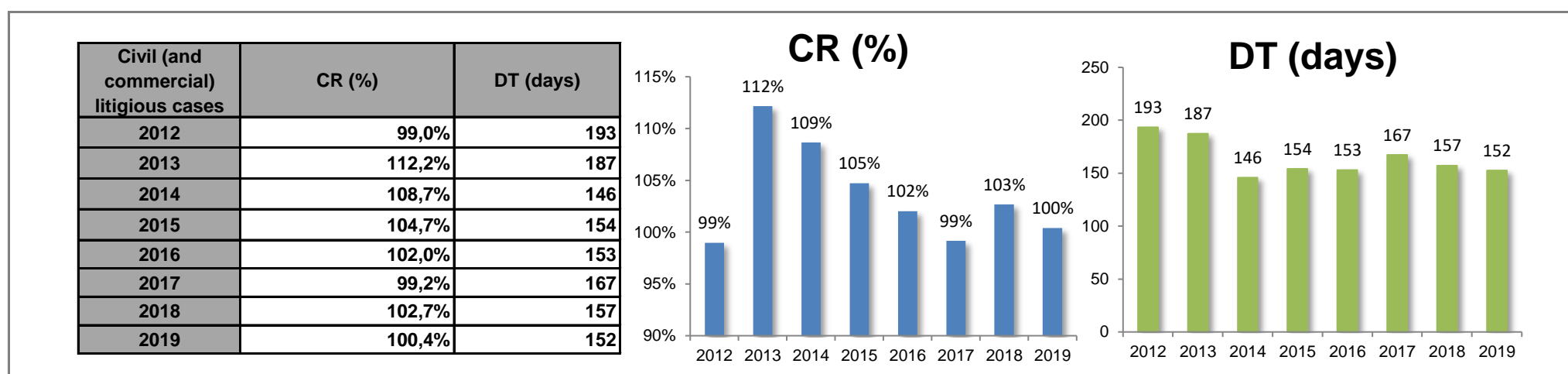
◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Romania (6,68 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2019 in Romania (6,70 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Romania (2,80 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,4% in 2019, Romania seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -2,3 points.

There is no particular explanation on the increased number of general civil and commercial non-litigious cases in 2019, resulting in a slight decrease of the CR for this category. However, it should be noticed that the operativity and volume of solved cases has increased.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 152 days, which is below the EU median of 213 days.

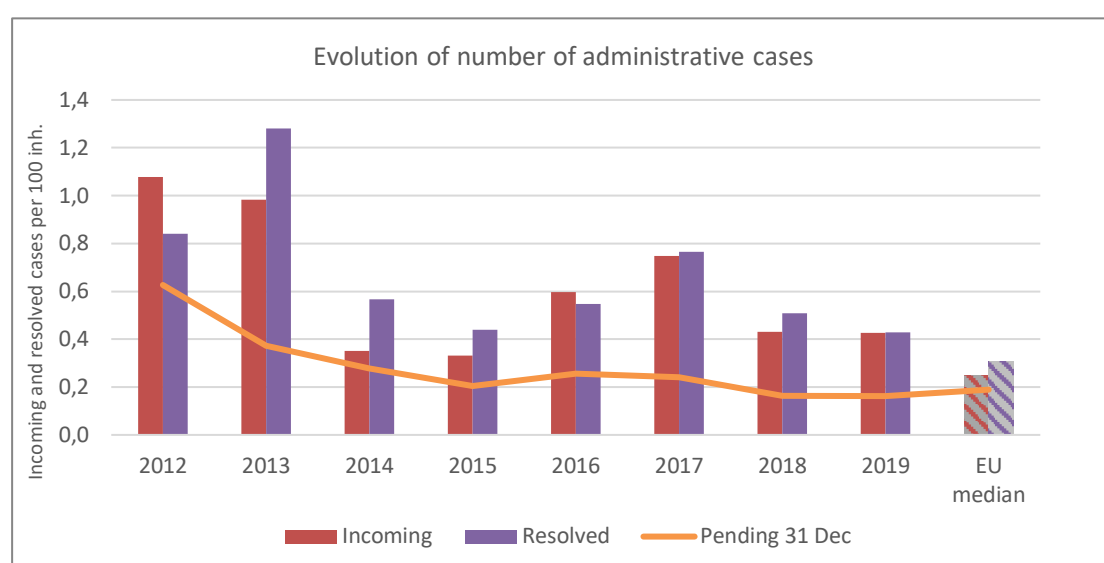
The Disposition Time of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -3,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Romania, there are 17 809 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 3 years. This is 3,3% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

It is noteworthy that in the national Stasis system pending cases for more than 3 years instead of 2 are recorded.

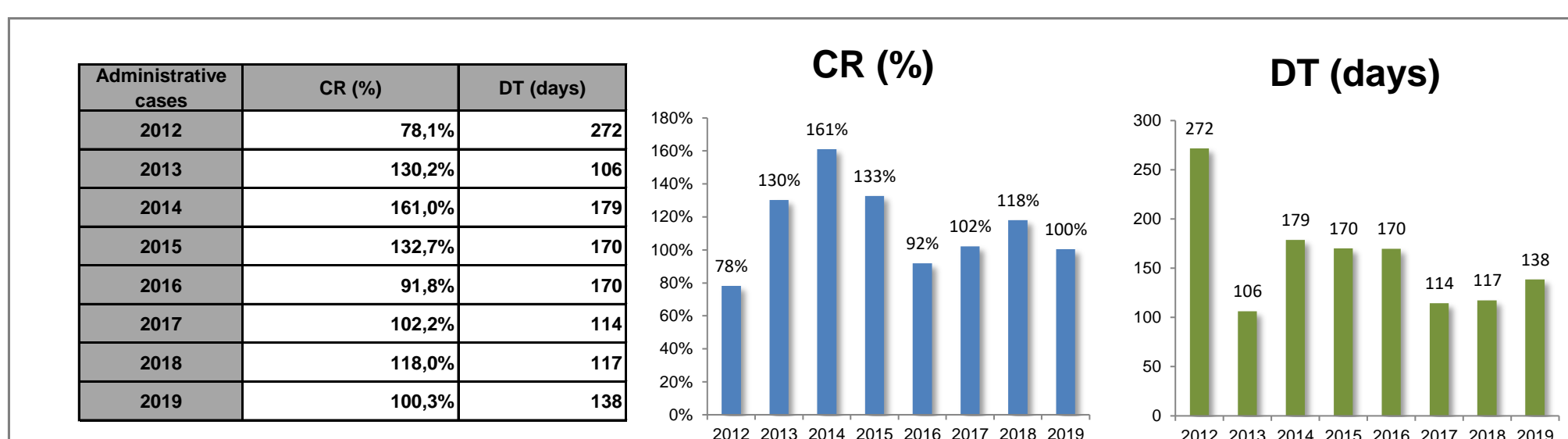
◦ *Administrative cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Romania (0,43 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2019 in Romania (0,43 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Romania (0,16 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,3% in 2019, Romania seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -17,7 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 138 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 284 days

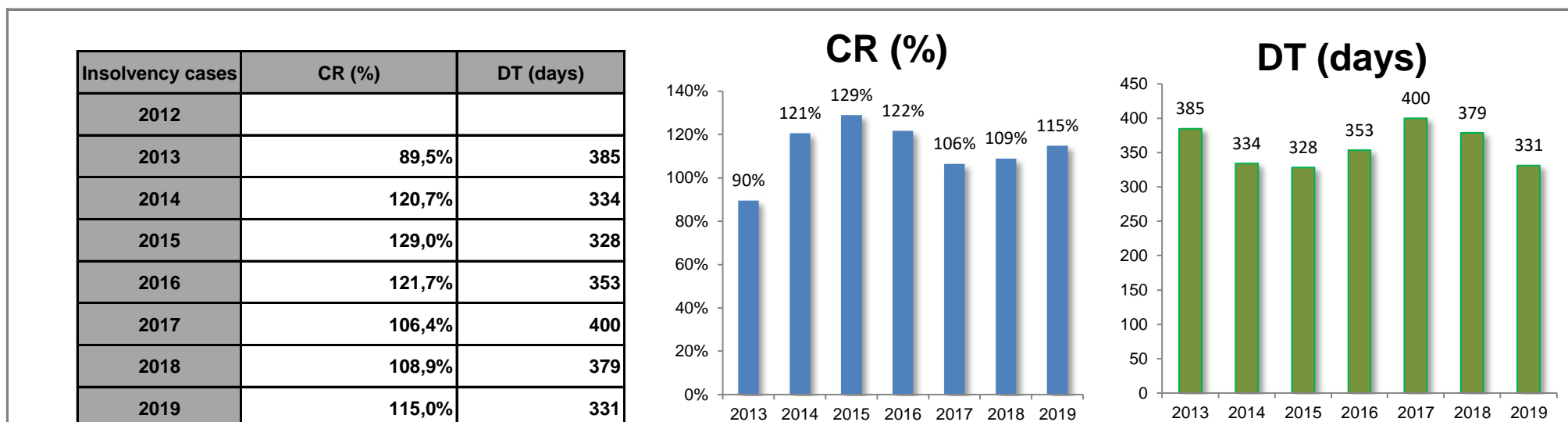
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 18,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Romania, there are 1 480 administrative law cases older than 3 years. This is 4,7% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

It is noteworthy that in the national Statis system pending cases for more than 3 years instead of 2 are recorded.

The decrease in the number of pending cases in administrative matters can be determined by aspects such as: certain types of cases that have been exhausted before courts (e.g. cases on salary rights of public servants initiated in 2010) or cases such as those on pollution taxes that were mostly exhausted before courts and for which administrative procedures have been expressly regulated as to discharge the huge workload in courts that they have generated. In terms of incoming administrative cases, when referring to a decrease in their number, similar reasons that justify the decrease in the number of pending administrative cases should be taken into consideration, namely, for example, those referring to the administrative procedures that have been expressly regulated as to discharge the huge workload in courts (e.g. regarding to the cases on pollution taxes).

◦ Insolvency



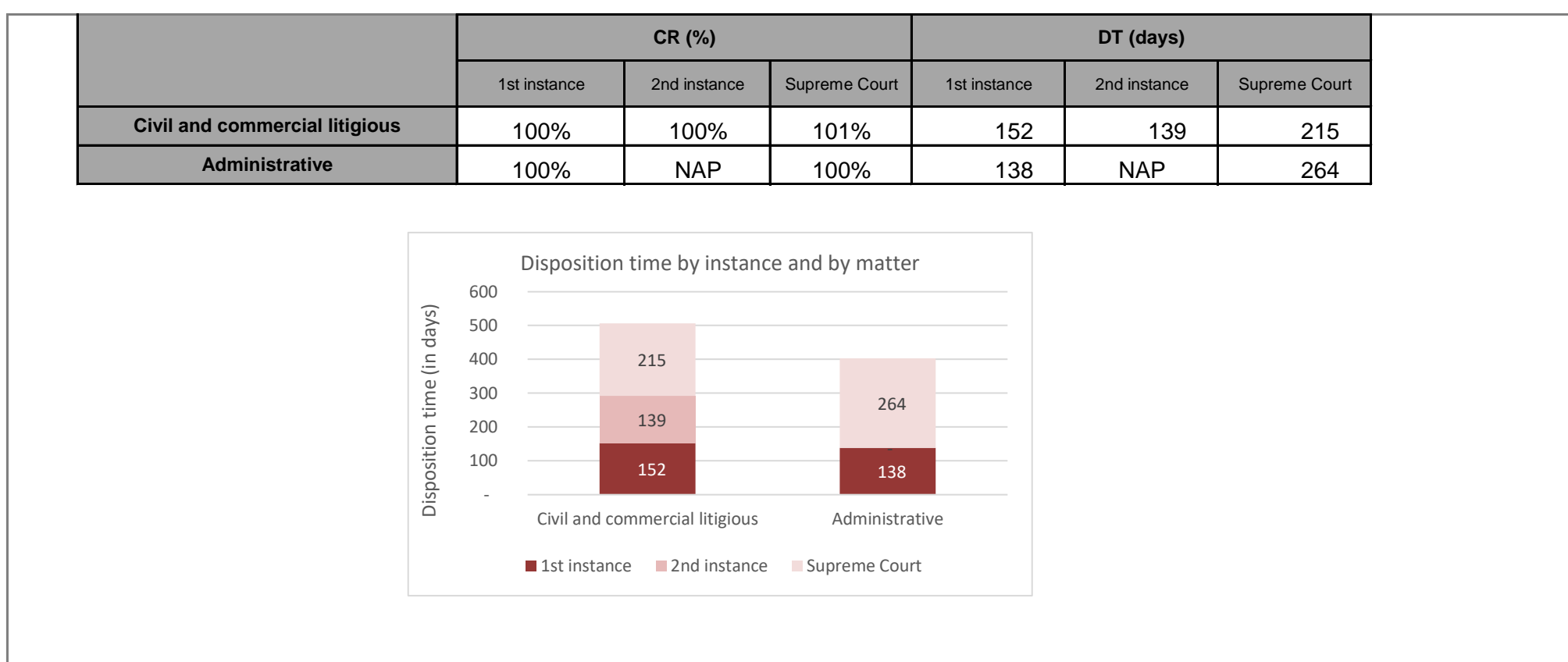
The Clearance Rate was calculated at 115,0% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Romania seemsto be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 6,0 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 331 days, which is above the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -12,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



Concerning civil and commercial litigious cases, the second instance courts seem to be the fastest instance with a Disposition Time considerably below the EU median (175 days), while the High Court of Cassation and Justice is characterised by the highest Disposition Time among the three instances which is very close to the EU median (217 days). First instance courts dealing with civil and commercial litigious cases also register a Disposition Time considerably below the EU median (213 days).

As to administrative law cases, first instance courts appear to be more efficient than the High Court of Cassation and Justice. The Disposition Time of the former is meaningfully below the EU median (284 days) while this indicator is above the EU median for third instance courts (219 days). It is noteworthy recalling that in 2017 there was a significant increase in the number of incoming administrative cases before the High Court of Cassation and Justice explained by the modifications in terms of procedure, namely amendments regarding the jurisdiction for administrative cases brought in 2013 that might have generated later effects in terms of number of "second appeals" (peculiarity of the Romanian system). Since 2017 and the described peak, the number of incoming administrative cases is decreasing.

At first instance, courts deal more promptly with administrative law cases, while at last instance civil and commercial litigious cases are resolved more promptly.

●Alternative dispute resolutions

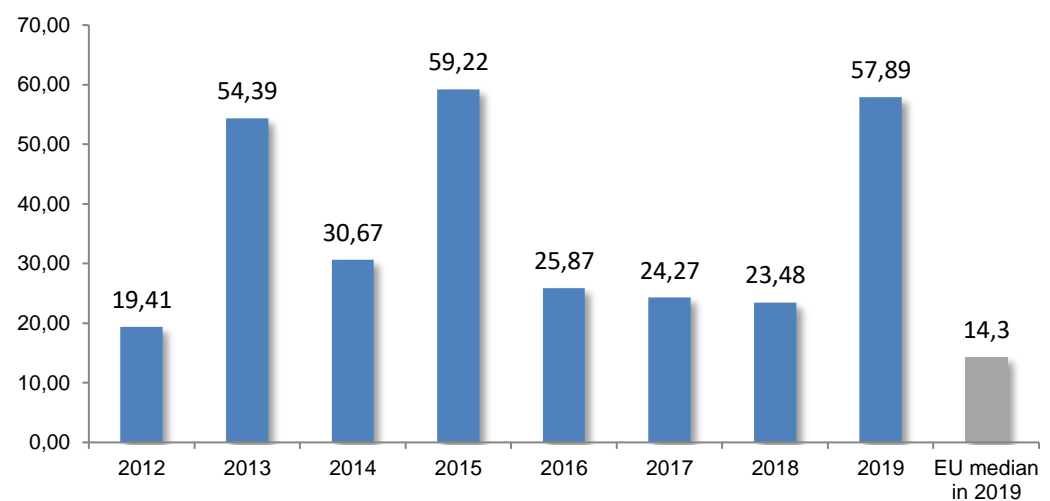
The judicial system in Romania provides court related mediation.

In Romania, the mediation procedure is regulated by Law no. 192/2006 concerning the mediation and the organization of the mediator profession. Even if in certain circumstances, according to the Civil Procedure Code, the judge may recommend the parties to use mediation, we cannot talk about a court-related mediation. According to the Law no. 192/2006, the mediation activity is organized as a liberal profession and the control mechanism of mediation is given to an inside body; also, taking into consideration the fact that it is a new profession, the law encourages and promotes a free development of the mediation – as an alternative method for judicial proceedings – without any interference from the State authorities regarding the selection of mediators. The parties (natural or legal persons) may have voluntary recourse to mediation, inclusively after the beginning of a trial in front of the courts, convening to settle in this way any conflicts in civil, criminal and other matters (e.g. family disputes, consumers’ protection litigation etc.). According to the Civil Procedure Code, the judge has the duty to try, during the whole trial, the reconciliation of the parties. If necessary, taking into account the circumstances of the case, the judge shall recommend to the parties to have recourse to mediation, for the dispute settlement on amiable way, in any stage of the trial. Mediation is not compulsory for the parties. If, in the mentioned conditions, the parties reconcile, the judge shall ascertain their agreement in the content of the judgment he/she will pronounce.

As for the conciliation procedure, the former Civil Procedure Code provided for a direct conciliation procedure between parties, in case of commercial litigation, before filling a case in court (art. 7201 of the former Civil Procedure Code). This procedure was not retained by the New Civil Procedure Code, in force since 2014.

The court related mediation system in Romania does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	4 136	19,41
2013	10 847	54,39
2014	6 833	30,67
2015	11 701	59,22
2016	5 080	25,87
2017	4 739	24,27
2018	4 585	23,48
2019	11 234	57,89



In 2019, there are 11 234 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 57,9 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about 145,0%.

It is noteworthy that the number of mediators accredited annually by the Mediation Council registers fluctuations, from year to year, being related most of the times to the legislative amendments brought to the mediation law, which can determine the increase in the number of persons requesting the accreditation as mediator, after the training courses required by law.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NAP	NAP
Criminal cases	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA

Data on the number of court-related mediation procedures is not available for 2019.

• **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- satisfaction of court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- other (please specify):

Since 2012, the category “other” refers to the length of administrative procedures, the number of final convictions, legal aid, suspended cases etc.

The regular monitoring is carried out through ECRIS - case management and STATIS - statistics monitoring application including for court's efficiency assessment.

In Romania, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- other (please specify):

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

In fact, there are no formal standards for quality established for the whole judiciary. However, informal standards are being used (such as training, quality of the reasoning, assessment of the activity of the judges, assessment of the good reputation of the judges etc.).

More precisely, the activity of courts is evaluated and monitored periodically, on the basis of certain statistical data/performance indicators. The evaluation is achieved by verifications carried out by inspectors of the Judicial Inspection of the SCM, by elaborating periodical reports. The schedule and thematic of those verifications are approved every year by the SCM.

At organizational level, there are no quality standards established for courts. It may be considered that such standards exist at individual level, for each judge, by the indicators for the evaluation of professional activity.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

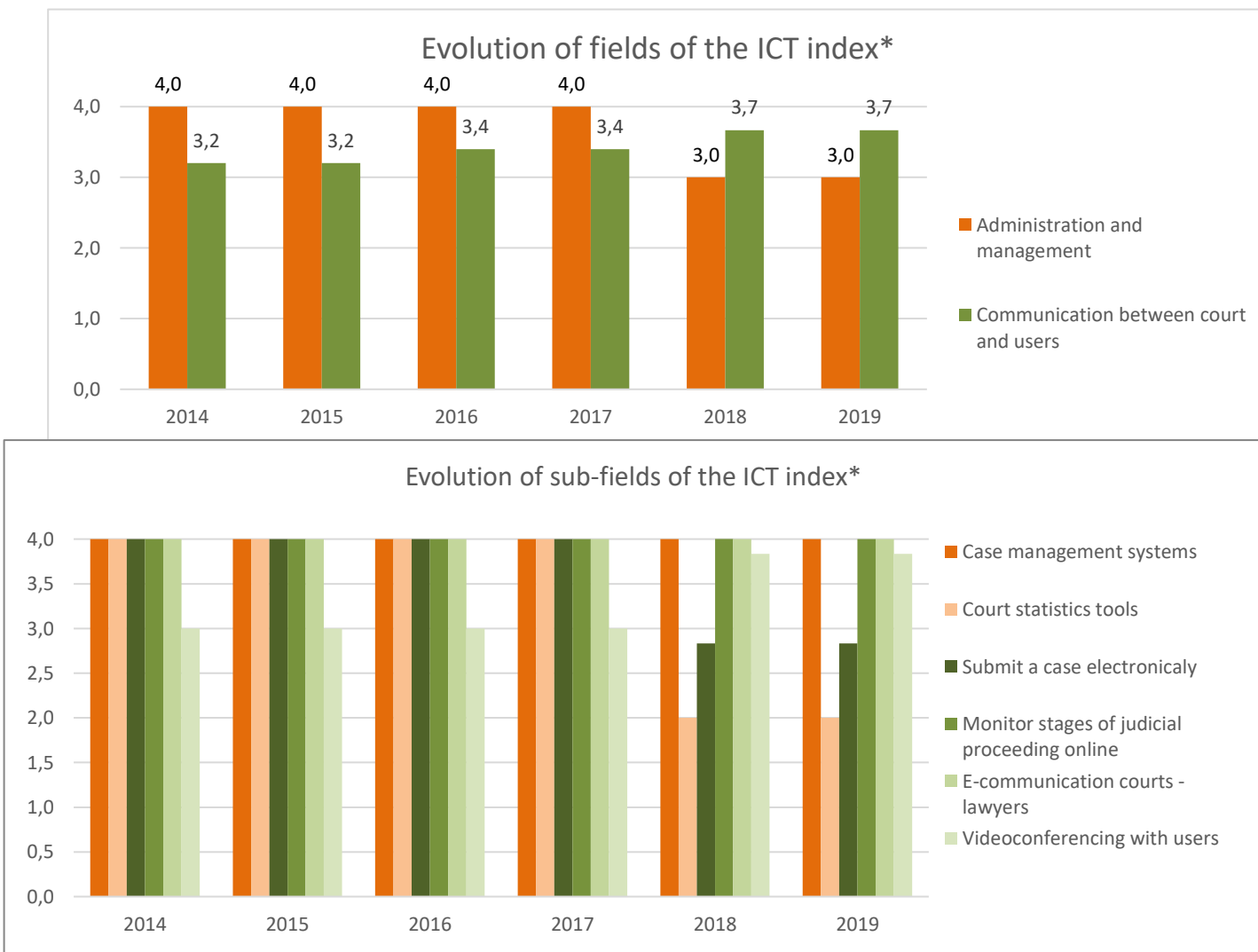
	points (up to 4)
Administration and management	3,0
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	2,0
Communication between court and users	3,7
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	2,8
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	4,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	3,8

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Regarding "Status of case online" decisions are available online thru www.rolii.ro. For some courts, a link and a password is provided to parties in order to access their case.

Statistical data

In Romania, the Superior Council of Magistracy is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

There are also statistics departments in the Ministry of Justice and Prosecutors' Office by the High Court of Cassation and Justice. Each court implements in a shared application its own statistical information. Such data is centralized automatically in the statistics server managed by the Ministry of Justice. The access to the information is ensured to an equal extent also to the Judicial Statistics Unit within the Superior Council of Magistracy.

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Detailed statistical information is available on intranet for judges and general information is being published in the reports on the activity of the courts which are published on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet
- Only internaly (on intranet)
- on paper

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	-8,9%	-6,4%	11,7%	-11,3%	-0,6%	-0,6%	-0,6%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	6 660 €	7 217 €	7 533 €	8 100 €	8 600 €	9 600 €	10 400 €	11 500 €	72,7%	8,4%	4,4%	7,5%	6,2%	11,6%	8,3%	10,6%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	4,42	4,48	4,48	4,52	4,54	4,66	4,66	4,78	8,2%	1,6%	-0,1%	0,9%	0,4%	2,6%	0,1%	2,5%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	718 812 448	820 011 595	1 066 905 023	1 008 256 161	908 247 781	1 121 893 255	1 197 838 504	1 319 683 426	83,6%	14,1%	30,1%	-5,5%	-9,9%	23,5%	6,8%	10,2%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	-8,9%	-6,4%	11,7%	-11,3%	-0,6%	-0,6%	-0,6%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	6 660 €	7 217 €	7 533 €	8 100 €	8 600 €	9 600 €	10 400 €	11 500 €	72,7%	8,4%	4,4%	7,5%	6,2%	11,6%	8,3%	10,6%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	718 812 448	820 011 595	1 066 905 023	1 008 256 161	908 247 781	1 121 893 255	1 197 838 504	1 319 683 426	83,6%	0 €	30,1%	-5,5%	-9,9%	23,5%	6,8%	10,2%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	1 057 831 992	995 253 597	896 566 276	1 111 123 810	1 186 886 847	1 308 562 390	-	-	-	-5,9%	-9,9%	23,9%	6,8%	10,3%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	-8,9%	-6,4%	11,7%	-11,3%	-0,6%	-0,6%	-0,6%	0,0%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	718 812 448	820 011 595	1 066 905 023	1 008 256 161	908 247 781	1 121 893 255	1 197 838 504	1 319 683 426	83,6%	14,1%	30,1%	-5,5%	-9,9%	23,5%	6,8%	10,2%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	54 301 587	-	60 935 285	56 498 813	59 499 517	62 920 565	67 018 671	68 756 201	26,6%	-	-	-7,3%	5,3%	5,7%	6,5%	2,6%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	173	174	175	172	-	-	-	-	-	0,6%	0,6%	-1,7%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	-------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	-8,9%	-6,4%	11,7%	-11,3%	-0,6%	-0,6%	-0,6%	0,0%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	233	233	233	232	233	233	233	233	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,4%	0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	-10,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-10,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	244	244	244	243	243	243	243	243	-0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	-10,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-10,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	-16,7%	0,0%	0,0%	-16,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	-8,9%	-6,4%	11,7%	-11,3%	-0,6%	-0,6%	-0,6%	0,0%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	698 506	777 991	918 286	733 382	649 920	630 979	639 082	591 192	-15,4%	11,4%	18,0%	-20,1%	-11,4%	-2,9%	1,3%	-7,5%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	566 796	578 043	793 683	661 619	597 721	570 748	581 464	548 530	-3,2%	2,0%	37,3%	-16,6%	-9,7%	-4,5%	1,9%	-5,7%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	14 940	13 356	11 750	10 112	10 770	10 887	-	-	-	-10,6%	-12,0%	-13,9%	6,5%	1,1%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	44 812	62 572	6 418	4 375	3 049	1 756	1 354	1 546	-96,6%	39,6%	-89,7%	-31,8%	-30,3%	-42,4%	-22,9%	14,2%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	8 522	8 981	8 701	8 356	9 416	9 341	-	-	-	5,4%	-3,1%	-4,0%	12,7%	-0,8%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	1 454	1 366	5 601	5 550	4 788	4 193	4 322	4 629	218,4%	-6,1%	310,0%	-0,9%	-13,7%	-12,4%	3,1%	7,1%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	2 281	2 526	2 921	3 431	3 913	4 163	5 094	4 712	106,6%	10,7%	15,6%	17,5%	14,0%	6,4%	22,4%	-7,5%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	83 163	133 484	109 663	61 838	40 449	50 119	46 848	31 775	-61,8%	60,5%	-17,8%	-43,6%	-34,6%	23,9%	-6,5%	-32,2%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 837 799	1 599 815	1 632 597	1 443 850	1 477 959	1 455 782	1 354 351	1 410 632	-23,2%	-12,9%	2,0%	-11,6%	2,4%	-1,5%	-7,0%	4,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 102 677	829 193	1 526 483	1 353 189	1 335 498	1 279 631	1 240 508	1 296 445	17,6%	-24,8%	84,1%	-11,4%	-1,3%	-4,2%	-3,1%	4,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	27 733	26 313	25 099	30 051	30 103	31 416	-	-	-	-5,1%	-4,6%	19,7%	0,2%	4,4%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	502 594	571 575	19 973	19 224	18 421	23 094	23 618	24 567	-95,1%	13,7%	-96,5%	-3,8%	-4,2%	25,4%	2,3%	4,0%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 760	7 089	6 678	6 957	6 485	6 849	-	-	-	-8,6%	-5,8%	4,2%	-6,8%	5,6%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 099	1 999	6 821	6 001	5 904	5 393	5 631	5 856	179,0%	-4,8%	241,2%	-12,0%	-1,6%	-8,7%	4,4%	4,0%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	810	869	939	1 088	774	1 564	854	993	22,6%	7,3%	8,1%	15,9%	-28,9%	102,1%	-45,4%	16,3%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	229 619	196 179	78 381	65 436	117 362	146 100	83 740	82 771	-64,0%	-14,6%	-60,0%	-16,5%	79,4%	24,5%	-42,7%	-1,2%	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 758 314	1 760 885	1 814 070	1 531 225	1 496 900	1 447 679	1 402 241	1 414 005	-19,6%	0,1%	3,0%	-15,6%	-2,2%	-3,3%	-3,1%	0,8%	
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 091 430	929 973	1 658 547	1 417 087	1 362 471	1 268 915	1 273 442	1 301 356	19,2%	-14,8%	78,3%	-14,6%	-3,9%	-6,9%	0,4%	2,2%	
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	29 317	27 919	26 737	29 393	29 986	29 605	-	-	-	-4,8%	-4,2%	9,9%	2,0%	-1,3%	
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	484 834	572 830	22 016	20 550	19 714	23 496	23 426	23 660	-95,1%	18,1%	-96,2%	-6,7%	-4,1%	19,2%	-0,3%	1,0%	
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 301	7 369	7 023	5 897	6 560	5 945	-	-	-	0,9%	-4,7%	-16,0%	11,2%	-9,4%	
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 187	2 199	6 872	6 763	6 499	5 264	5 324	5 377	145,9%	0,5%	212,5%	-1,6%	-3,9%	-19,0%	1,1%	1,0%	
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	565	474	429	606	524	633	1 236	568	0,5%	-16,1%	-9,5%	41,3%	-13,5%	20,8%	95,3%	-54,0%	
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	179 298	255 409	126 206	86 825	107 692	149 371	98 813	83 044	-53,7%	42,4%	-50,6%	-31,2%	24,0%	38,7%	-33,8%	-16,0%	
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	777 991	616 921	736 813	646 007	630 979	639 082	591 192	587 819	-24,4%	-20,7%	19,4%	-12,3%	-2,3%	1,3%	-7,5%	-0,6%	
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	578 043	477 263	661 619	597 721	570 748	581 464	548 530	543 619	-6,0%	-17,4%	38,6%	-9,7%	-4,5%	1,9%	-5,7%	-0,9%	
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	13 356	11 750	10 112	10 770	10 887	12 698	-	-	-	-12,0%	-13,9%	6,5%	1,1%	16,6%	
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	62 572	61 317	4 375	3 049	1 756	1 354	1 546	2 453	-96,1%	-2,0%	-92,9%	-30,3%	-42,4%	-22,9%	14,2%	58,7%	
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	8 981	8 701	8 356	9 416	9 341	10 245	-	-	-	-3,1%	-4,0%	12,7%	-0,8%	9,7%	
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	1 366	1 166	5 550	4 788	4 193	4 322	4 629	5 108	273,9%	-14,6%	376,0%	-13,7%	-12,4%	3,1%	7,1%	10,3%	
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	2 526	2 921	3 431	3 913	4 163	5 094	4 712	5 137	103,4%	15,6%	17,5%	14,0%	6,4%	22,4%	-7,5%	9,0%	
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	133 484	74 254	61 838	40 449	50 119	46 848	31 775	31 502	-76,4%	-44,4%	-16,7%	-34,6%	23,9%	-6,5%	-32,2%	-0,9%	

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	95,7%	110,1%	111,1%	106,1%	101,3%	99,4%	103,5%	100,2%	4,8%	15,0%	1,0%	-4,6%	-4,5%	-1,8%	4,1%	-3,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,0%	112,2%	108,7%	104,7%	102,0%	99,2%	102,7%	100,4%	1,4%	13,3%	-3,1%	-3,6%	-2,6%	-2,8%	3,5%	-2,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	105,7%	106,1%	106,5%	97,8%	99,6%	94,2%	-	-	-	0,4%	0,4%	-8,2%	1,8%	-5,4%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	96,5%	100,2%	110,2%	106,9%	107,0%	101,7%	99,2%	96,3%	-0,2%	3,9%	10,0%	-3,0%	0,1%	-4,9%	-2,5%	-2,9%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	94,1%	103,9%	105,2%	84,8%	101,2%	86,8%	-	-	-	10,5%	1,2%	-19,4%	19,3%	-14,2%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	104,2%	110,0%	100,7%	112,7%	110,1%	97,6%	94,5%	91,8%	-11,9%	5,6%	-8,4%	11,9%	-2,3%	-11,3%	-3,1%	-2,9%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	69,8%	54,5%	45,7%	55,7%	67,7%	40,5%	144,7%	57,2%	-18,0%	-21,8%	-16,2%	21,9%	21,5%	-40,2%	257,6%	-60,5%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	78,1%	130,2%	161,0%	132,7%	91,8%	102,2%	118,0%	100,3%	28,5%	66,7%	23,7%	-17,6%	-30,8%	11,4%	15,4%	-15,0%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	161	128	148	154	154	161	154	152	-6,0%	-20,8%	15,9%	3,9%	-0,1%	4,7%	-4,5%	-1,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	193	187	146	154	153	167	157	152	-21,1%	-3,1%	-22,3%	5,7%	-0,7%	9,4%	-6,0%	-3,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	166	154	138	134	133	157	-	-	-	-7,6%	-10,1%	-3,1%	-0,9%	18,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	47	39	73	54	33	21	24	38	-19,7%	-17,1%	85,6%	-25,3%	-40,0%	-35,3%	14,5%	57,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	449	431	434	583	520	629	-	-	-	-4,0%	0,8%	34,2%	-10,8%	21,0%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	228	194	295	258	235	300	317	347	52,1%	-15,1%	52,3%	-12,3%	-8,9%	27,3%	5,9%	9,3%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	1632	2249	2919	2357	2900	2937	1391	3301	102,3%	37,8%	29,8%	-19,3%	23,0%	1,3%	-52,6%	137,2%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	272	106	179	170	170	114	117	138	-49,0%	-60,9%	68,5%	-4,9%	-0,1%	-32,6%	2,5%	18,0%

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	20 926	19 247	16 334	16 814	15 912	15 753	16 646	16 816	-19,6%	-8,0%	-15,1%	2,9%	-5,4%	-1,0%	5,7%	1,0%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	3 041	2 734	3 277	3 212	2 257	1 802	1 498	1 399	-54,0%	-10,1%	19,9%	-2,0%	-29,7%	-20,2%	-16,9%	-6,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	48 643	50 774	60 239	50 739	41 701	35 215	33 373	30 928	-36,4%	4,4%	18,6%	-15,8%	-17,8%	-15,6%	-5,2%	-7,3%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	42 582	35 422	34 125	36 435	36 041	35 709	34 609	32 562	-23,5%	-16,8%	-3,7%	6,8%	-1,1%	-0,9%	-3,1%	-5,9%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	3 274	3 789	3 075	2 413	2 030	1 732	1 661	1 621	-50,5%	15,7%	-18,8%	-21,5%	-15,9%	-14,7%	-4,1%	-2,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	57 956	60 536	45 896	34 981	29 883	28 623	27 374	25 921	-55,3%	4,5%	-24,2%	-23,8%	-14,6%	-4,2%	-4,4%	-5,3%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	44 261	37 508	33 645	37 337	36 200	34 816	34 439	33 779	-23,7%	-15,3%	-10,3%	11,0%	-3,0%	-3,8%	-1,1%	-1,9%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	3 581	3 246	3 140	3 372	2 485	2 036	1 760	1 681	-53,1%	-9,4%	-3,3%	7,4%	-26,3%	-18,1%	-13,6%	-4,5%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	55 825	54 184	55 396	45 121	36 369	30 465	29 819	29 801	-46,6%	-2,9%	2,2%	-18,5%	-19,4%	-16,2%	-2,1%	-0,1%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	19 247	17 161	16 814	15 912	15 753	16 646	16 816	15 599	-19,0%	-10,8%	-2,0%	-5,4%	-1,0%	5,7%	1,0%	-7,2%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	2 734	3 277	3 212	2 253	1 802	1 498	1 399	1 339	-51,0%	19,9%	-2,0%	-29,9%	-20,0%	-16,9%	-6,6%	-4,3%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	50 774	57 126	50 739	40 599	35 215	33 373	30 928	27 048	-46,7%	12,5%	-11,2%	-20,0%	-13,3%	-5,2%	-7,3%	-12,5%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	103,9%	105,9%	98,6%	102,5%	100,4%	97,5%	99,5%	103,7%	-0,2%	1,9%	-6,9%	3,9%	-2,0%	-2,9%	2,1%	4,2%
CR Employment dismissal cases	109,4%	85,7%	102,1%	139,7%	122,4%	117,6%	106,0%	103,7%	-5,2%	-21,7%	19,2%	36,9%	-12,4%	-4,0%	-9,9%	-2,1%
CR Insolvency cases	96,3%	89,5%	120,7%	129,0%	121,7%	106,4%	108,9%	115,0%	19,4%	-7,1%	34,8%	6,9%	-5,6%	-12,5%	2,3%	5,5%
DT Litigious divorce cases	159	167	182	156	159	175	178	169	6,2%	5,2%	9,2%	-14,7%	2,1%	9,9%	2,1%	-5,4%
DT Employment dismissal cases	279	368	373	244	265	269	290	291	4,3%	32,2%	1,3%	-34,7%	8,5%	1,5%	8,0%	0,2%
DT Insolvency cases	332	385	334	328	353	400	379	331	-0,2%	15,9%	-13,1%	-1,8%	7,6%	13,1%	-5,3%	-12,5%

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	12 635	11 714	30 794	77 399	91 360	78 426	83 741	73 019	477,9%	-7,3%	162,9%	151,3%	18,0%	-14,2%	6,8%	-12,8%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	12 149	11 205	29 428	76 099	89 983	77 180	82 344	71 851	491,4%	-7,8%	162,6%	158,6%	18,2%	-14,2%	6,7%	-12,7%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 366	1 300	1 377	1 246	1 397	1 168	-	-	-	-4,8%	5,9%	-9,5%	12,1%	-16,4%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	20	23	294	295	310	297	383	339	1595,0%	15,0%	1178,3%	0,3%	5,1%	-4,2%	29,0%	-11,5%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 072	1 005	1 067	949	1 014	829	-	-	-	-6,3%	6,2%	-11,1%	6,8%	-18,2%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	1 072	1 005	1 067	949	1 014	829	-	-	-	-6,3%	6,2%	-11,1%	6,8%	-18,2%
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	432	410	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-5,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	18 934	42 569	141 636	194 760	204 986	205 729	197 330	191 115	909,4%	124,8%	232,7%	37,5%	5,3%	0,4%	-4,1%	-3,1%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	17 833	38 219	139 457	192 335	202 441	202 444	194 375	188 249	955,6%	114,3%	264,9%	37,9%	5,3%	0,0%	-4,0%	-3,2%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 179	2 425	2 545	3 285	2 955	2 866	-	-	-	11,3%	4,9%	29,1%	-10,0%	-3,0%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	55	27	631	785	824	1 468	1 312	1 272	2212,7%	-50,9%	2237,0%	24,4%	5,0%	78,2%	-10,6%	-3,0%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 548	1 640	1 721	1 817	1 643	1 594	-	-	-	5,9%	4,9%	5,6%	-9,6%	-3,0%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	1 548	1 640	1 721	1 817	1 643	1 594	-	-	-	5,9%	4,9%	5,6%	-9,6%	-3,0%
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	836	1 681	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	101,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	19 855	28 043	95 031	180 799	217 920	200 414	208 052	191 155	862,8%	41,2%	238,9%	90,3%	20,5%	-8,0%	3,8%	-8,1%

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	18 777	25 141	92 786	178 259	215 244	197 280	204 868	188 226	902,4%	33,9%	269,1%	92,1%	20,7%	-8,3%	3,8%	-8,1%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 245	2 540	2 676	3 134	3 184	2 929	-	-	-	13,1%	5,4%	17,1%	1,6%	-8,0%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	52	19	630	795	837	1 382	1 356	1 247	2298,1%	-63,5%	3215,8%	26,2%	5,3%	65,1%	-1,9%	-8,0%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 615	1 745	1 839	1 752	1 828	1 682	-	-	-	8,0%	5,4%	-4,7%	4,3%	-8,0%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	1 615	1 745	1 839	1 752	1 828	1 682	-	-	-	8,0%	5,4%	-4,7%	4,3%	-8,0%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	858	1 666	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	94,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	11 714	26 240	77 399	91 360	78 426	83 741	73 019	72 979	523,0%	124,0%	195,0%	18,0%	-14,2%	6,8%	-12,8%	-0,1%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	11 205	24 283	76 099	90 175	77 180	82 344	71 851	71 874	541,4%	116,7%	213,4%	18,5%	-14,4%	6,7%	-12,7%	0,0%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 300	1 185	1 246	1 397	1 168	1 105	-	-	-	-8,8%	5,1%	12,1%	-16,4%	-5,4%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	23	31	295	285	297	383	339	364	1482,6%	34,8%	851,6%	-3,4%	4,2%	29,0%	-11,5%	7,4%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 005	900	949	1 014	829	741	-	-	-	-10,4%	5,4%	6,8%	-18,2%	-10,6%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	1 005	900	949	1 014	829	741	-	-	-	-10,4%	5,4%	6,8%	-18,2%	-10,6%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	410	425	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	3,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	467	662	679	672	-	-	-	-	-	41,8%	2,6%	-1,0%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	460	650	671	665	-	-	-	-	-	41,3%	3,2%	-0,9%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	104,9%	65,9%	67,1%	92,8%	106,3%	97,4%	105,4%	100,0%	-4,6%	-37,2%	1,8%	38,4%	14,5%	-8,4%	8,2%	-5,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	105,3%	65,8%	66,5%	92,7%	106,3%	97,4%	105,4%	100,0%	-5,0%	-37,5%	1,1%	39,3%	14,7%	-8,3%	8,2%	-5,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	103,0%	104,7%	105,1%	95,4%	107,7%	102,2%	-	-	-	1,7%	0,4%	-9,3%	12,9%	-5,2%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	94,5%	70,4%	99,8%	101,3%	101,6%	94,1%	103,4%	98,0%	3,7%	-25,6%	41,9%	1,4%	0,3%	-7,3%	9,8%	-5,1%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	104,3%	106,4%	106,9%	96,4%	111,3%	105,5%	-	-	-	2,0%	0,4%	-9,8%	15,4%	-5,2%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	104,3%	106,4%	106,9%	96,4%	111,3%	105,5%	-	-	-	2,0%	0,4%	-9,8%	15,4%	-5,2%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	102,6%	99,1%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-3,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	215	342	297	184	131	153	128	139	-35,3%	58,6%	-13,0%	-38,0%	-28,8%	16,1%	-16,0%	8,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	218	353	299	185	131	152	128	139	-36,0%	61,9%	-15,1%	-38,3%	-29,1%	16,4%	-16,0%	8,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	211	170	170	163	134	138	-	-	-	-19,4%	-0,2%	-4,3%	-17,7%	2,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	161	596	171	131	130	101	91	107	-34,0%	268,9%	-71,3%	-23,4%	-1,0%	-21,9%	-9,8%	16,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	227	188	188	211	166	161	-	-	-	-17,1%	0,1%	12,2%	-21,6%	-2,9%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	227	188	188	211	166	161	-	-	-	-17,1%	0,1%	12,2%	-21,6%	-2,9%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	174	93	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-46,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	123 724	-	153 873	83 098	40 023	32 226	42 944	39 695	-67,9%	-	-	-46,0%	-51,8%	-19,5%	33,3%	-7,6%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	88 114	-	101 691	50 537	18 743	12 986	11 172	17 884	-79,7%	-	-	-50,3%	-62,9%	-30,7%	-14,0%	60,1%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	695	424	215	130	114	116	-	-	-	-39,0%	-49,3%	-39,5%	-12,3%	1,8%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	245	-	137	65	34	13	5	0	-100,0%	-	-	-52,6%	-47,7%	-61,8%	-61,5%	-100,0%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	558	359	181	117	109	116	-	-	-	-35,7%	-49,6%	-35,4%	-6,8%	6,4%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	558	359	181	117	109	116	-	-	-	-35,7%	-49,6%	-35,4%	-6,8%	6,4%
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	288	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	27 444	-	51 487	32 137	21 065	19 110	31 658	21 695	-20,9%	-	-	-37,6%	-34,5%	-9,3%	65,7%	-31,5%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	249 556	-	159 055	78 841	58 015	95 123	76 786	59 978	-76,0%	-	-	-50,4%	-26,4%	64,0%	-19,3%	-21,9%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	169 951	-	77 548	35 265	22 103	19 364	33 252	29 625	-82,6%	-	-	-54,5%	-37,3%	-12,4%	71,7%	-10,9%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	938	438	221	333	351	253	-	-	-	-53,3%	-49,5%	50,7%	5,4%	-27,9%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	817	-	89	70	37	120	53	41	-95,0%	-	-	-21,3%	-47,1%	224,3%	-55,8%	-22,6%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	849	368	184	213	298	212	-	-	-	-56,7%	-50,0%	15,8%	39,9%	-28,9%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	849	368	184	213	298	212	-	-	-	-56,7%	-50,0%	15,8%	39,9%	-28,9%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	847	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	58 569	-	80 569	43 138	35 691	75 426	43 183	30 100	-48,6%	-	-	-46,5%	-17,3%	111,3%	-42,7%	-30,3%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	231 253	-	229 830	121 916	65 812	84 405	80 035	60 219	-74,0%	-	-	-47,0%	-46,0%	28,3%	-5,2%	-24,8%

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	170 341	-	128 702	67 100	27 860	21 178	26 540	29 923	-82,4%	-	-	-47,9%	-58,5%	-24,0%	25,3%	12,7%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 209	606	306	349	349	258	-	-	-	-49,9%	-49,5%	14,1%	0,0%	-26,1%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	795	-	161	106	58	128	58	40	-95,0%	-	-	-34,2%	-45,3%	120,7%	-54,7%	-31,0%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 048	500	248	221	291	218	-	-	-	-52,3%	-50,4%	-10,9%	31,7%	-25,1%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	1 048	500	248	221	291	218	-	-	-	-52,3%	-50,4%	-10,9%	31,7%	-25,1%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	831	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	40 441	-	99 919	54 210	37 646	62 878	53 146	30 038	-25,7%	-	-	-45,7%	-30,6%	67,0%	-15,5%	-43,5%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	142 027	-	83 098	40 023	32 226	42 944	39 695	39 454	-72,2%	-	-	-51,8%	-19,5%	33,3%	-7,6%	-0,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	87 724	-	50 537	18 702	12 986	11 172	17 884	17 586	-80,0%	-	-	-63,0%	-30,6%	-14,0%	60,1%	-1,7%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	424	256	130	114	116	111	-	-	-	-39,6%	-49,2%	-12,3%	1,8%	-4,3%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	267	-	65	29	13	5	0	1	-99,6%	-	-	-55,4%	-55,2%	-61,5%	-100,0%	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	359	227	117	109	116	110	-	-	-	-36,8%	-48,5%	-6,8%	6,4%	-5,2%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	359	227	117	109	116	110	-	-	-	-36,8%	-48,5%	-6,8%	6,4%	-5,2%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	304	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	45 572	-	32 137	21 065	19 110	31 658	21 695	21 757	-52,3%	-	-	-34,5%	-9,3%	65,7%	-31,5%	0,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	1 514	1 450	954	944	-	-	-	-	-	-4,2%	-34,2%	-1,0%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	1 135	1 079	452	448	-	-	-	-	-	-4,9%	-58,1%	-0,9%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	373	360	499	494	-	-	-	-	-	-3,5%	38,6%	-1,0%

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	92,7%	-	144,5%	154,6%	113,4%	88,7%	104,2%	100,4%	8,3%	-	-	7,0%	-26,6%	-21,8%	17,5%	-3,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,2%	-	166,0%	190,3%	126,0%	109,4%	79,8%	101,0%	0,8%	-	-	14,6%	-33,8%	-13,2%	-27,0%	26,6%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	128,9%	138,4%	138,5%	104,8%	99,4%	102,0%	-	-	-	7,3%	0,1%	-24,3%	-5,1%	2,6%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	97,3%	-	180,9%	151,4%	156,8%	106,7%	109,4%	97,6%	0,3%	-	-	-16,3%	3,5%	-32,0%	2,6%	-10,8%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	123,4%	135,9%	134,8%	103,8%	97,7%	102,8%	-	-	-	10,1%	-0,8%	-23,0%	-5,9%	5,3%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	123,4%	135,9%	134,8%	103,8%	97,7%	102,8%	-	-	-	10,1%	-0,8%	-23,0%	-5,9%	5,3%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	98,1%	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	69,0%	-	124,0%	125,7%	105,5%	83,4%	123,1%	99,8%	44,5%	-	-	1,3%	-16,1%	-21,0%	47,6%	-18,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	224	-	132	120	179	186	181	239	6,7%	-	-	-9,2%	49,2%	3,9%	-2,5%	32,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	188	-	143	102	170	193	246	215	14,1%	-	-	-29,0%	67,2%	13,2%	27,7%	-12,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	128	154	155	119	121	157	-	-	-	20,5%	0,6%	-23,1%	1,8%	29,4%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	123	-	147	100	82	14	0	9	-92,6%	-	-	-32,2%	-18,1%	-82,6%	-100,0%	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	125	166	172	180	145	184	-	-	-	32,5%	3,9%	4,5%	-19,2%	26,6%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	125	166	172	180	145	184	-	-	-	32,5%	3,9%	4,5%	-19,2%	26,6%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	134	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	411	-	117	142	185	184	149	264	-35,7%	-	-	20,8%	30,6%	-0,8%	-18,9%	77,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	-8,9%	-6,4%	11,7%	-11,3%	-0,6%	-0,6%	-0,6%	0,0%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	7 958 050	8 739 157	9 518 975	8 877 666	10 306 534	9 971 887	10 371 363	15 019 354	88,7%	9,8%	8,9%	-6,7%	16,1%	-3,2%	4,0%	44,8%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	7 958 050	8 739 157	9 518 975	8 877 666	10 306 534	9 971 887	10 371 363	15 019 354	88,7%	9,8%	8,9%	-6,7%	16,1%	-3,2%	4,0%	44,8%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	8 568 650	8 251 144	9 606 247	9 273 859	9 645 361	13 967 945	-	-	-	-3,7%	16,4%	-3,5%	4,0%	44,8%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	7 251 927	8 101 251	8 568 650	8 251 144	9 606 247	9 273 859	9 645 361	13 967 945	92,6%	11,7%	5,8%	-3,7%	16,4%	-3,5%	4,0%	44,8%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	950 326	626 522	700 287	698 028	762 002	1 051 409	-	-	-	-34,1%	11,8%	-0,3%	9,2%	38,0%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	706 123	637 906	950 326	626 522	700 287	698 028	762 002	1 051 409	48,9%	-9,7%	49,0%	-34,1%	11,8%	-0,3%	9,2%	38,0%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	9 511 348	8 824 399	10 173 620	9 962 207	10 351 642	15 011 547	-	-	-	-7,2%	15,3%	-2,1%	3,9%	45,0%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	9 511 348	8 824 399	10 173 620	9 962 207	10 351 642	15 011 547	-	-	-	-7,2%	15,3%	-2,1%	3,9%	45,0%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	8 561 022	8 201 911	9 483 803	9 264 856	9 627 027	13 960 738	-	-	-	-4,2%	15,6%	-2,3%	3,9%	45,0%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	8 561 022	8 201 911	9 483 803	9 264 856	9 627 027	13 960 738	-	-	-	-4,2%	15,6%	-2,3%	3,9%	45,0%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	950 326	622 487	689 817	697 352	724 615	1 050 809	-	-	-	-34,5%	10,8%	1,1%	3,9%	45,0%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	950 326	622 487	689 817	697 352	724 615	1 050 809	-	-	-	-34,5%	10,8%	1,1%	3,9%	45,0%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	421	505	-	-	-	-	-	20,0%		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	213	243	-	-	-	-	-	14,1%		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							100%	100%
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							NA	NA											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							No	No											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							No	No											

Civil - Equipment rate

Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory

Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means

Civil - SMS

Civil - E-mail

Civil - Specific computer application

Civil - Other

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							Yes	Yes									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							both	both									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							50-99%	50-99%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE									
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE									

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	No
064-3 - Information available in CMS							Yes	Yes

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%											100%
064-7 - Email								Yes											Yes
064-7 - Specific computer application								No											No
064-7 - Other								No											No
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes											Yes
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%											100%
064-7 - Email								Yes											Yes
064-7 - Specific computer application								No											No
064-7 - Other								No											No
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes											Yes

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																			
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Workload								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Costs								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Other								No	No										

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																			
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation								No	No										

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional	

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	4 136	10 847	6 833	11 701	5 080	4 739	4 585	11 234	171,6%	162,3%	-37,0%	71,2%	-56,6%	-6,7%	-3,2%	145,0%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									

Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)

Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)

165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	-	No	No	
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	-	No	No	

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	-8,9%	-6,4%	11,7%	-11,3%	-0,6%	-0,6%	-0,6%	0,0%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	4 310	4 511	4 577	4 608	4 628	4 664	4 677	4 753	10,3%	4,7%	1,5%	0,7%	0,4%	0,8%	0,3%	1,6%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 998	3 571	2 101	2 097	2 055	2 008	2 029	2 180	9,1%	78,7%	-41,2%	-0,2%	-2,0%	-2,3%	1,0%	7,4%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	2 217	825	2 360	2 404	2 463	2 540	2 540	2 465	11,2%	-62,8%	186,1%	1,9%	2,5%	3,1%	0,0%	-3,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	95	115	116	107	110	116	108	108	13,7%	21,1%	0,9%	-7,8%	2,8%	5,5%	-6,9%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	1 187	1 213	1 195	1 204	1 220	1 223	1 272	1 262	6,3%	2,2%	-1,5%	0,8%	1,3%	0,2%	4,0%	-0,8%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	619	985	569	573	568	552	586	594	-4,0%	59,1%	-42,2%	0,7%	-0,9%	-2,8%	6,2%	1,4%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	554	210	608	613	633	649	663	645	16,4%	-62,1%	189,5%	0,8%	3,3%	2,5%	2,2%	-2,7%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	14	18	18	18	19	22	23	23	64,3%	28,6%	0,0%	0,0%	5,6%	15,8%	4,5%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	3 123	3 298	3 382	3 404	3 408	3 441	3 405	3 491	11,8%	5,6%	2,5%	0,7%	0,1%	1,0%	-1,0%	2,5%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 379	2 586	1 532	1 524	1 487	1 456	1 443	1 586	15,0%	87,5%	-40,8%	-0,5%	-2,4%	-2,1%	-0,9%	9,9%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	1 663	615	1 752	1 791	1 830	1 891	1 877	1 820	9,4%	-63,0%	184,9%	2,2%	2,2%	3,3%	-0,7%	-3,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	81	97	98	89	91	94	85	85	4,9%	19,8%	1,0%	-9,2%	2,2%	3,3%	-9,6%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	9 283	9 639	10 147	10 251	10 297	10 638	10 662	10 700	15,3%	3,8%	5,3%	1,0%	0,4%	3,3%	0,2%	0,4%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	5 489	5 743	6 072	6 149	6 191	6 358	6 402	6 437	17,3%	4,6%	5,7%	1,3%	0,7%	2,7%	0,7%	0,5%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 486	1 563	1 585	1 615	1 621	1 697	1 645	1 646	10,8%	5,2%	1,4%	1,9%	0,4%	4,7%	-3,1%	0,1%

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	1 762	1 784	1 854	1 844	1 822	1 731	1 772	1 750	-0,7%	1,2%	3,9%	-0,5%	-1,2%	-5,0%	2,4%	-1,2%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	546	549	636	643	663	852	843	867	58,8%	0,5%	15,8%	1,1%	3,1%	28,5%	-1,1%	2,8%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)																
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)																
Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	-8,9%	-6,4%	11,7%	-11,3%	-0,6%	-0,6%	-0,6%	0,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	20 919	23 332	23 244	23 635	23 205	23 020	22 873	23 554	12,6%	11,5%	-0,4%	1,7%	-1,8%	-0,8%	-0,6%	3,0%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	9 283	9 639	10 147	10 251	10 297	10 638	10 662	10 700	15,3%	3,8%	5,3%	1,0%	0,4%	3,3%	0,2%	0,4%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	5 489	5 743	6 072	6 149	6 191	6 358	6 402	6 437	17,3%	4,6%	5,7%	1,3%	0,7%	2,7%	0,7%	0,5%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 486	1 563	1 585	1 615	1 621	1 697	1 645	1 646	10,8%	5,2%	1,4%	1,9%	0,4%	4,7%	-3,1%	0,1%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	1 762	1 784	1 854	1 844	1 822	1 731	1 772	1 750	-0,7%	1,2%	3,9%	-0,5%	-1,2%	-5,0%	2,4%	-1,2%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	546	549	636	643	663	852	843	867	58,8%	0,5%	15,8%	1,1%	3,1%	28,5%	-1,1%	2,8%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet	No, only on intranet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Romania (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)																			
Judges							No	No											
Prosecutors							No	No											
Non-judge staff							No	No											
Lawyers							No	No											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							No	No											
Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)																			
Judges							No	No											
Prosecutors							No	No											
Non-judge staff							No	No											
Lawyers							No	No											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							No	No											
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																			
National programme for gender equality							No	No											
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																			
In courts (judges)							No	No											
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No											
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No											

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Slovakia

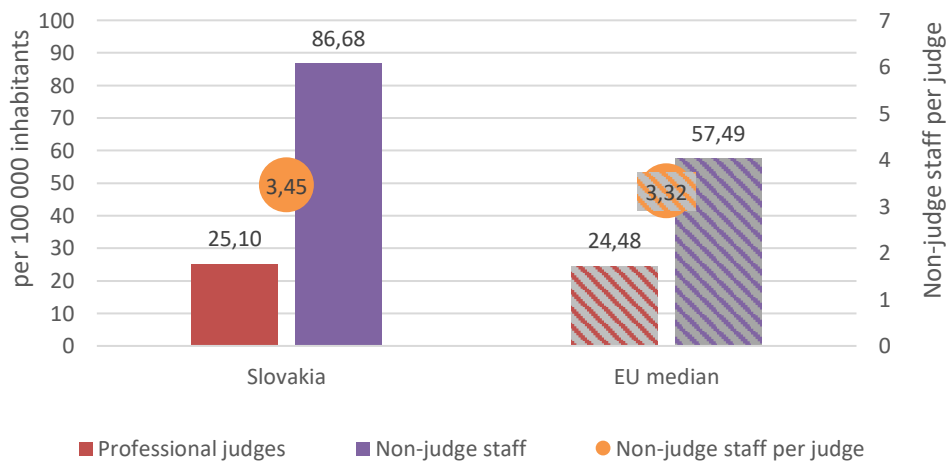
General data

Population: 5 457 873 **GDP:** 17 254 € **Average annual salary:** 13 198 €

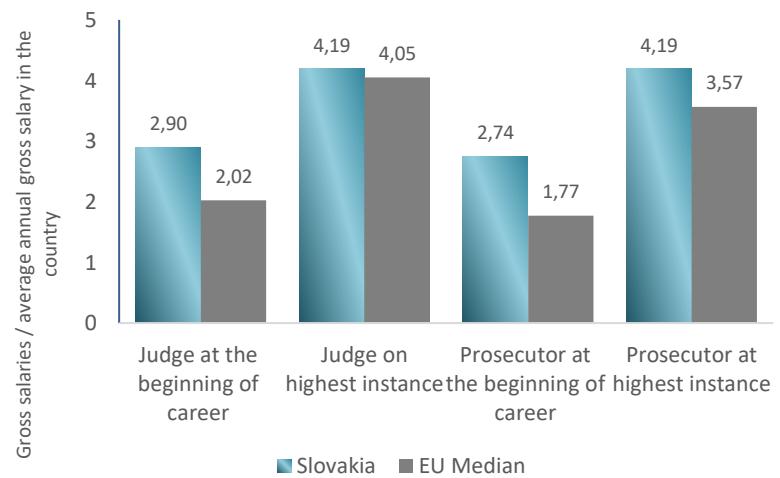
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
25,10	86,68	113,34	14,62
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

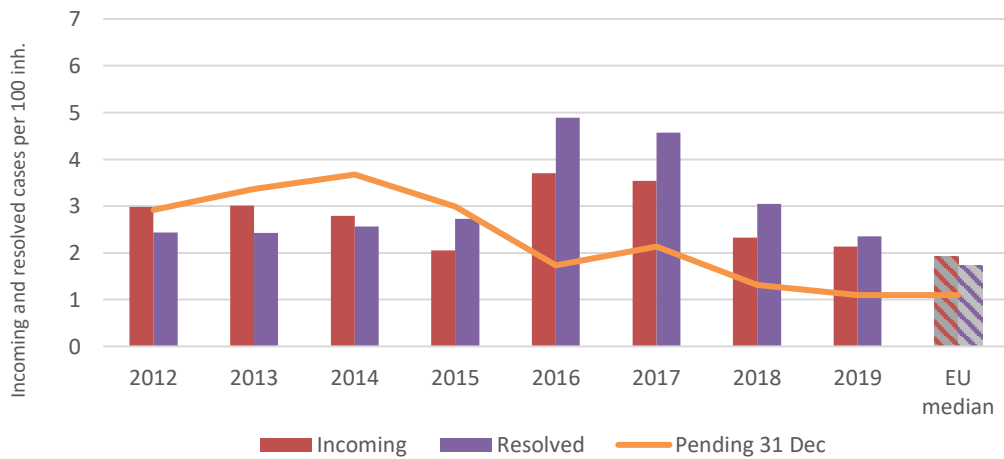


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

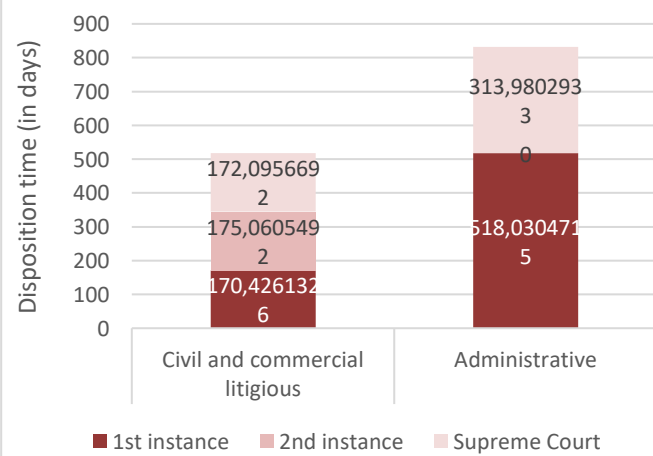


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

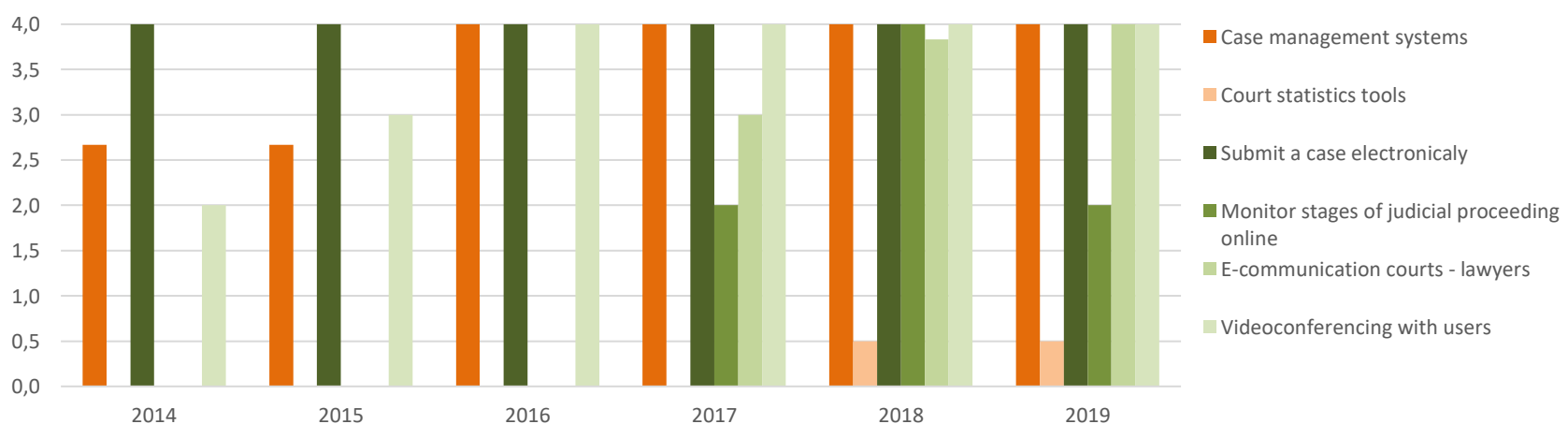


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Slovakia

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	0,9%	0,3%	0,3%	0,1%	0,1%
GDP per capita	13 207 €	13 319 €	13 880 €	14 400 €	14 910 €	15 620 €	16 550 €	17 254 €	30,6%	7,4%	11,0%	6,0%	4,3%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	9 660 €		10 296 €		10 944 €		12 156 €	13 198 €	36,6%	6,3%	11,1%		8,6%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	24,2	24,8	24,4	23,8	24,1	25,3	25,3	25,1	3,9%	-1,1%	4,8%	0,0%	-0,7%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	82,8	83,0	82,4	80,9	82,5	84,8	86,4	86,7	4,6%	0,1%	4,8%	1,9%	0,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	96,3	102,3	107,5	110,4	113,0	110,9	112,1	113,3	17,7%	5,1%	-0,8%	1,1%	1,1%
Mediators	11,7	15,6	19,7	23,0	26,7	30,6	16,8	14,6	25,0%	35,4%	-37,2%	45,2%	12,7%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0					

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,987	3,013	2,791	2,055	3,705	3,540	2,330	2,138	-28,4%	32,7%	-37,1%	-34,2%	-8,2%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,583	2,292	2,197	2,128	1,133	1,234	1,721	2,218	-14,1%	-48,4%	51,9%	39,4%	28,9%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	1,8	2,1	2,0	2,0	2,1	2,4	2,0	4,9	177,5%	7,3%	-3,6%	-16,7%	143,7%
Administrative law cases	0,347	0,2	0,2	0,198	0,163	0,093	0,093	0,101	-70,9%	-23,9%	-43,0%	0,4%	9,0%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	82%	81%	92%	133%	132%	129%	131%	110%	28,29	40,23	1,39	1,36	-20,71
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	98%	103%	101%	101%	93%	98%	98%	100%	2,07	-7,99	4,93	-0,08	2,14
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	100%	99%	101%	99%	99%	100%	102%	66%	-34,15	-2,73	2,83	1,72	-35,96
CR administrative law cases	47%	85%	125%	124%	112%	118%	96%	81%	34,21	-12,81	-15,92	-22,04	-14,73

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	437	505	524	401	130	171	157	170	-61,0%	-75,3%	21,3%	-7,9%	8,5%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	191	193	197	202	184	176	131	97	-49,0%	-6,9%	-28,8%	-25,7%	-25,6%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	25	27	23	26	27	26	25	208	738,4%	21,6%	-8,1%	-3,2%	725,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)	733	746	397	374	203	317	401	518	-29,4%	-49,0%	98,2%	26,7%	29,0%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,92	3,36	3,67	3,00	1,74	2,14	1,31	1,10	-62,4%	-52,8%	-24,5%	-38,8%	-16,2%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,33	1,25	1,20	1,19	0,53	0,58	0,60	0,59	-55,3%	-55,8%	13,9%	3,5%	-2,0%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	0,12	0,15	0,12	0,14	0,16	0,17	0,14	1,84	1429,9%	27,0%	8,8%	-17,9%	1199,7%
Administrative law cases	0,33	0,36	0,29	0,25	0,10	0,09	0,10	0,12	-64,5%	-65,2%	3,1%	3,5%	19,1%

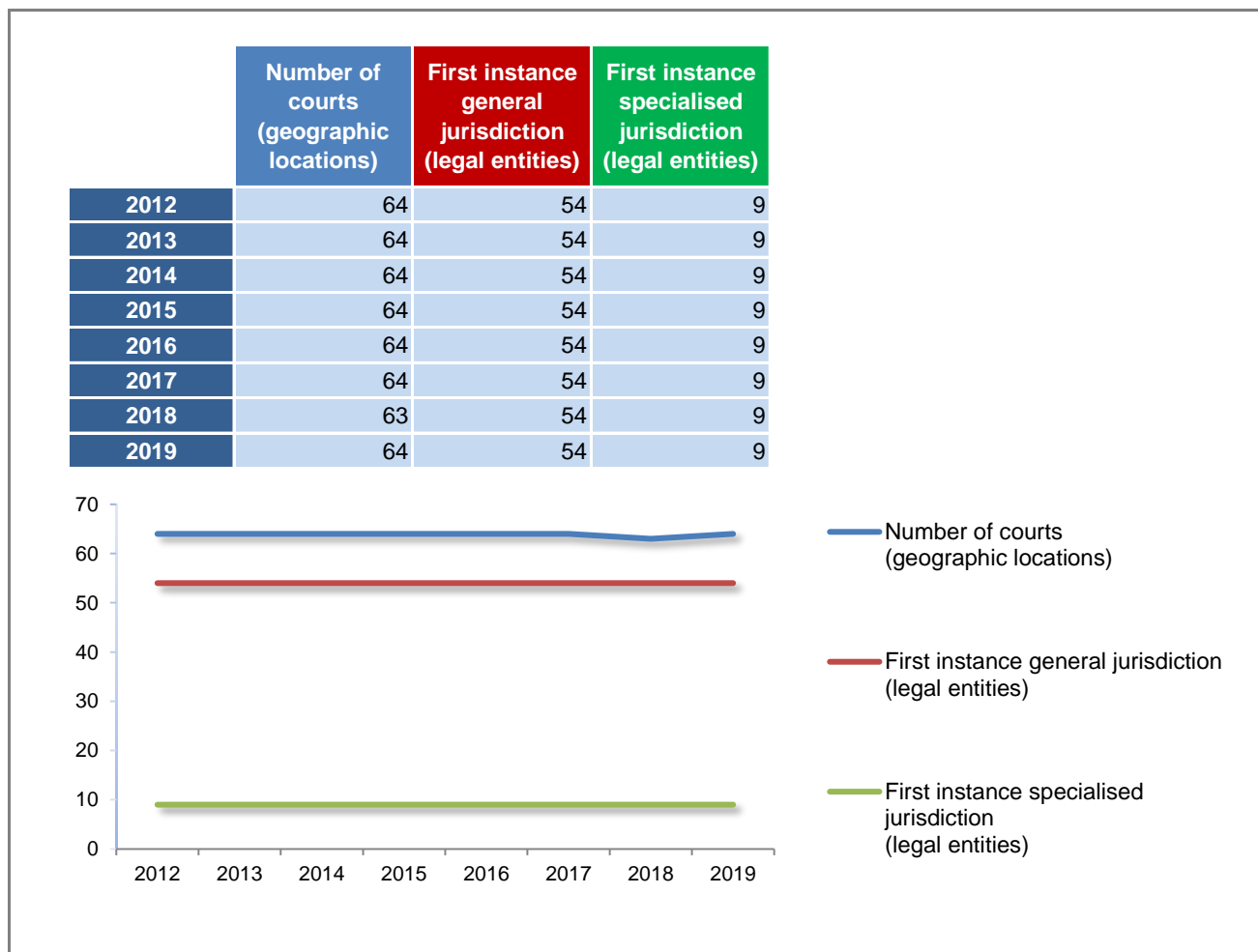
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	125%	116%	105%	111%	NA	NA	-20,75	-11,25	6,19
CR administrative law cases	93%	93%	111%	90%	92%	500%	250%	-	-19,44	158,33	-250,00		

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	121	168	186	175	NA	NA	54,0%	10,9%	-5,8%

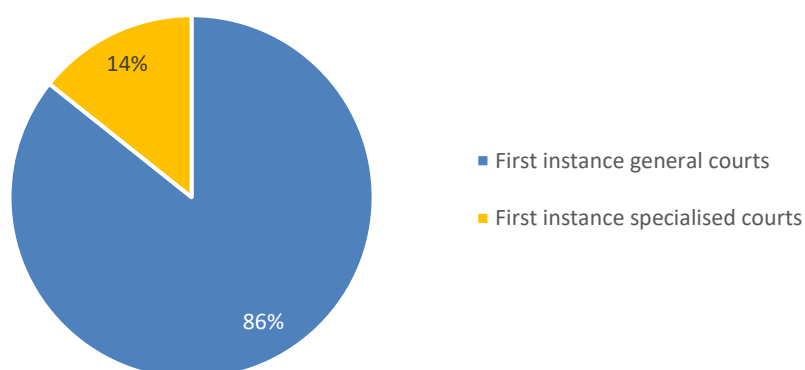
DT administrative law cases (days)	135	135	110	154	299	292	73	-		172,7%	-75,6%	-75,0%	
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	122%	117%	106%	NA	NA	NA	-4,78	-10,93
CR administrative law cases	88%	-	79%	84%	108%	162%	120%	111%	23,78	28,87	12,06	42,21	-8,34
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	104	127	172	NA	NA	NA	22,9%	35,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)	202	-	311	371	354	275	297	314	55,3%	14,0%	-16,2%	8,1%	5,7%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Slovakia

The entire court system of the Slovak republic consists of 54 District Courts, 8 Regional Courts, The Specialized Criminal Court and the Supreme Court of the Slovak republic.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts	
Total	9
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP
Labour courts	NAP
Family courts	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and internet related disputes	1
Administrative courts	8
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP
Military courts	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP

In the Slovak court system there are 8 Regional courts which are the courts with dual competence. The Regional courts are the courts of appeal with the general jurisdiction in the civil, commercial and the criminal cases. In the appellate procedure they decide the appeals lodged against the decisions of all District courts within their local jurisdiction. At the same time the Regional courts have the jurisdiction as the courts of first instance in administrative matters. They act as the administrative courts.

The Specialized Criminal court is competent to judge the grave criminal matters enumerated in the § 14 of the Criminal procedure Code (e. g. premeditated murder, corruption, terrorism, organised crime, severe economic crimes, damaging the financial interests of the EU etc.)

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Slovakia

• Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
566 444 061 €

Implemented:
619 399 820 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

The global budgetary sum allocated to whole justice system consists of the approved and implemented budgets of four bodies with own individual budget: Ministry of Justice, Supreme Court, General Prosecutors Office and Judicial Council. The budget of the Ministry of Justice is composed of two parts– the budget of the prison service and the budget assigned both to courts (except the Supreme Court) and to the ministry itself. The budget of the Supreme Court comprises the budget for its own functioning. Judicial Council of the Slovak republic administers its own budgetary chapter in the state budget.

A substantial part of the expenditures are covered from the state budget.

In the category “other” is stated the budget of the Judicial Academy, which is the educational and training institution for judges, prosecutors and court staff is subsumed.

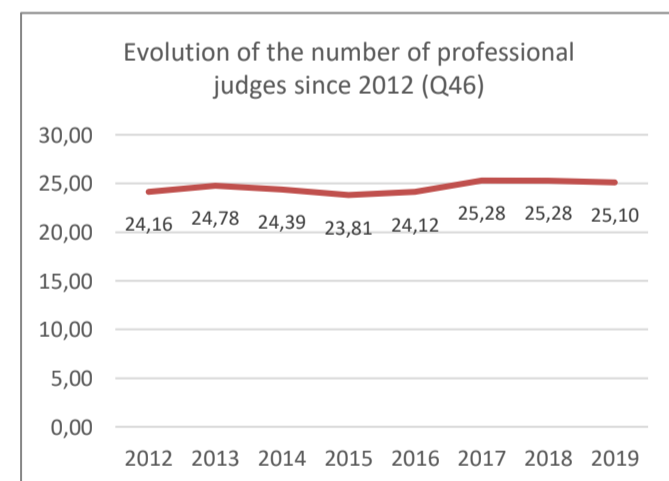
The used methodology for 2019 data is the same as in the previous cycles.

• Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	1 307	24,16	37,4%	62,6%
2013	1 342	24,78	37,5%	62,5%
2014	1 322	24,39	37,5%	62,5%
2015	1 292	23,81	38,2%	61,8%
2016	1 311	24,12	38,2%	61,8%
2017	1 376	25,28	36,8%	63,2%
2018	1 378	25,28	37,2%	62,8%
2019	1 370	25,10	40,3%	59,7%

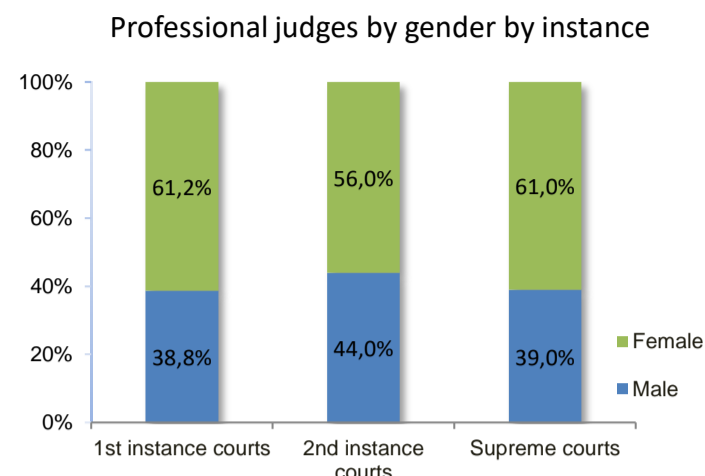


According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Slovakia is 1 370 which is 0,6% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Slovakia, in 2019 there are 25,1 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,5 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was at 3,4 non-judge staff per judge).

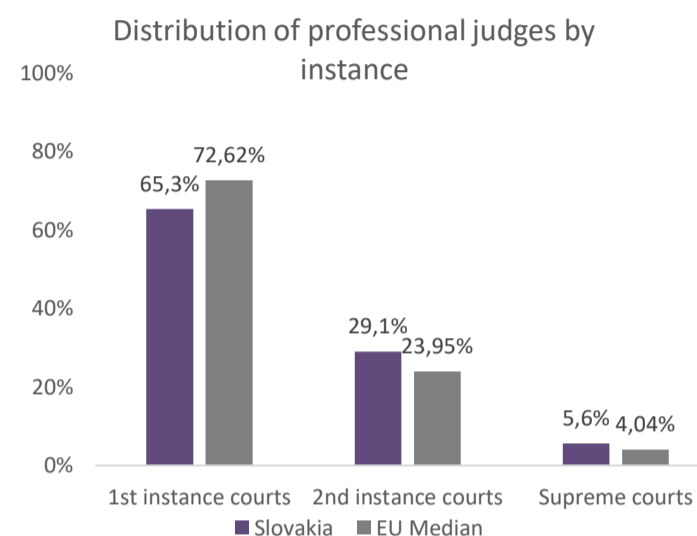
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	895	347	548
2nd instance courts	398	175	223
Supreme courts	77	30	47
Total	1 370	552	818



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	65,3%	38,8%	61,2%
2nd instance courts	29,1%	44,0%	56,0%
Supreme courts	5,6%	39,0%	61,0%



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 818 which represents 59,7% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 895 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 548 are female) ; 398 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 223 are female) and 77 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 47 are female).

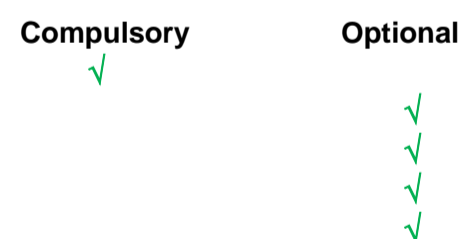
As regards the distribution male/female, it should be noticed that the number of female professional judges is higher than the one of male professional judges at all levels.

The provided total corresponds to the number of judges actually performing their functions. Put differently, judges who are temporarily assigned to other institutions (Ministry of Justice, Judicial Academy, other judicial institutions), judges granted maternity leave etc. are not considered in the provided figure.

The Number of Supreme Court professional judges is 77 for the full time judges. There are 7 temporarily assigned judges as well (2 women and 5 men).

In Slovakia, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:



In 2017, the Act No. 385/2000 Coll. on Judges and Lay Judges was amended and the main change related to the new type of selection procedure. According to the new legal regulation the initial training is considered as a necessary precondition to be appointed judge for those who successfully passed through all parts of selection procedure. The initial training for future judges is four day training, organized by Judicial Academy, as a rule, once or twice per year, following the completed selection procedure. It is an educational event where future judges are trained in disciplinary responsibility, professional ethics, the status of judges, and the second half of initial training deals with the practical issues from work with office rules of courts to practicing skills as a judge in simulated trial.

Judicial Academy of the Slovak Republic organizes educational events on the basis of Annual Academic Plan. This plan is formed according to the scope of education of judges determined by the Judicial Council in consent with the Minister and the scope of education of prosecutors determined by the General Prosecutor. The Annual Academic Plan is approved every year by the Board of the Academy. Educational events are scheduled evenly for all representatives of whole target group.

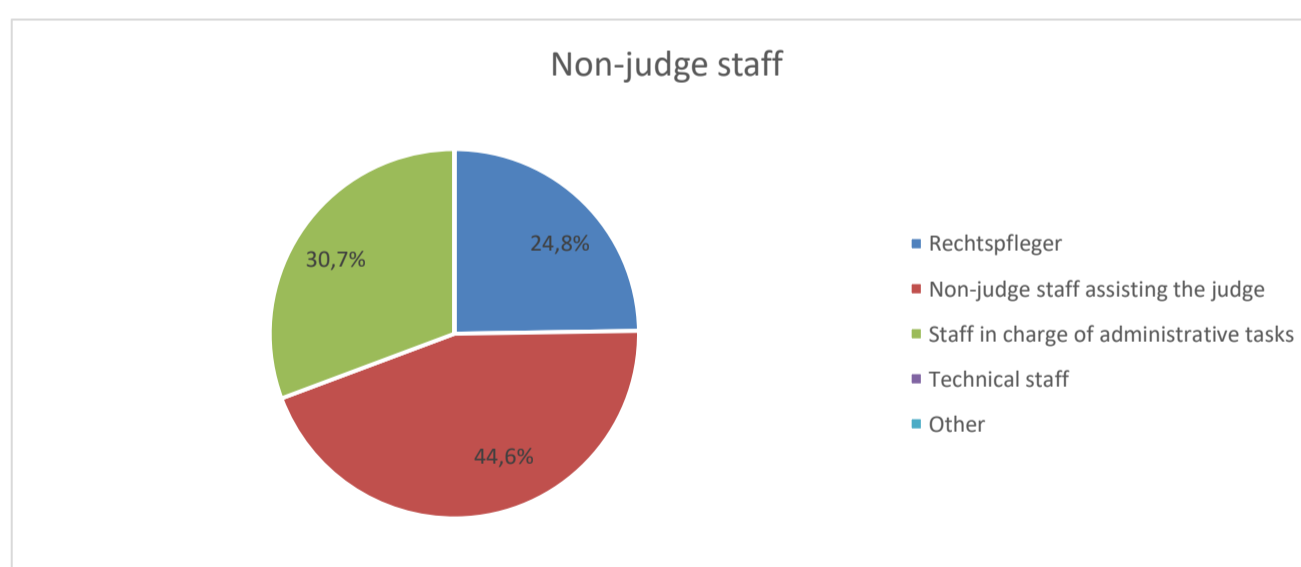
Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	263	NAP
1. Only for judges	94	NAP
2. Only for prosecutors	78	NAP
3. Only for other non-judge staff	28	NAP
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	25	NAP
5. Other common training	38	NAP

According to Act No. 548/2003 Coll. on Judicial Academy, Academy is obliged to serve as a specialized educational institution for judges, prosecutors, judicial trainees, trainees in prosecutor's office, judicial officers, assistants of judges of Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic, and other judicial officers under the supervision of Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic. In section named "Other common training" are used number of educational events in days (38) where prevailed training in soft skills (communication skills, work with media or time management), training in interdisciplinary matters (psychology of interrogation or deposition, management of stressful situation in the cases of juveniles, etc.).

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	4 482	1 046	2 079	1 357	NA	NA
2013	4 497	1 083	2 055	NA	NA	1 359
2014	4 468	1 030	2 105	NA	NA	1 333
2015	4 390	1 001	2 011	NA	NA	1 378
2016	4 482	937	2 143	NA	NA	1 402
2017	4 616	1 015	2 169	NA	NA	1 432
2018	4 710	1 067	2 185	NA	NA	1 458
2019	4 731	1 171	2 108	1 452	NA	NA



In Slovakia, in this cycle there are 4 731 non-judge staff (among which 3 776 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,4%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 1 171 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 782 are women);
- 2 108 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 1 977 are women);
- 1 452 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 1 017 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 86,4 in 2018 to 86,7 in 2019).

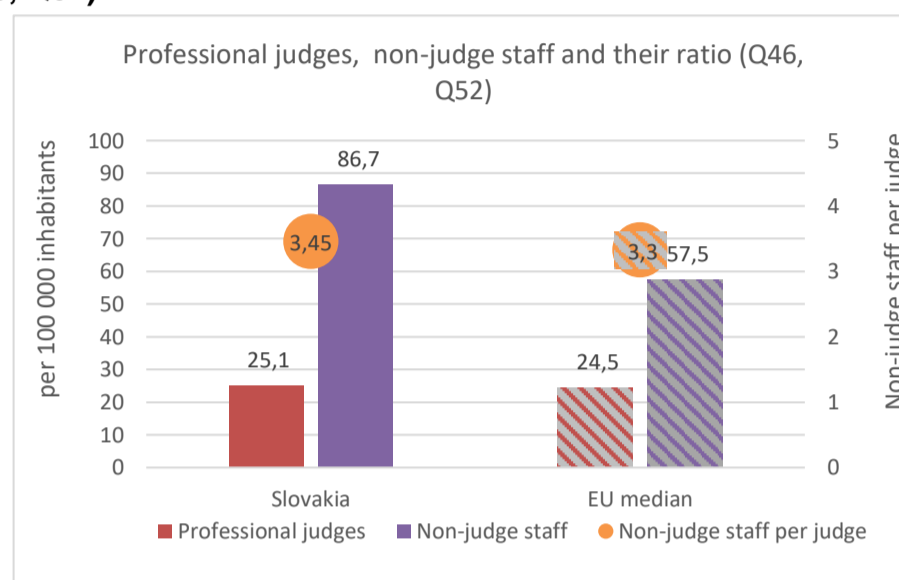
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants decreases from 25,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 25,1 in 2019.

The Department of Human Resources Development of the Ministry of Justice keeps records of the number of staff for all courts, including for the Supreme Court. The latter has also its own records on the number of staff. It should be highlighted that the records of the Ministry of Justice sorts all non-judge staff to various categories which differ from the categories listed in the CEPEJ questionnaire. For the purpose of this questionnaire the numbers include:

1. Rechtspfleger: includes higher judicial officers.
 2. This category includes at the level of district and regional courts the court assistants (clerks) and the court secretaries. At the level of the Supreme court it includes Judicial assistants (lawyers helping judges in legal research, drafting decisions and providing legal support) and court clerks.
 3. Staff in charge of different administrative - in this category we included the rest of total number of non-judge court staff. This include civil servants responsible for court administration, supervision of non-judge staff, employees responsible for contact with the public (information centre, filing office), archives, technical staff, drivers etc.
- Due to different categorisation of non-judge staff in the records of the central court management institution (Ministry of Justice) it was not possible to divide the rest of non-judge staff to categories 4. and 5.

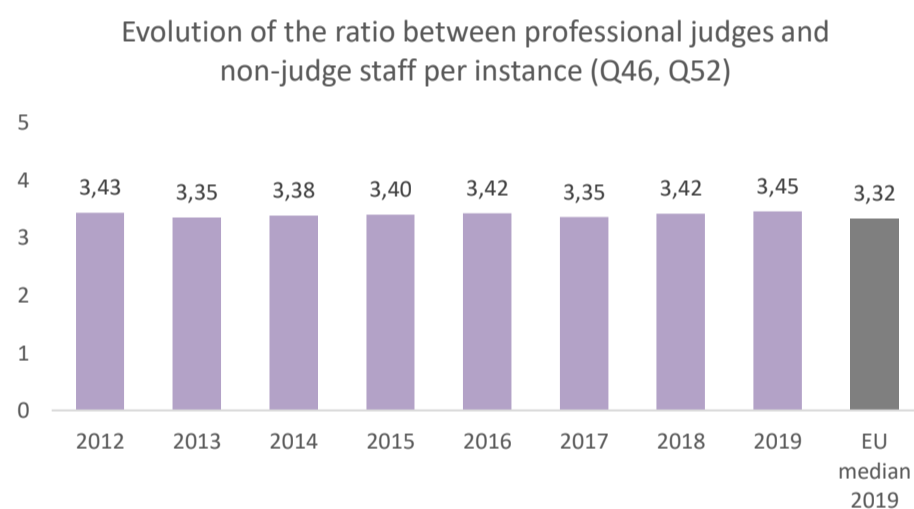
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Slovakia	EU median
Professional judges	25,1	24,5
Non-judge staff	86,7	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,45	3,3



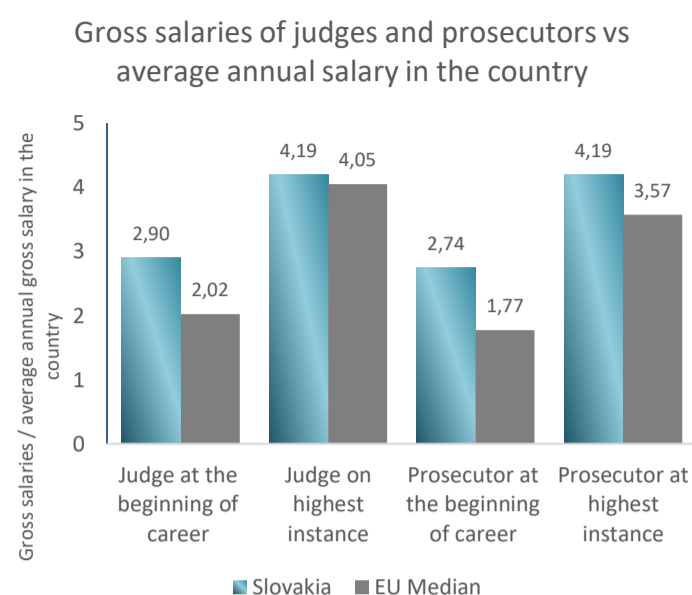
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Ratio
2012	3,43
2013	3,35
2014	3,38
2015	3,40
2016	3,42
2017	3,35
2018	3,42
2019	3,45



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	38 291 €	NA	2,90
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	55 310 €	NA	4,19
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	36 164 €	NA	2,74
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	55 310 €	NA	4,19



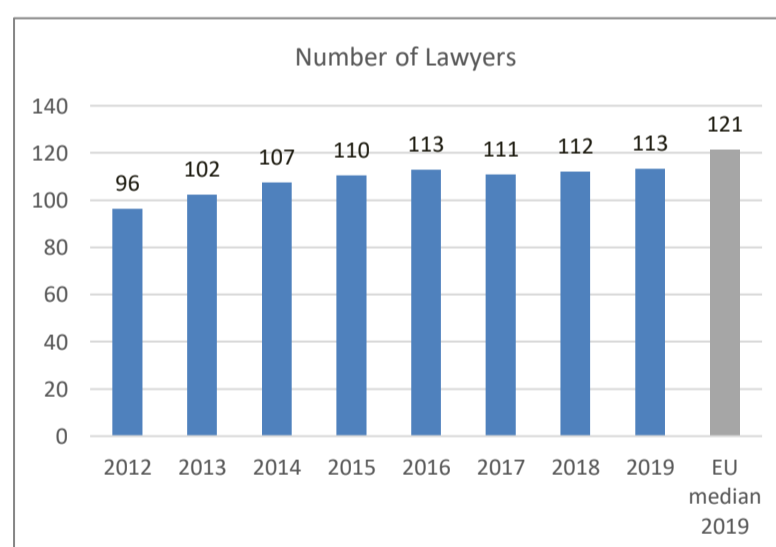
The stated sums represent the basic gross salary of judges/prosecutors without bonuses and supplements. According to the Act on Judges (No. 385/2000 Coll.) the average basic monthly salary of the judge equals the monthly salary of the Member of Parliament (3039 € per month in 2019). The monthly salary of the judge at the beginning of the career is 90% of this salary. The monthly salary of the judge of the Supreme Court is 130% of the monthly salary of the Member of Parliament. The judge is entitled to have 2 additional monthly salaries (in May and in November) unless he/she do not meet the conditions stipulated in law. The sum of annual average salary stated in this questionnaire counts for 12 months salaries.

All bonuses and supplements are stipulated by law. For example the annual supplement for the presiding judge (presiding over the panel of 3 judges) at the appeal court level 5% from the basic salary, at the Supreme court it is 20%. The functional supplement granted to the court president depends on the number of judges at the court. For example the annual supplement for the president of District court with up to 10 judges is 8% from the basic salary, at the court with more than 10 judges it is 10%. The annual supplement for the president of Regional (appeal) court is 15%.

Specific supplement belongs to the judges of the Specialized Criminal court and to the judges of the Supreme court deciding on the remedies against the decisions of that court.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	5 210	96,29
2013	5 541	102,31
2014	5 827	107,48
2015	5 993	110,44
2016	6 142	113,00
2017	6 037	110,91
2018	6 112	112,14
2019	6 186	113,34

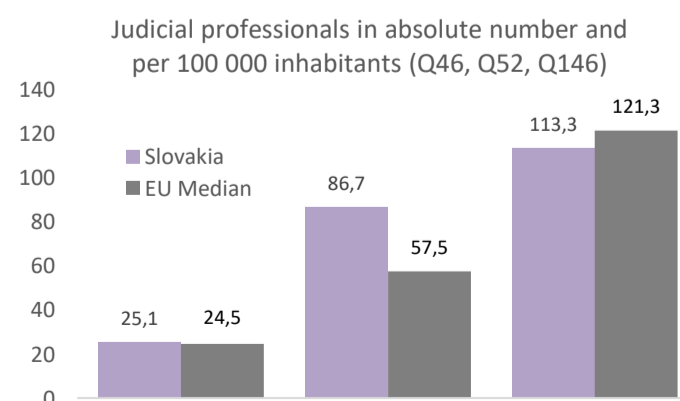


In 2019, there are 6 186 lawyers, which is 1,2% more than in 2018.

This data of 113,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is around the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 370	25,10	24,48
Non judge staff	4 731	86,68	57,49
Lawyers	6 186	113,34	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved and implemented public budgets allocated to legal aid are not available.

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>Implemented</u>
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	5 402 145 €	8 768 732 €
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA
◦ Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court:	NA	NA
- In criminal law cases:	NA	NA
- In other than criminal law cases:	NA	NA

The sum stated above represents exclusively the approved budget/part of the budget of the Legal Aid Centre which is the institution granting legal aid to persons in material need in all types of legal disputes except for criminal cases. As regards the criminal cases, the costs for legal aid represents the fees for counsels appointed by the court "ex officio" to defendants in case of compulsory defense. These costs are not predetermined in the budget of courts and they are paid continuously from the budget allocated to the functioning of the courts and therefore cannot be separated. The sum stated in approved public budget allocated to legal aid is adjusted according the CEPEJ explanatory note ("Administrative costs resulting from such procedures (e.g. salaries of free legal aid services staff) should be excluded", therefore there is decrees in the declared approved budget).

In Slovakia, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	√	√
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	√	√
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):		
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	√	

Under the section 5c of the Act on Providing Legal Aid to persons in material need No. 327/2005: Legal aid shall also include: -appointment of an interpreter

- translation of documents necessary for decision on merits
- inevitable travel costs of foreign applicant]

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Victims are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

According to law no. 327/2005 Z. z. Centre for Legal Aid (Centre for Legal Aid – official name) is providing legal services for victims only in civil cases and not in criminal cases. If the court decides to pursue the victim´s claim in an adhesion proceeding, the Centre for Legal Aid can provide legal services to the victim and victims are able to choose their lawyer. In the criminal proceedings an "ex officio" counsel is appointed to the defendant by the court free of charge in the situations where compulsory defense is required by the law. Defendant is not entitled to choose the lawyer paid by state. If the defendant decides to choose a lawyer oneself, this lawyer does not fall within the legal aid scheme.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

There is a general rule that the plaintiff is obliged to pay a court fee to commence the civil proceedings. The Act on the Court fees (No. 71/1992 Coll.) provides for the exceptions to the general obligation to pay the court fee. The law stipulates the exhaustive list of the subjects who as a litigants are not obliged to pay the court fee (e.g. the state, prosecutor, foundations, consumers in disputes arisen from consumer contracts etc.) as well as the list of specific types of court proceedings wholly exempted from the court fees (e. g. the proceedings on guardianship and trusteeship, the maintenance proceedings, etc.).

Except for the situations stipulated in the Act on the court fees, in the civil procedure the court is entitled to grant the exoneration from the court fees in consideration the social and economical circumstances of the litigant.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

For certain types of claims and/or applications, the Act No 71/1992 on court fees stipulates different rates or amounts of court fees. Court fees have to be paid to start proceedings except for claims (proceedings) where exemption is awarded by law or granted by the court.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 180€

In case the action for 3000€ debt recovery is applied for court electronically the discount is 50% so the amount is 90 euros then.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

There are few specifics regarding caseload data for Slovakia that have to be pointed out. For 2016 data, new methodology was implemented based on the working group's conclusions and CEPEJ mission's recommendation (06/2016). Former reporting structure was not consistent with the methodology of CEPEJ, which could lead to inappropriate comparison of Slovak Republic (SR) with other countries. Also, the Ministry of Justice (MoJ) realized that evaluation of courts' performance by disposed and unresolved (decided and undecided) cases is discriminating SR in comparison with other countries in European Union (EU) as this methodology is not counting a decision of first instance court as disposed until the case becomes valid. This results into reporting such case as unresolved despite respective court has already made a decision and it is no longer in its disposition how - and more importantly when - the case will be resolved (disposed) by the second instance court. This was the nature of reporting of many "unresolved" cases on courts despite court already decided, in fact. Newly proposed way of reporting extracts the numbers of decided cases in respective court instances from "unresolved" and allocates these numbers to those court instances that made an actual decision in respective time. This means that decision validity state is not being awaited for as it could potentially contain an appeal and thus also a time that a case spends on second instance court. Upon decision's validity the case would become „disposed/resolved“ at the first instance court but most probably it would not be disposed in the same period when it was decided by the (first instance) court. This past methodology (applied by 2016) resulted (visually) in accumulation of unresolved cases while some of them were already decided by first instance court. The new applied methodology for data 2019 should be comparable with the CEPEJ methodology .

The changes in the total number of Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year - the courts, which did not comply with the established methodology for reporting bankruptcy and restructuring, corrected the data in 2019 and thus the initial state of 2019, which causes differences compared to 2018 pending cases. Similar situation is in the other non-litigious cases, where the methodology for the cases (acceptance of things into custody of court) was changed due the legislation changes in the court register during the year 2019.

According to the act. no. 390/2019 Coll. on the end user of benefits for entrepreneurs, the entrepreneurs became obliged to make the corresponding entry in the Business Register by 31 December 2019. The increase in new-coming cases was mainly in the last three months of 2019 by 117 thousand cases in business register courts.

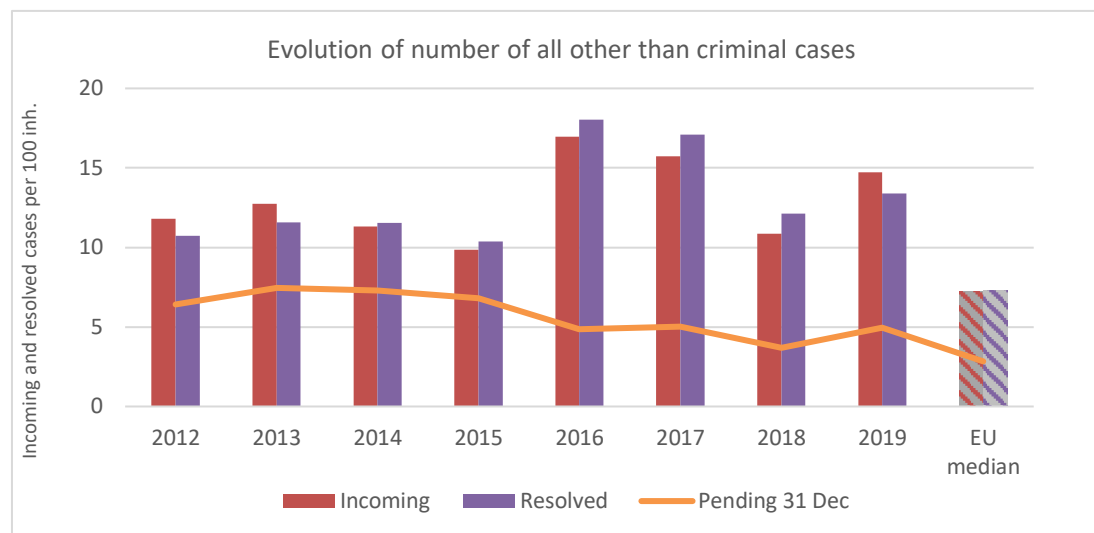
The deadline for processing proposals for the registration of end-user benefit data by the court has been postponed to 30 June 2020, due to the large expected new-coming cases of business records at the end of the year.

The category "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases" includes all cases arisen from legal relationships regulated by family law (maintenance cases, custody of the child, visiting rights, guardianship, divorce cases with the ruling on rights and obligations towards the minor child etc.), cases related to assessment of the legal capacity of natural persons, reminder procedure (electronic payment orders).

The category "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases" includes all cases arisen from legal relationships regulated by family law (maintenance cases, custody of the child, visiting rights, guardianship, divorce cases with the ruling on rights and obligations towards the minor child etc.), cases related to assessment of the legal capacity of natural persons, reminder procedure (electronic payment orders).

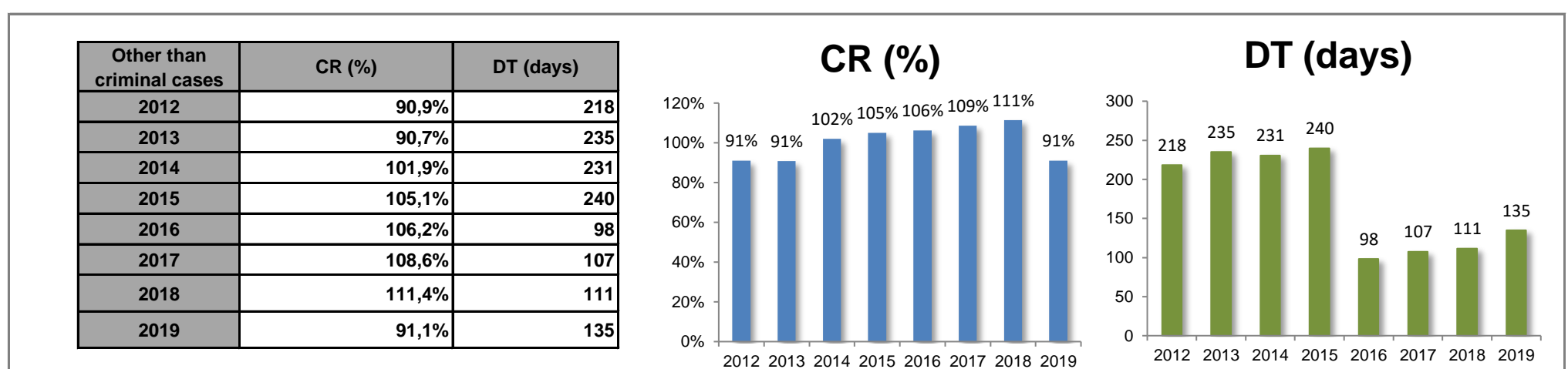
First instance cases

◦ *Total other than criminal cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Slovakia (14,71 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Slovakia (13,40 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly above the EU median (7,27 per 100 inhabitants).

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (4,95 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



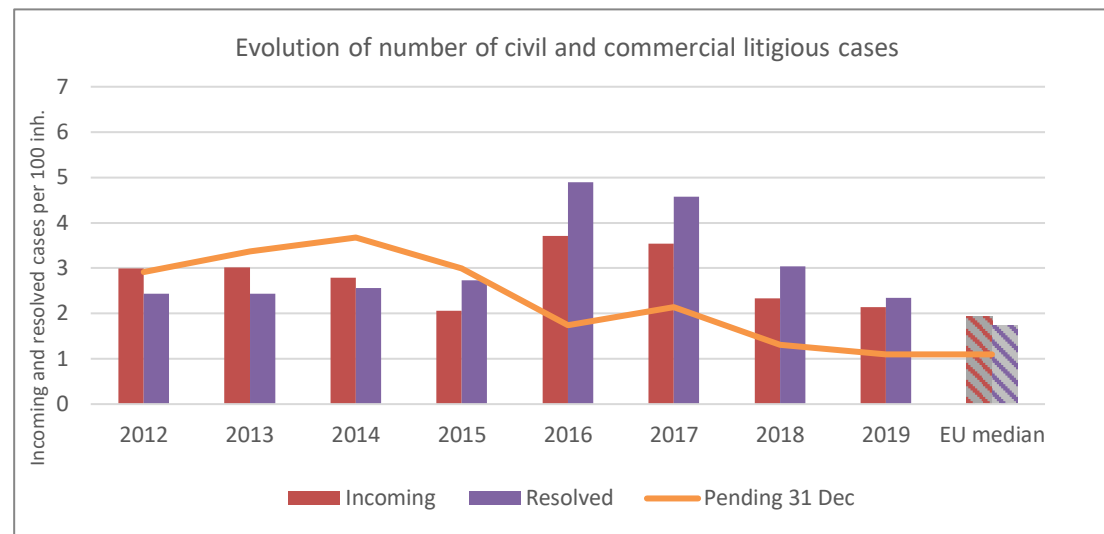
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 91,1% in 2019 Slovakia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 20,3 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 135 days, which is above the EU median of 111 days.

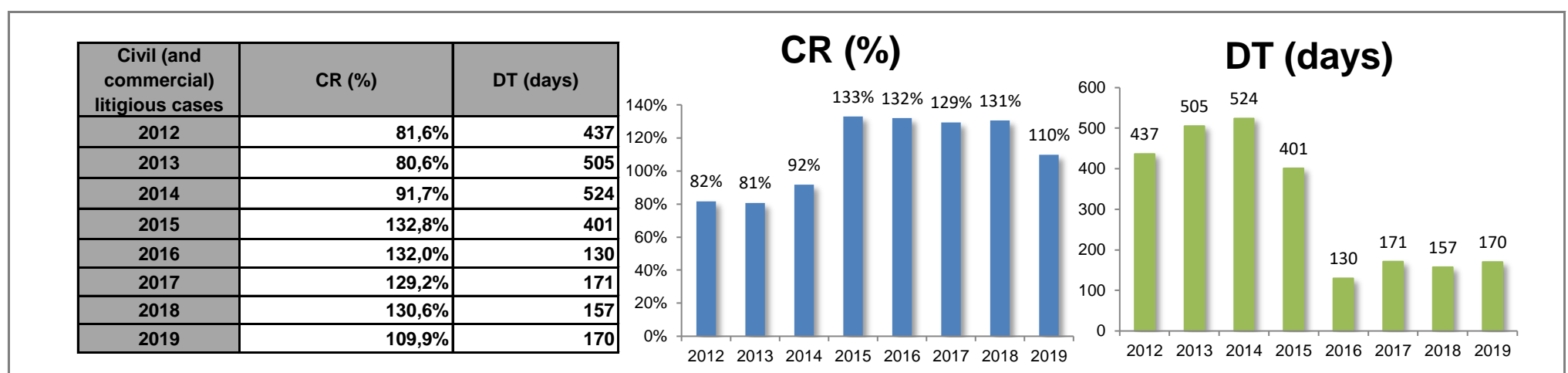
Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 21,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Slovakia (2,14 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 2,35 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 1,73 per 100 inhabitants.

The number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Slovakia (1,10 per 100 inhabitants) is the same as the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 109,9% in 2019, Slovakia seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

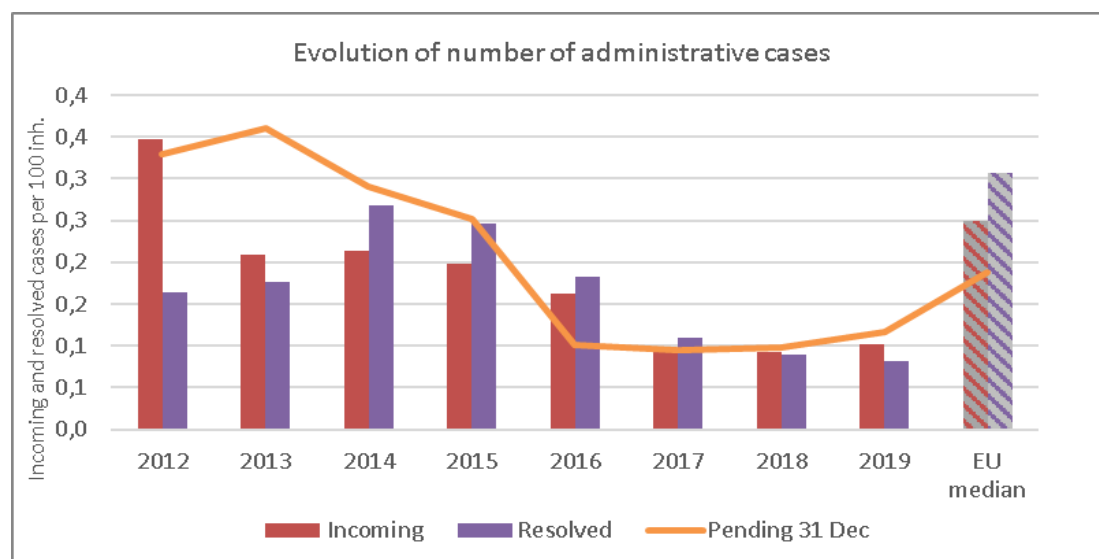
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 20,7 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 170 days, which is below the EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 8,5% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

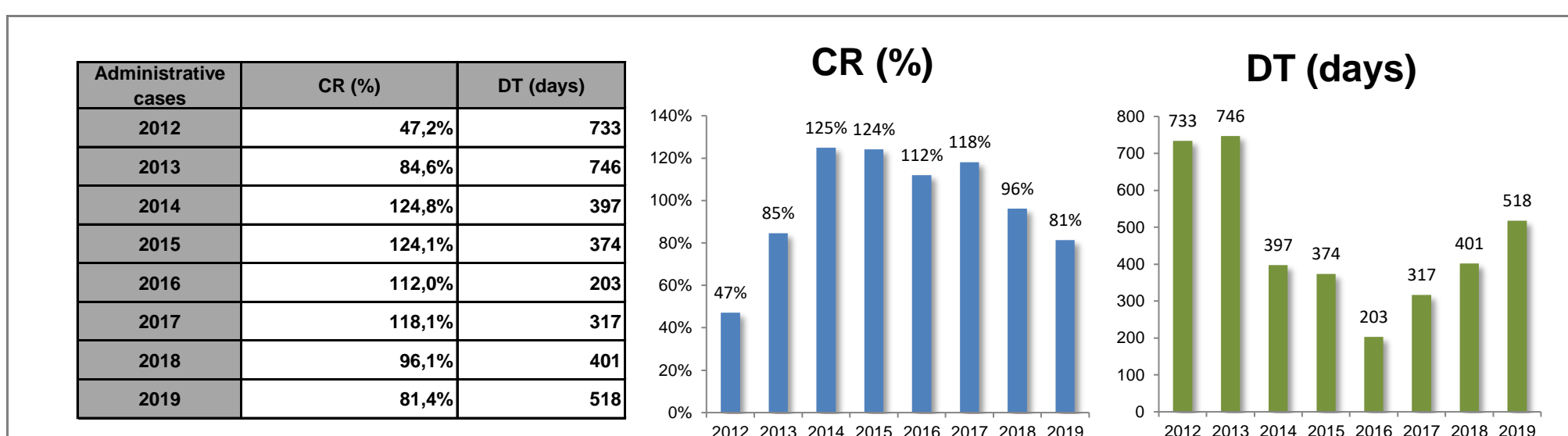
◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Slovakia (0,10 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 (0,08 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly below the EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants).

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,12 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 81,4% in 2019, Slovakia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

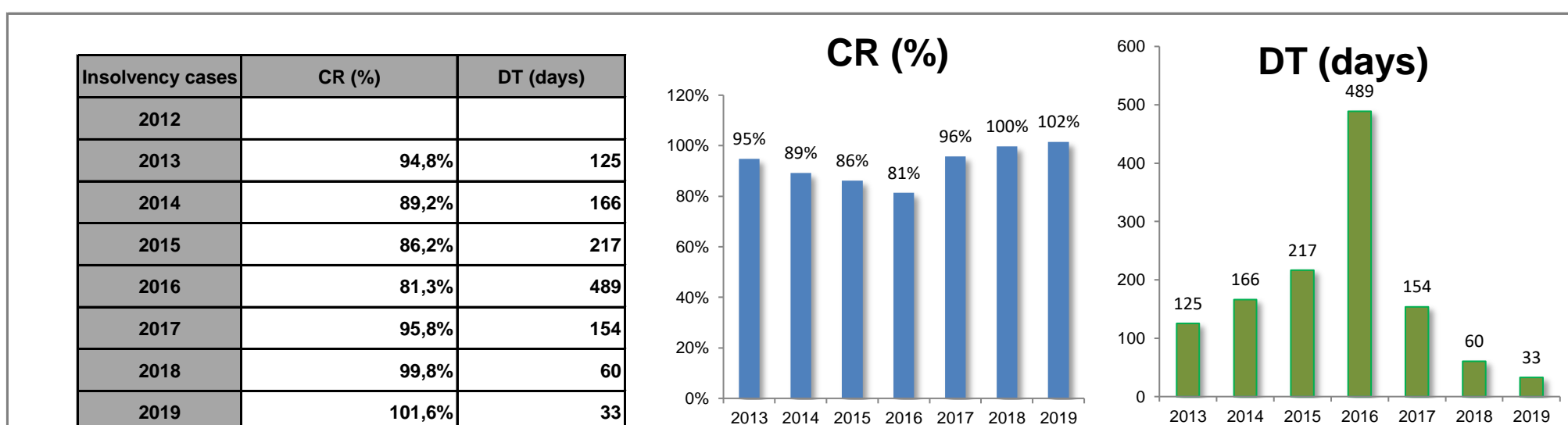
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 14,7 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 518 days, which is significantly above the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 29,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 101,6% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Slovakia to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

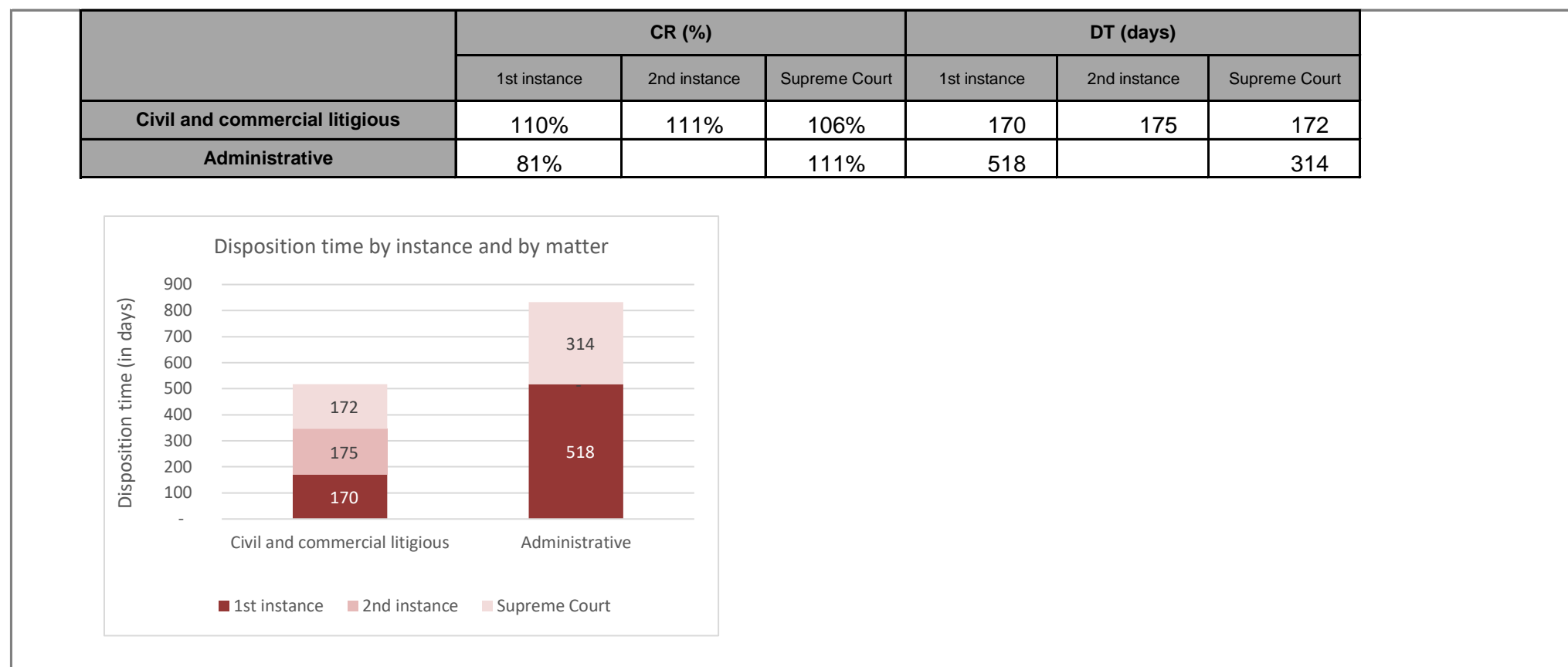
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,8 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 33 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 45,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The difference between pending cases on 1 Jan. 2019 and the final state pending cases on 31st of December 2018, is due to the findings of a non-uniform method of reporting cases in the insolvency agenda among the our courts. Based on these findings, the courts were instructed/directed on how to report the number of decided insolvency cases. Subsequently, the courts were allowed to record the actual state of pending cases on 1 Jan. 2019, that the methodology is the same for all courts and in the whole year (2019) period. For the next year, these differences should not occur, due to the automatic transfer of the data from the end of period (2019) into the beginning of the monitored period 2020 in the electronic data collection.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



Comparison between civil and commercial litigious cases on one side and administrative law cases on the other, reveals that courts in Slovakia act more efficiently in civil and commercial matters. Furthermore, it can be noted that disposition time (DT) of civil and commercial litigious cases is equal or below EU median levels, whereas DT of administrative cases is above EU median values. Analysis of the results of different court levels shows that three instances achieve very similar DT for civil and commercial cases (around 170 days). As regards administrative cases, it seems that first instance encounters much more difficulties as DT is significantly higher on that level (518 days).

The new structure of data presented by the Ministry of Justice should not cause the discrepancies and incompatibility with the previous cycles for second instance courts as it used to be in the past. At the level of the appeal courts the category "non-litigious cases" include appeals against the decision in cases related to minor child, inheritance cases, enforcement cases. The number of "administrative law cases" at the level of appeal courts encompasses administrative cases arisen from the previous expiring legislation (appeals lodged against decisions held by the District courts). The appeals against the decisions of the Regional courts as the administrative courts are tried by the Supreme court .

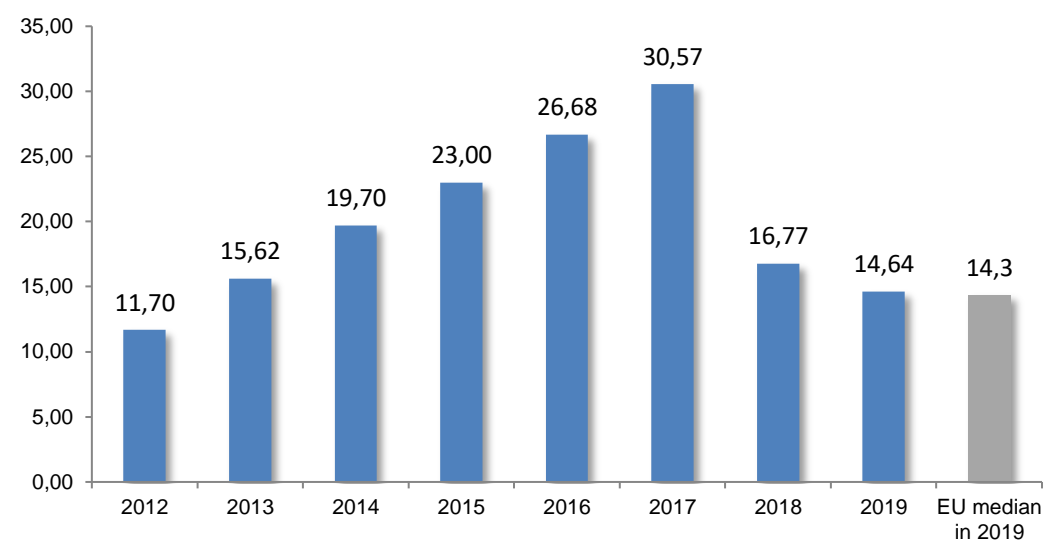
The collected statistical data for the Supreme Court do not distinguish the litigious and non-litigious cases. In the civil and commercial matters the Supreme court decides primarily on the applications for appellate review on legal questions. In the commercial cases it decides also in the appellate procedure against the decisions of the Regional courts as the courts of first instance. The administrative cases at the Supreme Court level includes the remedy procedures against the decisions of the Regional courts as the courts of first instance. Depending on the type of the administrative procedure it might be appeal procedure or the cassation review procedure.

● **Alternative dispute resolutions**

The judicial system in Slovakia provides court related mediation.

The court related mediation system in Slovakia does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	633	11,70
2013	846	15,62
2014	1 068	19,70
2015	1 248	23,00
2016	1 450	26,68
2017	1 664	30,57
2018	913	16,77
2019	798	14,64



In 2019, there are 798 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 14,6 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about -12,6%.

In criminal matters is mediation provided by the 81 Probation officers located on District Courts.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	1 118	20
Consumer cases	NA	NA

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

The majority of the data are collected monthly from the courts via application on collection of statistical data.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- other (please specify):

The category “other” encompasses: the number of cases according to types of disputes, the result of the case (reconciliation, dismissals, full satisfaction, partial satisfaction, etc.). Statistical data of the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic are detailed and regularly collected and published in a yearbook which is publicly accessible at the website of the Analytical centre of MoJ <https://www.justice.gov.sk/Stranky/Informacie/Analyticke-centrum.aspx>
<http://web.ac-mssr.sk/statisticka-rocenka-2018/>. Data on the activity of the courts are published every month in interactive Dashboard on the <http://web.ac-mssr.sk/dashboard/>.]

In Slovakia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

Each court has to provide monthly the Ministry of Justice with the detailed statistical output concerning the number of the incoming and resolved cases, the types of the cases, length of proceedings, the result of the case etc. Moreover, each court has to undergo an internal inspection every five years, aimed at reviewing the current state of performing of justice in order to detect reasons for potential weaknesses and to propose remedies. The report on the internal inspection is discussed and approved by the Judicial Council of the Slovak Republic. Among the assessed parameters are: personal and material conditions and workload of judges; status and reason of existing backlogs and eventual delays in proceedings; observance of procedural rules and legal time limits; timeliness of executing and dispatching of court decisions; the quality of preparation and the course of hearings; the effective utilization of the trial days and the reasons of adjourning of court sessions; the quality of work of court departments, record offices and court files; allocation of files according to the working schedule; the dignity of professional conduct of judges, judicial officials and court staff as well as the dignity of the court environment; the effectiveness of the complaint procedure.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

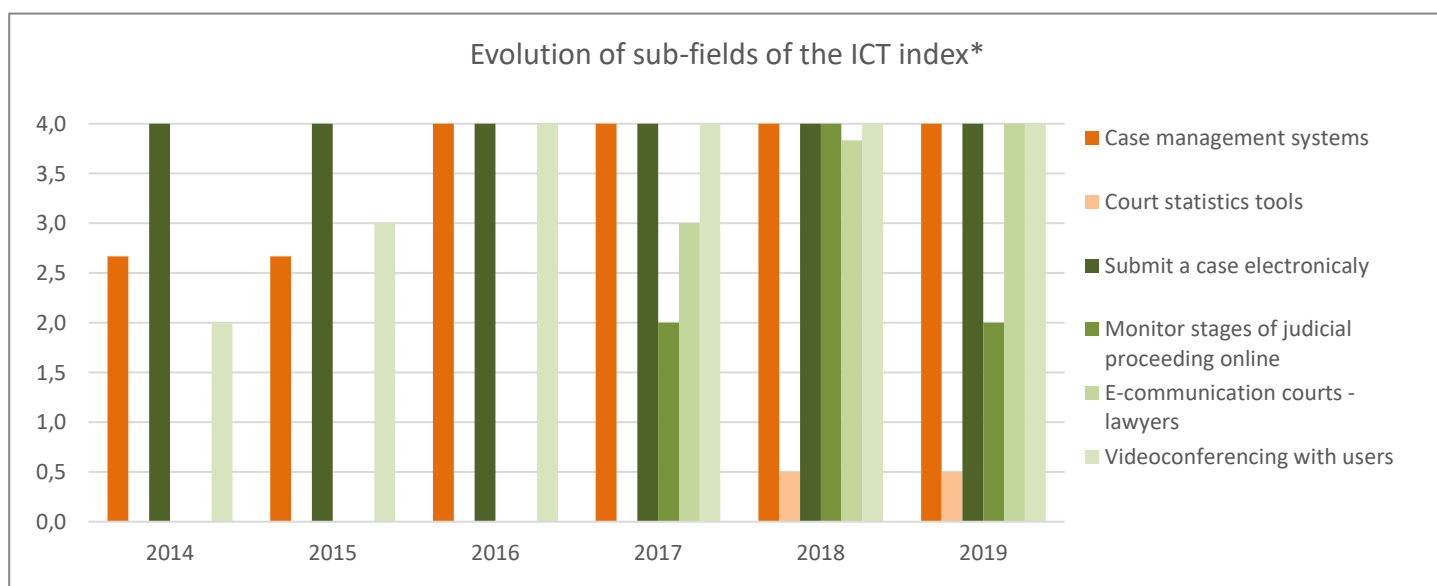
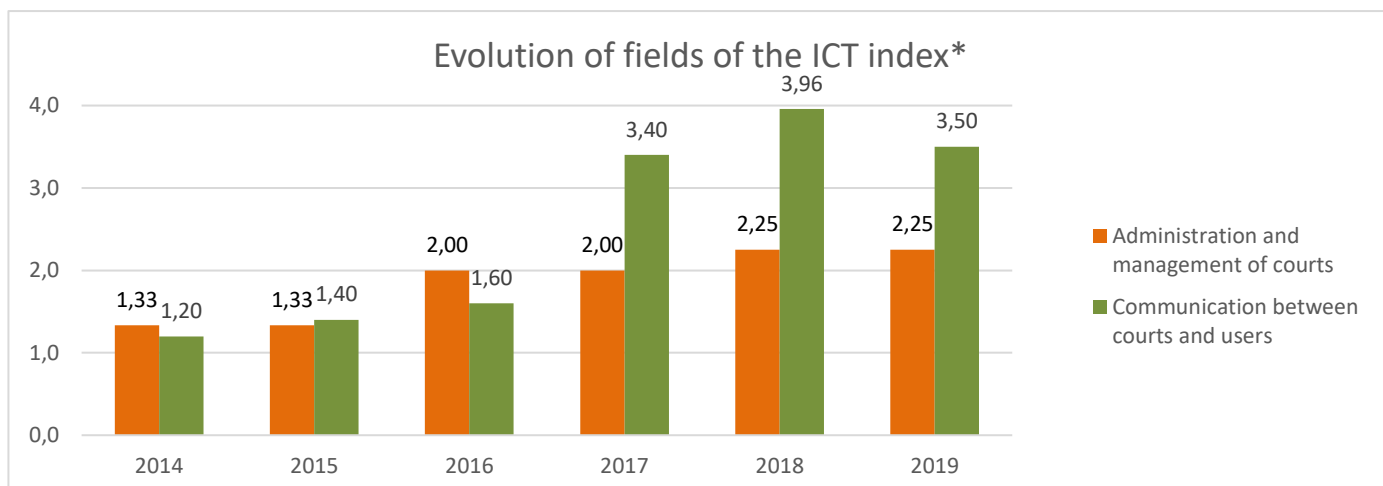
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	2,3
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	0,5
◦ Communication between court and users.	3,5
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	4,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	2,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	4,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations.

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Comments on measurement tools on workload

Application/tool collecting the time information about the activities of the judges, can be used for senior judicial officials as well. The tool is part of the project Case weighting analyses and the result should be used to assess the workload of the judges in the future. The tool is not connected to CMS and was still not developed at the full scale in 2019 (hence the deployment rate is 50-99%).

Statistical data

In Slovakia, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary which is the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic, Račianska 71, Bratislava
www.justice.gov.sk; <http://web.ac-mssr.sk/>.

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	0,9%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	0,2%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	13 207 €	13 319 €	13 880 €	14 400 €	14 910 €	15 620 €	16 550 €	17 254 €	30,6%	0,8%	4,2%	3,7%	3,5%	4,8%	6,0%	4,3%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	371 154 038	385 279 142	391 868 332	396 153 210	443 323 127	498 628 276	511 995 357	566 444 061	52,6%	3,8%	1,7%	1,1%	11,9%	12,5%	2,7%	10,6%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NA	NA	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	0,9%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	0,2%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	13 207 €	13 319 €	13 880 €	14 400 €	14 910 €	15 620 €	16 550 €	17 254 €	30,6%	0,8%	4,2%	3,7%	3,5%	4,8%	6,0%	4,3%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	371 154 038	385 279 142	391 868 332	396 153 210	443 323 127	498 628 276	511 995 357	566 444 061	52,6%	0 €	1,7%	1,1%	11,9%	12,5%	2,7%	10,6%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	452 066 684	493 212 109	493 301 707	518 059 134	567 131 165	619 399 820	-	-	-	9,1%	0,0%	5,0%	9,5%	9,2%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	0,9%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	0,2%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	371 154 038	385 279 142	391 868 332	396 153 210	443 323 127	498 628 276	511 995 357	566 444 061	52,6%	3,8%	1,7%	1,1%	11,9%	12,5%	2,7%	10,6%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	53 448 064	-	49 053 890	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	180	180	180	180	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	0,9%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	0,2%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	64	64	64	64	64	64	63	64	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-1,6%	1,6%

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) Fist instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 Fist instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	0,9%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	0,2%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	289 064	339 930	407 586	396 248	320 952	264 068	269 114	198 434	-31,4%	17,6%	19,9%	-2,8%	-19,0%	-17,7%	1,9%	-26,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	128 073	150 579	186 707	199 203	158 706	94 328	110 221	71 384	-44,3%	17,6%	24,0%	6,7%	-20,3%	-40,6%	16,8%	-35,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	74 501	71 696	71 485	81 504	89 392	84 730	-	-	-	-3,8%	-0,3%	14,0%	9,7%	-5,2%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	69 073	71 944	66 370	65 066	24 605	28 850	31 105	32 557	-52,9%	4,2%	-7,7%	-2,0%	-62,2%	17,3%	7,8%	4,7%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	8 131	6 630	6 946	8 442	9 390	7 719	-	-	-	-18,5%	4,8%	21,5%	11,2%	-17,8%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	6 224	6 510	8 131	6 630	6 946	8 442	9 390	7 719	24,0%	4,6%	24,9%	-18,5%	4,8%	21,5%	11,2%	-17,8%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	39 934	44 212	48 897	44 454	-	-	-	-	-	10,7%	10,6%	-9,1%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	7 883	17 815	18 656	16 271	6 575	5 509	5 155	5 352	-32,1%	126,0%	4,7%	-12,8%	-59,6%	-16,2%	-6,4%	3,8%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	77 811	93 082	127 722	109 078	84 186	82 727	64 346	36 968	-52,5%	19,6%	37,2%	-14,6%	-22,8%	-1,7%	-22,2%	-42,5%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	638 571	690 648	614 273	535 414	922 805	855 880	592 842	802 886	25,7%	8,2%	-11,1%	-12,8%	72,4%	-7,3%	-30,7%	35,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	161 645	163 200	151 315	111 489	201 368	192 663	126 997	116 709	-27,8%	1,0%	-7,3%	-26,3%	80,6%	-4,3%	-34,1%	-8,1%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	225 116	222 348	256 154	278 475	278 255	464 061	-	-	-	-1,2%	15,2%	8,7%	-0,1%	66,8%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	139 784	124 144	119 088	115 467	61 557	67 178	93 784	121 067	-13,4%	-11,2%	-4,1%	-3,0%	-46,7%	9,1%	39,6%	29,1%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	106 028	106 881	114 075	132 197	110 402	269 255	-	-	-	0,8%	6,7%	15,9%	-16,5%	143,9%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	96 186	111 931	106 028	106 881	114 075	132 197	110 323	269 255	179,9%	16,4%	-5,3%	0,8%	6,7%	15,9%	-16,5%	144,1%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	79	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	80 522	79 100	74 069	73 739	-	-	-	-	-	-1,8%	-6,4%	-0,4%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	18 797	11 296	11 612	10 764	8 861	5 036	5 063	5 525	-70,6%	-39,9%	2,8%	-7,3%	-17,7%	-43,2%	0,5%	9,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	222 159	280 077	226 230	190 813	456 422	379 706	182 527	216 591	-2,5%	26,1%	-19,2%	-15,7%	139,2%	-16,8%	-51,9%	18,7%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	580 653	626 660	626 110	562 478	979 689	929 579	660 330	731 135	25,9%	7,9%	-0,1%	-10,2%	74,2%	-5,1%	-29,0%	10,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	131 856	131 609	138 819	148 107	265 746	248 958	165 833	128 223	-2,8%	-0,2%	5,5%	6,7%	79,4%	-6,3%	-33,4%	-22,7%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	227 921	221 995	246 135	274 229	280 349	373 232	-	-	-	-2,6%	10,9%	11,4%	2,2%	33,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	137 139	128 210	120 392	116 136	57 312	65 911	91 943	121 284	-11,6%	-6,5%	-6,1%	-3,5%	-50,7%	15,0%	39,5%	31,9%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	107 529	105 859	112 579	131 932	112 073	176 512	-	-	-	-1,6%	6,3%	17,2%	-15,1%	57,5%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	95 900	110 331	107 529	105 859	112 579	131 932	111 994	176 512	84,1%	15,0%	-2,5%	-1,6%	6,3%	17,2%	-15,1%	57,6%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	79	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	76 244	76 386	76 333	75 436	-	-	-	-	-	0,2%	-0,1%	-1,2%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	8 865	9 560	14 496	13 361	9 927	5 950	4 866	4 496	-49,3%	7,8%	51,6%	-7,8%	-25,7%	-40,1%	-18,2%	-7,6%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	206 893	246 950	244 874	179 015	457 881	400 442	209 282	225 184	8,8%	19,4%	-0,8%	-26,9%	155,8%	-12,5%	-47,7%	7,6%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	346 982	403 918	395 749	369 184	264 068	273 420	201 626	270 185	-22,1%	16,4%	-2,0%	-6,7%	-28,5%	3,5%	-26,3%	34,0%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	157 862	182 170	199 203	162 585	94 328	116 418	71 385	59 870	-62,1%	15,4%	9,4%	-18,4%	-42,0%	23,4%	-38,7%	-16,1%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	71 696	72 049	81 504	89 567	87 298	175 559	-	-	-	0,5%	13,1%	9,9%	-2,5%	101,1%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	71 718	67 878	65 066	64 397	28 850	31 780	32 946	32 340	-54,9%	-5,4%	-4,1%	-1,0%	-55,2%	10,2%	3,7%	-1,8%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6 630	7 652	8 442	9 391	7 719	100 462	-	-	-	15,4%	10,3%	11,2%	-17,8%	1201,5%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	6 510	8 110	6 630	7 652	8 442	9 391	7 719	100 462	1443,2%	24,6%	-18,2%	15,4%	10,3%	11,2%	-17,8%	1201,5%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	44 212	48 396	46 633	42 757	-	-	-	-	-	9,5%	-3,6%	-8,3%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	17 815	19 551	15 772	13 674	5 509	5 166	5 352	6 381	-64,2%	9,7%	-19,3%	-13,3%	-59,7%	-6,2%	3,6%	19,2%

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	93 077	126 209	109 078	120 876	82 727	62 269	37 591	28 375	-69,5%	35,6%	-13,6%	10,8%	-31,6%	-24,7%	-39,6%	-24,5%

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	90,9%	90,7%	101,9%	105,1%	106,2%	108,6%	111,4%	91,1%	0,1%	-0,2%	12,3%	3,1%	1,1%	2,3%	2,6%	-18,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	81,6%	80,6%	91,7%	132,8%	132,0%	129,2%	130,6%	109,9%	34,7%	-1,1%	13,8%	44,8%	-0,7%	-2,1%	1,1%	-15,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,2%	99,8%	96,1%	98,5%	100,8%	80,4%	-	-	-	-1,4%	-3,8%	2,5%	2,3%	-20,2%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	98,1%	103,3%	101,1%	100,6%	93,1%	98,1%	98,0%	100,2%	2,1%	5,3%	-2,1%	-0,5%	-7,4%	5,4%	-0,1%	2,2%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	101,4%	99,0%	98,7%	99,8%	101,5%	65,6%	-	-	-	-2,3%	-0,4%	1,1%	1,7%	-35,4%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	99,7%	98,6%	101,4%	99,0%	98,7%	99,8%	101,5%	65,6%	-34,2%	-1,1%	2,9%	-2,3%	-0,4%	1,1%	1,7%	-35,4%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	100,0%	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	94,7%	96,6%	103,1%	102,3%	-	-	-	-	-	2,0%	6,7%	-0,7%
CR Administrative law cases	47,2%	84,6%	124,8%	124,1%	112,0%	118,1%	96,1%	81,4%	72,5%	79,4%	47,5%	-0,6%	-9,7%	5,5%	-18,7%	-15,3%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	93,1%	88,2%	108,2%	93,8%	100,3%	105,5%	114,7%	104,0%	11,6%	-5,3%	22,8%	-13,3%	6,9%	5,1%	8,7%	-9,3%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	218	235	231	240	98	107	111	135	-38,2%	7,9%	-1,9%	3,8%	-58,9%	9,1%	3,8%	21,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	437	505	524	401	130	171	157	170	-61,0%	15,6%	3,7%	-23,5%	-67,7%	31,7%	-7,9%	8,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	115	118	121	119	114	172	-	-	-	3,2%	2,0%	-1,4%	-4,7%	51,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	191	193	197	202	184	176	131	97	-49,0%	1,2%	2,1%	2,6%	-9,2%	-4,2%	-25,7%	-25,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	23	26	27	26	25	208	-	-	-	17,2%	3,7%	-5,1%	-3,2%	726,4%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	25	27	23	26	27	26	25	208	738,4%	8,3%	-16,1%	17,2%	3,7%	-5,1%	-3,2%	725,8%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	212	231	223	207	-	-	-	-	-	9,3%	-3,6%	-7,2%
DT Administrative law cases	733	746	397	374	203	317	401	518	-29,4%	1,8%	-46,8%	-5,9%	-45,8%	56,5%	26,7%	29,0%

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	164	187	163	246	66	57	66	46	-72,0%	13,6%	-12,8%	51,6%	-73,2%	-13,9%	15,5%	-29,8%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	7 181	7 283	7 403	7 338	3 063	5 598	5 188	4 922	-31,5%	1,4%	1,6%	-0,9%	-58,3%	82,8%	-7,3%	-5,1%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	2 331	1 965	1 770	1 645	1 310	-	-	-	-	-15,7%	-9,9%	-7,1%	-20,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	341	456	544	740	1 926	2 324	2 529	1 898	456,6%	33,7%	19,3%	36,0%	160,3%	20,7%	8,8%	-25,0%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	13 749	14 096	13 529	12 562	12 335	11 440	11 819	11 622	-15,5%	2,5%	-4,0%	-7,1%	-1,8%	-7,3%	3,3%	-1,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	1 616	1 684	1 600	1 725	1 632	1 539	1 282	1 094	-32,3%	4,2%	-5,0%	7,8%	-5,4%	-5,7%	-16,7%	-14,7%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	1 505	1 668	1 819	1 977	2 134	6 880	15 599	17 682	1074,9%	10,8%	9,1%	8,7%	7,9%	222,4%	126,7%	13,4%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	13 647	13 977	13 594	12 583	9 800	11 707	12 085	12 029	-11,9%	2,4%	-2,7%	-7,4%	-22,1%	19,5%	3,2%	-0,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	1 317	1 127	1 254	1 415	1 827	1 797	1 617	1 220	-7,4%	-14,4%	11,3%	12,8%	29,1%	-1,6%	-10,0%	-24,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 395	1 581	1 623	1 705	1 736	6 593	15 561	17 959	1187,4%	13,3%	2,7%	5,1%	1,8%	279,8%	136,0%	15,4%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	7 283	7 402	7 338	7 317	5 598	5 331	4 922	4 515	-38,0%	1,6%	-0,9%	-0,3%	-23,5%	-4,8%	-7,7%	-8,3%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	2 641	1 770	1 732	1 310	1 184	-	-	-	-	-33,0%	-2,1%	-24,4%	-9,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	451	543	740	1 012	2 324	2 783	2 567	1 621	259,4%	20,4%	36,3%	36,8%	129,6%	19,8%	-7,8%	-36,9%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	99,3%	99,2%	100,5%	100,2%	79,4%	102,3%	102,3%	103,5%	4,3%	-0,1%	1,3%	-0,3%	-20,7%	28,8%	-0,1%	1,2%
CR Employment dismissal cases	81,5%	66,9%	78,4%	82,0%	111,9%	116,8%	126,1%	111,5%	36,8%	-17,9%	17,1%	4,7%	36,5%	4,3%	8,0%	-11,6%
CR Insolvency cases	92,7%	94,8%	89,2%	86,2%	81,3%	95,8%	99,8%	101,6%	9,6%	2,3%	-5,9%	-3,3%	-5,7%	17,8%	4,1%	1,8%
DT Litigious divorce cases	195	193	197	212	208	166	149	137	-29,7%	-0,8%	1,9%	7,7%	-1,8%	-20,3%	-10,6%	-7,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	681	354	352	296	354	-	-	-	-	-48,1%	-0,5%	-15,9%	19,8%
DT Insolvency cases	118	125	166	217	489	154	60	33	-72,1%	6,2%	32,8%	30,2%	125,5%	-68,5%	-60,9%	-45,3%

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	17 493	21 467	26 041	36 764	31 216	21 695	19 217	17 427	-0,4%	22,7%	21,3%	41,2%	-15,1%	-30,5%	-11,4%	-9,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	23 367	14 498	14 703	13 533	-	-	-	-	-	-38,0%	1,4%	-8,0%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	7 188	4 510	3 893	-	-	-	-	-	-	-37,3%	-13,7%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	7 841	7 188	4 510	3 893	-	-	-	-	-	-8,3%	-37,3%	-13,7%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	8	8	8	6	8	9	4	1	-87,5%	0,0%	0,0%	-25,0%	33,3%	12,5%	-55,6%	-75,0%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	55 256	69 217	87 676	87 688	68 142	46 920	42 583	34 411	-37,7%	25,3%	26,7%	0,0%	-22,3%	-31,1%	-9,2%	-19,2%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	34 974	27 564	25 407	21 167	-	-	-	-	-	-21,2%	-7,8%	-16,7%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	19 355	17 174	13 244	-	-	-	-	-	-	-11,3%	-22,9%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	33 156	19 355	17 174	13 244	-	-	-	-	-	-41,6%	-11,3%	-22,9%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	29	29	18	21	12	1	2	0	-100,0%	0,0%	-37,9%	16,7%	-42,9%	-91,7%	100,0%	-100,0%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	51 282	64 643	76 953	86 002	77 663	56 800	44 373	38 222	-25,5%	26,1%	19,0%	11,8%	-9,7%	-26,9%	-21,9%	-13,9%

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	43 843	31 935	26 577	23 452	-	-	-	-	-	-27,2%	-16,8%	-11,8%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	24 860	17 791	14 770	-	-	-	-	-	-	-28,4%	-17,0%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	33 809	24 860	17 791	14 770	-	-	-	-	-	-26,5%	-28,4%	-17,0%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	27	27	20	19	11	5	5	0	-100,0%	0,0%	-25,9%	-5,0%	-42,1%	-54,5%	0,0%	-100,0%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	21 467	26 041	36 764	38 450	21 695	19 219	17 427	13 616	-36,6%	21,3%	41,2%	4,6%	-43,6%	-11,4%	-9,3%	-21,9%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	14 498	14 667	13 533	11 248	-	-	-	-	-	1,2%	-7,7%	-16,9%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	4 548	3 893	2 367	-	-	-	-	-	-	-14,4%	-39,2%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	7 188	4 548	3 893	2 367	-	-	-	-	-	-36,7%	-14,4%	-39,2%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	10	10	6	8	9	4	1	1	-90,0%	0,0%	-40,0%	33,3%	12,5%	-55,6%	-75,0%	0,0%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	92,8%	93,4%	87,8%	98,1%	114,0%	121,1%	104,2%	111,1%	19,7%	0,6%	-6,0%	11,7%	16,2%	6,2%	-13,9%	6,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	125,4%	115,9%	104,6%	110,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-7,6%	-9,7%	5,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	128,4%	103,6%	111,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-19,3%	7,7%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	102,0%	128,4%	103,6%	111,5%	-	-	-	-	-	26,0%	-19,3%	7,7%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	93,1%	93,1%	111,1%	90,5%	91,7%	500,0%	250,0%	-	-	0,0%	19,3%	-18,6%	1,3%	445,5%	-50,0%	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	153	147	174	163	102	124	143	130	-14,9%	-3,8%	18,6%	-6,4%	-37,5%	21,1%	16,1%	-9,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	121	168	186	175	-	-	-	-	-	38,9%	10,9%	-5,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	67	80	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,6%	-26,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	78	67	80	58	-	-	-	-	-	-14,0%	19,6%	-26,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	135	135	110	154	299	292	73	-	-	0,0%	-19,0%	40,4%	94,3%	-2,2%	-75,0%	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 475	-	9 240	11 948	12 799	7 992	5 575	4 257	72,0%	-	-	29,3%	7,1%	-37,6%	-30,2%	-23,6%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	4 185	3 050	2 157	-	-	-	-	-	-	-27,1%	-29,3%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	1 236	-	2 280	3 333	4 086	3 807	2 525	2 100	69,9%	-	-	46,2%	22,6%	-6,8%	-33,7%	-16,8%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	8 554	-	17 941	20 477	13 460	9 515	7 442	5 816	-32,0%	-	-	14,1%	-34,3%	-29,3%	-21,8%	-21,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	7 445	5 287	3 857	-	-	-	-	-	-	-29,0%	-27,0%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	3 421	-	4 966	4 800	3 641	2 070	2 155	1 959	-42,7%	-	-	-3,3%	-24,1%	-43,1%	4,1%	-9,1%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	7 171	-	15 233	19 301	18 267	12 410	8 760	6 269	-12,6%	-	-	26,7%	-5,4%	-32,1%	-29,4%	-28,4%

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	9 058	6 180	4 087	-	-	-	-	-	-	-31,8%	-33,9%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	2 997	-	3 913	4 031	3 920	3 352	2 580	2 182	-27,2%	-	-	3,0%	-2,8%	-14,5%	-23,0%	-15,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 858	-	11 948	13 124	7 992	5 097	4 257	3 804	-1,4%	-	-	9,8%	-39,1%	-36,2%	-16,5%	-10,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	2 572	2 157	1 927	-	-	-	-	-	-	-16,1%	-10,7%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	1 660	-	3 333	4 102	3 807	2 525	2 100	1 877	13,1%	-	-	23,1%	-7,2%	-33,7%	-16,8%	-10,6%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	83,8%	-	84,9%	94,3%	135,7%	130,4%	117,7%	107,8%	28,6%	-	-	11,0%	44,0%	-3,9%	-9,7%	-8,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	121,7%	116,9%	106,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-3,9%	-9,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	87,6%	-	78,8%	84,0%	107,7%	161,9%	119,7%	111,4%	27,1%	-	-	6,6%	28,2%	50,4%	-26,1%	-7,0%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	196	-	286	248	160	150	177	221	12,8%	-	-	-13,3%	-35,7%	-6,1%	18,3%	24,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	104	127	172	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,9%	35,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	202	-	311	371	354	275	297	314	55,3%	-	-	19,5%	-4,6%	-22,4%	8,1%	5,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	, only on Intranet	, only on Intranet	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	----	----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	0,9%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	0,2%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	1 771 287	1 687 629	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-4,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	1 719 516	1 582 960	1 714 751	1 728 422	7 786 542	5 402 145	-	-	-	-7,9%	8,3%	0,8%	350,5%	-30,6%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	1 719 516	1 848 274	2 131 004	5 473 753	11 009 750	8 768 732	-	-	-	7,5%	15,3%	156,9%	101,1%	-20,4%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	263	-	-	-	-	-	5,2%		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes	
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Not connected at all	connected at all	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Not connected at all	connected at all	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Not connected at all	connected at all	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							NA	0% (NAP)	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes	
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	50-99%	
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							NA	NA	
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							10-49%	10-49%	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							NA	NA	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							NA	NA	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No	

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							Yes	Yes									

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							Yes	Yes											Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							Yes	Yes											Civil - SMS
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes											Civil - E-mail
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											Civil - Specific computer application
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Other
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	No									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							both	both									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							both	both									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)								
064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							50-99%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Both	Video

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Both	Video									
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Both	Video									

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	No
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	No

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							Yes	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																	
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%	100%								
064-7 - Email								Yes	No								
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes								
064-7 - Other								No	No								
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes								
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																	
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%	100%								
064-7 - Email								Yes	No								
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes								
064-7 - Other								No	No								
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes								

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																			
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Workload								No	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources								No	No										
065-4 - Impact on Costs								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Other								No	No										

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																		
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation								No	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges								
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)								
127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	633	846	1 068	1 248	1 450	1 664	913	798	26,1%	33,6%	26,2%	16,9%	16,2%	14,8%	-45,1%	-12,6%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)

Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)

Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NAP	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	1 118	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)

164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	NAP									
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	NAP									
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	NAP									
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	NAP	NAP									
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									Yes
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No									No
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No									No
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes									Yes
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									No
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									No
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No									No
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																	
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																	
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes								Yes
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	No	No	No	-	No	No	No								No

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	0,9%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	0,2%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 307	1 342	1 322	1 292	1 311	1 376	1 378	1 370	4,8%	2,7%	-1,5%	-2,3%	1,5%	5,0%	0,1%	-0,6%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	871	888	877	846	859	905	907	895	2,8%	2,0%	-1,2%	-3,5%	1,5%	5,4%	0,2%	-1,3%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	352	370	369	369	374	392	393	398	13,1%	5,1%	-0,3%	0,0%	1,4%	4,8%	0,3%	1,3%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	84	84	76	77	78	79	78	77	-8,3%	0,0%	-9,5%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	-1,3%	-1,3%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	489	503	496	493	501	506	513	552	12,9%	2,9%	-1,4%	-0,6%	1,6%	1,0%	1,4%	7,6%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	310	319	318	313	322	326	336	347	11,9%	2,9%	-0,3%	-1,6%	2,9%	1,2%	3,1%	3,3%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	140	145	146	151	147	148	147	175	25,0%	3,6%	0,7%	3,4%	-2,6%	0,7%	-0,7%	19,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	39	39	32	29	32	32	31	30	-23,1%	0,0%	-17,9%	-9,4%	10,3%	0,0%	-3,1%	-3,2%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	818	839	826	799	810	870	865	818	0,0%	2,6%	-1,5%	-3,3%	1,4%	7,4%	-0,6%	-5,4%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	561	569	559	533	537	579	571	548	-2,3%	1,4%	-1,8%	-4,7%	0,8%	7,8%	-1,4%	-4,0%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	212	225	223	218	227	244	246	223	5,2%	6,1%	-0,9%	-2,2%	4,1%	7,5%	0,8%	-9,3%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	45	45	44	48	46	47	47	47	4,4%	0,0%	-2,2%	9,1%	-4,2%	2,2%	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	4 482	4 497	4 468	4 390	4 482	4 616	4 710	4 731	5,6%	0,3%	-0,6%	-1,7%	2,1%	3,0%	2,0%	0,4%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 046	1 083	1 030	1 001	937	1 015	1 067	1 171	12,0%	3,5%	-4,9%	-2,8%	-6,4%	8,3%	5,1%	9,7%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	2 079	2 055	2 105	2 011	2 143	2 169	2 185	2 108	1,4%	-1,2%	2,4%	-4,5%	6,6%	1,2%	0,7%	-3,5%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 357	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 452	7,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	1 359	1 333	1 378	1 402	1 432	1 458	NA	-	-	-1,9%	3,4%	1,7%	2,1%	1,8%	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	693	714	699	762	868	955	-	-	-	3,0%	-2,1%	9,0%	13,9%	10,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	316	292	272	308	353	389	-	-	-	-7,6%	-6,8%	13,2%	14,6%	10,2%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	42	30	50	65	115	131	-	-	-	-28,6%	66,7%	30,0%	76,9%	13,9%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	435	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	335	392	377	389	400	NA	-	-	-	17,0%	-3,8%	3,2%	2,8%	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	3 801	3 775	3 676	3 783	3 854	3 842	3 776	-	-	-0,7%	-2,6%	2,9%	1,9%	-0,3%	-1,7%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	751	714	709	665	707	714	782	-	-	-4,9%	-0,7%	-6,2%	6,3%	1,0%	9,5%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	2 044	2 063	1 981	2 093	2 104	2 070	1 977	-	-	0,9%	-4,0%	5,7%	0,5%	-1,6%	-4,5%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 017	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	1 006	998	986	1 025	1 043	1 058	NA	-	-	-0,8%	-1,2%	4,0%	1,8%	1,4%	-

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)																
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)																
Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	0,9%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	0,2%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	5 210	5 541	5 827	5 993	6 142	6 037	6 112	6 186	18,7%	6,4%	5,2%	2,8%	2,5%	-1,7%	1,2%	1,2%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	4 482	4 497	4 468	4 390	4 482	4 616	4 710	4 731	5,6%	0,3%	-0,6%	-1,7%	2,1%	3,0%	2,0%	0,4%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 046	1 083	1 030	1 001	937	1 015	1 067	1 171	12,0%	3,5%	-4,9%	-2,8%	-6,4%	8,3%	5,1%	9,7%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	2 079	2 055	2 105	2 011	2 143	2 169	2 185	2 108	1,4%	-1,2%	2,4%	-4,5%	6,6%	1,2%	0,7%	-3,5%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 357	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 452	7,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	1 359	1 333	1 378	1 402	1 432	1 458	NA	-	-	-1,9%	3,4%	1,7%	2,1%	1,8%	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	693	714	699	762	868	955	-	-	-	3,0%	-2,1%	9,0%	13,9%	10,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	316	292	272	308	353	389	-	-	-	-7,6%	-6,8%	13,2%	14,6%	10,2%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	42	30	50	65	115	131	-	-	-	-28,6%	66,7%	30,0%	76,9%	13,9%

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	435	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	335	392	377	389	400	NA	-	-	-	17,0%	-3,8%	3,2%	2,8%	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	3 801	3 775	3 676	3 783	3 854	3 842	3 776	-	-	-0,7%	-2,6%	2,9%	1,9%	-0,3%	-1,7%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	751	714	709	665	707	714	782	-	-	-4,9%	-0,7%	-6,2%	6,3%	1,0%	9,5%	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	2 044	2 063	1 981	2 093	2 104	2 070	1 977	-	-	0,9%	-4,0%	5,7%	0,5%	-1,6%	-4,5%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 017	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	1 006	998	986	1 025	1 043	1 058	NA	-	-	-0,8%	-1,2%	4,0%	1,8%	1,4%	-	

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovakia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)																
Judges							No	No								
Prosecutors							No	No								
Non-judge staff							No	No								
Lawyers							No	No								
Notaries							No	No								
Enforcement agents							No	No								
Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)																
Judges							No	No								
Prosecutors							No	No								
Non-judge staff							No	No								
Lawyers							No	No								
Notaries							No	No								
Enforcement agents							No	No								
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																
National programme for gender equality							Yes	Yes								
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																
In courts (judges)							No	No								
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No								
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No								

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Slovenia

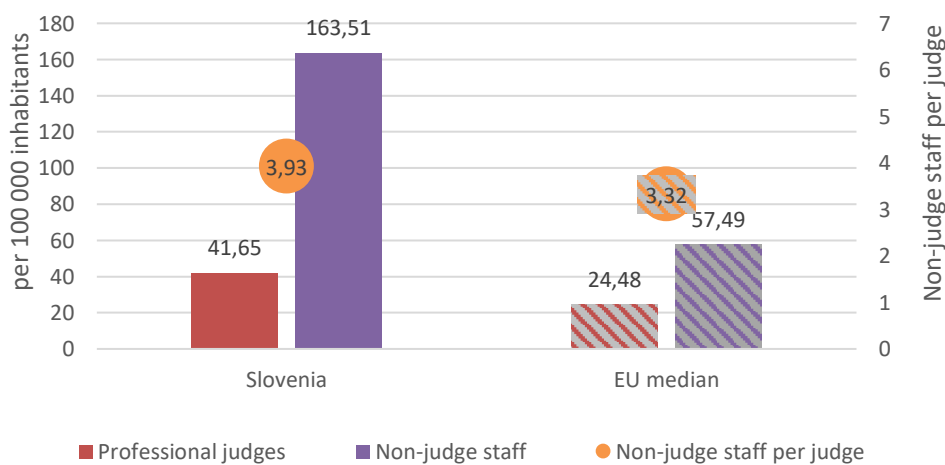
General data

Population: 2 095 861 **GDP:** 22 983 € **Average annual salary:** 21 043 €

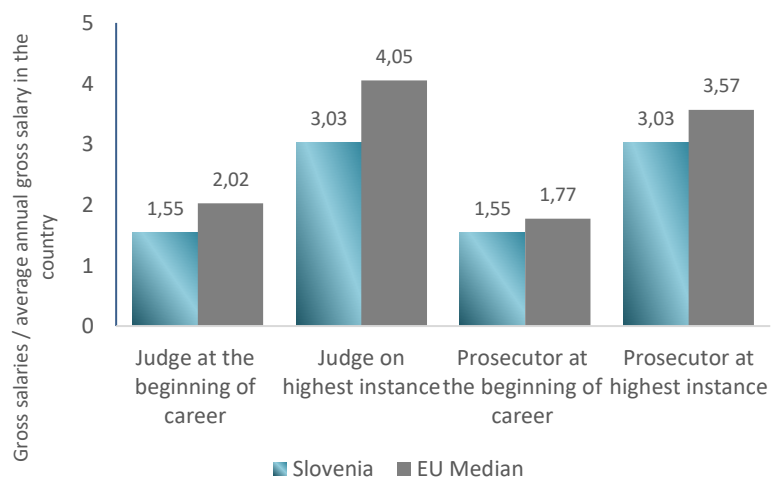
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
41,65	163,51	86,50	12,74
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

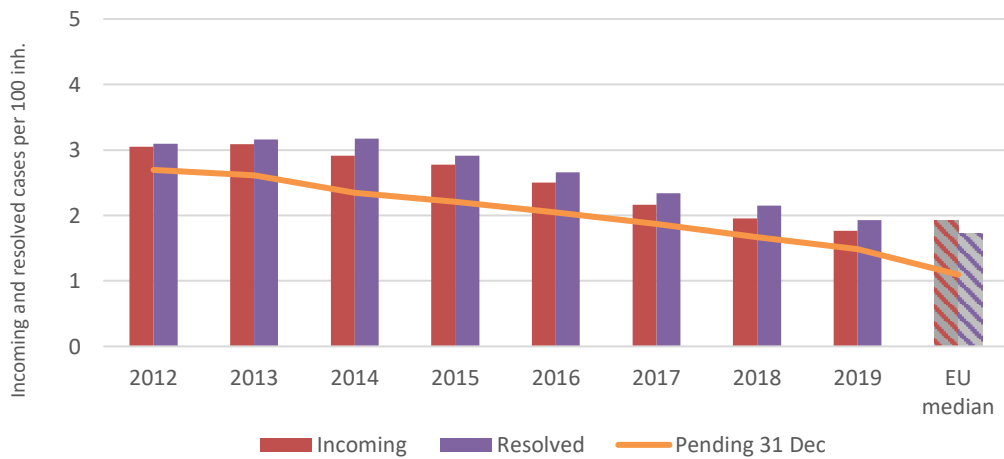


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

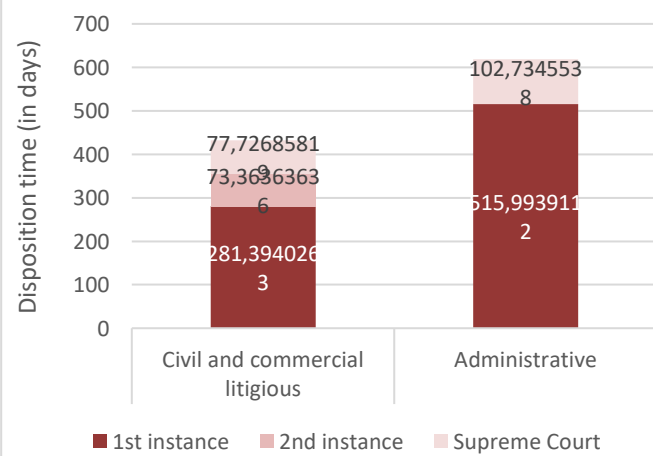


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

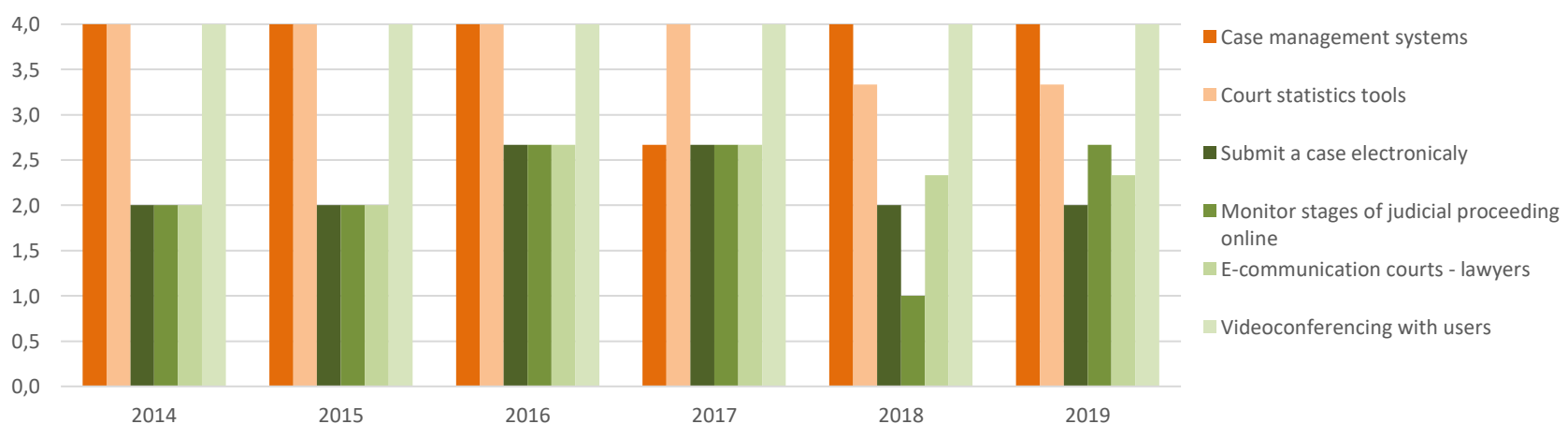


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Slovenia

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	1,8%	0,2%	0,7%	0,7%	0,7%
GDP per capita	17 172 €	17 128 €	18 065 €	18 680 €	19 262 €	20 951 €	22 182 €	22 983 €	33,8%	6,6%	15,2%	5,9%	3,6%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	18 300 €		18 483 €		19 020 €		20 179 €	21 043 €	15,0%	2,9%	6,1%		4,3%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	47,1	46,1	44,8	43,5	42,6	41,6	41,7	41,7	-11,6%	-5,0%	-2,2%	0,3%	0,0%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	161,7	157,2	162,8	159,9	161,2	161,0	163,0	163,5	1,1%	-1,0%	1,1%	1,2%	0,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	68,8	74,2	79,0	80,9	82,8	84,0	85,0	86,5	25,7%	4,9%	2,6%	1,1%	1,8%
Mediators	16,9	16,5	15,1	14,1	13,6	13,2	13,3	12,7	-24,4%	-9,9%	-2,5%	0,8%	-4,0%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,048	3,088	2,911	2,775	2,501	2,166	1,956	1,764	-42,1%	-14,1%	-21,8%	-9,7%	-9,8%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	12,151	12,174	11,097	9,968	8,929	8,211	7,876	7,854	-35,4%	-19,5%	-11,8%	-4,1%	-0,3%
Non-litigious land registry cases	14,9	13,8	14,4	12,9	11,7	11,3	10,7	10,7	-28,3%	-18,8%	-8,2%	-5,5%	-0,1%
Non-litigious business registry cases	2,4	2,8	3,1	3,0	2,8	2,6	2,5	2,4	-2,8%	-8,4%	-12,2%	-6,4%	-3,6%
Administrative law cases	0,239	0,3	0,3	0,233	0,144	0,192	0,170	0,150	-37,5%	-44,5%	18,3%	-11,6%	-12,0%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	101%	102%	109%	105%	106%	108%	110%	109%	7,89	-2,63	3,34	1,77	-0,40
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	104%	104%	105%	125%	120%	112%	107%	103%	-1,93	14,27	-12,39	-4,69	-4,84
CR non-litigious land registry cases	110%	102%	101%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	-9,60	-1,44	0,12	-0,68	0,47
CR non-litigious business registry cases	101%	99%	101%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	-0,71	-0,54	0,22	0,33	-0,18
CR administrative law cases	110%	102%	103%	101%	87%	67%	91%	89%	-21,07	-15,86	4,21	23,87	-2,38

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	318	301	270	277	280	292	283	281	-11,5%	3,9%	1,0%	-2,9%	-0,6%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	263	248	249	162	127	108	92	86	-67,3%	-48,9%	-28,0%	-15,5%	-5,9%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	16	11	7	6	8	6	8	7	-58,6%	18,7%	-3,8%	18,5%	-13,0%
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	3	6	4	2	3	3	3	3	-19,3%	-27,7%	4,0%	-16,3%	1,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)	130	126	112	122	282	448	406	516	296,1%	152,8%	44,1%	-9,4%	27,0%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,70	2,61	2,35	2,21	2,04	1,87	1,66	1,49	-44,8%	-12,9%	-18,5%	-10,9%	-10,6%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	9,16	8,61	7,99	5,51	3,73	2,73	2,12	1,90	-79,2%	-53,3%	-43,1%	-22,3%	-10,4%
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,71	0,42	0,26	0,22	0,25	0,20	0,22	0,19	-72,9%	-4,9%	-11,6%	11,3%	-12,7%
Non-litigious business registry cases	0,02	0,05	0,03	0,02	0,02	0,02	0,02	0,02	-22,2%	-34,1%	-8,5%	-21,4%	-2,8%
Administrative law cases	0,09	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,10	0,16	0,17	0,19	100,3%	18,6%	78,7%	8,5%	8,9%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	100%	100%	106%	102%	100%	105%	105%	105%	5,17	-5,89	4,41	-0,55	0,41
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	122	119	84	86	97	89	82	73	-39,9%	15,6%	-15,7%	-8,0%	-10,0%

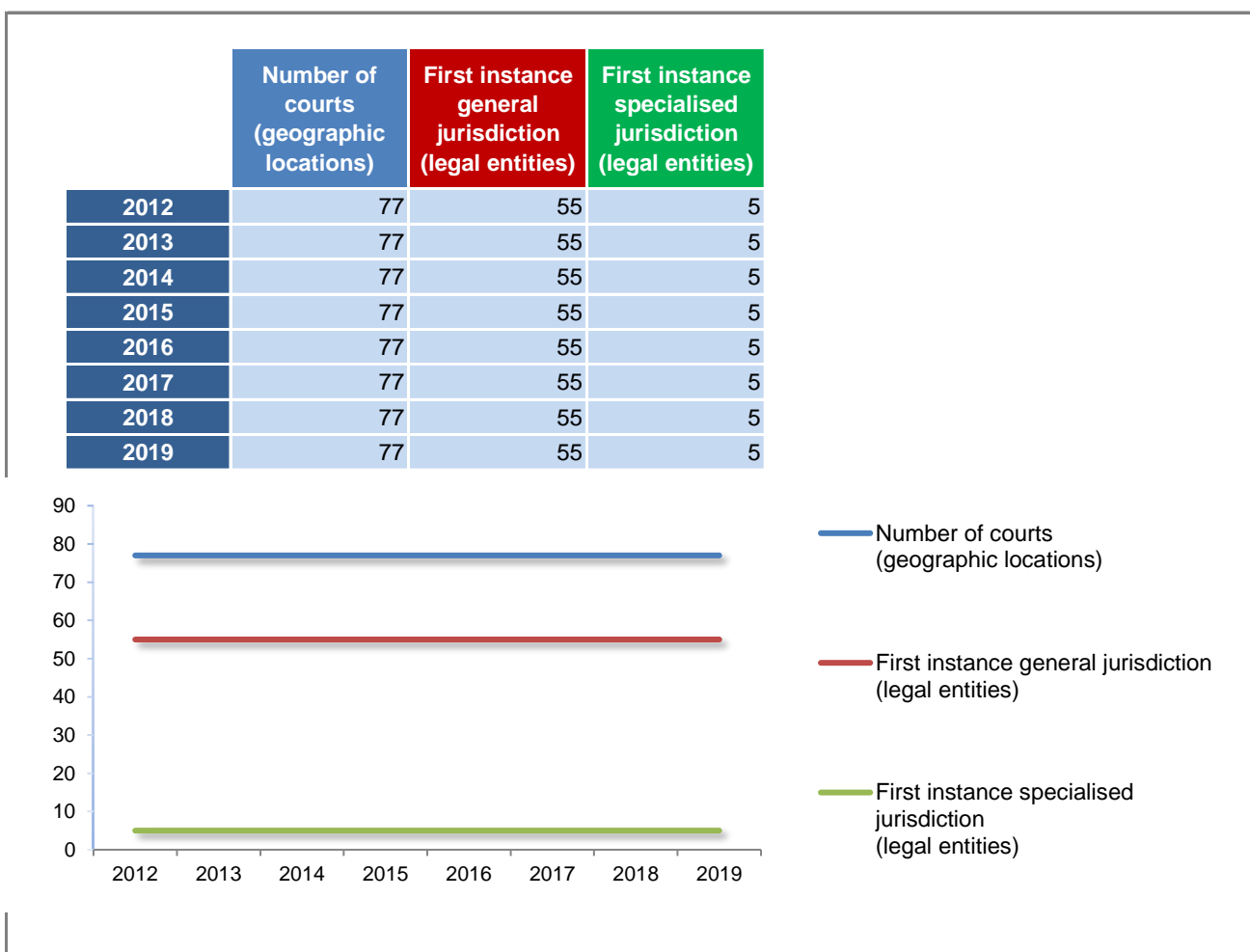
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	128%	-	111%	106%	102%	97%	106%	111%	-16,78	-8,39	3,62	8,32	5,54
CR administrative law cases	107%	-	79%	98%	101%	115%	139%	126%	19,19	21,72	37,69	23,47	-12,65
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	272	-	167	146	150	164	119	78	-71,5%	-10,3%	-20,9%	-27,5%	-34,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)	83	-	220	220	188	159	152	103	23,3%	14,4%	-19,1%	-4,1%	32,6%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Slovenia

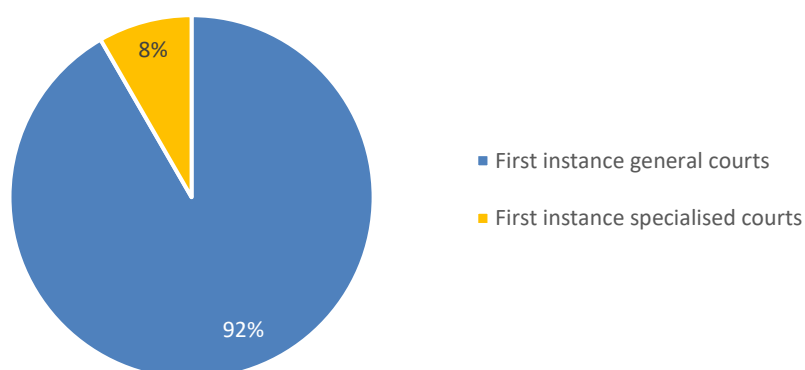
According to 2019 data, in Slovenia there are 55 courts of first instance with general competence over civil and criminal cases, namely 44 local courts (okrajna sodišča) and 11 district courts (okrožna sodišča). Local courts have jurisdiction over less serious criminal cases, non-contentious matters, probate cases, enforcement and insurance of claims and various litigation matters, notably disputes over property rights, where the value of the disputed property does not exceed the determined by law threshold, as well as disputes relating to trespass, easement, real encumbrance and disputes on lease or tenancy relations. Disputes under the jurisdiction of the local courts are heard by a single judge. District courts have first instance jurisdiction over criminal and civil cases which exceed the jurisdiction of local courts, e.g. forced settlements, bankruptcy and liquidation, intellectual property rights and over litigation matters such as property rights where the value of the disputed property exceeds the determined by law threshold, family law matters and commercial disputes. Appeals are dealt with by 4 high courts (višja sodišča).

The higher instance is the Supreme Court of the Republic of Slovenia (Vrhovno sodišče) which generally decides on extraordinary legal remedies and is the court of third instance in some cases.

The number of all courts considered as geographic locations (77) includes first instance courts of general jurisdiction (55), first instance specialised courts (4 labour courts + 1 social court + 7 branch offices of labour and social courts + 1 administrative court + 3 branch offices of administrative court), second instance courts and courts of appeal (4 higher courts of general jurisdiction + 1 higher labour and social court) and the Supreme court.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



The 5 first instance specialised courts (legal entities) encompass 4 labour courts (delovna sodišča), 1 administrative court and 1 insurance and/ or social welfare court. It is noteworthy that one of the labour courts and the social court form a single legal entity – Labour and social court in Ljubljana (socialno sodišče). Accordingly, the total is equal to 5 and not 6.

A High labour and social court (višje delovno in socialno sodišče) is competent to deal with individual and collective labour and social cases at the second instance. The Administrative court which has a high court status is competent to deal at first level with appeals against administrative decisions.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework in Slovenia

• Budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15-1):

Approved
296 029 582 €

Implemented:
293 069 471 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

Public budget for the whole justice system includes:

- Courts: approved 177.095.689 EUR / implemented 177.340.872
- Legal aid: 3.491.590 EUR / 4.116.757
- Public prosecution services: 22.418.592 EUR / 22.345.112 EUR
- Prison system: 48.593.535 EUR / 47.578.925 EUR,
- Probation services: 1.765.534 EUR / 1.629.901 EUR,
- Council of the judiciary: 571.869 EUR / 554.803 EUR,
- Constitutional court: 4.524.995 EUR / 4.319.645 EUR,
- State advocacy: 10.068.143 EUR / 10.029.050 EUR,
- Functioning of the Ministry of justice: 27.334.371 EUR/ 24.991.381 EUR
- Other (the Public Prosecution Council) 165.264 EUR / 163.025 EUR.

The approved budget for courts for 2019 from EU funds at courts was 2.127.000 EUR and implemented budget was 608.772 EUR. Courts also spent 325.918 EUR of EU funds for ADR from the Ministry of Justice budget in 2019.

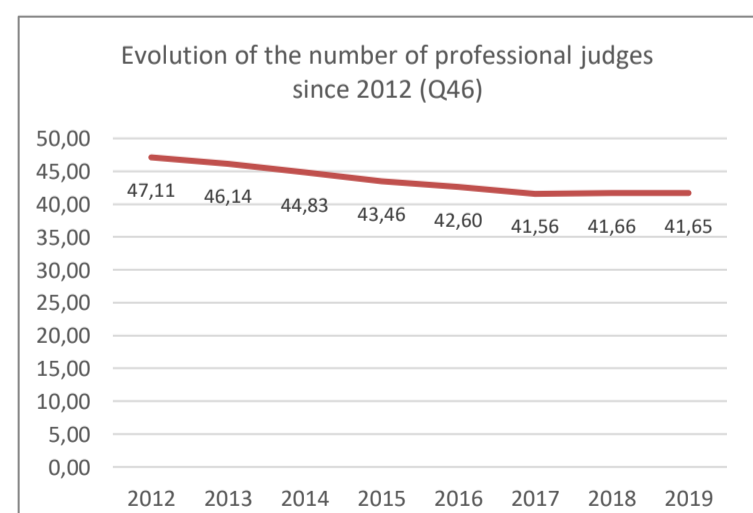
The most significant increase in budget can be observed at legal aid, probation services, the State Advocacy and other (the Public Prosecution Council). For legal aid, the reason for the increase in approved budget in 2019 is due to raise in the attorney tariff in April 2019 (which resulted in higher costs of legal services to be covered by legal aid). At the Probation Administration, the increase is due to new hiring (the Probation administration was formed in 2018 and significantly increased the number of staff in 2019). At the State Advocacy, the increase is due to additional hiring, a change regarding the salary system and a 100% increase in paid reimbursements on behalf of the state. At the Public Prosecutorial Council, the increase is due to spending for new equipment (relocating) and planned new hiring.

• Human resources

Judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	Male	Female
2012	970	47,11	22,4%	77,6%
2013	951	46,14	22,3%	77,7%
2014	924	44,83	21,9%	78,1%
2015	897	43,46	22,4%	77,6%
2016	880	42,60	21,0%	79,0%
2017	859	41,56	21,8%	78,2%
2018	867	41,66	21,5%	78,5%
2019	873	41,65	20,7%	79,3%

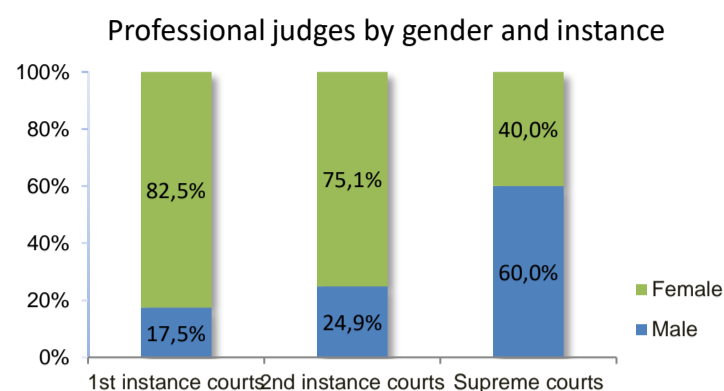


According to 2019 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Slovenia is 873 which is 0,7% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Slovenia, in 2019 there are 41,7 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,9 non-judge staff per judge (in previous cycle this ratio was also at 3,9 non-judge staff per judge).

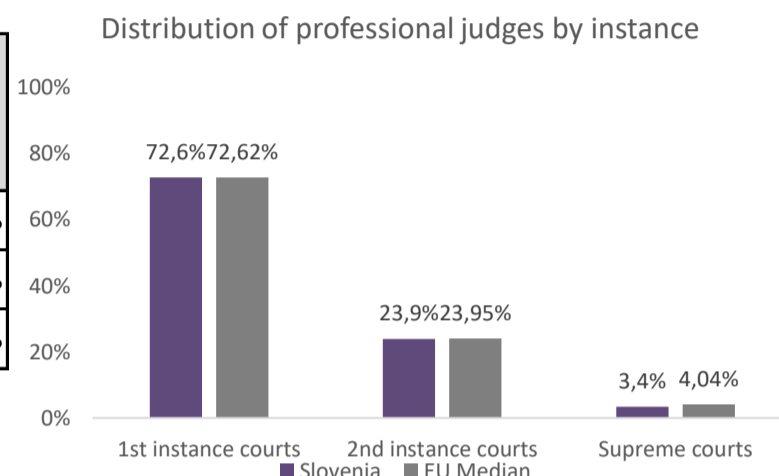
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	634	111	523
2nd instance courts	209	52	157
Supreme courts	30	18	12
Total	873	181	692



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	72,6%	17,5%	82,5%
2nd instance courts	23,9%	24,9%	75,1%
Supreme courts	3,4%	60,0%	40,0%



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 692 which represents 79,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 634 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 523 are female) ; 209 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 157 are female) and 30 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 12 are female).

Concerning the methodology of presentation of data, it should be highlighted that the provided total number of judges corresponds to the number of de facto occupied judicial posts performing their functions. The number of actual active judges excludes the ones that are on maternity or sick leave, but includes those on annual leave. Some judges are assigned to other duties (e.g. to the Judicial council, Ministry of Justice, Supreme court) and are not included in the numbers (figures in comment to the question).

At the end of 2019, 890 judicial posts were formally occupied (FTE), although some posts were de facto vacant (e.g. judge absent due to maternity leave). Nevertheless, 873 professional judges are reported as sitting in courts (perform judicial function), since the rest of the judges (17 judges - difference to the total of 890 judges) were assigned to other duties (e.g. the Ministry of Justice, the Supreme Court, the Judicial Council) and do not sit in courts.

The actual presence is also calculated, based on number of hours judges are actually present in court (excluding the maternity or sick leave, but including the annual leave). The number of judges in the Slovenian judicial system in 2019 was 797 according to actual presence calculations.

In Slovenia, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory	Optional
✓	
	✓
	✓
✓	✓
	✓

Training is carried out by the Judicial Training Centre (JTC), as a body of the Ministry of Justice.

Initial training for judges includes training before election for a judge, as well as seminars and other educational events for first-instance judges. Initial training courses or consultations for first-instance judges are organized in the form of workshops and are carried out by higher-court judges and as simulations of main hearings. General in-service-training includes various courses, lectures and conferences, e.g. ethics for judges, foreign language law terminology, attitude towards problematic parties, etc. International exchange and visits for judges are also provided. In-service training for management functions of the court are compulsory for all newly appointed presidents and directors of courts (and heads and directors of state prosecutor's offices) within one year of their appointment. In-service training for specialised judicial functions includes judicial schools for different legal fields (in the field of civil law, commercial law, labour and social law, criminal law) and seminars on specific questions (e.g. the appropriate way to carry out contacts with the child, accounting balances, cyber crime).

Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	NA	NA
1. Only for judges	159	1
2. Only for prosecutors	29	1
3. Only for other non-judge staff	184	2
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	34	2
5. Other common training	23	0

In total, 190 events were organised with 7048 participants, including events in the field of:

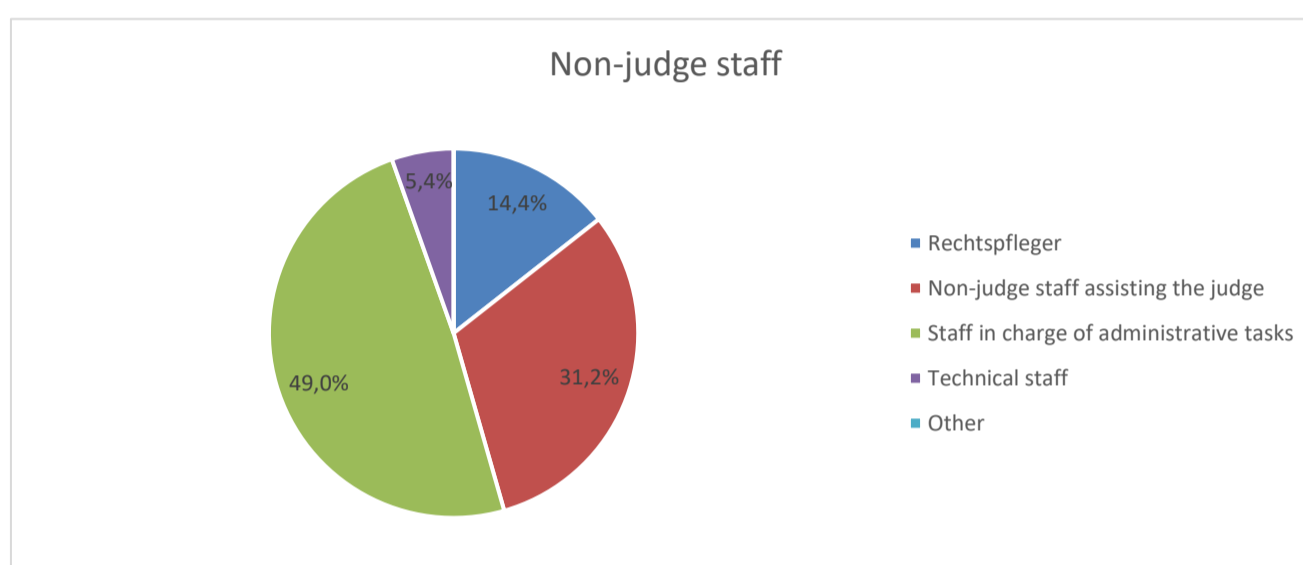
- civil law (47),
 - labour law and social security (6),
 - commercial law (10),
 - criminal law (26) and
 - administrative law (1),
- as well as events for:
- acquiring other knowledge and skills (5) and
 - developing administration and management skills (10),
 - events related to the operation of the judiciary system (10),
 - events in the field of legal terminology (3) and
 - the use of IT (56),
 - training events for trainers (2) and
 - specialised training for staff in courts and state prosecutor's offices (14).

There was an e-learning module available for court staff, which was held throughout the year.

Each month an invitation was sent to potential participants. In 2019, there were 158 participants in the e-learning module, of which 49 have finished the training to date. In 2019, there was an e-learning course available for judges, state prosecutors and staff at courts and state prosecutor's offices on the topic of family law and human rights (22 participants).

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	3 330	346	481	NA	NA	NA
2013	3 239	425	838	1 562	414	NAP
2014	3 355	505	1 080	1 639	131	NAP
2015	3 300	481	659	1 998	162	NAP
2016	3 330	516	826	1 796	192	NAP
2017	3 328	511	802	1 822	193	NAP
2018	3 391	506	970	1 716	199	NAP
2019	3 427	494	1 068	1 679	186	NAP



In Slovenia, in this cycle there are 3 427 non-judge staff (among which 3 020 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 1,1%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 494 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 456 are women);
- 1 068 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 924 are women);
- 1 679 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 1 553 are women);
- 186 technical staff (among which 87 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 163,0 in 2018 to 163,5 in 2019).

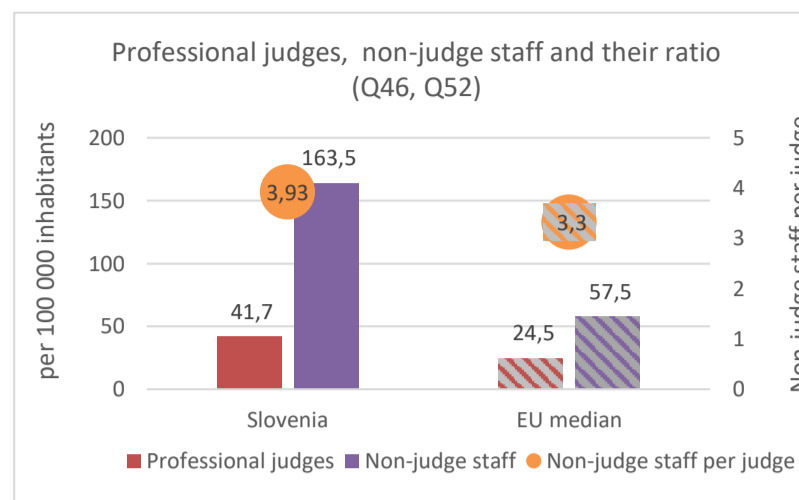
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 41,7 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 41,7 in 2019.

More precisely, the definitions of categories are as follows: 1. "Rechtspfleger" category includes only the staff (judicial assistants and judicial advisers) with autonomous competence to adopt final decisions (decisions on the merits of the case), set explicitly in procedural laws - currently the Claim Enforcement and Security Act, the Financial Operations, Insolvency Proceedings and Compulsory Windingup Act, the Court Register of Legal Entities Act and the Land Register Act.

2. "Non-judge staff" category includes staff, whose tasks are generally set by the Courts Act. These are judicial assistants (filing applications and statements by parties for the record and, by order of a judge, perform less demanding tasks related to preparation for trial proceedings or other procedural acts, making calculations of costs, preparing drafts of decisions and performing other tasks in judicial proceedings under the orders of a judge) and judicial advisers (performing work connected with the examination of parties, witnesses and experts (outside the main hearings), performing more complex preparatory work for hearings, reporting at panel meetings, drafting decisions, conducting hearings under the guidance of a judge and performing other work by order of a judge.) All the other staff, not mentioned above and not corresponding to 4. "Technical staff" is included in 3. "Administrative staff". The latter includes, along with the court management staff, the office support staff, whose tasks are not specifically set by the law and include case registering, administrative case preparation, court fees, typing and/or recording of court sessions etc.

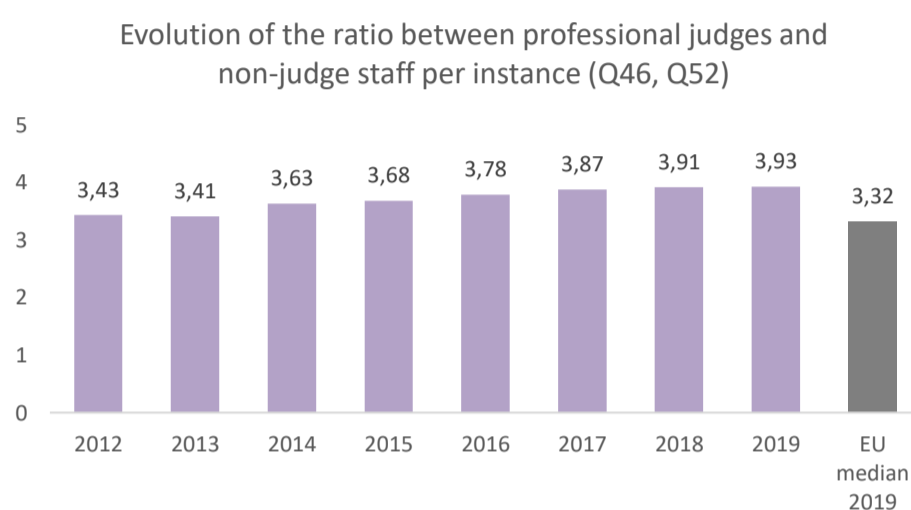
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Slovenia	EU median
Professional judges	41,7	24,5
Non-judge staff	163,5	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,93	3,3



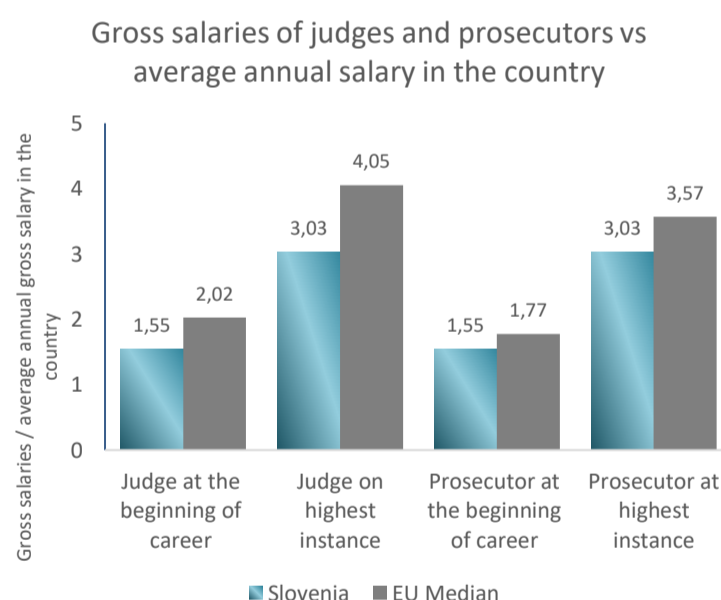
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	3,43
2013	3,41
2014	3,63
2015	3,68
2016	3,78
2017	3,87
2018	3,91
2019	3,93



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	32 633 €	20 211 €	1,55
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	63 664 €	36 165 €	3,03
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	32 633 €	20 211 €	1,55
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	63 664 €	36 165 €	3,03



The basic salary for judges and prosecutors is regulated by law, as well as promotion. The salary of the prosecutor is determined on the same basis, with the same supplements and in the same way as the salary of the judge. All employees in the country (including judges and public prosecutors) are also entitled to the supplement for the period of employment. As the calculation of the average pay would be too complicated, we report figures calculated from above criteria.

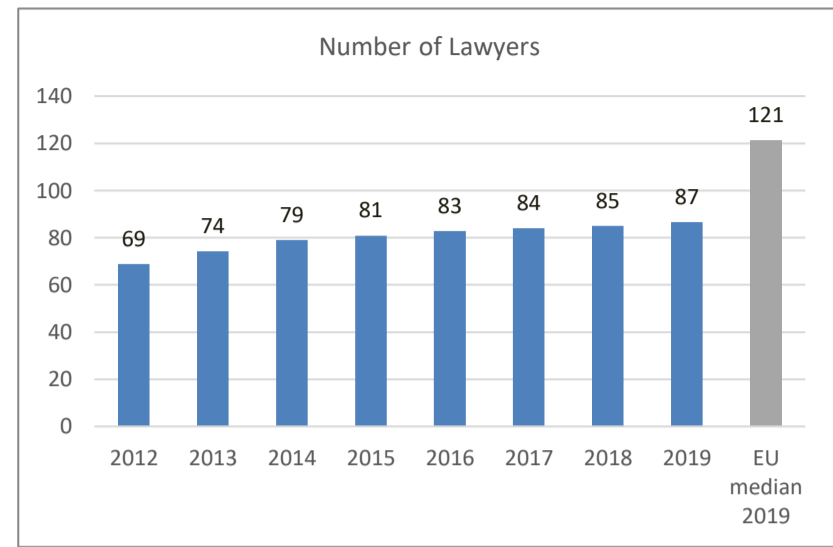
It is noteworthy that all figures reported include the supplement for the period of employment.

Judge/prosecutor at the beginning of the career: starting salary for local court judge and for local state prosecutor (without promotion), including the supplement for the period of employment (5 years) - approx. 1-2% of the reported amount.

Judge/Prosecutor at the highest instance: starting salary of a supreme court judge and supreme state prosecutor – counselor (not president of the Supreme Court or State Prosecutor General) including the supplement for the period of employment (44 years) - approx 15% of the reported amount.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 417	68,83
2013	1 529	74,18
2014	1 628	78,99
2015	1 669	80,86
2016	1 711	82,82
2017	1 737	84,04
2018	1 768	84,96
2019	1 813	86,50

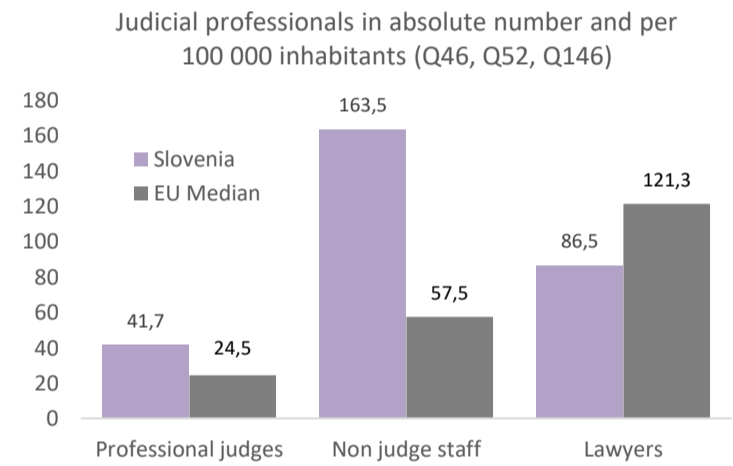


In 2019, there are 1 813 lawyers, which is 2,5% more than in 2018.

This data of 86,5 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is below the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	873	41,65	24,48
Non judge staff	3 427	163,51	57,49
Lawyers	1 813	86,50	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 3 491 590 € (1,7 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 4 116 757 € (2,0 € per capita).

In the adoption of the budget, no separation between the amounts that will be allocated for legal aid in criminal or other cases or cases brought to court (or not) is made.

In fact, the data on budget, spent on criminal and other than criminal cases is available at the level of the case management system, however the sum will differ from final budgetary data reported above due to accounting rules.

Detailed budgetary data on cases brought to court or not is currently not available, due to the data structure of the case management system. In single "legal aid" cases, the request can be granted for multiple forms (costs) of legal aid, some of them fitting in the category "cases, brought to court" while others not (i.e. in one case, legal aid can be granted for verification of documents and representation before courts), however the amount spent for legal aid is currently not recorded by form of legal aid, therefore the sums for cases brought to court or not cannot be calculated.

The reason for the increase in approved budget in 2019 is due to raise in the attorney tariff in april 2019 (which resulted in higher costs of legal services to be covered by legal aid).

In Slovenia, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

In the proceeding of enforcement of judicial decisions the exemption from court fees (according to the Court Fees Act) and legal aid in the form of legal advice, legal representation and the exemption from payment of the procedural costs (the Free Legal Aid Act) is possible.

The law prescribes that legal aid shall mean the right of the eligible person to the entire or partial provision of funds necessary to cover the costs of legal assistance and the right to exemption of payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding (Free Legal Aid Act, Article 1). Further on the law defines that legal aid may be approved for legal advice, legal representation and other legal services laid down in this Act, for all forms of judicial protection before all courts of general jurisdiction and specialised courts based in the Republic of Slovenia, before the Constitutional Court of the Republic of Slovenia, and before all authorities, institutions or persons in the Republic of Slovenia authorised for out-of-court settlement, as well as in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding (Free Legal Aid Act, Article 7).

On the other hand, the approved legal aid shall not cover the costs of the proceeding and actual expenditure of and remuneration for the person authorised by the opposing party (Free Legal Aid Act, Article 9).

The law specifically lists the costs that can be covered by the approved legal aid (Free Legal Aid Act, Article 26): legal advice; the formulation, verification and certification of documents on legal relations, facts and statements; legal advice and representation in cases of out-of-court settlement; legal advice and representation before courts in the first and second instances; legal advice and representation involving extraordinary appeals; legal advice and representation involving constitutional action; legal advice and representation before international courts; legal advice and representation involving the filing of a petition for the assessment of constitutionality; in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial or extrajudicial proceeding.

Legal aid may also be granted in the form of an exemption from payment of the costs of proceedings before courts, particularly in the form of an exemption from payment of:

1. Costs of experts, witnesses, interpreters, servicing orders and translations, costs of external operations of the court or other authority in the Republic of Slovenia, and other justified costs;
2. Security deposits for the costs or of the costs, of the implementation of the proceeding (advance payments);
3. Costs of public documents and receipts required for the proceeding before a court;
4. Other costs of the proceeding.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ **Court fees**

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

According to the Court Fees Act the court shall exempt from payment of court fees a party, if such payment would significantly affect the funds needed for the maintenance of the party or his/her family members.

The exceptions to paying court fees, according to the legislation:

- collective labour disputes,
- social disputes,
- individual labour disputes on conclusion, existence and termination of labour contract when started by worker,
- civil enforcement procedure, when enforcing a decisions related to workers and labour disputes or when recovering debt, if the debt in question is alimony starting an insolvency proceedings, when filled by the debtor
- proceedings to establish personal or family status, when started by the State and local authorities and their bodies and Social Service Centres and humanitarian organizations
- proceedings regarding disabilities and discrimination, when started by disabled or their organizations
- applications for free legal aid, court fees exemptions and international protection

In criminal cases, the payment of court fees is required for assuming prosecution as an injured party or filing a private charge only. The public prosecutor is not required to pay the court fees to start the proceeding before a criminal court, however if the accused is found guilty, he is required to pay the court fees.

◦ **Methodology of calculation of court fees**

Court fees are calculated according to the value of dispute and a specific quotient which is prescribed for certain kinds of court proceedings. In some cases (e.g. divorce cases, insolvency cases) court fees are in fixed amounts.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 195€.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

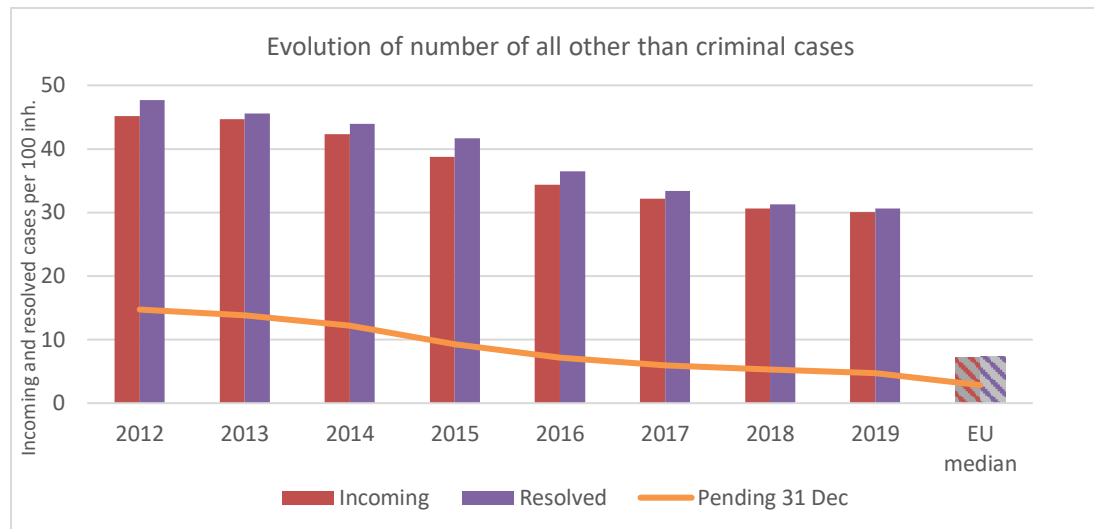
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

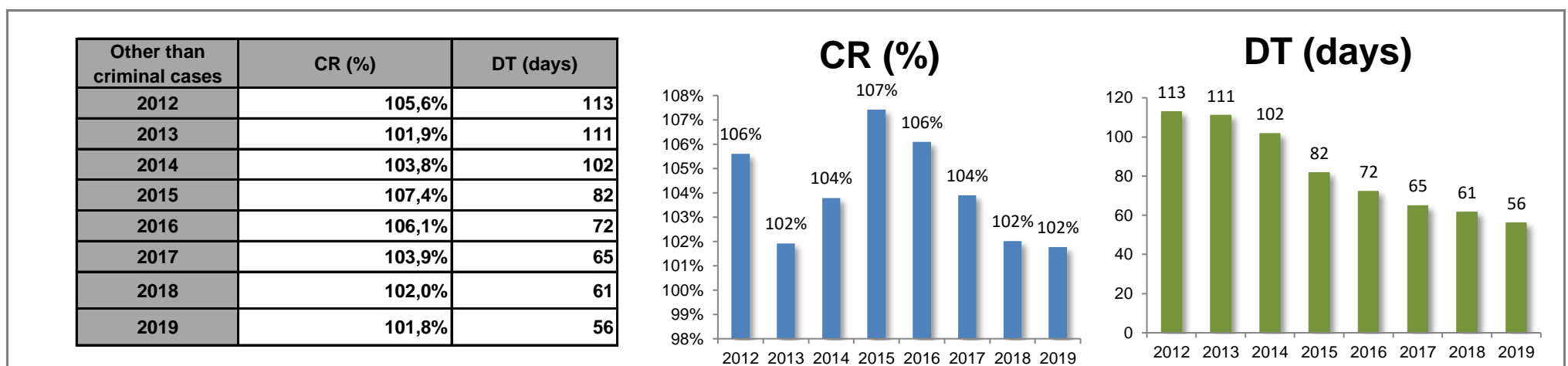
First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Slovenia (30,07 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 30,60 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Slovenia (4,69 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly above the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,8% in 2019 Slovenia seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

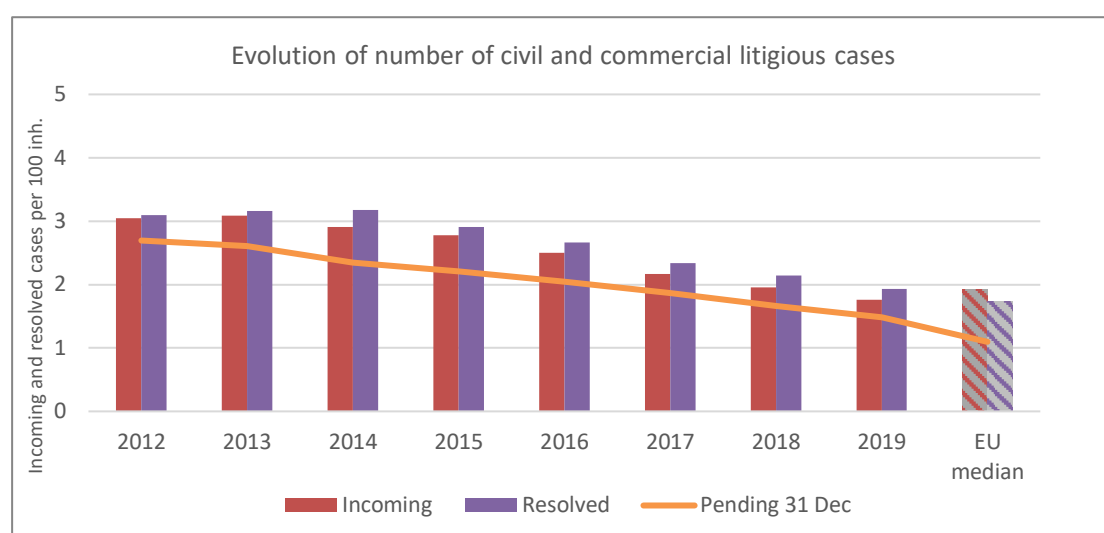
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -0,2 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 56 days, which is below the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -9,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

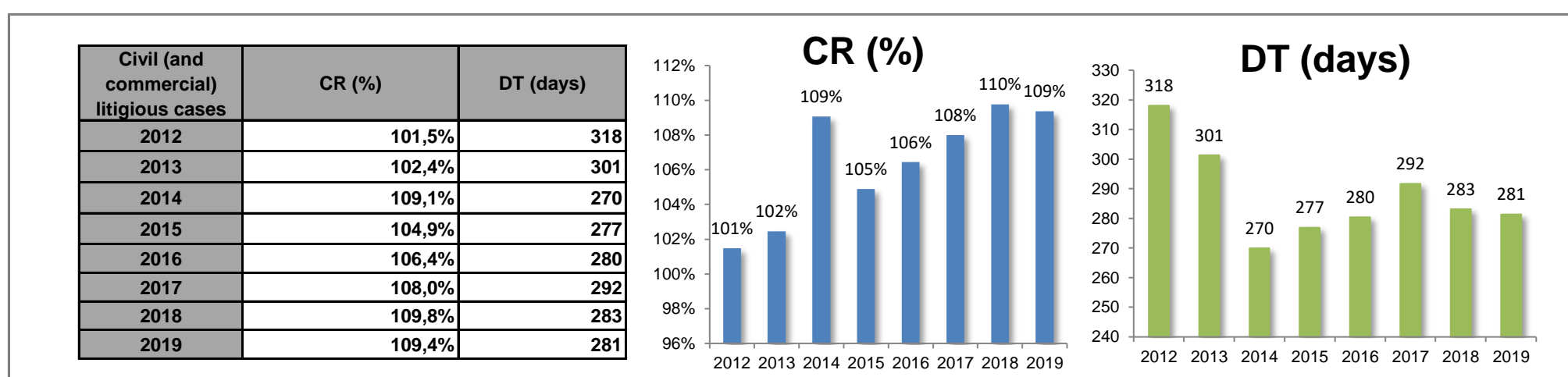
◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases at first instance includes: civil litigious cases at local and district courts, various civil cases at local and district courts, legal aid at local and district courts, international legal aid at district courts, commercial litigious cases at district courts, labour law cases at labour courts, social law cases at social court, various labour and social law at labour and social courts, legal aid at labour and social courts, insolvency cases including compulsory composition, bankruptcy of legal person, bankruptcy of physical person, bankruptcy of inheritance, compulsory dissolution, simplified compulsory composition and preventive restructuring at district courts. The number also includes labour law and social law cases (before specialised labour and social law courts) due to their similarity to litigious cases in material and procedural aspects.



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Slovenia (1,76 per 100 inhabitants) is below EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants); whereas the number of resolved cases in 2019 (1,93 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 in Slovenia (1,49 per 100 inhabitants) is above EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 109,4% in 2019, Slovenia seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -0,4 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 281 days, which is above the EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -0,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

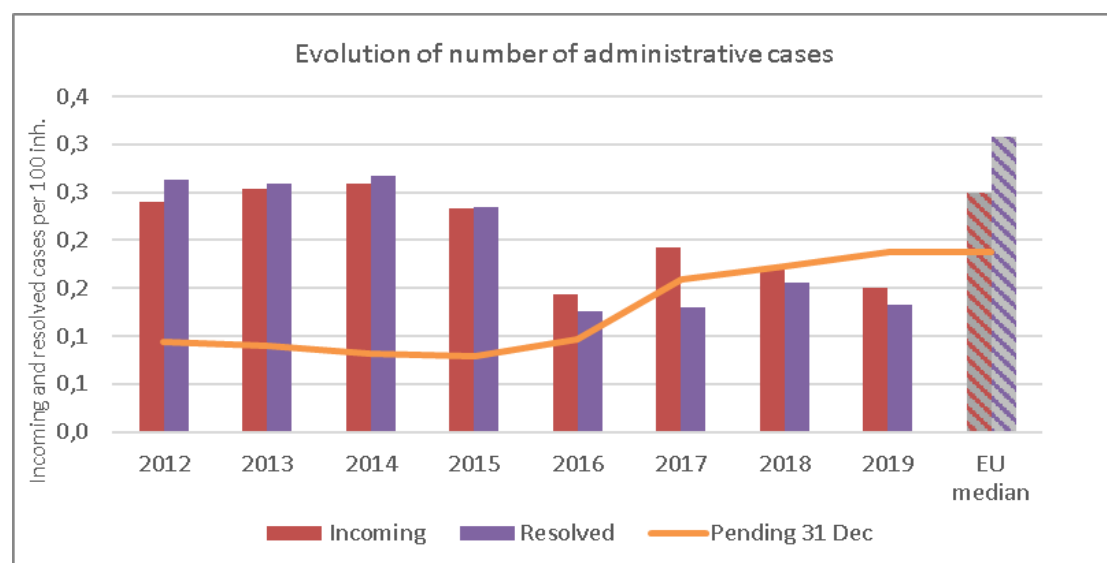
In Slovenia, there are 9 625 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 30,9% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

In general, the trend of decrease in the number of incoming cases can be observed in all types of civil cases, causing also a decrease in the number of resolved and pending cases. In recent years, the number of incoming cases is generally decreasing due to several reasons, partly due to a better economic situation in Slovenia and partly to a successful introduction of new business models in the Slovenian judiciary (informatisation, change of perception when litigants and debtors do not see any profit in prolonging court procedures, gradual settlement of case-law). Accordingly, in the last years, the Clearance rate is at or slightly above 100%.

In 2019, a new Family Code and new Non-Contentious Civil Procedure Act stepped into force. The main change for district courts was establishing family law cases as non-litigious cases (before 2019 classified as litigious cases). Additionally, local courts became competent to decide in tutelage cases (before 2019 in competence of the executive branch).

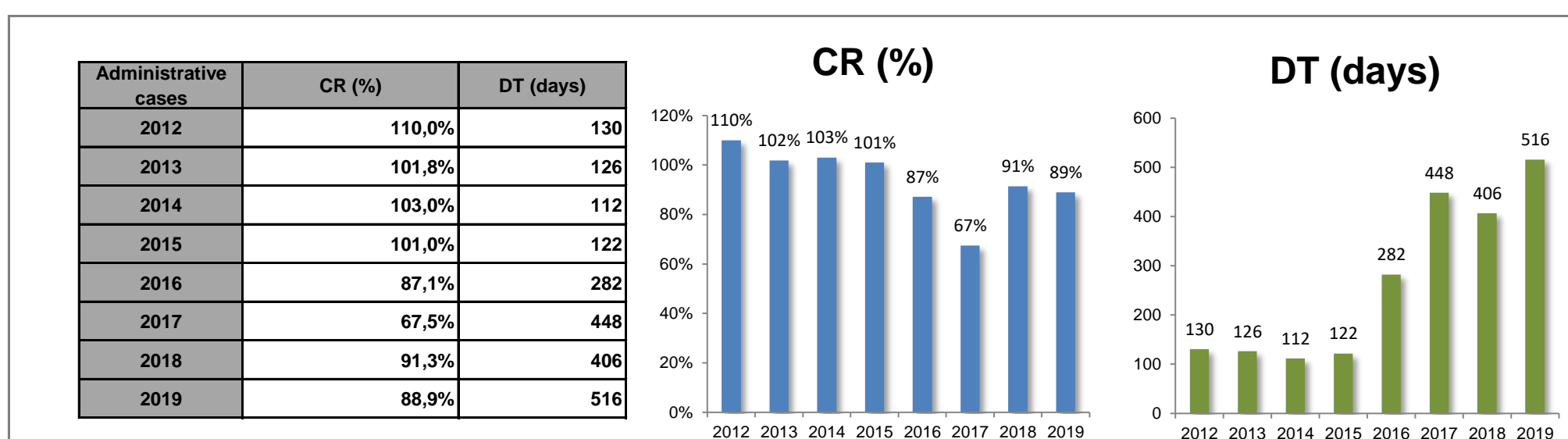
This reflected in a decreased number of reported Civil litigious cases.

◦ *Administrative cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Slovenia (0,15 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Slovenia (0,13 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants).

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,19 per 100 inhabitants) is the same as the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 88,9% in 2019, Slovenia seems to face some difficulties to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -2,4 points.

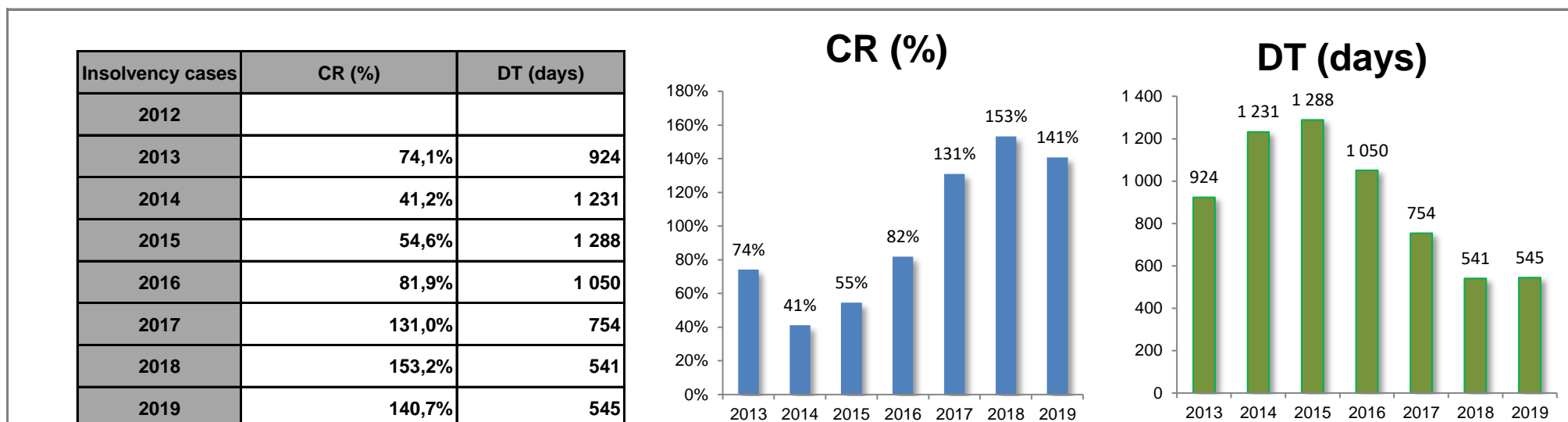
In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 516 days, which is significantly above the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 27,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Slovenia, there are 82 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 2,1% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

It is noteworthy recalling that in previous years, the Administrative court was faced with the influx of new cases, due to the implementation of the ECHR judgement 60642/08 (e.g. 24,5 % of incoming cases in 2017), as well as some new competences. This caused an increase in the pending and resolved cases. In the aforementioned cases, the court is faced with new legal and factual issues, as well as administrative difficulties. Though administrative and managerial actions have been taken, an increase in the number of pending cases is expected due to the aforementioned difficulties and the overburdening of the court.

◦ Insolvency



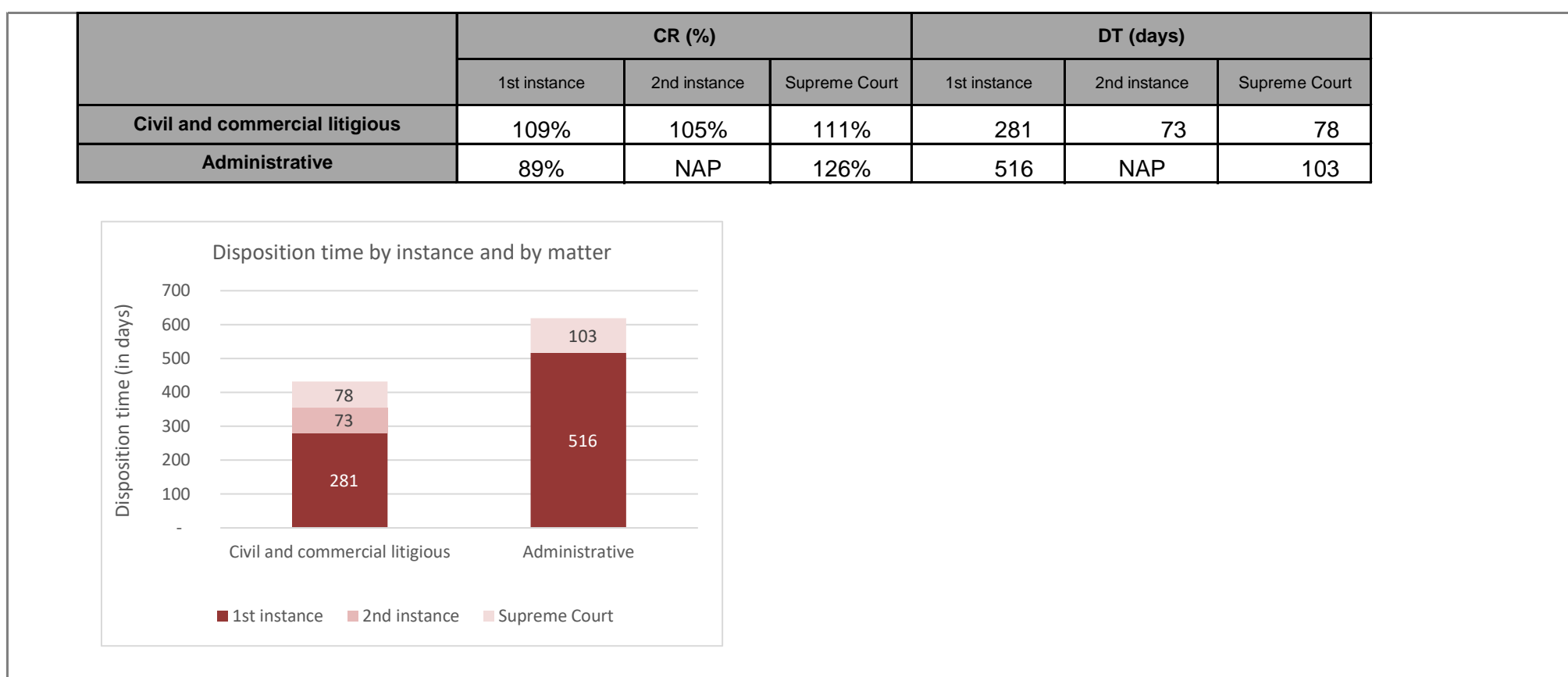
The Clearance Rate was calculated at 140,7% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Slovenia seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -12,5 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 545 days, which is well above the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 0,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



With regard to civil and commercial litigious cases, courts of appeal seem to be the most efficient instance with a Disposition Time significantly below the EU median of 175 days. No particular explanation can be given for the general decrease of incoming cases (national trend) which resulted in the decrease in the number of incoming and pending cases before second instance courts. On the other hand, first instance courts have the highest Disposition time among the three instances which is above the EU median of 213 days. Akin to courts of appeal, the Supreme court is also characterised by a Disposition Time meaningfully below the EU median of 217 days.

Concerning administrative law cases, first instance courts appear to be less efficient than the Supreme court. The latter has a Disposition Time considerably below the EU median of 219 days, while the former register a Disposition Time well above the EU median of 284 days.

Generally speaking, the decrease observed in all pending cases before the Supreme court at the end of 2019 is due to more efficient work following changes in criteria for manifested inadmissibility in 2017.

When comparing civil and commercial litigious cases on the one hand and administrative law cases on the other hand, one can notice that the former are solved more promptly than the latter.

●Alternative dispute resolutions

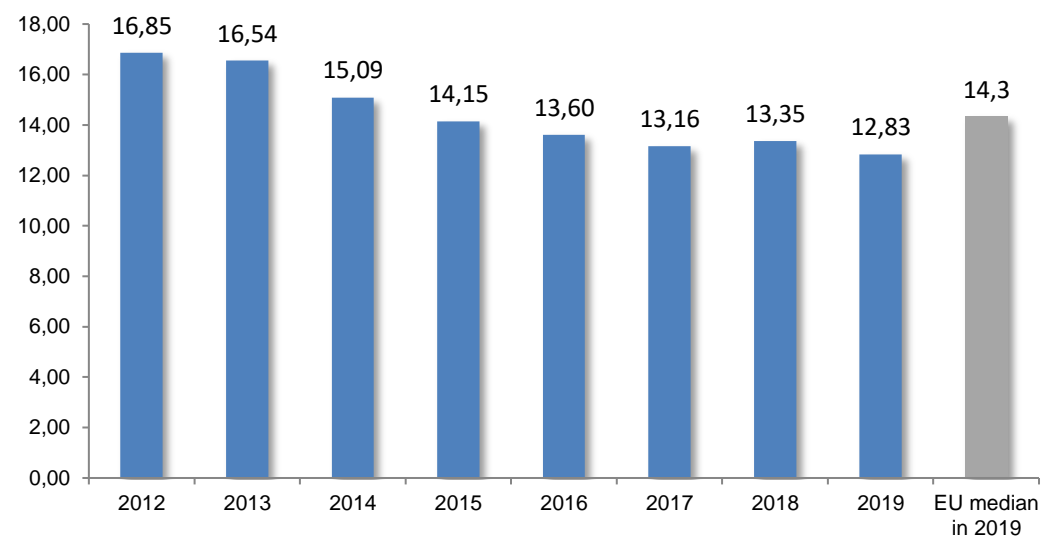
The judicial system in Slovenia provides court related mediation.

All courts of first and second instance have adopted ADR programmes. Mediation is offered in disputes arising from commercial, labour, family and other civil relationships. The court may adopt and implement the programme as an activity organised directly in court (court-annexed programme) or on the basis of a contract with a suitable provider of ADR. Mediators in these programmes have to fulfil conditions, determined by law. The funds are provided in the courts budgets. Mediation in some family and labour disputes is free of costs for parties, in other civil disputes, only the first three hours are free of costs. Mediation in commercial disputes is always paid by the parties. Parties may be referred to mediation on the basis of parties' agreement or on the basis of the information session. In case mediation starts, the court proceedings are suspended for 3 months. In all judicial disputes where the Republic of Slovenia is a party, the State Attorney must give consent for mediation when such a decision is appropriate, given the circumstances of the case.

The court related mediation system in Slovenia provides mandatory court related mediation.

Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding

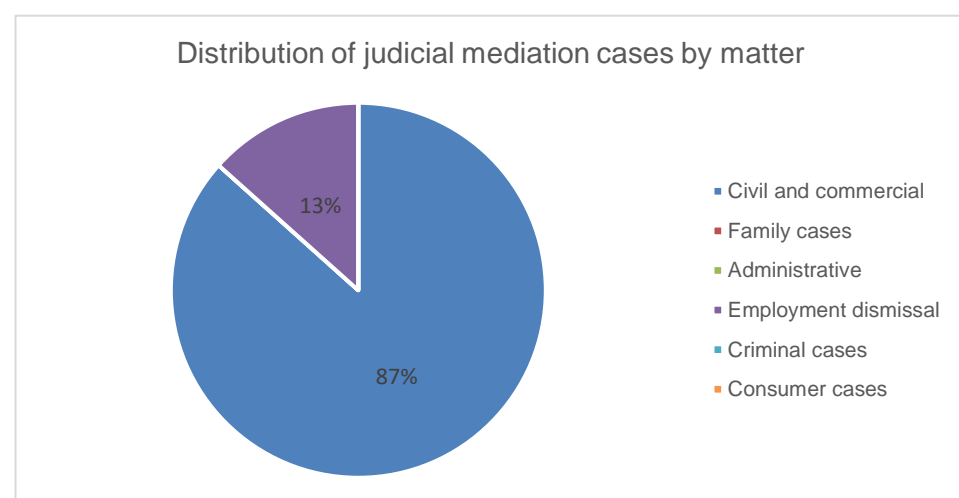
Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	347	16,85
2013	341	16,54
2014	311	15,09
2015	292	14,15
2016	281	13,60
2017	272	13,16
2018	276	13,35
2019	267	12,83



In 2019, there are 267 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 12,8 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about -3,3%.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	2 787	133
Civil and commercial	2 414	115
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	373	18
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA



The figures include cases at first and second instance courts.

It should be highlighted that the category "civil cases" includes family and consumer cases.

The figure at the category "labour cases" including employment dismissal cases is the number of all mediations at the labour and social courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

According to the Courts Act (art. 60.a) every court has to prepare the annual report, which includes data on human resources (such as the number of judges), court statistics (such as the number of solved cases, unsolved cases, legal remedies, their outcome), and time frames of judicial proceedings (such as clearance rate or the number of solved cases considered backlogs). Beside that, the court has to analyse the achieving of objectives, set in the yearly plan of work. The law provides for annual report to be submitted to higher court, the Supreme Court, the Judicial Council and the Ministry of Justice. The reports are sent electronically, the courts are also recommended to make their annual reports publicly available through their web pages, however this is not mandatory.

- The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- satisfaction of court staff
- satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
- costs of the judicial procedures
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

In Slovenia there is a regular monitoring system in a form of collecting data on court statistics. Court statistics are collected and published four times a year by the Ministry of Justice. They include the data on the number of judges and court staff, number of incoming, resolved and pending cases, age of unresolved cases, length of proceedings, average time to resolve a case, type of decision, court backlogs, legal remedies and time to issue a court decision.

Besides that, the data on court activities are automatically on national level, thus statistical analysis are made possible. All courts have access to a wide range of special reports, generated in the Court management information system. Reports include detailed information on court activities (for example length of specific phases of a court proceeding, top 20 oldest cases in certain area of law, etc.), human resources, court performance indicators (the critical indicators are marked red for unsatisfactory performance and green when meeting the standards) that provide guidance to presidents and directors of courts. The business intelligence system that creates priority reports derives the data from the Data warehouse of the Supreme Court. The same source is used for Court statistics publications by the Ministry of Justice. Each court is able to access the above mentioned reports at any moment, while some data are quarterly collected and published on national level (as prescribed by the Court rules).

The satisfaction surveys are performed and results published bi-annually.

In Slovenia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

- The frequency of the reporting is annual

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff
- costs of the judicial procedures
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

The Annual work programme consists of the assessment of the expected number of incoming cases, timeframes for typical procedural acts and solving the cases and the plan of operating results. The latter includes the expected number of resolved cases and criteria of efficiency (resolved cases to staff ratio), effectiveness (expected time to resolution) and economy (budgetary funds to solved cases ratio) (the Courts Act, art. 71.b).

The number of complaints is monitored as a performance indicator, however it is not directly considered as a measure of quality of work.

The data on satisfaction of court staff and users is also collected, however it is not yet used as quality indicator.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

The Supreme Court's Data warehouse, containing all court cases, as well as financial data and human resources data was implemented in 2011. The data are collected based on CEPEJ Guidelines on Judicial statistics (GOJUST). A special office at the Supreme Court with specialised knowledge was introduced in order to monitor the quality and define quality policies on the level of entire judiciary and individual courts. Quality standards based on SATURN guidelines are taken into account in several predefined BI system reports.

The important role in the determination of quality standards is played by the Supreme Court's „Opening of the judicial year“ document, in which a set of priorities is determined. The priorities are subsequently monitored throughout the judicial year by automated BI tools and customised analysis at the Supreme Court.

The 2013 amendment to the Courts Act provides that the Supreme Court shall adopt the Criteria for quality of work for courts for the next (judicial) year, based on its Yearly report on efficiency and effectiveness of courts. Since 2015, the Supreme Court has been adopting the timeframes for different types of procedures as well as for different procedural phases for next year (as a part of the Criteria for quality of work).

As for public prosecution, the criteria for quality of work are defined in the Prosecution Policy (adopted by the Prosecutor General), while the quantitative aspects of work are defined in the Criteria for evaluating the performance of the state prosecutor's offices adopted by the State Prosecutorial Council.

For courts and public prosecution there are specialised personnel at the Supreme Court and the Supreme public prosecution office.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

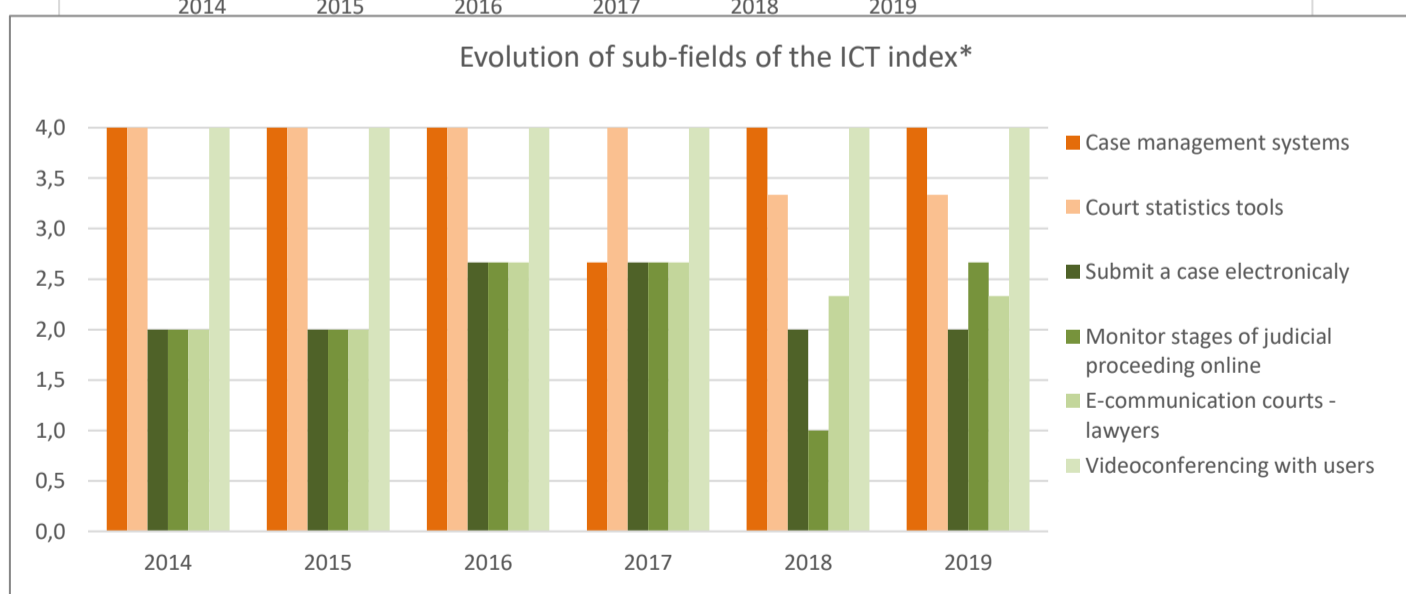
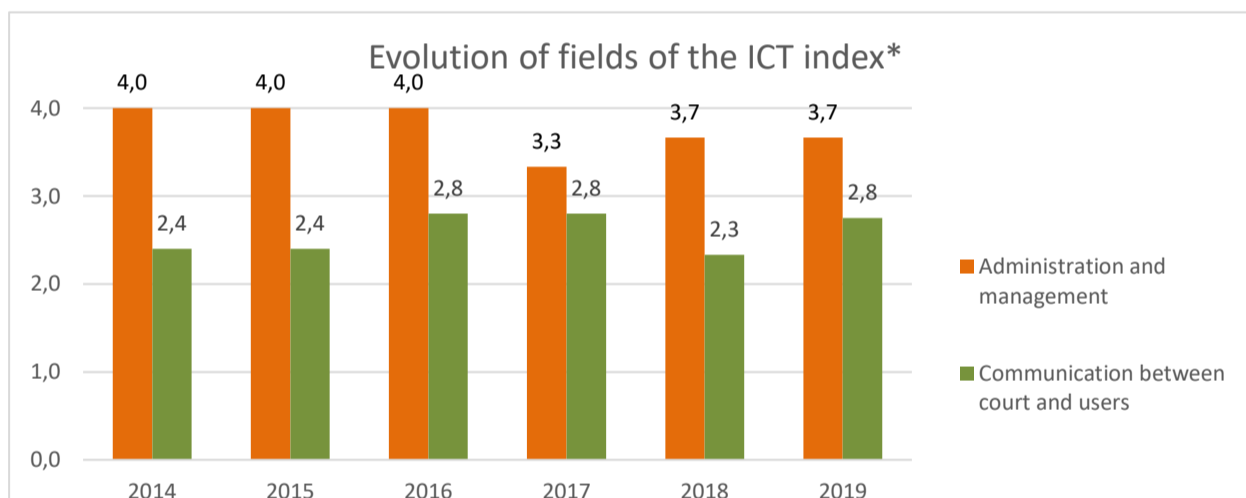
	points (up to 4)
Administration and management	3,7
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	3,3
Communication between court and users	2,8
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	2,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	2,7
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	2,3
Videoconferencing with users	4,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



The writing assistance tools are included in the CMSs, provided by the Project management Service at the Supreme Court. The templates (including pre-written texts) are verified by the judges.

All courts are equipped by voice recording tools, maintained by courts and the Ministry of Justice.

Civil enforcement on the basis of the authentic document is another informatised procedure where status of case is available on-line. Approx. 36 % of all incoming non-criminal cases is civil enforcement on the basis of the authentic document (see Q91).

Statistical data

In Slovenia, the Ministry of Justice is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The data for Court statistic, published by Ministry of Justice is obtained from the Supreme Court's Data warehouse.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- On internet

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	1,8%	0,1%	0,0%	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	0,7%	0,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	17 172 €	17 128 €	18 065 €	18 680 €	19 262 €	20 951 €	22 182 €	22 983 €	33,8%	-0,3%	5,5%	3,4%	3,1%	8,8%	5,9%	3,6%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	294 370 565	260 608 342	255 495 825	240 006 378	250 570 939	266 311 081	268 995 916	296 029 582	0,6%	-11,5%	-2,0%	-6,1%	4,4%	6,3%	1,0%	10,0%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	No	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	No	No								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	No	No								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	No	NAP								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	1,8%	0,1%	0,0%	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	0,7%	0,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	17 172 €	17 128 €	18 065 €	18 680 €	19 262 €	20 951 €	22 182 €	22 983 €	33,8%	-0,3%	5,5%	3,4%	3,1%	8,8%	5,9%	3,6%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	294 370 565	260 608 342	255 495 825	240 006 378	250 570 939	266 311 081	268 995 916	296 029 582	0,6%	0 €	-2,0%	-6,1%	4,4%	6,3%	1,0%	10,0%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	256 316 993	241 645 781	245 460 527	257 181 607	264 456 161	293 069 471	-	-	-	-5,7%	1,6%	4,8%	2,8%	10,8%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	1,8%	0,1%	0,0%	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	0,7%	0,7%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	294 370 565	260 608 342	255 495 825	240 006 378	250 570 939	266 311 081	268 995 916	296 029 582	0,6%	-11,5%	-2,0%	-6,1%	4,4%	6,3%	1,0%	10,0%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	40 461 043	-	41 131 998	36 992 780	33 239 643	31 843 153	29 976 803	28 821 512	-28,8%	-	-	-10,1%	-10,1%	-4,2%	-5,9%	-3,9%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	195	195	195	195	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	1,8%	0,1%	0,0%	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	0,7%	0,7%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	-16,7%	-16,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	1,8%	0,1%	0,0%	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	0,7%	0,7%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	356 071	303 220	285 279	251 889	192 231	148 701	122 514	109 533	-69,2%	-14,8%	-5,9%	-11,7%	-23,7%	-22,6%	-17,6%	-10,6%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	56 651	55 486	53 815	48 384	45 550	42 220	38 624	34 645	-38,8%	-2,1%	-3,0%	-10,1%	-5,9%	-7,3%	-8,5%	-10,3%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	187 198	170 745	118 604	82 719	61 003	49 196	-	-	-	-8,8%	-30,5%	-30,3%	-26,3%	-19,4%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	200 131	188 531	177 648	164 736	113 760	77 127	56 402	44 203	-77,9%	-5,8%	-5,8%	-7,3%	-30,9%	-32,2%	-26,9%	-21,6%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	9 550	6 009	4 844	5 592	4 601	4 993	-	-	-	-37,1%	-19,4%	15,4%	-17,7%	8,5%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	44 990	14 705	8 593	5 376	4 442	5 179	4 119	4 610	-89,8%	-67,3%	-41,6%	-37,4%	-17,4%	16,6%	-20,5%	11,9%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	839	477	957	633	402	413	482	383	-54,4%	-43,1%	100,6%	-33,9%	-36,5%	2,7%	16,7%	-20,5%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 430	1 936	1 841	1 668	1 619	2 000	3 292	3 600	48,1%	-20,3%	-4,9%	-9,4%	-2,9%	23,5%	64,6%	9,4%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	51 030	42 085	42 425	31 092	26 458	21 762	19 595	22 092	-56,7%	-17,5%	0,8%	-26,7%	-14,9%	-17,7%	-10,0%	12,7%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	929 328	921 342	871 916	800 360	710 366	664 648	638 075	630 234	-32,2%	-0,9%	-5,4%	-8,2%	-11,2%	-6,4%	-4,0%	-1,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	62 761	63 636	59 996	57 277	51 659	44 772	40 700	36 979	-41,1%	1,4%	-5,7%	-4,5%	-9,8%	-13,3%	-9,1%	-9,1%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	587 442	533 591	483 065	457 958	437 669	438 320	-	-	-	-9,2%	-9,5%	-5,2%	-4,4%	0,1%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	250 169	250 918	228 724	205 756	184 457	169 702	163 899	164 614	-34,2%	0,3%	-8,8%	-10,0%	-10,4%	-8,0%	-3,4%	0,4%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	358 718	327 835	298 608	288 256	273 770	273 706	-	-	-	-8,6%	-8,9%	-3,5%	-5,0%	0,0%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	306 951	284 854	295 833	266 056	240 849	234 035	222 701	224 102	-27,0%	-7,2%	3,9%	-10,1%	-9,5%	-2,8%	-4,8%	0,6%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	50 144	58 288	62 885	61 779	57 759	54 221	51 069	49 604	-1,1%	16,2%	7,9%	-1,8%	-6,5%	-6,1%	-5,8%	-2,9%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	4 930	5 234	5 345	4 804	2 972	3 976	3 540	3 139	-36,3%	6,2%	2,1%	-10,1%	-38,1%	33,8%	-11,0%	-11,3%	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	254 373	258 412	219 133	204 688	172 670	157 942	156 166	151 796	-40,3%	1,6%	-15,2%	-6,6%	-15,6%	-8,5%	-1,1%	-2,8%	
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	981 418	938 955	904 958	859 760	753 615	690 542	650 931	641 379	-34,6%	-4,3%	-3,6%	-5,0%	-12,3%	-8,4%	-5,7%	-1,5%	
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	63 689	65 194	65 432	60 082	54 982	48 354	44 677	40 444	-36,5%	2,4%	0,4%	-8,2%	-8,5%	-12,1%	-7,6%	-9,5%	
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	603 557	585 504	518 674	479 405	449 352	443 040	-	-	-	-3,0%	-11,4%	-7,6%	-6,3%	-1,4%	
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	261 325	261 450	241 289	256 504	220 914	190 165	175 982	168 777	-35,4%	0,0%	-7,7%	6,3%	-13,9%	-13,9%	-7,5%	-4,1%	
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	362 268	329 000	297 760	289 240	273 370	274 263	-	-	-	-9,2%	-9,5%	-2,9%	-5,5%	0,3%	
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	337 182	290 939	299 060	266 990	240 018	235 094	222 205	224 654	-33,4%	-13,7%	2,8%	-10,7%	-10,1%	-2,1%	-5,5%	1,1%	
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	50 506	57 993	63 208	62 010	57 742	54 146	51 165	49 609	-1,8%	14,8%	9,0%	-1,9%	-6,9%	-6,2%	-5,5%	-3,0%	
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	5 424	5 329	5 504	4 853	2 589	2 682	3 233	2 792	-48,5%	-1,8%	3,3%	-11,8%	-46,7%	3,6%	20,5%	-13,6%	
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	263 292	258 050	230 465	209 321	177 370	160 101	153 669	155 103	-41,1%	-2,0%	-10,7%	-9,2%	-15,3%	-9,7%	-4,0%	0,9%	
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	303 220	285 117	251 814	192 153	148 653	122 613	109 512	98 206	-67,6%	-6,0%	-11,7%	-23,7%	-22,6%	-17,5%	-10,7%	-10,3%	
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	55 486	53 813	48 389	45 579	42 227	38 638	34 647	31 180	-43,8%	-3,0%	-10,1%	-5,8%	-7,4%	-8,5%	-10,3%	-10,0%	
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	170 653	118 497	82 668	61 078	49 175	44 298	-	-	-	-30,6%	-30,2%	-26,1%	-19,5%	-9,9%	
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	188 531	177 392	164 581	113 655	77 068	56 472	44 175	39 862	-78,9%	-5,9%	-7,2%	-30,9%	-32,2%	-26,7%	-21,8%	-9,8%	
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6 072	4 842	5 600	4 606	5 000	4 436	-	-	-	-20,3%	15,7%	-17,8%	8,6%	-11,3%	
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	14 705	8 615	5 438	4 440	5 181	4 118	4 614	4 058	-72,4%	-41,4%	-36,9%	-18,4%	16,7%	-20,5%	12,0%	-12,1%	
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	477	1 011	634	402	419	488	386	378	-20,8%	111,9%	-37,3%	-36,6%	4,2%	16,5%	-20,9%	-2,1%	
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	1 936	1 841	1 682	1 619	2 000	3 294	3 599	3 947	103,9%	-4,9%	-8,6%	-3,7%	23,5%	64,7%	9,3%	9,7%	

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	42 085	42 445	31 090	26 458	21 758	19 603	22 091	18 781	-55,4%	0,9%	-26,8%	-14,9%	-17,8%	-9,9%	12,7%	-15,0%

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	105,6%	101,9%	103,8%	107,4%	106,1%	103,9%	102,0%	101,8%	-3,6%	-3,5%	1,8%	3,5%	-1,2%	-2,1%	-1,8%	-0,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	101,5%	102,4%	109,1%	104,9%	106,4%	108,0%	109,8%	109,4%	7,8%	1,0%	6,5%	-3,8%	1,5%	1,5%	1,6%	-0,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,7%	109,7%	107,4%	104,7%	102,7%	101,1%	-	-	-	6,8%	-2,1%	-2,5%	-1,9%	-1,6%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	104,5%	104,2%	105,5%	124,7%	119,8%	112,1%	107,4%	102,5%	-1,8%	-0,3%	1,2%	18,2%	-3,9%	-6,4%	-4,2%	-4,5%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	101,0%	100,4%	99,7%	100,3%	99,9%	100,2%	-	-	-	-0,6%	-0,6%	0,6%	-0,5%	0,4%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	109,8%	102,1%	101,1%	100,4%	99,7%	100,5%	99,8%	100,2%	-8,7%	-7,0%	-1,0%	-0,7%	-0,7%	0,8%	-0,7%	0,5%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	100,7%	99,5%	100,5%	100,4%	100,0%	99,9%	100,2%	100,0%	-0,7%	-1,2%	1,0%	-0,1%	-0,4%	-0,1%	0,3%	-0,2%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	110,0%	101,8%	103,0%	101,0%	87,1%	67,5%	91,3%	88,9%	-19,2%	-7,5%	1,1%	-1,9%	-13,8%	-22,6%	35,4%	-2,6%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	103,5%	99,9%	105,2%	102,3%	102,7%	101,4%	98,4%	102,2%	-1,3%	-3,5%	5,3%	-2,8%	0,4%	-1,3%	-2,9%	3,8%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	113	111	102	82	72	65	61	56	-50,4%	-1,7%	-8,4%	-19,7%	-11,7%	-10,0%	-5,2%	-9,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	318	301	270	277	280	292	283	281	-11,5%	-5,3%	-10,4%	2,6%	1,2%	4,0%	-2,9%	-0,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	103	74	58	47	40	36	-	-	-	-28,4%	-21,2%	-20,1%	-14,1%	-8,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	263	248	249	162	127	108	92	86	-67,3%	-6,0%	0,5%	-35,0%	-21,3%	-14,9%	-15,5%	-5,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6	5	7	6	7	6	-	-	-	-12,2%	27,8%	-15,3%	14,9%	-11,6%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	16	11	7	6	8	6	8	7	-58,6%	-32,1%	-38,6%	-8,5%	29,8%	-18,9%	18,5%	-13,0%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	3	6	4	2	3	3	3	3	-19,3%	84,6%	-42,5%	-35,4%	11,9%	24,2%	-16,3%	1,0%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	130	126	112	122	282	448	406	516	296,1%	-3,2%	-11,5%	9,2%	131,6%	59,0%	-9,4%	27,0%

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	58	60	49	46	45	45	52	44	-24,2%	2,9%	-18,0%	-6,3%	-3,0%	-0,2%	17,4%	-15,8%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	1 068	1 022	1 048	1 033	896	815	727	721	-32,5%	-4,3%	2,5%	-1,4%	-13,3%	-9,0%	-10,8%	-0,8%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	622	657	743	598	551	570	412	370	-40,5%	5,6%	13,1%	-19,5%	-7,9%	3,4%	-27,7%	-10,2%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	3 667	4 558	5 288	9 169	11 999	12 995	11 661	9 449	157,7%	24,3%	16,0%	73,4%	30,9%	8,3%	-10,3%	-19,0%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	1 954	1 917	1 839	1 709	1 748	1 644	1 607	1 326	-32,1%	-1,9%	-4,1%	-7,1%	2,3%	-5,9%	-2,3%	-17,5%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	1 038	1 085	932	905	887	722	642	650	-37,4%	4,5%	-14,1%	-2,9%	-2,0%	-18,6%	-11,1%	1,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	2 669	2 819	6 596	6 224	5 517	4 306	4 158	3 766	41,1%	5,6%	134,0%	-5,6%	-11,4%	-22,0%	-3,4%	-9,4%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	2 000	1 891	1 851	1 842	1 829	1 732	1 614	1 409	-29,6%	-5,5%	-2,1%	-0,5%	-0,7%	-5,3%	-6,8%	-12,7%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	1 003	999	1 075	952	868	881	683	658	-34,4%	-0,4%	7,6%	-11,4%	-8,8%	1,5%	-22,5%	-3,7%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 778	2 089	2 717	3 398	4 519	5 642	6 370	5 298	198,0%	17,5%	30,1%	25,1%	33,0%	24,9%	12,9%	-16,8%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	1 022	1 048	1 036	900	815	727	720	638	-37,6%	2,5%	-1,1%	-13,1%	-9,4%	-10,8%	-1,0%	-11,4%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	657	743	600	551	570	411	371	362	-44,9%	13,1%	-19,2%	-8,2%	3,4%	-27,9%	-9,7%	-2,4%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	4 558	5 288	9 167	11 995	12 997	11 659	9 449	7 917	73,7%	16,0%	73,4%	30,8%	8,4%	-10,3%	-19,0%	-16,2%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	102,4%	98,6%	100,7%	107,8%	104,6%	105,4%	100,4%	106,3%	3,8%	-3,6%	2,0%	7,1%	-2,9%	0,7%	-4,7%	5,8%
CR Employment dismissal cases	96,6%	92,1%	115,3%	105,2%	97,9%	122,0%	106,4%	101,2%	4,8%	-4,7%	25,3%	-8,8%	-7,0%	24,7%	-12,8%	-4,8%
CR Insolvency cases	66,6%	74,1%	41,2%	54,6%	81,9%	131,0%	153,2%	140,7%	111,2%	11,2%	-44,4%	32,5%	50,0%	60,0%	16,9%	-8,2%
DT Litigious divorce cases	187	202	204	178	163	153	163	165	-11,4%	8,5%	1,0%	-12,7%	-8,8%	-5,8%	6,3%	1,5%
DT Employment dismissal cases	239	271	204	211	240	170	198	201	-16,0%	13,5%	-25,0%	3,7%	13,5%	-29,0%	16,4%	1,3%
DT Insolvency cases	936	924	1 231	1 288	1 050	754	541	545	-41,7%	-1,3%	33,3%	4,6%	-18,5%	-28,1%	-28,2%	0,7%

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6 794	6 492	6 158	4 818	4 215	4 143	3 383	2 799	-58,8%	-4,4%	-5,1%	-21,8%	-12,5%	-1,7%	-18,3%	-17,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 901	3 923	3 924	3 141	2 887	2 868	2 388	1 996	-48,8%	0,6%	0,0%	-20,0%	-8,1%	-0,7%	-16,7%	-16,4%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 234	1 677	1 328	1 275	995	803	-	-	-	-24,9%	-20,8%	-4,0%	-22,0%	-19,3%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	418	298	2 129	1 590	1 249	1 207	922	763	82,5%	-28,7%	614,4%	-25,3%	-21,4%	-3,4%	-23,6%	-17,2%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	105	87	79	68	73	40	-	-	-	-17,1%	-9,2%	-13,9%	7,4%	-45,2%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	83	74	54	60	68	33	-	-	-	-10,8%	-27,0%	11,1%	13,3%	-51,5%
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	162	141	22	13	25	8	5	7	-95,7%	-13,0%	-84,4%	-40,9%	92,3%	-68,0%	-37,5%	40,0%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	25	23	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-8,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	22 442	22 542	22 257	20 565	18 684	16 544	14 786	13 333	-40,6%	0,4%	-1,3%	-7,6%	-9,1%	-11,5%	-10,6%	-9,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	11 744	12 040	12 913	11 943	10 798	9 348	8 541	7 648	-34,9%	2,5%	7,3%	-7,5%	-9,6%	-13,4%	-8,6%	-10,5%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	9 344	8 622	7 886	7 196	6 245	5 685	-	-	-	-7,7%	-8,5%	-8,7%	-13,2%	-9,0%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 129	1 146	8 730	8 096	7 442	6 718	5 775	5 265	366,3%	1,5%	661,8%	-7,3%	-8,1%	-9,7%	-14,0%	-8,8%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	614	526	444	478	470	420	-	-	-	-14,3%	-15,6%	7,7%	-1,7%	-10,6%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	526	411	345	403	367	360	-	-	-	-21,9%	-16,1%	16,8%	-8,9%	-1,9%
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	646	713	88	115	99	75	103	60	-90,7%	10,4%	-87,7%	30,7%	-13,9%	-24,2%	37,3%	-41,7%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	132	95	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-28,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	22 744	22 869	23 597	21 170	18 756	17 304	15 370	13 708	-39,7%	0,5%	3,2%	-10,3%	-11,4%	-7,7%	-11,2%	-10,8%

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	11 723	12 040	13 696	12 199	10 817	9 828	8 933	8 030	-31,5%	2,7%	13,8%	-10,9%	-11,3%	-9,1%	-9,1%	-10,1%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	9 901	8 971	7 939	7 476	6 437	5 678	-	-	-	-9,4%	-11,5%	-5,8%	-13,9%	-11,8%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 249	1 160	9 269	8 437	7 484	7 003	5 934	5 239	319,5%	-7,1%	699,1%	-9,0%	-11,3%	-6,4%	-15,3%	-11,7%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	632	534	455	473	503	439	-	-	-	-15,5%	-14,8%	4,0%	6,3%	-12,7%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	535	431	339	395	402	378	-	-	-	-19,4%	-21,3%	16,5%	1,8%	-6,0%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	666	765	97	103	116	78	101	61	-90,8%	14,9%	-87,3%	6,2%	12,6%	-32,8%	29,5%	-39,6%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	134	96	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-28,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6 492	6 162	4 818	4 216	4 143	3 383	2 799	2 424	-62,7%	-5,1%	-21,8%	-12,5%	-1,7%	-18,3%	-17,3%	-13,4%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 923	3 926	3 141	2 888	2 868	2 388	1 996	1 614	-58,9%	0,1%	-20,0%	-8,1%	-0,7%	-16,7%	-16,4%	-19,1%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 677	1 328	1 275	995	803	810	-	-	-	-20,8%	-4,0%	-22,0%	-19,3%	0,9%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	298	284	1 590	1 249	1 207	922	763	789	164,8%	-4,7%	459,9%	-21,4%	-3,4%	-23,6%	-17,2%	3,4%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	87	79	68	73	40	21	-	-	-	-9,2%	-13,9%	7,4%	-45,2%	-47,5%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	74	54	60	68	33	15	-	-	-	-27,0%	11,1%	13,3%	-51,5%	-54,5%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	141	83	13	25	8	5	7	6	-95,7%	-41,1%	-84,3%	92,3%	-68,0%	-37,5%	40,0%	-14,3%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	23	22	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-4,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	0	-	-	-	-	-	-50,0%	200,0%	-100,0%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	0	-	-	-	-	-	-50,0%	200,0%	-100,0%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,3%	101,5%	106,0%	102,9%	100,4%	104,6%	103,9%	102,8%	1,4%	0,1%	4,5%	-2,9%	-2,5%	4,2%	-0,6%	-1,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,8%	100,0%	106,1%	102,1%	100,2%	105,1%	104,6%	105,0%	5,2%	0,2%	6,1%	-3,7%	-1,9%	5,0%	-0,5%	0,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	106,0%	104,0%	100,7%	103,9%	103,1%	99,9%	-	-	-	-1,8%	-3,2%	3,2%	-0,8%	-3,1%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	110,6%	101,2%	106,2%	104,2%	100,6%	104,2%	102,8%	99,5%	-10,1%	-8,5%	4,9%	-1,8%	-3,5%	3,7%	-1,4%	-3,2%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	102,9%	101,5%	102,5%	99,0%	107,0%	104,5%	-	-	-	-1,4%	0,9%	-3,4%	8,2%	-2,3%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	101,7%	104,9%	98,3%	98,0%	109,5%	105,0%	-	-	-	3,1%	-6,3%	-0,3%	11,8%	-4,1%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	103,1%	107,3%	110,2%	89,6%	117,2%	104,0%	98,1%	101,7%	-1,4%	4,1%	2,7%	-18,7%	30,8%	-11,2%	-5,7%	3,7%
CR Other registry cases	101,5%	101,1%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-0,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	104	98	75	73	81	71	66	65	-38,0%	-5,6%	-24,2%	-2,5%	10,9%	-11,5%	-6,9%	-2,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	122	119	84	86	97	89	82	73	-39,9%	-2,6%	-29,7%	3,2%	12,0%	-8,4%	-8,0%	-10,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	62	54	59	49	46	52	-	-	-	-12,6%	8,5%	-17,1%	-6,3%	14,4%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	87	89	63	54	59	48	47	55	-36,9%	2,6%	-29,9%	-13,7%	8,9%	-18,4%	-2,3%	17,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	50	54	55	56	29	17	-	-	-	7,5%	1,0%	3,3%	-48,5%	-39,8%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	50	46	65	63	30	14	-	-	-	-9,4%	41,3%	-2,7%	-52,3%	-51,7%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	77	40	49	89	25	23	25	36	-53,5%	-48,8%	23,5%	81,1%	-71,6%	-7,1%	8,1%	41,9%
DT Other registry cases	63	84	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	33,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 479	-	1 375	1 377	1 282	1 230	1 182	912	-63,2%	-	-	0,1%	-6,9%	-4,1%	-3,9%	-22,8%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 668	-	1 091	903	798	759	806	690	-58,6%	-	-	-17,2%	-11,6%	-4,9%	6,2%	-14,4%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28	20	13	9	21	9	-	-	-	-28,6%	-35,0%	-30,8%	133,3%	-57,1%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	15	-	25	15	11	8	18	9	-40,0%	-	-	-40,0%	-26,7%	-27,3%	125,0%	-50,0%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	3	5	2	1	3	0	-	-	-	66,7%	-60,0%	-50,0%	200,0%	-100,0%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	3	5	2	1	3	0	-	-	-	66,7%	-60,0%	-50,0%	200,0%	-100,0%
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	4	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	378	-	256	454	471	462	355	213	-43,7%	-	-	77,3%	3,7%	-1,9%	-23,2%	-40,0%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	402	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 030	-	2 770	2 715	2 719	2 583	2 398	2 370	-21,8%	-	-	-2,0%	0,1%	-5,0%	-7,2%	-1,2%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 349	-	1 782	1 885	1 808	1 846	2 008	1 970	46,0%	-	-	5,8%	-4,1%	2,1%	8,8%	-1,9%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	37	30	22	29	22	53	-	-	-	-18,9%	-26,7%	31,8%	-24,1%	140,9%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	28	-	26	27	21	25	20	45	60,7%	-	-	3,8%	-22,2%	19,0%	-20,0%	125,0%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	11	3	1	4	2	8	-	-	-	-72,7%	-66,7%	300,0%	-50,0%	300,0%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	11	3	1	4	2	8	-	-	-	-72,7%	-66,7%	300,0%	-50,0%	300,0%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	2	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1 215	-	951	800	889	708	368	347	-71,4%	-	-	-15,9%	11,1%	-20,4%	-48,0%	-5,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	431	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 732	-	2 768	2 810	2 770	2 631	2 668	2 676	-28,3%	-	-	1,5%	-1,4%	-5,0%	1,4%	0,3%

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 728	-	1 970	1 991	1 847	1 799	2 124	2 193	26,9%	-	-	1,1%	-7,2%	-2,6%	18,1%	3,2%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	45	36	26	17	34	46	-	-	-	-20,0%	-27,8%	-34,6%	100,0%	35,3%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	26	-	36	30	24	15	29	40	53,8%	-	-	-16,7%	-20,0%	-37,5%	93,3%	37,9%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	9	6	2	2	5	6	-	-	-	-33,3%	-66,7%	0,0%	150,0%	20,0%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	9	6	2	2	5	6	-	-	-	-33,3%	-66,7%	0,0%	150,0%	20,0%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	3	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 297	-	753	783	897	815	510	437	-66,3%	-	-	4,0%	14,6%	-9,1%	-37,4%	-14,3%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	669	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 777	-	1 377	1 282	1 231	1 182	912	606	-65,9%	-	-	-6,9%	-4,0%	-4,0%	-22,8%	-33,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 289	-	903	797	759	806	690	467	-63,8%	-	-	-11,7%	-4,8%	6,2%	-14,4%	-32,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	20	14	9	21	9	16	-	-	-	-30,0%	-35,7%	133,3%	-57,1%	77,8%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	17	-	15	12	8	18	9	14	-17,6%	-	-	-20,0%	-33,3%	125,0%	-50,0%	55,6%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	5	2	1	3	0	2	-	-	-	-60,0%	-50,0%	200,0%	-100,0%	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	5	2	1	3	0	2	-	-	-	-60,0%	-50,0%	200,0%	-100,0%	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	3	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	296	-	454	471	463	355	213	123	-58,4%	-	-	3,7%	-1,7%	-23,3%	-40,0%	-42,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	164	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	9	46	8	30	-	-	-	-	-	411,1%	-82,6%	275,0%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	6	5	0	3	-	-	-	-	-	-16,7%	-100,0%	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	3	40	8	27	-	-	-	-	-	1233,3%	-80,0%	237,5%

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	123,2%	-	99,9%	103,5%	101,9%	101,9%	111,3%	112,9%	-8,3%	-	-	3,6%	-1,6%	0,0%	9,2%	1,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	128,1%	-	110,5%	105,6%	102,2%	97,5%	105,8%	111,3%	-13,1%	-	-	-4,5%	-3,3%	-4,6%	8,5%	5,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	121,6%	120,0%	118,2%	58,6%	154,5%	86,8%	-	-	-	-1,3%	-1,5%	-50,4%	163,6%	-43,8%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	92,9%	-	138,5%	111,1%	114,3%	60,0%	145,0%	88,9%	-4,3%	-	-	-19,8%	2,9%	-47,5%	141,7%	-38,7%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	81,8%	200,0%	200,0%	50,0%	250,0%	75,0%	-	-	-	144,4%	0,0%	-75,0%	400,0%	-70,0%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	81,8%	200,0%	200,0%	50,0%	250,0%	75,0%	-	-	-	144,4%	0,0%	-75,0%	400,0%	-70,0%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	150,0%	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	106,7%	-	79,2%	97,9%	100,9%	115,1%	138,6%	125,9%	18,0%	-	-	23,6%	3,1%	14,1%	20,4%	-9,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	155,2%	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	174	-	182	167	162	164	125	83	-52,4%	-	-	-8,3%	-2,6%	1,1%	-23,9%	-33,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	272	-	167	146	150	164	119	78	-71,5%	-	-	-12,7%	2,7%	9,0%	-27,5%	-34,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	162	142	126	451	97	127	-	-	-	-12,5%	-11,0%	256,9%	-78,6%	31,4%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	239	-	152	146	122	438	113	128	-46,5%	-	-	-4,0%	-16,7%	260,0%	-74,1%	12,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	203	122	183	548	0	122	-	-	-	-40,0%	50,0%	200,0%	-100,0%	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	203	122	183	548	0	122	-	-	-	-40,0%	50,0%	200,0%	-100,0%	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	365	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	83	-	220	220	188	159	152	103	23,3%	-	-	-0,2%	-14,2%	-15,6%	-4,1%	-32,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	89	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts																		
Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)																		
81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes									

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)									
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	No	No	NAP	NAP
--	---	---	---	---	----	----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	1,8%	0,1%	0,0%	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	0,7%	0,7%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	5 514 089	4 059 128	3 414 646	3 043 999	3 200 000	3 200 000	2 700 000	3 491 590	-36,7%	-26,4%	-15,9%	-10,9%	5,1%	0,0%	-15,6%	29,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	3 492 487	3 184 217	3 091 043	3 359 682	3 980 358	4 116 757	-	-	-	-8,8%	-2,9%	8,7%	18,5%	3,4%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	No	No	NAP	NAP	NAP

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	235	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes	
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Fully integrated including BI	ated including BI	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							100%	100%	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							100%	100%	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes	
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%	
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							Yes	Yes	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							Yes	Yes	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No	

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							1-9%	1-9%											
064-2 - Administrative							1-9%	1-9%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							No	No											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							No	No											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

- Civil - Equipment rate
- Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
- Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
- Civil - SMS
- Civil - E-mail
- Civil - Specific computer application
- Civil - Other

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							Yes	Yes									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	No									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							not accessible at all	accessible at all									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							1-9%	1-9%
064-6 - Administrative							1-9%	1-9%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Sound	FALSE

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Sound	FALSE										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Sound	FALSE										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	No
064-3 - Equipment rate								
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	0
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							No	0
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	0
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	0

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%	100%										
064-7 - Email								No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other								No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7 - Email								No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	No										
064-7 - Other								No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	No										

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations											
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019				
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																				
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																				
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No											
<i>In criminal matter</i>																				
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No											
<i>In administrative matter</i>																				
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes											
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No											
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No											
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																				
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system								Yes	Yes											
065-4 - Impact on Business processes								Yes	Yes											
065-4 - Impact on Workload								No	No											
065-4 - Impact on Human resources								Yes	Yes											
065-4 - Impact on Costs								Yes	Yes											
065-4 - Impact on Other								No	No											

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																		
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation								Yes	Yes									

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges								
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)								
127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	347	341	311	292	281	272	276	267	-23,1%	-1,7%	-8,8%	-6,1%	-3,8%	-3,2%	1,5%	-3,3%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	4 714	-	4 200	-	2 844	3 093	2 818	2 787	-34,4%	-	-	-	-	8,8%	-8,9%	-1,1%
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	3 929	-	3 495	-	2 320	2 625	2 451	2 414	-33,2%	-	-	-	-	13,1%	-6,6%	-1,5%
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	785	-	705	-	524	NA	367	373	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,6%
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)								
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																		
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																		
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Other	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes										

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	1,8%	0,1%	0,0%	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	0,7%	0,7%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	970	951	924	897	880	859	867	873	-10,0%	-2,0%	-2,8%	-2,9%	-1,9%	-2,4%	0,9%	0,7%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	753	738	724	665	641	628	636	634	-15,8%	-2,0%	-1,9%	-8,1%	-3,6%	-2,0%	1,3%	-0,3%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	183	116	171	202	208	199	199	209	14,2%	-36,6%	47,4%	18,1%	3,0%	-4,3%	0,0%	5,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	34	33	29	30	31	32	32	30	-11,8%	-2,9%	-12,1%	3,4%	3,3%	3,2%	0,0%	-6,3%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	217	212	202	201	185	187	186	181	-16,6%	-2,3%	-4,7%	-0,5%	-8,0%	1,1%	-0,5%	-2,7%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	148	122	139	126	115	120	119	111	-25,0%	-17,6%	13,9%	-9,4%	-8,7%	4,3%	-0,8%	-6,7%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	48	16	45	57	52	50	48	52	8,3%	-66,7%	181,3%	26,7%	-8,8%	-3,8%	-4,0%	8,3%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	21	20	18	18	18	17	19	18	-14,3%	-4,8%	-10,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-5,6%	11,8%	-5,3%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	753	739	722	696	695	672	681	692	-8,1%	-1,9%	-2,3%	-3,6%	-0,1%	-3,3%	1,3%	1,6%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	605	589	585	539	526	508	517	523	-13,6%	-2,6%	-0,7%	-7,9%	-2,4%	-3,4%	1,8%	1,2%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	135	73	126	145	156	149	151	157	16,3%	-45,9%	72,6%	15,1%	7,6%	-4,5%	1,3%	4,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	13	13	11	12	13	15	13	12	-7,7%	0,0%	-15,4%	9,1%	8,3%	15,4%	-13,3%	-7,7%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	3 330	3 239	3 355	3 300	3 330	3 328	3 391	3 427	2,9%	-2,7%	3,6%	-1,6%	0,9%	-0,1%	1,9%	1,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	346	425	505	481	516	511	506	494	42,8%	22,8%	18,8%	-4,8%	7,3%	-1,0%	-1,0%	-2,4%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	481	838	1 080	659	826	802	970	1 068	122,0%	74,2%	28,9%	-39,0%	25,3%	-2,9%	20,9%	10,1%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	1 562	1 639	1 998	1 796	1 822	1 716	1 679	-	-	4,9%	21,9%	-10,1%	1,4%	-5,8%	-2,2%

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	414	131	162	192	193	199	186	-	-	-68,4%	23,7%	18,5%	0,5%	3,1%	-6,5%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	420	405	406	411	402	407	-	-	-	-3,6%	0,2%	1,2%	-2,2%	1,2%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	49	49	43	41	38	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-12,2%	-4,7%	-7,3%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	109	124	132	131	144	-	-	-	-	13,8%	6,5%	-0,8%	9,9%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	172	136	132	120	126	-	-	-	-	-20,9%	-2,9%	-9,1%	5,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	75	97	104	110	99	-	-	-	-	29,3%	7,2%	5,8%	-10,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	NA	2 935	2 892	2 924	2 917	2 989	3 020	-	-	-	-1,5%	1,1%	-0,2%	2,5%	1,0%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	NA	NA	429	467	468	465	456	-	-	-	-	8,9%	0,2%	-0,6%	-1,9%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	NA	NA	550	702	670	839	924	-	-	-	-	27,6%	-4,6%	25,2%	10,1%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	1 826	1 660	1 690	1 596	1 553	-	-	-	-	-9,1%	1,8%	-5,6%	-2,7%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	87	95	89	89	87	-	-	-	-	9,2%	-6,3%	0,0%	-2,2%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)																
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)																
Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	1,8%	0,1%	0,0%	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	0,7%	0,7%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 417	1 529	1 628	1 669	1 711	1 737	1 768	1 813	27,9%	7,9%	6,5%	2,5%	2,5%	1,5%	1,8%	2,5%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	3 330	3 239	3 355	3 300	3 330	3 328	3 391	3 427	2,9%	-2,7%	3,6%	-1,6%	0,9%	-0,1%	1,9%	1,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	346	425	505	481	516	511	506	494	42,8%	22,8%	18,8%	-4,8%	7,3%	-1,0%	-1,0%	-2,4%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	481	838	1 080	659	826	802	970	1 068	122,0%	74,2%	28,9%	-39,0%	25,3%	-2,9%	20,9%	10,1%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	1 562	1 639	1 998	1 796	1 822	1 716	1 679	-	-	4,9%	21,9%	-10,1%	1,4%	-5,8%	-2,2%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	414	131	162	192	193	199	186	-	-	-68,4%	23,7%	18,5%	0,5%	3,1%	-6,5%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	420	405	406	411	402	407	-	-	-	-3,6%	0,2%	1,2%	-2,2%	1,2%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	49	49	43	41	38	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-12,2%	-4,7%	-7,3%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	109	124	132	131	144	-	-	-	-	13,8%	6,5%	-0,8%	9,9%

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	172	136	132	120	126	-	-	-	-	-20,9%	-2,9%	-9,1%	5,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	75	97	104	110	99	-	-	-	-	29,3%	7,2%	5,8%	-10,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	NA	2 935	2 892	2 924	2 917	2 989	3 020	-	-	-	-1,5%	1,1%	-0,2%	2,5%	1,0%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	NA	NA	429	467	468	465	456	-	-	-	-	8,9%	0,2%	-0,6%	-1,9%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	NA	NA	550	702	670	839	924	-	-	-	-	27,6%	-4,6%	25,2%	10,1%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	1 826	1 660	1 690	1 596	1 553	-	-	-	-	-9,1%	1,8%	-5,6%	-2,7%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	87	95	89	89	87	-	-	-	-	9,2%	-6,3%	0,0%	-2,2%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Slovenia (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations						
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)															
Judges							No	No							
Prosecutors							No	No							
Non-judge staff							No	No							
Lawyers							No	No							
Notaries							No	No							
Enforcement agents							No	No							
Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)															
Judges							No	No							
Prosecutors							No	No							
Non-judge staff							No	No							
Lawyers							No	No							
Notaries							No	No							
Enforcement agents							No	No							
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)															
National programme for gender equality							No	No							
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)															
In courts (judges)							No	No							
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No							
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No							

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Spain

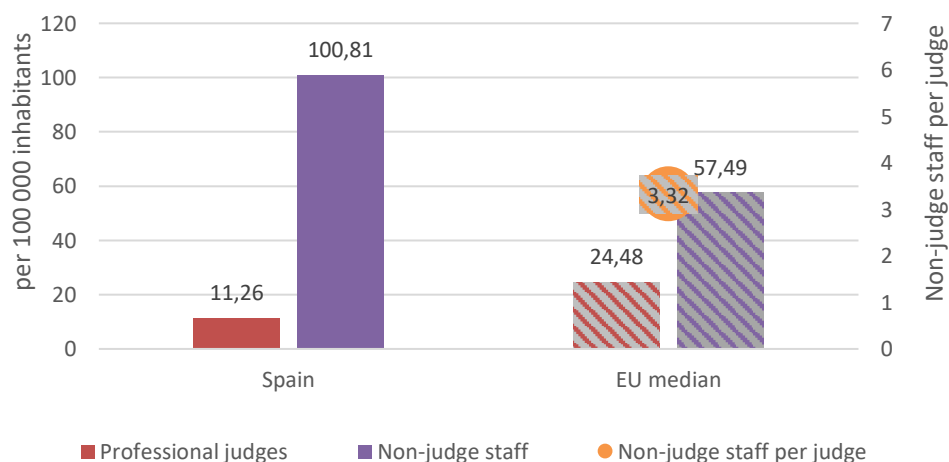
General data

Population: 47 431 256 **GDP:** 26 255 € **Average annual salary:** 23 462 €

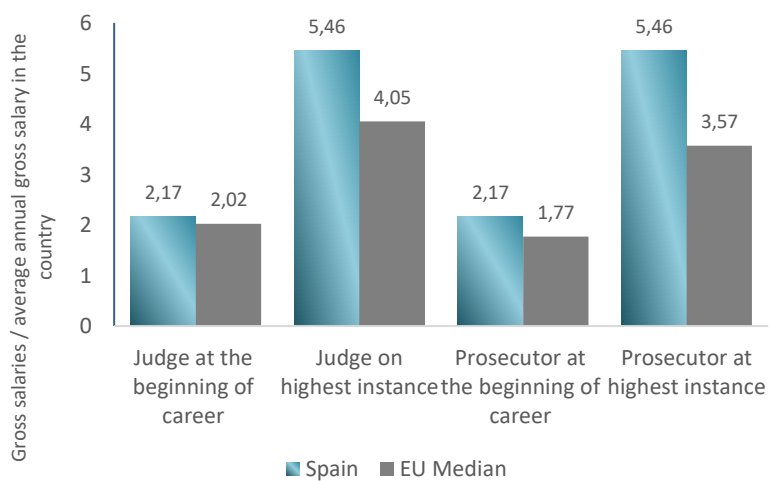
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
11,26	100,81	302,33	16,26
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

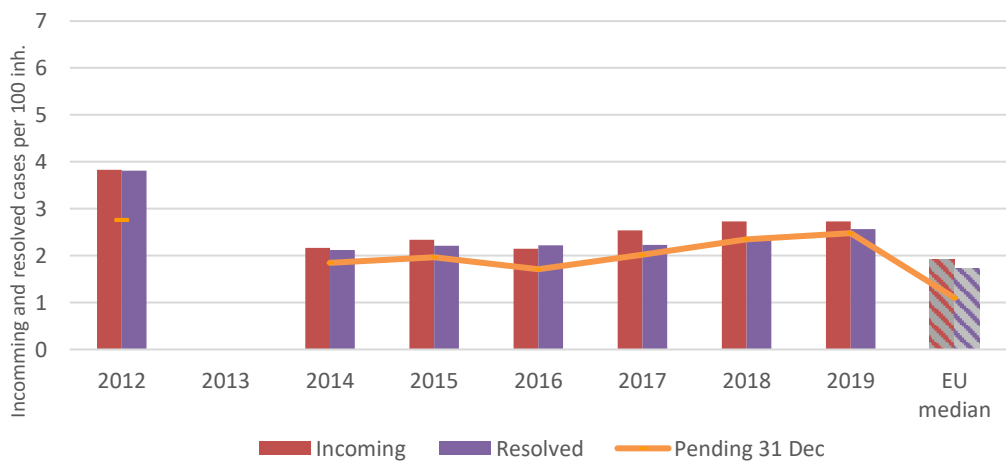


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

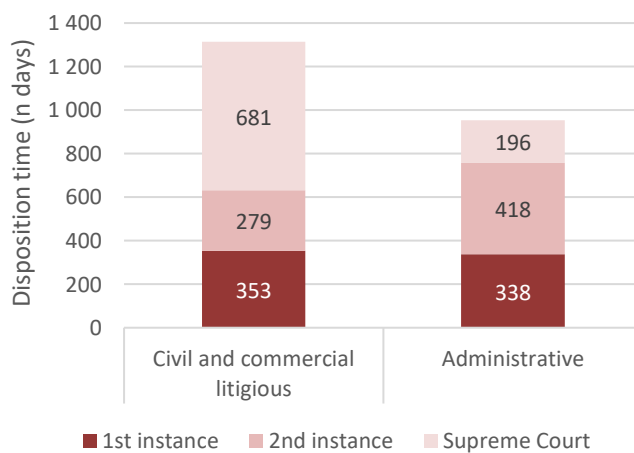


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

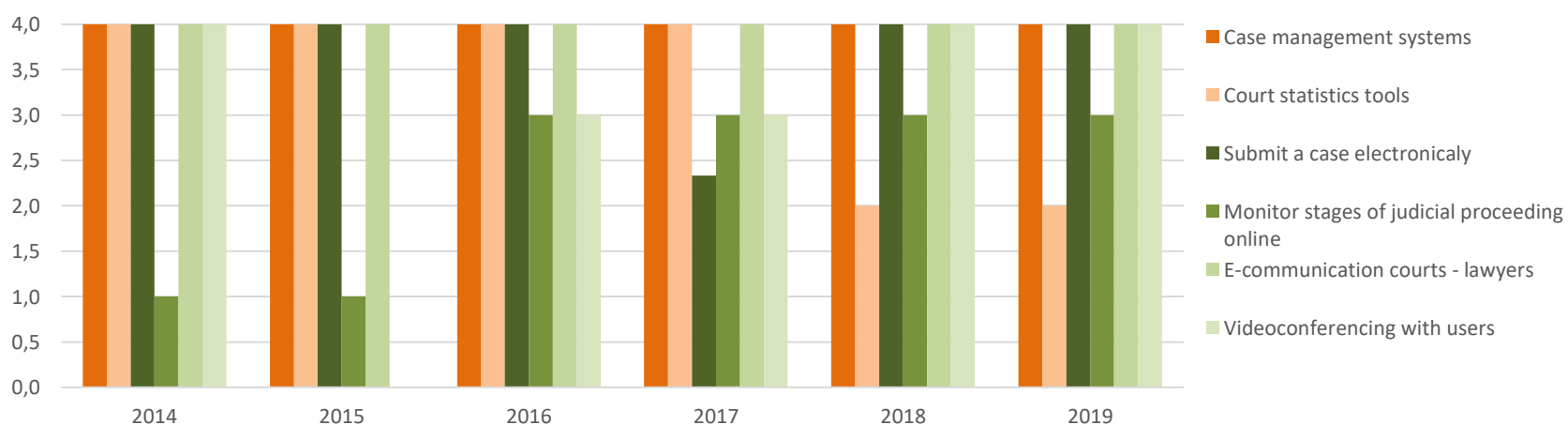


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Spain

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	3,1%	0,2%	1,0%	0,7%	0,9%
GDP per capita	22 300 €	-	22 800 €	23 300 €	23 985 €	24 919 €	25 703 €	26 255 €	17,7%	5,2%	7,2%	3,1%	2,1%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	22 726 €	-	22 803 €	-	22 770 €	-	23 033 €	23 462 €	3,2%	-0,1%	1,2%	-	1,9%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,2	-	11,5	11,6	11,5	11,5	11,5	11,3	0,5%	0,1%	-0,1%	0,1%	-2,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	97,3	-	104,6	107,1	105,7	100,4	101,4	100,8	3,6%	1,1%	-4,1%	1,0%	-0,5%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	285,5	-	290,7	322,6	305,3	308,8	304,6	302,3	5,9%	5,0%	-0,2%	-1,4%	-0,8%
Mediators	NA	-	2,5	7,1	NA	11,4	14,8	16,3	NA	NA	NA	30,0%	10,1%
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,828	-	2,164	2,337	2,148	2,541	2,732	2,726	-28,8%	-0,7%	27,2%	7,5%	-0,2%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,398	-	2,082	2,097	1,737	1,697	1,847	2,155	441,2%	-16,6%	6,3%	8,8%	16,7%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,428	-	0,4	0,368	0,354	0,354	0,367	0,421	-1,8%	-9,9%	3,5%	3,7%	14,7%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	100%	-	98%	95%	103%	88%	87%	94%	-5,65	5,14	-16,45	-1,16	7,30
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	100%	-	102%	102%	105%	100%	98%	93%	-7,02	2,79	-7,32	-2,87	-4,16
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	124%	-	113%	117%	112%	104%	100%	92%	-31,48	-0,90	-11,98	-4,83	-7,40

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	264	-	318	325	282	329	362	353	33,7%	-11,3%	28,4%	9,8%	-2,4%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	115	-	142	134	143	150	153	162	40,6%	0,3%	7,0%	1,5%	6,0%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	427	-	361	317	312	322	331	338	-20,8%	-13,5%	5,9%	2,9%	2,1%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,76	-	1,85	1,97	1,71	2,02	2,35	2,48	-10,2%	-7,3%	37,3%	16,5%	5,6%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,13	-	0,83	0,78	0,71	0,70	0,75	0,89	607,9%	-14,1%	5,8%	7,3%	18,4%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,62	-	0,44	0,37	0,34	0,33	0,33	0,36	-42,0%	-22,7%	-2,1%	1,8%	8,5%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	97%	-	105%	96%	98%	92%	87%	93%	-4,21	-7,61	-11,22	-5,70	6,46
CR administrative law cases	112%	-	110%	100%	100%	98%	92%	72%	-39,34	-9,51	-8,11	-5,50	-20,02

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	211	-	178	194	181	216	271	279	32,2%	1,4%	49,9%	25,5%	2,9%

DT administrative law cases (days)	357	-	332	321	319	329	355	418	17,1%	-3,9%	11,3%	7,7%	18,0%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	103%	-	77%	78%	84%	79%	82%	80%	-23,13	6,56	-1,66	2,47	-6,71
CR administrative law cases	168%	-	93%	67%	60%	103%	142%	126%	-41,97	-32,39	81,97	39,60	-16,50
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	320	-	496	541	513	604	608	681	113,0%	3,4%	18,6%	0,6%	12,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)	298	-	458	614	854	515	233	196	-34,1%	86,4%	-72,8%	-54,8%	-15,6%

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Spain

In Spain there are 2 317 first instance courts of general jurisdiction. Besides, there are 1 493 first instance specialised courts.

Spain's judicial organisation is structured in accordance with its territorial organisation. Pursuant to article 26 of the Organic Law on the Judiciary, the exercise of jurisdictional authority is attributed to the following judicial organs:

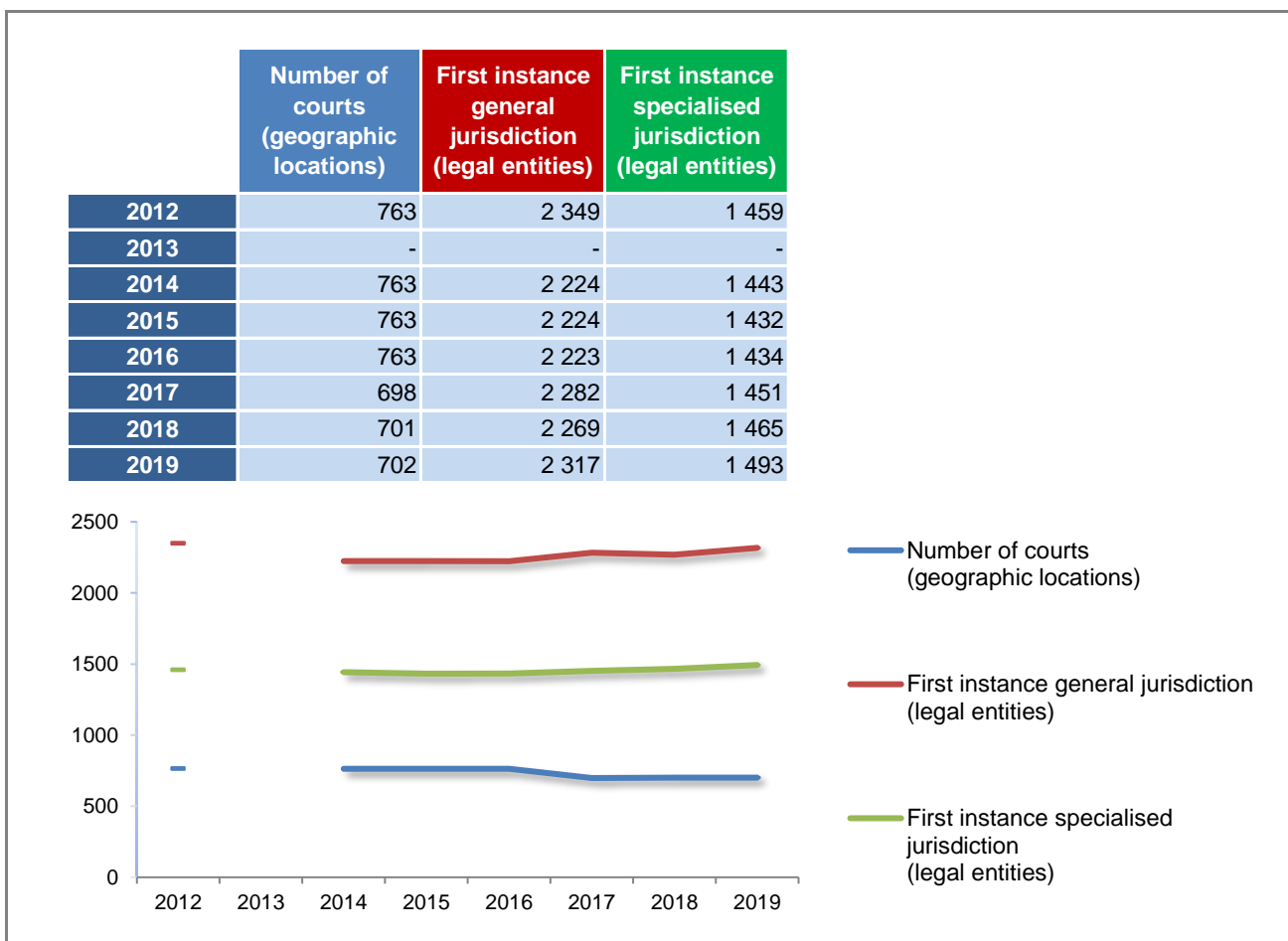
- Sole judge courts: Justices of the Peace, Civil and Enquiry Courts, Commercial Courts, Violence against Women Courts, Penal Courts, Administrative Courts, Labour Courts, Juvenile Courts and Prison Courts.

- Bench judges: Provincial Courts, High Courts, National Court and Supreme Court.

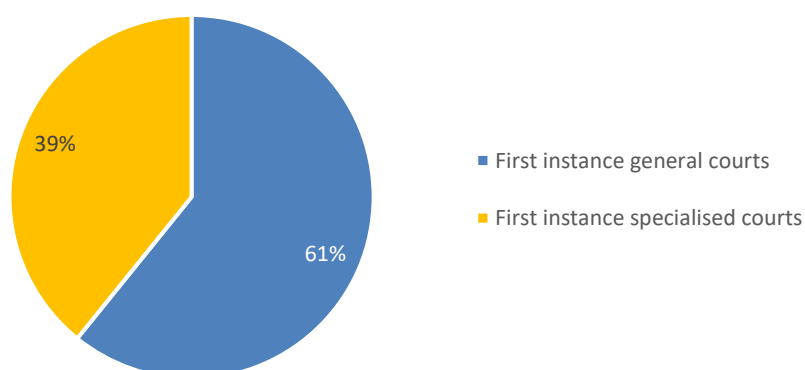
Sole judge courts – except for Justices of the Peace, located in municipalities – are established at the top of legal districts, while benches of judges operate in the provinces, the Autonomous Regions and at the national level in the case of the Supreme Court and the National Court.

Provincial Courts try civil and criminal cases and are located in the capitals of the provinces.

The Supreme Court is the sole judiciary body with jurisdiction throughout the nation and the highest court in all legal fields, except for issues of constitutional guarantees and rights. It has five divisions: civil, criminal, labour, administrative and military. High Courts act in each Autonomous Region and have different geographical locations to guarantee access to justice. They have four divisions: civil, criminal, administrative and labour. The National (Criminal) Court is a unique legal organ in Spain with jurisdiction over the entire national territory. It constitutes a centralised court, specialised in the knowledge of certain matters attributed by law such as crimes committed against the Royal Family, major drug trafficking, counterfeiting and offences committed outside the Spanish territory that are prosecuted in Spain. It has four divisions: review, criminal, administrative and labour.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



The 1 493 first instance specialised courts include 74 Commercial courts, 365 Labour courts, 126 Family courts, 17 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts, 7 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption courts, and 241 Administrative courts. In addition, there are 663 other specialised courts encompassing 106 Courts of violence against women, 3 Foreclosure proceedings Courts; 1 Court of arbitration; 13 Civil capacity courts, 348 Criminal courts, 31 Criminal courts specialized in Violence against women, 82 Juvenile Courts, 51 Prison courts and 28 Civil Registries.

The Arbitration Court was created by decision of the General Council of the Judiciary of 25 November 2010. The latter assigns exclusive jurisdiction over arbitration matters to the Court of First Instance No. 101 of Madrid. Military courts are part of the judiciary and administer justice in the strictly military sphere; judges are appointed by the General Council for the Judiciary. The provision of their resources and the enforcement of their judicial decisions depend on the Ministry of Defence.

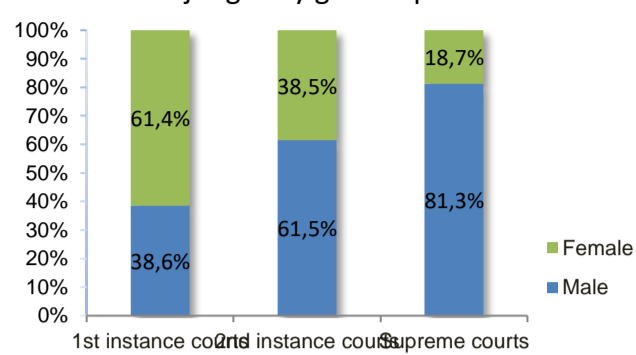
It is noteworthy that the number of courts given in each category is the number of its kind in Spain. The concept of “specialised court” does not exist in Spain. Thus, “Juzgados de lo Social” (labour courts) and “Juzgados de lo Contencioso-Administrativo” (administrative courts) are simply separate jurisdictions (such as civil and criminal).

The increase in the number of commercial and labour courts is due to the trend in Spain to create more courts where they seem necessary. Specialization in family is different given that it does not respond to the creation of new courts but to the decision of the General Council of the Judiciary that certain civil courts (already functioning) conduct only family cases. Therefore, it can be somewhat variable.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	3 764	1 454	2 310
2nd instance courts	1 502	924	578
Supreme courts	75	61	14
Total	5 341	2 439	2 902

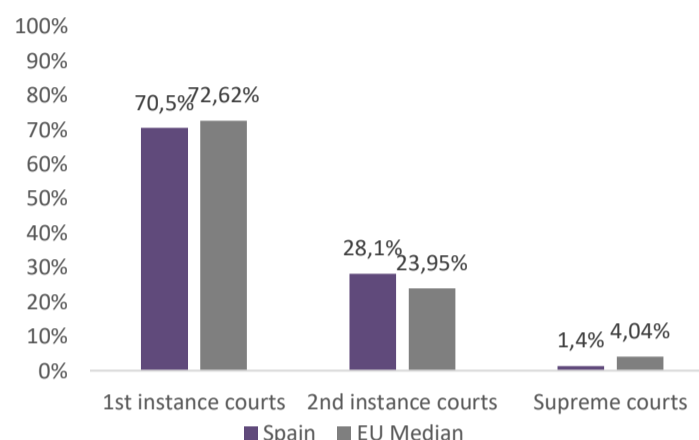
Professional judges by gender per instance



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	70,5%	38,6%	61,4%
2nd instance courts	28,1%	61,5%	38,5%
Supreme courts	1,4%	81,3%	18,7%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 2 902 which represents 54,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 3 764 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 2 310 are female) ; 1 502 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 578 are female) and 75 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 14 are female).

In Spain, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory

- ✓
- ✓
- ✓

Optional

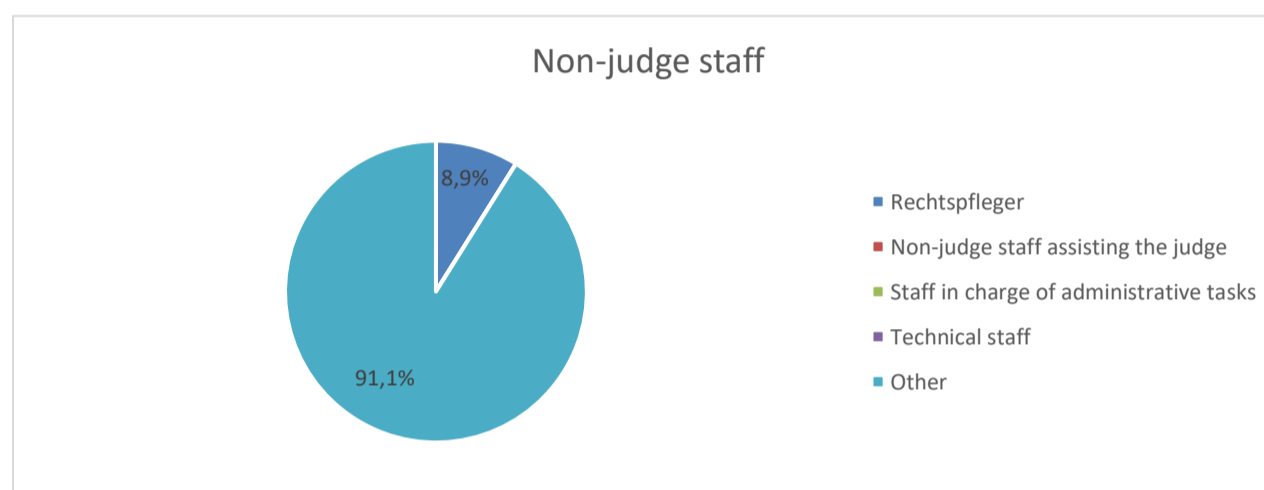
- ✓
- ✓
- ✓
- ✓

Number of training courses organised are:

	Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	Number of training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	NA	NA
1. Only for judges	2388	49
2. Only for prosecutors	274	NA
3. Only for other non-judge staff	642	30
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	368	27
5. Other common training	NA	NA

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	44 748	3 559	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2013	-	-	-	-	-	-
2014	48 563	3 667	NAP	NAP	NAP	44 896
2015	49 746	3 710	NAP	NAP	NAP	46 036
2016	49 186	4 379	NAP	NAP	NAP	44 807
2017	46 871	4 283	NAP	NAP	NAP	42 588
2018	47 645	4 289	NAP	NAP	NAP	43 356
2019	47 816	4 260	NA	NA	NA	43 556



In Spain, in this cycle there are 47 816 non-judge staff. Comparison with previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,4%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 4 260 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 2 905 are women);
- 43 556 other.

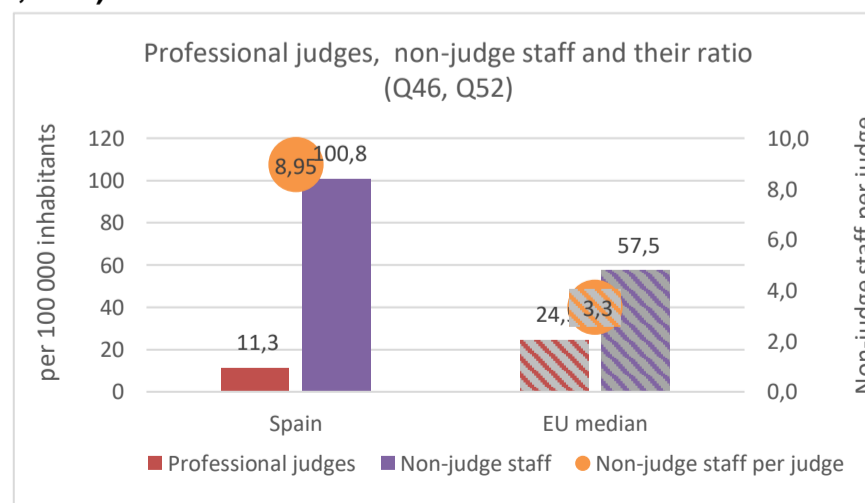
It is noteworthy that the Spanish judicial system distinguishes between three categories of non-judicial personnel: Letrado de la Administración de Justicia (data that we indicate as body similar to Rechtspfleger), and three kinds of civil servants that work in Courts - Gestión Procesal, Tramitación Procesal and Auxilio Judicial (indicated as "other non-judge staff"). In addition to that, there are other 1122 Forensic Doctors.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 101,4 in 2018 to 100,8 in 2019).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 11,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 11,3 in 2019.

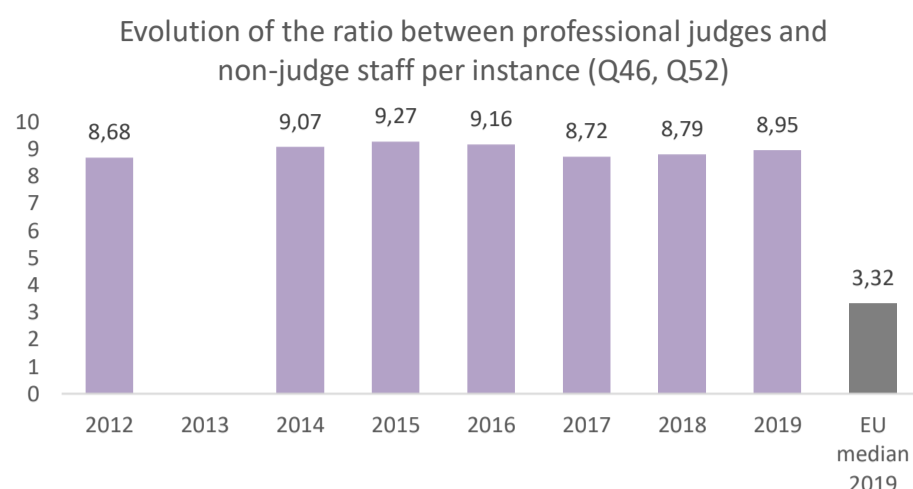
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Spain	EU median
Professional judges	11,3	24,5
Non-judge staff	100,8	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	8,95	3,3



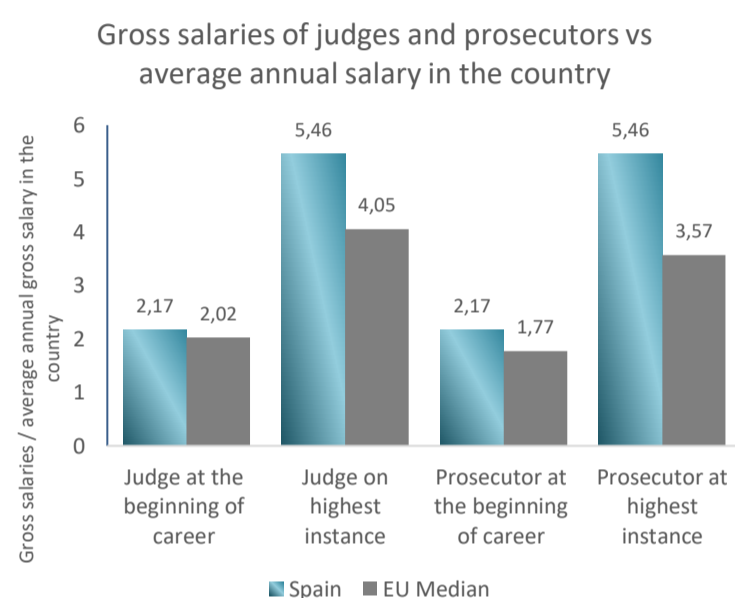
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	8,68
2013	-
2014	9,07
2015	9,27
2016	9,16
2017	8,72
2018	8,79
2019	8,95



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	50 927 €	34 639 €	2,17
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	128 092 €	75 616 €	5,46
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	50 927 €	34 639 €	2,17
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	128 092 €	75 616 €	5,46



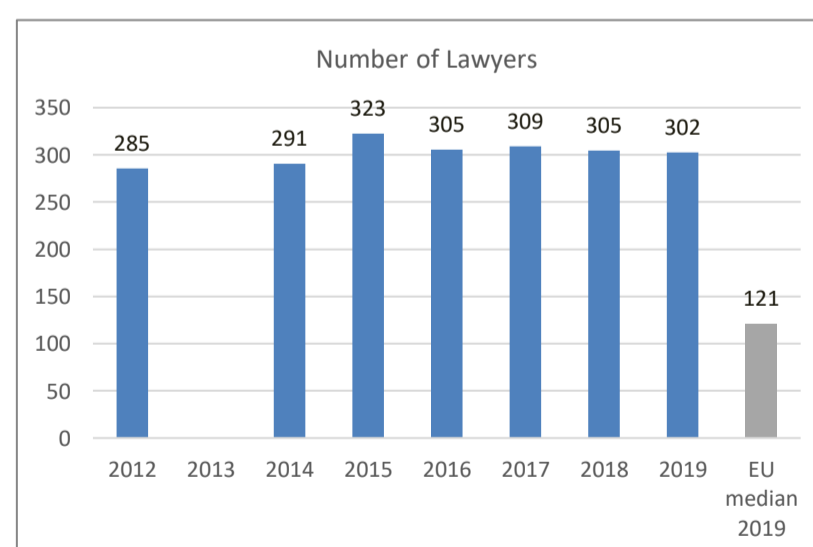
In addition to salary, other two concepts must be taken into account: remuneration for objectives and professional substitutions. Remuneration according to objectives can be considerable in both cases. Substitution refers to cases in which, according to the law, one judge substitutes another, thereby accruing an increase in remuneration, depending on the circumstances and duration of that substitution.

As concerns "remuneration for objectives", for 2019: Judges 6.560.790,81, Prosecutors 3.298.733,53.

As concerns "professional substitutions": for 2019: Judges 6.028.864,05; Prosecutors 726.720,41.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	131 337	285,48
2013	-	#VALUE!
2014	135 016	290,73
2015	149 818	322,62
2016	142 061	305,32
2017	144 212	308,81
2018	143 205	304,64
2019	143 398	302,33

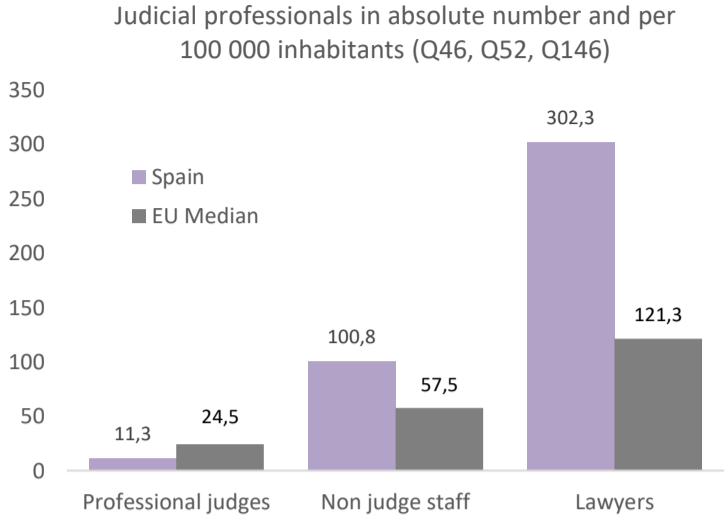


In 2019, there are 143 398 lawyers, which is 0,1% more than in 2018.

This data of 302,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is above the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	5 341	11,26	24,48
Non judge staff	47 816	100,81	57,49
Lawyers	143 398	302,33	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 312 855 690 € (6,6 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 321 636 719 € (6,8 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid cannot be carried out in respect of criminal and other than criminal cases, as well as cases brought to court and cases not brought to court.

In Spain, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

Proceedings for the enforcement of judicial decisions is not subject to taxes or judicial fees. In any case, the concepts and costs covered by legal aid in the enforcement would be the same as in the trial.

According to Legal Aid Act, legal aid covers: legal assistance to the arrested, prisoner or accused who had not appointed a lawyer, for any police action; free insertion of announcements during the process in official newspapers; free expert assistance; free collection (or reduction of 80% of fees depending on cases) of copies, testimonies, instruments and notarial acts; reduction of 80% of fees for notes, certifications, annotations, in the property and commercial registries.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Victims are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

◦ Court fees

Litigants do not have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

More precisely, the Law 10/2012 that regulates certain fees in the area of the administration of Justice requires to pay court fees to start the proceeding only in respect of companies, not natural persons.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 150€.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

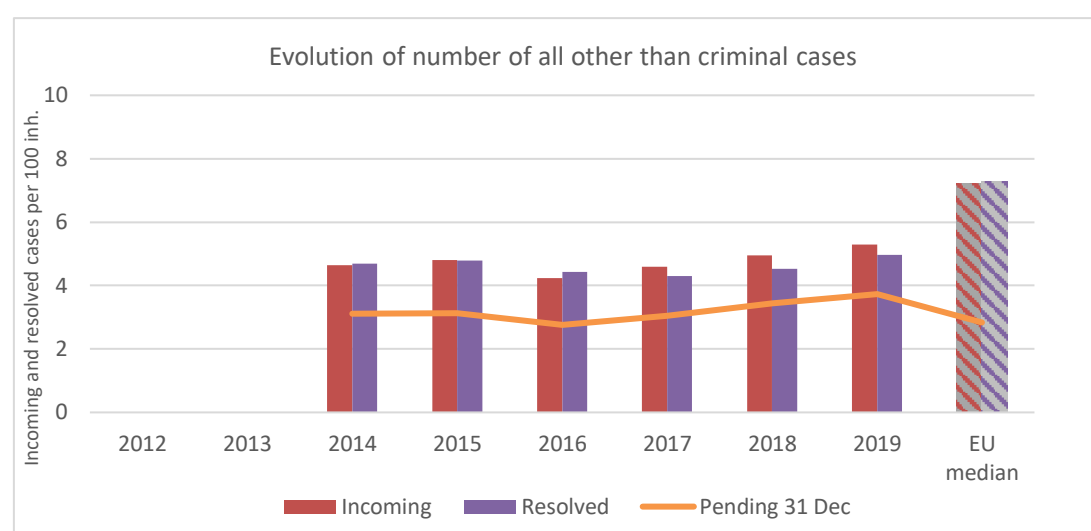
- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

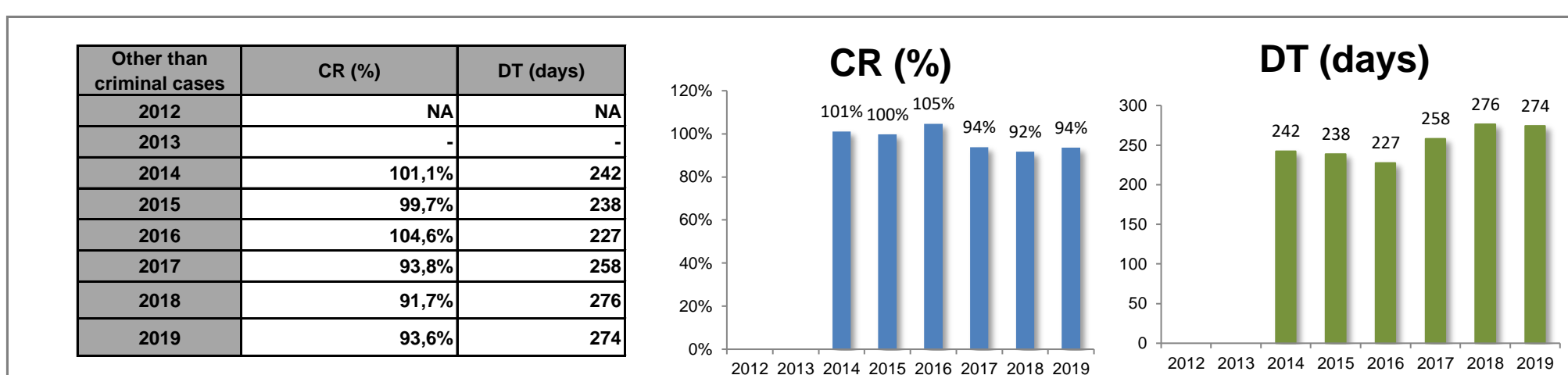
First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Spain (5,30 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases which is 4,96 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (3,73 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



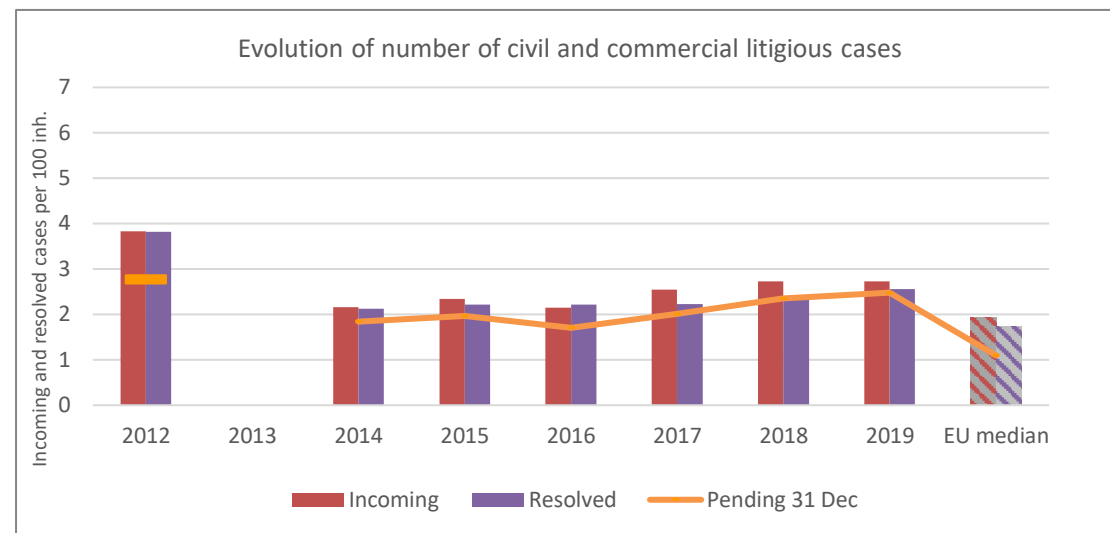
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 93,6% in 2019 Spain still seems to encounter some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,9 points.

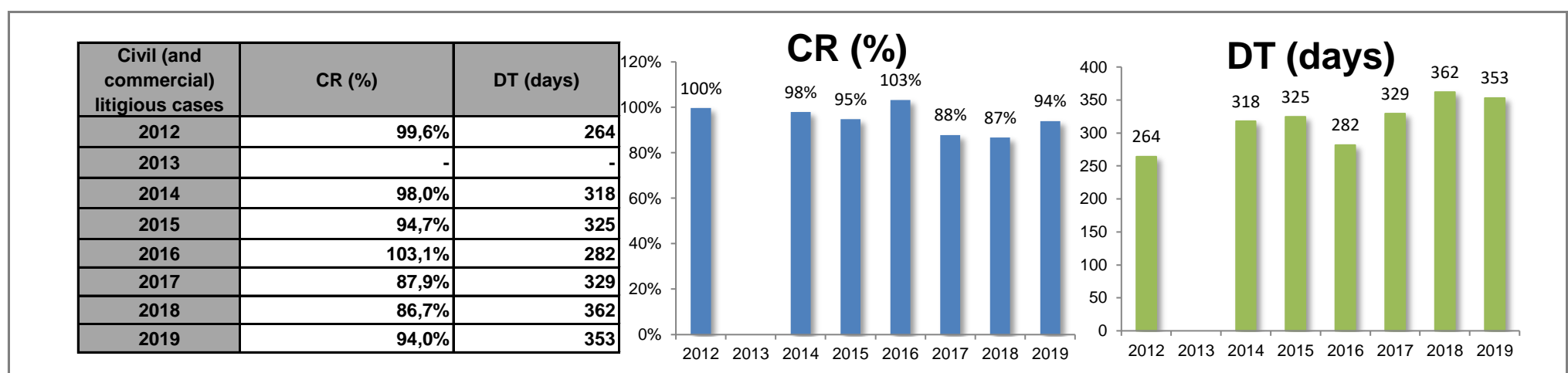
In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 274 days, which is well above the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -0,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Spain (2,73 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 (2,56 per 100 inhabitants) is also above EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants). Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (2,48 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 94,0% in 2019, Spain still seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

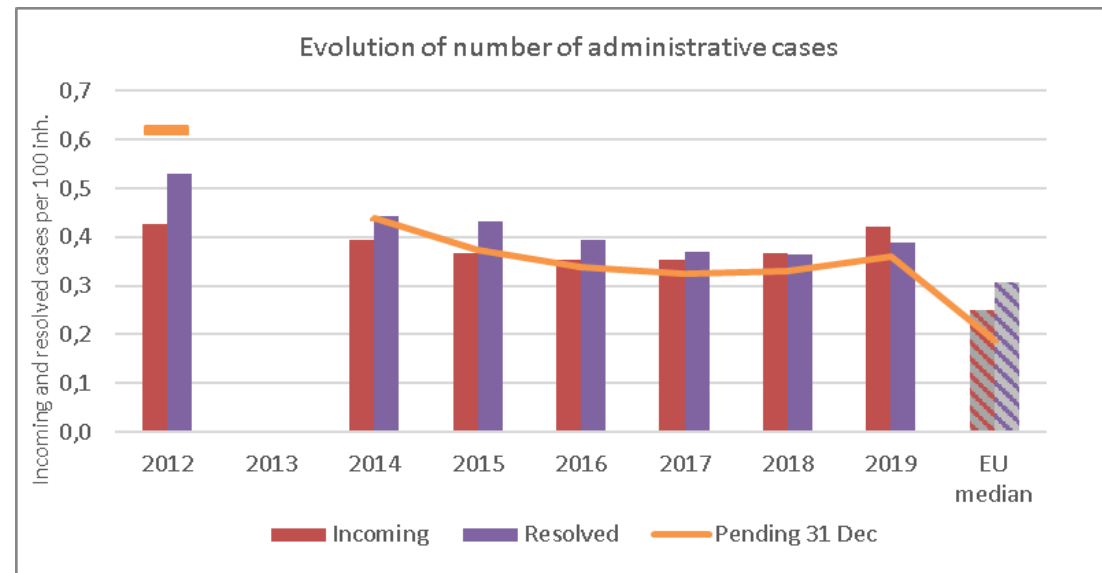
However, it is noteworthy that between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased for 7,3 points.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 353 days, which is significantly above EU median of 213 days.

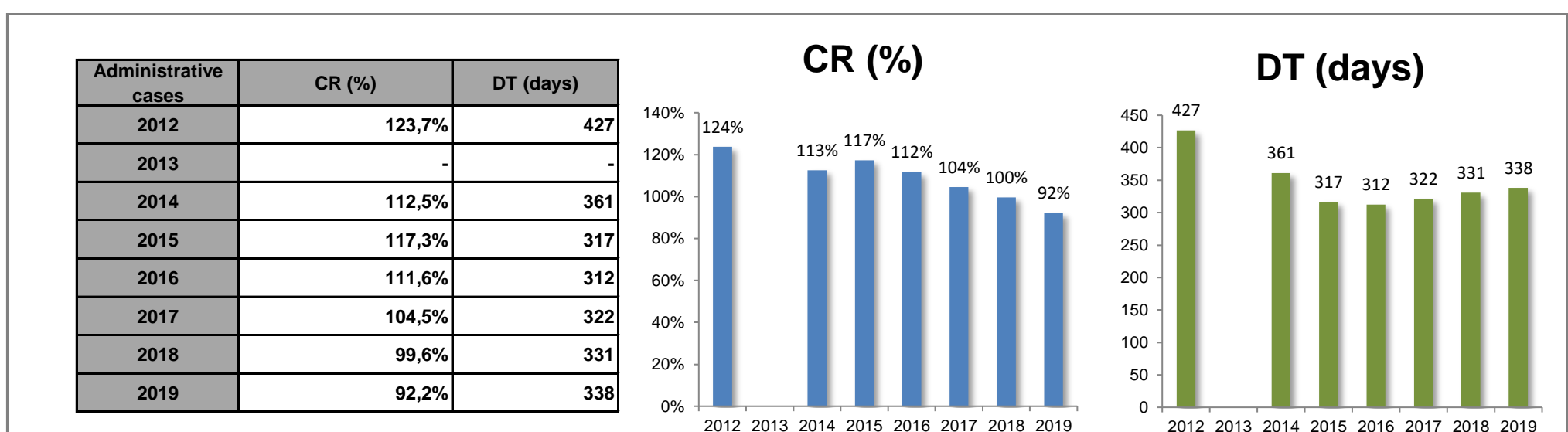
Besides, analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -2,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Spain (0,42 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 in Spain (0,39 per 100 inhabitants) is also above EU median (0,31 per 100 inhabitants). Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,36 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 92,2% in 2019, Spain seems to encounter some difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

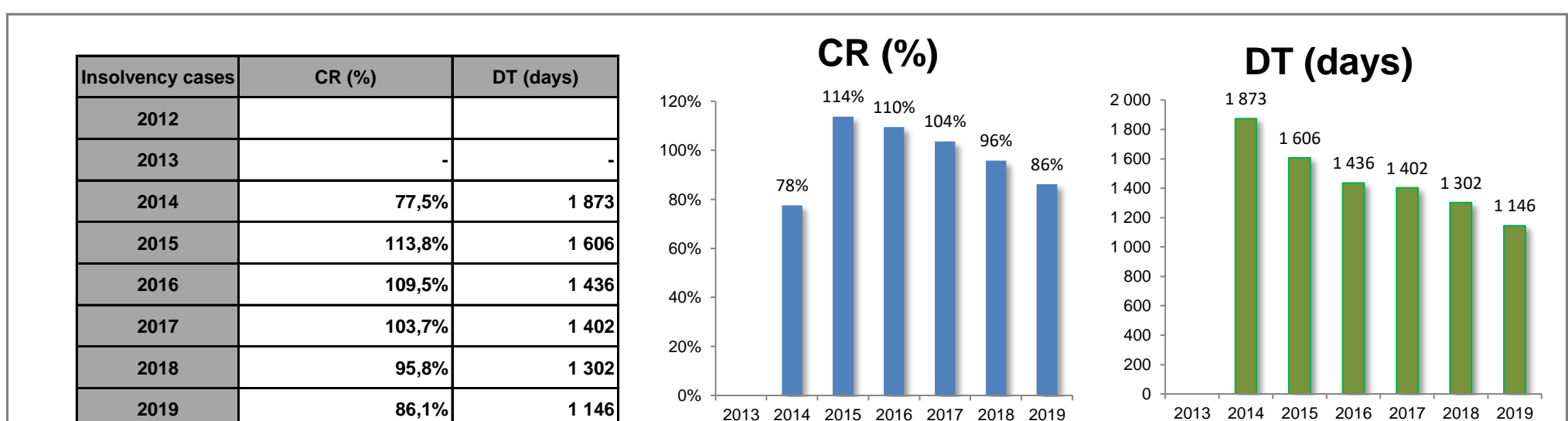
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,4 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 338 days, which is above the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 2,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Insolvency



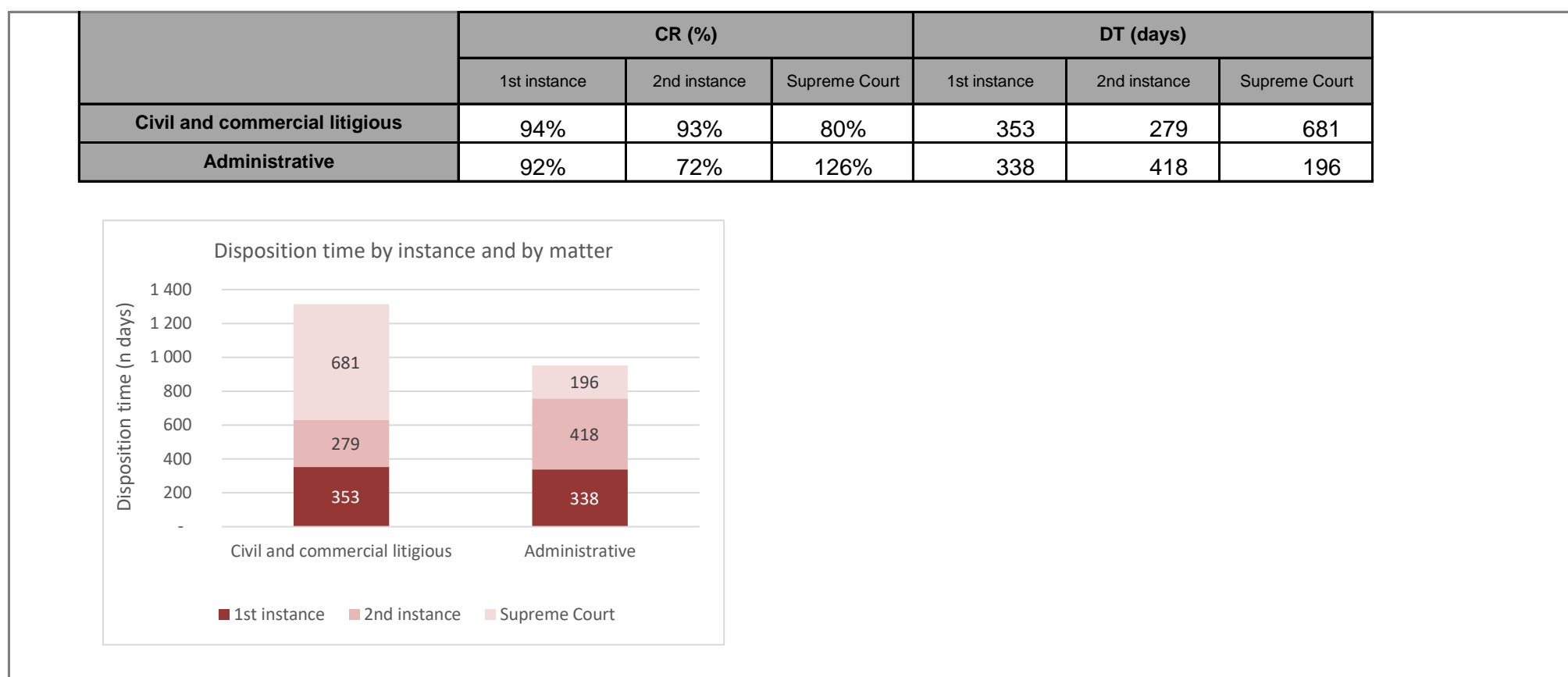
The Clearance Rate was calculated at 86,1% in 2019 for insolvency cases, Spain seems to encounter some difficulties in dealing its insolvency cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -9,6 points.

In 2019, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 1 146 days, which is well above the EU median of 258 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -12,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



Regarding civil and commercial litigious cases, courts of appeal seem to be the most efficient instance in 2019. In fact, their Clearance Rate increased between 2018 and 2019 for 6,5 points, while their Disposition time increased very slightly. However, the Disposition Time at second instance is considerably above the EU median of 175 days. On the other hand, the Supreme court has the highest Disposition Time among the three instances, confirming the upward trend noticed in its regard. This indicator is meaningfully above the EU median of 217 days.

Conversely, in respect of administrative cases, the last instance appears to be the most efficient with a Disposition Time below the EU median of 219 days. In fact, the very positive Clearance rate in 2018, added to the trend that continues being positive in 2019, explains the decrease in the number of pending cases. By contrast, the appellate courts have the highest Disposition Time among the three instances and their Clearance rate has decreased considerably between 2018 and 2019, most probably due to the increased number of cases related to immigration in 2018. The Disposition Time at first and second instance is above the respective EU medians (284 days at first instance and 329 days at second instance).

When comparing civil and commercial litigious cases on the one hand and administrative law cases on the other hand, one can notice that the former are solved more promptly at second instance, while the latter are solved more promptly at third instance. As to the first instance, the Disposition time indicator is very similar.

●Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Spain provides court related mediation.

The Law on mediation in civil and commercial cases allows mediation (as a voluntary option) in these types of cases by an independent professional (separated from Courts).

The Civil Procedural Law sets the obligation of the Court to inform the parties of the alternative of mediation. In addition, it contains other norms that strengthen the option of mediation, such as the approval and enforcement of the agreements in mediation, or the power to affirm the lack of jurisdiction of the court when the matter is submitted to mediation.

The Unit of Intrajudicial Mediation of the Superior Court of Justice of Murcia (UMIM), is the first experience of Spanish mediation within the Judicial Office. It is organically integrated as Section 5 of the Common Service of Procedure Management. It is directed and served by public servants at judicial headquarters, and provides comprehensive, centralized, specialized and free mediation services in matters that are derived from the judicial bodies in the fields of family, criminal, civil, minor and contentious-administrative.

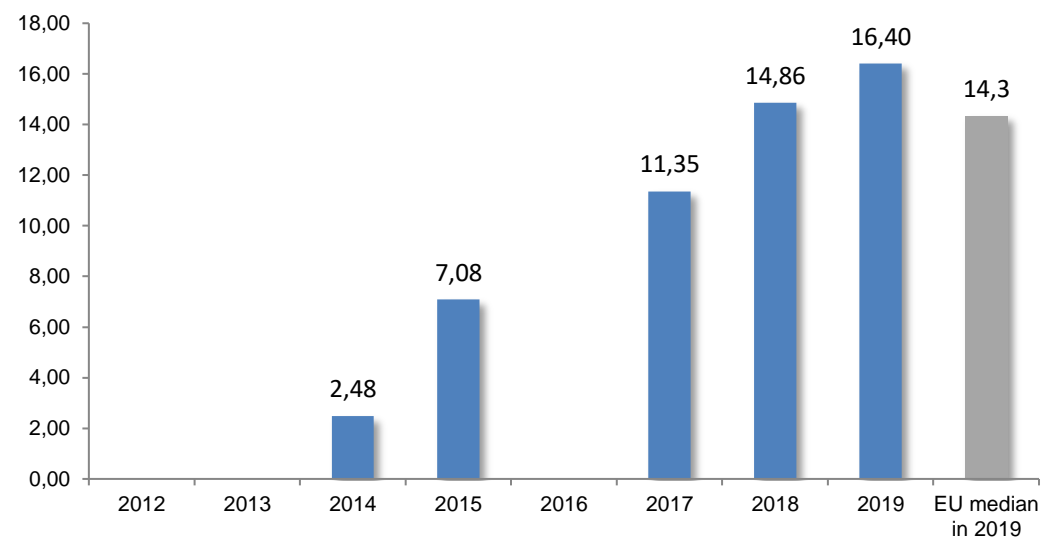
The General Council of the Judiciary has signed agreements with the Bar Associations to guarantee the monitoring and control of mediation by Lawyers, as well as that they are registered as such in the Registry of Mediators.

The court related mediation system in Spain provides mandatory court related mediation.

Before/instead of going to court

According to article 63 of Law 36/2011, of October 10, on labour jurisdiction, the attempt at conciliation or, where appropriate, mediation, before the corresponding administrative service will be a prerequisite to start the judicial proceeding.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2012	NA	NA
2013	-	-
2014	1 151	2,48
2015	3 289	7,08
2016	NA	NA
2017	5 302	11,35
2018	6 939	14,86
2019	7 710	16,40



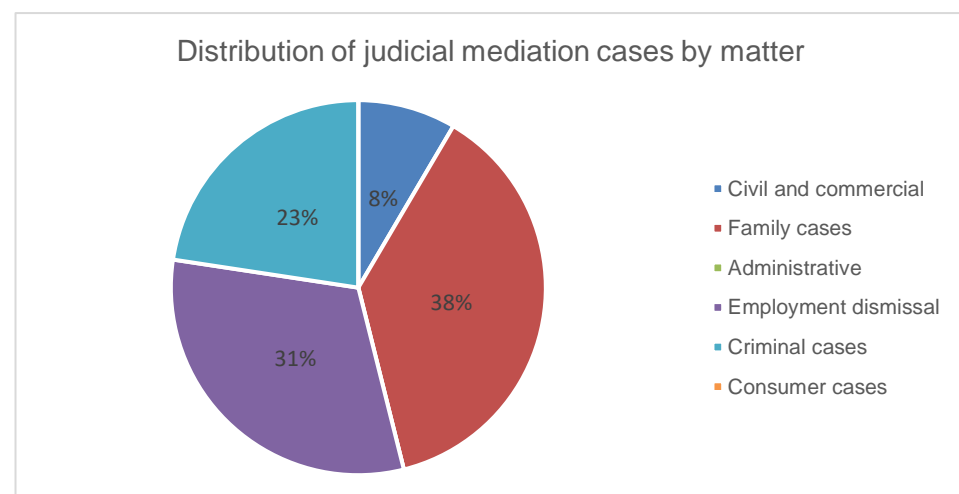
In 2019, there are 7 710 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represent 16,4 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The figure indicated is the sum of [Mediators + Insolvency mediators + Institutions of Mediation + Legal Persons Insolvency mediators] registered in the Registry of Mediation of the Ministry of Justice.

It is noteworthy that the registry is not compulsory and there are other Registries in Autonomous Regions.

The variation between 2018 and 2019 is about 11,1%.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	1 073	2
Family cases	4 769	10
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	3 967	8
Criminal cases	2 865	6
Consumer cases	NA	NA



• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time
- other

The category 'other' includes many other activities that are reported and evaluated through judicial statistics.

In Spain, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- productivity of judges and court staff
- number of appeals
- appeal ratio
- clearance rate
- disposition time

1.- Among the functions of the Inspection Service of the General Council of the Judiciary is to verify the degree of compliance with the pre-established standards in the functioning of the courts, as well as the current situation of the courts and the detection of possible deviations. For this purpose, it uses, among other tools, the statistics that the Statistics Section draws up, on the basis of the bulletins that the Courts send every three months.

2.- In the beginning of the implementation of the judicial offices (2010), a quality management system with own indicators for this kind of offices were designed and implemented (2011). One of its tools is the handbook of proceedings, which aims to standardize tasks and unify work practices in judicial offices according to the process model of quality.

3.- On the other hand the "Citizens' bill of rights before the law" is the document approved by the Parliament at 2002 that includes the list of rights of the citizen in their relation with the administration of justice, and the principles and good practices that must guide the service of the Justice to the citizens. It sets the principles of transparency, appropriate attention and information, gives special care and attention to the citizens who are most vulnerable (victims of crime, gender violence, minors, and other). The document is compulsory for all the professionals involved in Justice. According to this Bill of rights, the Parliament, through the Committee for Justice, will carry out a follow-up monitoring and continuous evaluation of the evolution of, and compliance with this Bill. The annual report submitted by the Council for the Judiciary to the Parliament will include a specific and sufficiently detailed reference to the claims, complaints, and suggestions made by citizens about the running of the Administration of Justice.

4.- Finally, the hierarchical structure of the national body Letrados de la Administración de Justicia allow the Ministry of Justice control and ensure the compliance of standards and parameters of quality fixed, and achieve the new objectives fixed for the implementation of new measures (such the implementation of electronic tools).

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

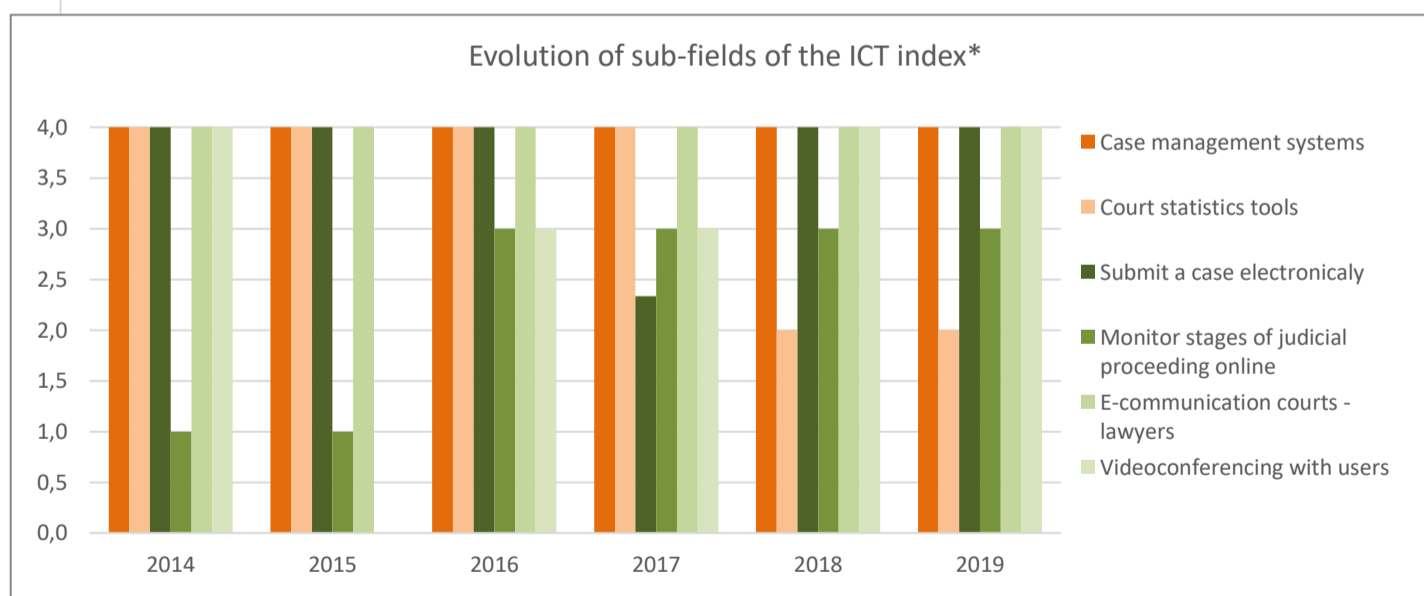
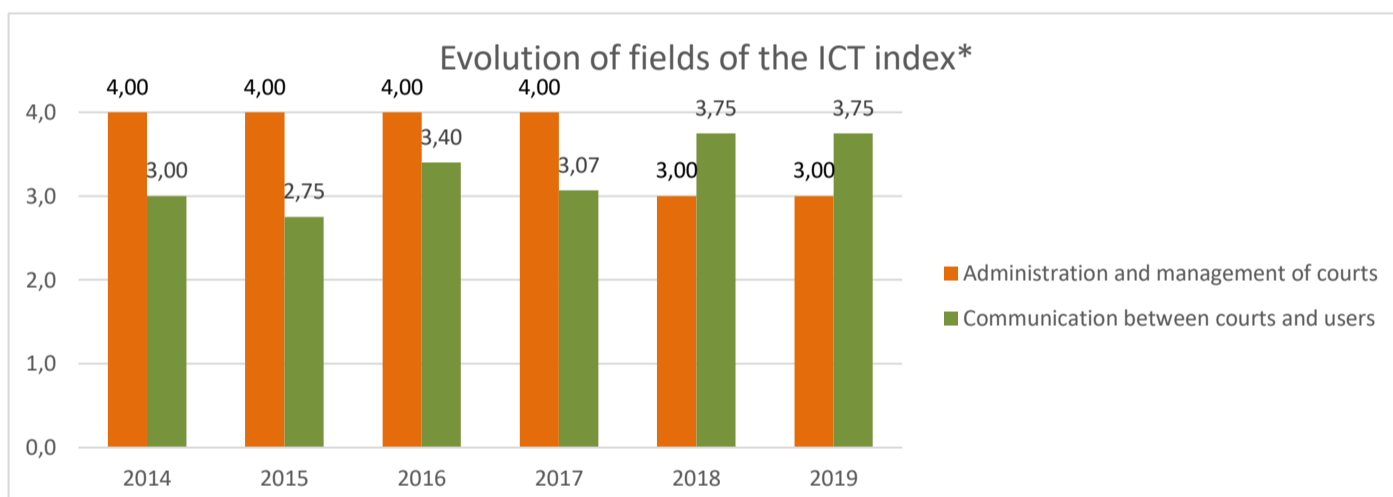
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	3,0
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	2,0
	3,8
◦ Communication between court and users.	
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	4,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	3,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	4,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



All the case management systems in Spain offer writing assistance tools.

As to the voice recording tools, there are audio visual recording systems for hearings.

In the area of the Ministry of Justice the Case management system is Minerva. There are other (similar) systems in the Autonomous Regions with competences transferred.

Statistical data

In Spain, the National Commission for Judicial Statistics centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are required to prepare an activity report.

These reports are distributed:

- Only internaly (on intranet)

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	3,1%	-	-	0,0%	0,2%	0,4%	0,7%	0,9%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	22 300 €	-	22 800 €	23 300 €	23 985 €	24 919 €	25 703 €	26 255 €	17,7%	-	-	2,2%	2,9%	3,9%	3,1%	2,1%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	4 111 000 000	-	5 486 241 554	5 228 505 163	5 302 201 029	5 755 664 573	5 947 951 185	5 995 437 866	45,8%	-	-	-4,7%	1,4%	8,6%	3,3%	0,8%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	-	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	No	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	3,1%	-	-	0,0%	0,2%	0,4%	0,7%	0,9%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	22 300 €	-	22 800 €	23 300 €	23 985 €	24 919 €	25 703 €	26 255 €	17,7%	-	-	2,2%	2,9%	3,9%	3,1%	2,1%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	4 111 000 000	-	5 486 241 554	5 228 505 163	5 302 201 029	5 755 664 573	5 947 951 185	5 995 437 866	45,8%	-	-	-4,7%	1,4%	8,6%	3,3%	0,8%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	3,1%	-	-	0,0%	0,2%	0,4%	0,7%	0,9%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	4 111 000 000	-	5 486 241 554	5 228 505 163	5 302 201 029	5 755 664 573	5 947 951 185	5 995 437 866	45,8%	-	-	-4,7%	1,4%	8,6%	3,3%	0,8%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	172 950 000	-	304 416 000	214 613 000	117 458 000	42 777 000	37 321 000	45 291 000	-73,8%	-	-	-29,5%	-45,3%	-63,6%	-12,8%	21,4%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	150	150	150	150	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	------	------	------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	3,1%	-	-	0,0%	0,2%	0,4%	0,7%	0,9%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	2 349	-	2 224	2 224	2 223	2 282	2 269	2 317	-1,4%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	2,7%	-0,6%	2,1%

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	1 459	-	1 443	1 432	1 434	1 451	1 465	1 493	2,3%	-	-	-0,8%	0,1%	1,2%	1,0%	1,9%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	763	-	763	763	763	698	701	702	-8,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	-8,5%	0,4%	0,1%

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	1 459	-	1 443	1 432	1 434	1 451	1 465	1 493	2,3%	-	-	-0,8%	0,1%	1,2%	1,0%	1,9%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	65	-	64	64	64	68	70	74	13,8%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	6,3%	2,9%	5,7%
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	345	-	345	345	345	354	354	365	5,8%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	2,6%	0,0%	3,1%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	103	-	105	109	104	104	127	126	22,3%	-	-	3,8%	-4,6%	0,0%	22,1%	-0,8%
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	17	-	16	17	18	18	17	17	0,0%	-	-	6,3%	5,9%	0,0%	-5,6%	0,0%
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NA	-	7	7	7	7	7	7	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	241	-	241	241	241	241	241	241	0,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	688	-	665	649	655	659	656	663	-3,6%	-	-	-2,4%	0,9%	0,6%	-0,5%	1,1%

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	3,1%	-	-	0,0%	0,2%	0,4%	0,7%	0,9%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	1 470 400	1 445 180	1 382 963	1 281 288	1 426 264	1 615 361	-	-	-	-1,7%	-4,3%	-7,4%	11,3%	13,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 299 099	-	836 967	857 047	840 840	795 775	942 844	1 105 539	-14,9%	-	-	2,4%	-1,9%	-5,4%	18,5%	17,3%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	407 160	384 727	365 705	328 098	331 391	354 118	-	-	-	-5,5%	-4,9%	-10,3%	1,0%	6,9%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	59 995	-	407 160	384 727	365 705	328 098	331 391	354 118	490,2%	-	-	-5,5%	-4,9%	-10,3%	1,0%	6,9%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	335 512	-	226 273	203 406	176 418	157 415	152 029	155 704	-53,6%	-	-	-10,1%	-13,3%	-10,8%	-3,4%	2,4%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	2 154 560	2 230 166	1 972 326	2 144 395	2 324 441	2 514 806	-	-	-	3,5%	-11,6%	8,7%	8,4%	8,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 761 051	-	1 004 976	1 085 451	999 383	1 186 759	1 284 086	1 292 934	-26,6%	-	-	8,0%	-7,9%	18,7%	8,2%	0,7%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	966 903	973 915	808 117	792 497	868 023	1 022 349	-	-	-	0,7%	-17,0%	-1,9%	9,5%	17,8%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	183 225	-	966 903	973 915	808 117	792 497	868 023	1 022 349	458,0%	-	-	0,7%	-17,0%	-1,9%	9,5%	17,8%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	196 995	-	182 681	170 800	164 826	165 139	172 332	199 523	1,3%	-	-	-6,5%	-3,5%	0,2%	4,4%	15,8%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	2 178 205	2 222 912	2 062 884	2 011 650	2 132 393	2 354 827	-	-	-	2,1%	-7,2%	-2,5%	6,0%	10,4%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 754 816	-	984 896	1 028 225	1 030 805	1 042 698	1 113 252	1 215 252	-30,7%	-	-	4,4%	0,3%	1,2%	6,8%	9,2%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	987 761	994 312	848 098	796 432	847 428	955 535	-	-	-	0,7%	-14,7%	-6,1%	6,4%	12,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	184 107	-	987 761	994 312	848 098	796 432	847 428	955 535	419,0%	-	-	0,7%	-14,7%	-6,1%	6,4%	12,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	243 718	-	205 548	200 375	183 981	172 520	171 713	184 040	-24,5%	-	-	-2,5%	-8,2%	-6,2%	-0,5%	7,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	1 446 755	1 452 434	1 284 483	1 421 091	1 613 295	1 769 599	-	-	-	0,4%	-11,6%	10,6%	13,5%	9,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 270 383	-	857 047	914 273	795 722	941 138	1 103 465	1 175 900	-7,4%	-	-	6,7%	-13,0%	18,3%	17,2%	6,6%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	384 727	364 330	331 285	327 930	354 118	423 223	-	-	-	-5,3%	-9,1%	-1,0%	8,0%	19,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	57 993	-	384 727	364 330	331 285	327 930	354 118	423 223	629,8%	-	-	-5,3%	-9,1%	-1,0%	8,0%	19,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	285 005	-	203 406	173 831	157 476	152 023	155 712	170 476	-40,2%	-	-	-14,5%	-9,4%	-3,5%	2,4%	9,5%

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	101,1%	99,7%	104,6%	93,8%	91,7%	93,6%	-	-	-	-1,4%	4,9%	-10,3%	-2,2%	2,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,6%	-	98,0%	94,7%	103,1%	87,9%	86,7%	94,0%	-5,7%	-	-	-3,3%	8,9%	-14,8%	-1,3%	8,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,2%	102,1%	104,9%	100,5%	97,6%	93,5%	-	-	-	-0,1%	2,8%	-4,2%	-2,9%	-4,3%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,5%	-	102,2%	102,1%	104,9%	100,5%	97,6%	93,5%	-7,0%	-	-	-0,1%	2,8%	-4,2%	-2,9%	-4,3%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	123,7%	-	112,5%	117,3%	111,6%	104,5%	99,6%	92,2%	-25,4%	-	-	4,3%	-4,9%	-6,4%	-4,6%	-7,4%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	242	238	227	258	276	274	-	-	-	-1,6%	-4,7%	13,5%	7,1%	-0,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	264	-	318	325	282	329	362	353	33,7%	-	-	2,2%	-13,2%	16,9%	9,8%	-2,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	142	134	143	150	153	162	-	-	-	-5,9%	6,6%	5,4%	1,5%	6,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	115	-	142	134	143	150	153	162	40,6%	-	-	-5,9%	6,6%	5,4%	1,5%	6,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	427	-	361	317	312	322	331	338	-20,8%	-	-	-12,3%	-1,3%	3,0%	2,9%	2,1%

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	37 586	-	36 349	39 093	37 354	37 148	36 185	35 116	-6,6%	-	-	7,5%	-4,4%	-0,6%	-2,6%	-3,0%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	38 417	-	78 832	78 820	55 514	48 738	51 797	54 258	41,2%	-	-	0,0%	-29,6%	-12,2%	6,3%	4,8%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	20 306	-	30 530	32 356	30 928	30 335	30 239	31 123	53,3%	-	-	6,0%	-4,4%	-1,9%	-0,3%	2,9%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	49 330	-	50 604	49 941	46 830	45 019	44 433	42 826	-13,2%	-	-	-1,3%	-6,2%	-3,9%	-1,3%	-3,6%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	147 404	-	118 213	104 457	94 877	104 824	107 294	120 049	-18,6%	-	-	-11,6%	-9,2%	10,5%	2,4%	11,9%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	10 290	-	8 132	6 288	7 040	7 594	9 115	12 031	16,9%	-	-	-22,7%	12,0%	7,9%	20,0%	32,0%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	47 572	-	47 860	48 799	45 469	45 188	43 893	42 281	-11,1%	-	-	2,0%	-6,8%	-0,6%	-2,9%	-3,7%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	108 570	-	118 225	110 098	101 480	97 673	101 243	108 715	0,1%	-	-	-6,9%	-7,8%	-3,8%	3,7%	7,4%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	4 763	-	6 306	7 155	7 709	7 874	8 728	10 364	117,6%	-	-	13,5%	7,7%	2,1%	10,8%	18,7%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	37 472	-	39 093	40 235	37 148	36 189	35 116	34 092	-9,0%	-	-	2,9%	-7,7%	-2,6%	-3,0%	-2,9%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	64 705	-	78 820	55 514	48 738	51 798	54 274	62 273	-3,8%	-	-	-29,6%	-12,2%	6,3%	4,8%	14,7%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	25 647	-	32 356	31 489	30 335	30 241	31 123	32 530	26,8%	-	-	-2,7%	-3,7%	-0,3%	2,9%	4,5%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	96,4%	-	94,6%	97,7%	97,1%	100,4%	98,8%	98,7%	2,4%	-	-	3,3%	-0,6%	3,4%	-1,6%	-0,1%
CR Employment dismissal cases	73,7%	-	100,0%	105,4%	107,0%	93,2%	94,4%	90,6%	23,0%	-	-	5,4%	1,5%	-12,9%	1,3%	-4,0%
CR Insolvency cases	46,3%	-	77,5%	113,8%	109,5%	103,7%	95,8%	86,1%	86,1%	-	-	46,7%	-3,8%	-5,3%	-7,7%	-10,0%
DT Litigious divorce cases	288	-	298	301	298	292	292	294	2,4%	-	-	0,9%	-0,9%	-2,0%	-0,1%	0,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	218	-	243	184	175	194	196	209	-3,9%	-	-	-24,4%	-4,8%	10,4%	1,1%	6,9%
DT Insolvency cases	1 965	-	1 873	1 606	1 436	1 402	1 302	1 146	-41,7%	-	-	-14,2%	-10,6%	-2,4%	-7,2%	-12,0%

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	97 468	88 370	95 062	98 745	112 064	139 348	-	-	-	-9,3%	7,6%	3,9%	13,5%	24,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	83 971	-	74 481	67 444	73 802	77 538	90 748	116 091	38,3%	-	-	-9,4%	9,4%	5,1%	17,0%	27,9%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	32 556	-	22 987	20 926	21 260	21 207	21 316	23 257	-28,6%	-	-	-9,0%	1,6%	-0,2%	0,5%	9,1%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	152 002	169 070	184 339	190 486	206 672	224 499	-	-	-	11,2%	9,0%	3,3%	8,5%	8,6%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	158 065	-	131 025	145 418	160 153	166 301	180 721	182 864	15,7%	-	-	11,0%	10,1%	3,8%	8,7%	1,2%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	26 263	-	20 977	23 652	24 186	24 185	25 951	41 635	58,5%	-	-	12,8%	2,3%	0,0%	7,3%	60,4%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	161 100	162 788	180 825	177 026	180 327	200 117	-	-	-	1,0%	11,1%	-2,1%	1,9%	11,0%

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	153 656	-	138 062	139 070	156 564	153 395	156 399	170 065	10,7%	-	-	0,7%	12,6%	-2,0%	2,0%	8,7%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	29 288	-	23 038	23 718	24 261	23 631	23 928	30 052	2,6%	-	-	3,0%	2,3%	-2,6%	1,3%	25,6%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	88 370	94 652	98 712	112 064	139 340	164 341	-	-	-	7,1%	4,3%	13,5%	24,3%	17,9%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	88 791	-	67 444	73 792	77 538	90 748	116 096	129 907	46,3%	-	-	9,4%	5,1%	17,0%	27,9%	11,9%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	28 653	-	20 926	20 860	21 174	21 316	23 244	34 434	20,2%	-	-	-0,3%	1,5%	0,7%	9,0%	48,1%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	106,0%	96,3%	98,1%	92,9%	87,3%	89,1%	-	-	-	-9,2%	1,9%	-5,3%	-6,1%	2,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97,2%	-	105,4%	95,6%	97,8%	92,2%	86,5%	93,0%	-4,3%	-	-	-9,2%	2,2%	-5,6%	-6,2%	7,5%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	111,5%	-	109,8%	100,3%	100,3%	97,7%	92,2%	72,2%	-35,3%	-	-	-8,7%	0,0%	-2,6%	-5,6%	-21,7%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	200	212	199	231	282	300	-	-	-	6,0%	-6,1%	16,0%	22,1%	6,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	211	-	178	194	181	216	271	279	32,2%	-	-	8,6%	-6,7%	19,5%	25,5%	2,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	357	-	332	321	319	329	355	418	17,1%	-	-	-3,2%	-0,8%	3,4%	7,7%	18,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	13 671	16 127	21 022	25 609	27 712	26 113	-	-	-	18,0%	30,4%	21,8%	8,2%	-5,8%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	7 566	-	7 125	9 140	10 732	12 484	14 809	17 084	125,8%	-	-	28,3%	17,4%	16,3%	18,6%	15,4%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	12 322	-	6 546	6 987	10 290	13 125	12 903	9 029	-26,7%	-	-	6,7%	47,3%	27,6%	-1,7%	-30,0%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	14 749	18 092	19 956	20 176	22 487	22 997	-	-	-	22,7%	10,3%	1,1%	11,5%	2,3%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 069	-	8 742	9 289	10 649	11 271	12 532	13 171	63,2%	-	-	6,3%	14,6%	5,8%	11,2%	5,1%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	5 909	-	6 007	8 803	9 307	8 905	9 955	9 826	66,3%	-	-	46,5%	5,7%	-4,3%	11,8%	-1,3%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	12 293	13 121	14 502	18 086	24 417	22 910	-	-	-	6,7%	10,5%	24,7%	35,0%	-6,2%

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 333	-	6 727	7 234	8 893	8 946	10 257	10 555	26,7%	-	-	7,5%	22,9%	0,6%	14,7%	2,9%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	9 910	-	5 566	5 887	5 609	9 140	14 160	12 355	24,7%	-	-	5,8%	-4,7%	63,0%	54,9%	-12,7%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	16 127	20 635	25 613	27 712	26 113	26 346	-	-	-	28,0%	24,1%	8,2%	-5,8%	0,9%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	7 302	-	9 140	10 732	12 488	14 809	17 084	19 700	169,8%	-	-	17,4%	16,4%	18,6%	15,4%	15,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	8 084	-	6 987	9 903	13 125	12 903	9 029	6 646	-17,8%	-	-	41,7%	32,5%	-1,7%	-30,0%	-26,4%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	83,3%	72,5%	72,7%	89,6%	108,6%	99,6%	-	-	-	-13,0%	0,2%	23,4%	21,1%	-8,3%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	103,3%	-	77,0%	77,9%	83,5%	79,4%	81,8%	80,1%	-22,4%	-	-	1,2%	7,2%	-5,0%	3,1%	-2,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	167,7%	-	92,7%	66,9%	60,3%	102,6%	142,2%	125,7%	-25,0%	-	-	-27,8%	-9,9%	70,3%	38,6%	-11,6%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	479	574	645	559	390	420	-	-	-	19,9%	12,3%	-13,2%	-30,2%	7,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	320	-	496	541	513	604	608	681	113,0%	-	-	9,2%	-5,3%	17,9%	0,6%	12,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	298	-	458	614	854	515	233	196	-34,1%	-	-	34,0%	39,1%	-39,7%	-54,8%	-15,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	3,1%	-	-	0,0%	0,2%	0,4%	0,7%	0,9%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	253 034 641	-	237 581 907	254 818 057	260 079 600	281 031 297	299 789 366	312 855 690	23,6%	-	-	7,3%	2,1%	8,1%	6,7%	4,4%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	262 316 223	275 567 743	296 294 718	321 636 719	-	-	-	-	-	5,1%	7,5%	8,6%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)									
63.1 Is there a case management system?							Yes	Yes	
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)							100%	100%	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							Not integrated but connected	ed but connected	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							Yes	Yes	
63-7.1 workload of judges							100%	100%	
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges							Yes	Yes	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							No	No	
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges							Yes	Yes	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							No	No	

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.3.1 (EC) Technologies used for electronic submission of cases, transmission of summons and online monitoring of proceedings (Q63.1, Q64.2, Q64.4)																			
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							No	No											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							No	No											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							Yes	Yes											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							Yes	Yes											Civil - Equipment rate
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							Yes	Yes											Civil - Summon in paper form remains mandatory
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Consent of the user to be notified by electronic means
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							Yes	Yes											Civil - SMS
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							Yes	Yes											Civil - E-mail
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							Yes	Yes											Civil - Specific computer application
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							Yes	Yes											Civil - Other
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							Yes	Yes											
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-civil							No	No											

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	No									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							accessible to parties	accessible to parties									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Both	Video

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Both	Video										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Both	Video										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	No
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	No
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	No

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							Yes	Yes									

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								10-49%	10-49%										
064-7 - Email								No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other								No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes										
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																			
064-7 - Equipment rate								10-49%	10-49%										
064-7 - Email								No	No										
064-7 - Specific computer application								Yes	Yes										
064-7 - Other								No	No										
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								Yes	Yes										

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
<i>In criminal matter</i>																
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
<i>In administrative matter</i>																
064-1 - Admission							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence							Yes	Yes								
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence							No	No								
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system							Yes	Yes								
065-4 - Impact on Business processes							No	No								
065-4 - Impact on Workload							Yes	Yes								
065-4 - Impact on Human resources							Yes	Yes								
065-4 - Impact on Costs							Yes	Yes								
065-4 - Impact on Other							No	No								

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations														
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019							
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																							
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation								No	No														

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges								
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)								
127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Compulsory	-	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	-	Compulsory	Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Compulsory	-	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	-	No training offered	No training offered	No training proposed	No training proposed	Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Compulsory	-	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Compulsory Optional	Compulsory Optional

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	-	1 151	3 289	NA	5 302	6 939	7 710	-	-	-	185,8%	-	-	30,9%	11,1%

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	True	True	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	15 437	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	119	-	951	1 449	1 289	1 073	-	-	-	-	-	52,4%	-11,0%	-16,8%
167. 2. Family cases - started	3 608	-	1 379	-	7 336	5 563	4 937	4 769	54,2%	-	-	-	-	-24,2%	-11,3%	-3,4%
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	4 571	2 575	2 406	3 967	-	-	-	-	-	-43,7%	-6,6%	64,9%
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	1 166	-	4 214	-	2 579	3 121	2 935	2 865	167,7%	-	-	-	-	21,0%	-6,0%	-2,4%
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)									
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No											
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	Yes	No	Yes											
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No											
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No											
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No											
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	Yes	No	Yes											
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	Yes											
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No											
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No											
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	Yes	No	Yes											
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No											
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No											
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No											
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes											
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes											
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No											
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No											
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																			
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																			
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	No	No	No	No											
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes											
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes											
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes											
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	-	No	No	No	-	No	No											

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	3,1%	-	-	0,0%	0,2%	0,4%	0,7%	0,9%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	5 155	-	5 353	5 367	5 367	5 377	5 419	5 341	3,6%	-	-	0,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,8%	-1,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	3 647	-	3 855	3 781	3 786	3 719	3 824	3 764	3,2%	-	-	-1,9%	0,1%	-1,8%	2,8%	-1,6%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 431	-	1 416	1 505	1 496	1 576	1 515	1 502	5,0%	-	-	6,3%	-0,6%	5,3%	-3,9%	-0,9%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	77	-	82	81	85	82	80	75	-2,6%	-	-	-1,2%	4,9%	-3,5%	-2,4%	-6,3%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	2 565	-	2 572	2 555	2 540	2 519	2 496	2 439	-4,9%	-	-	-0,7%	-0,6%	-0,8%	-0,9%	-2,3%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	1 533	-	1 574	1 520	1 525	1 452	1 498	1 454	-5,2%	-	-	-3,4%	0,3%	-4,8%	3,2%	-2,9%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	964	-	927	965	940	996	933	924	-4,1%	-	-	4,1%	-2,6%	6,0%	-6,3%	-1,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	68	-	71	70	75	71	65	61	-10,3%	-	-	-1,4%	7,1%	-5,3%	-8,5%	-6,2%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	2 590	-	2 781	2 812	2 827	2 858	2 923	2 902	12,0%	-	-	1,1%	0,5%	1,1%	2,3%	-0,7%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	2 114	-	2 281	2 261	2 261	2 267	2 326	2 310	9,3%	-	-	-0,9%	0,0%	0,3%	2,6%	-0,7%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	467	-	489	540	556	580	582	578	23,8%	-	-	10,4%	3,0%	4,3%	0,3%	-0,7%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	9	-	11	11	10	11	15	14	55,6%	-	-	0,0%	-9,1%	10,0%	36,4%	-6,7%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	44 748	-	48 563	49 746	49 186	46 871	47 645	47 816	6,9%	-	-	2,4%	-1,1%	-4,7%	1,7%	0,4%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	3 559	-	3 667	3 710	4 379	4 283	4 289	4 260	19,7%	-	-	1,2%	18,0%	-2,2%	0,1%	-0,7%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	-	44 896	46 036	44 807	42 588	43 356	43 556	-	-	-	2,5%	-2,7%	-5,0%	1,8%	0,5%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	1 221	1 224	NA	1 412	1 375	1 355	-	-	-	0,2%	-	-	-2,6%	-1,5%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	2 323	-	2 446	2 486	NA	2 871	2 914	2 905	25,1%	-	-	1,6%	-	-	1,5%	-0,3%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)																
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)																
Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	3,1%	-	-	0,0%	0,2%	0,4%	0,7%	0,9%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	131 337	-	135 016	149 818	142 061	144 212	143 205	143 398	9,2%	-	-	11,0%	-5,2%	1,5%	-0,7%	0,1%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	44 748	-	48 563	49 746	49 186	46 871	47 645	47 816	6,9%	-	-	2,4%	-1,1%	-4,7%	1,7%	0,4%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	3 559	-	3 667	3 710	4 379	4 283	4 289	4 260	19,7%	-	-	1,2%	18,0%	-2,2%	0,1%	-0,7%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	-	44 896	46 036	44 807	42 588	43 356	43 556	-	-	-	2,5%	-2,7%	-5,0%	1,8%	0,5%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	1 221	1 224	NA	1 412	1 375	1 355	-	-	-	0,2%	-	-	-2,6%	-1,5%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	2 323	-	2 446	2 486	NA	2 871	2 914	2 905	25,1%	-	-	1,6%	-	-	1,5%	-0,3%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	---	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	-	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	---	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Spain (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)																			
Judges							Yes	Yes											
Prosecutors							Yes	Yes											
Non-judge staff							Yes	Yes											
Lawyers							No	No											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							Yes	Yes											
Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)																			
Judges							Yes	Yes											
Prosecutors							Yes	Yes											
Non-judge staff							No	No											
Lawyers							No	No											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							No	No											
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																			
National programme for gender equality							Yes	Yes											
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																			
In courts (judges)							Yes	Yes											
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							Yes	Yes											
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No											

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at glance

Sweden

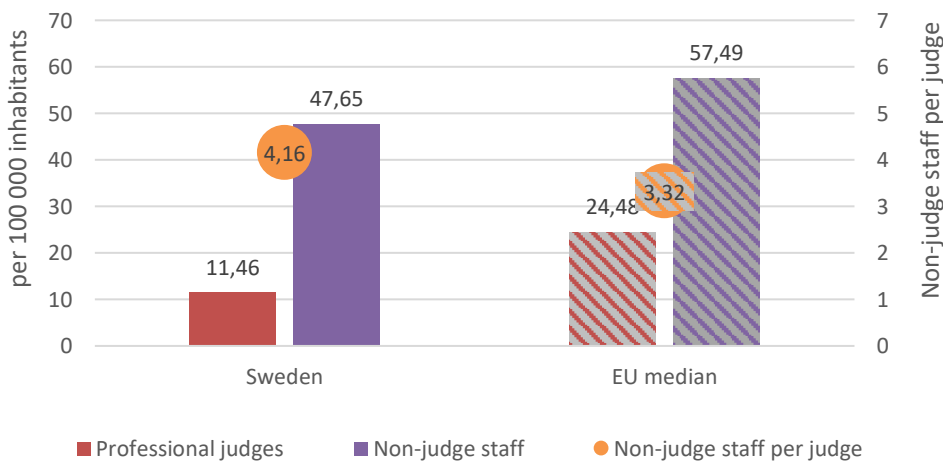
General data

Population: 10 327 589 **GDP:** 43 560 € **Average annual salary:** 37 955 €

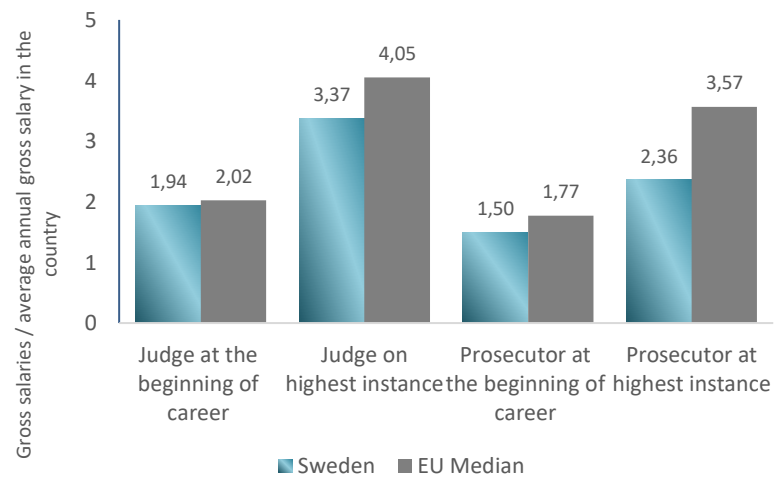
Professionals

Number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants	Number of lawyers per 100.000 inh.	Number of mediators per 100.000 inh.
11,46	47,65	58,10	NAP
24,48	EU median 57,49	121,32	EU median 14,33

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

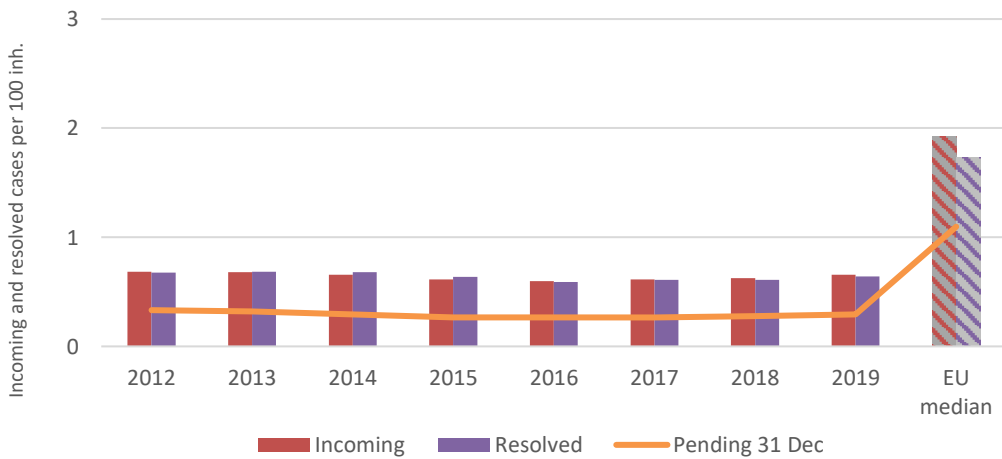


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

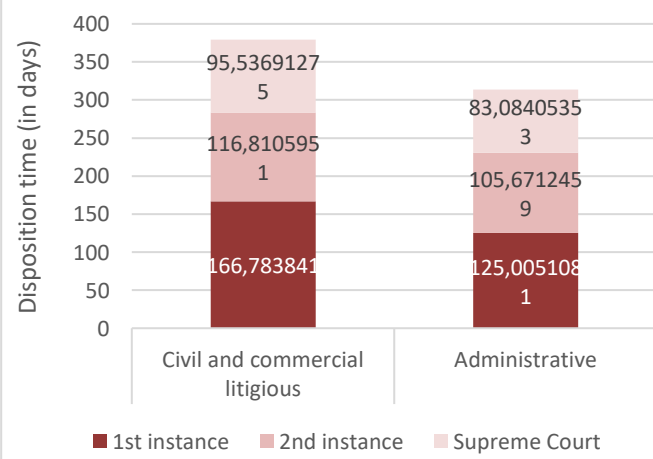


Efficiency

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases

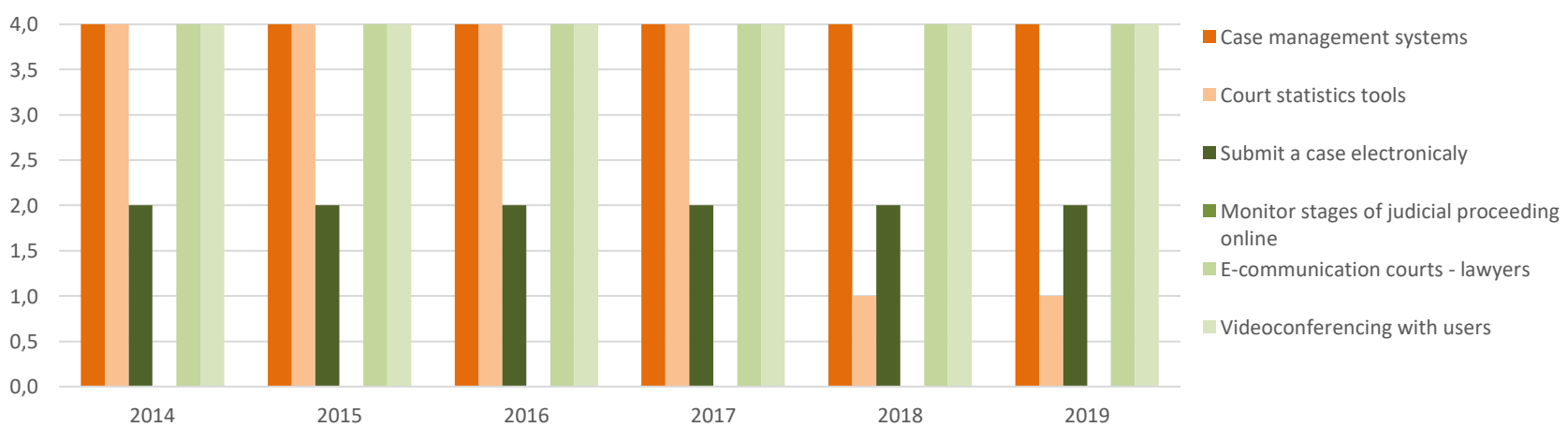


Disposition time by instance and by matter



Information and communication technology

Evolution of sub-fields of the ICT index*



*ICT calculations are described in the Part 5. ICT and national data collection system and in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table of main indicators for:

Sweden

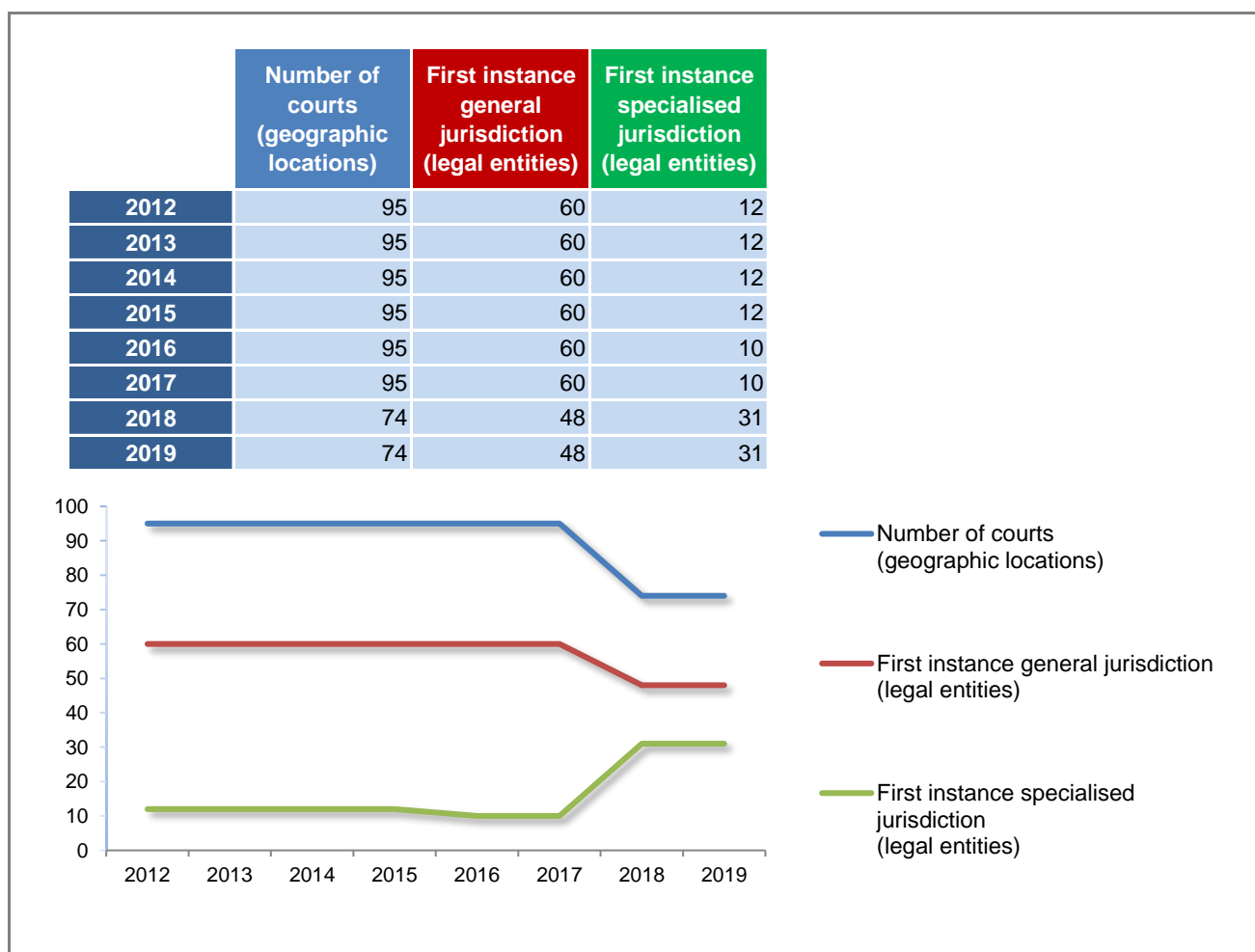
Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations 2012-2019				
									2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	8,1%	2,5%	2,4%	1,1%	1,0%
GDP per capita	43 867 €	44 384 €	42 800 €	46 378 €	46 125 €	46 632 €	46 117 €	43 560 €	-0,7%	7,8%	0,0%	-1,1%	-5,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	8,56880	8,86130	9,43230	9,19840	9,56100	9,80000	10,20000	11,16047	30,2%	1,4%	6,7%	4,1%	9,4%
Average annual salary	41 733 €		39 948 €		41 168 €		40 706 €	37 955 €	-9,1%	3,1%	-1,1%		-6,8%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,8	11,7	11,8	11,8	11,8	11,8	11,9	11,5	-2,4%	0,0%	0,9%	0,4%	-3,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	54,1	48,9	49,2	48,7	48,6	50,3	50,9	47,6	-12,0%	-1,2%	4,7%	1,3%	-6,4%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	54,9	56,2	57,2	58,9	57,7	58,4	58,6	58,1	5,8%	0,9%	1,6%	0,4%	-0,9%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Availability of the Case Management System (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Availability of tools for court statistics (4 max)				4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0			0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,685	0,679	0,656	0,612	0,596	0,612	0,627	0,657	-4,0%	-9,1%	5,1%	2,4%	4,9%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,239	0,241	0,230	0,218	0,214	0,215	0,210	0,216	-9,4%	-6,9%	-1,7%	-2,2%	2,9%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	1,086	1,1	1,1	1,034	1,440	1,616	1,635	1,715	58,0%	32,3%	13,5%	1,2%	4,9%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	99%	101%	104%	104%	99%	100%	97%	97%	-1,38	-4,69	-1,76	-2,23	-0,04
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	96%	101%	102%	101%	100%	99%	100%	98%	2,06	-1,56	-0,19	1,28	-1,52
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases	105%	101%	103%	104%	94%	90%	97%	102%	-3,13	-8,97	2,95	7,01	4,85
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	179	171	157	152	164	159	166	167	-6,8%	4,9%	1,1%	4,8%	0,3%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	156	142	141	141	144	149	149	151	-3,0%	1,8%	3,6%	0,1%	1,6%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT non-litigious business registry cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	126	126	114	105	115	147	146	125	-1,2%	1,2%	26,5%	-1,1%	-14,2%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,33	0,32	0,29	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,28	0,29	-11,7%	-8,9%	4,4%	4,9%	5,2%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,10	0,09	0,09	0,09	0,08	0,09	0,09	0,09	-10,2%	-6,7%	1,6%	-0,8%	3,0%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,39	0,38	0,35	0,31	0,43	0,59	0,63	0,60	51,5%	22,3%	48,1%	7,8%	-5,4%
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)	(in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	100%	96%	106%	102%	103%	98%	102%	95%	-4,18	-3,18	-0,95	4,01	-6,53
CR administrative law cases	110%	104%	90%	97%	97%	114%	93%	97%	-13,36	7,58	-4,43	-21,81	4,21
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	122	135	106	107	100	109	96	117	-4,2%	-5,8%	-4,5%	-12,5%	22,0%

DT administrative law cases (days)	119	126	178	188	148	63	96	106	-11,5%	-16,9%	-35,2%	51,4%	10,2%
Supreme Court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019 (in points)	2014-2016 (in points)	2016-2018 (in points)	2017-2018 (in points)	2018-2019 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	101%	-	99%	105%	106%	110%	96%	108%	6,12	7,74	-10,72	-14,62	11,96
CR administrative law cases	94%	-	112%	101%	99%	95%	110%	101%	6,71	-13,40	10,99	15,29	-8,71
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)													
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2012-2019	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	179	-	159	139	112	98	117	96	-46,7%	-29,8%	4,6%	19,0%	-18,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)	149	-	92	94	105	122	82	83	-44,3%	13,8%	-21,8%	-32,9%	1,2%

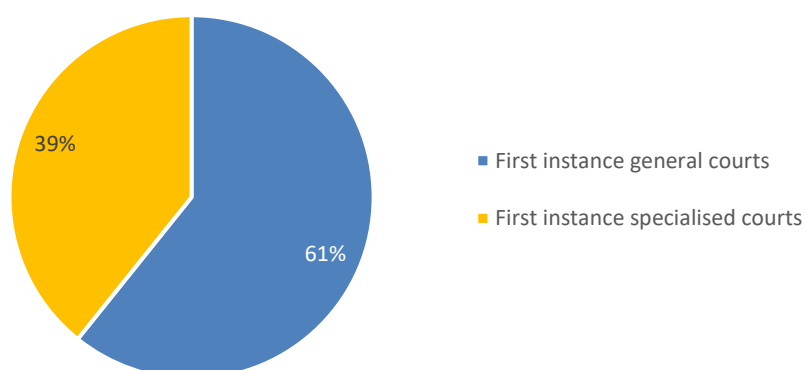
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system in Sweden

In Sweden the court system consists of (a) the general jurisdiction courts (district courts, appellate courts and the Supreme Court) (b) the general administrative courts (1st instance administrative courts, the appellate administrative courts, the Supreme Administrative Court), (c) the specialised courts.

Although the number of courts remained the same, as of 2018 the answer has been adjusted to comply with the CEPEJ definitions, hence the differences in the table. District courts are the courts of first instance among the general courts and deal with criminal and civil cases and various kinds of other matters. In addition to civil and criminal cases, district courts also take decisions on such matters as adoption, administrators, bankruptcy and special representatives. There are 48 district courts across the country. They vary in size, from about ten to several hundred employees.



Percentage of first instance specialised courts



Specialised courts	
Total	31
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP
Labour courts	1
Family courts	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and cybercrime courts	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP
Administrative courts	12
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP
Military courts	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	18

As of 2018 evaluation cycle, the answer has been adjusted to comply with the CEPEJ definitions. General administrative courts are the courts of first instance among the general courts and deal with cases involving disputes between the community and individuals. There are twelve administrative courts.

The Labour Court deals with labour disputes in the frame of employers and employees' relationships. The Labour Court is normally the first and only instance competent in labour disputes. Nevertheless, some labour disputes are heard first in a district court, after which an appeal may be lodged with the Labour Court as the court of second and final instance. There is one Labour court.

Other specialised 1st instance courts:

The Patent and Market Court deals, among other things, with disputes under the Competition Act and the Marketing Practices Act. There is one first-instance Patent and Market Court.

Land and Environment courts process cases such as permits for water operations and environmentally hazardous operations, issues of health protection, nature conservation, refuse collection, polluted areas and hazardous waste, environmentally-related damages and compensation issues, issues of building, demolition and land permits under the Planning and Building Act, site leaseholds, appeals in planning matters, land parcelling, utility easements and expropriation. There are five Land and Environment Courts, which are specialized courts at the District Courts in Nacka, Vänersborg, Växjö, Umeå and Östersund.

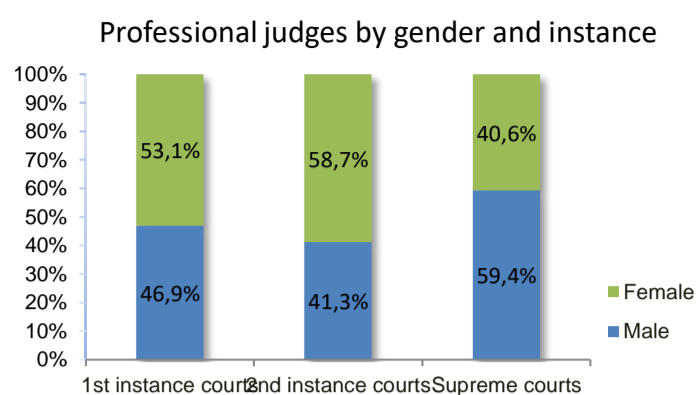
Migration courts review decisions made by the Swedish Migration Board on matters concerning aliens and citizenship. There are four Migration Courts, they are specialized courts which are part of the Administrative Courts in Malmö, Göteborg, Stockholm and Luleå.

Maritime courts deal with cases under the Swedish Maritime Code (1994:1009). There are seven maritime courts, which are part of the District Courts in Luleå, Sundsvall, Stockholm, Kalmar, Malmö, Gothenburg and Karlstad.

Sweden also has special courts which are not considered to be part of the general and administrative courts' system. These two courts are completely separated from the general and administrative courts and their organization, which means that they have a more far-reaching separation from the general and administrative courts. Those are: Labour Court (mentioned above and included in the corresponding category "Labour courts") and The Defense Intelligence Court (included in category "Other specialised 1st instance courts"). Rent and Tenancy Tribunals are not included because they are not courts in Sweden but administrative agencies. These are quasi-judicial bodies which hold similar powers to the courts and they make decision on disputes involving rents, tenant-ownerships and leaseholds.

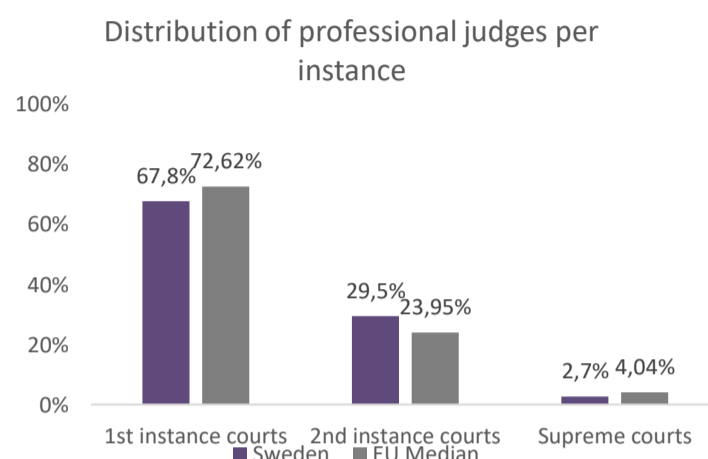
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	803	377	426
2nd instance courts	349	144	205
Supreme courts	32	19	13
Total	1 184	540	644



Distribution of professional judges by instance and gender

2019	Total number of professional judges	Male	Female
1st instance courts	67,8%	46,9%	53,1%
2nd instance courts	29,5%	41,3%	58,7%
Supreme courts	2,7%	59,4%	40,6%



The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in this cycle is 644 which represents 54,4% of the total number of

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 803 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 426 are female); 349 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 205 are female) and 32 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 13 are female).

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges are majority in the first two instances. As regards the highest instance, it should be pointed out that due to the small number of judges in the Supreme Court, the variations affecting the distribution male/female could appear significant in terms of percentage, while in actual numbers the difference is not that significant (one or two judges). This statistical data needs to be observed over a longer period of time.

In Sweden, training of judges requirements are broken down as follows:

- Initial training:
- General in-service training:
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions:
- In-service training for management functions of the court:
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts:

Compulsory	Optional
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

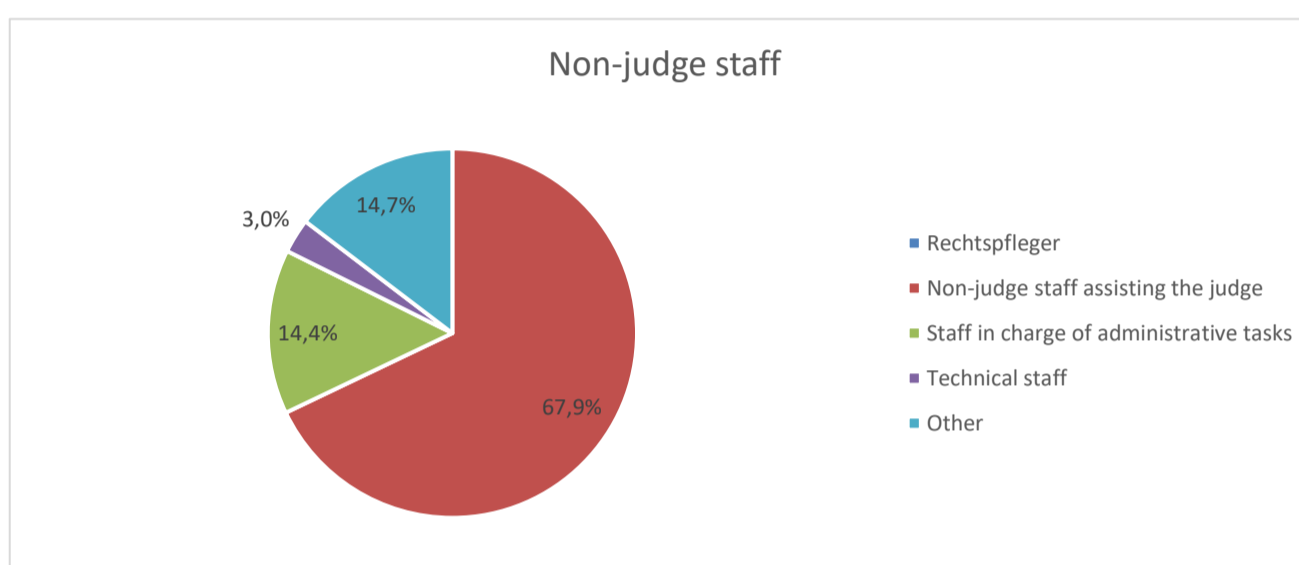
Training is optional but training sessions are being organised on a regular basis.

Number of training courses organised are:

	courses in days organised, without e-learning	courses available during the reference year (e-learning)
Total	1122	26
1. Only for judges	334	8
2. Only for prosecutors	644	NA
3. Only for other non-judge staff	171	8
4. Only for other non-prosecutor staff	66	NA
5. Other common training	NAP	NAP

Non-judge staff

Year	Total	Rechtspfleger	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2012	5 173	NAP	3 500	1 054	119	500
2013	4 716	NAP	3 260	688	91	677
2014	4 797	NAP	3 290	707	106	694
2015	4 800	NAP	3 269	708	104	719
2016	4 859	NAP	3 343	706	104	706
2017	5 088	NAP	3 490	724	119	755
2018	5 208	NAP	3 577	733	144	754
2019	4 921	NAP	3 342	710	148	721



In Sweden, in this cycle there are 4 921 non-judge staff (among which 3 765 females). Comparison with previous cycle reveals a decrease of 5,5%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 3 342 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 2 729 are women);
- 710 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 475 are women);
- 148 technical staff (among which 51 are women);
- 721 other (among which 510 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2019 the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 50,9 in 2018 to 47,6 in 2019).

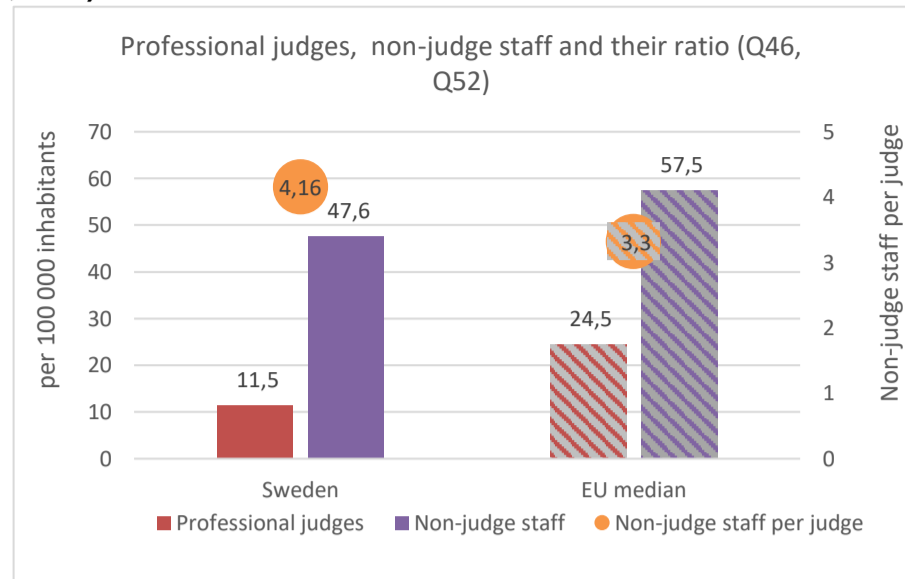
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants decreased from 11,9 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2018 to 11,5 in 2019.

The numbers do not include staff on leave or Swedish National Courts Administration (SNCA) employees. The SNCA is a government agency responsible for the service organization of courts, namely the overall coordination and joint issues. It has no authority over the courts' judicial business and their verdicts. It also provides support to the courts, rental and tenancy tribunals and legal aid. It deals with issues related to staff development, training and information, development of regulations, instructions and guidance. It ensures that operations are conducted in an effective and accessible way for citizens. In 2012 and 2013, there were about 330 employees with diverse professional backgrounds.

Other non-judge staff includes junior judges, associate judges and other staff.

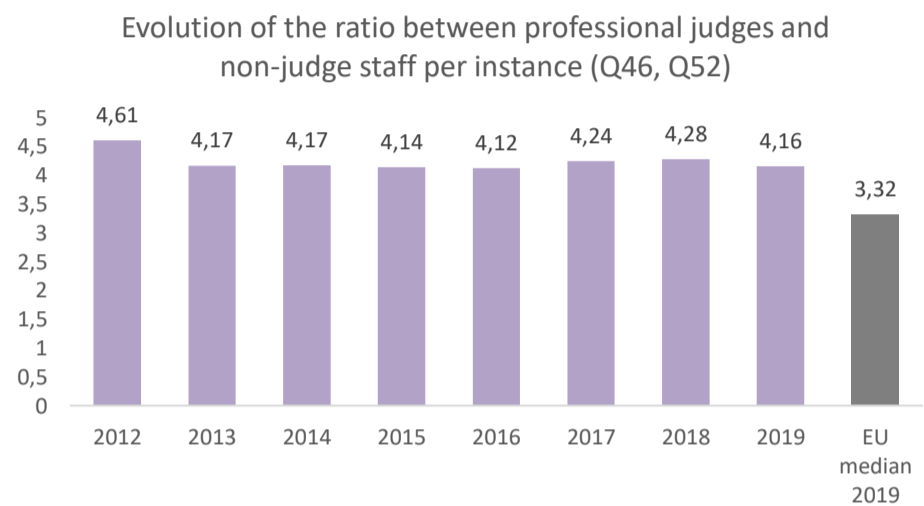
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

	Sweden	EU median
Professional judges	11,5	24,5
Non-judge staff	47,6	57,5
Non-judge staff per judge	4,16	3,3



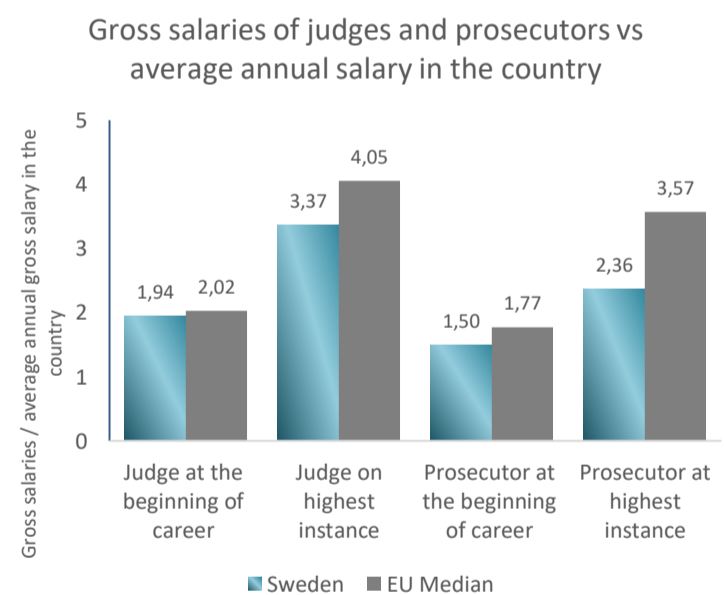
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Ratio
2012	4,61
2013	4,17
2014	4,17
2015	4,14
2016	4,12
2017	4,24
2018	4,28
2019	4,16
EU median 2019	3,32



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

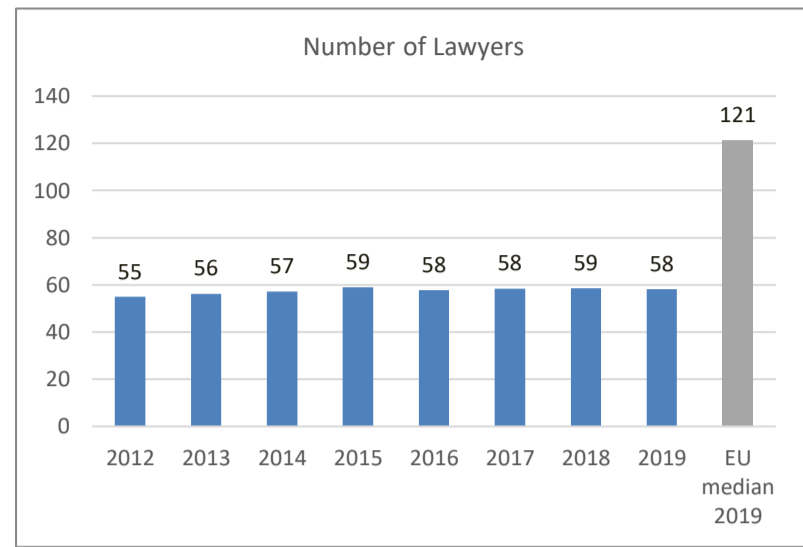
	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with the annual gross salary
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	73 800 €	47 232 €	1,94
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	127 840 €	70 312 €	3,37
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	56 800 €	NA	1,50
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	89 600 €	NA	2,36



The net annual salary is not stated as the level of income tax varies depending on the income and domicile.

Number of Lawyers

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	5 246	54,90
2013	5 422	56,22
2014	5 575	57,20
2015	5 800	58,88
2016	5 767	57,70
2017	5 911	58,41
2018	6 000	58,65
2019	6 000	58,10

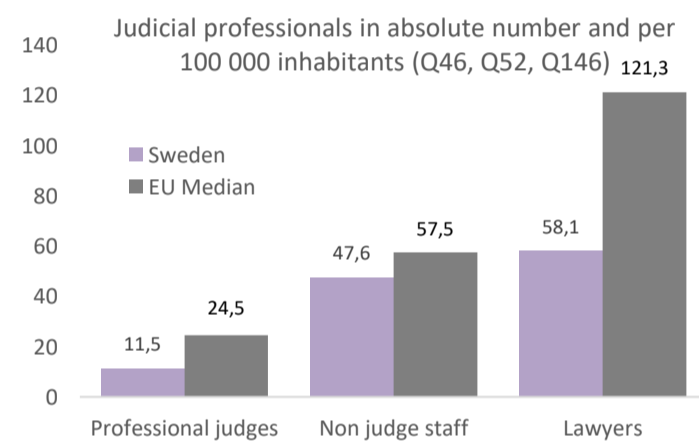


In 2019, there are 6 000 lawyers, which is the same as in 2018.

This data of 58,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 is below the EU median of 121,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

Type	Absolute number	per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 184	11,46	24,48
Non judge staff	4 921	47,65	57,49
Lawyers	6 000	58,10	121,32



3. Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 302 135 700 € (29,3 € per capita).

The total annual implemented public budget to legal aid is 306 339 600 € (29,7 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid cannot be carried out in respect of criminal and other than criminal cases, as well as cases brought to court and cases not brought to court.

General information about legal aid in Sweden: Legal aid is a form of statutory social protection that aims to help an individual who cannot get legal support in any other way. If a person is involved in a legal dispute which the person and the other party are unable to resolve between themselves one could need help from a legal representative. A legal representative is an attorney or trained lawyer. In practice, legal aid is financial support provided by the State to those who are unable to pay for a legal representative. The legal aid covers part of the costs for the legal representative, but also costs relating to evidence and other expenditure. The purpose of legal aid is to give an opportunity to have one's case heard. Legal aid is the difference between the costs that arise for a legal representative and the legal aid fee which must be paid by the recipient.

Being granted legal aid does not automatically mean that the State pays all the costs of legal representation. The basic idea is that recipient of legal aid should contribute to the cost to the extent he/she can afford. Legal aid could be provided for the whole or part of the cost of a legal representative up to 100 hours. In special cases the court can extend legal aid.

The actual costs of legal aid are usually higher than the allocated budget which is decided the year before.

In Sweden, legal aid is available for :

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
◦ Representation in court:	✓	✓
◦ Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:	✓	✓
◦ for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. (Q18):	✓	
◦ Other costs than above. (Q19):	✓	

According to section 19 of the Legal Aid Act, an individual who is granted legal aid does not have to pay fees to the Swedish Enforcement Authority.

In criminal cases, legal aid can be granted for travel expenses and subsistence in respect of the accused person. The latter can also be granted legal aid for expenses for witnesses who are not called by the prosecutor. In other than criminal cases, an individual granted with legal aid can have expenses covered for traveling and subsistence, evidence in court, investigation costs to a certain amount (10 000 SEK, approximately 1000 EUR) and for costs for a mediator appointed by the court.

In criminal cases:

Accused individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Victims are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

As a rule, litigants are required to pay a court fee to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction for other than criminal cases. The administrative law cases constitute an exception to the general tenet. Till 2014, there was another exception concerning cases for obtaining an order to pay when the person objects the order to pay issued by the enforcement authority. From the 1st of July 2014, there is an additional court fee in these cases when a claim is disputed and therefore transferred from the Enforcement Authority to the court of first instance. Besides, a person who is granted legal aid does not have to pay court fees.

◦ Methodology of calculation of court fees

The calculation method is based on the costs of the general lawyer's offices. The debitable time is set at 72,5%. The cost components included are salary costs and subsidiary salary costs for lawyers, salary costs and subsidiary salary costs for counsels, court building costs as well as other costs. A conversion of all these costs is done with regard to changes in the cost level of each component. The consumer price index is used as a conversion factor. Consideration of the development of costs during the last three years is taken by using the average increase to convert last year's hourly standard.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 250€

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Court performance

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

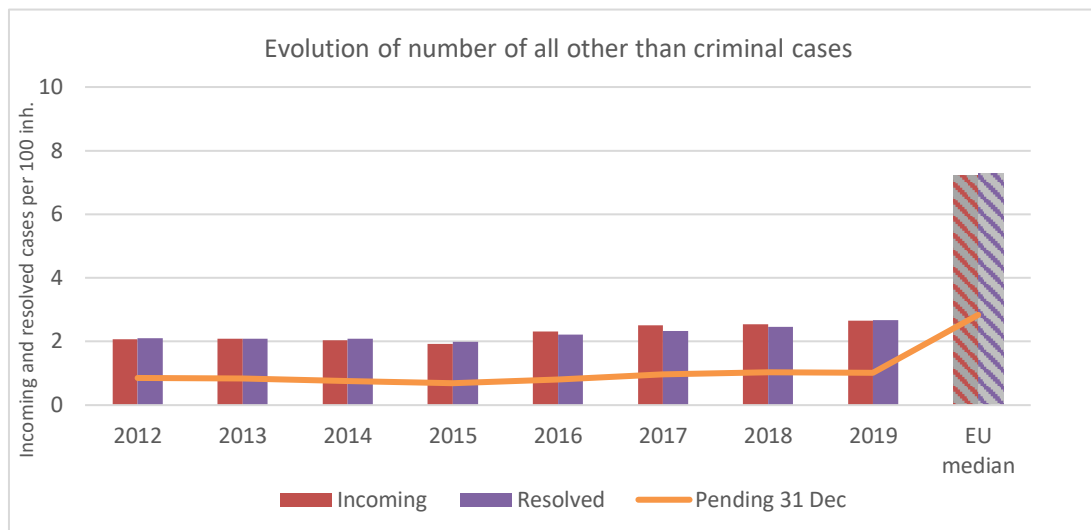
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

Regarding number of court cases in Sweden, the following specifics should be noted: In respect of the discrepancies that can be observed between the number of pending cases indicated for December of one year and the number of pending cases communicated for January of the next year, it is noteworthy that it is possible to register data afterwards in the operational system Vera which is 'alive'. Accordingly, if one produces data for the same dates at two different moments, one can get small differences in the results.

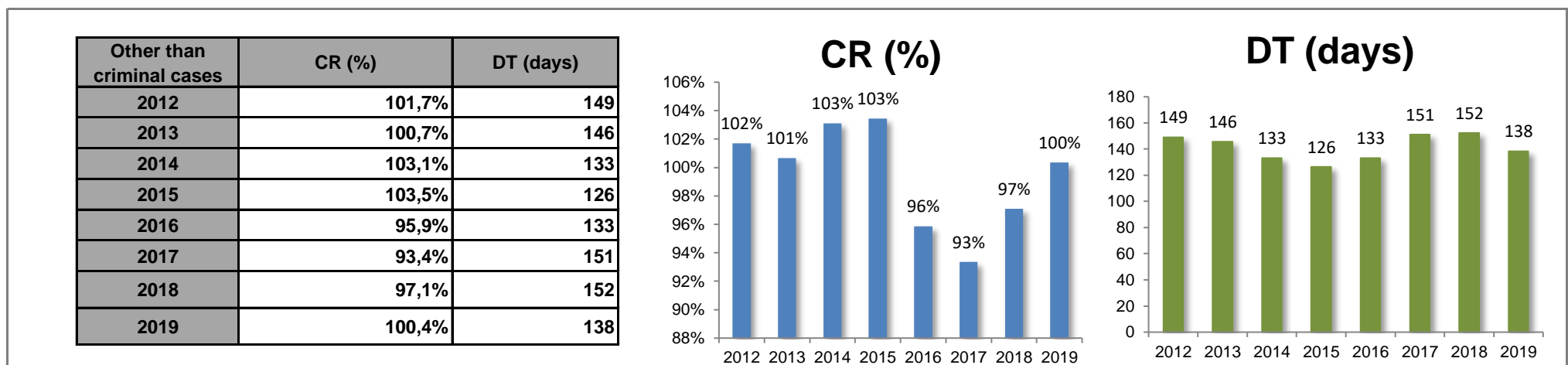
First instance cases

- Total other than criminal cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Sweden (2,66 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (7,22 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 2,67 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 7,27 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (1,01 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly below EU median (2,84 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,4% in 2019 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

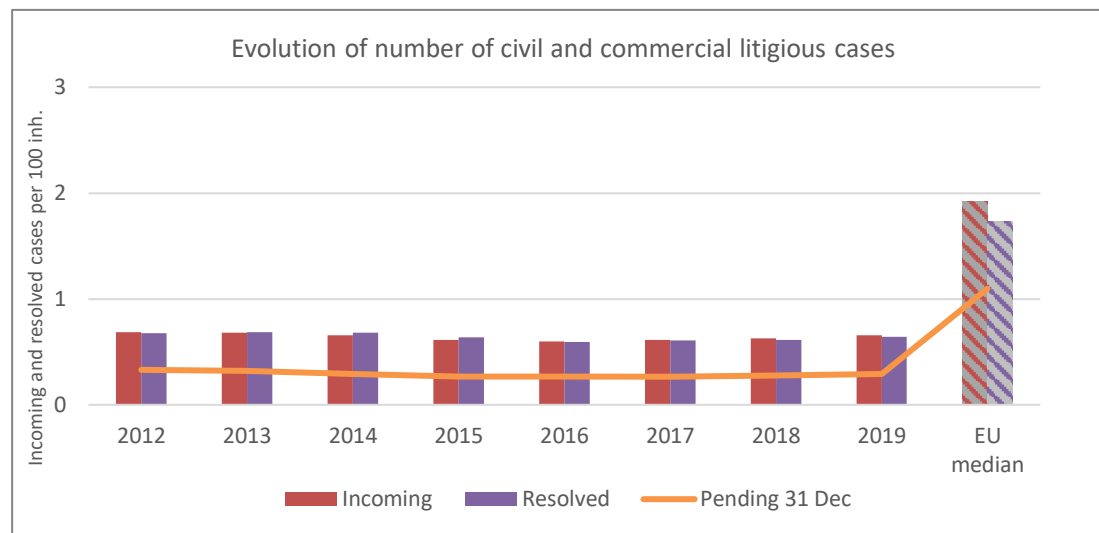
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,3 points.

In 2019, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 138 days, which is above the EU median of 111 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 9,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

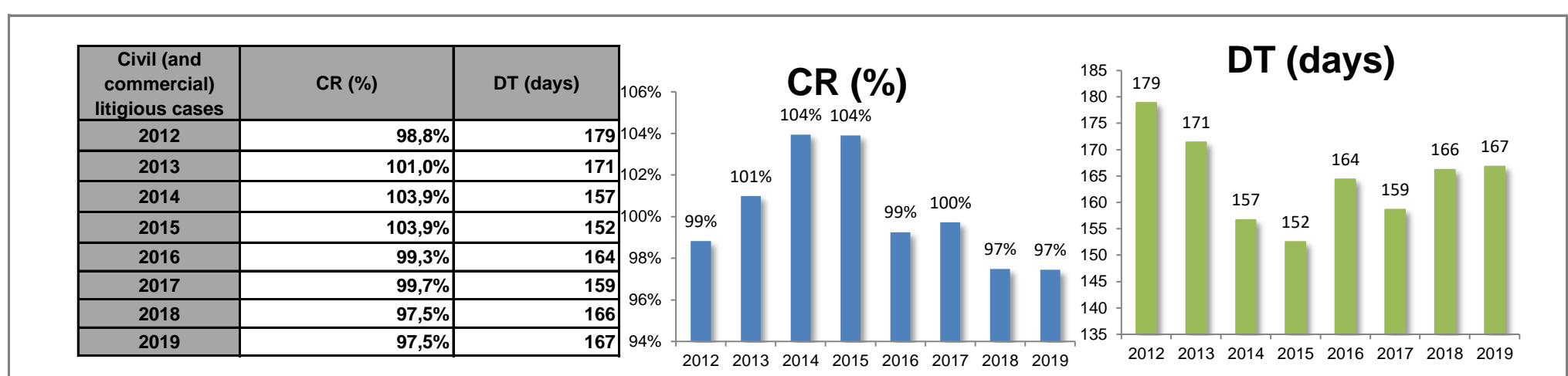
The category of civil and commercial non-litigious cases includes joint petitions for divorce and cases related to custody of children. Furthermore, it should be noted that land registry cases and business registry cases are not handled by courts in Sweden.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Sweden (0,66 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2019 (0,64 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly below EU median (1,73 per 100 inhabitants).

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,29 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,10 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 97,5% in 2019, Sweden seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

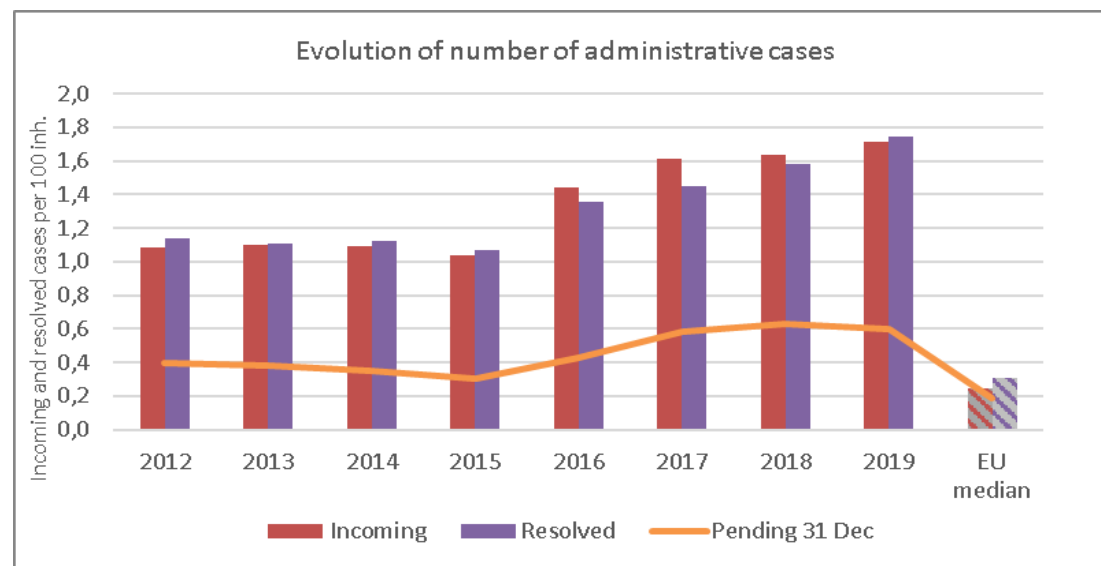
Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has not changed.

In 2019, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 167 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 213 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a 0,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

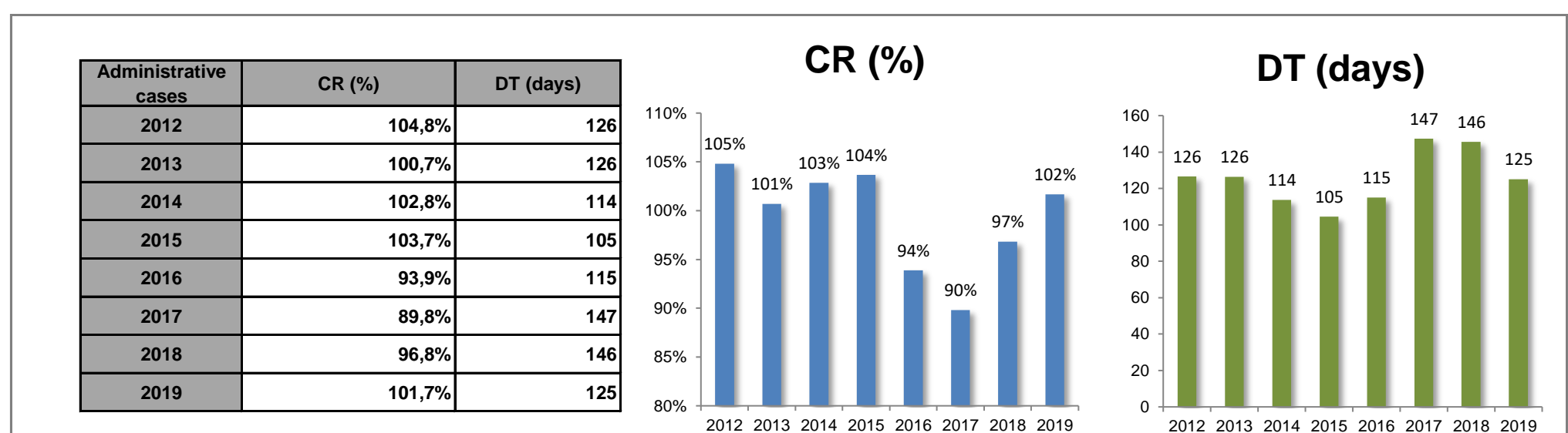
In Sweden, there are 829 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 2,7% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

◦ Administrative cases



The number of incoming cases in 2019 in Sweden (1,72 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,25 per 100 inhabitants); as for the number of resolved cases, which is 1,74 per 100 inhabitants compared to the EU median of 0,31 per 100 inhabitants.

Moreover, the number of pending cases at the end of 2019 (0,60 per 100 inhabitants) is also well above the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,7% in 2019, Sweden seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2018 and 2019, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,9 points.

In 2019, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 125 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 284 days.

Analysis of the 2018 - 2019 period reveals a -14,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

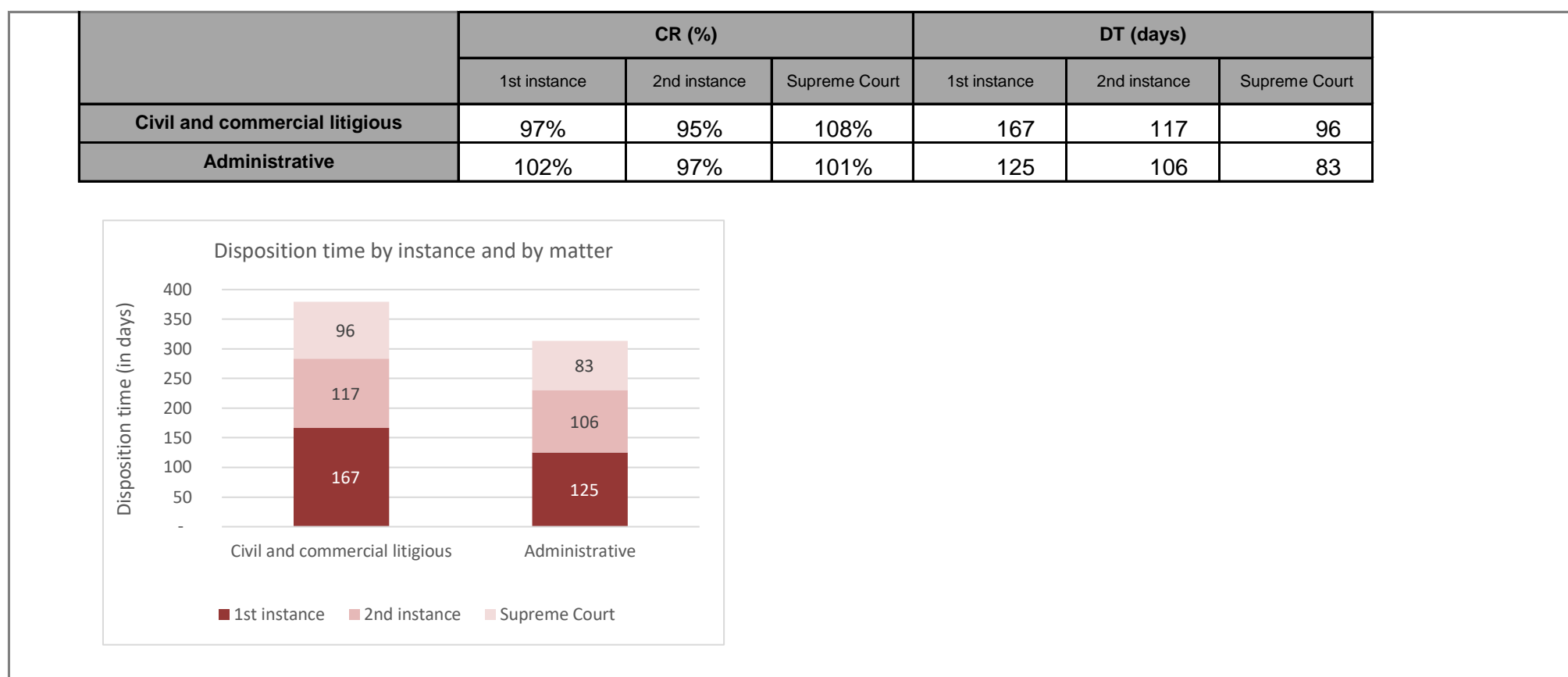
In Sweden, there are 418 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 0,7% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

It should be note that migration cases are included in administrative law cases. The increase in numbers of administrative cases, including those pending for more than 2 years, is due to a continued increase of incoming case, especially migration cases. Migration cases are still quite numerous due to a high number of incoming asylum seekers in 2015, since 2015 this number has decreased but is still on a quite high level in Sweden.

◦ Insolvency

The number of insolvency cases is not available (NA). Therefore CR and DT cannot be calculated.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter



As regards overall efficiency in Sweden, it should be noted that all DT levels are well below EU median values. Comparing two types of cases, it appears that administrative cases are generally processed more rapidly than civil and commercial litigious cases. Looking at different levels of courts, it seems that both groups of cases are resolved most efficiently in the third instance while the biggest challenges are encountered in the first instance courts.

Related to the highest instances, it should be mentioned that administrative law cases are handled by the Supreme Administrative Court, while all other cases are dealt with by the Supreme Court.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Sweden provides court related mediation.

The court related mediation system in Sweden does not provide mandatory court related mediation.

The number of accredited or registered mediators has not been provided.

The number of court-related mediations has not been provided.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In 2019, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- number of incoming cases
- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- number of appeals
- other (please specify):

Statistics concerning review permits in a superior court (in most cases permission to appeal to the superior court is required):

- number of incoming cases where a review permit is required,
- number of cases that received a review permit,
- the amount of time it takes for cases to be examined after receiving a review permit.

Statistics concerning hearings:

- number and duration of hearings in a case
- number of cancelled hearings in a case

Statistics concerning parties:

- number and type of parties in a case (defendants, plaintiffs, witnesses, injured parties and court translators)
- number of detained persons (in custody) in a criminal case
- number of cases including minor offenders (< 18 years old)

Statistics concerning various types of decisions:

- number of times a judicial decision has been changed by a superior court. Statistics concerning unit within court used to handle a case.

Statistics concerning number of judges used to handle a case.

General comment:

All of the Swedish courts use the same case management system but with different set-ups. The system is used for all categories of cases. Information is shared when a case is appealed to a higher instance court. In criminal cases the system communicates with the National Police Board and the Swedish Prosecution Authority. The system also provides the statistic system with data on a daily basis.

The statistics are found in ready-made reports and everyone who is employed by the court can obtain the information quickly and in an easy way. All courts have access to all available information. The statistic system contains not only operational statistics but also historical data and other data which is updated continuously. The statistic database and reports are updated every night.

The statistics are mainly used for analysis and follow-ups for all courts and for the National Courts Administration. Furthermore, the statistics are part of the annual reports to the Government, the official statistics (annual publication) and they also come into use when answering inquiries from media, authorities and the general public as well as for allocation of budgetary resources among the courts.

In Sweden, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

It can be annual evaluation and occasionally when needed.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined

- length of proceedings (timeframes)
- number of resolved cases
- number of pending cases
- backlogs
- productivity of judges and court staff

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

5. ICT and national data collection system

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 2 fields and 5 sub-fields within those fields in :2019 (graphics below):

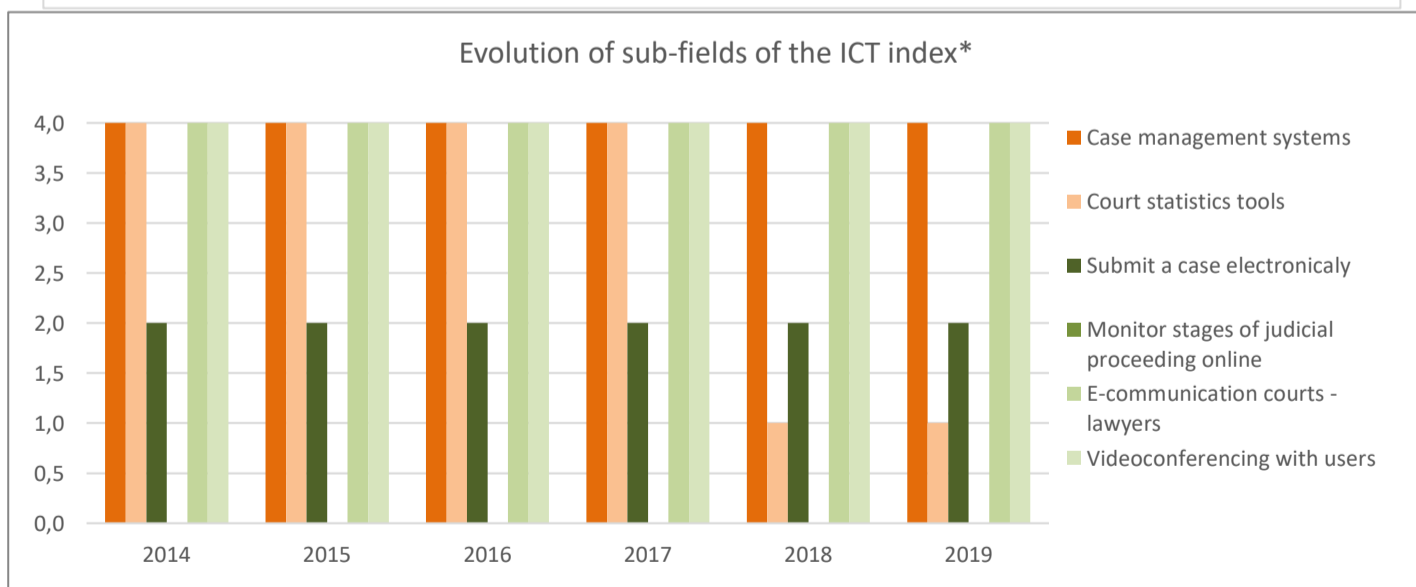
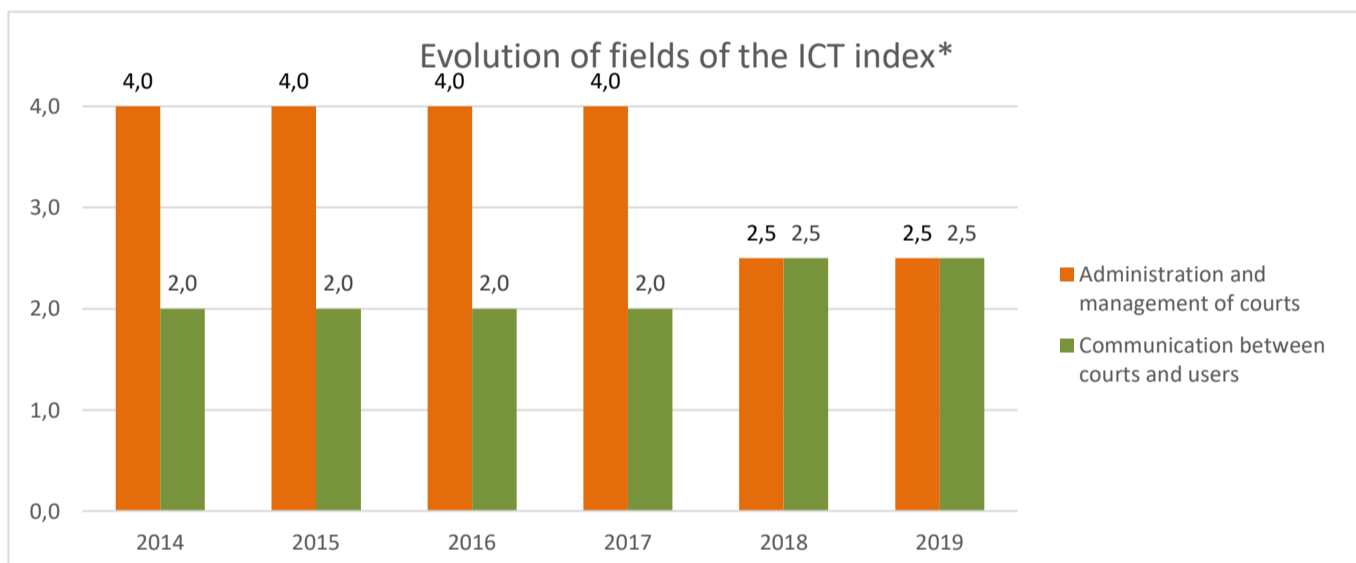
	points (up to 4)
◦ Administration and management ;	2,5
Case management systems	4,0
Tools of producing courts activity statistics	1,0
◦ Communication between court and users.	2,5
Possibility to submit a case by electronic means	2,0
Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding	0,0
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers	4,0
Videoconferencing with users	4,0

The calculation of this index for each field is an average of the values of the sub-fields included. The calculation of the sub-field depends on each question and the combination of different modalities of the answers.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note; Index is modified each cycle depending on the new modalities included in the questionnaire that show more precise details on the ICT situation that can make the index drop even if there is no real change.



Statistical data

In Sweden, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary which is the Swedish National Courts Administration.

The Swedish courts use the same case management system with regard to all categories of cases, but with different set-ups. Information is shared when a case is appealed to a higher instance court. The system also provides data on a daily basis. In criminal cases, it communicates with the National Police Board and the prosecutors' offices. The statistics are encapsulated in ready-made reports accessible to all courts and persons employed by the latter. The system contains operational statistics, as well as historical data. The statistics database and reports are updated every night. The statistics are mainly used for analysis and follow-ups with regard to all courts and the National Courts Administration, annual reports addressed to the government, official statistics (annual publication), inquiries from media, different authorities and the public, as well as for the distribution of budgetary resources between different courts.

This institution publish statistics of each court on internet.

Individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Q1 Number of inhabitants	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	8,1%	0,9%	1,1%	1,1%	1,5%	1,3%	1,1%	1,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	43 867 €	44 384 €	42 800 €	46 378 €	46 125 €	46 632 €	46 117 €	43 560 €	-0,7%	1,2%	-3,6%	8,4%	-0,5%	1,1%	-1,1%	-5,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	8,57	8,86	9,43	9,20	9,56	9,80	10,20	11,16	30,2%	3,4%	6,4%	-2,5%	3,9%	2,5%	4,1%	9,4%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system in €

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	4 519 656 078	4 628 439 958	4 369 453 368	4 509 284 767	4 591 423 491	4 702 931 224	4 733 494 629	4 578 886 700	1,3%	2,4%	-5,6%	3,2%	1,8%	2,4%	0,6%	-3,3%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.4 Constitutional court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	NAP								
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No								
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	No	No	No	No								

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	No	No	No	Yes	No	No									
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the approved whole justice system budget in 2019 (Q1, Q3, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	8,1%	0,9%	1,1%	1,1%	1,5%	1,3%	1,1%	1,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	43 867 €	44 384 €	42 800 €	46 378 €	46 125 €	46 632 €	46 117 €	43 560 €	-0,7%	1,2%	-3,6%	8,4%	-0,5%	1,1%	-1,1%	-5,5%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	4 519 656 078	4 628 439 958	4 369 453 368	4 509 284 767	4 591 423 491	4 702 931 224	4 733 494 629	4 578 886 700	1,3%	0 €	-5,6%	3,2%	1,8%	2,4%	0,6%	-3,3%
15-1.2.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	-	-	4 328 607 021	4 465 607 062	4 562 181 466	4 689 375 714	4 676 681 615	4 923 484 900	-	-	-	3,2%	2,2%	2,8%	-0,3%	5,3%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Table 1.8 Participation of the annual income of court taxes and fees in the budget of the whole justice system from 2012 to 2019 in € (Q1, Q9, Q15-1)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	8,1%	0,9%	1,1%	1,1%	1,5%	1,3%	1,1%	1,0%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	4 519 656 078	4 628 439 958	4 369 453 368	4 509 284 767	4 591 423 491	4 702 931 224	4 733 494 629	4 578 886 700	1,3%	2,4%	-5,6%	3,2%	1,8%	2,4%	0,6%	-3,3%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	5 134 908	-	9 011 588	13 480 605	12 802 008	12 551 020	11 357 962	11 110 643	116,4%	-	-	49,6%	-5,0%	-2,0%	-9,5%	-2,2%

Figure 1.9 Court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	293	286	274	250	-	-	-	-	-	-2,4%	-4,2%	-8,8%
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-------	-------

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Tables 2.1 and 2.1b Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	8,1%	0,9%	1,1%	1,1%	1,5%	1,3%	1,1%	1,0%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction	60	60	60	60	60	60	48	48	-20,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-20,0%	0,0%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts	12	12	12	12	10	10	31	31	158,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-16,7%	0,0%	210,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations)	95	95	95	95	95	95	74	74	-22,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-22,1%	0,0%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)																
43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts	12	12	12	12	10	10	31	31	158,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-16,7%	0,0%	210,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Number of commercial courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Number of insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Number of labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Number of family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Number of rent and tenancies courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	NAP	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-	-
43.1.7 Number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Number of courts fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Number of internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Number of administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
43.1.11 Number of insurance and social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Number of military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Number of other specialised 1st instance courts	3	3	3	3	1	1	18	18	500,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-66,7%	0,0%	1700,0%	0,0%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.9.1 and 3.9.2 (all years) First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																
Table 3.9.3 to 3.9.4 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases (Q1, Q91)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	8,1%	0,9%	1,1%	1,1%	1,5%	1,3%	1,1%	1,0%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	85 228	81 916	80 562	74 407	71 388	81 014	97 859	105 443	23,7%	-3,9%	-1,7%	-7,6%	-4,1%	13,5%	20,8%	7,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	30 917	31 686	31 035	28 538	26 196	26 667	26 858	28 499	-7,8%	2,5%	-2,1%	-8,0%	-8,2%	1,8%	0,7%	6,1%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	9 128	8 744	8 399	8 385	8 692	8 701	-	-	-	-4,2%	-3,9%	-0,2%	3,7%	0,1%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	8 505	9 337	9 128	8 744	8 399	8 385	8 692	8 701	2,3%	9,8%	-2,2%	-4,2%	-3,9%	-0,2%	3,7%	0,1%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	42 654	37 724	37 003	34 000	33 796	42 627	59 299	64 646	51,6%	-11,6%	-1,9%	-8,1%	-0,6%	26,1%	39,1%	9,0%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 152	3 169	3 396	3 125	2 997	3 335	3 010	3 597	14,1%	0,5%	7,2%	-8,0%	-4,1%	11,3%	-9,7%	19,5%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	197 441	200 644	197 953	189 467	231 823	253 319	260 016	274 598	39,1%	1,6%	-1,3%	-4,3%	22,4%	9,3%	2,6%	5,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	65 418	65 467	63 902	60 313	59 591	61 931	64 117	67 885	3,8%	0,1%	-2,4%	-5,6%	-1,2%	3,9%	3,5%	5,9%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	22 382	21 489	21 366	21 729	21 490	22 331	-	-	-	-4,0%	-0,6%	1,7%	-1,1%	3,9%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	22 800	23 217	22 382	21 489	21 366	21 729	21 490	22 331	-2,1%	1,8%	-3,6%	-4,0%	-0,6%	1,7%	-1,1%	3,9%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	103 745	106 094	106 085	101 889	143 970	163 550	167 245	177 144	70,7%	2,3%	0,0%	-4,0%	41,3%	13,6%	2,3%	5,9%	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 478	5 866	5 584	5 776	6 896	6 109	7 164	7 238	32,1%	7,1%	-4,8%	3,4%	19,4%	-11,4%	17,3%	1,0%	
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	200 774	201 996	204 109	196 006	222 225	236 486	252 458	275 581	37,3%	0,6%	1,0%	-4,0%	13,4%	6,4%	6,8%	9,2%	
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	64 651	66 112	66 421	62 668	59 146	61 758	62 507	66 155	2,3%	2,3%	0,5%	-5,7%	-5,6%	4,4%	1,2%	5,8%	
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	22 726	21 811	21 361	21 405	21 445	21 945	-	-	-	-4,0%	-2,1%	0,2%	0,2%	2,3%	
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	21 937	23 416	22 726	21 811	21 361	21 405	21 445	21 945	0,0%	6,7%	-2,9%	-4,0%	-2,1%	0,2%	0,2%	2,3%	
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	108 724	106 832	109 102	105 625	135 150	146 888	161 929	180 107	65,7%	-1,7%	2,1%	-3,2%	28,0%	8,7%	10,2%	11,2%	
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 462	5 636	5 860	5 902	6 568	6 435	6 577	7 374	35,0%	3,2%	4,0%	0,7%	11,3%	-2,0%	2,2%	12,1%	
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	81 895	80 564	74 406	67 868	80 986	97 847	105 417	104 460	27,6%	-1,6%	-7,6%	-8,8%	19,3%	20,8%	7,7%	-0,9%	
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 684	31 041	28 516	26 183	26 641	26 840	28 468	30 229	-4,6%	-2,0%	-8,1%	-8,2%	1,7%	0,7%	6,1%	6,2%	
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	8 784	8 422	8 404	8 709	8 737	9 087	-	-	-	-4,1%	-0,2%	3,6%	0,3%	4,0%	
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	9 368	9 138	8 784	8 422	8 404	8 709	8 737	9 087	-3,0%	-2,5%	-3,9%	-4,1%	-0,2%	3,6%	0,3%	4,0%	
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	37 675	36 986	33 986	30 264	42 616	59 289	64 615	61 683	63,7%	-1,8%	-8,1%	-11,0%	40,8%	39,1%	9,0%	-4,5%	

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 168	3 399	3 120	2 999	3 325	3 009	3 597	3 461	9,2%	7,3%	-8,2%	-3,9%	10,9%	-9,5%	19,5%	-3,8%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)																
Table 3.10.1 (EC) to 3.10.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,7%	100,7%	103,1%	103,5%	95,9%	93,4%	97,1%	100,4%	-1,3%	-1,0%	2,4%	0,3%	-7,3%	-2,6%	4,0%	3,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	98,8%	101,0%	103,9%	103,9%	99,3%	99,7%	97,5%	97,5%	-1,4%	2,2%	2,9%	0,0%	-4,5%	0,5%	-2,2%	0,0%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,5%	101,5%	100,0%	98,5%	99,8%	98,3%	-	-	-	0,0%	-1,5%	-1,5%	1,3%	-1,5%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	96,2%	100,9%	101,5%	101,5%	100,0%	98,5%	99,8%	98,3%	2,1%	4,8%	0,7%	0,0%	-1,5%	-1,5%	1,3%	-1,5%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	104,8%	100,7%	102,8%	103,7%	93,9%	89,8%	96,8%	101,7%	-3,0%	-3,9%	2,1%	0,8%	-9,4%	-4,3%	7,8%	5,0%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,7%	96,1%	104,9%	102,2%	95,2%	105,3%	91,8%	101,9%	2,2%	-3,6%	9,2%	-2,6%	-6,8%	10,6%	-12,8%	11,0%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	149	146	133	126	133	151	152	138	-7,1%	-2,2%	-8,6%	-5,0%	5,2%	13,5%	0,9%	-9,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	179	171	157	152	164	159	166	167	-6,8%	-4,2%	-8,6%	-2,7%	7,8%	-3,5%	4,8%	0,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	141	141	144	149	149	151	-	-	-	-0,1%	1,9%	3,4%	0,1%	1,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	156	142	141	141	144	149	149	151	-3,0%	-8,6%	-1,0%	-0,1%	1,9%	3,4%	0,1%	1,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	126	126	114	105	115	147	146	125	-1,2%	-0,1%	-10,0%	-8,0%	10,1%	28,0%	-1,1%	-14,2%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	212	220	194	185	185	171	200	171	-19,1%	4,0%	-11,7%	-4,6%	-0,4%	-7,6%	17,0%	-14,2%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories i(litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	5 535	5 677	5 738	5 411	5 292	5 435	5 536	5 692	2,8%	2,6%	1,1%	-5,7%	-2,2%	2,7%	1,9%	2,8%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	8 972	9 503	9 254	8 939	9 174	9 402	9 457	9 545	6,4%	5,9%	-2,6%	-3,4%	2,6%	2,5%	0,6%	0,9%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	8 824	9 444	9 601	9 070	9 056	9 304	9 329	9 745	10,4%	7,0%	1,7%	-5,5%	-0,2%	2,7%	0,3%	4,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	5 683	5 736	5 391	5 280	5 410	5 533	5 664	5 492	-3,4%	0,9%	-6,0%	-2,1%	2,5%	2,3%	2,4%	-3,0%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between years (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	98,4%	99,4%	103,7%	101,5%	98,7%	99,0%	98,6%	102,1%	3,8%	1,0%	4,4%	-2,2%	-2,7%	0,2%	-0,3%	3,5%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	235	222	205	212	218	217	222	206	-12,5%	-5,7%	-7,6%	3,7%	2,6%	-0,5%	2,1%	-7,2%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.5.1 to 3.5.5 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)																
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	14 214	11 786	11 076	13 457	15 184	15 895	10 716	13 755	-3,2%	-17,1%	-6,0%	21,5%	12,8%	4,7%	-32,6%	28,4%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	927	938	1 046	874	825	748	804	750	-19,1%	1,2%	11,5%	-16,4%	-5,6%	-9,3%	7,5%	-6,7%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	11 784	9 175	8 237	10 842	12 432	13 424	7 765	11 108	-5,7%	-22,1%	-10,2%	31,6%	14,7%	8,0%	-42,2%	43,1%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases	1 503	1 673	1 793	1 741	1 927	1 723	2 147	1 897	26,2%	11,3%	7,2%	-2,9%	10,7%	-10,6%	24,6%	-11,6%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	41 573	39 472	42 217	40 137	50 566	56 832	63 668	64 516	55,2%	-5,1%	7,0%	-4,9%	26,0%	12,4%	12,0%	1,3%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 818	2 940	2 824	2 771	2 646	2 740	2 801	2 888	2,5%	4,3%	-3,9%	-1,9%	-4,5%	3,6%	2,2%	3,1%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	25 452	22 824	24 837	23 362	34 099	39 085	45 614	44 555	75,1%	-10,3%	8,8%	-5,9%	46,0%	14,6%	16,7%	-2,3%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases	13 303	13 708	14 556	14 004	13 821	15 007	15 253	17 073	28,3%	3,0%	6,2%	-3,8%	-1,3%	8,6%	1,6%	11,9%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	43 999	40 181	39 836	39 204	49 859	62 010	60 626	62 280	41,5%	-8,7%	-0,9%	-1,6%	27,2%	24,4%	-2,2%	2,7%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 807	2 833	2 996	2 820	2 723	2 684	2 856	2 756	-1,8%	0,9%	5,8%	-5,9%	-3,4%	-1,4%	6,4%	-3,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	28 060	23 765	22 233	22 567	33 110	44 743	42 271	43 166	53,8%	-15,3%	-6,4%	1,5%	46,7%	35,1%	-5,5%	2,1%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases	13 132	13 583	14 607	13 817	14 026	14 583	15 499	16 358	24,6%	3,4%	7,5%	-5,4%	1,5%	4,0%	6,3%	5,5%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	11 788	11 077	13 457	14 390	15 891	10 717	13 758	15 991	35,7%	-6,0%	21,5%	6,9%	10,4%	-32,6%	28,4%	16,2%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	938	1 045	874	825	748	804	749	882	-6,0%	11,4%	-16,4%	-5,6%	-9,3%	7,5%	-6,8%	17,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	9 176	8 234	10 847	11 637	13 421	7 766	11 108	12 497	36,2%	-10,3%	31,7%	7,3%	15,3%	-42,1%	43,0%	12,5%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases	1 674	1 798	1 742	1 928	1 722	2 147	1 901	2 612	56,0%	7,4%	-3,1%	10,7%	-10,7%	24,7%	-11,5%	37,4%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	2 247	105	110	474	-	-	-	-	-	-95,3%	4,8%	330,9%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	4	5	5	8	-	-	-	-	-	25,0%	0,0%	60,0%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	2 230	89	96	456	-	-	-	-	-	-96,0%	7,9%	375,0%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	105,8%	101,8%	94,4%	97,7%	98,6%	109,1%	95,2%	96,5%	-8,8%	-3,8%	-7,3%	3,5%	0,9%	10,7%	-12,7%	1,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,6%	96,4%	106,1%	101,8%	102,9%	98,0%	102,0%	95,4%	-4,2%	-3,3%	10,1%	-4,1%	1,1%	-4,8%	4,1%	-6,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	110,2%	104,1%	89,5%	96,6%	97,1%	114,5%	92,7%	96,9%	-12,1%	-5,6%	-14,0%	7,9%	0,5%	17,9%	-19,0%	4,5%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	98,7%	99,1%	100,4%	98,7%	101,5%	97,2%	101,6%	95,8%	-2,9%	0,4%	1,3%	-1,7%	2,9%	-4,2%	4,6%	-5,7%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	98	101	123	134	116	63	83	94	-4,2%	2,9%	22,5%	8,7%	-13,2%	-45,8%	31,3%	13,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	122	135	106	107	100	109	96	117	-4,2%	10,4%	-20,9%	0,3%	-6,1%	9,0%	-12,5%	22,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	119	126	178	188	148	63	96	106	-11,5%	6,0%	40,8%	5,7%	-21,4%	-57,2%	51,4%	10,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	47	48	44	51	45	54	45	58	25,3%	3,8%	-9,9%	17,0%	-12,0%	19,9%	-16,7%	30,2%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 630	-	4 235	3 237	2 831	2 649	3 014	2 211	-39,1%	-	-	-23,6%	-12,5%	-6,4%	13,8%	-26,6%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	176	-	149	153	135	113	84	99	-43,8%	-	-	2,7%	-11,8%	-16,3%	-25,7%	17,9%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 410	-	2 856	1 996	1 905	1 987	2 402	1 711	-29,0%	-	-	-30,1%	-4,6%	4,3%	20,9%	-28,8%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 044	-	1 230	1 088	791	549	528	401	-61,6%	-	-	-11,5%	-27,3%	-30,6%	-3,8%	-24,1%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	11 369	-	11 585	11 886	11 289	11 768	11 376	11 837	4,1%	-	-	2,6%	-5,0%	4,2%	-3,3%	4,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	343	-	358	336	347	283	320	277	-19,2%	-	-	-6,1%	3,3%	-18,4%	13,1%	-13,4%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	7 310	-	7 036	7 380	6 989	7 581	6 960	7 096	-2,9%	-	-	4,9%	-5,3%	8,5%	-8,2%	2,0%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 716	-	4 191	4 170	3 953	3 904	4 096	4 464	20,1%	-	-	-0,5%	-5,2%	-1,2%	4,9%	9,0%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	11 057	-	12 583	12 280	11 471	11 403	12 172	11 763	6,4%	-	-	-2,4%	-6,6%	-0,6%	6,7%	-3,4%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	348	-	353	354	369	312	306	298	-14,4%	-	-	0,3%	4,2%	-15,4%	-1,9%	-2,6%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	6 900	-	7 896	7 460	6 907	7 166	7 643	7 174	4,0%	-	-	-5,5%	-7,4%	3,7%	6,7%	-6,1%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 809	-	4 334	4 466	4 195	3 925	4 223	4 291	12,7%	-	-	3,0%	-6,1%	-6,4%	7,6%	1,6%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 942	-	3 237	2 843	2 649	3 014	2 218	2 285	-42,0%	-	-	-12,2%	-6,8%	13,8%	-26,4%	3,0%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	171	-	154	135	113	84	98	78	-54,4%	-	-	-12,3%	-16,3%	-25,7%	16,7%	-20,4%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	2 820	-	1 996	1 916	1 987	2 402	1 719	1 633	-42,1%	-	-	-4,0%	3,7%	20,9%	-28,4%	-5,0%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	951	-	1 087	792	549	528	401	574	-39,6%	-	-	-27,1%	-30,7%	-3,8%	-24,1%	43,1%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	-	-	-	-	19	5	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	-73,7%	40,0%	-71,4%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	50,0%	-66,7%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases	-	-	-	-	14	3	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-78,6%	33,3%	-75,0%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time of other than criminal law cases (Q97)																
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	97,3%	-	108,6%	103,3%	101,6%	96,9%	107,0%	99,4%	2,2%	-	-	-4,9%	-1,6%	-4,6%	10,4%	-7,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	101,5%	-	98,6%	105,4%	106,3%	110,2%	95,6%	107,6%	6,0%	-	-	6,8%	0,9%	3,7%	-13,3%	12,5%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	94,4%	-	112,2%	101,1%	98,8%	94,5%	109,8%	101,1%	7,1%	-	-	-9,9%	-2,2%	-4,4%	16,2%	-7,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	102,5%	-	103,4%	107,1%	106,1%	100,5%	103,1%	96,1%	-6,2%	-	-	3,6%	-0,9%	-5,3%	2,5%	-6,8%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	130	-	94	85	84	96	67	71	-45,5%	-	-	-10,0%	-0,3%	14,5%	-31,1%	6,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	179	-	159	139	112	98	117	96	-46,7%	-	-	-12,6%	-19,7%	-12,1%	19,0%	-18,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	149	-	92	94	105	122	82	83	-44,3%	-	-	1,6%	12,0%	16,5%	-32,9%	1,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	91	-	92	65	48	49	35	49	-46,4%	-	-	-29,3%	-26,2%	2,8%	-29,4%	40,9%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	, only on Intranet	, only on Intranet	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
070.1.4 number of pending cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.5 backlogs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.10 number of appeals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
070.1.11 appeal ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No
070.1.12 clearance rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
--	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	8,1%	0,9%	1,1%	1,1%	1,5%	1,3%	1,1%	1,0%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	236 399 146	255 679 979	244 442 713	268 378 957	332 168 392	371 055 816	358 275 646	302 135 700	27,8%	8,2%	-4,4%	9,8%	23,8%	11,7%	-3,4%	-15,7%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)																
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	257 883 019	276 604 518	361 941 952	377 635 918	364 053 128	306 339 600	-	-	-	7,3%	30,9%	4,3%	-3,6%	-15,9%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																	
Table 6.1 (EC) Possibility of online training (Q131-2)																	
131-2.1.1 Number of training courses in days organised, without e-learning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 122	1 122	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
131-2.2.1 Online training courses available during the reference year (e-learning)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.2, Q63.7)

63.1 Is there a case management system?								Yes	Yes
63.1-1 CMS for civil matter (equipment rate)								100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for criminal matter (equipment rate)								100%	100%
63.1-1 CMS for administrative matter (equipment rate)								100%	100%
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not connected at all	connected at all
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	ed but connected
63-1-1 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not connected at all	connected at all
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-2 Computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload								Yes	Yes
63-7.1 workload of judges								100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of prosecutors								100%	100%
63-7.1 workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								100%	100%
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - judges								Yes	Yes
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors								No	No
63-7.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								No	No
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - judges								Yes	Yes
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors								No	No

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
63-7.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							No	No									

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory-administrative							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - civil							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - criminal							No	No									
064-4 - Consent of the user - administrative							No	No									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Civil and/or commercial							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Criminal							not accessible at all	not accessible at all									
063-1 - Possibility to monitor the stage of proceedings - Administrative							not accessible at all	accessible at all									

Table 6.3.2 (EC) Communication with courts and videoconferencing between courts (Q64.6, Q64.10, Q64.11)

064-6 - between court and lawyers representing parties							Yes	Yes
064-6 - between court and parties not represented by lawyer							Yes	Yes
064-6 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-6 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-6 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-10 - Videoconferencing between courts, professionals and/or users							Yes	Yes
064-10- Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-10 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-10 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Recording of hearings or debates							Yes	Yes
064-11 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%
064-11 - Criminal							100%	100%
064-11 - Administrative							100%	100%
064-11 - Type of recording - Civil and/or commercial							Both	Video

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
064-11 - Type of recording - Criminal							Both	Video										
064-11 - Type of recording - Administrative							Both	Video										

Table 6.4.2 Websites for judicial information (Q28)

028.1.1 - Websites with legal texts	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.2 - Websites with case-law of the higher court/s	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
028.1.3 - Websites with other documents	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes

Table 6.4.2 Existence and modalities of online submission of request for legal aid in 2019 (Q64.3)

064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							No	No
064-3 - Equipment rate								
064-3 - Request in paper mandatory							No	0
064-3 - Specific legislative framework							No	0
064-3 - Granting LA is also electronic							No	0
064-3 - Information available in CMS							No	0

Table 6.5 Technologies used for communication between courts and enforcement agents in 2018 (Q64.7)

064-7 - Equipment rate							100%	100%
064-7 - Modality - Email							Yes	Yes
064-7 - Modality - Specific computer application							No	No
064-7 - Modality - Other							No	No

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations								
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	
064-7 - Specific legislative framework							No	No									

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Table 6.6 Technologies used for communication between courts and notaries in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%	100%									
064-7 - Email								Yes	Yes									
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	No									
064-7 - Other								No	No									
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	No									
Table 6.7 Technologies used for communication between courts and judicial experts in 2018 (Q64.7)																		
064-7 - Equipment rate								100%	100%									
064-7 - Email								Yes	Yes									
064-7 - Specific computer application								No	No									
064-7 - Other								No	No									
064-7 - Specific legislative framework								No	No									

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.8 Admissibility of electronic evidence in 2018 (Q64.12)																			
<i>In civil and commercial matters</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In criminal matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
<i>In administrative matter</i>																			
064-1 - Admission								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - General law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
064-1 - General and specialised law to admit electronic evidence								Yes	Yes										
064-1 - Specialised law to admit electronic evidence								No	No										
Table 6.9 Other aspects of the ICT systems in courts in 2018 (Q65.4)																			
065-4 - Measuring actual benefits resulting of the use of one or several components of your information system								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Business processes								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Workload								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Human resources								No	No										
065-4 - Impact on Costs								Yes	Yes										
065-4 - Impact on Other								Yes	Yes										

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 6.10 Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation (Q64-9)																			
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation								No	No										

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges								
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)								
127.1.1 Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in the court)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	No training proposed	No training proposed
127.1.2 General in-service training	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.3 In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.4 In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.5 In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional
127.1.6 In-service training on ethics							Optional	Optional

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations															
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019								
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																								
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q166)																								
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							

Table 8.2: Availability of court-related mediation procedure (Q163)																	
Table 8.3(EC) Number of court related mediation procedures (absolute values) (Q167)																	
Table 8.4 Number of court related mediation procedures (per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q167)																	
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.!	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. Total number started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1. Civil and commercial cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 2. Family cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 3. Administrative cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 5. Criminal cases - started	NA	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 6. Consumer cases - started	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.5: Providers of court-related mediation procedure (Q164)									
164. Civil and commercial cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Civil and commercial cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Civil and commercial cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
164. Family law cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No	No
164. Family law cases - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		
164. Family law cases - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Administrative cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Private mediator	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public authority (other than the court)	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Employment dismissals - Judge	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Employment dismissals - Public prosecutor	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Private mediator	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public authority (other than the court)	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
164. Criminal cases - Judge	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Criminal cases - Public prosecutor	No	-	No	-	No	No	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Private mediator	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public authority (other than the court)	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
164. Consumer cases - Judge	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes										
164. Consumer cases - Public prosecutor	-	-	-	-	-	-	No	No										
Table 8.6: Availability of legal aid for court-related mediation (Q165)																		
Table 8.7: Availability of ADR other than court related mediation (Q168)																		
165 Availability of legal aid for court related mediation	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Mediation other than court-related mediation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Arbitration	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Conciliation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes										
168 Availability of ADR - Other	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	No										

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 9: Professionals of justice																
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)																
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)																
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)																
Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)																
Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	8,1%	0,9%	1,1%	1,1%	1,5%	1,3%	1,1%	1,0%
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 123	1 132	1 150	1 159	1 179	1 199	1 217	1 184	5,4%	0,8%	1,6%	0,8%	1,7%	1,7%	1,5%	-2,7%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	766	764	771	780	785	800	816	803	4,8%	-0,3%	0,9%	1,2%	0,6%	1,9%	2,0%	-1,6%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	324	334	343	343	361	365	370	349	7,7%	3,1%	2,7%	0,0%	5,2%	1,1%	1,4%	-5,7%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	33	34	36	36	33	34	31	32	-3,0%	3,0%	5,9%	0,0%	-8,3%	3,0%	-8,8%	3,2%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	600	584	584	572	570	577	569	540	-10,0%	-2,7%	0,0%	-2,1%	-0,3%	1,2%	-1,4%	-5,1%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	428	414	412	410	397	400	391	377	-11,9%	-3,3%	-0,5%	-0,5%	-3,2%	0,8%	-2,3%	-3,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	152	149	150	140	151	156	159	144	-5,3%	-2,0%	0,7%	-6,7%	7,9%	3,3%	1,9%	-9,4%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	20	21	22	22	22	21	19	19	-5,0%	5,0%	4,8%	0,0%	0,0%	-4,5%	-9,5%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	523	548	566	587	609	622	648	644	23,1%	4,8%	3,3%	3,7%	3,7%	2,1%	4,2%	-0,6%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	338	350	359	370	388	400	425	426	26,0%	3,6%	2,6%	3,1%	4,9%	3,1%	6,3%	0,2%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	172	185	193	203	210	209	211	205	19,2%	7,6%	4,3%	5,2%	3,4%	-0,5%	1,0%	-2,8%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	13	13	14	14	11	13	12	13	0,0%	0,0%	7,7%	0,0%	-21,4%	18,2%	-7,7%	8,3%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 173	4 716	4 797	4 800	4 859	5 088	5 208	4 921	-4,9%	-8,8%	1,7%	0,1%	1,2%	4,7%	2,4%	-5,5%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	3 500	3 260	3 290	3 269	3 343	3 490	3 577	3 342	-4,5%	-6,9%	0,9%	-0,6%	2,3%	4,4%	2,5%	-6,6%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 054	688	707	708	706	724	733	710	-32,6%	-34,7%	2,8%	0,1%	-0,3%	2,5%	1,2%	-3,1%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	119	91	106	104	104	119	144	148	24,4%	-23,5%	16,5%	-1,9%	0,0%	14,4%	21,0%	2,8%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	500	677	694	719	706	755	754	721	44,2%	35,4%	2,5%	3,6%	-1,8%	6,9%	-0,1%	-4,4%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 060	1 098	1 105	1 198	1 216	1 156	-	-	-	3,6%	0,6%	8,4%	1,5%	-4,9%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	565	595	597	658	659	613	-	-	-	5,3%	0,3%	10,2%	0,2%	-7,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	238	235	234	248	251	235	-	-	-	-1,3%	-0,4%	6,0%	1,2%	-6,4%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	54	56	63	73	97	97	-	-	-	3,7%	12,5%	15,9%	32,9%	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	203	212	211	219	209	211	-	-	-	4,4%	-0,5%	3,8%	-4,6%	1,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	3 669	3 737	3 702	3 754	3 890	3 992	3 765	-	-	1,9%	-0,9%	1,4%	3,6%	2,6%	-5,7%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	2 701	2 725	2 674	2 746	2 832	2 918	2 729	-	-	0,9%	-1,9%	2,7%	3,1%	3,0%	-6,5%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	443	469	473	472	476	482	475	-	-	5,9%	0,9%	-0,2%	0,8%	1,3%	-1,5%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	49	52	48	41	46	47	51	-	-	6,1%	-7,7%	-14,6%	12,2%	2,2%	8,5%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	476	491	507	495	536	545	510	-	-	3,2%	3,3%	-2,4%	8,3%	1,7%	-6,4%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)																
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)																
Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)																
Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	8,1%	0,9%	1,1%	1,1%	1,5%	1,3%	1,1%	1,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	5 246	5 422	5 575	5 800	5 767	5 911	6 000	6 000	14,4%	3,4%	2,8%	4,0%	-0,6%	2,5%	1,5%	0,0%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	-	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 173	4 716	4 797	4 800	4 859	5 088	5 208	4 921	-4,9%	-8,8%	1,7%	0,1%	1,2%	4,7%	2,4%	-5,5%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	3 500	3 260	3 290	3 269	3 343	3 490	3 577	3 342	-4,5%	-6,9%	0,9%	-0,6%	2,3%	4,4%	2,5%	-6,6%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 054	688	707	708	706	724	733	710	-32,6%	-34,7%	2,8%	0,1%	-0,3%	2,5%	1,2%	-3,1%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	119	91	106	104	104	119	144	148	24,4%	-23,5%	16,5%	-1,9%	0,0%	14,4%	21,0%	2,8%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	500	677	694	719	706	755	754	721	44,2%	35,4%	2,5%	3,6%	-1,8%	6,9%	-0,1%	-4,4%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 060	1 098	1 105	1 198	1 216	1 156	-	-	-	3,6%	0,6%	8,4%	1,5%	-4,9%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	565	595	597	658	659	613	-	-	-	5,3%	0,3%	10,2%	0,2%	-7,0%

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations							
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	238	235	234	248	251	235	-	-	-	-1,3%	-0,4%	6,0%	1,2%	-6,4%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	54	56	63	73	97	97	-	-	-	3,7%	12,5%	15,9%	32,9%	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	203	212	211	219	209	211	-	-	-	4,4%	-0,5%	3,8%	-4,6%	1,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	3 669	3 737	3 702	3 754	3 890	3 992	3 765	-	-	1,9%	-0,9%	1,4%	3,6%	2,6%	-5,7%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	2 701	2 725	2 674	2 746	2 832	2 918	2 729	-	-	0,9%	-1,9%	2,7%	3,1%	3,0%	-6,5%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	443	469	473	472	476	482	475	-	-	5,9%	0,9%	-0,2%	0,8%	1,3%	-1,5%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	49	52	48	41	46	47	51	-	-	6,1%	-7,7%	-14,6%	12,2%	2,2%	8,5%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	476	491	507	495	536	545	510	-	-	3,2%	3,3%	-2,4%	8,3%	1,7%	-6,4%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	Yes	Yes	No
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----	----

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	Yes	Yes	Yes, on internet	Yes, on internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet	Yes on Internet
--	-----	-----	------------------	------------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations									
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019		

Sweden (2012-2019) data tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Variations										
									2012-2019	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019			
Table 11.1: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in recruiting (Q61-2)																			
Judges							Yes	Yes											
Prosecutors							Yes	Yes											
Non-judge staff							No	No											
Lawyers							No	No											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							Yes	Yes											
Table 11.2: Existence of specific provisions for facilitating gender equality in promotion in 2018 (Q61-2)																			
Judges							Yes	Yes											
Prosecutors							Yes	Yes											
Non-judge staff							No	No											
Lawyers							Yes	Yes											
Notaries							No	No											
Enforcement agents							Yes	Yes											
Table 11.3: Availability of national programme to promote gender equality in 2018 (Q61-5)																			
National programme for gender equality							No	Yes											
Table 11.4: Existence of person/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in 2018 (Q61-7)																			
In courts (judges)							No	No											
In public prosecution services (prosecutors)							No	No											
For courts' non-judge staff							No	No											

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

PDF

ISBN 978-92-76-29817-5

DOI 10.2838/623677

DS-03-21-068-EN-N

Luxembourg: Publications Office of the European Union, 2021

© European Union, 2021

