



NETHERLANDS' RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE PLAN

#NEXTGENEU | FEBRUARY 2024

KEY FIGURES

EUR 5,4 billion in grants 0.55% of GDP¹



Climate Target 55 %



Digital Target 26%



Social Spending 12%

WHAT ARE THE MAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF THE DUTCH PLAN?

GREEN	55% of the total amount dedicated to climate objectives, and 75% more broadly to green objectives, including support for renewable energy production and energy efficiency.
INNOVATIVE	Support to innovation in forefront sectors such as green hydrogen, artificial intelligence, quantum technologies and life sciences.
SOCIAL	Focus on vulnerable groups, tackling re-employment, reducing inequality in the housing market, and supporting hospital care.



HOW DOES THE DUTCH PLAN HELP CITIZENS?

It impacts citizen's lives by promoting more sustainable, affordable and equal housing, strengthening public healthcare and enhancing social protection, education and training.

FLAGSHIP EXAMPLES

Investment subsidy for sustainable energy and energy savings (ISDE)



More than **500,000 energy efficiency improvements**, including solar boilers, thermal connections, insulation, heat pumps and electric stoves will be subsidised under the ISDE program. This investment is mainly targeted to households.

On average, these works will reduce **primary** energy **demand by at least 30%** for the dwellings concerned.

Affordable housing



In response to housing shortages, the Dutch Plan includes reforms and investments to unlock construction activity:

- Agreements between the national government and the provinces for the construction of 900,000 new dwellings by 2030, with at least 600,000 to constitute affordable housing.
- Woningbouwimpuls subsidy for municipalities to start works on the construction of at least 100,000 new dwellings. Many of these will include climate change adaptations, such as protection against flooding.

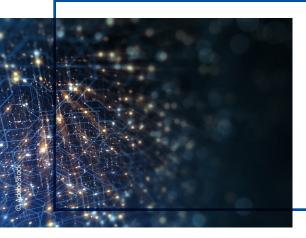


HOW DOES THE DUTCH PLAN HELP BUSINESSES?

It helps businesses become **equipped for the green and digital transition** while boosting their **competitiveness** in key sectors for the economy.

FLAGSHIP EXAMPLES





The Dutch Plan invests in **fast-emerging technologies** with a key focus on businesses:

- Quantum Delta NL: research and development of quantum computers, networks, and sensors aims to stimulate the development and establishment of new companies in the field of quantum technology.
- Six private-public partnerships for AI learning communities under AI Ned to bring together businesses, academia, and research laboratories.

Green Power of Hydrogen



Supporting **innovative Dutch businesses** to accelerate and scale up the development of a **green hydrogen ecosystem**:

- Two **facilities** for green hydrogen to demonstrate the feasibility of large-scale deployment.
- Three **research projects** for the production, storage, transport, and use of green hydrogen.
- Human capital: five regional learning communities to facilitate exchanges between businesses and education or research institutions.



HOW DOES THE DUTCH PLAN STRENGTHEN OUR UNION?

It helps **tackle aggressive tax planning** by introducing key reforms and improves the **connections and interoperability** of the Dutch rail system with the rest of the Union.

FLAGSHIP EXAMPLES





The Dutch Plan includes the adoption of laws to **avoid aggressive tax planning** by corporations via low-tax jurisdictions and in situations that constitute tax abuse.

This will:

- ▶ Reduce the funds flowing from the Netherlands to low-tax jurisdictions for tax purposes only.
- ▶ Enable the Netherlands to tax payments to countries that levy little tax or none at all.

European Rail Traffic Management System



The Dutch rail system will be adapted to the **European digital** standard for train protection and control. The investment includes a planning study from **Kijfhoek to the Belgian** border, contributes to European interoperability of rail traffic management, and helps update IT logistics systems to receive and process safety and interoperability information.

For more information: Netherlands' recovery and resilience plan — European Commission (europa.eu)

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