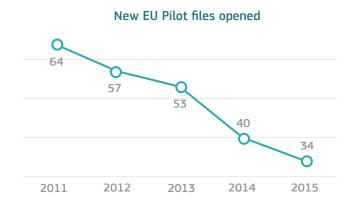
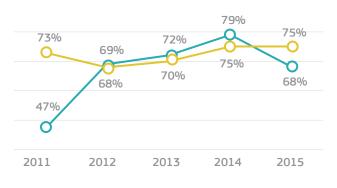


In 2015, new complaints against Romania decreased further from the 2013 peak and new EU Pilot files continued their steady fall since 2011. The trend of rising numbers of open infringements and new infringement cases for late transposition was broken.



EU Pilot files: evolution of the resolution rate



• Romania • General average for all Member States

INFRINGEMENT CASES Infringement cases open on 31 December



29 new infringement cases opened in 2015: main policy areas







22 new late transposition infringement cases opened in 2015: main policy areas



- Financial stability, financial services and capital markets union
- Mobility and transport
- Environment
- Other (e.g. Migration, home affairs and citizenship; health and food safety)



In preliminary rulings, the Court ruled that:

- people whose personal data are subject to transfer and processing between two public administrative bodies must be informed in advance. The Romanian tax authority transferred data on self-employed workers' declared income to the National Health Insurance Fund, which then required the payment of arrears of contributions to the health insurance regime. Those affected contested the lawfulness of the transfer under the Data Protection Directive;¹
- a bilateral agreement on social security benefits for political refugees who were repatriated to their State of origin before the bilateral agreement was concluded no longer applies;²
- legislation imposing an approval or homologation procedure on products constitutes a trade barrier unless exceptions are laid down for Member States where such products are lawfully produced and marketed.³

¹Bara, <u>C-201/14</u> and Court press release <u>No 110/15</u>.

² Balazs, <u>C-401/13</u> and <u>C-432/13</u>.

³ Capoda Import-Export, <u>C-354/14</u>