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2014

Annual Activity Report Annexes

Directorate-General for Trade

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ANNEXES

ANNEX 1: Statement of the Resources Director

I declare that in accordance with the Commission's communication on clarification of the responsibilities of the key actors in the domain of internal audit and internal control in the Commission¹, I have reported my advice and recommendations to the Director-General on the overall state of internal control in the DG.

I hereby certify that the information provided in Parts 2 and 3 of the present AAR and in its annexes is, to the best of my knowledge, accurate and exhaustive.

Brussels, 30 March 2015

[signed]

Peter Sandler

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¹ SEC(2003)59 of 21.01.2003

ANNEX 2: Human and Financial resources

Human Resources by ABB activity*						
Code ABB ACTIVITY	ΑΒΒ Αςτινιτγ	ESTABLISHMENT PLAN POSTS	External Personnel	TOTAL		
20 02	Trade Policy	477	164	641**		
20-AWBL-01	Administrative support	102 15	15	117		
20-AWBL-02	Policy, Strategy & Coordination	- 102	15	117		
	Total	579	179	758		

* Situation 31 December 2014

** These figures include postings in Delegations (80 establishment posts and 119 external staff)

FINANCIAL RESOURCES BY ABB ACTIVITY (EUR MILLION) IMPLEMENTATION OF COMMITMENT APPROPRIATIONS (CA)						
CODE ABB ACTIVITY	АВВ Астічіту	OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURE***	Administrative expenditure****	Total		
20 02	Trade Policy	€ 13,695,627	€ 4,286,165	€ 17,381,792		
	Total	€ 13,695,627	€ 4,286,165	€ 17,381,792		

*** Including Global Commitments for an amount of € 600,000.

**** Decentralised administrative appropriations ("global envelope") but not including management expenditure of 'Trade' delegations of the European Union for which DG Trade is not Authorizing Officer by Delegation.

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE GLOBAL ENVELOPE

BUDGET LINES CONCERNED: 20 01 02 11 00 01 TO 20 01 02 11 00 06

(IN EUROS)	APPROPRIATIONS 2014 (C1)			:1)	APPROPRIATIONS carried over (C8)		
BUDGET LINE*	BUDGET LINE DESCRIPTION	AVAILABLE APPROPRIATIONS	COMMITMENTS	PAYMENTS 2014	AMOUNTS OF APPROPRIATIONS CARRIED OVER	PAYMENTS 2014	% IMPLEMENTATION ON APPROPRIATIONS CARRIED OVER FROM
		2014	2014		FROM 2013		2013
20.010211.00		4,286,165					
20.010211.00.01.10*	Mission expenses		3,632,828	2,739,310	716,129	702,984	98.16 %
20.010211.00.01.30	Representation expenses		13,500	11,685	661	661	100 %
20.010211.00.02.20*	Meeting costs		122,000	87,943	19,286	19,286	100 %
20.010211.00.02.40	Conference costs		141,092	78,046	32,539	31,353	96.36 %
20.010211.00.03*	Meetings of committees		205,000	179,559	44,706	44,706	100 %
20.010211.00.04	Studies and consultations		11,500	8,622	31,060	31,060	100 %
20.010211.00.06	Further training and management training		160,245	99,218	85,502	84,777	99.15 %
	TOTAL		4,286,165	3,204,383	929,883	914,827	99.10 %

* - managed by PMO

ANNEX 3: Draft annual accounts and financial reports

(see separate document)

ANNEX 4: Materiality criteria

In conformity with the existing guidelines, DG Trade retained the following materiality criteria:

Quantitative criteria

As regards legality and regularity, the proposed standard quantitative materiality threshold of 2% of the executed payments for the DG's ABB activity is applied. DG Trade considers it to be an appropriate threshold above which weaknesses detected should be considered "material".

In DG Trade this applies to all non-compliance events detected throughout the year.

Qualitative criteria

As stipulated above, DG Trade's activities are preponderantly of a political nature (trade negotiations, monitoring and implementation) and procedural (case-handling), involving a very modest level of financial management.

Qualitative criteria cover significant reputational risks for the DG or the Commission and significant weaknesses in the internal control systems. For assessing the significance of the weakness, the nature and scope, duration, existence of mitigating controls and/or remedial actions are taken into account.

In this respect, if a 'critical' recommendation would be issued by auditors in the context of a final audit report, provided it is accepted by the auditee, and that sufficient corrective action has not been taken to implement, it will be considered.

ANNEX 5: Internal Control Template(s) for budget implementation (ICTs)

The cost of control in DG Trade is exclusively calculated by estimating the number of FTEs dedicated to the control stages. No expenditure is incurred in this respect. For **2014, the overall cost of control is estimated to remain at 1,553,000** \in (11.5 FTEs and 0.5 CA). This includes all the financial initiating and verifying agents (6.5 FTEs and 0.5 CA), the operational verification (20 FTEs estimated at 5%) and the Administrative Coordination Assistants (8 FTEs estimated at 50%).

ICT N° 1 – PUBLIC PROCUREMENT IN DIRECT MANAGEMENT

Management mode:

Direct management

 Total

 appropriations

 committed in 2014
 20.020100
 (€ 7,983,550)

Key figures:

Average value of contracts: 75K Euros, maximum of approx. 550K Euros 28% of the procurement procedures (in value) are implemented through open procedures. Specific contracts concluded under existing framework contracts amount to 66% while negotiated procedures below 60,000 Euros represent 4% of the total value. In 2014, 2% related to negotiated procedures awarded above 60,000 Euros.

Average contract period: 12 months, varying between 3 month and 24 months Where required, DG Trade has developed a series of framework contracts to assist in operational activities, such as the organization of events and negotiating rounds and the Chief economist studies. In 2014, DG Trade launched a tender to conclude a framework contract to assist in carrying out (sustainability) impact assessments and ex post evaluations.

Stage 1: Planning and needs assessment

MAIN RISKS	MITIGATING CONTROLS	COVERAGE, FREQUENCY AND DEPTH	BENEFITS OF CONTROLS	CONTROL INDICATORS
The procurement needs are not	Procurement needs clearly defined and	Coverage: 100%	Benefits: best offers	Number of tenders cancelled
well defined Inappropriate choice of procurement	justified from an economic/operational view and approved by the AO(S)D	Frequency : At least before launch	received	Number of legal cases/complaints Number of project
procedure	Ex ante support and verification			officers followed training
The best offer/s are not submitted due to poor definition of the	Trainings provided centrally and locally			Commitment rate
tender specifications	Selection criteria clearly defined and approved by the AOSD			

Stage 2: Selection of the offer and evaluation

MAIN RISKS	MITIGATING CONTROLS	Coverage, FREQUENCY AND DEPTH	BENEFITS OF CONTROLS	CONTROL INDICATORS
Insufficient quality of the evaluation report, impacting the award decision Existence of conflict of interest Non-compliance with regulatory framework (transparency, time limits,) Over-dependency	Formal evaluation process: Opening and evaluation committee Opening and evaluation committee's declaration of absence of conflict of interest Opinion of Financial Verifying Agent	Coverage : 100% Depth : all documents transmitted and analysed; all declarations of conflict of interest for all members	Benefits : compliance with Financial Regulation	Number of unfavourable opinions by financial verification Number of non- award decisions Number of legal cases/complaints Number of cases referred to OLAF
	Exclusion criteria documented Standstill period, unsuccessful tenderers to put forward their concerns on the decision			

Stage 3: Financial transactions

Main risks	MITIGATING CONTROLS	Coverage, FREQUENCY AND DEPTH	BENEFITS OF CONTROLS	CONTROL INDICATORS
Non-compliance with legal requirements	Ex-ante support, including local training	Coverage: 100% of all procurement	Benefits : Amounts recovered or	Amount of credit notes
(payment deadlines, timely closure)	DG Trade applies the financial circuit	contracts	potential overpayments detected (credit notes)	Recovery orders Payment times
Lack of experience and	"decentralized with		notes)	% Payment execution
skills of operational and	counterweight" for all transactions			Outstanding RAL
financial agents Operational	Monitoring and supervision			Number of legal cases/Ombudsman
monitoring - the services foreseen are not, totally or	mechanisms (spring and autumn reviews,			Number of cases referred to OLAF
partially, provided in accordance with the technical description and requirements foreseen in the contract	resources report, weekly financial reporting,)			Number of project officers followed training
Financial monitoring - the amounts paid exceed those due in accordance with the applicable contractual and regulatory provisions				

Stage 4: Supervisory measures

MAIN RISKS	MITIGATING CONTROLS	Coverage, Frequency and DEPTH	BENEFITS OF CONTROLS	CONTROL INDICATORS
An error in relation to the regulatory	Analysis of non- compliance events	Coverage: 100% non-compliance	Benefits : Amounts	Recovery Orders
and /or contractual provisions or fraud	Audits performed	events; all audits	recovered	Number of cases referred to OLAF
is not prevented/ detected ex ante	by IAC, IAS and ECA	Depth: review procedures if		
		weaknesses detected		

Management mode:

Direct Grant management	€ 4,050,000
Total appropriations committed in 2014	20.020300 (€2,800,000) 20.020100 (€ 1,250,000)
Key figures:	35% of the overall committed projects (in value) in DG Trade are contributions to international organisations.
Average value of contracts: 700K Euros, varying between 100K and 2M Euros Average contract	5 contributions to international organisations were signed in 2014. Mainly due to new provisions in the Financial Regulation, which came into force 1 January 2014, delays in signing several contributions have occurred. Following a consultation with DG BUDG and in order to secure the budget allocation 3 global commitments were launched at the end of 2014 for an amount of \in 600,000. In addition, a request to carry over the remaining budget to 2015 for one of the contributions, where the framework agreement could not be signed due to outstanding issues, has been launched.
period: varying between 12 month and 24 months	All grants are awarded in accordance with Art. 190 §1. (f) of the Rules of Application (RAP). The essential selection and award criteria are laid down in the corresponding Financing Decision. All grant agreements are signed with international organisations within the meaning of Art. 43. §1. of the RAP, and whose systems and procedures have been subject to an ex-ante pillar assessment in order to verify that they offer guarantees equivalent to internationally accepted standards, notably with transparent procurement and grant-award procedures, an effective internal control system for management of operations, an accounting system that enables the correct use of EU funds, an independent external audit, granting public access to information at the level

Stage 1: Programming, evaluation and selection of proposals

MAIN RISKS	MITIGATING CONTROLS	Coverage, Frequency and Depth	BENEFITS OF CONTROLS	CONTROL INDICATORS
The grant (direct award) is not included in the Financing Decision The Financing Decision does not	Inter-service consultation, including all relevant units and DGs Adoption by the	Coverage: 100% of all grant agreements Frequency: during preparation Financing Decision/	Benefits : Full compliance/Reach objectives of the budget line	Commitment rate Number of unfavourable opinions by financial verification
include adequately the essential selection and award criteria	Commission Specific procedure	each Commitment request Depth : Checklist		
The financing Decision does not spell out the	Evaluation Report./ Award Decision			

provided for in the EU, issuing adequate annual ex post publication of beneficiaries of funds deriving from the budget. As there was no delegation of budget implementation tasks, it was opted to implement the actions through the direct management mode.

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MAIN RISKS	MITIGATING CONTROLS	Coverage, frequency and depth	BENEFITS OF CONTROLS	CONTROL INDICATORS
reasons for a direct grant (Art. 190 RAP) The status of the International Organisation regarding the Pillar Assessment is not properly reflected in the grant agreement to be signed with the Organisation	Opinion of Financial Verifying Agent Inclusion in check-list			
The evaluation is not carried out in accordance with the Financial Regulation, established procedures and/or the criteria set out in the Financing Decision				

Stage 2: Contracting and monitoring of the implementation of the grant agreements

MAIN RISKS	MITIGATING CONTROLS	Coverage, Frequency and DEPTH	BENEFITS OF CONTROLS	CONTROL INDICATORS				
The grant agreement is signed late	Spring/Autumn reviews. ACA meetings	Coverage : 100% of all grant agreements	Benefits: Full compliance	Exceptions Non-compliance				
The grant agreement does not contain all	Detailed guidance	agreements	agreements	5		ugreements	Depth : check in detail all	events
applicable/necessary provisions	on Intranet and checklist		financial and narrative roports	Amount of credit notes				
The estimated budget to the grant agreement	Upstream assistance (incl.		reports	Recovery orders				
does not correspond to the action proposed	training of project officers)			Payment times				
Changes to the grant agreement have not been properly	Ex-ante verification			% Payment execution				
documented or authorised	Verification			Outstanding RAL				
The action implemented does not correspond to the grant agreement	Accounting controls			Number of project officers followed training				
Ineligible costs are reimbursed								

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MAIN RISKS	MITIGATING CONTROLS	Coverage, Frequency and DEPTH	BENEFITS OF CONTROLS	CONTROL INDICATORS
Payments are made late				
Timely clearing of pre- financing				

Stage 3: Supervisory measures

MAIN RISKS	MITIGATING CONTROLS	COVERAGE, FREQUENCY AND DEPTH	BENEFITS OF CONTROLS	CONTROL INDICATORS
An error in relation to the regulatory	Analysis of non- compliance events	Coverage: 100% non-compliance	Benefits : Amounts	Recovery orders
and /or contractual provisions or fraud	Audits performed	events; all audits	recovered	Number of cases referred to OLAF
is not prevented/ detected ex ante	by IAC, IAS and ECA.	Depth: review procedures if		
		weaknesses detected		

ANNEX 6: Performance information included in evaluations

TITLE OF THE EVALUATION:	EVALUATION OF DG TRADE'S CIVIL SOCIETY DIALOGUE (CSD) IN ORDER TO ASSESS ITS EFFECTIVENESS, EFFICIENCY, AND RELEVANCE
ABB activity:	20 02 01
Type of evaluation:	Communication activity (C)
Summary of performance related findings and	1. Contribution of the activity to Europe 2020 targets/flagships/objectives or to other key policy objectives
recommendations:	DG Trade's Civil Society Dialogue (CSD) began in 1998, at a time of rapidly increasing attention to, and interest in, the conduct of global and EU trade policy from NGOs, social movements, the media, and the general public. Its distinctive approach to stakeholder engagement has been sustained for 16 years; which confirms the continuing interest of both DG Trade and civil society organisations in the process.
	The CSD contributes to a number of key policy commitments made in recent years by the EU in respect of better communication about Europe, enhanced dialogue and transparency, and greater involvement of civil society in consultation processes. In particular, Article 11 of the Lisbon Treaty states that:
	• The institutions shall, by appropriate means, give citizens and representative associations the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action;
	• The institutions shall maintain an open, transparent and regular dialogue with representative associations and civil society.
	The overall aim of the study was to take stock of the CSD process, which was last evaluated in 2006; and to assess whether its strategy and purposes remained adequate, as well as to identify ways in which the dialogue could be improved in the future.
	An additional consideration was the growing interest of civil society in trade policy – in particular during the two years prior to the evaluation – which had resulted in a considerable increase in the number of organizations taking part in the dialogue and the number of participants per meeting.
	2. Main result/ impact of the activity and EU added value
	The evaluation found that, while there is some fit between the CSD and DG Trade's overall approach to information and communication, the CSD does not make a strong contribution to meeting information and communication goals expressed in the DG's communication strategy. According to the evaluation, it is the (more recent) communication policies and processes put in place in relation to TTIP which show the greatest overall alignment with the DG's overall approach to information and communication. By contrast, the CSD operates as a communication channel which has not been designed or aligned in order to meet specific goals for information and communication.
	The sector is a second deal that all the CCD offering

The evaluation also concluded that although the CSD reflects a commitment to transparency, it does not contribute to transparency in the way that policy is developed. Although the CSD process is to a great extent aligned with the principles of good governance, there is no clear channel for CSD outputs to feed into the work of the DG.

3. Issues of sound policy design, management and implementation; including efficiency and effectiveness

The report concluded that the CSD has broad goals and aspirations, but lacks clear specific objectives. The broad recommendations focus on this issue, in particular that DG Trade should reflect upon what it wants to achieve with the CSD, and on how to better align CSD with the DG's strategic communications objectives.

In relation to the relevance of the policy, the report concluded that the CSD provides a structure to bridge relations between civil society and DG Trade, which is politically important. It acts as a transparent and valuable information relay, but its usefulness as a debating forum could be increased.

In relation to the policy's effectiveness, the study found that:

- The information released in CSD meetings is considered good, but tends to be general, and often available elsewhere;
- The current approach to reaching the target audience is adequate for the CSD's information relay and updating sessions;
- There is a mixed picture of satisfaction from civil society organisations (CSOs) on the quality of feedback received from DG Trade, and the CSD is not considered to be an effective process for allowing CSOs to present their ideas;

In relation to the policy's efficiency, the study found that:

- Information dissemination conducted via the CSD works well, being mainly electronic. The CSOs operate as multipliers by forwarding the information received to their constituencies;
- The current level of resourcing is sufficient for the CSD as it currently operates (ie, as a low cost model which fits well with the call for budget streamlined communications in the Communication Strategy, as well as with the current squeeze on budgets across the Commission).
- Organisational arrangements are efficient with regard to ensuring that an appropriate number of meetings are held on a timely basis, and that they are well chaired and organised;

The existing monitoring tools for the CSD have limited usefulness. http://trade.ec.europa.eu/doclib/docs/2014/december/tradoc 152927.pdf

Report can be viewed at:

AAR 2014 Version 1

Annex 3 Financial Reports - DG TRADE - Financial Year 2014

Table 1 : Commitments

Table 2 : Payments

Table 3 : Commitments to be settled

Table 4 : Balance Sheet

 Table 5 : Statement of Financial Performance

 Table 6 : Average Payment Times

Table 7 : Income

 Table 8 : Recovery of undue Payments

 Table 9 : Ageing Balance of Recovery Orders

 Table 10 : Waivers of Recovery Orders

 Table 11 : Negotiated Procedures (excluding Building Contracts)

 Table 12 : Summary of Procedures (excluding Building Contracts)

Table 13 : Building Contracts

 Table 14 : Contracts declared Secret

Additional comments

	TABLE 1: OUTTURN ON COMMITMENT APPROPRIATIONS IN 2014 (in Mio €)							
			Commitment appropriations authorised	Commitments made	%			
			1	2	3=2/1			
		Title 20 Trade						
20	20 01	Administrative expenditure of the `Trade- policy area	4,3	4,3	100,00 %			
	20 02	Trade policy	13,99	13,2	94,30 %			
Total Title 20 18,3				17,5	95,64%			
		Total DG TRADE	18,3	17,5	95,64 %			

* Commitment appropriations authorised include, in addition to the budget voted by the legislative authority, appropriations carried over from the previous exercise, budget amendments as well as miscellaneous commitment appropriations for the period (e.g. internal and external assigned revenue).

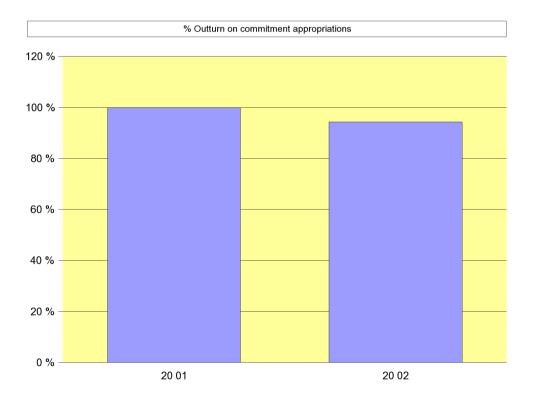


	TABLE 2: OUTTURN ON PAYMENT APPROPRIATIONS IN 2014 (in Mio €)							
		Chapter	Payment appropriations authorised *	Payments made	%			
			1	2	3=2/1			
Title 20 Trade								
20	20 01	Administrative expenditure of the `Trade- policy area	5,31	4,12	77,58 %			
	20 02	Trade policy	11,82	11,82	100,00 %			
Tota	l Title 20		17,13	15,94	93,05%			
		Total DG TRADE	17,13	15,94	93,05 %			

* Payment appropriations authorised include, in addition to the budget voted by the legislative authority, appropriations carried over from the previous exercise, budget amendments as well as miscellaneous payment appropriations for the period (e.g. internal and external assigned revenue).

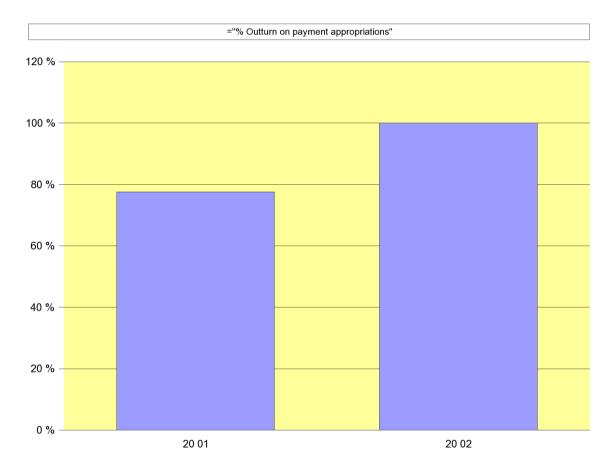
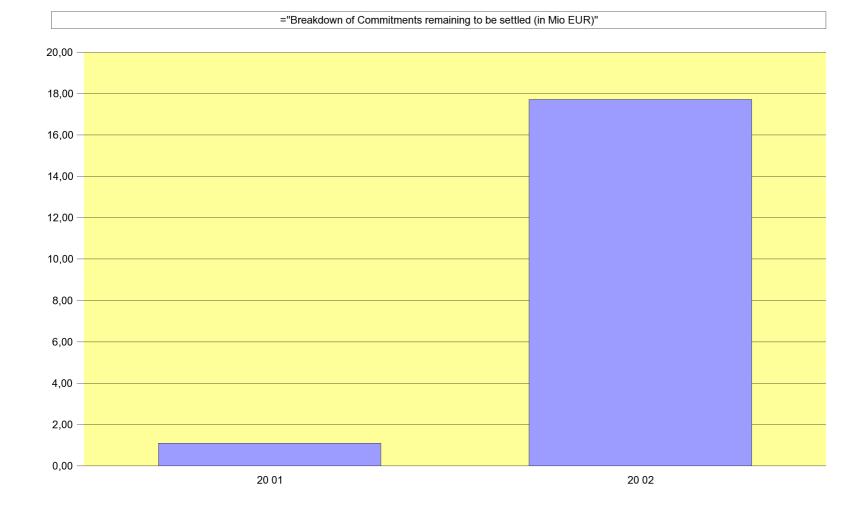


	TABLE 3: BREAKDOWN OF COMMITMENTS TO BE SETTLED AT 31/12/2014 (in Mio €)										
				2014 Commitments to be settled				Commitments to be settled from	Total of commitments to be settled at end	Total of commitments to be settled at end	
	Chapter			Commitments 2014	Payments 2014	RAL 2014	% to be settled	financial years previous to 2014	of financial year 2014 (incl corrections)	of financial year 2013(incl. corrections)	
				1 2 3=1-2		3=1-2	4=1-2/1	5	6=3+5	7	
Title 20 : Trade											
20	20 01	Administrative expendition policy area	ure of the `Trade-	4,3	3,20	1,1	25,54 %	0,00	1,10	1,01	
	20 02	Trade policy		13,2	1,79	11,41	86,44 %	6,31	17,72	16,72	
Total Title 20			17,5	4,99	12,51	71,47%	6,31	18,82	17,73		
		Total DG TRA	DE	17,5	4,99	12,51	71,47 %	6,31	18,82	17,73	



BALANCE SHEET	2014	2013
A.I. NON CURRENT ASSETS	567.335,97	567.335,97
A.I.6. Non-Current Pre-Financing	567.335,97	
A.I.7. OLD LT Pre-Financing	0,00	567.335,97
A.II. CURRENT ASSETS	38.579,28	257.882,72
A.II.2. Current Pre-Financing	-70.283,97	149.019,47
A.II.4. Exchange Receivables	108.863,25	108.863,25
A.II.5. Non-Exchange Receivables	0,00	0,00
ASSETS	605.915,25	825.218,69
P.III. CURRENT LIABILITIES	-4.248.391,94	-4.350.719,79
P.III.4. Accounts Payable	-1.316.437,60	-1.418.765,45
P.III.5. Accrued charges and deferred incom	-2.931.954,34	-2.931.954,34
LIABILITIES	-4.248.391,94	-4.350.719,79
NET ASSETS (ASSETS less LIABILITIES)	-3.642.476,69	-3.525.501,10

TOTAL	0,00	0,00
Non-allocated central (surplus)/deficit*	-9.570.123,89	3.262.113,48
P.I.2. Accumulated Surplus / Deficit	13.212.600,58	263.387,62

It should be noted that the balance sheet and economic outturn account presented in Annex 3 to this Annual Activity Report, represent only the (contingent) assets, (contingent) liabilities, expenses and revenues that are under the control of this Directorate General. Significant amounts such as own resource revenues and cash held in Commission bank accounts are not included in this Directorate General's accounts since they are managed centrally by DG Budget, on whose balance sheet and economic outturn account they appear. Furthermore, since the accumulated result of the Commission is not split amongst the various Directorates General, it can be seen that the balance sheet presented here is not in equilibrium.

Additionally, the figures included in tables 4 and 5 are provisional since they are, at this date, still subject to audit by the Court of Auditors. It is thus possible that amounts included in these tables may have to be adjusted following this audit.

TABLE 5 : STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE	2014	2013
II.1 REVENUES	278.293,66	25.253,58
II.1.2. EXCHANGE REVENUES	278.293,66	25.253,58
II.1.2.1. FINANCIAL INCOME	-3.933,48	
II.1.2.2. OTHER EXCHANGE REVENUE	282.227,14	25.253,58
II.2. EXPENSES	11.621.771,75	12.923.959,38
II.2. EXPENSES	11.621.771,75	12.923.959,38
11.2.10.OTHER EXPENSES	2.956.362,48	3.163.363,48
II.2.2. EXP IMPLEM BY COMMISS&EX.AC	5.333.314,50	5.631.560,65
II.2.4. EXP IMPL BY 3RD CNTR & INT OR	3.329.625,04	4.255.003,30
II.2.6. STAFF AND PENSION COSTS		-126.260,00
II.2.8. FINANCE COSTS	2.469,73	291,95
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE	11.900.065,41	12.949.212,96

Explanatory Notes (facultative):

Please enter the text directly (no copy/paste of formatted text which would then disappear when saving the document in pdf), use \\\"ctrl+enter\\\" to go to the next line and \\\"enter\\\" to validate your typing.

It should be noted that the balance sheet and economic outturn account presented in Annex 3 to this Annual Activity Report, represent only the (contingent) assets, (contingent) liabilities, expenses and revenues that are under the control of this Directorate General. Significant amounts such as own resource revenues and cash held in Commission bank accounts are not included in this Directorate General's accounts since they are managed centrally by DG Budget, on whose balance sheet and economic outturn account they appear. Furthermore, since the accumulated result of the Commission is not split amongst the various Directorates General, it can be seen that the balance sheet presented here is not in equilibrium.

Additionally, the figures included in tables 4 and 5 are provisional since they are, at this date, still subject to audit by the Court of Auditors. It is thus possible that amounts included in these tables may have to be adjusted following this audit.

TABLE 6: AVERAGE PAYMENT TIMES FOR 2014 - DG TRADE

Legal Times							
Maximum Payment Time (Days)	Total Number of Payments	Nbr of Payments within Time Limit	Percentage	Average Payment Times (Days)	Nbr of Late Payments	Percentage	Average Payment Times (Days)
30	538	478	88,85 %	15,05	60	11,15 %	43,48
45	9	8	88,89 %	14	1	11,11 %	48
60	44	43	97,73 %	22	1	2,27 %	61
90	2	2	100,00 %	18,5			

Total Number of Payments	593	531	89,54 %		62	10,46 %	
Average Payment Time	18,56			15,61			43,84

Target Times							
Target Payment Time (Days)	Total Number of Payments	Nbr of Payments within Target Time	Percentage	Average Payment Times (Days)	Nbr of Late Payments	Percentage	Average Payment Times (Days)
20	15	6	40,00 %	10,83	9	60,00 %	40,33
30	230	198	86,09 %	15,93	32	13,91 %	43,72
		_			_		
Total Number of Payments	245	204	83,27 %		41	16,73 %	
Average Payment Time	20,33			15,78			42,98

Suspensions							
Average Report Approval Suspension Days	Average Payment Suspension Days	Number of Suspended Payments	% of Total Number	Total Number of Payments	Amount of Suspended Payments	% of Total Amount	Total Paid Amount
3	19	42	7,08 %	593	1.570.030,03	13,27 %	11.828.309,25

	Late Interest paid in 2014						
DG	GL Account	Description	Amount (Eur)				
TRADE	65010100	Interest on late payment of charges New FR	2 469,73				

2 469,73

	TABLE 7 : SITUATION ON REVENUE AND INCOME IN 2014								
		Reve	nue and income recogn	ized	Reve	enue and income cashed	l from	Outstanding	
	Chapter	Current year RO	Carried over RO	Total	Current Year RO	Carried over RO	Total	balance	
		1	2	3=1+2	4	5	6=4+5	7=3-6	
52	REVENUE FROM INVESTMENTS OR LOANS GRANTED, BANK AND OTHER INTEREST	3.933,48	0	3.933,48	4.021,77	0	4.021,77	-88,29	
66	OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS AND REFUNDS	33.992,53	0	33.992,53	34.755,51	0	34.755,51	-762,98	
	Total DG TRADE	37.926,01	0	37.926,01	38.777,28	0	38.777,28	-851,27	

TABLE 8 : RECOVERY OF UNDUE PAYMENTS (Number of Recovery Contexts and corresponding Transaction Amount)

INCOME BUDGET RECOVERY ORDERS ISSUED IN 2014	Error		тот	TOTAL Qualified (ii		DTAL RC non-qualified)	% Qualified/Total RC		
Year of Origin (commitment)	Nbr	RO Amount	Nbr	RO Amount	Nbr	RO Amount	Nbr	RO Amount	
2011	1	33.992,53	1	33.992,53	1	33.992,53	100,00%	100,00%	
Sub-Total	1	33.992,53	1	33.992,53	1	33.992,53	100,00%	100,00%	

EXPENSES BUDGET	I	Error	Irr	egularity	OLA	F Notified	тот	AL Qualified		OTAL RC non-qualified)	% Qualified/Total RC	
	Nbr	Amount	Nbr	Amount	Nbr	Amount	Nbr	Amount	Nbr	Amount	Nbr	Amount
INCOME LINES IN INVOICES												
NON ELIGIBLE IN COST CLAIMS												
CREDIT NOTES	44	553.788,24	1	34			45	553.822,24	45	553.822,24	100,00%	100,00%
Sub-Total	44	553.788,24	1	34			45	553.822,24	45	553.822,24	100,00%	100,00%
GRAND TOTAL	45	587.780,77	1	34			46	587.814,77	46	587.814,77	100,00%	94,22%

TABLE 9: AGEING BALANCE OF RECOVERY ORDERS AT 31/12/2014 FOR TRADE

Number at 01/01/2014	Number at 31/12/2014	Evolution	Open Amount (Eur) at 01/01/2014	Open Amount (Eur) at 31/12/2014	Evolution

TABLE 10 : RECOVERY ORDER WAIVERS IN 2014 >= EUR 100.000									
Waiver Central KeyLinked RO Central KeyRO Accepted Amount (Eur)LE Account GroupCommission DecisionComments									

Total DG

Number of RO waivers

Justifications:

Please enter the text directly (no copy/paste of formatted text which would then disappear when saving the document in pdf), use "ctrl+enter" to go to the next line and "enter" to validate your typing.

TABLE 11 : CENSUS OF NEGOTIATED PROCEDURES - DG TRADE - 2014

Negotiated Procedure Legal base	Number of Procedures	Amount (€)	
Total			

No data to be reported

Annex 3 Financial Reports - DG TRADE Report printed on 04/03/2015

TABLE 12 : SUMMARY OF PROCEDURES OF DG TRADE EXCLUDING BUILDING CONTRACTS

Internal Procedures > € 60,000						
Procedure Type	Count	Amount (€)				
Exceptional Negotiated Procedure without publication of a contract notice (Art. 134 RAP)	1	500.000,00				
Open Procedure (Art. 127.2 RAP)	7	1.736.640,00				
TOTAL	8	2.236.640,00				

Additional comments

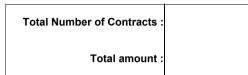
TABLE 13 : BUILDING CONTRACTS

Total number of contracts :	
Total amount :	

Legal base	Contract Number	Contractor Name	Description	Amount (€)

No data to be reported

TABLE 14 : CONTRACTS DECLARED SECRET



Legal base	Contract Number	Contractor Name	Type of contract	Description	Amount (€)

No data to be reported