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Part 2

EUROPEAN COMMISSION FOR THE EFFICIENCY OF JUSTICE (CEPEJ)

Study on the functioning of judicial systems in the EU Member States

Facts and figures from the CEPEJ questionnaires 2012 to 2020

Study prepared under the authority of the Working Group on the evaluation of judicial systems
(CEPEJ-GT-EVAL)

for the attention of the European Commission (Directorate General Justice)

Part 2 - Country fiches for each EU Member States (2020)

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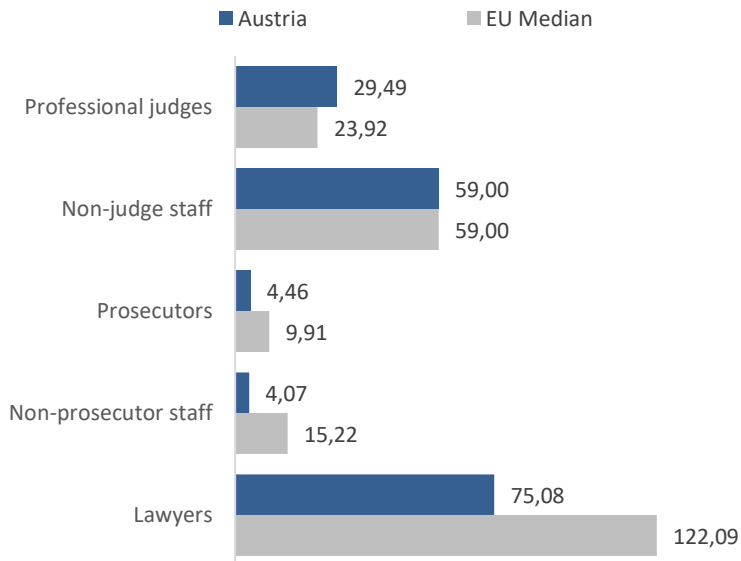
Judiciary at a glance in Austria

General data

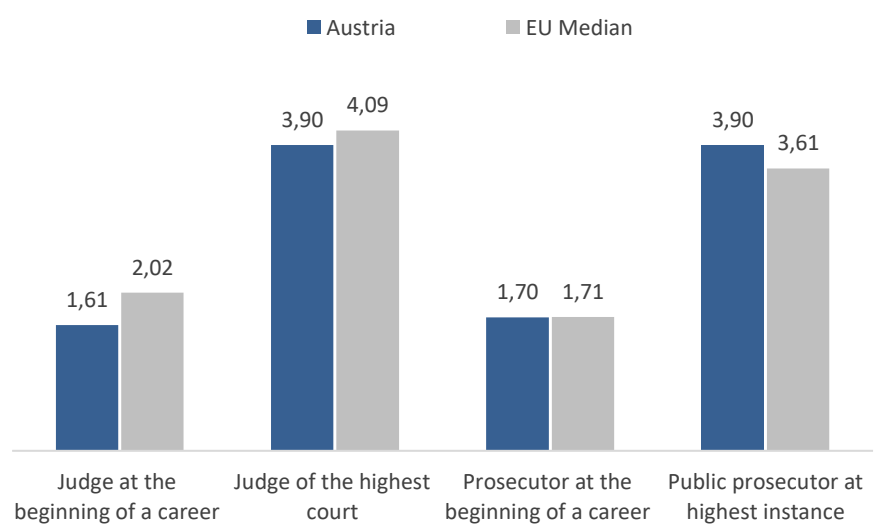
Population: 8 932 664 **GDP per capita:** 42 502 € **Average annual salary:** 35 240 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

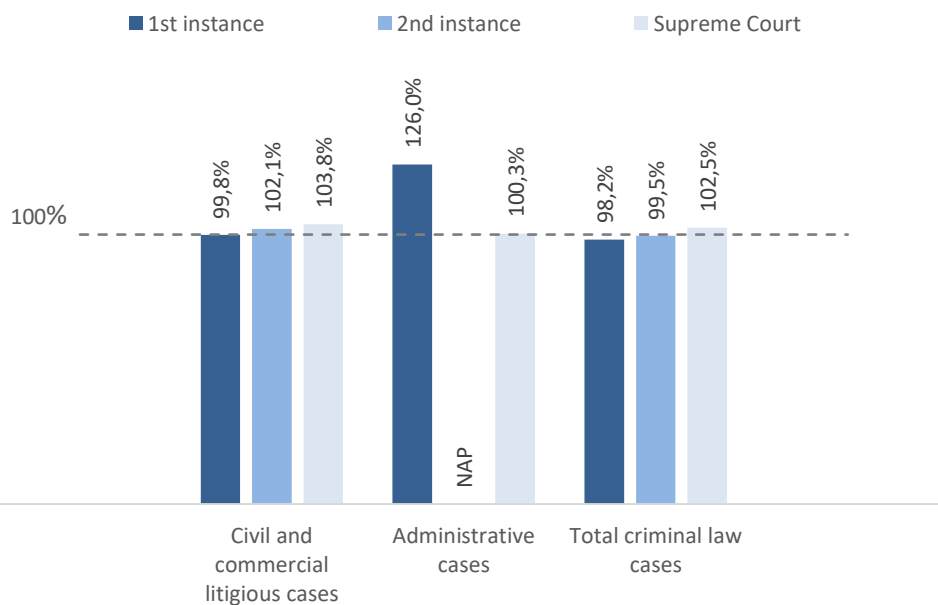


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

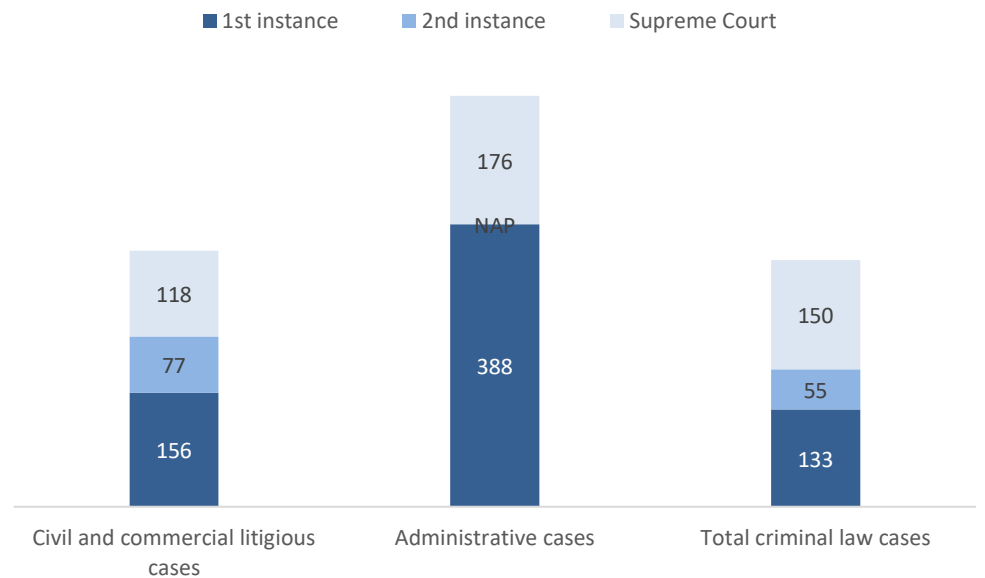


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

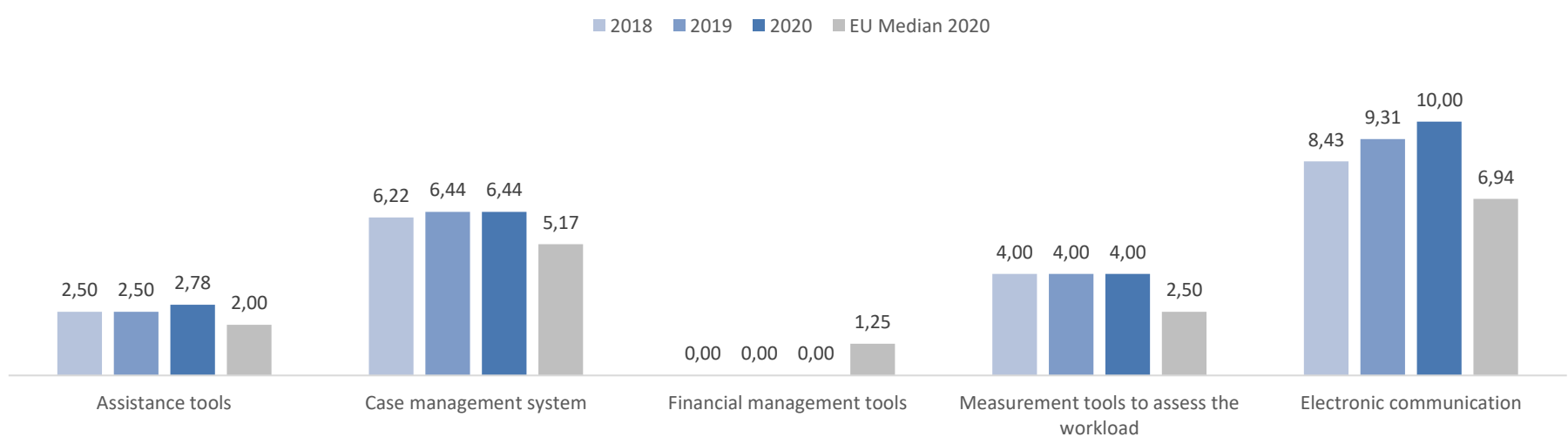


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Austria

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	8 932 664	5,7%	1,8%	0,9%	0,3%	0,9%	0,4%
GDP per capita	36 430	36 930	38 540	39 390	40 420	42 010	43 680	44 900	42 502	16,7%	4,9%	8,1%	4,0%	2,8%	-5,3%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	29 723		30 655		31 752		33 221	34 167	35 240	18,6%	3,6%	4,6%		2,8%	3,1%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	18,3	18,4	18,9	18,6	27,4	28,2	27,3	29,5	29,0	58,4%	45,3%	-0,4%	-3,0%	7,9%	-1,7%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	54,8	55,4	54,8	54,4	63,4	63,0	56,3	57,5	59,0	7,7%	15,7%	-11,3%	-10,7%	2,1%	2,6%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	68,1	68,4	69,2	70,5	70,2	71,9	73,5	74,9	75,1	10,3%	1,4%	4,7%	2,2%	1,9%	0,2%
Mediators	28,4	28,3	28,6	26,6	29,3	25,4	25,8	19,0	19,5	-31,4%	2,5%	-12,1%	1,4%	-26,2%	2,5%
ICT overall assesment							7,6	7,9	8,3					5,2%	4,4%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,235	1,192	1,111	1,047	0,969	0,963	0,945	0,937	0,826	-33,1%	-12,8%	-2,5%	-1,9%	-0,9%	-11,9%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,647	0,844	0,811	0,617	0,513	NAP	NAP	25,3%	-3,9%	-24,0%	-16,9%
Total criminal law cases									0,747						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	101%	101%	103%	102%	102%	99%	101%	100%	100%	-0,78	-0,96	-1,21	1,86	-0,34	-0,64
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	91%	80%	90%	111%	126%	NAP	NAP	-1,14	10,16	20,97	15,32
CR total criminal law cases									98%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	135	135	130	131	133	141	138	137	156	15,6%	2,2%	3,6%	-2,3%	-0,8%	14,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	380	446	449	440	388	NAP	NAP	18,3%	0,7%	-2,2%	-11,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									133						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,46	0,45	0,41	0,38	0,36	0,37	0,36	0,35	0,35	-23,3%	-11,7%	-0,2%	-2,3%	-2,0%	0,1%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,61	0,82	0,90	0,82	0,69	NAP	NAP	46,4%	9,1%	-8,2%	-16,6%
Total criminal law cases									0,27						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	102%		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP		NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									100%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	77		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP		NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									55						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	104%		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	109%	94%	100%	92%	100%		NAP	-9,44	5,96	-7,76	8,31
CR total criminal law cases									103%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	118		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	138	147	119	157	176		NAP	-14,1%	-19,6%	32,5%	11,8%
DT total criminal law cases									150						

1. Judicial organisation in Austria

In 2020 in Austria, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 152. Namely, there are 133 courts of general jurisdiction and 19 specialised courts.

Among the 133 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 128 act at first instance, 4 at second instance and one at third instance.

More precisely, the 115 District courts and the 13 Regional courts of general jurisdiction intervene as first instance courts. It is noteworthy that the 7 other regional courts that have specialised jurisdiction are not taken into consideration here, *but are counted as specialised first instance courts (infra)*. It is to be mentioned that the peculiarity of the 20 Austrian Regional courts is that even though these are first instance courts, some of them are also competent in respect of appeals against District courts' decisions.

The 4 Higher Regional Courts have appeal competence in respect of all civil and criminal cases.

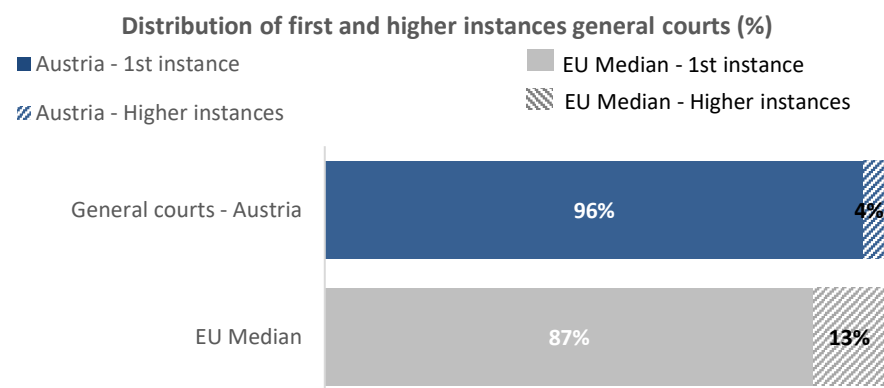
The Supreme court is the highest instance court in civil and criminal matters.

Among the 19 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 18 are of first instance and are competent for all legal matters not reserved to District courts. Within this total we have the 7 Regional courts of specialised competence.

The Supreme Administrative court is the highest instance in administrative matters.

In terms of geographic locations, there are 164 courts among which 158 are of first instance.

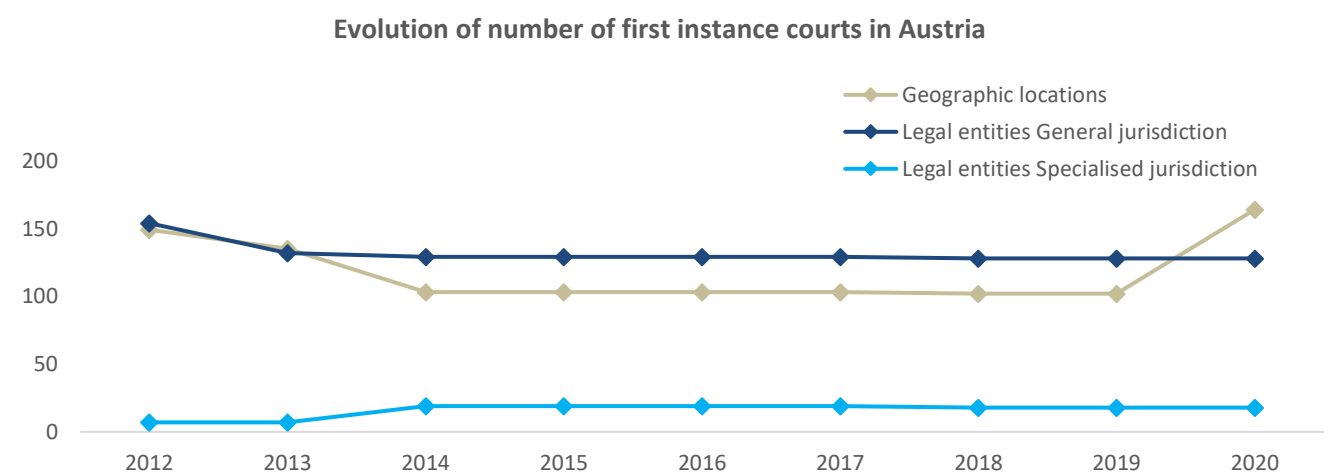
Distribution of general courts in Austria



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Austria is somewhat different of 87% - 13% that is the EU calculated tendency.

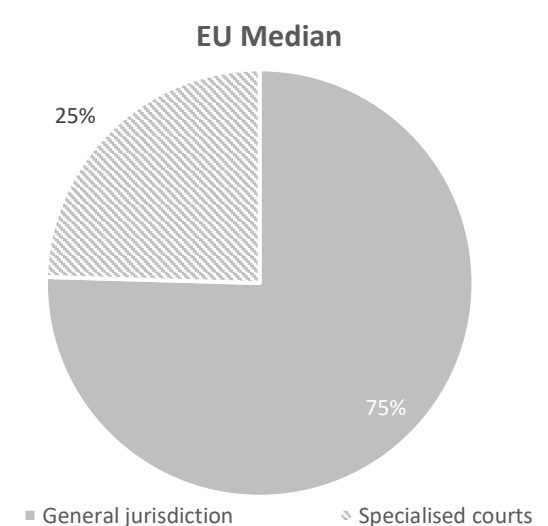
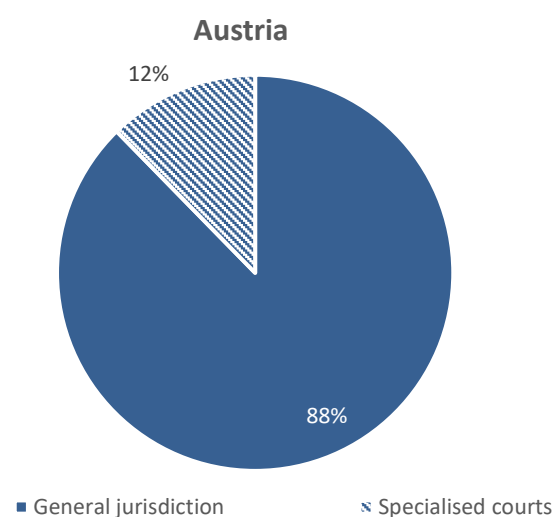
Evolution of number of first instance courts in Austria

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	149	154	7
2013	135	132	7
2014	103	129	19
2015	103	129	19
2016	103	129	19
2017	103	129	19
2018	102	128	18
2019	102	128	18
2020	164	128	18



For this cycle, data on geographic locations is presented in respect of different locations for different instances, in compliance with the methodology developed in the Explanatory Note. The variation observed with previous cycles is only of a methodological nature.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 87,7% - 12,3% is somewhat different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	18	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	2	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	1	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	2	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	11	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	2	NAP

Concerning the 18 specialised first instance courts, as a rule, every court has to deal with all judicial issues. However, in the biggest Austrian cities certain courts are specialised, i.e., five in Vienna (civil cases, criminal cases, commercial cases [2 x], labour and social welfare cases) and two in Graz (civil cases, criminal cases). Because of the Court for labour and social welfare cases in Vienna having competence for labour and (some) social welfare cases (Arbeits- und Sozialgericht Wien) the sum of the individual courts does not correspond to the total number of specialised courts.

From January 1st, 2014 there are 11 newly found courts for administrative law in Austria, namely 9 regional administrative courts, 1 Federal administrative court and 1 Federal Tax Court. The Supreme Administrative court is the highest instance in administrative matters.

The other specialized first instance courts are 2 criminal courts and 2 civil law courts (in Vienna and Graz).

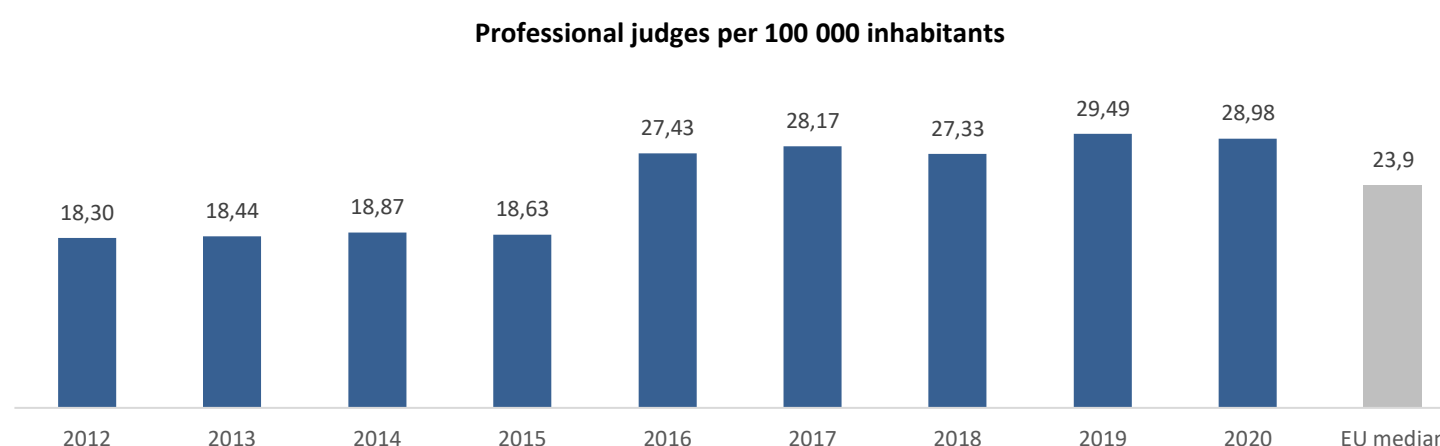
It is noteworthy that one commercial court in Vienna, both courts (in Vienna and Graz) specialised on civil cases and both courts (in Vienna and Graz) specialised on the enforcement of criminal sanctions also act as second instance courts.

2. Professionals of justice in Austria

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 547	18,30
2013	1 565	18,44
2014	1 620	18,87
2015	1 621	18,63
2016	2 397	27,43
2017	2 478	28,17
2018	2 411	27,33
2019	2 625	29,49
2020	2 589	28,98



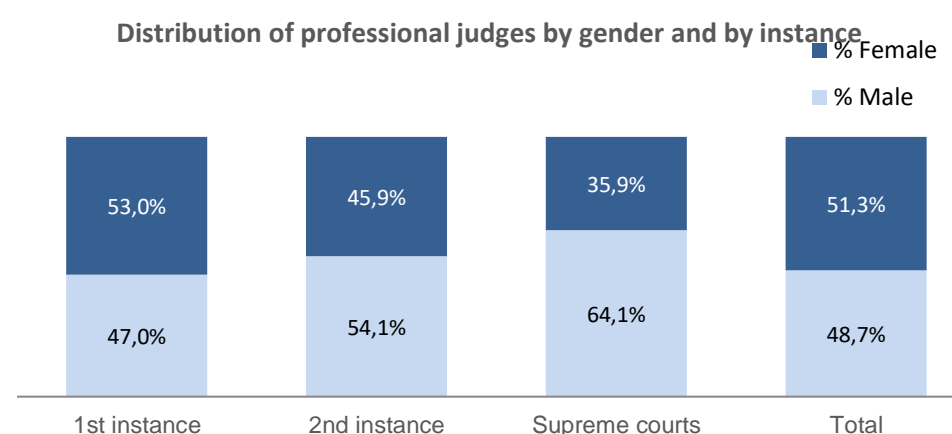
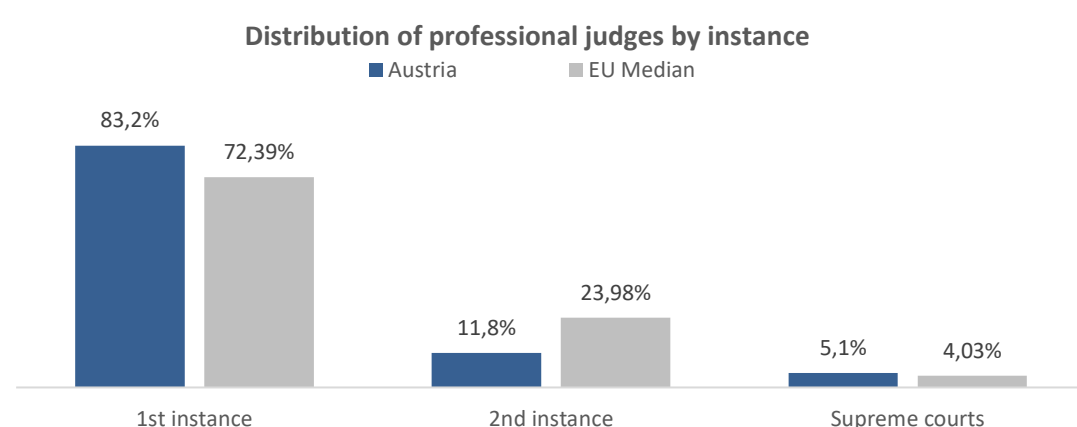
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Austria is 2 589, which is -1,4% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Austria, there are 28,98 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,04 non-judge staff per judge .

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 1,95 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	2 153	83,2%	1 012	1 141	47,0%	53,0%
2nd instance	305	11,8%	165	140	54,1%	45,9%
Supreme courts	131	5,1%	84	47	64,1%	35,9%
Total	2 589		1 261	1 328	48,7%	51,3%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 1 328, which represents 51,3% of the total number of judges.

Female judges have the majority only at first instance level.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 2 153 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 1 141 are female); 305 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 140 are female) and 131 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 47 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend established in Austria is similar. The main nuance is that the predominance of 1st instance judges is more pronounced. At second instance, there are less judges than at the European level, while at third instance there are more.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Austria presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, first instance judges sit in District and partly Regional courts, while second instance judges sit in partly Regional courts and Courts of appeal.

For all evaluation exercises, data have been provided in full time equivalent.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

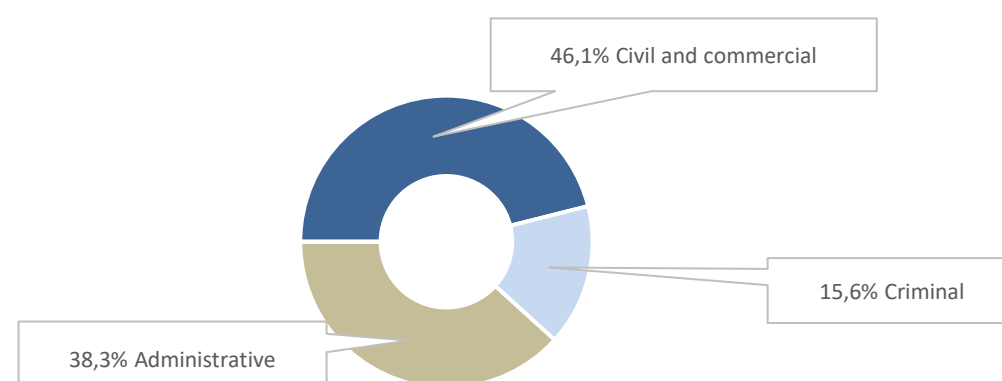
2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	2 153	922	308	923	NAP
2nd instance	305	225	80	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	131	46	17	68	NAP
Total	2 589	1 193	405	991	NAP

In Austria, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	42,8%	14,3%	42,9%	NAP
2nd instance	73,8%	26,2%	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	35,1%	13,0%	51,9%	NAP
Total	46,1%	15,6%	38,3%	NAP

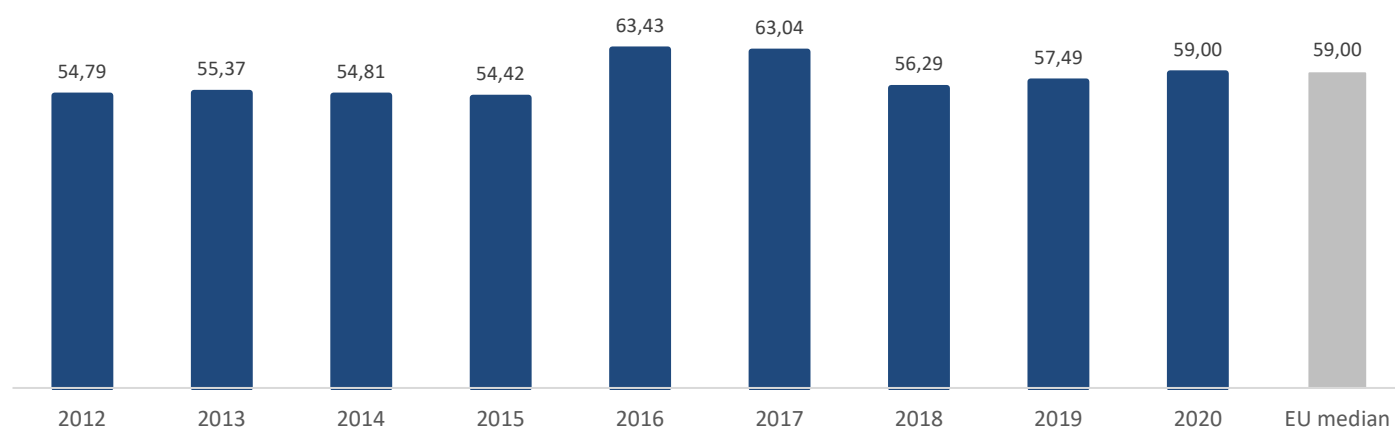
Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	4 631	4 698	4 705	4 735	5 544	5 544	4 966	5 117	5 270
Per 100 000 inhabitants	54,79	55,37	54,81	54,42	63,43	63,04	56,29	57,49	59,00

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	5 270	
Rechtspfleger	801	15,2%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	432	8,2%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	873	16,6%
Technical staff	50	0,9%
Other	3 114	59,1%

In 2020, Austria has 5 270 non-judge staff (of which 3 727 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 3,0%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 801 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 495 are women);
- 432 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 338 are women);
- 873 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 570 are women);
- 50 technical staff (of which 21 are women);
- 3 114 other (of which 2 303 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 57,5 in 2019 to 59,0 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 29,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 29,0 in 2020.

The category "other non-judge staff" includes Kanzlei responsible for handling of case files.

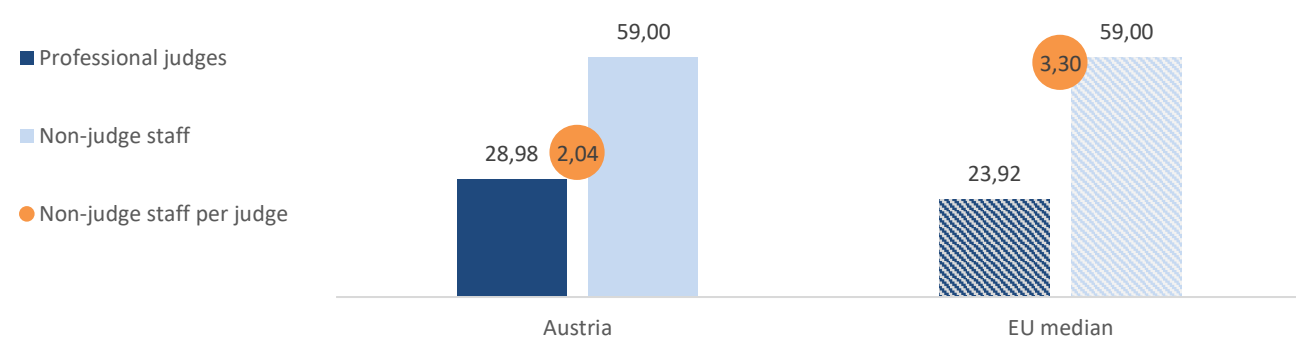
In respect of the category "Non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to assist the judges", the increased number concerns administrative courts.

It should be noticed that trainees are not taken into consideration. The trainees, which – if included - would be concerned by this question, are nearly all trained for the handling of case files. A small number of trainees is trained for IT-support.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Austria	EU median
Professional judges	28,98	23,92
Non-judge staff	59,00	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	2,04	3,30

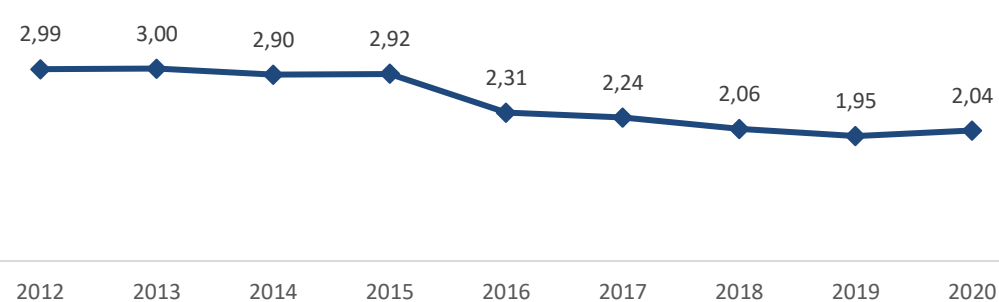
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	18,30	54,79	2,99
2013	18,44	55,37	3,00
2014	18,87	54,81	2,90
2015	18,63	54,42	2,92
2016	27,43	63,43	2,31
2017	28,17	63,04	2,24
2018	27,33	56,29	2,06
2019	29,49	57,49	1,95
2020	28,98	59,00	2,04

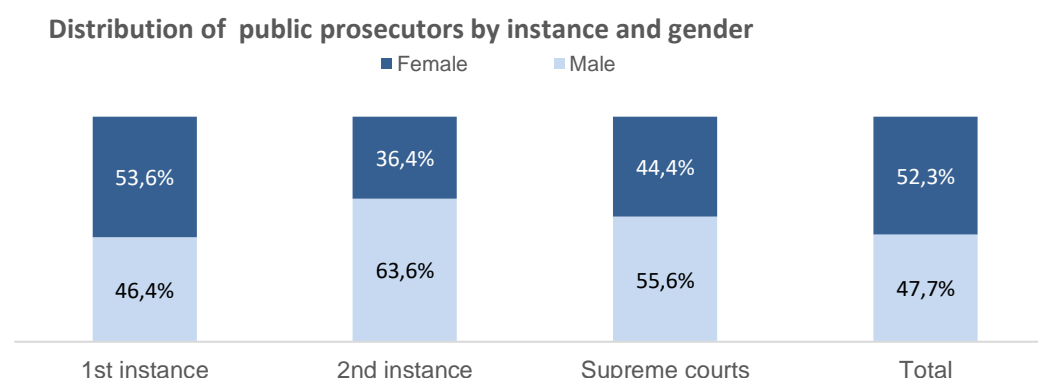
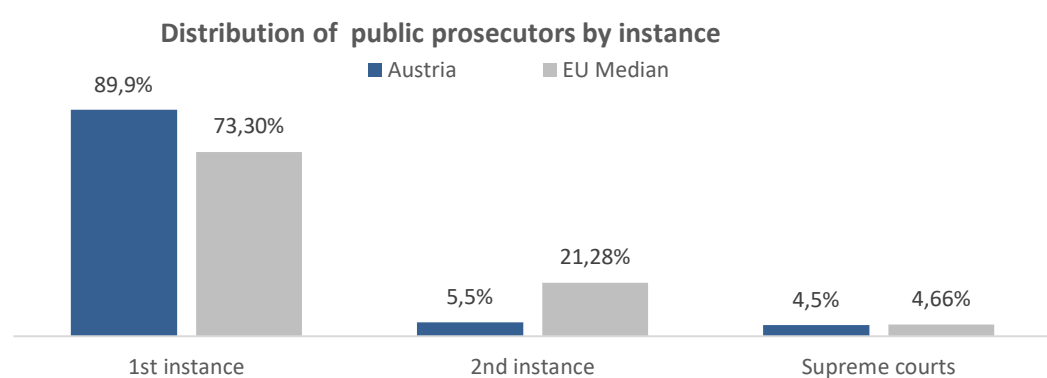
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	358	89,9%	166	192	46,4%	53,6%
2nd instance	22	5,5%	14	8	63,6%	36,4%
Supreme courts	18	4,5%	10	8	55,6%	44,4%
Total	398		190	208	47,7%	52,3%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 208, which represents 52,3% of the total number of prosecutors.

Female prosecutors have the majority only at first instance.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 358 in first instance (of which 192 are female); 22 are in second instance (of which 8 are female) and 18 in final instance (of which 8 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, data is presented in full time equivalent.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	364	71	293

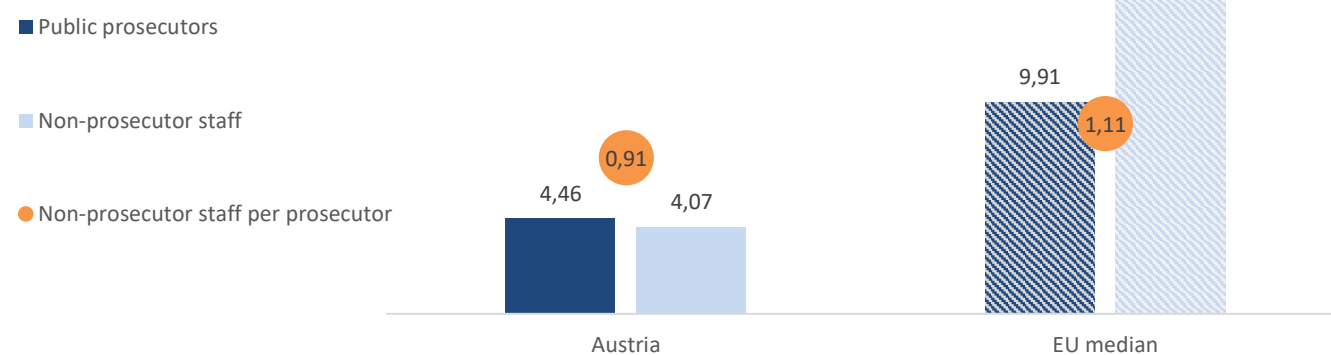
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

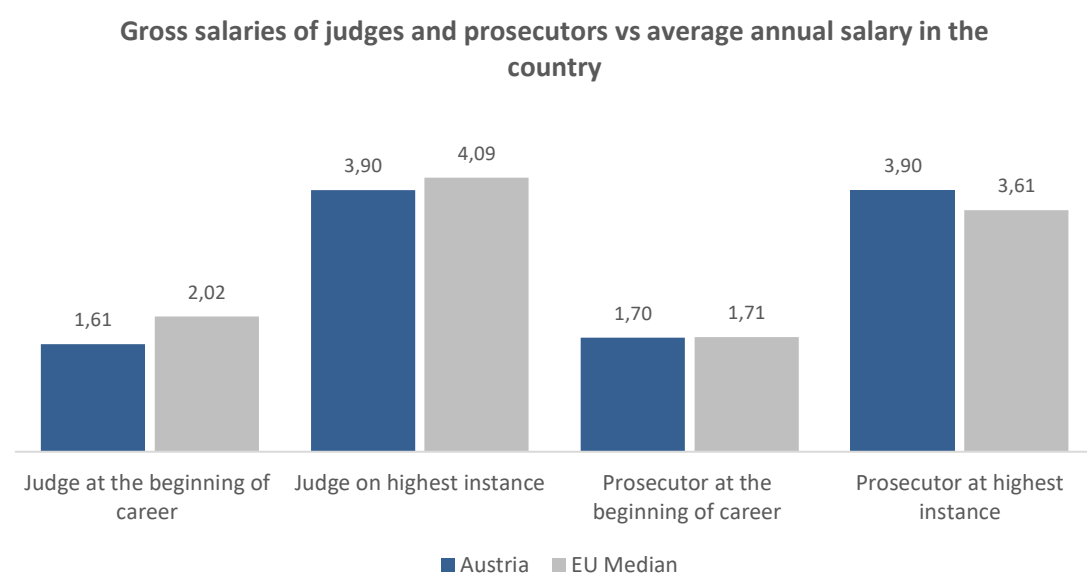
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Austria	EU median
Public prosecutors	4,46	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	4,07	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,91	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	56 638 €	NA	1,61
Judge of the highest court	137 586 €	NA	3,90
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	60 084 €	NA	1,70
Public prosecutor at highest instance	137 586 €	NA	3,90

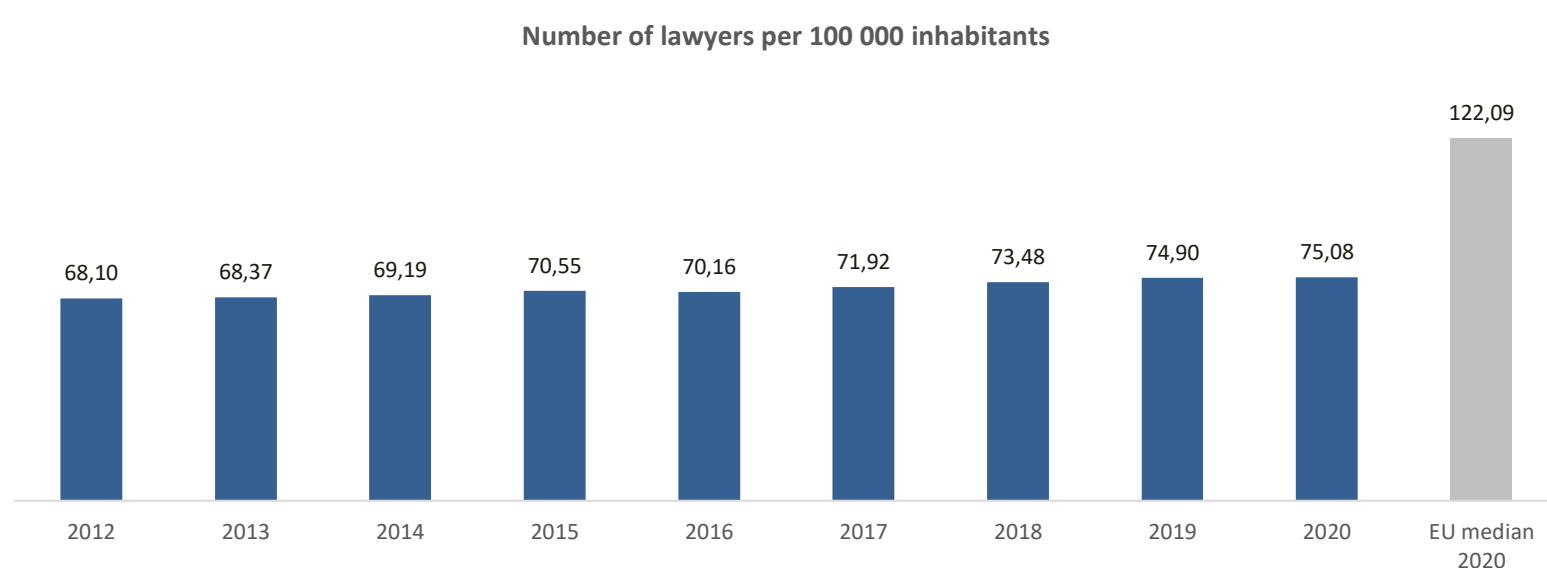


According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Austria of 56 638€ is somewhat above when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 1,61 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

In respect of administrative courts, the gross annual salary of a first instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career is 75000€, while the net annual salary is 46600€. The gross annual salary of a judge of the Administrative Supreme Court is 130000€.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	5 756	68,10
2013	5 801	68,37
2014	5 940	69,19
2015	6 138	70,55
2016	6 132	70,16
2017	6 325	71,92
2018	6 483	73,48
2019	6 667	74,90
2020	6 707	75,08



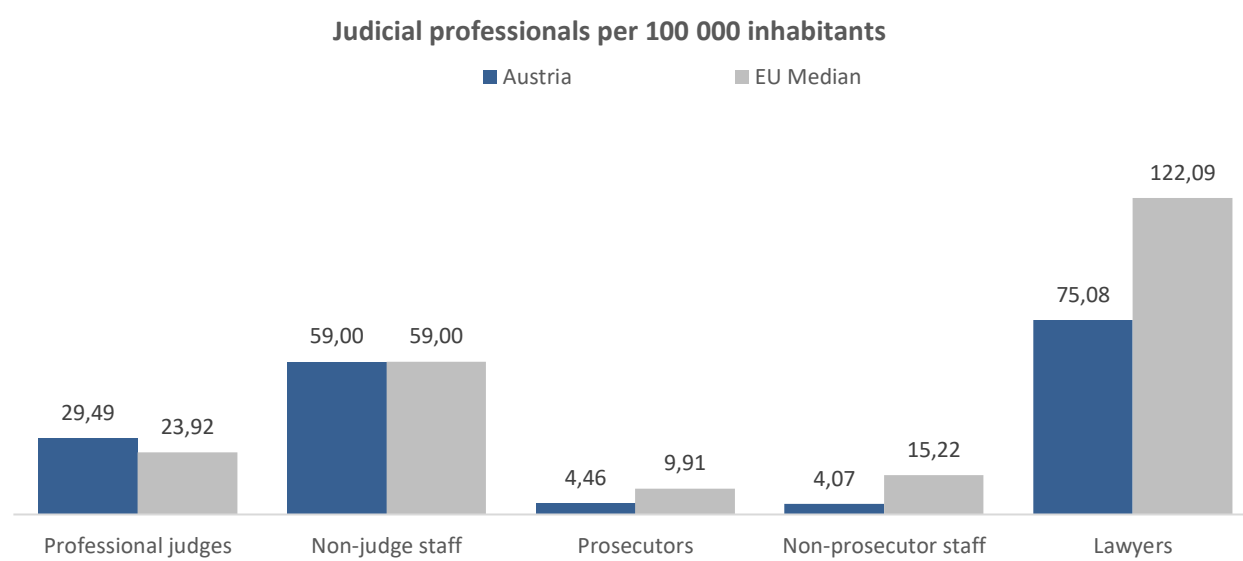
In 2020, there are 6 707 lawyers, which is 0,6% more than in 2019.

Austria has 75,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

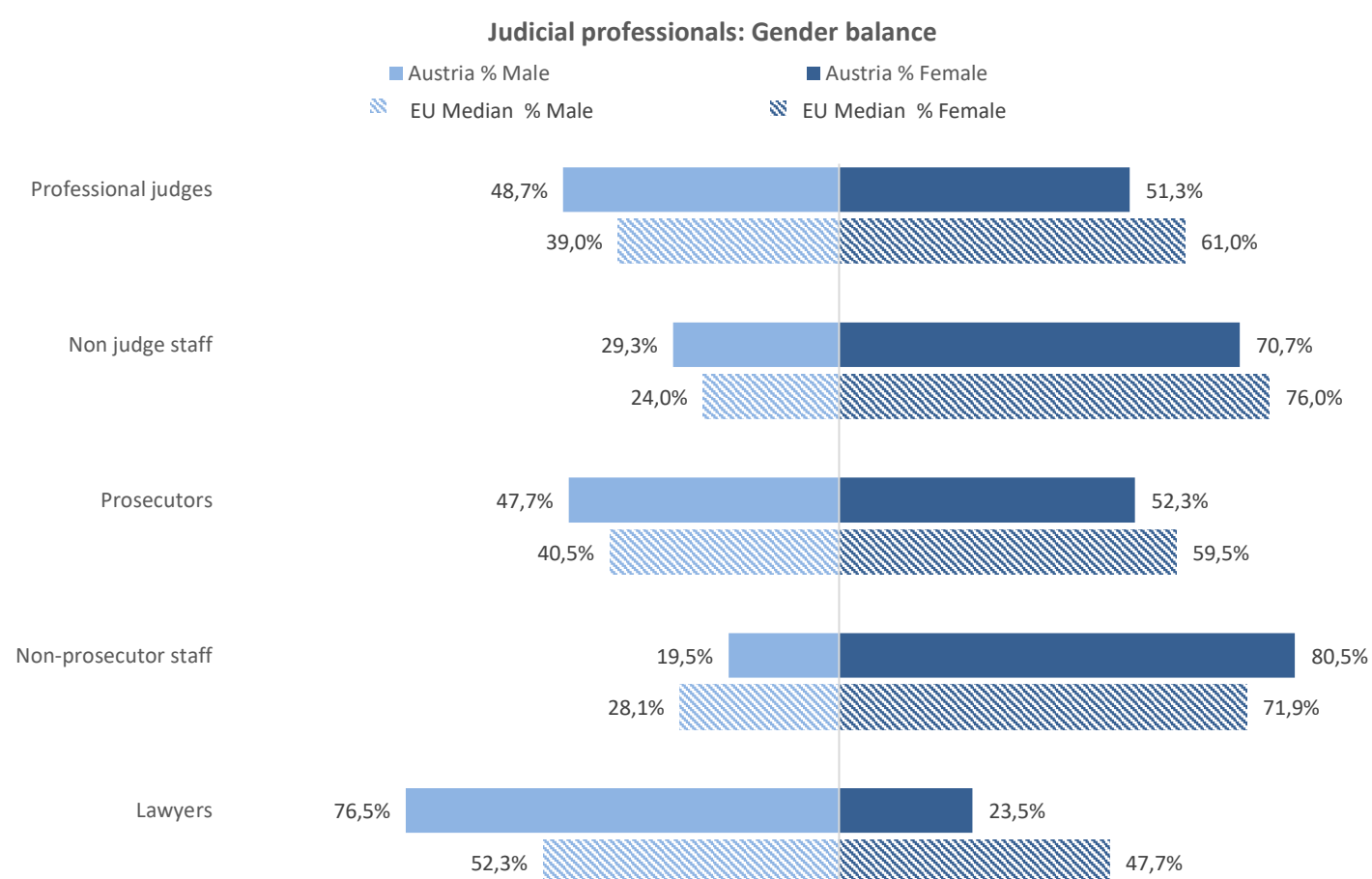
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 625	29,49	23,92
Non-judge staff	5 270	59,00	59,00
Prosecutors	398	4,46	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	364	4,07	15,22
Lawyers	6 707	75,08	122,09





Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	48,7%	51,3%
Non judge staff	29,3%	70,7%
Prosecutors	47,7%	52,3%
Non-prosecutor staff	19,5%	80,5%
Lawyers	76,5%	23,5%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Austria

In Austria, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: 
- Exemption from court fees: 







As far as civil cases are concerned, according to sec 64 of the Austrian Civil Procedure Code (Zivilprozessordnung, ZPO) legal aid may cover a (provisional) exemption from court fees, fees for witnesses, experts, interpreters and guardians, costs of the necessary announcements and the cash expenditure of guardians or lawyers, representation by a court official or – if necessary – a lawyer.

In criminal cases: in general the expenses of criminal proceedings that have to be reimbursed by the party required to do so include also a flat-rate contribution as part of those costs of the criminal proceedings that are not further specified in the following provisions, including the costs associated with the investigative work of the criminal investigation authority and the costs associated with the execution of directions given by the prosecution authority or by the necessary official acts of the court (sec 381 para 1 sub-para 1 CCP). In cases of a guilty verdict, the defendant must further be required to cover the costs of the criminal proceedings.

According to sec 391 para 1 CCP the enforcement of the court's decision on costs has to take into account the ability of the convicted person to bear the costs for the daily life for him/herself and the family as well as the obligation of compensation in regard of the offence. The court may, if the costs cannot be enforced because of an impecunious defendant, declare the costs unrecoverable. If the court assumes that in the future the costs will be recoverable but for the time being, they are not, the economic capacity of the person concerned has to be re-examined after a certain period. The statute for limitation to recover the costs is five years after the final decision in the proceeding. If the court decides that the convicted person has to bear the costs of the proceeding and further on, he or she is not able to pay the costs the authorities, responsible to recover costs, may prolong the payment deadline, allow to pay instalments, or to abate the costs.

As far as administrative cases are concerned, according to sec 8a of the Proceedings of Administrative Courts Act – VwGVG and the Austrian Civil Procedure Order (Zivilprozessordnung, ZPO) legal aid may cover a provisional exemption from court fees, fees for witnesses, experts, interpreters and guardians, costs of the necessary announcements and the cash expenditure of guardians or lawyers, representation by a court official or – if necessary – a lawyer.

In Austria, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases 
 - Other than criminal cases 
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases 
 - Other than criminal cases 
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) 
- > Other costs than above (Q19) 

In principle, every person who retains a defence lawyer or another representative, has to bear the costs him or herself even if the lawyer was appointed ex officio. By virtue of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the court has to decide on total or partial legal aid on the request of the defendant if the defendant cannot bear the total costs for the defence lawyer without impairment of his/her own or his/her family's maintenance which enables him/her to a simple lifestyle and if it is necessary in the interest of justice in particular in the interest of an adequate defence. Where in any case the defendant needs a defence lawyer, the court has to decide on legal aid ex officio even if the defendant does not request for it but further requirements to provide legal aid are given. Legal aid is denied if the claim or defence of the applicant is manifestly unfounded or manifestly not brought in good faith. Legal aid is granted in all civil and commercial court proceedings regardless of the applicant's nationality or place of residence.

Where legal representation is provided, legal aid also covers the pre-trial advice given by the lawyer.

Legal aid covers all stages of the proceedings. As long as it has not been withdrawn because of a change in the applicant's circumstances or annulled by the court if it is established that the conditions under which the aid was granted were not borne out, legal aid covers any appeal (or appeal procedure).

If legal aid is granted in the main proceeding, the same also applies to the enforcement proceeding. According to the Austrian Civil Procedure Order, the requirements for granting legal aid have only to be re-examined, if the enforcement proceeding will be opened one year after the main proceeding has been closed. If legal aid is granted in the main proceeding, the same also applies to the enforcement proceedings. A party which was granted legal aid for a particular legal dispute in another EU Member State is also entitled to legal aid in Austria for a proceeding concerning the recognition and enforcement of the decision given in that dispute.

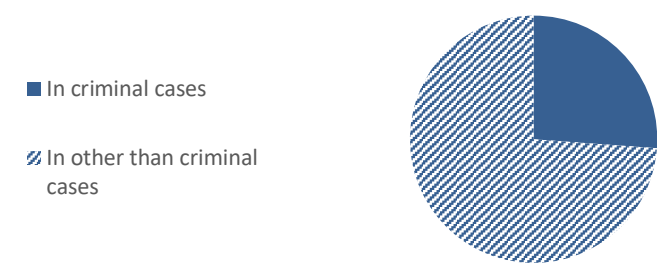
If an application for legal aid is submitted concerning an urgent case (e.g. legal representation in the case of interim measures) the court has to decide speedily. If the court decides that the legal aid includes the assistance of a lawyer, the regional Bar Association selects a lawyer from among its members, by alphabetical order.

In civil matters, the Austrian Civil Procedure Order provides for that legal aid may cover not only the (provisional) exemption from court fees but also the exemption from fees for witnesses, experts, interpreters and guardians, costs of the necessary announcements and the cash expenditure of guardians or lawyers, representation by a court official or – if necessary – a lawyer. If the personal presence of the parties at a hearing is ordered by the court, their necessary travel expenses are also replaced. Where legal representation is provided, legal aid also covers the pre-trial advice given by the lawyer. If legal aid is granted in the main proceeding, the same also applies to the enforcement proceedings. A party which was granted legal aid for a particular legal dispute in another EU Member State is also entitled to legal aid in Austria for a proceeding concerning the recognition and enforcement of the decision given in that dispute. In criminal matters, there are no costs to bear for the parties, until the court has taken a final decision, which also encompasses a decision on the costs. In case of an acquittal, the State has to bear all the costs. The Public Prosecutor does not have to bear any costs in any case. The Code of Criminal Procedure pinpoints only one exception to this rule, if a person, different from the Public Prosecutor, i.e. "Privatankläger" holds the accusation and loses the case because of an acquittal. In this case, the so called Privatankläger (private prosecutor) has to bear the costs. In case of a false accusation, the person who knowingly accused the (acquitted) perpetrator would have to bear the costs of the trial.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

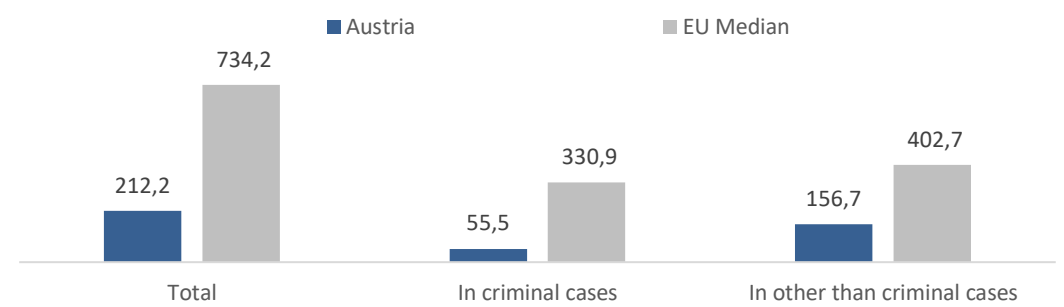
Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	18 959	18 959	NAP
In criminal cases	4 958	4 958	NAP
In other than criminal cases	14 001	14 001	NAP

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Austria	EU Median
Total	212,2	734,2
In criminal cases	55,5	330,9
In other than criminal cases	156,7	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NA
- Actual average duration: NA

Concerning the actual average duration, the reply varies depending on the legal matter. Thus, in criminal law the actual average duration is of 3,67 days; in civil law - 34,48 days; total - 24,87 days; Supreme Administrative court: 23 days.

Concerning the regional administrative courts, the maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation is of 6 months, while the actual average duration is of 40 days.

4. Performance of courts in Austria

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

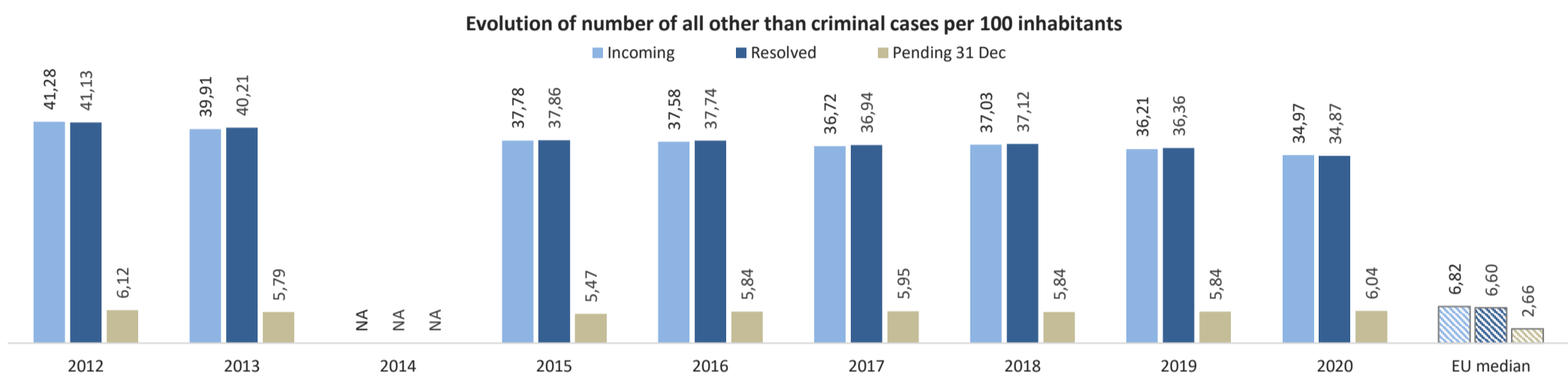
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

At the outset, it is important to specify that, generally, no courts were closed during the lockdowns. During the first lockdown (middle of March until the end of April 2020) the number of incoming cases dropped significantly. Nearly all court hearings had to be postponed during the first lockdown. In total (all case types) in April 2020 there were 89.25 % less court hearings than in April 2019. In general, litigious civil matters of first instance there were even 94.59 % less hearings. A comparison of the total number of court hearings held in the period of March 2019 to February 2020 on the one hand and of March 2020 to February 2021 on the other hand shows that there were 22.22 % less hearings since the first lockdown. The significant drop in incoming cases and held court hearings in April 2020 resulted in the opportunity to concentrate on finishing pending cases in which all hearings had already been held. The statistical data shows that the number of judgments pending more than 2 months since the final hearing declined considerably (1st of July 2020: -75 % compared to 1st of April 2020).

It should be pinpointed that in Austria, judges did always (even before the Covid-19 pandemic) have the opportunity to work from home. Many have made use of this option during the lockdowns. The Federal Ministry of Justice does not keep statistics on this matter (number of judges working from home) since judges are not obliged to record their working times or places.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases



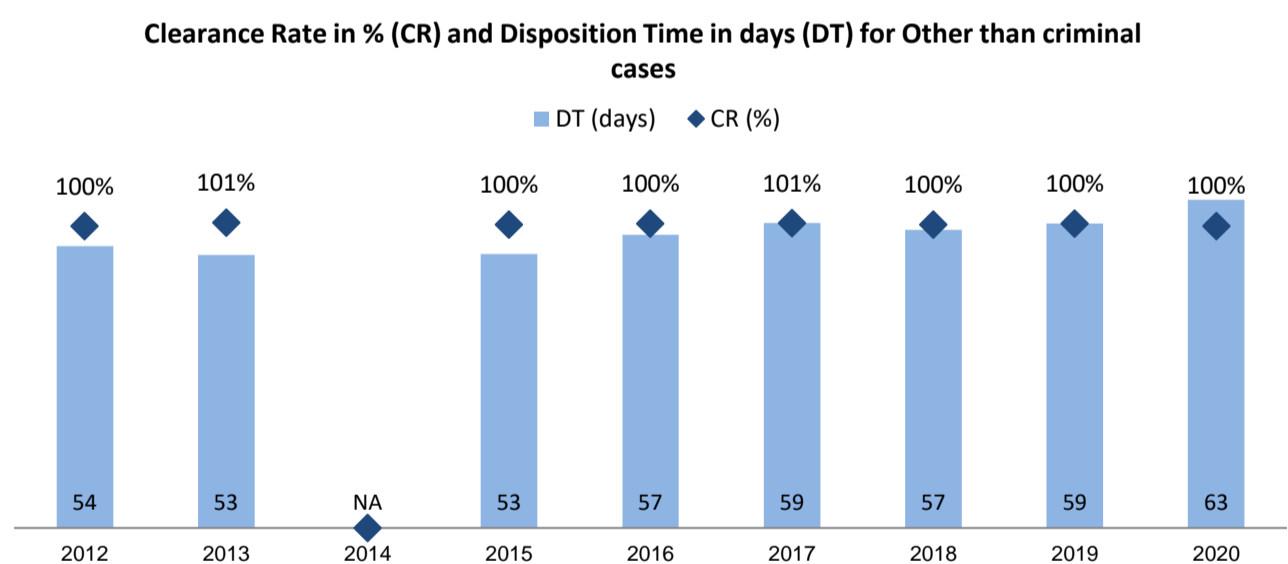
The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Austria (34,97 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Austria (34,87 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Austria (6,04 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	100%	54
2013	101%	53
2014	NA	NA
2015	100%	53
2016	100%	57
2017	101%	59
2018	100%	57
2019	100%	59
2020	99,7%	63



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,7% in 2020 Austria seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,7 points.

In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 63 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 7,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

Two peculiarities have to be highlighted in the light of the extraordinary circumstances in 2020.

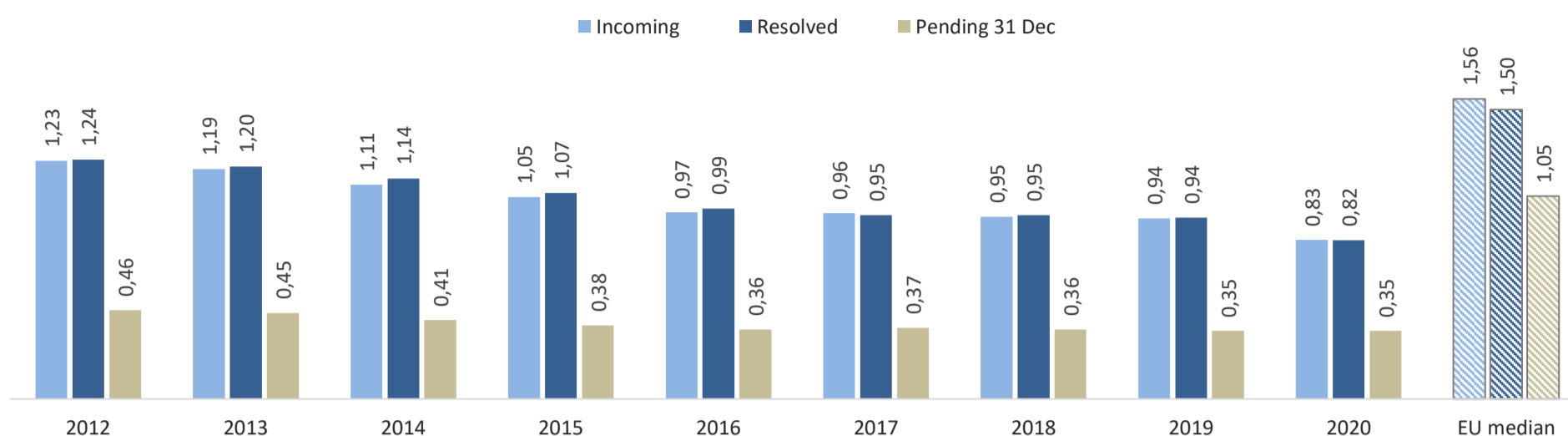
On the one hand, sec. 3a para. 2 of the COVID-19 Act concerning corporate law ("Gesellschaftsrechtliches COVID-19-Gesetz") allows corporations to file their annual accounts and other documents, that have to be published by law, not only within 9 but within 12 months from the account date (mostly: December 31st of a year). Usually, the duty to file these reports within 9 months leads to a high number of incoming files in September. The 2020 special rules lead to such high incoming file numbers in December and thereby to an increase in pending non litigious business registry cases at the end of the year.

On the other hand, the number of general civil proceedings increased because the district administrative authorities (Bezirksverwaltungsbehörden) had to notify the district courts of every single person against which a quarantine measure (SARS-CoV-2) had been taken. In concerns of statistical data every such notification resulted in an incoming (and resolved) case.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Austria (0,83 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

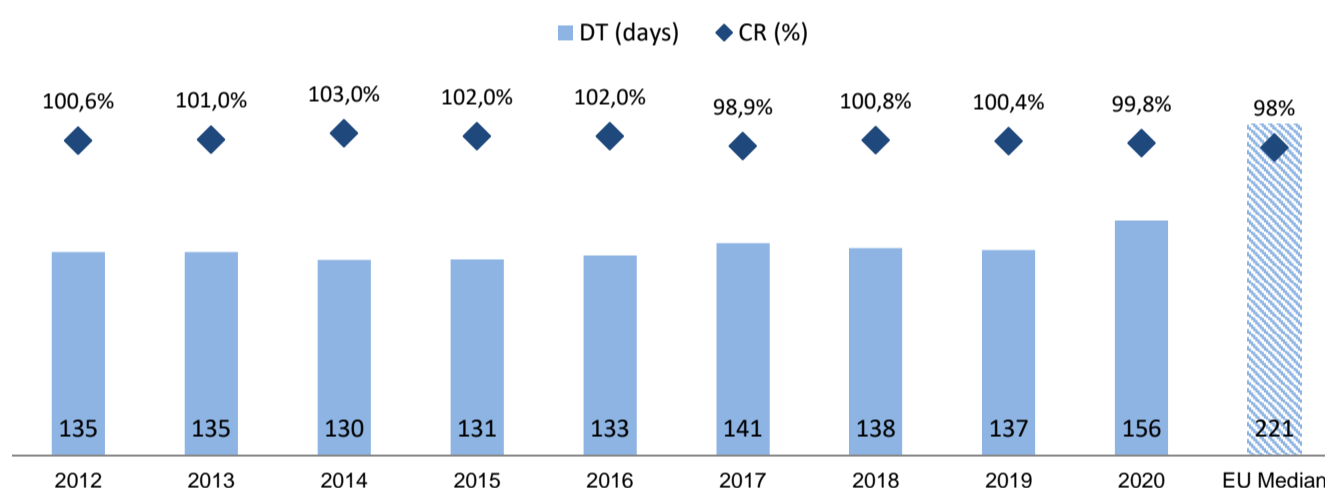
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Austria (0,82 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Austria (0,35 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	100,6%	135
2013	101,0%	135
2014	103,0%	130
2015	102,0%	131
2016	102,0%	133
2017	98,9%	141
2018	100,8%	138
2019	100,4%	137
2020	99,8%	156

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,8% in 2020, Austria seemsto be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,6 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 156 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 221 days.

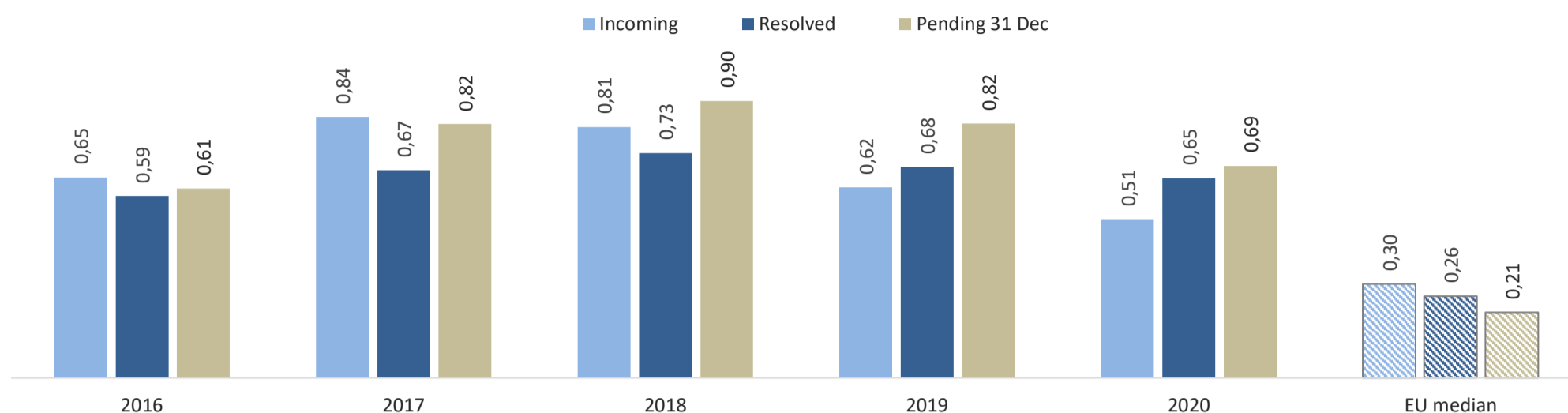
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 14,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Austria (0,51 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

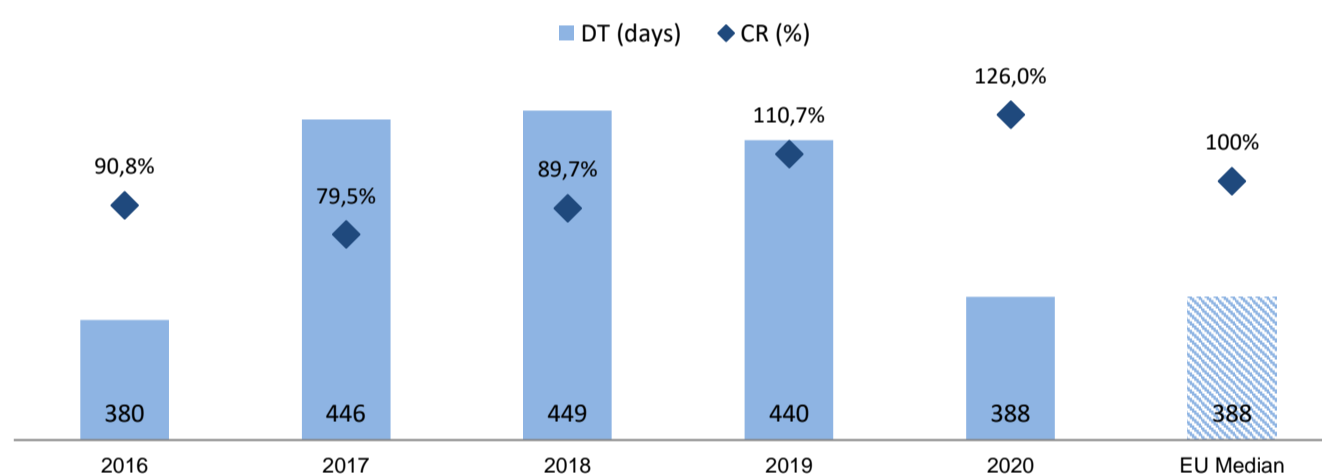
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Austria (0,65 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Austria (0,69 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NAP	NAP
2013	NAP	NAP
2014	NAP	NAP
2015	NAP	NAP
2016	90,8%	380
2017	79,5%	446
2018	89,7%	449
2019	110,7%	440
2020	126,0%	388

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 126,0% in 2020, Austria seems to deal efficiently with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 15,3 points.

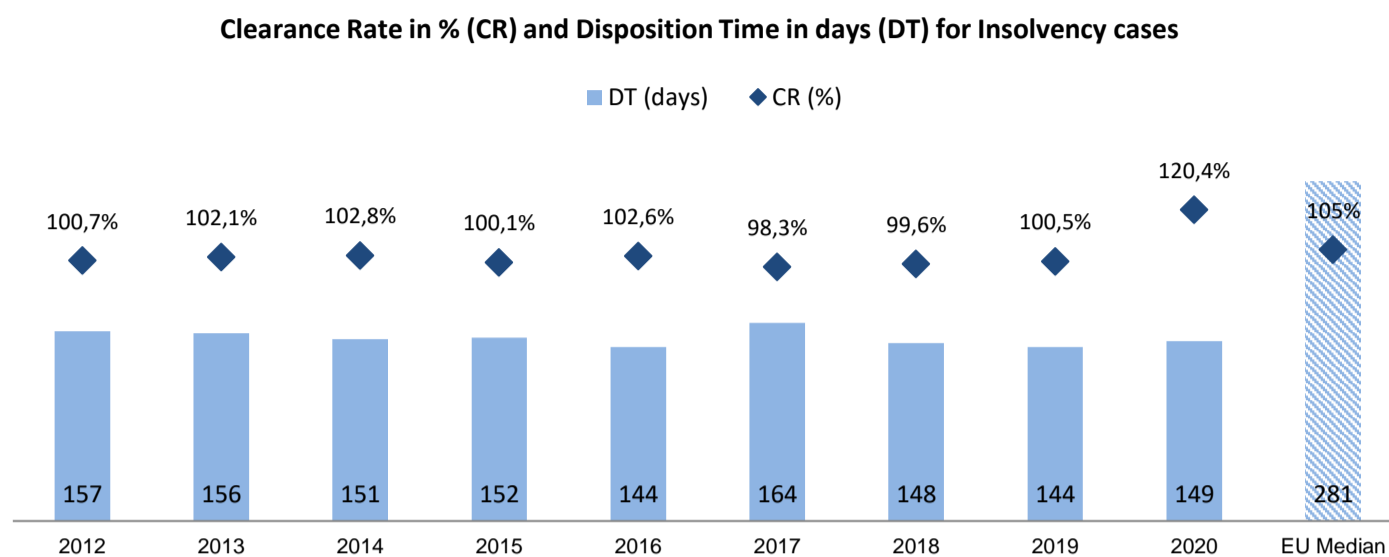
In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 388 days, which is the EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -11,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Austria, there are 22 923 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 37,4% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	100,7%	157
2013	102,1%	156
2014	102,8%	151
2015	100,1%	152
2016	102,6%	144
2017	98,3%	164
2018	99,6%	148
2019	100,5%	144
2020	120,4%	149



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 120,4% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Austria seems to deal efficiently with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 19,9 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 149 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 3,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

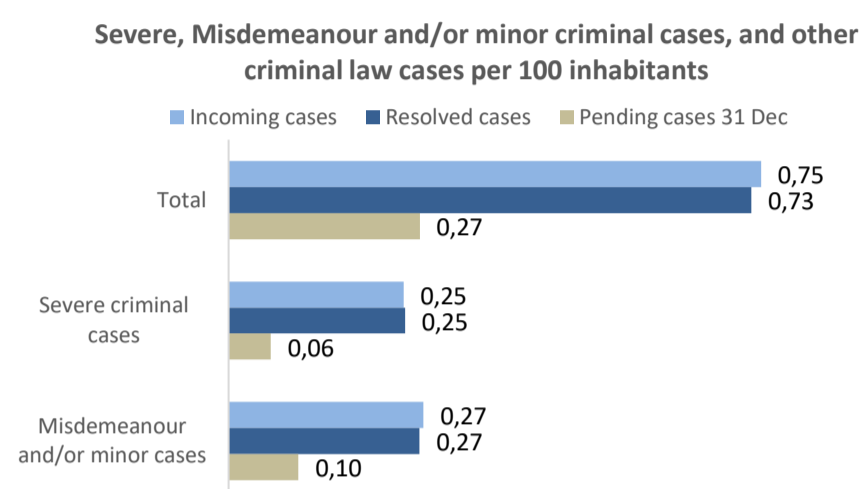
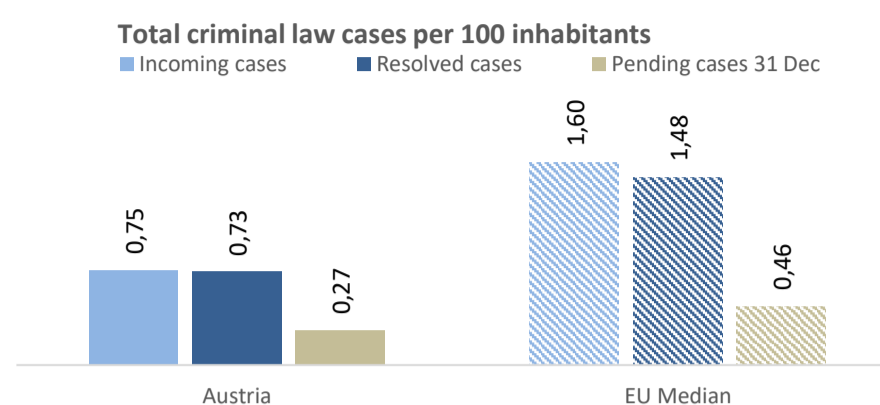
The observed decreases between 2019 and 2020 in the number of insolvency cases are due to the pandemic.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	22 930	66 767	65 549	23 968
Severe criminal cases	5 469	21 966	22 120	5 315
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	8 283	24 453	23 966	8 770
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,26	0,75	0,73	0,27
Severe criminal cases	0,06	0,25	0,25	0,06
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,09	0,27	0,27	0,10
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



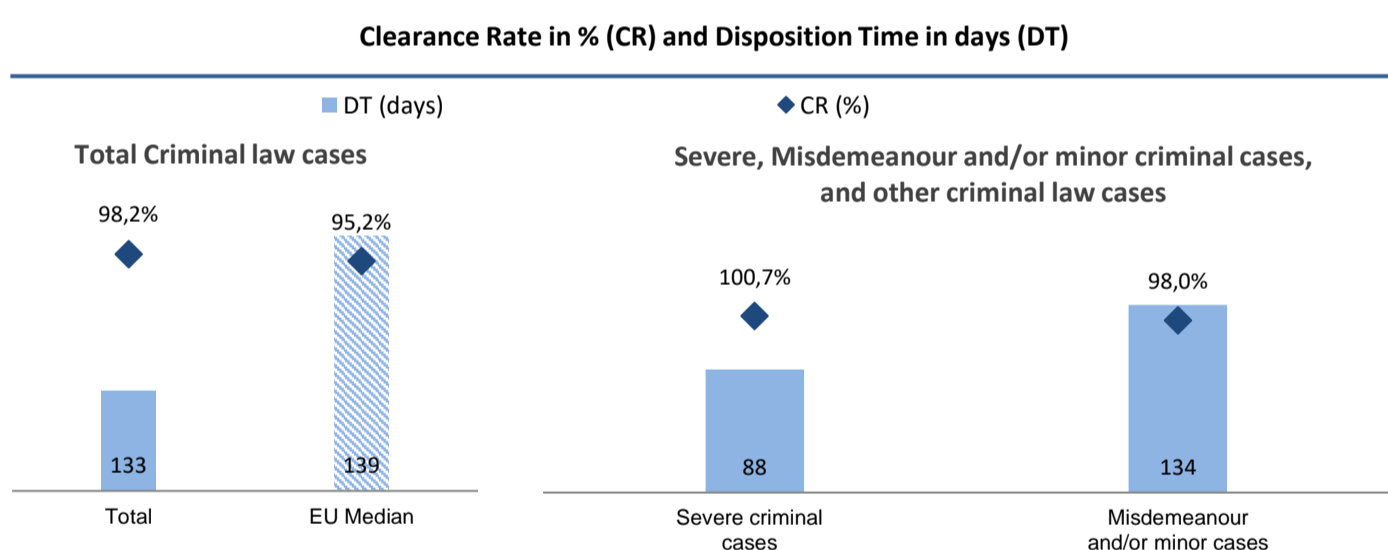
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Austria (0,75 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Austria (0,73 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Austria (0,27 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	98,2%	133
Severe criminal cases	100,7%	88
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	98,0%	134
Other cases	NAP	NAP



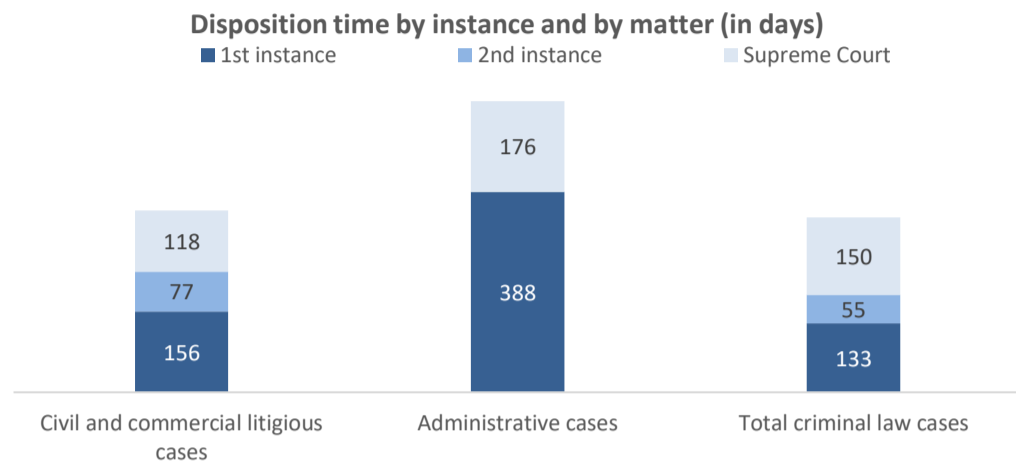
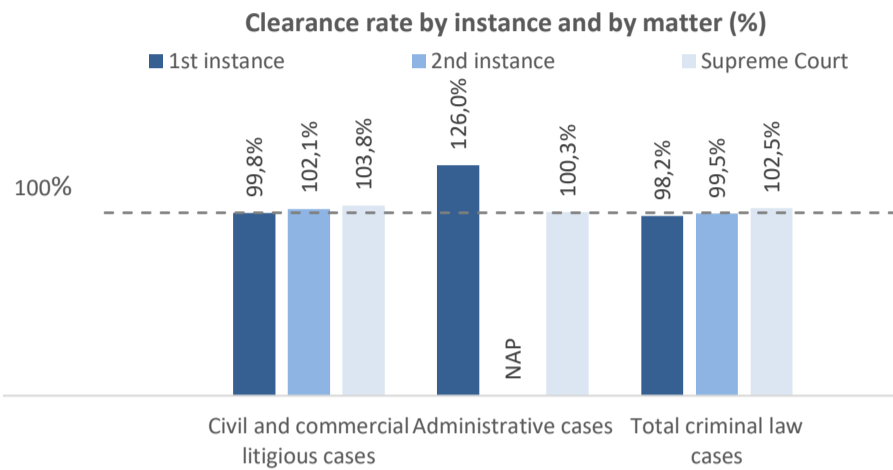
With the Clearance Rate calculated at 98,2% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Austria seems to be able to deal with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 133 days, which is slightly below the EU median of 139 days.

It is noteworthy that the distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases is possible only for the criminal courts. However, the total number includes administrative criminal law cases as well, where distinction is not possible.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	99,8%	102,1%	103,8%	156	77	118
Administrative cases	126,0%	NAP	100,3%	388	NAP	176
Total criminal law cases	98,2%	99,5%	102,5%	133	55	150



Generally speaking, the efficiency indicators of the Austrian courts for 2020 prove to be satisfactory. On the one hand, the Clearance Rate is above or close to the 100% threshold at all instances, for all matters. On the other hand, the Disposition Time remains most of the time below the respective European medians established in the different legal fields at the different court levels.

More precisely, the Clearance rate is beyond the 100% threshold except for civil and criminal first instance cases for which the threshold is almost reached, allowing keeping a positive analyse.

As to the Disposition Time indicator, the Austrian value is slightly above the European median of 120 days only with regard to last instance criminal cases. The Disposition Time for first instance administrative cases is aligned to the European median of 388 days. As a matter of fact, at first instance level in Austria, the length of administrative proceedings is quite longer compared to the length of civil and criminal proceedings which Disposition Time indicators are respectively 156 days (the European median being of 221 days) and 133 days (the European median being of 139 days). Conversely, at last instance, administrative proceedings prove to be the longest, civil proceedings being the fastest.

Thus, despite the pandemic, the Austrian courts continue operating efficiently and promptly. In this regard, it is important recalling here that in Austria, judges did always (even before the Covid-19 pandemic) have the opportunity to work from home. Many have made use of this option during the lockdowns.

5. Public prosecution services in Austria

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Austria has the following 8 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✗		

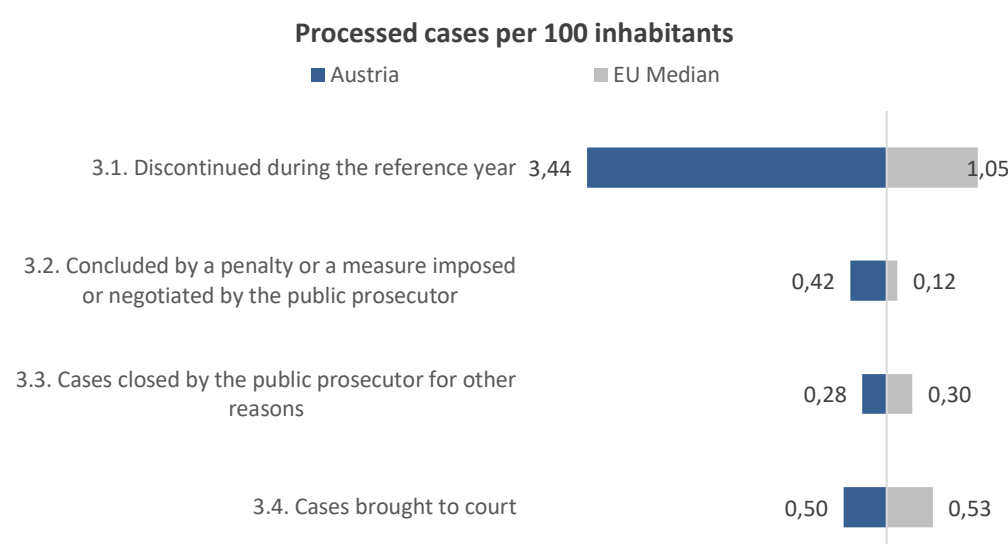
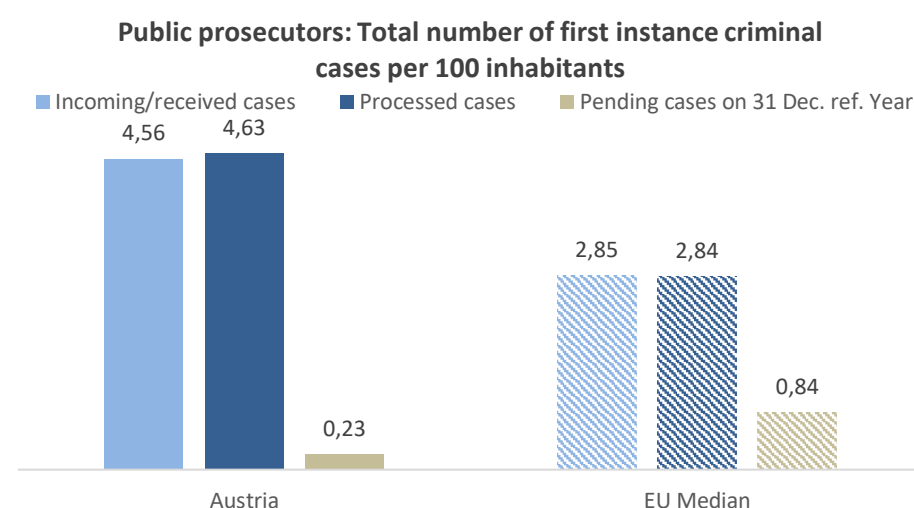
With the entry into force of the Code of Criminal Procedures Amending Act on 1st January 2008, the public prosecutor has got the right to conduct investigations himself/herself. The public prosecutor has to refrain from requesting a concrete term of sentence. However, he/she has the right to plea with regard to the sentence, thus meaning inter alia he/she can refer to the mitigating and aggravating grounds to be applied or if a sentence under probation is admissible or not. In Austria, the public prosecutor cannot impose or negotiate a penalty. However, measures of diversion, which are proposed to the suspect by the public prosecutor without a judicial decision, can be regarded as sanctions (but not penalties) and should be mentioned in this context. The suspect is free to accept such a proposal or to reject it (there is no room for negotiations, for example if the suspect would prefer another type of measure of diversion). In the latter case, the proceeding is continued, that means the suspect is indicted.

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil cases.

More precisely, only in few, certain, exactly defined cases, the public prosecutor has the right to file an action before a civil court to have a marriage declared null and void, inter alia in the case of bigamy or if the marriage was merely or predominantly concluded to obtain the nationality or the family name of one spouse by the other. Furthermore, the public prosecutor represents the public interest in judicial proceedings, with which a person is declared dead. Inter alia he/she has the opportunity to give a statement before such a decision and has to request the nullification or the amendment of such a declaration, if a person has been declared dead but still is alive or has died on a different day than the day stated in the declaration of death.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	27 279	0,31
2. Incoming/received cases	407 162	4,56
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	413 905	4,63
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	307 431	3,44
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	181 242	2,03
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	94 249	1,06
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	31 940	0,36
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	37 178	0,42
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	24 928	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	44 368	0,50
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	20 536	0,23



Few methodological clarifications should be carried out here.

As concerns “3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity”, it is noteworthy mentioning that discontinued investigations for reasons of opportunity are only counted by persons against which the investigation was discontinued. In one case, more than one person can be accused and the investigation can be discontinued for reasons of opportunity against more than one accused person. Therefore, the person-count was not delivered because it is inconsistent with the case-count (3.1.1, 3.1.2 and 3.1.4). The number of cases in which an investigation was discontinued for reasons of opportunity is included in the number provided for 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 but cannot be evaluated separately with the standard statistic tools of the Federal Ministry of Justice of Austria.

The provided number of cases discontinued for other reasons (3.1.4) contains cases discontinued because the offender is fugitive or an investigation may not be instituted or continued by law (e.g. because of diplomatic immunity of the offender), also cases (investigations) that were not instituted in the first place because of a lack of an initial suspicion and all other cases that were discontinued but cannot be allocated to one of the above mentioned reasons or the other reasons under 3.1.

Under 3.3, closed cases against unidentified offenders were counted which were discontinued because of another reason than not identifying the offender in the end (mostly cases in which at least one formerly unidentified offender could be identified and therefore the case against the unidentified offender(s) is closed and another (new) case against the known offender(s) is opened).

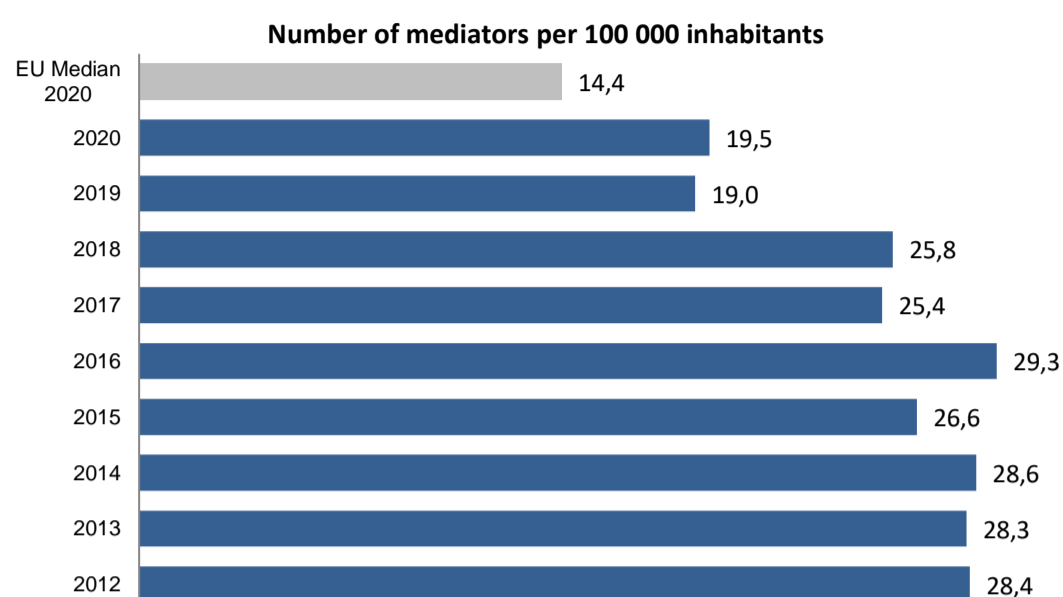
The Austrian code of criminal procedure knows measures that the public prosecutor can take in cases of minor criminal offences (“Diversion”). Comparable measures have to be taken by the public prosecutor under certain circumstances under the addictive drug act (“Suchtmittelgesetz”). Until 2019, the last-mentioned cases were counted as files “discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation” (3.1.2). Since 2020, these cases are now counted as “concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor” (3.2). These changes explain the higher number of cases under 3.1.2. Cases brought to court declined mainly because in 2020 there were far less incoming cases (-13 % compared to 2018).

The number of persons against which an investigation was discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity in 2020 is 9 672.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Austria

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	2400	28,4
2013	2400	28,3
2014	2456	28,6
2015	2313	26,6
2016	2562	29,3
2017	2234	25,4
2018	2273	25,8
2019	1692	19,0
2020	1741	19,5



In 2020, there are 1 741 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 19,5 accredited or registered mediators per 100. The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about 2,9%.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All cases	NA	NA	23881
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	20922
Family cases	NA	NA	743
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	2216
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

There is no data available if the settlement agreements are the results of court-related mediations. Parties may agree on a settlement agreement without mediation (Datewarehouse (register data of the case management application "Verfahrensautomation Justiz")).

7. ICT tools of courts in Austria

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	8,3	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,8	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	6,4	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	0,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	4,0	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	10,0	6,9

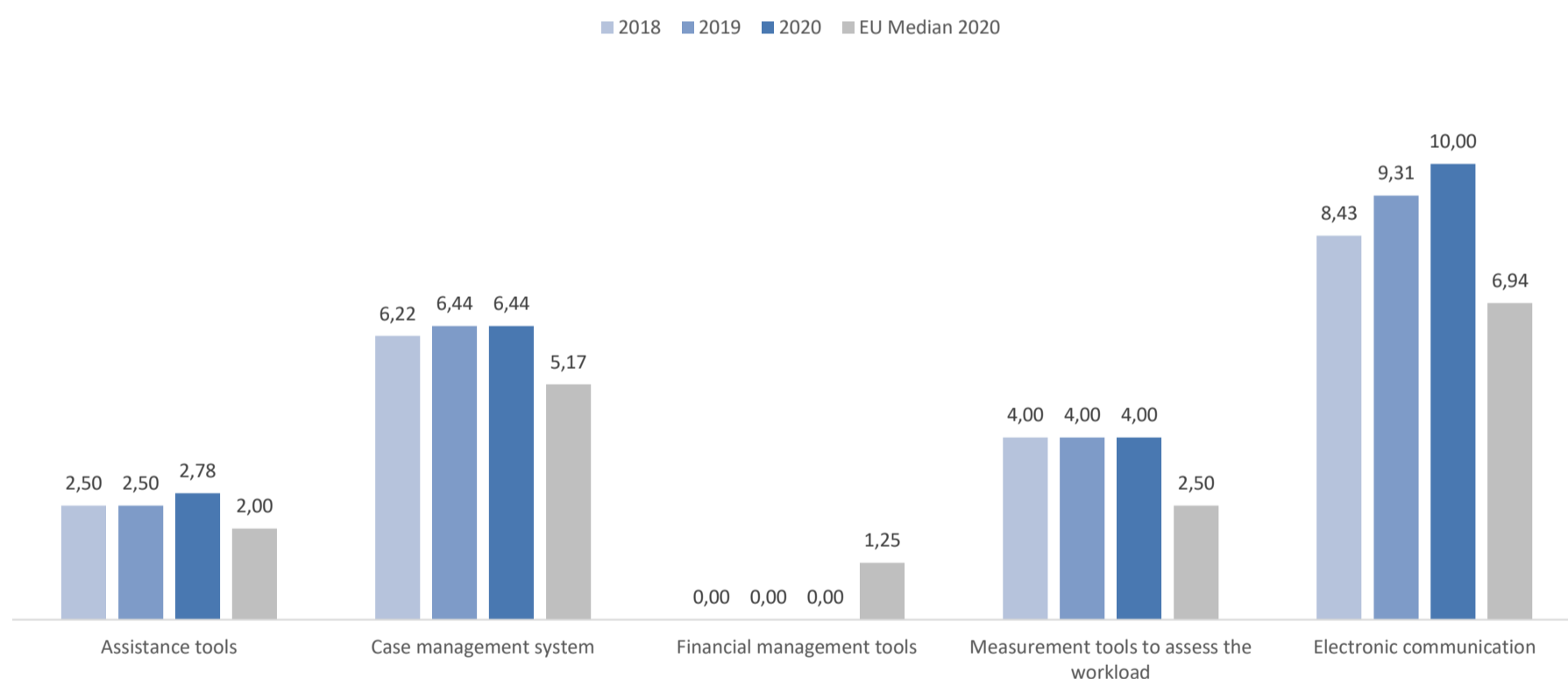
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Concerning the possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means, as an exception to the general rule applicable in all legal fields, in administrative proceedings in matters of taxes, customs duties and respective penalties there is no possibility to submit a case to courts or to request legal aid by electronic means.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Austria

In Austria, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Austria, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

More precisely, in Austria monthly statistics about incoming and closed cases are carried out. Besides, there are periodic check lists on annual basis. Finally, an internal audit examination takes place all 4 to 7 years.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Austria, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

As mentioned above, in Austria monthly statistics about incoming and closed cases are carried out. Besides, there are periodic check lists on annual basis. Finally, an internal audit examination takes place all 4 to 7 years.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions											
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020			
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																					
Q1 Number of inhabitants	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	8 932 664		5,7%	0,4%	1,2%	1,3%	0,5%	0,6%	0,3%	0,9%	0,4%		
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	36 430	36 930	38 540	39 390	40 420	42 010	43 680	44 900	42 502		16,7%	1,4%	4,4%	2,2%	2,6%	3,9%	4,0%	2,8%	-5,3%		
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases								True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)								True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases								True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases								True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs								True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff								True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff								False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures								True	True	True
078.1.10 Number of appeals								True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio								False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate								True	True	True
078.1.13 Disposition time								False	False	False
078.1.14 Other								False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators										True

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources								True	True										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)								True	True										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency								True	True										
073-2.1.4 Other								False	False										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance																			True

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
073-4.1.1 Annual									False									
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False									
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True									
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True									
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True									
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True									
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True									
073-6.1.4 Other									False									
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True									

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP										

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	152	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	154	132	129	129	129	129	128	128	128	-16,9%	-14,3%	-2,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	7	7	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	157,1%	0,0%	171,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-5,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	-	NAP	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Military courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	149	135	103	103	103	103	102	102	164	10,1%	-9,4%	-23,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-1,0%	0,0%	60,8%

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																			
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																			
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	504 481	517 264	NA	482 779	524 240	530 969	522 569	522 141	531 048	5,3%	2,5%	-	-	8,6%	1,3%	-1,6%	-0,1%	1,7%	
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	39 530	38 918	37 885	35 068	33 222	31 532	32 437	31 779	31 407	-20,5%	-1,5%	-2,7%	-7,4%	-5,3%	-5,1%	2,9%	-2,0%	-1,2%	
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	397 794	388 908	390 281	366 196	357 258	372 350	-	-	-	-	-2,2%	0,4%	-6,2%	-2,4%	4,2%	
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	397 948	386 305	381 808	372 342	356 361	350 894	324 166	324 114	335 714	-15,6%	-2,9%	-1,2%	-2,5%	-4,3%	-1,5%	-7,6%	0,0%	3,6%	
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	25 452	32 556	39 387	42 030	33 144	36 636	-	-	-	-	27,9%	21,0%	6,7%	-21,1%	10,5%	
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	17 205	41 484	23 356	21 827	28 491	18 711	16 644	15 495	20 086	16,7%	141,1%	-43,7%	-6,5%	30,5%	-34,3%	-11,0%	-6,9%	29,6%	
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	3 223	3 625	4 056	20 676	25 386	17 649	16 550	-	-	-	12,5%	11,9%	409,8%	22,8%	-30,5%	-6,2%	
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	48 297	57 010	71 648	79 024	73 172	-	-	-	-	-	18,0%	25,7%	10,3%	-7,4%	
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	49 798	50 557	48 324	49 917	53 813	52 146	52 288	54 080	54 119	8,7%	1,5%	-4,4%	3,3%	7,8%	-3,1%	0,3%	3,4%	0,1%	
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 489 286	3 386 071	NA	3 287 147	3 284 414	3 229 560	3 267 183	3 223 321	3 123 339	-10,5%	-3,0%	-	-	-0,1%	-1,7%	1,2%	-1,3%	-3,1%	
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	104 365	101 157	95 412	91 057	84 708	84 716	83 403	83 399	73 755	-29,3%	-3,1%	-5,7%	-4,6%	-7,0%	0,0%	-1,5%	0,0%	-11,6%	
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	2 684 699	2 641 124	2 569 287	2 598 742	2 587 121	2 208 341	-	-	-	-	-1,6%	-2,7%	1,1%	-0,4%	-14,6%	
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 775 035	1 777 887	1 741 644	1 721 024	1 670 674	1 644 273	1 669 386	1 629 337	1 273 208	-28,3%	0,2%	-2,0%	-1,2%	-2,9%	-1,6%	1,5%	-2,4%	-21,9%	
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	963 675	970 450	925 014	929 356	957 784	935 133	-	-	-	-	0,7%	-4,7%	0,5%	3,1%	-2,4%	
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	689 005	643 064	648 601	684 737	683 624	633 837	621 199	640 454	643 942	-6,5%	-6,7%	0,9%	5,6%	-0,2%	-7,3%	-2,0%	3,1%	0,5%	
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	335 857	307 976	285 996	278 938	286 826	291 177	308 157	317 330	291 191	-13,3%	-8,3%	-7,1%	-2,5%	2,8%	1,5%	5,8%	3,0%	-8,2%	
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	56 583	74 227	71 553	54 894	45 806	-	-	-	-	-	31,2%	-3,6%	-23,3%	-16,6%	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	585 024	555 987	513 877	511 391	501 999	501 330	513 485	497 907	795 437	36,0%	-5,0%	-7,6%	-0,5%	-1,8%	-0,1%	2,4%	-3,0%	59,8%	

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 476 472	3 411 960	NA	3 293 774	3 298 090	3 248 636	3 274 813	3 236 623	3 115 226	-10,4%	-1,9%	-	-	0,1%	-1,5%	0,8%	-1,2%	-3,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	104 977	102 190	98 229	92 903	86 398	83 811	84 061	83 771	73 611	-29,9%	-2,7%	-3,9%	-5,4%	-7,0%	-3,0%	0,3%	-0,3%	-12,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	2 693 376	2 656 631	2 604 602	2 614 882	2 594 238	2 222 330	-	-	-	-	-1,4%	-2,0%	0,4%	-0,8%	-14,3%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 786 647	1 782 384	1 751 110	1 737 005	1 676 141	1 682 179	1 676 640	1 639 927	1 299 718	-27,3%	-0,2%	-1,8%	-0,8%	-3,5%	0,4%	-0,3%	-2,2%	-20,7%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	956 371	980 490	922 423	938 242	954 311	922 612	-	-	-	-	2,5%	-5,9%	1,7%	1,7%	-3,3%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	664 726	661 192	626 850	678 073	693 404	635 904	622 348	635 863	643 959	-3,1%	-0,5%	-5,2%	8,2%	2,3%	-8,3%	-2,1%	2,2%	1,3%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	335 857	307 976	285 594	278 298	287 086	286 519	315 894	318 448	278 653	-17,0%	-8,3%	-7,3%	-2,6%	3,2%	-0,2%	10,3%	0,8%	-12,5%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	51 395	59 035	64 177	60 746	57 707	-	-	-	-	-	14,9%	8,7%	-5,3%	-5,0%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	584 265	558 218	512 284	507 495	503 666	501 188	511 693	497 868	761 578	30,3%	-4,5%	-8,2%	-0,9%	-0,8%	-0,5%	2,1%	-2,7%	53,0%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	517 295	491 375	NA	476 152	510 564	523 071	514 939	520 057	539 161	4,2%	-5,0%	-	-	7,2%	2,4%	-1,6%	1,0%	3,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	38 918	37 885	35 068	33 222	31 532	32 437	31 779	31 407	31 551	-18,9%	-2,7%	-7,4%	-5,3%	-5,1%	2,9%	-2,0%	-1,2%	0,5%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	389 117	373 401	366 144	350 056	361 359	358 361	-	-	-	-	-4,0%	-1,9%	-4,4%	3,2%	-0,8%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	386 336	381 808	372 342	356 361	350 894	324 166	316 912	324 742	309 204	-20,0%	-1,2%	-2,5%	-4,3%	-1,5%	-7,6%	-2,2%	2,5%	-4,8%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	32 756	22 507	41 978	33 144	36 617	49 157	-	-	-	-	-31,3%	86,5%	-21,0%	10,5%	34,2%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	41 484	23 356	21 827	28 491	18 711	16 644	15 495	20 086	20 069	-51,6%	-43,7%	-6,5%	30,5%	-34,3%	-11,0%	-6,9%	29,6%	-0,1%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	3 625	4 265	3 796	25 334	17 649	16 531	29 088	-	-	-	17,7%	-11,0%	567,4%	-30,3%	-6,3%	76,0%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	53 485	72 202	79 024	73 172	61 271	-	-	-	-	-	35,0%	9,4%	-7,4%	-16,3%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	50 557	48 326	49 917	53 813	52 146	52 288	54 080	54 119	87 978	74,0%	-4,4%	3,3%	7,8%	-3,1%	0,3%	3,4%	0,1%	62,6%

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,6%	100,8%	NA	100,2%	100,4%	100,6%	100,2%	100,4%	99,7%	0,11	1,14	-	-	0,21	0,17	(0,36)	0,18	(0,67)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,6%	101,0%	103,0%	102,0%	102,0%	98,9%	100,8%	100,4%	99,8%	(0,78)	0,43	1,91	(0,90)	(0,03)	(3,00)	1,88	(0,34)	(0,64)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	100,3%	100,6%	101,4%	100,6%	100,3%	100,6%	-	-	-	-	0,26	0,78	(0,74)	(0,34)	0,36
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,7%	100,3%	100,5%	100,9%	100,3%	102,3%	100,4%	100,6%	102,1%	1,42	(0,40)	0,29	0,38	(0,60)	1,97	(1,83)	0,21	1,42
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	99,2%	101,0%	99,7%	101,0%	99,6%	98,7%	-	-	-	-	1,81	(1,30)	1,24	(1,31)	(0,98)
CR Non litigious land registry cases	96,5%	102,8%	96,6%	99,0%	101,4%	100,3%	100,2%	99,3%	100,0%	3,66	6,57	(6,00)	2,46	2,43	(1,09)	(0,14)	(0,90)	0,72
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	100,0%	100,0%	99,9%	99,8%	100,1%	98,4%	102,5%	100,4%	95,7%	(4,31)	-	(0,14)	(0,09)	0,32	(1,69)	4,18	(2,11)	(4,64)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	90,8%	79,5%	89,7%	110,7%	126,0%	-	-	-	-	-	(12,44)	12,77	23,38	13,84
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,9%	100,4%	99,7%	99,2%	100,3%	100,0%	99,7%	100,0%	95,7%	(4,13)	0,53	(0,71)	(0,45)	1,10	(0,36)	(0,32)	0,34	(4,25)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	54	53	NA	53	57	59	57	59	63	16,3%	-3,2%	-	-	7,1%	4,0%	-2,3%	2,2%	7,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	135	135	130	131	133	141	138	137	156	15,6%	0,0%	-3,7%	0,2%	2,1%	6,0%	-2,3%	-0,8%	14,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	53	51	51	49	51	59	-	-	-	-	-2,7%	0,0%	-4,8%	4,1%	15,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	79	78	78	75	76	70	69	72	87	10,0%	-0,9%	-0,7%	-3,5%	2,0%	-7,9%	-1,9%	4,8%	20,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	13	8	17	13	14	19	-	-	-	-	-33,0%	98,3%	-22,4%	8,6%	38,9%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	23	13	13	15	10	10	9	12	11	-50,1%	-43,4%	-1,4%	20,7%	-35,8%	-3,0%	-4,9%	26,9%	-1,3%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	5	6	5	32	20	19	38	-	-	-	20,7%	-13,7%	568,7%	-36,8%	-7,1%	101,1%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	380	446	449	440	388	-	-	-	-	-	17,5%	0,7%	-2,2%	-11,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	32	32	36	39	38	38	39	40	42	33,5%	0,0%	12,6%	8,8%	-2,4%	0,8%	1,3%	2,9%	6,3%

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	2 920	2 830	3 004	2 872	2 765	2 617	2 700	2 511	2 648	-9,3%	-3,1%	6,1%	-4,4%	-3,7%	-5,4%	3,2%	-7,0%	5,5%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	11 557	11 365	10 841	10 179	10 150	9 548	9 922	10 033	9 905	-14,3%	-1,7%	-4,6%	-6,1%	-0,3%	-5,9%	3,9%	1,1%	-1,3%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	6 354	6 237	6 214	5 992	5 782	5 767	5 497	5 531	4 906	-22,8%	-1,8%	-0,4%	-3,6%	-3,5%	-0,3%	-4,7%	0,6%	-11,3%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	26 152	24 861	23 944	24 365	23 556	22 406	24 910	24 900	14 236	-45,6%	-4,9%	-3,7%	1,8%	-3,3%	-4,9%	11,2%	0,0%	-42,8%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 444	6 063	6 346	6 099	5 930	5 684	5 686	5 394	4 886	-24,2%	-5,9%	4,7%	-3,9%	-2,8%	-4,1%	0,0%	-5,1%	-9,4%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	26 344	25 385	24 606	24 394	24 158	22 032	24 799	25 028	17 140	-34,9%	-3,6%	-3,1%	-0,9%	-1,0%	-8,8%	12,6%	0,9%	-31,5%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	2 830	3 004	2 872	2 765	2 617	2 700	2 511	2 648	2 668	-5,7%	6,1%	-4,4%	-3,7%	-5,4%	3,2%	-7,0%	5,5%	0,8%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	11 365	10 841	10 179	10 150	9 548	9 922	10 033	9 905	7 001	-38,4%	-4,6%	-6,1%	-0,3%	-5,9%	3,9%	1,1%	-1,3%	-29,3%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	101,4%	97,2%	102,1%	101,8%	102,6%	98,6%	103,4%	97,5%	99,6%	(1,80)	(4,15)	5,06	(0,33)	0,76	(3,90)	4,95	(5,72)	2,12
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	100,7%	102,1%	102,8%	100,1%	102,6%	98,3%	99,6%	100,5%	120,4%	19,52	1,36	0,64	(2,57)	2,43	(4,12)	1,24	0,96	19,78
DT Litigious divorce cases	160	181	165	165	161	173	161	179	199	24,3%	12,8%	-8,7%	0,2%	-2,7%	7,6%	-7,0%	11,2%	11,2%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	157	156	151	152	144	164	148	144	149	-5,3%	-1,0%	-3,1%	0,6%	-5,0%	13,9%	-10,2%	-2,2%	3,2%

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 312	5 180	5 248	5 001	5 003	4 732	4 675	-	-	-	-2,5%	1,3%	-4,7%	0,0%	-5,4%	-1,2%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3 037	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 638	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			28 328	27 818	27 320	26 398	25 461	25 523	23 070	-	-	-	-1,8%	-1,8%	-3,4%	-3,5%	0,2%	-9,6%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 862	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 208	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			28 460	27 750	27 567	26 396	25 703	25 580	23 469	-	-	-	-2,5%	-0,7%	-4,2%	-2,6%	-0,5%	-8,3%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	13 127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 342	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 180	5 248	5 001	5 003	4 761	4 675	4 276	-	-	-	1,3%	-4,7%	0,0%	-4,8%	-1,8%	-8,5%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 772	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 504	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	19	7	2	5	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-63,2%	-71,4%	150,0%	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			100,5%	99,8%	100,9%	100,0%	101,0%	100,2%	101,7%	-	-	-	(0,71)	1,15	(0,90)	0,96	(0,72)	1,50
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	102,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	101,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			66	69	66	69	68	67	67	-	-	-	3,9%	-4,1%	4,5%	-2,3%	-1,3%	-0,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			730	889	2 935	2 621	2 818	2 966	NA	-	-	-	21,8%	230,1%	-10,7%	7,5%	5,3%	-	
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	848	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	2 148	1 834	2 191	2 206	3 064	-	-	-	-	-	-14,6%	19,5%	0,7%	38,9%	
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 396	2 516	6 703	8 233	8 885	9 335	NA	-	-	-	5,0%	166,4%	22,8%	7,9%	5,1%	-	
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 278	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	4 250	5 780	6 802	6 968	6 300	-	-	-	-	-	36,0%	17,7%	2,4%	-9,6%	
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 237	2 618	7 152	7 933	8 850	8 691	NA	-	-	-	17,0%	173,2%	10,9%	11,6%	-1,8%	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 364	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	4 642	5 423	6 787	6 412	6 321	-	-	-	-	-	16,8%	25,2%	-5,5%	-1,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			889	787	2 486	2 921	2 853	3 610	NA	-	-	-	-11,5%	215,9%	17,5%	-2,3%	26,5%	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	762	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	1 756	2 191	2 206	2 762	3 043	-	-	-	-	-	24,8%	0,7%	25,2%	10,2%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	57	96	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,4%	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	118	93	57	96	205	-	-	-	-	-	-21,2%	-38,7%	68,4%	113,5%

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			93,4%	104,1%	106,7%	96,4%	99,6%	93,1%	NA	-	-	-	11,45	2,54	(9,69)	3,37	(6,53)	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	103,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	109,2%	93,8%	99,8%	92,0%	100,3%	-	-	-	-	-	(14,10)	6,35	(7,78)	9,03
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			145	110	127	134	118	152	NA	-	-	-	-24,4%	15,6%	5,9%	-12,4%	28,8%	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	118	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	138	147	119	157	176	-	-	-	-	-	6,8%	-19,6%	32,5%	11,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									22 930	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									5 469	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									8 283	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									66 767	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									21 966	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									24 453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									65 549	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									22 120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									23 966	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									23 968	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									5 315	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									8 770	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									870	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									98,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									100,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									98,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									133	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 488	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									820	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									668	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									10 216	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									6 752	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									3 464	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									10 170	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									6 699	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									3 471	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 534	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									873	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									661	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									99,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									99,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									100,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									621	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									165	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 393	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									679	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 428	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									698	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									586	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									146	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									102,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Severe cases									102,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 5: Access to justice																			
Legal aid																			
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																			
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True									
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True									
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True									
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										False									
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True									
020.1.1 Total										18 959									
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										4 958									
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										14 001									
020.2.1 Total brought to court										18 959									
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										4 958									
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										14 001									
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NAP									
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NAP									
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NAP									
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NA									
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA									

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										1 310 376 €								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																				
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																				
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True											
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True											
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts											
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts											
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Yes	Yes	Yes											
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Yes	Yes	Yes											
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							Yes	Yes	Yes											
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%											
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True											
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all											

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	True	True	True									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False									

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	True	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							100%	100%	100%											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							True	False	False											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							True	True	True											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	True	True											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							True	True	True											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	True	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							True	True	True											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							10-49%	50-99%	100%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 547	1 565	1 620	1 621	2 397	2 478	2 411	2 625	2 589	67,4%	1,2%	3,5%	0,1%	47,9%	3,4%	-2,7%	8,9%	-1,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 325	1 341	1 224	1 223	1 935	1 952	1 957	2 176	2 153	62,5%	1,3%	-8,7%	-0,1%	58,2%	0,9%	0,3%	11,2%	-1,1%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	157	160	330	331	328	326	321	316	305	94,1%	1,8%	106,4%	0,3%	-0,9%	-0,6%	-1,5%	-1,6%	-3,5%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	65	63	66	67	134	133	133	133	131	101,8%	-2,2%	4,0%	1,5%	100,0%	-0,7%	0,0%	0,0%	-1,5%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	791	784	790	791	1 215	1 260	1 190	1 298	1 261	59,3%	-1,0%	0,8%	0,1%	53,6%	3,7%	-5,6%	9,1%	-2,9%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	653	647	556	559	938	939	926	1 039	1 012	55,0%	-0,9%	-14,1%	0,5%	67,8%	0,1%	-1,4%	12,2%	-2,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	94	94	191	188	183	181	174	172	165	76,5%	0,2%	103,9%	-1,6%	-2,7%	-1,1%	-3,9%	-1,1%	-4,1%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	45	43	43	44	94	92	90	87	84	86,5%	-5,0%	0,5%	2,3%	113,6%	-2,1%	-2,2%	-3,3%	-3,4%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	755	781	830	830	1 182	1 218	1 221	1 327	1 328	75,8%	3,4%	6,3%	0,0%	42,4%	3,0%	0,2%	8,7%	0,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	672	694	668	664	997	1 013	1 031	1 137	1 141	69,9%	3,3%	-3,8%	-0,6%	50,2%	1,6%	1,8%	10,3%	0,4%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	64	66	139	143	145	145	147	144	140	120,1%	4,1%	109,8%	2,9%	1,4%	0,0%	1,4%	-2,0%	-2,8%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	20	21	23	23	40	41	43	46	47	136,7%	4,0%	11,3%	0,0%	73,9%	2,5%	4,9%	7,0%	2,2%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 589	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	305	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 193	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	922	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	308	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	991	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	923	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	4 631	4 698	4 705	4 735	5 544	5 544	4 966	5 117	5 270	13,8%	1,4%	0,1%	0,6%	17,1%	0,0%	-10,4%	3,0%	3,0%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	760	771	785	798	837	857	833	818	801	5,4%	1,4%	1,8%	1,7%	4,9%	2,4%	-2,8%	-1,8%	-2,1%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	20	20	19	19	494	406	342	415	432	2060,0%	0,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	2500,0%	-17,8%	-15,8%	21,3%	4,1%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	437	434	439	440	686	783	764	888	873	99,8%	-0,7%	1,2%	0,2%	55,9%	14,1%	-2,4%	16,2%	-1,7%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	33	28	23	22	52	57	53	53	50	51,5%	-15,2%	-17,9%	-4,3%	136,4%	9,6%	-7,0%	0,0%	-5,7%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	3 381	3 445	3 439	3 456	3 475	3 366	2 974	2 943	3 114	-7,9%	1,9%	-0,2%	0,5%	0,5%	-3,1%	-11,6%	-1,0%	5,8%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 388	1 408	1 623	1 623	1 481	1 497	1 543	-	-	-	1,4%	15,3%	0,0%	-8,7%	1,1%	3,1%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	320	332	335	334	322	313	306	-	-	-	3,8%	0,9%	-0,3%	-3,6%	-2,8%	-2,2%	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	1	1	98	83	83	89	94	-	-	-	0,0%	9700,0%	-15,3%	0,0%	7,2%	5,6%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	160	156	241	258	253	309	303	-	-	-	-2,5%	54,5%	7,1%	-1,9%	22,1%	-1,9%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	10	10	28	31	33	33	29	-	-	-	0,0%	180,0%	10,7%	6,5%	0,0%	-12,1%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	897	909	921	892	790	753	811	-	-	-	1,3%	1,3%	-3,1%	-11,4%	-4,7%	7,7%	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 256	3 313	3 317	3 327	3 921	3 921	3 485	3 620	3 727	14,5%	1,8%	0,1%	0,3%	17,9%	0,0%	-11,1%	3,9%	3,0%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	441	447	465	466	502	523	511	505	495	12,2%	1,4%	4,0%	0,2%	7,7%	4,2%	-2,3%	-1,2%	-2,0%	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	19	19	18	18	396	323	259	326	338	1678,9%	0,0%	-5,3%	0,0%	2100,0%	-18,4%	-19,8%	25,9%	3,7%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	277	276	279	284	445	525	511	579	570	105,8%	-0,4%	1,1%	1,8%	56,7%	18,0%	-2,7%	13,3%	-1,6%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	24	19	13	12	24	26	20	20	21	-12,5%	-20,8%	-31,6%	-7,7%	100,0%	8,3%	-23,1%	0,0%	5,0%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	2 495	2 551	2 542	2 547	2 554	2 474	2 184	2 190	2 303	-7,7%	2,2%	-0,4%	0,2%	0,3%	-3,1%	-11,7%	0,3%	5,2%	

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									5 270	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									4 508	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									598	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									164	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 543	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									1 279	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									205	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									3 727	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									3 229	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									393	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									105	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									398	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									358	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									190	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									166	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									208	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									364	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									71	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									293	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	35 240 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	56 638 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	137 586 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	60 084 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	137 586 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	5 756	5 801	5 940	6 138	6 132	6 325	6 483	6 667	6 707	16,5%	0,8%	2,4%	3,3%	-0,1%	3,1%	2,5%	2,8%	0,6%	
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 023	5 122	5 129	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,0%	0,1%	
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 460	1 545	1 578	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,8%	2,1%	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Austria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																				
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																				
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	2 400	2 400	2 456	2 313	2 562	2 234	2 273	1 692	1 741		-27,5%	0,0%	2,3%	-5,8%	10,8%	-12,8%	1,7%	-25,6%	2,9%	
167.1.1 Total number started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

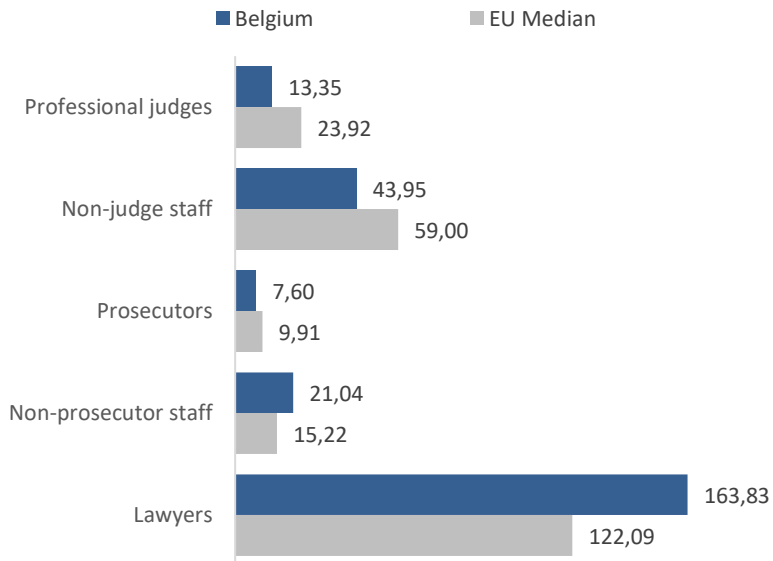
Judiciary at a glance in Belgium

General data

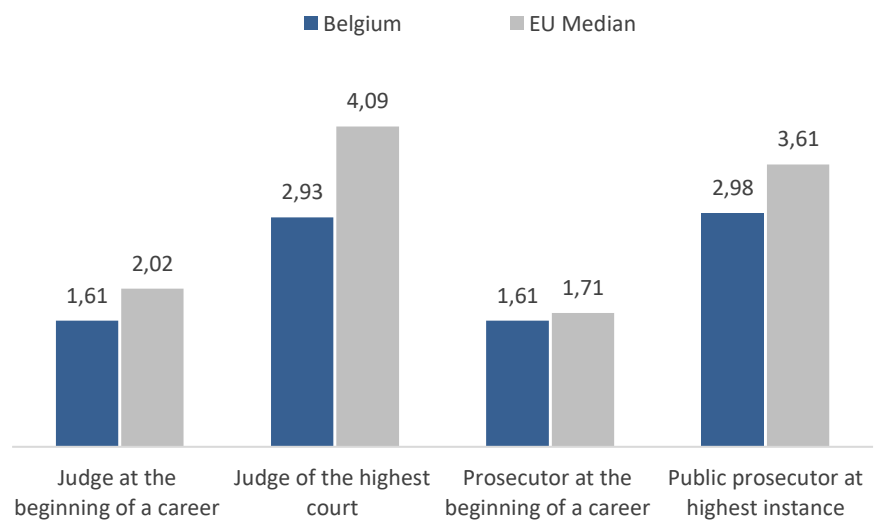
Population: 11 521 238 **GDP per capita:** 39 160 € **Average annual salary:** 41 938 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

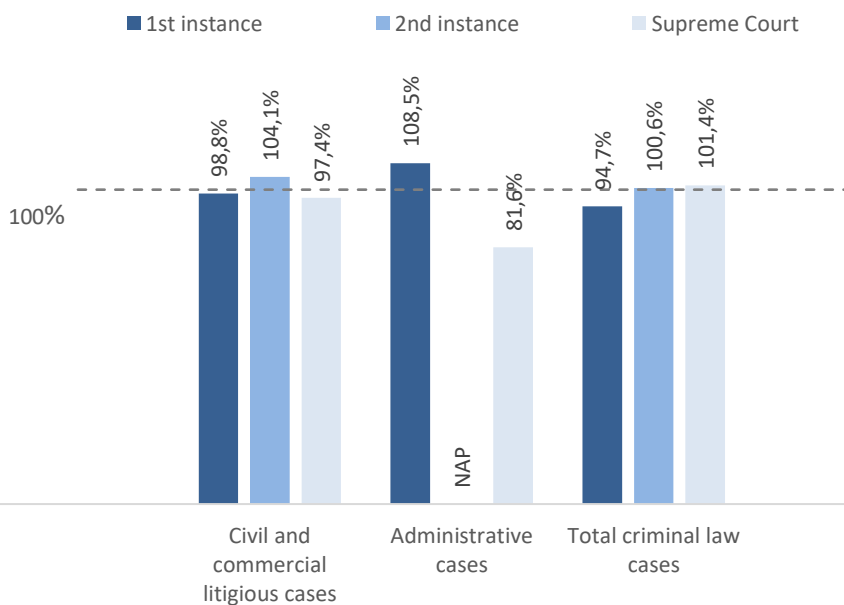


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

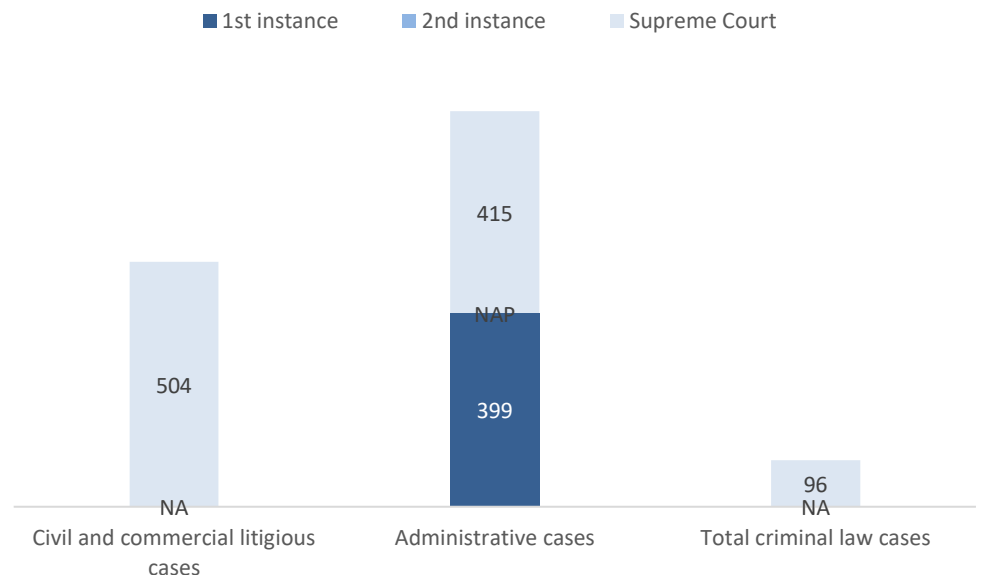


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

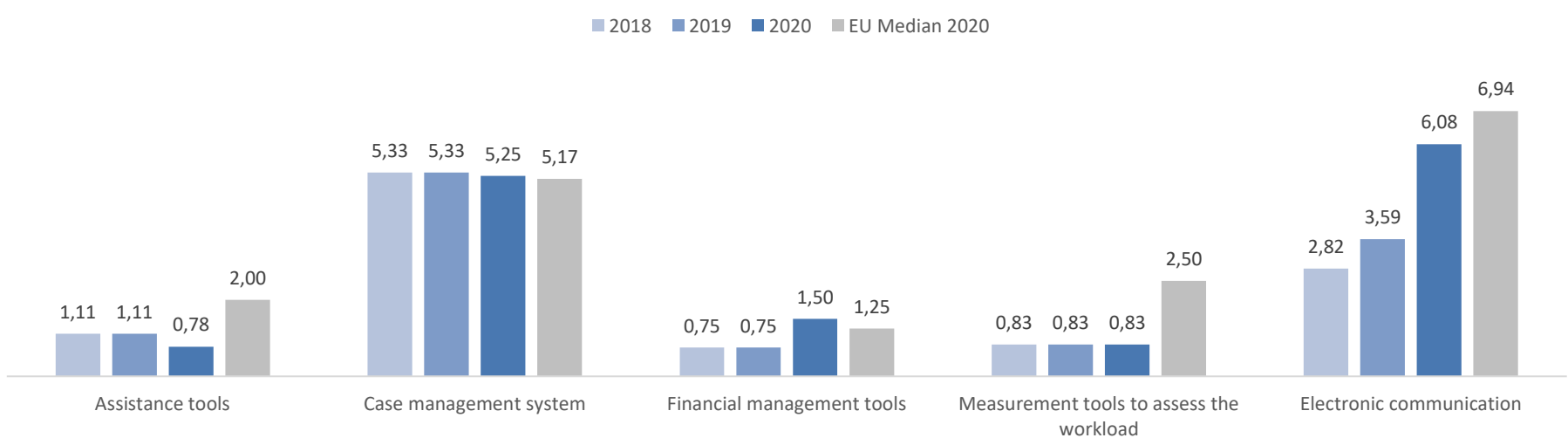


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Belgium

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	11 521 238	3,2%	1,0%	1,0%	0,5%	0,0%	0,8%
GDP per capita	34 000	34 500	36 000	36 500	37 407	38 500	39 500	41 200	39 160	15,2%	3,9%	5,6%	2,6%	4,3%	-5,0%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	40 980		41 544		41 604		43 497	44 544	41 938	2,3%	0,1%	4,6%		2,4%	-5,9%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	14,3	14,4	14,3	14,3	14,1	13,8	13,3	13,3	13,2	-7,6%	-1,1%	-5,7%	-3,2%	0,2%	-0,9%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	48,9	47,6	47,2	46,2	44,6	43,4	43,5	49,1	44,0	-10,1%	-5,4%	-2,5%	0,2%	12,9%	-10,5%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	155,3	159,6	161,8	163,3	163,7	163,5	163,2	165,4	163,8	5,5%	1,2%	-0,3%	-0,2%	1,3%	-0,9%
Mediators	10,2	10,4	12,1	12,9	12,8	15,3	18,6	21,0	22,4	120,2%	6,5%	44,5%	21,1%	13,1%	6,6%
ICT overall assesment							3,9	4,1	5,2					7,0%	24,3%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	6,828	6,689	6,716	6,815	6,423	1,886	6,712	6,134	6,063	-11,2%	-4,4%	4,5%	255,9%	-8,6%	-1,2%
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	0,2	0,200	0,172	0,174	0,146	0,149	0,151	NA	-23,3%	-15,1%	-16,4%	2,3%	1,1%
Total criminal law cases									1,659						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	98%	99%	102%	112%	112%	101%	99%	NA	4,60	10,00	0,14	-11,65	-2,04
CR administrative law cases	NA	NA	88%	117%	121%	101%	119%	112%	108%	NA	32,68	-2,07	18,09	-7,09	-3,29
CR total criminal law cases									95%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	87	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	625	444	429	497	370	418	399	NA	-31,4%	-13,6%	-25,5%	12,9%	-4,6%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	1,60	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	0,34	0,28	0,24	0,24	0,18	0,19	0,18	NA	-27,8%	-27,9%	-26,5%	8,6%	-6,4%
Total criminal law cases									NA						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			103%	105%	110%	110%	104%	110%	104%		7,30	-6,09	-6,04	6,30	-6,23
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									101%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	541	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			107%	107%	111%	102%	96%	89%	97%		4,90	-15,35	-6,37	-7,19	8,46
CR administrative law cases			113%	101%	107%	109%	81%	95%	82%		-5,60	-26,52	-28,11	14,43	-13,74
CR total criminal law cases									101%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			480	482	464	414	473	545	504		-3,4%	1,9%	14,2%	15,3%	-7,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)			148	159	176	195	316	299	415		18,6%	80,2%	62,5%	-5,4%	38,8%
DT total criminal law cases									96						

1. Judicial organisation in Belgium

At the outset, it is noteworthy highlighting that the methodology of presentation of data on number of courts changed for the current evaluation cycle. Thus, the observed variations between 2019 and 2020 do not stem from a reform of the judicial reorganization but have a methodological explanation. More precisely, for the current evaluation round (2020 data), justices of the peace and police courts are counted as courts of general jurisdiction, while in previous cycles, they were categorized as first instance specialised courts. Besides, as of 2020, the 11 assize courts are also included in the data.

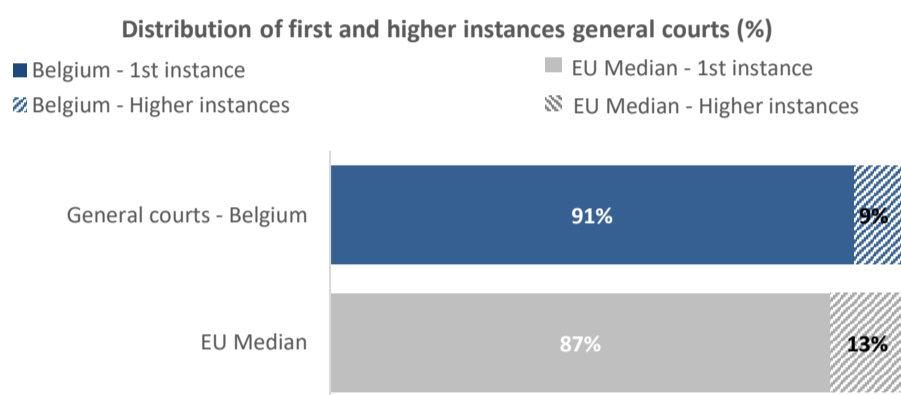
In 2020 in Belgium, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 230. Namely, there are 207 courts of general jurisdiction and 23 specialised courts.

Among the 207 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 201 intervene at first instance, namely: 13 courts of first instance, 162 justices of the peace, 11 assize courts (one per province and two in Brussels) and 15 police courts. The 13 courts of first instance as well as the 5 Appeal courts have competence at second instance. The Cassation Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction in Belgium.

Among the 23 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 23 are of first instance. However, it has to be pointed out that the Council of State (Conseil d'Etat) intervenes both in first instance and on appeal in administrative matters. It is the highest instance court in administrative matters.

In terms of geographic locations, there are 225 courts among which 218 are of first instance. Put differently, in 2020, there are 225 buildings in which all court premises are housed. In Eupen, the court of first instance combines the court of first instance, the labour court and the company court, which gives 8 for the labour and company courts (Law of 14 February 2014). It can be useful to recall that the reform of the justices of the peace, with a decrease in geographical locations, was consolidated by the law of December 25, 2017. The implementation of the reform was carried out between 2016 and 2019.

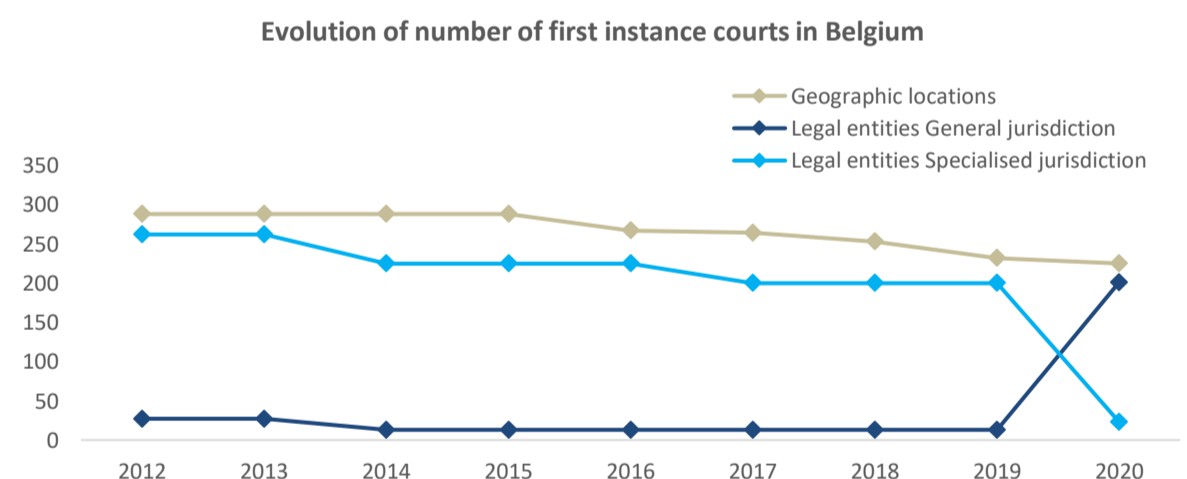
Distribution of general courts in Belgium



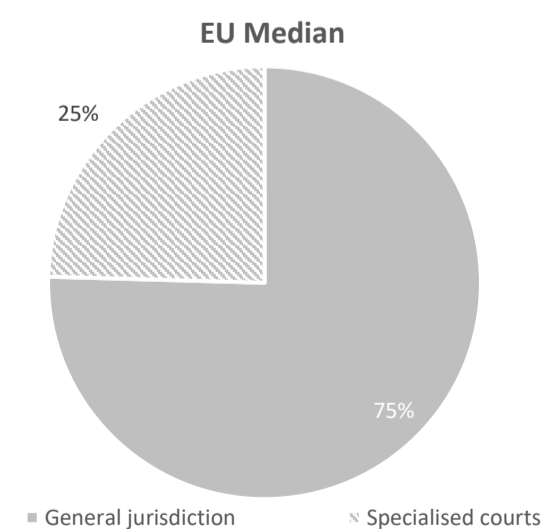
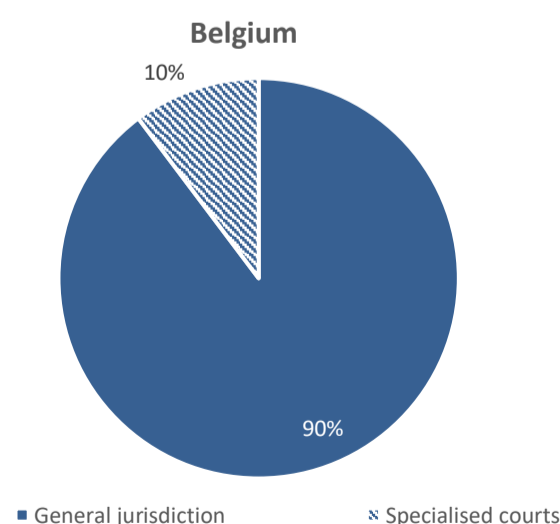
According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Belgium is somewhat different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Belgium

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	288	27	262
2013	288	27	262
2014	288	13	225
2015	288	13	225
2016	267	13	225
2017	264	13	200
2018	253	13	200
2019	232	13	200
2020	225	201	23



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 89,7% - 10,3% is somewhat different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	23	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	9	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	9	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	5	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

In Belgium, in 2020 there are 9 commercial courts, 9 labour courts and 5 administrative courts considered as first instance specialised courts.

The administrative courts are: the Council of State, the Aliens Litigation Council, Raad voor Vergunningsbetwistingen, het Milieuhandhavingscollege and Raad voor Verkiezingsbetwistingen. As mentioned above, the Council of State (Conseil d'Etat) intervenes both in first instance and on appeal in administrative matters and constitutes the Highest instance in the field of administrative law.

It should be specified that six courts of first instance have specialized enforcement chambers. The name 'enforcement court' is used, but in reality it is a specialized chamber. Moreover, all courts of first instance (13) have a specialized family and youth section. The name 'family court' is used, but in reality it is a specialized section.

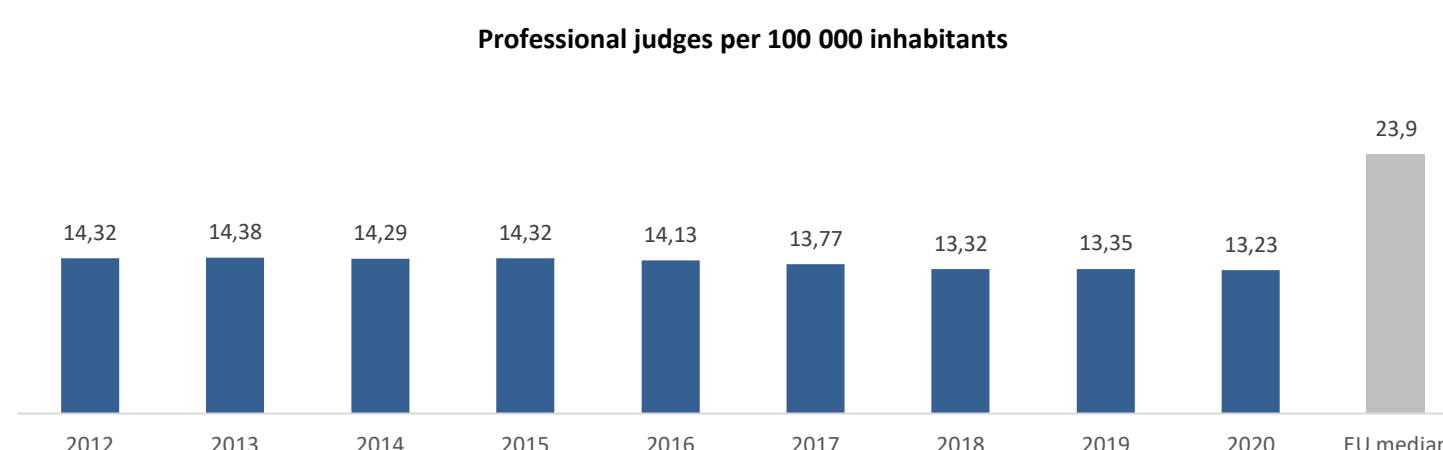
For the current evaluation round (2020 data), justices of the peace and police courts are counted as courts of general jurisdiction. In previous cycles, they were categorized as specialized courts of first instance.

2. Professionals of justice in Belgium

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 598	14,32
2013	1 604	14,38
2014	1 602	14,29
2015	1 614	14,32
2016	1 600	14,13
2017	1 566	13,77
2018	1 523	13,32
2019	1 526	13,35
2020	1 524	13,23



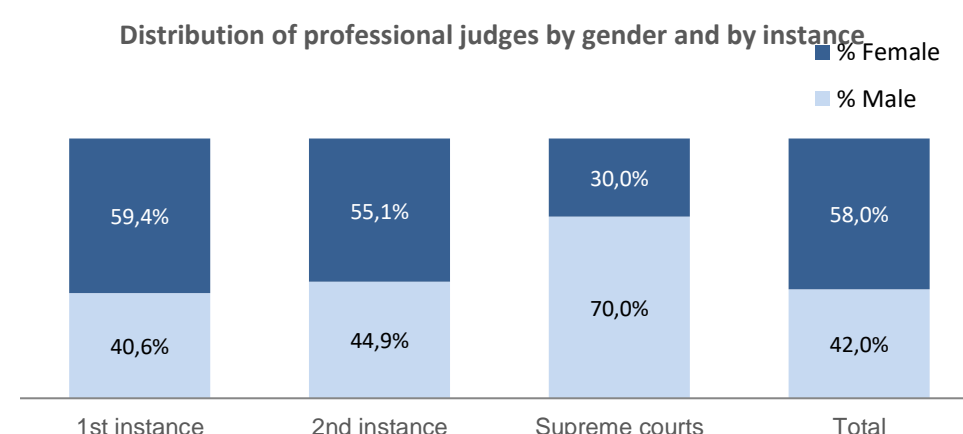
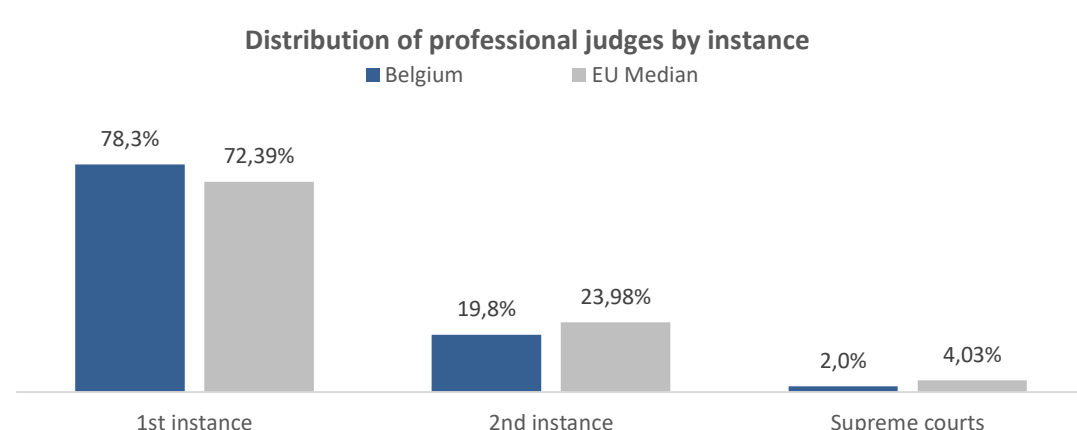
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Belgium is 1 524, which is -0,1% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Belgium, there are 13,23 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,32 non-judge staff per judge .

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,68 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 193	78,3%	484	709	40,6%	59,4%
2nd instance	301	19,8%	135	166	44,9%	55,1%
Supreme courts	30	2,0%	21	9	70,0%	30,0%
Total	1 524		640	884	42,0%	58,0%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 884, which represents 58,0% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 193 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 709 are female); 301 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 166 are female) and 30 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 9 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in Belgium is similar. The predomination of first instance judges is more pronounced, while second and third instance judges are less numerous.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that, as in previous cycles, the table contains data for civil and criminal courts. The number of judges in the Council of State is 44 members and for the Aliens Litigation Council it is 54 judges.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at third instance. There is no particular reason for the increase in the number of female second instance judges that stems from the natural evolution (more women in the first degree implies a larger base for recruitment to the appellate degree).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme courts	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

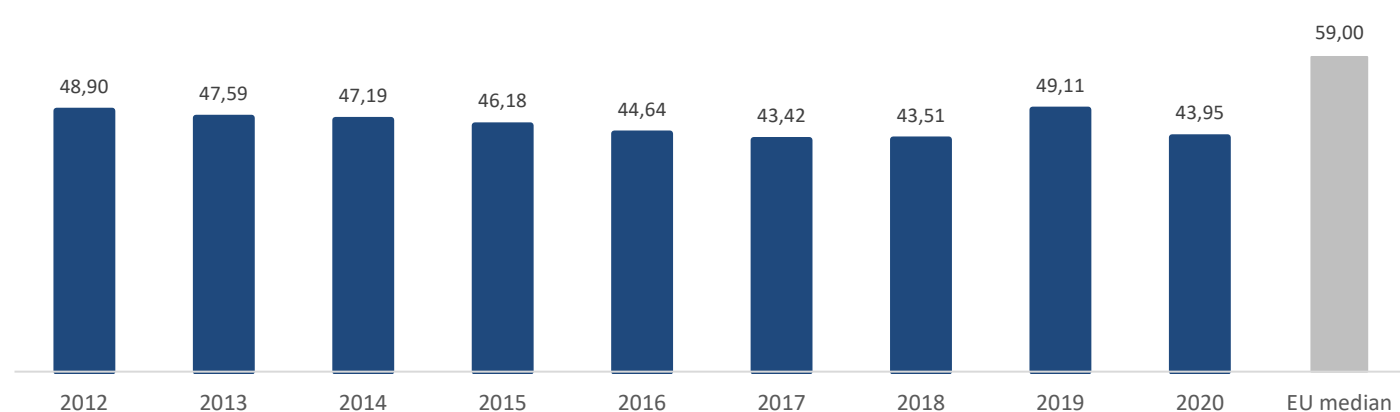
In Belgium, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is not possible.

Data by type of case are not available. Judges are appointed at the court level, and the head of the court assigns them to the different chambers of the court and allocates cases.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	5 458	5 307	5 290	5 204	5 054	4 940	4 974	5 614	5 064
Per 100 000 inhabitants	48,90	47,59	47,19	46,18	44,64	43,42	43,51	49,11	43,95

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	5 064	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	1 882	37,2%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 470	48,8%
Technical staff	713	14,1%
Other	0	0,0%

In 2020, Belgium has 5 064 non-judge staff (of which 3 839 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -9,8%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 1 882 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 1 401 are women);
- 2 470 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 1 791 are women);
- 713 technical staff (of which 647 are women);
- 0 other;

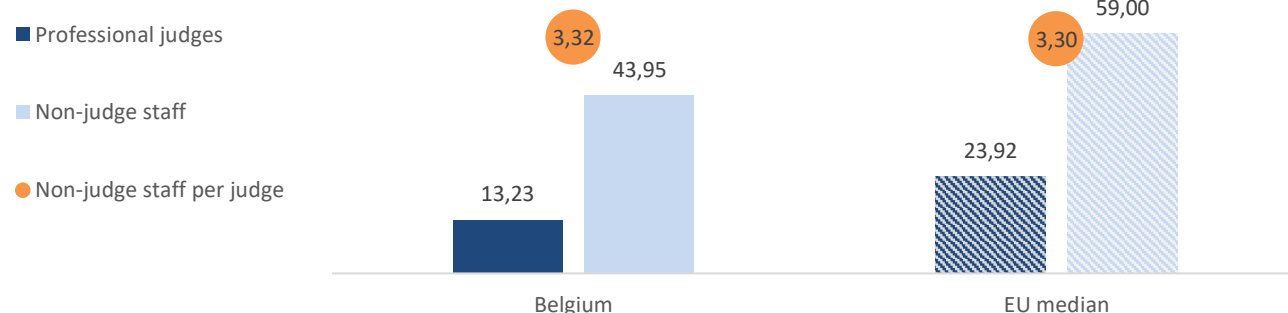
In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 49,1 in 2019 to 44,0 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 13,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 13,2 in 2020.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Belgium	EU median
Professional judges	13,23	23,92
Non-judge staff	43,95	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,32	3,30

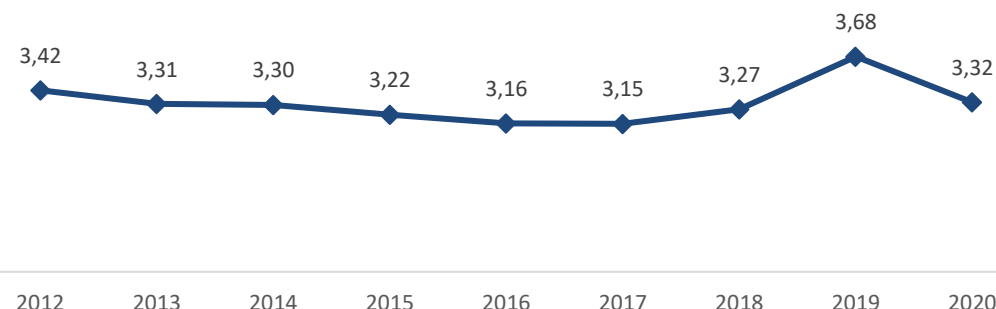
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	14,32	48,90	3,42
2013	14,38	47,59	3,31
2014	14,29	47,19	3,30
2015	14,32	46,18	3,22
2016	14,13	44,64	3,16
2017	13,77	43,42	3,15
2018	13,32	43,51	3,27
2019	13,35	49,11	3,68
2020	13,23	43,95	3,32

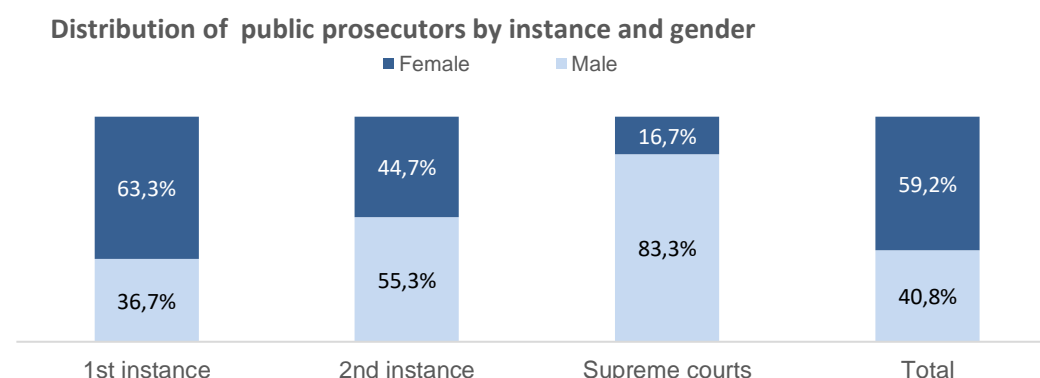
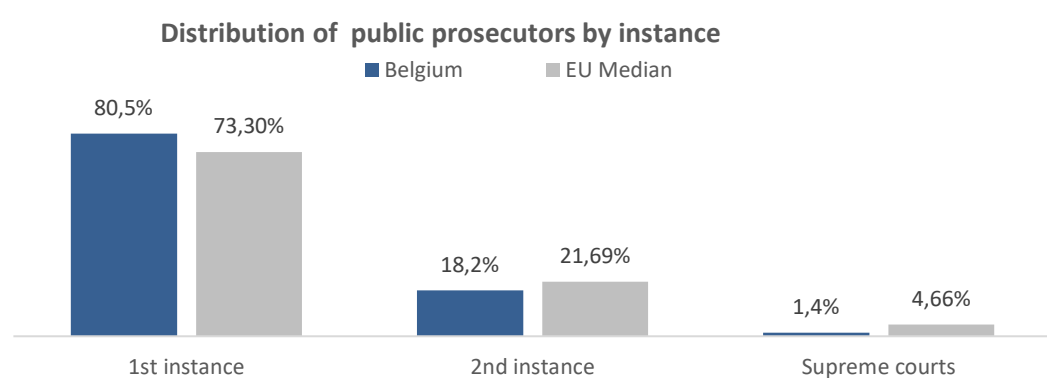
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	705	80,5%	259	446	36,7%	63,3%
2nd instance	159	18,2%	88	71	55,3%	44,7%
Supreme courts	12	1,4%	10	2	83,3%	16,7%
Total	876		357	519	40,8%	59,2%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 519, which represents 59,2% of the total number of prosecutors.

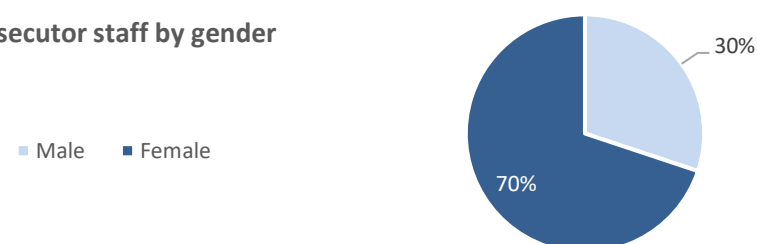
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 705 in first instance (of which 446 are female); 159 are in second instance (of which 71 are female) and 12 in final instance (of which 2 are female).

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors have the majority only at first instance.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	2 424	730	1 694

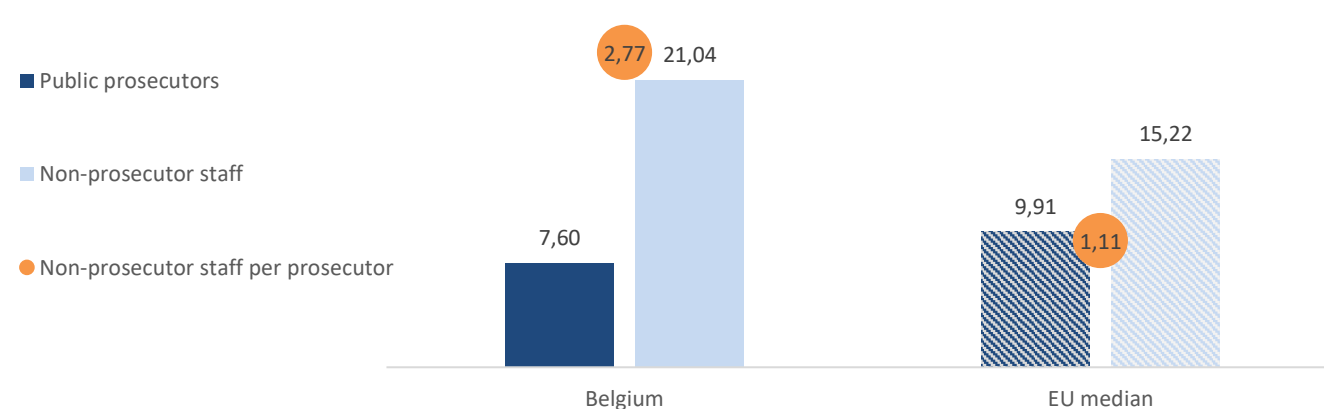
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

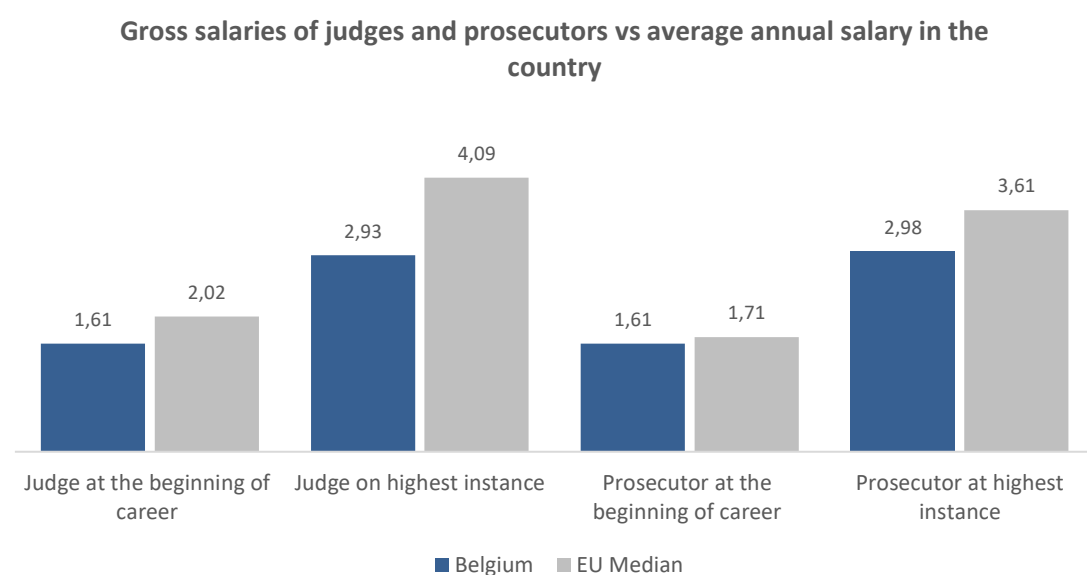
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Belgium	EU median
Public prosecutors	7,60	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	21,04	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	2,77	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

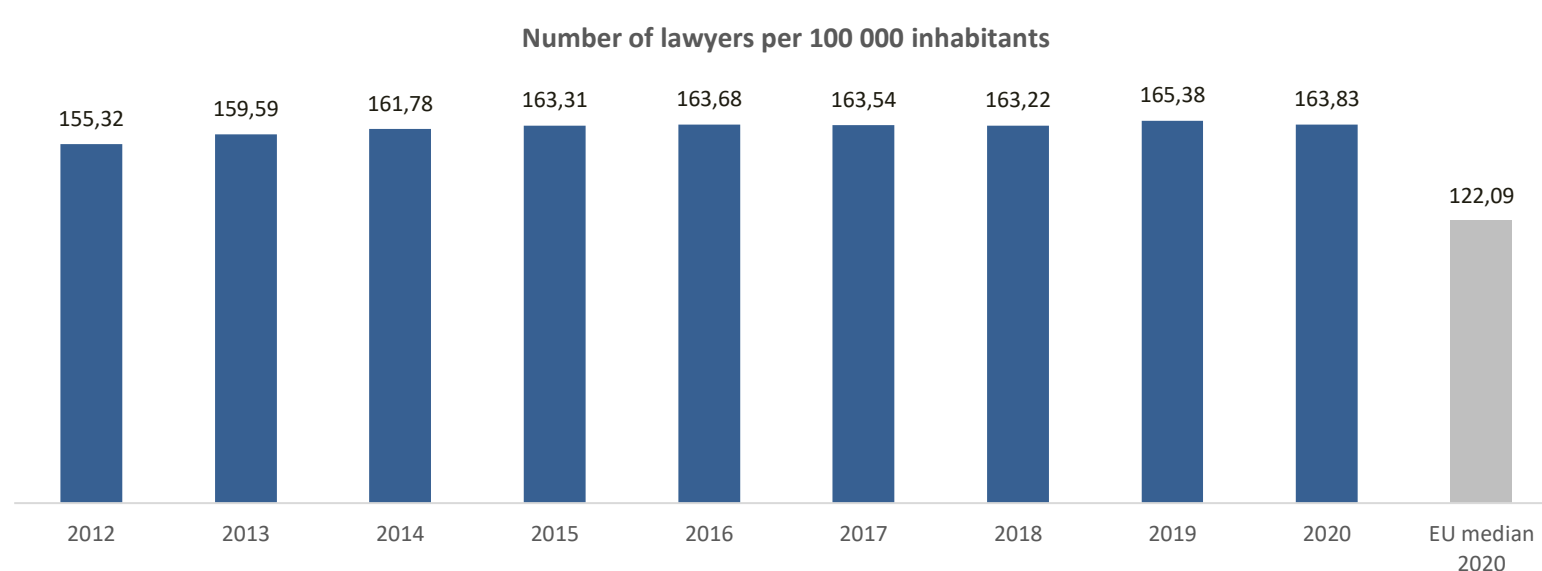
Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	67 532 €	37 714 €	1,61
Judge of the highest court	122 877 €	60 497 €	2,93
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	67 532 €	37 714 €	1,61
Public prosecutor at highest instance	125 183 €	61 489 €	2,98



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Belgium of 67 532€ is quite above when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 1,61 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	17 336	155,32
2013	17 795	159,59
2014	18 134	161,78
2015	18 402	163,31
2016	18 532	163,68
2017	18 604	163,54
2018	18 658	163,22
2019	18 905	165,38
2020	18 875	163,83



In 2020, there are 18 875 lawyers, which is -0,2% less than in 2019.

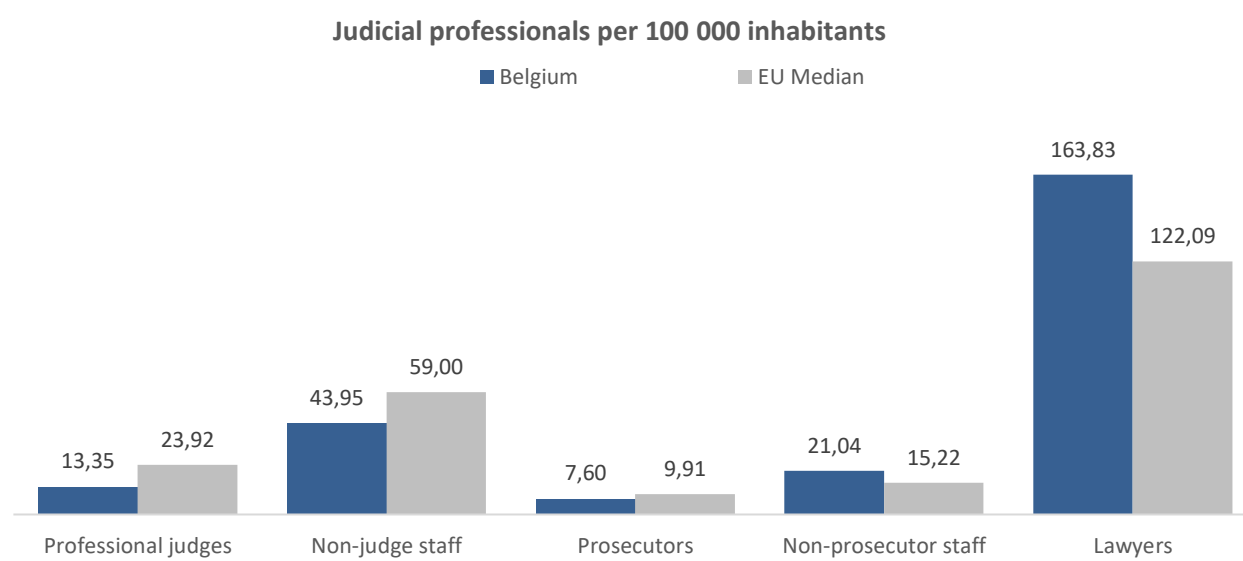
Belgium has 163,8 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The total of 18 875 lawyers encompasses: 8 160 lawyers for the Order of the French- and German-speaking Bars and 10715 for the Orde van Vlaamse Balies (Order of the Flemish Bars). According to a recent study (2020), in December 2019, 64.8% of trainee lawyers were women. On the other hand, 57.6% of the lawyers on the roll (who have completed the traineeship) were men. However, if these percentages are compared with those in previous similar studies, it must be concluded that the legal profession in Belgium is becoming more female.

Judicial professionals (summary)

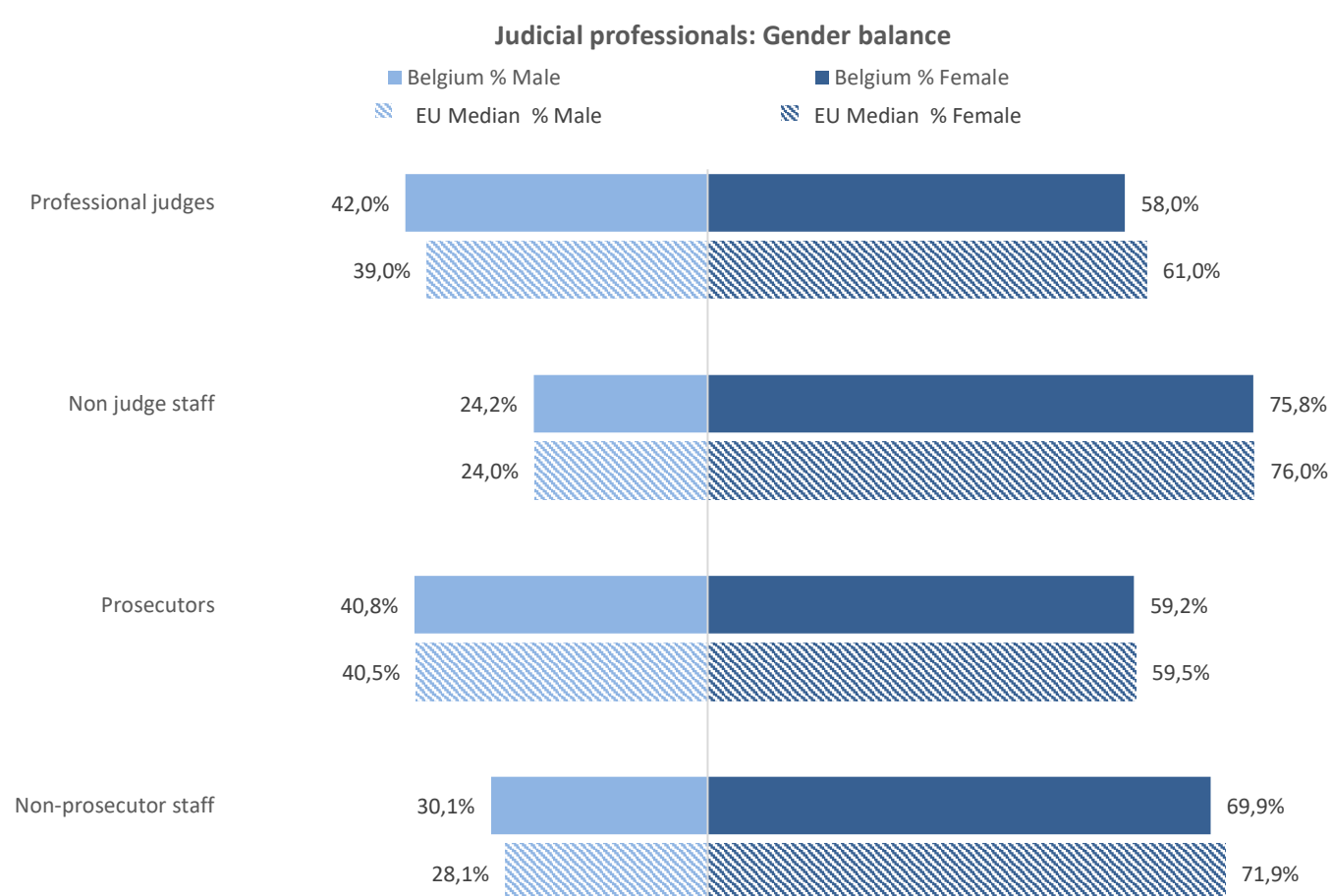
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 526	13,35	23,92
Non-judge staff	5 064	43,95	59,00
Prosecutors	876	7,60	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	2 424	21,04	15,22
Lawyers	18 875	163,83	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	42,0%	58,0%
Non judge staff	24,2%	75,8%
Prosecutors	40,8%	59,2%
Non-prosecutor staff	30,1%	69,9%
Lawyers	NA	NA



3. Legal aid and court fees in Belgium

In Belgium, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✔
- Exemption from court fees: ✘

In Belgium, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

In Belgium there are three types of legal aid: first-line legal aid, second-line legal aid and legal assistance.

First-line legal aid consists of practical information, legal information, a first legal opinion or referral to a specialised body (Article 508/1 of the Judicial Code).

Second-line legal aid implies legal aid provided to a natural person in the form of detailed legal advice or legal assistance in or out of court or assistance in court proceedings including legal representation.

Legal assistance consists of exempting, in whole or in part, those who do not have the necessary income to meet the costs of a procedure, from paying the related costs, which will therefore be covered by the State budget (Article 664 of the Judicial Code). Legal assistance can be obtained in civil or criminal matters and in any proceedings (civil, criminal, administrative or arbitral).

According to article 665 (2) of the Belgian Judicial Code, legal aid covers acts relating to the execution of judgments.

As mentioned above, legal aid, namely legal assistance, consists in exempting, in whole or in part, those who do not have the necessary means of existence to meet the costs of a procedure, even an extrajudicial one, from paying the various fees, registration, clerk's office and dispatch fees and other costs that it entails. It also ensures that the interested parties benefit from the free services of public and ministerial officers. It also allows the interested parties to benefit from the free assistance of a technical adviser during judicial expertise. According to Article 665 (2) of the Belgian Judicial Code, legal aid is applicable to acts relating to the enforcement of judgments and decisions.

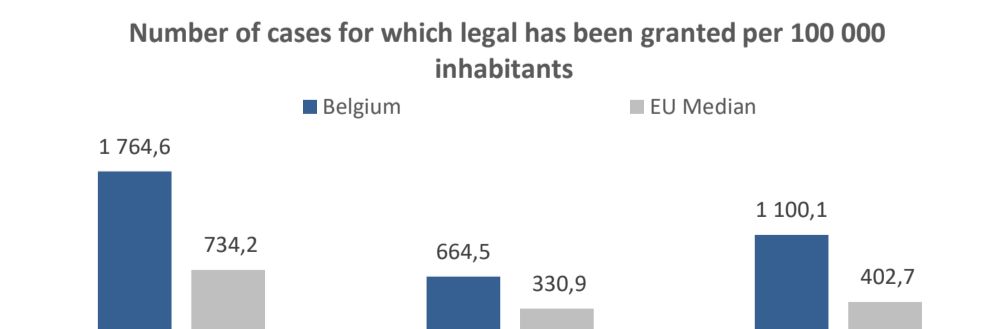
More precisely, legal aid is applicable:

- 1° to all acts relating to claims to be brought or pending before a judge of the civil, criminal or administrative order or before arbitrators;
- 2° to acts relating to the execution of judgments and decisions;
- 3° proceedings on request;
- 4° to procedural acts that fall within the competence of a member of the civil and criminal order or require the intervention of a public or ministerial officer
- 5° to mediation procedures, extrajudicial or judicial, conducted by a certified mediator
- 6° to all extrajudicial procedures imposed by law or the judge
- 7° for the enforcement of authentic instruments in another Member State of the European Union within the framework of Article 11 of Council Directive 2003/8/EC of 27 January 2003 to improve access to justice in cross-border disputes by establishing minimum common rules relating to legal aid for such disputes, under the conditions defined by this Directive
- 8° to the assistance of a technical adviser in the case of judicial expertise.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	203 305	NA	NA
In criminal cases	76 561	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	126 744	NA	NA

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Belgium	EU Median
Total	1 764,6	734,2
In criminal cases	664,5	330,9
In other than criminal cases	1 100,1	402,7



Total

In criminal cases

In other than criminal cases

For second-line legal aid, the number of cases closed for the year 2019-2020 amounts to 203,305. The figures for the 2018-2019 year were 196,840. For the year 2019-2020, the number of cases closed in criminal matters is 76,561 and 126,744 for other matters. Regarding "legal assistance", it can be noted that the figure of 16,266 corresponds to cases brought before the following courts: court of first instance (civil and family sections), company court and labor court, court of appeal, criminal section (in criminal matters), and court of appeal, civil section, and labor court (in other than criminal matters). The number of closed cases for which legal assistance was granted is included in the figures each time.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NA
- Actual average duration: NA

The data is not available.

4. Performance of courts in Belgium

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

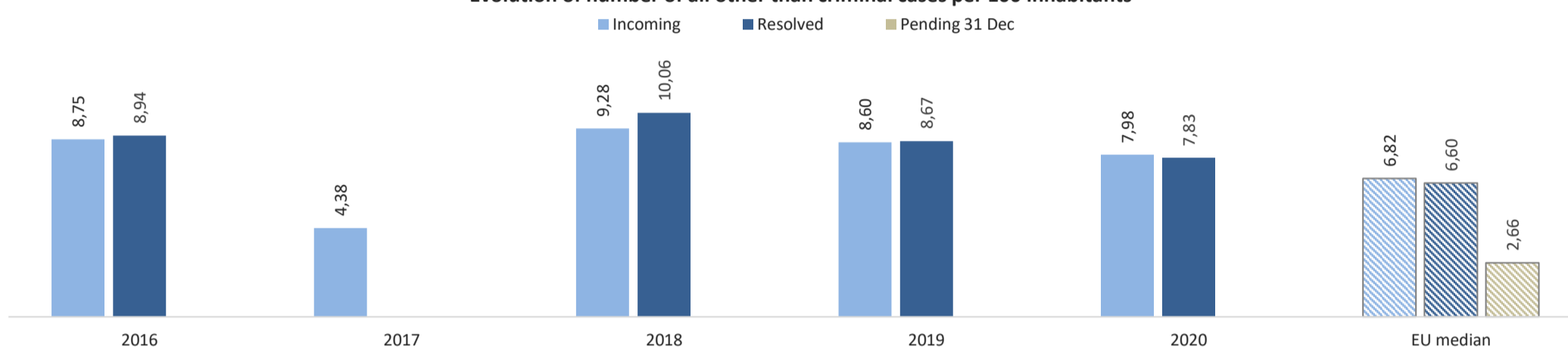
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



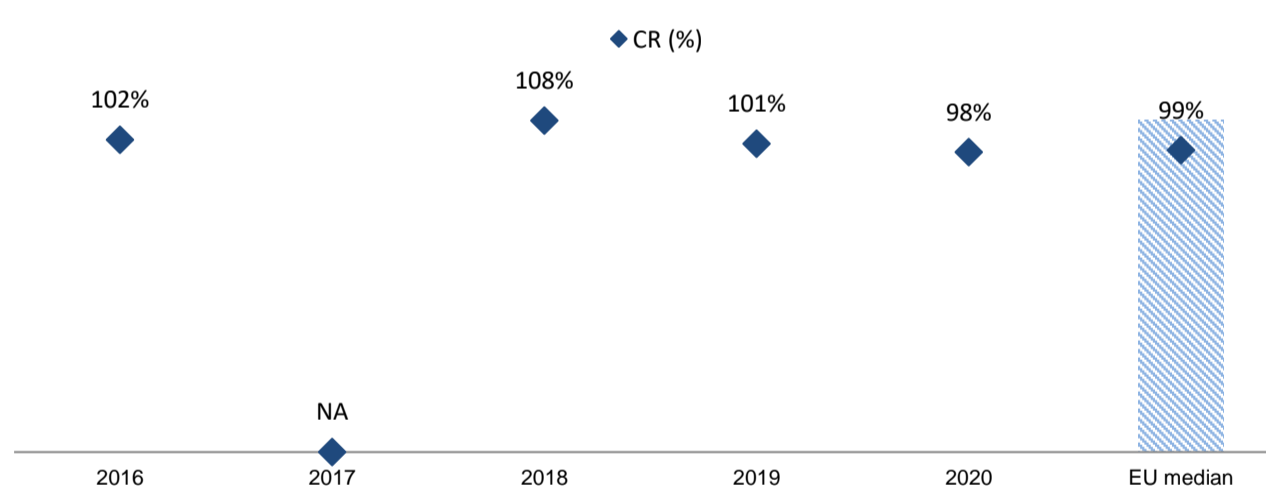
The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Belgium (7,98 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Belgium (7,83 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	102%	NA
2017	NA	NA
2018	108%	NA
2019	101%	NA
2020	98%	NA

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,1% in 2020 Belgium seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

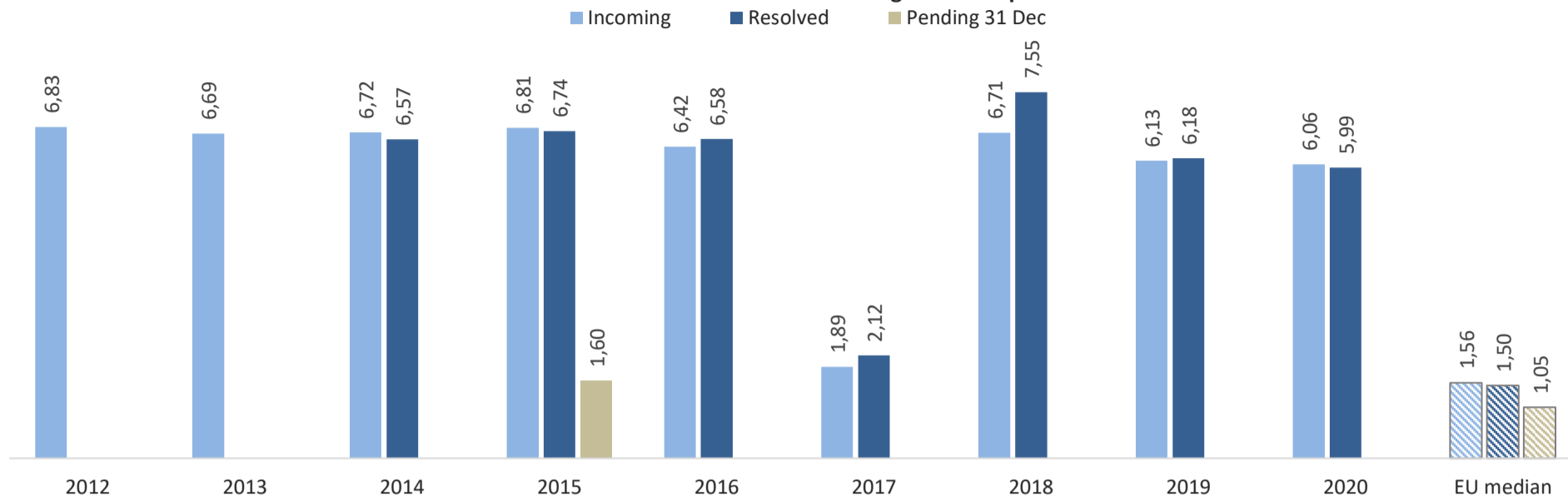
Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,7 points.

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated given that the data on pending cases for Belgium is not available.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Belgium (6,06 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

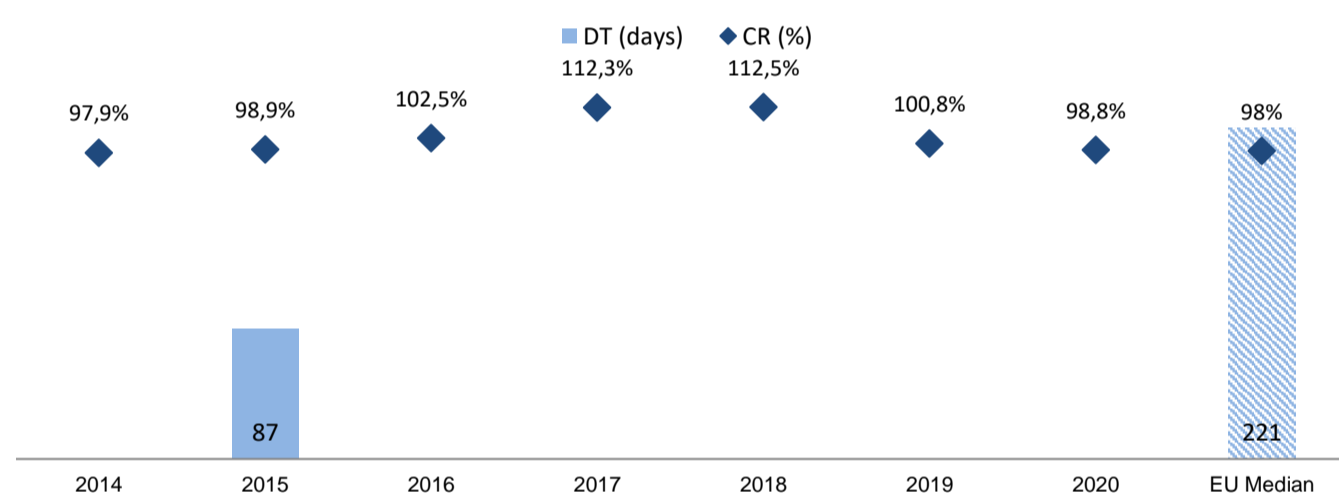
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Belgium (5,99 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The data on pending civil litigious cases for Belgium is not available. In fact, civil, family and youth courts are not able to provide data for pending cases. Similarly, in the commercial courts, pending and resolved cases cannot be counted for bankruptcies because of a too low degree of reliability.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	97,9%	NA
2015	98,9%	87
2016	102,5%	NA
2017	112,3%	NA
2018	112,5%	NA
2019	100,8%	NA
2020	98,8%	NA

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,8% in 2020, Belgium seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,0 points.

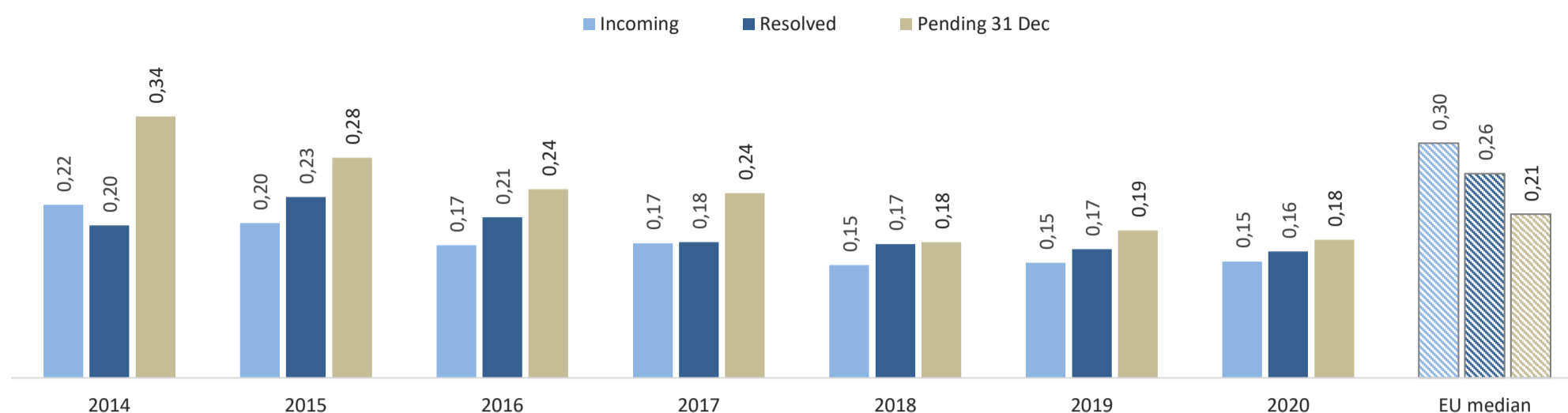
The Disposition Time of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Belgium (0,15 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

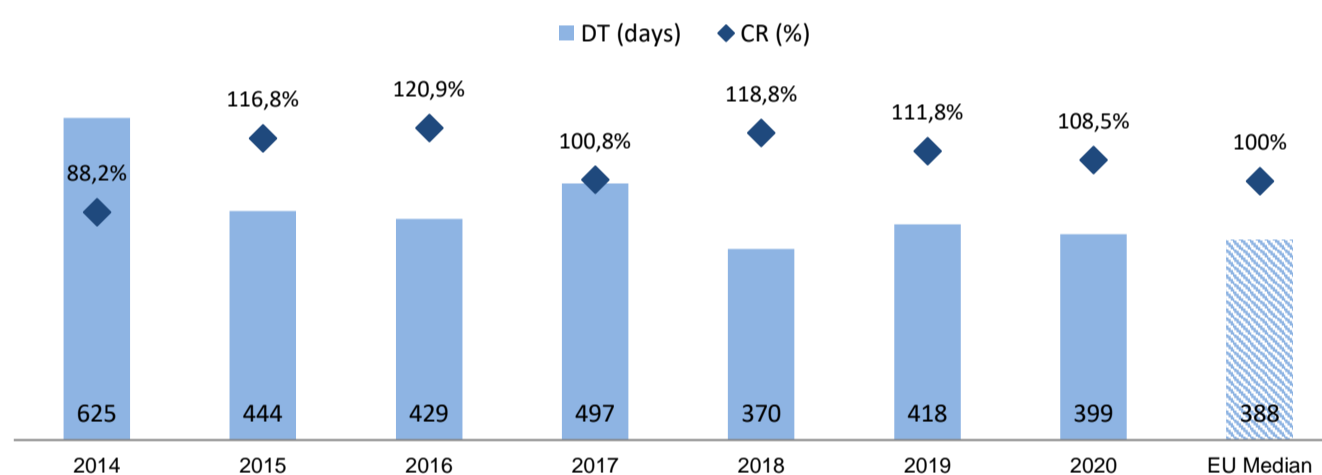
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Belgium (0,16 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Belgium (0,18 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	88,2%	625
2015	116,8%	444
2016	120,9%	429
2017	100,8%	497
2018	118,8%	370
2019	111,8%	418
2020	108,5%	399

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 108,5% in 2020, Belgium seems to deal efficiently with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -3,3 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 399 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 388 days.

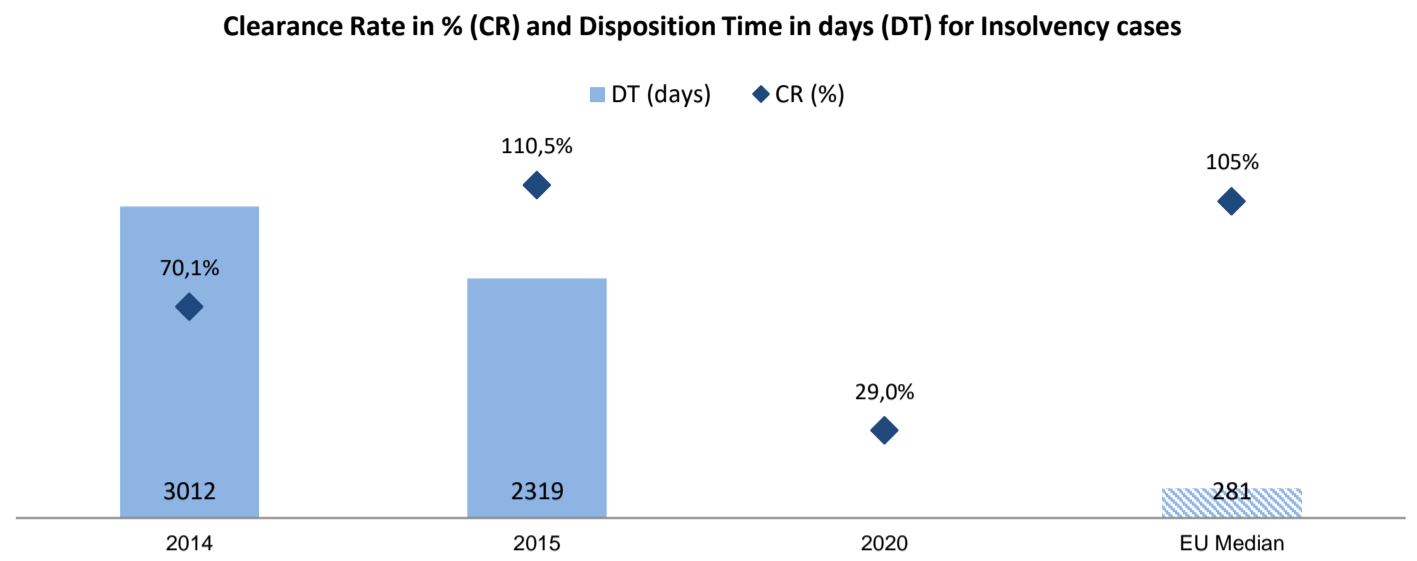
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -4,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Belgium, there are 1 489 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 7,2% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

The administrative cases are those of the Council of State in the first instance, the Aliens Litigation Council and the Flemish administrative courts Raad voor Vergunningsbetwistingen, het Milieuhandhavingscollege and Raad voor Verkiezingsbetwistingen.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	70,1%	3012
2015	110,5%	2319
2016	NA	NA
2017	NA	NA
2018	NA	NA
2019	NA	NA
2020	29,0%	NA



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 29,0% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Belgium seems to have faced serious difficulties to deal with its insolvency cases.

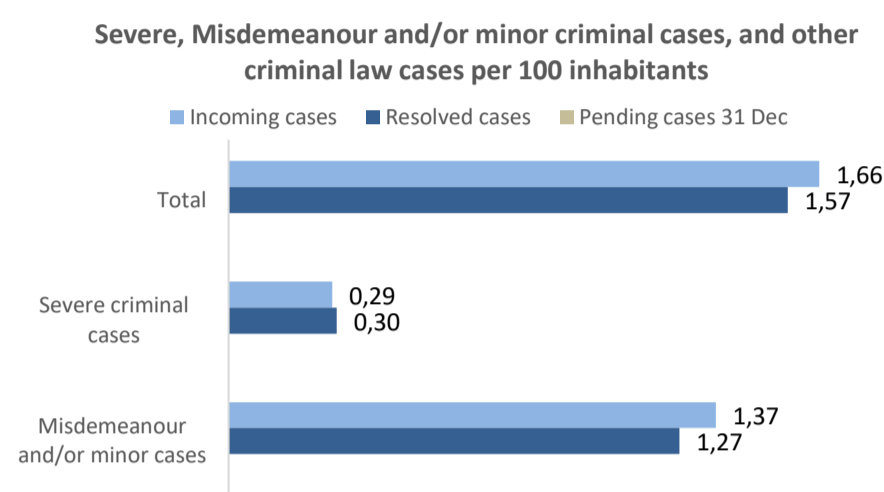
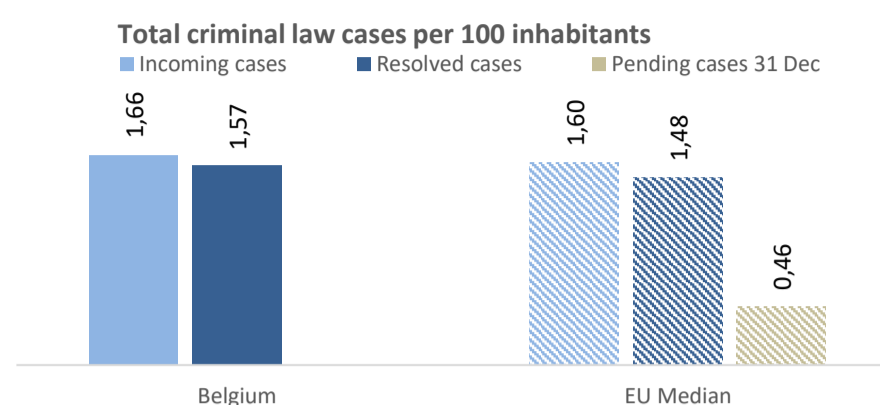
The exceptional circumstances created by the covid-19 pandemic explain the difficulties encountered by courts in dealing with cases in 2020.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	191 132	180 946	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	33 531	35 035	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	157 601	145 911	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	1,66	1,57	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	0,29	0,30	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	1,37	1,27	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



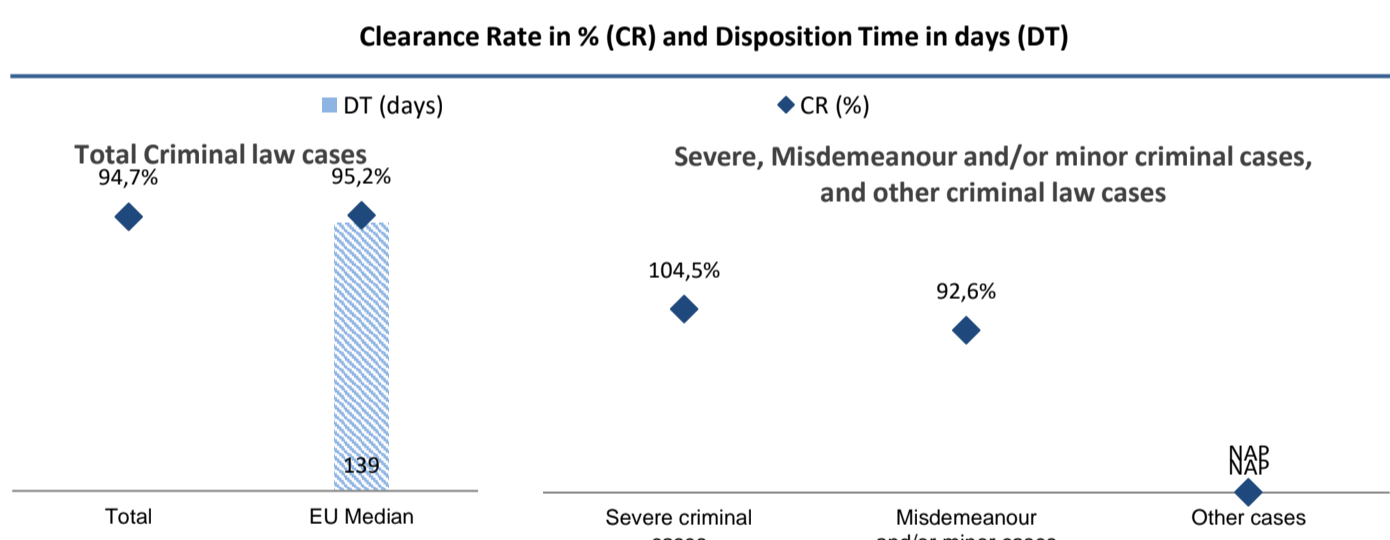
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Belgium (1,66 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Belgium (1,57 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Belgium is not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	94,7%	NA
Severe criminal cases	104,5%	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	92,6%	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 94,7% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Belgium seems facing difficulties in dealing with its total criminal cases.

The Disposition Time for criminal law cases cannot be calculated, given that data on pending first instance criminal cases is not available.

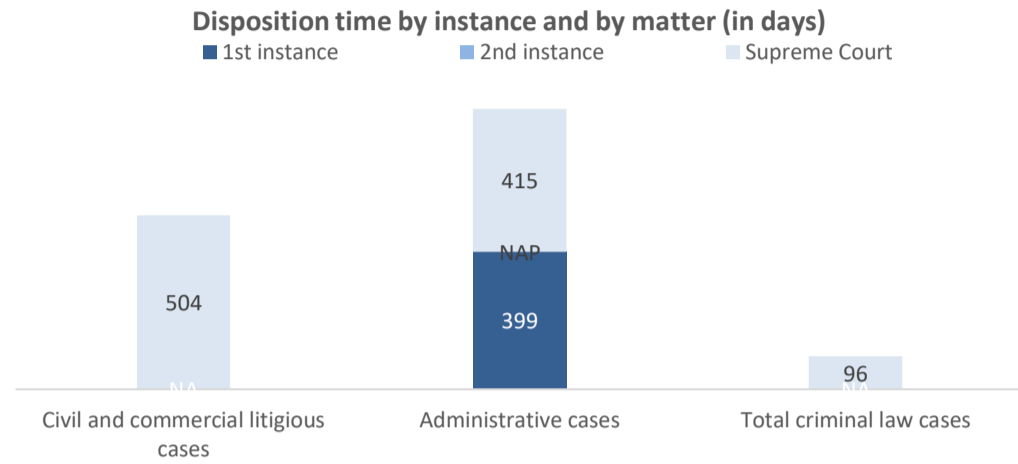
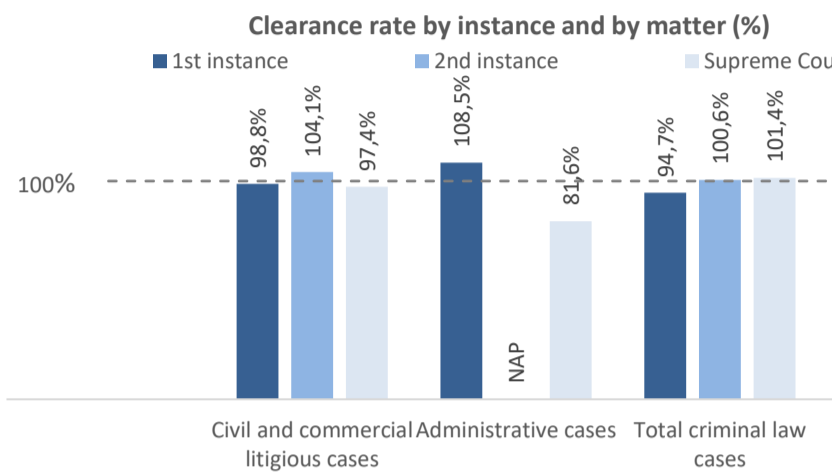
Are considered as serious offences all cases that are dealt with in the first instance by the correctional courts of first instance. Minor offences are all cases that are dealt with by the police court.

It should be noted that figures for homicide have not been included as the Belgian statistics include cases of attempted homicide and (attempted) manslaughter (including attempted and manslaughter). Similarly, cases involving child pornography, sexual abuse, or minors cannot be uniquely identified in the general category of sexual offenses. In camera (council chamber) cases are not included.

As in other legal matters, the health crisis has had an impact on the numbers of criminal cases in 2020.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	98,8%	104,1%	97,4%	NA	NA	504
Administrative cases	108,5%	NAP	81,6%	399	NAP	415
Total criminal law cases	94,7%	100,6%	101,4%	NA	NA	96



Generally speaking, in 2020 the number of incoming cases decreased before the Belgian courts, as well as the number of resolved cases, due to the pandemic that affected courts' operation.

In terms of Clearance Rate, this situation had a more pronounced negative impact on first instance criminal courts and the Highest courts, namely the Cassation Court in civil matters and the Council of State in administrative matters. More precisely, in respect of the Council of State it should be indicated that in 2020, the number of incoming administrative cases increased compared to 2019. However, due to the exceptional circumstances caused by COVID, the State Council could not keep up with the flow of cases and even though the number of resolved cases increased compared to 2019, the number of pending cases at the end of 2020 increased.

As to the Disposition Time indicator, in civil and criminal matters it can be calculated only in respect of the Cassation Court. The latter proved to be more prompt in criminal matters for which the Disposition Time is below the EU median of 120 days. By contrast, in civil matters, the Disposition Time of the Cassation Court is significantly above the EU median of 224 days. In administrative matters, the Disposition Time indicator is slightly above the EU median of 388 days at first instance and meaningfully above the EU median of 281 days with regard to the highest instance.

5. Public prosecution services in Belgium

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Belgium has the following 10 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

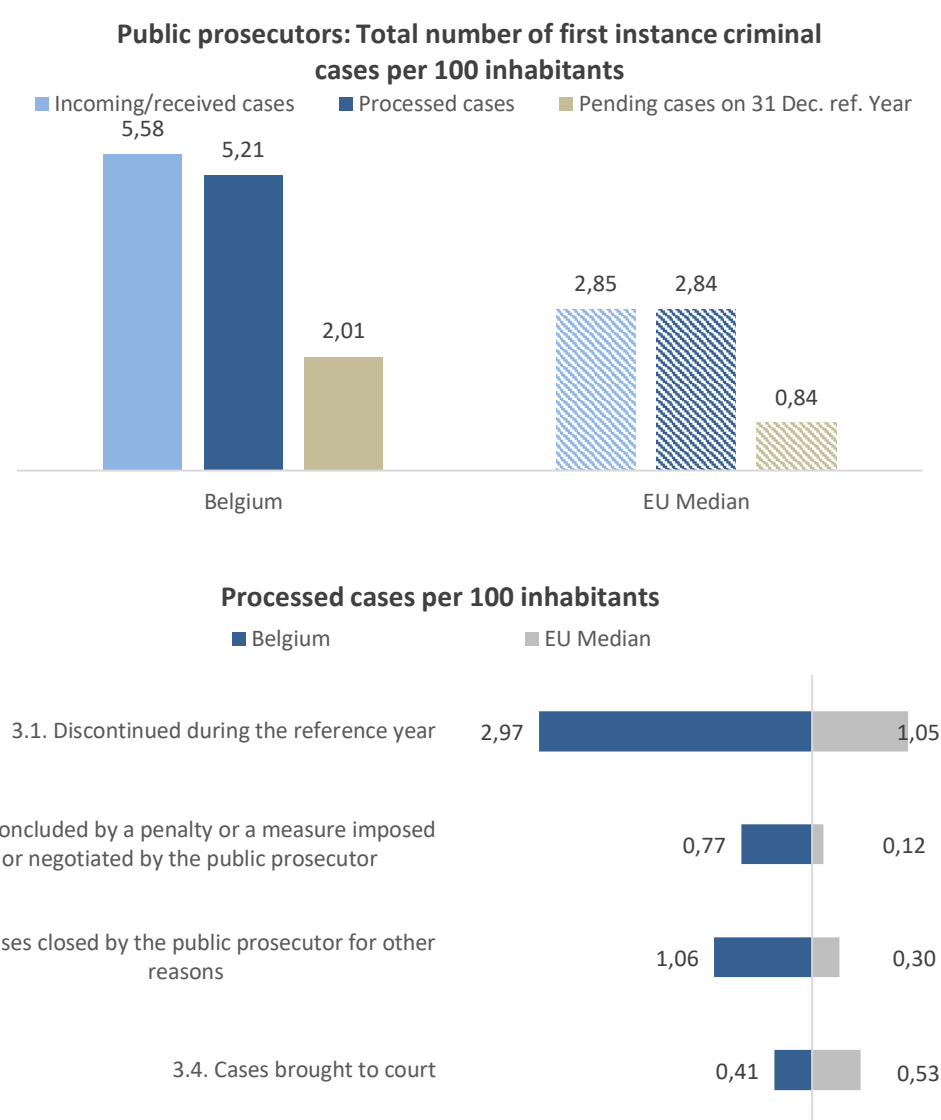
To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil and insolvency cases.

Namely, public prosecutors intervene in family matters, status of persons, service in bankruptcy.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	189 151	1,64
2. Incoming/received cases	642 678	5,58
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	600 531	5,21
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	342 062	2,97
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	73 555	0,64
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	144 393	1,25
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	124 082	1,08
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	32	0,00
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	88 614	0,77
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	122 581	1,06
3.4. Cases brought to court	47 274	0,41
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	231 298	2,01



Since the reform of the judicial map that came into effect on April 1, 2014, our country has 15 "first degree" public prosecutors' offices (14 public prosecutors' offices + federal prosecutor's office). The data of the federal prosecutor's office are not included here.

The data only concern correctional offenses committed by persons of legal age and persons who are not (yet) identified. Proceedings against minors are handled by the youth section of the public prosecutor's office.

The unit of account is a criminal case: a case can imply none, one or more defendants and/or one or more offences.

Dismissals for 'other reasons' refer only to cases in which it was possible to determine in the database that they had been closed by a dismissal for which the reason was not entered or was not correctly registered. In fact, when the reason is correctly recorded, the case is then entered under headings 3.1.1, 3.1.2 or 3.1.3. Therefore, the 'other reasons' heading is for 'unknown reasons' and therefore does not include 'special' reasons.

Useful notes for the interpretation of the data:

Of the 88,614 cases that ended with a sanction or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor 48,205 cases were closed following the payment of a penal transaction, - 22,091 cases were closed following an administrative sanction; 15,969 cases were closed as a result of pre-trial probation; 2,308 cases were closed following a successful criminal mediation procedure; 41 cases were closed after referral to the head of the corps.

Of the 122,581 cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons:

-6,249 cases in which the suspect is the subject of an alert. Once the suspect has been discovered, the case can be reopened;

-40,748 cases that were referred for disposition. A case that has been sent for disposal is a closed case for the prosecutor's office (its division) that made the decision. The recipient of this case will open a new case and start the judicial investigation.

- 75,584 cases were joined. If one or more cases are joined to a parent case, all subsequent decisions are registered in the parent case. The daughter case receives the joinder decision.

In order to count the number of cases brought before the courts (47,274 cases), in contrast to previous years, we counted on the one hand all cases that were closed as a result of a direct summons (33,105 cases) and on the other hand all cases that were closed as a result of a first fixation before the council chamber within the framework of the settlement of the proceedings (14,169 cases). In fact, all these cases are also counted as cases closed by the public prosecutor's office in the annual statistics of the public prosecutor's office.

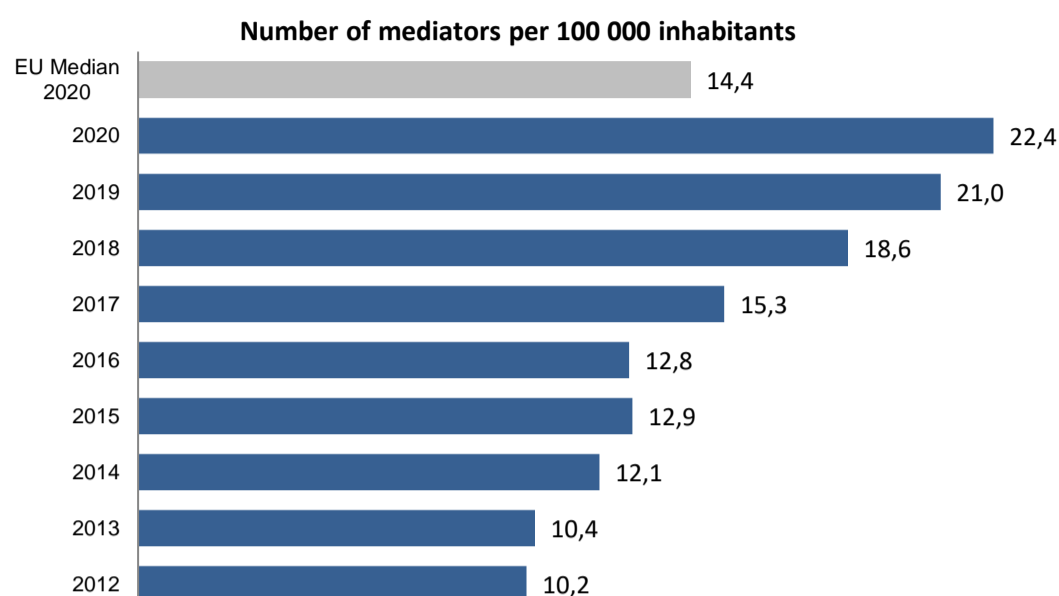
The numbers of new, closed and pending cases have all increased for the same reason, namely the health crisis in 2020. The government took measures to combat this crisis, including several periods of lockdown. The Public Prosecutor's Office was responsible for taking criminal action against non-compliance with these measures, which explains the sharp increase in the number of new cases and the fact that, at the same time, the flow of other types of cases did not decrease in the same proportions. As the inflow increased significantly, the number of pending cases also increased.

The increase in the "concluded by a penalty" and "brought to court" headings is also related to the health crisis. The primary response to a COVID-19 non-compliance violation was a settlement (recorded under "concluded by a penalty"). In the case of non-payment of the settlement, repeat offenses, or serious violations of these measures, the criminal policy was to bring the case to court, given the importance of compliance with these measures. About half of the increase in court cases is due to the new methodology. The other half is explained by citations in health crisis cases, as explained above.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Belgium

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1134	10,2
2013	1157	10,4
2014	1352	12,1
2015	1457	12,9
2016	1454	12,8
2017	1744	15,3
2018	2122	18,6
2019	2399	21,0
2020	2577	22,4



In 2020, there are 2 577 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 22,4 accredited or registered mediators per 100

The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about 7,4%.

On 31/12/2020, 2577 mediators were accredited by the Federal Mediation Commission (CFM) and more than 3400 accreditations were made by the same CFM (some mediators have several accreditations in family, civil and commercial, social and administrative matters).

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

In Belgium, no statistics are carried out on the number of mediations per year.

7. ICT tools of courts in Belgium

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	5,2	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	0,8	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	5,3	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	1,5	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	0,8	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	6,1	6,9

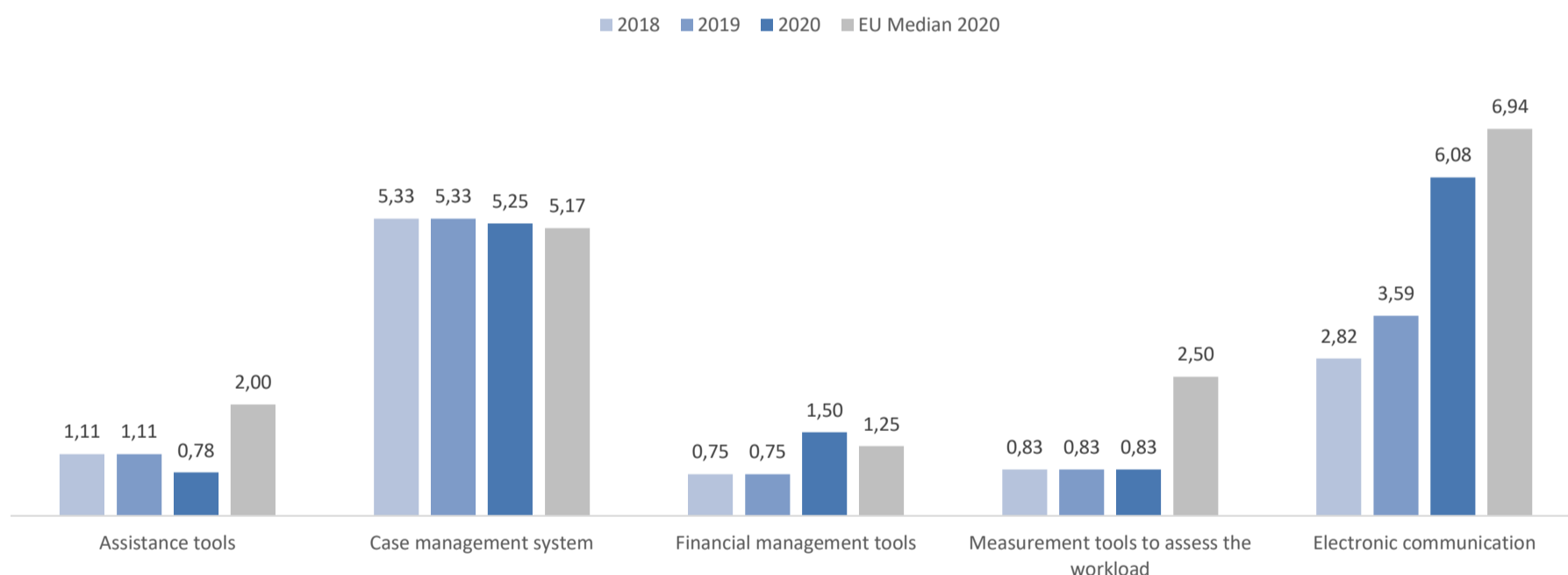
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Comments on writing assistance tools

For civil and/or commercial and criminal matters: local modification of the models is always possible. As regards the Council of State (the highest administrative court in the country), administrative matters:

1. For each type of procedure, there are templates of judgments which include certain standardized paragraphs. This standardization concerns in particular the part relating to the course of the procedure. A constant work of harmonization is carried out under the impulse of the First President and with the help of the Chief Clerk.

Some documents are now generated automatically on the basis of information taken from our internal databases (e.g. setting orders and hearing tables).

However, there are no "judgment drafting tools" as such.

2. It should be noted that, following an evolution initiated in 2007, the judgments of the Council of State are - since 2017 - all written in direct style. This generalization of the direct style has made it possible to ensure greater uniformity in the presentation of judgments.

3. Judges of the Belgian Council of State have many tools at their disposal:

- legal databases are maintained internally and made available to the public as well (Juridict www.juridict.be , refLex www.reflex.be , etc.);
- access is provided to private, paying legal databases (StradaLex www.stradalex.be , Jurisquare www.jurisquare.be , etc.);
- an intranet managed by the Council of State also centralizes all documents produced by the Council of State (judgments, orders, reports, etc.). It is called Documap.

- The website of the Council of State also offers numerous search possibilities www.raadvst-consetat.be.

Comments on CMS

For the Council of State (administrative matters):

1. All files validly introduced before the Council of State are enrolled (= a roll number is assigned) and encoded in a database called Proadmin+. It is important to specify that this is an internal database to which the parties do not have access. This database contains all the information relating to a given case: date of registration, names of the parties, type of procedure, type of dispute, stage of the procedure, contested act, addresses of the lawyers, calculation of the time limits for introducing the various procedural acts, location of the case within the Council of State, etc.
2. Although this was not its original purpose, Proadmin+ is increasingly becoming a tool for compiling statistics on the activity of the Administrative Litigation section of the Council of State.
3. This tool also allows for monitoring in certain circumstances. Control mechanisms are also put in place to automatically detect cases that remain, for example, for a long time at the stage of "deliberation" proceedings. The average processing time of cases is also monitored in this way. Other monitoring possibilities could be implemented in the future.

Comments on communication tools

For civil and/or commercial matters: the possibility exists but cannot be quantified.

For the Council of State (administrative matters) : since February 1, 2014, appeals to the Council of State can be filed electronically, according to the procedure organized by the Royal Decree of January 13, 2014 'amending the Decree of the Regent of August 23, 1948 determining the procedure before the Administrative Litigation Section of the Council of State, the Royal Decree of December 5, 1991 determining the summary procedure before the Council of State and the Royal Decree of November 30, 2006 determining the cassation procedure before the Council of State, with a view to introducing the electronic procedure.'

The regulation is contained in article 85bis of the Regent's Decree of 23 August 1948 'determining the procedure before the Administrative Litigation section of the Council of State'.

Today, more than 70% of the pending cases are at least partially electronic.

The identification on the electronic platform of the Council of State of Belgium is done by means of the electronic identity card. This system guarantees the traceability of the connections made to a specific file. To access the file, you also need an e-ticket (alphanumeric key) that the clerk's office sends only to the parties to the file. The electronic procedure has taken the form of a secure online platform on which the procedural documents are filed and exchanged.

It is noteworthy that in 2020, the "deployment rate" has changed positively in all legal matters because the pandemic accelerated the deployment of communication tools. Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, more opportunities were able to take place through e-Deposit.

The communications are scenarios in both directions + the total of opportunities (maximum situation), even when not all phases or "modalities" are offered in a combined way in a given jurisdiction.

As regards criminal matters, the referral is not done electronically, but only the preparation and transmission of decisions; entry into force of article 792 of the Judicial Code (notification by electronic means) on 01.01.2021. For the Council of State, this is done via the electronic procedure.

Concerning the police department a reference is made to the e-pv.

Legal experts and translators/interpreters can use e-Deposit for electronic filing of documents or to go through the registration procedure.

Notary's office: communication between notaries themselves and between notaries and clients is done by electronic email (100%) and through the secure notary network (in 2019, 56% of the offices had the system and almost 90% in 2020) which allows video conferences between notaries in the presence of the parties.

Bailiffs: Electronic service of documents.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Belgium

In Belgium, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Belgium, there is no system to regularly evaluate the court performance based on defined indicators.

Performance and quality indicators are not defined for the activity of each court.

None of the following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Belgium, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

The evaluation is carried out:

- by means of monthly statistics on the number of resolved cases (general prosecutors' offices)
- on the basis of bi-monthly dashboards (public prosecutors' offices)
- quarterly at the meetings of the Attorney general with the king public prosecutors and the labour auditors.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions													
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020					
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																							
Q1 Number of inhabitants	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	11 521 238		3,2%	-0,1%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,5%	0,0%	0,8%				
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	34 000	34 500	36 000	36 500	37 407	38 500	39 500	41 200	39 160		15,2%	1,5%	4,3%	1,4%	2,5%	2,9%	2,6%	4,3%	-5,0%				
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases								False	-	-
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)								False	-	-
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases								False	-	-
078.1.4 Number of pending cases								False	-	-
078.1.5 Backlogs								False	-	-
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff								False	-	-
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff								False	-	-
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	-	-
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures								False	-	-
078.1.10 Number of appeals								False	-	-
078.1.11 Appeal ratio								False	-	-
078.1.12 Clearance rate								False	-	-
078.1.13 Disposition time								False	-	-
078.1.14 Other								False	-	-
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators										True

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True											
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True											
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True											
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True											
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True											
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True											
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False											
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False											
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False											
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False											
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False											
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True											
078-1.1.13 Other									False											
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False		-	-										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False		-	-										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False		-	-										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False		-	-										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False		-	-										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False		-	-										
073-2.1.4 Other							False		-	-										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True											

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									False										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True										
073-6.1.4 Other									False										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	False	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False									

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									False										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False										

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	207	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	27	27	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	201	644,4%	0,0%	-51,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	1446,2%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	262	262	225	225	225	200	200	200	23	-91,2%	0,0%	-14,1%	0,0%	0,0%	-11,1%	0,0%	0,0%	-88,5%	
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	23	23	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	-60,9%	0,0%	-60,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	21	21	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	-57,1%	0,0%	-57,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NA	NAP	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	218	218	202	202	202	177	177	177	NAP	-	0,0%	-7,3%	0,0%	0,0%	-12,4%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	218	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	288	288	288	288	267	264	253	232	225	-21,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-7,3%	-1,1%	-4,2%	-8,3%	-3,0%

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																				
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																				
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																				
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																				
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	180 894	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	32 255	37 624	32 080	27 615	21 318	23 838	21 794	NA	-	-	-	16,6%	-14,7%	-13,9%	-22,8%	11,8%	-8,6%	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	990 337	498 495	1 060 896	983 230	919 205	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-49,7%	112,8%	-7,3%	-6,5%	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	762 164	745 883	752 769	767 875	727 238	214 533	767 255	701 218	698 480	NA	-8,4%	-2,1%	0,9%	2,0%	-5,3%	-70,5%	257,6%	-8,6%	-0,4%	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	263 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	211 717	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-3,8%	5,3%	-0,8%	-20,1%	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	211 717	NA	-	-	-	-	1,5%	4,1%	5,3%	-0,8%	-20,1%	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	211 717	NA	-	-	-	-	1,5%	4,1%	5,3%	-0,8%	-20,1%	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	25 092	22 577	19 446	19 835	16 665	17 042	17 364	NA	-	-	-	-10,0%	-13,9%	2,0%	-16,0%	2,3%	1,9%	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	10 498	9 951	NA	9 008	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-5,2%	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 012 332	NA	1 149 719	990 917	901 575	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-13,8%	-9,0%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	736 693	759 712	745 166	240 963	862 888	706 901	689 858	-	-	-	3,1%	-1,9%	-67,7%	258,1%	-18,1%	-2,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	263 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	211 717	-	-	-	-	-	-3,8%	5,3%	-0,8%	-20,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	211 717	-	-	-	-	1,5%	4,1%	5,3%	-0,8%	-20,1%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	211 717	-	-	-	-	1,5%	4,1%	5,3%	-0,8%	-20,1%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	22 139	26 377	23 513	19 986	19 806	19 046	18 834	-	-	-	19,1%	-10,9%	-15,0%	-0,9%	-3,8%	-1,1%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	180 480	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	37 880	32 080	27 615	27 213	20 089	21 807	20 569	-	-	-	-15,3%	-13,9%	-1,5%	-26,2%	8,6%	-5,7%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	102,2%	NA	108,4%	100,8%	98,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,00)	(2,68)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	97,9%	98,9%	102,5%	112,3%	112,5%	100,8%	98,8%	-	-	-	1,10	3,57	9,62	0,13	(10,36)	(2,03)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	88,2%	116,8%	120,9%	100,8%	118,8%	111,8%	108,5%	-	-	-	32,41	3,49	(16,67)	17,95	(5,96)	(2,95)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	87	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	625	444	429	497	370	418	399	-	-	-	-28,9%	-3,4%	15,9%	-25,5%	12,9%	-4,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																			
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	15 744	15 039	14 905	14 984	14 641	14 926	NA	NA	-	-	-	-4,5%	-0,9%	0,5%	-2,3%	1,9%	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	82 398	74 483	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-9,6%	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	37 497	34 588	33 396	29 656	14 332	9 727	13 483	14 338	11 006	11 006	-70,6%	-7,8%	-3,4%	-11,2%	-51,7%	-32,1%	38,6%	6,3%	-23,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	7 762	7 756	7 535	6 769	6 549	5 886	5 460	5 460	-	-	-	-0,1%	-2,8%	-10,2%	-3,3%	-10,1%	-7,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	15 023	10 881	68 681	60 207	53 796	57 613	53 706	53 706	-	-	-	-27,6%	531,2%	-12,3%	-10,6%	7,1%	-6,8%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	37 635	33 355	32 173	33 317	15 111	11 947	14 926	14 839	8 566	8 566	-77,2%	-11,4%	-3,5%	3,6%	-54,6%	-20,9%	24,9%	-0,6%	-42,3%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	8 523	8 052	7 497	7 100	6 381	6 015	5 839	5 839	-	-	-	-5,5%	-6,9%	-5,3%	-10,1%	-5,7%	-2,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	10 530	12 021	NA	NA	NA	NA	15 567	15 567	-	-	-	14,2%	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	14 983	14 743	14 943	14 653	14 839	14 797	NA	NA	-	-	-	-1,6%	1,4%	-1,9%	1,3%	-0,3%	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	86 891	76 381	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-12,1%	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	100,4%	96,4%	96,3%	112,3%	105,4%	122,8%	110,7%	103,5%	77,8%	(22,46)	(3,92)	(0,10)	16,62	(6,15)	16,49	(9,87)	(6,51)	(24,80)
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	109,8%	103,8%	99,5%	104,9%	97,4%	102,2%	106,9%	-	-	-	(5,45)	(4,16)	5,42	(7,11)	4,88	4,65
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	70,1%	110,5%	NA	NA	NA	NA	29,0%	-	-	-	57,62	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	642	668	728	753	849	898	NA	-	-	-	4,2%	8,9%	3,5%	12,7%	5,8%	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	3 012	2 319	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-23,0%	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	44 140	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	44 140	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	27 784	25 697	23 435	25 619	24 177	22 195	22 195	-	-	-	-	-7,5%	-8,8%	9,3%	-5,6%	-8,2%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			28 319	27 784	25 697	23 435	25 619	24 177	22 195	22 195	-	-	-	-1,9%	-7,5%	-8,8%	9,3%	-5,6%	-8,2%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	29 283	28 286	25 784	26 640	26 663	23 095	-	-	-	-	-3,4%	-8,8%	3,3%	0,1%	-13,4%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			29 106	29 283	28 286	25 784	26 640	26 663	23 095	-	-	-	0,6%	-3,4%	-8,8%	3,3%	0,1%	-13,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	43 390	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	43 390	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	105,4%	110,1%	110,0%	104,0%	110,3%	104,1%	-	-	-	-	4,44	(0,05)	(5,49)	6,06	(5,65)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			102,8%	105,4%	110,1%	110,0%	104,0%	110,3%	104,1%	-	-	-	2,55	4,44	(0,05)	(5,49)	6,06	(5,65)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	541	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	541	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	1 624	1 554	1 429	1 316	1 463	1 532	-	-	-	-	-4,3%	-8,0%	-7,9%	11,2%	4,7%	
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 367	1 304	1 243	1 151	1 084	1 119	1 155	-	-	-	-4,6%	-4,7%	-7,4%	-5,8%	3,2%	3,2%	
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			345	320	311	278	232	344	363	-	-	-	-7,2%	-2,8%	-10,6%	-16,5%	48,3%	5,5%	
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	1 593	1 350	1 369	1 381	1 392	1 475	-	-	-	-	-15,3%	1,4%	0,9%	0,8%	6,0%	
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			931	881	812	970	899	920	876	-	-	-	-5,4%	-7,8%	19,5%	-7,3%	2,3%	-4,8%	
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			698	712	538	399	482	472	587	-	-	-	2,0%	-24,4%	-25,8%	20,8%	-2,1%	24,4%	
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 781	1 658	1 483	1 429	1 095	1 268	1 343	-	-	-	-6,9%	-10,6%	-3,6%	-23,4%	15,8%	5,9%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			992	942	905	994	864	818	853	-	-	-	-5,0%	-3,9%	9,8%	-13,1%	-5,3%	4,3%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			789	716	578	435	390	450	479	-	-	-	-9,3%	-19,3%	-24,7%	-10,3%	15,4%	6,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	1 554	1 428	1 359	1 457	1 590	1 737	-	-	-	-	-8,1%	-4,8%	7,2%	9,1%	9,2%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 305	1 243	1 150	1 127	1 119	1 221	1 178	-	-	-	-4,8%	-7,5%	-2,0%	-0,7%	9,1%	-3,5%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			320	311	278	232	338	369	545	-	-	-	-2,8%	-10,6%	-16,5%	45,7%	9,2%	47,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	217	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	164	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	4	NA	1 280	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-96,3%

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	104,1%	109,9%	104,4%	79,3%	91,1%	91,1%	-	-	-	-	5,55	(4,98)	(24,04)	14,88	(0,05)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			106,6%	106,9%	111,5%	102,5%	96,1%	88,9%	97,4%	-	-	-	0,35	4,24	(8,06)	(6,21)	(7,49)	9,52
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			113,0%	100,6%	107,4%	109,0%	80,9%	95,3%	81,6%	-	-	-	(11,04)	6,83	1,48	(25,78)	17,83	(14,41)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	342	351	347	486	458	472	-	-	-	-	2,7%	-1,2%	39,9%	-5,8%	3,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			480	482	464	414	473	545	504	-	-	-	0,3%	-3,7%	-10,8%	14,2%	15,3%	-7,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			148	159	176	195	316	299	415	-	-	-	7,1%	10,7%	10,9%	62,5%	-5,4%	38,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	465	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.1 Total -incoming									191 132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									33 531	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									157 601	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.1 Total - resolved									180 946	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									35 035	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									145 911	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									94,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									104,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									92,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									26 499	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									16 530	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									9 969	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									26 656	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									16 644	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									10 012	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									100,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									100,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									100,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									380	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 353	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 372	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									361	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									101,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 5: Access to justice																				
Legal aid																				
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																				
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True										
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										NAP										
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True										
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True										
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True										
020.1.1 Total										203 305										
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										76 561										
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										126 744										
020.2.1 Total brought to court										NA										
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										NA										
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA										
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA										
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NA										
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA										

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										70								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NAP								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										13								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NAP								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										150 905 €								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NAP								

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	50-99%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	50-99%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	10-49%										
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelties							100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Integrated	Integrated	Not integrated but connected									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								1-9%	1-9%	0% (NAP)									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry								-	False	NAP	NA								
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry								-	False	False	False								
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry								-	False	NAP	NA								
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry								-	False	False	False								
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry								-	False	NAP	NA								
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry								-	False	False	False								
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)								-	0% (NAP)	1-9%	50-99%								
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)								-	50-99%	10-49%	50-99%								
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)								-	0% (NAP)	50-99%	NA								
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)								-	False	True	True								
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)								-	True	True	True								
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)								-	False	True	NA								
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)								-	False	True	True								
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)								-	False	False	True								
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)								-	False	True	NA								

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True											
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)											
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							1-9%	1-9%	1-9%											
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							1-9%	1-9%	1-9%											
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False											
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False											
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False											
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False											
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False											
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False											
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA											
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA											
064-2 - Administrative							50-99%	50-99%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							True	True	False											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							True	True	True											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	False											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	True	False											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	False	False											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	False	True											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True											

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	True	True										
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							1-9%	NA	100%										
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							True	False	False										
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							True	True	True										
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	NA	True										
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	NA	True										
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							False	True	True										
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							True	True	True										
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	50-99%										
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	10-49%	10-49%										
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	100%										

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Hearing preparatory phases	Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission										
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)								Hearing preparatory phases	Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission										
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling										
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)								Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer										
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer										
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer										

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							1-9%	50-99%	100%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	NA										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	True	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 598	1 604	1 602	1 614	1 600	1 566	1 523	1 526	1 524	-4,6%	0,4%	-0,1%	0,7%	-0,9%	-2,1%	-2,7%	0,2%	-0,1%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 293	1 271	1 271	1 284	1 274	1 226	1 229	1 206	1 193	-7,7%	-1,7%	0,0%	1,0%	-0,8%	-3,8%	0,2%	-1,9%	-1,1%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	305	305	302	303	297	310	264	292	301	-1,3%	0,0%	-1,0%	0,3%	-2,0%	4,4%	-14,8%	10,6%	3,1%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	30	28	29	27	29	30	30	28	30	0,0%	-6,7%	3,6%	-6,9%	7,4%	3,4%	0,0%	-6,7%	7,1%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	819	806	776	768	752	723	668	652	640	-21,9%	-1,6%	-3,7%	-1,0%	-2,1%	-3,9%	-7,6%	-2,4%	-1,8%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	622	616	592	595	582	546	516	497	484	-22,2%	-1,0%	-3,9%	0,5%	-2,2%	-6,2%	-5,5%	-3,7%	-2,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	173	168	161	152	149	156	131	135	135	-22,0%	-2,9%	-4,2%	-5,6%	-2,0%	4,7%	-16,0%	3,1%	0,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	24	22	23	21	21	21	21	20	21	-12,5%	-8,3%	4,5%	-8,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-4,8%	5,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	779	798	826	846	848	843	855	874	884	13,5%	2,4%	3,5%	2,4%	0,2%	-0,6%	1,4%	2,2%	1,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	641	655	679	689	692	680	713	709	709	10,6%	2,2%	3,7%	1,5%	0,4%	-1,7%	4,9%	-0,6%	0,0%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	132	137	141	151	148	154	133	157	166	25,8%	3,8%	2,9%	7,1%	-2,0%	4,1%	-13,6%	18,0%	5,7%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	6	6	6	6	8	9	9	8	9	50,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	33,3%	12,5%	0,0%	-11,1%	12,5%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 458	5 307	5 290	5 204	5 054	4 940	4 974	5 614	5 064	-7,2%	-2,8%	-0,3%	-1,6%	-2,9%	-2,3%	0,7%	12,9%	-9,8%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 708	1 752	1 928	1 881	1 946	1 692	1 692	1 889	1 882	10,2%	2,6%	10,1%	-2,4%	3,5%	-13,1%	0,0%	11,6%	-0,4%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 766	2 700	2 474	2 408	2 335	2 484	2 500	2 786	2 470	-10,7%	-2,4%	-8,4%	-2,7%	-3,0%	6,4%	0,6%	11,4%	-11,3%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	984	855	889	915	773	764	782	939	713	-27,5%	-13,1%	4,0%	2,9%	-15,5%	-1,2%	2,4%	20,1%	-24,1%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 466	1 540	1 413	1 311	1 396	1 461	1 225	-	-	-	5,0%	-8,2%	-7,2%	6,5%	4,7%	-16,2%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	585	562	557	468	466	488	481	-	-	-	-3,9%	-0,9%	-16,0%	-0,4%	4,7%	-1,4%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	634	689	620	662	675	711	679	-	-	-	8,7%	-10,0%	6,8%	2,0%	5,3%	-4,5%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	248	289	236	181	255	262	66	-	-	-	16,5%	-18,3%	-23,3%	40,9%	2,7%	-74,8%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 930	3 839	3 824	3 664	3 641	3 629	3 578	4 153	3 839	-2,3%	-2,3%	-0,4%	-4,2%	-0,6%	-0,3%	-1,4%	16,1%	-7,6%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	1 167	1 213	1 343	1 319	1 389	1 224	1 226	1 401	1 401	20,1%	4,0%	10,8%	-1,8%	5,3%	-11,9%	0,2%	14,3%	0,0%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	2 076	2 032	1 840	1 719	1 715	1 822	1 825	2 075	1 791	-13,7%	-2,1%	-9,4%	-6,6%	-0,2%	6,2%	0,2%	13,7%	-13,7%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	688	595	641	626	537	583	527	677	647	-6,0%	-13,5%	7,7%	-2,3%	-14,2%	8,6%	-9,6%	28,5%	-4,4%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									5 064	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									876	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									705	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									159	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									357	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									259	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									519	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									446	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									71	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									2 424	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									730	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 694	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	41 938 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	67 532 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	122 877 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	67 532 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	125 183 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	37 714 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	60 497 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	37 714 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	61 489 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	17 336	17 795	18 134	18 402	18 532	18 604	18 658	18 905	18 875	8,9%	2,6%	1,9%	1,5%	0,7%	0,4%	0,3%	1,3%	-0,2%	
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Belgium (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																		
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																		
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	1 134	1 157	1 352	1 457	1 454	1 744	2 122	2 399	2 577	127,2%	2,0%	16,9%	7,8%	-0,2%	19,9%	21,7%	13,1%	7,4%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

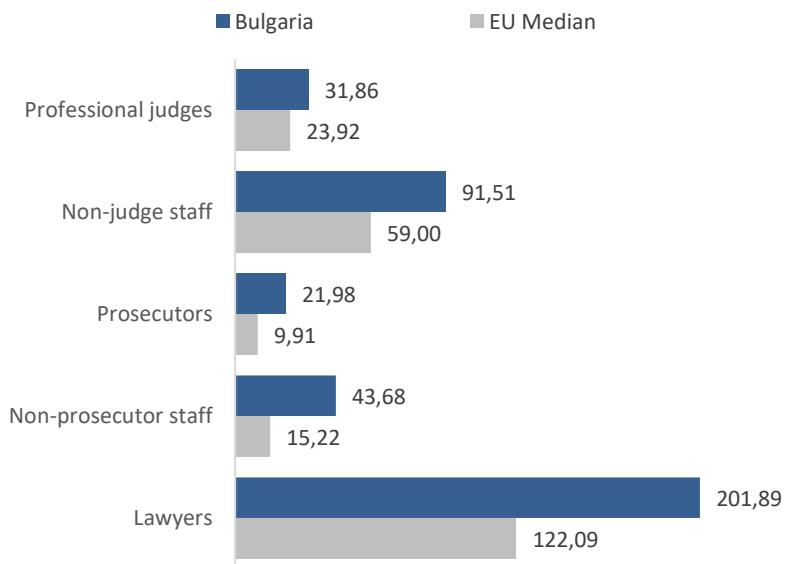
Judiciary at a glance in Bulgaria

General data

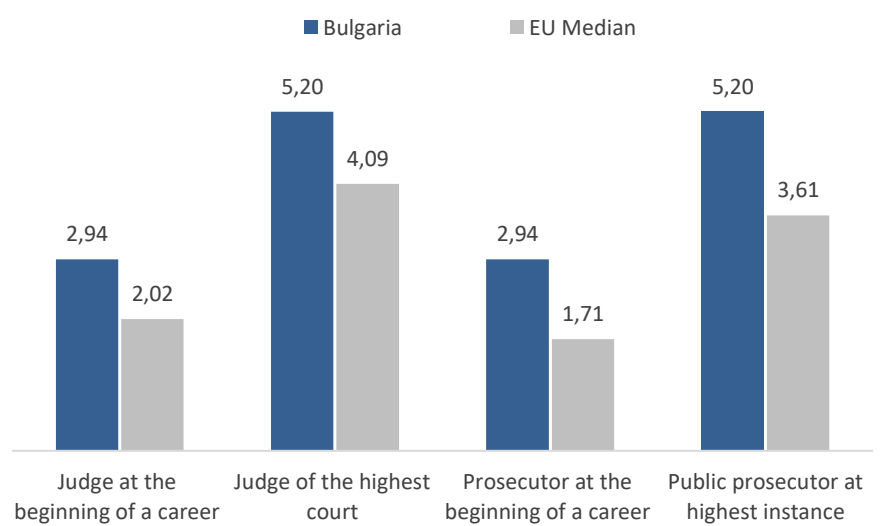
Population: 6 916 548 **GDP per capita:** 8 845 € **Average annual salary:** 8 509 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

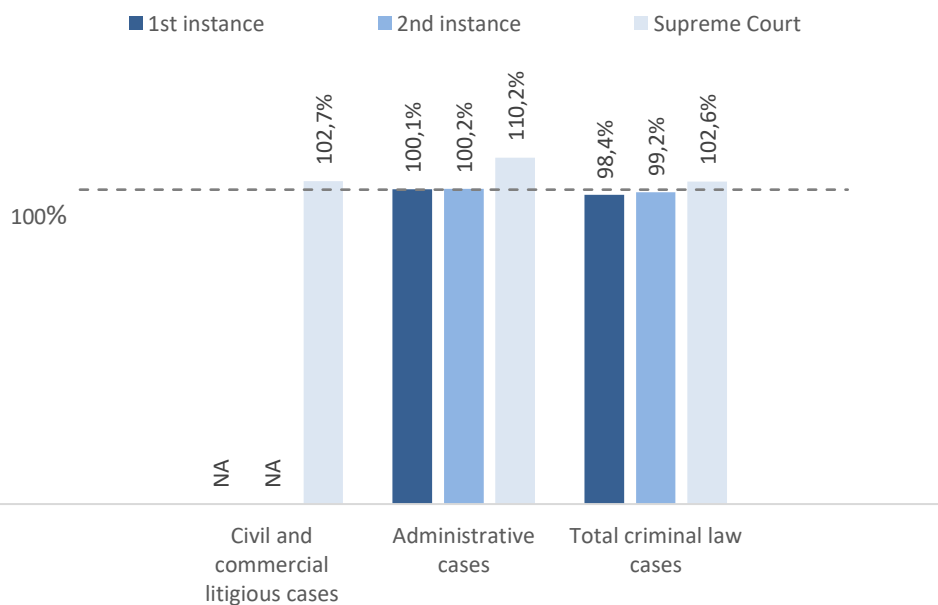


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

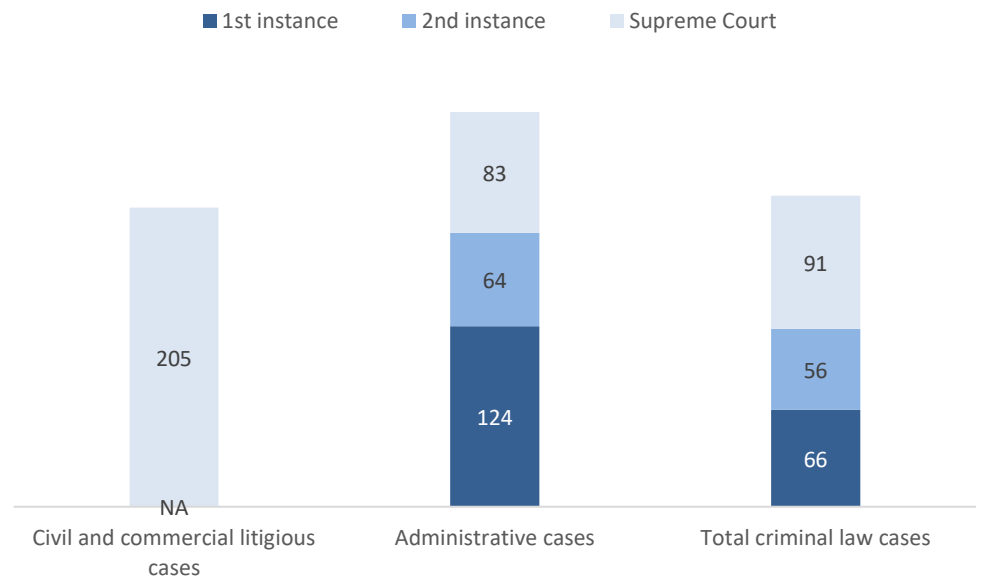


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

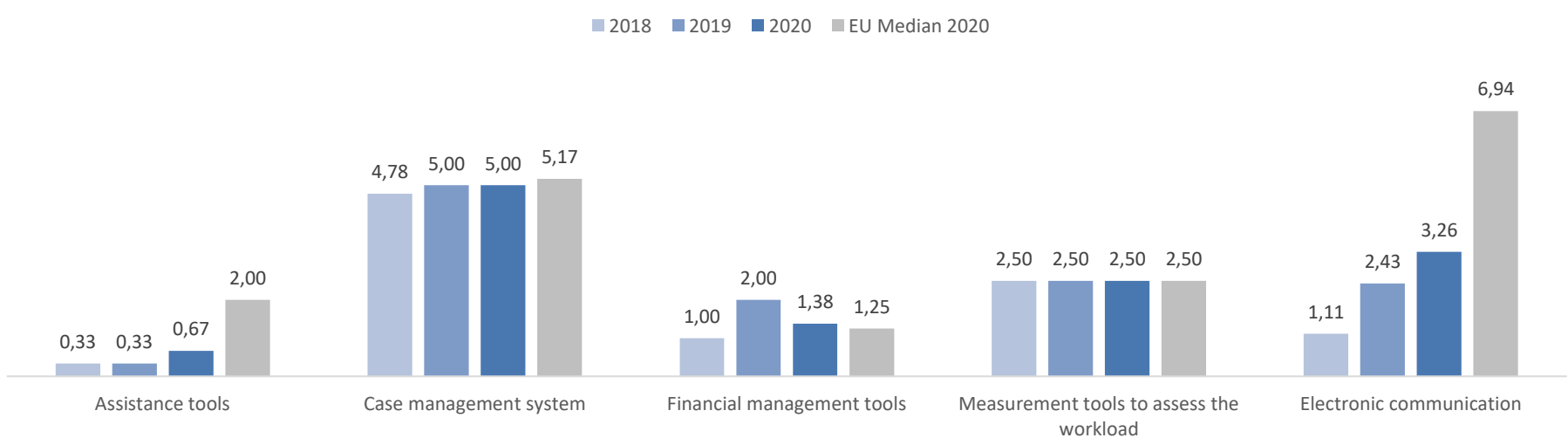


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Bulgaria

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	6 916 548	-5,1%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,5%
GDP per capita	5 436	5 493	5 808	6 152	6 645	7 099	7 855	8 779	8 845	62,7%	14,4%	18,2%	10,6%	11,8%	0,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Average annual salary	4 486		5 078		5 900		6 964	7 814	8 509	89,7%	16,2%	18,0%		12,2%	8,9%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	30,7	30,2	30,8	31,1	31,8	31,7	31,8	31,9	31,6	2,7%	3,0%	0,0%	0,2%	0,3%	-0,9%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	82,6	82,2	83,5	85,9	86,9	88,1	89,5	91,0	91,5	10,8%	4,1%	2,9%	1,5%	1,7%	0,6%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	164,9	165,8	176,3	181,9	190,1	194,6	194,9	199,7	201,9	22,5%	7,8%	2,5%	0,1%	2,5%	1,1%
Mediators	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ICT overall assesment							3,5	4,4	4,6					26,1%	4,4%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,394	0,4	0,3	0,370	0,353	0,444	0,445	0,500	0,424	7,6%	2,7%	26,0%	0,1%	12,3%	-15,1%
Total criminal law cases									1,884						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	92%	109%	101%	99%	104%	95%	100%	99%	100%	8,01	3,37	-4,50	4,99	-1,11	1,57
CR total criminal law cases									98%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	150	110	124	122	108	116	112	107	124	-17,6%	-12,7%	3,9%	-3,2%	-4,7%	15,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									66						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,15	0,12	0,12	0,12	0,11	0,13	0,14	0,14	0,14	-3,6%	-7,4%	25,3%	2,0%	5,8%	0,0%
Total criminal law cases									0,34						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases			104%	102%	102%	101%	101%	101%	100%		-2,59	-0,79	-0,31	0,24	-0,80
CR total criminal law cases									99%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			65	70	62	62	59	57	64		-3,3%	-4,8%	-3,7%	-4,5%	12,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									56						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	97%	101%	96%	98%	103%		NA	-1,95	-4,99	2,36	4,84
CR administrative law cases			95%	96%	95%	105%	100%	114%	110%		-0,13	5,41	-4,80	14,12	-4,29
CR total criminal law cases									103%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	172	161	184	190	205		NA	6,9%	14,4%	3,4%	7,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)			133	159	181	143	141	84	83		36,0%	-22,1%	-1,7%	-40,3%	-1,4%
DT total criminal law cases									91						

1. Judicial organisation in Bulgaria

In Bulgaria in 2020, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 182. Namely, there are 147 courts of general jurisdiction and 35 specialised courts.

According to article 65 of the Judiciary System Act, "all courts are legal entities funded by the budget and shall be represented by the administrative head or another designated person. In the discharge of the functions of administrative head, orders, instructions and rules shall be issued in accordance with the statutory competence. The general assembly, the plenum of the Supreme Cassation Court and the Plenum of the Supreme Administrative Court shall be bodies of the respective court, which rule only in the cases specified in the law, give opinions, adopt rules and decisions by open ballot and a majority of more than half of the judges present".

Among the 147 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 113 District courts act as main first instance courts. They have jurisdiction over all cases except those which are statutorily assigned to another court. They deal with civil, criminal and administrative-criminal cases. The decisions of the district courts are subject to appeal before the respective Regional court.

The 28 Provincial/Regional Courts act as courts of first and second instance. As courts of first instance, they examine a precisely defined category of cases involving significant sums or substantial societal interest. When acting as a second (appellate) instance, they re-examine decisions taken by the District courts.

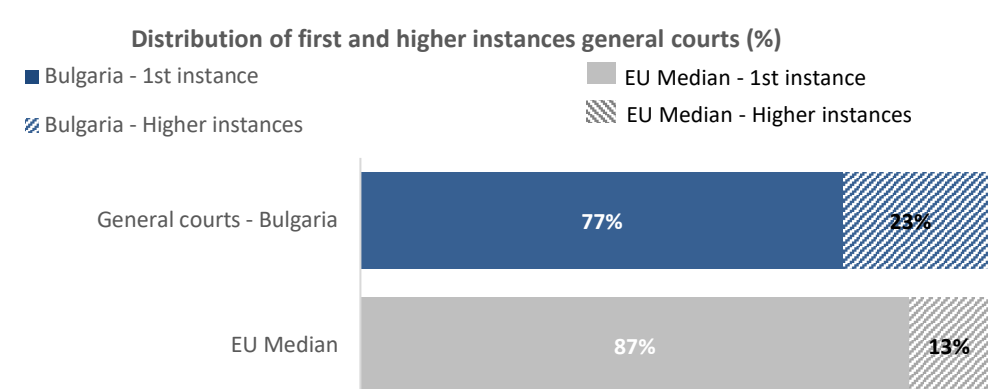
At second instance, besides the Regional courts, there are in Bulgaria 5 Courts of appeal.

The Supreme Cassation Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction. Its equivalent in administrative matters is the Supreme Administrative Court.

Among the 35 specialised courts, 33 act at first instance, while 3 are higher instance courts (see below for more details).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 182 courts among which 145 are of first instance.

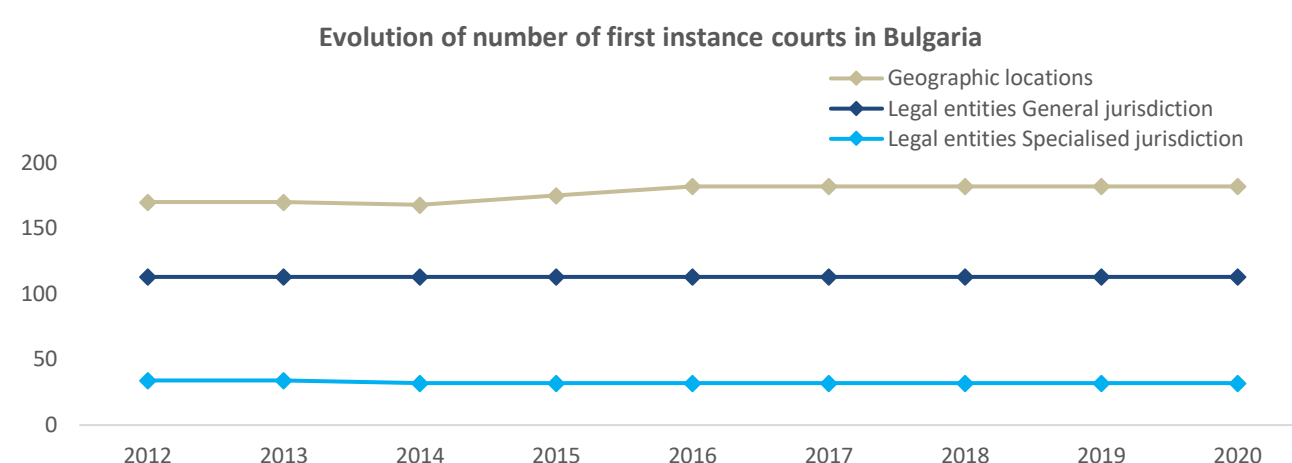
Distribution of general courts in Bulgaria



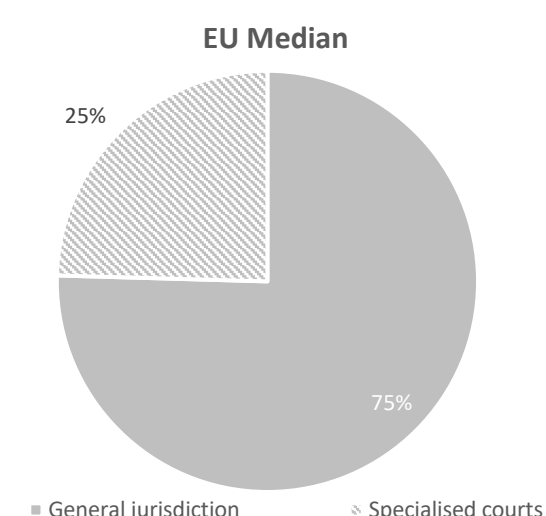
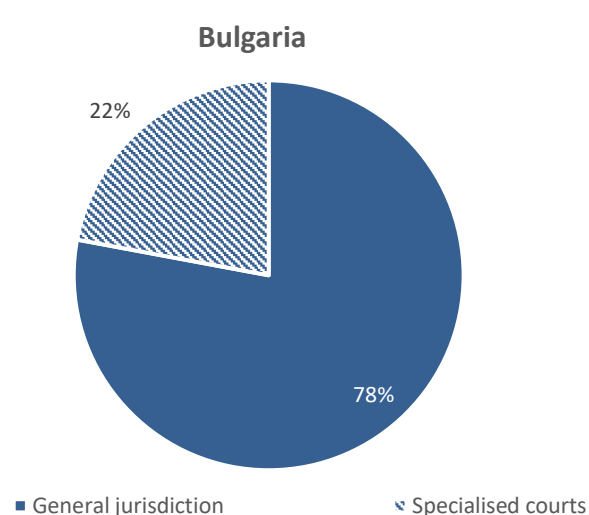
According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Bulgaria is around the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Bulgaria

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	170	113	34
2013	170	113	34
2014	168	113	32
2015	175	113	32
2016	182	113	32
2017	182	113	32
2018	182	113	32
2019	182	113	32
2020	182	113	32



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 77,9% - 22,1% is somewhat different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	32	3
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	28	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	3	1
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	1	1

The 35 specialised courts encompass the 28 Administrative courts as well as the Supreme Administrative Court; 3 military courts dealing with criminal cases of crimes committed by servicemen or officials of the Interior Ministry at first instance; 1 Military Court of Appeal; 2 other specialised courts.

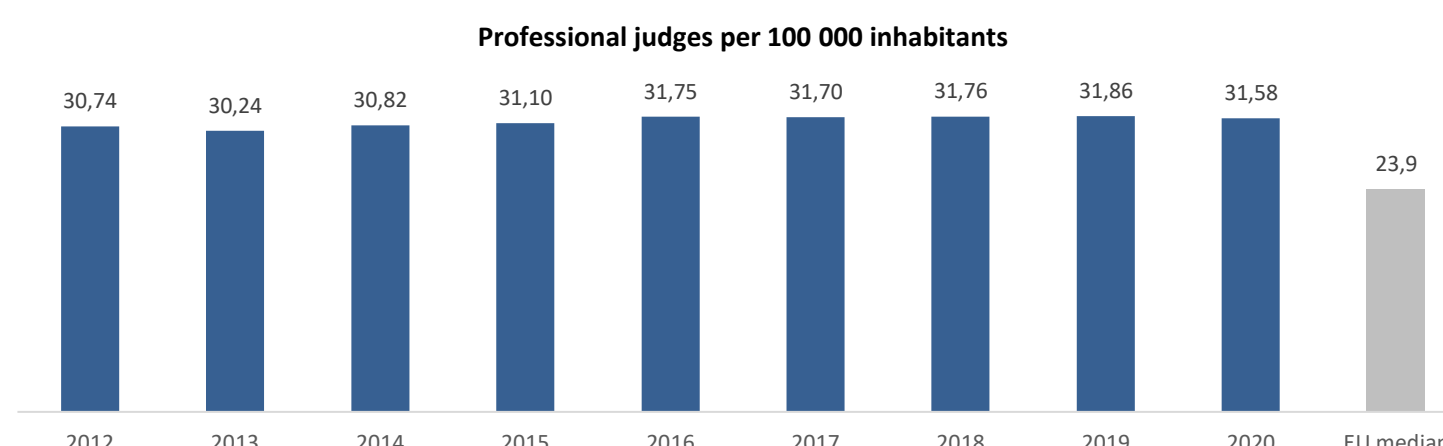
More precisely, the category “other specialised courts” encompasses the Specialized Criminal Court of Republic of Bulgaria and the Specialized Court of appeal. The former has been established in 2011, is situated in Sofia and treated as a Provincial/Regional Court. Its jurisdiction covers criminal cases of a general nature for crimes carried out throughout the Republic of Bulgaria. Its competence is determined on the basis of the subject of the case and not the quality of the perpetrator. The Criminal Procedure Code exhaustively enumerates cases within the competence of this Court, namely crimes committed by organized criminal groups, or on behalf of them and following their decision.

2. Professionals of justice in Bulgaria

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	2 239	30,74
2013	2 191	30,24
2014	2 220	30,82
2015	2 225	31,10
2016	2 255	31,75
2017	2 235	31,70
2018	2 223	31,76
2019	2 215	31,86
2020	2 184	31,58



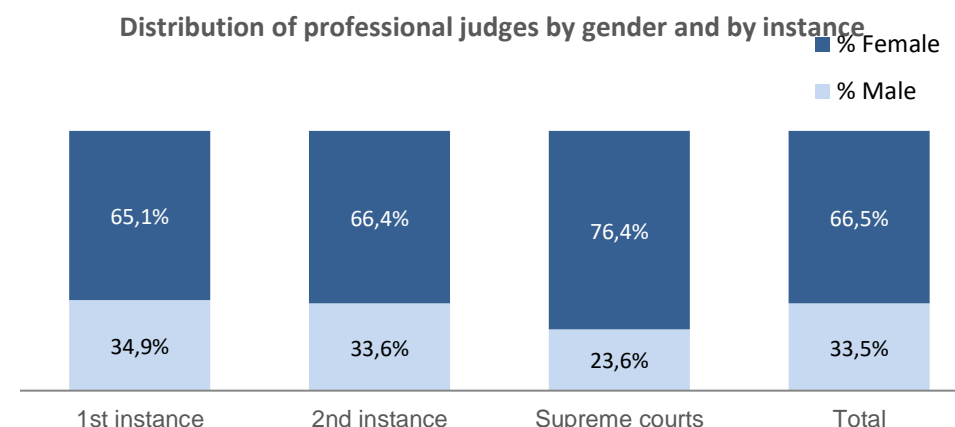
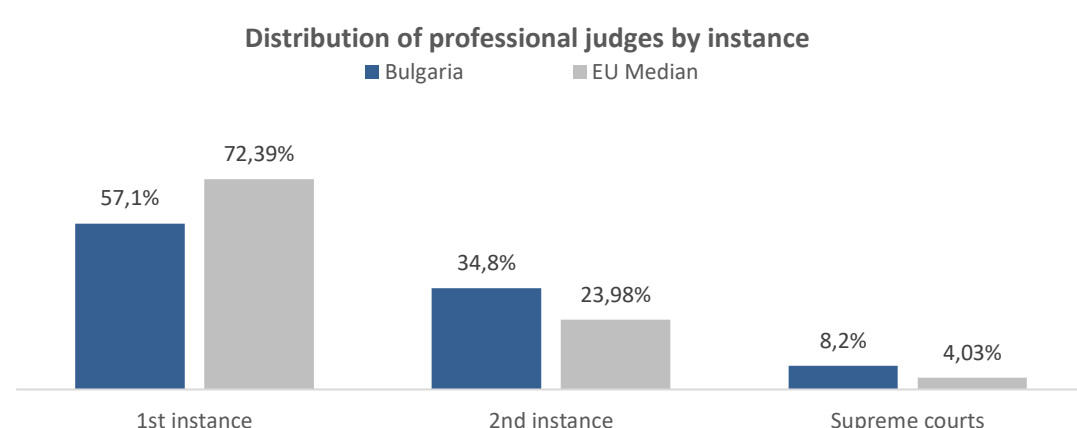
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Bulgaria is 2 184, which is -1,4% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Bulgaria, there are 31,58 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,90 non-judge staff per judge .

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 2,85 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 246	57,1%	435	811	34,9%	65,1%
2nd instance	760	34,8%	255	505	33,6%	66,4%
Supreme courts	178	8,2%	42	136	23,6%	76,4%
Total	2 184		732	1 452	33,5%	66,5%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 1 452, which represents 66,5% of the total number of judges.

More generally, as regards the distribution male/female, it has to be pointed out that female judges have the majority at all court instances.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 246 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 811 are female); 760 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 505 are female) and 178 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 136 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend established in Bulgaria is similar. The main nuance is that the predominance of 1st instance judges is less pronounced.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Bulgaria presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the number of first instance professional judges encompasses the judges of the first instance courts as follows - 113 district, 28 administrative, 3 military-district and the Specialised Criminal Court; as well as the courts of second instance to be considered the 28 regional/provincial, 5 appellate, the Military Court of Appeal and the Specialised Criminal Court of Appeal.

A summary information on the data as of 31.12.2020, has been received by all regional courts and all administrative courts, regarding the number of judges working in the first instance panels and the number of judges, who administer justice in the appellate / cassation panels, as well as data on how many of them are men and how many of them are women. It should be borne in mind that, according to the information received, in almost all courts, a large number of judges sit both as first instance and as second instance judges. Therefore, the sum of the number of first instance judges and the number of second instance judges should not give the total number of magistrates in the respective region/ administrative court.

In 2020, the number of professional judges from district courts is 959, incl. men - 354 and women - 605. The number of professional judges from the Court of Appeal is 124, incl. men - 43 and women - 81.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	1 246	NA	NA	171	12
2nd instance	760	NA	NA	NAP	5
Supreme courts	178	66	28	83	NAP
Total	2 184	NA	NA	254	17

In Bulgaria, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	13,7%	1,0%
2nd instance	NA	NA	NAP	0,7%
Supreme courts	37,1%	15,7%	46,6%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	11,6%	0,8%

The column "others" refers to the military judges - 12 regional/provincial and 5 appellate - a total of 17.

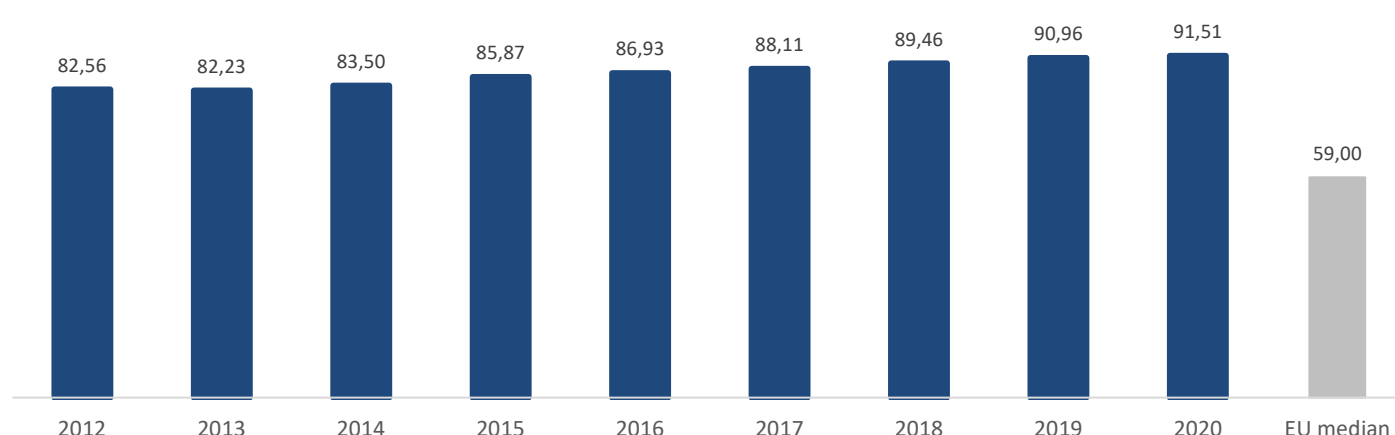
The total number of judges in the district courts is 959, and the same, with the exception of the Sofia District Court, are not divided by subject matter. Therefore, data related to the number of first instance judges dealing with civil / commercial and criminal cases are not available.

A summary information on the data as of 31.12.2020 has been received by all regional/provincial courts (first and second instance) regarding the number of judges in them, who work in the civil, commercial and criminal divisions. It should be borne in mind that, according to the information received, in almost all courts, a large number of judges sit in more than one division, therefore the summation of the number of judges from the three divisions should not give the total number of judges in the respective court.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	6 014	5 958	6 014	6 143	6 174	6 212	6 262	6 323	6 329
Per 100 000 inhabitants	82,56	82,23	83,50	85,87	86,93	88,11	89,46	90,96	91,51

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	6 329	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	4 697	74,2%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	968	15,3%
Technical staff	627	9,9%
Other	37	0,6%

In 2020, Bulgaria has 6 329 non-judge staff (data on gender breakdown is not available). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,1%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 4 697 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 968 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 627 technical staff;
- 37 other;

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 91,0 in 2019 to 91,5 in 2020).

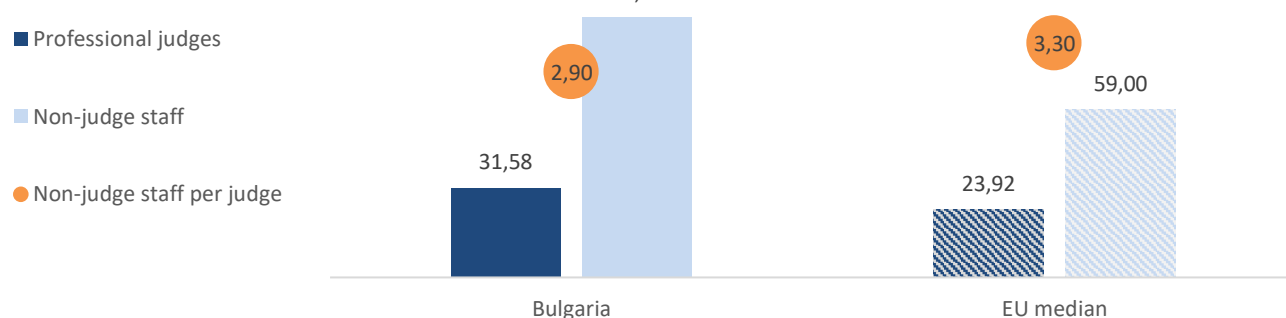
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 31,9 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 31,6 in 2020.

Since 2012, the category "other" encompasses the number of non-judge staff employees working in the recreational field, while in 2010 it subsumes the number of court assistants. The Judicial Administration Commission does not keep statistics of those who are trained, as well as of trainee judges. There are junior judges in the courts in the country, for whom Judicial Administration Commission has no relation, no data. Accordingly, the total number of judicial employees in the courts does not include trainee judges.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Bulgaria	EU median
Professional judges	31,58	23,92
Non-judge staff	91,51	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	2,90	3,30

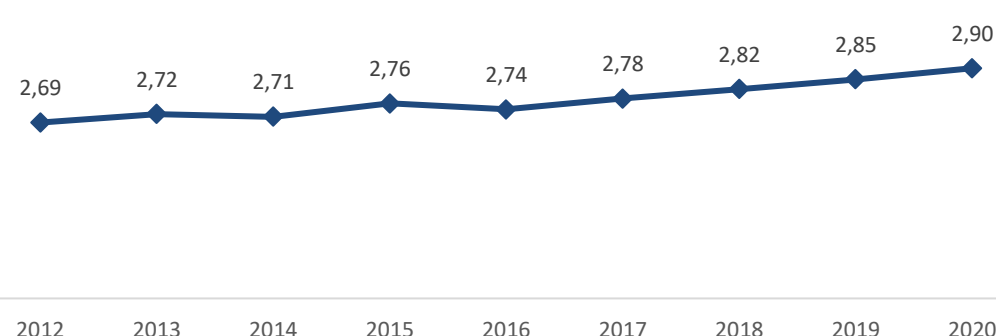
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	30,74	82,56	2,69
2013	30,24	82,23	2,72
2014	30,82	83,50	2,71
2015	31,10	85,87	2,76
2016	31,75	86,93	2,74
2017	31,70	88,11	2,78
2018	31,76	89,46	2,82
2019	31,86	90,96	2,85
2020	31,58	91,51	2,90

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

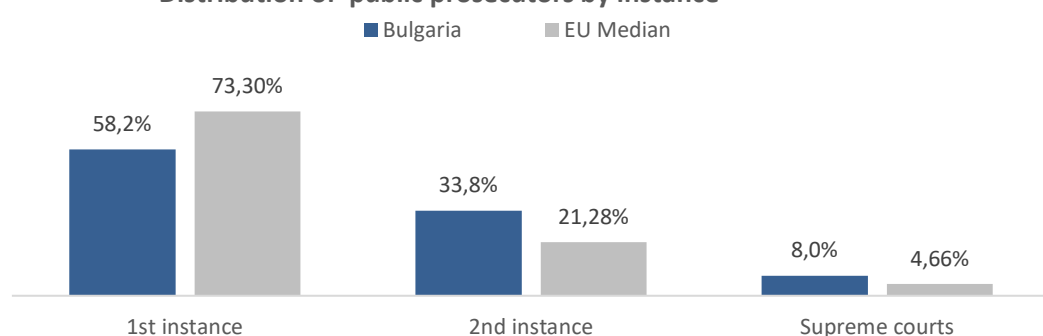


Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

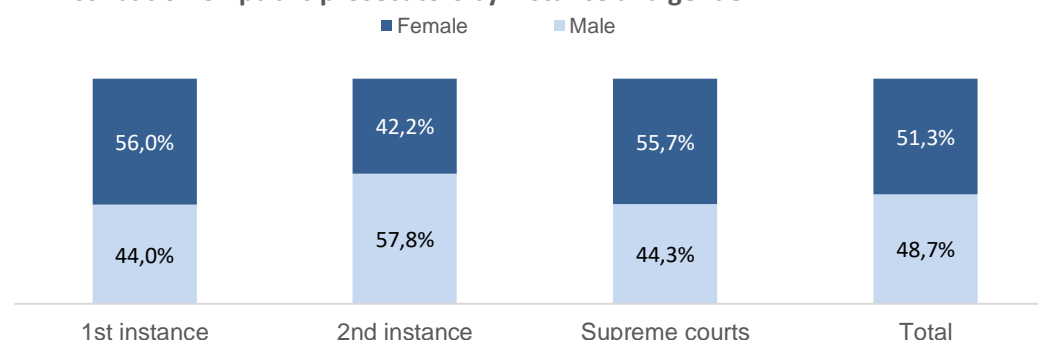
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	884	58,2%	389	495	44,0%	56,0%
2nd instance	514	33,8%	297	217	57,8%	42,2%
Supreme courts	122	8,0%	54	68	44,3%	55,7%
Total	1 520		740	780	48,7%	51,3%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 780, which represents 51,3% of the total number of prosecutors.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors do not have the majority only at second instance level.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 884 in first instance (of which 495 are female); 514 are in second instance (of which 217 are female) and 122 in final instance (of which 68 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noticed that the provided data refers to the actual number of employed persons for the year of reference.

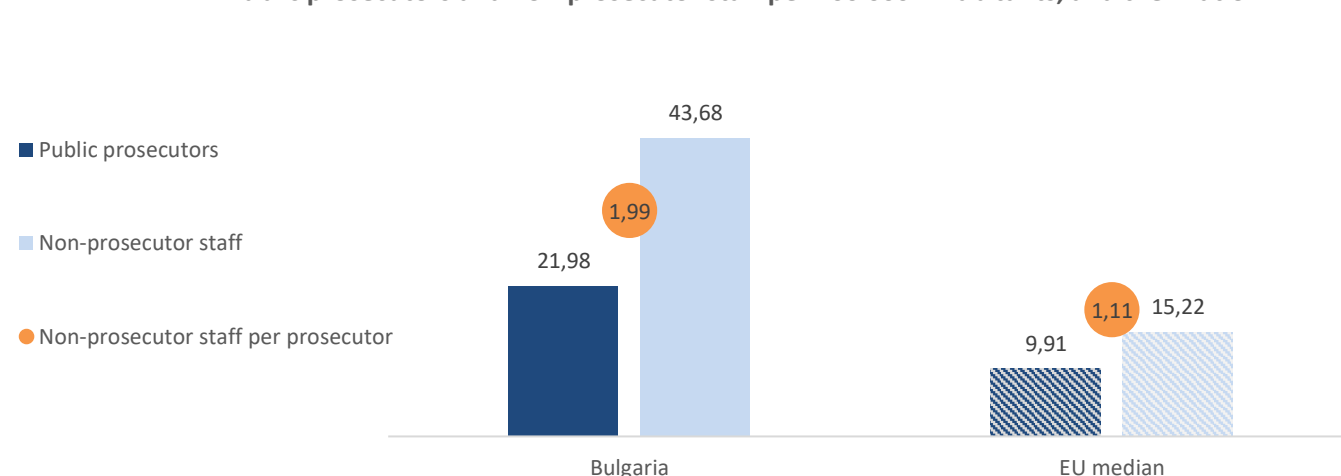
Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	3 021	NA	NA

Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

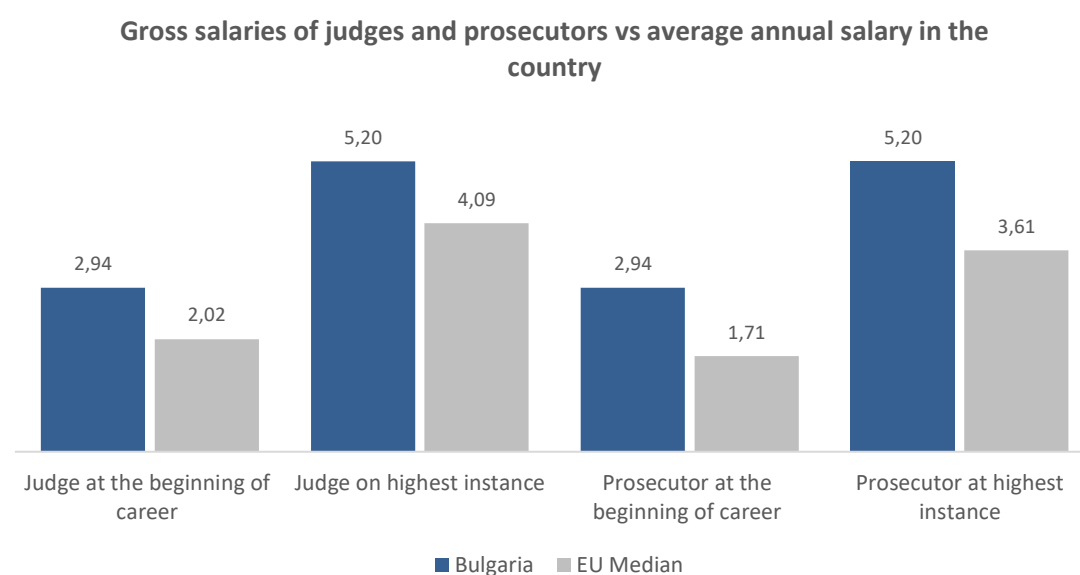
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Bulgaria	EU median
Public prosecutors	21,98	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	43,68	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,99	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	24 990 €	22 491 €	2,94
Judge of the highest court	44 214 €	39 793 €	5,20
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	24 990 €	22 491 €	2,94
Public prosecutor at highest instance	44 214 €	39 793 €	5,20



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Bulgaria of 24 990€ is quite below when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 2,94 compared with the EU median of : 2,02.

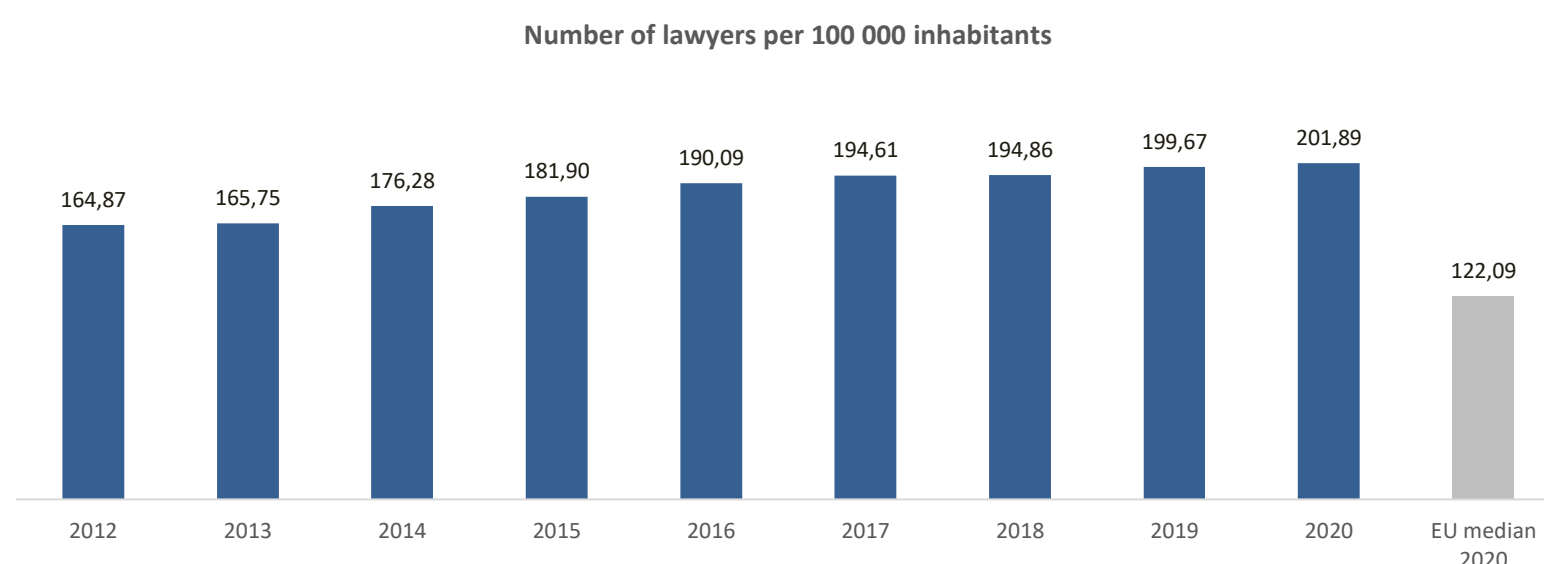
At the end of career Bulgarian judges have the smallest absolute gross salary - 44 214€. In contrast, the highest value is recorded in Denmark - 236 387€.

It should be recalled that in 2019, with a decision of the Plenum of the SJC under item 6 of Protocol № 2 / 24.01.2019, an updated Table № 1 of the SJC was approved to determine the maximum basic monthly salaries of judges, prosecutors and investigators pursuant to Art. 218, para 2 and para 3 of the JSA with an increase of 10%, as of 01.01.2019. With the same decision the ranks for magistrates were increased by BGN 100 per rank, as of 01.03.2019.

In 2020, with a decision of the Plenum of the SJC under item 2 of Protocol № 2 / 30.01.2020, an updated Table 1 of the SJC was approved for determining the maximum basic monthly salaries of judges, prosecutors and investigators on the grounds of Article 218. , para 2 and para 3 of JSA with an increase of 10%, as of 01.01.2020. With the same decision the ranks for magistrates were increased by BGN 50 per rank, as of 01.03.2020.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	12 010	164,87
2013	12 010	165,75
2014	12 696	176,28
2015	13 013	181,90
2016	13 500	190,09
2017	13 720	194,61
2018	13 640	194,86
2019	13 880	199,67
2020	13 964	201,89



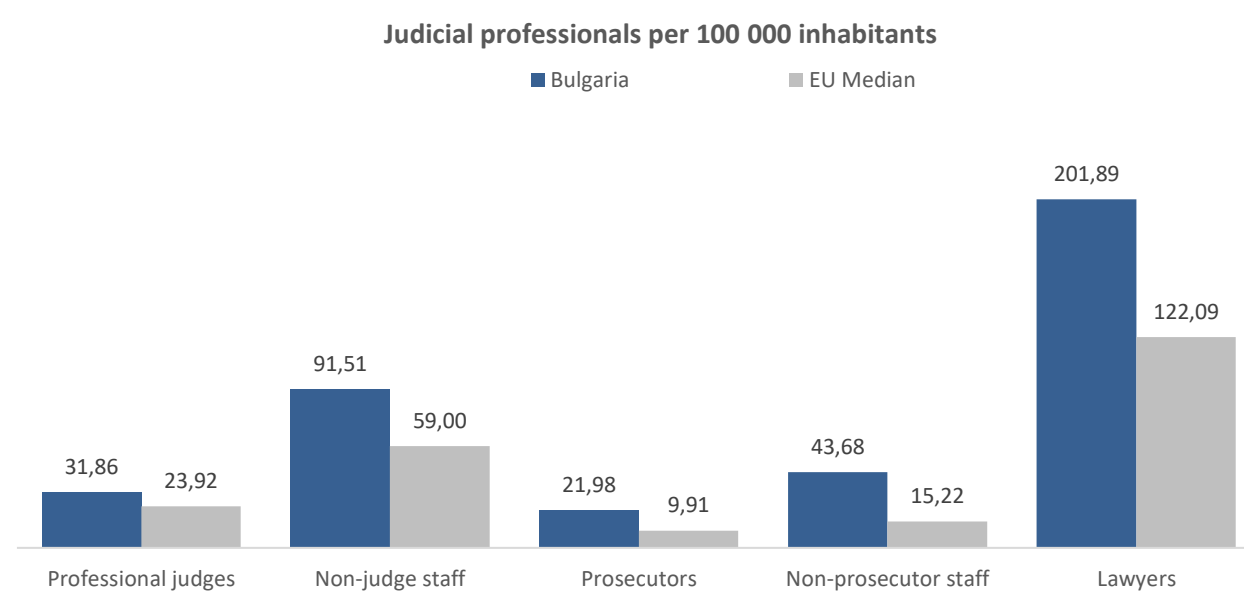
In 2020, there are 13 964 lawyers, which is 0,6% more than in 2019.

Bulgaria has 201,9 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

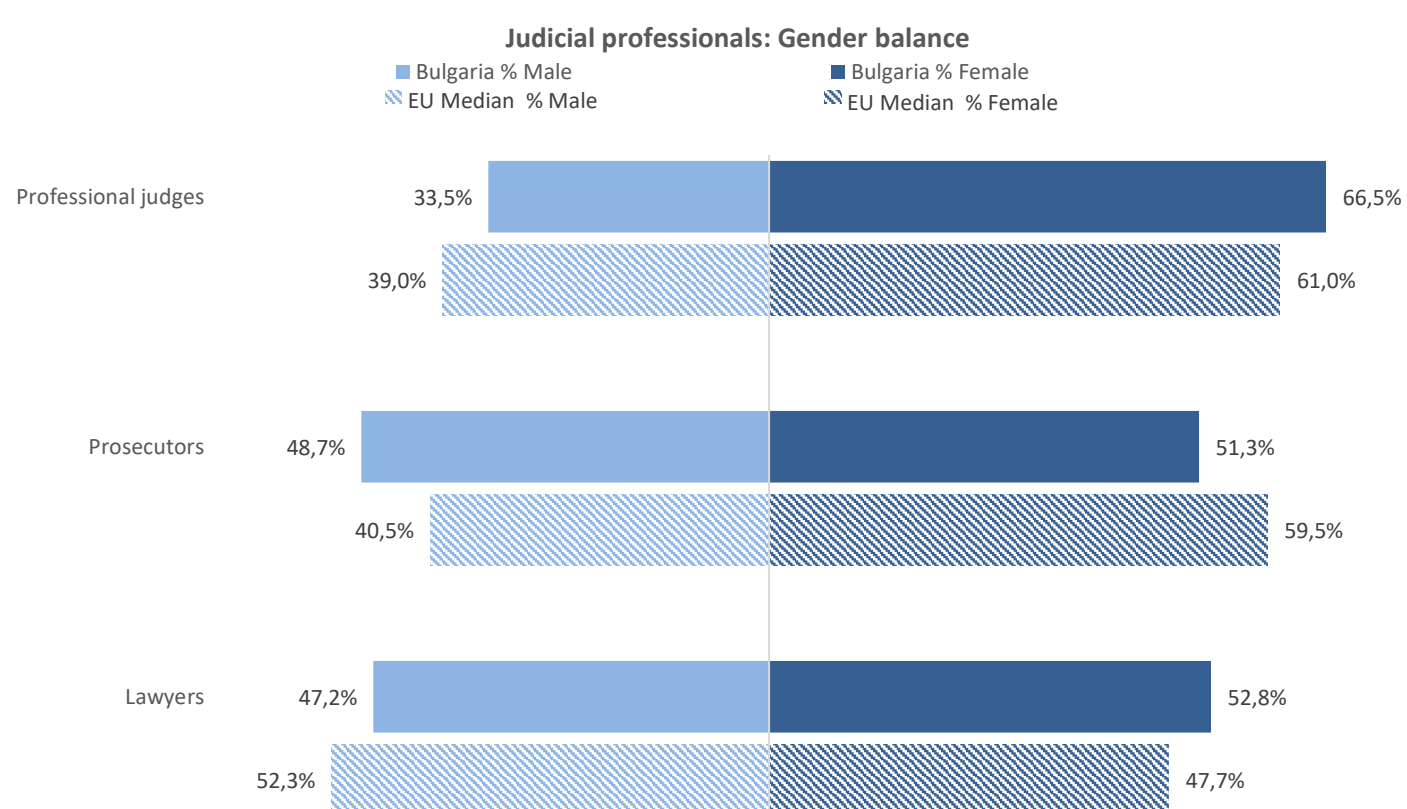
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 215	31,86	23,92
Non-judge staff	6 329	91,51	59,00
Prosecutors	1 520	21,98	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	3 021	43,68	15,22
Lawyers	13 964	201,89	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	33,5%	66,5%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	48,7%	51,3%
Non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
Lawyers	47,2%	52,8%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Bulgaria

In Bulgaria, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✘

In Bulgaria, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✘
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

Legal aid is granted only to natural persons, in criminal, civil and administrative matters before courts of all instances.

Legal aid authorities are the Ministry of Justice which conducts the State policy in the sphere of legal aid; the National Legal Aid Bureau /NLAB/ which provides general and methodological guidance of the activity concerning the granting of legal aid by issuing mandatory instructions on the application of the Act and the statutory instruments of secondary legislation; the Bar Councils which organize and administer legal aid within the respective geographical jurisdiction (network of Regional Counseling Centers / RCCs /, established at thirteen bar councils in the country); the authority directing the procedural steps, the court or the relevant police or customs authority which decide whether to grant legal aid or not in civil or administrative cases. Consultations are provided as well as through the National Telephone for Legal Aid at the NLAB. The NLAB grants or refuses granting legal aid for a consultation with a view to reaching a settlement prior to bringing legal proceedings or to bringing a case before a court and/or preparation of documents for a trial.

The types of legal aid are: pre-litigation advice with a view to reaching a settlement prior to bringing legal proceedings or to bringing a case before a court; preparation of documents for bringing a case before a court; representation in court by legal counsel; representation upon detention under Article 72 of the Ministry of Interior Act and under Article 16a of the Customs Act and under Art. 124b, para. 1 of the Law on the State Agency for National Security.

The legal aid system covers cases in which the assistance of a lawyer, a stand-by defence counsel or representation is mandatory as provided for by the Criminal Procedure Code, the Civil Procedure Code and the Administrative Procedure Code. Legal aid system covers also cases in which the applicant is unable to pay for a lawyer, wishes to benefit of a legal assistance, and the interests of the justice require such legal assistance. Legal aid for alternative dispute resolution (ADR) does not apply.

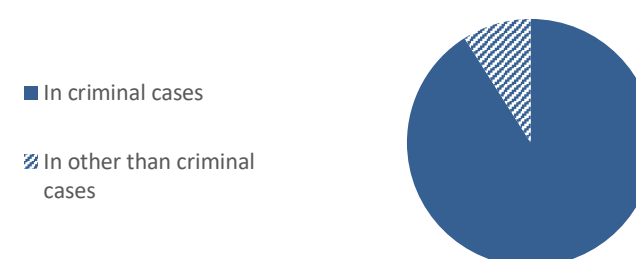
The travel expenses of an official defence counsel are covered by the budget for legal aid administering.

According to article 38 (5) of the Legal Aid Act, the appointed lawyer shall furthermore be reimbursed for the necessary expenses on the defence, incurred for visit to the places of deprivation of liberty or to detention facilities and on defence in another nucleated settlement according to the procedure established by the Ordinance on Domestic Business Trips.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	31 866	NA
In criminal cases	NA	29 002	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	2 864	NA

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



According to the Bulgarian Law on Legal Aid / LPA / there are four types of legal aid: 1. preliminary legal aid for consultation with a view to reaching an agreement before the commencement of court proceedings or for filing a case; 2. preparation of documents for filing a case; 3. legal aid for procedural representation in an already initiated case in the court or in the pre-trial bodies; 4. legal assistance in case of detention under the Law on the Ministry of Interior and under the Law on Customs, which is a representation by a lawyer before pre-trial criminal proceedings are instituted.

Against the background of the above clarification, it should be noted that the provided data is only in respect of the legal aid for procedural representation in an already initiated case in the court or in the pre-trial bodies.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 14
- Actual average duration: 7

The term of 14 days is provided in the Law on Legal Aid, in force from January 1, 2006 / SG no. 79 of 2005. The actual average duration- up to 7 days

4. Performance of courts in Bulgaria

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

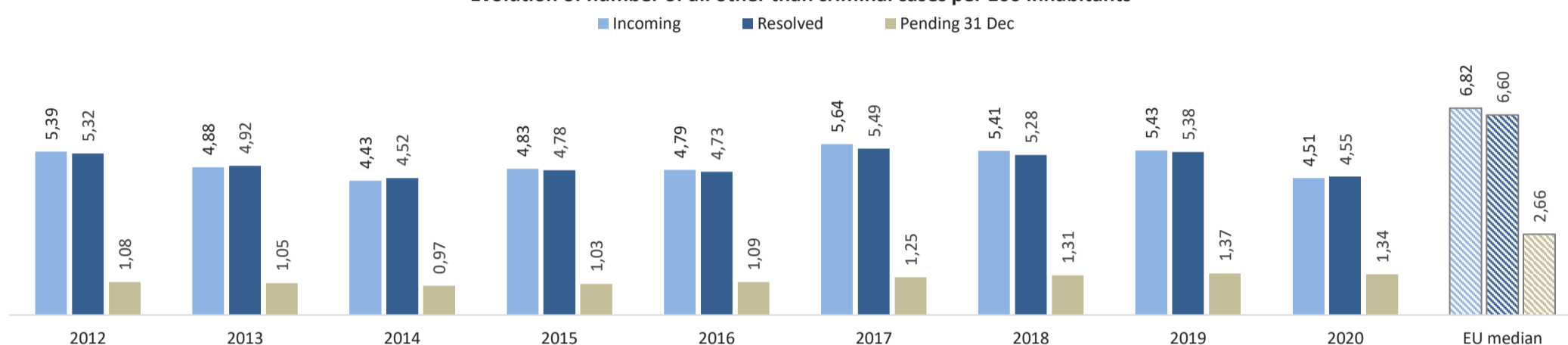
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Bulgaria (4,51 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

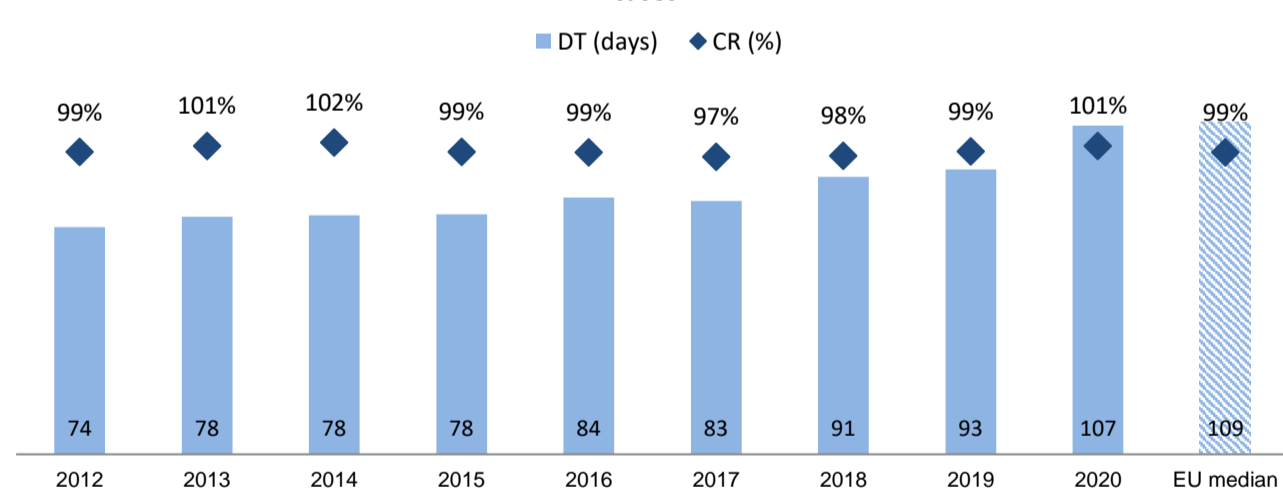
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Bulgaria (4,55 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Bulgaria (1,34 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	99%	74
2013	101%	78
2014	102%	78
2015	99%	78
2016	99%	84
2017	97%	83
2018	98%	91
2019	99%	93
2020	101%	107

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,9% in 2020 Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,8 points.

In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 107 days, which is slightly below the EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 15,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

Data on civil (and commercial) litigious cases is not available. In fact, the division by types of cases in the statistical forms published by the Supreme Judicial Council of Bulgaria is quite different from the CEPEJ categorisation and for that reason breakdown cannot be made. Only administrative cases are possible to differentiate due to existence of administrative courts.

As it is impossible to distinguish between litigious and non-litigious civil cases for the present, for 2020 the following data is available as to the sum of all civil and commercial litigious and non-litigious cases: pending at the beginning 85 460; incoming 282 768, resolved 285 461 and pending at the end of the year 82 767.

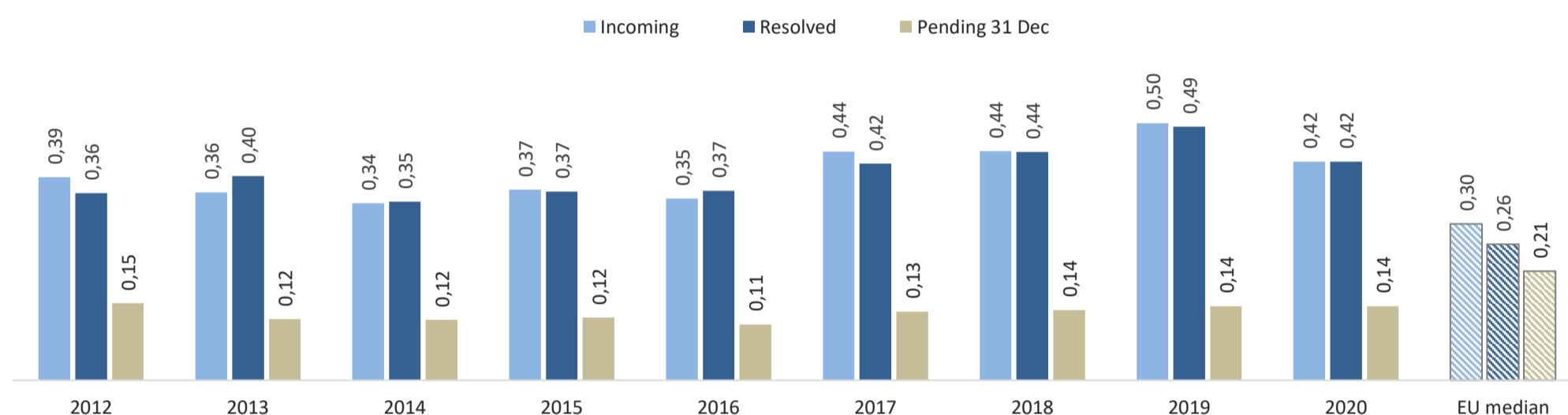
It is noteworthy that since 2020, the Unified Court Information System (UIS) has been gradually introduced in all courts, developed within the project "Creating a Model for Optimizing the Court Card of Bulgarian Courts and Prosecutor's Offices and Developing a Unified Court Information System" with the financial support of Operational Program "Good Governance" 2014-2020. Depending on the functionalities of the system, it is possible to collect information on the next cycle according to the indicators in question 91.

Accordingly, no efficiency indicator can be calculated for Bulgaria for 2020 in respect of this case category.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Bulgaria (0,42 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

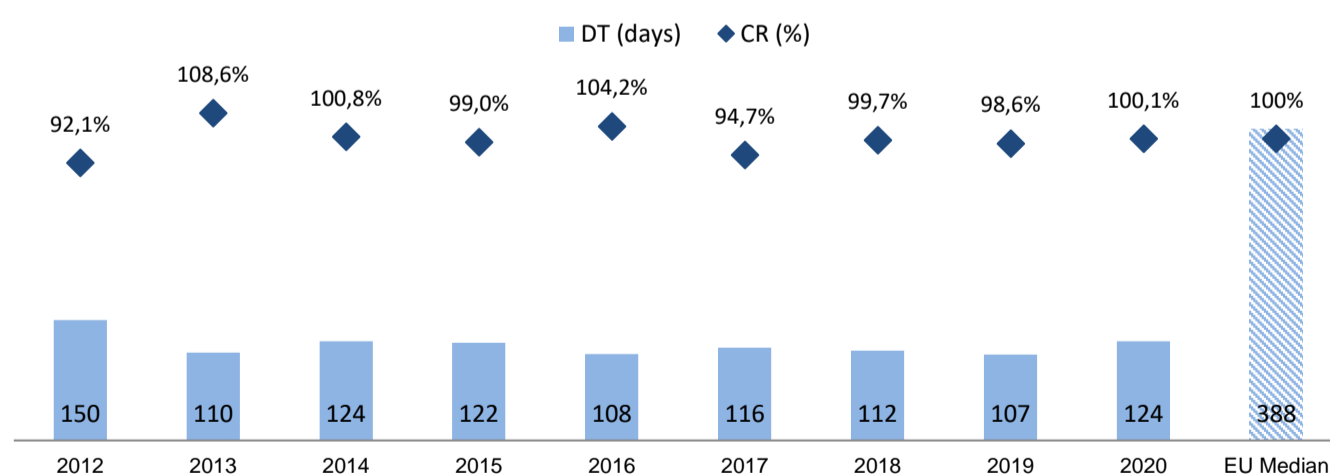
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Bulgaria (0,42 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Bulgaria (0,14 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	92,1%	150
2013	108,6%	110
2014	100,8%	124
2015	99,0%	122
2016	104,2%	108
2017	94,7%	116
2018	99,7%	112
2019	98,6%	107
2020	100,1%	124



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,1% in 2020, Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,6 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 124 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 388 days.

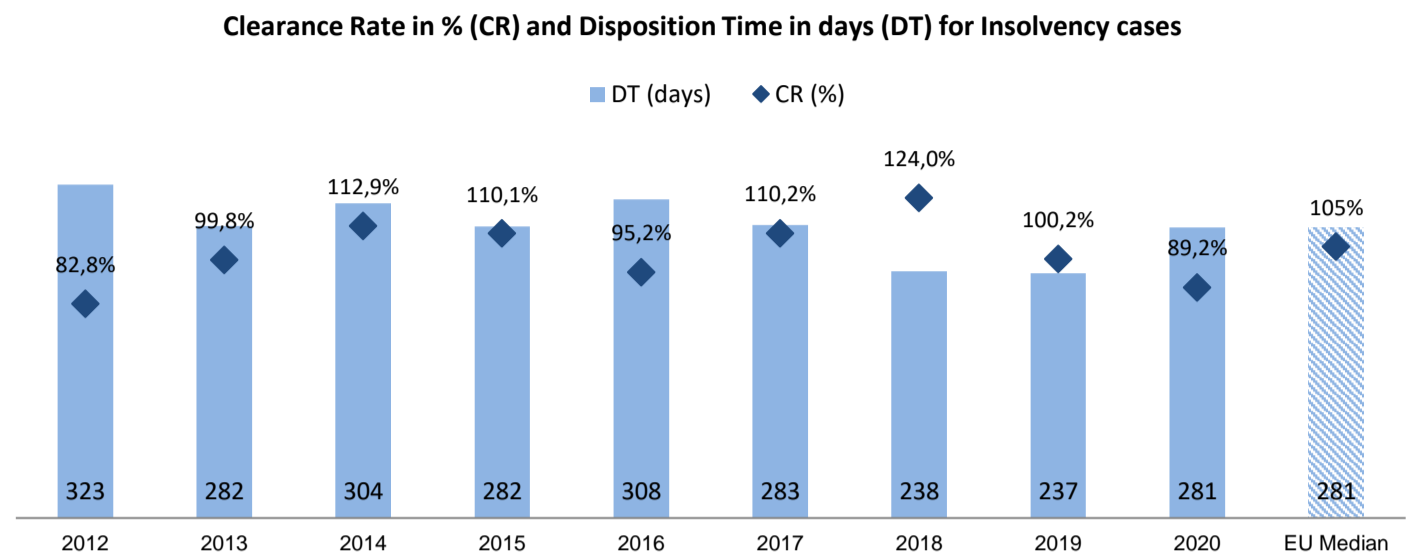
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 15,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	82,8%	323
2013	99,8%	282
2014	112,9%	304
2015	110,1%	282
2016	95,2%	308
2017	110,2%	283
2018	124,0%	238
2019	100,2%	237
2020	89,2%	281



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 89,2% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Bulgaria seems to encounter difficulties in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -10,9 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 281 days, which is the EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 18,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

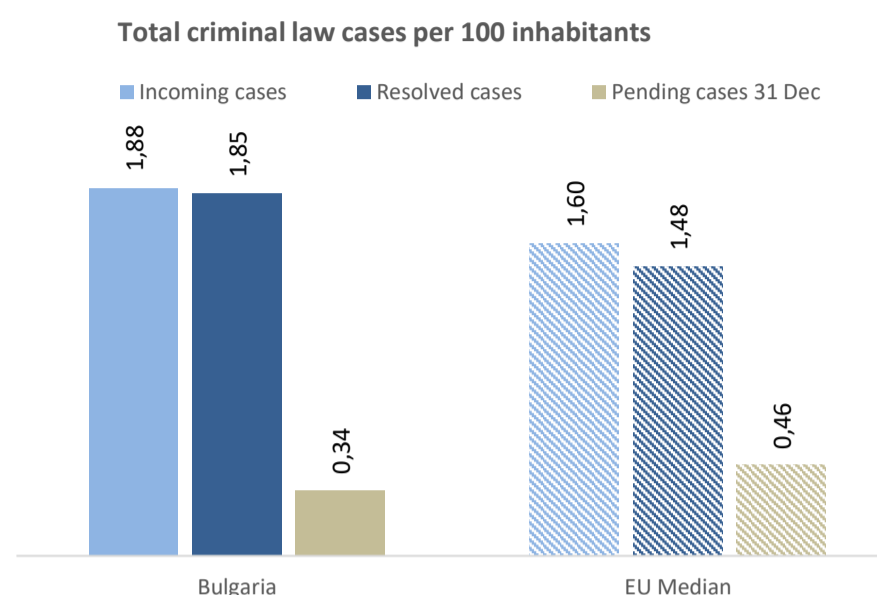
The increased number of pending “insolvency cases” affecting negatively the efficiency indicators for 2020 could be the result of the epidemiological situation in the country related to the spread of COVID - 19, as well as to the emergency measures introduced by the Government of the Republic of Bulgaria.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	21 184	130 282	128 186	23 280
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,31	1,88	1,85	0,34
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Bulgaria (1,88 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

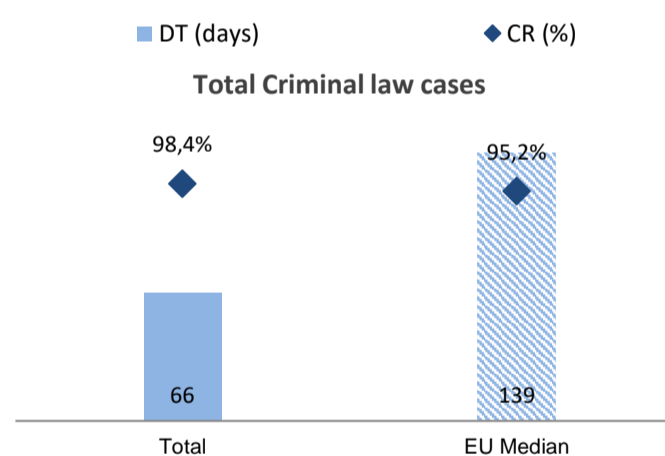
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Bulgaria (1,85 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Bulgaria (0,34 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	98,4%	66
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT)



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 98,4% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its total criminal cases.

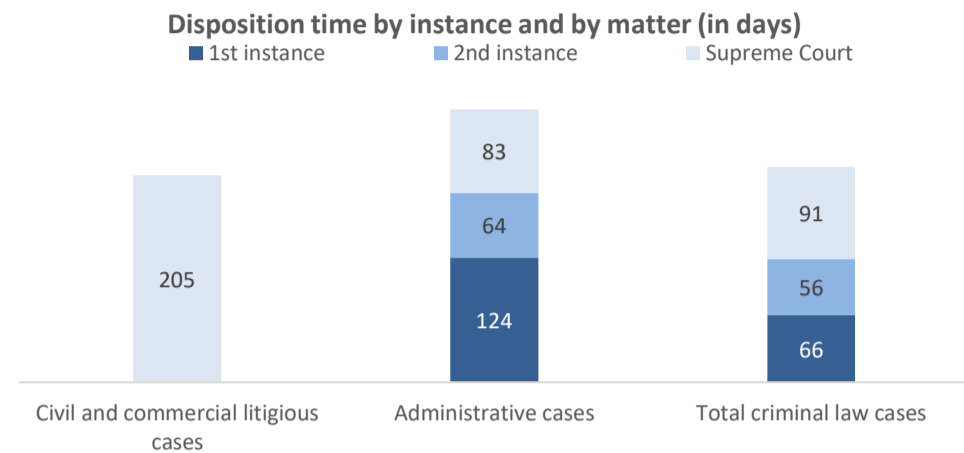
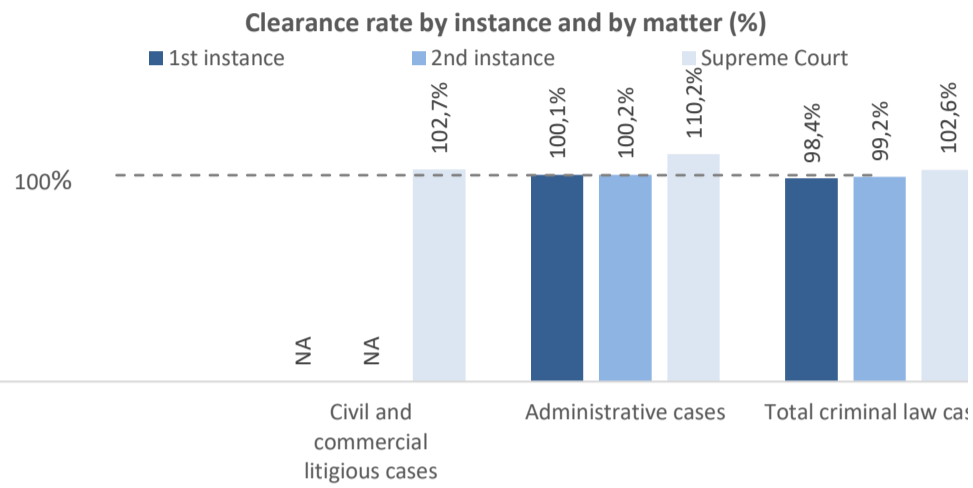
In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 66 days, which is significantly below EU median of 139 days.

For most of the crimes, the Bulgarian Criminal Code provides for a deprivation of liberty, which makes the distinction hard to be made. The offences could be divided into two categories: common offences and offences subject to private prosecution. For the common offences, the search of responsibility is subordinated to the common regime (there is a public interest concerned or public interest and personal goods). Such are the crimes against individuals (homicide, grievous or intermediate bodily harm, rape, fornication and etc.), crimes against the property (the list is not exhaustive). As to the offences subject to private prosecution, the criminal proceedings are initiated upon a complaint by the affected person (personal interests of the affected person, and usually the affected person and the perpetrator are close relatives). Those offences have a lower degree of public danger and affect less the rights of the concerned person. Such offences are the minor bodily injury, the insult, the slander and etc.

It should be noticed that since 2020, the Unified Court Information System (UIS) has been gradually introduced in all courts, developed within the project "Creating a Model for Optimizing the Court Card of Bulgarian Courts and Prosecutor's Offices and Developing a Unified Court Information System" with the financial support of Operational Program "Good Governance" 2014-2020. Depending on the functionalities of the system, it may be possible to collect information on the next cycle according to the indicators mentioned in question 94.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	102,7%	NA	NA	205
Administrative cases	100,1%	100,2%	110,2%	124	64	83
Total criminal law cases	98,4%	99,2%	102,6%	66	56	91



For the reasons explained above, concerning civil and commercial litigious cases, the efficiency indicators can be calculated only with regard to the Supreme Cassation Court. The latter proved to be efficient in these matters as well as in the criminal law field in 2020 with a Clearance Rate above the 100% threshold and a Disposition Time of respectively 205 days and 91 days which are below the EU medians of 224 and 120 days.

In 2020, Bulgarian courts seem to be particularly efficient and prompt in administrative matters. As the graph above shows it, at all court instances, the Clearance Rate is above 100%, while the Disposition Time is considerably below the respective EU medians (388 days at first instance; 362 days at second instance and 281 days at third instance). More specifically, regarding the Supreme Administrative Court (SAC), the number of pending administrative cases decreased meaningfully in 2020 due to the reorganization of the work process. Namely, by issuing an internal order, the Chairman/President of the SAC increased the workload of each judge to achieve these results.

As to the criminal law field, the efficiency indicators are satisfactory at all instances in 2020, with a Clearance Rate above or close to the 100% and a Disposition Time considerably below the respective EU medians (139 days at first instance, 101 days at second instance and 120 days at third instance).

5. Public prosecution services in Bulgaria

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Bulgaria has the following 10 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

Pursuant to the Constitution of the Republic of Bulgaria (art.127), the Prosecutor's Office shall ensure that legality is observed by exercising other powers as well: by taking actions for revoking all unlawful acts; by participating in civil and administrative proceedings under the cases provided by the law.

In accordance with the Judicial System Act (art.145), in discharging the functions stipulated by the law, the prosecutor may: conduct checks in person; if there are data on criminal offences or legally non-conforming instruments and actions, assign the respective authorities to conduct checks and audits within a time limit set by the prosecutor, submitting thereto conclusions and, upon request, the full set of materials as well; transmit the materials to the competent authority, where establishing that there are grounds to enforce liability or to apply coercive administrative measures, which the prosecutor cannot implement in person; apply the measures provided for by the law if there are data that a publicly prosecutable offence or another breach of the law may be committed. Within the competence thereof and in accordance with the law, a prosecutor may give binding written orders to the police authorities. The prosecutor shall appeal and motion for the reversal or modification of legally non-conforming instruments within the time limit and according to the procedure provided for by law. The prosecutor may stay the enforcement of an instrument until the appeal is examined by the authority concerned, if so provided for by law.

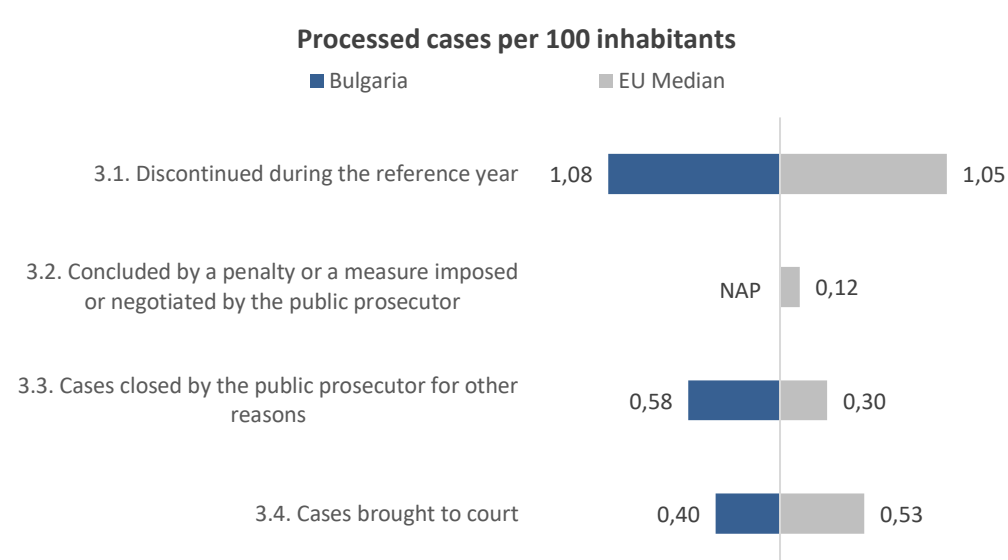
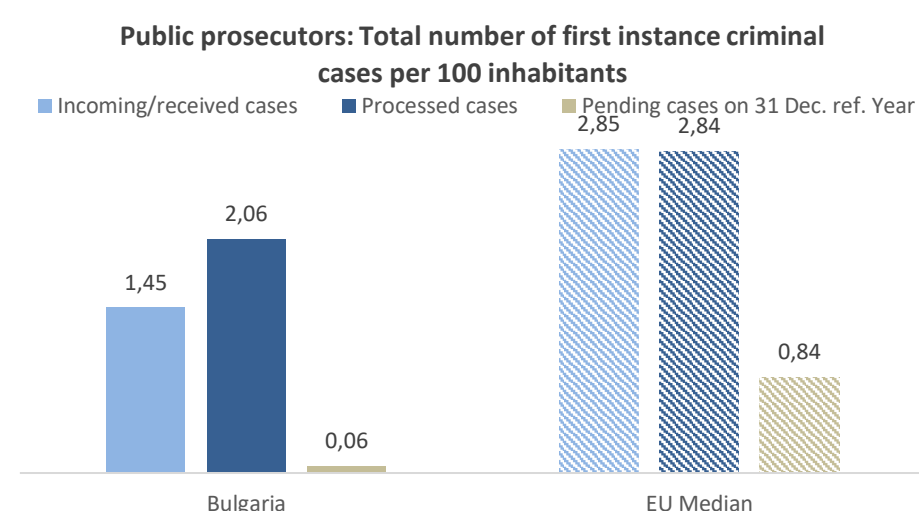
Besides, the public prosecutor may: suspend criminal proceedings in certain cases; assign the respective bodies of the Ministry of Interior, the State Agency for National Security, the Commission for Combating Corruption and Confiscation of Illegally Acquired Property or the Customs Agency with establishing the identity of, and tracing down the perpetrator when the perpetrator of a criminal offence is unknown; the prosecutor may take the materials concerning non-identified and non-located individuals in a separate case where evidence is collected in the case of the involvement of more individuals; the prosecutor may take materials concerning some of the offences in a separate case where evidence is collected in the case of several criminal offences committed by one and the same individual. A prosecutor at a higher position and a prosecutor with a higher prosecution office may revoke in writing or amend the decrees of prosecutors directly reporting to him/her. In such cases s/he may take the necessary investigative or other procedural action alone. The Prosecutor-General exercises supervision for legality of and provide methodological guidance for the operation of all prosecutors.

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil, administrative and insolvency cases, namely concerning the submission of claims for the dissolution of non-profit associations and political parties, if the legal prerequisites for this are present.

In regard to insolvency cases, the prosecutor participates in the examination of commercial cases in the case of the termination of trading companies.

Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	4 695	0,07
2. Incoming/received cases	100 508	1,45
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	142 299	2,06
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	74 567	1,08
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NAP	NAP
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	74 567	1,08
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NAP	NAP
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP	NAP
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NAP	NAP
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	39 853	0,58
3.4. Cases brought to court	27 879	0,40
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	4 119	0,06



Few methodological clarifications have to be carried out here.

The number of pending cases at the beginning of the year refers to the unresolved pre-trial proceedings (PTPs) by a prosecutor as of 1 January of the reference year.

The number of incoming cases encompasses the closed PTPs.

The processed cases are the decided PTPs by a prosecutor.

The discontinued during the reference year cases are the terminated PTPs (including those by prescription).

Discontinued by the public prosecutor cases due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation are the terminated PTPs, incl. those by prescription.

Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons are the suspended PTPs, as well as the PTPs sent by competence (for the respective prosecutor's office, although these cases are essentially unresolved, they are closed). It is not obligatory for the prosecutor's office, which sent the case within its competence, to conduct a full investigation. If a ground for the competence of another prosecutor's office is established under the rules of local, functional or special competence, the case shall be sent to the respective prosecutor's office for continuation of the investigation. The grounds for determining the competence are exhaustively specified in the CPC (Chapter Four, Section II of the CPC, Article 35 et seq. Of the CPC, Article 195 of the CPC, Articles 396-398 of the CPC, Article 411a of the CPC). Regarding the cases sent by competence, the mathematical calculation for collecting the values is not applicable for the two prosecutor's offices - one that sent it by competence (according to the rules of local, functional or special competence), for which the case was decided "closed case for other reasons" and the other, which accepted it within its competence, if at the end of the year the same case remained pending, the latter is included in the above data.

Cases brought to court are the submitted PDs in the court.

The number of pending cases at the end of the year refers to the unresolved pre-trial proceedings by a prosecutor.

Concerning the increase in the number of processed cases between 2018 and 2020, the number of "cases closed by the prosecutor for other reasons", taken into consideration for this cycle, makes the difference.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Bulgaria

Number of mediators

The information about the number of registered court-related mediators is not available (NA). As of July 2021 the total number of mediators registered in the Unified Register of Mediators at the Ministry of Justice is 2767 (for 2020 the number of newly registered is 233).

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Bulgaria

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	4,6	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	0,7	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	5,0	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	1,4	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	2,5	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	3,3	6,9

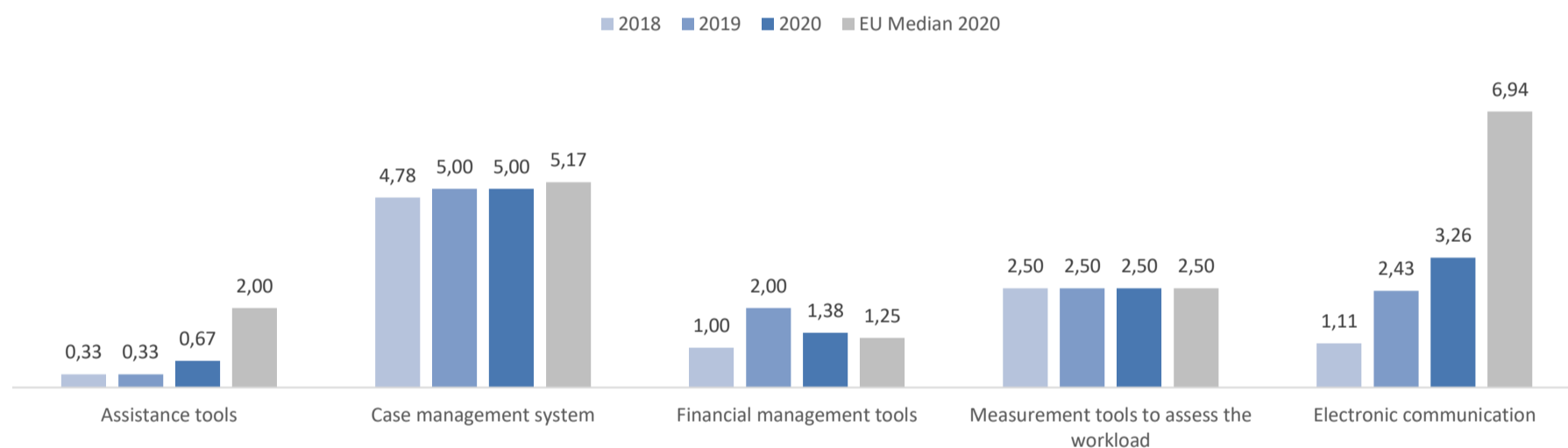
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Concerning the existence of writing assistance tools, pursuant to Article 55 of the Civil Procedure Code, the Minister of Justice issues an ordinance approving the samples of all papers related to service. The amendment of the samples is done by amending and supplementing the ordinance.

As concerns the existence of measurement tools on workload, it is noteworthy that with a decision of the Prosecutors Chamber with the Supreme Judicial Council of Bulgaria (SJC) dated 18.12.2019, as of 01.01.2020, Rules for measuring the workload of the prosecutor's offices and the individual workload of each prosecutor and investigator have been adopted. With a decision of the SJC of 16.12.2015, Rules for assessment of the workload of judges have been adopted.

The instruments do not refer to court employees, but only to judges, prosecutors and investigators within the prosecutor's offices and courts in the Republic of Bulgaria.

In terms of electronic communication, the possibility for summoning and receiving documents and communications electronically in the administrative proceedings is provided in Art. 18a, para. 4 of the APC with amendment and supplement of the code, promulgated. in SG, no. 77 of 2018, in force since October 10, 2019.

With regard to civil/commercial proceedings, an important update of the legislation was made in connection with the regulation of the possibility to serve summonses, notices and court papers by e-mail. On December 29, 2020, the Law for amendment and supplement of the Civil Procedure Code was promulgated, which for the most part enters into force on June 30, 2021.

In respect of criminal proceedings, the latest amendments to the Criminal Procedure Code stipulate that a message containing information for downloading the summons, the message or the papers from the information system for secure service or from the single portal for e-justice is sent to the e-mail address indicated by the person. (in force from 30.06.2021).

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Bulgaria

In Bulgaria, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

The Supreme Judicial Council, through its Commission for Attestation/Appraisal and Competitions at the Judges College/Chamber of the Supreme Judicial Council and the Commission for Attestation/Appraisal and Competitions at the Prosecutorial College/Chamber, are the bodies that perform an objective assessment of the professional, business and moral qualities of magistrates.

According to its article 4, the Ordinance № 2 from 23.02.2017 on the indicators, methodology and procedure for appraisal of a judge, chairman and deputy chairman of a court aims: 1. to affirm the rule of law and ensure effective protection of the rights of judges; 2. to ensure a lawful, transparent and fair procedure for career growth; 3. to increase the personal motivation for professional development of the judges, to maintain and improve the quality of their work; 4. to prevent corruption in the system of the judiciary; 5. to contribute to increasing the trust in the judiciary. The appraisal is an objective assessment of the professional, business and moral qualities of a judge, chairman and deputy chairman of a court, demonstrated in the performance of his position. A unified appraisal form for a judge, chairman and deputy chairman of a court shall be filled in according to a sample pursuant to the appendix for the assessment as a result of the appraisal (art.5). The appraisal guarantees professional self-improvement, equal and fair opportunities for the career growth of judges, based on the principles of legality, equality, objectivity and transparency (art.6). The appraisal may not affect the independence and fundamental rights of judges (art.7). The appraisal shall refer to the qualification, the achievements and the professional suitability, as well as the observance of the rules for ethical behavior by a judge, chairman and deputy chairman of a court. The qualification is a set of the acquired professional knowledge, skills and personal abilities of the appraised. The achievements are the personal qualitative and quantitative results, achieved by the appraised in his practical activity. Professional suitability is the specific qualification for a specifically defined position. The observance of the rules for ethical conduct is a conduct, compliant with the rules of the respective code of ethics (art.8).

According to art. 196 of the Judiciary System Act, the appraisal shall be carried out: 1. initial - for a three-year period as of the appointment of a judge, prosecutor or investigator - when participating in a competition or in case of a proposal for promotion in ranking; 2. for the purpose of acquiring tenure: upon completion of five years' service as a judge, prosecutor or investigating magistrate; 3. periodic - for a 5-year period as of the attestation for tenure of a judge, prosecutor and investigator, of an administrative head and a deputy administrative head; 4. extraordinarily: in the cases under Article 197 (5). Junior judges, junior prosecutors and junior investigators shall not undergo initial appraisal. A report on their work shall be drawn up by the supervisor for the second year of their appointment.

According to article 198 of the Judiciary system Act, the criteria for the appraisal of a judge, prosecutor or an investigating magistrate shall be: legal knowledge and skills of applying it; skill of analysing legally relevant facts; skill of making optimum working arrangements; efficiency and discipline; compliance with the rules of ethical behaviour. In the course of the appraisal the following indicators shall be taken into account: keeping deadlines; number of instruments upheld and reversed and the grounds for this; the results of inspections carried out by the Inspectorate with the Supreme Judicial Council; the overall caseload of the respective judicial district and judicial authority, as well as the workload of the appraised judge, prosecutor or investigating magistrate compared to other judges, prosecutors or investigating magistrates in the same judicial authority. The time served by the judge, prosecutor or investigating magistrate as a permanent trainer at the National Institute of Justice shall also be included in the appraisal period. The evaluation of the work performance as a trainer shall be given by the Managing Board. The time served by the judge, prosecutor or investigating magistrate as a European Delegated Prosecutor shall also be included in the appraisal period. The evaluation of the results of their work under Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 shall become part of their appraisal.

Article. 199 specifies that a judge shall be appraised under the following specific criteria: complying with the schedule for conduct of court hearings; skill of conducting a court hearing and drawing up a record of proceedings; administrating cases and appeals, preparing for a court hearing; number of appealed judicial instruments from among the appealable judicial instruments, appealed judicial instruments upheld, judicial instruments reversed or invalidated, in whole or in part, and the grounds for it; the ability to reason and justify judicial instruments and to analyse evidence shall be subject to evaluation. A prosecutor shall be appraised under the following specific criteria: skills of planning and structuring steps in pre-trial and trial proceedings; complying with the written instructions and orders of the superior prosecutor; ability to make working arrangements and direct the investigating authorities and the teams participating in pre-trial proceedings; number of non-appealed prosecutorial instruments, including warrants to terminate and suspend criminal proceedings, number of final judicial instruments rendered on instruments submitted by the prosecutor appraised, as well as the final judicial instruments returning cases for the rectification of procedural breaches, and the reasons for this, number of appeals granted, the prosecutorial instruments upheld, modified and reversed upon an instance and ex officio review. An investigating magistrate shall be appraised under the following specific criteria: skills of planning and structuring steps in pre-trial proceedings; complying with the written instructions and orders of the prosecutor; correspondence of the prosecutorial instruments with the opinion of the investigating magistrate after the conclusive completion of the investigation and final disposal of the cases returned for further investigation.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Bulgaria, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

The Inspectorate to the Supreme Judicial Council (ISJC) is a body of the judicial system of the Republic of Bulgaria established under art. 132a of the Constitution of the Republic of Bulgaria /published in State Gazette N.12 from 6th February 2007/. The Inspectorate to the Supreme Judicial Council is an independent body with the primary function of examining the operation of the judicial bodies without affecting their independence. Art. 54, para. 1 of the Judicial Power Act assigns powers to the Inspectorate to the Supreme Judicial Council.

The Inspectorate annually, not later than the end of March of the current year, adopts a program for the planned inspections.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

Monitoring, through the reports and analyzes of the Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Bulgaria and individual prosecutors, of the activities of the Prosecutor's Office is carried out only in terms of number of incoming cases, length of proceedings (timeframes), number of resolved cases, number of pending cases, backlogs and percentage of convictions and acquittals.

In Bulgaria, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

With the Guidance for the Organization of the Information Activities at the Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Bulgaria, all indicators for the activity of the Prosecutor's Office are regulated, as well as the obligation of all prosecutor's offices to prepare only a statistical report for the first half of the year, as well as analytical annual reports for their activity. The Rules for Measuring the Workload of the Prosecutor's Offices and the Individual Workload of Each Prosecutor and Investigator, adopted by a Decision of the Supreme Judicial Council under Protocol No. 60/11.12.2014, are applied in all prosecutor's offices, investigation departments and in the National Investigation Service. The use of the Unified Information System of the Prosecutor's Office ensures that the data is retrieved in real time and allows for its verification and reliability. Data on the administrative and managerial workload of the administrative heads, their deputies and the heads of the investigation departments is also provided through the system. The ratio of the number of law enforcement acts to one administrative act at the levels of the prosecutor's offices is also taken into account. The analysis of this relation is important for the efficiency/resource ratio analysis.

Within the Prosecutor's Office's Annual Report, an analysis is made for the workload of the public prosecutor's offices and the investigative bodies and it is compared to the workload of authorities of the same type and degree.

Data on the workload of public prosecutor's offices and investigative bodies is also collected every six months.

Ordinance No. 3 of 23.02.2017 on the Indicators and Methods for Assessment and the Criteria for Reporting the Workload Degree of Prosecutors, Investigators, Administrative Heads and Their Deputies can also be mentioned (adopted by a decision of the Plenum of the Supreme Judicial Council under Protocol No. 7 of 23.02.2017, promulgated in SG 21/10.03.2017). Workload reporting is designated to ensure fairness of the assessment in terms of the volume of actual work. The evaluation takes into account the actual workload of the relevant judicial authority, as well as the individual workload of the assessed prosecutor, investigator, administrative head, deputy administrative head and head of department. The workload of the respective judicial authority is compared to the workload of the bodies of the same type and degree, and the individual workload is compared to the set out workload norm and the workload of other prosecutors or investigators from the same body of the judiciary.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

With the Guidance of Organization of the Information Activities at the Prosecutor's Office, issued by the Prosecutor General, the performance and quality indicators were defined, outside of the given ones, and covered the acts and actions of the public prosecutor for all types of supervisions that are carried out by the Prosecutor's Office:

In criminal proceedings, including the supervision of the enforcement of penalties, the following may be additionally, but not exhaustively mentioned: prosecutor's acts filed with the court; terminated cases; objections against judicial acts; acts for the enforcement of sentences that have already entered into force; acts for supervision over the sentence enforcement.

Actions for resolving the competition between administrative criminal liability and criminal liability;

Within civil proceedings – claims submitted under the cases provided by the law; Within administrative proceedings – participation in trials under the cases provided by the law; Acts on the supervision of legality

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

The implementation of optimization within the Prosecutor's Office is in view of the data on the volume of prosecutorial activity, the workload of prosecutors, as well as the territorial scope and specifics of the region served by the respective prosecutor's office. Decisions on this optimization are made by the Supreme Judicial Council (SJC) on the basis of information periodically provided by the prosecution. On the basis of an analysis of the above indicators, the staff for the respective prosecutor's office is determined (in case of need for increase or reduction of staff, resp. in case of transfer of a full-time position from one to another prosecutor's office).

The answer for 2020 takes into account the process of optimization of the court card started on 01.01.2019, as the Prosecutor's Office started the transformation of district prosecutor's offices into territorial divisions to district prosecutor's offices in the regional centers. Out of a total of 113 district prosecutor's offices at the end of 2018 - 11 were transformed into territorial departments from 01.01.2019, 28 were transformed into territorial departments from 01.01.2020, and as of January 1, 2021 another 38 district prosecutor's offices have been transformed into territorial divisions. The data on the workload and a set of other indicators were used for decision-making by the SJC for the indicated consolidation.

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																				
Q1 Number of inhabitants	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	6 916 548		-5,1%	-0,5%	-0,6%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-0,5%	
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	5 436	5 493	5 808	6 152	6 645	7 099	7 855	8 779	8 845		62,7%	1,0%	5,7%	5,9%	8,0%	6,8%	10,6%	11,8%	0,8%	
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	True
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	False	False
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	True	False
078.1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True											
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True											
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True											
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True											
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True											
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False											
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False											
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False											
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False											
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True											
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True											
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True											
078-1.1.13 Other									True											
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	False	True	True	True	True											
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	True	True	True	True											
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False											
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False											
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False											
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	True											
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	True											
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	False											
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	False											
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True											

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									False										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									False										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									False										
073-6.1.4 Other									False										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases								True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							False	True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	True	False	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	True	False	False									

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP										

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	182	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	147	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	34	34	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	-5,9%	0,0%	-5,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	5	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-40,0%	0,0%	-40,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	170	170	168	175	182	182	182	182	182	7,1%	0,0%	-1,2%	4,2%	4,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	74 505	79 157	76 155	69 865	73 159	77 396	82 931	91 896	95 459	28,1%	6,2%	-3,8%	-8,3%	4,7%	5,8%	7,2%	10,8%	3,9%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	8 622	10 909	8 642	8 460	8 759	7 743	9 426	9 509	9 999	16,0%	26,5%	-20,8%	-2,1%	3,5%	-11,6%	21,7%	0,9%	5,2%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	65 883	68 248	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	3,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	392 320	353 415	319 414	345 327	340 272	397 399	378 948	377 325	312 117	-20,4%	-9,9%	-9,6%	8,1%	-1,5%	16,8%	-4,6%	-0,4%	-17,3%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	28 726	26 441	24 757	26 472	25 072	31 333	31 146	34 724	29 349	2,2%	-8,0%	-6,4%	6,9%	-5,3%	25,0%	-0,6%	11,5%	-15,5%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	363 594	326 974	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-10,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	387 832	356 677	325 754	341 715	336 056	386 923	369 915	373 760	314 849	-18,8%	-8,0%	-8,7%	4,9%	-1,7%	15,1%	-4,4%	1,0%	-15,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	26 462	28 727	24 955	26 196	26 117	29 666	31 044	34 226	29 388	11,1%	8,6%	-13,1%	5,0%	-0,3%	13,6%	4,6%	10,2%	-14,1%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	361 370	327 950	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-9,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	78 993	75 895	69 815	73 477	77 375	87 872	91 964	95 461	92 727	17,4%	-3,9%	-8,0%	5,2%	5,3%	13,6%	4,7%	3,8%	-2,9%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	10 886	8 623	8 444	8 736	7 714	9 410	9 528	10 007	9 960	-8,5%	-20,8%	-2,1%	3,5%	-11,7%	22,0%	1,3%	5,0%	-0,5%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	68 107	67 272	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-1,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	98,9%	100,9%	102,0%	99,0%	98,8%	97,4%	97,6%	99,1%	100,9%	2,04	2,09	1,05	(2,97)	(0,20)	(1,41)	0,26	1,47	1,84
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	92,1%	108,6%	100,8%	99,0%	104,2%	94,7%	99,7%	98,6%	100,1%	8,70	17,94	(7,22)	(1,83)	5,27	(9,11)	5,27	(1,11)	1,59
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,4%	100,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	0,92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	74	78	78	78	84	83	91	93	107	44,6%	4,5%	0,7%	0,3%	7,1%	-1,4%	9,5%	2,7%	15,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	150	110	124	122	108	116	112	107	124	-17,6%	-27,0%	12,7%	-1,4%	-11,4%	7,4%	-3,2%	-4,7%	15,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	69	75	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	8,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	2 378	2 463	2 280	2 252	2 332	2 346	2 272	2 396	2 371	-0,3%	3,6%	-7,4%	-1,2%	3,6%	0,6%	-3,2%	5,5%	-1,0%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	936	1 032	871	731	661	737	775	710	749	-20,0%	10,3%	-15,6%	-16,1%	-9,6%	11,5%	5,2%	-8,4%	5,5%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	887	1 173	1 227	1 087	967	1 087	977	762	750	-15,4%	32,2%	4,6%	-11,4%	-11,0%	12,4%	-10,1%	-22,0%	-1,6%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	6 239	6 032	5 822	5 729	5 663	5 393	5 554	5 600	4 830	-22,6%	-3,3%	-3,5%	-1,6%	-1,2%	-4,8%	3,0%	0,8%	-13,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	2 331	1 741	1 551	1 364	1 604	1 202	1 168	1 075	1 301	-44,2%	-25,3%	-10,9%	-12,1%	17,6%	-25,1%	-2,8%	-8,0%	21,0%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	1 583	1 523	1 146	1 143	1 281	1 135	931	1 169	1 293	-18,3%	-3,8%	-24,8%	-0,3%	12,1%	-11,4%	-18,0%	25,6%	10,6%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 151	6 210	5 848	5 795	5 622	5 343	5 421	5 621	4 629	-24,7%	1,0%	-5,8%	-0,9%	-3,0%	-5,0%	1,5%	3,7%	-17,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	2 242	1 908	1 693	1 483	1 527	1 281	1 230	1 036	1 121	-50,0%	-14,9%	-11,3%	-12,4%	3,0%	-16,1%	-4,0%	-15,8%	8,2%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 311	1 520	1 294	1 258	1 219	1 251	1 154	1 171	1 154	-12,0%	15,9%	-14,9%	-2,8%	-3,1%	2,6%	-7,8%	1,5%	-1,5%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	2 466	2 285	2 254	2 186	2 373	2 396	2 405	2 375	2 572	4,3%	-7,3%	-1,4%	-3,0%	8,6%	1,0%	0,4%	-1,2%	8,3%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	1 025	865	729	612	738	658	713	749	929	-9,4%	-15,6%	-15,7%	-16,0%	20,6%	-10,8%	8,4%	5,0%	24,0%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	1 159	1 176	1 079	972	1 029	971	754	760	889	-23,3%	1,5%	-8,2%	-9,9%	5,9%	-5,6%	-22,3%	0,8%	17,0%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	98,6%	103,0%	100,4%	101,2%	99,3%	99,1%	97,6%	100,4%	95,8%	(2,79)	4,42	(2,43)	0,70	(1,85)	(0,20)	(1,48)	2,84	(4,52)
CR Employment dismissal cases	96,2%	109,6%	109,2%	108,7%	95,2%	106,6%	105,3%	96,4%	86,2%	(10,42)	13,94	(0,40)	(0,39)	(12,44)	11,95	(1,19)	(8,49)	(10,59)
CR Insolvency cases	82,8%	99,8%	112,9%	110,1%	95,2%	110,2%	124,0%	100,2%	89,2%	7,77	20,51	13,14	(2,53)	(13,54)	15,83	12,46	(19,19)	(10,90)
DT Litigious divorce cases	146	134	141	138	154	164	162	154	203	38,6%	-8,2%	4,7%	-2,1%	11,9%	6,2%	-1,1%	-4,8%	31,5%
DT Employment dismissal cases	167	165	157	151	176	187	212	264	302	81,3%	-0,8%	-5,0%	-4,2%	17,1%	6,3%	12,9%	24,7%	14,6%
DT Insolvency cases	323	282	304	282	308	283	238	237	281	-12,9%	-12,5%	7,8%	-7,3%	9,3%	-8,1%	-15,8%	-0,7%	18,7%

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			16 261	14 841	12 788	12 457	12 512	13 611	15 876	-	-	-	-8,7%	-13,8%	-2,6%	0,4%	8,8%	16,6%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			3 972	3 239	2 932	2 688	2 526	2 411	2 264	-	-	-	-18,5%	-9,5%	-8,3%	-6,0%	-4,6%	-6,1%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			64 305	60 271	59 309	58 503	57 281	59 922	56 644	-	-	-	-6,3%	-1,6%	-1,4%	-2,1%	4,6%	-5,5%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			17 598	14 979	15 481	14 793	14 705	14 421	12 717	-	-	-	-14,9%	3,4%	-4,4%	-0,6%	-1,9%	-11,8%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			65 730	61 852	59 636	58 446	56 180	57 658	53 814	-	-	-	-5,9%	-3,6%	-2,0%	-3,9%	2,6%	-6,7%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			18 330	15 286	15 724	14 954	14 819	14 567	12 744	-	-	-	-16,6%	2,9%	-4,9%	-0,9%	-1,7%	-12,5%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			14 836	13 260	12 461	12 514	13 613	15 875	18 706	-	-	-	-10,6%	-6,0%	0,4%	8,8%	16,6%	17,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			3 240	2 932	2 689	2 527	2 412	2 265	2 237	-	-	-	-9,5%	-8,3%	-6,0%	-4,6%	-6,1%	-1,2%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			102,2%	102,6%	100,6%	99,9%	98,1%	96,2%	95,0%	-	-	-	0,40	(2,02)	(0,65)	(1,83)	(1,89)	(1,27)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			104,2%	102,0%	101,6%	101,1%	100,8%	101,0%	100,2%	-	-	-	(2,03)	(0,47)	(0,47)	(0,31)	0,24	(0,79)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			82	78	76	78	88	100	127	-	-	-	-5,0%	-2,5%	2,5%	13,2%	13,6%	26,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			65	70	62	62	59	57	64	-	-	-	8,5%	-10,8%	-1,2%	-3,7%	-4,5%	12,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			8 796	9 462	9 956	10 912	9 934	10 063	8 988	-	-	-	7,6%	5,2%	9,6%	-9,0%	1,3%	-10,7%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	3 736	3 940	3 732	3 917	4 048	-	-	-	-	-	5,5%	-5,3%	5,0%	3,3%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	3	NA	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	3	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			4 788	5 590	6 220	6 972	6 199	6 146	4 937	-	-	-	16,8%	11,3%	12,1%	-11,1%	-0,9%	-19,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			27 476	25 012	23 443	23 479	24 176	23 075	20 862	-	-	-	-9,0%	-6,3%	0,2%	3,0%	-4,6%	-9,6%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	8 605	8 441	8 138	8 015	6 693	-	-	-	-	-	-1,9%	-3,6%	-1,5%	-16,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	151	NA	139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	58	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	93	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			16 149	14 931	14 838	15 038	15 887	15 060	14 030	-	-	-	-7,5%	-0,6%	1,3%	5,6%	-5,2%	-6,8%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			26 662	24 571	22 474	24 297	23 868	25 085	22 473	-	-	-	-7,8%	-8,5%	8,1%	-1,8%	5,1%	-10,4%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	8 388	8 485	7 774	7 846	6 876	-	-	-	-	-	1,2%	-8,4%	0,9%	-12,4%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	152	NA	139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	58	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	94	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			15 351	14 301	14 086	15 812	15 942	17 239	15 458	-	-	-	-6,8%	-1,5%	12,3%	0,8%	8,1%	-10,3%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			9 610	9 903	10 925	9 934	10 061	8 053	7 375	-	-	-	3,0%	10,3%	-9,1%	1,3%	-20,0%	-8,4%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	3 953	3 735	3 915	4 086	3 863	-	-	-	-	-	-5,5%	4,8%	4,4%	-5,5%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	NA	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	2	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			5 586	6 220	6 972	6 199	6 144	3 967	3 509	-	-	-	11,3%	12,1%	-11,1%	-0,9%	-35,4%	-11,5%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	479	248	81	85	53	-	-	-	-	-	-48,2%	-67,3%	4,9%	-37,6%

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			97,0%	98,2%	95,9%	103,5%	98,7%	108,7%	107,7%	-	-	-	1,24	(2,41)	7,95	(4,60)	10,11	(0,91)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	97,5%	100,5%	95,5%	97,9%	102,7%	-	-	-	-	-	3,12	(4,97)	2,47	4,95
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	100,7%	NA	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	100,0%	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	101,1%	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			95,1%	95,8%	94,9%	105,1%	100,3%	114,5%	110,2%	-	-	-	0,76	(0,89)	10,76	(4,57)	14,07	(3,75)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			132	147	177	149	154	117	120	-	-	-	11,8%	20,6%	-15,9%	3,1%	-23,8%	2,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	172	161	184	190	205	-	-	-	-	-	-6,6%	14,4%	3,4%	7,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	5	NA	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	8	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			133	159	181	143	141	84	83	-	-	-	19,5%	13,8%	-20,8%	-1,7%	-40,3%	-1,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									21 184	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.1 Total -incoming									130 282	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.1 Total - resolved									128 186	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									23 280	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									98,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 611	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									11 268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									11 174	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 705	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																			
CR of Total									99,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									293	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									231	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 035	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									422	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 062	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									541	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									440	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									266	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									215	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									102,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Severe cases									103,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Misdemeanour cases									92,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Other									104,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Total									91	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Severe cases									145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Misdemeanour cases									131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Other									18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 5: Access to justice																			
Legal aid																			
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																			
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										False									
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										False									
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					False	False	False	False	False	False									
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True									
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True									
020.1.1 Total										NA									
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										NA									
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										NA									
020.2.1 Total brought to court										31 866									
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										29 002									
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										2 864									
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA									
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										14									
020-1.1.2 Average duration										7									

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							False	False	False										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter																			
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter																			
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter																			
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Both	Both	Both										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Both	Both	Both										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Publication of decision online	Both	Both										

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							- False	NA	NA										
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							- False	NA	NA										
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							- False	NA	NA										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter							- Not connected at all	NA	Not connected at all										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							- Not connected at all	NA	Not connected at all										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							- Not connected at all	NA	Not connected at all										
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							- 100%	100%	100%										
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							- NA	100%	50-99%										
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							- True	True	True										
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							- True	True	True										
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							- False	NAP	NA										
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							- True	True	True										
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							- False	False	NA										
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							- False	NAP	NA										

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	0% (NAP)										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	NA	False										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	NA	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							False	False	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial									NA										
064-2 - Criminal									NA										
064-2 - Administrative									NA										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	-	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	-	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	-	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							False	-	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	-	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							False	-	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	-	NA										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	-	NA										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							False	-	NA										

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	True	True										
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate								1-9%	1-9%										
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	False	False										
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							False	True	False										
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	True	True										
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	False	False										
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							True	True	True										
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							True	True	True										
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	False	True										
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							50-99%	100%	100%										
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							50-99%	100%	100%										
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	100%	100%										

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)									Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)									Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)									Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Other	Other	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							Other	Other	Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)								Other	Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							False	False	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	False	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							False	False	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							False	-	-										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	-	-										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	-	-										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	-	-										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							False	False	False										

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																			
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																			
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 239	2 191	2 220	2 225	2 255	2 235	2 223	2 215	2 184		-2,5%	-2,1%	1,3%	0,2%	1,3%	-0,9%	-0,5%	-0,4%	-1,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 188	1 614	1 753	1 760	1 789	1 745	1 750	1 898	1 246		4,9%	35,9%	8,6%	0,4%	1,6%	-2,5%	0,3%	8,5%	-34,4%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	859	396	277	277	276	299	289	134	760		-11,5%	-53,9%	-30,1%	0,0%	-0,4%	8,3%	-3,3%	-53,6%	467,2%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	192	181	190	188	190	191	184	183	178		-7,3%	-5,7%	5,0%	-1,1%	1,1%	0,5%	-3,7%	-0,5%	-2,7%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	749	732		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2,3%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	655	435		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-33,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	50	255		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	410,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	44	42		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-4,5%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 466	1 452		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1,0%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 243	811		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-34,8%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	84	505		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	501,2%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	139	136		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2,2%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 184		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 246		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	760		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	178		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	254	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	171	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 014	5 958	6 014	6 143	6 174	6 212	6 262	6 323	6 329	5,2%	-0,9%	0,9%	2,1%	0,5%	0,6%	0,8%	1,0%	0,1%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 479	4 445	4 468	4 395	4 478	4 492	4 656	4 689	4 697	4,9%	-0,8%	0,5%	-1,6%	1,9%	0,3%	3,7%	0,7%	0,2%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 480	1 458	1 491	1 191	1 162	1 118	1 006	979	968	-34,6%	-1,5%	2,3%	-20,1%	-2,4%	-3,8%	-10,0%	-2,7%	-1,1%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	502	481	568	585	617	627	-	-	-	-	-4,2%	18,1%	3,0%	5,5%	1,6%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	55	55	55	55	53	34	35	38	37	-32,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,6%	-35,8%	2,9%	8,6%	-2,6%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									6 329	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									5 204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									716	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									409	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 520	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									884	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									514	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									122	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									740	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									389	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									297	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									780	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									495	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									217	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									3 021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	8 509 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	24 990 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	44 214 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	24 990 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	44 214 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	22 491 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	39 793 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	22 491 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	39 793 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	True										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	True										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																		
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																		
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	12 010	12 010	12 696	13 013	13 500	13 720	13 640	13 880	13 964	16,3%	0,0%	5,7%	2,5%	3,7%	1,6%	-0,6%	1,8%	0,6%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 503	6 608	6 597	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,6%	-0,2%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 137	7 272	7 367	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,9%	1,3%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bulgaria (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																				
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																				
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

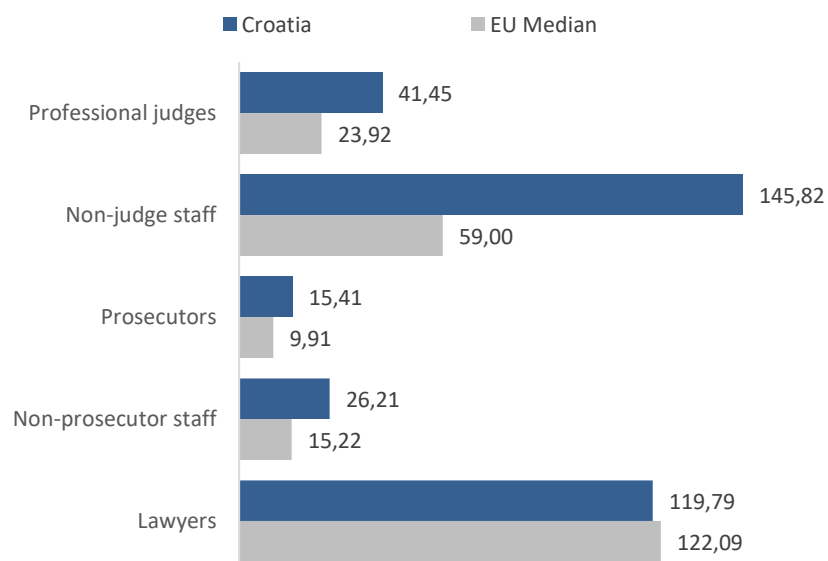
Judiciary at a glance in Croatia

General data

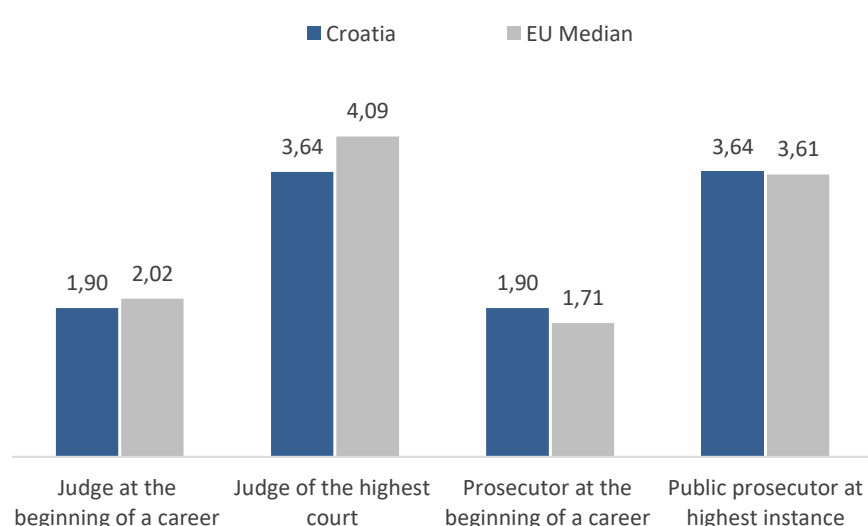
Population: 4 036 355 **GDP per capita:** 12 170 € **Average annual salary:** 14 681 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

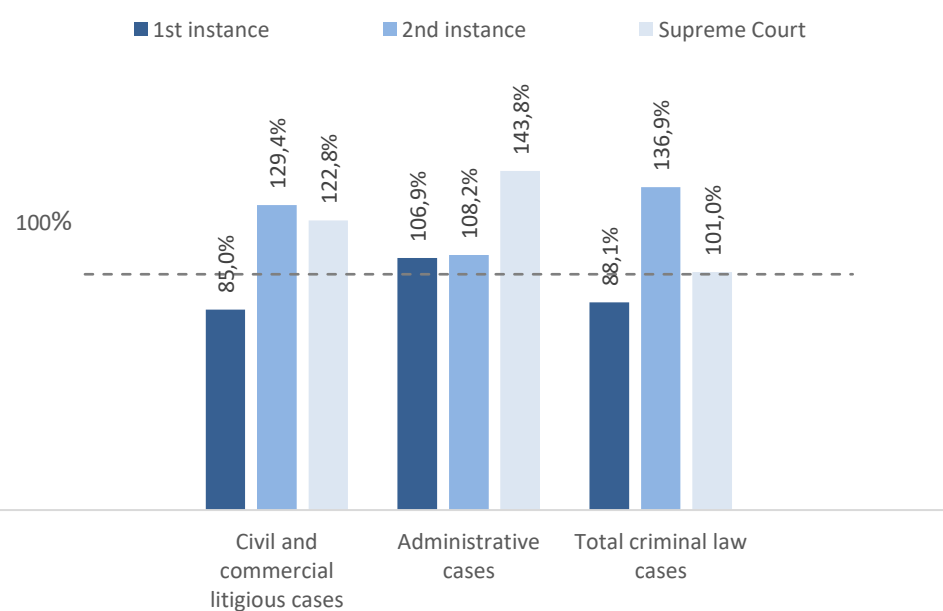


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

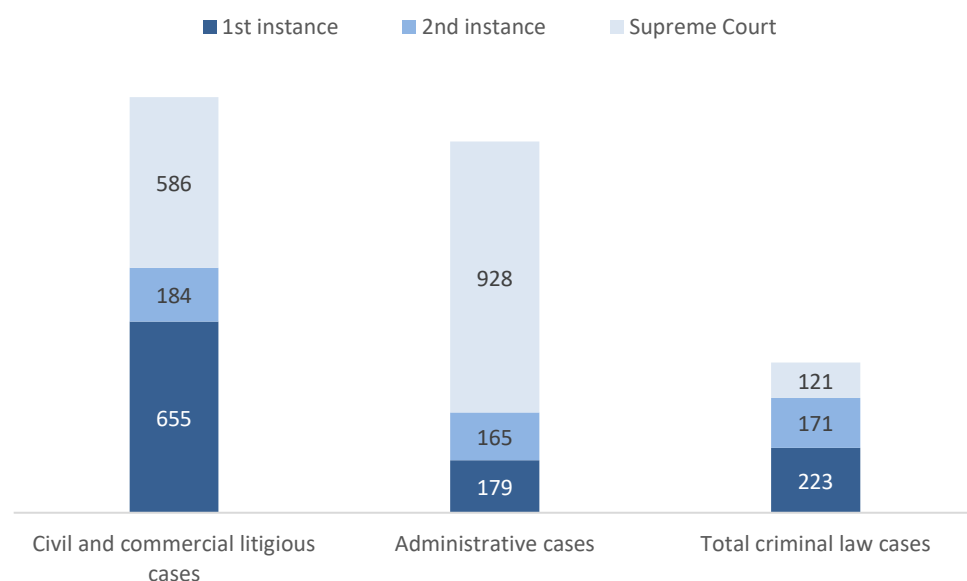


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

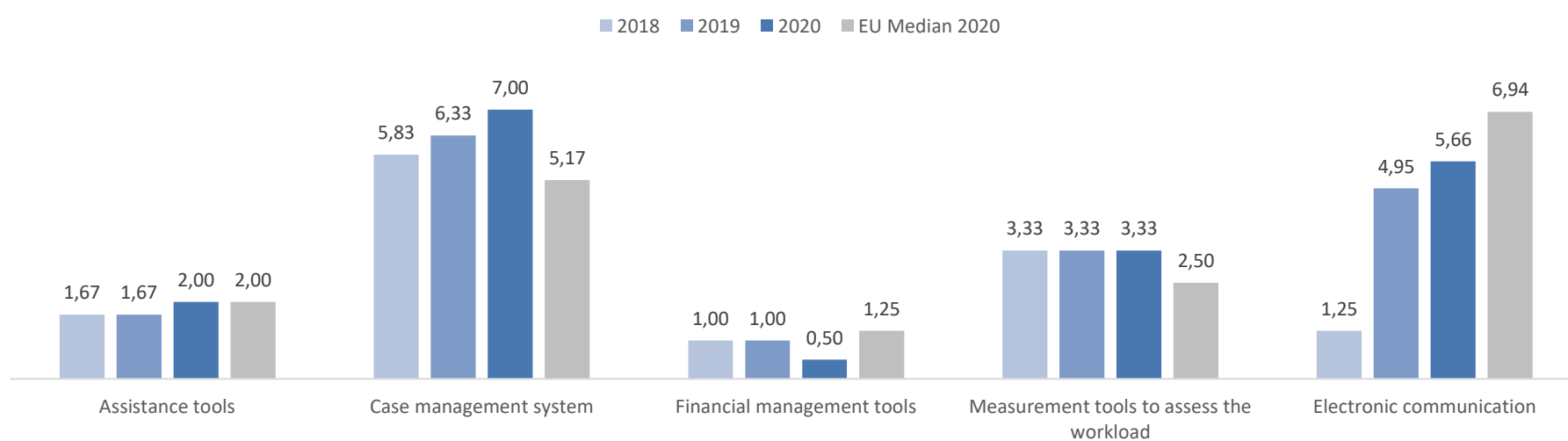


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Croatia

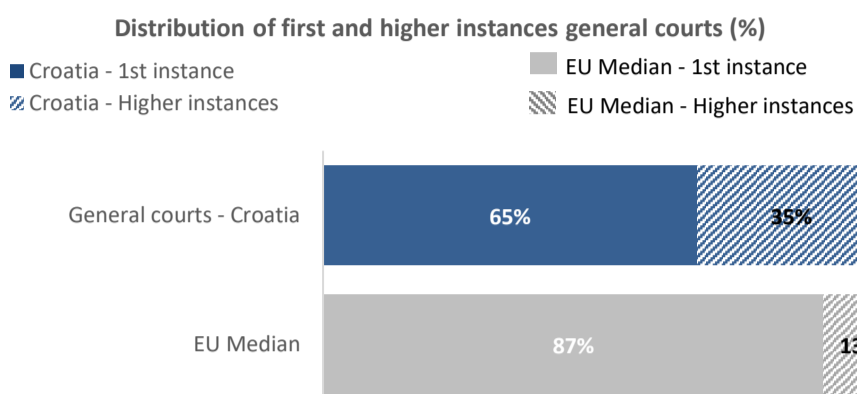
Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	4 036 355	-5,3%	-1,7%	-1,9%	-0,7%	-0,4%	-0,5%
GDP per capita	10 290	10 147	10 162	10 425	10 965	11 880	12 593	13 270	12 170	18,3%	7,9%	14,8%	6,0%	5,4%	-8,3%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	8	-0,1%	-1,3%	-2,0%	-1,4%	0,5%	1,3%
Average annual salary	12 571		12 508		12 355		13 671	14 189	14 681	16,8%	-1,2%	10,7%		3,8%	3,5%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	45,3	45,0	44,4	44,5	43,3	43,2	40,7	41,4	40,7	-10,2%	-2,5%	-5,9%	-5,8%	1,8%	-1,8%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	146,3	146,5	143,4	141,5	140,3	143,7	143,0	146,1	145,8	-0,3%	-2,2%	1,9%	-0,5%	2,2%	-0,2%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	103,0	103,8	106,2	108,8	112,9	114,9	116,7	117,1	119,8	16,2%	6,3%	3,3%	1,5%	0,4%	2,3%
Mediators	9,5	9,6	10,7	11,3	13,2	14,3	15,0	15,6	16,7	75,0%	23,3%	13,6%	4,8%	3,7%	7,1%
ICT overall assesment							4,7	6,2	6,6					32,1%	7,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	4,286	4,800	3,923	3,831	3,264	3,145	2,856	3,178	2,731	-36,3%	-16,8%	-12,5%	-9,2%	11,3%	-14,1%
Administrative law cases	0,282	0,3	0,3	0,342	0,345	0,288	0,329	0,321	0,304	7,7%	4,6%	-4,5%	14,5%	-2,5%	-5,5%
Total criminal law cases									4,871						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	95%	101%	113%	107%	118%	109%	112%	87%	85%	-10,00	4,72	-5,65	3,77	-25,01	-2,42
CR administrative law cases	41%	64%	86%	93%	109%	126%	116%	109%	107%	65,78	23,45	6,65	-10,52	-7,16	-1,90
CR total criminal law cases									88%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	457	386	380	391	364	387	374	488	655	43,3%	-4,2%	2,8%	-3,3%	30,4%	34,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)	523	493	426	413	319	258	197	187	179	-65,7%	-25,2%	-38,1%	-23,5%	-5,1%	-4,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									223						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	5,10	5,13	4,63	4,40	3,84	3,63	3,29	3,72	4,17	-18,3%	-17,0%	-14,3%	-9,1%	12,8%	12,2%
Administrative law cases	0,17	0,28	0,33	0,36	0,33	0,26	0,21	0,18	0,16	-4,0%	-0,3%	-37,3%	-19,7%	-13,2%	-11,1%
Total criminal law cases									2,62						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			96%	104%	116%	122%	122%	119%	129%		20,61	5,18	-0,54	-2,52	10,27
CR administrative law cases			454%	124%	86%	90%	86%	91%	108%		-368,00	-0,44	-4,37	5,33	17,04
CR total criminal law cases									137%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			448	401	328	310	280	248	184		-26,8%	-14,6%	-9,6%	-11,3%	-25,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)			68	62	119	153	195	210	165		75,2%	63,7%	27,3%	7,9%	-21,7%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									171						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	123%		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	144%		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR total criminal law cases									101%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	586		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	928		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT total criminal law cases									121						

1. Judicial organisation in Croatia

According to 2020 data, the Republic of Croatia has 30 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (District courts) and 17 first instance specialised courts, covering 143 geographic locations. The Supreme Court is the last instance.

On the 1st of January 2019 new Courts Areas and Seats Act came into force. This reform removed specialised misdemeanour courts from Croatian judicial system. They were merged into municipal courts of general jurisdiction, and 8 municipal courts were reopened. Only two municipal courts specialised only for misdemeanour cases were left in two largest cities.

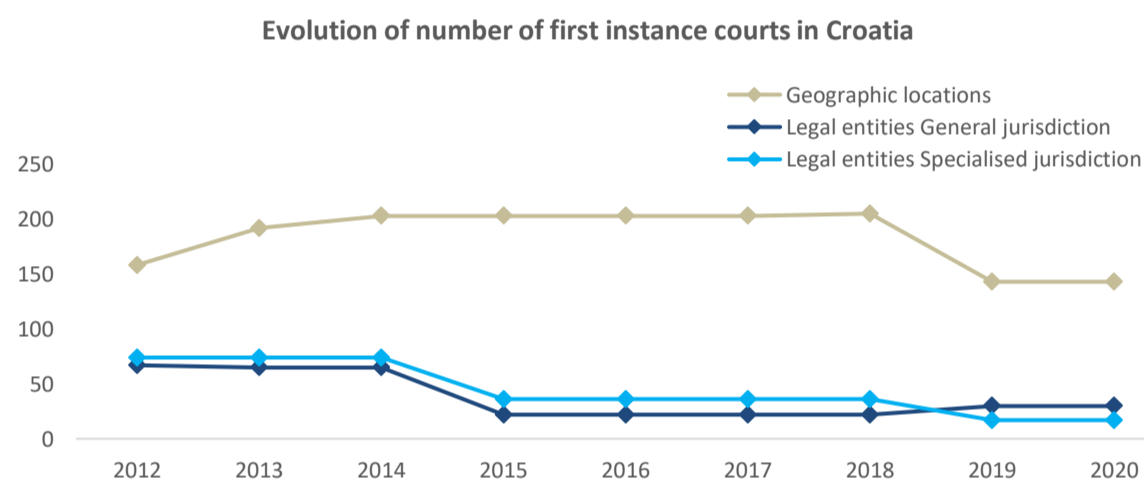
Distribution of general courts in Croatia



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Croatia is 65% - 35%, which is rather distant from the the EU median, 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Croatia

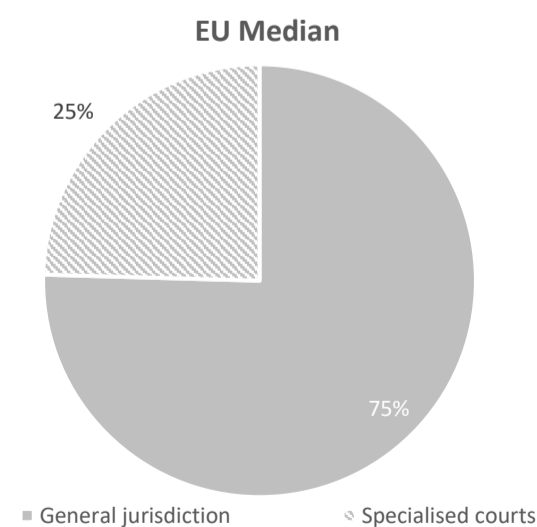
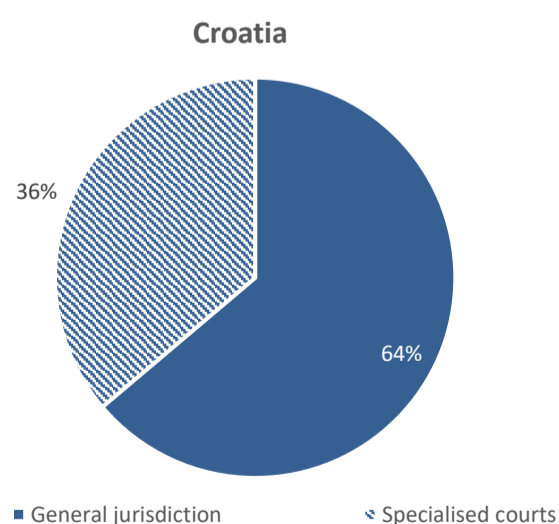
	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	158	67	74
2013	192	65	74
2014	203	65	74
2015	203	22	36
2016	203	22	36
2017	203	22	36
2018	205	22	36
2019	143	30	17
2020	143	30	17



The reform of judicial map implemented in 2015 decreased the number of Misdemeanour Courts from 63 to 22. On the 1st of January 2019, new Courts Areas and Seats Act came into force. From the organisational aspect, the most important measure was the merging of misdemeanour courts into municipal courts, and few municipal courts were reopened after 2015. This is why Croatia has now less first instance specialised courts than in 2018, and more courts of general jurisdiction (22 courts which were in 2018, plus 8 courts which were reopened after the new law came into force).

The reasons for the merger were a significant decrease in the number of misdemeanour cases and overburdened municipal courts with civil cases. In the new judicial map, instead of 46 municipal and misdemeanour courts, there are now 34 municipal courts - all misdemeanour and municipal courts were merged in the same cities except in 2 largest cities, Zagreb and Split, in which specialised municipal courts for misdemeanour cases were retained, and due to geographical specificities and size of certain municipal courts they were separated and new municipal courts were established (10). Also, a new commercial court was established in Dubrovnik. The aim of this new judicial map with new courts in the network and increased jurisdiction of permanent services is to increase the efficiency of the courts, improve access to court services, ensure even distribution of the workload of judges, shorten the length of court proceedings, reduce the number of unresolved cases in municipal courts, and ensure optimisation and easier management of human resources in courts.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 63,8% - 36,2% is around the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	17	3
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	9	1
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	1	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	4	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	0	0
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	3	1

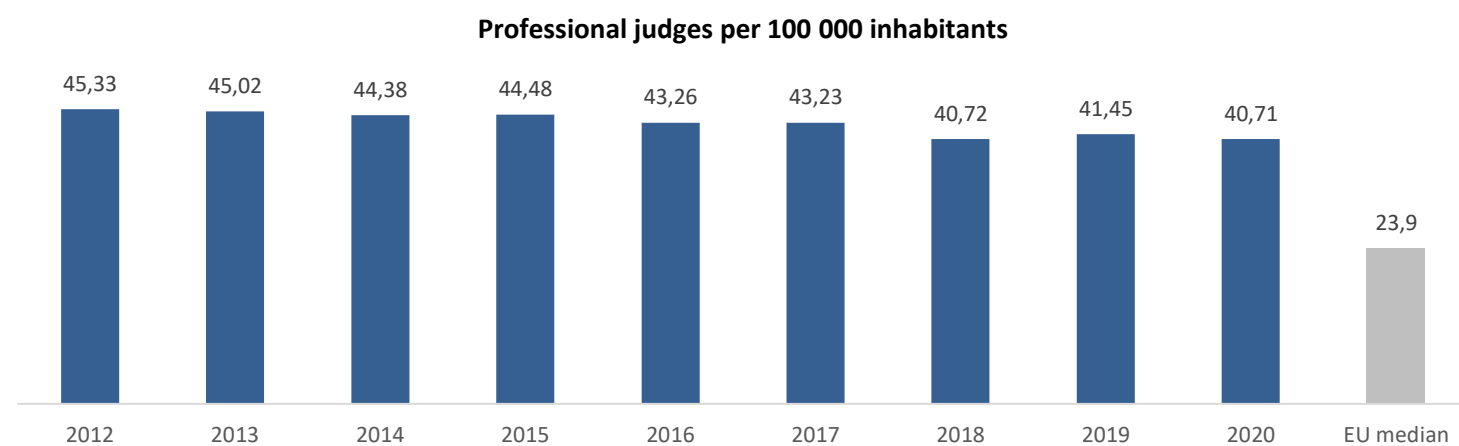
The term “other specialised 1st instance courts” in the Republic of Croatia refers to misdemeanour courts and the Municipal Criminal Court in Zagreb. In the Croatian judicial system there is a higher instance of 3 specialised courts: commercial, administrative and other (misdemeanour).

2. Professionals of justice in Croatia

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 932	45,33
2013	1 912	45,02
2014	1 875	44,38
2015	1 864	44,48
2016	1 797	43,26
2017	1 775	43,23
2018	1 660	40,72
2019	1 682	41,45
2020	1 643	40,71



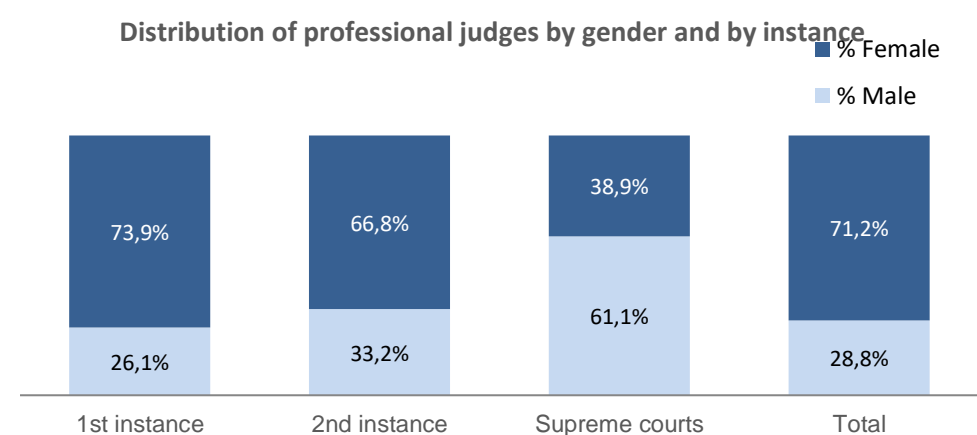
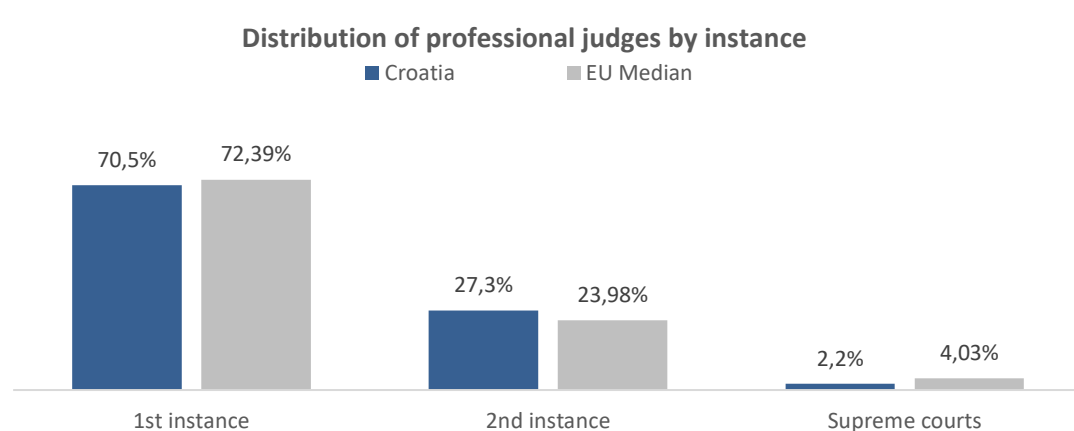
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Croatia is 1 643, which is -2,3% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Croatia, there are 40,71 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,58 non-judge staff per judge .

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,52 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 158	70,5%	302	856	26,1%	73,9%
2nd instance	449	27,3%	149	300	33,2%	66,8%
Supreme courts	36	2,2%	22	14	61,1%	38,9%
Total	1 643		473	1 170	28,8%	71,2%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 1 170, which represents 71,2% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 158 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 856 are female); 449 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 300 are female) and 36 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 14 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that in the total number of judges, only data on actually working judges is presented (the total does not include judges on unpaid leave; judges on maternity leave; judges suspended after disciplinary procedure; judges transferred to other state body - for example to Ministry of Justice or Judicial Academy). Moreover, two judges working half-time (for the reason of care for a child with special needs) are counted as 1 judge.

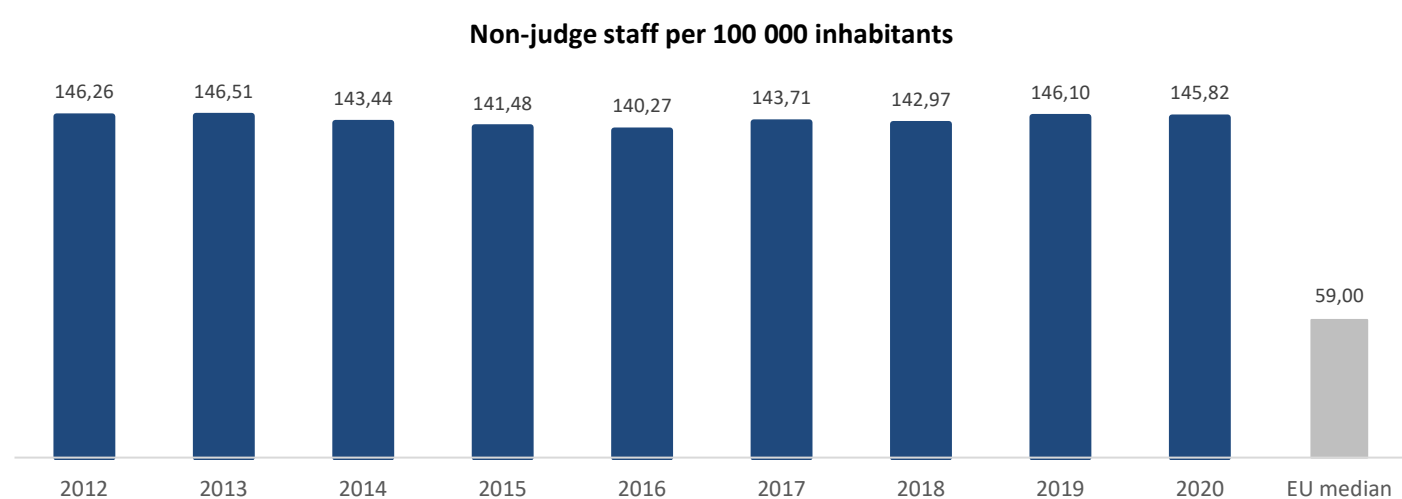
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	1 158	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	449	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme courts	36	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	1 643	NA	NA	NA	NA

In Croatia, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is not possible in reason of mixed specialisation.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	6 234	6 222	6 061	5 929	5 827	5 900	5 828	5 929	5 886
Per 100 000 inhabitants	146,26	146,51	143,44	141,48	140,27	143,71	142,97	146,10	145,82



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	5 886	
Rechtspfleger	553	0
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	4 147	70,5%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	537	9,1%
Technical staff	649	11,0%
Other	NAP	NAP

In 2020, Croatia has 5 886 non-judge staff (of which 5 081 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,7%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 553 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which
- 4 147 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 3 788 are women);
- 537 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 431 are women);
- 649 technical staff (of which 397 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 146,1 in 2019 to 145,8 in 2020).

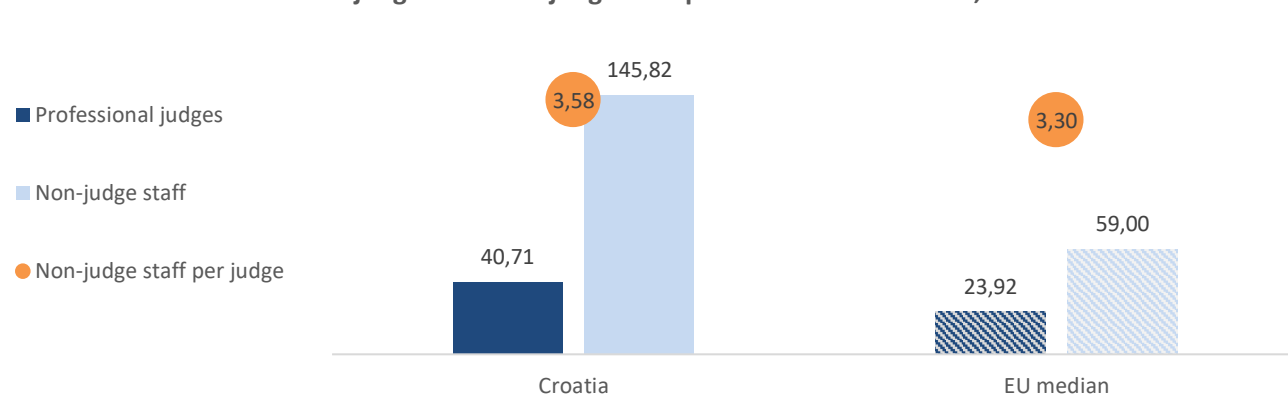
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 41,4 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 40,7 in 2020.

The reason for fluctuation and differences in the number of Rechtspflegers in Republic of Croatia is that they work for 2 years, then prolonged 5 years and then they get a permanent post or not.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Croatia	EU median
Professional judges	40,71	23,92
Non-judge staff	145,82	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,58	3,30

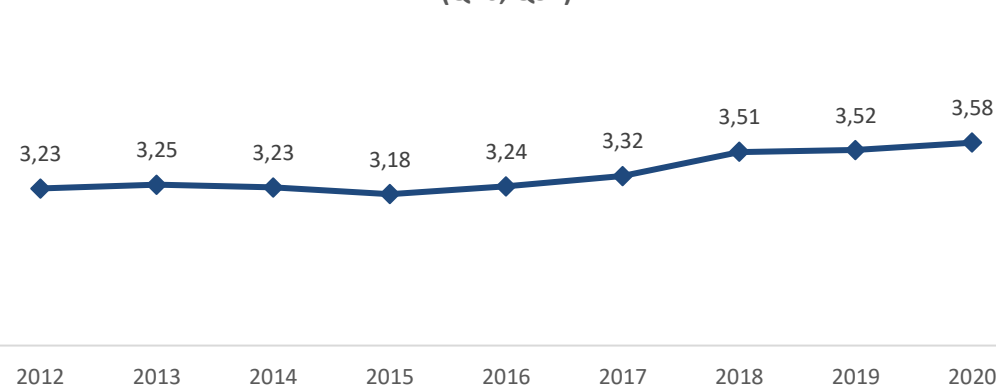
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	45,33	146,26	3,23
2013	45,02	146,51	3,25
2014	44,38	143,44	3,23
2015	44,48	141,48	3,18
2016	43,26	140,27	3,24
2017	43,23	143,71	3,32
2018	40,72	142,97	3,51
2019	41,45	146,10	3,52
2020	40,71	145,82	3,58

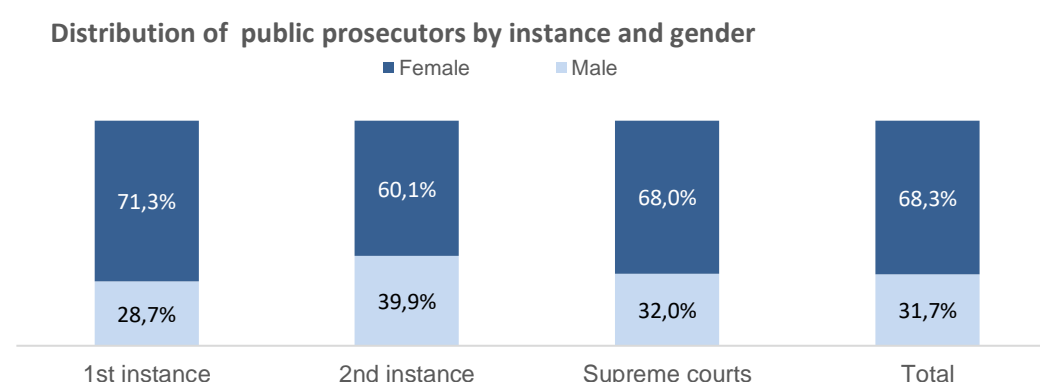
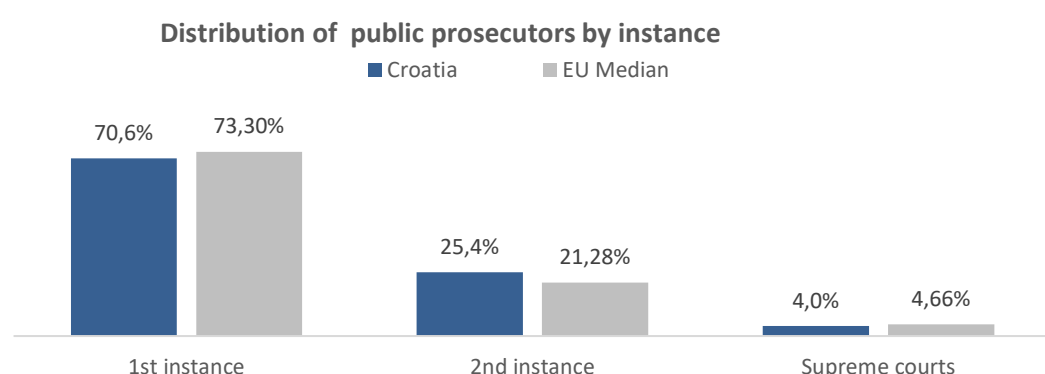
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	439	70,6%	126	313	28,7%	71,3%
2nd instance	158	25,4%	63	95	39,9%	60,1%
Supreme courts	25	4,0%	8	17	32,0%	68,0%
Total	622		197	425	31,7%	68,3%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 425, which represents 68,3% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 439 in first instance (of which 313 are female); 158 are in second instance (of which 95 are female) and 25 in final instance (of which 17 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noticed that the total number of non-judicial staff is a result of a deduction and subsumes only actually working staff. Thus, the total does not include staff on unpaid leave; staff on maternity leave; staff suspended after disciplinary procedures; staff transferred to other State bodies (for example the Ministry of Justice or Judicial Academy). Besides, two non-judicial officials working half-time (for the reason of care for a child with special needs) are counted as 1 non-judicial official.

The provided data encompasses all officials in the public prosecutors' offices, including heads of the public prosecutors' offices (the Public Prosecutor of the Republic of Croatia, county and municipal public prosecutors, the head of the Bureau for Combating Corruption and Organised Crime) and all public prosecutors deputies. The number of prosecutors at the first instance level includes all municipal public prosecutors, their deputies, as well as the head of the Bureau for Combating Corruption and Organised Crime and his deputies. The number of prosecutors at the second instance (court of appeal) level includes all county public prosecutors and their deputies. The number of prosecutors at the Supreme Court level includes the Public Prosecutor and his deputies.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	1 058	138	920

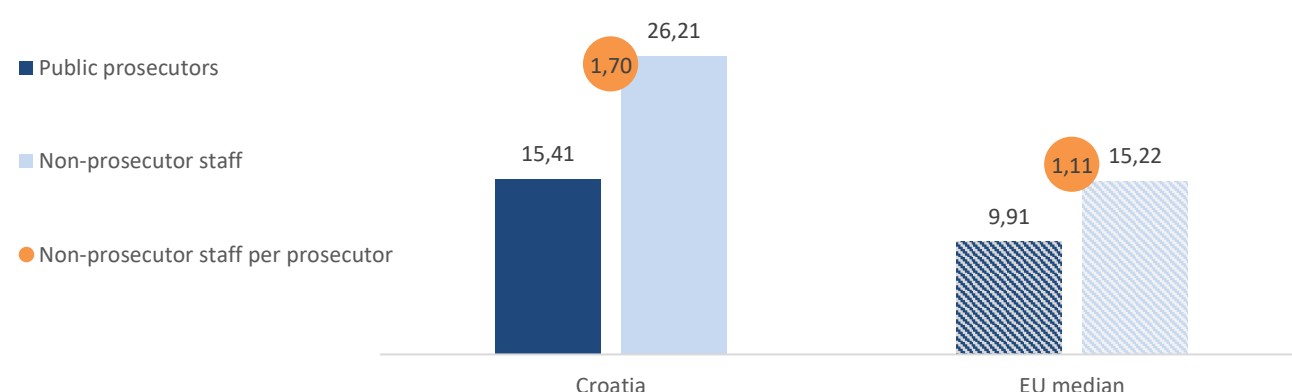
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

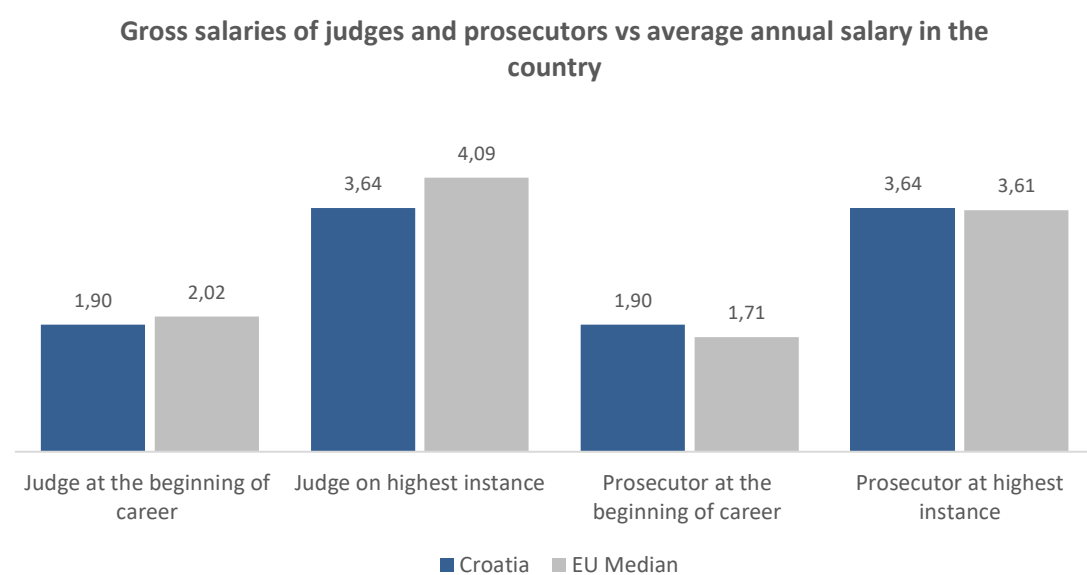
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Croatia	EU median
Public prosecutors	15,41	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	26,21	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,70	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	27 878 €	17 790 €	1,90
Judge of the highest court	53 447 €	32 452 €	3,64
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	27 878 €	17 790 €	1,90
Public prosecutor at highest instance	53 447 €	32 452 €	3,64



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Croatia of 27 878€ is below when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 1,90 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

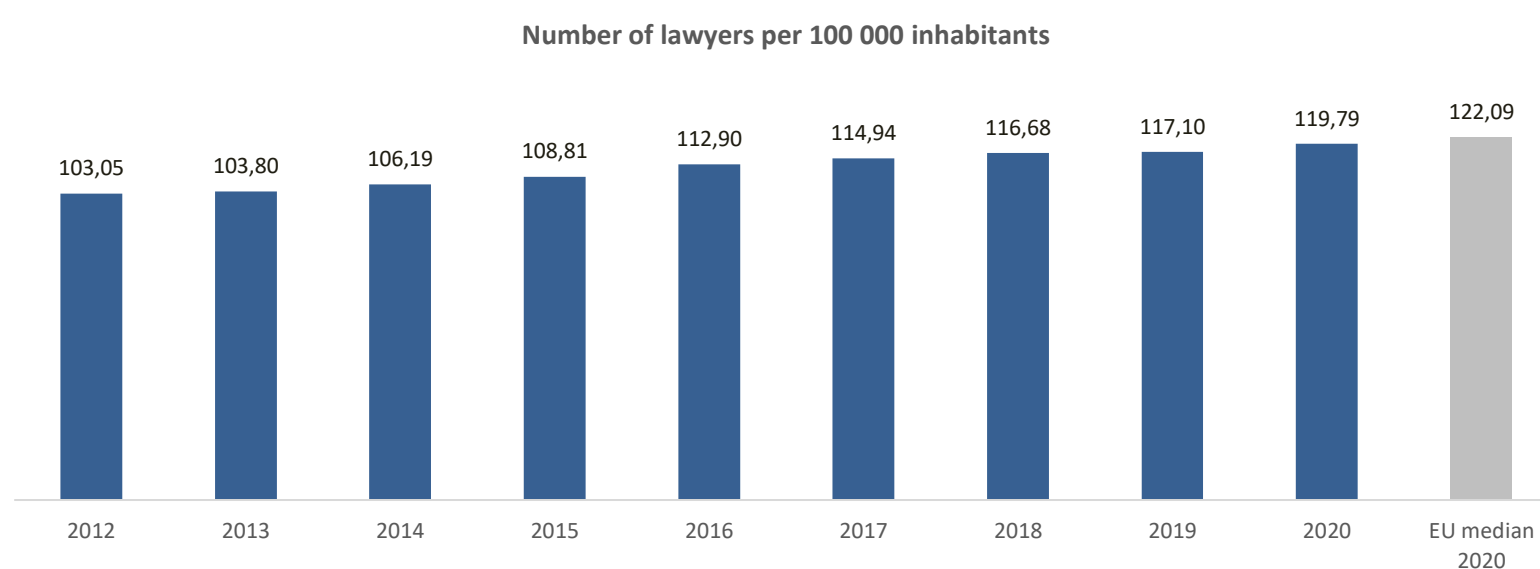
Smallest absolute gross salary for judge at the beginning of career is: 21 856€ in Hungary and the highest of: 129 704€ is in Ireland.

At the end of career the smallest absolute gross salary for judge at the beginning of career is: 44 214€ in Bulgaria and the highest of: 236 387€ is in Denmark.

Salaries of judges and other judicial officials are determined by multiplying the base for calculating the salary by the coefficient for a particular official, which are prescribed by the Judges' and other Judicial Officials' Salaries Act. Determined salaries are increased by 0.5% for each completed year of service, by a maximum of 20%.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	4 392	103,05
2013	4 408	103,80
2014	4 487	106,19
2015	4 560	108,81
2016	4 690	112,90
2017	4 719	114,94
2018	4 756	116,68
2019	4 752	117,10
2020	4 835	119,79



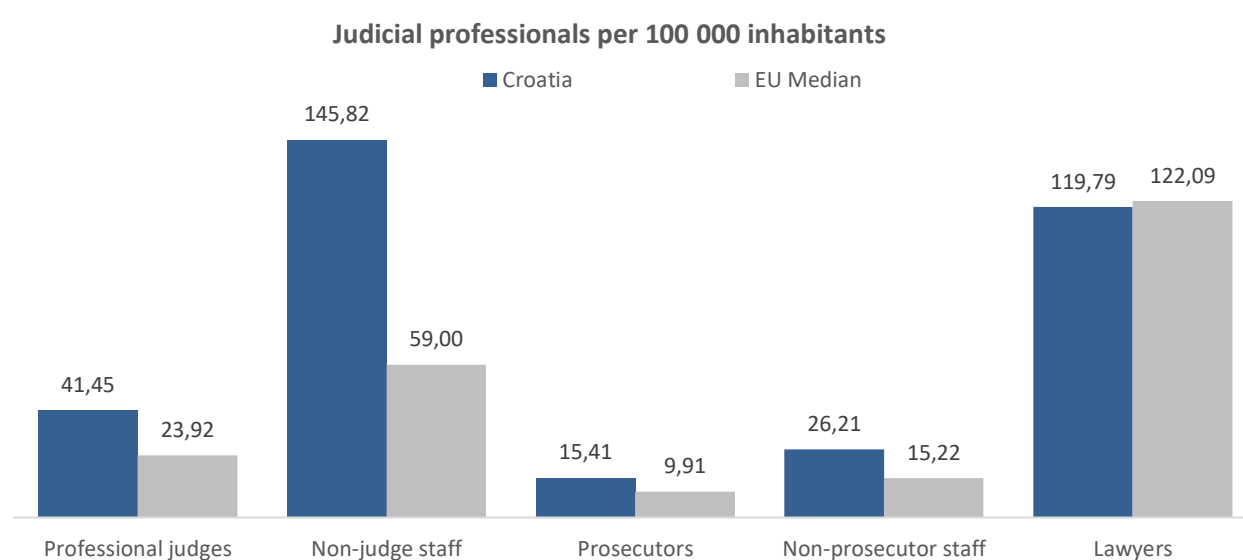
In 2020, there are 4 835 lawyers, which is 1,7% more than in 2019.

Croatia has 119,8 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is around the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

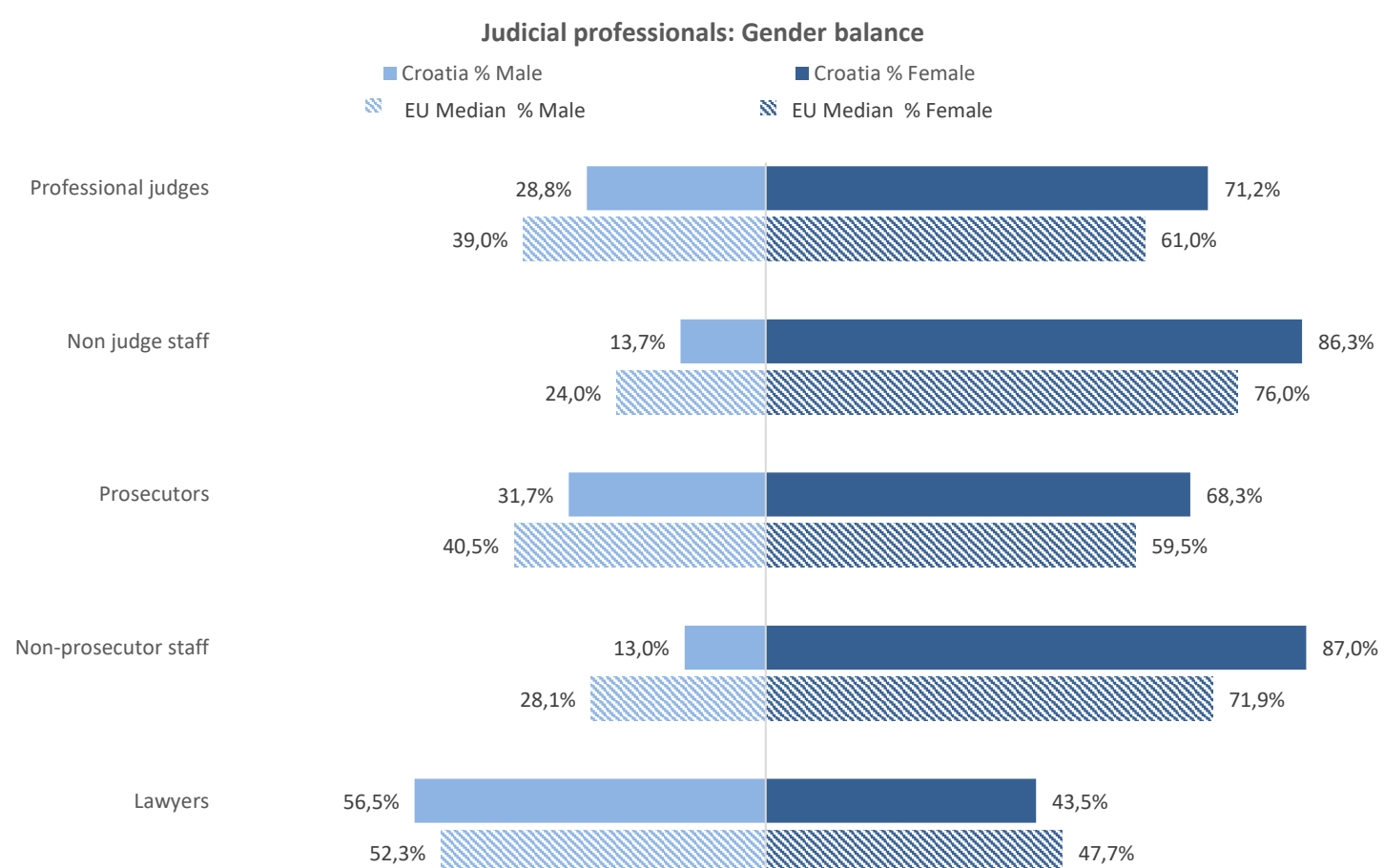
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 682	41,45	23,92
Non-judge staff	5 886	145,82	59,00
Prosecutors	622	15,41	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	1 058	26,21	15,22
Lawyers	4 835	119,79	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	28,8%	71,2%
Non judge staff	13,7%	86,3%
Prosecutors	31,7%	68,3%
Non-prosecutor staff	13,0%	87,0%
Lawyers	56,5%	43,5%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Croatia

In Croatia, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

Exemption from court fees in other than criminal cases is one of the forms of secondary legal aid prescribed by Law on Legal Aid.

In Croatia, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

Exemption from court fees in other than criminal cases is one of the forms of secondary legal aid prescribed by the Law on Legal Aid and it may be granted in proceedings related to the enforcement of judicial decisions.

The situation changed few times in the last years. While until 2014, the exemption from payment of court fees could be granted in all judicial proceedings, including enforcement procedures and security procedures, due to changes in the Legal Aid Act in 2014, there was no more this possibility. In 2016, the Free Legal Aid Act reinstalled it and now it allows to grant legal aid for the fees related to the enforcement of judicial decisions.

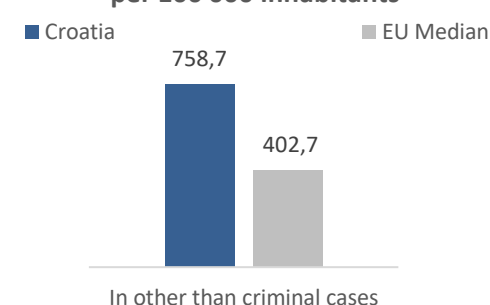
Exemption from court-proceeding-expenses in other than criminal cases includes exemption from payment costs of witnesses, expert witnesses, court-sworn translators, costs of site visits and court advertisements. The exemption from payment of litigation costs depends on the material conditions and the type of procedure.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	30 622	3 433	27 189

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Croatia	EU Median
Total	NA	734,2
In criminal cases	NA	330,9
In other than criminal cases	758,7	402,7

Number of other than criminal cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 15
- Actual average duration: NA

Envisaged timeframe for granting legal aid in other than criminal cases is set out in Law on Legal Aid. However, the proceeding for obtaining legal aid for cases not brought to court in other than criminal cases (primary legal aid) is initiated by directly contacting the primary-legal-aid-provider and there is no prescribed timeframe, that is to say the primary-legal-aid-provider shall provide legal aid immediately upon contact with free-legal-aid-recipient. To obtain legal aid for cases brought to court in other than criminal cases (secondary legal aid) an application must be submitted to one of the county-administrative-bodies or the administrative body of the city of Zagreb and they shall render decision by 15 days after the submission of the application.

According to the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Act, the defendant shall submit a reasoned request for the appointment of a defense counsel at the expense of budgetary funds to the State Attorney until the indictment is filed, or to the court after the indictment is filed. The State Attorney or the President of the Council or a judge shall decide on the merits of the request for the appointment of a defense counsel at the expense of the budget. An appeal against the decision of the State Attorney shall be decided by the investigating judge, while an appeal against the decision of the president of the panel or an individual judge shall be decided by the panel.

4. Performance of courts in Croatia

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

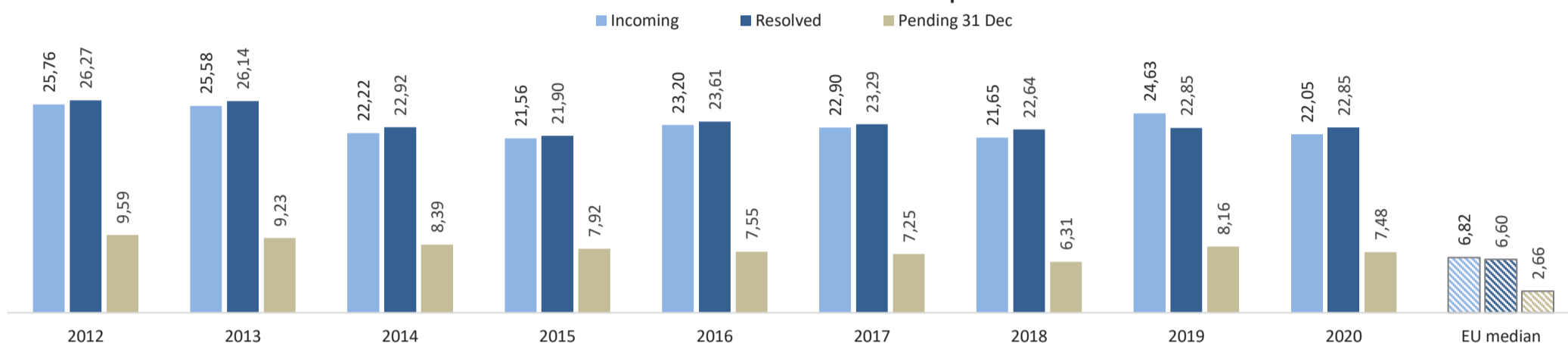
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Croatia (22,05 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

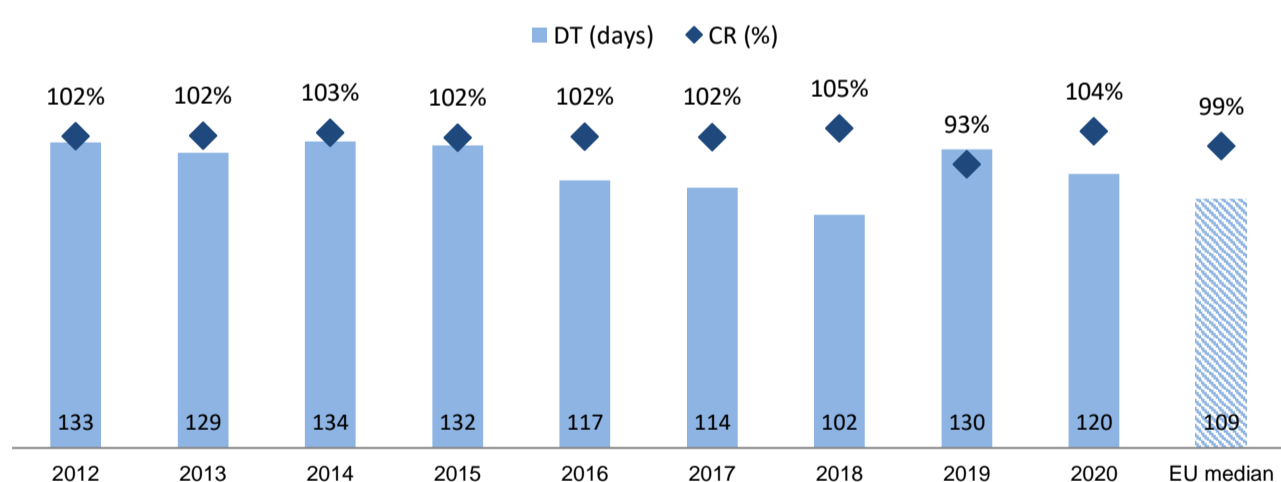
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Croatia (22,85 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Croatia (7,48 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	102%	133
2013	102%	129
2014	103%	134
2015	102%	132
2016	102%	117
2017	102%	114
2018	105%	102
2019	93%	130
2020	104%	120

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,6% in 2020 Croatia seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 10,9 points.

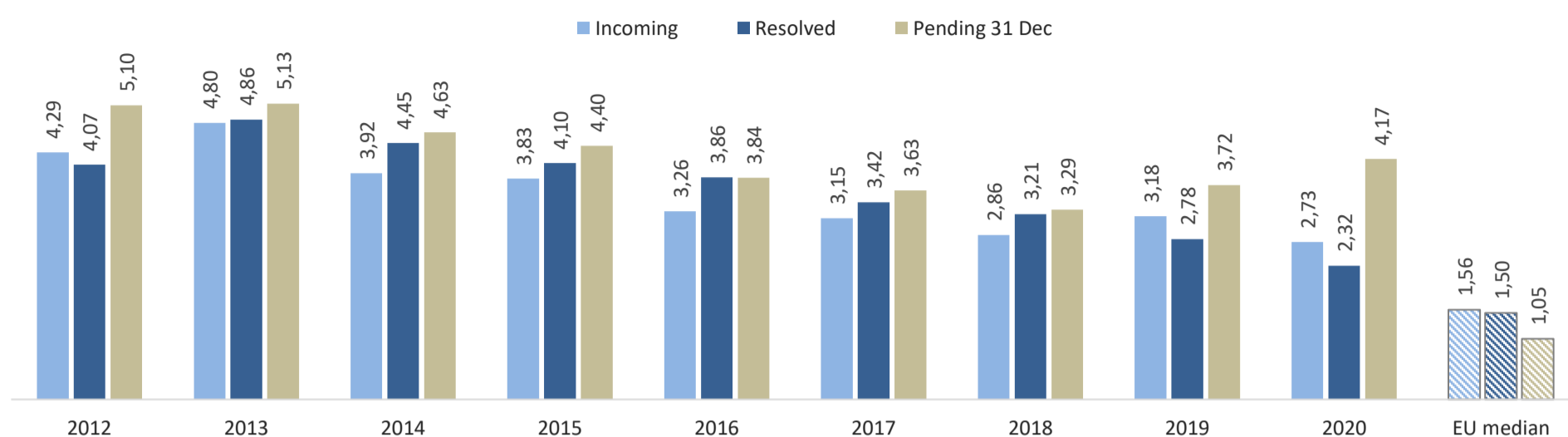
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 120 days, which is slightly above EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -8,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Croatia (2,73 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

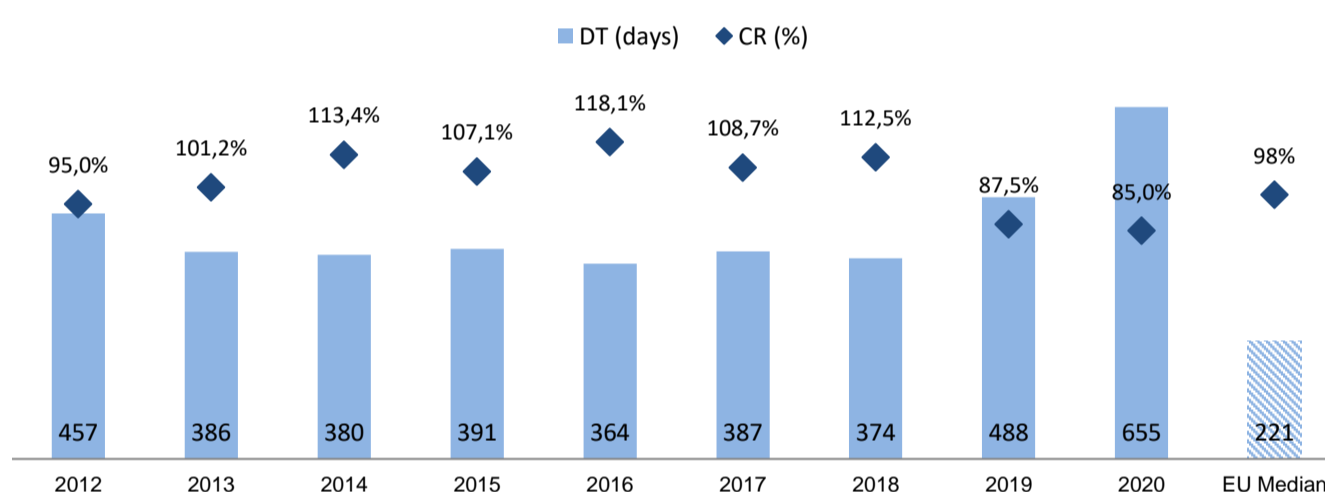
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Croatia (2,32 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Croatia (4,17 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	95,0%	457
2013	101,2%	386
2014	113,4%	380
2015	107,1%	391
2016	118,1%	364
2017	108,7%	387
2018	112,5%	374
2019	87,5%	488
2020	85,0%	655

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 85,0% in 2020, Croatia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,4 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 655 days, which is well above EU median of 221 days.

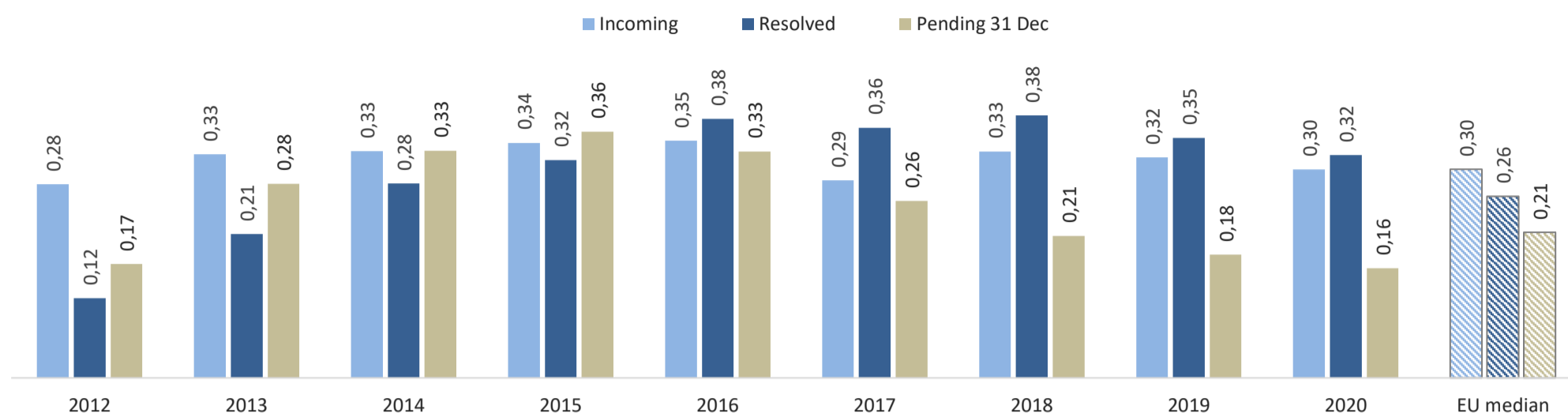
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 34,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Croatia, there are 46 677 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 27,7% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Croatia (0,30 per 100 inhabitants) is above EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

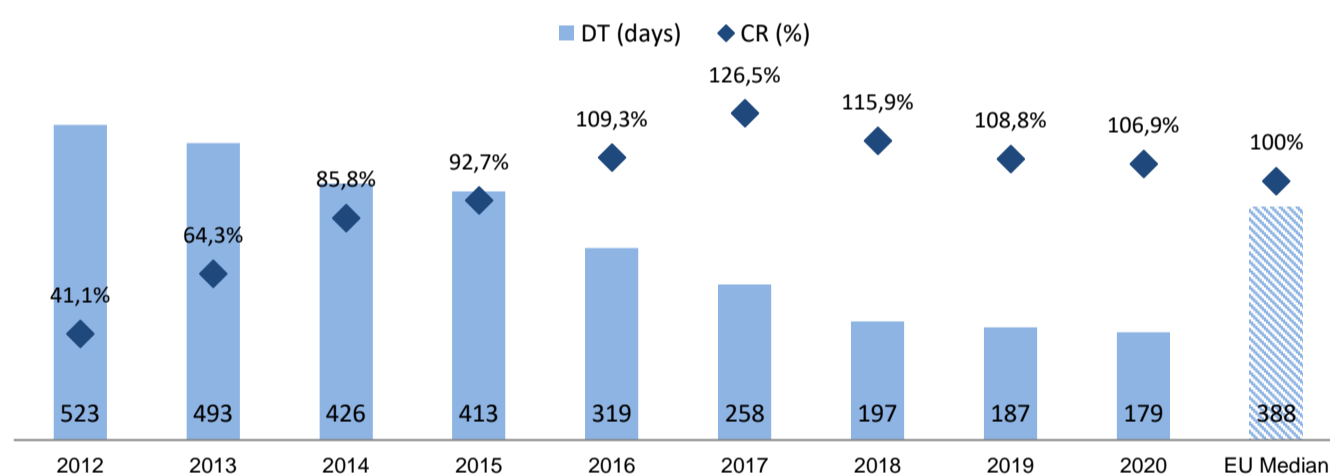
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Croatia (0,32 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Croatia (0,16 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	41,1%	523
2013	64,3%	493
2014	85,8%	426
2015	92,7%	413
2016	109,3%	319
2017	126,5%	258
2018	115,9%	197
2019	108,8%	187
2020	106,9%	179



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 106,9% in 2020, Croatia seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,9 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 179 days, which is significantly below EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -4,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

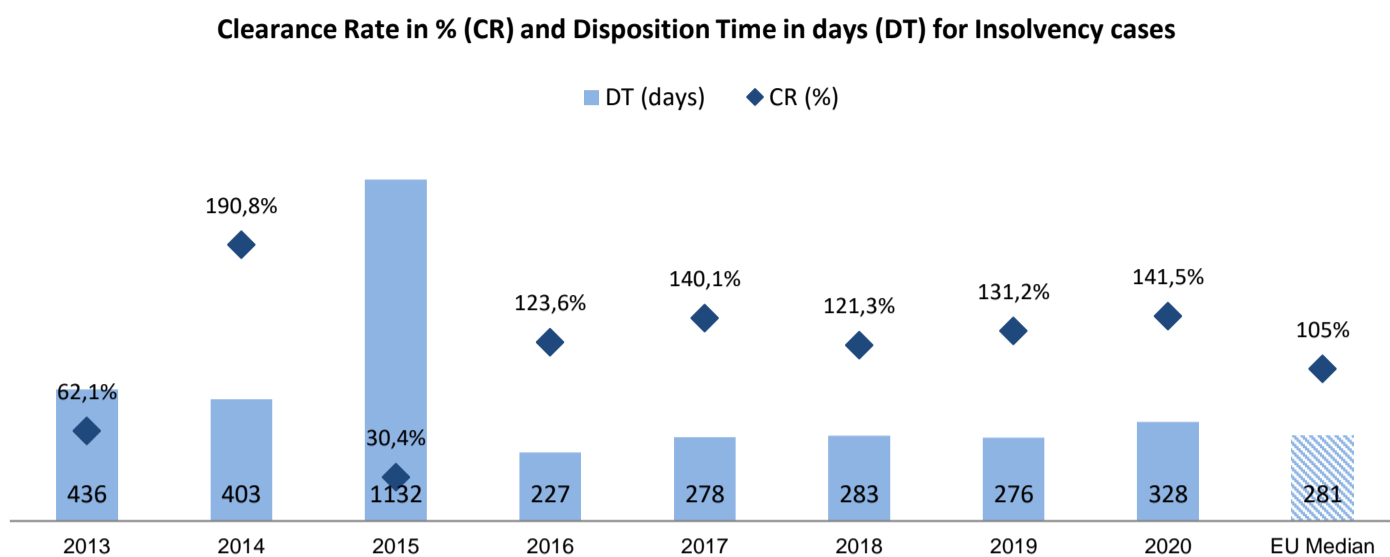
The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

Due to the pandemic caused by COVID-19, court proceedings for limited period in 2020 were submitted under specific conditions and measures, which contributed to a decreased number of incoming cases, as well as a decreased number of court hearings, especially in litigious cases.

Regarding the number of incoming non-litigious business registry cases, a new article added by the Act on Amendments to the Court Register Act, which came into force at the end of 2019, stipulated the obligation of companies to submit a request for entry of at least one e-mail address to the courts managing business registry. This was the reason for temporarily increased number of cases, which were all resolved by the end of January 31, 2021.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	62,1%	436
2014	190,8%	403
2015	30,4%	1132
2016	123,6%	227
2017	140,1%	278
2018	121,3%	283
2019	131,2%	276
2020	141,5%	328



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 141,5% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Croatia seems to be well able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 10,2 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 328 days, which is slightly above EU median of 281 days.

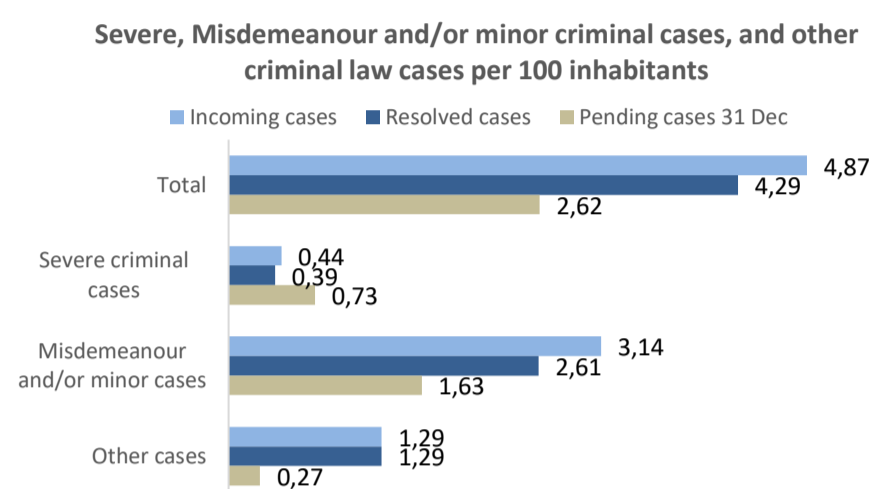
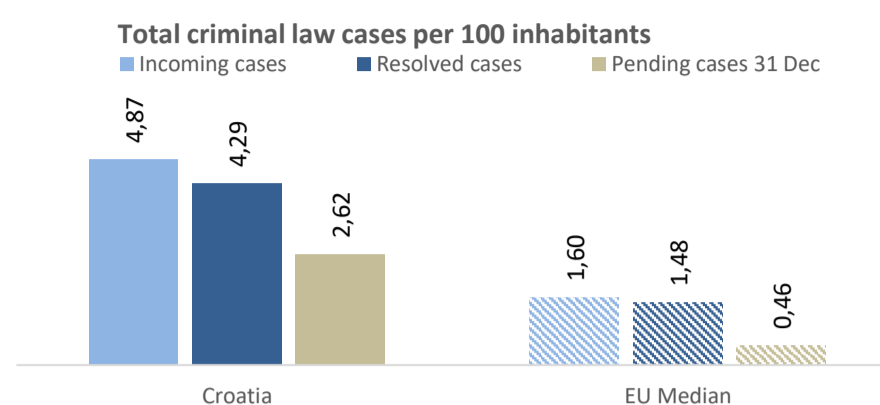
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 19,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	82 475	196 602	173 197	105 697
Severe criminal cases	27 040	17 944	15 769	29 337
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	44 977	126 616	105 375	65 651
Other cases	10 728	52 042	52 053	10 709

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	2,04	4,87	4,29	2,62
Severe criminal cases	0,67	0,44	0,39	0,73
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	1,11	3,14	2,61	1,63
Other cases	0,27	1,29	1,29	0,27



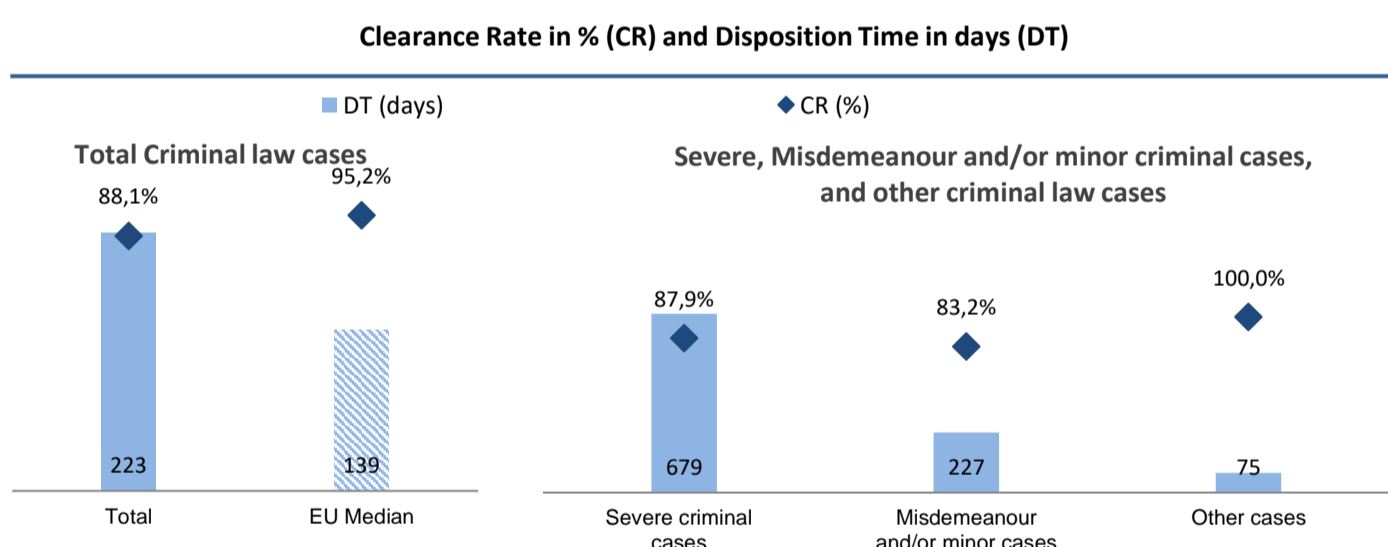
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Croatia (4,87 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Croatia (4,29 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Croatia (2,62 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	88,1%	223
Severe criminal cases	87,9%	679
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	83,2%	227
Other cases	100,0%	75



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 88,1% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Croatia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 223 days, which is significantly above EU median of 139 days.

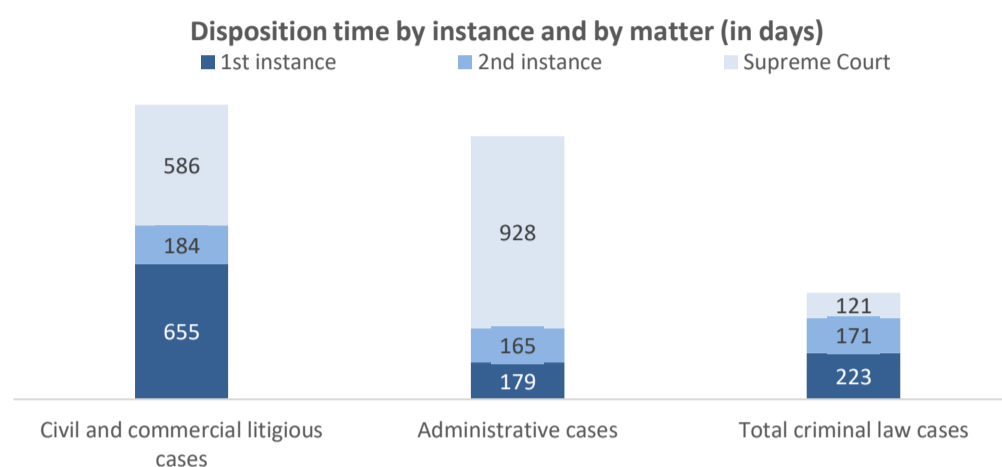
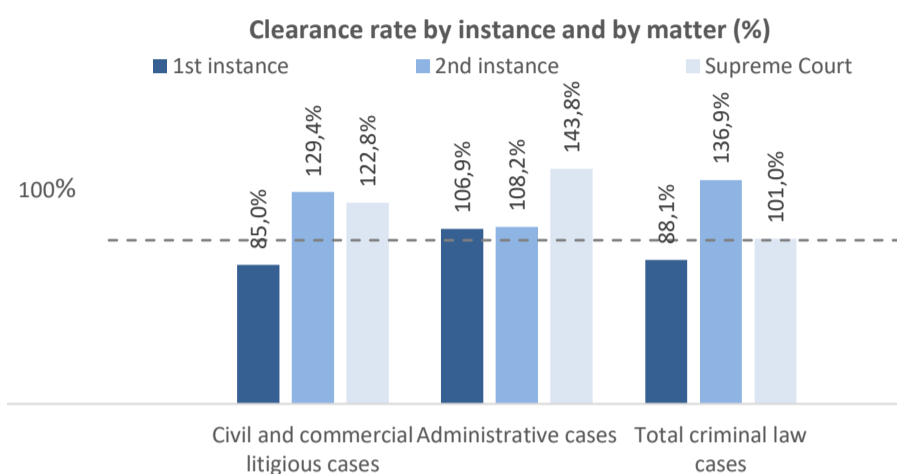
Starting from last cycle, in category "Other cases" are included cases related to criminal matters in first instance: execution of sanctions (imprisonment), investigation actions of a judge, cases connected to procedural matters (e.g. panel of judges decision about detention, about prolongation of detention, about confirmation or dismissal of indictment, etc.)

Regarding decreased number of resolved minor criminal cases: due to the pandemic caused by COVID-19, court proceedings for limited period in 2020 were submitted under specific conditions and measures, which contributed to decreased number of court hearings, also in minor criminal cases.

Regarding horizontal inconsistency, for most of the categories, the full horizontal inconsistency can not be ensured, due to some adjustments and changes in the Case Management System used by courts.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	85,0%	129,4%	122,8%	655	184	586
Administrative cases	106,9%	108,2%	143,8%	179	165	928
Total criminal law cases	88,1%	136,9%	101,0%	223	171	121



The 2nd instance is the fastest among the three instances. At the case category level, the administrative cases are processed faster than the other ones. However, it can be noted that this observation does not apply if the cases reach the Supreme Court. At this final stage, the criminal law cases are processed faster. Compared the EU median, 1st instance civil and commercial litigious cases (655 vs 221) are processed much longer. Compared the EU median, last instance administrative cases (928 vs 281) are processed much longer.

As regards second instance criminal cases, in the category "severe criminal cases", are included criminal cases under the jurisdiction of the 2nd instance county courts, while in the category "misdemeanours and/or minor criminal cases" there are cases under the jurisdiction of the 2nd instance misdemeanour courts and High Misdemeanour Court.

Croatian legislation distinguishes misdemeanours and criminal offences. Misdemeanour Act prescribes that misdemeanours and misdemeanour legal sanctions can be proscribed solely for those behaviours that violate or threaten public order, social discipline and social values guaranteed and protected by the Constitution of the Republic of Croatia, international law and the laws whose protection is not possible without misdemeanour legal sanction, and their protection is not achieved with criminal coercion. The above shows that misdemeanours are certain behaviours that deserve sanction, but which by its severity and consequences do not deserve criminal liability.

Since the Criminal code does not strictly classify the categories of severe and minor criminal offences, we are not able to classify as misdemeanour/minor all offences for which it is not possible to pronounce a sentence of deprivation of liberty, and classify as severe offences all offences punishable by a deprivation of liberty

5. Public prosecution services in Croatia

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Croatia has the following 8 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The State Attorney supervises the conduct of police investigations, carries out surveys for collecting data for initiating an investigation, leads the investigation, has the power to propose investigative detention to the investigating judge, and request issuance of the search warrant and specific evidence collecting procedures. He/she issues the indictments and prosecutes them in the Court, he/she may propose a punishment, but the proposal, unless for certain exceptions prescribed by law, does not bind the Court. Even in such cases, the Court is authorized to pronounce lower sentence. The State Attorney has the right and the duty to file an appeal against non-final court decisions and concerning extraordinary legal remedies against final court decisions. He/she also has the right and the duty of consultation in the proceedings on the application for judicial review of the decisions or actions of administrative bodies responsible for enforcement of the sentence or measures involving deprivation of liberty imposed by a final judgment in criminal proceedings. The State Attorney may, only when applying opportunity, terminate the case without a court decision.

In addition to the above powers, the State Attorney has the right to negotiate and communicate with the defendant on the plea and the sanction. The State Attorney General decides on granting the procedural immunity to a member of the criminal organization in accordance with the law.

The State Attorney of the Republic of Croatia may submit a request for the protection of legality against a final court decision and against judicial proceedings which preceded such final decisions if there was a violation of law or a violation of basic human rights and liberties guaranteed by the Constitution, domestic and international laws

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil, administrative and insolvency cases.

The State Attorney's Office represents the Republic of Croatia in the protection of assets and other rights in the civil and administrative matters; represents the Republic of Croatia in the proceedings before a municipal court and before administrative bodies; represents the Republic of Croatia in the proceedings before a county court and before a commercial court; represents the Republic of Croatia, and oversee and protect the rule of law and proceed with all actions before the Supreme Court of the Republic of Croatia, the Constitutional Court of the Republic of Croatia, the Administrative Court of the Republic of Croatia, the High Commercial Court of the Republic of Croatia, the Magistrate's Court of the Republic of Croatia, and international and foreign justice and other bodies, unless otherwise determined by law or the regulation based thereon.

The State Attorney's Office shall issue a legal opinion concerning all issues relating to civil law matters and the protection of assets, natural wealth, parts of nature, immovable assets, things and rights of interest to the Republic of Croatia; an opinion regarding Acts and other regulations; an opinion concerning legal transactions completed by the Republic of Croatia and other civil law issues.

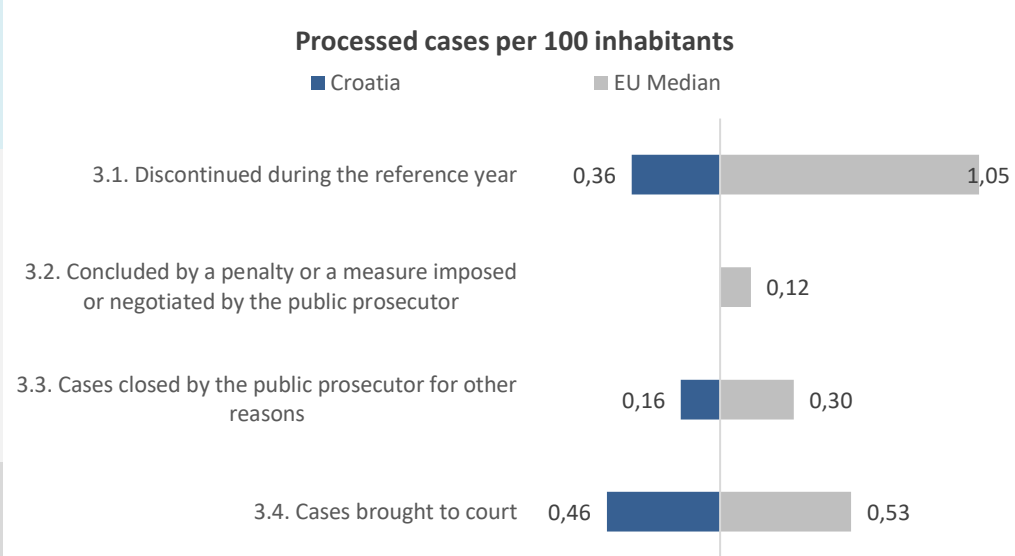
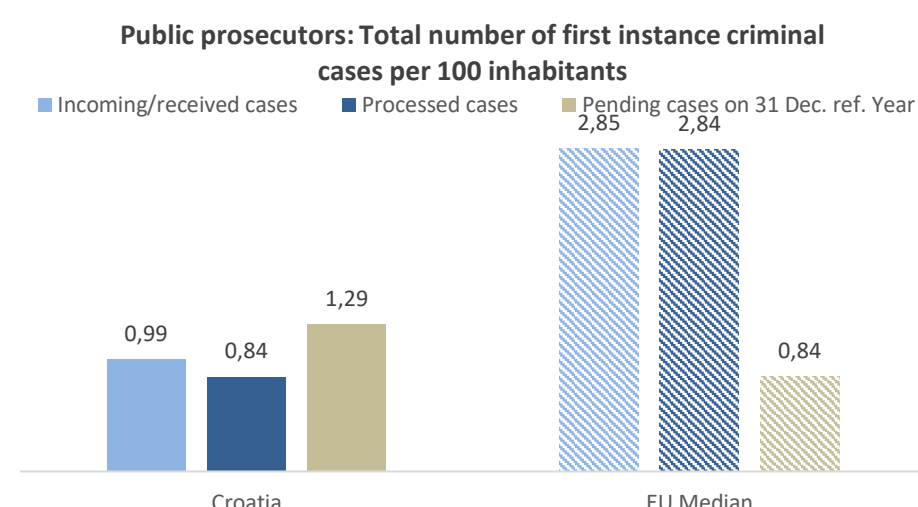
The State Attorney's Office, as a legal representative of the Republic of Croatia, upon the proposal of state bodies, shall submit to the competent commercial court the application for initiating the bankruptcy proceeding, or file claims of the governmental bodies in the bankruptcy proceedings that have been initiated by other authorized person.

The State Attorney's Office is not competent to initiate bankruptcy proceedings, but only the creditors and the debtor itself, meaning that the State Attorney's Office undertakes necessary actions upon the initiative of the creditor, represented by the State Attorney's Office.

The State Attorney's Office initiates the bankruptcy proceedings for refuting debtor's legal transactions, which incurred damage to the estate of the Republic of Croatia as a creditor, before or after the initiation of the proceeding.]

Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	48 601	1,20
2. Incoming/received cases	39 926	0,99
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	33 822	0,84
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	14 406	0,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	381	0,01
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NA	NA
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	6 389	0,16
3.4. Cases brought to court	18 481	0,46
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	52 201	1,29



Discontinued for other reasons: cases can be discontinued for reasons such as circumstances which exclude guilt, the fact that there is no reasonable suspicion that the suspect committed particular criminal offence, in the case when criminal complaint is not credible. The reason for discontinue the case can be if the data in the criminal complaint indicate the conclusion that the complaint is not credible.

Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons: cases can be closed for reasons such as the existence of circumstances that preclude the guilt of the defendant or there is no evidence that the defendant committed the offence. Other reasons: If the data in the criminal complaint indicate the conclusion that the application is not credible.

Reason for decreased number of incoming cases same as for the courts - pandemic of COVID-19.

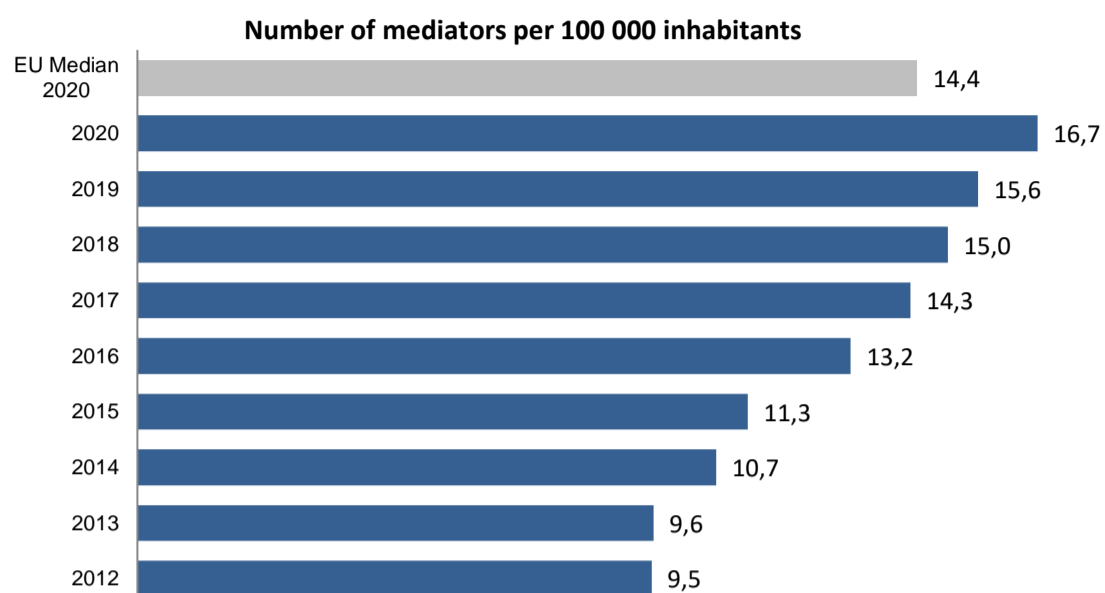
Discontinued cases decreased - same as for the courts (COVID-19), please see comment in Q091.

For the category 3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.), PP is not able to differ categories 3.1.1., 3.1.2 and 3.1.4.]

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Croatia

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	406	9,5
2013	406	9,6
2014	453	10,7
2015	474	11,3
2016	549	13,2
2017	588	14,3
2018	612	15,0
2019	632	15,6
2020	673	16,7



In 2020, there are 673 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 16,7 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants. The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about 6,5%.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Croatia

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	6,6	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	7,0	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	0,5	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	3,3	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	5,7	6,9

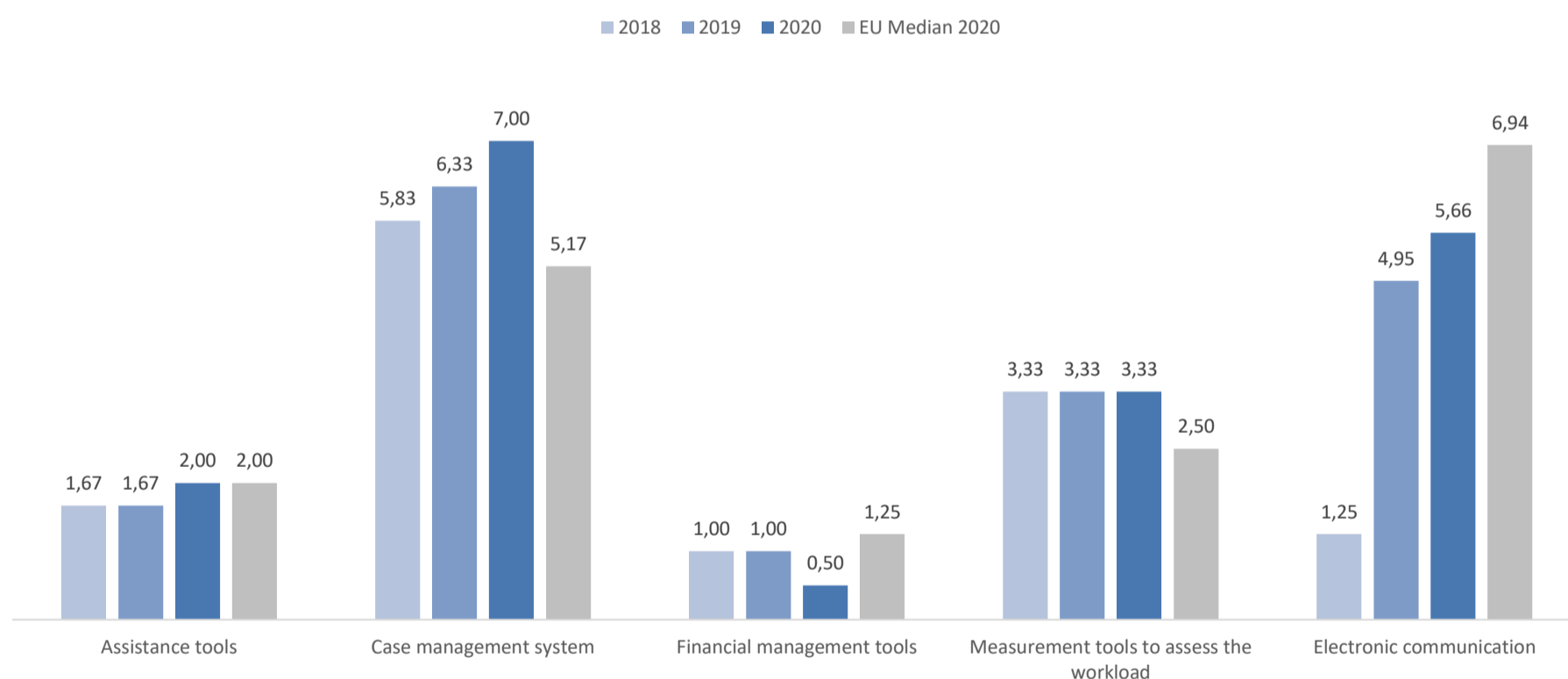
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Comments on communication tools

The eKomunikacija was launched into production, enabling electronic communication of all participants (including lawyers) and all courts except administrative ones. Article 106(a) of the Civil Procedural Law prescribes that submission can be submitted in electronic form via information system. Article 79 of the Criminal Procedural Code prescribes that submissions that are compiled and signed in writing may be submitted in the form of an electronic document if they are made, sent, received and stored using available information technology, and ensure the establishment of an unambiguous feature that determines the compiler of the electronic document.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Croatia

In Croatia, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

According to the Courts Act, the president of the court evaluates the work of every judge according to Framework Criteria for the work of judges in the period of one year following the standards on the number of judgements delivered by a judge compared with the number of judgements that should have been delivered, according to the Framework Criteria for the work of judges, result of work in different kinds of cases, respecting deadlines in delivery of judgements and drafting of judgements, quality of judgements on the grounds of expressed remedies in legal actions and other activities of judges.

Framework criteria are adopted by the Minister of Justice on the proposal of the General Assembly of Supreme Court. The Criteria prescribe the number of decisions that need to be rendered every year by a judge.

According to the State Attorney Office Act, State Attorneys' and Deputy State Attorneys' performance is evaluated every three years according to the following criteria: achieved results in resolving cases (based on the number of cases assigned to work on the basis of the Framework Criteria for the Work of Deputy State Attorneys and the average work results of county or municipal state attorney's offices for the previous three-year period), the quality of decisions and the justified use of legal remedies, proper performance of the state attorney's duty - observance of deadlines during the procedure, other activities of the State Attorney and the Deputy State Attorney, experience in performing the duty of state attorney and compliance of conduct with the Code of Ethics of State Attorneys and Deputy State Attorneys. The Framework criteria are adopted by the Minister in charge of judicial affairs, with the prior opinion of the Chief State Attorney of the Republic of Croatia.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Croatia, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

According to the Courts Act, the president of court supervises accurate performance of court activities in due time. The president of court has a duty to write a report on the performed supervision and its results, as well as on the measures taken, at least once a month. The report has to be inserted into a case file of judicial administration. The president of court is obliged to ensure court efficiency in the resolution of cases, especially when it comes to the resolution of cases the procedure in which lasts more than three years. The president of court, except for the president of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Croatia, has a duty to submit a report on the performed tasks of judicial administration, measures and activities undertaken to improve work and efficiency of the court in the resolution of cases. The report is to be submitted directly to a court of higher instance, to the State Judicial Council and the Ministry in charge for Justice, once a year, at the latest by the 31 March for the previous year.

The president of the Supreme Court submits the report on the state of judiciary to the Croatian Parliament, once a year, at the latest by the 30th April for the previous year. In this yearly report the president of the Supreme Court can report on the state and actions of the judiciary, organizational problems in courts and legislation shortcomings as well as give suggestions for the improvement of the work of courts. The courts use special information systems for the management and operation of the courts' cases, which consist of standard applications, computer and telecommunications equipment and infrastructure, system software and tools and all the data that are entered, stored and transmitted in all of the registers of the system. Through Case Management system it is possible to regularly monitor and evaluate the activity, performance and output of courts for the Ministry of Justice and the courts themselves.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Croatia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

According to the State Attorney's Act, a state attorney supervises accurate performance of all state attorney office activities in due time. A state attorney submits reports to the higher state attorney on his state attorney office performance each month and annually and reports on undertaken and planned actions in cases of special state interest or in cases with complex factual or legal issues. The General State Attorney Office submits the report on the status and trends of reported crime in the previous year, on cases related to the protection of property interests of the Republic of Croatia, legal issues in particular areas and a review of the organization and personnel in state attorney organization to the Croatian Parliament, once a year, at the latest by the 30 April for the previous year. In this yearly report, there can be a warning on the state and functioning of the legal system, deficiencies in the legislation and internal affairs of the state attorney's office and suggestions for improving the work.

The state attorney offices use a special information system for the management and operation of the state attorney cases, as an interactive data base in real time. Through the CTS (Case tracking system) it is possible to regularly monitor and evaluate the activity, performance and output of state attorney offices.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																			
Q1 Number of inhabitants	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	4 036 355		-5,3%	-0,4%	-0,5%	-0,8%	-0,9%	-1,2%	-0,7%	-0,4%	-0,5%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 290	10 147	10 162	10 425	10 965	11 880	12 593	13 270	12 170		18,3%	-1,4%	0,1%	2,6%	5,2%	8,3%	6,0%	5,4%	-8,3%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	8		-0,1%	1,1%	0,4%	-0,3%	-1,0%	-0,6%	-1,4%	0,5%	1,3%

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases										True	True	True								
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)										True	True	True								
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases										True	True	True								
078.1.4 Number of pending cases										True	True	True								
078.1.5 Backlogs										True	True	True								
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff										True	True	True								
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff										False	False	False								
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)										False	False	False								
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures										False	False	False								
078.1.10 Number of appeals										False	True	True								
078.1.11 Appeal ratio										False	False	False								
078.1.12 Clearance rate										True	True	True								
078.1.13 Disposition time										True	True	True								
078.1.14 Other										False	False	False								
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators																				True

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True											
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False											
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True											
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True											
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True											
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True											
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False											
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False											
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False											
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True											
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True											
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True											
078-1.1.13 Other									False											
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True											
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False											
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False											
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True											
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	False	False	False	False	False											
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	-											
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	-											
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	-											
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	-											
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True											

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									False										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									-										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									-										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									-										
073-6.1.4 Other									-										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True									

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									False										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									True										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False										

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	67	65	65	22	22	22	22	30	30	-55,2%	-3,0%	0,0%	-66,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	36,4%	0,0%	
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	74	74	74	36	36	36	36	17	17	-77,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-51,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-52,8%	0,0%	
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	9	9	28,6%	0,0%	0,0%	14,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	12,5%	0,0%	
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	62	62	62	23	23	23	23	3	3	-95,2%	0,0%	0,0%	-62,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-87,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	158	192	203	203	203	203	205	143	143	-9,5%	21,5%	5,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	1,0%	-30,2%	0,0%

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																			
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																			
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	430 500	415 939	391 722	354 707	331 743	313 783	297 507	257 110	331 188	-23,1%	-3,4%	-5,8%	-9,4%	-6,5%	-5,4%	-5,2%	-13,6%	28,8%	
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	208 520	220 356	217 927	195 718	184 289	159 981	148 828	133 976	150 832	-27,7%	5,7%	-1,1%	-10,2%	-5,8%	-13,2%	-7,0%	-10,0%	12,6%	
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	161 792	145 013	132 430	140 109	138 113	114 713	173 078	-	-	-	-10,4%	-8,7%	5,8%	-1,4%	-16,9%	50,9%	
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	160 545	131 065	115 879	102 786	97 339	95 943	91 062	66 192	114 965	-28,4%	-18,4%	-11,6%	-11,3%	-5,3%	-1,4%	-5,1%	-27,3%	73,7%	
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	45 913	42 227	35 091	44 166	47 051	48 521	58 113	-	-	-	-8,0%	-16,9%	25,9%	6,5%	3,1%	19,8%	
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	57 484	54 928	42 811	39 262	32 551	42 009	44 709	46 432	55 990	-2,6%	-4,4%	-22,1%	-8,3%	-17,1%	29,1%	6,4%	3,9%	20,6%	
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 515	3 102	2 965	2 540	2 157	2 342	2 089	2 123	-	-	23,3%	-4,4%	-14,3%	-15,1%	8,6%	-10,8%	1,6%	
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	7 075	12 003	13 976	15 024	13 693	10 566	8 421	7 278	-	-	69,7%	16,4%	7,5%	-8,9%	-22,8%	-20,3%	-13,6%	
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 951	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 097 909	1 086 228	938 711	903 398	963 825	940 095	882 675	999 495	890 021	-18,9%	-1,1%	-13,6%	-3,8%	6,7%	-2,5%	-6,1%	13,2%	-11,0%	
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	182 693	203 831	165 741	160 537	135 583	129 130	116 412	128 985	110 253	-39,7%	11,6%	-18,7%	-3,1%	-15,5%	-4,8%	-9,8%	10,8%	-14,5%	
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	759 028	728 522	813 903	799 149	752 833	857 476	767 513	-	-	-	-4,0%	11,7%	-1,8%	-5,8%	13,9%	-10,5%	
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	423 669	269 321	197 352	157 484	183 550	165 077	120 873	197 628	113 184	-73,3%	-36,4%	-26,7%	-20,2%	16,6%	-10,1%	-26,8%	63,5%	-42,7%	
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	561 676	571 038	630 353	634 072	631 960	659 848	654 329	-	-	-	1,7%	10,4%	0,6%	-0,3%	4,4%	-0,8%	
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	476 543	472 363	438 089	449 321	490 091	497 577	495 739	519 274	496 119	4,1%	-0,9%	-7,3%	2,6%	9,1%	1,5%	-0,4%	4,7%	-4,5%	
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	126 900	123 587	121 717	140 262	136 495	136 221	140 574	158 210	-	-	-2,6%	-1,5%	15,2%	-2,7%	-0,2%	3,2%	12,5%	
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	12 011	13 813	13 942	14 339	14 339	11 816	13 430	13 034	12 255	2,0%	15,0%	0,9%	2,8%	0,0%	-17,6%	13,7%	-2,9%	-6,0%	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 993	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 119 696	1 110 269	968 422	917 569	980 816	956 115	922 780	927 384	922 454	-17,6%	-0,8%	-12,8%	-5,3%	6,9%	-2,5%	-3,5%	0,5%	-0,5%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	173 631	206 291	187 950	171 980	160 153	140 364	130 931	112 813	93 760	-46,0%	18,8%	-8,9%	-8,5%	-6,9%	-12,4%	-6,7%	-13,8%	-16,9%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	768 503	732 299	804 991	800 808	776 278	800 375	815 596	-	-	-	-4,7%	9,9%	-0,5%	-3,1%	3,1%	1,9%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	458 860	284 153	210 569	162 888	185 317	170 317	143 939	149 571	151 148	-67,1%	-38,1%	-25,9%	-22,6%	13,8%	-8,1%	-15,5%	3,9%	1,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	557 934	569 411	619 674	630 491	632 339	650 804	664 448	-	-	-	2,1%	8,8%	1,7%	0,3%	2,9%	2,1%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	479 099	484 480	434 210	447 160	479 167	494 181	495 865	510 264	516 191	7,7%	1,1%	-10,4%	3,0%	7,2%	3,1%	0,3%	2,9%	1,2%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	126 460	123 724	122 251	140 507	136 310	136 474	140 540	148 257	-	-	-2,2%	-1,2%	14,9%	-3,0%	0,1%	3,0%	5,5%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	4 936	8 885	11 969	13 290	15 672	14 943	15 571	14 178	13 098	165,4%	80,0%	34,7%	11,0%	17,9%	-4,7%	4,2%	-8,9%	-7,6%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	4 170	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	408 713	391 898	354 707	331 744	313 515	297 507	257 110	331 188	302 035	-26,1%	-4,1%	-9,5%	-6,5%	-5,5%	-5,1%	-13,6%	28,8%	-8,8%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	217 582	217 896	195 718	184 289	159 713	148 828	134 271	150 832	168 368	-22,6%	0,1%	-10,2%	-5,8%	-13,3%	-6,8%	-9,8%	12,3%	11,6%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	145 013	132 430	140 109	138 113	114 418	173 078	127 233	-	-	-	-8,7%	5,8%	-1,4%	-17,2%	51,3%	-26,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	126 354	116 233	102 786	97 339	95 943	91 062	65 897	114 965	77 391	-38,8%	-8,0%	-11,6%	-5,3%	-1,4%	-5,1%	-27,6%	74,5%	-32,7%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	42 227	35 091	44 166	47 051	48 521	58 113	49 842	-	-	-	-16,9%	25,9%	6,5%	3,1%	19,8%	-14,2%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	54 928	42 811	39 262	32 551	42 009	44 709	46 432	55 990	37 766	-31,2%	-22,1%	-8,3%	-17,1%	29,1%	6,4%	3,9%	20,6%	-32,5%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 955	2 965	2 540	2 157	2 342	2 089	2 123	12 076	-	-	0,3%	-14,3%	-15,1%	8,6%	-10,8%	1,6%	468,8%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	7 075	12 003	13 976	15 025	13 693	10 566	8 421	7 278	6 434	-9,1%	69,7%	16,4%	7,5%	-8,9%	-22,8%	-20,3%	-13,6%	-11,6%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 774	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	102,0%	102,2%	103,2%	101,6%	101,8%	101,7%	104,5%	92,8%	103,6%	1,63	0,22	0,93	(1,55)	0,19	(0,06)	2,79	(11,25)	11,70
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	95,0%	101,2%	113,4%	107,1%	118,1%	108,7%	112,5%	87,5%	85,0%	(10,52)	6,49	12,05	(5,53)	10,26	(7,98)	3,47	(22,24)	(2,77)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,2%	100,5%	98,9%	100,2%	103,1%	93,3%	106,3%	-	-	-	(0,72)	(1,61)	1,32	2,90	(9,48)	13,85
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	108,3%	105,5%	106,7%	103,4%	101,0%	103,2%	119,1%	75,7%	133,5%	23,30	(2,58)	1,13	(3,06)	(2,39)	2,19	15,42	(36,44)	76,45
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	99,3%	99,7%	98,3%	99,4%	100,1%	98,6%	101,5%	-	-	-	0,38	(1,41)	1,15	0,63	(1,43)	2,96
CR Non litigious land registry cases	100,5%	102,6%	99,1%	99,5%	97,8%	99,3%	100,0%	98,3%	104,0%	3,49	2,02	(3,36)	0,41	(1,76)	1,58	0,71	(1,76)	5,88
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	99,7%	100,1%	100,4%	100,2%	99,9%	100,2%	100,0%	93,7%	-	-	0,46	0,33	(0,26)	(0,31)	0,32	(0,21)	(6,27)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	41,1%	64,3%	85,8%	92,7%	109,3%	126,5%	115,9%	108,8%	106,9%	160,07	56,52	33,46	7,96	17,92	15,71	(8,32)	(6,18)	(1,75)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	139,3%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	133	129	134	132	117	114	102	130	120	-10,3%	-3,3%	3,8%	-1,3%	-11,6%	-2,7%	-10,5%	28,2%	-8,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	457	386	380	391	364	387	374	488	655	43,3%	-15,7%	-1,4%	2,9%	-6,9%	6,3%	-3,3%	30,4%	34,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	69	66	64	63	54	79	57	-	-	-	-4,2%	-3,8%	-0,9%	-14,5%	46,7%	-27,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101	149	178	218	189	195	167	281	187	85,9%	48,5%	19,3%	22,4%	-13,4%	3,3%	-14,4%	67,9%	-33,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	28	22	26	27	28	33	27	-	-	-	-18,6%	15,7%	4,7%	2,8%	16,4%	-16,0%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	42	32	33	27	32	33	34	40	27	-36,2%	-22,9%	2,3%	-19,5%	20,4%	3,2%	3,5%	17,2%	-33,3%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	9	9	8	6	6	6	6	30	-	-	2,6%	-13,3%	-26,1%	11,9%	-10,9%	-1,3%	439,2%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	523	493	426	413	319	258	197	187	179	-65,7%	-5,8%	-13,6%	-3,2%	-22,7%	-19,1%	-23,5%	-5,1%	-4,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	243	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	6 561	6 276	2 946	3 104	1 873	1 756	1 728	1 747	-	-	-4,3%	-53,1%	5,4%	-39,7%	-6,2%	-1,6%	1,1%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	2 722	2 591	2 773	2 403	1 902	1 459	1 137	1 144	-	-	-4,8%	7,0%	-13,3%	-20,8%	-23,3%	-22,1%	0,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	2 774	5 664	5 014	19 087	14 621	10 624	8 660	7 114	-	-	104,2%	-11,5%	280,7%	-23,4%	-27,3%	-18,5%	-17,9%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	8 553	7 283	4 384	2 566	2 867	2 798	2 661	2 389	-	-	-14,8%	-39,8%	-41,5%	11,7%	-2,4%	-4,9%	-10,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	1 972	2 378	1 603	1 517	1 199	1 119	1 073	1 067	-	-	20,6%	-32,6%	-5,4%	-21,0%	-6,7%	-4,1%	-0,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	7 628	2 378	20 217	19 021	9 967	9 213	7 175	4 798	-	-	-68,8%	750,2%	-5,9%	-47,6%	-7,6%	-22,1%	-33,1%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	8 493	8 964	4 233	3 797	2 984	2 826	2 640	2 282	-	-	5,5%	-52,8%	-10,3%	-21,4%	-5,3%	-6,6%	-13,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	2 103	2 196	1 980	2 018	1 645	1 441	1 072	743	-	-	4,4%	-9,8%	1,9%	-18,5%	-12,4%	-25,6%	-30,7%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	4 738	4 538	6 151	23 510	13 964	11 179	9 416	6 787	-	-	-4,2%	35,5%	282,2%	-40,6%	-19,9%	-15,8%	-27,9%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	6 621	4 595	3 105	1 873	1 756	1 728	1 747	1 856	-	-	-30,6%	-32,4%	-39,7%	-6,2%	-1,6%	1,1%	6,2%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	2 591	2 773	2 396	1 902	1 459	1 137	1 144	1 471	-	-	7,0%	-13,6%	-20,6%	-23,3%	-22,1%	0,6%	28,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	5 664	5 014	19 080	14 621	10 624	8 660	7 114	6 105	-	-	-11,5%	280,5%	-23,4%	-27,3%	-18,5%	-17,9%	-14,2%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	99,3%	123,1%	96,6%	148,0%	104,1%	101,0%	99,2%	95,5%	-	-	23,95	(21,55)	53,25	(29,66)	(2,96)	(1,77)	(3,72)
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	106,6%	92,3%	123,5%	133,0%	137,2%	128,8%	99,9%	69,6%	-	-	(13,41)	33,76	7,70	3,14	(6,14)	(22,42)	(30,30)
CR Insolvency cases	NA	62,1%	190,8%	30,4%	123,6%	140,1%	121,3%	131,2%	141,5%	-	-	207,23	(84,06)	306,25	13,35	(13,39)	8,15	7,79
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	285	187	268	180	215	223	242	297	-	-	-34,2%	43,1%	-32,8%	19,3%	3,9%	8,2%	22,9%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	450	461	442	344	324	288	390	723	-	-	2,5%	-4,2%	-22,1%	-5,9%	-11,0%	35,2%	85,5%
DT Insolvency cases	NA	436	403	1 132	227	278	283	276	328	-	-	-7,6%	180,7%	-80,0%	22,3%	1,8%	-2,5%	19,1%

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			89 823	81 290	73 230	64 122	54 847	47 023	39 197	-	-	-	-9,5%	-9,9%	-12,4%	-14,5%	-14,3%	-16,6%	
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			59 534	61 898	60 230	52 034	42 879	34 807	28 065	-	-	-	4,0%	-2,7%	-13,6%	-17,6%	-18,8%	-19,4%	
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			22 223	17 836	12 278	10 676	10 061	9 454	7 808	-	-	-	-19,7%	-31,2%	-13,0%	-5,8%	-6,0%	-17,4%	
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			15 572	14 292	10 839	9 033	8 373	7 906	6 544	-	-	-	-8,2%	-24,2%	-16,7%	-7,3%	-5,6%	-17,2%	
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			20	14	1 214	1 522	1 581	1 482	1 194	-	-	-	-30,0%	8571,4%	25,4%	3,9%	-6,3%	-19,4%	
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	1 192	1 506	1 574	1 478	1 198	-	-	-	-	-	26,3%	4,5%	-6,1%	-18,9%	
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			20	14	22	16	7	4	5	-	-	-	-30,0%	57,1%	-27,3%	-56,3%	-42,9%	25,0%	
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			6 631	3 530	225	121	107	66	70	-	-	-	-46,8%	-93,6%	-46,2%	-11,6%	-38,3%	6,1%	
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			8 066	1 556	722	1 412	1 907	2 762	3 324	-	-	-	-80,7%	-53,6%	95,6%	35,1%	44,8%	20,3%	
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			87 801	83 468	79 413	68 251	65 396	62 150	57 590	-	-	-	-4,9%	-4,9%	-14,1%	-4,2%	-5,0%	-7,3%	
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			52 468	52 292	49 743	41 345	37 304	34 633	29 392	-	-	-	-0,3%	-4,9%	-16,9%	-9,8%	-7,2%	-15,1%	
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			33 495	27 740	24 653	21 866	22 066	21 186	22 363	-	-	-	-17,2%	-11,1%	-11,3%	0,9%	-4,0%	5,6%	
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			27 317	23 475	22 045	19 541	19 794	19 168	20 303	-	-	-	-14,1%	-6,1%	-11,4%	1,3%	-3,2%	5,9%	
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			145	149	2 485	2 171	2 157	1 874	1 946	-	-	-	2,8%	1567,8%	-12,6%	-0,6%	-13,1%	3,8%	
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	2 332	2 026	2 021	1 756	1 835	-	-	-	-	-	-13,1%	-0,2%	-13,1%	4,5%	
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			145	149	153	145	136	118	111	-	-	-	2,8%	2,7%	-5,2%	-6,2%	-13,2%	-5,9%	
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			6 033	4 116	123	154	115	144	114	-	-	-	-31,8%	-97,0%	25,2%	-25,3%	25,2%	-20,8%	
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 838	3 436	5 017	5 040	6 026	6 331	5 835	-	-	-	86,9%	46,0%	0,5%	19,6%	5,1%	-7,8%	
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			96 325	91 531	88 521	77 527	73 206	69 895	67 378	-	-	-	-5,0%	-3,3%	-12,4%	-5,6%	-4,5%	-3,6%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			50 297	54 407	57 939	50 523	45 383	41 262	38 036	-	-	-	8,2%	6,5%	-12,8%	-10,2%	-9,1%	-7,8%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			37 679	32 854	26 255	22 459	22 652	22 863	23 030	-	-	-	-12,8%	-20,1%	-14,5%	0,9%	0,9%	0,7%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			29 029	26 989	23 851	20 209	20 242	20 561	20 537	-	-	-	-7,0%	-11,6%	-15,3%	0,2%	1,6%	-0,1%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			151	141	2 177	2 104	2 257	2 162	2 358	-	-	-	-6,6%	1444,0%	-3,4%	7,3%	-4,2%	9,1%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	2 018	1 950	2 118	2 045	2 249	-	-	-	-	-	-3,4%	8,6%	-3,4%	10,0%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			151	141	159	154	139	117	109	-	-	-	-6,6%	12,8%	-3,1%	-9,7%	-15,8%	-6,8%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			8 499	5 724	227	146	153	140	135	-	-	-	-32,7%	-96,0%	-35,7%	4,8%	-8,5%	-3,6%
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			8 349	4 270	4 327	4 545	5 171	5 770	6 312	-	-	-	-48,9%	1,3%	5,0%	13,8%	11,6%	9,4%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			81 299	73 227	64 122	54 847	47 023	39 197	29 411	-	-	-	-9,9%	-12,4%	-14,5%	-14,3%	-16,6%	-25,0%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			61 705	59 783	52 034	42 879	34 807	28 065	19 194	-	-	-	-3,1%	-13,0%	-17,6%	-18,8%	-19,4%	-31,6%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			18 039	12 722	10 676	10 061	9 454	7 808	7 370	-	-	-	-29,5%	-16,1%	-5,8%	-6,0%	-17,4%	-5,6%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			13 860	10 778	9 033	8 373	7 906	6 544	6 540	-	-	-	-22,2%	-16,2%	-7,3%	-5,6%	-17,2%	-0,1%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			14	22	1 522	1 581	1 482	1 194	782	-	-	-	57,1%	6818,2%	3,9%	-6,3%	-19,4%	-34,5%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	1 506	1 574	1 478	1 189	775	-	-	-	-	-	4,5%	-6,1%	-19,6%	-34,8%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			14	22	16	7	4	5	7	-	-	-	57,1%	-27,3%	-56,3%	-42,9%	25,0%	40,0%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			4 165	1 922	121	107	66	70	48	-	-	-	-53,9%	-93,7%	-11,6%	-38,3%	6,1%	-31,4%
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			1 555	722	1 412	1 907	2 762	3 324	2 847	-	-	-	-53,6%	95,6%	35,1%	44,8%	20,3%	-14,4%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	9 174	6 240	4 444	2 459	1 067	-	-	-	-	-	-32,0%	-28,8%	-44,7%	-56,6%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			109,7%	109,7%	111,5%	113,6%	111,9%	112,5%	117,0%	-	-	-	(0,04)	1,65	1,90	(1,45)	0,46	4,03
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			95,9%	104,0%	116,5%	122,2%	121,7%	119,1%	129,4%	-	-	-	8,54	11,95	4,91	(0,44)	(2,07)	8,62
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			112,5%	118,4%	106,5%	102,7%	102,7%	107,9%	103,0%	-	-	-	5,28	(10,08)	(3,56)	(0,05)	5,12	(4,57)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			106,3%	115,0%	108,2%	103,4%	102,3%	107,3%	101,2%	-	-	-	8,19	(5,89)	(4,41)	(1,12)	4,89	(5,70)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			104,1%	94,6%	87,6%	96,9%	104,6%	115,4%	121,2%	-	-	-	(9,13)	(7,42)	10,63	7,97	10,26	5,03
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	86,5%	96,2%	104,8%	116,5%	122,6%	-	-	-	-	-	11,23	8,88	11,12	5,24
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			104,1%	94,6%	103,9%	106,2%	102,2%	99,2%	98,2%	-	-	-	(9,13)	9,82	2,20	(3,77)	(2,99)	(0,96)
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			140,9%	139,1%	184,6%	94,8%	133,0%	97,2%	118,4%	-	-	-	(1,28)	32,71	(48,63)	40,33	(26,92)	21,80
CR Administrative law cases			454,2%	124,3%	86,2%	90,2%	85,8%	91,1%	108,2%	-	-	-	(72,64)	(30,60)	4,56	(4,84)	6,21	18,69
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			308	292	264	258	234	205	159	-	-	-	-5,2%	-9,5%	-2,3%	-9,2%	-12,7%	-22,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			448	401	328	310	280	248	184	-	-	-	-10,4%	-18,3%	-5,5%	-9,6%	-11,3%	-25,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			175	141	148	164	152	125	117	-	-	-	-19,1%	5,0%	10,2%	-6,8%	-18,2%	-6,3%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			174	146	138	151	143	116	116	-	-	-	-16,4%	-5,2%	9,4%	-5,7%	-18,5%	0,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			34	57	255	274	240	202	121	-	-	-	68,3%	348,1%	7,5%	-12,6%	-15,9%	-39,9%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	272	295	255	212	126	-	-	-	-	-	8,2%	-13,5%	-16,7%	-40,7%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			34	57	37	17	11	16	23	-	-	-	68,3%	-35,5%	-54,8%	-36,7%	48,5%	50,3%
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			179	123	195	268	157	183	130	-	-	-	-31,5%	58,7%	37,5%	-41,1%	15,9%	-28,9%
DT Administrative law cases			68	62	119	153	195	210	165	-	-	-	-9,2%	93,0%	28,6%	27,3%	7,9%	-21,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			11 541	14 700	17 643	16 538	16 759	14 219	13 243	-	-	-	27,4%	20,0%	-6,3%	1,3%	-15,2%	-6,9%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 681	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	431	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	361	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			7 910	8 450	7 964	6 879	6 839	6 166	6 162	-	-	-	6,8%	-5,8%	-13,6%	-0,6%	-9,8%	-0,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 770	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	360	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	296	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 751	5 507	9 069	7 899	9 379	7 140	7 389	-	-	-	15,9%	64,7%	-12,9%	18,7%	-23,9%	3,5%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7 084	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	259	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	223	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			14 700	17 643	16 538	15 518	14 219	13 243	12 016	-	-	-	20,0%	-6,3%	-6,2%	-8,4%	-6,9%	-9,3%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11 367	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	532	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	434	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 653	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 476	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			60,1%	65,2%	113,9%	114,8%	137,1%	115,8%	119,9%	-	-	-	8,51	74,73	0,84	19,43	(15,56)	3,55
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	122,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	71,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	75,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	48,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	48,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	73,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	143,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			1129	1169	666	717	553	677	594	-	-	-	3,5%	-43,1%	7,7%	-22,8%	22,3%	-12,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	586	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	750	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	710	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1493	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1493	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	209	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	928	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									82 475	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									27 040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									44 977	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									10 728	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									196 602	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									17 944	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									126 616	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									52 042	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									173 197	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									15 769	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									105 375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									52 053	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									105 697	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									29 337	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									65 651	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									10 709	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									14 501	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									1 467	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									88,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									87,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									83,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									223	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									679	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									227	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									13 856	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									2 484	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									11 311	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									22 548	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									8 346	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									13 274	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									928	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									30 858	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									8 581	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									12 451	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									9 826	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									14 446	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									2 250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									12 133	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									124	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
CR of Total									136,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									102,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									93,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									1058,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									171	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									356	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																				
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020												
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																														
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									724	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.1 Total -incoming									2 100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.1 Total - resolved									2 120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									704	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									101,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									121	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions												
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020				
Indicator 5: Access to justice																						
Legal aid																						
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																						
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees																					False	
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees																						True
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True												True
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases																						False
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases																						True
020.1.1 Total																						NA
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases																						NA
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases																						30 622
020.2.1 Total brought to court																						NA
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases																						NA
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal																						3 433
020.3.1 Total not brought to court																						NA
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases																						NA
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal																						27 189
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation																						15
020-1.1.2 Average duration																						NA

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
System for compensating users																			
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																			
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										332									
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										138									
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP									
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										194									
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA									
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NAP									
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										180									
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										48									
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP									
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										132									
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA									
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NAP									
037.3.1 Amount - Total										1 290 594 €									
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										15 973 €									
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP									
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										1 274 621 €									
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA									
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NAP									

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%										
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Both	Both	Both										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Both	Both	Both										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Both	Both	Both										

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							- False	False	True										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not integrated but connected	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not connected at all	Not connected at all	Fully integrated including BI									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry								- True	True	True									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry								- True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry								- True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry								- True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry								- True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry								- True	True	True									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)								- 100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)								- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)								- NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)								- True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)								- False	False	False									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)								- False	False	False									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	False	False									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	False	False									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	False	False									

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True											
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%											
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%											
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)											
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True											
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False											
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False											
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False											
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False											
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False											
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							10-49%	100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	100%	100%											
064-2 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	True	True											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	NAP	NAP											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	True	True											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							False	NAP	NAP											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	True	True											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							False	NAP	NAP											

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	False	False											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate																				
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	-	-											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							False	-	-											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	-	-											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	-	-											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							False	False	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							False	-	False											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	-	False											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							False	-	False											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	-	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	-	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	-	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	-	True											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	-	False											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	-	False											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							10-49%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	100%	100%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)											

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case	Submission of a case Decision transmission	Submission of a case Decision transmission										
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)								Submission of a case	Submission of a case										
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)																			
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)								Specific application	Specific application										
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)																			
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	True	True										
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer										
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers										
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)																			

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							1-9%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							1-9%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							1-9%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	True	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	True	True										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							False	False	False										

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 932	1 912	1 875	1 864	1 797	1 775	1 660	1 682	1 643	-15,0%	-1,0%	-1,9%	-0,6%	-3,6%	-1,2%	-6,5%	1,3%	-2,3%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 378	1 366	1 343	1 348	1 277	1 261	1 176	1 192	1 158	-16,0%	-0,9%	-1,7%	0,4%	-5,3%	-1,3%	-6,7%	1,4%	-2,9%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	514	506	489	476	483	476	446	453	449	-12,6%	-1,6%	-3,4%	-2,7%	1,5%	-1,4%	-6,3%	1,6%	-0,9%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	40	40	43	40	37	38	38	37	36	-10,0%	0,0%	7,5%	-7,0%	-7,5%	2,7%	0,0%	-2,6%	-2,7%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	603	591	583	568	534	520	479	490	473	-21,6%	-2,0%	-1,4%	-2,6%	-6,0%	-2,6%	-7,9%	2,3%	-3,5%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	389	379	377	373	341	332	311	315	302	-22,4%	-2,6%	-0,5%	-1,1%	-8,6%	-2,6%	-6,3%	1,3%	-4,1%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	192	189	180	170	171	165	144	152	149	-22,4%	-1,6%	-4,8%	-5,6%	0,6%	-3,5%	-12,7%	5,6%	-2,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	22	23	26	25	22	23	24	23	22	0,0%	4,5%	13,0%	-3,8%	-12,0%	4,5%	4,3%	-4,2%	-4,3%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 329	1 321	1 292	1 296	1 263	1 255	1 181	1 192	1 170	-12,0%	-0,6%	-2,2%	0,3%	-2,5%	-0,6%	-5,9%	0,9%	-1,8%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	989	987	966	975	936	929	865	877	856	-13,4%	-0,2%	-2,1%	0,9%	-4,0%	-0,7%	-6,9%	1,4%	-2,4%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	322	317	309	306	312	311	302	301	300	-6,8%	-1,6%	-2,5%	-1,0%	2,0%	-0,3%	-2,9%	-0,3%	-0,3%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	18	17	17	15	15	15	14	14	14	-22,2%	-5,6%	0,0%	-11,8%	0,0%	0,0%	-6,7%	0,0%	0,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 643	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	449	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 234	6 222	6 061	5 929	5 827	5 900	5 828	5 929	5 886	-5,6%	-0,2%	-2,6%	-2,2%	-1,7%	1,3%	-1,2%	1,7%	-0,7%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	311	285	381	474	523	542	541	576	553	77,8%	-8,4%	33,7%	24,4%	10,3%	3,6%	-0,2%	6,5%	-4,0%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 648	4 643	4 384	4 231	4 124	4 187	4 135	4 214	4 147	-10,8%	-0,1%	-5,6%	-3,5%	-2,5%	1,5%	-1,2%	1,9%	-1,6%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	544	562	579	534	498	499	490	480	537	-1,3%	3,3%	3,0%	-7,8%	-6,7%	0,2%	-1,8%	-2,0%	11,9%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	731	732	717	689	682	672	662	659	649	-11,2%	0,1%	-2,0%	-3,9%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-1,5%	-0,5%	-1,5%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	868	839	819	816	803	814	805	-	-	-	-3,3%	-2,4%	-0,4%	-1,6%	1,4%	-1,1%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	71	83	93	97	93	95	88	-	-	-	16,9%	12,0%	4,3%	-4,1%	2,2%	-7,4%	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	399	375	350	344	345	359	359	-	-	-	-6,0%	-6,7%	-1,7%	0,3%	4,1%	0,0%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	119	112	113	118	113	103	106	-	-	-	-5,9%	0,9%	4,4%	-4,2%	-8,8%	2,9%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	279	268	263	257	252	257	252	-	-	-	-3,9%	-1,9%	-2,3%	-1,9%	2,0%	-1,9%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	5 364	5 349	5 193	5 090	5 008	5 084	5 025	5 115	5 081	-5,3%	-0,3%	-2,9%	-2,0%	-1,6%	1,5%	-1,2%	1,8%	-0,7%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	246	222	310	390	430	445	448	481	465	89,0%	-9,8%	39,6%	25,8%	10,3%	3,5%	0,7%	7,4%	-3,3%	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	4 227	4 219	3 985	3 856	3 774	3 843	3 790	3 855	3 788	-10,4%	-0,2%	-5,5%	-3,2%	-2,1%	1,8%	-1,4%	1,7%	-1,7%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	439	455	460	422	385	381	377	377	431	-1,8%	3,6%	1,1%	-8,3%	-8,8%	-1,0%	-1,0%	0,0%	14,3%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	452	453	438	421	419	415	410	402	397	-12,2%	0,2%	-3,3%	-3,9%	-0,5%	-1,0%	-1,2%	-2,0%	-1,2%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									5 886	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									4 887	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									917	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									805	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									643	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									5 081	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									4 244	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									772	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									622	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									439	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									197	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									126	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									425	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									313	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									1 058	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									138	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									920	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	14 681 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	27 878 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	53 447 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	27 878 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	53 447 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	17 790 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	32 452 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	17 790 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	32 452 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	4 392	4 408	4 487	4 560	4 690	4 719	4 756	4 752	4 835	10,1%	0,4%	1,8%	1,6%	2,9%	0,6%	0,8%	-0,1%	1,7%	
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 688	2 687	2 733	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	1,7%	
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 068	2 065	2 102	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,1%	1,8%	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Croatia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																		
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																		
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	406	406	453	474	549	588	612	632	673	65,8%	0,0%	11,6%	4,6%	15,8%	7,1%	4,1%	3,3%	6,5%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					508	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

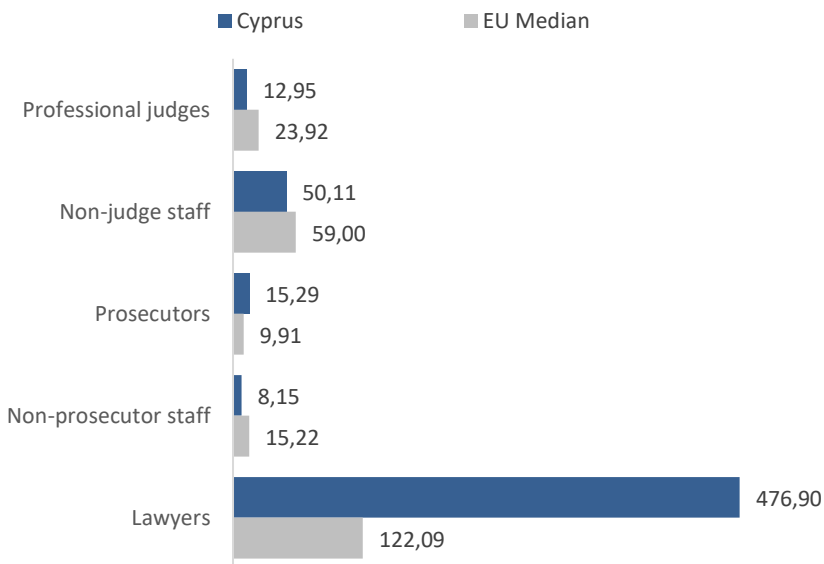
Judiciary at a glance in Cyprus

General data

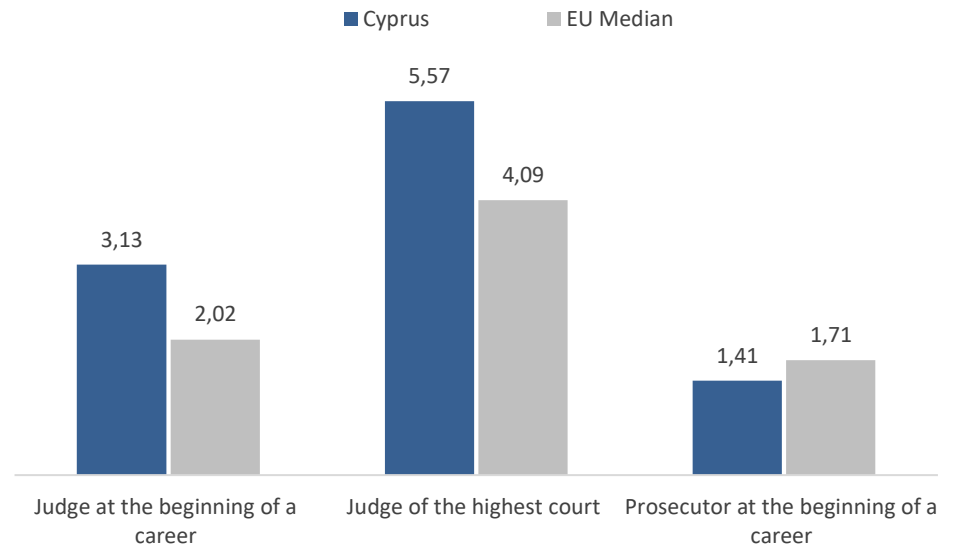
Population: 896 000 **GDP per capita:** 23 397 € **Average annual salary:** 24 882 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

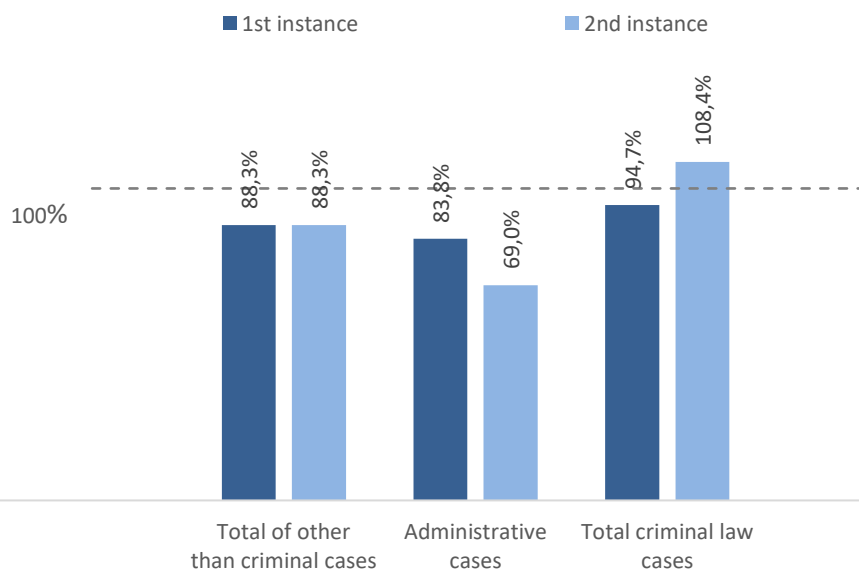


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

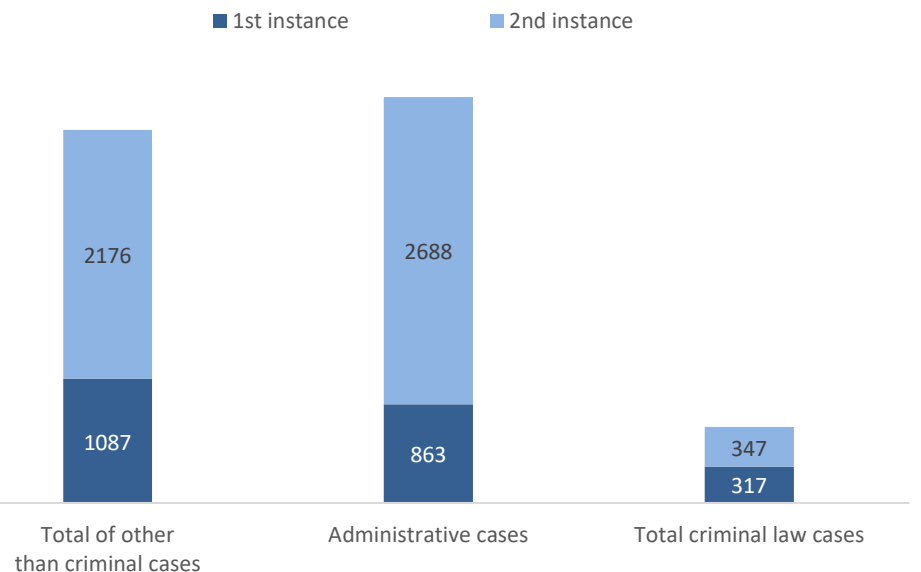


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

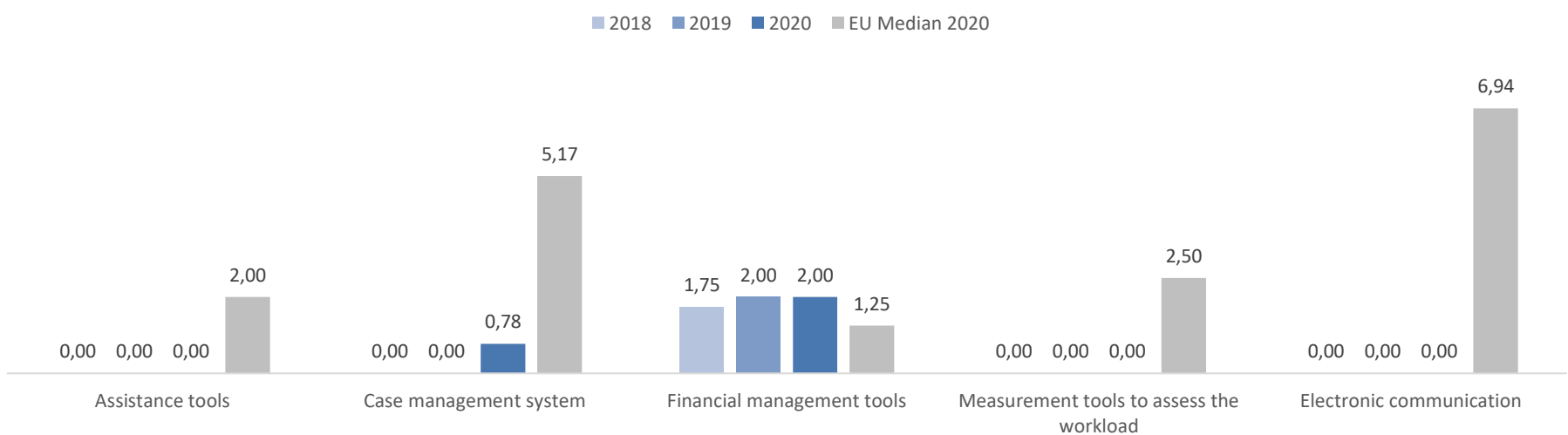


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

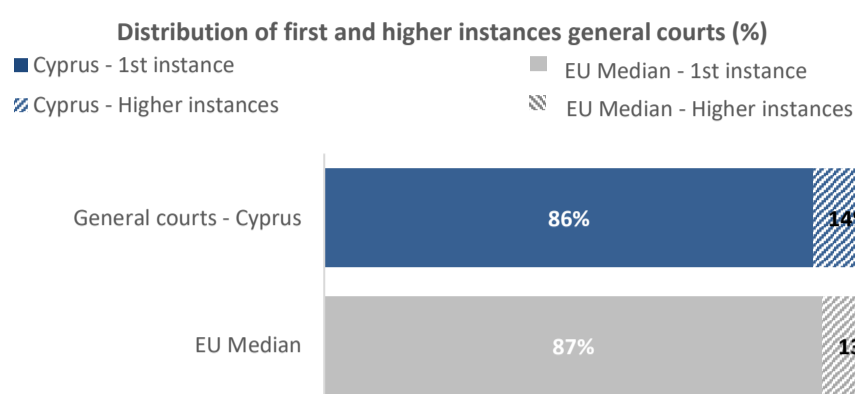
Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Cyprus

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	896 000	3,5%	-1,1%	3,3%	2,5%	1,4%	0,9%
GDP per capita	20 512	19 033	20 454	20 931	21 282	22 770	24 633	25 270	23 397	14,1%	4,0%	15,7%	8,2%	2,6%	-7,4%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	24 124		22 764		22 548		22 896	23 742	24 882	3,1%	-0,9%	1,5%		3,7%	4,8%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,9	11,8	11,3	13,3	13,1	13,9	13,5	13,0	14,1	18,2%	15,7%	3,0%	-3,2%	-3,9%	8,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	49,0	49,8	52,2	50,0	51,5	51,6	48,7	53,5	50,1	2,3%	-1,3%	-5,4%	-5,5%	9,7%	-6,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	295,4	337,5	362,9	378,2	425,0	443,7	458,0	474,0	476,9	61,4%	17,1%	7,8%	3,2%	3,5%	0,6%
Mediators	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ICT overall assesment							0,6	0,7	1,0					14,3%	38,9%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	4,484	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,242	0,8	0,2	0,200	0,182	0,215	0,223	0,214	0,316	30,6%	-2,7%	22,4%	3,4%	-3,9%	47,6%
Total criminal law cases									6,618						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	78%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	74%	58%	103%	120%	113%	74%	219%	170%	84%	9,79	9,28	106,46	145,59	-49,39	-86,03
CR total criminal law cases									95%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	NA	638	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	1 270	775	1 775	1 391	1 582	2 162	487	495	863	-32,1%	-10,9%	-69,2%	-77,5%	1,6%	74,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									317						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	6,13	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,62	0,95	0,94	0,91	0,89	0,94	0,65	0,49	0,63	0,4%	-5,5%	-26,8%	-30,7%	-24,3%	27,0%
Total criminal law cases									5,45						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases			61%	89%	190%	140%	84%	88%	69%		129,37	-106,35	-55,87	3,48	-18,64
CR total criminal law cases									108%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			2 890	2 741	2 522	1 975	2 156	1 724	2 688		-12,8%	-14,5%	9,1%	-20,0%	56,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									347						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									NAP						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases									NAP						

1. Judicial organisation in Cyprus

Cyprus has a two tier system. The Supreme Court is the second and final instance court. All judges of the Supreme Court hear appeals. According to 2020 data, there are 6 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and 16 first instance specialised courts. The total number of courts as geographic locations is 23.

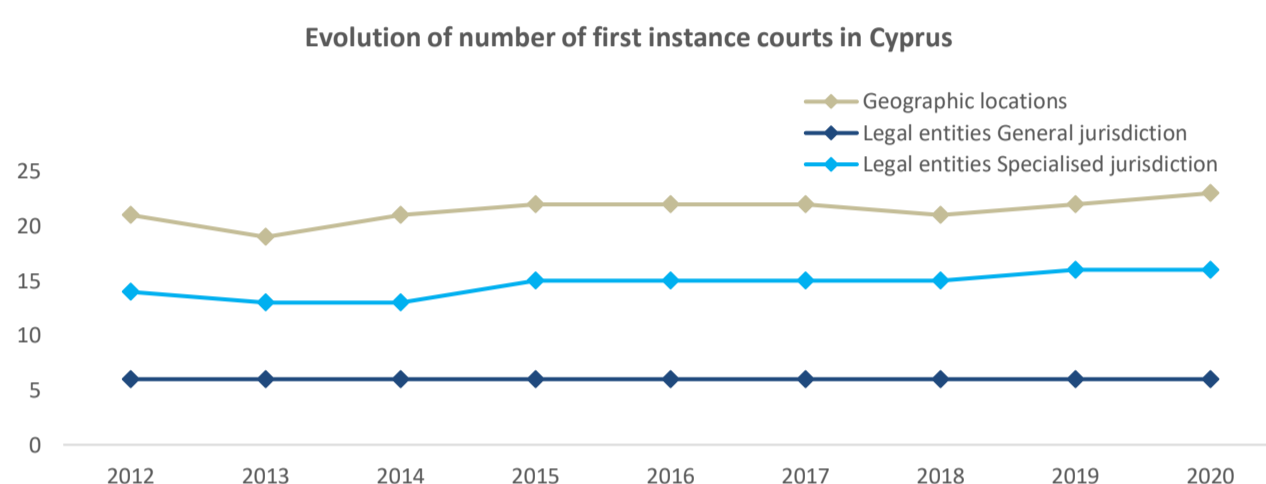
Distribution of general courts in Cyprus



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Cyprus is around the EU median of 87% - 13%.

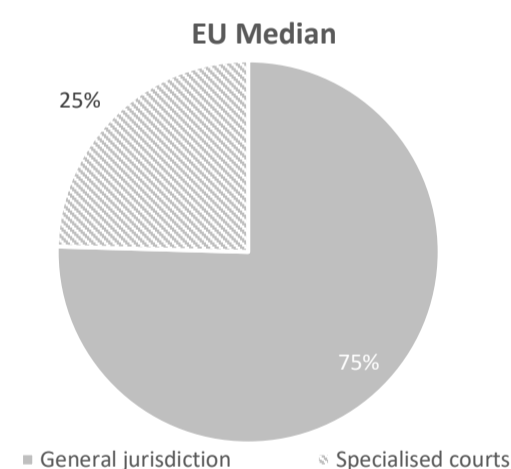
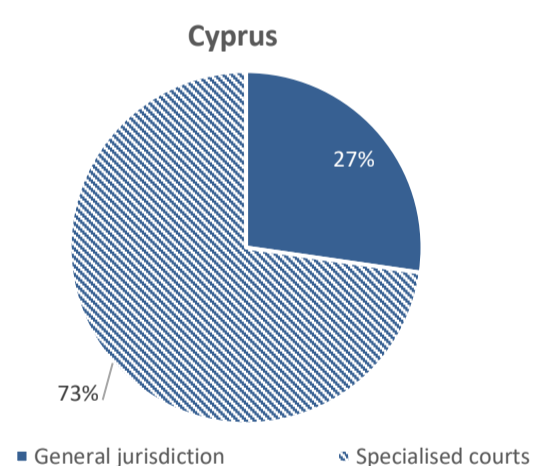
Evolution of number of first instance courts in Cyprus

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	21	6	14
2013	19	6	13
2014	21	6	13
2015	22	6	15
2016	22	6	15
2017	22	6	15
2018	21	6	15
2019	22	6	16
2020	23	6	16



Cyprus has a two-tier system, therefore the Supreme Court is the second, highest and final instance court. In the Organisation part of this country fiche, the Supreme Court is presented as the highest (third) instance court.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 27,3% - 72,7% is quite different compared to the distribution tendency in EU which is 75,5% - 24,5%.

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	16	NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	3	NAP
Family courts	3	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	2	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	1	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	6	NAP

Other specialised 1st instance courts include 5 Assize courts and 1 Administrative Court for International Protection.

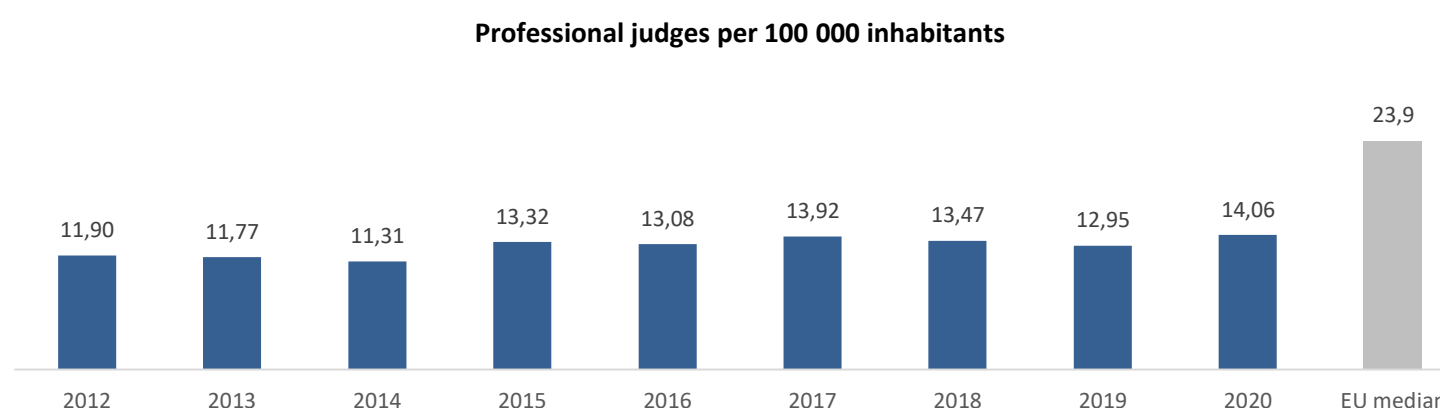
It should be noted that the new Administrative Court for International Protection that will hear asylum applications and international protection matters was established in 2019.

2. Professionals of justice in Cyprus

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	103	11,90
2013	101	11,77
2014	97	11,31
2015	113	13,32
2016	111	13,08
2017	119	13,92
2018	118	13,47
2019	115	12,95
2020	126	14,06

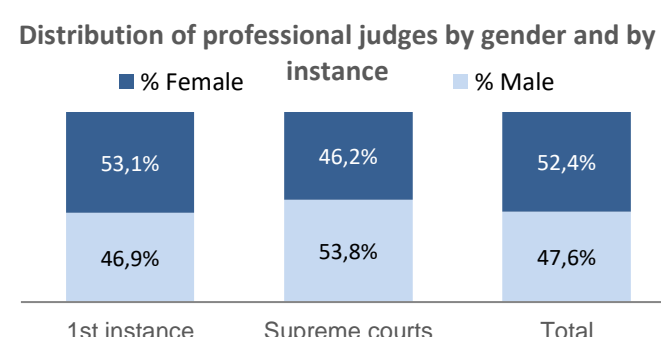
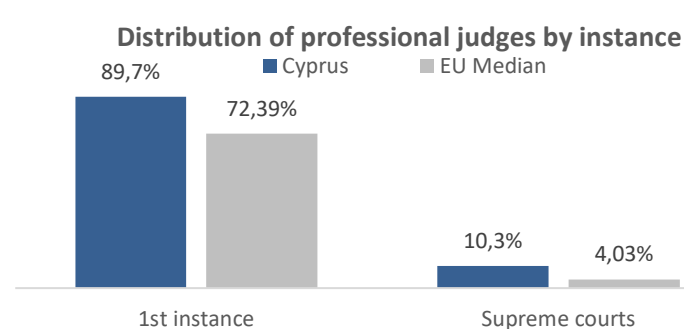


According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Cyprus is 126, which is 9,6% more than in previous cycle. More precisely, in Cyprus, there are 14,06 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,56 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 4,13 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	113	89,7%	53	60	46,9%	53,1%
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA
Supreme courts	13	10,3%	7	6	53,8%	46,2%
Total	126		60	66	47,6%	52,4%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 66, which represents 52,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 113 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 60 are female) and 13 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 6 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the Supreme Court is the second and final instance court. All judges of the Supreme Court hear appeals and are counted in the category "Supreme court". That is why number of judges in second instance is presented as NA/NAP.

Considering this methodology of presentation of data, Cyprus cannot be fully compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Cyprus presents some peculiarities considering that it is a two-tier system and has only first instance courts and the Supreme court.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that females represent more than half of judges in the first instance (53.1%) but less than 50% in the Supreme Court (46.2%).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	113	NA	NA	13	87
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	13	NAP	NAP	NAP	13
Total	126	NA	NA	13	113

In Cyprus, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible only for some categories.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

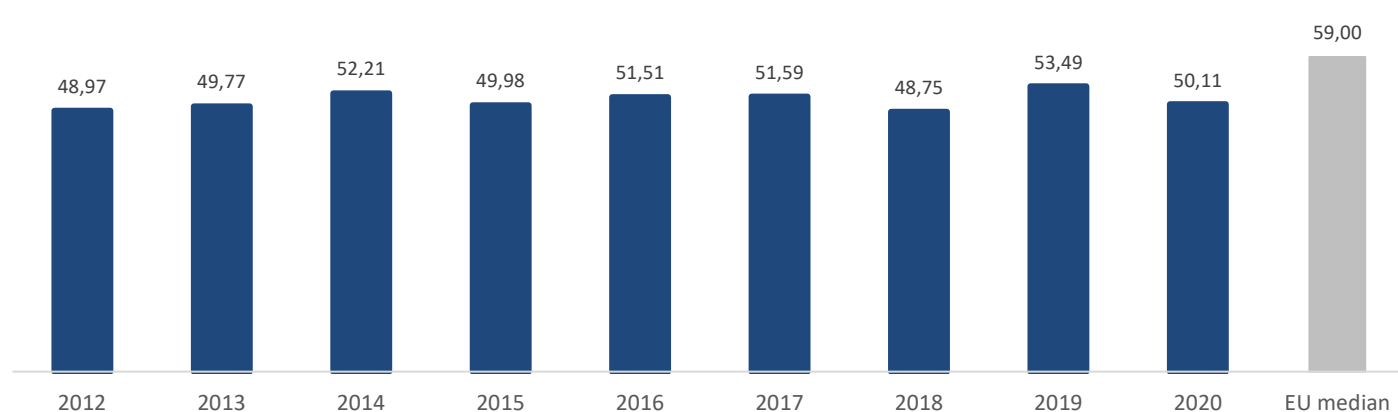
2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	11,5%	77,0%
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	100,0%
Total	NA	NA	10,3%	89,7%

This includes the supreme court judges who deal with all types of cases, first instance family court judges, labour court judges, rent control court judges and military court.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	424	427	448	424	437	441	427	475	449
Per 100 000 inhabitants	48,97	49,77	52,21	49,98	51,51	51,59	48,75	53,49	50,11

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	449	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	149	33,2%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	148	33,0%
Technical staff	119	26,5%
Other	33	7,3%

In 2020, Cyprus has 449 non-judge staff (of which 304 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -5,5%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 149 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 139 are women);
- 148 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 135 are women);
- 119 technical staff (of which 21 are women);
- 33 other (of which 9 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 53,5 in 2019 to 50,1 in 2020).

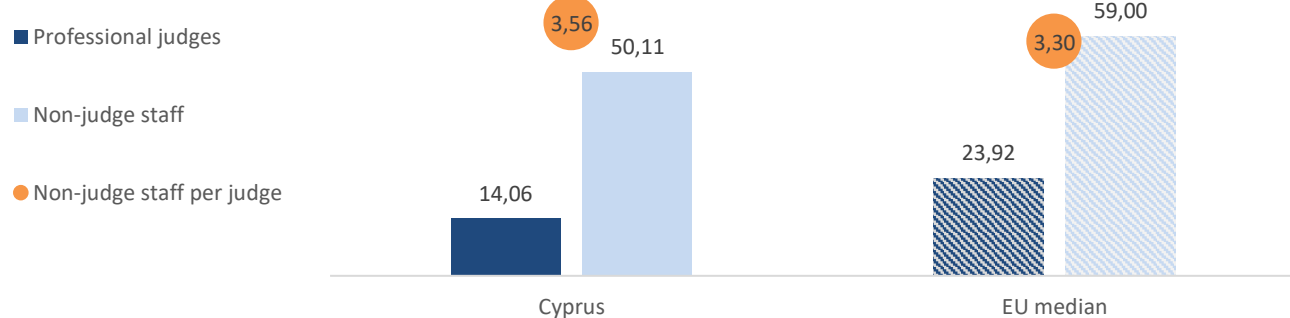
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 13,0 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 14,1 in 2020.

It should be noted that the total number of non-judge staff includes clerical staff and also court bailiffs (which are categorized as Other non-judge staff). Differences in number of staff compared to previous year come from new appointments and retirements.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Cyprus	EU median
Professional judges	14,06	23,92
Non-judge staff	50,11	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,56	3,30

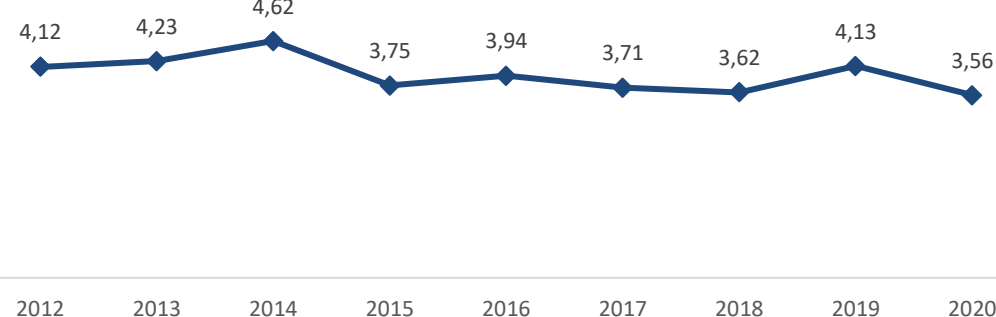
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	11,90	48,97	4,12
2013	11,77	49,77	4,23
2014	11,31	52,21	4,62
2015	13,32	49,98	3,75
2016	13,08	51,51	3,94
2017	13,92	51,59	3,71
2018	13,47	48,75	3,62
2019	12,95	53,49	4,13
2020	14,06	50,11	3,56

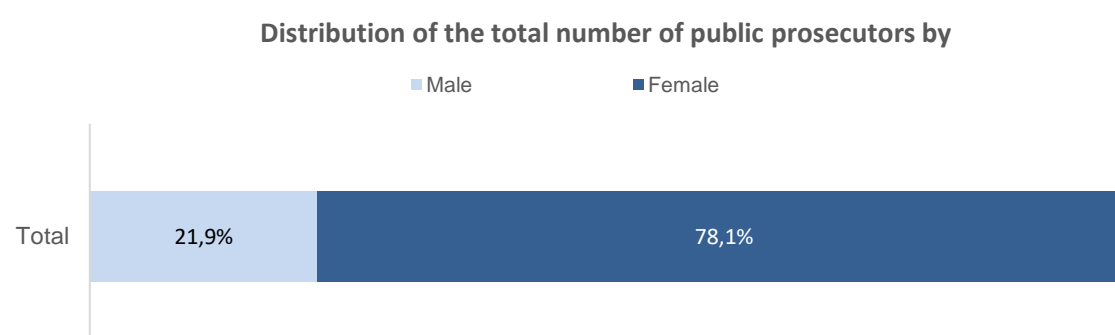
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	137		30	107	21,9%	78,1%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 107, which represents 78,1% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors cannot be distributed among the different judicial instances which represents a peculiarity of the Cyprus system.

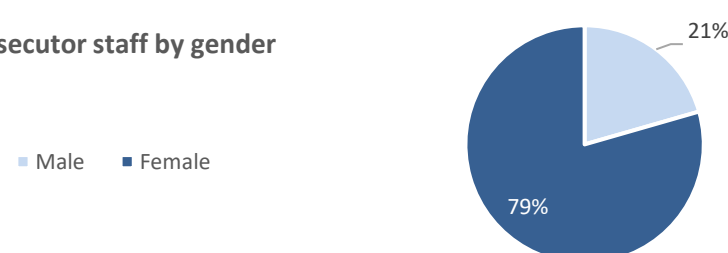
As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that females represent majority, whereas male prosecutors take 21,9%.

It should be noted that the number of prosecutors includes also legal advisors to the Attorney General's office. The number increased in 2020 because more positions of prosecutors were approved.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	73	15	58

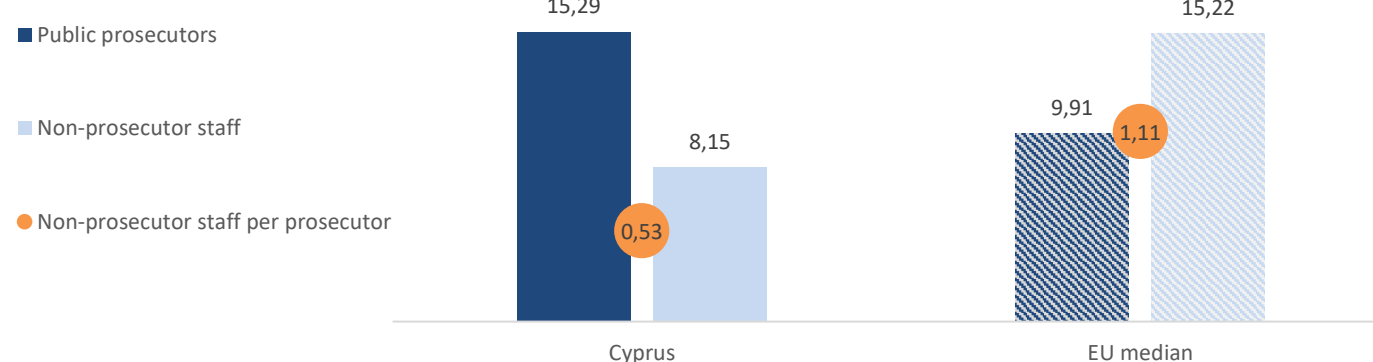
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

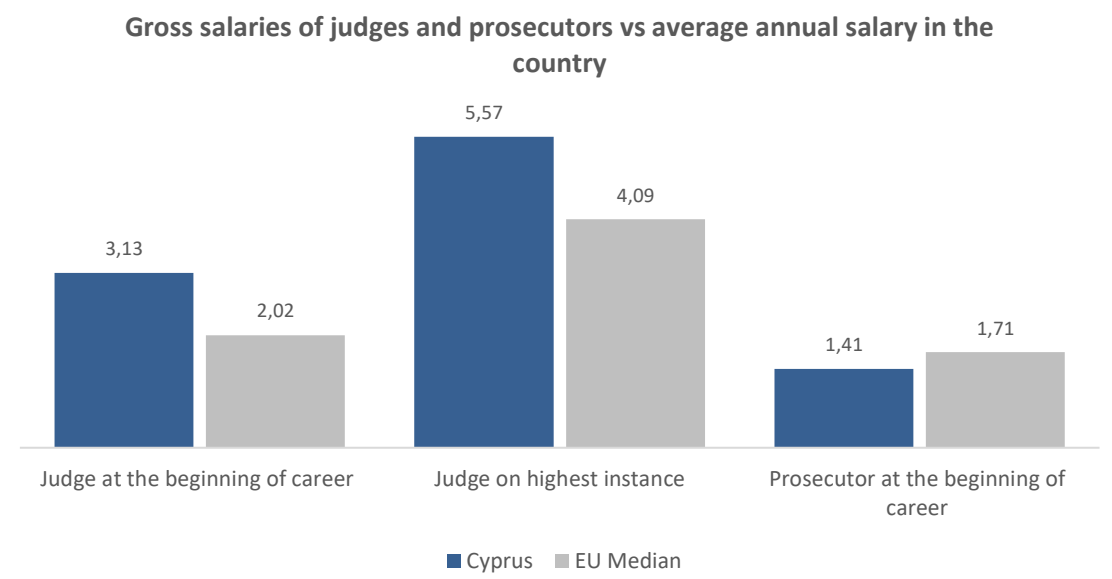
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Cyprus	EU median
Public prosecutors	15,29	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	8,15	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,53	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



• Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

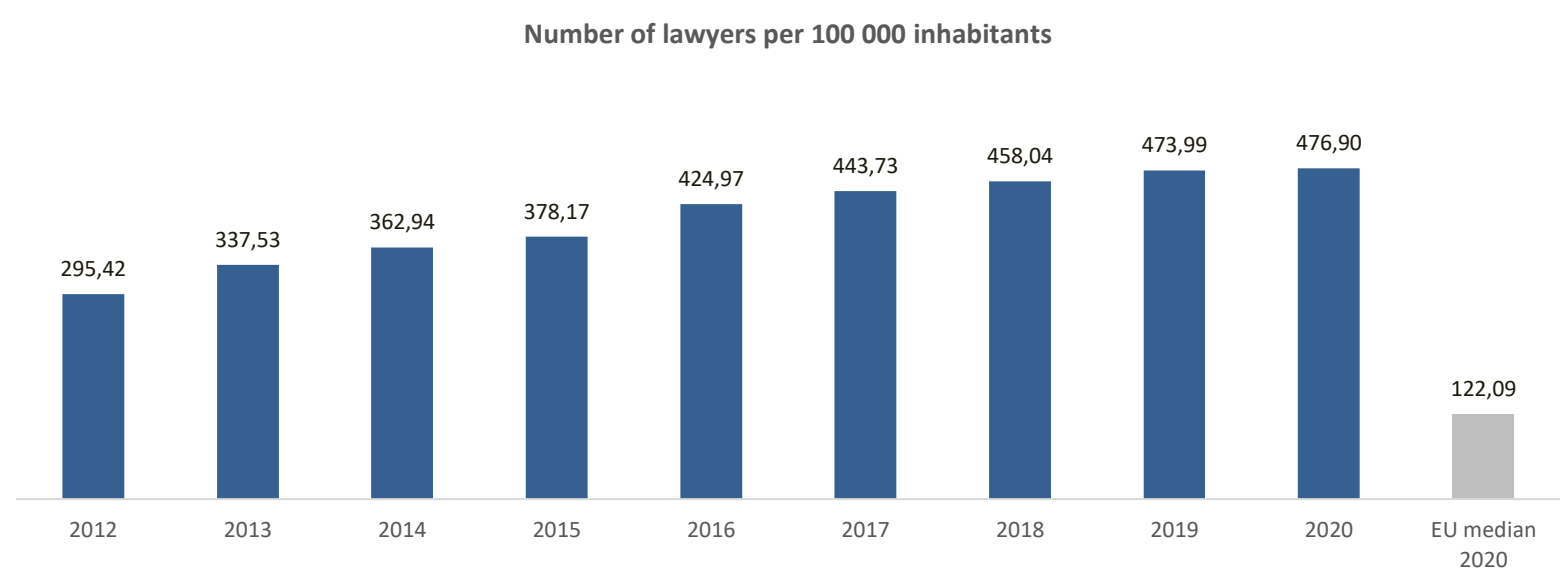
Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	77 916 €	56 069 €	3,13
Judge of the highest court	138 494 €	105 500 €	5,57
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	35 010 €	NA	1,41
Public prosecutor at highest instance	NAP	NAP	NAP



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Cyprus of 77 916€ is quite above when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with annual the average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 3,13 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

• Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	2 558	295,42
2013	2 896	337,53
2014	3 114	362,94
2015	3 208	378,17
2016	3 605	424,97
2017	3 793	443,73
2018	4 012	458,04
2019	4 209	473,99
2020	4 273	476,90



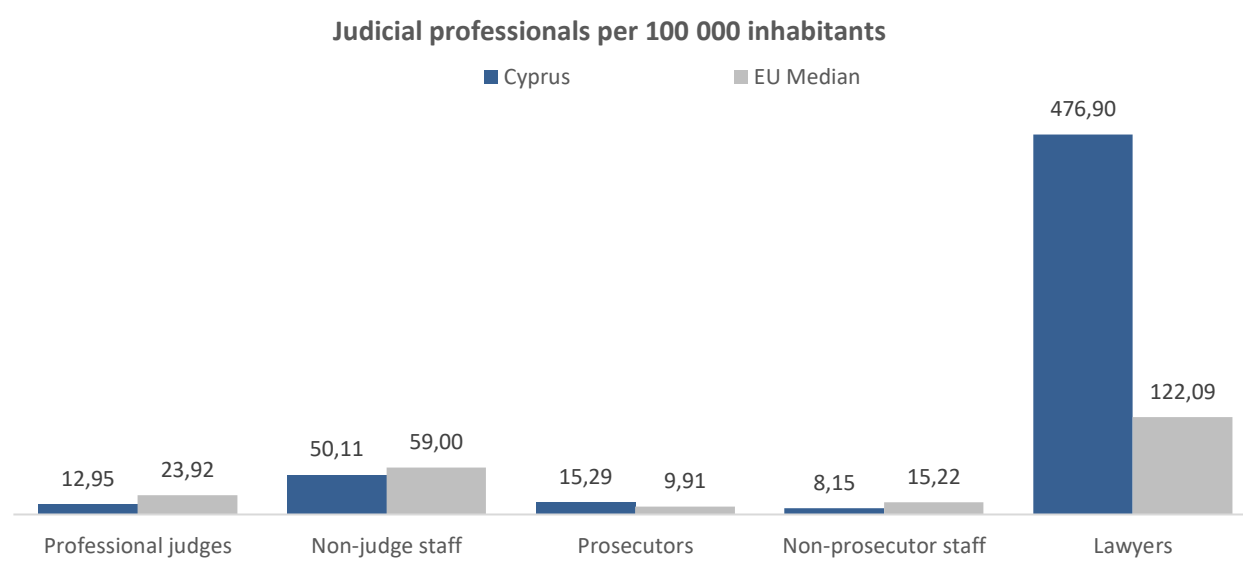
In 2020, there are 4 273 lawyers, which is 1,5% more than in 2019.

Cyprus has 476,9 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is well above the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

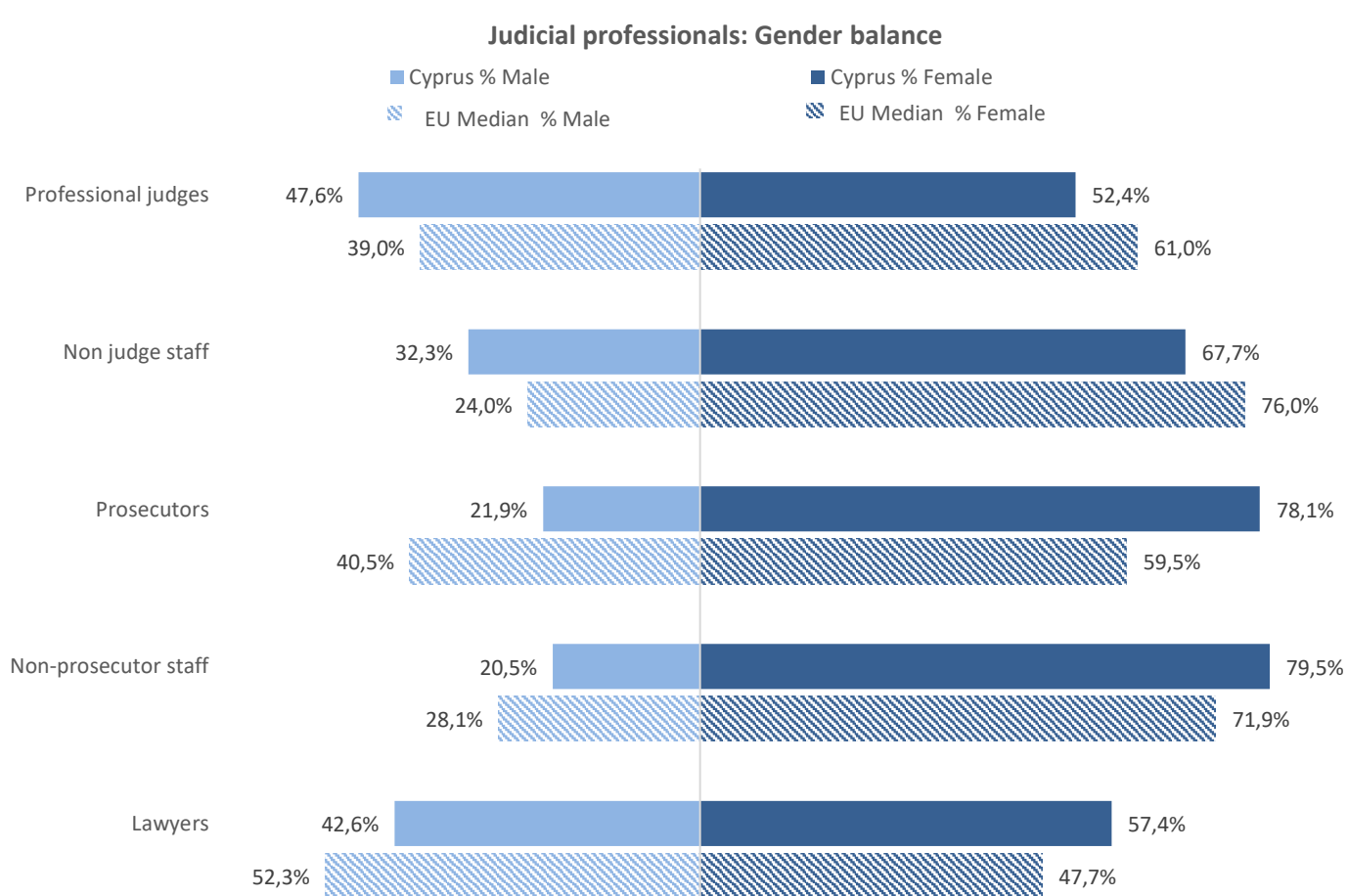
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	115	12,95	23,92
Non-judge staff	449	50,11	59,00
Prosecutors	137	15,29	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	73	8,15	15,22
Lawyers	4 273	476,90	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	47,6%	52,4%
Non judge staff	32,3%	67,7%
Prosecutors	21,9%	78,1%
Non-prosecutor staff	20,5%	79,5%
Lawyers	42,6%	57,4%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Cyprus

In Cyprus, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✔
- Exemption from court fees: ✘

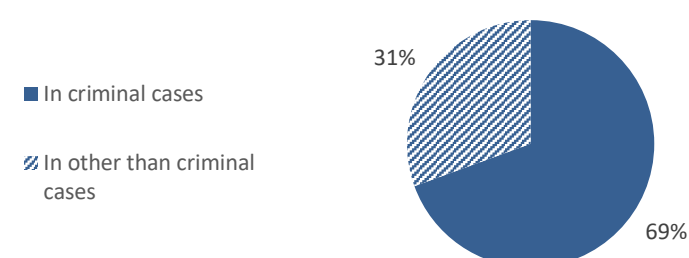
In Cyprus, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✘
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✘

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

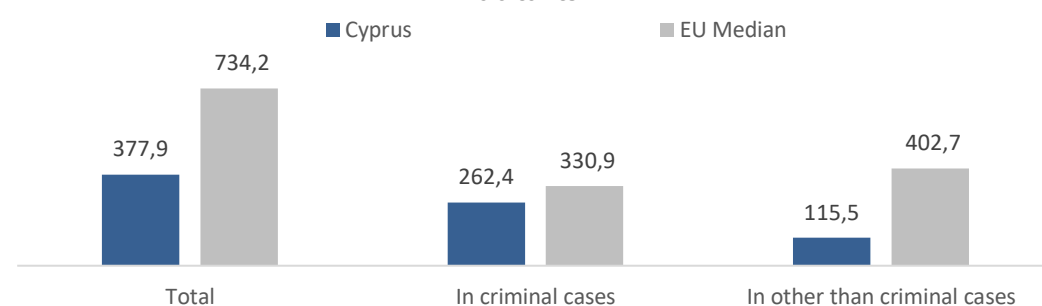
Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	3 386	3 386	NA
In criminal cases	2 351	2 351	NA
In other than criminal cases	1 035	1 035	NA

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Cyprus	EU Median
Total	377,9	734,2
In criminal cases	262,4	330,9
In other than criminal cases	115,5	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



Other cases include civil cases for serious violations of human rights and family court cases (statistics on the family court cases was not available in the previous cycle).

4. Performance of courts in Cyprus

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

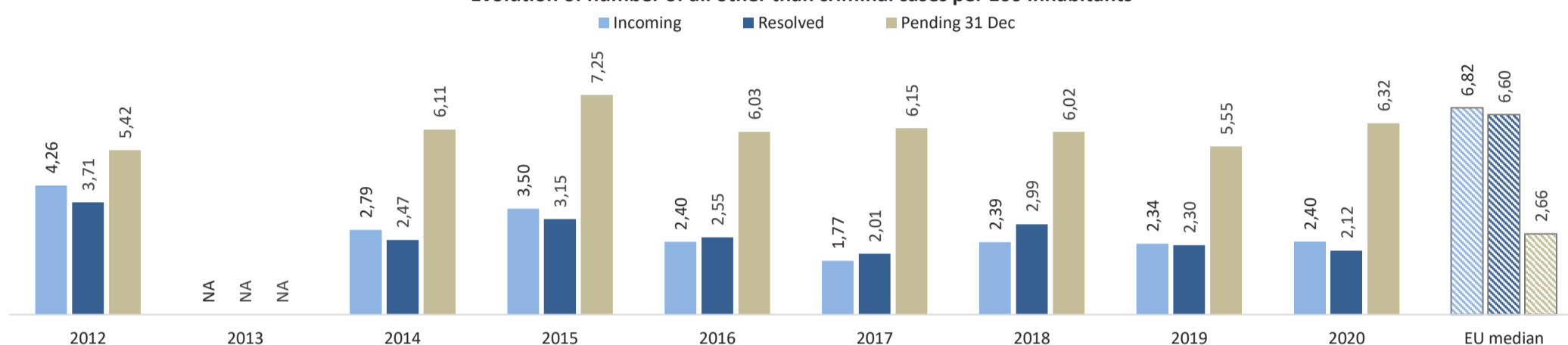
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Cyprus (2,40 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

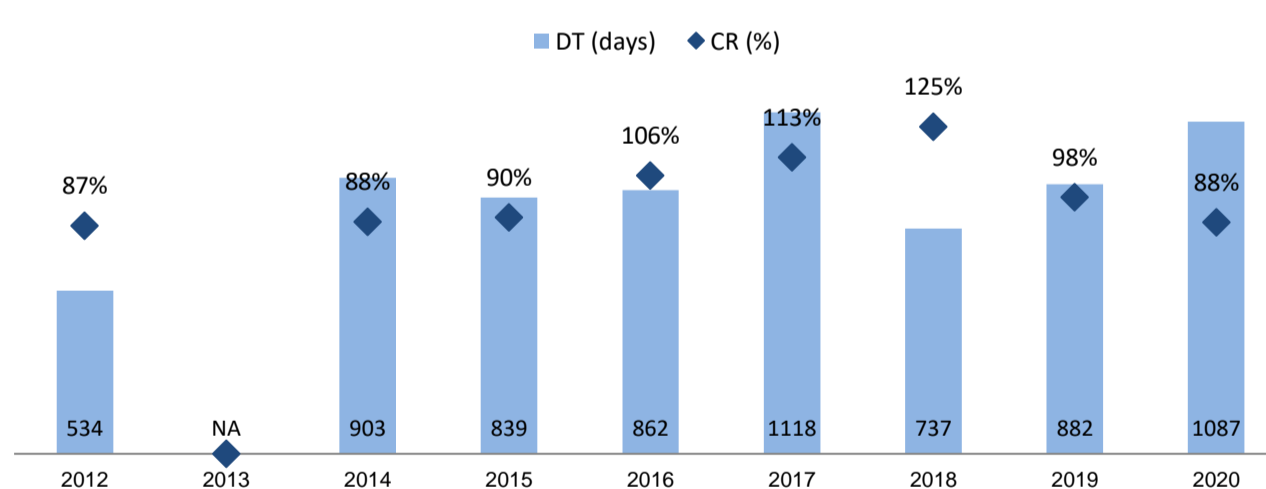
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Cyprus (2,12 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Cyprus (6,32 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	87%	534
2013	NA	NA
2014	88%	903
2015	90%	839
2016	106%	862
2017	113%	1118
2018	125%	737
2019	98%	882
2020	88%	1087

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 88,3% in 2020 Cyprus seems to face difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -9,6 points.

In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 1 087 days, which is well above EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 23,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

Reducing delays in the disposition time is part of the reform process. Furthermore, in the previous cycle a big number of cases were tried together. This is the reason why number of resolved cases in 2020 might appear lower than in 2019.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

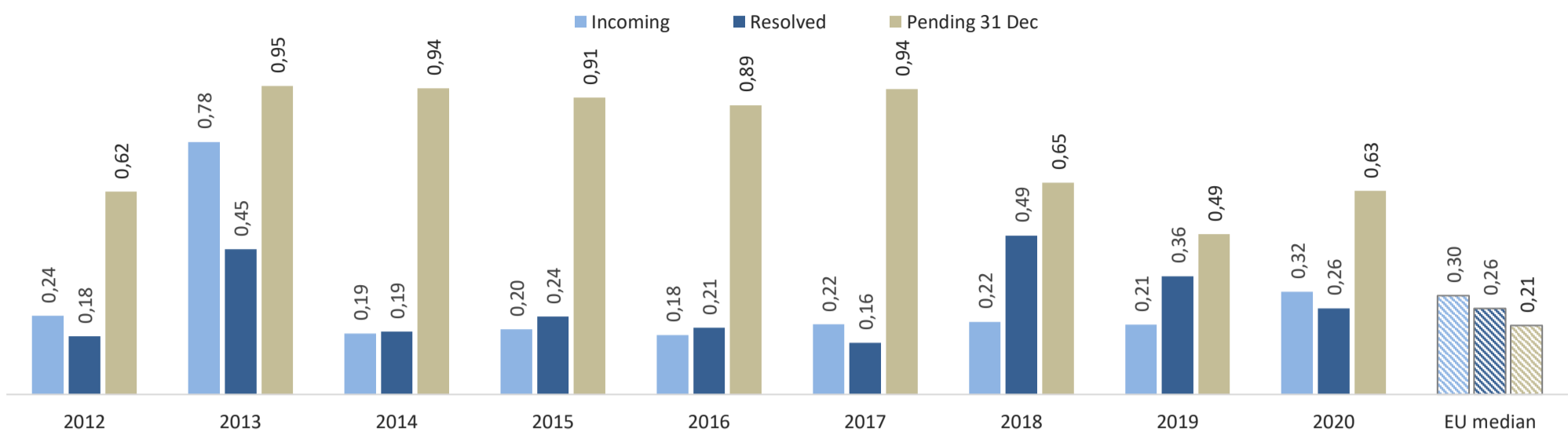
The data for the first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are not available.

The reason for not having data is that there was no electronic filing system that would enable Cyprus to have statistical data on different types of cases.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Cyprus (0,32 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

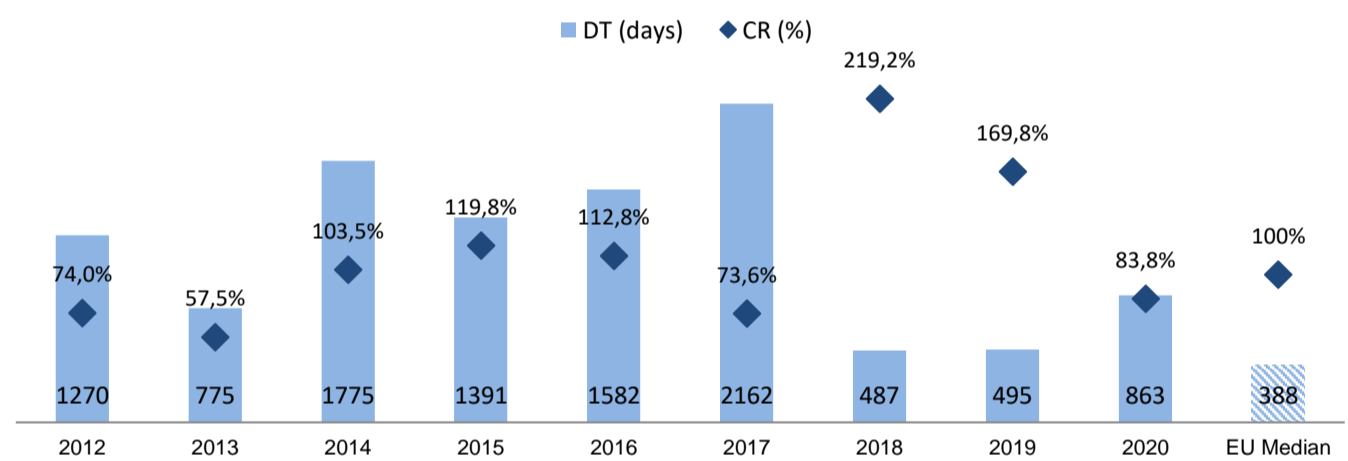
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Cyprus (0,26 per 100 inhabitants) is equal to the EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Cyprus (0,63 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	74,0%	1270
2013	57,5%	775
2014	103,5%	1775
2015	119,8%	1391
2016	112,8%	1582
2017	73,6%	2162
2018	219,2%	487
2019	169,8%	495
2020	83,8%	863



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 83,8% in 2020, Cyprus seems to face difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -86,0 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 863 days, which is well above EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 74,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

The difference in the pending administrative cases compared with previous year is that figure in 2020 includes cases filed before the Administrative Court of International Protection which was set up.

Insolvency cases

The data for the first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are not available.

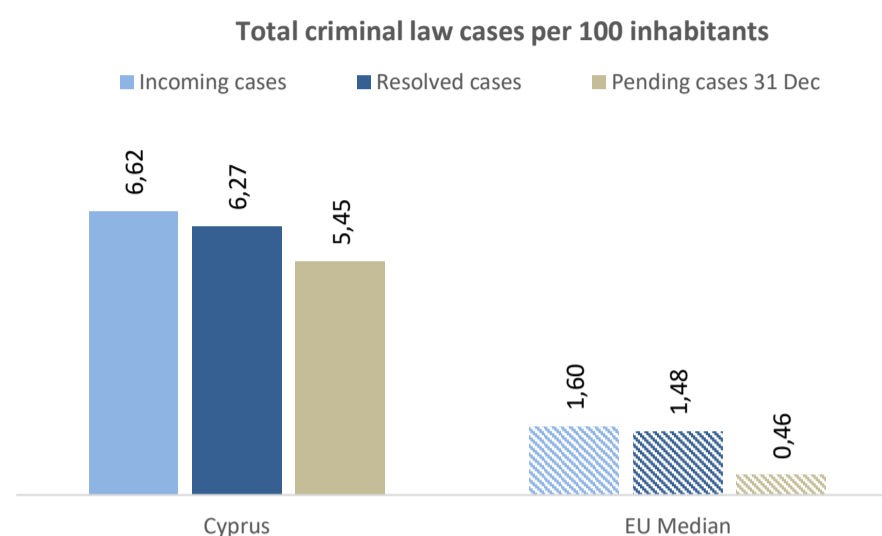
The reason for not having data is that there was no electronic filing system that would enable Cyprus to have statistical data on different types of cases.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	45 674	59 300	56 142	48 832
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	5,10	6,62	6,27	5,45
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA



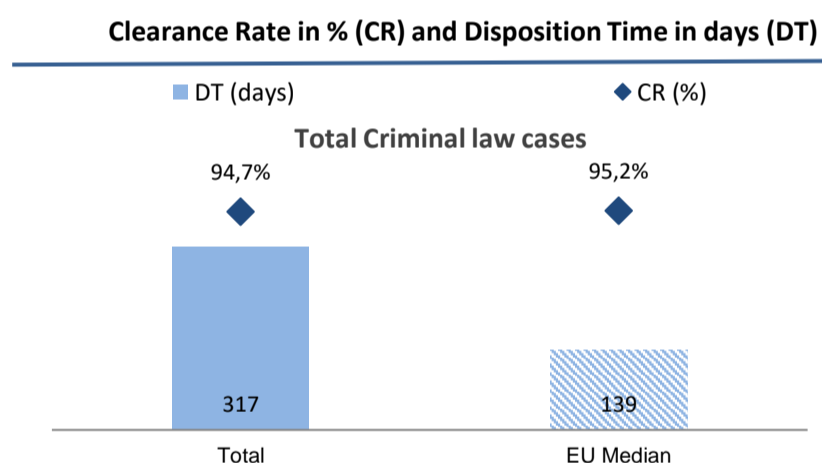
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Cyprus (6,62 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Cyprus (6,27 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Cyprus (5,45 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	94,7%	317
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA



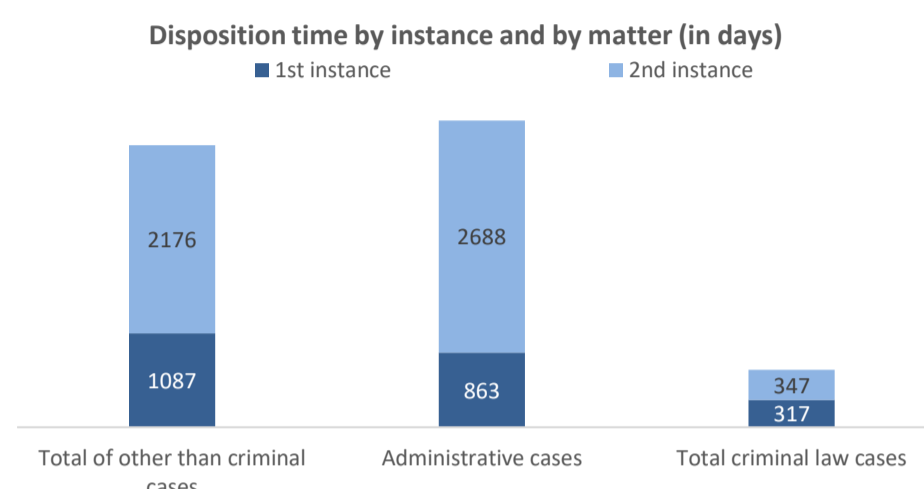
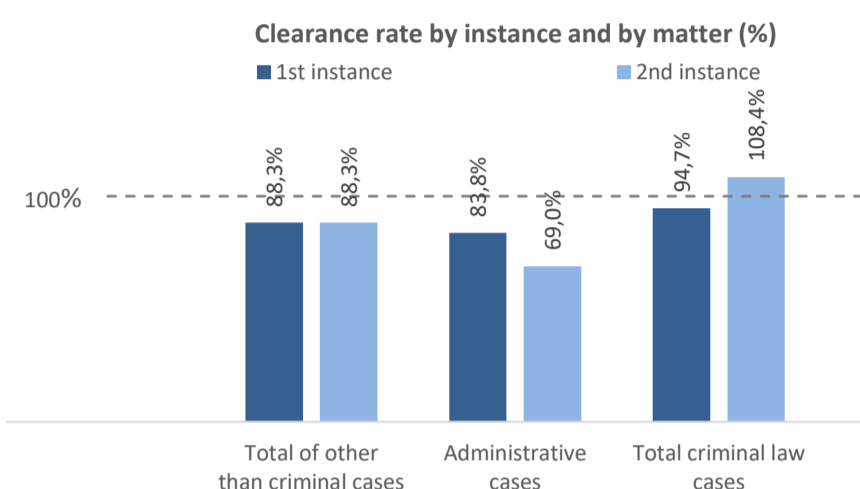
With the Clearance Rate calculated at 94,7% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Cyprus seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 317 days, which is well above EU median of 139 days.

The reason for not having data for the subcategories of cases is that there was no electronic filing system that would enable Cyprus to have these statistical data.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Total of other than criminal cases	88,3%	77,4%	NAP	1087	2176	NAP
Administrative cases	83,8%	69,0%	NAP	863	2688	NAP
Total criminal law cases	94,7%	108,4%	NAP	317	347	NAP



In order to properly understand the data, it has to be taken into account that Cyprus provided data for all "Other than criminal cases" and could not provide separate data for the first instance "Civil (and commercial) litigious cases". Consequently, CEPEJ presented data and analysis for all "Other than criminal cases" in the Country Fiche of Cyprus, instead of presenting "Civil (and commercial) litigious cases" like for most of other states and entities. It should be noted that "Other than criminal cases" include: Civil and commercial litigious cases, Non litigious cases, Administrative cases (that are also presented separately in this Country Fiche) and other cases.

Furthermore, it should be kept in mind that Cyprus has a two-tier system, therefore the Supreme Court is the second, highest and final instance court. The case flow data of the Supreme Court are presented as second instance cases in this Country Fiche. For this reason, CR and DT of the Supreme Court are presented in the second instance, whereas NAP is indicated in the third instance.

Regarding performance of courts, Cyprus seems to face significant difficulties in dealing with its cases, as CR is lower than 100% for all case types in both instances, with the exception of 2nd instance criminal cases. Furthermore, DT is much above EU median values and particularly problematic seem to be other than criminal cases where DT shows extremely high values. Notably, DT for second instance other than criminal cases is 13 times higher than EU median (2176 day compared to 167 days) and 10 times higher than EU median for the first instance cases (1087 days compared to EU median value of 109 days). Similar situation can be observed in a subgroup of these cases - second instance administrative cases where DT is more than 7 times higher than EU median (2688 days compared to EU median value of 362 days). Other case types also have DT levels that are at least two or three times higher than the EU medians. This is caused in large part by the existence of large backlogs in all courts which are being further increased by low CR. Cyprus reported that it works on reducing DT in its courts as part of the reform process. The results of these efforts are yet to be seen and will be analysed in future years.

5. Public prosecution services in Cyprus

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Cyprus has the following 5 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✗	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✗	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✗		

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil and administrative cases.

Public prosecutor is also the attorney for the republic and defends the State in cases filed against it.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

The data for the public prosecutors' first instance criminal cases are not available.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Cyprus

Number of mediators

The information about the number of registered court-related mediators is not available (NA).

Number of court related mediations

Data on the number of court-related mediation procedures is not available.

7. ICT tools of courts in Cyprus

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	1,0	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	0,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	0,8	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	2,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	0,0	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	0,0	6,9

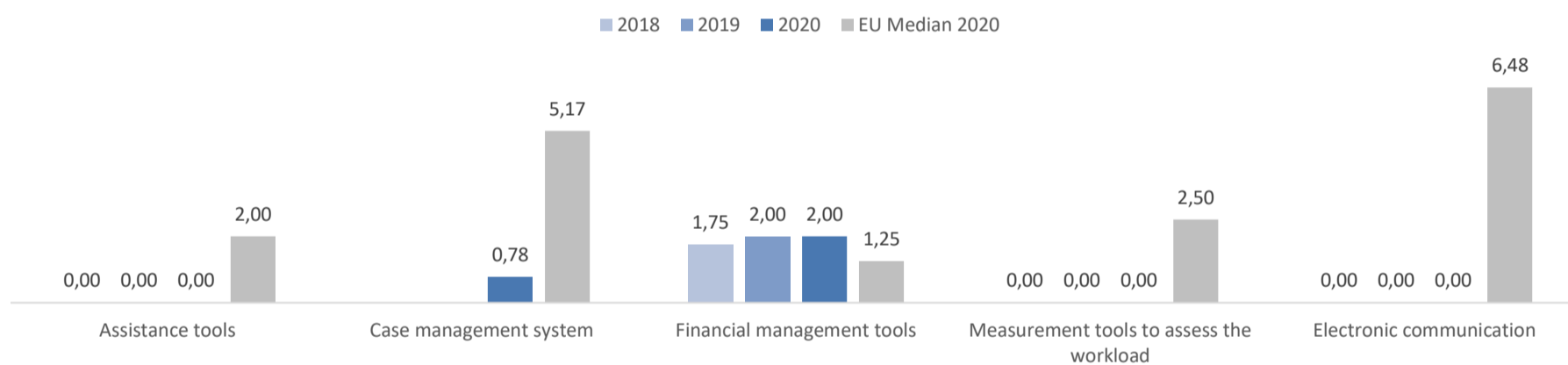
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



In April 2021 the e-justice system was introduced.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Cyprus

In Cyprus, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Cyprus, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual. Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Cyprus, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service.

Performance and quality indicators are not defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

None of the following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																			
Q1 Number of inhabitants	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	896 000		3,5%	-0,9%	0,0%	-1,1%	0,0%	0,8%	2,5%	1,4%	0,9%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	20 512	19 033	20 454	20 931	21 282	22 770	24 633	25 270	23 397		14,1%	-7,2%	7,5%	2,3%	1,7%	7,0%	8,2%	2,6%	-7,4%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							False	False	False
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False
078.1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									False

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases																				
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)																				
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases																				
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases																				
078-1.1.5 Backlogs																				
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff																				
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff																				
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)																				
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures																				
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate																				
078-1.1.11 Disposition time																				
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals																				
078-1.1.13 Other																				
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	False	False	False										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	False	False	False										
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance																				False

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
073-4.1.1 Annual																				
073-4.1.2 Less frequent																				
073-4.1.3 More frequent																				
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services																				False
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance																				
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)																				
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency																				
073-6.1.4 Other																				
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.4 number of pending cases										True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs										True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff										False	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	False
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff										False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)										False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures										False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.10 number of appeals										False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.11 appeal ratio										False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.12 clearance rate										False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases																				
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)																				
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases																				
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases																				
070-1.1.5 Backlogs																				
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff																				
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff																				
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)																				
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures																				
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate																				
070-1.1.11 Disposition time																				
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals																				
070-1.1.13 Other																				
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases																				True
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases																				True
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases																				True
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts																				False
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services																				False
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors																				False
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)																				NAP
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor																				NAP
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council																				NAP
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor																				NAP
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other																				NAP

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual																			
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent																			
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent																			
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	14	13	13	15	15	15	15	16	16	16	14,3%	-7,1%	0,0%	15,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	6,7%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	200,0%	0,0%	200,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-33,3%	-33,3%	50,0%	-33,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NA	NAP	3	5	5	5	5	6	6	-	-	-	66,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	21	19	21	22	22	22	21	22	23	9,5%	-9,5%	10,5%	4,8%	0,0%	0,0%	-4,5%	4,8%	4,5%

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	42 179	NA	49 655	58 568	52 412	54 586	57 972	48 837	54 058	28,2%	-	-	17,9%	-10,5%	4,1%	6,2%	-15,8%	10,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	44 285	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	4 851	5 395	8 130	8 074	7 737	7 540	8 025	5 700	5 146	6,1%	11,2%	50,7%	-0,7%	-4,2%	-2,5%	6,4%	-29,0%	-9,7%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	898	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	36 868	NA	23 939	29 667	20 394	15 160	20 937	20 817	21 530	-41,6%	-	-	23,9%	-31,3%	-25,7%	38,1%	-0,6%	3,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	38 473	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	2 094	6 653	1 604	1 694	1 543	1 840	1 950	1 900	2 829	35,1%	217,7%	-75,9%	5,6%	-8,9%	19,2%	6,0%	-2,6%	48,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 031	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	32 092	NA	21 182	26 751	21 661	17 168	26 147	20 382	19 005	-40,8%	-	-	26,3%	-19,0%	-20,7%	52,3%	-22,0%	-6,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	30 125	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 550	3 828	1 660	2 030	1 740	1 355	4 275	3 227	2 371	53,0%	147,0%	-56,6%	22,3%	-14,3%	-22,1%	215,5%	-24,5%	-26,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 065	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	46 955	NA	52 412	61 484	51 145	52 578	52 762	49 272	56 583	20,5%	-	-	17,3%	-16,8%	2,8%	0,3%	-6,6%	14,8%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	52 633	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	5 395	8 130	8 074	7 738	7 540	8 025	5 700	4 373	5 604	3,9%	50,7%	-0,7%	-4,2%	-2,6%	6,4%	-29,0%	-23,3%	28,2%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	864	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	87,0%	NA	88,5%	90,2%	106,2%	113,2%	124,9%	97,9%	88,3%	1,41	-	-	1,91	17,79	6,62	10,28	(21,60)	(9,84)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	78,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	74,0%	57,5%	103,5%	119,8%	112,8%	73,6%	219,2%	169,8%	83,8%	13,23	(22,27)	79,87	15,79	(5,90)	(34,70)	197,70	(22,53)	(50,65)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	103,3%	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	534	NA	903	839	862	1118	737	882	1087	103,5%	-	-	-7,1%	2,7%	29,7%	-34,1%	19,8%	23,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	638	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1270	775	1775	1391	1582	2162	487	495	863	-32,1%	-39,0%	129,0%	-21,6%	13,7%	36,7%	-77,5%	1,6%	74,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	296	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	3 450	3 378	3 335	3 282	3 389	3 581	3 322	3 293	3 347	-3,0%	-2,1%	-1,3%	-1,6%	3,3%	5,7%	-7,2%	-0,9%	1,6%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	1 382	1 749	2 173	2 219	2 105	2 292	2 196	1 845	1 965	42,2%	26,6%	24,2%	2,1%	-5,1%	8,9%	-4,2%	-16,0%	6,5%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	7 195	6 846	6 686	6 605	6 663	6 601	6 695	7 075	6 322	-12,1%	-4,9%	-2,3%	-1,2%	0,9%	-0,9%	1,4%	5,7%	-10,6%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	1 005	1 038	984	637	1 014	489	364	632	414	-58,8%	3,3%	-5,2%	-35,3%	59,2%	-51,8%	-25,6%	73,6%	-34,5%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	7 267	6 889	6 737	6 498	6 471	6 660	6 724	6 951	6 190	-14,8%	-5,2%	-2,2%	-3,5%	-0,4%	2,9%	1,0%	3,4%	-10,9%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	638	614	938	751	827	585	715	512	505	-20,8%	-3,8%	52,8%	-19,9%	10,1%	-29,3%	22,2%	-28,4%	-1,4%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	3 378	3 335	3 284	3 389	3 581	3 522	3 293	3 417	3 479	3,0%	-1,3%	-1,5%	3,2%	5,7%	-1,6%	-6,5%	3,8%	1,8%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	1 749	2 173	2 219	2 105	2 292	2 196	1 845	1 965	1 874	7,1%	24,2%	2,1%	-5,1%	8,9%	-4,2%	-16,0%	6,5%	-4,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	101,0%	100,6%	100,8%	98,4%	97,1%	100,9%	100,4%	98,2%	97,9%	(3,06)	(0,37)	0,13	(2,36)	(1,28)	3,89	(0,46)	(2,18)	(0,34)
CR Employment dismissal cases	63,5%	59,2%	95,3%	117,9%	81,6%	119,6%	196,4%	81,0%	122,0%	92,15	(6,82)	61,15	23,68	(30,82)	46,68	64,19	(58,76)	50,57
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	170	177	178	190	202	193	179	179	205	20,9%	4,1%	0,7%	7,0%	6,1%	-4,4%	-7,4%	0,4%	14,3%
DT Employment dismissal cases	1 001	1 292	863	1 023	1 012	1 370	942	1 401	1 354	35,4%	29,1%	-33,2%	18,5%	-1,1%	35,4%	-31,3%	48,7%	-3,3%
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 500	2 868	3 230	3 816	4 186	4 215	4 412	-	-	-	14,7%	12,6%	18,1%	9,7%	0,7%	4,7%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			801	871	886	957	909	939	968	-	-	-	8,7%	1,7%	8,0%	-5,0%	3,3%	3,1%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	104	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			865	788	919	786	843	930	1 021	-	-	-	-8,9%	16,6%	-14,5%	7,3%	10,3%	9,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			180	133	63	120	189	234	203	-	-	-	-26,1%	-52,6%	90,5%	57,5%	23,8%	-13,2%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	34	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			437	426	461	529	737	810	790	-	-	-	-2,5%	8,2%	14,8%	39,3%	9,9%	-2,5%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			110	118	120	168	159	205	140	-	-	-	7,3%	1,7%	40,0%	-5,4%	28,9%	-31,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	27	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 928	3 230	3 688	4 073	4 292	4 335	4 710	-	-	-	10,3%	14,2%	10,4%	5,4%	1,0%	8,7%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			871	886	829	909	939	968	1 031	-	-	-	1,7%	-6,4%	9,7%	3,3%	3,1%	6,5%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	111	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			50,5%	54,1%	50,2%	67,3%	87,4%	87,1%	77,4%	-	-	-	7,01	(7,21)	34,17	29,90	(0,38)	(11,16)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			61,1%	88,7%	190,5%	140,0%	84,1%	87,6%	69,0%	-	-	-	45,18	114,69	(26,50)	(39,91)	4,14	(21,28)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	79,4%	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			2446	2767	2920	2810	2126	1953	2176	-	-	-	13,2%	5,5%	-3,8%	-24,4%	-8,1%	11,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			2890	2741	2522	1975	2156	1724	2688	-	-	-	-5,2%	-8,0%	-21,7%	9,1%	-20,0%	56,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	1501	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions											
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020			
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																					
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																					
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									45 674	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									59 300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									56 142	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									48 832	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									94,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									317	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									278	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									249	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									270	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									257	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									108,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									347	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 5: Access to justice																			
Legal aid																			
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																			
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True									
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										False									
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					False	False	False	False	False	False									
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										False									
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										False									
020.1.1 Total										3 386									
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										2 351									
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										1 035									
020.2.1 Total brought to court										3 386									
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										2 351									
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										1 035									
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA									
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NA									
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA									

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NAP								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NAP								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NAP								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NAP								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NAP								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NAP								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NAP								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NAP								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NAP								

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							False	False	False										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter																			
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter																			
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter																			
62-8 Voice recording tools							False	False	False										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter																			
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter																			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter																			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter																			
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter																			
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter																			
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							False	False	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)									1-9%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)									0% (NAP)										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)									1-9%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							FALSE	FALSE	Accessible to parties										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							FALSE	FALSE	Accessible to parties										

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- False	-	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- False	-	NAP										
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- False	-	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							- False	-	False										
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							- False	-	False										
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							- False	-	False										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter							FALSE	FALSE	Not connected at all										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter							FALSE	FALSE	Not integrated but connected										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter							FALSE	FALSE	Not connected at all										
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							- False	NAP	NAP										
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							- 100%	100%	100%										
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							- 50-99%	100%	100%										
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							- True	True	True										
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							- True	True	True										
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							- False	NAP	NAP										
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							- True	True	True										
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							- True	True	True										
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							- False	NAP	NAP										

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							False	False	False										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges																			
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors																			
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff																			
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	-	-										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	-	-										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							False	False	False										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial																			0% (NAP)
064-2 - Criminal																			0% (NAP)
064-2 - Administrative																			0% (NAP)
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	-	NAP										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	-	NAP										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	-	NAP										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							False	-	NAP										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	-	NAP										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							False	-	NAP										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	-	NAP										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	-	NAP										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							False	-	NAP										

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	False	False											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate																				
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	-	-											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							False	-	-											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	-	-											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	-	-											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							False	False	False											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							False	-	-											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	-	-											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							False	-	-											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	-	-											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	-	-											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	-	-											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	-	-											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	-	-											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	-	-											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)									0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)									0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)									0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)																			
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)																			
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)																			
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)																			
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)																			
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)																			
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)																			
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)																			
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)																			

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							False	False	False										

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	103	101	97	113	111	119	118	115	126	22,3%	-1,9%	-4,0%	16,5%	-1,8%	7,2%	-0,8%	-2,5%	9,6%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	90	88	84	100	98	106	105	102	113	25,6%	-2,2%	-4,5%	19,0%	-2,0%	8,2%	-0,9%	-2,9%	10,8%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	56	54	53	60	57	60	59	59	60	7,1%	-3,6%	-1,9%	13,2%	-5,0%	5,3%	-1,7%	0,0%	1,7%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	47	44	44	51	49	52	51	50	53	12,8%	-6,4%	0,0%	15,9%	-3,9%	6,1%	-1,9%	-2,0%	6,0%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	9	10	9	9	8	8	8	9	7	-22,2%	11,1%	-10,0%	0,0%	-11,1%	0,0%	0,0%	12,5%	-22,2%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	47	47	44	53	54	59	59	56	66	40,4%	0,0%	-6,4%	20,5%	1,9%	9,3%	0,0%	-5,1%	17,9%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	43	44	40	49	49	54	54	52	60	39,5%	2,3%	-9,1%	22,5%	0,0%	10,2%	0,0%	-3,7%	15,4%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	4	3	4	4	5	5	5	4	6	50,0%	-25,0%	33,3%	0,0%	25,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-20,0%	50,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	126	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	424	427	448	424	437	441	427	475	449	5,9%	0,7%	4,9%	-5,4%	3,1%	0,9%	-3,2%	11,2%	-5,5%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	133	133	129	130	138	138	138	155	149	12,0%	0,0%	-3,0%	0,8%	6,2%	0,0%	0,0%	12,3%	-3,9%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	124	131	128	130	135	135	131	147	148	19,4%	5,6%	-2,3%	1,6%	3,8%	0,0%	-3,0%	12,2%	0,7%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	129	125	151	128	130	134	125	135	119	-7,8%	-3,1%	20,8%	-15,2%	1,6%	3,1%	-6,7%	8,0%	-11,9%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	38	38	40	36	34	34	33	38	33	-13,2%	0,0%	5,3%	-10,0%	-5,6%	0,0%	-2,9%	15,2%	-13,2%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	178	144	146	150	143	155	145	-	-	-	-19,1%	1,4%	2,7%	-4,7%	8,4%	-6,5%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	11,1%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	7	8	8	10	8	13	-	-	-	-	14,3%	0,0%	25,0%	-20,0%	62,5%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	118	99	101	105	95	103	98	-	-	-	-16,1%	2,0%	4,0%	-9,5%	8,4%	-4,9%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	29	28	28	30	35	24	-	-	-	-	-3,4%	0,0%	7,1%	16,7%	-31,4%	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	272	284	280	291	291	284	320	304	-	-	4,4%	-1,4%	3,9%	0,0%	-2,4%	12,7%	-5,0%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	126	120	121	129	129	129	146	139	-	-	-4,8%	0,8%	6,6%	0,0%	0,0%	13,2%	-4,8%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	121	NA	123	127	127	121	139	135	-	-	-	-	3,3%	0,0%	-4,7%	14,9%	-2,9%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	31	33	29	29	29	30	32	21	-	-	6,5%	-12,1%	0,0%	0,0%	3,4%	6,7%	-34,4%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	7	6	6	3	3	9	-	-	-	-	-14,3%	0,0%	-50,0%	0,0%	200,0%	

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									449	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									370	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									304	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									245	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									137	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									107	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	24 882 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	77 916 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	138 494 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	35 010 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	56 069 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	105 500 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	2 558	2 896	3 114	3 208	3 605	3 793	4 012	4 209	4 273	67,0%	13,2%	7,5%	3,0%	12,4%	5,2%	5,8%	4,9%	1,5%	
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 790	1 861	1 821	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,0%	-2,1%	
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 222	2 348	2 452	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,7%	4,4%	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			Yes	Yes	True	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Cyprus (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

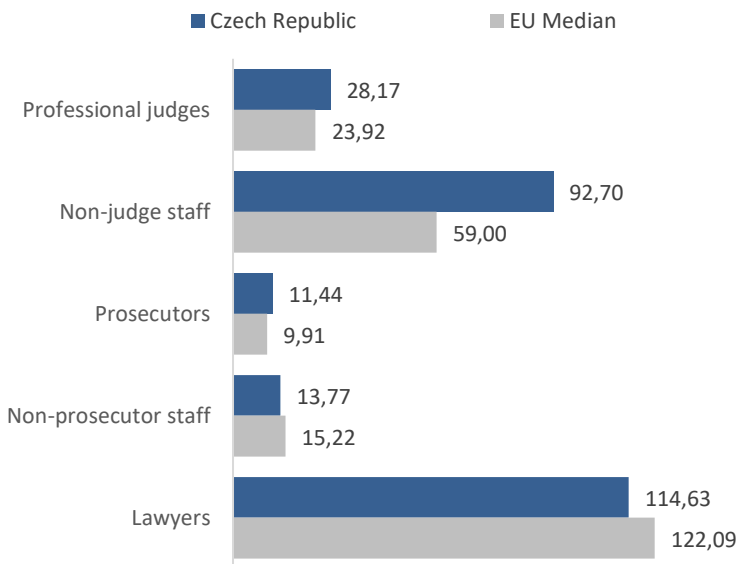
Judiciary at a glance in Czech Republic

General data

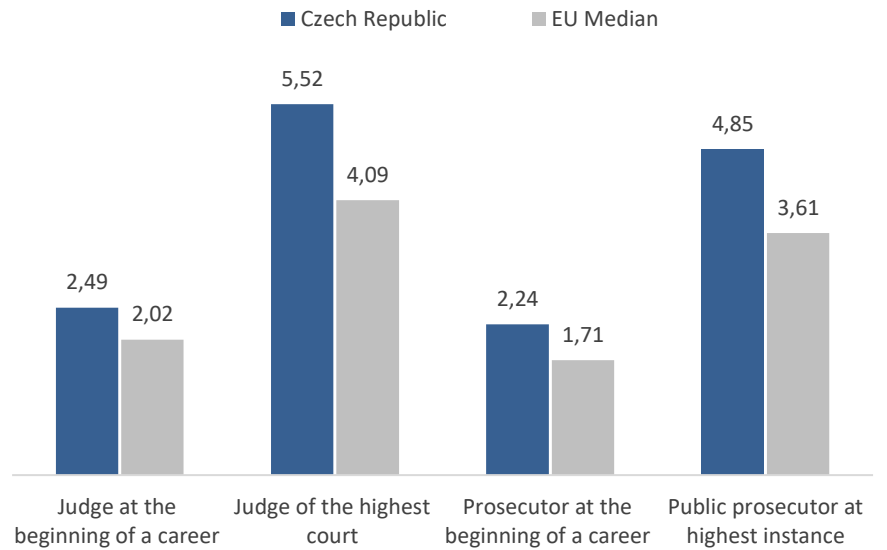
Population: 10 701 777 **GDP per capita:** 20 278 € **Average annual salary:** 16 279 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

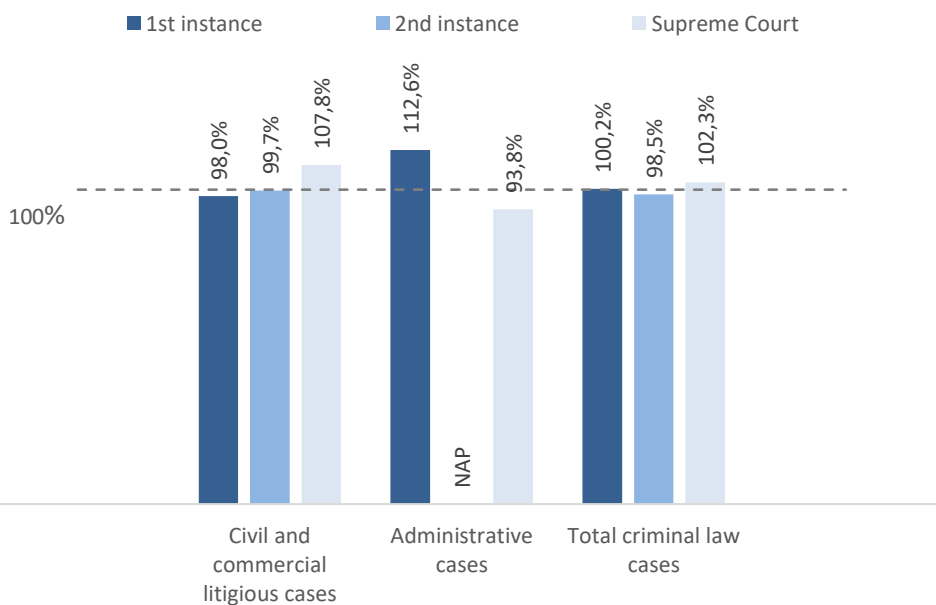


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

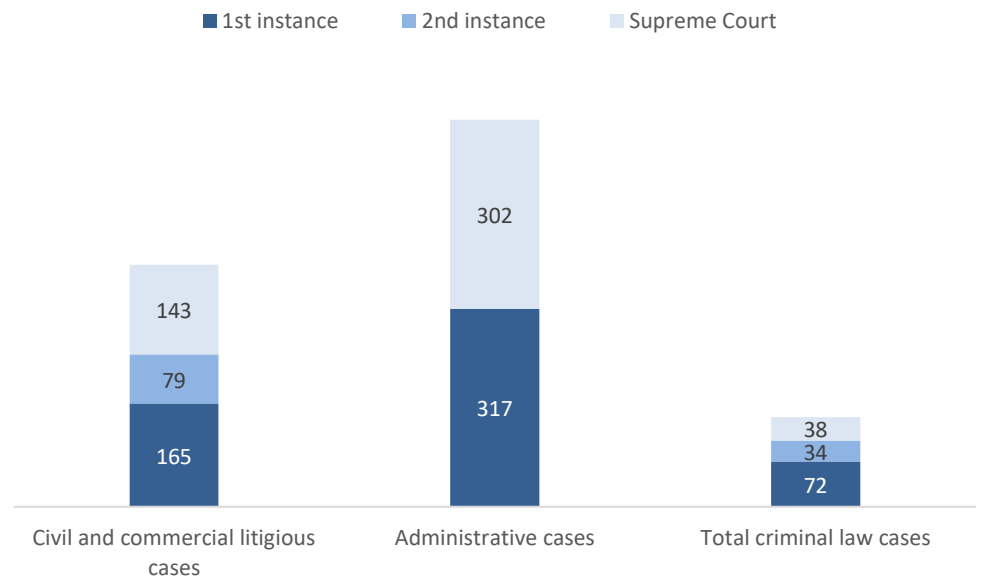


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

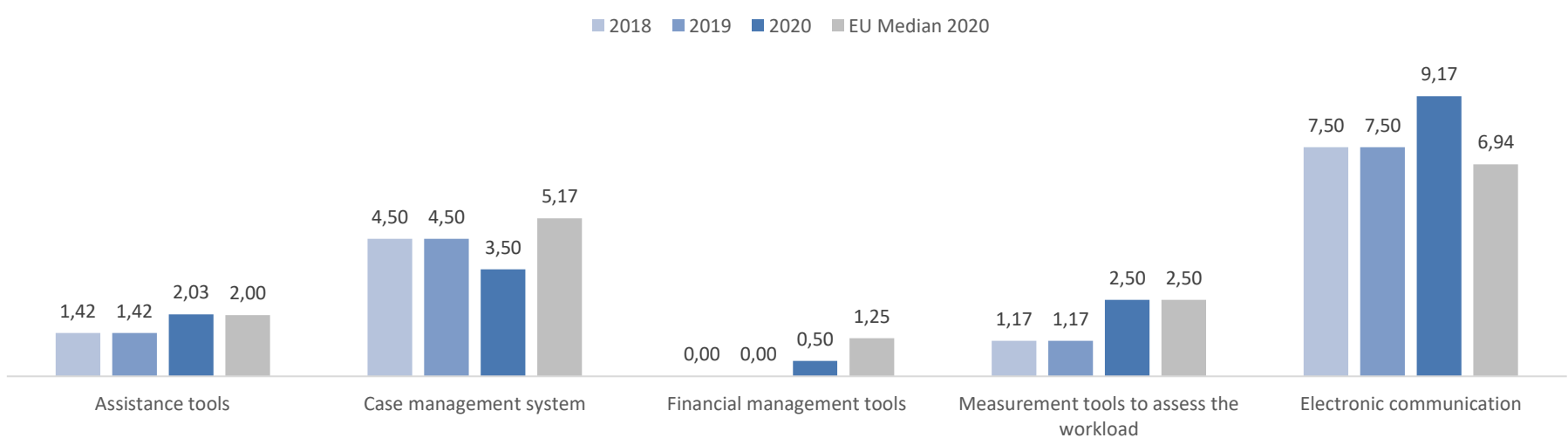


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Czech Republic

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	10 701 777	1,8%	0,5%	0,7%	0,6%	0,2%	0,3%
GDP per capita	14 557	13 473	14 602	15 985	16 700	18 095	19 489	20 830	20 278	39,3%	14,4%	16,7%	7,7%	6,9%	-2,7%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	25	27	28	27	27	26	26	25	26	4,4%	-2,5%	-4,8%	0,7%	-1,2%	3,3%
Average annual salary	12 463		11 083		12 253		14 365	16 116	16 279	30,6%	10,6%	17,2%		12,2%	1,0%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	29,1	29,1	28,8	28,6	28,4	28,4	28,4	28,2	28,1	-3,3%	-1,3%	0,1%	0,0%	-0,9%	-0,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	86,9	86,6	88,4	89,2	91,8	93,4	92,6	93,6	92,7	6,7%	3,8%	0,8%	-0,9%	1,2%	-1,0%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	104,1	97,6	112,5	116,5	106,9	109,4	105,0	114,2	114,6	10,1%	-5,0%	-1,8%	-4,1%	8,8%	0,3%
Mediators	3,7	4,2	4,0	5,6	5,9	6,2	6,2	5,5	6,3	69,3%	46,5%	5,3%	-1,0%	-10,5%	13,2%
ICT overall assesment							5,2	5,2	6,3					0,0%	21,3%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,455	4,463	4,570	3,773	3,142	3,411	3,251	3,330	2,854	-17,4%	-31,2%	3,5%	-4,7%	2,4%	-14,3%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	0,1	0,087	0,108	0,104	0,111	0,099	0,094	NAP	25,4%	3,2%	7,0%	-11,0%	-5,6%
Total criminal law cases									0,609						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	99%	90%	105%	107%	110%	101%	102%	101%	98%	-0,85	5,30	-8,42	0,14	-0,17	-3,43
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	91%	92%	80%	92%	88%	107%	113%	NAP	-10,71	7,82	-3,65	19,13	5,42
CR total criminal law cases									100%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	174	187	163	159	153	157	149	140	165	-5,2%	-6,7%	-2,6%	-5,6%	-5,8%	17,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	415	437	421	408	412	356	317	NAP	1,3%	-2,0%	1,1%	-13,7%	-10,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									72						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,63	2,07	2,14	1,76	1,45	1,49	1,34	1,29	1,26	-22,3%	-32,6%	-7,0%	-9,9%	-3,7%	-2,4%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	0,09	0,10	0,10	0,11	0,11	0,10	0,09	NAP	12,1%	11,0%	3,9%	-6,6%	-11,7%
Total criminal law cases									0,12						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			102%	102%	102%	103%	102%	103%	100%		0,30	-0,17	-1,41	1,60	-3,56
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									99%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			73	74	69	74	75	68	79		-5,5%	8,7%	1,1%	-8,6%	15,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									34						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			96%	101%	98%	101%	110%	110%	108%		2,11	11,58	9,28	-0,03	-2,18
CR administrative law cases			102%	NA	91%	88%	85%	91%	94%		-11,15	-6,09	-3,30	6,15	2,70
CR total criminal law cases									102%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			201	178	179	171	167	151	143		-10,7%	-6,9%	-2,6%	-9,6%	-4,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)			156	NA	176	200	262	271	302		12,3%	49,0%	31,2%	3,6%	11,5%
DT total criminal law cases									38						

1. Judicial organisation in Czech Republic

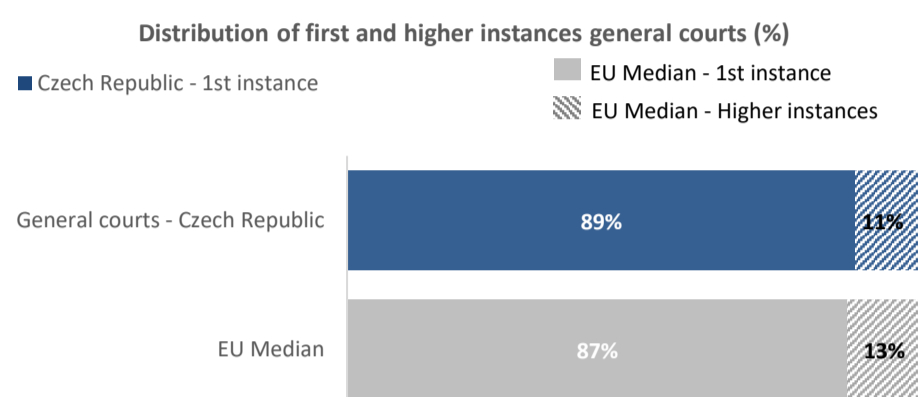
The Czech Republic has a four-tier court system.

In 2020, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 98. Namely, there are 97 courts of general jurisdiction. There are no first instance specialised courts. However, there is one highest instance specialised court which is the Supreme Administrative Court.

Among the 97 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 86 act at first instance, 10 at second instance and one at third instance.

In terms of geographic locations, there are 107 courts among which 89 are of first instance. In fact, 6 Regional courts and 3 district courts have their branches in other cities.

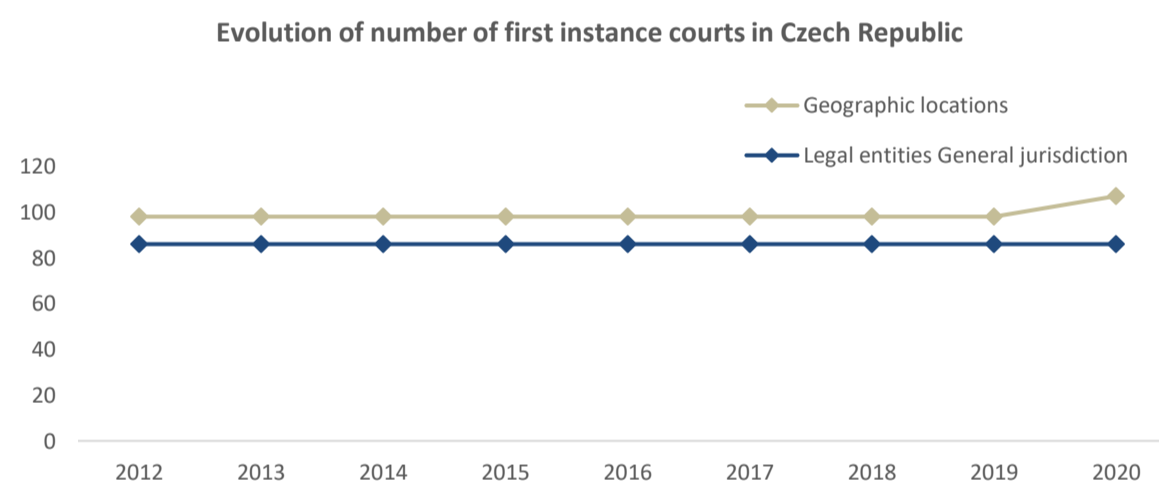
Distribution of general courts in Czech Republic



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Czech Republic is around the EU median of 87% - 13% that is the EU calculated tendency.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Czech Republic

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	98	86	NAP
2013	98	86	NAP
2014	98	86	NAP
2015	98	86	NAP
2016	98	86	NAP
2017	98	86	NAP
2018	98	86	NAP
2019	98	86	NAP
2020	107	86	NAP



Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	NAP	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

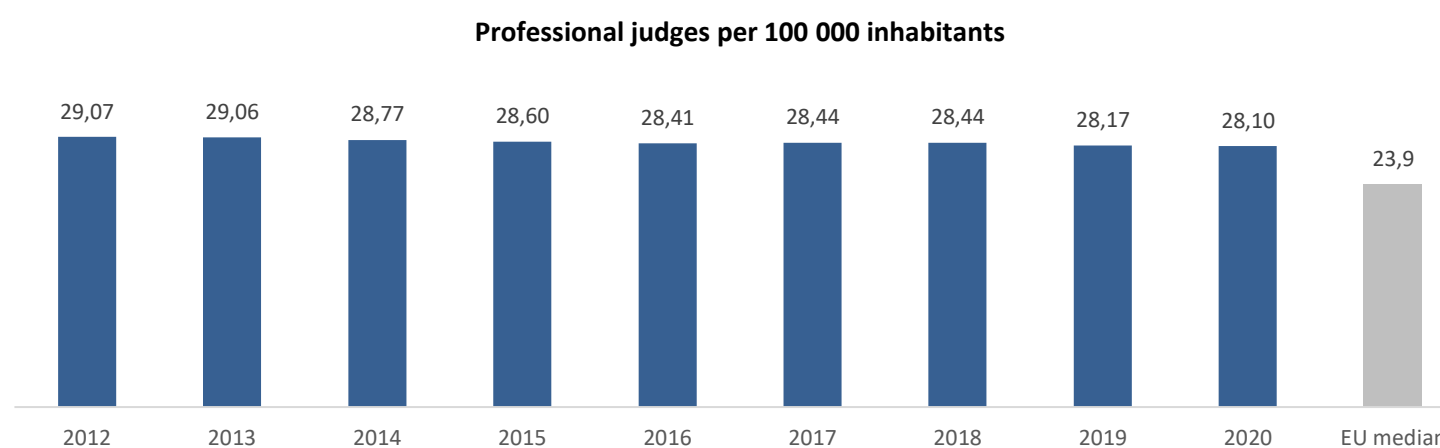
It should be highlighted that there are no specialised first instance courts in the Czech Republic, but judges within individual courts are specialised (e.g. for family, labour and enforcement cases at district courts, and insolvency and administrative cases at regional courts as first instance courts).

2. Professionals of justice in Czech Republic

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	3 055	29,07
2013	3 054	29,06
2014	3 028	28,77
2015	3 018	28,60
2016	3 005	28,41
2017	3 012	28,44
2018	3 029	28,44
2019	3 006	28,17
2020	3 007	28,10



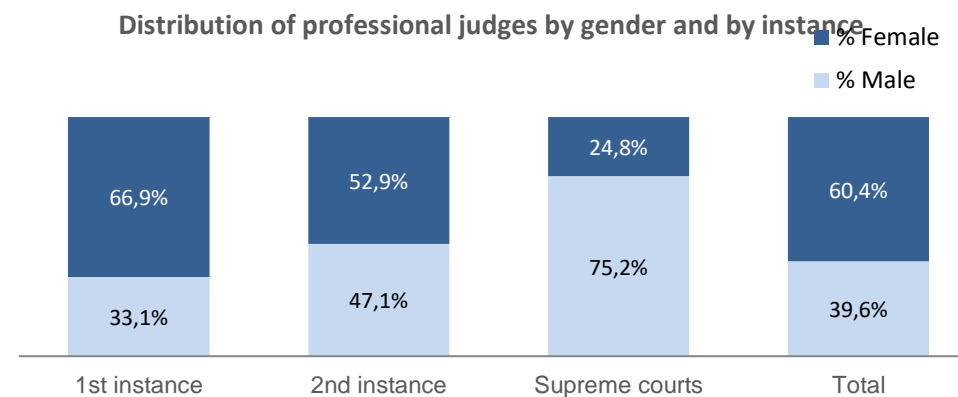
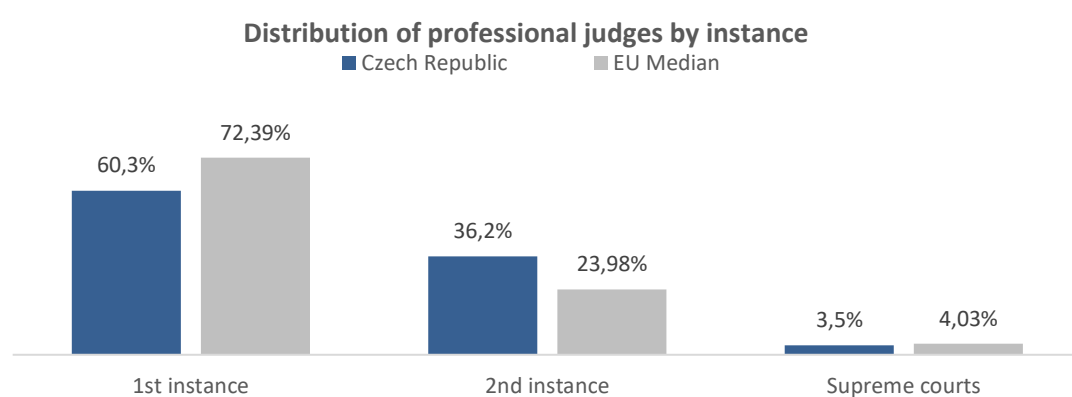
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Czech Republic is 3 007, which is 0,0% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Czech Republic, there are 28,10 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,30 non-judge staff per judge .

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,32 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 814	60,3%	601	1 213	33,1%	66,9%
2nd instance	1 088	36,2%	512	576	47,1%	52,9%
Supreme courts	105	3,5%	79	26	75,2%	24,8%
Total	3 007		1 192	1 815	39,6%	60,4%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 1 815, which represents 60,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 814 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 1 213 are female); 1 088 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 576 are female) and 105 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 26 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, the Czech Republic presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the Czech Republic has a four-tier system. The number of judges of the two High Courts is included in the number of second instance judges. This methodology of presentation of data is applied since 2013, while for the previous evaluations, magistrates of the High Courts were considered as third instance judges

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at third instance.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

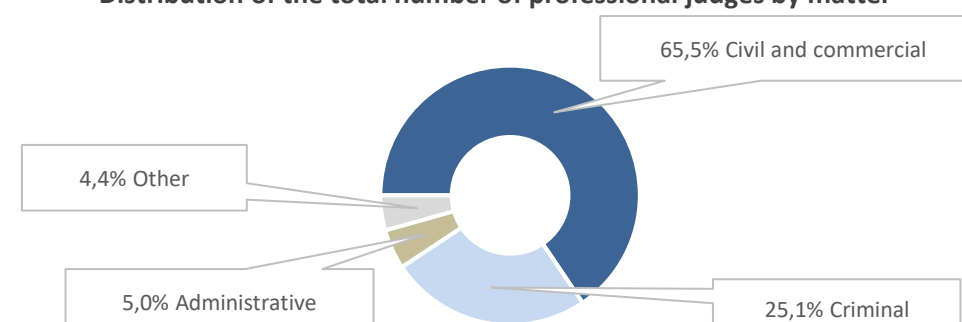
2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	1 814	1 369	445	0	0
2nd instance	1 088	554	290	113	131
Supreme courts	105	48	21	36	0
Total	3 007	1 971	756	149	131

In Czech Republic, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	75,5%	24,5%	0,0%	0,0%
2nd instance	50,9%	26,7%	10,4%	12,0%
Supreme courts	45,7%	20,0%	34,3%	0,0%
Total	65,5%	25,1%	5,0%	4,4%

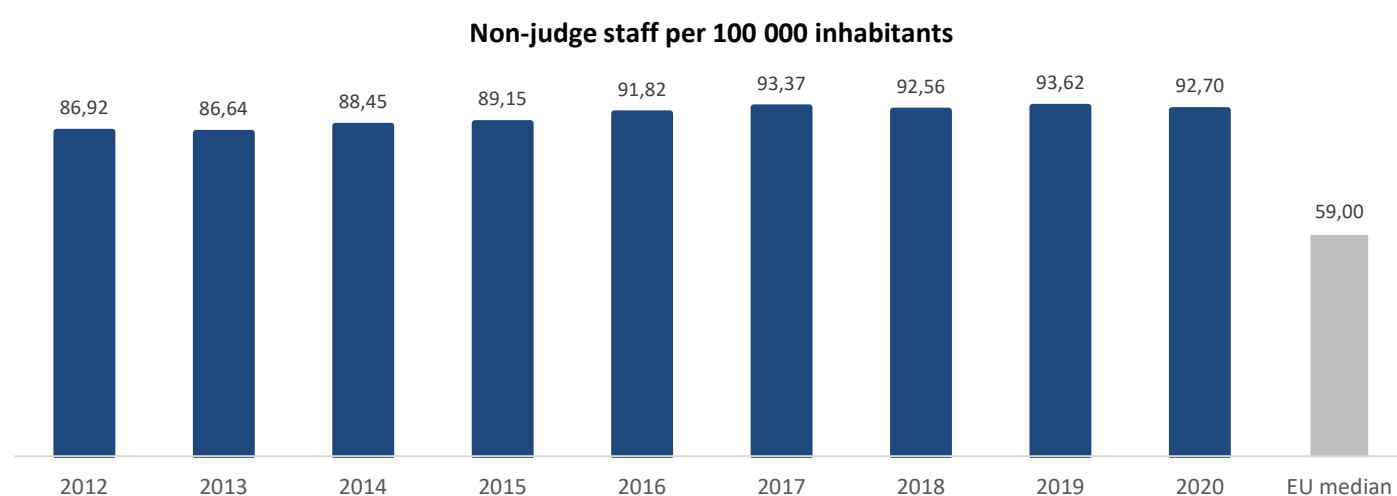
Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



The category "other" encompasses insolvency proceedings.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	9 135	9 107	9 309	9 409	9 714	9 887	9 857	9 989	9 921
Per 100 000 inhabitants	86,92	86,64	88,45	89,15	91,82	93,37	92,56	93,62	92,70



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	9 921	
Rechtspfleger	2 501	25,2%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	4 556	45,9%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 158	21,8%
Technical staff	648	6,5%
Other	58	0,6%

In 2020, Czech Republic has 9 921 non-judge staff (of which 8 676 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,7%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 2 501 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which
- 4 556 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 4 351 are women);
- 2 158 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 1 819 are women);
- 648 technical staff (of which 398 are women);
- 58 other (of which 36 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 93,6 in 2019 to 92,7 in 2020).

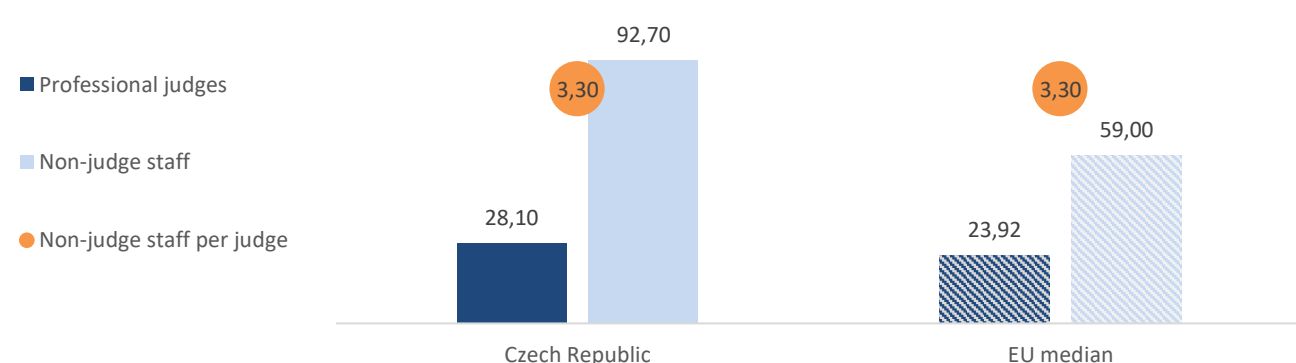
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 28,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 28,1 in 2020.

The category "other" encompasses for 2010 judicial trainees or staff in charge of court documentation. For 2012, 2013 and 2014, besides the already mentioned components, it subsumes also press centre and telephone exchange.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Czech Republic	EU median
Professional judges	28,10	23,92
Non-judge staff	92,70	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,30	3,30

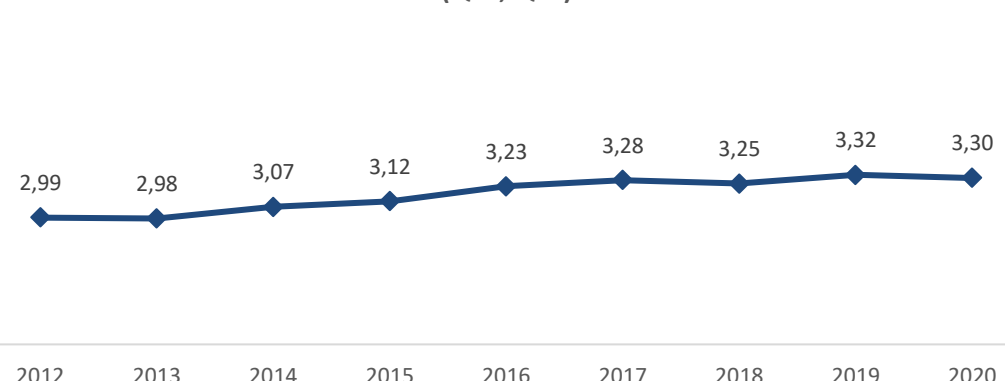
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	29,07	86,92	2,99
2013	29,06	86,64	2,98
2014	28,77	88,45	3,07
2015	28,60	89,15	3,12
2016	28,41	91,82	3,23
2017	28,44	93,37	3,28
2018	28,44	92,56	3,25
2019	28,17	93,62	3,32
2020	28,10	92,70	3,30

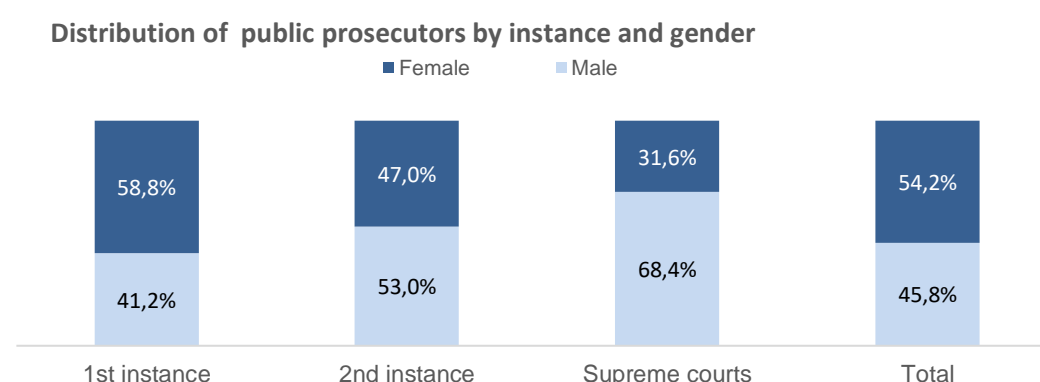
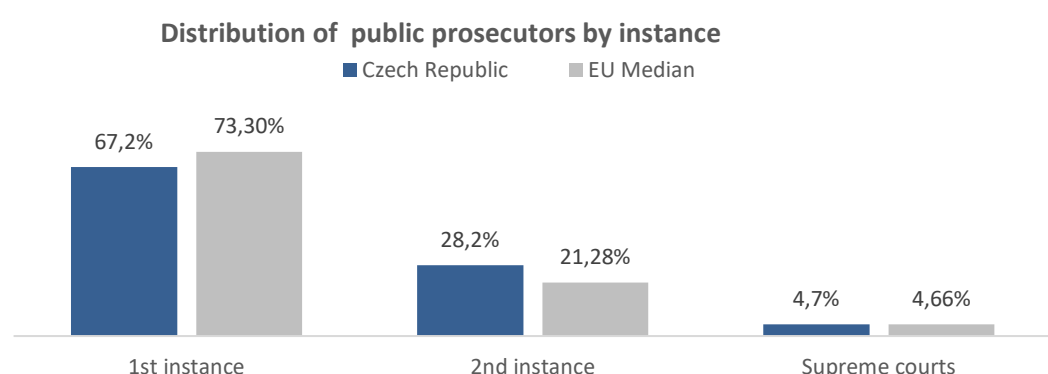
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	822	67,2%	339	483	41,2%	58,8%
2nd instance	345	28,2%	183	162	53,0%	47,0%
Supreme courts	57	4,7%	39	18	68,4%	31,6%
Total	1 224		561	663	45,8%	54,2%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 663, which represents 54,2% of the total number of prosecutors.

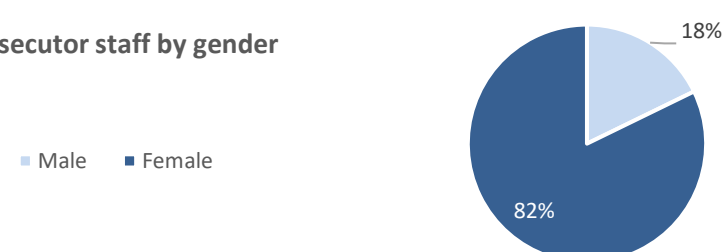
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 822 in first instance (of which 483 are female); 345 are in second instance (of which 162 are female) and 57 in final instance (of which 18 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, the Czech Republic presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the Czech Republic is endowed with a system of 4 levels of State prosecution offices: district, regional, high and supreme. The number of high public prosecutors is included in the number of prosecutors at second instance level.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	1 474	262	1 212

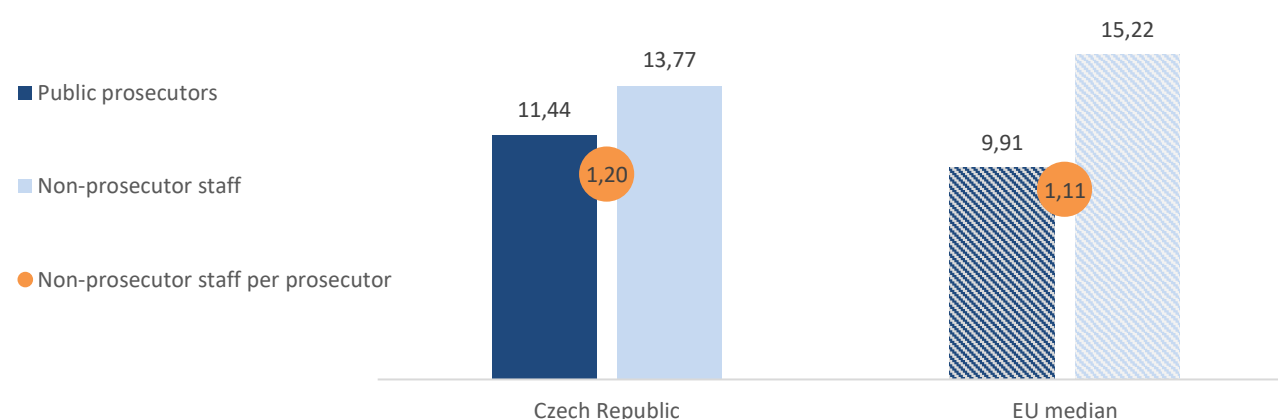
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

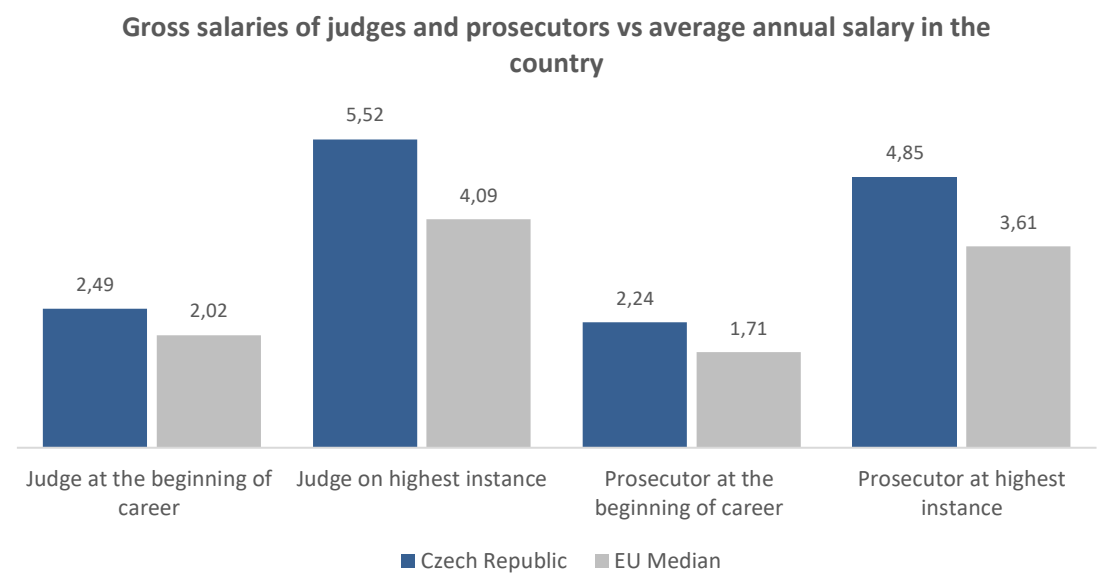
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Czech Republic	EU median
Public prosecutors	11,44	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	13,77	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,20	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

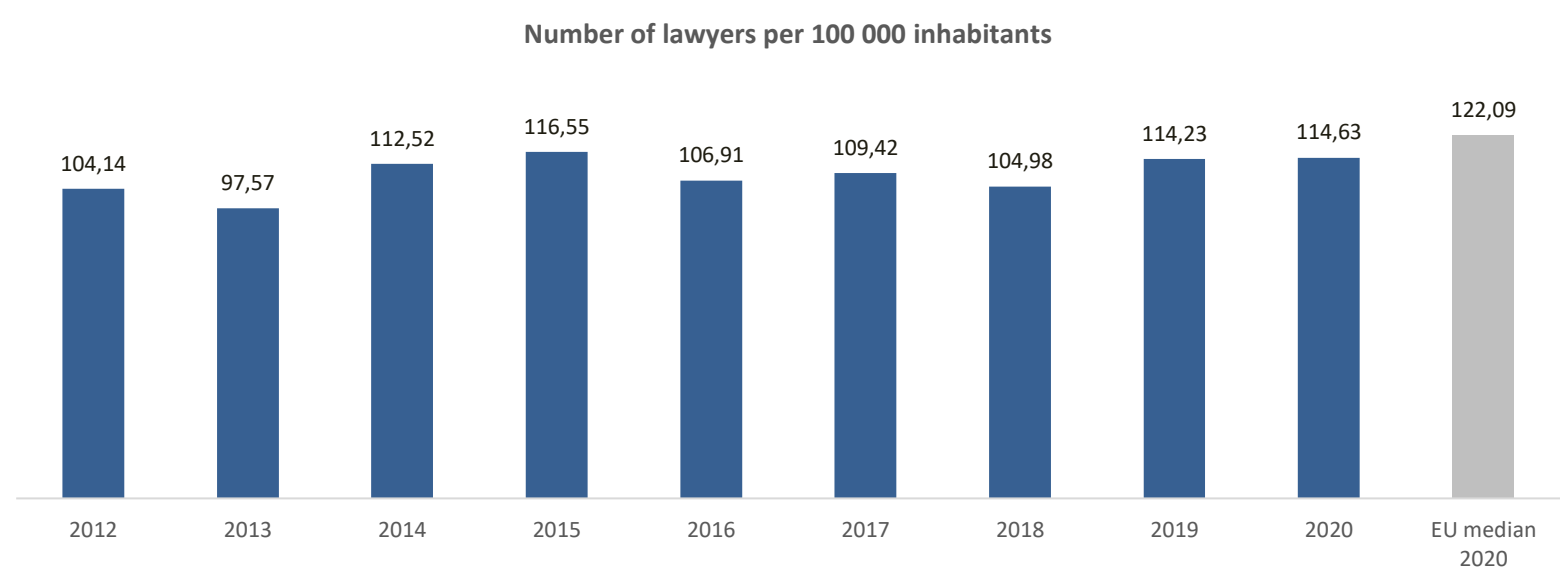
Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	40 584 €	NA	2,49
Judge of the highest court	89 904 €	NA	5,52
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	36 528 €	NA	2,24
Public prosecutor at highest instance	79 008 €	NA	4,85



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Czech Republic of 40 584€ is somewhat below when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 2,49 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	10 944	104,14
2013	10 255	97,57
2014	11 842	112,52
2015	12 300	116,55
2016	11 310	106,91
2017	11 587	109,42
2018	11 180	104,98
2019	12 188	114,23
2020	12 267	114,63



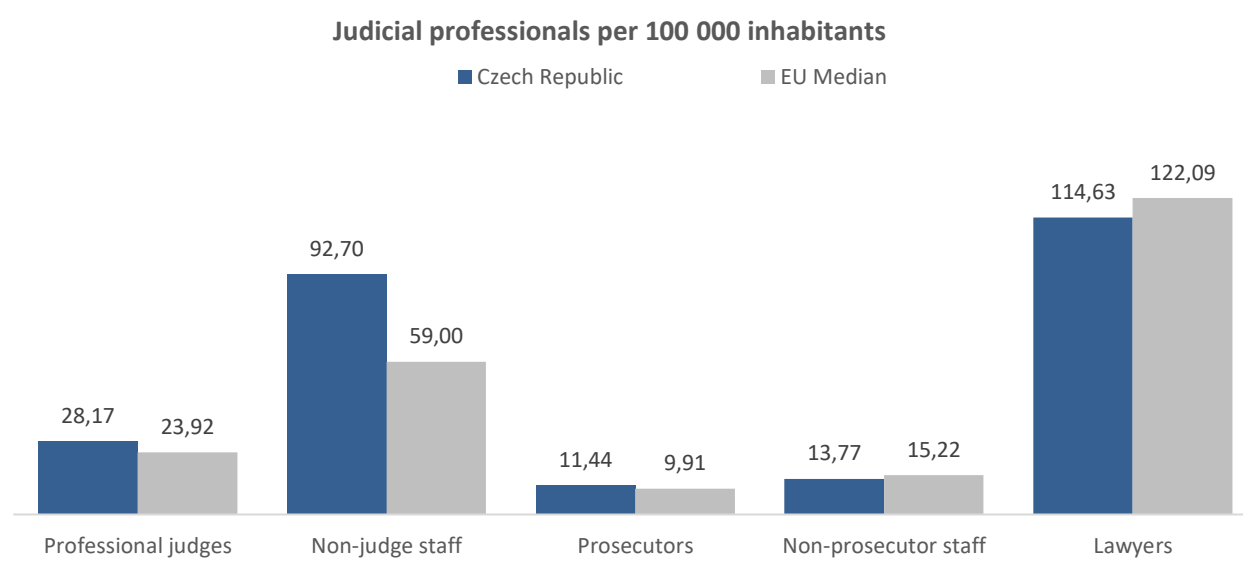
In 2020, there are 12 267 lawyers, which is 0,6% more than in 2019.

Czech Republic has 114,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is around the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

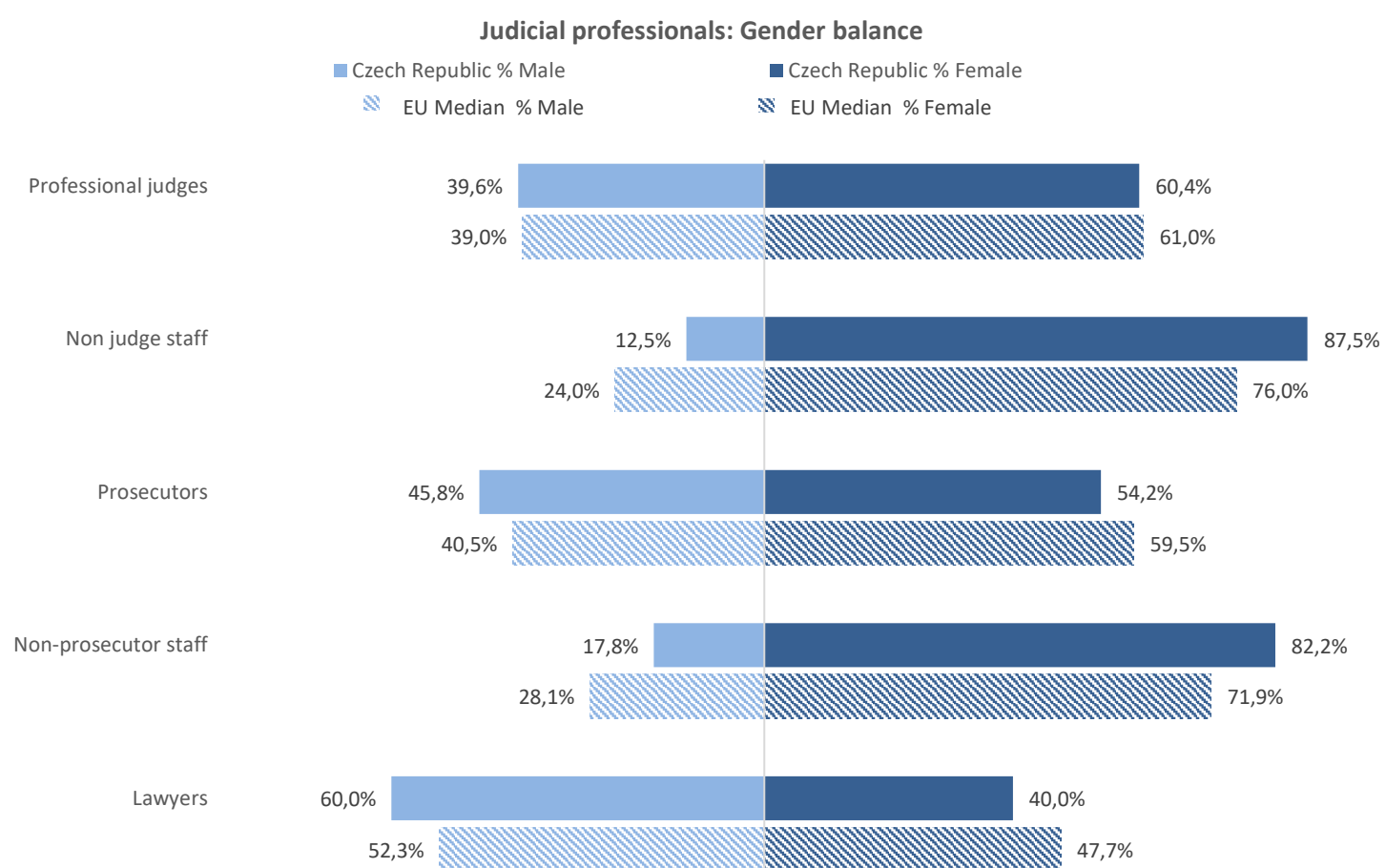
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	3 006	28,17	23,92
Non-judge staff	9 921	92,70	59,00
Prosecutors	1 224	11,44	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	1 474	13,77	15,22
Lawyers	12 267	114,63	122,09





Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	39,6%	60,4%
Non judge staff	12,5%	87,5%
Prosecutors	45,8%	54,2%
Non-prosecutor staff	17,8%	82,2%
Lawyers	60,0%	40,0%









3. Legal aid and court fees in Czech Republic

In Czech Republic, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: 
- Exemption from court fees: 

It is noteworthy that the law regulates exceptions to the duty to pay court fees. On the one hand, the legislator has established a list of certain persons exempt from paying court fees (e.g. the State, diplomatic representations of foreign States, foundations). On the other hand, the law refers to specific types of procedures in respect of which there is an exemption from paying court fees (e.g. proceedings on guardianship, adoption, probate proceedings, election proceedings). Besides these situations, there is a possibility for participants in proceedings to ask for waiver of court fees ordered by the court. Such release should be justified by the participant's personal situation in order to avoid arbitrary or apparently unsuccessful application or protection of law.

In Czech Republic, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases 
 - Other than criminal cases 
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases 
 - Other than criminal cases 
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) 
- > Other costs than above (Q19) 

Legal aid could be granted at every stage of the proceedings – it could be granted even only for enforcement of judicial decision.

It should be noted that if legal aid is granted, it covers all costs, including lawyer's fees, fees of judicial experts, etc.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Data on number of cases for which legal aid has been granted is not available.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

4. Performance of courts in Czech Republic

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

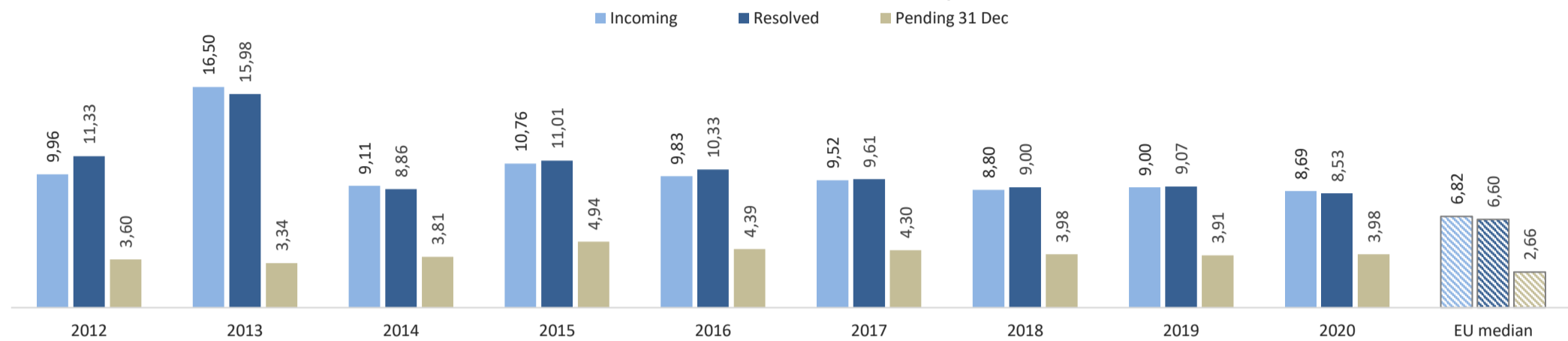
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Czech Republic (8,69 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

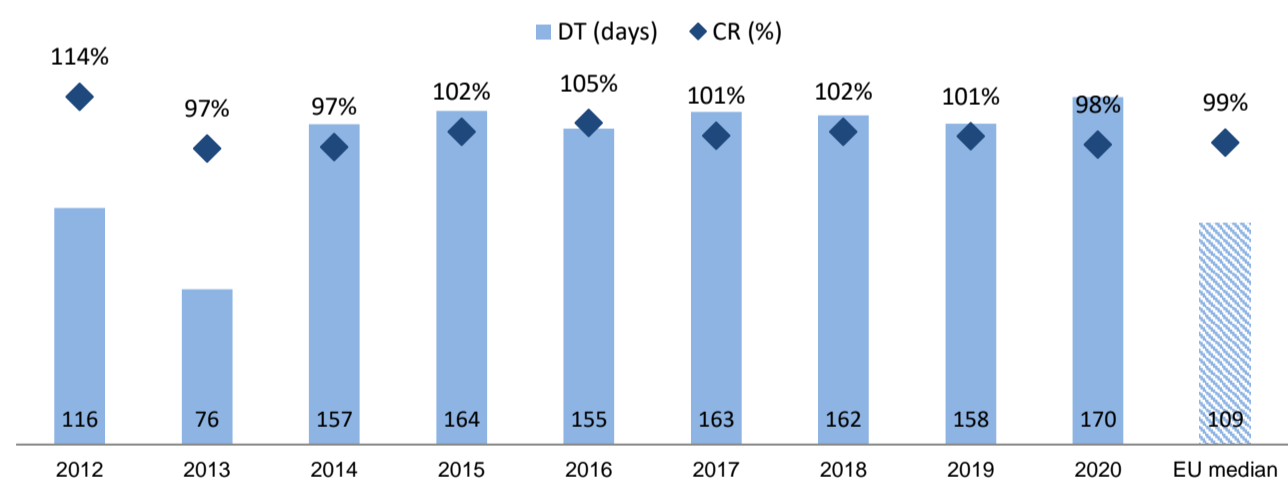
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Czech Republic (8,53 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Czech Republic (3,98 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	114%	116
2013	97%	76
2014	97%	157
2015	102%	164
2016	105%	155
2017	101%	163
2018	102%	162
2019	101%	158
2020	98%	170

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,2% in 2020 Czech Republic seems to encounter some difficulties to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,6 points.

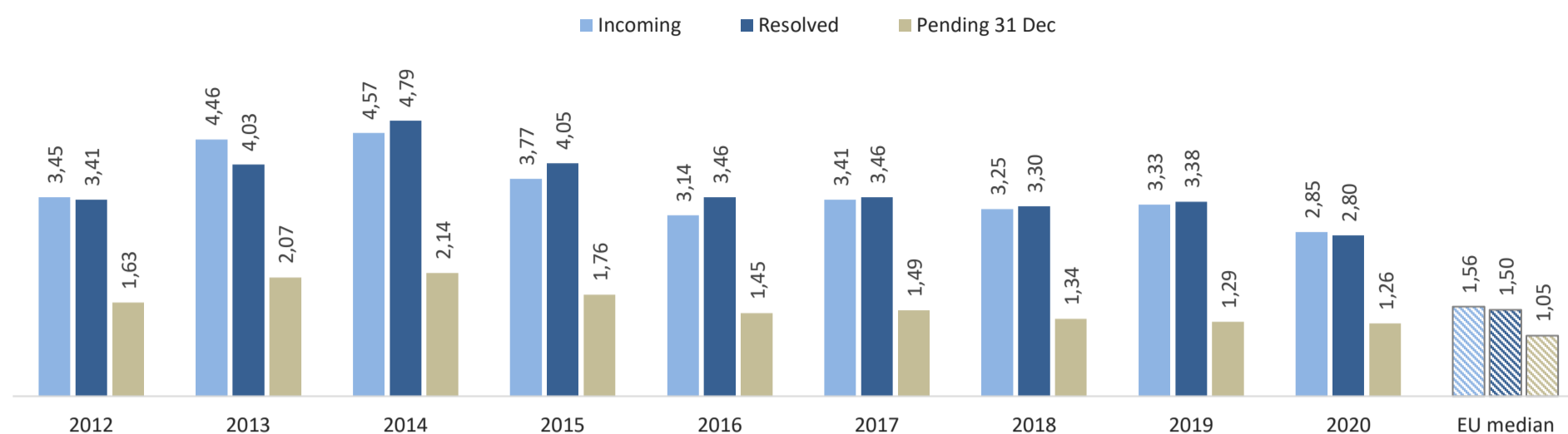
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 170 days, which is significantly above EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 8,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Czech Republic (2,85 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

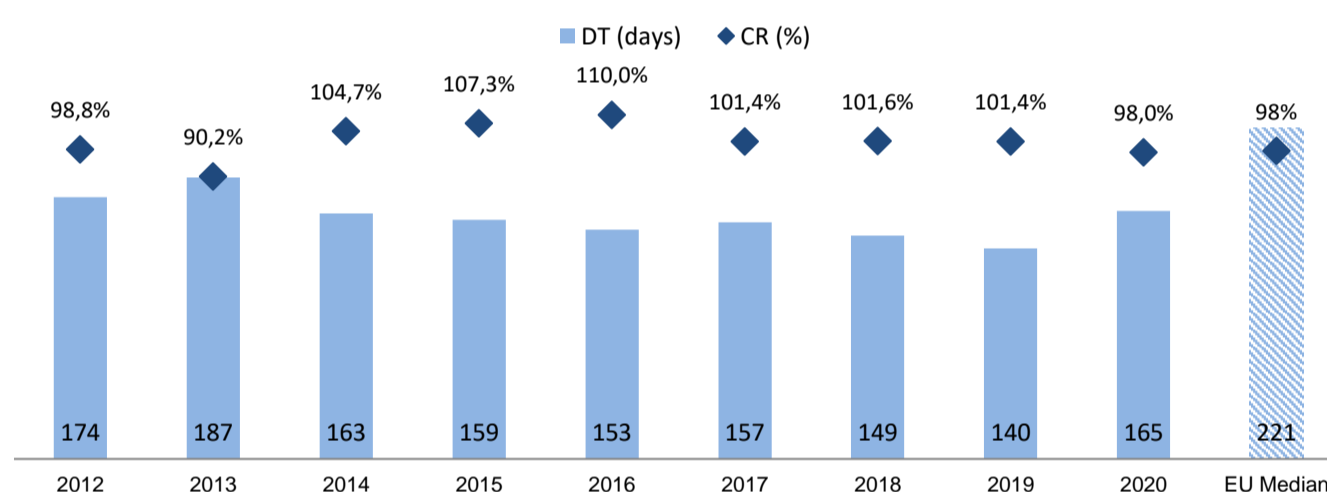
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Czech Republic (2,80 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Czech Republic (1,26 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	98,8%	174
2013	90,2%	187
2014	104,7%	163
2015	107,3%	159
2016	110,0%	153
2017	101,4%	157
2018	101,6%	149
2019	101,4%	140
2020	98,0%	165

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,0% in 2020, Czech Republic seems to encounter some difficulties to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -3,4 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 165 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 221 days.

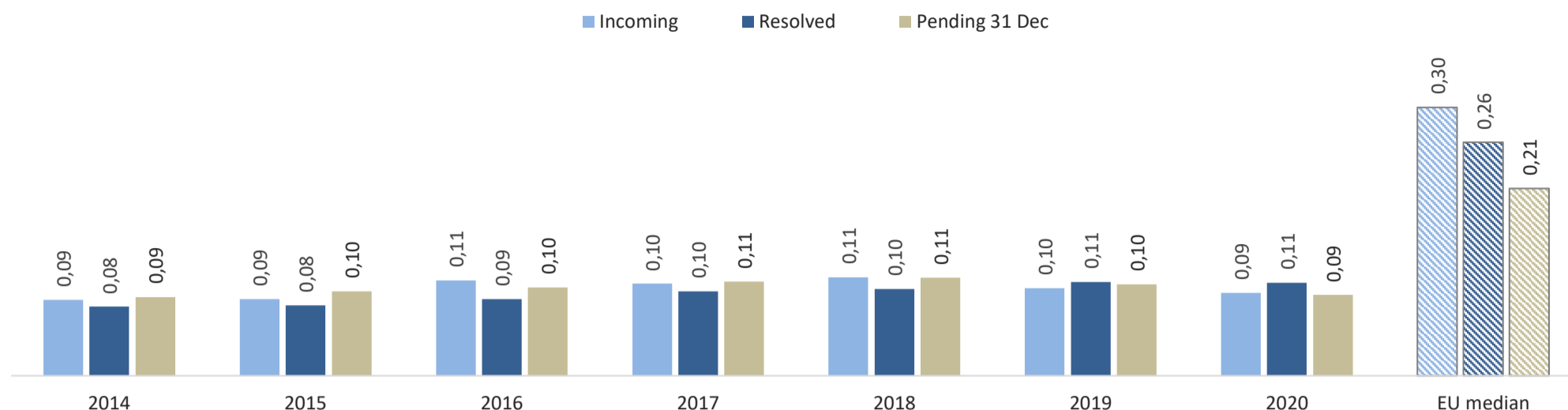
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 17,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Czech Republic (0,09 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

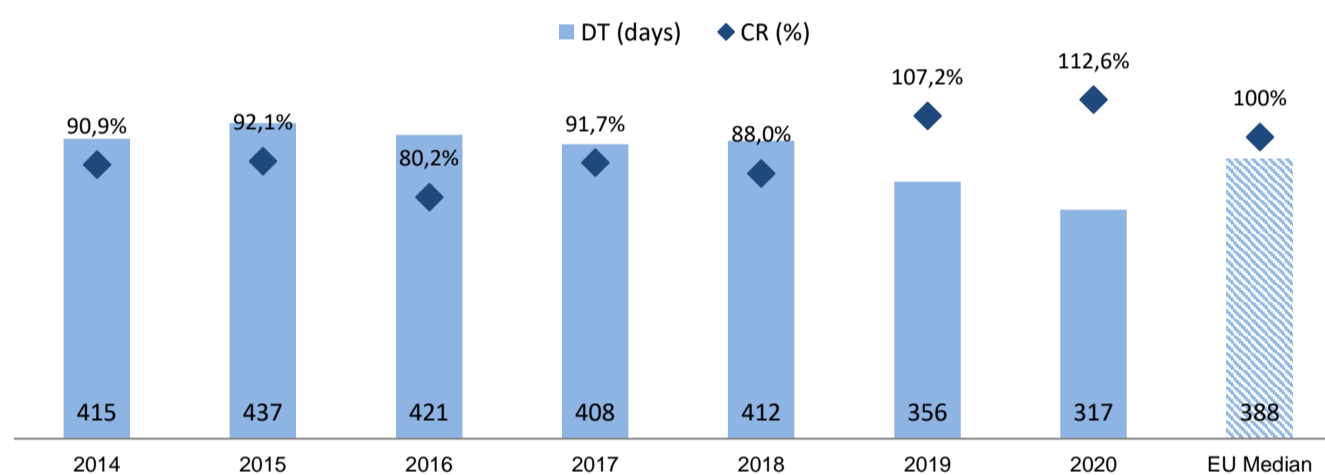
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Czech Republic (0,11 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Czech Republic (0,09 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NAP	NAP
2013	NAP	NAP
2014	90,9%	415
2015	92,1%	437
2016	80,2%	421
2017	91,7%	408
2018	88,0%	412
2019	107,2%	356
2020	112,6%	317



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 112,6% in 2020, Czech Republic seems to deal efficiently with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 5,4 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 317 days, which is slightly below EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -10,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

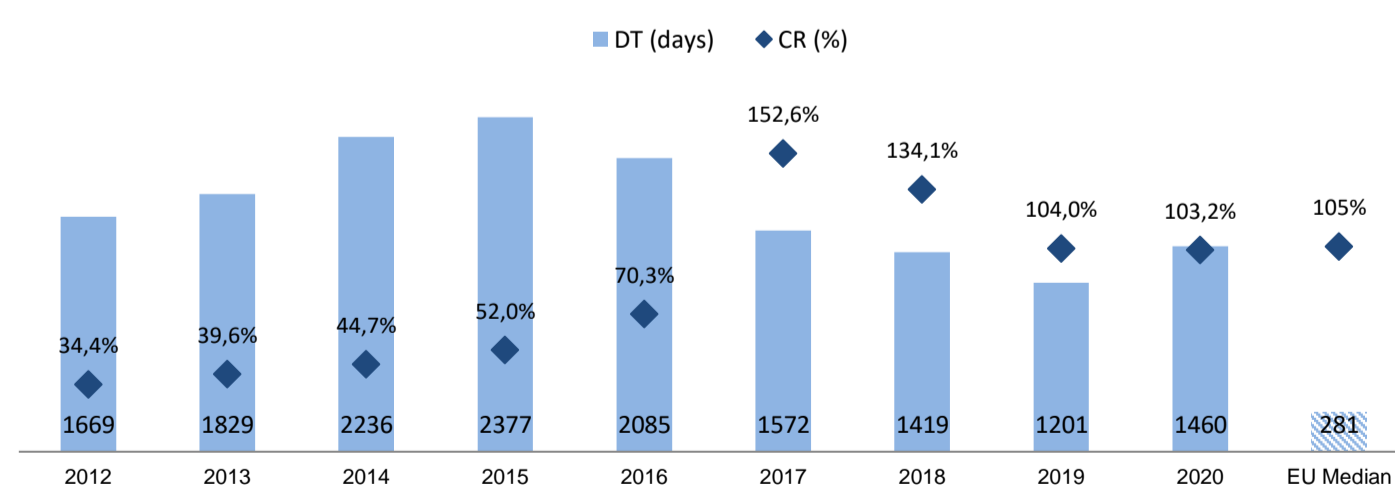
The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	34,4%	1669
2013	39,6%	1829
2014	44,7%	2236
2015	52,0%	2377
2016	70,3%	2085
2017	152,6%	1572
2018	134,1%	1419
2019	104,0%	1201
2020	103,2%	1460

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Insolvency cases



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 103,2% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Czech Republic seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,8 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 1 460 days, which is well above EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 21,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

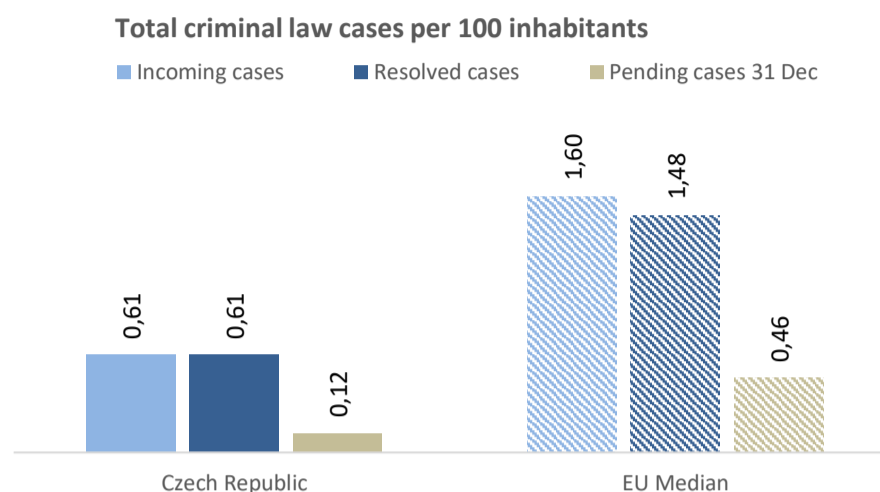
It should be mentioned that in the last years, there were many legislative changes in insolvency law. That results in relatively big changes in the number of cases.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	13 017	65 131	65 264	12 884
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,12	0,61	0,61	0,12
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Czech Republic (0,61 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

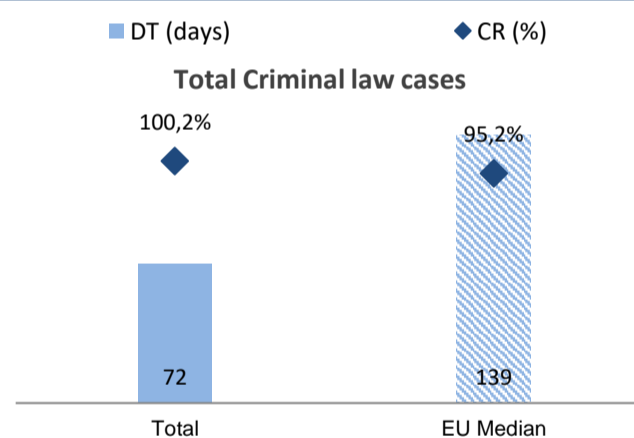
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Czech Republic (0,61 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Czech Republic (0,12 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	100,2%	72
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT)



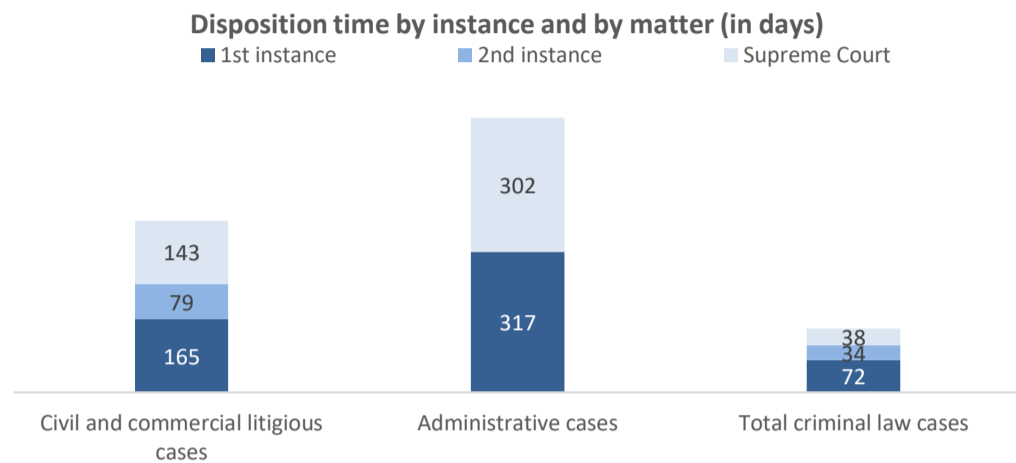
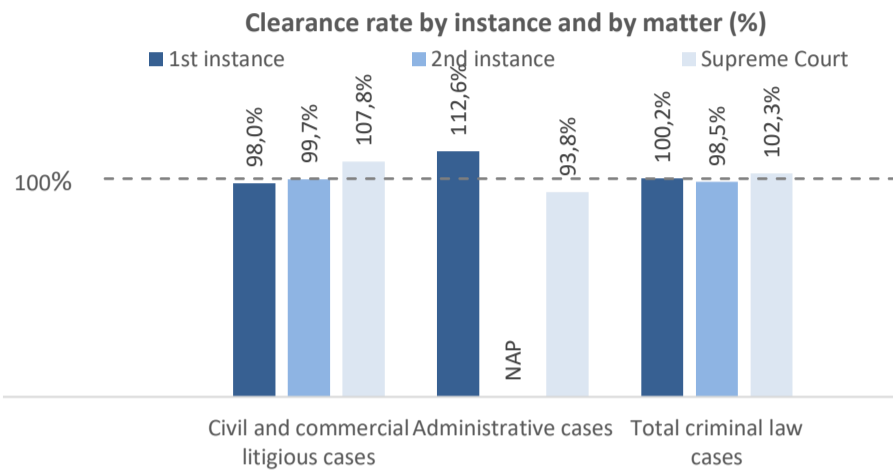
With the Clearance Rate calculated at 100,2% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Czech Republic seems to be able to deal with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 72 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 139 days.

It is not possible to distinguish between serious offences and minor offences. Therefore, only total number of cases is reported.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	98,0%	99,7%	107,8%	165	79	143
Administrative cases	112,6%	NAP	93,8%	317	NAP	302
Total criminal law cases	100,2%	98,5%	102,3%	72	34	38



The Clearance rate is above the 100% threshold except for civil first and second instance cases, for which the threshold is almost reached as well as for Administrative Supreme Court cases. With regard to the latter, the Clearance rate is only 93,8%.

As to the Disposition Time indicator, courts prove to be efficient in civil and criminal matters in 2020. Namely, this indicator is below the EU medians at all instances (civil law: 1st instance: 221 days, 2nd instance: 177 days and 3rd instance: 224 days criminal law: 1st instance: 139 days, 2nd instance: 101 days, 3rd instance: 120 days). In administrative matters, the value for first instance courts is below the EU median of 388 days, which is not the case for the Supreme Administrative Court (EU median at 3rd instance: 281 days). In fact, the highest Administrative Court is overburdened and encounter difficulties to resolve its cases. Accordingly, the number of pending cases grow quite quickly. It is connected to grow in number of administrative first-instance cases and growing tendency to fill an appeal to Supreme Administrative Court.

As a matter of fact, at first instance level in the Czech Republic, the length of administrative proceedings is quite longer compared to the length of civil and criminal proceedings.

The cases that are processed the fastest in all instances appear to be the criminal cases.

5. Public prosecution services in Czech Republic

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

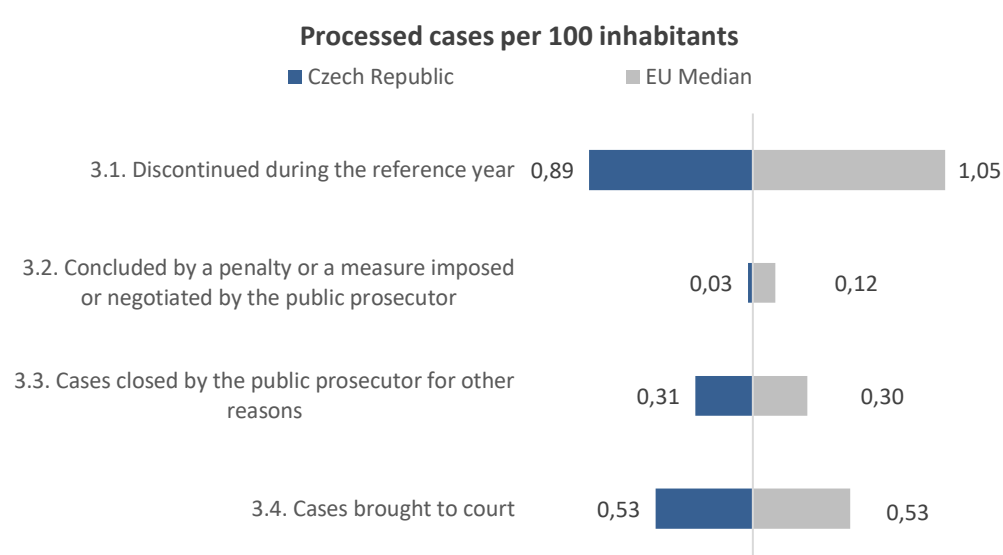
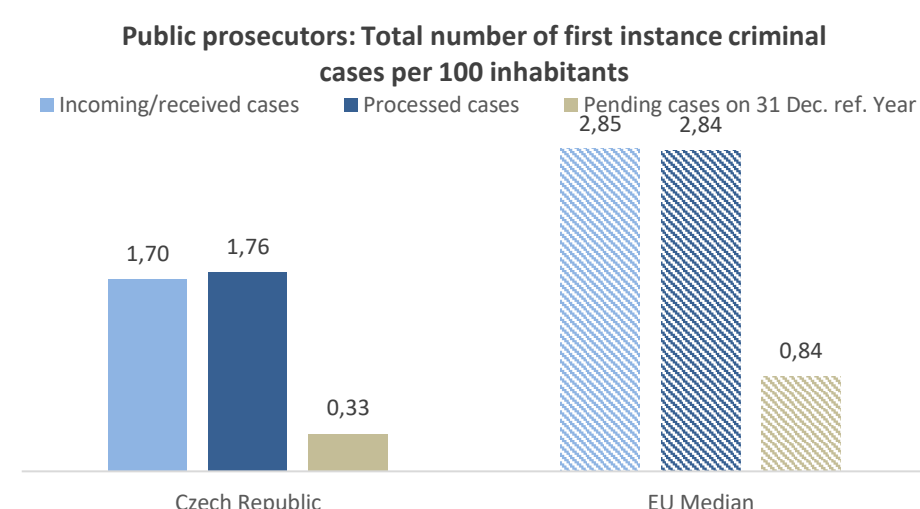
In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Czech Republic has the following 9 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil, administrative and insolvency cases.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	41 936	0,39
2. Incoming/received cases	181 924	1,70
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	188 314	1,76
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	95 306	0,89
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	2 793	0,03
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	33 574	0,31
3.4. Cases brought to court	56 641	0,53
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	35 546	0,33



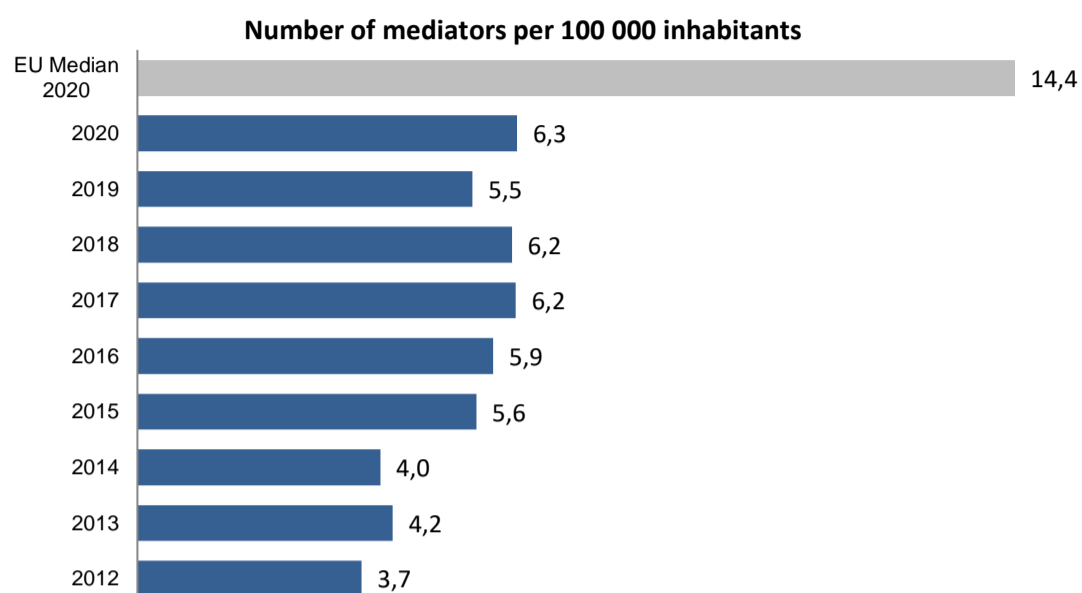
It is important mentioning that data comes from various sources.

In the Czech Republic, there are many reasons why the prosecution could be discontinued. It is difficult to say under which category they should be included (3.1.2 or 3.1.4). However, the reasons may include following: 1. If such prosecution concerns a person who is exempt from the competencies of the law enforcement authorities or a person for whom the law requires an official consent for their prosecution, if such consent was not awarded by an entitled authority, unless the exemption is temporary or unless the criminal prosecution of the person is inadmissible due to lack of consent only temporarily; 2. if it concerns a person who is below the age of criminal responsibility 3. if it is against a person whose mental illness that occurred after the criminal offence was committed makes it permanently impossible for them to understand the purpose of the criminal prosecution 4. and many others.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Czech Republic

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	388	3,7
2013	442	4,2
2014	421	4,0
2015	589	5,6
2016	620	5,9
2017	660	6,2
2018	657	6,2
2019	589	5,5
2020	669	6,3



In 2020, there are 669 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 6,3 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants. The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about 13,6%.

From the above mentioned number of mediators, there are 356 probate and mediation officials and 313 mediators in non criminal cases.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	471	471,00	451,00
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Czech Republic

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	6,3	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	3,5	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	0,5	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	2,5	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	9,2	6,9

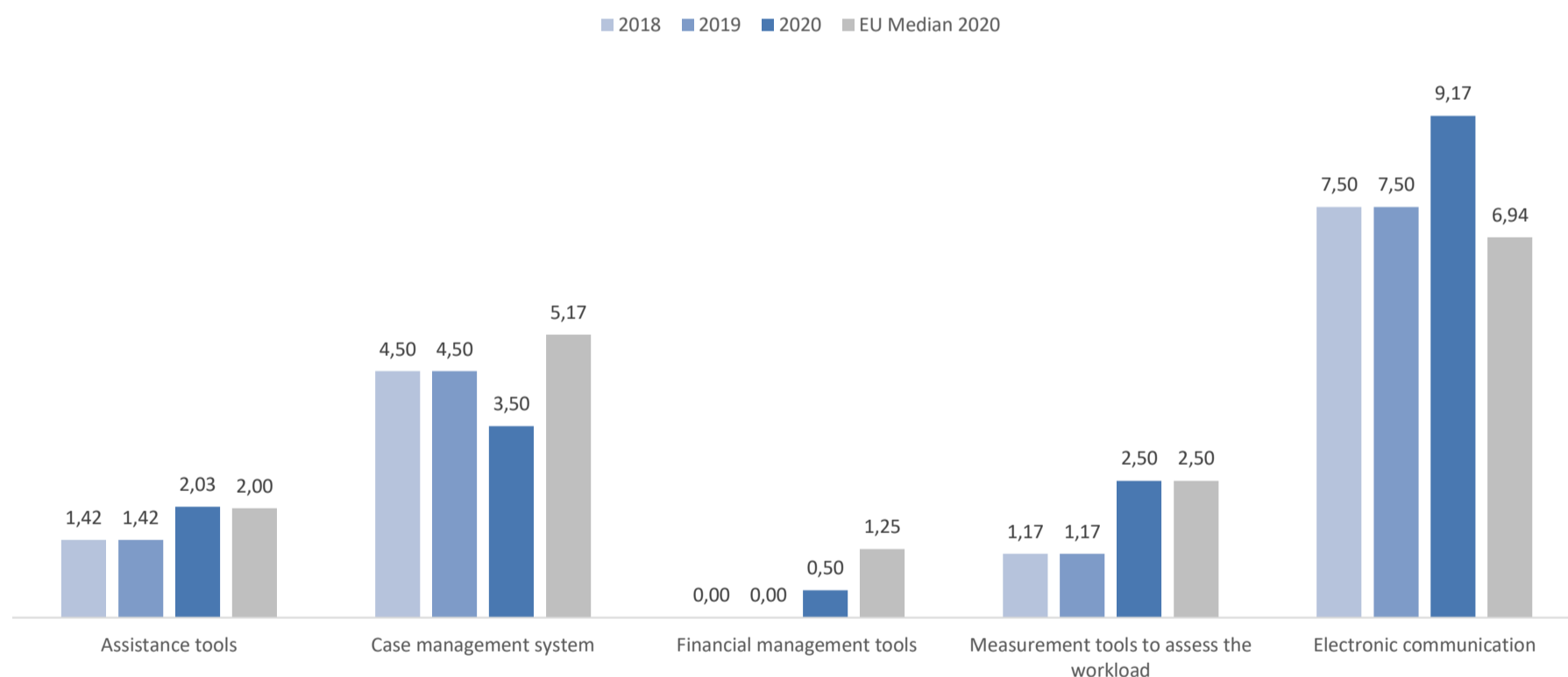
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Comments on on writing assistance tools

It should be noted that the templates are available for all courts but do not cover all matters.

Comments on financial management tools

The measurement tool is only available to assess the workload of judges and public prosecutors.

Comments on measurment tools on workload

The measurement tool is only available to assess the workload of judges and public prosecutors.

Comments on communication tools

In the Czech Republic, it is possible to introduce a case and to transmit summons by electronic means, i. e. e-mail, data box, electronic filling room.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Czech Republic

In Czech Republic, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Czech Republic, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Czech Republic, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																			
Q1 Number of inhabitants	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	10 701 777		1,8%	0,0%	0,1%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,6%	0,2%	0,3%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	14 557	13 473	14 602	15 985	16 700	18 095	19 489	20 830	20 278		39,3%	-7,4%	8,4%	9,5%	4,5%	8,4%	7,7%	6,9%	-2,7%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	25	27	28	27	27	26	26	25	26		4,4%	9,1%	1,1%	-2,5%	0,0%	-5,5%	0,7%	-1,2%	3,3%
Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)																			
Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)																			
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False									
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False									
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases										True	True	True							
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)										True	True	True							
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases										True	True	True							
078.1.4 Number of pending cases										True	True	True							
078.1.5 Backlogs										True	True	True							
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff										False	False	False							
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff										False	False	False							
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)										False	False	False							
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures										False	False	False							
078.1.10 Number of appeals										True	True	True							
078.1.11 Appeal ratio										True	True	True							
078.1.12 Clearance rate										False	False	False							
078.1.13 Disposition time										False	False	False							
078.1.14 Other										False	False	False							
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators																			True

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources								True	True	True									
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)								True	True	True									
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency								False	False	False									
073-2.1.4 Other								False	False	False									
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance										True									

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
073-4.1.1 Annual									True									
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False									
073-4.1.3 More frequent									False									
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True									
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True									
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True									
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									False									
073-6.1.4 Other									False									
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True									
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False									

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP										

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	107	9,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	9,2%

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	522 186	296 269	375 783	546 992	517 801	465 609	446 370	425 103	409 216	-21,6%	-43,3%	26,8%	45,6%	-5,3%	-10,1%	-4,1%	-4,8%	-3,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	166 919	171 113	248 246	215 113	186 136	163 222	148 655	143 208	129 181	-22,6%	2,5%	45,1%	-13,3%	-13,5%	-12,3%	-8,9%	-3,7%	-9,8%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	42 997	221 076	205 370	164 996	162 410	153 253	152 957	-	-	-	414,2%	-7,1%	-19,7%	-1,6%	-5,6%	-0,2%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	43 819	97 177	32 194	210 783	191 171	159 112	153 009	146 828	147 291	236,1%	121,8%	-66,9%	554,7%	-9,3%	-16,8%	-3,8%	-4,0%	0,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 923	8 995	12 622	3 871	7 459	5 017	5 009	-	-	-	13,5%	40,3%	-69,3%	92,7%	-32,7%	-0,2%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	7 923	8 995	12 622	3 871	7 459	5 017	5 009	-	-	-	13,5%	40,3%	-69,3%	92,7%	-32,7%	-0,2%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 880	1 298	1 577	2 013	1 942	1 408	657	-	-	-	-54,9%	21,5%	27,6%	-3,5%	-27,5%	-53,3%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	8 543	9 374	8 296	10 377	10 377	11 799	11 044	-	-	-	9,7%	-11,5%	25,1%	0,0%	13,7%	-6,4%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	311 448	27 979	75 997	101 429	117 999	127 014	124 928	116 843	116 034	-62,7%	-91,0%	171,6%	33,5%	16,3%	7,6%	-1,6%	-6,5%	-0,7%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 046 760	1 734 290	958 450	1 136 003	1 039 521	1 007 787	936 757	959 983	930 125	-11,1%	65,7%	-44,7%	18,5%	-8,5%	-3,1%	-7,0%	2,5%	-3,1%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	363 080	469 054	480 999	398 243	332 407	361 160	346 240	355 323	305 443	-15,9%	29,2%	2,5%	-17,2%	-16,5%	8,6%	-4,1%	2,6%	-14,0%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	433 561	690 653	660 677	613 082	553 409	560 321	583 503	-	-	-	59,3%	-4,3%	-7,2%	-9,7%	1,2%	4,1%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	290 715	894 145	150 192	508 617	490 606	478 629	440 015	438 605	471 957	62,3%	207,6%	-83,2%	238,6%	-3,5%	-2,4%	-8,1%	-0,3%	7,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	238 876	179 997	167 963	132 610	111 788	119 871	109 904	-	-	-	-24,6%	-6,7%	-21,0%	-15,7%	7,2%	-8,3%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	238 876	179 997	167 963	132 610	111 788	119 871	109 904	-	-	-	-24,6%	-6,7%	-21,0%	-15,7%	7,2%	-8,3%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	44 493	2 039	2 108	1 843	1 606	1 845	1 642	-	-	-	-95,4%	3,4%	-12,6%	-12,9%	14,9%	-11,0%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	9 055	9 143	11 416	11 031	11 865	10 576	10 015	-	-	-	1,0%	24,9%	-3,4%	7,6%	-10,9%	-5,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	392 965	371 091	34 835	37 964	35 021	22 514	25 243	33 763	31 164	-92,1%	-5,6%	-90,6%	9,0%	-7,8%	-35,7%	12,1%	33,8%	-7,7%

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 190 182	1 679 459	932 818	1 161 795	1 093 080	1 018 171	958 742	967 488	913 104	-23,3%	41,1%	-44,5%	24,5%	-5,9%	-6,9%	-5,8%	0,9%	-5,6%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	358 886	423 105	503 666	427 241	365 678	366 389	351 743	360 375	299 306	-16,6%	17,9%	19,0%	-15,2%	-14,4%	0,2%	-4,0%	2,5%	-16,9%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	405 363	704 714	692 231	610 340	562 658	560 670	570 574	-	-	-	73,8%	-1,8%	-11,8%	-7,8%	-0,4%	1,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	298 084	915 562	126 708	527 754	517 490	479 403	446 312	438 211	457 632	53,5%	207,1%	-86,2%	316,5%	-1,9%	-7,4%	-6,9%	-1,8%	4,4%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	234 227	175 198	173 069	129 022	114 206	119 862	111 067	-	-	-	-25,2%	-1,2%	-25,5%	-11,5%	5,0%	-7,3%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	234 227	175 198	173 069	129 022	114 206	119 862	111 067	-	-	-	-25,2%	-1,2%	-25,5%	-11,5%	5,0%	-7,3%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	44 428	1 762	1 672	1 915	2 140	2 597	1 875	-	-	-	-96,0%	-5,1%	14,5%	11,7%	21,4%	-27,8%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	8 233	8 425	9 157	10 113	10 445	11 333	11 275	-	-	-	2,3%	8,7%	10,4%	3,3%	8,5%	-0,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	533 212	340 792	15 556	21 415	26 014	31 329	33 896	35 110	31 949	-94,0%	-36,1%	-95,4%	37,7%	21,5%	20,4%	8,2%	3,6%	-9,0%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	378 764	351 100	401 415	521 200	464 242	455 225	424 385	417 598	426 237	12,5%	-7,3%	14,3%	29,8%	-10,9%	-1,9%	-6,8%	-1,6%	2,1%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	171 113	217 062	225 579	186 115	152 865	157 993	143 152	138 156	135 318	-20,9%	26,9%	3,9%	-17,5%	-17,9%	3,4%	-9,4%	-3,5%	-2,1%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	71 195	207 015	173 816	167 738	153 161	152 904	165 886	-	-	-	190,8%	-16,0%	-3,5%	-8,7%	-0,2%	8,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	36 450	75 760	55 678	191 646	164 287	158 338	146 712	147 222	161 616	343,4%	107,8%	-26,5%	244,2%	-14,3%	-3,6%	-7,3%	0,3%	9,8%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	12 572	13 794	7 516	7 459	5 041	5 026	3 846	-	-	-	9,7%	-45,5%	-0,8%	-32,4%	-0,3%	-23,5%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	12 572	13 794	7 516	7 459	5 041	5 026	3 846	-	-	-	9,7%	-45,5%	-0,8%	-32,4%	-0,3%	-23,5%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 945	1 575	2 013	1 941	1 408	656	424	-	-	-	-46,5%	27,8%	-3,6%	-27,5%	-53,4%	-35,4%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	9 365	10 092	10 555	11 295	11 797	11 042	9 784	-	-	-	7,8%	4,6%	7,0%	4,4%	-6,4%	-11,4%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	171 201	58 278	95 276	117 978	127 006	118 199	116 275	115 496	115 249	-32,7%	-66,0%	63,5%	23,8%	7,7%	-6,9%	-1,6%	-0,7%	-0,2%

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	113,7%	96,8%	97,3%	102,3%	105,2%	101,0%	102,3%	100,8%	98,2%	(13,66)	(14,83)	0,50	5,08	2,82	(3,92)	1,30	(1,53)	(2,59)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	98,8%	90,2%	104,7%	107,3%	110,0%	101,4%	101,6%	101,4%	98,0%	(0,86)	(8,74)	16,08	2,45	2,54	(7,78)	0,14	(0,16)	(3,38)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	93,5%	102,0%	104,8%	99,6%	101,7%	100,1%	97,8%	-	-	-	9,13	2,69	(4,99)	2,13	(1,58)	(2,28)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	102,5%	102,4%	84,4%	103,8%	105,5%	100,2%	101,4%	99,9%	97,0%	(5,43)	(0,14)	(17,61)	22,99	1,65	(5,04)	1,27	(1,50)	(2,95)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	98,1%	97,3%	103,0%	97,3%	102,2%	100,0%	101,1%	-	-	-	(0,73)	5,86	(5,58)	5,00	(2,12)	1,07
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	98,1%	97,3%	103,0%	97,3%	102,2%	100,0%	101,1%	-	-	-	(0,73)	5,86	(5,58)	5,00	(2,12)	1,07
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	99,9%	86,4%	79,3%	103,9%	133,3%	140,8%	114,2%	-	-	-	(13,46)	(8,21)	31,00	28,24	5,63	(18,88)
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	90,9%	92,1%	80,2%	91,7%	88,0%	107,2%	112,6%	-	-	-	1,35	(12,95)	14,29	(3,98)	21,73	5,06
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	135,7%	91,8%	44,7%	56,4%	74,3%	139,2%	134,3%	104,0%	102,5%	(24,45)	(32,32)	(51,37)	26,32	31,68	87,33	(3,50)	(22,56)	(1,41)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	116	76	157	164	155	163	162	158	170	46,7%	-34,3%	105,8%	4,3%	-5,3%	5,3%	-1,0%	-2,5%	8,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	174	187	163	159	153	157	149	140	165	-5,2%	7,6%	-12,7%	-2,7%	-4,0%	3,2%	-5,6%	-5,8%	17,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	64	107	92	100	99	100	106	-	-	-	67,3%	-14,5%	9,5%	-1,0%	0,2%	6,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	45	30	160	133	116	121	120	123	129	188,8%	-32,3%	431,0%	-17,4%	-12,6%	4,0%	-0,5%	2,2%	5,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	20	29	16	21	16	15	13	-	-	-	46,7%	-44,8%	33,1%	-23,6%	-5,0%	-17,4%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	20	29	16	21	16	15	13	-	-	-	46,7%	-44,8%	33,1%	-23,6%	-5,0%	-17,4%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	24	326	439	370	240	92	83	-	-	-	1248,5%	34,7%	-15,8%	-35,1%	-61,6%	-10,5%
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	415	437	421	408	412	356	317	-	-	-	5,3%	-3,8%	-3,1%	1,1%	-13,7%	-10,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	117	62	2236	2011	1782	1377	1252	1201	1317	1023,5%	-46,7%	3481,5%	-10,1%	-11,4%	-22,7%	-9,1%	-4,1%	9,7%

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	13 150	12 965	13 636	12 448	11 675	10 313	9 419	9 014	9 036	-31,3%	-1,4%	5,2%	-8,7%	-6,2%	-11,7%	-8,7%	-4,3%	0,2%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	30 331	52 032	75 256	95 282	111 050	119 923	117 766	116 843	111 104	266,3%	71,5%	44,6%	26,6%	16,5%	8,0%	-1,8%	-0,8%	-4,9%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	30 025	32 804	29 474	28 941	28 500	28 033	26 894	27 251	23 601	-21,4%	9,3%	-10,2%	-1,8%	-1,5%	-1,6%	-4,1%	1,3%	-13,4%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	33 083	37 637	34 835	32 801	29 871	16 895	21 211	33 763	26 712	-19,3%	13,8%	-7,4%	-5,8%	-8,9%	-43,4%	25,5%	59,2%	-20,9%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	30 557	32 559	30 719	29 777	29 907	28 934	27 337	27 241	24 054	-21,3%	6,6%	-5,7%	-3,1%	0,4%	-3,3%	-5,5%	-0,4%	-11,7%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	11 382	14 920	15 556	17 047	20 998	25 782	28 436	35 110	27 567	142,2%	31,1%	4,3%	9,6%	23,2%	22,8%	10,3%	23,5%	-21,5%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	12 965	13 210	12 391	11 612	10 268	9 412	8 976	9 024	8 583	-33,8%	1,9%	-6,2%	-6,3%	-11,6%	-8,3%	-4,6%	0,5%	-4,9%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	52 032	74 749	95 276	111 036	119 923	111 036	110 541	115 496	110 249	111,9%	43,7%	27,5%	16,5%	8,0%	-7,4%	-0,4%	4,5%	-4,5%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	101,8%	99,3%	104,2%	102,9%	104,9%	103,2%	101,6%	100,0%	101,9%	0,14	(2,47)	5,01	(1,28)	1,99	(1,64)	(1,52)	(1,66)	1,96
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	34,4%	39,6%	44,7%	52,0%	70,3%	152,6%	134,1%	104,0%	103,2%	199,96	15,22	12,65	16,38	35,26	117,09	(12,15)	(22,43)	(0,76)
DT Litigious divorce cases	155	148	147	142	125	119	120	121	130	-15,9%	-4,4%	-0,6%	-3,3%	-12,0%	-5,3%	0,9%	0,9%	7,7%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	1 669	1 829	2 236	2 377	2 085	1 572	1 419	1 201	1 460	-12,5%	9,6%	22,3%	6,3%	-12,3%	-24,6%	-9,7%	-15,4%	21,6%

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			20 446	19 856	18 078	16 586	14 187	13 224	11 304	-	-	-	-2,9%	-9,0%	-8,3%	-14,5%	-6,8%	-14,5%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			19 680	18 367	16 615	15 189	13 254	12 291	10 531	-	-	-	-6,7%	-9,5%	-8,6%	-12,7%	-7,3%	-14,3%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			766	1 489	1 463	1 397	933	933	773	-	-	-	94,4%	-1,7%	-4,5%	-33,2%	0,0%	-17,1%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			94 595	85 012	84 465	68 340	63 819	59 324	53 147	-	-	-	-10,1%	-0,6%	-19,1%	-6,6%	-7,0%	-10,4%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			90 549	80 002	79 178	63 475	59 029	54 478	49 597	-	-	-	-11,6%	-1,0%	-19,8%	-7,0%	-7,7%	-9,0%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			4 046	5 010	5 287	4 865	4 790	4 846	3 550	-	-	-	23,8%	5,5%	-8,0%	-1,5%	1,2%	-26,7%

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			95 586	86 813	85 970	70 747	64 792	61 251	53 053	-	-	-	-9,2%	-1,0%	-17,7%	-8,4%	-5,5%	-13,4%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			91 922	81 777	80 618	65 419	60 003	56 248	49 443	-	-	-	-11,0%	-1,4%	-18,9%	-8,3%	-6,3%	-12,1%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			3 664	5 036	5 352	5 328	4 789	5 003	3 610	-	-	-	37,4%	6,3%	-0,4%	-10,1%	4,5%	-27,8%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			19 455	18 055	16 573	14 179	13 214	11 297	11 398	-	-	-	-7,2%	-8,2%	-14,4%	-6,8%	-14,5%	0,9%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			18 307	16 592	15 175	13 245	12 280	10 521	10 685	-	-	-	-9,4%	-8,5%	-12,7%	-7,3%	-14,3%	1,6%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			1 148	1 463	1 398	934	934	776	713	-	-	-	27,4%	-4,4%	-33,2%	0,0%	-16,9%	-8,1%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			101,0%	102,1%	101,8%	103,5%	101,5%	103,2%	99,8%	-	-	-	1,06	(0,33)	1,71	(1,93)	1,70	(3,32)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			101,5%	102,2%	101,8%	103,1%	101,7%	103,2%	99,7%	-	-	-	0,69	(0,39)	1,22	(1,37)	1,57	(3,45)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			90,6%	100,5%	101,2%	109,5%	100,0%	103,2%	101,7%	-	-	-	11,00	0,71	8,19	(8,71)	3,26	(1,50)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			74	76	70	73	74	67	78	-	-	-	2,2%	-7,3%	4,0%	1,8%	-9,6%	16,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			73	74	69	74	75	68	79	-	-	-	1,9%	-7,2%	7,6%	1,1%	-8,6%	15,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			114	106	95	64	71	57	72	-	-	-	-7,3%	-10,1%	-32,9%	11,3%	-20,5%	27,3%

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 017	2 992	4 235	4 689	5 142	5 274	5 191	-	-	-	-25,5%	41,5%	10,7%	9,7%	2,6%	-1,6%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 692	2 893	2 836	2 930	2 884	2 404	1 970	-	-	-	7,5%	-2,0%	3,3%	-1,6%	-16,6%	-18,1%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			20	31	79	68	37	35	47	-	-	-	55,0%	154,8%	-13,9%	-45,6%	-5,4%	34,3%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			20	31	79	68	37	35	47	-	-	-	55,0%	154,8%	-13,9%	-45,6%	-5,4%	34,3%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			1 216	NA	1 130	1 422	1 883	2 503	2 884	-	-	-	-	-	25,8%	32,4%	32,9%	15,2%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			89	68	190	269	338	124	290	-	-	-	-23,6%	179,4%	41,6%	25,7%	-63,3%	133,9%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			8 580	6 128	9 935	10 620	9 418	9 097	8 402	-	-	-	-28,6%	62,1%	6,9%	-11,3%	-3,4%	-7,6%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			5 462	5 757	6 065	6 105	4 784	4 340	3 927	-	-	-	5,4%	5,4%	0,7%	-21,6%	-9,3%	-9,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			253	271	220	224	182	195	151	-	-	-	7,1%	-18,8%	1,8%	-18,8%	7,1%	-22,6%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			253	271	220	224	182	195	151	-	-	-	7,1%	-18,8%	1,8%	-18,8%	7,1%	-22,6%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			2 647	NA	3 246	3 902	4 109	4 261	4 037	-	-	-	-	-	20,2%	5,3%	3,7%	-5,3%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			218	100	404	389	343	144	287	-	-	-	-54,1%	304,0%	-3,7%	-11,8%	-58,0%	99,3%

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			8 378	6 108	9 481	10 168	9 286	9 180	8 497	-	-	-	-27,1%	55,2%	7,2%	-8,7%	-1,1%	-7,4%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			5 262	5 812	5 971	6 151	5 264	4 774	4 234	-	-	-	10,5%	2,7%	3,0%	-14,4%	-9,3%	-11,3%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			242	223	231	255	184	183	160	-	-	-	-7,9%	3,6%	10,4%	-27,8%	-0,5%	-12,6%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			242	223	231	255	184	183	160	-	-	-	-7,9%	3,6%	10,4%	-27,8%	-0,5%	-12,6%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			2 704	NA	2 954	3 442	3 489	3 880	3 785	-	-	-	-	-	16,5%	1,4%	11,2%	-2,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			170	73	325	320	349	159	318	-	-	-	-57,1%	345,2%	-1,5%	9,1%	-54,4%	100,0%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 219	3 012	4 689	5 141	5 274	5 191	5 096	-	-	-	-28,6%	55,7%	9,6%	2,6%	-1,6%	-1,8%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 892	2 838	2 930	2 884	2 404	1 970	1 663	-	-	-	-1,9%	3,2%	-1,6%	-16,6%	-18,1%	-15,6%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			31	79	68	37	35	47	38	-	-	-	154,8%	-13,9%	-45,6%	-5,4%	34,3%	-19,1%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			31	79	68	37	35	47	38	-	-	-	154,8%	-13,9%	-45,6%	-5,4%	34,3%	-19,1%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			1 159	NA	1 422	1 882	2 503	2 884	3 136	-	-	-	-	-	32,3%	33,0%	15,2%	8,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			137	95	269	338	332	109	259	-	-	-	-30,7%	183,2%	25,7%	-1,8%	-67,2%	137,6%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			97,6%	99,7%	95,4%	95,7%	98,6%	100,9%	101,1%	-	-	-	2,08	(4,26)	0,33	2,98	2,35	0,22
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			96,3%	101,0%	98,5%	100,8%	110,0%	110,0%	107,8%	-	-	-	4,79	(2,48)	2,34	9,21	(0,03)	(1,98)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			95,7%	82,3%	105,0%	113,8%	101,1%	93,8%	106,0%	-	-	-	(13,97)	27,60	8,42	(11,19)	(7,17)	12,91
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			95,7%	82,3%	105,0%	113,8%	101,1%	93,8%	106,0%	-	-	-	(13,97)	27,60	8,42	(11,19)	(7,17)	12,91
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			102,2%	NA	91,0%	88,2%	84,9%	91,1%	93,8%	-	-	-	-	-	(3,07)	(3,74)	7,24	2,96
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			78,0%	73,0%	80,4%	82,3%	101,7%	110,4%	110,8%	-	-	-	(6,39)	10,20	2,26	23,69	8,52	0,35
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			184	180	181	185	207	206	219	-	-	-	-2,1%	0,3%	2,2%	12,3%	-0,4%	6,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			201	178	179	171	167	151	143	-	-	-	-11,2%	0,5%	-4,5%	-2,6%	-9,6%	-4,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			47	129	107	53	69	94	87	-	-	-	176,6%	-16,9%	-50,7%	31,1%	35,0%	-7,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			47	129	107	53	69	94	87	-	-	-	176,6%	-16,9%	-50,7%	31,1%	35,0%	-7,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			156	NA	176	200	262	271	302	-	-	-	-	-	13,6%	31,2%	3,6%	11,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			294	475	302	386	347	250	297	-	-	-	61,5%	-36,4%	27,6%	-9,9%	-27,9%	18,8%

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									13 017	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									65 131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									65 264	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									12 884	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									1 069	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									100,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 672	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									21 950	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									21 630	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 992	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									98,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									183	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 410	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 443	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									102,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 5: Access to justice																				
Legal aid																				
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																				
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True										
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True										
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True										
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True										
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True										
020.1.1 Total										NA										
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										NA										
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										NA										
020.2.1 Total brought to court										NA										
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										NA										
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA										
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA										
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NAP										
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA										

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																		
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																		
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level								True	True	True								
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter								50-99%	50-99%	50-99%								
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter								10-49%	10-49%	50-99%								
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	50-99%								
62-8 Voice recording tools								True	True	True								
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter								in all courts	in all courts	in all courts								
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter								in all courts	in all courts	in all courts								
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter								in all courts	in all courts	in all courts								
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter								in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts								
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter								in all courts	in all courts	in all courts								
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter								in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts								
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter								Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing								
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter								Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing								
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter								Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing								
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelties								50-99%	100%	100%								
63.1 Is there a case management system?								True	True	True								
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)								100%	100%	100%								
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)								100%	100%	100%								
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)								100%	100%	100%								
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)								Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all								
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)								Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all								
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)								Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all								

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	False									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	True	True	True									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	50-99%	50-99%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	NA									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	NA									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	NA									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	NA									

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							10-49%	10-49%	50-99%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							10-49%	10-49%	50-99%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							True	True	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							True	True	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							True	True	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							True	True	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							False	False	False										

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True									

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	3 055	3 054	3 028	3 018	3 005	3 012	3 029	3 006	3 007	-1,6%	0,0%	-0,9%	-0,3%	-0,4%	0,2%	0,6%	-0,8%	0,0%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 857	1 859	1 838	1 838	1 820	1 826	1 849	1 824	1 814	-2,3%	0,1%	-1,1%	0,0%	-1,0%	0,3%	1,3%	-1,4%	-0,5%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	964	1 098	1 090	1 081	1 083	1 085	1 078	1 078	1 088	12,9%	13,9%	-0,7%	-0,8%	0,2%	0,2%	-0,6%	0,0%	0,9%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	234	97	100	99	102	101	102	104	105	-55,1%	-58,5%	3,1%	-1,0%	3,0%	-1,0%	1,0%	2,0%	1,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	1 193	1 187	1 192	1 185	1 182	1 178	1 195	1 190	1 192	-0,1%	-0,5%	0,4%	-0,6%	-0,3%	-0,3%	1,4%	-0,4%	0,2%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	644	632	632	629	609	598	611	600	601	-6,7%	-1,9%	0,0%	-0,5%	-3,2%	-1,8%	2,2%	-1,8%	0,2%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	407	483	487	482	494	501	505	509	512	25,8%	18,7%	0,8%	-1,0%	2,5%	1,4%	0,8%	0,8%	0,6%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	142	72	73	74	79	79	79	81	79	-44,4%	-49,3%	1,4%	1,4%	6,8%	0,0%	0,0%	2,5%	-2,5%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 862	1 867	1 836	1 833	1 823	1 834	1 834	1 816	1 815	-2,5%	0,3%	-1,7%	-0,2%	-0,5%	0,6%	0,0%	-1,0%	-0,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 213	1 227	1 206	1 209	1 211	1 228	1 238	1 224	1 213	0,0%	1,2%	-1,7%	0,2%	0,2%	1,4%	0,8%	-1,1%	-0,9%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	557	615	603	599	589	584	573	569	576	3,4%	10,4%	-2,0%	-0,7%	-1,7%	-0,8%	-1,9%	-0,7%	1,2%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	92	25	27	25	23	22	23	23	26	-71,7%	-72,8%	8,0%	-7,4%	-8,0%	-4,3%	4,5%	0,0%	13,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 814	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 088	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 971	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 369	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	554	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	756	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	445	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	290	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	149	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	9 135	9 107	9 309	9 409	9 714	9 887	9 857	9 989	9 921	8,6%	-0,3%	2,2%	1,1%	3,2%	1,8%	-0,3%	1,3%	-0,7%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 950	1 907	2 073	2 190	2 408	2 438	2 443	2 568	2 501	28,3%	-2,2%	8,7%	5,6%	10,0%	1,2%	0,2%	5,1%	-2,6%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 463	4 418	4 539	4 519	4 497	4 632	4 616	4 546	4 556	2,1%	-1,0%	2,7%	-0,4%	-0,5%	3,0%	-0,3%	-1,5%	0,2%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 038	2 131	2 006	2 053	2 091	2 057	2 060	2 145	2 158	5,9%	4,6%	-5,9%	2,3%	1,9%	-1,6%	0,1%	4,1%	0,6%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	636	625	614	610	656	701	656	654	648	1,9%	-1,7%	-1,8%	-0,7%	7,5%	6,9%	-6,4%	-0,3%	-0,9%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	48	26	77	37	62	59	82	76	58	20,8%	-45,8%	196,2%	-51,9%	67,6%	-4,8%	39,0%	-7,3%	-23,7%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 159	1 390	1 166	1 293	1 206	1 240	1 245	-	-	-	19,9%	-16,1%	10,9%	-6,7%	2,8%	0,4%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	352	434	394	427	398	438	429	-	-	-	23,3%	-9,2%	8,4%	-6,8%	10,1%	-2,1%	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	224	292	172	263	196	179	205	-	-	-	30,4%	-41,1%	52,9%	-25,5%	-8,7%	14,5%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	322	393	308	300	316	338	339	-	-	-	22,0%	-21,6%	-2,6%	5,3%	7,0%	0,3%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	240	253	269	286	272	263	250	-	-	-	5,4%	6,3%	6,3%	-4,9%	-3,3%	-4,9%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	21	18	23	17	24	22	22	-	-	-	-14,3%	27,8%	-26,1%	41,2%	-8,3%	0,0%	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	7 989	8 105	8 150	8 019	8 548	8 594	8 651	8 749	8 676	8,6%	1,5%	0,6%	-1,6%	6,6%	0,5%	0,7%	1,1%	-0,8%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	1 600	1 611	1 721	1 756	2 014	2 011	2 045	2 130	2 072	29,5%	0,7%	6,8%	2,0%	14,7%	-0,1%	1,7%	4,2%	-2,7%	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	4 282	4 261	4 315	4 227	4 325	4 369	4 420	4 367	4 351	1,6%	-0,5%	1,3%	-2,0%	2,3%	1,0%	1,2%	-1,2%	-0,4%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	1 709	1 842	1 684	1 660	1 783	1 757	1 744	1 807	1 819	6,4%	7,8%	-8,6%	-1,4%	7,4%	-1,5%	-0,7%	3,6%	0,7%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	368	372	374	357	387	415	384	391	398	8,2%	1,1%	0,5%	-4,5%	8,4%	7,2%	-7,5%	1,8%	1,8%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	30	19	56	19	39	42	58	54	36	20,0%	-36,7%	194,7%	-66,1%	105,3%	7,7%	38,1%	-6,9%	-33,3%	

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									9 921	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									6 538	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									2 967	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									416	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 245	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									617	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									481	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									147	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									8 676	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									5 921	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									2 486	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									269	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 224	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									822	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									345	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									561	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									339	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									183	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									663	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									483	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									162	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									1 474	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									262	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 212	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	16 279 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	40 584 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	89 904 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	36 528 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	79 008 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	True										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	True										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																		
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																		
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	10 944	10 255	11 842	12 300	11 310	11 587	11 180	12 188	12 267	12,1%	-6,3%	15,5%	3,9%	-8,0%	2,4%	-3,5%	9,0%	0,6%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 176	7 333	7 360	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,2%	0,4%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 704	4 855	4 907	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,2%	1,1%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Czech Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	388	442	421	589	620	660	657	589	669	72,4%	13,9%	-4,8%	39,9%	5,3%	6,5%	-0,5%	-10,4%	13,6%	
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					982	632	681	768	471	-	-	-	-	-	-35,6%	7,8%	12,8%	-38,7%	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

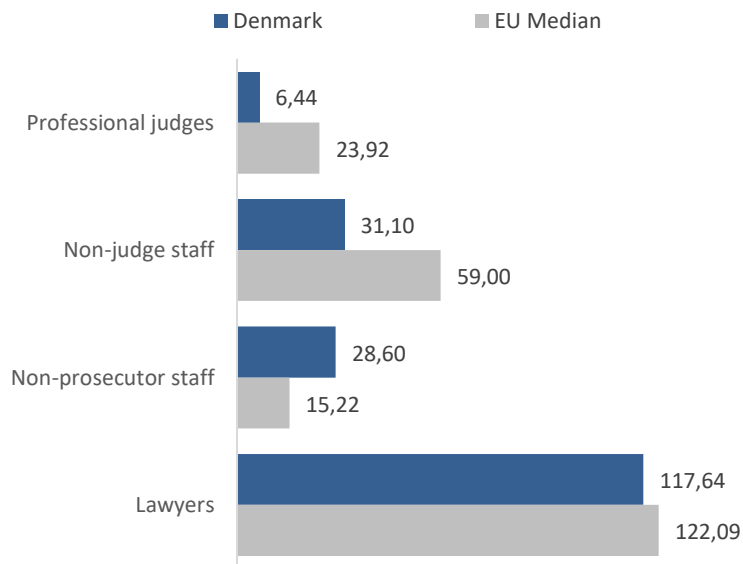
Judiciary at a glance in Denmark

General data

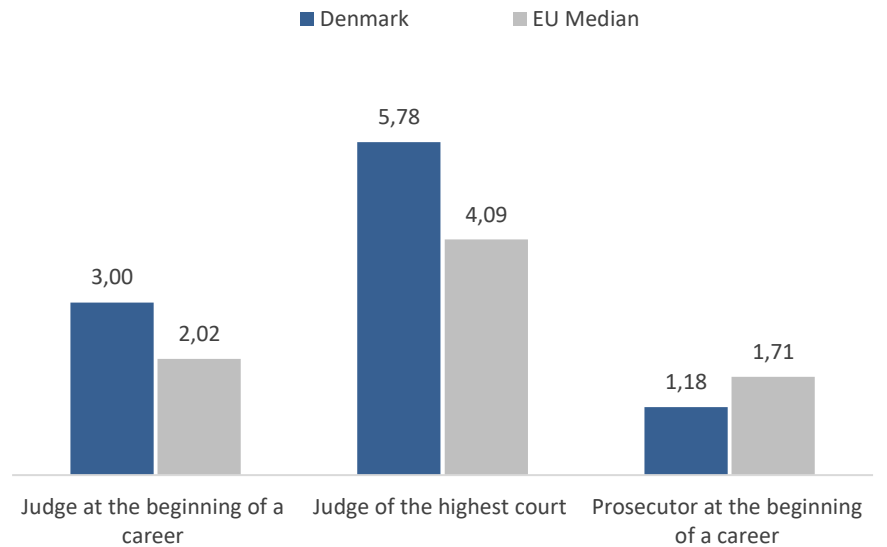
Population: 5 840 045 **GDP per capita:** 53 470 € **Average annual salary:** 40 872 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

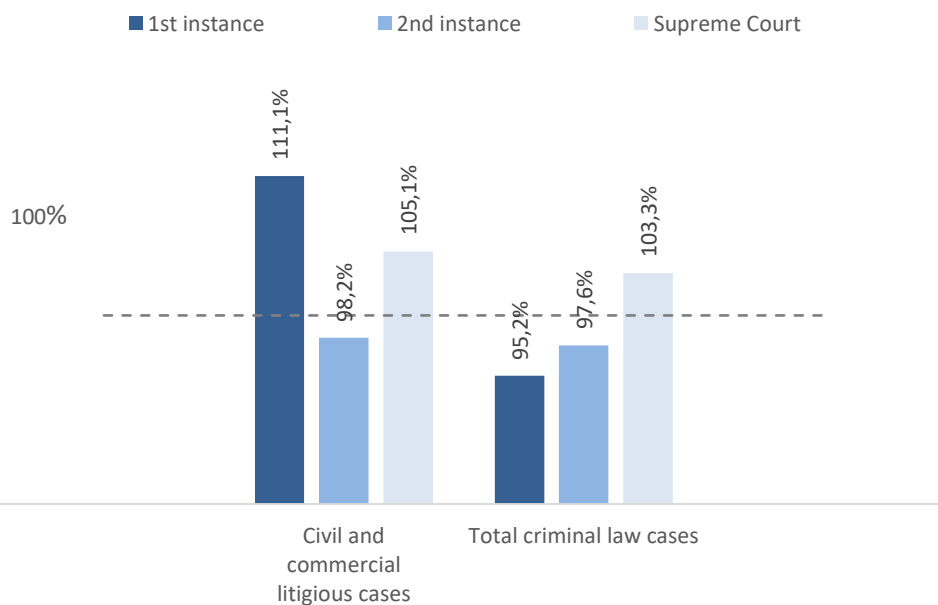


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

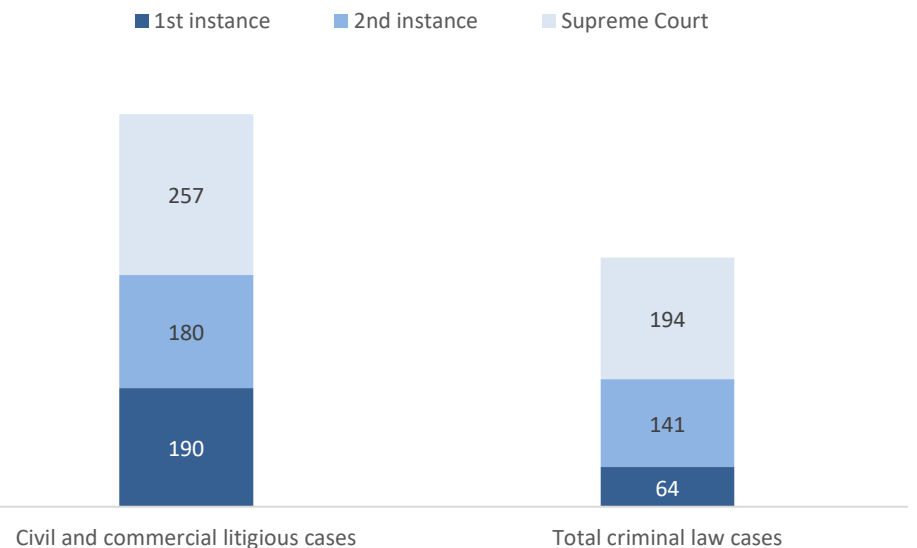


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

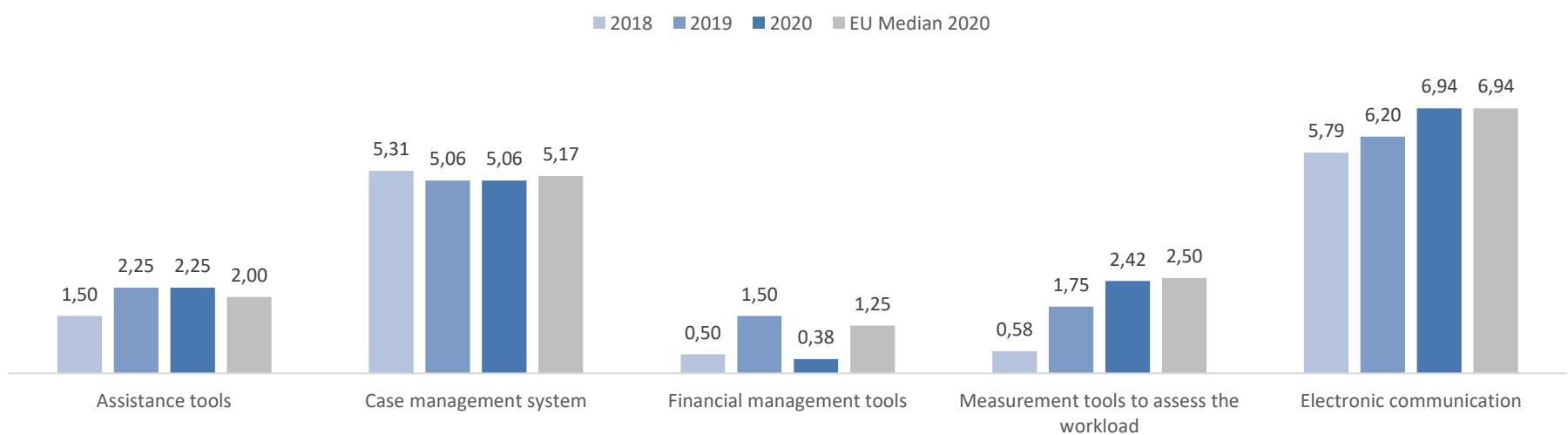


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Denmark

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations						
											2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	5 840 045		4,2%	1,6%	1,0%	0,4%	0,3%	0,3%
GDP per capita	43 738	45 171	45 744	46 836	48 474	50 100	51 280	53 189	53 470		22,3%	6,0%	5,8%	2,4%	3,7%	0,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7		-0,3%	-0,1%	0,4%	1,7%	0,1%	-0,5%
Average annual salary	51 774		40 140		41 974		38 035	38 891	40 872		-21,1%	4,6%	-9,4%		2,3%	5,1%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations						
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	6,6	6,3	6,7	6,6	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,4	6,6		0,1%	-2,9%	-0,2%	-1,0%	-0,3%	3,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	32,5	31,1	31,0	26,8	28,6	28,3	28,5	30,5	31,1		-4,4%	-7,8%	-0,1%	0,9%	6,9%	2,0%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	107,5	107,6	108,4	109,2	108,5	111,6	113,0	117,5	117,6		9,5%	0,1%	4,2%	1,3%	4,0%	0,1%
Mediators	2,3	2,2	2,7	2,6	2,5	2,3	2,5	2,4	2,4		8,0%	-6,8%	-1,0%	5,5%	-1,0%	0,4%
ICT overall assesment							4,9	6,0	6,1						22,5%	1,7%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations						
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,825	0,780	0,737	0,737	0,724	0,715	0,721	0,840	0,701		-15,0%	-1,8%	-0,4%	0,8%	16,6%	-16,6%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP
Total criminal law cases									2,789							

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations (percentage points)						
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	109%	107%	102%	102%	101%	102%	95%	92%	111%		2,09	-1,02	-6,18	-7,39	-3,22	19,27
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									95%							

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations						
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	165	164	177	174	176	172	207	222	190		14,9%	-0,8%	17,6%	20,5%	7,2%	-14,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									64							

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations						
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,41	0,38	0,37	0,36	0,35	0,34	0,39	0,47	0,40		-0,5%	-3,5%	10,0%	12,7%	20,7%	-13,6%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP
Total criminal law cases									0,46							

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations (percentage points)						
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			104%	109%	109%	105%	96%	94%	98%			4,96	-13,06	-9,26	-1,88	4,29
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									98%							

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations						
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			170	166	141	136	168	193	180			-17,1%	19,6%	23,3%	14,4%	-6,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									141							

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations (percentage points)						
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			132%	120%	93%	110%	92%	90%	105%			-39,14	-1,32	-17,94	-1,76	15,01
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									103%							

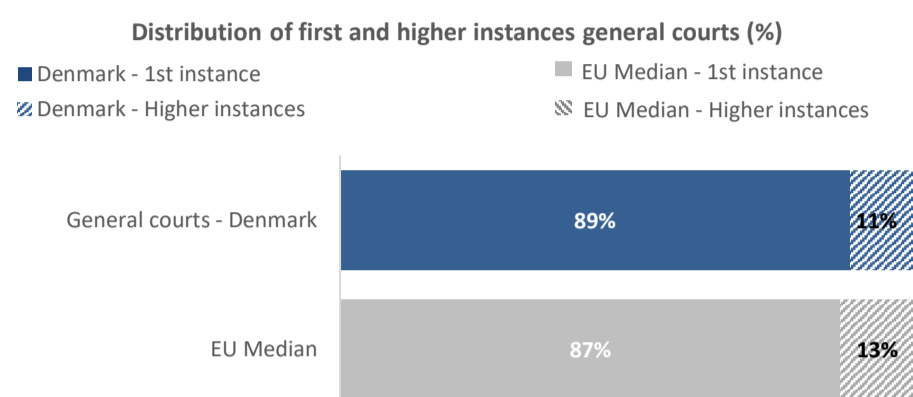
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations						
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			187	151	207	170	187	219	257			10,8%	-9,6%	10,0%	16,9%	17,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases									194							

1. Judicial organisation in Denmark

The Danish court system is composed of first instance courts which are called District courts; the Land Registration court and the Maritime and Commercial Court which are considered as first instance specialized courts; second and third instance courts which are the two High Courts and the Supreme Court.

According to 2020 data, Denmark has 24 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (District courts) and 2 first instance specialised courts (the Maritime and Commercial Court and the Land registration Court).

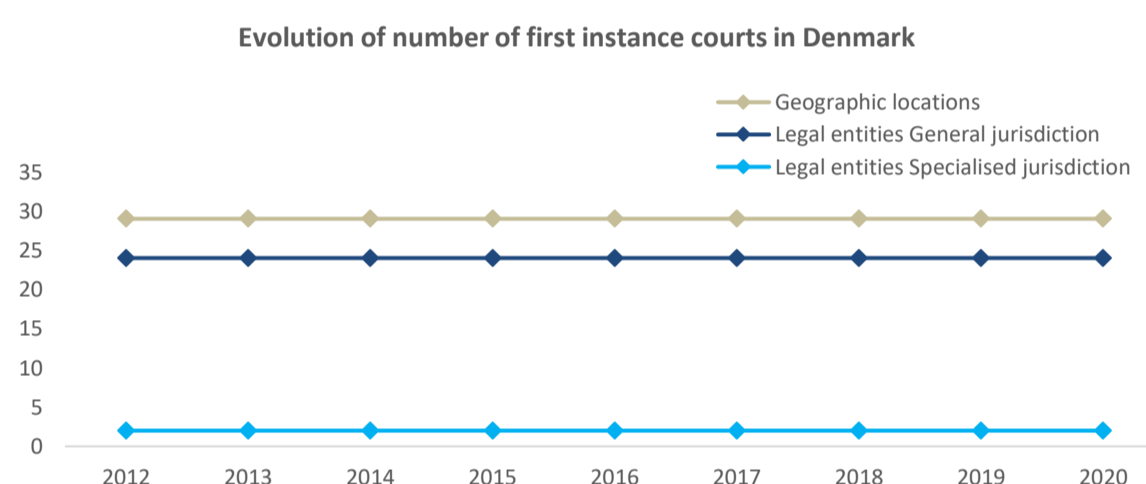
Distribution of general courts in Denmark



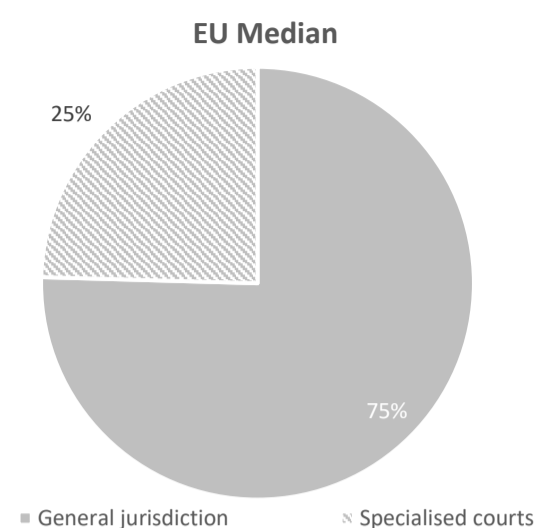
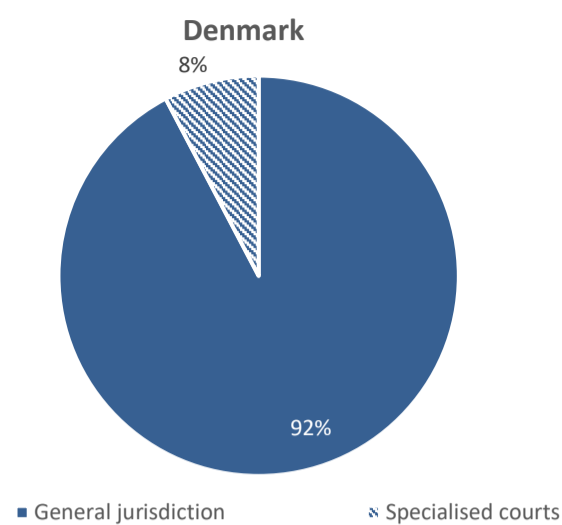
According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Denmark is somewhat different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Denmark

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	29	24	2
2013	29	24	2
2014	29	24	2
2015	29	24	2
2016	29	24	2
2017	29	24	2
2018	29	24	2
2019	29	24	2
2020	29	24	2



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 92,3% - 7,7% is quite different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1	NAP
Insolvency courts	1	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	1	NAP

In Denmark, there are 2 first instance specialised courts: the Land Registration Court and the Maritime and Commercial Court. The Land Registration Court has been established in 2009. The Maritime and Commercial Court is classified as Commercial Court and Insolvency court because it is a peculiarity that this court also deals, to a great extent but not exclusively, with insolvency cases (bankruptcies etc.). Although it appears there are two courts there is only one.

Juvenile Courts do not exist. In Denmark, cases concerning juveniles are dealt with by the district courts. However, juveniles are granted special attention within a Juvenile Board.

From 1 April 2019, family law cases are within the competence of a district court section.

There is one Military court, but it is not part of the Danish Courts Administration.

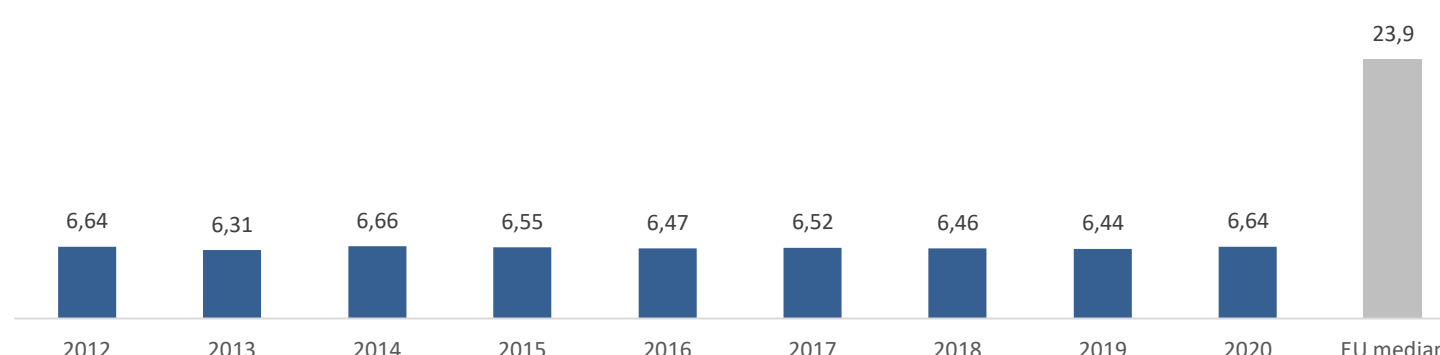
2. Professionals of justice in Denmark

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	372	6,64
2013	355	6,31
2014	377	6,66
2015	374	6,55
2016	372	6,47
2017	377	6,52
2018	375	6,46
2019	375	6,44
2020	388	6,64

Professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants



According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Denmark is 388, which is 3,5% more than in previous cycle.

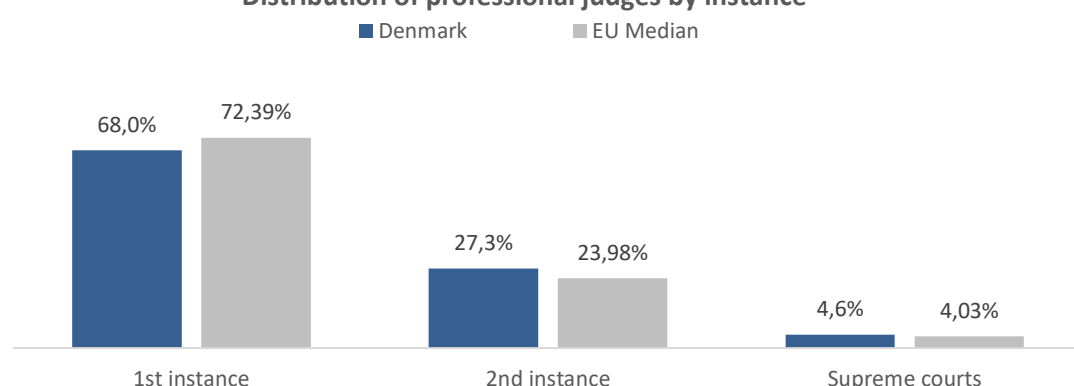
More precisely, in Denmark, there are 6,64 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,68 non-judge staff per judge .

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 4,73 non-judge staff per judge.

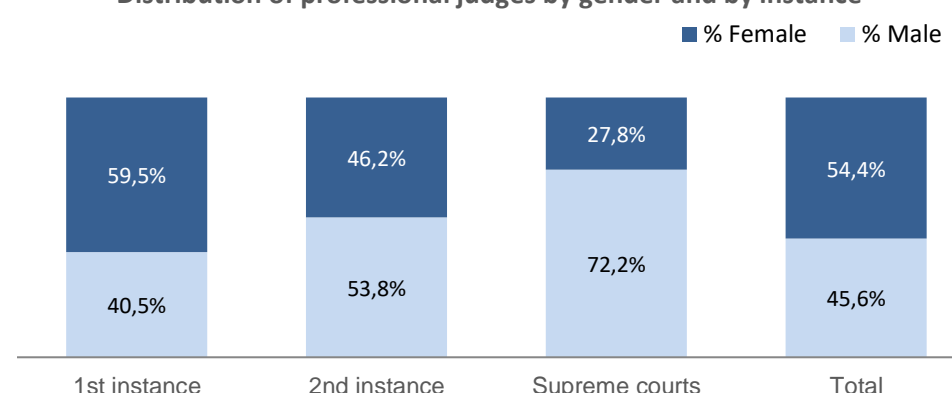
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	264	68,0%	107	157	40,5%	59,5%
2nd instance	106	27,3%	57	49	53,8%	46,2%
Supreme courts	18	4,6%	13	5	72,2%	27,8%
Total	388		177	211	45,6%	54,4%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 211, which represents 54,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 264 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 157 are female); 106 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 49 are female) and 18 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 5 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, a similar trend is observed in Denmark. However, the predominance of first instance judges is less pronounced, while second and third instance judges are more numerous.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges have the majority only at first instance.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

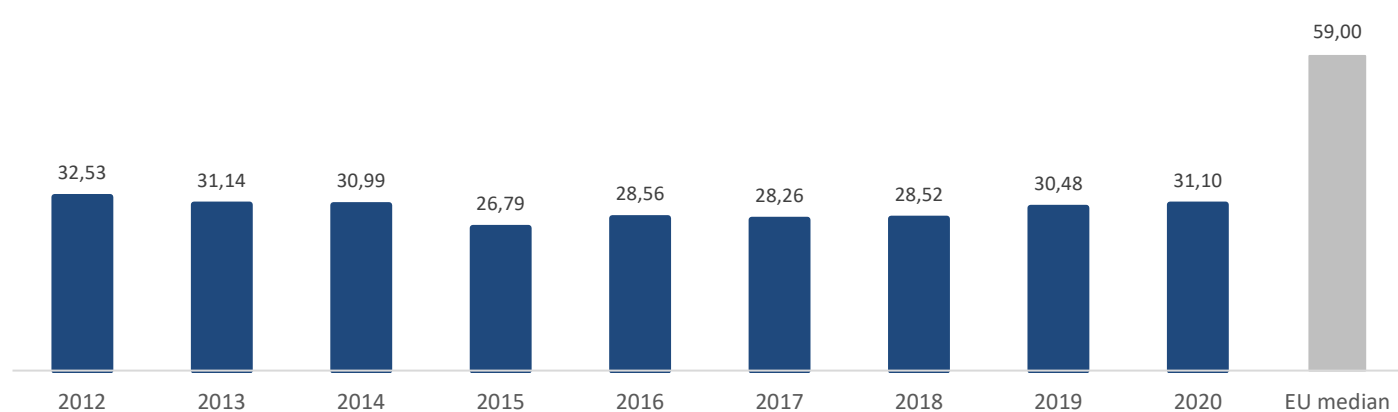
2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	539	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	130	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	32	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Total	701	NA	NA	NAP	NAP

In Denmark, all judges make decisions in all types of cases, therefore, the number of professional judges by case type cannot be provided.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	1 823	1 751	1 754	1 529	1 642	1 634	1 656	1 775	1 816
Per 100 000 inhabitants	32,53	31,14	30,99	26,79	28,56	28,26	28,52	30,48	31,10

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	1 816	
Rechtspfleger	338	18,6%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	10	0,6%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 375	75,7%
Technical staff	84	4,6%
Other	9	0,5%

In 2020, Denmark has 1 816 non-judge staff. The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,3%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 338 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which
- 10 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which NA are women);
- 1 375 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which NA are women);
- 84 technical staff (of which NA are women);
- 9 other (of which NA are women);

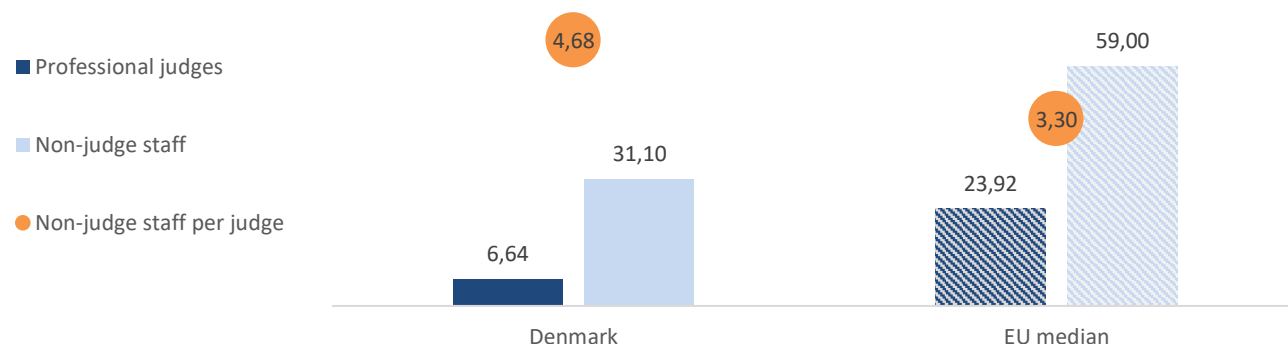
In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 30,5 in 2019 to 31,1 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 6,4 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 6,6 in 2020.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Denmark	EU median
Professional judges	6,64	23,92
Non-judge staff	31,10	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	4,68	3,30

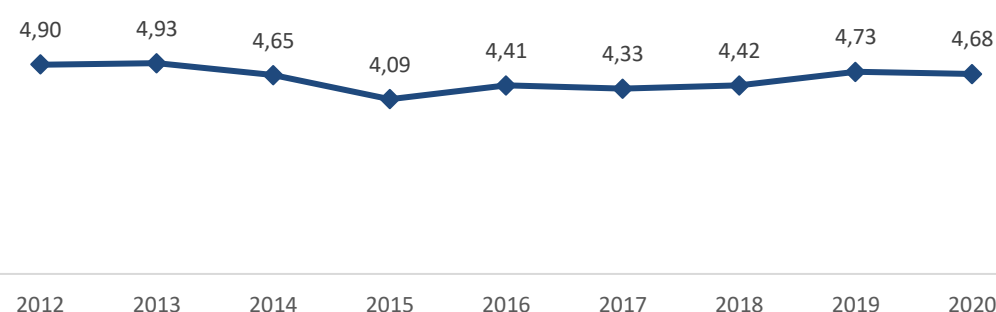
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	6,64	32,53	4,90
2013	6,31	31,14	4,93
2014	6,66	30,99	4,65
2015	6,55	26,79	4,09
2016	6,47	28,56	4,41
2017	6,52	28,26	4,33
2018	6,46	28,52	4,42
2019	6,44	30,48	4,73
2020	6,64	31,10	4,68

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

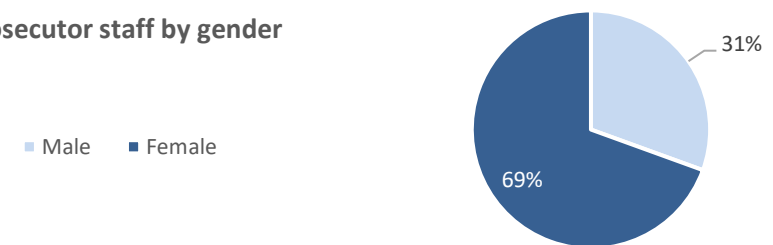


Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	1 670	510	1 160

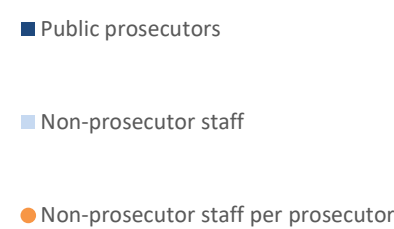
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Denmark	EU median
Public prosecutors	12,96	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	28,60	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	2,21	1,11

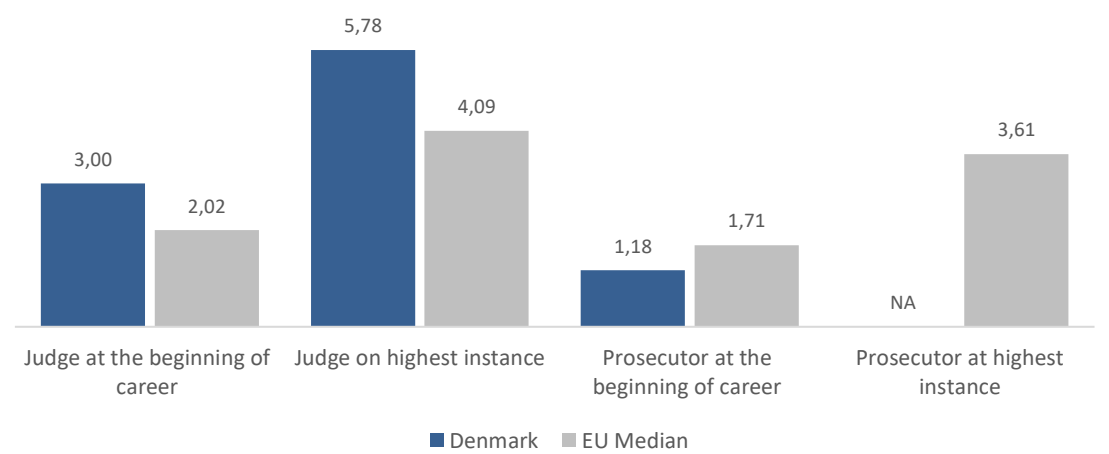
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	122 545 €	NA	3,00
Judge of the highest court	236 387 €	NA	5,78
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	48 322 €	NA	1,18
Public prosecutor at highest instance	NA	NA	NA

Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Denmark of 122 545€ is quite above when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 3,00 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

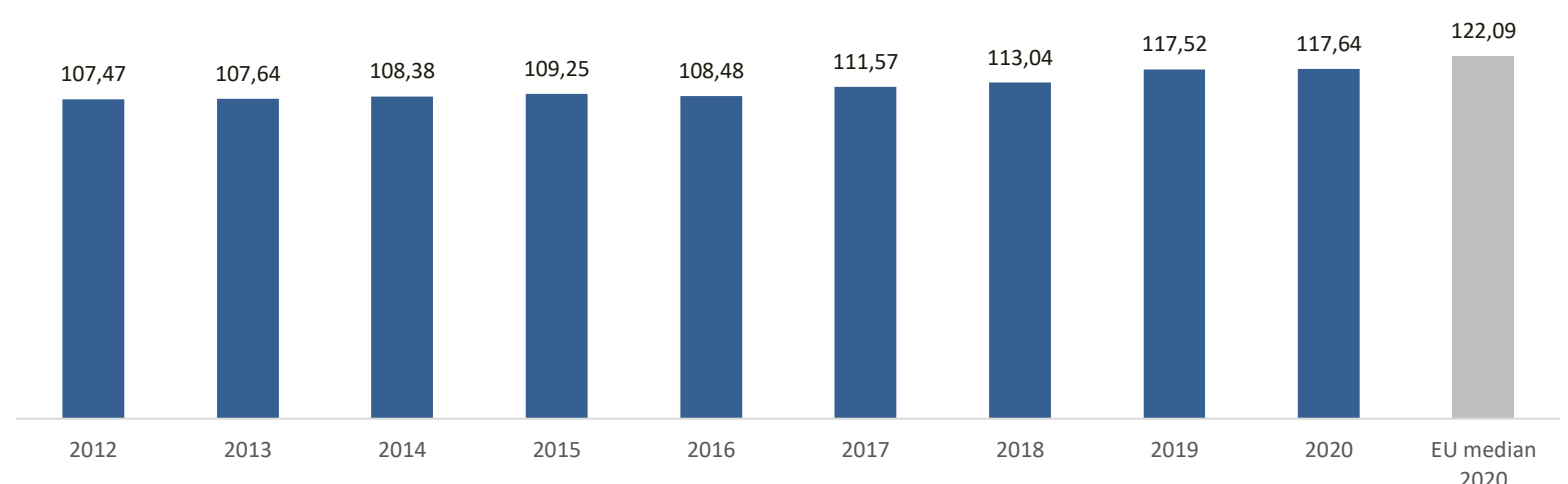
In 2020, at the end of career the highest absolute gross salary for judge is registered in Denmark: 236 387€.

The Danish tax system is progressive, the percentage of tax depends on the income and the municipal tax varies from municipality to municipality, and therefore, net salary could not be reported.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	6 021	107,47
2013	6 053	107,64
2014	6 134	108,38
2015	6 235	109,25
2016	6 236	108,48
2017	6 450	111,57
2018	6 563	113,04
2019	6 843	117,52
2020	6 870	117,64

Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants



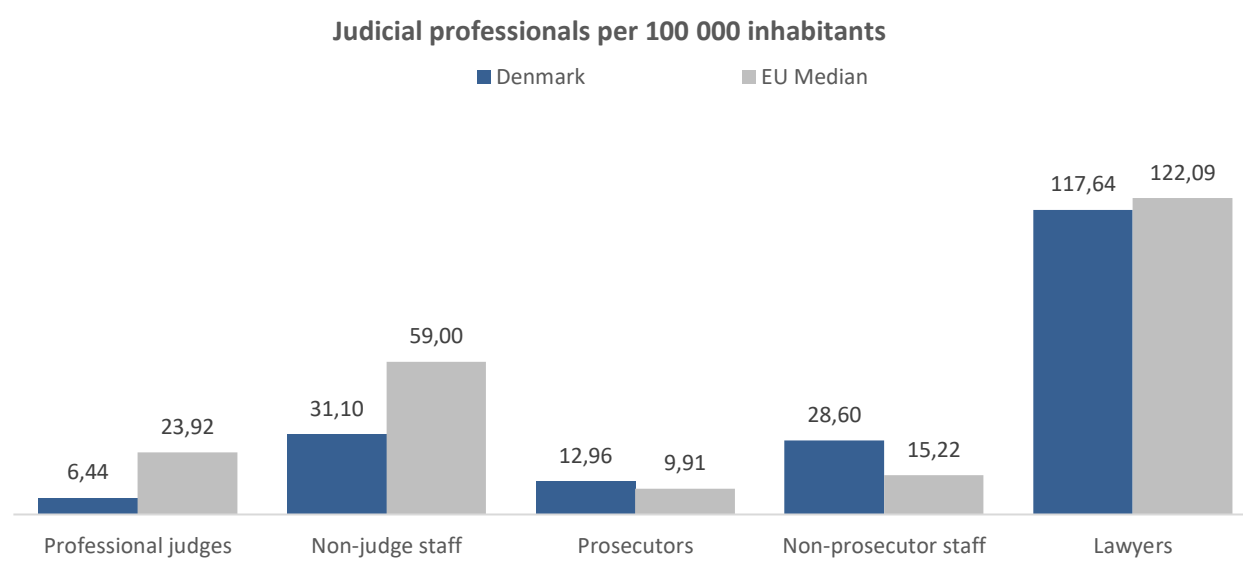
In 2020, there are 6 870 lawyers, which is 0,4% more than in 2019.

Denmark has 117,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is around the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

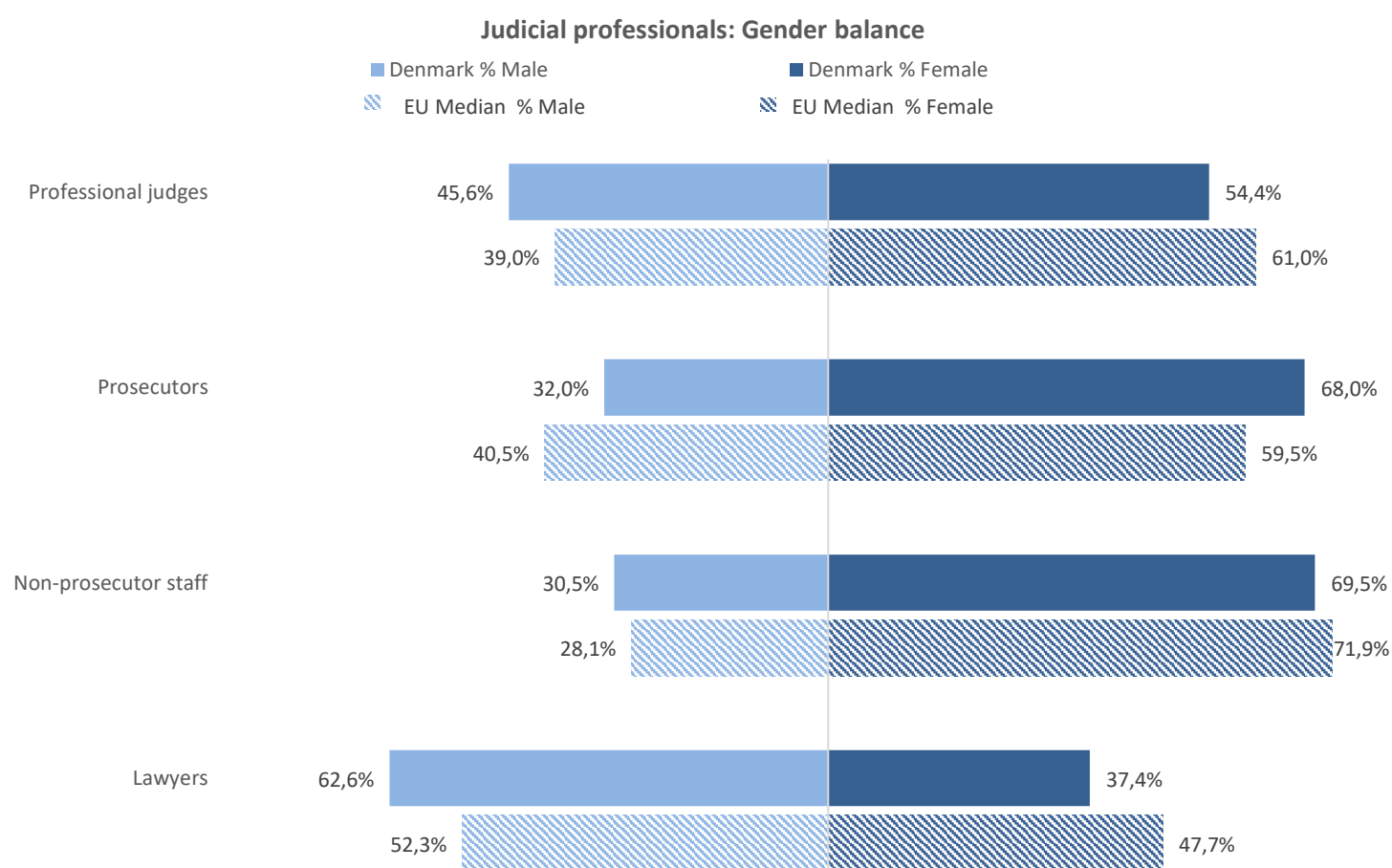
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	375	6,44	23,92
Non-judge staff	1 816	31,10	59,00
Prosecutors	757	12,96	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	1 670	28,60	15,22
Lawyers	6 870	117,64	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	45,6%	54,4%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	32,0%	68,0%
Non-prosecutor staff	30,5%	69,5%
Lawyers	62,6%	37,4%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Denmark

In Denmark, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✔
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

In Denmark, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

In all criminal cases, a defense attorney is appointed to defendants. Victims of certain criminal offences (for example sexual offences, homicide and acts of violence) have access to representation in court by a support attorney. Basic legal advice is available to all persons in criminal cases. Further legal advice is only available subject to certain economic criteria.

With regard to other than criminal cases, legal aid can be granted for all necessary costs associated with the proceedings. The court decides which expenses are covered by legal aid. For example, expenses that with good reason have been held in connection with a trial.

Under special circumstances fees for technical advisors or experts are covered in criminal cases.

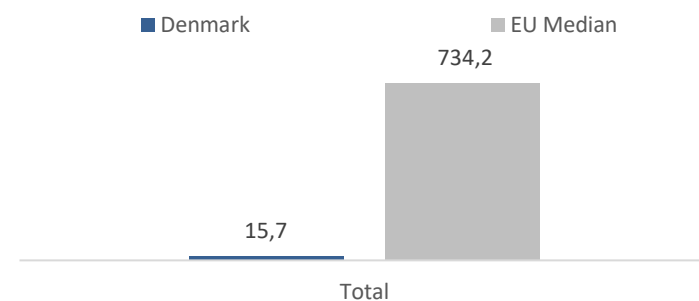
In respect of fees related to the enforcement of judicial decisions, it should be mentioned that according to the article 500(2) of the Danish Administration of Justice Act, the bailiff's court can grant legal aid if the person appearing before the court is deemed to need a lawyer's assistance.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	918	NAP	NAP
In criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
In other than criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Denmark	EU Median
Total	15,7	734,2
In criminal cases	NAP	330,9
In other than criminal cases	NAP	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NA
- Actual average duration: NA

In Denmark, there is no binding legislation on the maximum duration concerning proceedings for granting legal aid. In 2020, the average processing time in cases of legal aid requests was 60 days.

4. Performance of courts in Denmark

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

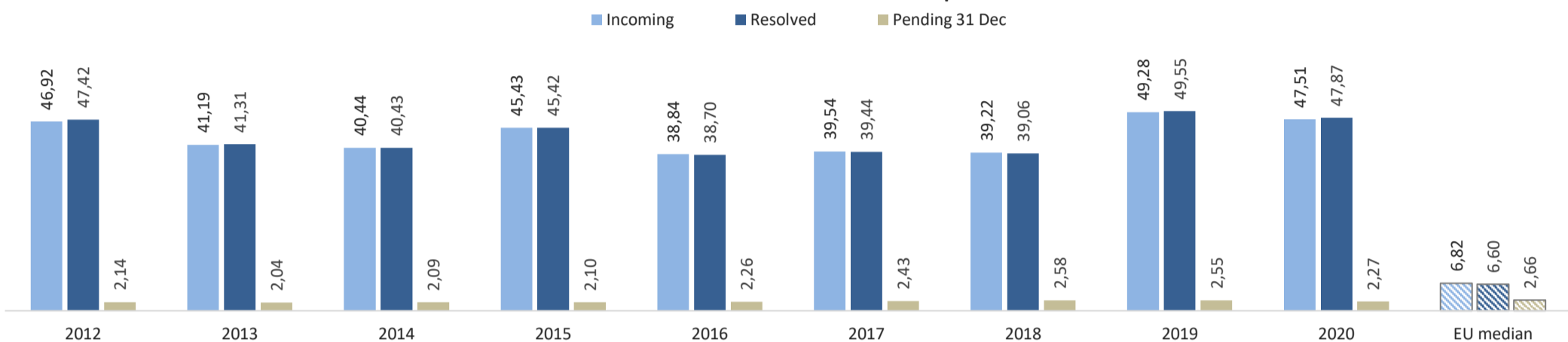
At the outset, it is important to specify that 2020 was an unusual year because of the Covid-19 related close down of society, including close down of courts. Namely, courts were closed for 3 weeks except for vital cases and government assistance to companies helped them and reduced bankruptcies and closures of companies that would normally have happened.

In criminal matters, the number of pending cases increased as the prosecution continued to forward new cases to the courts that could not deal with it.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Denmark (47,51 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

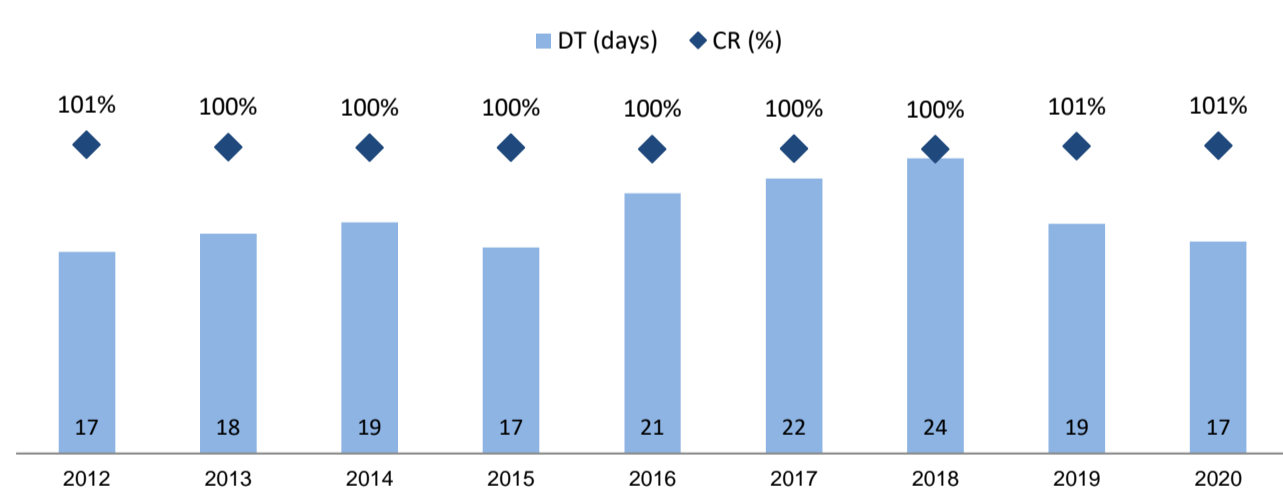
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Denmark (47,87 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Denmark (2,27 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	101%	17
2013	100%	18
2014	100%	19
2015	100%	17
2016	100%	21
2017	100%	22
2018	100%	24
2019	101%	19
2020	101%	17

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,8% in 2020 Denmark seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 0,2 points.

In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 17 days, which is significantly below EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -7,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

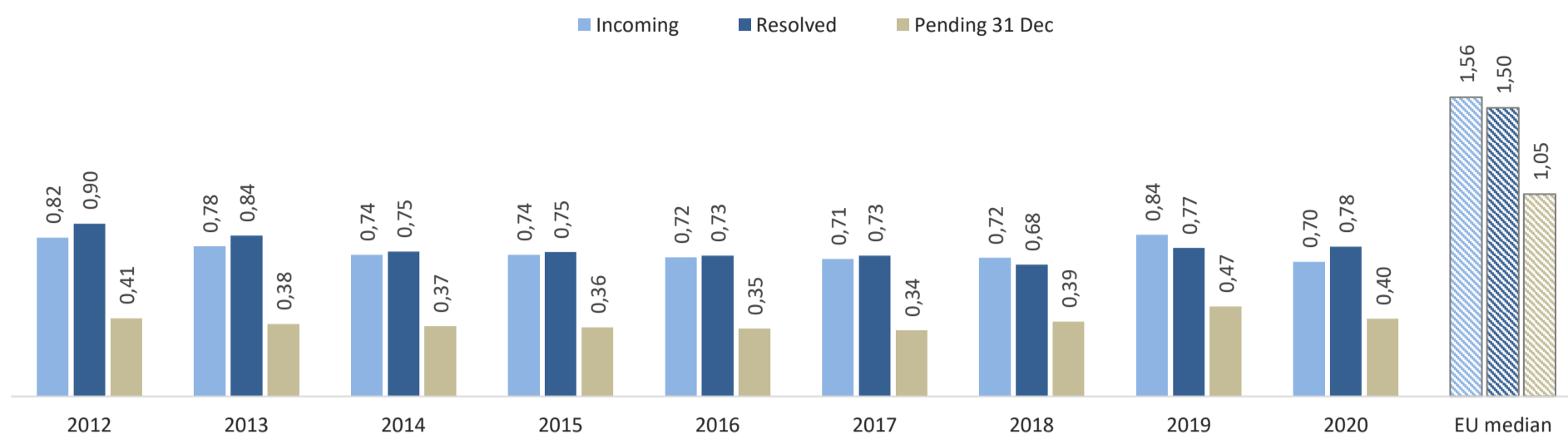
As regards first instance other than criminal law cases, it should be mentioned that land registration is the major source of incoming cases. It fluctuates a lot depending on interest rates, loan rescheduling etc.

It is important to note that because of new regulations/laws, it is possible to start a new company with no prior capital. This causes many more companies and many more closures in some categories and also affects number of pending cases, like for non-litigious business registry cases. Furthermore, the courts received many extra backlogged cases from the Danish Commerce and Companies Agency reinforced closure of companies that were still backlogged in the early 2020.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



It should be stressed that in Denmark, the number of “administrative law cases” which are litigious is encompassed in the number of “civil and commercial litigious cases”.

The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Denmark (0,70 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

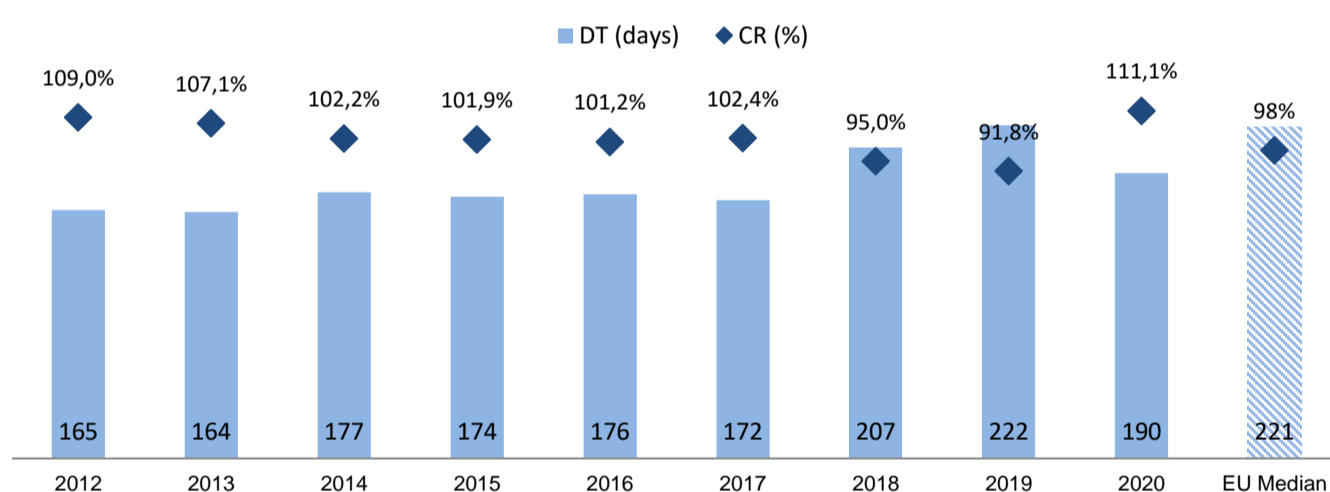
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Denmark (0,78 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Denmark (0,40 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	109,0%	165
2013	107,1%	164
2014	102,2%	177
2015	101,9%	174
2016	101,2%	176
2017	102,4%	172
2018	95,0%	207
2019	91,8%	222
2020	111,1%	190

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 111,1% in 2020, Denmark seems to deal efficiently with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 19,3 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 190 days, which is slightly below EU median of 221 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -14,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

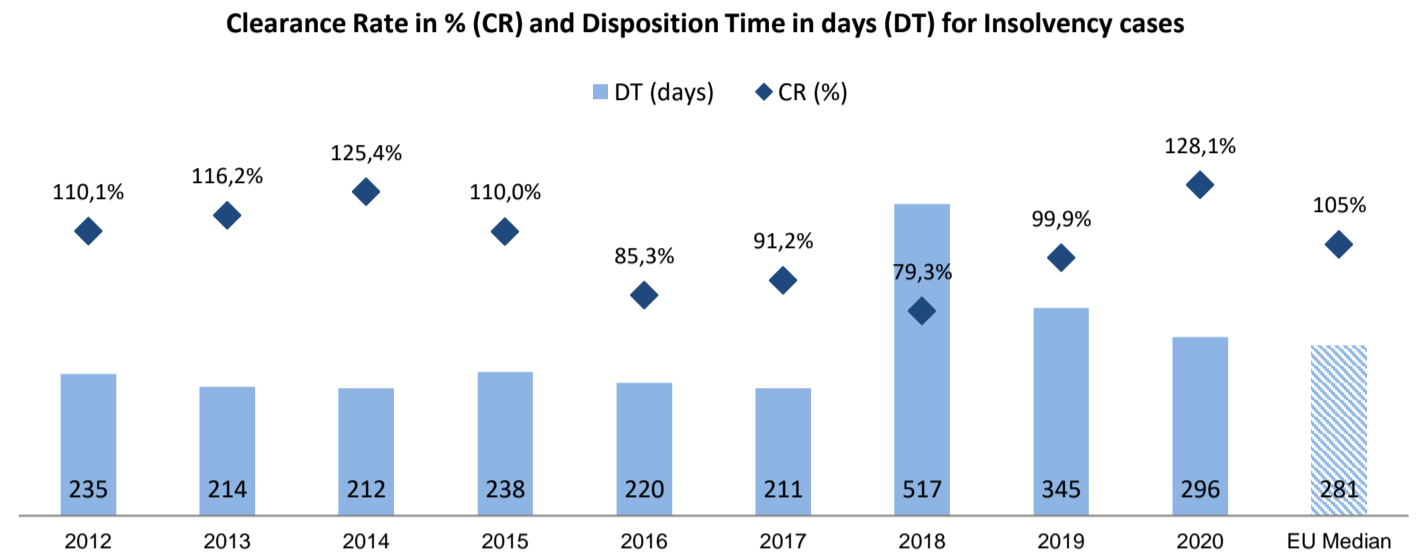
First instance Administrative cases

As explained above, in Denmark, the number of “administrative law cases” which are litigious is encompassed in the number of “civil and commercial litigious cases”.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	110,1%	235
2013	116,2%	214
2014	125,4%	212
2015	110,0%	238
2016	85,3%	220
2017	91,2%	211
2018	79,3%	517
2019	99,9%	345
2020	128,1%	296



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 128,1% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Denmark seems to deal efficiently with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 28,2 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 296 days, which is slightly above EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -14,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

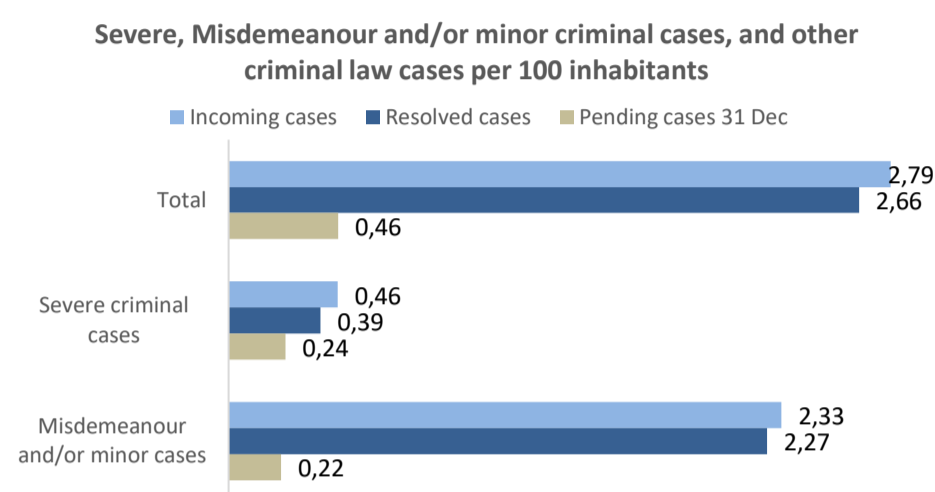
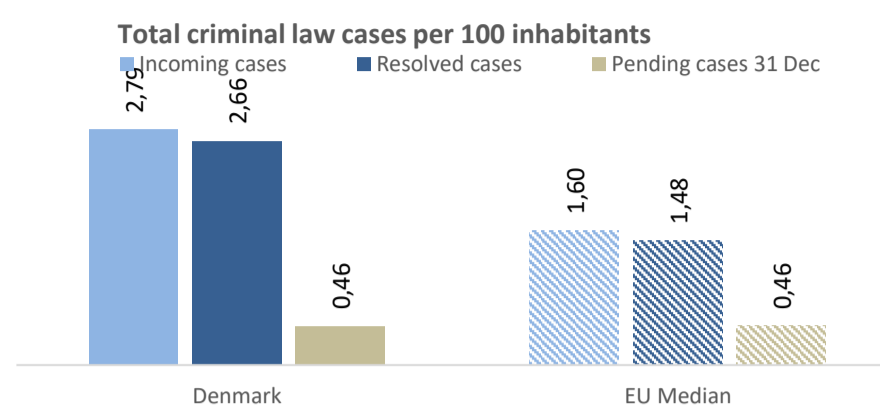
It should be mentioned that due to a number of backlogged forced closures of companies in 2019 by the Danish Commerce and Companies Agency, there was a market increase in the number of bankruptcy cases at the Maritime and Commercial Court in 2020 compared to 2018.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	19 143	162 899	155 064	26 978
Severe criminal cases	9 781	26 889	22 648	14 022
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	9 362	136 010	132 416	12 956
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,33	2,79	2,66	0,46
Severe criminal cases	0,17	0,46	0,39	0,24
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,16	2,33	2,27	0,22
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



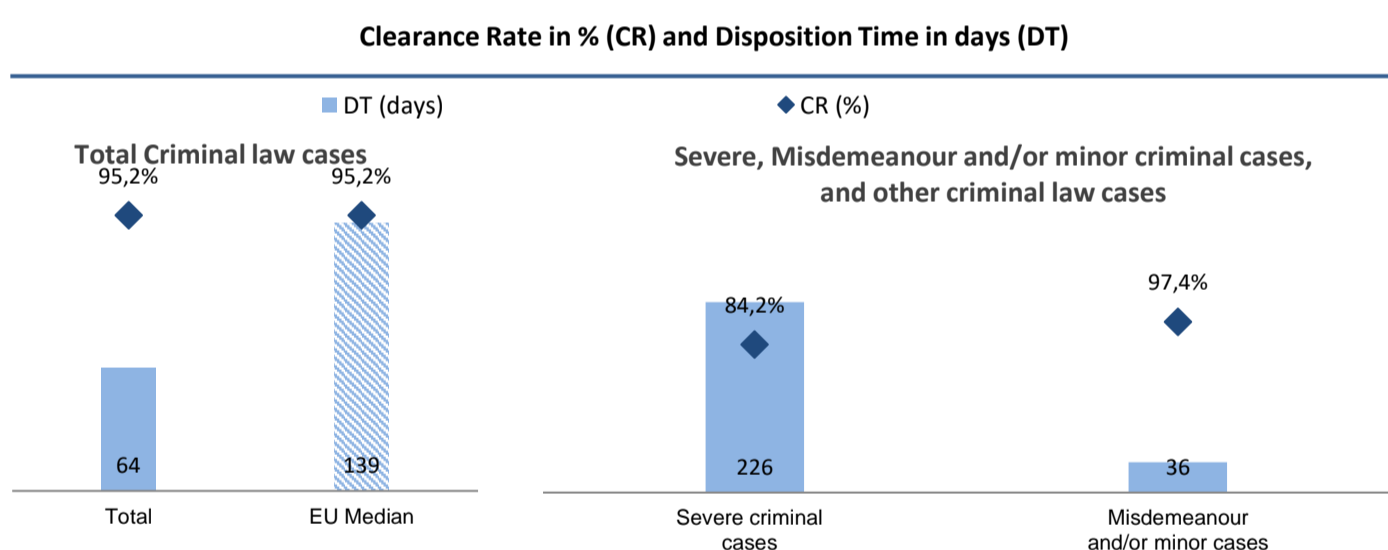
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Denmark (2,79 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Denmark (2,66 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Denmark (0,46 per 100 inhabitants) is -0,0038571491495584 (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	95,2%	64
Severe criminal cases	84,2%	226
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	97,4%	36
Other cases	NAP	NAP



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 95,2% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Denmark seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its total criminal cases.

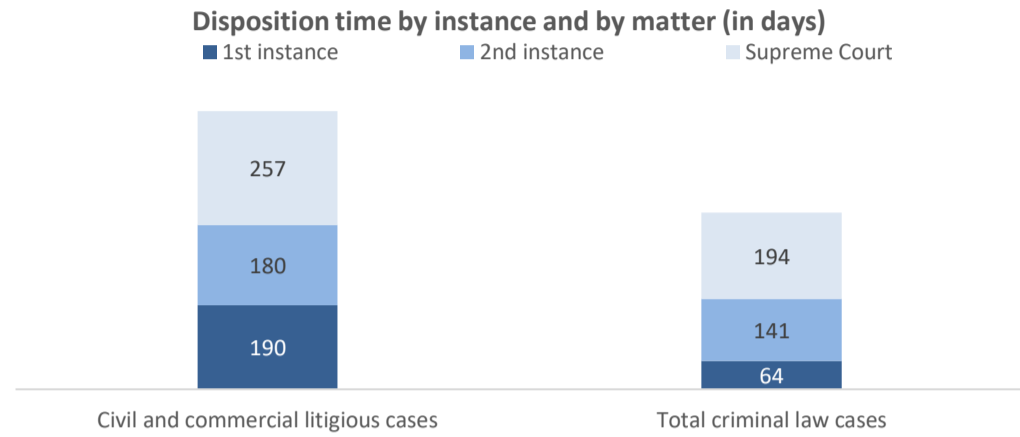
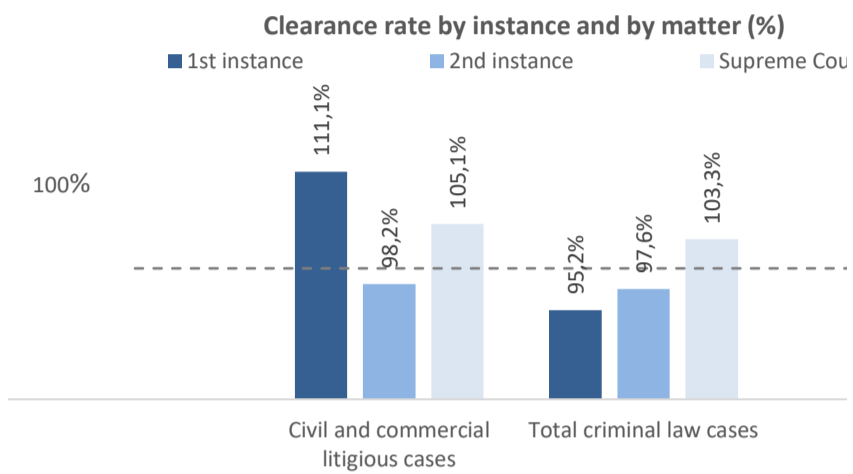
In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 64 days, which is significantly below EU median of 139 days.

Danish Court Administration does not have statistics on pending cases older than 2 years.

When cases are categorised as "severe", it does not mean that deprivation of liberty is the end result, but based on the category chosen by the court to deal with the case, it could include severe offences. Minor cases are typically fines that will never result in deprivation of liberty.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	111,1%	98,2%	105,1%	190	180	257
Administrative cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total criminal law cases	95,2%	97,6%	103,3%	64	141	194



As regards civil and commercial litigious cases (including administrative cases), the Clearance rate is beyond 100% except for second instance cases, where it is close to this threshold. In respect of criminal cases, the Clearance rate is beyond the 100% threshold only with regard to the third instance. Criminal courts prove to be less efficient especially at first instance.

As to the Disposition Time indicator, the Danish value is below the EU median only with regard to first instance civil (the EU being 221 days) and criminal cases (the EU median being 139 days). Second and third instance courts proceedings in both matters are longer.

Generally speaking, criminal proceedings are faster than civil proceedings.

As the number of administrative law cases is encompassed in the number of civil and commercial litigious cases, no separate analysis can be carried out in their respect.

5. Public prosecution services in Denmark

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

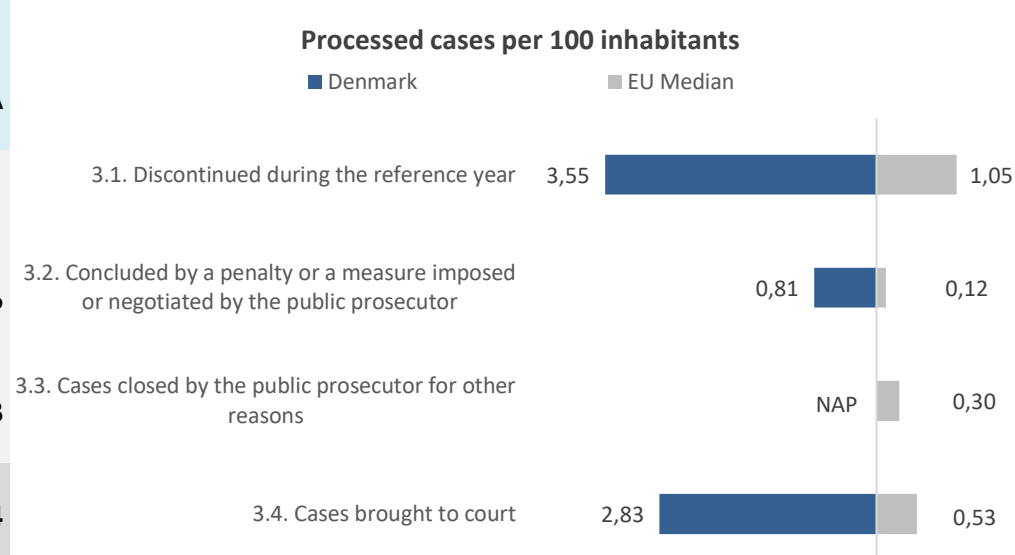
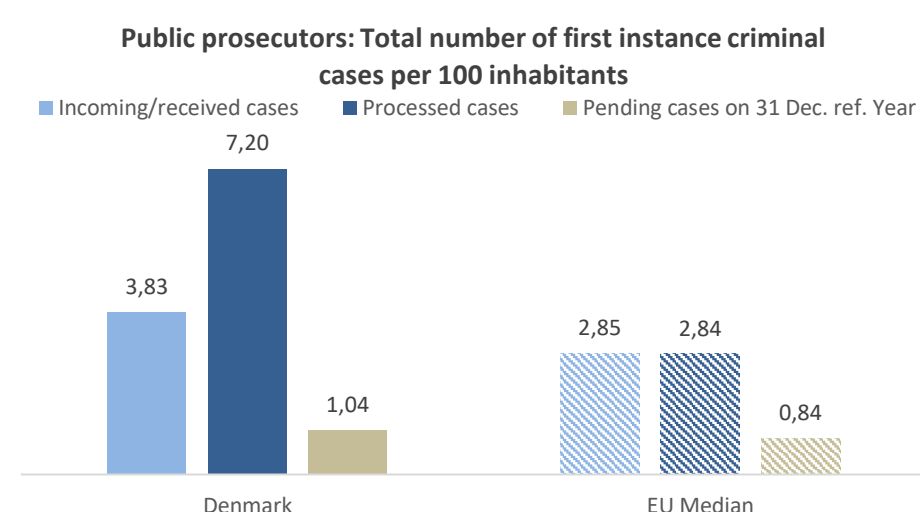
In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Denmark has the following 9 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✗	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The public prosecutor does not have any role in civil, administrative or insolvency cases.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	60 656	1,04
2. Incoming/received cases	223 459	3,83
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	420 204	7,20
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	207 165	3,55
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	769	0,01
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	47 560	0,81
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP
3.4. Cases brought to court	165 479	2,83
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	61 014	1,04



It is noteworthy that the number of processed cases includes both cases dismissed by the police and cases dismissed by the public prosecutor.

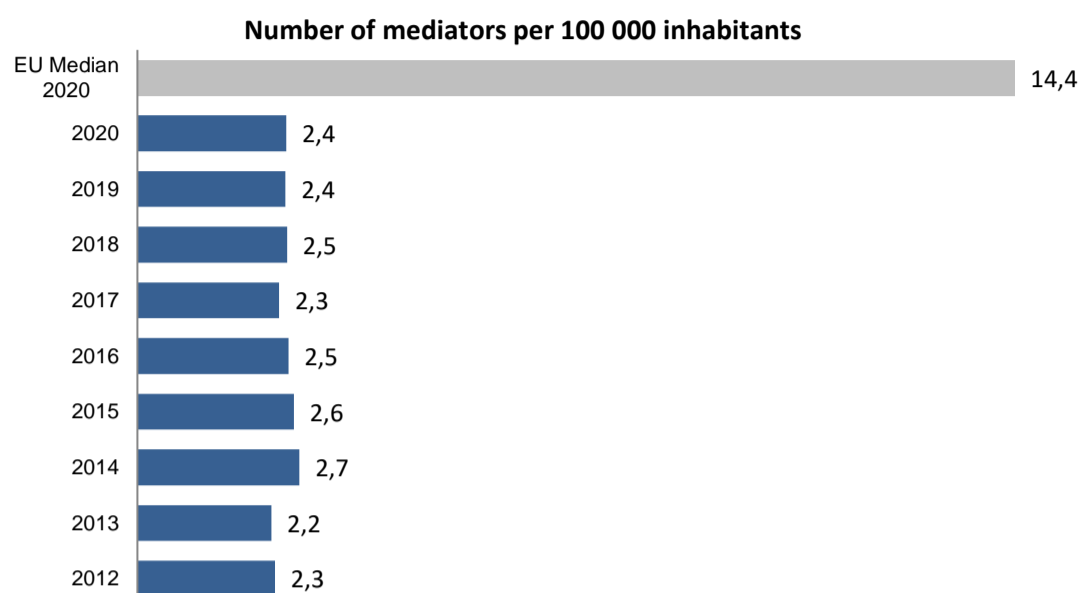
It is not possible to subtract numbers on discontinued cases in the format in items 3.1.1. + 3.1.2 + 3.1.4, as the legal basis in Denmark (sections 721 and 749 of the Administration of Justice Act) is not divided in such subsectors. The data source used in items 1 and 4 (data that do not include post-registration of charges) is different from the data source used in items 2 and 3 (data that includes post-registration of charges). Hence, vertical consistency in the table is not ensured due to post-registrations of further charges.

The number of incoming cases has decreased considerably between 2018 and 2020. This is due to a change in the way of measuring the number of incoming charges. The new methodology is more accurate than the previous one, as it contains all incoming charges and not all processed charges as previously. The number of incoming cases in 2018 is 245.687 when using the new way of measuring.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Denmark

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	127	2,3
2013	124	2,2
2014	151	2,7
2015	147	2,6
2016	143	2,5
2017	135	2,3
2018	143	2,5
2019	142	2,4
2020	143	2,4



In 2020, there are 143 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 2,4 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about 0,7%.

In 2020, among the total, there are 53 registered attorneys who are appointed to serve as mediators in court mediation and 90 registered judges who serves as mediators in court mediation.

The data regarding the number of court-related mediations is not available for 2020.

7. ICT tools of courts in Denmark

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	6,1	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,3	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	5,1	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	0,4	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	2,4	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	6,9	6,9

The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

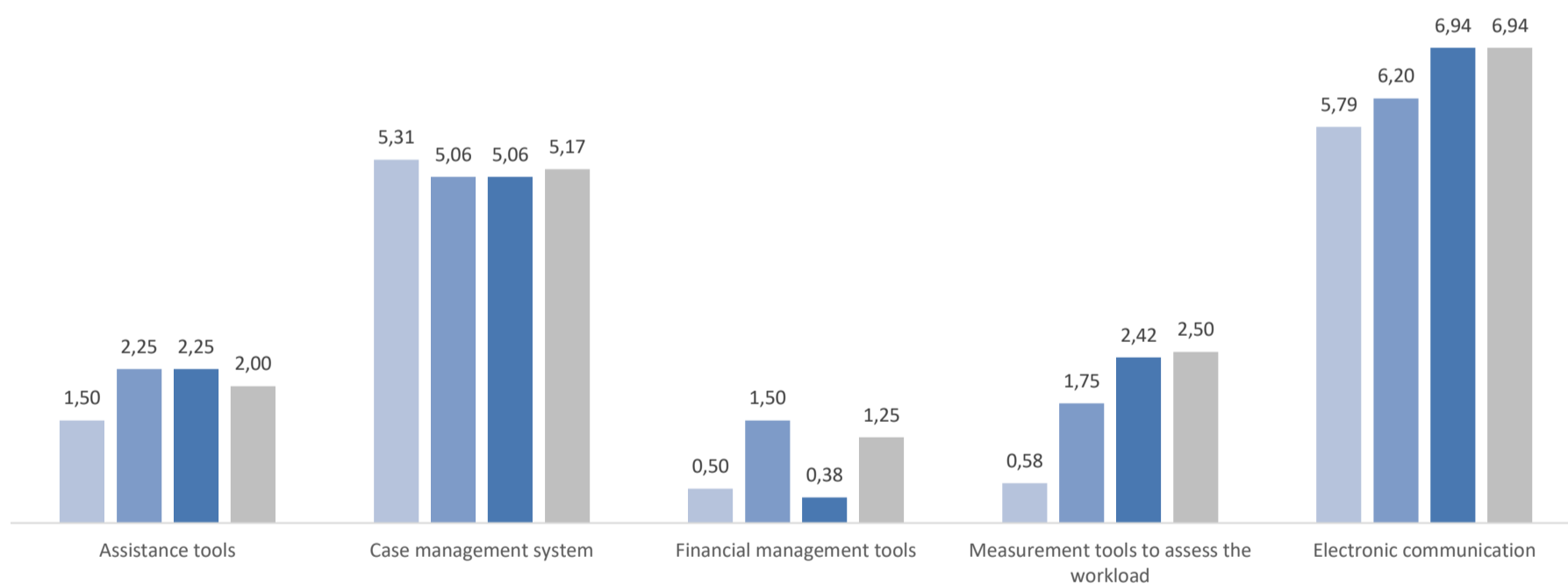
The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020

■ 2018 ■ 2019 ■ 2020 ■ EU Median 2020



Comments on writing assistance tools

For civil/commercial cases the availability rate slightly decreased as the different areas of use and the different patterns of uses have been tested and it was found that there were certain areas that were not covered.

Comments on voice recording tools

Some testing of the quality of the voice recognition was conducted and it was found that the software was unreliable in regards to the Danish language. This initiative will be again moved forward.

Comments on measurement tools on workload

It has been measured the amount of time each judge or staff spends on different categories of work (civil cases, criminal cases, administration etc.). The court activities are calculated in weighted cases. Therefore, the productivity is measured.

As regards judges, according to the Danish Court Administration, the tools deployment rate is 10-49 %. However, it might be higher, namely because on district courts, all judges either fill out how time is spent on a daily basis, or - for appointed judges - on a half-yearly basis. At some courts, the court has decided that the judges, despite Danish Court Administration does not demand it, fill out anyway this daily information. Nevertheless, at a High Court and Supreme court level this is not done. Therefore, the tool deployment rate of 10-49 % is not an absolute but an estimate.

Data are used by Danish Court Administration. It is up to the individual court, to decide how they use and how closely they monitor the judge staff. The same counts for non-judge staff.

Regarding prosecutor staff, the Danish Court Administration has no data. As regards public prosecutors, overall, there have been no changes to the systems that help assess how the workload is for public prosecutors, but due to ongoing interest in how the workload is distributed – not only for the single employee but also the districts between – it is estimated that there has been an increase in the percentage (from 10-49% to 50-99%). The workload is monitored in more general terms centrally through the Attorney General's office and locally the districts/local prosecution monitor their prosecutors and the workload more closely. The tool deployment rate of 50-99% is therefore not an absolute but an estimate since there has been an increase in the focus on monitoring the workload.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Denmark

In Denmark, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

Denmark attaches great importance to independence. Therefore, Danish Court Administration does not evaluate the performance or productivity of individual judges. However, overall productivity and case flow are followed as they are used to allocate resources and to identify the court most in need of vacant judge positions.

In Denmark, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

More precisely, the evaluation is conducted monthly, quarterly, half yearly and yearly.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

It should be stressed that the data is collected for all parts of the judicial system, such as the police, public prosecution, courts and the prison system. The data is used to measure the performance of the individual agencies/administrations, but also - and perhaps most importantly - to measure the interplay between these.

The evaluation of the courts activities is used for the subsequent allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

The prosecution makes quarterly reports to the Ministry of Justice on data regarding number of cases, the Clearance rate, etc.

Disposition time is measured indirectly through a report that measures all steps in a criminal case from arrest to imprisonment. There is no direct measure of disposition time, but it can be read from this report.

Satisfaction of the prosecution staff has always been measured but not by the Ministry of Justice. The prosecution makes an annual survey on the satisfaction of the prosecution staff.

In Denmark, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

More specifically, the report is carried out on a monthly basis.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

It should be noted that there are no performance indicators that measure length of proceedings directly. Even if they are measured indirectly, since there are performance measures on the time from a case is given to the public prosecution until the case is resolved, it is more correct to state that timeframes are not measured in Denmark.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions												
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020				
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																						
Q1 Number of inhabitants	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	5 840 045		4,2%	0,4%	0,6%	0,8%	0,7%	0,6%	0,4%	0,3%	0,3%			
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	43 738	45 171	45 744	46 836	48 474	50 100	51 280	53 189	53 470		22,3%	3,3%	1,3%	2,4%	3,5%	3,4%	2,4%	3,7%	0,5%			
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7		-0,3%	0,0%	-0,2%	0,2%	-0,3%	-1,2%	1,7%	0,1%	-0,5%			

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases								True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)								True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases								True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases								True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs								True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff								False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff								False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures								False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals								False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio								False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate								False	False	False
078.1.13 Disposition time								False	False	False
078.1.14 Other								True	True	True
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators										True

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
078-1.1.13 Other									True										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources								True	False	True									
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)								True	True	True									
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency								False	False	False									
073-2.1.4 Other								False	True	False									
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance										True									

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
073-4.1.1 Annual									False									
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False									
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True									
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True									
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									False									
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True									
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True									
073-6.1.4 Other									False									
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	False									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	False									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	False									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False									

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									-										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									-										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									-										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP										

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									False										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									True										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	NAP	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	24	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																			
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																			
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	143 328	117 611	114 483	116 296	122 137	136 043	144 319	164 281	153 654	7,2%	-17,9%	-2,7%	1,6%	5,0%	11,4%	6,1%	13,8%	-6,5%	
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 505	23 845	21 282	20 933	20 790	20 909	20 458	23 273	28 176	6,3%	-10,0%	-10,7%	-1,6%	-0,7%	0,6%	-2,2%	13,8%	21,1%	
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	64 939	66 789	73 598	87 083	94 887	110 970	94 970	-	-	-	2,8%	10,2%	18,3%	9,0%	16,9%	-14,4%	
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	76 701	56 974	57 523	60 220	66 980	77 671	83 319	87 757	77 017	0,4%	-25,7%	1,0%	4,7%	11,2%	16,0%	7,3%	5,3%	-12,2%	
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 416	6 569	6 618	7 012	9 229	20 541	15 105	-	-	-	-11,4%	0,7%	6,0%	31,6%	122,6%	-26,5%	
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	1 333	2 460	1 680	1 616	971	1 728	3 094	2 223	3 173	138,0%	84,5%	-31,7%	-3,8%	-39,9%	78,0%	79,1%	-28,2%	42,7%	
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	7 136	6 841	5 736	4 953	5 647	5 284	6 135	18 318	11 932	67,2%	-4,1%	-16,2%	-13,7%	14,0%	-6,4%	16,1%	198,6%	-34,9%	
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 400	2 339	2 672	2 848	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2,5%	14,2%	6,6%	
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	28 748	27 491	28 262	28 574	27 749	28 051	28 974	30 043	30 508	6,1%	-4,4%	2,8%	1,1%	-2,9%	1,1%	3,3%	3,7%	1,5%	
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 628 863	2 316 568	2 288 883	2 592 856	2 232 881	2 286 018	2 277 208	2 869 512	2 774 689	5,5%	-11,9%	-1,2%	13,3%	-13,9%	2,4%	-0,4%	26,0%	-3,3%	
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	46 213	43 878	41 717	42 053	41 620	41 329	41 854	48 940	40 928	-11,4%	-5,1%	-4,9%	0,8%	-1,0%	-0,7%	1,3%	16,9%	-16,4%	
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 115 501	2 420 680	2 060 019	2 104 528	2 076 446	2 650 449	2 557 380	-	-	-	14,4%	-14,9%	2,2%	-1,3%	27,6%	-3,5%	
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	371 900	370 649	359 920	346 762	352 091	368 012	357 316	359 176	296 786	-20,2%	-0,3%	-2,9%	-3,7%	1,5%	4,5%	-2,9%	0,5%	-17,4%	
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 755 581	2 073 918	1 707 928	1 732 276	1 714 131	2 285 719	2 255 423	-	-	-	18,1%	-17,6%	1,4%	-1,0%	33,3%	-1,3%	
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 071 492	1 762 764	1 744 916	2 061 209	1 689 939	1 713 233	1 689 592	2 267 166	2 238 608	8,1%	-14,9%	-1,0%	18,1%	-18,0%	1,4%	-1,4%	34,2%	-1,3%	
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	14 694	13 341	10 665	12 709	17 989	19 043	24 539	18 553	16 815	14,4%	-9,2%	-20,1%	19,2%	41,5%	5,9%	28,9%	-24,4%	-9,4%	
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	4 240	4 999	5 554	5 171	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,9%	11,1%	-6,9%	
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	124 021	125 936	131 665	130 123	131 242	140 161	158 908	170 123	176 381	42,2%	1,5%	4,5%	-1,2%	0,9%	6,8%	13,4%	7,1%	3,7%	

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 656 912	2 323 265	2 288 504	2 592 317	2 225 000	2 280 231	2 267 599	2 885 425	2 795 569	5,2%	-12,6%	-1,5%	13,3%	-14,2%	2,5%	-0,6%	27,2%	-3,1%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	50 361	47 009	42 638	42 867	42 116	42 325	39 768	44 924	45 458	-9,7%	-6,7%	-9,3%	0,5%	-1,8%	0,5%	-6,0%	13,0%	1,2%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 114 440	2 418 335	2 052 009	2 098 695	2 070 226	2 670 673	2 573 426	-	-	-	14,4%	-15,1%	2,3%	-1,4%	29,0%	-3,6%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	394 750	372 421	357 102	344 907	344 729	365 470	357 728	373 901	312 743	-20,8%	-5,7%	-4,1%	-3,4%	-0,1%	6,0%	-2,1%	4,5%	-16,4%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 757 338	2 073 428	1 707 280	1 728 773	1 707 761	2 291 277	2 255 800	-	-	-	18,0%	-17,7%	1,3%	-1,2%	34,2%	-1,5%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 070 365	1 763 487	1 745 063	2 061 886	1 689 196	1 711 887	1 690 470	2 266 404	2 239 046	8,1%	-14,8%	-1,0%	18,2%	-18,1%	1,3%	-1,3%	34,1%	-1,2%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	15 366	15 048	12 275	11 542	18 084	16 886	17 291	24 873	16 754	9,0%	-2,1%	-18,4%	-6,0%	56,7%	-6,6%	2,4%	43,8%	-32,6%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	4 452	4 737	5 495	4 883	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,4%	16,0%	-11,1%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	125 486	125 300	131 426	131 115	130 875	139 211	157 605	169 828	176 685	40,8%	-0,1%	4,9%	-0,2%	-0,2%	6,4%	13,2%	7,8%	4,0%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	120 108	114 531	118 484	119 689	129 683	140 504	149 974	148 368	132 774	10,5%	-4,6%	3,5%	1,0%	8,3%	8,3%	6,7%	-1,1%	-10,5%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	22 804	21 120	20 705	20 458	20 294	19 913	22 544	27 289	23 646	3,7%	-7,4%	-2,0%	-1,2%	-0,8%	-1,9%	13,2%	21,0%	-13,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	69 113	71 458	81 302	91 552	97 182	90 746	78 924	-	-	-	3,4%	13,8%	12,6%	6,1%	-6,6%	-13,0%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	57 548	57 559	62 626	64 876	74 342	80 213	82 907	73 032	61 060	6,1%	0,0%	8,8%	3,6%	14,6%	7,9%	3,4%	-11,9%	-16,4%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6 487	6 582	6 960	9 151	11 674	14 983	14 728	-	-	-	1,5%	5,7%	31,5%	27,6%	28,3%	-1,7%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	2 460	1 737	1 533	939	1 714	3 074	2 216	2 985	2 735	11,2%	-29,4%	-11,7%	-38,7%	82,5%	79,3%	-27,9%	34,7%	-8,4%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	6 852	5 751	4 954	5 643	5 246	6 077	9 458	11 998	11 993	75,0%	-16,1%	-13,9%	13,9%	-7,0%	15,8%	55,6%	26,9%	0,0%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 188	2 601	2 731	3 136	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,9%	5,0%	14,8%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	27 580	28 364	28 666	27 773	28 087	29 039	30 248	30 333	30 204	9,5%	2,8%	1,1%	-3,1%	1,1%	3,4%	4,2%	0,3%	-0,4%

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,1%	100,3%	100,0%	100,0%	99,6%	99,7%	99,6%	100,6%	100,8%	(0,31)	(0,77)	(0,30)	(0,00)	(0,33)	0,10	(0,17)	0,98	0,20
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	109,0%	107,1%	102,2%	101,9%	101,2%	102,4%	95,0%	91,8%	111,1%	1,92	(1,69)	(4,60)	(0,27)	(0,73)	1,20	(7,22)	(3,39)	21,00
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	99,9%	99,9%	99,6%	99,7%	99,7%	100,8%	100,6%	-	-	-	(0,05)	(0,29)	0,11	(0,02)	1,07	(0,13)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	106,1%	100,5%	99,2%	99,5%	97,9%	99,3%	100,1%	104,1%	105,4%	(0,72)	(5,34)	(1,26)	0,25	(1,56)	1,43	0,81	3,98	1,23
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	100,1%	100,0%	100,0%	99,8%	99,6%	100,2%	100,0%	-	-	-	(0,12)	(0,01)	(0,16)	(0,17)	0,62	(0,23)
CR Non litigious land registry cases	99,9%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	99,9%	100,1%	100,0%	100,0%	0,07	0,10	(0,03)	0,02	(0,08)	(0,03)	0,13	(0,09)	0,05
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	104,6%	112,8%	115,1%	90,8%	100,5%	88,7%	70,5%	134,1%	99,6%	(4,72)	7,86	2,04	(21,09)	10,69	(11,79)	(20,54)	90,26	(25,68)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	105,0%	94,8%	98,9%	94,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,75)	4,41	(4,56)
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	101,2%	99,5%	99,8%	100,8%	99,7%	99,3%	99,2%	99,8%	100,2%	(1,00)	(1,67)	0,33	0,95	(1,03)	(0,40)	(0,14)	0,65	0,35
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	17	18	19	17	21	22	24	19	17	5,1%	9,1%	5,0%	-10,8%	26,2%	5,7%	7,3%	-22,3%	-7,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	165	164	177	174	176	172	207	222	190	14,9%	-0,8%	8,1%	-1,7%	1,0%	-2,4%	20,5%	7,2%	-14,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	12	11	14	16	17	12	11	-	-	-	-9,6%	34,1%	10,1%	7,6%	-27,6%	-9,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	53	56	64	69	79	80	85	71	71	33,9%	6,0%	13,5%	7,3%	14,7%	1,8%	5,6%	-15,7%	0,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-14,0%	28,4%	29,8%	29,1%	-4,3%	-0,2%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2,8%	-17,1%	-10,8%	-48,2%	122,8%	77,0%	-27,0%	0,5%	-7,3%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	163	139	147	178	106	131	200	176	261	60,5%	-14,3%	5,6%	21,1%	-40,7%	24,1%	52,0%	-11,8%	48,4%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	179	200	181	234	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,7%	-9,5%	29,2%
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	80	83	80	77	78	76	70	65	62	-22,2%	3,0%	-3,6%	-2,9%	1,3%	-2,8%	-8,0%	-6,9%	-4,3%

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	2 257	1 994	1 892	1 816	1 557	1 640	1 534	1 533	1 734	-23,2%	-11,7%	-5,1%	-4,0%	-14,3%	5,3%	-6,5%	-0,1%	13,1%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	6 300	5 817	4 952	4 226	4 182	4 406	8 593	9 895	10 184	61,7%	-7,7%	-14,9%	-14,7%	-1,0%	5,4%	95,0%	15,2%	2,9%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	5 219	5 124	4 852	4 005	4 375	4 124	3 911	4 840	7 239	38,7%	-1,8%	-5,3%	-17,5%	9,2%	-5,7%	-5,2%	23,8%	49,6%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	8 199	7 291	5 808	5 815	8 499	8 454	9 381	10 504	7 707	-6,0%	-11,1%	-20,3%	0,1%	46,2%	-0,5%	11,0%	12,0%	-26,6%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	5 497	5 237	4 946	4 286	4 314	4 212	3 905	4 637	7 013	27,6%	-4,7%	-5,6%	-13,3%	0,7%	-2,4%	-7,3%	18,7%	51,2%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	9 024	8 472	7 283	6 399	7 248	7 708	7 438	10 489	9 873	9,4%	-6,1%	-14,0%	-12,1%	13,3%	6,3%	-3,5%	41,0%	-5,9%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	2 000	1 890	1 817	1 546	1 618	1 552	1 540	1 736	1 960	-2,0%	-5,5%	-3,9%	-14,9%	4,7%	-4,1%	-0,8%	12,7%	12,9%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	5 820	4 958	4 223	4 176	4 377	4 459	10 536	9 910	8 018	37,8%	-14,8%	-14,8%	-1,1%	4,8%	1,9%	136,3%	-5,9%	-19,1%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	105,3%	102,2%	101,9%	107,0%	98,6%	102,1%	99,8%	95,8%	96,9%	(8,02)	(2,96)	(0,26)	4,98	(7,86)	3,58	(2,24)	(4,05)	1,12
CR Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	110,1%	116,2%	125,4%	110,0%	85,3%	91,2%	79,3%	99,9%	128,1%	16,39	5,57	7,92	(12,24)	(22,50)	6,91	(13,04)	25,94	28,29
DT Litigious divorce cases	133	132	134	132	137	134	144	137	102	-23,2%	-0,8%	1,8%	-1,8%	4,0%	-1,8%	7,0%	-5,1%	-25,3%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	235	214	212	238	220	211	517	345	296	25,9%	-9,3%	-0,9%	12,5%	-7,5%	-4,2%	144,9%	-33,3%	-14,0%

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			3 306	3 065	2 580	2 137	1 935	2 183	2 466	-	-	-	-7,3%	-15,8%	-17,2%	-9,5%	12,8%	13,0%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 306	3 065	2 580	2 137	1 935	2 183	2 466	-	-	-	-7,3%	-15,8%	-17,2%	-9,5%	12,8%	13,0%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 330	5 214	5 075	4 819	4 839	5 022	5 271	-	-	-	-17,6%	-2,7%	-5,0%	0,4%	3,8%	5,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			6 330	5 214	5 075	4 819	4 839	5 022	5 271	-	-	-	-17,6%	-2,7%	-5,0%	0,4%	3,8%	5,0%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 577	5 690	5 525	5 063	4 636	4 717	5 177	-	-	-	-13,5%	-2,9%	-8,4%	-8,4%	1,7%	9,8%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			6 577	5 690	5 525	5 063	4 636	4 717	5 177	-	-	-	-13,5%	-2,9%	-8,4%	-8,4%	1,7%	9,8%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			3 059	2 589	2 130	1 893	2 138	2 488	2 560	-	-	-	-15,4%	-17,7%	-11,1%	12,9%	16,4%	2,9%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 059	2 589	2 130	1 893	2 138	2 488	2 560	-	-	-	-15,4%	-17,7%	-11,1%	12,9%	16,4%	2,9%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			103,9%	109,1%	108,9%	105,1%	95,8%	93,9%	98,2%	-	-	-	5,03	(0,24)	(3,49)	(8,81)	(1,96)	4,57
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			103,9%	109,1%	108,9%	105,1%	95,8%	93,9%	98,2%	-	-	-	5,03	(0,24)	(3,49)	(8,81)	(1,96)	4,57
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			170	166	141	136	168	193	180	-	-	-	-2,2%	-15,3%	-3,0%	23,3%	14,4%	-6,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			170	166	141	136	168	193	180	-	-	-	-2,2%	-15,3%	-3,0%	23,3%	14,4%	-6,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			222	159	114	131	100	133	156	-	-	-	-28,4%	-28,3%	14,9%	-23,7%	33,0%	17,3%	
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			222	159	114	131	100	133	156	-	-	-	-28,4%	-28,3%	14,9%	-23,7%	33,0%	17,3%	
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			223	230	248	215	257	302	197	-	-	-	3,1%	7,8%	-13,3%	19,5%	17,5%	-34,8%	
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			223	230	248	215	257	302	197	-	-	-	3,1%	7,8%	-13,3%	19,5%	17,5%	-34,8%	
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			295	275	231	236	236	272	207	-	-	-	-6,8%	-16,0%	2,2%	0,0%	15,3%	-23,9%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			295	275	231	236	236	272	207	-	-	-	-6,8%	-16,0%	2,2%	0,0%	15,3%	-23,9%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			151	114	131	110	121	163	146	-	-	-	-24,5%	14,9%	-16,0%	10,0%	34,7%	-10,4%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			151	114	131	110	121	163	146	-	-	-	-24,5%	14,9%	-16,0%	10,0%	34,7%	-10,4%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			132,3%	119,6%	93,1%	109,8%	91,8%	90,1%	105,1%	-	-	-	(9,62)	(22,10)	17,85	(16,34)	(1,92)	16,67
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			132,3%	119,6%	93,1%	109,8%	91,8%	90,1%	105,1%	-	-	-	(9,62)	(22,10)	17,85	(16,34)	(1,92)	16,67
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			187	151	207	170	187	219	257	-	-	-	-19,0%	36,8%	-17,8%	10,0%	16,9%	17,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			187	151	207	170	187	219	257	-	-	-	-19,0%	36,8%	-17,8%	10,0%	16,9%	17,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									19 143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									9 781	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									9 362	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									162 899	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									26 889	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									136 010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									155 064	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									22 648	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									132 416	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									26 978	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									14 022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									12 956	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									95,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									84,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									97,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									226	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									2 114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									2 114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									6 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									6 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									5 857	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									5 857	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									2 257	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									2 257	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									97,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									97,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																				
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020												
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																														
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.1 Total -incoming									60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.1 Total - resolved									62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									103,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Severe cases									103,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									194	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									194	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 5: Access to justice																			
Legal aid																			
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																			
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True									
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True									
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True									
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True									
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True									
020.1.1 Total										918									
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										NAP									
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										NAP									
020.2.1 Total brought to court										NAP									
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NAP									
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										NAP									
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NAP									
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NAP									
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NAP									
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NA									
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA									

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										93								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										125								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										27								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										2 193								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										17								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										82								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										25								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										1 286								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										25 673 €								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										89 833 €								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										28 317 €								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										2 600 362 €								

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	50-99%	50-99%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							NA	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	Pilot testing	Pilot testing										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	Pilot testing	Pilot testing										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	Pilot testing	Pilot testing										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Fully integrated including BI	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not connected at all	Not connected at all	Not connected at all										
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								100%	NA	100%										
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								NA	NA	NA										
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	True	NA	True										
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	False	NA	False										
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	True	NA	True										
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	False	NA	False										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	True	NA	True										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	False	NA	False										
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	1-9%	50-99%	1-9%										
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	1-9%	50-99%	1-9%										
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	0% (NAP)	NA										
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True										
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True										
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NAP	False										
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False										
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True										
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NAP	False										

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							10-49%	10-49%	50-99%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							True	True	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	False	False										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	True	True										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	50-99%	50-99%										
064-2 - Administrative							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							False	False	False										

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	False	True										
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							1-9%		50-99%										
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	-	False										
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							True	-	NAP										
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							True	-	NAP										
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							True	-	NAP										
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	True	True										
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							False	True	True										
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							True	True	True										
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	True	True										
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	True	True										
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	E-mail Other	E-mail Other									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)																		
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	372	355	377	374	372	377	375	375	388	4,3%	-4,6%	6,2%	-0,8%	-0,5%	1,3%	-0,5%	0,0%	3,5%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	259	236	261	260	254	254	258	252	264	1,9%	-8,9%	10,6%	-0,4%	-2,3%	0,0%	1,6%	-2,3%	4,8%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	94	101	97	95	99	105	99	105	106	12,8%	7,4%	-4,0%	-2,1%	4,2%	6,1%	-5,7%	6,1%	1,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	19	18	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	-5,3%	-5,3%	5,6%	0,0%	0,0%	-5,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	183	176	NA	NA	183	184	177	188	177	-3,3%	-3,8%	-	-	-	0,5%	-3,8%	6,2%	-5,9%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	111	101	NA	NA	113	110	110	112	107	-3,6%	-9,0%	-	-	-	-2,7%	0,0%	1,8%	-4,5%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	59	62	58	NA	57	61	54	62	57	-3,4%	5,1%	-6,5%	-	-	7,0%	-11,5%	14,8%	-8,1%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	14	13	14	14	13	13	13	14	13	-7,1%	-7,1%	7,7%	0,0%	-7,1%	0,0%	0,0%	7,7%	-7,1%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	189	179	NA	NA	189	193	198	187	211	11,6%	-5,3%	-	-	-	2,1%	2,6%	-5,6%	12,8%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	148	135	NA	NA	141	144	148	140	157	6,1%	-8,8%	-	-	-	2,1%	2,8%	-5,4%	12,1%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	35	39	39	NA	42	44	45	43	49	40,0%	11,4%	0,0%	-	-	4,8%	2,3%	-4,4%	14,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	5	5	5	5	6	5	5	4	5	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%	-16,7%	0,0%	-20,0%	25,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	701	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	539	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	1 823	1 751	1 754	1 529	1 642	1 634	1 656	1 775	1 816	-0,4%	-3,9%	0,2%	-12,8%	7,4%	-0,5%	1,3%	7,2%	2,3%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	319	308	572	357	275	270	274	331	338	6,0%	-3,4%	85,7%	-37,6%	-23,0%	-1,8%	1,5%	20,8%	2,1%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 072	17	18	14	12	10	9	7	10	-99,1%	-98,4%	5,9%	-22,2%	-14,3%	-16,7%	-10,0%	-22,2%	42,9%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	201	1 360	1 091	1 089	1 285	1 290	1 291	1 345	1 375	584,4%	577,0%	-19,8%	-0,2%	18,0%	0,4%	0,1%	4,2%	2,2%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	67	61	68	63	63	64	72	92	84	25,4%	-9,0%	11,5%	-7,4%	0,0%	1,6%	12,5%	27,8%	-8,7%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	164	5	5	6	7	-	10	-	9	-94,5%	-97,0%	0,0%	20,0%	16,7%	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									1 816	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									1 583	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									202	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									1 670	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									510	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	40 872 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	122 545 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	236 387 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	48 322 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	6 021	6 053	6 134	6 235	6 236	6 450	6 563	6 843	6 870	14,1%	0,5%	1,3%	1,6%	0,0%	3,4%	1,8%	4,3%	0,4%	
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 195	4 307	4 302	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,7%	-0,1%	
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 368	2 536	2 568	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,1%	1,3%	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Denmark (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	127	124	151	147	143	135	143	142	143	12,6%	-2,4%	21,8%	-2,6%	-2,7%	-5,6%	5,9%	-0,7%	0,7%	
167.1.1 Total number started					554	NA	715	617	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-13,7%	-	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					321	328	460	412	NA	-	-	-	-	-	2,2%	40,2%	-10,4%	-	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					190	161	250	198	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-15,3%	55,3%	-20,8%	-	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	2	5	7	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	150,0%	40,0%	-	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

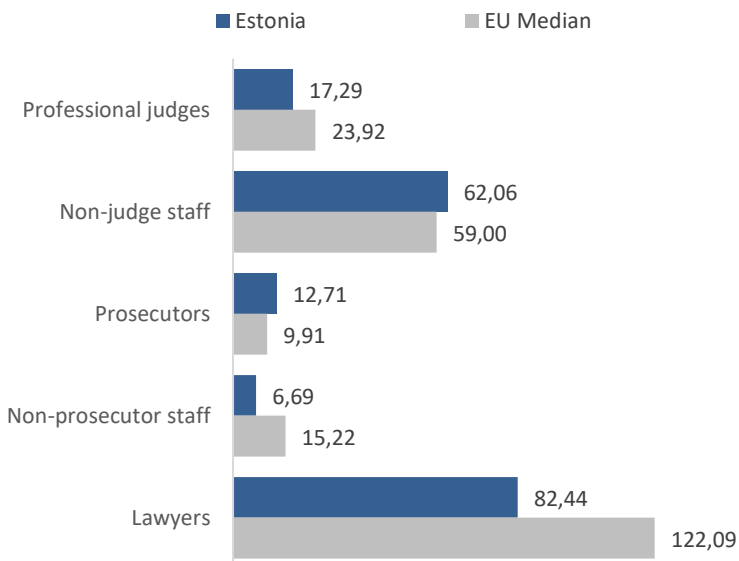
Judiciary at a glance in Estonia

General data

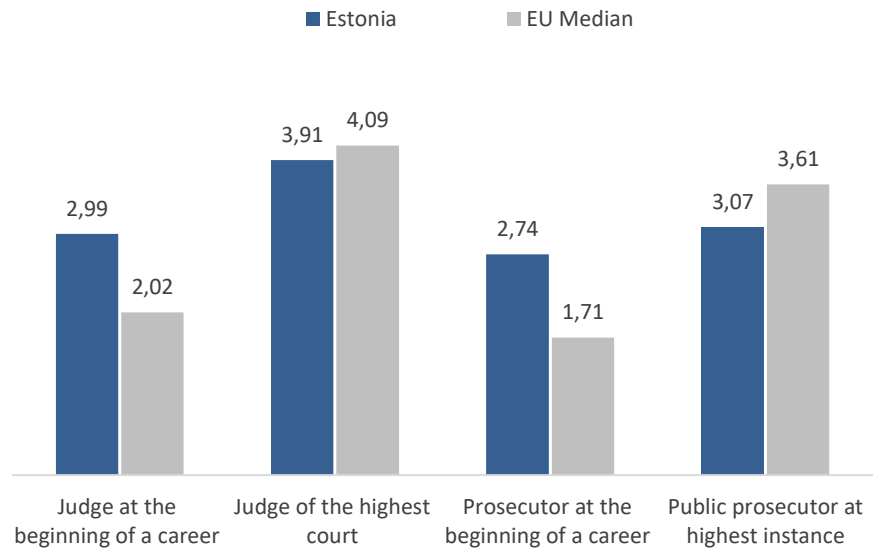
Population: 1 329 460 **GDP per capita:** 20 324 € **Average annual salary:** 17 376 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

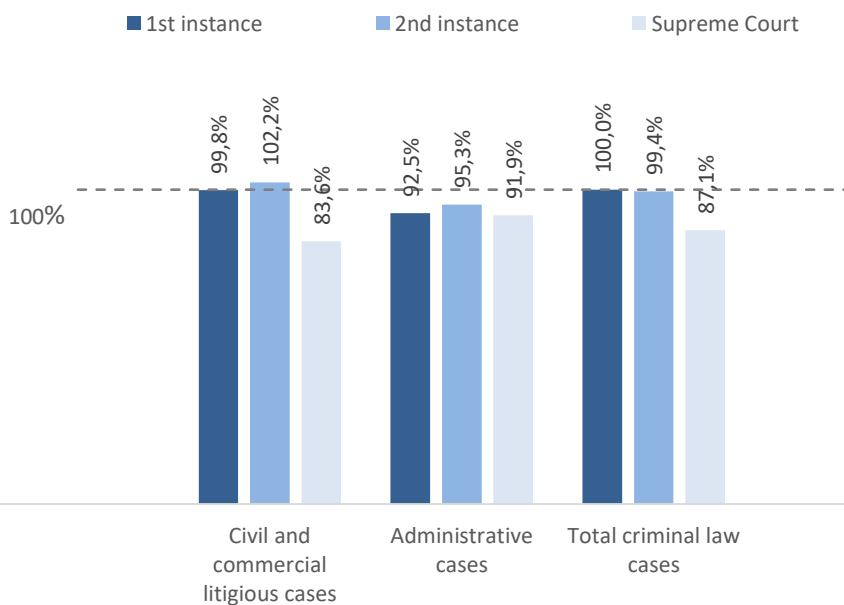


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

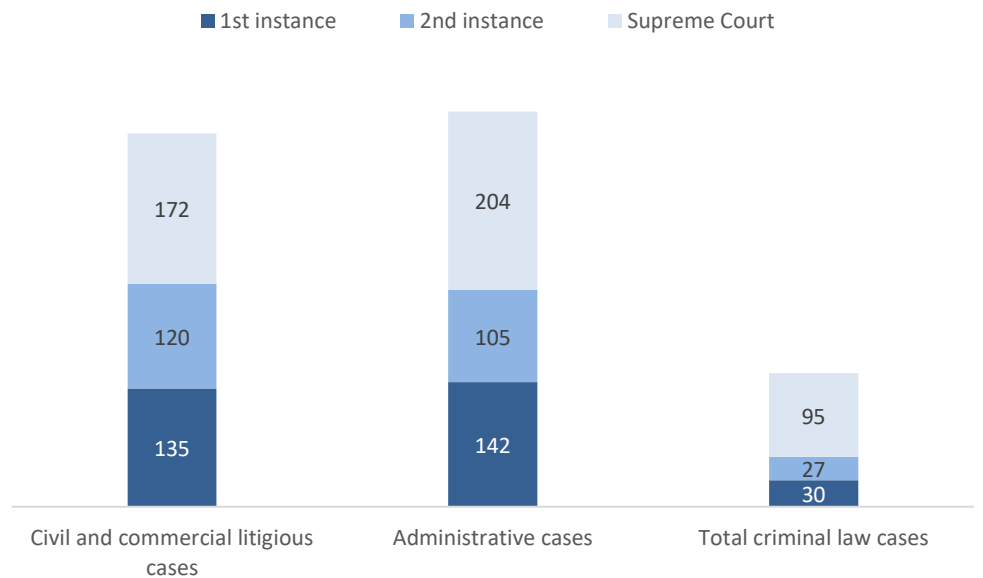


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

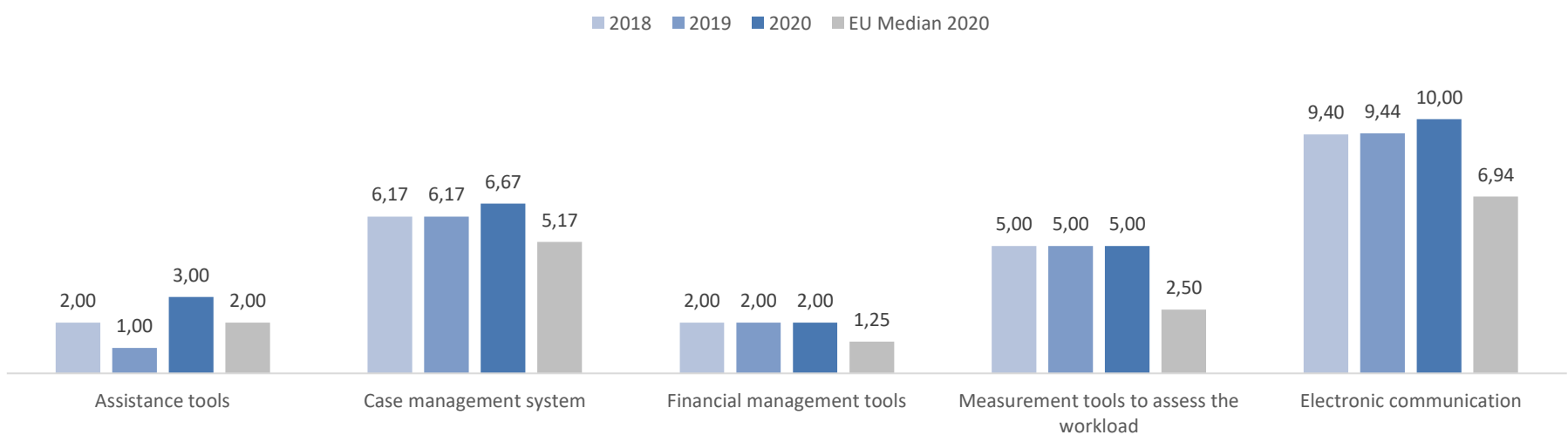


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020

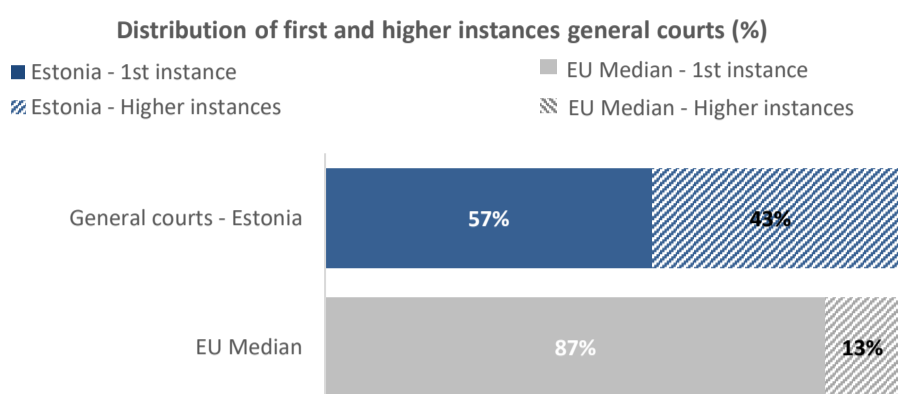


*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

1. Judicial organisation in Estonia

Estonia has 17 courthouses of county courts (first instance courts), 4 courthouses of administrative courts (first instance courts), 2 courthouses of appellate courts (second instance courts) and 1 courthouse of the Supreme Court (highest instance court), all together 24 courthouses. However, as some of the courts are situated in the same house (e.g Tallinn Administrative Court and Tallinn Circuit Court) and taking into account the fact that Pärnu County Court has a courthouse that is divided between two locations, there are 20 actual geographical locations of Estonian courts. Besides, it should be mentioned that in 2020, Tartu county court closed one courthouse.

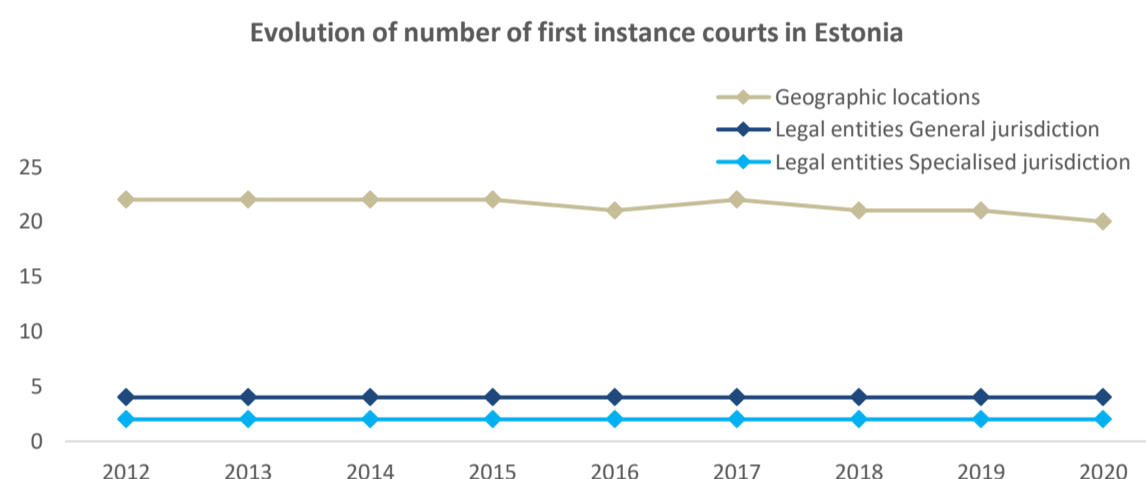
Distribution of general courts in Estonia



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Estonia is different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Estonia

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	22	4	2
2013	22	4	2
2014	22	4	2
2015	22	4	2
2016	21	4	2
2017	22	4	2
2018	21	4	2
2019	21	4	2
2020	20	4	2



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 66,7% - 33,3% is around the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	2	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

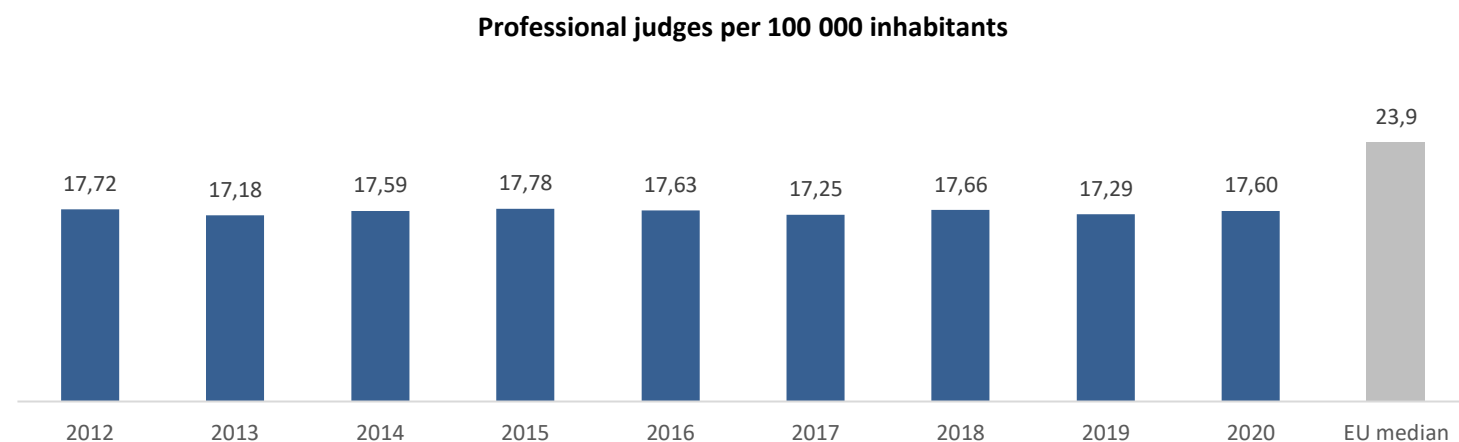
In Estonia, there are no specialized first instance courts, other than administrative courts. All the cases are dealt with by ordinary courts of first instance. The two administrative courts of first instance are situated in Tallinn and Tartu. Nevertheless, for guaranteeing wider access to justice, these two courts have several court buildings in other cities, namely in Pärnu and Jõhvi, where judges and their supporting legal staff are working.

2. Professionals of justice in Estonia

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	228	17,72
2013	226	17,18
2014	231	17,59
2015	234	17,78
2016	232	17,63
2017	227	17,25
2018	233	17,66
2019	229	17,29
2020	234	17,60



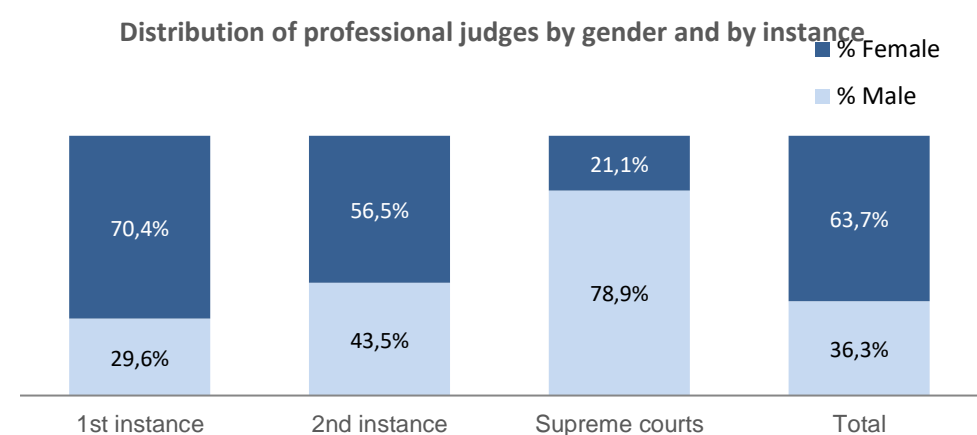
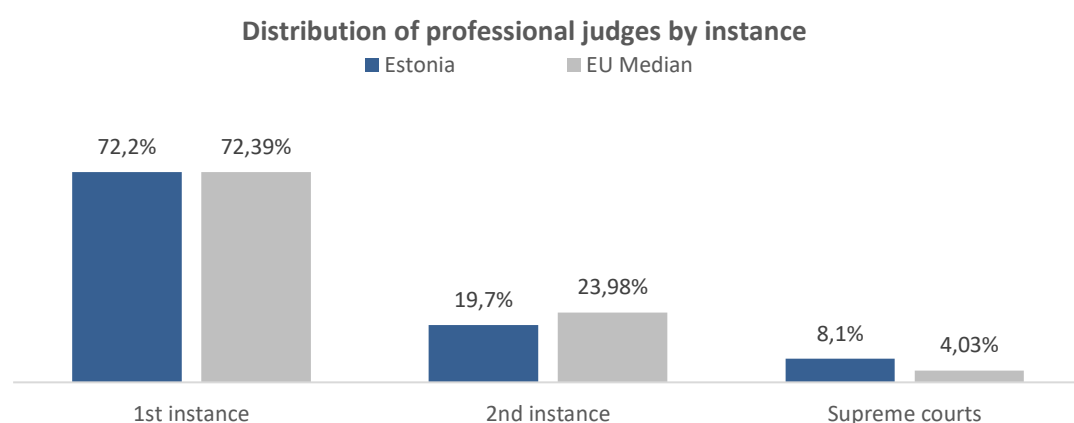
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Estonia is 234, which is 2,2% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Estonia, there are 17,60 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,53 non-judge staff per judge .

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,50 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	169	72,2%	50	119	29,6%	70,4%
2nd instance	46	19,7%	20	26	43,5%	56,5%
Supreme courts	19	8,1%	15	4	78,9%	21,1%
Total	234		85	149	36,3%	63,7%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 149, which represents 63,7% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 169 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 119 are female); 46 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 26 are female) and 19 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 4 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, a similar trend is observed in Estonia. However, the predominance of first and second instance judges is less pronounced, while third instance judges are more numerous.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at third instance.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	169	NA	NA	25	NAP
2nd instance	46	23	12	11	NAP
Supreme courts	19	8	5	6	NAP
Total	234	NA	NA	42	NAP

In Estonia, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

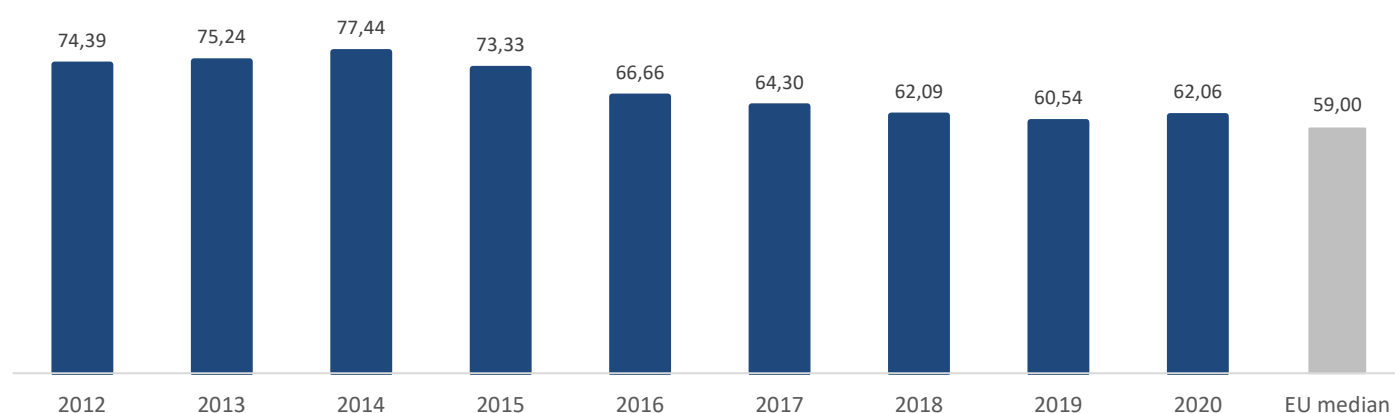
2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	14,8%	NAP
2nd instance	50,0%	26,1%	23,9%	NAP
Supreme courts	42,1%	26,3%	31,6%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	17,9%	NAP

At first instance, the judges are not categorised separated as criminal or civil judges.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	957	990	1 017	965	877	846	819	802	825
Per 100 000 inhabitants	74,39	75,24	77,44	73,33	66,66	64,30	62,09	60,54	62,06

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	825	
Rechtspfleger	51	6,2%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	591	71,6%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	77	9,3%
Technical staff	73	8,8%
Other	33	4,0%

In 2020, Estonia has 825 non-judge staff (of which 701 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,9%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 51 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 46
- 591 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 546 are women);
- 77 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 56 are women);
- 73 technical staff (of which 22 are women);
- 33 other (of which 31 are women);

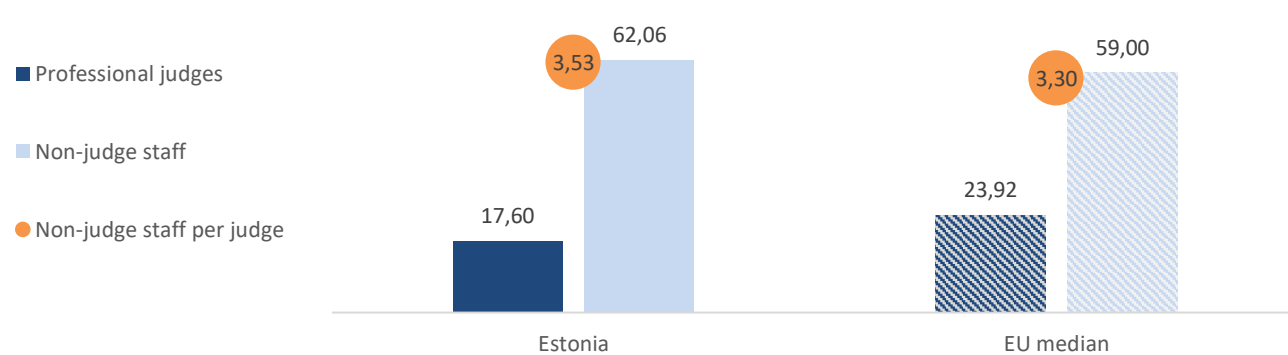
In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 60,5 in 2019 to 62,1 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 17,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 17,6 in 2020.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

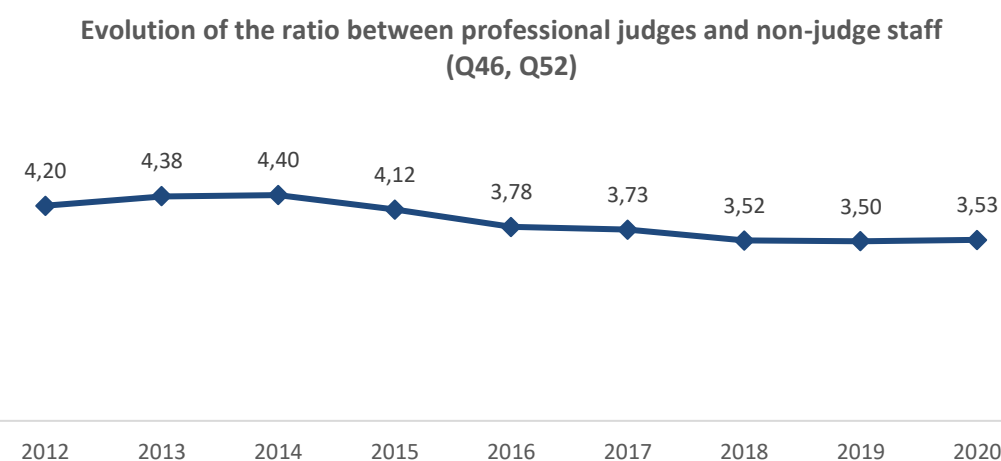
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Estonia	EU median
Professional judges	17,60	23,92
Non-judge staff	62,06	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,53	3,30

Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	17,72	74,39	4,20
2013	17,18	75,24	4,38
2014	17,59	77,44	4,40
2015	17,78	73,33	4,12
2016	17,63	66,66	3,78
2017	17,25	64,30	3,73
2018	17,66	62,09	3,52
2019	17,29	60,54	3,50
2020	17,60	62,06	3,53



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	169		50	119	29,6%	70,4%

In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 119, which represents 70,4% of the total number of prosecutors.

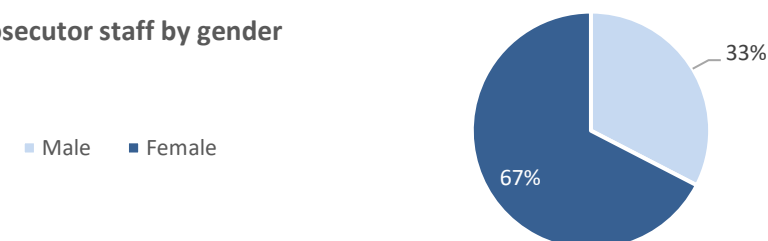
As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noticed that the categorization by instances regarding public prosecutors does not exist in Estonia.

The distribution male/female is therefore not available.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	89	29	60

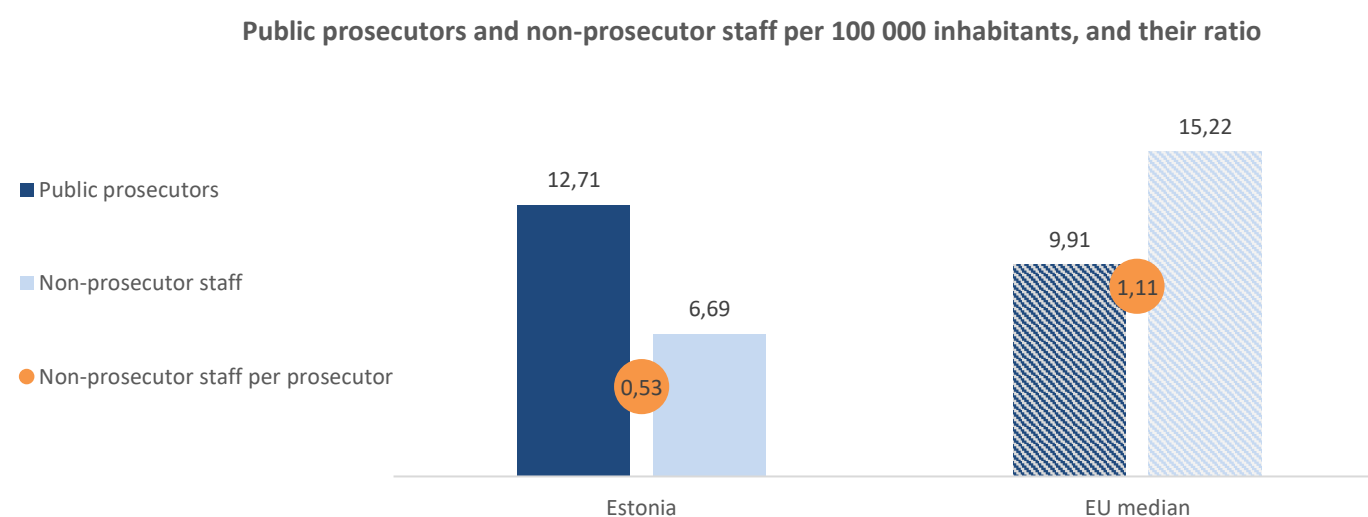
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

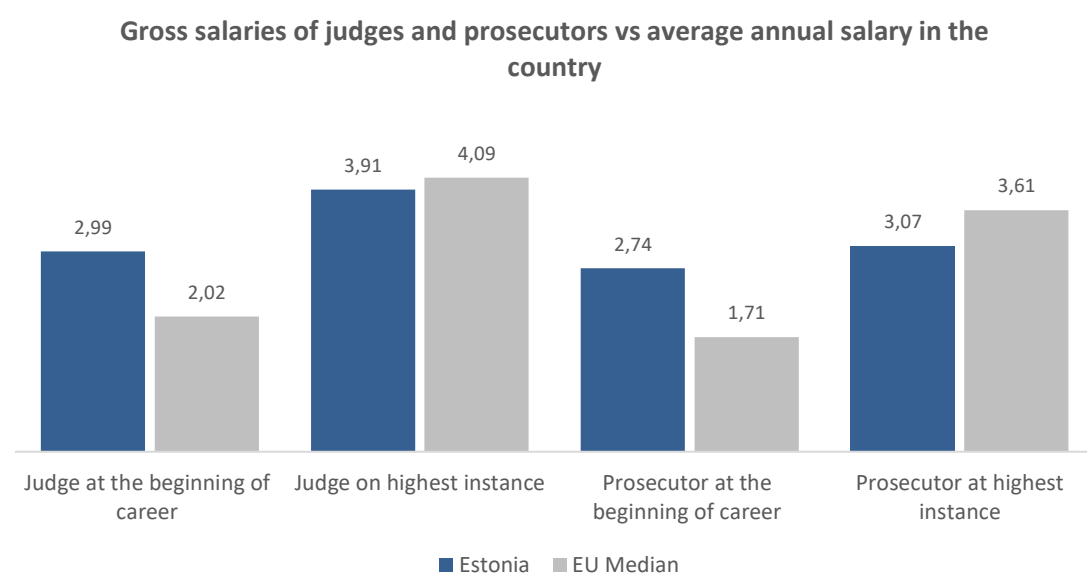
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Estonia	EU median
Public prosecutors	12,71	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	6,69	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,53	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	51 962 €	40 068 €	2,99
Judge of the highest court	67 942 €	52 392 €	3,91
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	47 556 €	36 672 €	2,74
Public prosecutor at highest instance	53 353 €	41 145 €	3,07

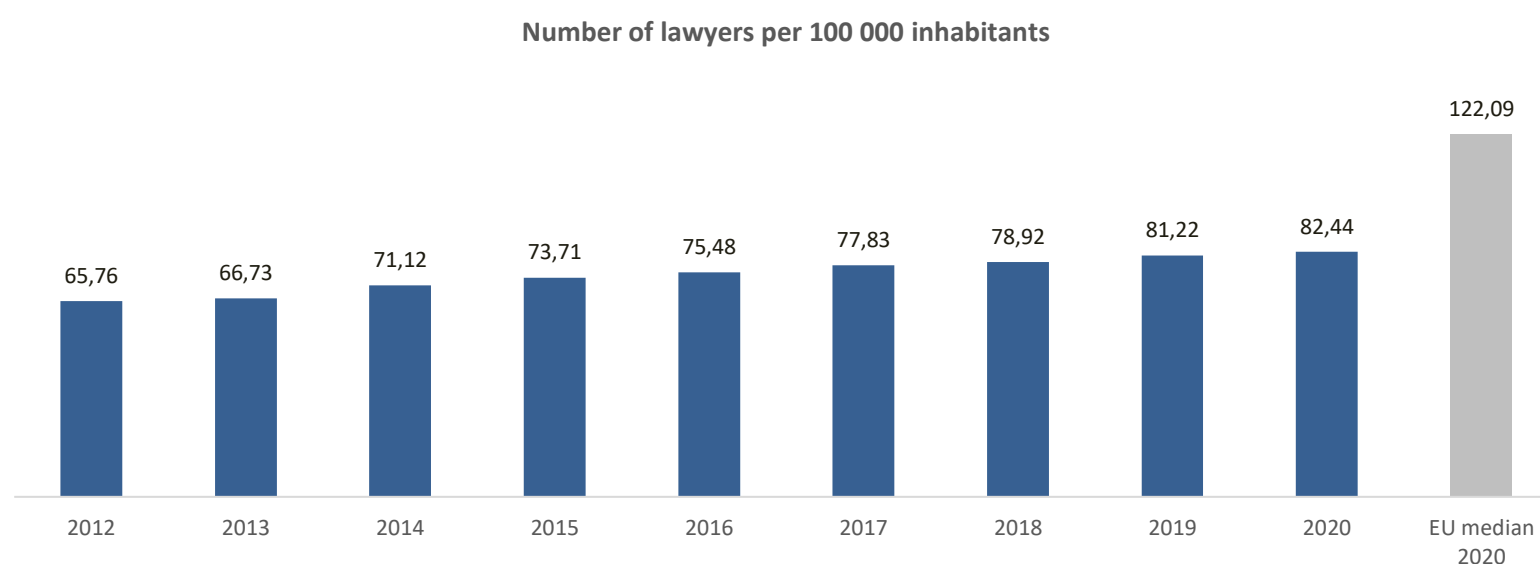


According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Estonia of 51 962€ is somewhat above when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 2,99 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

Since 2010, the salary of prosecutors depends on the salary of the President and is indexed by 1 April of each calendar year. In 2018, the salary system of public prosecutors changed and with that, the smallest salaries increased the most.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	846	65,76
2013	878	66,73
2014	934	71,12
2015	970	73,71
2016	993	75,48
2017	1 024	77,83
2018	1 041	78,92
2019	1 076	81,22
2020	1 096	82,44



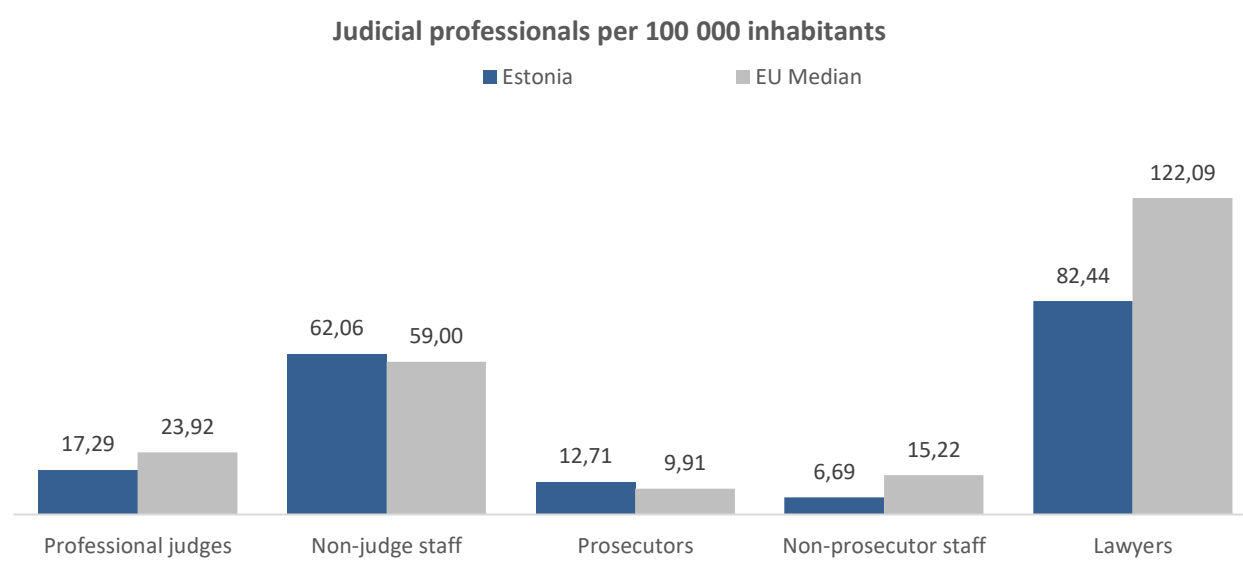
In 2020, there are 1 096 lawyers, which is 1,9% more than in 2019.

Estonia has 82,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

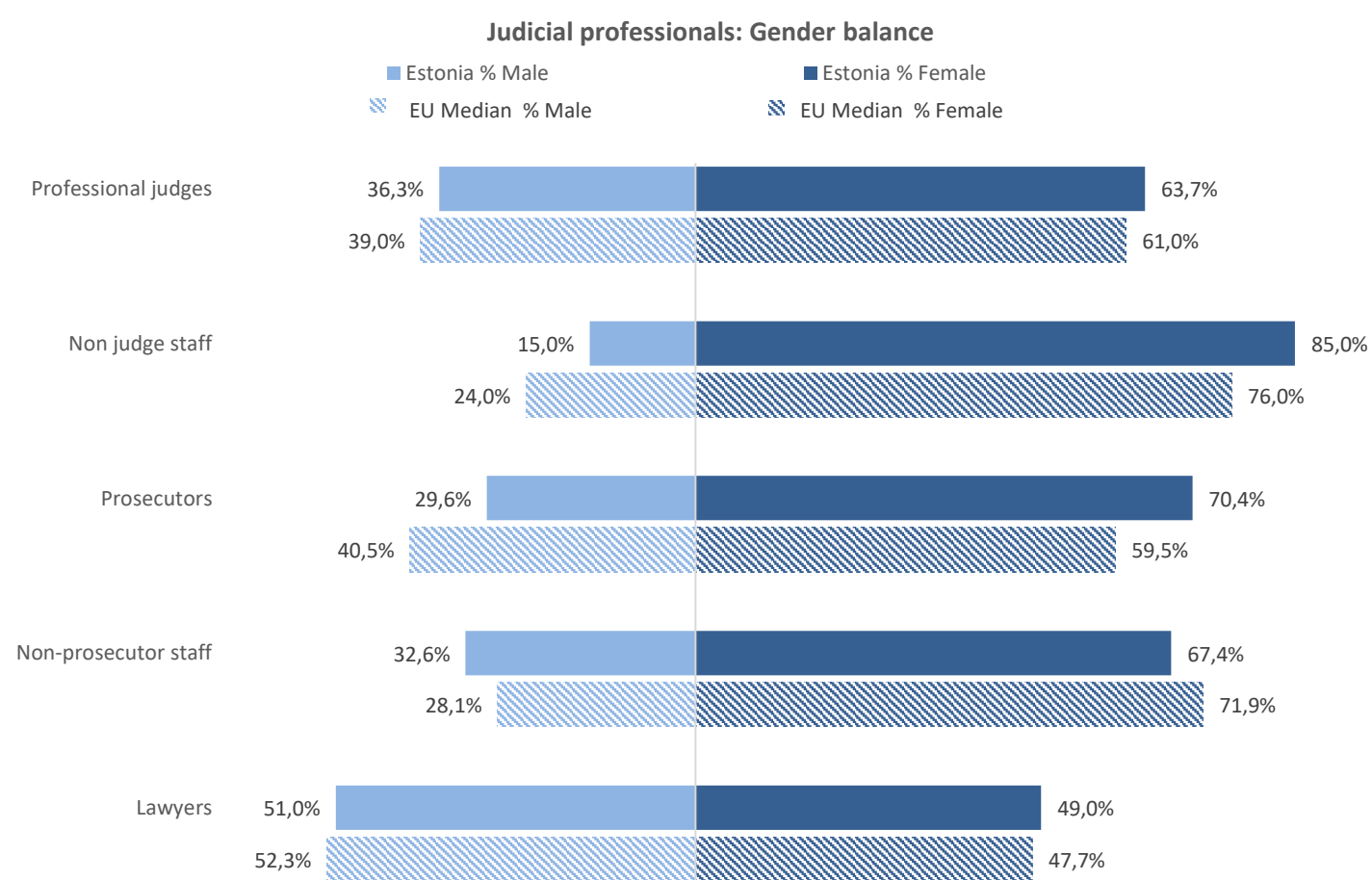
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	229	17,29	23,92
Non-judge staff	825	62,06	59,00
Prosecutors	169	12,71	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	89	6,69	15,22
Lawyers	1 096	82,44	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	36,3%	63,7%
Non judge staff	15,0%	85,0%
Prosecutors	29,6%	70,4%
Non-prosecutor staff	32,6%	67,4%
Lawyers	51,0%	49,0%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Estonia

In Estonia, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

In Estonia, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

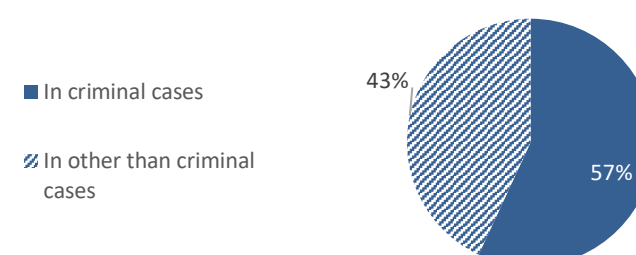
Legal aid cannot be granted for fees related to the enforcement of judicial decisions (except for representing a person in enforcement proceedings), but procedural assistance can be granted to release a person from all or a part of the expenses related to enforcement proceedings.

With respect to "other costs", it should be noted that at the request of a lawyer who has provided state legal aid, the court, investigative body or prosecutor's office shall determine the reimbursable travel and accommodation expenses incurred by the lawyer or the manager of the law firm in connection with the provision of state legal aid. Travel and accommodation expenses shall be reimbursed only if the State legal aid has been provided in a place other than the town or municipality where the law firm or the structural unit through which the lawyer provides legal services is located.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

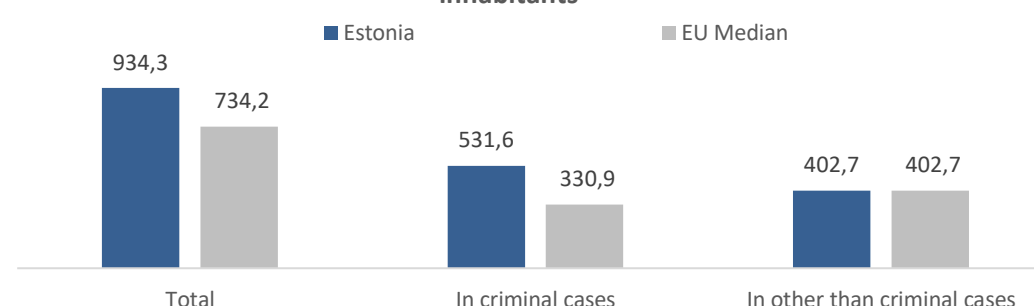
Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	12 421	NA	NA
In criminal cases	7 067	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	5 354	NA	NA

Ratio of total number of cases for which legal aid has been granted



Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Estonia	EU Median
Total	934,3	734,2
In criminal cases	531,6	330,9
In other than criminal cases	402,7	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



The number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted cannot be separated from the number of cases for which legal aid has been granted only for legal advice.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

In Estonia, the data with respect to legal aid is in two separate information systems and therefore it is not possible to collect data on actual average duration of the procedure for granting legal aid.

4. Performance of courts in Estonia

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

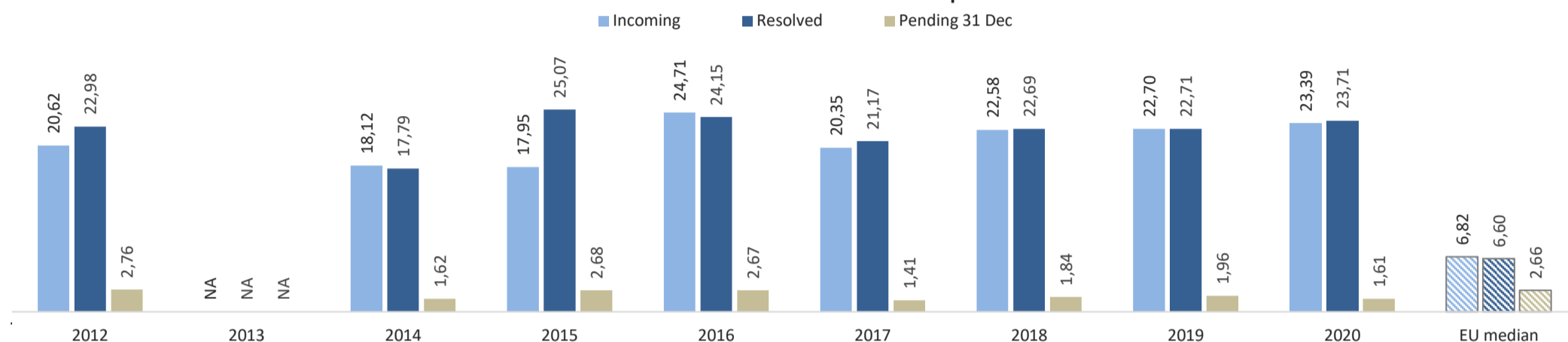
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



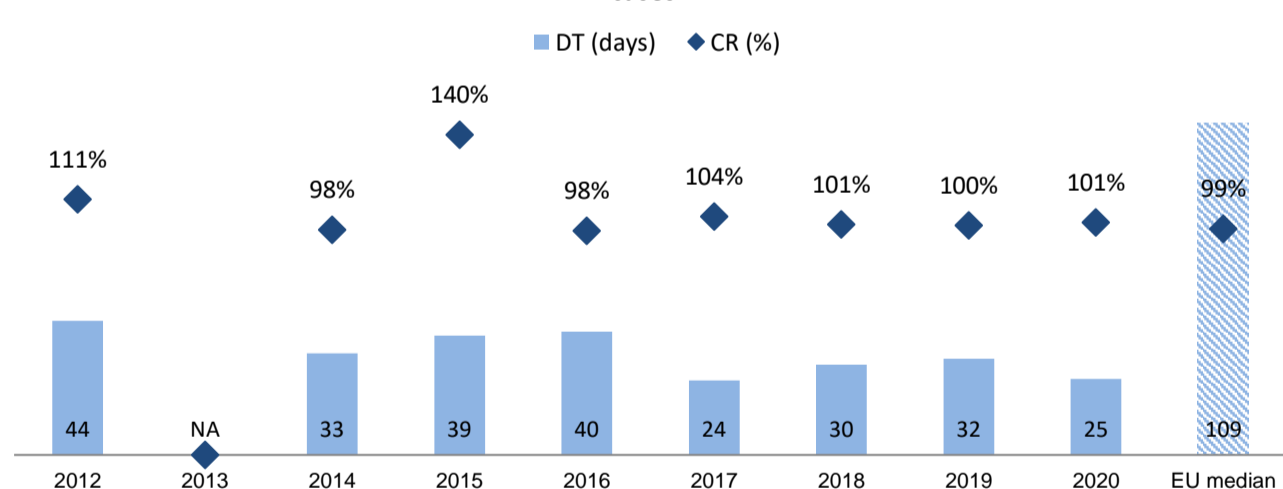
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Estonia (23,71 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Estonia (1,61 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	111%	44
2013	NA	NA
2014	98%	33
2015	140%	39
2016	98%	40
2017	104%	24
2018	101%	30
2019	100%	32
2020	101%	25

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,3% in 2020 Estonia seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,3 points.

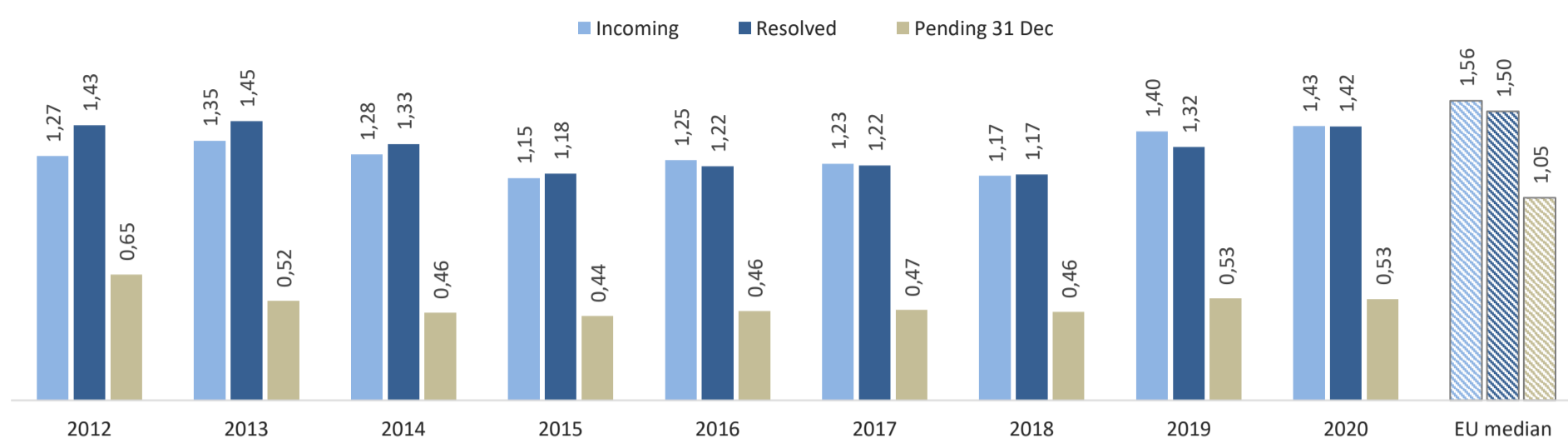
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 25 days, which is significantly below EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -21,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Estonia (1,43 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

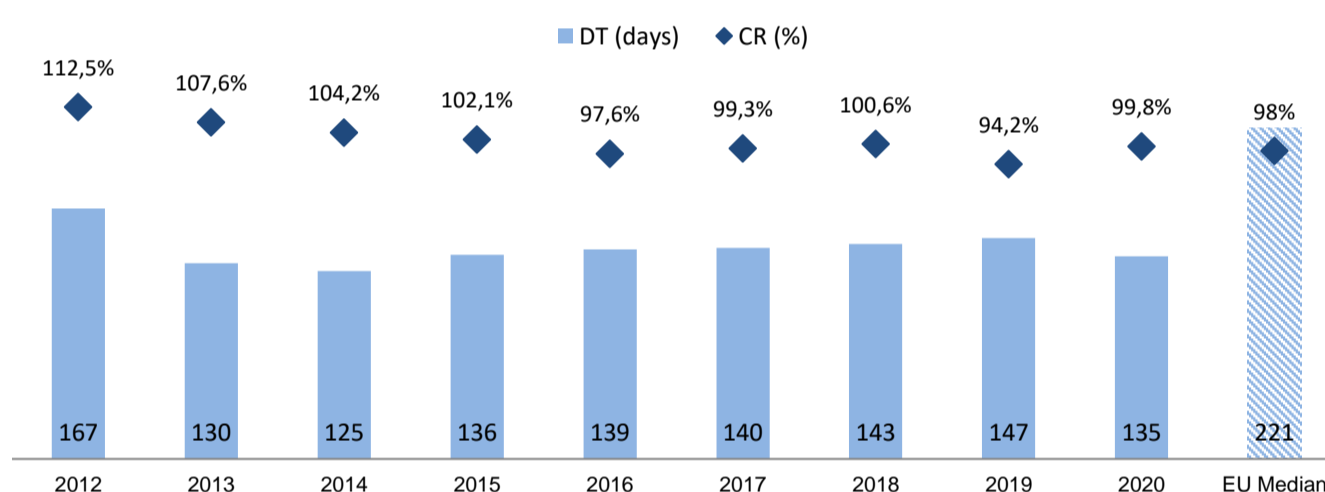
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Estonia (1,42 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Estonia (0,53 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	112,5%	167
2013	107,6%	130
2014	104,2%	125
2015	102,1%	136
2016	97,6%	139
2017	99,3%	140
2018	100,6%	143
2019	94,2%	147
2020	99,8%	135

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,8% in 2020, Estonia seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 5,6 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 135 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 221 days.

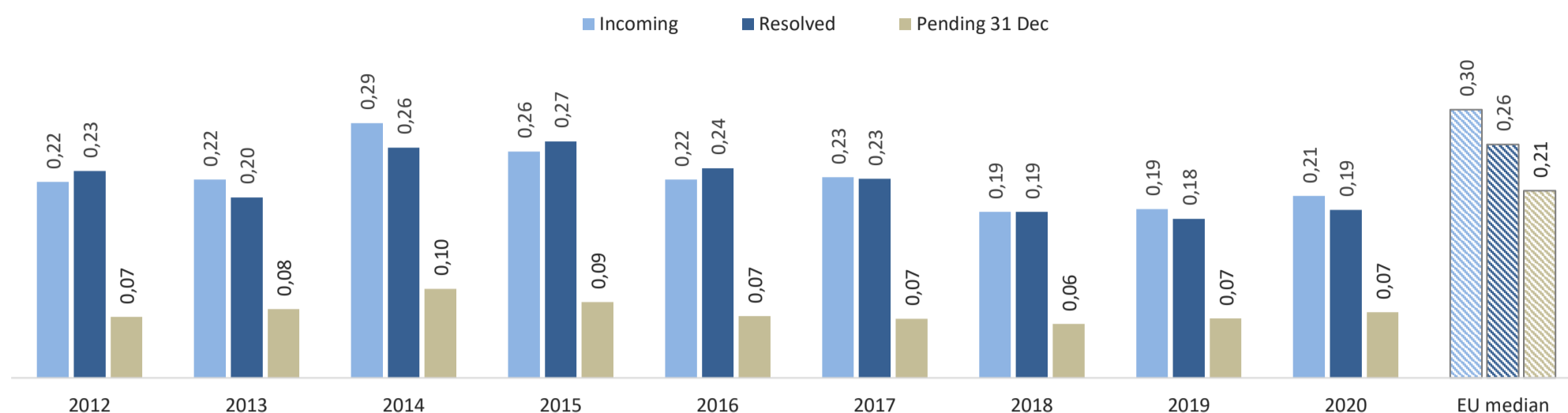
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -8,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Estonia, there are 487 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 7,0% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Estonia (0,21 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

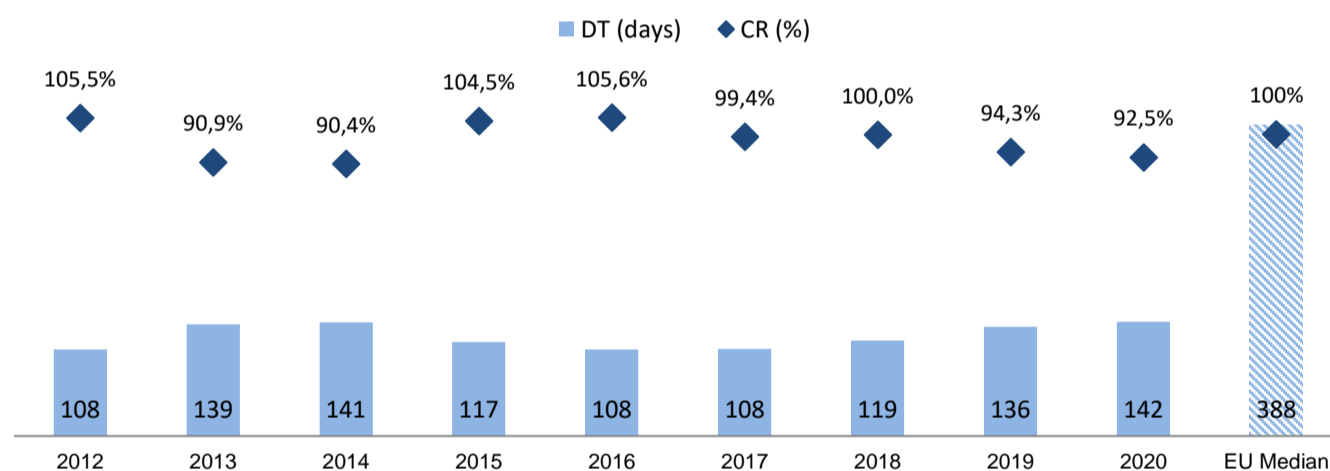
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Estonia (0,19 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Estonia (0,07 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	105,5%	108
2013	90,9%	139
2014	90,4%	141
2015	104,5%	117
2016	105,6%	108
2017	99,4%	108
2018	100,0%	119
2019	94,3%	136
2020	92,5%	142



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 92,5% in 2020, Estonia seems to encounter difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,8 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 142 days, which is significantly below EU median of 388 days.

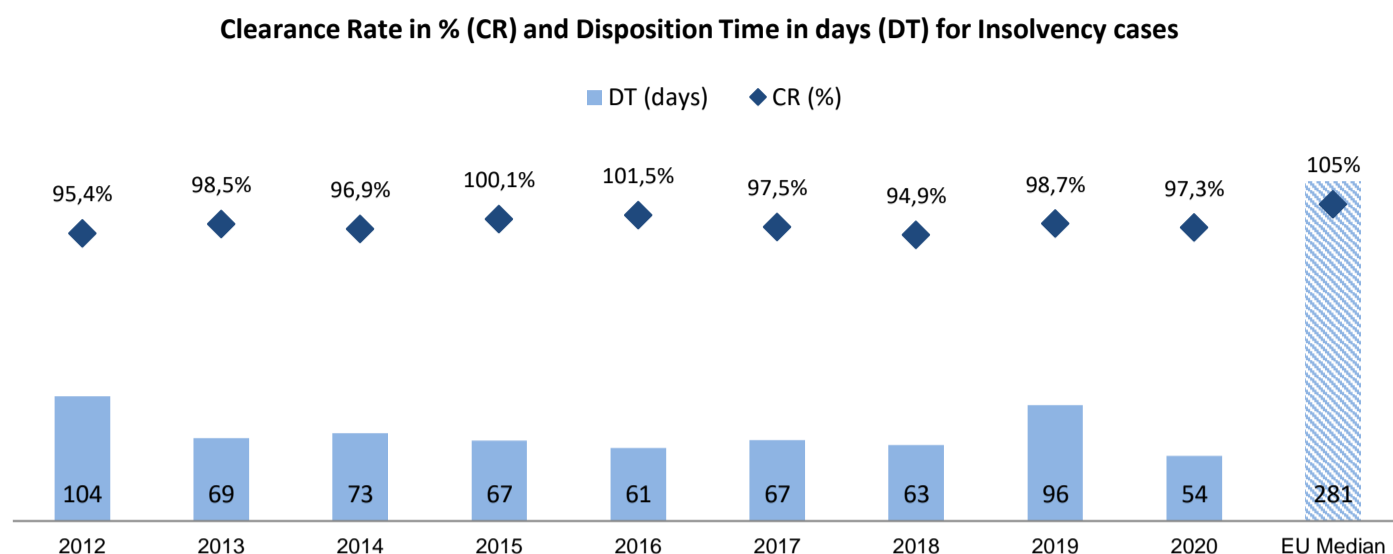
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 4,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Estonia, there are 35 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 3,5% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	95,4%	104
2013	98,5%	69
2014	96,9%	73
2015	100,1%	67
2016	101,5%	61
2017	97,5%	67
2018	94,9%	63
2019	98,7%	96
2020	97,3%	54



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 97,3% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Estonia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -1,3 points.

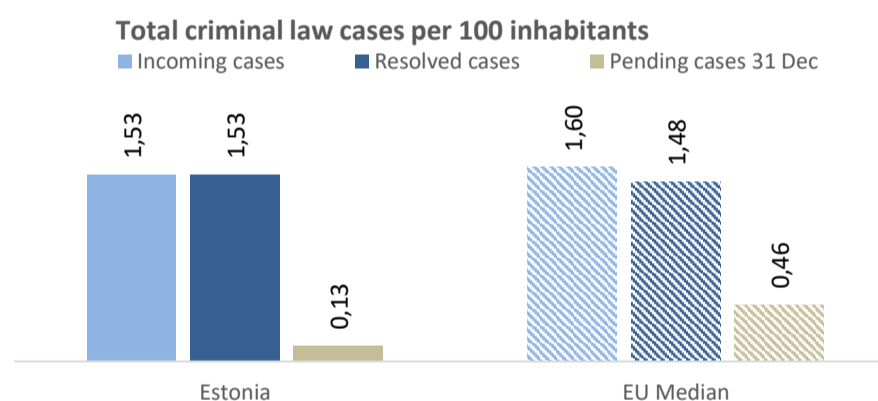
In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 54 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -44,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

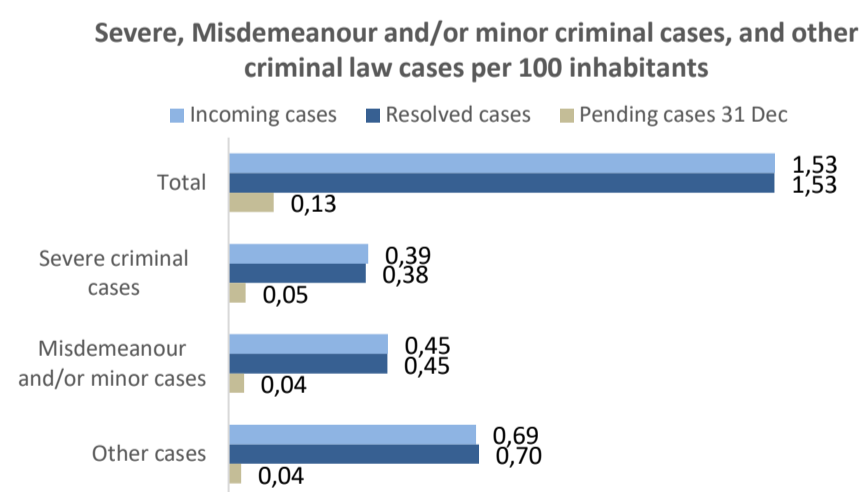
• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	1 859	20 392	20 385	1 688
Severe criminal cases	597	5 210	5 114	642
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	675	5 952	5 926	574
Other cases	587	9 230	9 345	472



Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,14	1,53	1,53	0,13
Severe criminal cases	0,04	0,39	0,38	0,05
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,05	0,45	0,45	0,04
Other cases	0,04	0,69	0,70	0,04



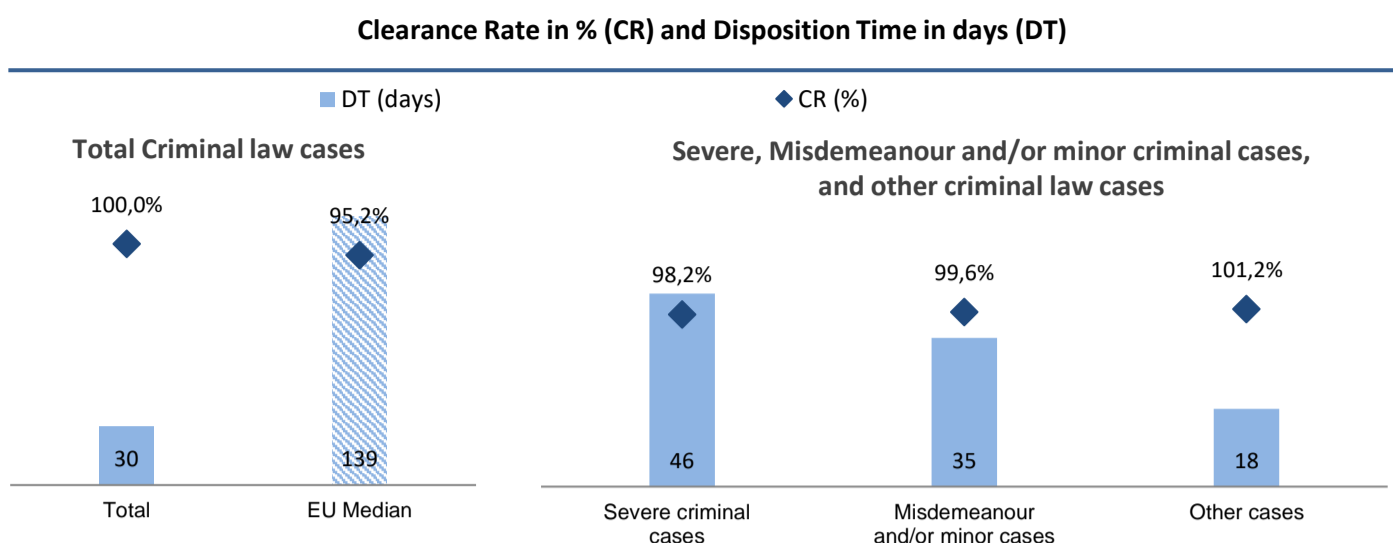
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Estonia (1,53 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Estonia (1,53 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Estonia (0,13 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	100,0%	30
Severe criminal cases	98,2%	46
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	99,6%	35
Other cases	101,2%	18



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 100,0% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Estonia seems to be able to deal with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 30 days, which is significantly below EU median of 139 days.

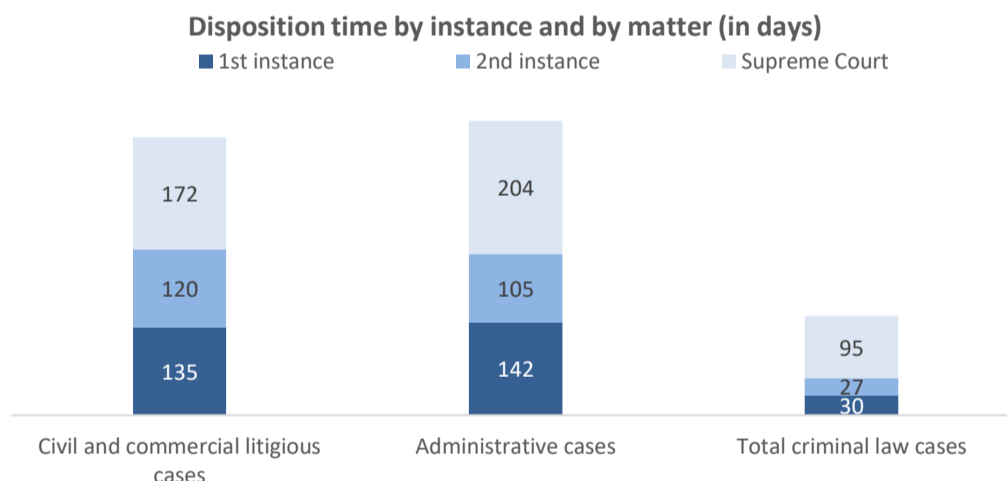
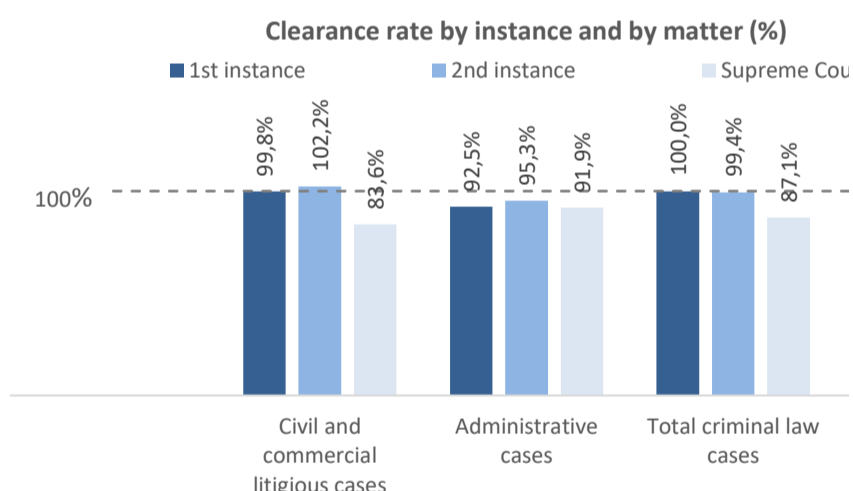
It is noteworthy highlighting that the pandemic has affected the courts activity in criminal matters in general. The criminal procedure law was not as flexible when judges had to work online.

The category "other criminal cases" encompasses for example different enforcement and pretrial cases.

The complete revision of the criminal procedure law is ongoing and will come into force next year.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	99,8%	102,2%	83,6%	135	120	172
Administrative cases	92,5%	95,3%	91,9%	142	105	204
Total criminal law cases	100,0%	99,4%	87,1%	30	27	95



As regards civil and commercial litigious cases, the Clearance rate is beyond 100% for second instance cases. Moreover, this threshold is almost reached in respect of first instance cases (99,8%). Concerning the administrative cases, the Clearance rate is below the 100% threshold at all three instances. As to criminal law cases, the Clearance rate indicator has been negatively affected in 2020 only in respect of the Supreme Court.

Generally speaking, it seems that highest courts encounter some difficulties in dealing with their caseload.

As to the Disposition Time indicator, the analysis reveals positive trend for 2020. In fact, the Estonian value is below the EU medians established for all cases at all instances. As one can see from the graph above, criminal proceedings are faster than civil and administrative cases at all instances.

5. Public prosecution services in Estonia

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Estonia has the following 9 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

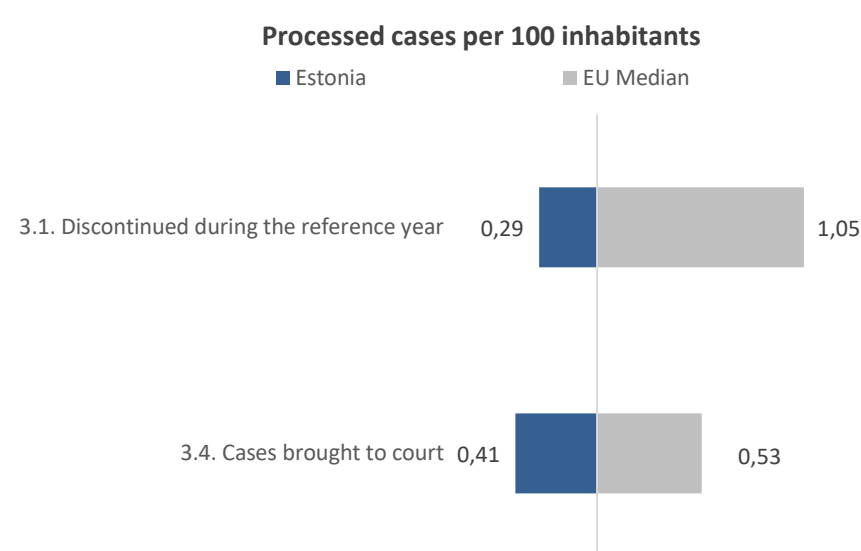
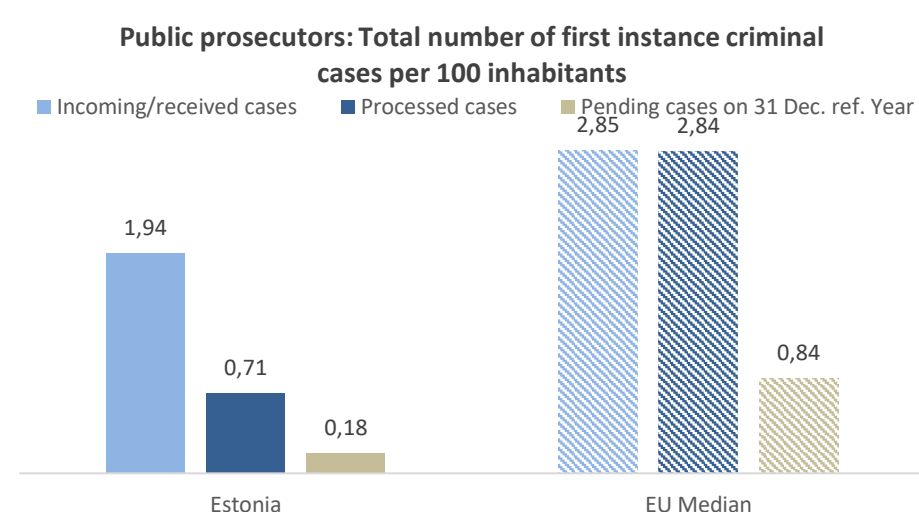
To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

It should be noted that in Estonia, public prosecutors participate in the planning of surveillance necessary to detect and combat criminal offences.

The public prosecutor does not have any role in civil, administrative or insolvency cases.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	2 397	0,18
2. Incoming/received cases	25 817	1,94
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	9 378	0,71
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	3 895	0,29
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	765	0,06
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NA	NA
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NA	NA
3.4. Cases brought to court	5 483	0,41
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	2 397	0,18



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Estonia

Data on the number of court-related mediations are not recorded in any information system and are therefore not available.

7. ICT tools of courts in Estonia

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	9,5	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	3,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	6,7	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	2,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	5,0	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	10,0	6,9

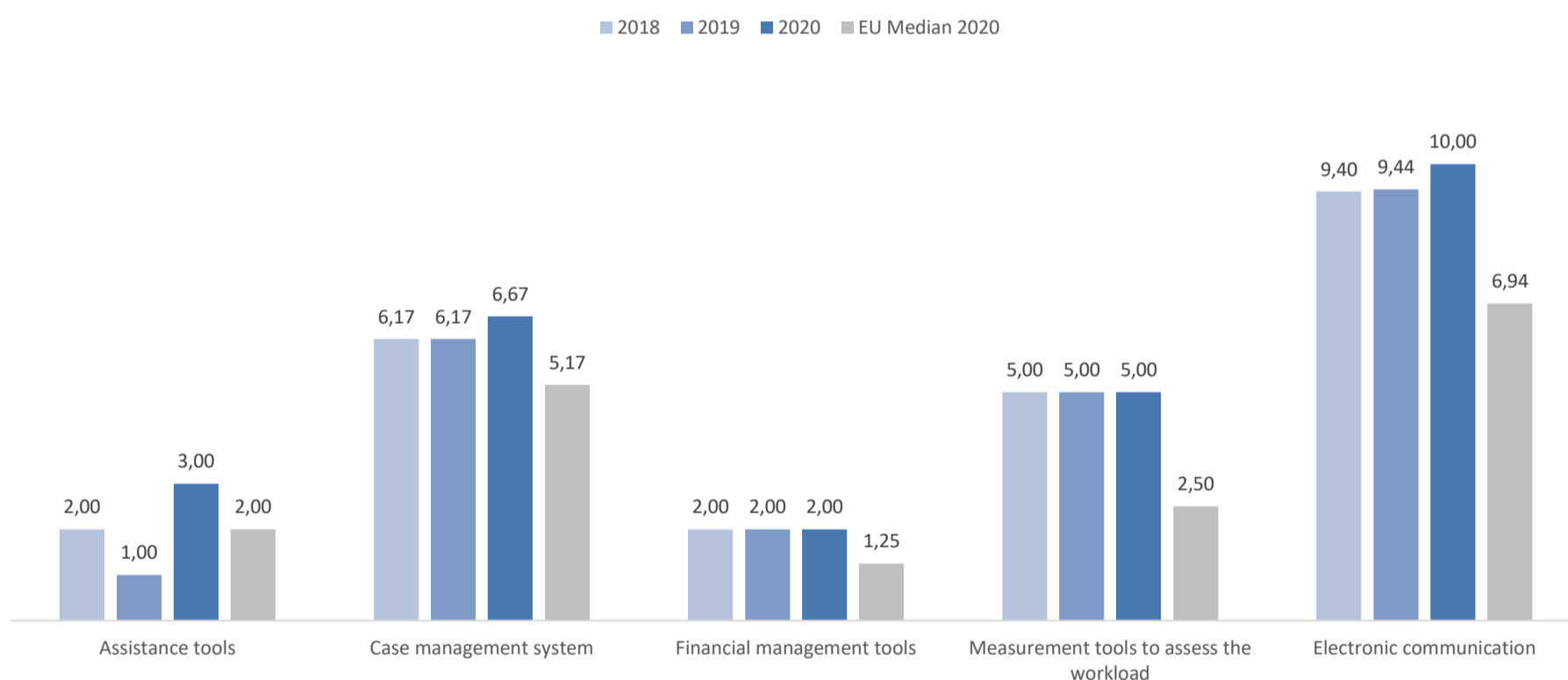
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Comments on voice recording tools

It should be mentioned that courts have adopted voice recognition software.

Comments on CMS

Regarding the status of integration of a CMS with a statistical tool, it should be highlighted that statistical tool has been improved. It is now fully integrated including BI.

Comments on communication tools

With respect to the possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means, it should be noted that in all matters, simultaneous submission of cases in paper form is possible, but not compulsory.

Regarding the electronic communication between courts and lawyers and/or parties, it is noteworthy that public e-file now contains information about different deadlines and calendar functionality (which includes trials).

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Estonia

In Estonia, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

[Comment ALL 066] Estonia has developed a quality system consisting of 3 parts. The first part contains the quality standards (good practice) for the management of the court that describe activities related to the chairman of the court. The second part contains the quality standards for the administration of courts and is focused on the different roles of the parties involved in the administration of courts: directors, Ministry of Justice, Council for the Administration of Courts. The third part contains quality standards for the court proceedings and is addressed to all the judges. All of the three parts of the quality standards have been discussed and approved by the Council for Administration of Courts, respectively in 2012, 2013 and 2015.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✓

The scope of the monitoring system is extended to the results of proceedings; the categories of cases; the number of decisions appealed and revoked, fully or partially. The waiting time and the 'age' of pending (not solved) cases are also monitored. It is worthy of mention that every year, all the courts and the Ministry of Justice enter into an agreement according to which courts should aim to carry out structural changes and to make changes in case-flow management that will ultimately ensure efficient proceedings. The content of the agreement has changed since 2017. The goals are more general and the same for all the courts (except The Supreme Court).

In Estonia, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

More precisely, it is carried out four times a year.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

In Estonia, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																			
Q1 Number of inhabitants	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	1 315 635	1 319 133	1 324 820	1 329 460		3,3%	2,3%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,4%	0,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	13 495	14 218	15 186	15 405	16 034	17 926	19 737	21 163	20 324		50,6%	5,4%	6,8%	1,4%	4,1%	11,8%	10,1%	7,2%	-4,0%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True
078.1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators										True

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									True										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	False	False	False	False	False										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	True	-										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	True	-										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	True	-										
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	-										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									False										

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
073-4.1.1 Annual																				
073-4.1.2 Less frequent																				
073-4.1.3 More frequent																				
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services										False										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance																				
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)																				
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency																				
073-6.1.4 Other																				
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.4 number of pending cases								True	True	True										
070.1.5 backlogs								True	True	True										
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff								True	True	True										
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff								True	True	True										
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								True	True	True										
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures								False	False	False										
070.1.10 number of appeals								True	True	True										
070.1.11 appeal ratio								True	True	True										
070.1.12 clearance rate								True	True	True										

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True									
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True									
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True									
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True									
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True									
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True									
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True									
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									True									
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True									
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True									
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True									
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True									
070-1.1.13 Other									False									
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True									
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True									
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True									
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True									
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True									
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False									
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									-									
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									-									
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									-									
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									-									
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									-									

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual																			
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent																			
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent																			
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	22	22	22	22	21	22	21	21	20	-9,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-4,5%	4,8%	-4,5%	0,0%	-4,8%	

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																			
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																			
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	66 242	NA	24 107	23 838	28 828	29 923	26 056	25 371	24 913	-62,4%	-	-	-1,1%	20,9%	3,8%	-12,9%	-2,6%	-1,8%	
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 418	8 412	6 803	6 116	5 845	6 193	6 280	6 157	7 097	-31,9%	-19,3%	-19,1%	-10,1%	-4,4%	6,0%	1,4%	-2,0%	15,3%	
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	16 282	16 392	21 836	22 802	18 884	18 394	16 910	-	-	-	0,7%	33,2%	4,4%	-17,2%	-2,6%	-8,1%	
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	13 554	11 553	11 323	9 510	7 727	2 039	9 294	11 338	11 968	-11,7%	-14,8%	-2,0%	-16,0%	-18,7%	-73,6%	355,8%	22,0%	5,6%	
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	4 959	6 882	14 109	20 763	9 590	7 056	4 942	-	-	-	38,8%	105,0%	47,2%	-53,8%	-26,4%	-30,0%	
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	3 782	3 033	3 843	3 125	3 682	3 674	4 775	4 717	3 159	-16,5%	-19,8%	26,7%	-18,7%	17,8%	-0,2%	30,0%	-1,2%	-33,0%	
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	37 335	2 777	1 116	3 757	10 427	17 089	4 815	2 339	1 783	-95,2%	-92,6%	-59,8%	236,6%	177,5%	63,9%	-71,8%	-51,4%	-23,8%	
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	1 153	891	1 022	1 330	1 147	928	892	820	906	-21,4%	-22,7%	14,7%	30,1%	-13,8%	-19,1%	-3,9%	-8,1%	10,5%	
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	265 301	NA	237 929	236 230	325 147	267 703	297 825	300 762	310 988	17,2%	-	-	-0,7%	37,6%	-17,7%	11,3%	1,0%	3,4%	
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	16 336	17 745	16 775	15 189	16 408	16 159	15 382	18 501	18 950	16,0%	8,6%	-5,5%	-9,5%	8,0%	-1,5%	-4,8%	20,3%	2,4%	
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	217 368	217 670	305 783	248 558	279 965	279 728	289 301	-	-	-	0,1%	40,5%	-18,7%	12,6%	-0,1%	3,4%	
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	44 136	51 112	46 864	44 407	43 717	14 020	48 177	52 590	60 270	36,6%	15,8%	-8,3%	-5,2%	-1,6%	-67,9%	243,6%	9,2%	14,6%	
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	170 504	173 263	262 066	234 538	231 788	227 138	229 031	-	-	-	1,6%	51,3%	-10,5%	-1,2%	-2,0%	0,8%	
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	91 218	92 832	97 704	72 800	107 351	121 455	111 522	112 455	108 686	19,1%	1,8%	5,2%	-25,5%	47,5%	13,1%	-8,2%	0,8%	-3,4%	
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	110 756	90 012	72 800	100 463	154 715	113 083	120 266	114 683	120 345	8,7%	-18,7%	-19,1%	38,0%	54,0%	-26,9%	6,4%	-4,6%	4,9%	
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	2 855	2 957	3 786	3 371	2 956	2 986	2 478	2 533	2 737	-4,1%	3,6%	28,0%	-11,0%	-12,3%	1,0%	-17,0%	2,2%	8,1%	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	295 674	NA	233 577	329 909	317 757	278 506	299 371	300 911	315 176	6,6%	-	-	41,2%	-3,7%	-12,4%	7,5%	0,5%	4,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	18 370	19 096	17 486	15 504	16 007	16 043	15 473	17 433	18 920	3,0%	4,0%	-8,4%	-11,3%	3,2%	0,2%	-3,6%	12,7%	8,5%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	212 669	310 882	298 627	259 496	281 421	281 090	293 725	-	-	-	46,2%	-3,9%	-13,1%	8,4%	-0,1%	4,5%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	46 041	50 946	42 969	46 104	44 042	14 025	46 060	52 873	64 011	39,0%	10,7%	-15,7%	7,3%	-4,5%	-68,2%	228,4%	14,8%	21,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	169 700	264 778	254 585	245 471	235 361	228 217	229 714	-	-	-	56,0%	-3,8%	-3,6%	-4,1%	-3,0%	0,7%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	92 043	92 066	97 769	163 565	106 635	120 113	112 715	112 976	108 869	18,3%	0,0%	6,2%	67,3%	-34,8%	12,6%	-6,2%	0,2%	-3,6%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	136 207	91 099	71 931	101 213	147 950	125 358	122 646	115 241	120 845	-11,3%	-33,1%	-21,0%	40,7%	46,2%	-15,3%	-2,2%	-6,0%	4,9%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	3 013	2 687	3 422	3 523	3 123	2 967	2 477	2 388	2 531	-16,0%	-10,8%	27,4%	3,0%	-11,4%	-5,0%	-16,5%	-3,6%	6,0%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	35 558	NA	21 252	35 228	35 078	18 556	24 225	25 990	21 402	-39,8%	-	-	65,8%	-0,4%	-47,1%	30,6%	7,3%	-17,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 393	6 812	5 991	5 767	6 110	6 175	6 069	7 021	6 998	-16,6%	-18,8%	-12,1%	-3,7%	5,9%	1,1%	-1,7%	15,7%	-0,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	13 935	28 333	28 047	11 501	17 349	18 079	13 416	-	-	-	103,3%	-1,0%	-59,0%	50,8%	4,2%	-25,8%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	11 434	11 765	9 147	7 724	7 326	1 943	11 328	11 954	8 120	-29,0%	2,9%	-22,3%	-15,6%	-5,2%	-73,5%	483,0%	5,5%	-32,1%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	4 788	20 609	20 721	9 558	6 021	6 125	5 296	-	-	-	330,4%	0,5%	-53,9%	-37,0%	1,7%	-13,5%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	2 957	3 799	3 758	17 628	3 674	4 743	3 660	4 342	4 013	35,7%	28,5%	-1,1%	369,1%	-79,2%	29,1%	-22,8%	18,6%	-7,6%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	11 884	1 634	1 030	2 981	17 047	4 815	2 361	1 783	1 283	-89,2%	-86,3%	-37,0%	189,4%	471,9%	-71,8%	-51,0%	-24,5%	-28,0%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	890	1 026	1 326	1 128	921	880	807	890	988	11,0%	15,3%	29,2%	-14,9%	-18,4%	-4,5%	-8,3%	10,3%	11,0%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	111,4%	NA	98,2%	139,7%	97,7%	104,0%	100,5%	100,0%	101,3%	(9,06)	-	-	42,26	(30,02)	6,45	(3,38)	(0,47)	1,30	
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	112,5%	107,6%	104,2%	102,1%	97,6%	99,3%	100,6%	94,2%	99,8%	(11,21)	(4,30)	(3,14)	(2,08)	(4,43)	1,77	1,32	(6,33)	5,96	
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	97,8%	142,8%	97,7%	104,4%	100,5%	100,5%	101,5%	-	-	-	45,98	(31,62)	6,90	(3,72)	(0,03)	1,04	
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	104,3%	99,7%	91,7%	103,8%	100,7%	100,0%	95,6%	100,5%	106,2%	1,81	(4,45)	(8,01)	13,23	(2,96)	(0,70)	(4,43)	5,16	5,64	
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	99,5%	152,8%	97,1%	104,7%	101,5%	100,5%	100,3%	-	-	-	53,54	(36,43)	7,74	(2,98)	(1,05)	(0,18)	
CR Non litigious land registry cases	100,9%	99,2%	100,1%	224,7%	99,3%	98,9%	101,1%	100,5%	100,2%	(0,73)	(1,71)	0,90	124,53	(55,79)	(0,44)	2,20	(0,60)	(0,29)	
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	123,0%	101,2%	98,8%	100,7%	95,6%	110,9%	102,0%	100,5%	100,4%	(18,35)	(17,70)	(2,37)	1,96	(5,08)	15,92	(8,01)	(1,46)	(0,07)	
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Administrative law cases	105,5%	90,9%	90,4%	104,5%	105,6%	99,4%	100,0%	94,3%	92,5%	(12,38)	(13,90)	(0,53)	15,63	1,09	(5,95)	0,60	(5,69)	(1,91)	
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	44	NA	33	39	40	24	30	32	25	-43,5%	-	-	17,4%	3,4%	-39,6%	21,5%	6,7%	-21,4%	
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	167	130	125	136	139	140	143	147	135	-19,0%	-21,9%	-4,0%	8,6%	2,6%	0,8%	1,9%	2,7%	-8,2%	
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	24	33	34	16	23	23	17	-	-	-	39,1%	3,1%	-52,8%	39,1%	4,3%	-29,0%	
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	91	84	78	61	61	51	90	83	46	-48,9%	-7,0%	-7,8%	-21,3%	-0,7%	-16,7%	77,5%	-8,1%	-43,9%	
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	10	28	30	14	9	10	8	-	-	-	175,9%	4,6%	-52,2%	-34,3%	4,9%	-14,1%	
DT Non litigious land registry cases	12	15	14	39	13	14	12	14	13	14,7%	28,4%	-6,8%	180,4%	-68,0%	14,6%	-17,8%	18,4%	-4,1%	
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	32	7	5	11	42	14	7	6	4	-87,8%	-79,4%	-20,2%	105,7%	291,2%	-66,7%	-49,9%	-19,6%	-31,4%	
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Administrative law cases	108	139	141	117	108	108	119	136	142	32,2%	29,3%	1,5%	-17,4%	-7,9%	0,6%	9,8%	14,4%	4,7%	
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	263	172	280	300	240	163	168	194	194	-26,2%	-34,6%	62,8%	7,1%	-20,0%	-32,1%	3,1%	15,5%	0,0%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	283	306	277	232	218	222	193	191	180	-36,4%	8,1%	-9,5%	-16,2%	-6,0%	1,8%	-13,1%	-1,0%	-5,8%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	289	267	235	237	230	226	193	440	230	-20,4%	-7,6%	-12,0%	0,9%	-3,0%	-1,7%	-14,6%	128,0%	-47,7%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	652	691	912	814	828	829	805	855	841	29,0%	6,0%	32,0%	-10,7%	1,7%	0,1%	-2,9%	6,2%	-1,6%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	331	451	375	386	446	356	282	291	337	1,8%	36,3%	-16,9%	2,9%	15,5%	-20,2%	-20,8%	3,2%	15,8%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	1 152	1 306	1 331	1 145	1 194	1 314	1 522	1 635	1 614	40,1%	13,4%	1,9%	-14,0%	4,3%	10,1%	15,8%	7,4%	-1,3%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	598	585	873	876	900	823	778	860	860	43,8%	-2,2%	49,2%	0,3%	2,7%	-8,6%	-5,5%	10,5%	0,0%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	320	432	382	390	389	364	277	290	255	-20,3%	35,0%	-11,6%	2,1%	-0,3%	-6,4%	-23,9%	4,7%	-12,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 099	1 286	1 290	1 146	1 212	1 281	1 444	1 613	1 571	42,9%	17,0%	0,3%	-11,2%	5,8%	5,7%	12,7%	11,7%	-2,6%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	316	275	319	238	166	169	194	189	174	-44,9%	-13,0%	16,0%	-25,4%	-30,3%	1,8%	14,8%	-2,6%	-7,9%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	277	277	228	213	222	192	187	178	250	-9,7%	0,0%	-17,7%	-6,6%	4,2%	-13,5%	-2,6%	-4,8%	40,4%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	312	242	258	209	201	236	250	425	232	-25,6%	-22,4%	6,6%	-19,0%	-3,8%	17,4%	5,9%	70,0%	-45,4%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	91,7%	84,7%	95,7%	107,6%	108,7%	99,3%	96,6%	100,6%	102,3%	11,49	(7,70)	13,07	12,42	1,00	(8,67)	(2,65)	4,08	1,66
CR Employment dismissal cases	96,7%	95,8%	101,9%	101,0%	87,2%	102,2%	98,2%	99,7%	75,7%	(21,73)	(0,92)	6,35	(0,82)	(13,67)	17,23	(3,93)	1,46	(24,07)
CR Insolvency cases	95,4%	98,5%	96,9%	100,1%	101,5%	97,5%	94,9%	98,7%	97,3%	2,03	3,22	(1,57)	3,27	1,42	(3,96)	(2,68)	3,98	(1,34)
DT Litigious divorce cases	193	172	133	99	67	75	91	80	74	-61,7%	-11,0%	-22,3%	-25,6%	-32,1%	11,3%	21,4%	-11,9%	-7,9%
DT Employment dismissal cases	316	234	218	199	208	193	246	224	358	13,3%	-25,9%	-6,9%	-8,5%	4,5%	-7,6%	28,0%	-9,1%	59,7%
DT Insolvency cases	104	69	73	67	61	67	63	96	54	-48,0%	-33,7%	6,3%	-8,8%	-9,1%	11,1%	-6,0%	52,2%	-44,0%

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 515	1 358	1 432	1 214	1 135	988	1 154	-	-	-	-10,4%	5,4%	-15,2%	-6,5%	-13,0%	16,8%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			732	591	602	497	559	610	644	-	-	-	-19,3%	1,9%	-17,4%	12,5%	9,1%	5,6%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			138	123	114	100	109	146	222	-	-	-	-10,9%	-7,3%	-12,3%	9,0%	33,9%	52,1%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			138	123	114	100	109	146	222	-	-	-	-10,9%	-7,3%	-12,3%	9,0%	33,9%	52,1%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			645	644	716	617	467	323	288	-	-	-	-0,2%	11,2%	-13,8%	-24,3%	-30,8%	-10,8%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 583	4 731	4 409	4 425	4 221	3 822	4 060	-	-	-	3,2%	-6,8%	0,4%	-4,6%	-9,5%	6,2%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 021	1 932	1 789	1 890	1 928	1 841	1 745	-	-	-	-4,4%	-7,4%	5,6%	2,0%	-4,5%	-5,2%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			908	1 013	982	979	989	865	1 070	-	-	-	11,6%	-3,1%	-0,3%	1,0%	-12,5%	23,7%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			908	1 013	982	979	989	865	1 070	-	-	-	11,6%	-3,1%	-0,3%	1,0%	-12,5%	23,7%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 654	1 786	1 638	1 556	1 304	1 116	1 245	-	-	-	8,0%	-8,3%	-5,0%	-16,2%	-14,4%	11,6%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 753	4 645	4 626	4 473	4 237	3 751	4 015	-	-	-	-2,3%	-0,4%	-3,3%	-5,3%	-11,5%	7,0%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 164	1 925	1 897	1 829	1 874	1 792	1 784	-	-	-	-11,0%	-1,5%	-3,6%	2,5%	-4,4%	-0,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			939	1 018	998	966	916	814	1 045	-	-	-	8,4%	-2,0%	-3,2%	-5,2%	-11,1%	28,4%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			939	1 018	998	966	916	814	1 045	-	-	-	8,4%	-2,0%	-3,2%	-5,2%	-11,1%	28,4%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			1 650	1 702	1 731	1 678	1 447	1 145	1 186	-	-	-	3,2%	1,7%	-3,1%	-13,8%	-20,9%	3,6%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 341	1 434	1 209	1 139	1 116	1 109	1 148	-	-	-	6,9%	-15,7%	-5,8%	-2,0%	-0,6%	3,5%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			590	598	494	558	612	639	585	-	-	-	1,4%	-17,4%	13,0%	9,7%	4,4%	-8,5%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			106	118	98	113	182	182	221	-	-	-	11,3%	-16,9%	15,3%	61,1%	0,0%	21,4%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			106	118	98	113	182	182	221	-	-	-	11,3%	-16,9%	15,3%	61,1%	0,0%	21,4%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			645	718	617	468	322	288	342	-	-	-	11,3%	-14,1%	-24,1%	-31,2%	-10,6%	18,8%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,0%	-66,7%	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	1	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,0%	150,0%	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			103,7%	98,2%	104,9%	101,1%	100,4%	98,1%	98,9%	-	-	-	(5,33)	6,86	(3,66)	(0,70)	(2,23)	0,76
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			107,1%	99,6%	106,0%	96,8%	97,2%	97,3%	102,2%	-	-	-	(6,95)	6,42	(8,74)	0,44	0,14	5,03
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			103,4%	100,5%	101,6%	98,7%	92,6%	94,1%	97,7%	-	-	-	(2,82)	1,13	(2,91)	(6,13)	1,60	3,78
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			103,4%	100,5%	101,6%	98,7%	92,6%	94,1%	97,7%	-	-	-	(2,82)	1,13	(2,91)	(6,13)	1,60	3,78
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			99,8%	95,3%	105,7%	107,8%	111,0%	102,6%	95,3%	-	-	-	(4,47)	10,89	2,05	2,90	(7,54)	(7,15)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			103	113	95	93	96	108	104	-	-	-	9,4%	-15,3%	-2,6%	3,4%	12,2%	-3,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			100	113	95	111	119	130	120	-	-	-	13,9%	-16,2%	17,2%	7,0%	9,2%	-8,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			41	42	36	43	73	82	77	-	-	-	2,7%	-15,3%	19,1%	69,9%	12,5%	-5,4%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			41	42	36	43	73	82	77	-	-	-	2,7%	-15,3%	19,1%	69,9%	12,5%	-5,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			143	154	130	102	81	92	105	-	-	-	7,9%	-15,5%	-21,8%	-20,2%	13,0%	14,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			96	93	91	99	108	73	61	-	-	-	-3,1%	-2,2%	8,8%	9,1%	-32,4%	-16,4%	
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			54	58	49	57	62	29	28	-	-	-	7,4%	-15,5%	16,3%	8,8%	-53,2%	-3,4%	
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			42	35	42	42	46	44	33	-	-	-	-16,7%	20,0%	0,0%	9,5%	-4,3%	-25,0%	
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			290	289	285	259	238	210	196	-	-	-	-0,3%	-1,4%	-9,1%	-8,1%	-11,8%	-6,7%	
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			190	194	184	182	158	140	122	-	-	-	2,1%	-5,2%	-1,1%	-13,2%	-11,4%	-12,9%	
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			100	95	101	77	80	70	74	-	-	-	-5,0%	6,3%	-23,8%	3,9%	-12,5%	5,7%	
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			296	293	269	279	231	223	170	-	-	-	-1,0%	-8,2%	3,7%	-17,2%	-3,5%	-23,8%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			186	203	172	194	155	141	102	-	-	-	9,1%	-15,3%	12,8%	-20,1%	-9,0%	-27,7%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			110	90	97	85	76	82	68	-	-	-	-18,2%	7,8%	-12,4%	-10,6%	7,9%	-17,1%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			89	89	108	80	71	61	87	-	-	-	0,0%	21,3%	-25,9%	-11,3%	-14,1%	42,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			58	49	62	45	28	28	48	-	-	-	-15,5%	26,5%	-27,4%	-37,8%	0,0%	71,4%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			38	40	46	35	43	33	38	-	-	-	5,3%	15,0%	-23,9%	22,9%	-23,3%	15,2%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			102,1%	101,4%	94,4%	107,7%	97,1%	106,2%	86,7%	-	-	-	(0,67)	(6,90)	14,13	(9,90)	9,41	(18,32)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			97,9%	104,6%	93,5%	106,6%	98,1%	100,7%	83,6%	-	-	-	6,89	(10,67)	14,03	(7,97)	2,66	(16,99)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			110,0%	94,7%	96,0%	110,4%	95,0%	117,1%	91,9%	-	-	-	(13,88)	1,38	14,94	(13,94)	23,31	(21,56)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			110	111	147	105	112	100	187	-	-	-	1,0%	32,2%	-28,6%	7,2%	-11,0%	87,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			114	88	132	85	66	72	172	-	-	-	-22,6%	49,3%	-35,7%	-22,1%	9,9%	137,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			126	162	173	150	207	147	204	-	-	-	28,7%	6,7%	-13,2%	37,4%	-28,9%	38,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 859	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									597	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									675	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									587	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									20 392	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									5 210	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									5 952	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									9 230	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									20 385	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									5 114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									5 926	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									9 345	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 688	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									642	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									574	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									472	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									98,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									99,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									101,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									136	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									126	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									1 993	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									1 874	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									1 982	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									1 860	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									122	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									146	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									99,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									99,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									102,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									87,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 5: Access to justice																		
Legal aid																		
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																		
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										False								
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True								
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True								
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True								
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True								
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True								
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True								
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True								
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True								
020.1.1 Total										12 421								
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										7 067								
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										5 354								
020.2.1 Total brought to court										NA								
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA								
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										NA								
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA								
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA								
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA								
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NAP								
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA								

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NAP								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NAP								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NAP								

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	False	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							NA		not available for this matter										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							NA		not available for this matter										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA		not available for this matter										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts		in all courts										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts		in all courts										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts		in all courts										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	FALSE	Yes										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	FALSE	Yes										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	FALSE	Yes										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties										

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Integrated	Integrated	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Integrated	Integrated	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Integrated	Integrated	Fully integrated including BI									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	True	True	True									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	100%									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NA	True									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NA	True									

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	True	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							100%	100%	100%											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	False	False											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							True	True	True											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							True	True	True											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							True	True	True											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	False	False											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Decision	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	228	226	231	234	232	227	233	229	234	2,6%	-0,9%	2,2%	1,3%	-0,9%	-2,2%	2,6%	-1,7%	2,2%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	167	165	169	170	168	163	169	164	169	1,2%	-1,2%	2,4%	0,6%	-1,2%	-3,0%	3,7%	-3,0%	3,0%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	42	43	44	45	45	45	45	46	46	9,5%	2,4%	2,3%	2,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,2%	0,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	19	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	0,0%	-5,3%	0,0%	5,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	83	83	86	86	85	83	87	86	85	2,4%	0,0%	3,6%	0,0%	-1,2%	-2,4%	4,8%	-1,1%	-1,2%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	49	50	51	51	51	49	52	49	50	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,9%	6,1%	-5,8%	2,0%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	17	17	20	20	20	20	20	22	20	17,6%	0,0%	17,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	10,0%	-9,1%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	17	16	15	15	14	14	15	15	15	-11,8%	-5,9%	-6,3%	0,0%	-6,7%	0,0%	7,1%	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	145	143	145	148	147	144	146	143	149	2,8%	-1,4%	1,4%	2,1%	-0,7%	-2,0%	1,4%	-2,1%	4,2%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	118	115	118	119	117	114	117	115	119	0,8%	-2,5%	2,6%	0,8%	-1,7%	-2,6%	2,6%	-1,7%	3,5%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	25	26	24	25	25	25	25	24	26	4,0%	4,0%	-7,7%	4,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-4,0%	8,3%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	2	2	3	4	5	5	4	4	4	100,0%	0,0%	50,0%	33,3%	25,0%	0,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	0,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	234	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	169	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	957	990	1 017	965	877	846	819	802	825	-13,8%	3,4%	2,7%	-5,1%	-9,1%	-3,5%	-3,2%	-2,1%	2,9%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	63	54	51	71	51	51	51	51	51	-19,0%	-14,3%	-5,6%	39,2%	-28,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	220	239	684	652	615	596	583	569	591	168,6%	8,6%	186,2%	-4,7%	-5,7%	-3,1%	-2,2%	-2,4%	3,9%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	489	501	78	87	82	80	77	79	77	-84,3%	2,5%	-84,4%	11,5%	-5,7%	-2,4%	-3,8%	2,6%	-2,5%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	138	149	161	111	88	81	73	72	73	-47,1%	8,0%	8,1%	-31,1%	-20,7%	-8,0%	-9,9%	-1,4%	1,4%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	47	47	43	44	41	38	35	31	33	-29,8%	0,0%	-8,5%	2,3%	-6,8%	-7,3%	-7,9%	-11,4%	6,5%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	126	146	128	130	122	122	124	-	-	-	15,9%	-12,3%	1,6%	-6,2%	0,0%	1,6%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	4	20	5	5	5	5	5	-	-	-	400,0%	-75,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	39	40	42	43	43	43	45	-	-	-	2,6%	5,0%	2,4%	0,0%	0,0%	4,7%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	14	17	16	22	21	21	21	-	-	-	21,4%	-5,9%	37,5%	-4,5%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	65	64	60	56	51	51	51	-	-	-	-1,5%	-6,3%	-6,7%	-8,9%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	4	5	5	4	2	2	2	-	-	-	25,0%	0,0%	-20,0%	-50,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	828	865	891	819	749	716	697	680	701	-15,3%	4,5%	3,0%	-8,1%	-8,5%	-4,4%	-2,7%	-2,4%	3,1%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	58	49	47	51	46	46	46	46	46	-20,7%	-15,5%	-4,1%	8,5%	-9,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	186	210	645	612	573	553	540	526	546	193,5%	12,9%	207,1%	-5,1%	-6,4%	-3,5%	-2,4%	-2,6%	3,8%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	466	483	64	70	66	58	56	58	56	-88,0%	3,6%	-86,7%	9,4%	-5,7%	-12,1%	-3,4%	3,6%	-3,4%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	75	81	96	47	28	25	22	21	22	-70,7%	8,0%	18,5%	-51,0%	-40,4%	-10,7%	-12,0%	-4,5%	4,8%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	42	39	39	36	34	33	29	31	-	-	-7,1%	0,0%	-7,7%	-5,6%	-2,9%	-12,1%	6,9%	

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									825	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									648	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									124	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									701	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									570	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									169	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	17 376 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	51 962 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	67 942 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	47 556 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	53 353 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	40 068 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	52 392 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	36 672 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	41 145 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	846	878	934	970	993	1 024	1 041	1 076	1 096	29,6%	3,8%	6,4%	3,9%	2,4%	3,1%	1,7%	3,4%	1,9%	
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	552	562	559	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,8%	-0,5%	
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	489	514	537	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,1%	4,5%	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Estonia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at a glance in Finland

General data

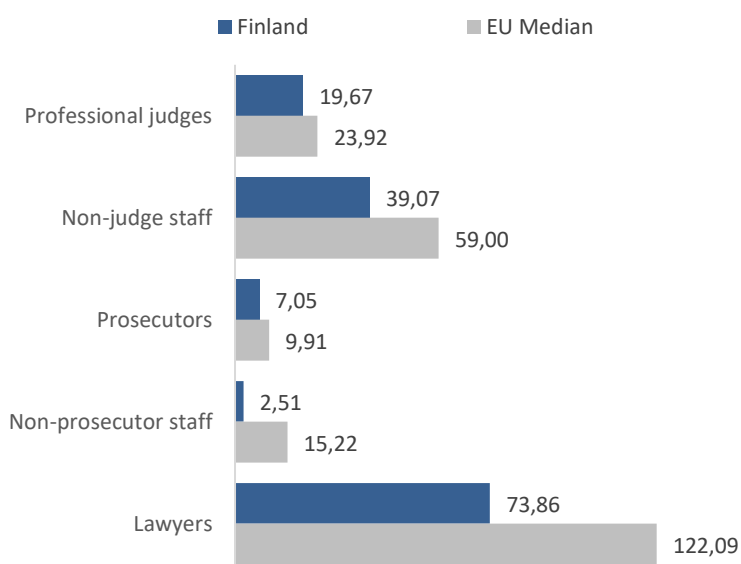
Population: 5 533 793

GDP per capita: 42 701 €

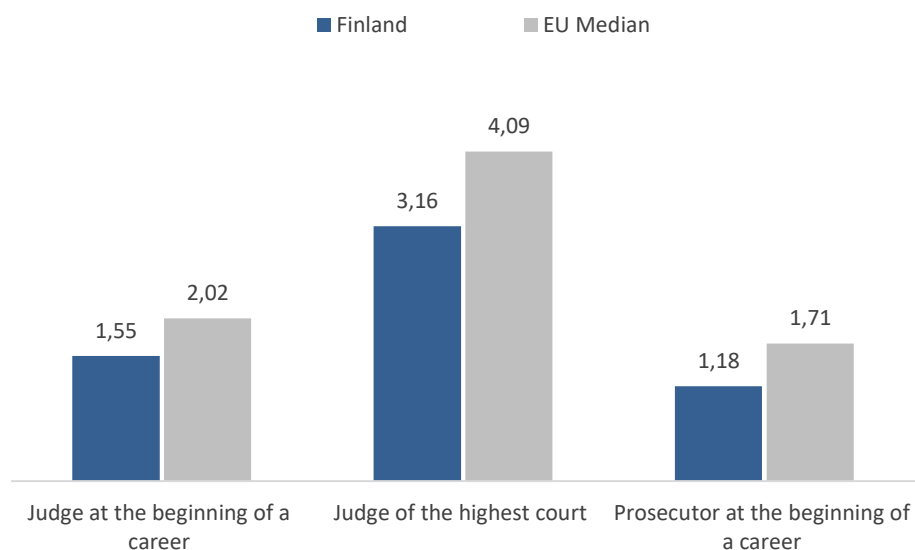
Average annual salary: 43 140 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

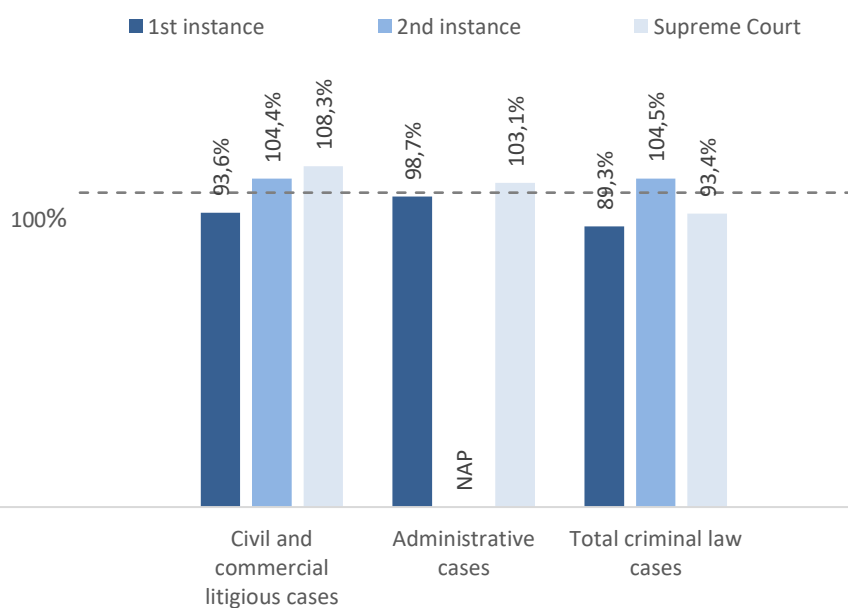


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

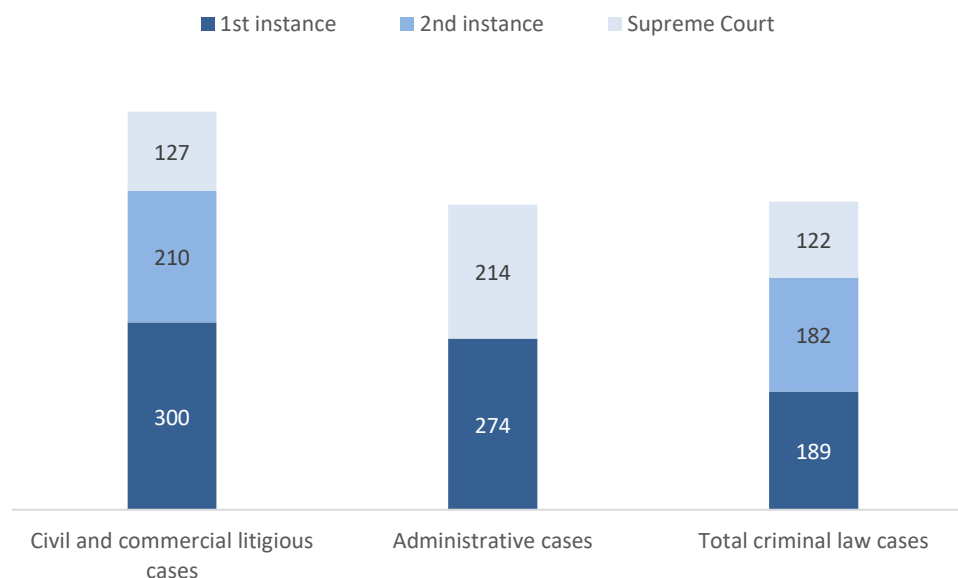


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

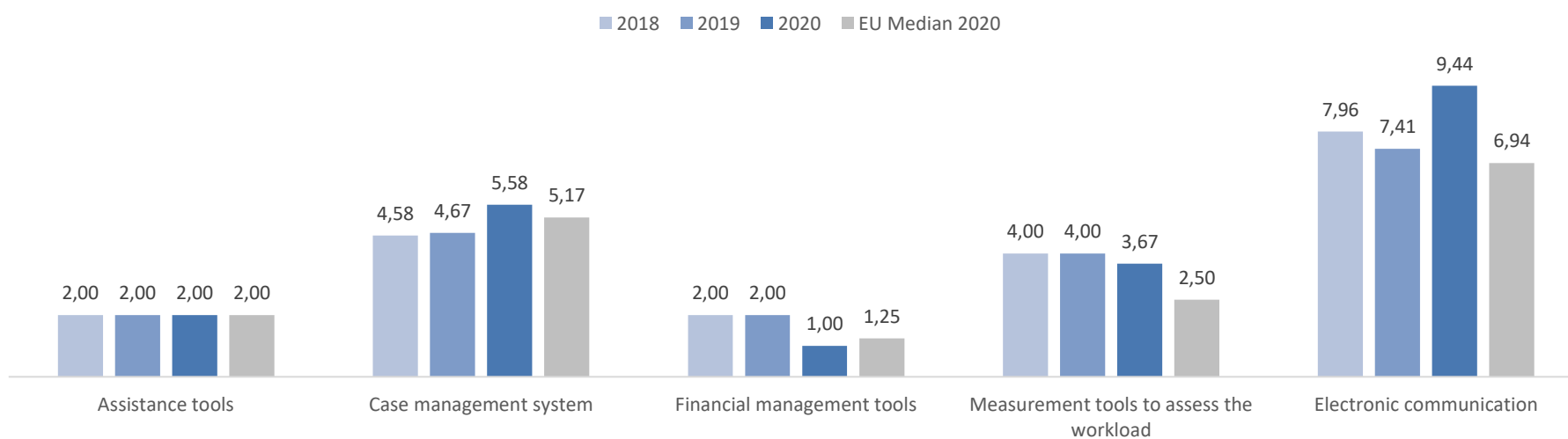


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Finland

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	5 533 793	2,0%	0,6%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
GDP per capita	35 571	37 018	37 559	38 162	38 959	40 612	42 340	43 567	42 701	20,0%	3,7%	8,7%	4,3%	2,9%	-2,0%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	38 472		39 624		40 416		41 580	42 336	43 140	12,1%	2,0%	2,9%		1,8%	1,9%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	18,1	18,1	18,1	18,1	19,4	19,0	19,6	19,7	19,5	7,7%	7,5%	0,9%	3,3%	0,5%	-1,1%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	40,8	40,3	39,5	39,1	39,4	38,8	38,6	38,5	39,1	-4,2%	-0,2%	-2,1%	-0,4%	-0,2%	1,4%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	35,7	36,9	38,7	64,7	68,9	69,8	71,8	72,8	73,9	107,1%	78,2%	4,2%	2,9%	1,4%	1,5%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
ICT overall assesment							7,3	7,2	7,7					-2,3%	8,1%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,190	0,195	0,195	0,202	0,156	0,150	0,149	0,153	0,166	-12,6%	-20,0%	-4,3%	-0,3%	2,4%	8,7%
Administrative law cases	0,508	0,5	0,5	0,494	0,706	0,505	0,445	0,460	0,447	-12,0%	36,6%	-36,9%	-11,7%	3,2%	-2,7%
Total criminal law cases									1,029						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	103%	106%	105%	94%	125%	111%	102%	100%	94%	-9,58	20,26	-22,60	-8,59	-2,36	-6,22
CR administrative law cases	101%	95%	97%	102%	79%	107%	112%	100%	99%	-2,25	-17,72	32,90	4,85	-12,45	-1,07
CR total criminal law cases									89%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	325	288	289	332	252	258	273	280	300	-7,8%	-12,8%	8,4%	5,9%	2,4%	7,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)	248	277	280	271	279	255	235	254	274	10,4%	-0,4%	-15,9%	-8,0%	8,4%	7,7%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									189						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,17	0,16	0,16	0,17	0,13	0,12	0,11	0,12	0,13	-26,9%	-16,7%	-15,1%	-2,6%	2,5%	9,4%
Administrative law cases	0,35	0,37	0,38	0,37	0,43	0,38	0,32	0,32	0,33	-5,0%	11,3%	-24,9%	-15,1%	-0,5%	3,6%
Total criminal law cases									0,48						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	101%	119%	95%	107%	97%	104%		NA	-11,93	11,40	-10,00	7,62
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									104%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	206	150	212	177	205	210		NA	17,8%	-16,7%	15,9%	2,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									182						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			93%	103%	107%	115%	108%	97%	108%		13,52	1,38	-6,53	-11,12	11,38
CR administrative law cases			102%	93%	112%	104%	95%	100%	103%		10,79	-17,27	-8,33	5,20	2,68
CR total criminal law cases									93%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			224	219	165	132	131	163	127		-26,3%	-20,8%	-0,6%	24,7%	-22,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)			312	358	225	169	207	197	214		-27,8%	-7,8%	23,0%	-5,0%	8,8%
DT total criminal law cases									122						

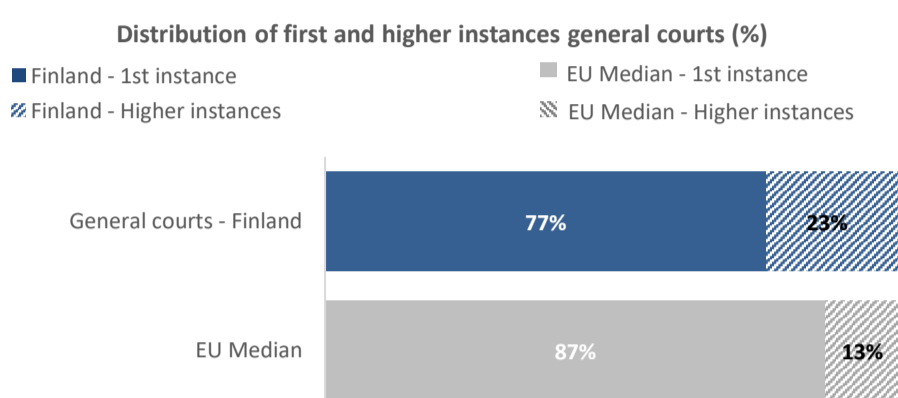
1. Judicial organisation in Finland

In Finland, there are 20 district courts with 36 offices, five courts of appeal, the Supreme Court, six administrative courts, the Supreme Administrative Court, the Market Court, the Labour Court and the Insurance Court. One of the Administrative Courts, the Labour Court and the Market Court are located in the same location. In total there are 36 courts in 52 geographic locations.

It is noteworthy recalling that the number of district courts was reduced from 27 to 20 courts at the re-structuring on 1 January 2019. A court can have more than one office. The number of the district courts' offices has been reduced from 57 to 36 offices.

Besides, as of 1 September 2019, undisputed civil cases (for example debt collection, unpaid rents, other small debts and eviction cases) which are handled and decided in summary proceedings are centralised from all 20 district courts to 9 district courts.

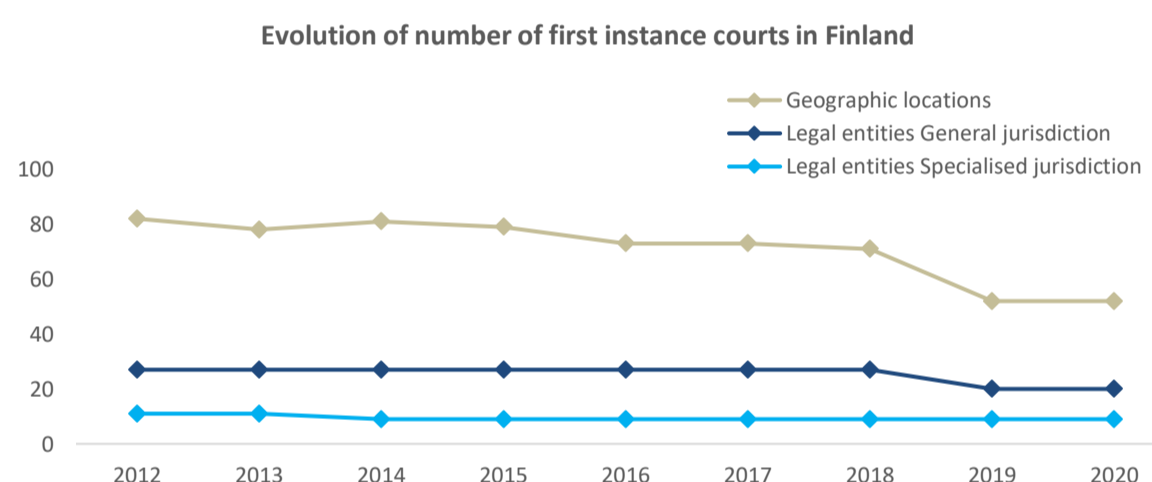
Distribution of general courts in Finland



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Finland is quite different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Finland

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	82	27	11
2013	78	27	11
2014	81	27	9
2015	79	27	9
2016	73	27	9
2017	73	27	9
2018	71	27	9
2019	52	20	9
2020	52	20	9



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 69,0% - 31,0% is around the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	9	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	1	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	6	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

In Finland, there are nine first instance specialised courts, namely: six regional administrative courts, the Market Court, the Labour Court and the Insurance Court.

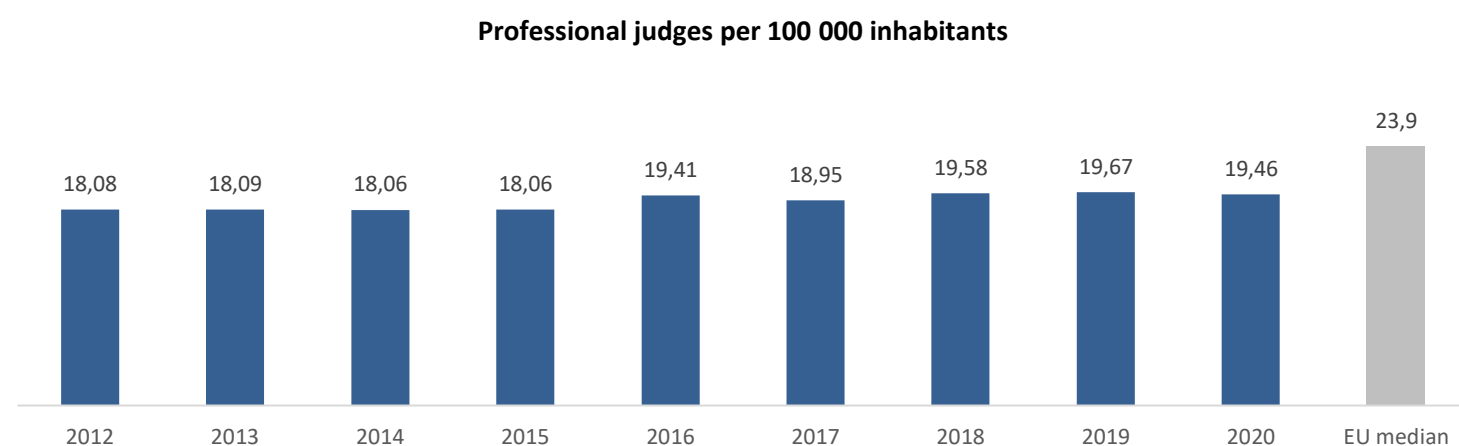
Another specialised court is the High Court of Impeachment that hears charges against ministers (i.e. members of the Government), the Chancellor of Justice, the Parliamentary Ombudsman and members of the Supreme Court or the Supreme Administrative Court for unlawful conduct in office. In addition, the High Court of Impeachment deals with charges concerning the criminal liability of the President of the Republic. However, it is convened only when necessary.

2. Professionals of justice in Finland

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	981	18,08
2013	986	18,09
2014	988	18,06
2015	991	18,06
2016	1 068	19,41
2017	1 045	18,95
2018	1 081	19,58
2019	1 087	19,67
2020	1 077	19,46



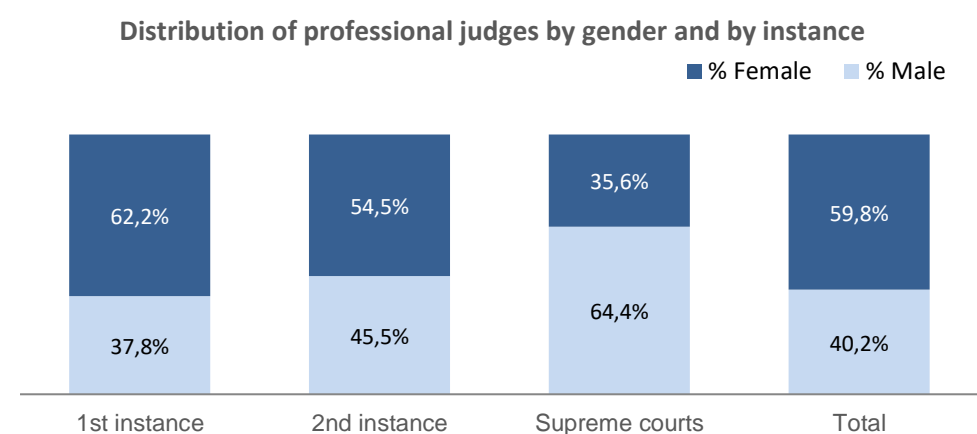
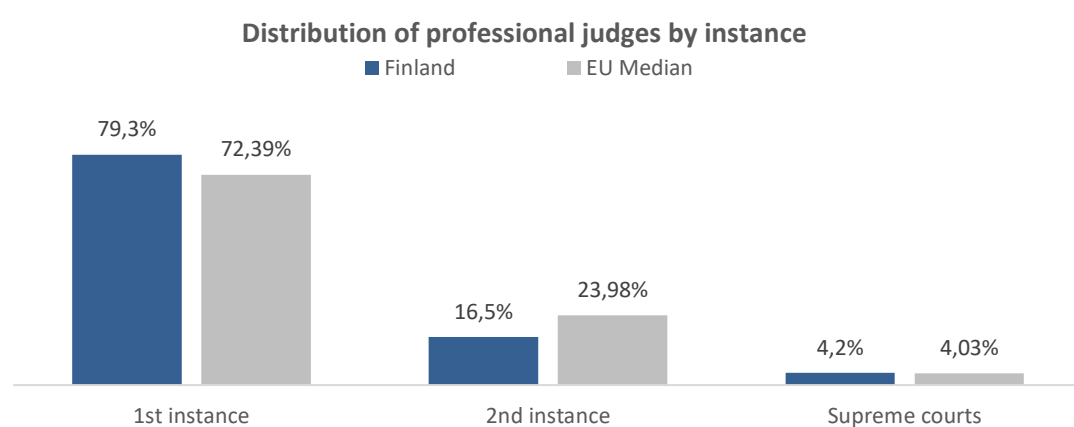
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Finland is 1 077, which is -0,9% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Finland, there are 19,46 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,01 non-judge staff per judge .

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 1,96 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	854	79,3%	323	531	37,8%	62,2%
2nd instance	178	16,5%	81	97	45,5%	54,5%
Supreme courts	45	4,2%	29	16	64,4%	35,6%
Total	1 077		433	644	40,2%	59,8%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 644, which represents 59,8% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 854 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 531 are female); 178 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 97 are female) and 45 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 16 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance the trend in Finland is similar. However, we can notice that first instance and Supreme Court judges are more numerous, while second instance judges are fewer.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that that female judges do not have the majority only at third instance.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	854	NA	NA	251	NAP
2nd instance	178	NA	NA	NAP	NA
Supreme courts	45	NA	NA	27	NAP
Total	1 077	NA	NA	278	NAP

In Finland, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

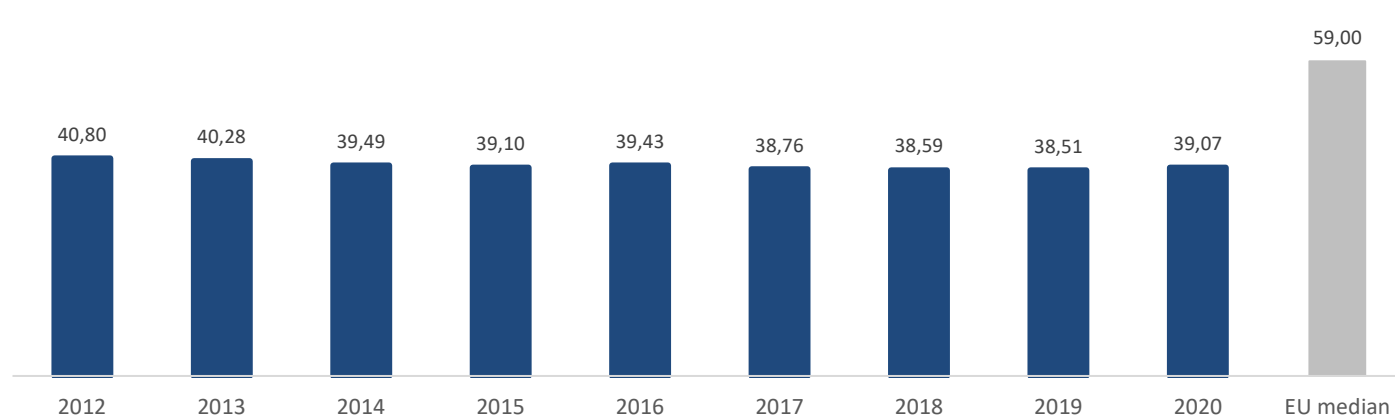
2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	29,4%	NAP
2nd instance	NA	NA	NAP	NA
Supreme courts	NA	NA	60,0%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	25,8%	NAP

It should be pointed out that, in Finland, there are not statistics on the number of civil and/ or commercial and criminal judges in the general courts as in many courts judges work in both types of cases. In Market Court, there are 21 judges who are civil/commercial judges.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	2 214	2 196	2 161	2 145	2 170	2 137	2 131	2 128	2 162
Per 100 000 inhabitants	40,80	40,28	39,49	39,10	39,43	38,76	38,59	38,51	39,07

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	2 162	
Rechtspfleger	NA	NA
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	NA	NA
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA
Technical staff	NA	NA
Other	NA	NA

In 2020, Finland has 2 162 non-judge staff (of which 1 646 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 1,6%.

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 38,5 in 2019 to 39,1 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 19,7 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 19,5 in 2020.

It is noteworthy that the Finnish court staff organisation does not correspond to the CEPEJ subcategories. Therefore, only the total of non-judge staff can be provided, including office staff (1477), summoners (273), trainee district judges (137) and referendaries (275).

Office staff has tasks mentioned in the categories 2-5.

Summoners' tasks are for example to serve summons, subpoenas and other documents.

Trainee judges have the same responsibility as judges, but they do not have competence to deal with difficult cases. They are always appointed for a fixed term period (one year). In the courts of appeal, the administrative courts, the Supreme Court, the Supreme Administrative Court, the Labour Court and the Market Court a referendary prepares and presents a case to the judges but the final judgment is decided by the judges. The tasks of trainee judges and referendaries correspond to the categories 1 and 2.

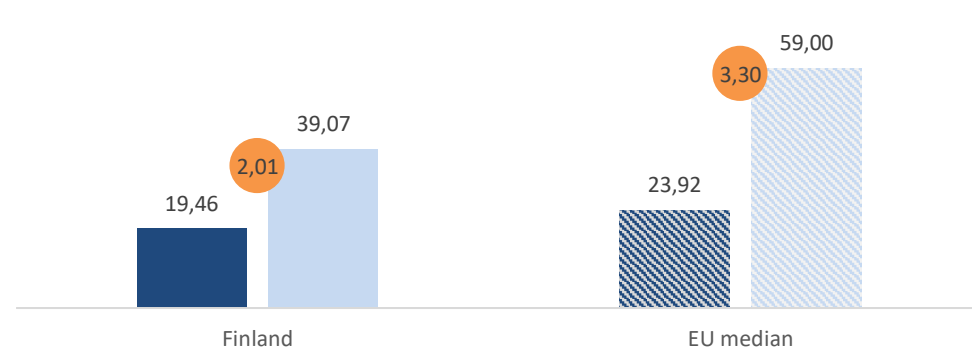
As concerns Rechtspfleger, the senior judge of a district court may appoint in writing a member of the office personnel at the district court who has given an affirmation corresponding to the judge's affirmation, who has received sufficient training and who has sufficient skills to attend to the duties: (1) in cases referred to in Chapter 5, section 3 of the Code of Judicial Procedure: (a) to give judgments by default; (b) to give, on the basis of Chapter 21, section 8(c) of the Code of Judicial Procedure, decisions and judgments on court costs, if the respondent has conceded the claim; (c) to decide on the staying of an action if the plaintiff has withdrawn the action and the respondent does not call for a decision in the case; (2) to decide on applications for divorce on the basis of section 25, subsection 1 of the Marriage Act (234/1929) if both spouses are domiciled in Finland. If the case to be decided by office personnel, as referred to in subsection 1, proves to be extensive, subject to interpretation or otherwise difficult to decide, the case shall be transferred for a decision of a notary or a legally trained judge at the district court. The chief judge of a district court may appoint in writing a member of the office personnel at the district court who has sufficient skills, to issue summons and certificates, to effect service of documents and to attend to other duties connected to the preparation, consideration or enforcement of administration of justice matters. Before taking such tasks, the staff member must give an oath. (Courts Act, Chapter 19, Section 6).

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Finland	EU median
Professional judges	19,46	23,92
Non-judge staff	39,07	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	2,01	3,30

Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

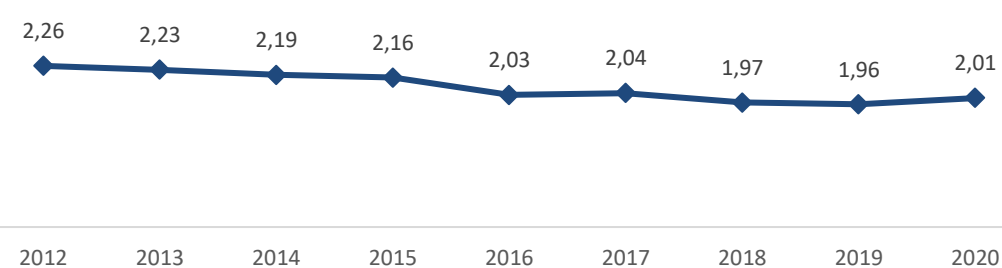
■ Professional judges
 ■ Non-judge staff
 ● Non-judge staff per judge



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	18,08	40,80	2,26
2013	18,09	40,28	2,23
2014	18,06	39,49	2,19
2015	18,06	39,10	2,16
2016	19,41	39,43	2,03
2017	18,95	38,76	2,04
2018	19,58	38,59	1,97
2019	19,67	38,51	1,96
2020	19,46	39,07	2,01

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

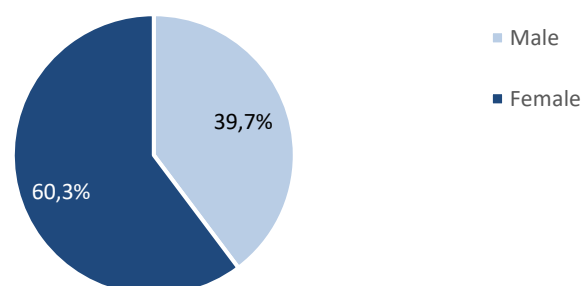


Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	390		155	235	39,7%	60,3%

Distribution of public prosecutors by gender



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 235, which represents 60,3% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors cannot be distributed among the different judicial instances.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noticed that prosecutors in Finland are not bound on Court instances. Each prosecutor is expected, in a normal situation, to handle and prosecute the criminal case all the way to the Supreme Court, if necessary.

It should be noted that the National Prosecution Authority comprises the Office of the Prosecutor General that acts as the general administrative unit, and five prosecution districts, namely, Southern Finland, Western Finland, Northern Finland, Eastern Finland and Åland. The National Prosecution Authority has 34 offices around Finland.

The Prosecutor General is the supreme prosecutor and the head of the prosecution service. The Prosecutor General directs and develops prosecutorial activity by issuing general instructions and guidelines to the prosecutors. She/he also appoints district prosecutors. The Prosecutor General may take over a case from a prosecutor, but cannot order a prosecutor to decide the case in any given manner. She/he can also self-decide on the bringing of charges and designate a prosecutor to pursue the case in the courts.

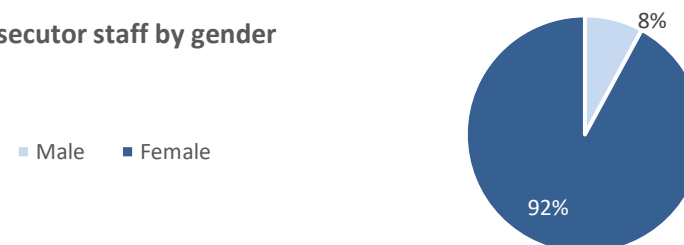
The Deputy Prosecutor General decides the matters in his/her competence on the same authority as the Prosecutor General. He/she also acts as a deputy for the Prosecutor General when necessary.

For regular prosecutorial tasks, the Office of the Prosecutor General has state prosecutors whose jurisdiction covers the entire country. Most criminal matters (about 91 3000 cases annually) are dealt with by the prosecution areas. The Office of the Prosecutor General deals mainly with criminal cases with wider significance to society as a whole, a few dozen every year.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	139	11	128

Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

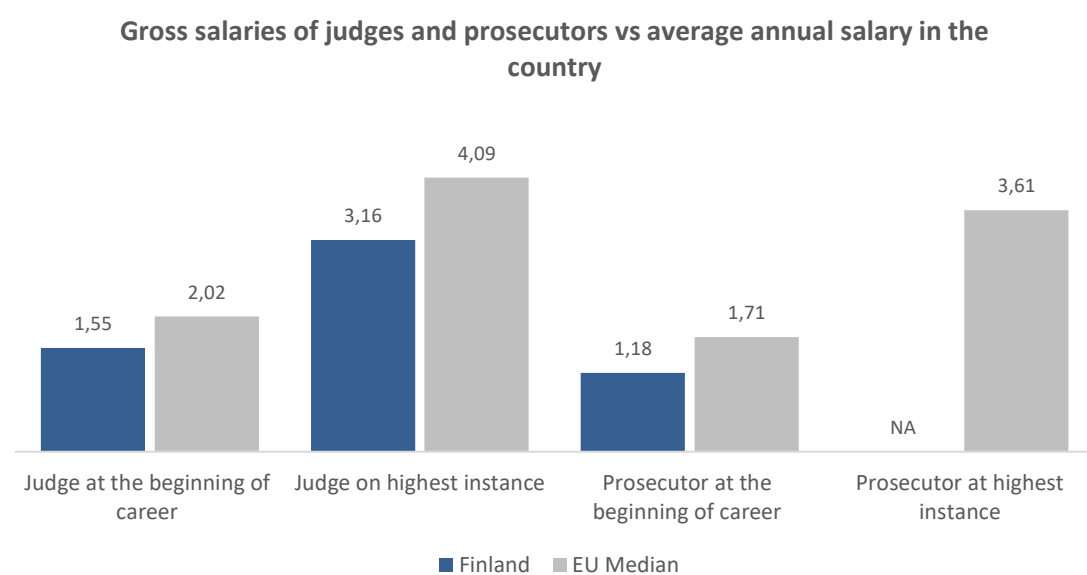
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Finland	EU median
Public prosecutors	7,05	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	2,51	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,36	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	66 900 €	NA	1,55
Judge of the highest court	136 300 €	NA	3,16
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	50 880 €	NA	1,18
Public prosecutor at highest instance	NAP	NAP	NA

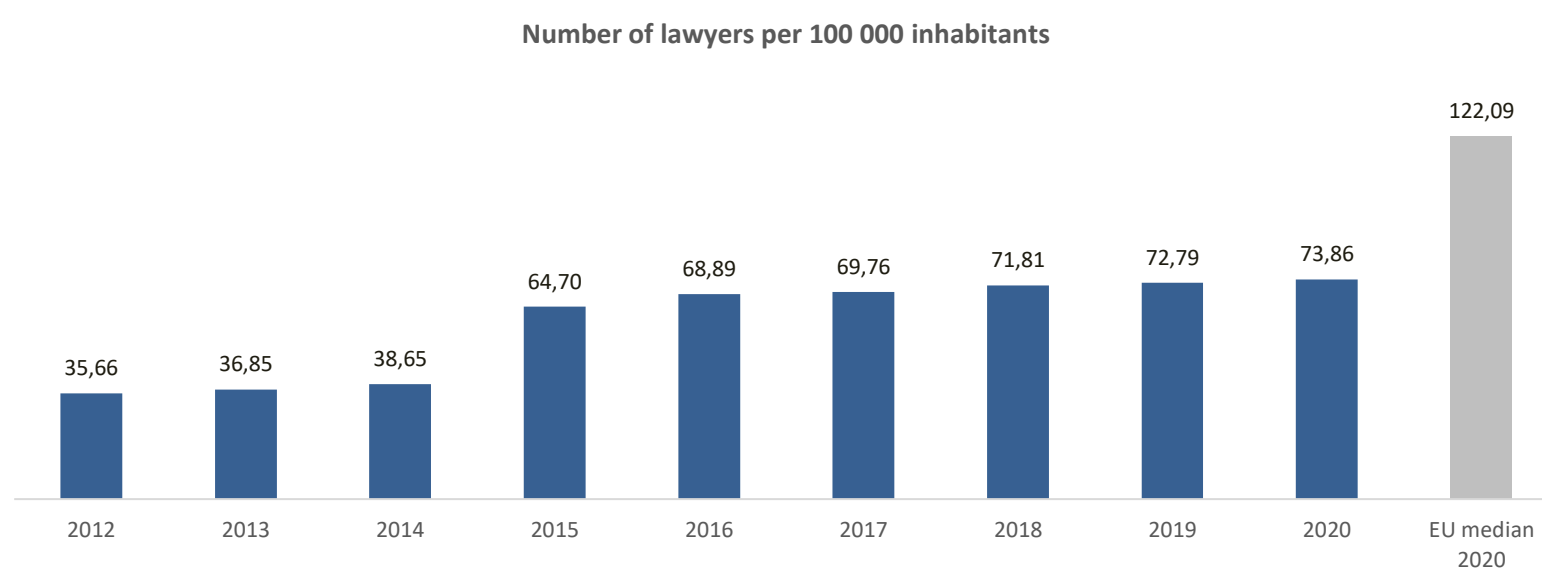


According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Finland of 66 900€ is somewhat above when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 1,55 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

In Finland, there are several salary categories for judges. The salary depends also on the years of work experience. A first instance judge is in a salary category T11 in which the gross salary is from 4731,58€/month to 6042,23€/month depending on his/her experience. A permanent first instance judge has usually at least nine years of work experience which means the salary is 5441,32€/month. In Finland, the taxation is progressive so the information on net salary depends from person to person and is therefore not available.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 935	35,66
2013	2 009	36,85
2014	2 115	38,65
2015	3 550	64,70
2016	3 791	68,89
2017	3 846	69,76
2018	3 965	71,81
2019	4 022	72,79
2020	4 087	73,86



In 2020, there are 4 087 lawyers, which is 1,6% more than in 2019.

Finland has 73,9 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

In 2020, the total number of lawyers includes 2211 attorneys-at-law, 1664 licensed legal counsels and 212 public legal aid lawyers. These lawyers can represent a client in court. The title of attorney-at-law is protected by law and can only be used by lawyers accepted into the Finnish Bar Association. The total number of in-house lawyers, trade union lawyers and lawyers working for public authorities is not available.

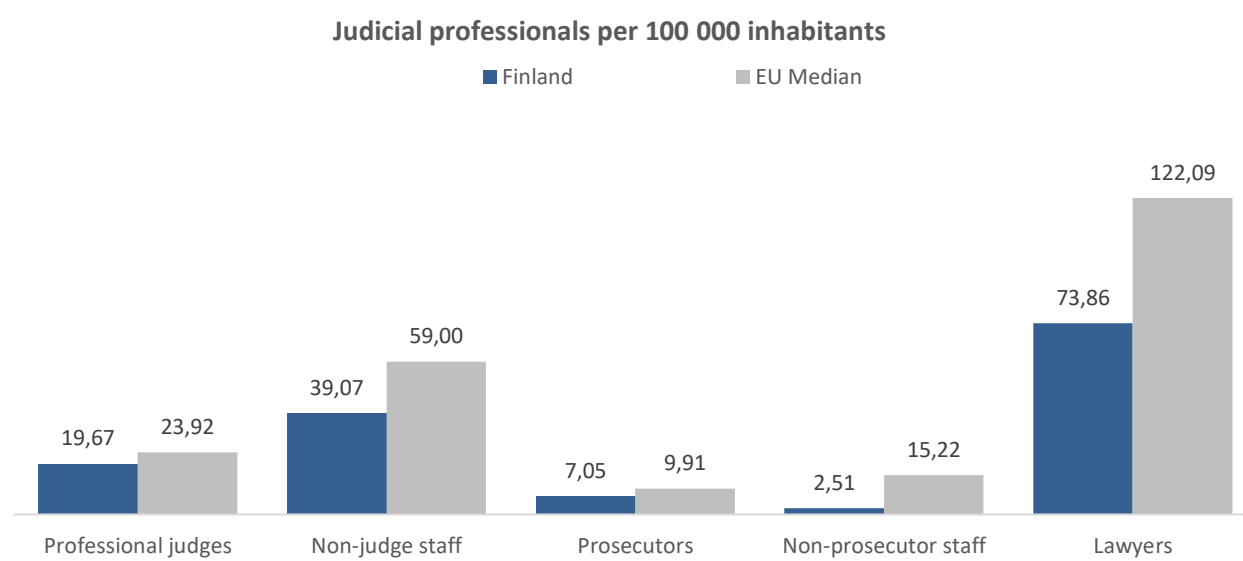
It is important recalling that as of 2014, only attorneys-at-law, public legal aid lawyers and licenced legal counsels are allowed to represent a client in court. In addition, in-house lawyers can represent their company in court. Lawyers working for trade unions can represent a client in a district court and in the Labour Court in disputes regarding employment relationship. Lawyers working for public authorities can represent the public authority in court.

Generally speaking, in order to qualify as an attorney-at-law, a lawyer needs to have at least four years of work experience and must pass the demanding three-part professional qualification test known as the bar examination. The titles of attorney-at-law and attorney's office are protected by law and can only be used by lawyers accepted into the Finnish Bar Association. Attorney's offices employ also associate lawyers, that is lawyers who are not yet members of the bar.

Judicial professionals (summary)

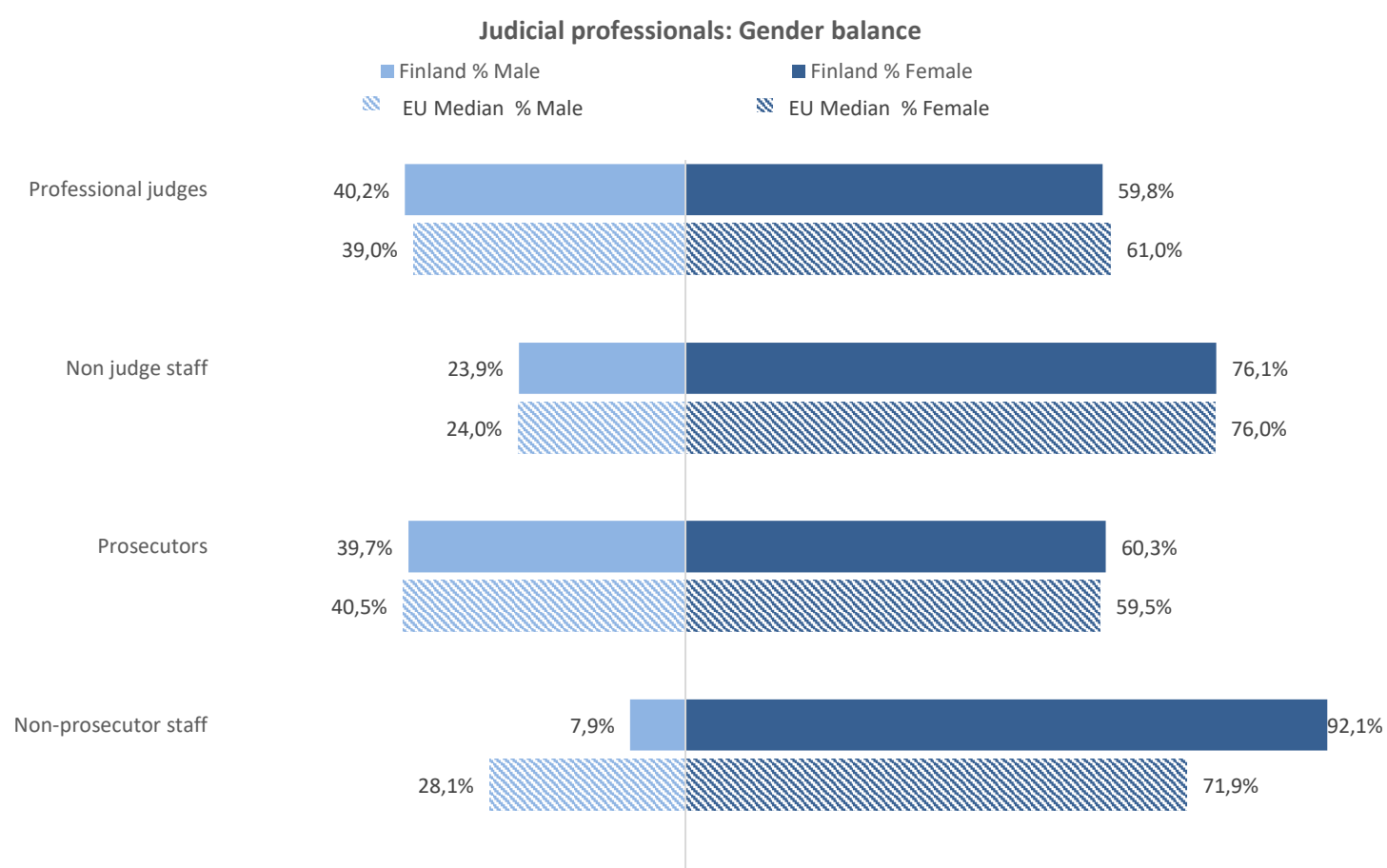
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 087	19,67	23,92
Non-judge staff	2 162	39,07	59,00
Prosecutors	390	7,05	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	139	2,51	15,22
Lawyers	4 087	73,86	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	40,2%	59,8%
Non judge staff	23,9%	76,1%
Prosecutors	39,7%	60,3%
Non-prosecutor staff	7,9%	92,1%
Lawyers	NA	NA



3. Legal aid and court fees in Finland

In Finland, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

In Finland, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

The granting of legal aid exempts the recipient from liability for the enforcement fees pertaining to the judgment or the court order and any expenses payable in advance. All necessary costs of enforcement are covered from state funds, if they cannot be collected from the opposing party (Legal Aid Act, Section 4(4)).

The fees and compensations arising from the interpretation and translation services required in the consideration of the matter are waived for a recipient of legal aid. Compensation for a witness called by a party receiving legal aid is paid from the state funds. Other costs arising from presenting evidence by a party receiving legal aid are paid from the state funds if the evidence was necessary for deciding the case. If a party receiving legal aid, other than the defendant in a criminal case, has been summoned to the court in person, the compensation for the costs of appearing before the court are paid from the state funds.

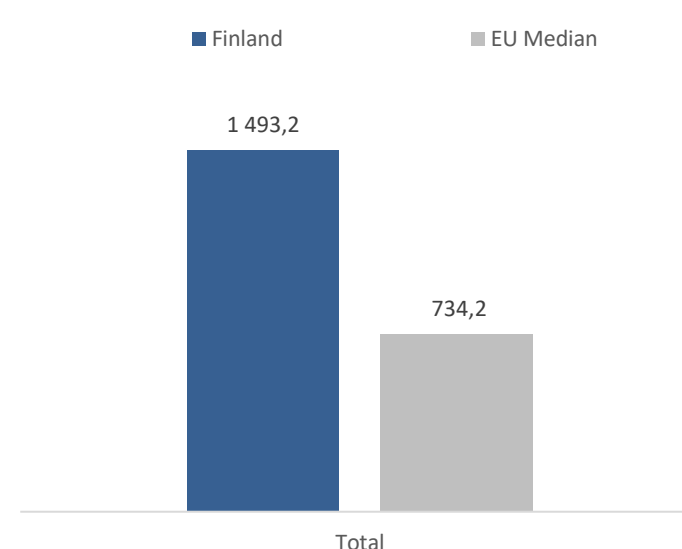
Legal aid can be granted for travel and lodging costs for the lawyer, as well as for the expenses of witnesses, expert witnesses included. A state-covered support person may be appointed to a victim of violent or sexual crimes, in addition to his/her legal representation.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	82 628	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Finland	EU Median
Total	1 493,2	734,2
In criminal cases	NA	330,9
In other than criminal cases	NA	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



Currently, the reporting system of the legal aid is being renewed, therefore, the number of cases for which legal aid has been granted cannot be provided.

Legal aid decisions are done by the State Legal Aid Offices. Legal aid can be provided in respect of almost any sort of legal matter. In court cases, the applicant has a choice of lawyers: (1) a public legal aid lawyer (working at the State Legal Aid Office) or (2) a private lawyer, who can be an advocate (member of the Finnish Bar Association) or a licensed lawyer (lawyer who has been granted a permit by the Licensed Lawyers Board to act as a licensed lawyer). In certain matters, legal aid is only given by public legal aid lawyers.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

4. Performance of courts in Finland

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

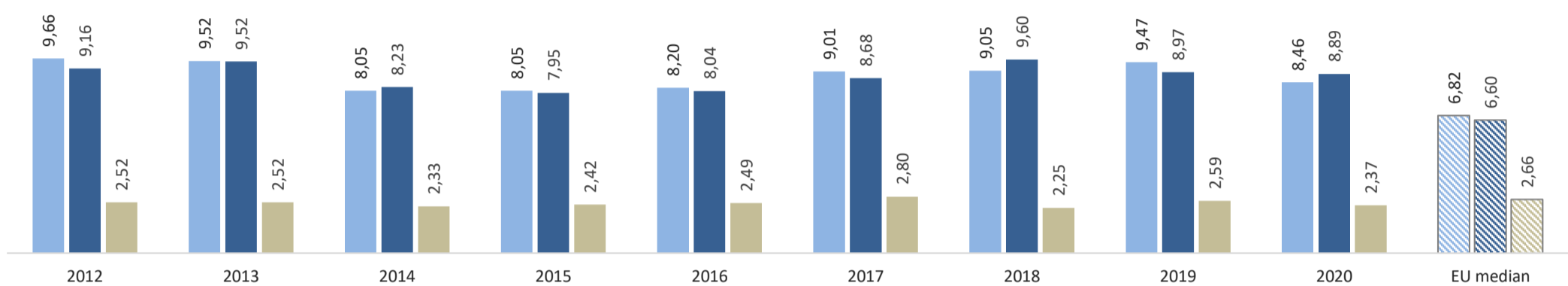
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants

■ Incoming ■ Resolved ■ Pending 31 Dec



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Finland (8,46 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Finland (8,89 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

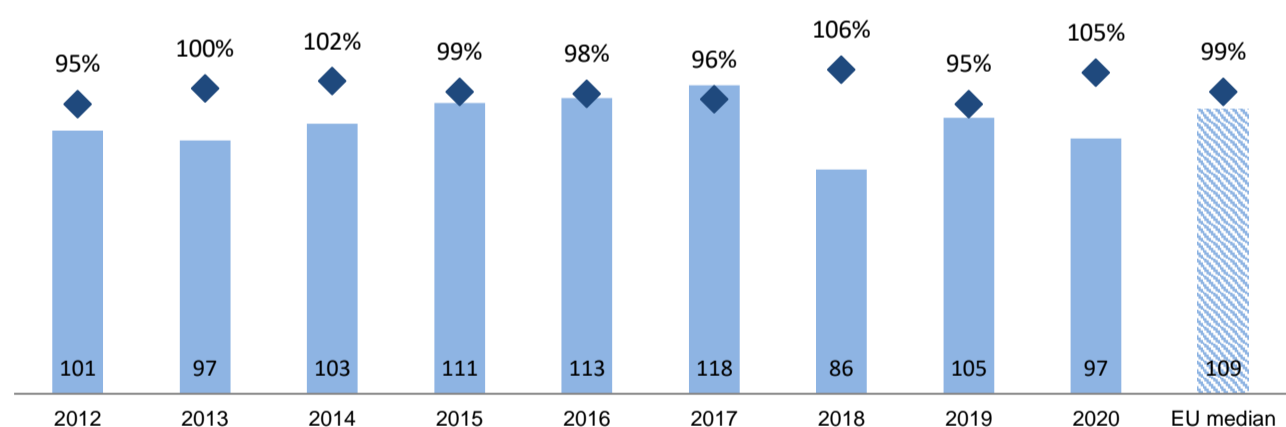
The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Finland (2,37 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	95%	101
2013	100%	97
2014	102%	103
2015	99%	111
2016	98%	113
2017	96%	118
2018	106%	86
2019	95%	105
2020	105%	97

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases

■ DT (days) ◆ CR (%)



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 105,1% in 2020 Finland seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 10,3 points.

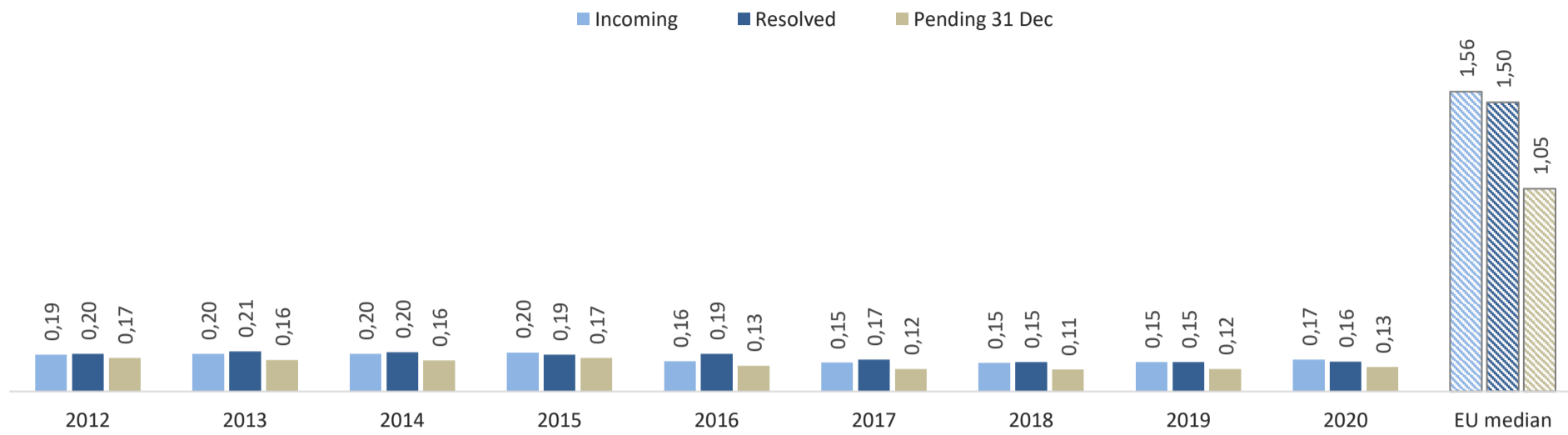
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 97 days, which is slightly below EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -7,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Finland (0,17 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

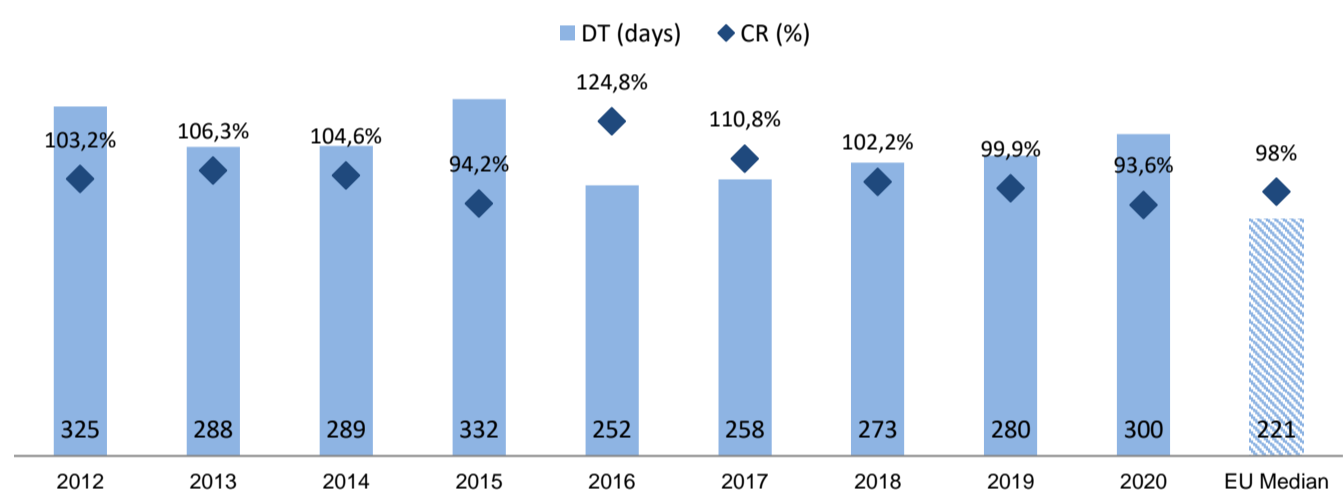
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Finland (0,16 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Finland (0,13 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	103,2%	325
2013	106,3%	288
2014	104,6%	289
2015	94,2%	332
2016	124,8%	252
2017	110,8%	258
2018	102,2%	273
2019	99,9%	280
2020	93,6%	300

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 93,6% in 2020, Finland seems to encounter some difficulties to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -6,2 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 300 days, which is somewhat above EU median of 221 days.

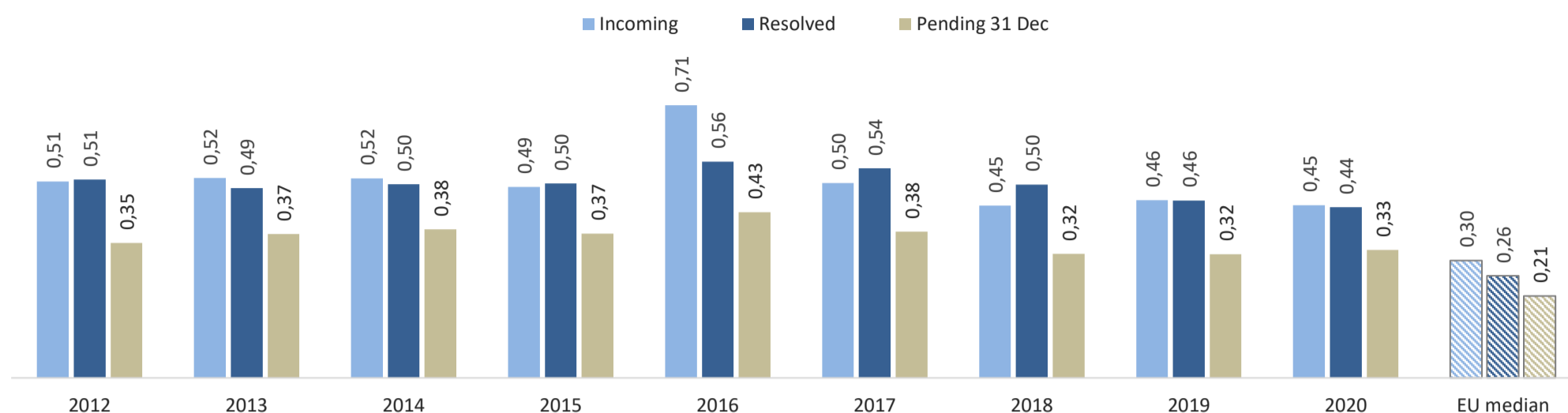
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 7,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Finland (0,45 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

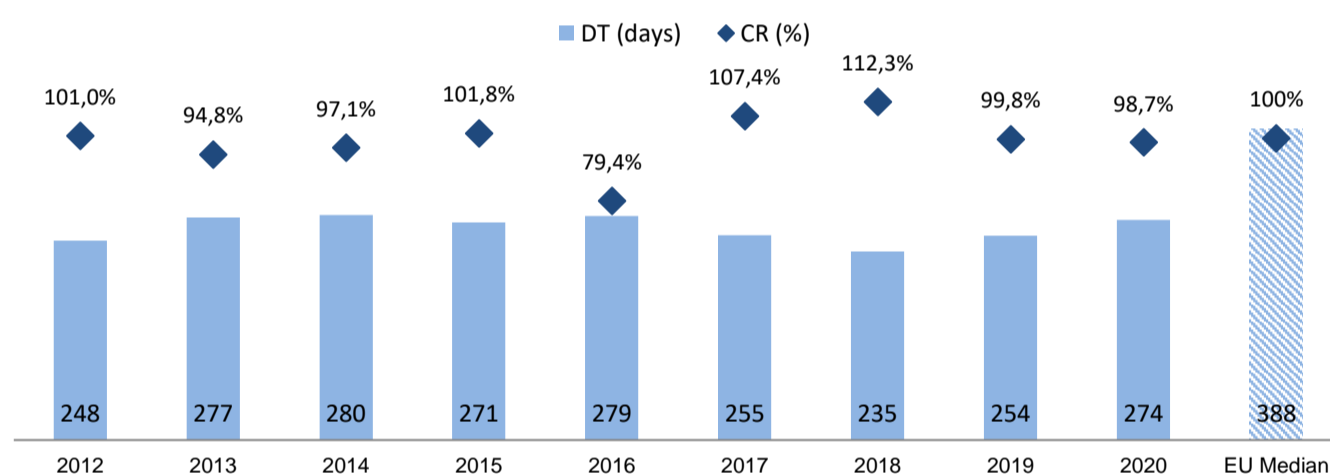
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Finland (0,44 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Finland (0,33 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	101,0%	248
2013	94,8%	277
2014	97,1%	280
2015	101,8%	271
2016	79,4%	279
2017	107,4%	255
2018	112,3%	235
2019	99,8%	254
2020	98,7%	274



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,7% in 2020, Finland seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,1 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 274 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 388 days.

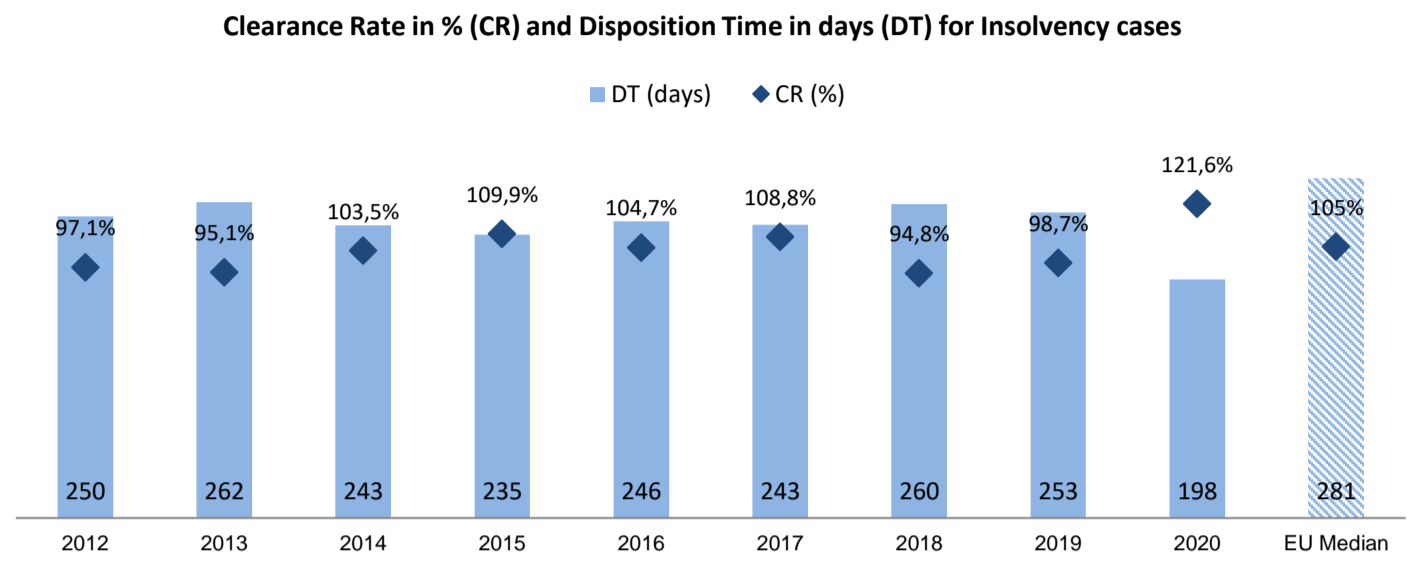
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 7,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases includes cases dealt by the administrative courts, the Market Court and the Insurance Court.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	97,1%	250
2013	95,1%	262
2014	103,5%	243
2015	109,9%	235
2016	104,7%	246
2017	108,8%	243
2018	94,8%	260
2019	98,7%	253
2020	121,6%	198



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 121,6% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Finland seems to deal efficiently with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 22,9 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 198 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -22,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

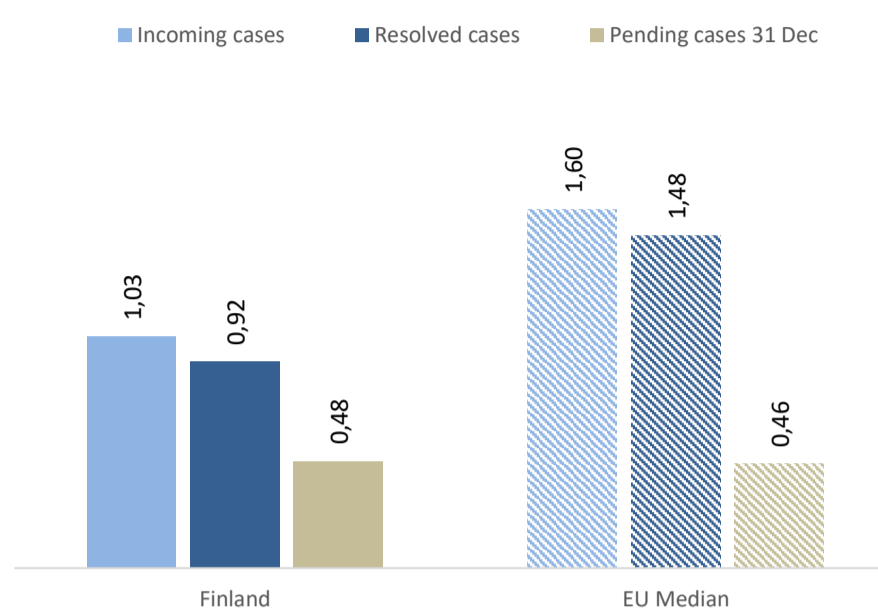
• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	20 227	56 932	50 834	26 325
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,37	1,03	0,92	0,48
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Total criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Finland (1,03 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

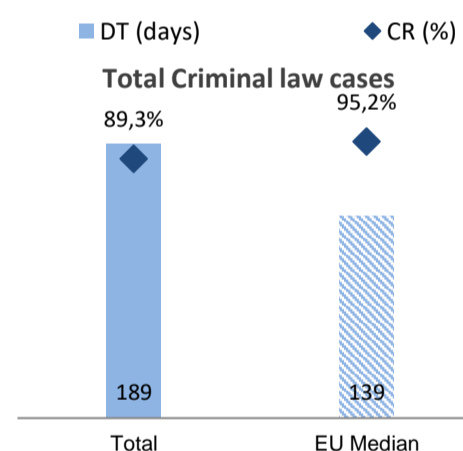
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Finland (0,92 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Finland (0,48 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	89,3%	189
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP
Other cases	NAP	NAP

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT)



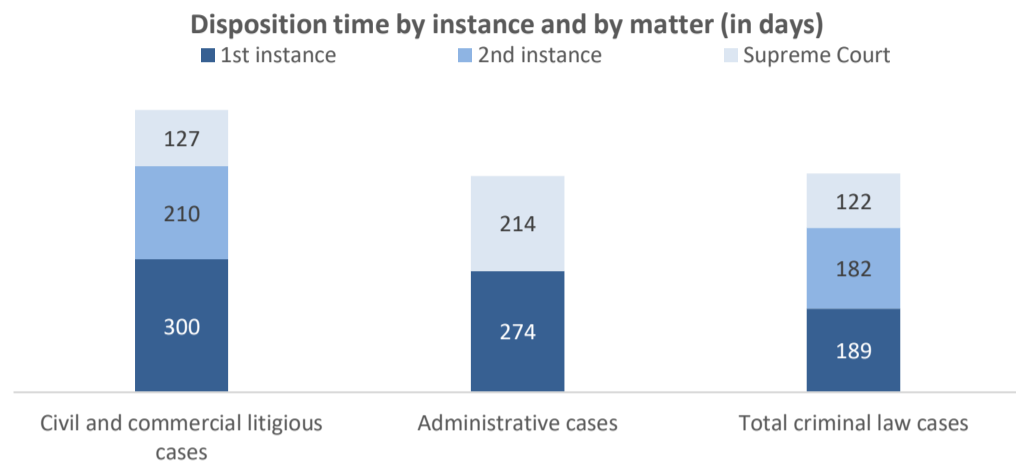
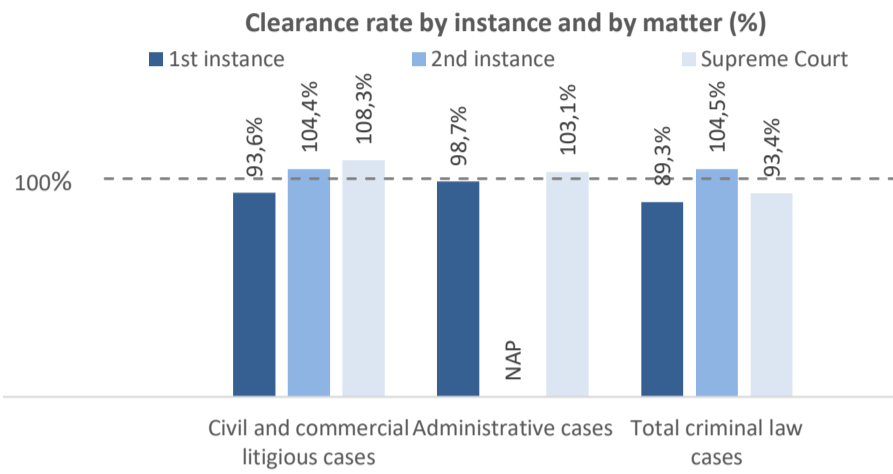
With the Clearance Rate calculated at 89,3% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Finland seems to encounter difficulties to deal with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 189 days, which is somewhat above EU median of 139 days.

In Finland, criminal cases are not statistically categorized in severe criminal cases and misdemeanour and / or minor cases.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	93,6%	104,4%	108,3%	300	210	127
Administrative cases	98,7%	NAP	103,1%	274	NAP	214
Total criminal law cases	89,3%	104,5%	93,4%	189	182	122



As regards civil and administrative cases, the Clearance rate indicator is below the 100% threshold only in respect of first instance civil cases, while in criminal matters, it is above the efficiency threshold only at second instance.

As to the Disposition Time indicator, the Finnish value is beyond the EU median only with regard to first instance civil cases (the EU median being 221 days). Generally speaking, the cases are processed faster at the Supreme Court level and much longer at first instance. Besides, civil proceedings seem to be the longest at all instances.

5. Public prosecution services in Finland

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Finland has the following 7 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✗	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✗	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The pre-trial investigation is the duty of the pre-trial authorities who are the police, the Finnish Border Guard, the Finnish Customs and the Finnish Defence Forces. Once the criminal investigation is completed, the material compiled during the investigation which is called 'pre-trial investigation material' is sent to the prosecutor. Then the prosecutor evaluates whether a criminal offence has been committed and whether there is sufficient evidence for prosecution and for what kind of charges. The prosecutor cooperates with the police in the pre-trial investigation and serves as the head of the pre-trial investigation in cases where the suspect is a police officer. On the request of the public prosecutor, the pre-trial investigation authority shall conduct a criminal investigation or perform a criminal investigation measure. The pre-trial investigation authority shall also comply with orders given by the public prosecutor intended to ensure clarification of the matter. The pre-trial investigation authority shall, in the manner required by the nature or scope of the matter, notify the prosecutor of the conducting of a criminal investigation and of circumstances connected with criminal investigation measures and otherwise of progress in the investigation.

A prosecutor's task is to make sure that a criminal act is punished by a legal sanction. A prosecutor has to consider a case impartially, promptly and economically in a manner consistent with the legal safeguards of the parties and the public interest. A charge must be brought if there is a prima facie case against the suspect. If a charge is not brought, the prosecutor must make a decision not to prosecute. A prosecutor is independent in his or her decision-making. The prosecutor cannot accept instructions or orders from anyone in his or her cases. For example, the police's opinion on who has committed an offence or which offence has been committed does not bind the prosecutor. In certain circumstances, based on the proposal of the pre-trial investigation officer in charge of the investigation the prosecutor may order that a pre-trial investigation is carried out or a pre-trial investigation already started is discontinued. The prosecutor brings a charge by filing a written application for a summons to the district court. If the court allows it, the prosecutor may bring a charge by self-issuing a summons.

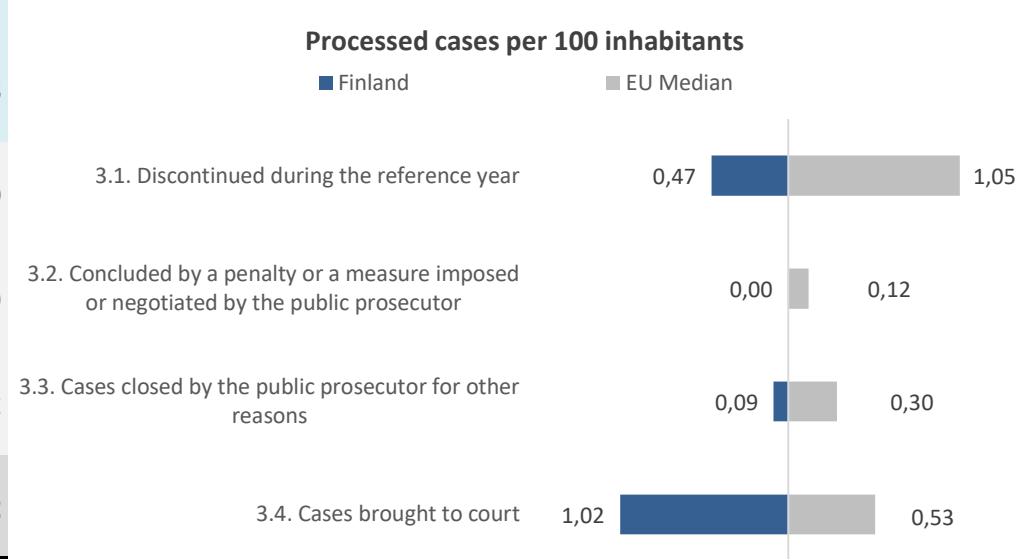
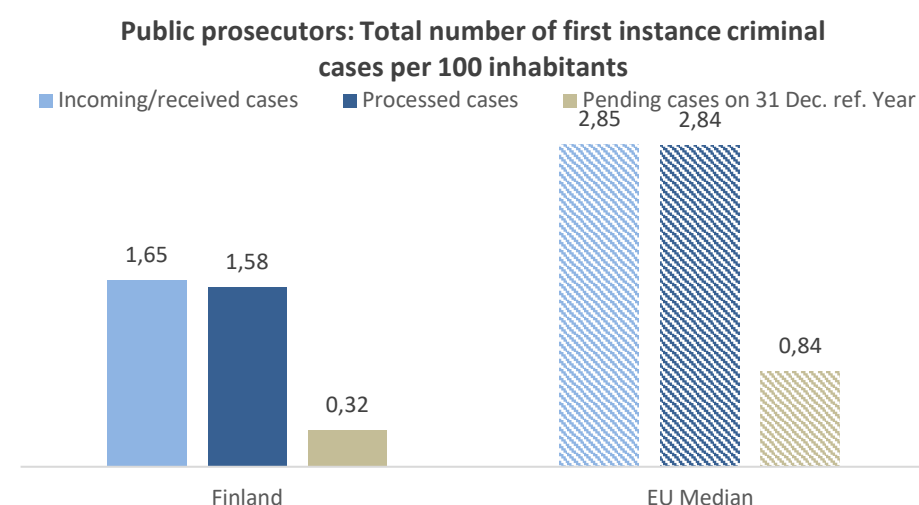
The prosecutor must present the case orally in the court. It is the duty of the prosecutor to prove the charge, by obtaining sufficient evidence in support of the charge and by presenting the evidence to the court. After the trial, it is for the court to decide whether to accept or dismiss the charge, to determine the punishment and to assess the compensation for damages and the other possible sanctions. Like other parties of the case, the prosecutor has the right to appeal the judgment of a lower court to a higher court.

In certain simple cases, the prosecutor has the competence to order a fine and a confiscatory sanction in written proceedings without bringing the case to the court. (Art 3 of the "Law on Ordering Fines and Summary Fines (754/2010)") This option is available if the suspect does not demand that a court hears the case (Art 4). A prosecutor orders a summary fine or a fine based on the seriousness of the act and the suspect's income (Art 1). The decision can be appealed to the district court (Art 35).

The public prosecutor does not have any role in civil, administrative or insolvency cases.

Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	13 991	0,25
2. Incoming/received cases	91 246	1,65
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	87 530	1,58
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	25 888	0,47
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NAP	NAP
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	389	0,01
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	16 809	0,30
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	8 690	0,16
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	12	0,00
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	4 917	0,09
3.4. Cases brought to court	56 713	1,02
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	17 707	0,32



It should be noted that notice cases of summary fines are not included in the category cases "Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor". The number of summary fines is 38 433.

The decrease in the number of cases "Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor" is due to a change in the law. The law on certain type of fine (rangaistusmääräysmenettely) was abolished in 2016 and replaced with the law on fines and summary penalty fee (laki sakon ja rikesakon määräämisestä (754/2010). According to this law, the police can order the summary penal fee. The following page, in Finnish, shows figures of the amount in euros of these summary fines imposed by prosecutors (2nd graph) and by the police (3rd graph): <https://www.oikeusrekisterikeskus.fi/fi/index/tietopalvelu/tilastotjaavoindata/sakot.html>

With regard to the categories "Discontinued cases for other reasons" and "Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons", it should be pointed out that:

The prosecutor must waive prosecution if: (1) the prerequisites for the bringing of charges provided in section 6, subsection 1 are not met; (2) the prosecutor waives prosecution on the basis of section 6, subsection 2; (3) the injured party has not requested that charges be brought or another special prerequisite provided in law for the bringing of charges referred to in section 2, subsection 2 is not met and the nature of the case requires that a separate decision be made.

The prosecutor may waive prosecution if: (1) if no sentence more severe than a fine is to be anticipated for the offence and the offence, with consideration to its detrimental effects or the degree of culpability of the offender manifested in it, is to be deemed petty as a whole; and (2) if the suspect had not reached the age of eighteen at the time of the commission of the suspected offence and no sentence more severe than a fine or imprisonment for at most six months is to be anticipated for this offence and it is to be deemed to be more the result of lack of understanding or thoughtlessness than of heedlessness of the prohibitions and commands of the law. In addition, the prosecutor may waive prosecution, unless an important public or private interest requires otherwise if: 1) if criminal proceedings and punishment are to be deemed unreasonable or inappropriate in view of a settlement reached by the suspect in the offence and the injured party, the other action of the suspect in the offence to prevent or remove the effects of the offence, the personal circumstances of the suspect in the offence, the other consequences of the act to him or her, the welfare and health care measures undertaken and the other circumstances; (2) under the provisions on joint punishment or on the consideration of previous punishments in sentencing, the suspected offence would not have an essential effect on the total punishment; or (3) the expenses in continuing to consider the case would be in manifest disproportion to the nature of the case and to the sanction possibly to be expected in it.

Also, If charges are being considered for two or more offences for which the same person is suspected and if he or she has contributed to the clarification of one or more of the suspected offences, the prosecutor may decide not to bring charges for all of the suspected offences. However, charges shall be brought if required by an important public or private interest.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Finland

Number of mediators

In Finland, there is no accreditation or register for court-related mediators. All mediators are trained in a special training program for mediation.

The variation between 2019 and 2020 cannot be calculated.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All cases	2417	2288,00	1802,00
Civil and commercial	946	869,00	690,00
Family cases	1258	1217,00	956,00
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	213	202,00	156,00
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

In Finland, consumer cases are not statistically specified. Therefore, the number of cases in which consumers are involved is included in the number of civil and commercial cases.

7. ICT tools of courts in Finland

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	7,7	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	5,6	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	1,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	3,7	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	9,4	6,9

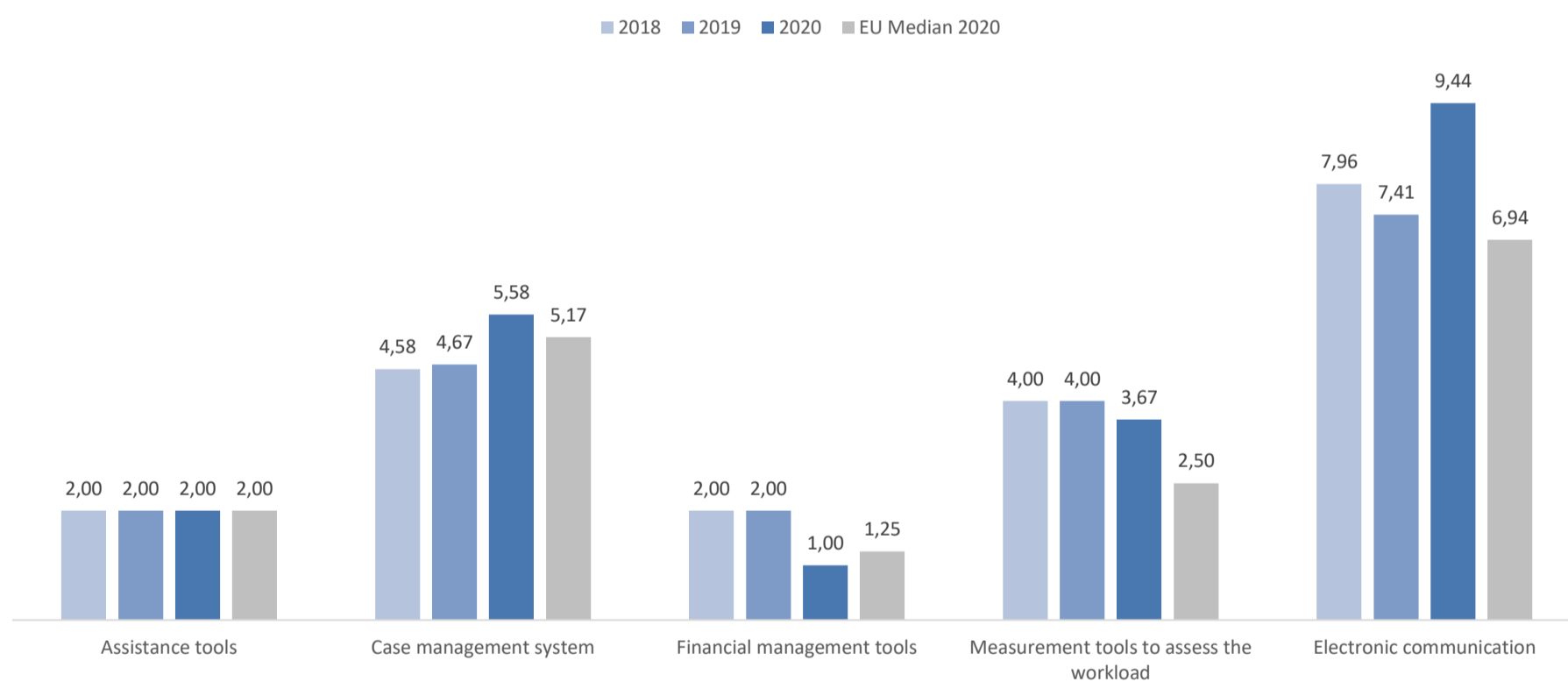
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Comments on voice recording tools

Simple dictation tools are not used to dictate for someone to type it later.

Regarding the availability of multiple speakers recording tools, it should be mentioned that witness statements are recorded in the courts to a centralised server from which they can be accessed by a higher court handling the appeal.

As regards the case management systems, it should be highlighted that courts are in transition from the old systems (Sakari and Tuomas) to the new system (AIPA). Some of the cases were still handled in the old systems but some have already moved to the new system (secret coercive measures, petitionary matters). As the development of the new system is still ongoing, for example the statistical tools are not yet fully functional/automated.

In HAIPA (administrative and specialized courts), the parties can access the following data from the system: a date and time of hearing which is open to parties, documents that they themselves have sent to the court, documents sent by other parties after the judge has classified them available, the status of the case including "decided", and the decision after the judge has classified it as available.

More information on AIPA project (the development of the case management system for general courts), and HAIPA project (the development of the case management system for administrative court) can be found from the web-pages of the Finnish National Courts Administration, at www.tuomioistuinvirasto.fi

Comments on measurement tools on workload

There is a system for collecting data on handling cases and this is deployed to all courts.

In administrative courts, Power BI software is compatible with the new case management system, HAIPA. During the transition period, the administrative courts also use the Business Objects Board software (BOBI) the cases still pending in the old case management system.

The general courts are also transitioning to a new case management system, AIPA. However, the number of cases in the new system was much lower than in the administrative courts. Similarly, during the transition period, the general courts also use the Business Objects Board software (BOBI) regarding the cases still pending in the old case management system.

Due to data protection, only the court where the judge / staff member works, consults the data related to an individual. The heads of courts are able follow the number of cases resolved by the judge. Often, this data is not used on detailed/short term manner. Rather, it may be used at a court level (for example in budget negotiations) and as a long term indicator, or in case of a sudden and radical change in judges output (but even then not as a tool for disciplinary measure).

In addition, there is a tool for reporting the working hours is 'deployed' to the courts 100% in the sense that it is available and accessible. The estimated use corresponds '50-99%'.

As concerns prosecutors, the data is used for monitoring at national level and at local level. The tool used (BOBI) is not connected to the CMS. PowerBI software will be introduced in 2021 for statistical and monitoring purposes. It was prepared in 2020.

Similarly, the introduction of the new case management system AIPA and the new administrative register HILDA in 2021 were prepared in 2020.

Comments on communication tools

With respect to submission of a case to courts by electronic means, it should be recalled that as of 1 September 2019, it has been mandatory to submit the applications for summons in undisputed civil cases via electronic services. Only private individuals representing themselves can submit their applications for summons in person, by post or by e-mail.

Regarding the transmission of summons, the Supreme Administrative Court has ruled that providing its email address to the court is interpreted as a consent to use it. The portal for parties for administrative courts is technically a secured internet page. If this functionality is approved by the parties to the procedure, the administrative court's case management system HAIPA sends an SMS to notify them of new messages in the system. These messages do not contain the content of the court's message. For the general courts, an email including an invitation to a preparatory hearing to a civil case or a petitionary case can be sent directly from the case management system AIPA. This message includes a separate document for "acknowledgement of service" that the invited person is asked to return to the court. For other messages, the AIPA case management system has an interesting semi-electronic feature - a letter will be sent directly from the system in electronic form, but an external service provider will print the letter and post it to the recipient as a ordinary letter.

With respect to the possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers and/or parties, it should be pointed out that in a summary civil case (an undisputed debt, undisputed cases concerning evictions, restoration of possession or a disrupted circumstance), except for a private individual, initiating the matter must be done using electronic services. The digitalization project for the prosecutors and the general courts, AIPA, is ongoing. As already mentioned, this case management system will replace their current case management systems. Since spring 2018, the tool has been used for secret coercive measure cases and since spring 2020, for petitionary matters. As mentioned above, the administrative and special courts have their own case management system, HAIPA. There are three different ways to communicate electronically with the administrative and special courts: 1) email (signature not required if there is no doubt about identity of the sender) except when a document needs to be served in a "verifiable way", 2) via the customer portal of the HAIPA-system (also available to those govt agencies integrated with the system), or 3) the "Verifiable electronic service" described below (from parties to the courts). The Code on Judicial Procedure (Chapter 11 Section 3) allows for serving documents electronically: "[...] (2) by letter, (3) by an electronic message as is stipulated in the Act on Electronic Services and Communication in the Public Sector (13/2003), Section 18. [...] The documents referred to above in subsection 1(2) may also be sent as an electronic message in the manner identified by the addressee." Similarly, the Administrative Procedure Act acknowledges the electronic service – it refers both to the Code on Judicial Procedure (Chapter 11) and the Act on Electronic Services and Communication in the Public Sector (13/2003). In turn, the Act on Electronic Services and Communication in the Public Sector (13/2003), Section 18 stipulates on the "Verifiable electronic service" with the consent of the party. In such cases, the authority notifies the party that the decision is available for retrieval by the party or a representative of the party. After verifiable identification the party or the representative of the party can retrieve the decision. The service of the decision shall be considered effected when the document has been retrieved. If the decision is not retrieved within seven days of the notification, the document will be served in another matter.

In practice, however, electronic communication is not used in the manner described in the Act on Electronic Services and Communication in the Public Sector. After the parties have approved to the use of electronic messages and verified the correct the address, the courts use email in communication with the parties (with the exception of the decisions which required a verifiable service / acknowledgment of receipt).

Electronic communication used by professionals other than lawyers: as concerns notaries, their tasks do not require them to deal with courts. However, as they are civil servants, their decisions can be appealed. In such case, they can deal with the courts with an email that includes electronic signature. When a notary is a party to the procedure, there is no specific computer application.

As regards enforcement agents, enforcement here includes Enforcement Agency (fines, confiscation, forfeitures) but also prison and probation services. Enforcement Agency can interact with the courts by email. Prison and probation Services has a specific computer application that transfers data from the courts to them. Similarly, the courts send data to Legal Register Centre/Fines via a specific application.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Finland

In Finland, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

More precisely, there are quality projects covering civil and/or criminal cases in the Court of Appeal of Rovaniemi judicial district and in the Helsinki Court of Appeal judicial district. In a quality project, one or several working groups are set up usually for a year. There are judges from district courts within the judicial district of a court of appeal and court of appeal judges and referendaries in the working group. Depending on the topic, prosecutors, attorneys-at-law and other lawyers, public legal aid lawyers and police may also participate in the working group's work. The working group writes a report on a specific theme, for example developing conduct of the court proceedings or legal costs in criminal and civil cases. The written report is presented and discussed in a formal event and published. The aim is to provide legal professionals with practical information and guidelines on a certain topic.

In addition, there are co-operation projects between administrative courts.

The Finnish Association of Judges compiled and published Ethical Principles for Judges in 2012.

Finally, it should be highlighted that Prosecution Services' system quality improvement project is underway.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

All courts keep statistics of the mentioned court activities in the operational case management systems. National Courts Administration can access these figures through a reporting system.

In Finland, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

More precisely, the performance of each court is evaluated during the annual budget negotiations. However, the general performance of the courts as a whole (for example disposition times) is monitored more frequently.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

Statistics Finland (until 2013) or Ministry of Justice (until 2019) no longer collect statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and the judiciary. From 2020, onward the National Courts Administration collects data and publishes the annual operational statistics.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

In respect of the category "backlogs", it should be pointed out that the cases that are monitored are the cases that have been pending for longer than a year .

In Finland, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

More precisely, the prosecution services are evaluated biannually.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

In Finland, only performance indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

As mentioned above, Prosecution Services' system quality improvement project is underway.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions													
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020					
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																							
Q1 Number of inhabitants	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	5 533 793		2,0%	0,5%	0,4%	0,3%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%				
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	35 571	37 018	37 559	38 162	38 959	40 612	42 340	43 567	42 701		20,0%	4,1%	1,5%	1,6%	2,1%	4,2%	4,3%	2,9%	-2,0%				
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases								True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)								True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases								True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases								True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs								True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff								True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff								False	True	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures								False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals								True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio								True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate								True	True	True
078.1.13 Disposition time								True	True	True
078.1.14 Other								False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators										True

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources								True	True										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)								True	True										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency								False	False										
073-2.1.4 Other								False	False										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance										True									

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
073-4.1.1 Annual									False									
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False									
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True									
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False									
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True									
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True									
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True									
073-6.1.4 Other									True									
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	True	True									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True									
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True									

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False										

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual																			
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent																			
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent																			
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	20	20	-25,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-25,9%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	11	11	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	-18,2%	0,0%	-18,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	8	8	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	-25,0%	0,0%	-25,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	82	78	81	79	73	73	71	52	52	-36,6%	-4,9%	3,8%	-2,5%	-7,6%	0,0%	-2,7%	-26,8%	0,0%	

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																			
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																			
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	109 588	137 004	137 261	127 125	128 042	136 237	154 229	115 918	155 291	41,7%	25,0%	0,2%	-7,4%	0,7%	6,4%	13,2%	-24,8%	34,0%	
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9 829	9 600	9 321	8 883	9 530	7 358	6 487	6 451	6 497	-33,9%	-2,3%	-2,9%	-4,7%	7,3%	-22,8%	-11,8%	-0,6%	0,7%	
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102 233	91 790	97 217	100 644	121 848	86 233	125 526	-	-	-	-10,2%	5,9%	3,5%	21,1%	-29,2%	45,6%	
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	75 446	103 192	102 233	91 790	97 217	100 644	121 848	86 233	125 526	66,4%	36,8%	-0,9%	-10,2%	5,9%	3,5%	21,1%	-29,2%	45,6%	
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	19 203	18 849	20 233	20 955	15 553	22 940	20 765	17 620	18 029	-6,1%	-1,8%	7,3%	3,6%	-25,8%	47,5%	-9,5%	-15,1%	2,3%	
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 110	5 363	5 474	5 497	5 742	5 295	5 129	5 614	5 242	2,6%	5,0%	2,1%	0,4%	4,5%	-7,8%	-3,1%	9,5%	-6,6%	
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	524 352	519 154	440 553	441 823	451 430	496 472	499 995	522 977	467 946	-10,8%	-1,0%	-15,1%	0,3%	2,2%	10,0%	0,7%	4,6%	-10,5%	
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 320	10 644	10 677	11 108	8 587	8 259	8 244	8 448	9 201	-10,8%	3,1%	0,3%	4,0%	-22,7%	-3,8%	-0,2%	2,5%	8,9%	
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	391 260	393 554	393 960	450 958	457 303	480 320	425 171	-	-	-	0,6%	0,1%	14,5%	1,4%	5,0%	-11,5%	
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	476 764	470 137	391 260	393 554	393 960	450 958	457 303	480 320	425 171	-10,8%	-1,4%	-16,8%	0,6%	0,1%	14,5%	1,4%	5,0%	-11,5%	
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	27 579	28 214	28 254	27 112	38 831	27 817	24 593	25 396	24 743	-10,3%	2,3%	0,1%	-4,0%	43,2%	-28,4%	-11,6%	3,3%	-2,6%	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	9 689	10 159	10 362	10 049	10 052	9 438	9 855	8 813	8 831	-8,9%	4,9%	2,0%	-3,0%	0,0%	-6,1%	4,4%	-10,6%	0,2%	

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	497 063	518 725	450 486	436 443	442 641	478 438	529 974	495 812	491 856	-1,0%	4,4%	-13,2%	-3,1%	1,4%	8,1%	10,8%	-6,4%	-0,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 653	11 319	11 164	10 463	10 718	9 152	8 427	8 436	8 616	-19,1%	6,3%	-1,4%	-6,3%	2,4%	-14,6%	-7,9%	0,1%	2,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	401 590	388 228	390 607	429 811	484 490	452 792	449 309	-	-	-	-3,3%	0,6%	10,0%	12,7%	-6,5%	-0,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	449 101	470 722	401 590	388 228	390 607	429 811	484 490	452 792	449 309	0,0%	4,8%	-14,7%	-3,3%	0,6%	10,0%	12,7%	-6,5%	-0,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	27 852	26 745	27 429	27 595	30 815	29 878	27 608	25 348	24 432	-12,3%	-4,0%	2,6%	0,6%	11,7%	-3,0%	-7,6%	-8,2%	-3,6%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	9 457	9 939	10 303	10 157	10 501	9 597	9 449	9 236	9 499	0,4%	5,1%	3,7%	-1,4%	3,4%	-8,6%	-1,5%	-2,3%	2,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	136 877	137 433	127 328	132 586	136 831	154 271	124 250	143 083	131 384	-4,0%	0,4%	-7,4%	4,1%	3,2%	12,7%	-19,5%	15,2%	-8,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9 496	8 925	8 834	9 528	7 399	6 465	6 304	6 463	7 082	-25,4%	-6,0%	-1,0%	7,9%	-22,3%	-12,6%	-2,5%	2,5%	9,6%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	91 903	97 116	100 570	121 791	94 661	113 761	101 388	-	-	-	5,7%	3,6%	21,1%	-22,3%	20,2%	-10,9%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	103 109	102 607	91 903	97 116	100 570	121 791	94 661	113 761	101 388	-1,7%	-0,5%	-10,4%	5,7%	3,6%	21,1%	-22,3%	20,2%	-10,9%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	18 930	20 318	21 058	20 475	23 569	20 879	17 750	17 668	18 340	-3,1%	7,3%	3,6%	-2,8%	15,1%	-11,4%	-15,0%	-0,5%	3,8%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 342	5 583	5 533	5 467	5 293	5 136	5 535	5 191	4 574	-14,4%	4,5%	-0,9%	-1,2%	-3,2%	-3,0%	7,8%	-6,2%	-11,9%

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	94,8%	99,9%	102,3%	98,8%	98,1%	96,4%	106,0%	94,8%	105,1%	10,88	5,40	2,34	(3,40)	(0,74)	(1,72)	9,99	(10,56)	10,87
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	103,2%	106,3%	104,6%	94,2%	124,8%	110,8%	102,2%	99,9%	93,6%	(9,29)	3,02	(1,67)	(9,92)	32,51	(11,22)	(7,75)	(2,31)	(6,22)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,6%	98,6%	99,1%	95,3%	105,9%	94,3%	105,7%	-	-	-	(3,89)	0,51	(3,87)	11,16	(11,02)	12,10
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	94,2%	100,1%	102,6%	98,6%	99,1%	95,3%	105,9%	94,3%	105,7%	12,19	6,29	2,51	(3,89)	0,51	(3,87)	11,16	(11,02)	12,10
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	101,0%	94,8%	97,1%	101,8%	79,4%	107,4%	112,3%	99,8%	98,7%	(2,22)	(6,14)	2,41	4,84	(22,03)	35,35	4,52	(11,09)	(1,07)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	97,6%	97,8%	99,4%	101,1%	104,5%	101,7%	95,9%	104,8%	107,6%	10,20	0,23	1,63	1,65	3,36	(2,66)	(5,71)	9,30	2,64
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	101	97	103	111	113	118	86	105	97	-3,0%	-3,8%	6,7%	7,5%	1,8%	4,3%	-27,3%	23,1%	-7,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	325	288	289	332	252	258	273	280	300	-7,8%	-11,5%	0,4%	15,1%	-24,2%	2,3%	5,9%	2,4%	7,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	84	91	94	103	71	92	82	-	-	-	9,3%	2,9%	10,1%	-31,0%	28,6%	-10,2%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	84	80	84	91	94	103	71	92	82	-1,7%	-5,1%	5,0%	9,3%	2,9%	10,1%	-31,0%	28,6%	-10,2%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	248	277	280	271	279	255	235	254	274	10,4%	11,8%	1,1%	-3,4%	3,1%	-8,6%	-8,0%	8,4%	7,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	206	205	196	196	184	195	214	205	176	-14,8%	-0,6%	-4,4%	0,2%	-6,4%	6,2%	9,5%	-4,1%	-14,3%

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	11 706	12 203	12 127	12 326	12 384	11 255	11 444	11 999	12 069	3,1%	4,2%	-0,6%	1,6%	0,5%	-9,1%	1,7%	4,8%	0,6%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	559	509	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	480	-14,1%	-8,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	2 135	2 251	2 439	2 326	2 050	1 936	1 745	1 946	2 031	-4,9%	5,4%	8,4%	-4,6%	-11,9%	-5,6%	-9,9%	11,5%	4,4%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	17 075	18 185	18 542	18 579	17 023	17 648	18 001	17 553	17 058	-0,1%	6,5%	2,0%	0,2%	-8,4%	3,7%	2,0%	-2,5%	-2,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	577	638	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	452	-21,7%	10,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	3 359	3 553	3 372	2 882	2 725	2 384	2 801	2 894	2 321	-30,9%	5,8%	-5,1%	-14,5%	-5,4%	-12,5%	17,5%	3,3%	-19,8%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	17 696	18 262	18 325	18 545	18 145	17 458	17 579	19 042	17 593	-0,6%	3,2%	0,3%	1,2%	-2,2%	-3,8%	0,7%	8,3%	-7,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	647	601	658	666	662	557	529	505	463	-28,4%	-7,1%	9,5%	1,2%	-0,6%	-15,9%	-5,0%	-4,5%	-8,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	3 261	3 379	3 489	3 168	2 852	2 593	2 654	2 857	2 823	-13,4%	3,6%	3,3%	-9,2%	-10,0%	-9,1%	2,4%	7,6%	-1,2%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	11 085	12 126	12 344	12 360	11 262	11 445	11 866	10 510	11 534	4,1%	9,4%	1,8%	0,1%	-8,9%	1,6%	3,7%	-11,4%	9,7%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	489	546	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	469	-4,1%	11,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	2 233	2 425	2 322	2 040	1 923	1 727	1 892	1 983	1 529	-31,5%	8,6%	-4,2%	-12,1%	-5,7%	-10,2%	9,6%	4,8%	-22,9%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	103,6%	100,4%	98,8%	99,8%	106,6%	98,9%	97,7%	108,5%	103,1%	(0,48)	(3,10)	(1,59)	1,00	6,79	(7,19)	(1,28)	11,09	(4,93)
CR Employment dismissal cases	112,1%	94,2%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	102,4%	(8,65)	(15,99)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	97,1%	95,1%	103,5%	109,9%	104,7%	108,8%	94,8%	98,7%	121,6%	25,28	(2,04)	8,80	6,24	(4,79)	3,92	(12,89)	4,19	23,20
DT Litigious divorce cases	229	242	246	243	227	239	246	201	239	4,7%	6,0%	1,4%	-1,1%	-6,9%	5,6%	3,0%	-18,2%	18,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	276	332	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	370	34,0%	20,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	250	262	243	235	246	243	260	253	198	-20,9%	4,8%	-7,3%	-3,2%	4,7%	-1,2%	7,0%	-2,6%	-22,0%

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 843	1 913	1 912	1 363	1 456	1 288	1 395	-	-	-	3,8%	-0,1%	-28,7%	6,8%	-11,5%	8,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	1 651	1 606	1 161	1 267	1 120	1 181	-	-	-	-	-2,7%	-27,7%	9,1%	-11,6%	5,4%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			240	206	252	162	138	117	177	-	-	-	-14,2%	22,3%	-35,7%	-14,8%	-15,2%	51,3%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			240	206	252	162	138	117	177	-	-	-	-14,2%	22,3%	-35,7%	-14,8%	-15,2%	51,3%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			64	56	54	40	51	51	37	-	-	-	-12,5%	-3,6%	-25,9%	27,5%	0,0%	-27,5%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			3 835	3 780	3 069	2 894	2 739	2 801	2 493	-	-	-	-1,4%	-18,8%	-5,7%	-5,4%	2,3%	-11,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	2 806	2 376	2 281	2 163	2 187	1 833	-	-	-	-	-15,3%	-4,0%	-5,2%	1,1%	-16,2%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			828	914	651	562	529	569	581	-	-	-	10,4%	-28,8%	-13,7%	-5,9%	7,6%	2,1%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			828	914	651	562	529	569	581	-	-	-	10,4%	-28,8%	-13,7%	-5,9%	7,6%	2,1%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			54	60	42	51	47	45	79	-	-	-	11,1%	-30,0%	21,4%	-7,8%	-4,3%	75,6%

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			3 763	3 779	3 618	2 804	2 905	2 698	2 604	-	-	-	0,4%	-4,3%	-22,5%	3,6%	-7,1%	-3,5%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	2 848	2 821	2 176	2 310	2 117	1 914	-	-	-	-	-0,9%	-22,9%	6,2%	-8,4%	-9,6%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			861	869	741	586	550	523	625	-	-	-	0,9%	-14,7%	-20,9%	-6,1%	-4,9%	19,5%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			861	869	741	586	550	523	625	-	-	-	0,9%	-14,7%	-20,9%	-6,1%	-4,9%	19,5%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			62	62	56	42	45	58	65	-	-	-	0,0%	-9,7%	-25,0%	7,1%	28,9%	12,1%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 915	1 914	1 363	1 453	1 290	1 391	1 284	-	-	-	-0,1%	-28,8%	6,6%	-11,2%	7,8%	-7,7%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	1 609	1 161	1 266	1 120	1 190	1 100	-	-	-	-	-27,8%	9,0%	-11,5%	6,3%	-7,6%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			207	251	162	138	117	163	133	-	-	-	21,3%	-35,5%	-14,8%	-15,2%	39,3%	-18,4%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			207	251	162	138	117	163	133	-	-	-	21,3%	-35,5%	-14,8%	-15,2%	39,3%	-18,4%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			56	54	40	49	53	38	51	-	-	-	-3,6%	-25,9%	22,5%	8,2%	-28,3%	34,2%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			98,1%	100,0%	117,9%	96,9%	106,1%	96,3%	104,5%	-	-	-	1,89	17,92	(17,81)	9,46	(9,18)	8,44
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	101,5%	118,7%	95,4%	106,8%	96,8%	104,4%	-	-	-	-	16,98	(19,65)	11,95	(9,36)	7,87
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			104,0%	95,1%	113,8%	104,3%	104,0%	91,9%	107,6%	-	-	-	(8,57)	19,72	(8,39)	(0,29)	(11,59)	17,03
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			104,0%	95,1%	113,8%	104,3%	104,0%	91,9%	107,6%	-	-	-	(8,57)	19,72	(8,39)	(0,29)	(11,59)	17,03
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			114,8%	103,3%	133,3%	82,4%	95,7%	128,9%	82,3%	-	-	-	(10,00)	29,03	(38,24)	16,26	34,62	(36,16)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			186	185	138	189	162	188	180	-	-	-	-0,5%	-25,6%	37,5%	-14,3%	16,1%	-4,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	206	150	212	177	205	210	-	-	-	-	-27,2%	41,4%	-16,7%	15,9%	2,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			88	105	80	86	78	114	78	-	-	-	20,1%	-24,3%	7,7%	-9,7%	46,5%	-31,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			88	105	80	86	78	114	78	-	-	-	20,1%	-24,3%	7,7%	-9,7%	46,5%	-31,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			330	318	261	426	430	239	286	-	-	-	-3,6%	-18,0%	63,3%	1,0%	-44,4%	19,8%

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 536	4 519	4 746	4 012	3 648	3 791	3 758	-	-	-	-0,4%	5,0%	-15,5%	-9,1%	3,9%	-0,9%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			510	579	549	482	359	292	314	-	-	-	13,5%	-5,2%	-12,2%	-25,5%	-18,7%	7,5%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			3 719	3 625	3 916	3 294	3 057	3 337	3 312	-	-	-	-2,5%	8,0%	-15,9%	-7,2%	9,2%	-0,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			307	315	281	236	232	162	132	-	-	-	2,6%	-10,8%	-16,0%	-1,7%	-30,2%	-18,5%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 747	5 720	6 195	7 736	7 321	7 177	6 188	-	-	-	-0,5%	8,3%	24,9%	-5,4%	-2,0%	-13,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 013	884	999	862	767	725	683	-	-	-	-12,7%	13,0%	-13,7%	-11,0%	-5,5%	-5,8%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			4 201	4 319	4 785	6 411	6 199	6 113	5 204	-	-	-	2,8%	10,8%	34,0%	-3,3%	-1,4%	-14,9%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			533	517	411	463	355	339	301	-	-	-	-3,0%	-20,5%	12,7%	-23,3%	-4,5%	-11,2%

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 741	5 475	6 905	8 094	7 155	7 215	6 383	-	-	-	-4,6%	26,1%	17,2%	-11,6%	0,8%	-11,5%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			944	914	1 066	988	829	703	740	-	-	-	-3,2%	16,6%	-7,3%	-16,1%	-15,2%	5,3%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			4 272	4 012	5 382	6 638	5 902	6 138	5 365	-	-	-	-6,1%	34,1%	23,3%	-11,1%	4,0%	-12,6%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			525	549	457	468	424	374	278	-	-	-	4,6%	-16,8%	2,4%	-9,4%	-11,8%	-25,7%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 542	4 764	4 036	3 654	3 814	3 753	3 563	-	-	-	4,9%	-15,3%	-9,5%	4,4%	-1,6%	-5,1%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			579	549	482	356	297	314	257	-	-	-	-5,2%	-12,2%	-26,1%	-16,6%	5,7%	-18,2%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			3 648	3 932	3 319	3 067	3 354	3 312	3 151	-	-	-	7,8%	-15,6%	-7,6%	9,4%	-1,3%	-4,9%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			315	283	235	231	163	127	155	-	-	-	-10,2%	-17,0%	-1,7%	-29,4%	-22,1%	22,0%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			99,9%	95,7%	111,5%	104,6%	97,7%	100,5%	103,2%	-	-	-	(4,18)	16,45	(6,13)	(6,59)	2,86	2,61
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			93,2%	103,4%	106,7%	114,6%	108,1%	97,0%	108,3%	-	-	-	10,95	3,20	7,41	(5,70)	(10,29)	11,74
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			101,7%	92,9%	112,5%	103,5%	95,2%	100,4%	103,1%	-	-	-	(8,65)	21,08	(7,94)	(8,05)	5,46	2,67
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			98,5%	106,2%	111,2%	101,1%	119,4%	110,3%	92,4%	-	-	-	7,81	4,71	(9,09)	18,16	(7,63)	(16,28)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			289	318	213	165	195	190	204	-	-	-	10,0%	-32,8%	-22,8%	18,1%	-2,4%	7,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			224	219	165	132	131	163	127	-	-	-	-2,1%	-24,7%	-20,3%	-0,6%	24,7%	-22,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			312	358	225	169	207	197	214	-	-	-	14,8%	-37,1%	-25,1%	23,0%	-5,0%	8,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			219	188	188	180	140	124	204	-	-	-	-14,1%	-0,2%	-4,0%	-22,1%	-11,7%	64,2%

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																			
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									20 227	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									56 932	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									50 834	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									26 325	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									89,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									189	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									2 760	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									4 876	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									5 094	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									2 542	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									104,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									182	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									205	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									833	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									778	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									260	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									93,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									122	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 5: Access to justice																				
Legal aid																				
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																				
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees																				False
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees																				True
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True										True
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases																				True
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases																				True
020.1.1 Total																				82 628
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases																				NA
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases																				NA
020.2.1 Total brought to court																				NA
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases																				NA
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal																				NA
020.3.1 Total not brought to court																				NA
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases																				NA
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal																				NA
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation																				NAP
020-1.1.2 Average duration																				NA

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										56								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NAP								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										40								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NAP								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										154 264 €								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NAP								

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions											
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020			
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																					
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																					
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True												
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%												
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%												
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%												
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True												
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter												
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter												
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter												
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts												
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts												
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts												
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No												
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No												
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No												
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%												
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True												
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%												
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%												
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%												
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all												
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all												
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Both												

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not integrated but connected	Integrated	Fully integrated including BI									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NA	NA									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NA	NA									

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	50-99%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	False	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	False	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	True	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							100%	100%	100%											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	False	False											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							True	True	True											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							True	True	True											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							True	True	True											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							True	True	True											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	NA	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	NA	0% (NAP)										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	100%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	0% (NAP)										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)								E-mail											
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail Specific application											
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	True	False										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	True										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	True	False										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	981	986	988	991	1 068	1 045	1 081	1 087	1 077	9,8%	0,5%	0,2%	0,3%	7,8%	-2,2%	3,4%	0,6%	-0,9%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	744	758	758	761	834	817	850	850	854	14,8%	1,9%	0,0%	0,4%	9,6%	-2,0%	4,0%	0,0%	0,5%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	194	185	186	188	184	178	184	191	178	-8,2%	-4,6%	0,5%	1,1%	-2,1%	-3,3%	3,4%	3,8%	-6,8%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	43	43	44	42	50	50	47	46	45	4,7%	0,0%	2,3%	-4,5%	19,0%	0,0%	-6,0%	-2,1%	-2,2%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	482	484	473	451	485	460	452	451	433	-10,2%	0,4%	-2,3%	-4,7%	7,5%	-5,2%	-1,7%	-0,2%	-4,0%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	350	362	356	338	368	350	344	342	323	-7,7%	3,4%	-1,7%	-5,1%	8,9%	-4,9%	-1,7%	-0,6%	-5,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	105	95	89	85	84	78	78	90	81	-22,9%	-9,5%	-6,3%	-4,5%	-1,2%	-7,1%	0,0%	15,4%	-10,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	27	27	28	28	33	32	30	29	29	7,4%	0,0%	3,7%	0,0%	17,9%	-3,0%	-6,3%	-3,3%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	499	502	515	540	583	585	629	636	644	29,1%	0,6%	2,6%	4,9%	8,0%	0,3%	7,5%	1,1%	1,3%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	394	396	402	423	466	467	506	508	531	34,8%	0,5%	1,5%	5,2%	10,2%	0,2%	8,4%	0,4%	4,5%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	89	90	97	103	100	100	106	111	97	9,0%	1,1%	7,8%	6,2%	-2,9%	0,0%	6,0%	4,7%	-12,6%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	16	16	16	14	17	18	17	17	16	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-12,5%	21,4%	5,9%	-5,6%	0,0%	-5,9%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 077	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	854	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	278	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	251	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	2 214	2 196	2 161	2 145	2 170	2 137	2 131	2 128	2 162	-2,3%	-0,8%	-1,6%	-0,7%	1,2%	-1,5%	-0,3%	-0,1%	1,6%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	488	498	516	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,0%	3,6%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 643	1 630	1 646	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,8%	1,0%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									2 162	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									1 783	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									233	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									146	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									516	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									426	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									1 646	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									1 357	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									109	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									390	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									155	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									235	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									128	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	43 140 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	66 900 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	136 300 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	50 880 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 935	2 009	2 115	3 550	3 791	3 846	3 965	4 022	4 087	111,2%	3,8%	5,3%	67,8%	6,8%	1,5%	3,1%	1,4%	1,6%	
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Finland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions											
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020			
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																					
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																					
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
167.1.1 Total number started					673	726	1 671	2 349	2 417		-	-	-	-	-	7,9%	130,2%	40,6%	2,9%		
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					204	237	505	857	946		-	-	-	-	-	16,2%	113,1%	69,7%	10,4%		
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					425	432	1 034	1 293	1 258		-	-	-	-	-	1,6%	139,4%	25,0%	-2,7%		
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					44	57	132	199	213		-	-	-	-	-	29,5%	131,6%	50,8%	7,0%		
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NAP	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

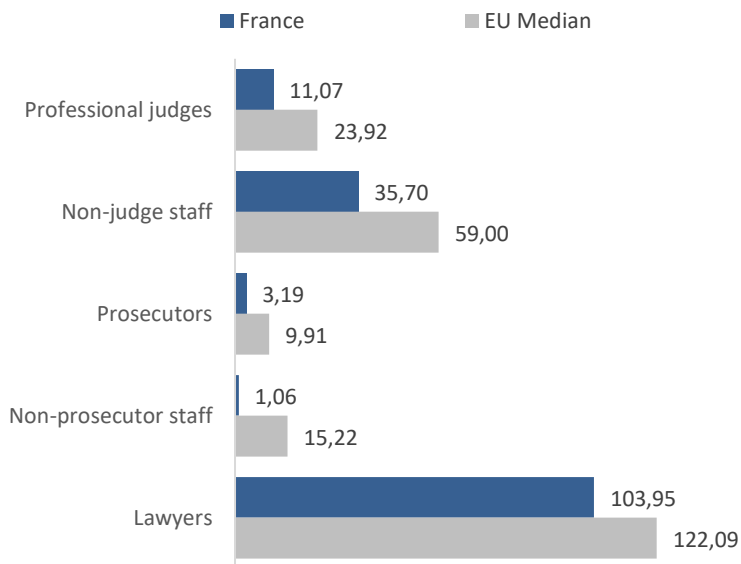
Judiciary at a glance in France

General data

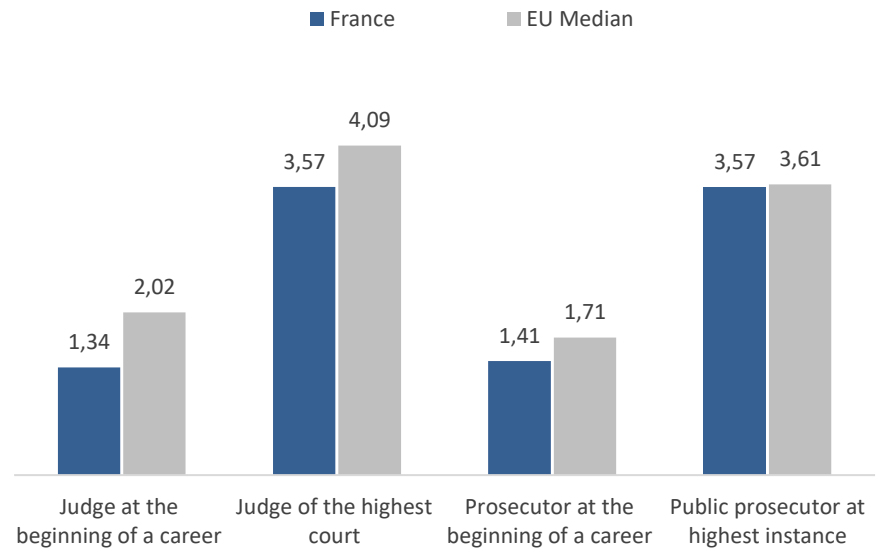
Population: 67 407 241 **GDP per capita:** 33 959 € **Average annual salary:** 34 495 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

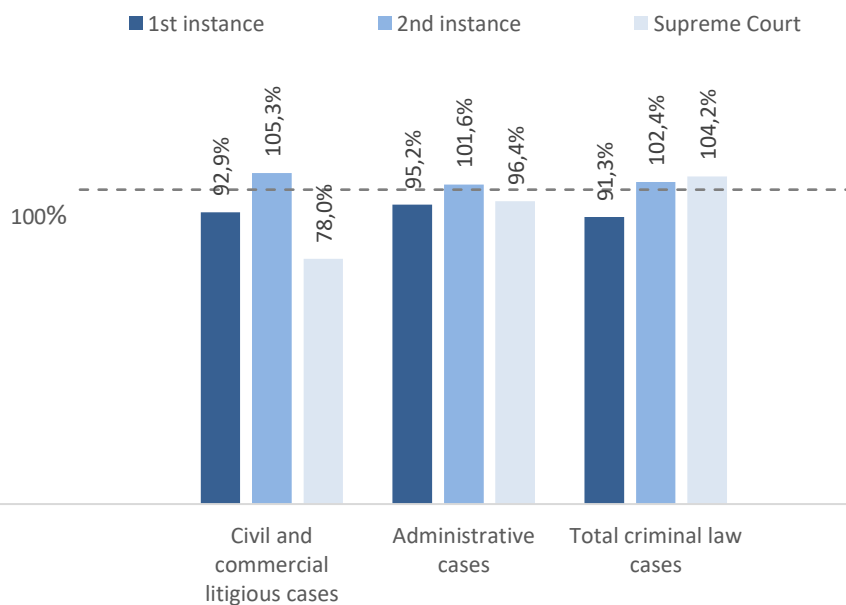


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

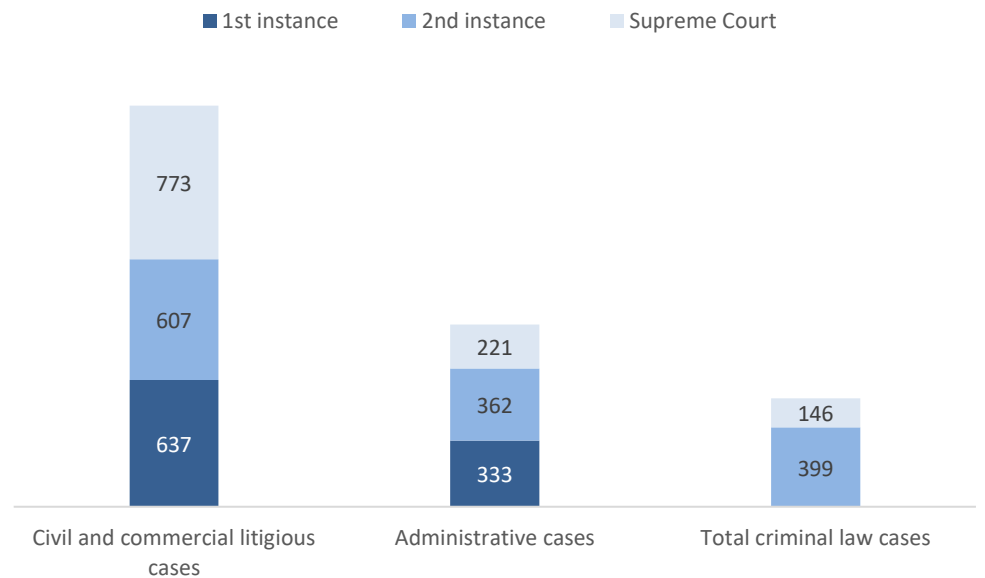


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

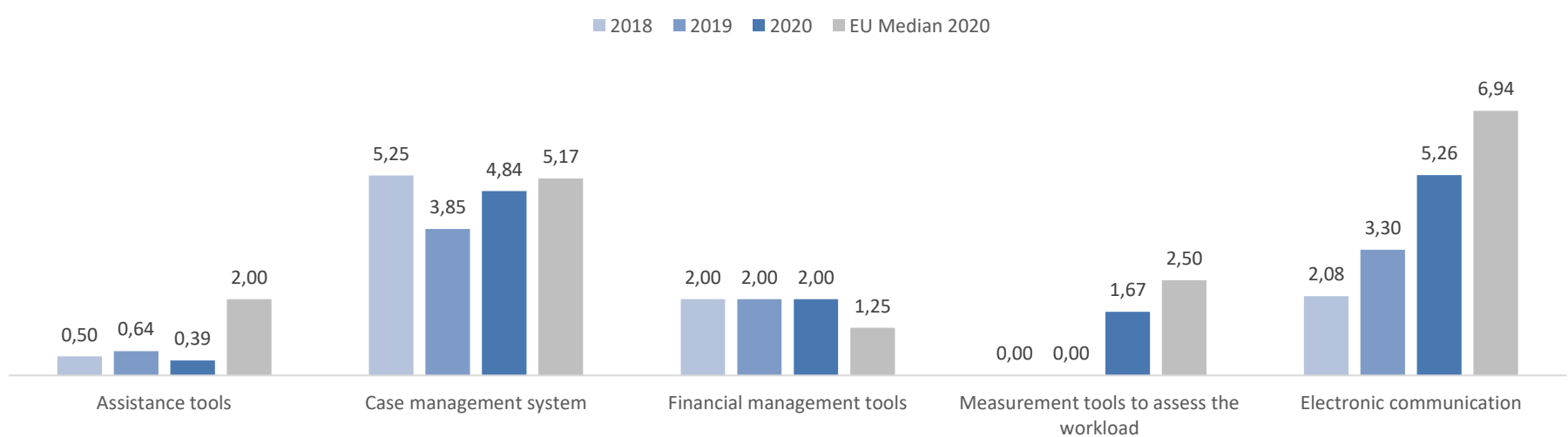


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: France

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	67 407 241	2,8%	1,0%	0,0%	-0,3%	0,1%	0,5%
GDP per capita	31 059	32 112	32 227	32 796	33 337	34 150	34 978	35 960	33 959	9,3%	3,4%	4,9%	2,4%	2,8%	-5,6%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	34 100		34 500		35 400		35 763	36 705	34 495	1,2%	2,6%	1,0%		2,6%	-6,0%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	10,7	10,7	10,5	10,5	10,4	10,5	10,9	11,1	11,2	4,1%	-0,1%	4,0%	3,3%	2,0%	0,8%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	33,2	33,3	33,7	33,5	33,9	33,8	34,1	34,9	35,7	7,6%	0,6%	0,6%	0,9%	2,3%	2,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	85,7	91,5	93,6	93,2	97,7	99,7	99,9	102,6	104,0	21,4%	4,4%	2,3%	0,3%	2,7%	1,3%
Mediators	NA	3,7	3,7	3,9	4,4	4,4	2,1	NA	3,8	NA	18,8%	-51,2%	-51,0%	NA	NA
ICT overall assesment							3,5	3,5	4,9					-0,5%	40,7%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,575	2,719	2,636	2,612	2,536	2,468	2,236	2,093	1,586	-38,4%	-3,8%	-11,8%	-9,4%	-6,4%	-24,2%
Administrative law cases	0,272	0,3	0,3	0,288	0,289	0,294	0,318	0,345	0,312	14,8%	-2,1%	10,1%	8,3%	8,5%	-9,4%
Total criminal law cases									1,433						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	99%	98%	94%	98%	99%	103%	96%	100%	93%	-6,37	4,65	-3,27	-6,79	3,93	-6,83
CR administrative law cases	107%	104%	96%	98%	99%	102%	98%	97%	95%	-11,46	2,80	-0,65	-3,74	-1,88	-1,32
CR total criminal law cases									91%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	311	308	348	346	353	341	420	432	637	104,7%	1,6%	19,0%	23,3%	2,8%	47,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)	302	284	305	313	314	290	285	284	333	10,2%	2,9%	-9,0%	-1,5%	-0,4%	17,1%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,18	2,24	2,37	2,42	2,43	2,36	2,47	2,47	2,57	18,0%	2,6%	1,4%	4,3%	0,2%	4,1%
Administrative law cases	0,24	0,22	0,24	0,24	0,25	0,24	0,24	0,26	0,27	12,9%	3,7%	-0,5%	2,8%	5,9%	4,6%
Total criminal law cases									NA						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			93%	95%	95%	104%	105%	102%	105%		1,92	9,34	1,09	-2,49	3,04
CR administrative law cases			100%	100%	98%	100%	97%	96%	102%		-2,49	-0,48	-2,72	-1,27	5,57
CR total criminal law cases									102%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			477	476	487	464	466	481	607		2,1%	-4,2%	0,4%	3,3%	26,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			334	329	341	334	327	329	362		2,0%	-4,0%	-1,9%	0,5%	10,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									399						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			92%	88%	105%	90%	123%	102%	78%		12,64	18,26	32,82	-20,75	-24,35
CR administrative law cases			101%	109%	100%	103%	100%	101%	96%		-1,54	0,34	-2,58	0,81	-4,64
CR total criminal law cases									104%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			425	516	376	469	337	402	773		-11,4%	-10,5%	-28,2%	19,2%	92,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)			185	206	207	184	200	188	221		12,3%	-3,5%	8,5%	-5,9%	17,5%
DT total criminal law cases									146						

1. Judicial organisation in France

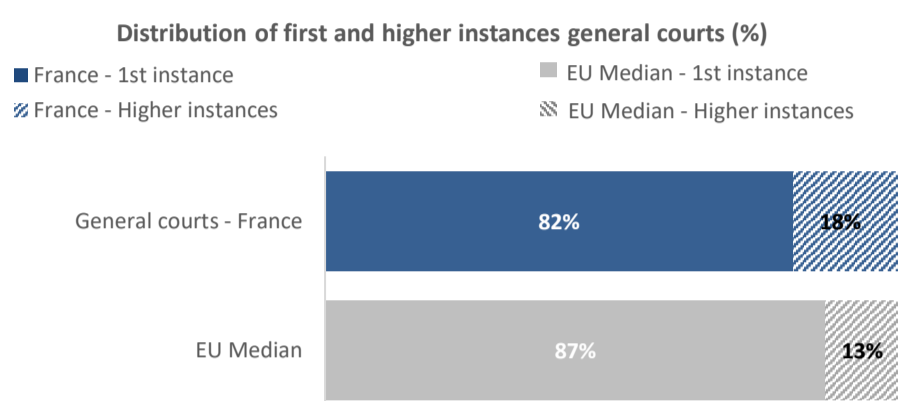
In 2020 in France, following the implementation of the justice reform (Law No. 2016-1547 of November 18, 2016 on the modernization of justice in the 21st century; Law no. 2019-222 of 23 March 2019 on programming 2018-2022 and reform for justice) the number of courts considered as legal entities is 1 066. Namely, there are 206 courts of general jurisdiction and 860 specialised courts.

Among the 206 legal entities of general jurisdiction, the 168 “tribunaux judiciaires” have competence at first instance, the 37 Courts of appeal are the second instance courts of general jurisdiction, while the Cassation Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction in the French judicial system.

Among the 860 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 851 are of first while 9 are higher instance specialised courts (infra).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 672 courts among which 618 are of first instance. More precisely, as concerns civil and criminal courts, there are 576 courts of first instance - geographical locations and in total 619 Courts - geographical locations. As regards the administrative order, there are 42 administrative courts of first instance - geographical locations and in total 53 administrative courts – geographical locations.

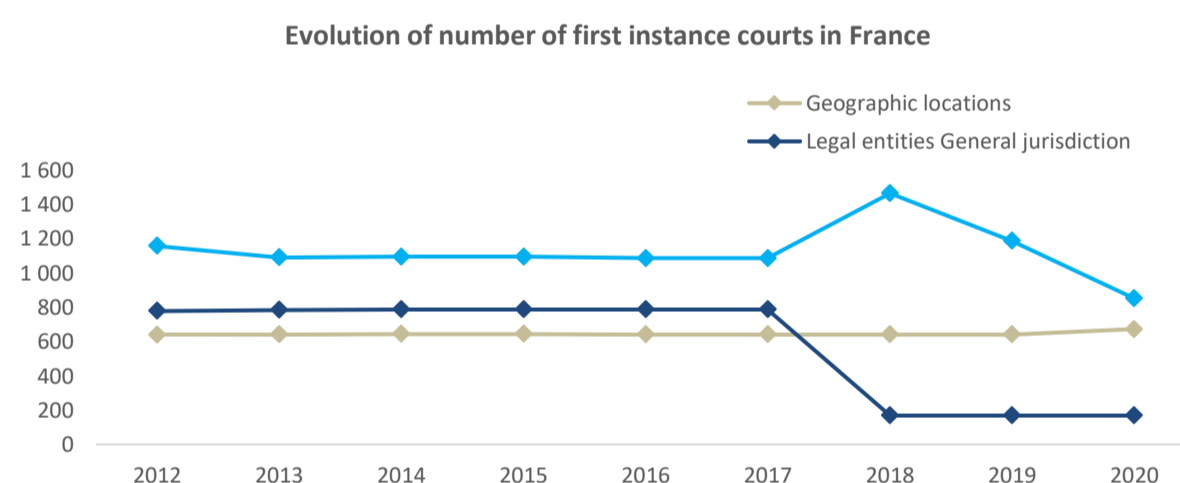
Distribution of general courts in France



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in France is around the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in France

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	640	778	1 156
2013	641	783	1 089
2014	643	786	1 094
2015	643	786	1 094
2016	641	786	1 086
2017	641	786	1 086
2018	641	168	1 463
2019	641	168	1 186
2020	672	168	851



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 16,5% - 83,5% is quite different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

In fact, France constitutes an extreme configuration with its 860 specialised courts.

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	851	9
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	152	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	216	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NA	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	42	9
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	155	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	286	NAP

In France in 2020, at first instance there are 216 labor courts (210 “conseils de prud’hommes” and 6 labor courts); 152 commercial courts; 42 administrative courts; 155 juvenile courts and 286 other specialised courts (275 parity courts for rural leases (tribunaux paritaires des baux ruraux (TPBR)), the Court for navigation on the Rhine; the Court for navigation on the Moselle; 6 Maritime courts; the National court of asylum; the “Commission du contentieux du stationnement payant”).

In matters of enforcement of sentences, the enforcement judge (JAP) is a court of first instance for the enforcement of sentences, being at the same time a decision-making, monitoring and follow-up body. The Court for the Enforcement of Sentences (TAP) is a court of first instance, composed of three JAPs of the judicial courts (most complex and sensitive cases). In each court of appeal, a TAP is established. The exact number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts is not available. However, as it is a small number it would not significantly affect the total.

In matters of terrorism, a derogatory jurisdiction is provided for under ordinary law (articles 706-22-1 and D 49-75 to D49-81-5 of the CPP). The Paris enforcement courts specialized in terrorist matters (JAPAT, the TAPAT and the enforcement chamber) have exclusive jurisdiction to monitor persons convicted by specialized terrorism trial courts; shared jurisdiction with ordinary law enforcement courts to monitor persons convicted of acts of terrorism and other offenses falling within the scope of Article 706-16 of the CPP by ordinary law courts.

Since January 1, 2019, social litigation is within the competence of first instance courts of general jurisdiction (tribunaux judiciaires) and the specialized jurisdictions have been abolished.

Concerning military jurisdictions, in peacetime courts of general jurisdiction are competent, while in times of war, the territorial courts of the armed forces are competent as exceptional jurisdictions. Since November 1, 2019, litigation concerning military disability pensions has been transferred to administrative courts.

As to insolvency cases, depending on the nature of the litigants, they are within the competence of “tribunaux judiciaires”, Commercial courts or TPBR. Family law judges work within the “tribunaux judiciaires”. Same applies to rental/lease cases.

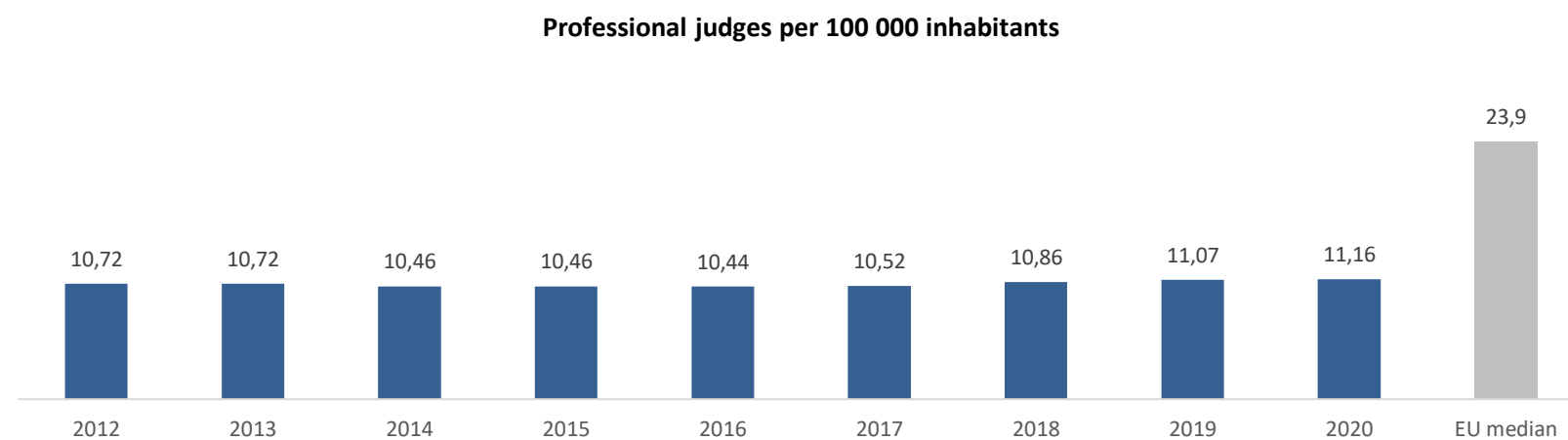
Higher instance specialised courts exist only in administrative matters - the 8 Administrative court of appeal and the Council fo State.

2. Professionals of justice in France

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	7 033	10,72
2013	7 054	10,72
2014	6 935	10,46
2015	6 967	10,46
2016	6 995	10,44
2017	7 066	10,52
2018	7 277	10,86
2019	7 427	11,07
2020	7 522	11,16



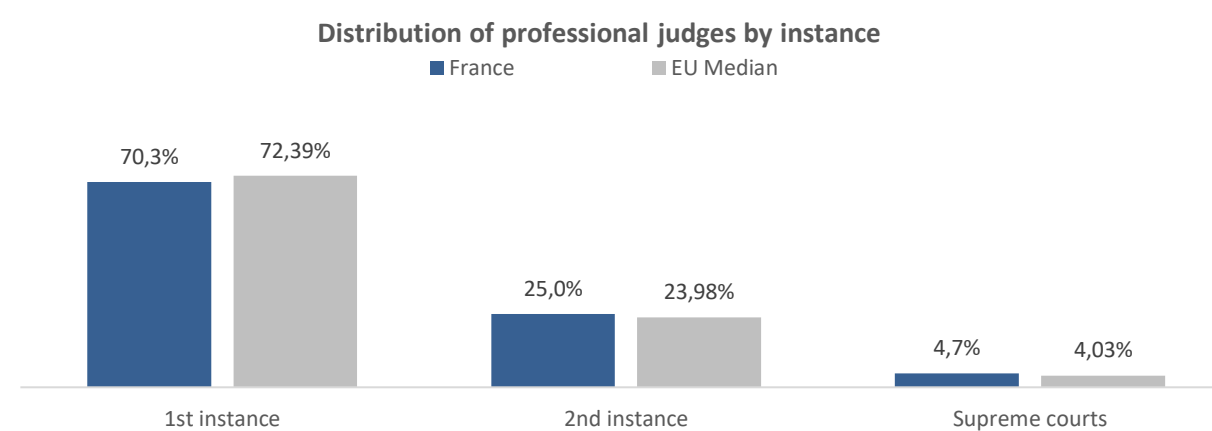
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in France is 7 522, which is 1,3% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in France, there are 11,16 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,20 non-judge staff per judge .

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,15 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	5 288	70,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	1 880	25,0%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme courts	354	4,7%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	7 522		NA	NA	NA	NA



In this cycle, it was not possible to carry out a gender breakdown in respect of number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 5 288 are sitting in first instance courts; 1 880 are sitting in second instance courts and 354 are sitting in Supreme Court.

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, a similar trend is observed in France. However, the predominance of first instance judges is less pronounced, while second and third instance judges are more numerous.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, some useful details have been provided.

In respect of civil and criminal courts, the data are expressed in full-time equivalent. These figures concern only judges (and not paralegals) who sit in court (judges seconded to the central administration are not counted).

Total number of professional judges: total 6177.9; men 1725.5; women 4452.4

1. Number of first instance professional judges: total 4378.6; men 1133.7; women 3244.9

2. Number of professional judges in courts of appeal: total 1577.8; men 503.8; women 1074

3. Number of professional judges in the Cassation court: total 221.5; men 88; women 133.5

For the administrative order, the data includes the National Court of Asylum (CNDA) and the "Commission du contentieux du stationnement payant (CCSP)". In FTE, only the total is available. The detail in physical staff is as follows:

Total number of professional judges: total 1357; men 727; women 630

1. Number of professional judges of first instance: total 920; men 487; women 433

2. Number of professional judges in the courts of appeal: total 306; men 156; women 150

3. Number of professional judges in the Council of State: total 131; men 84; women 47

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	5 288	NA	NA	909	NA
2nd instance	1 880	NA	NA	303	NA
Supreme courts	354	NA	NA	132	NA
Total	7 522	NA	NA	1 343	NA

In France, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible for some categories only.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

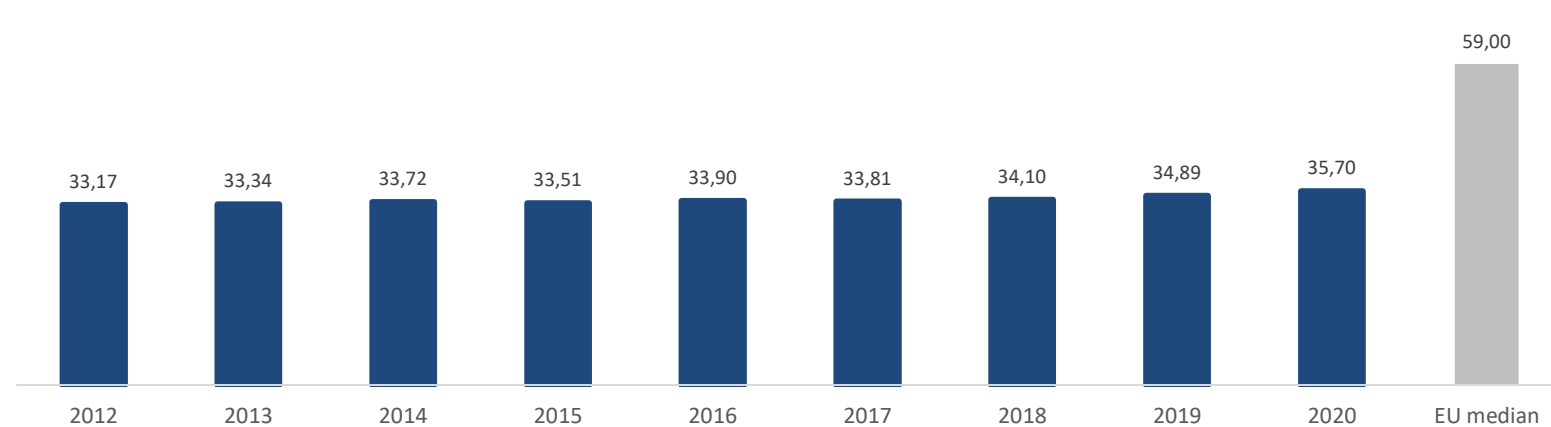
2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	17,2%	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	16,1%	NA
Supreme courts	NA	NA	37,3%	NA
Total	NA	NA	17,9%	NA

The distinction by type of case is not possible in respect of civil and criminal cases (*ordre judiciaire*). Namely, the distribution of the processing of civil and criminal cases within courts, which depends on the organization of the jurisdictions, does not allow providing the requested information. With regard to administrative courts, the FTEs have been rounded up.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	21 758	21 946	22 360	22 326	22 712	22 714	22 844	23 396	24 062
Per 100 000 inhabitants	33,17	33,34	33,72	33,51	33,90	33,81	34,10	34,89	35,70

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	24 062	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	19 573	81,3%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	3 045	12,7%
Technical staff	889	3,7%
Other	554	2,3%

In 2020, France has 24 062 non-judge staff (of which 19 678 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,8%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 19 573 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 16 839 are women);
- 3 045 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 2 279 are women);
- 889 technical staff (of which 146 are women);
- 554 other (of which 413 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 34,9 in 2019 to 35,7 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 11,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 11,2 in 2020.

"Other non-judicial staff" encompasses legal assistants and specialized assistants who do not work for the prosecution service. Unlike in previous years, this distinction could be made for the numbers in 2020, which explains the decrease in the figures provided compared to the previous year.

The category "Non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to assist the judges" includes the category B contractual employees recruited under the plan to support justice, implemented since the second half of 2020 on the sole basis of article 7bis of the law n°84-16 of January 11, 1984, concerning statutory provisions relating to the State civil service, created by the law on the transformation of the civil service of August 6, 2019, instituting the project contract. These contract employees are hired for 3 years.

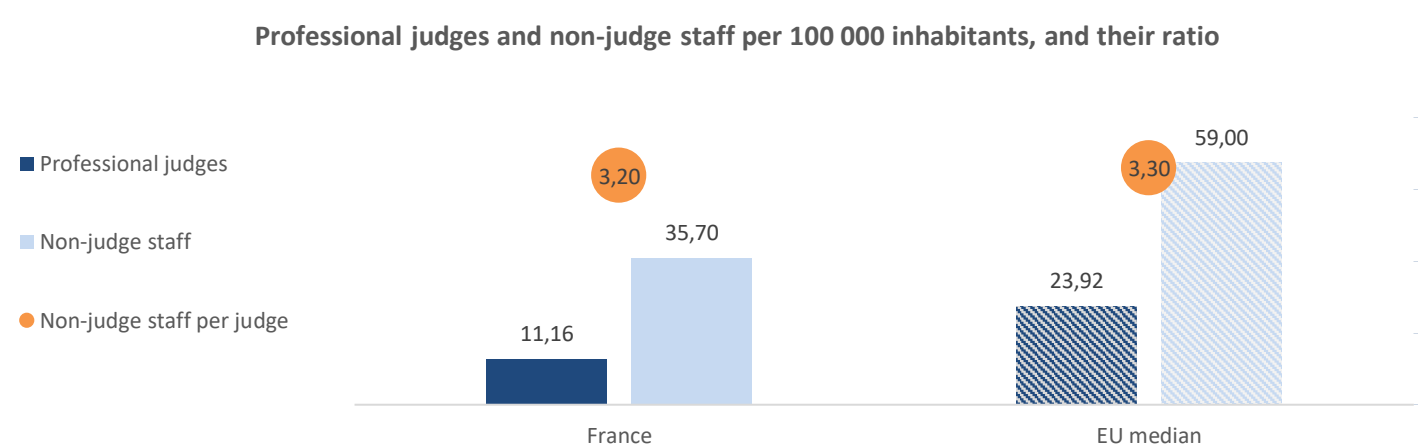
As of 12/31/2020, 1,699 category A and B agents (including 1,388 women) were undergoing initial training at the National School of Clerks, most of whom were on practical training in the courts. These personnel will join the courts during 2021 or 2022, which will significantly increase the number of staff working in the courts and regional administrative services.

Trainee judges are not included.

The data compiles data from civil, criminal and administrative courts.

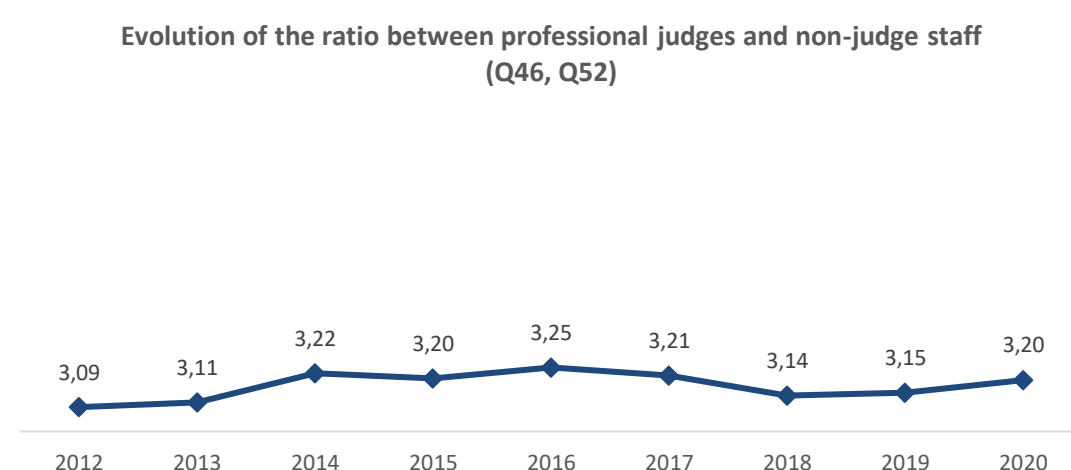
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	France	EU median
Professional judges	11,16	23,92
Non-judge staff	35,70	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,20	3,30



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

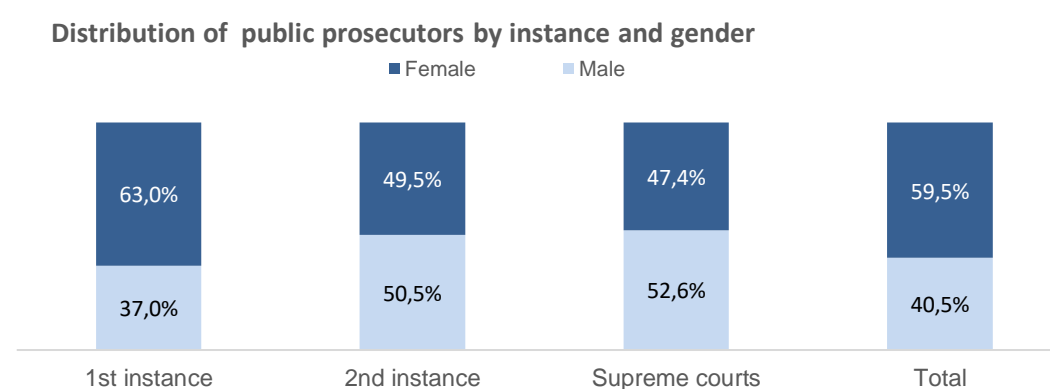
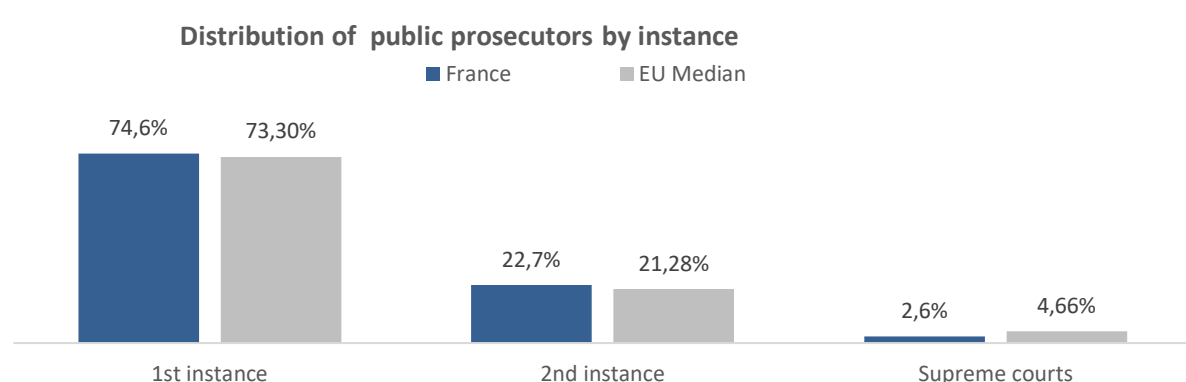
	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	10,72	33,17	3,09
2013	10,72	33,34	3,11
2014	10,46	33,72	3,22
2015	10,46	33,51	3,20
2016	10,44	33,90	3,25
2017	10,52	33,81	3,21
2018	10,86	34,10	3,14
2019	11,07	34,89	3,15
2020	11,16	35,70	3,20



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	1 605	74,6%	594	1 011	37,0%	63,0%
2nd instance	489	22,7%	247	242	50,5%	49,5%
Supreme courts	57	2,6%	30	27	52,6%	47,4%
Total	2 151		871	1 280	40,5%	59,5%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 1 280, which represents 59,5% of the total number of prosecutors.

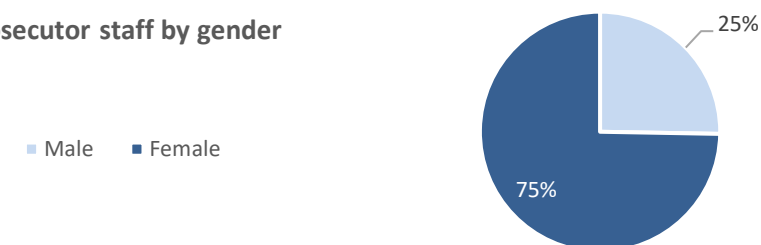
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 605 in first instance (of which 1 011 are female); 489 are in second instance (of which 242 are female) and 57 in final instance (of which 27 are female).

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors have the majority only at first instance.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	712	180	532

Non-prosecutor staff by gender

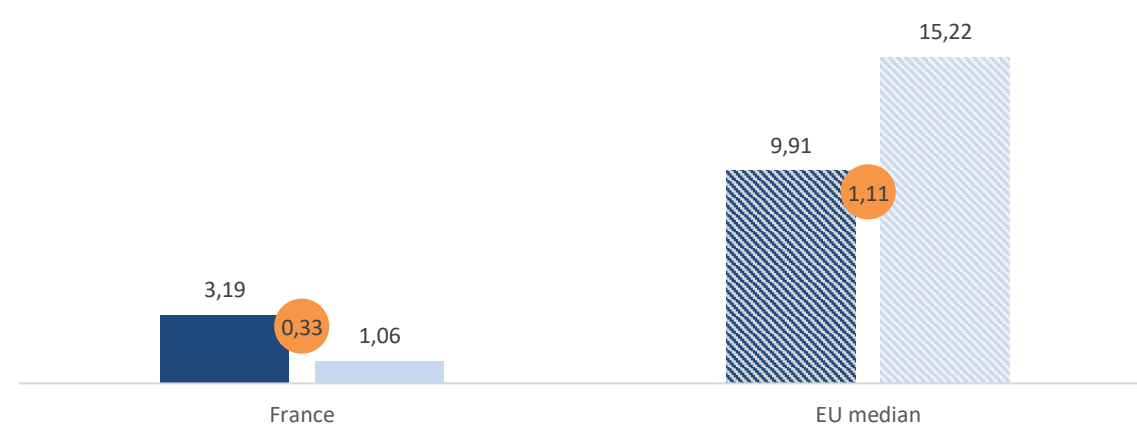


Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	France	EU median
Public prosecutors	3,19	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	1,06	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,33	1,11

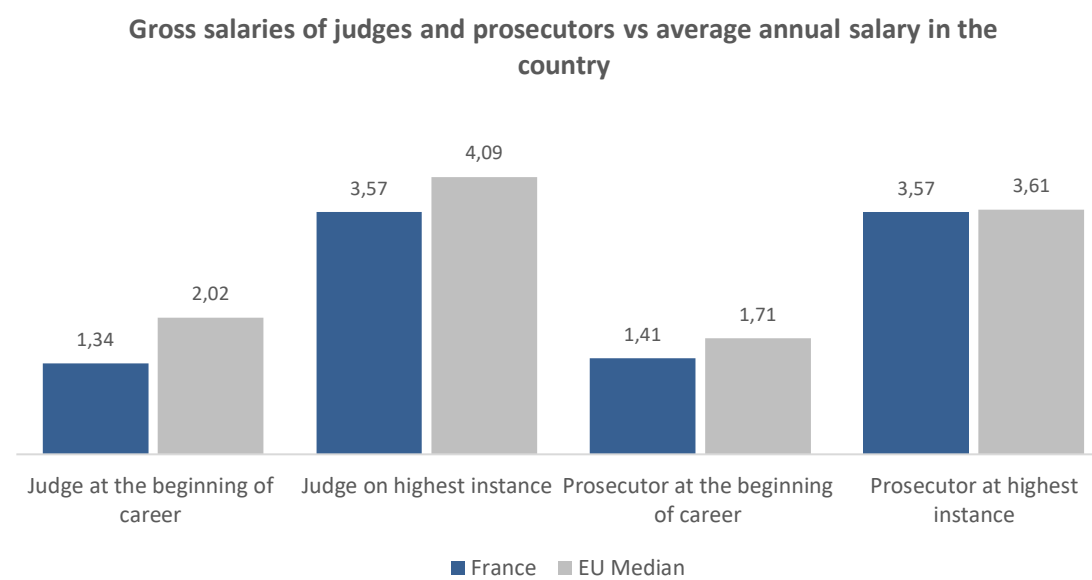
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

■ Public prosecutors
 ■ Non-prosecutor staff
 ● Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor



• Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	46 149 €	37 716 €	1,34
Judge of the highest court	123 213 €	101 922 €	3,57
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	48 738 €	38 502 €	1,41
Public prosecutor at highest instance	123 213 €	101 922 €	3,57



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in France of 46 149€ is around the EU median when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 1,34 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

The following clarifications have been provided:

First-instance professional judge (civil and criminal courts) at the beginning of his/her career: judge at the 3rd step of the second grade - lump-sum compensation: 35% - flexible bonus 12%.

Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career: prosecutor of the Public Prosecutor's Office at the 3rd step of the second grade - lump-sum compensation: 38% - flexible bonus 12%.

Judge of the Court of Cassation: President of Chamber CC (F: 1369) - flexible bonus 14%.

Prosecutor at the Court of Cassation: First Advocate General CC (F: 1369) - flexible premium 14%.

It is important to highlight that the provided data concern only judges of civil and criminal courts ("ordre judiciaire") excluding administrative judges ("ordre administratif").

For the administrative order:

-gross annual salary in euros of a professional judge of 1st instance at the beginning of his/her career: 47,100 euros

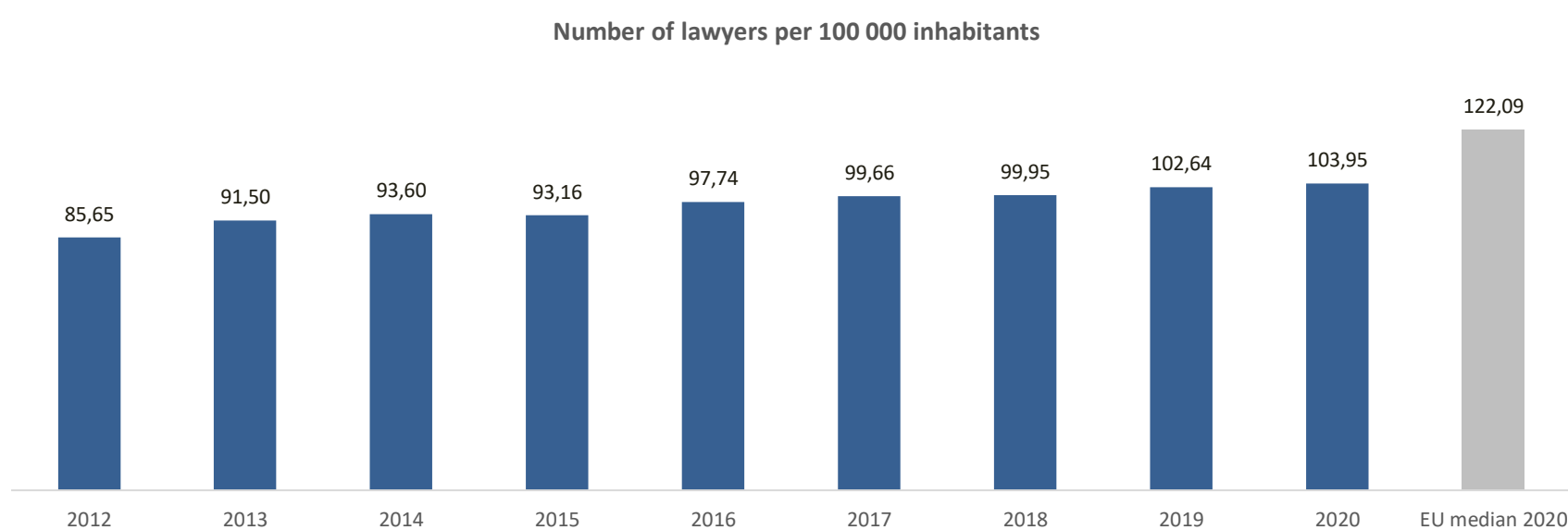
-gross annual salary in euros of a Council of State judge: 94,000 euros

-net annual salary in euros of a professional judge of first instance at the beginning of his career: 38,700 euros

-net annual salary in euros of a Council of State judge: 76,000 euros.

• Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	56 176	85,65
2013	60 223	91,50
2014	62 073	93,60
2015	62 073	93,16
2016	65 480	97,74
2017	66 958	99,66
2018	66 958	99,95
2019	68 835	102,64
2020	70 073	103,95



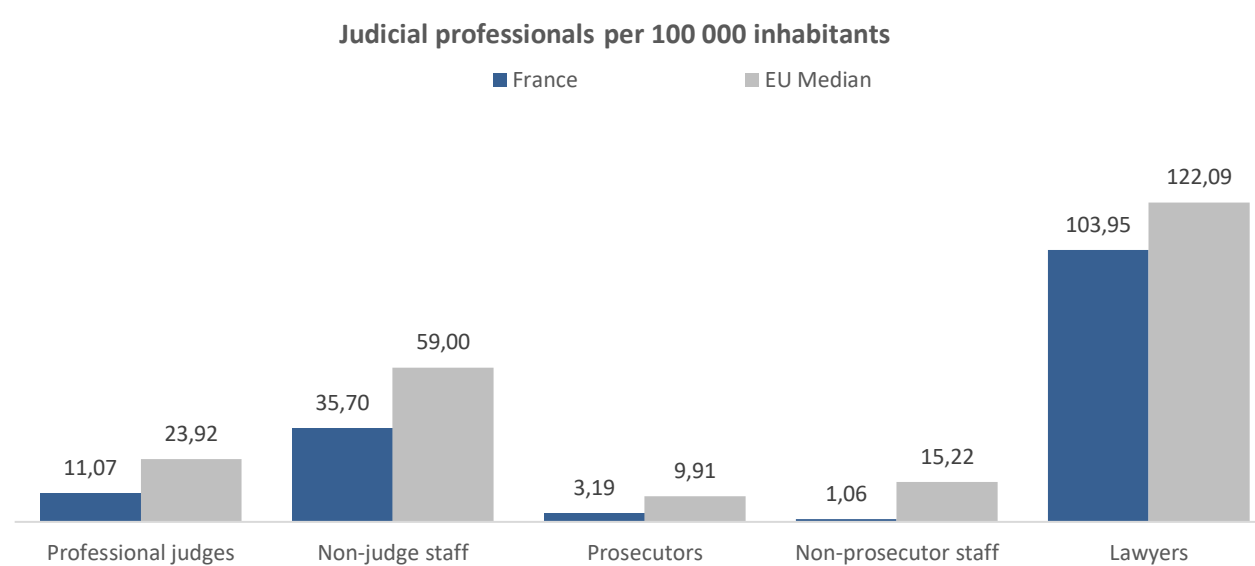
In 2020, there are 70 073 lawyers, which is 1,8% more than in 2019.

France has 104,0 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

• Judicial professionals (summary)

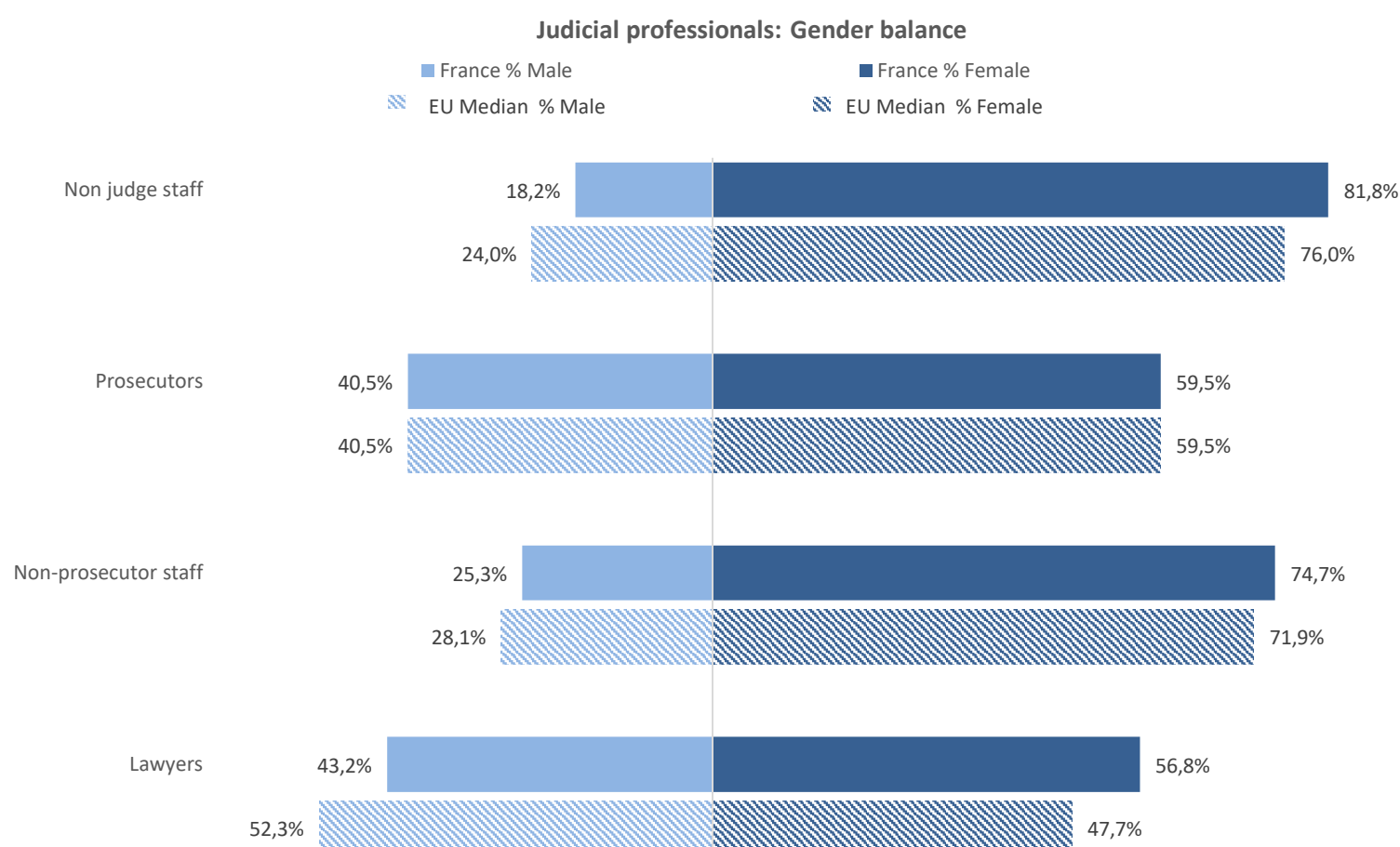
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	7 427	11,07	23,92
Non-judge staff	24 062	35,70	59,00
Prosecutors	2 151	3,19	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	712	1,06	15,22
Lawyers	70 073	103,95	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	NA	NA
Non judge staff	18,2%	81,8%
Prosecutors	40,5%	59,5%
Non-prosecutor staff	25,3%	74,7%
Lawyers	43,2%	56,8%



3. Legal aid and court fees in France

In France, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✔
- Exemption from court fees: ✘

Article 24 of the law n°91-647 of July 10, 1991 relating to legal aid states that "the expenses which would be incurred by the recipient of legal aid if he or she did not have such aid shall be borne by the State".

More precisely, the law n°91-647 has several components, as follows:

- Assistance in accessing the law, which includes general information for people on their rights and obligations, help in carrying out any procedure, legal advice and assistance in drafting and concluding legal acts. Assistance in accessing the law is based on a network of "Points-Justice" spread throughout the country. This assistance is free, anonymous and unconditionally accessible to everyone;
- Mediation assistance (art. 11-1 of the law);
- Legal aid, which may be granted to parties in non-litigious or litigious matters before any court; this aid may also be granted for all or part of the proceedings and with a view to reaching a settlement or agreement before the court proceedings. This aid may also be granted in cases of divorce by mutual consent before a notary. Finally, it may be granted in connection with the enforcement on French territory of a court decision or any other enforceable title, including if they emanate from another EU Member State with the exception of Denmark (Article 10 of the Act);
- Assistance with the intervention of a lawyer in non-judicial criminal proceedings (cf. Articles 11-2 to 11-4 of the Act), which allows for the assistance of persons in police custody, customs detention or detention of foreigners for the purpose of verifying the right to move and reside and the right to asylum

In France, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

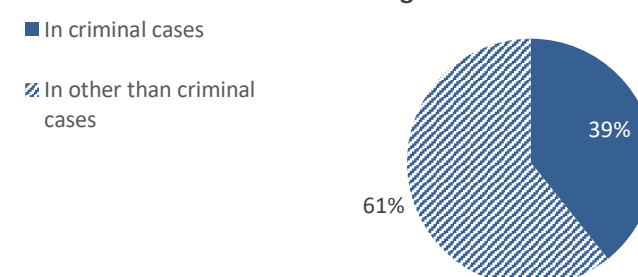
Article 11 of the aforementioned law provides that legal aid "shall apply as of right to proceedings, acts or measures for the enforcement of legal decisions obtained with its benefit, unless enforcement is suspended for more than one year for a reason other than the exercise of an appeal or a decision to suspend enforcement. Enforcement agents may be appointed to enforce any legal decision for a beneficiary of legal aid, either as a continuation of the proceedings or separately. Moreover, as mentioned above, legal aid may be granted on the occasion of the enforcement, on French territory, of a court decision or any other enforceable title, including if they emanate from another EU Member State except for Denmark.

Legal aid covers all legal costs related to a case (in case of total legal aid). Concretely, articles 40 and 40-1 of the aforementioned Act provide that the beneficiary of legal aid is entitled to the assistance of a lawyer and any public or ministerial officials (bailiffs, solicitors, and notaries in particular). He/she is also exempt from the payment of advance or deposit of all costs relating to the proceedings, procedures or acts for which it has been granted (expertise, social inquiry, family mediation, etc.), with the exception of a hearing right of €13.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

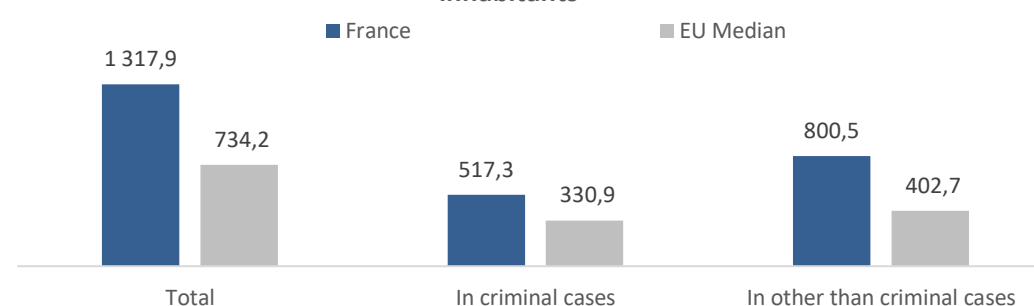
Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	888 343	NA	NA
In criminal cases	348 715	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	539 628	NA	NA

Ratio of total number of cases for which legal aid has been granted



Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	France	EU Median
Total	1 317,9	734,2
In criminal cases	517,3	330,9
In other than criminal cases	800,5	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



The data provided is the number of admissions to legal aid per year.

It is not possible distinguishing between cases brought and not brought to court.

The decrease in the number of cases granted with legal aid is explained by the particular context of the health crisis in 2020.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 45
- Actual average duration: 52

The processing time for legal aid applications has been set at less than 45 days in the 2020 Annual Performance Project indicators. The actual average time is the time between the filing of the application and the date of the admission or rejection decision, calculated from the time limits maintained by each legal aid office. There is no distinction provided for criminal and other than criminal cases.

4. Performance of courts in France

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

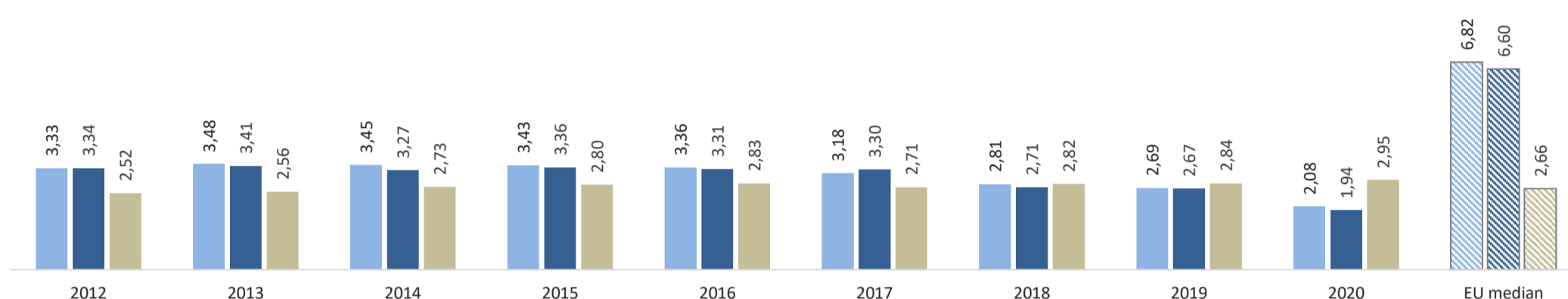
At the outset, it should be noticed that in 2020 in France the number of resolved cases decreased more significantly than the number of incoming cases in both civil and criminal matters. The health crisis and lockdown measures may have affected the number of resolved cases (reducing the ability of courts to process cases) but also the number of incoming cases (fewer misdemeanor offences committed, fewer cases brought to court). Prior to this, a major lawyers' strike and a transport strike had mainly affected the number of resolved cases.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants

■ Incoming ■ Resolved ■ Pending 31 Dec



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in France (2,08 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2020 in France (1,94 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

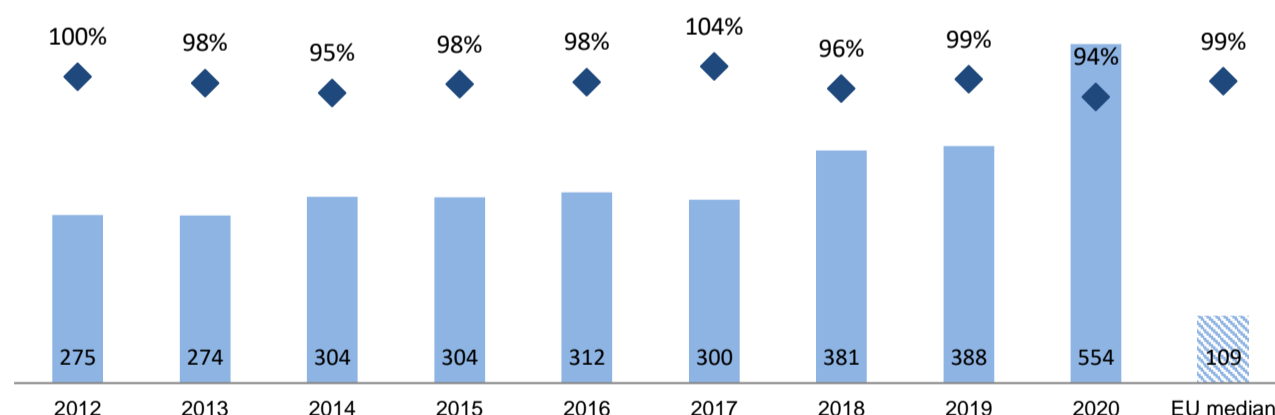
The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in France (2,95 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	100%	275
2013	98%	274
2014	95%	304
2015	98%	304
2016	98%	312
2017	104%	300
2018	96%	381
2019	99%	388
2020	94%	554

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases

■ DT (days) ◆ CR (%)



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 93,6% in 2020 France seems to face difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -5,8 points.

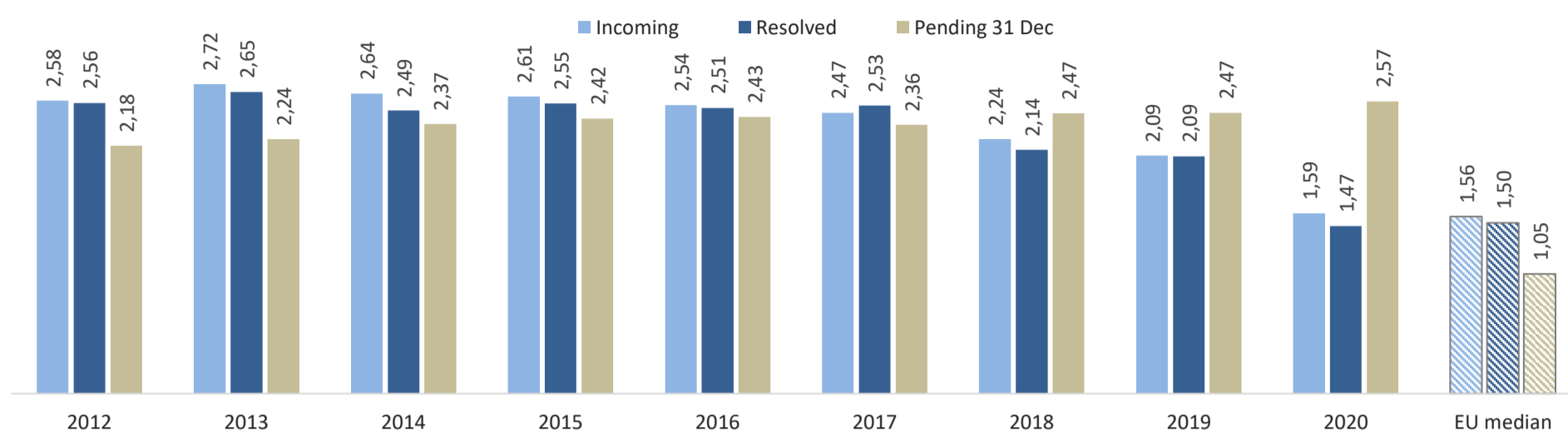
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 554 days, which is well above EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 43,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in France (1,59 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

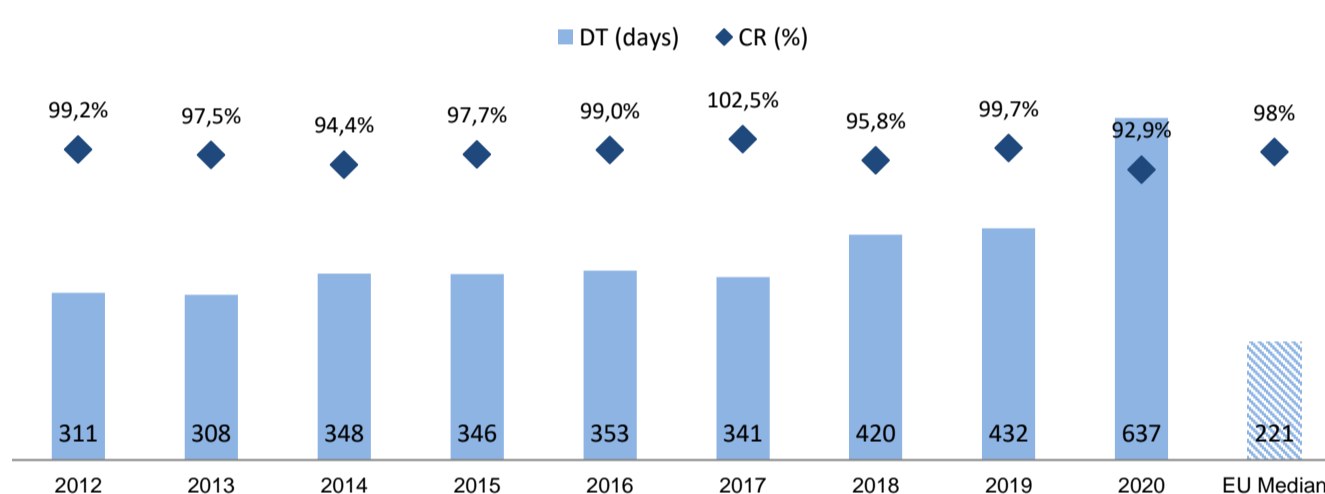
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in France (1,47 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in France (2,57 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	99,2%	311
2013	97,5%	308
2014	94,4%	348
2015	97,7%	346
2016	99,0%	353
2017	102,5%	341
2018	95,8%	420
2019	99,7%	432
2020	92,9%	637

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 92,9% in 2020, France seems facing difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -6,8 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 637 days, which is well above the EU median of 221 days.

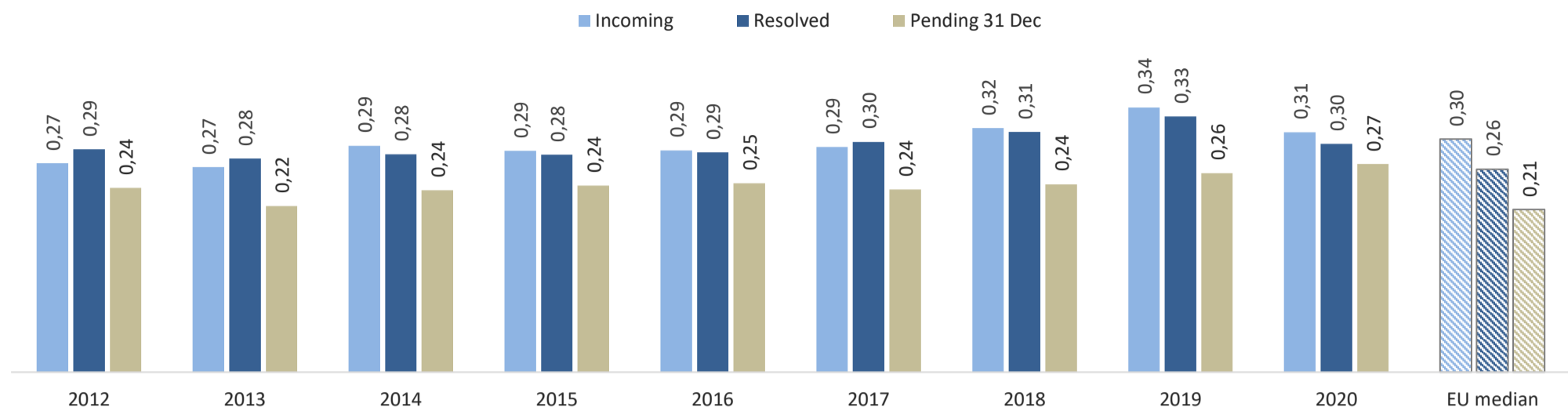
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 47,5% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in France (0,31 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

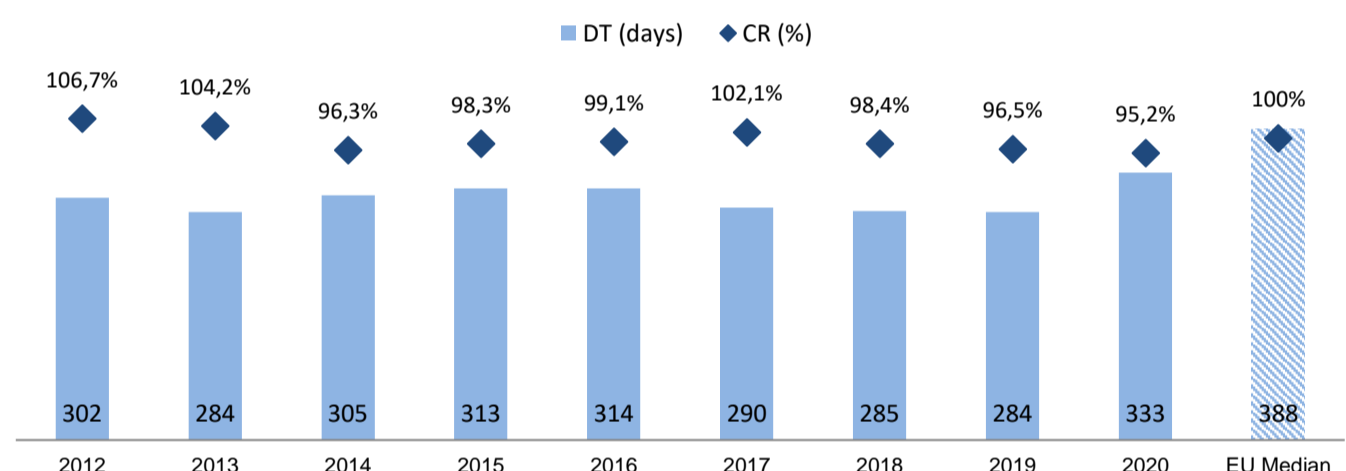
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in France (0,30 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in France (0,27 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	106,7%	302
2013	104,2%	284
2014	96,3%	305
2015	98,3%	313
2016	99,1%	314
2017	102,1%	290
2018	98,4%	285
2019	96,5%	284
2020	95,2%	333



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 95,2% in 2020, France seems to encounter some difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,3 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 333 days, which is slightly below the EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 17,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

In France, there are 16 309 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 8,9% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

The measures derogating from the ordinary law of litigious administrative procedure adopted to respond to the situation arising from the health crisis caused by the Covid-19 epidemic were provided for by order no. 2020-305 of March 25, 2020, then by order no. 2020-1402 of November 18, 2020, and decree no. 2020-1406 of the same day. For example: 1°) Use of audiovisual or any other means of electronic communication; 2°) Provisions allowing to limit the number of persons attending the hearing and those allowing the president of the court to decide that the hearing will be held without the presence of the public; 3°) The dispensation of the public rapporteur's conclusions for cases that did not present any difficulty; 4°) The orders of March and November 2020 allowed the interim relief judge to rule without a hearing, in addition to the cases provided for in article L. 522-3 of the Code of Administrative Justice; 5°) The possibility for the administrative courts of appeal to rule by order without a hearing on applications for a stay of execution; 6°) In matters of DALO-Injunction, the possibility of ruling by order.

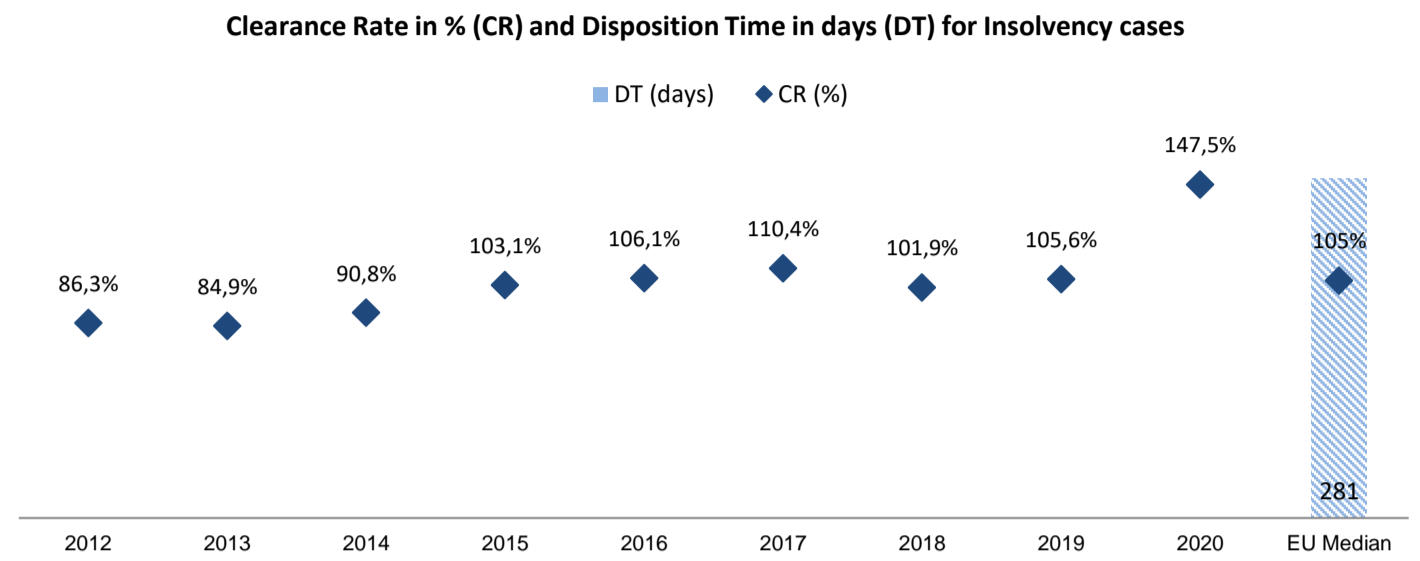
Courts made very little use of the derogation provisions relating to the composition of the trial panels, namely the possibility of completing a panel of judges with the participation of an honorary magistrate from another court.

The provisions allowing heads of court to appoint advisers to rule by order under the conditions set out in article R. 222-13 of the CJA were hardly used. In total, it appears that the measures provided for have been used very differently depending on the measure taken into account. Video hearings and the new rules for summary proceedings have opened up possibilities, with provisions that can be seen as having been the medium for experimentation.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	86,3%	NA
2013	84,9%	NA
2014	90,8%	NA
2015	103,1%	NA
2016	106,1%	NA
2017	110,4%	NA
2018	101,9%	NA
2019	105,6%	NA
2020	147,5%	NA



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 147,5% in 2020 for insolvency cases, France seems to deal efficiently with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 41,9 points.

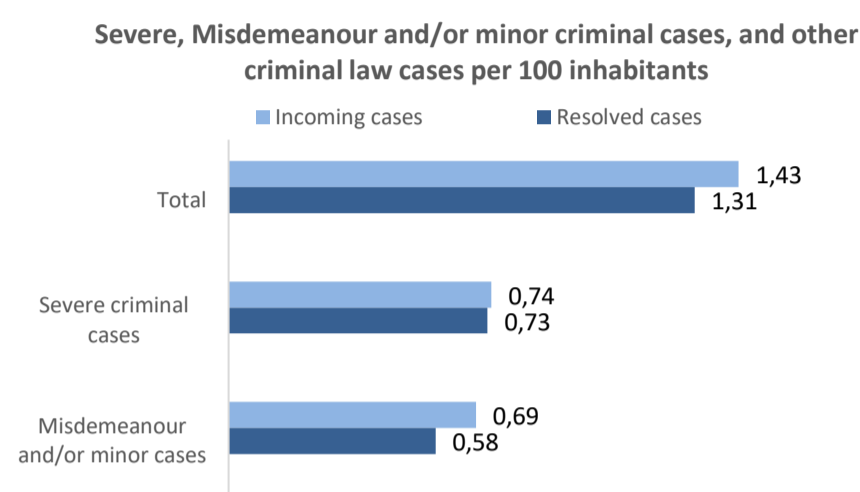
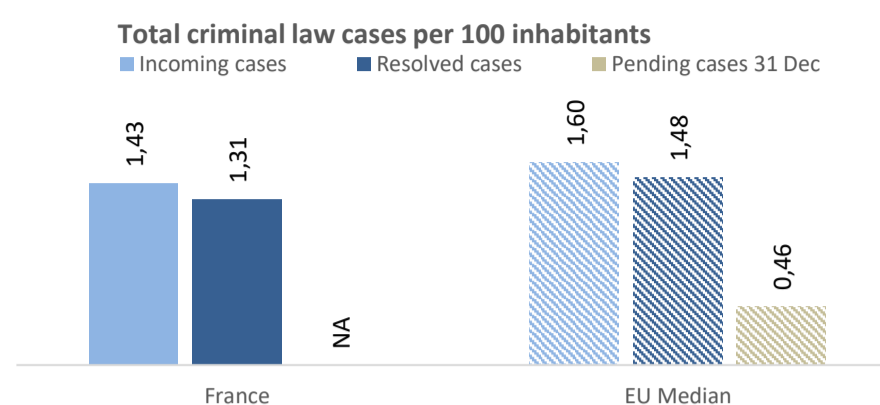
The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	965 679	882 087	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	497 526	490 172	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	468 153	391 915	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	1,43	1,31	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	0,74	0,73	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	0,69	0,58	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



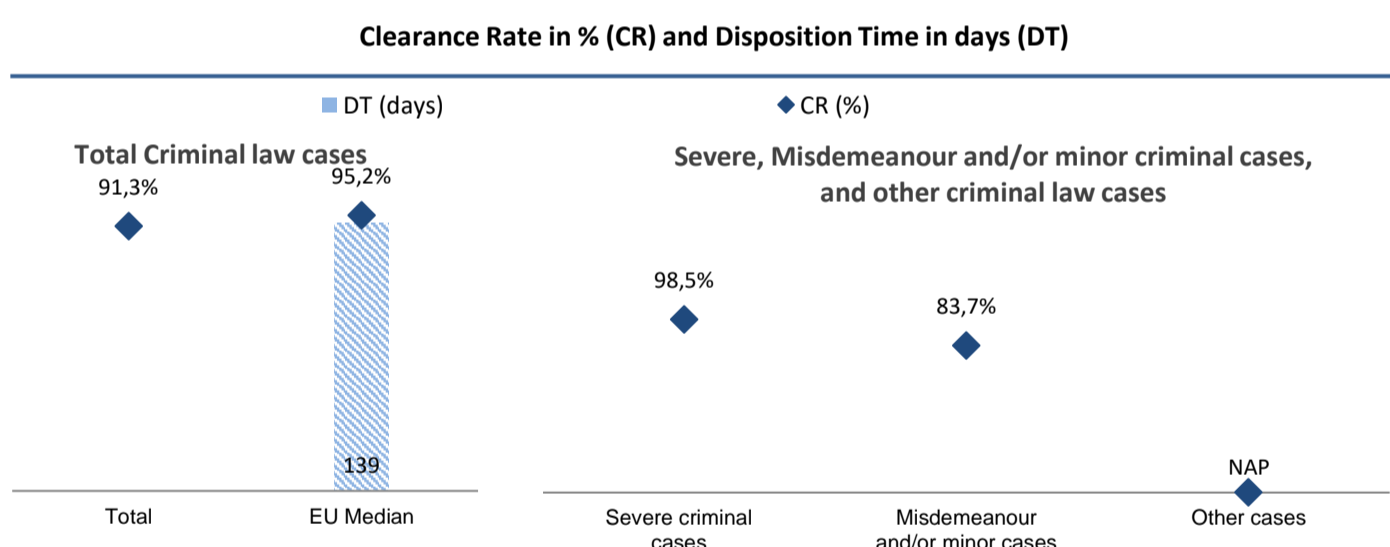
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in France (1,43 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in France (1,31 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in France is not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	91,3%	NA
Severe criminal cases	98,5%	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	83,7%	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP

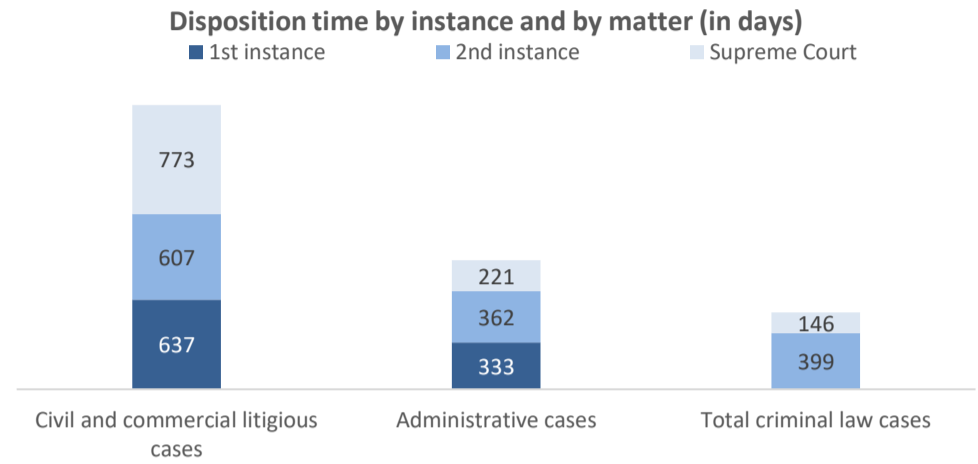
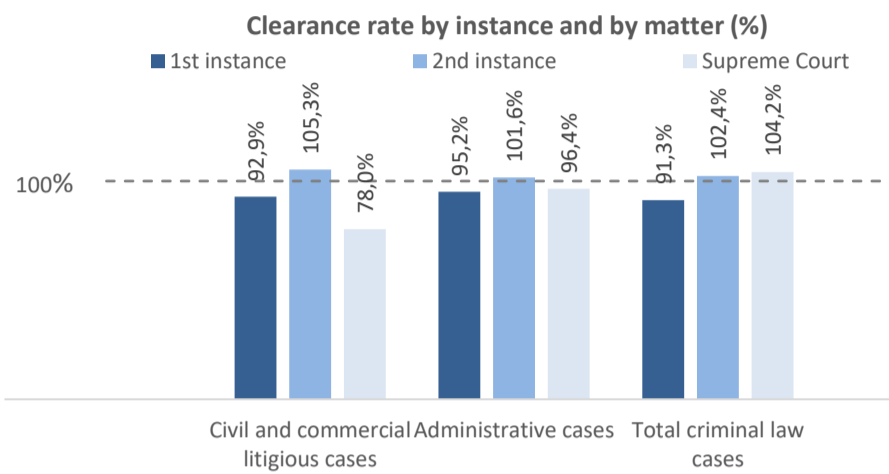


With the Clearance Rate calculated at 91,3% in 2020 for total criminal cases, France seems to encounter difficulties in dealing with its total criminal cases.

The Disposition Time for criminal law cases cannot be calculated.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	92,9%	105,3%	78,0%	637	607	773
Administrative cases	95,2%	101,6%	96,4%	333	362	221
Total criminal law cases	91,3%	102,4%	104,2%	NA	399	146



It seems that in 2020 in France courts of all instances faced difficulties in dealing with their case-flow. As explained above, the pandemic and the measures adopted in its respect have considerably affected the functioning of the courts, resulting in meaningful decreases in the number of resolved cases. In civil and administrative matters, only second instance courts register a positive Clearance Rate, while in criminal matters the Cassation Court has a very satisfactory Clearance Rate indicator just as second instance courts.

In terms of Disposition Time, only in administrative matters the values remained below or aligned to the EU medians at different instances (first instance - 388 days; second instance - 362 days; third instance - 281). In civil matters, this indicator is meaningfully above the EU medians (first instance - 221 days; second instance - 177 days; third instance - 224 days). The same applies to criminal courts, the EU medians for second and third instance being respectively 101 days and 120 days.

5. Public prosecution services in France

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in France has the following 10 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✗	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The prosecutor does not conduct the investigation *stricto sensu*, s/he directs and supervises it. However, there are certain cases provided for by law in which the prosecutor must carry out the investigation him/herself. These are, for example, searches of the home of a lawyer, a doctor, etc.

The public prosecutor has other responsibilities in the area of child protection (placement) and public policies (local security and prevention policies, local commissions in the fight against illegal work, domestic violence, racism, discrimination, etc.). The public prosecutor is also responsible, in conjunction with the president of the court, for the hearing of criminal cases.

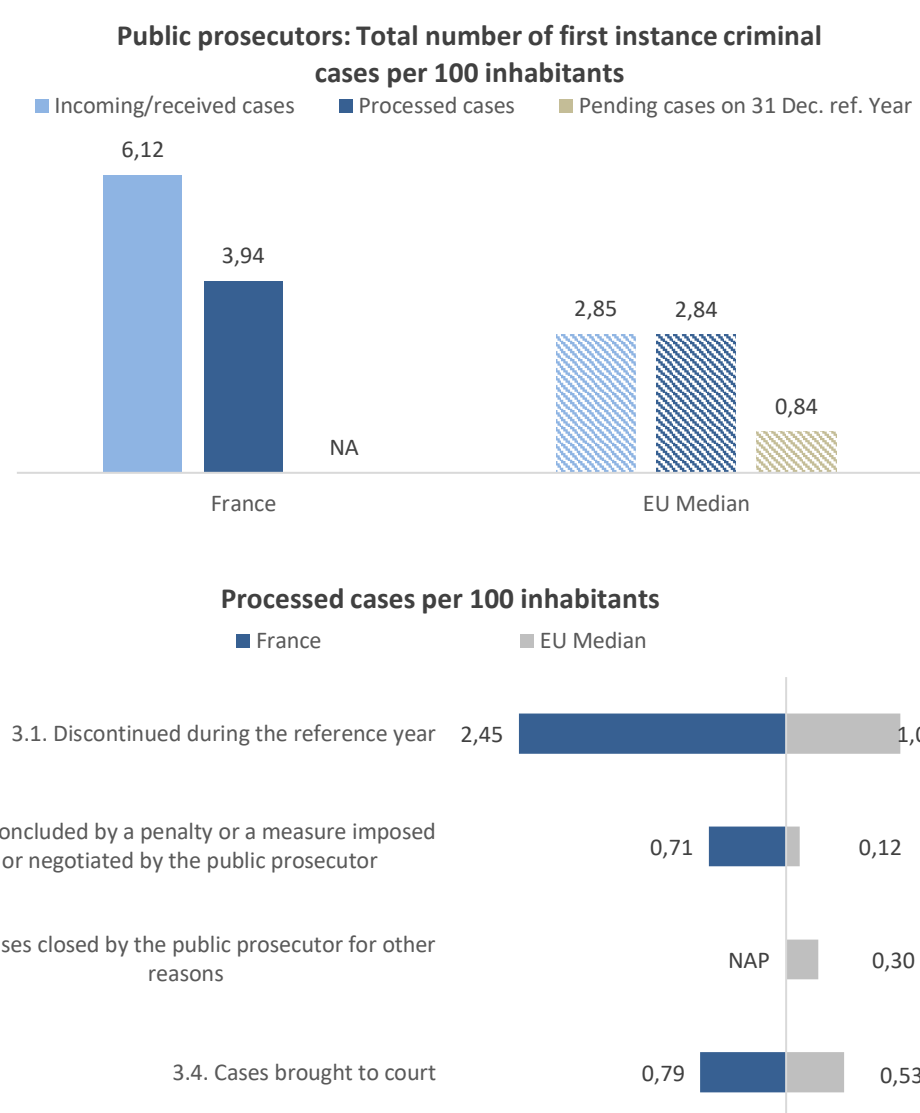
Other significant powers are those in the enforcement phase.

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil and insolvency cases.

The public prosecutor has other responsibilities in the areas of commercial and civil matters, child protection, civil status and parentage law.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA
2. Incoming/received cases	4 124 168	6,12
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	2 655 865	3,94
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	1 648 743	2,45
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	903 345	1,34
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	553 520	0,82
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	191 878	0,28
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP	NAP
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	477 768	0,71
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP
3.4. Cases brought to court	529 354	0,79
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA

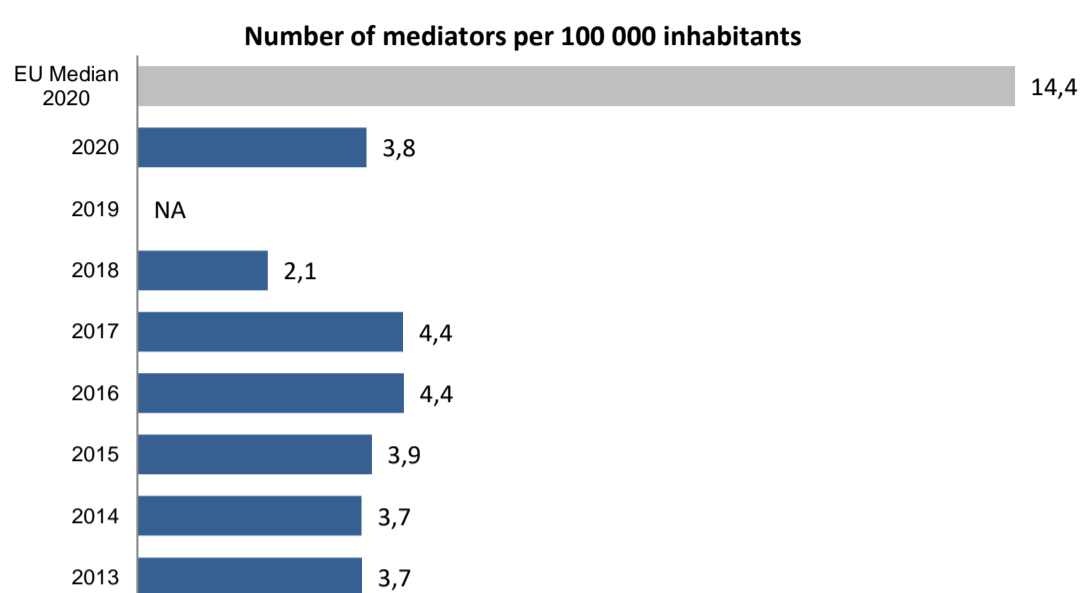


The complexity and diversity of criminal data do not permit the production of estimates of pending cases.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in France

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	NA	NA
2013	2435	3,7
2014	2450	3,7
2015	2571	3,9
2016	2940	4,4
2017	2940	4,4
2018	1436	2,1
2019	NA	NA
2020	2542	3,8



In 2020, there are 2 542 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 3,8 accredited or registered mediators per

There are also 312 legal persons.

It should be pointed out that the provided data concern only civil mediation. The increase in the number of mediators registered on the lists of mediators established by the Courts of Appeal is indicative of the development of the use of alternative dispute resolution methods and more particularly mediation.

The Ministry of Justice strongly encourages mediators to register on these lists. The registration obeys certain conditions as mentioned in the decree n°2021-95 of January 29, 2021 amending the decrees n°2017-1457 of October 9, 2017 relating to the list of mediators with the court of appeal. In addition, the mediator wishing to be registered must provide, in support of his/her application, supporting documents attesting in particular to his/her training (decree of January 29, 2021). A verification of his or her criminal record is also carried out. These requirements help to ensure the minimum guarantees (training, impartiality, independence and verification of criminal status) required of a mediator recommended by the courts. Finally, the mediators registered on these lists have a better visibility since the litigants are led to go to the lists of the courts of appeal to find a mediator (<https://www.justice.fr/r%C3%A9gler-litiges-autrement/m%C3%A9diation>). A mediator recommended by the justice is, moreover, a guarantee of confidence for the litigants.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	1394	927,00	386,00
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

It is worth mentioning that France has launched a voluntarist project in the field of mediation at the initiative of the judge before the administrative jurisdiction, each jurisdiction having to reach a quantified objective of mediations proposed by the judge and accepted by the parties (but without obligation to see these mediations leading to an agreement, which the jurisdiction does not control). The objective is, over the period 2019-2022, to reach about 2000 mediations initiated by the judge before the administrative courts (i.e. about 1% of the entries of the TA and CAA).

7. ICT tools of courts in France

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	4,9	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	0,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	4,8	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	2,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	1,7	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	5,3	6,9

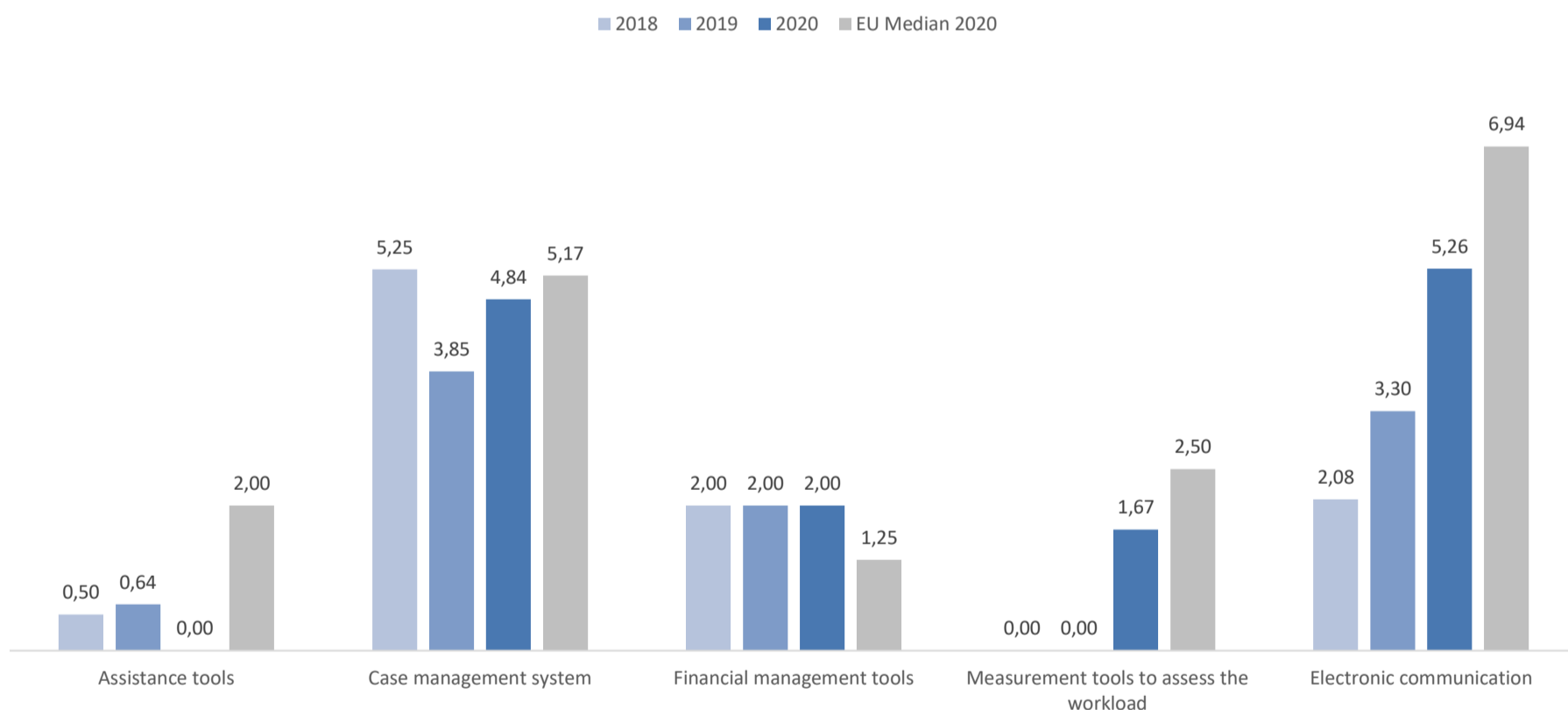
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Comments on measurement tools on workload

Concerning non-judge staff, the Civil Servant Job Management and Distribution Tool (OUTILGREF) was created in 1992 (online since 2006). It measures the workload of court clerks (i.e., excluding legal assistants and specialized assistants) and evaluates the need for court clerks in the courts and regional administrative services (SAR), the need being understood as the volume of staff necessary for the annual processing of the flow of cases in order to not generate any stock. This tool also includes an evaluation of the workload of the common or support services. It is regularly updated according to the reforms and the evolution of working methods. A data collection operation is carried out each year to feed it.

With regard to judges and prosecutors, the French Ministry of Justice is currently conducting work to better measure their workload. A system for evaluating their activity, based on the weighting of court cases, is being developed and should, by the end of 2022, provide a better understanding of the activity of courts, as well as a more accurate allocation of resources between jurisdictions and within the departments of the same jurisdiction. With this in mind, a working group has been set up and has met more than ten times since December 2019, with the Ministry favouring peer-to-peer meetings (Delphi method), which is based on an estimate of time in order to establish the weighting table.

As to administrative courts, a negative reply has been provided.

Comments on communication tools

With regard to criminal law: with the deployment of digital criminal procedure currently underway, transmission from the investigation services is done in waves of deployment and according to criminal law orientations. It has therefore been specified at this stage 10-49% but this will increase sharply at the beginning of 2022 and France should be close to 100% by the end of 2023.

The option "specific computer application" concerning criminal cases is validated for 2020. The Ministry of Justice has indeed set up a dedicated computer application, the digital criminal procedure, which is currently being deployed in the jurisdictions (Digital Criminal Procedure Program, PPN). This is a very important information systems project for criminal justice and a flagship IT program of the Ministry of Justice, in the same way as Portalis in civil matters.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in France

In France, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within courts (except for administrative courts) and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Quality standards developed for public administration are used in the judicial system. The charter of the administrations thus sets the rules for the reception of litigants in all the courts and can lead to certification. There are also local initiatives aimed at setting up a "quality system" based on certification by an external body, which consist in establishing procedures describing the reception process, the organization of work and the management of a case.

With regard to administrative justice: the rate of annulment and reversal of jurisdictional decisions must be kept below 15% and the stock of cases older than two years below 7.5% of the total stock.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The replies are combination of the replies of both orders - administrative on the one hand and civil and criminal on the one hand.

In France, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

With regard to courts of the civil and criminal order, there are two objectives for evaluating their performance. The first is the need to provide the heads of courts with steering elements via monthly dashboards (civil and criminal); the second consists, in the context of annual management dialogues, in proposing dashboards covering a whole year. These dashboards are freely accessible in order to allow for a very wide distribution to all the actors and thus encourage comparison, the first vector of performance analysis.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In France, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service. However, the 2020 data on specific indicators that are used is not available.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																			
Q1 Number of inhabitants	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	67 407 241		2,8%	0,4%	0,8%	0,5%	0,5%	0,3%	-0,3%	0,1%	0,5%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	31 059	32 112	32 227	32 796	33 337	34 150	34 978	35 960	33 959		9,3%	3,4%	0,4%	1,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,8%	-5,6%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	False	True	True	True
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	True	False	False
078.1.13 Disposition time							False	True	False	False
078.1.14 Other							True	False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases																				
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)																				
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases																				
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases																				
078-1.1.5 Backlogs																				
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff																				
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff																				
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)																				
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures																				
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate																				
078-1.1.11 Disposition time																				
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals																				
078-1.1.13 Other																				
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	True	True	True	True										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	True	True	True										
073-2.1.4 Other							True	False	False	False										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance										True										

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
073-4.1.1 Annual									False									
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False									
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True									
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True									
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True									
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True									
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True									
073-6.1.4 Other									False									
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	False	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	True	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	True	True									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	True	True									
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	True									

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True									
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True									
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True									
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True									
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True									
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True									
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									True									
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False									
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False									
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False									
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True									
070-1.1.13 Other									False									
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True									
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True									
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True									
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False									
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False									
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False									
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False									
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									True									
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False									
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False									
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False									

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 066	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	206	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	778	783	786	786	786	786	168	168	168	-78,4%	0,6%	0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-78,6%	0,0%	0,0%	-
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	860	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	1 156	1 089	1 094	1 094	1 086	1 086	1 463	1 186	851	-26,4%	-5,8%	0,5%	0,0%	-0,7%	0,0%	34,7%	-18,9%	-28,2%	-
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	143	143	148	148	143	143	143	143	152	6,3%	0,0%	3,5%	0,0%	-3,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	6,3%	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	281	281	281	281	281	289	289	NAP	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,8%	0,0%	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	50	50	50	50	50	49	49	NA	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-2,0%	0,0%	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	NAP	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	12,5%	0,0%	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	115	141	141	141	141	141	241	NAP	NAP	-	22,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	70,9%	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	155	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	640	208	208	208	200	200	474	438	286	-55,3%	-67,5%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,8%	0,0%	137,0%	-7,6%	-34,7%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	618	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	640	641	643	643	641	641	641	641	672	5,0%	0,2%	0,3%	0,0%	-0,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	4,8%

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 654 187	1 643 188	1 692 658	1 810 803	1 863 243	1 899 497	1 821 752	1 892 584	1 903 120	15,0%	-0,7%	3,0%	7,0%	2,9%	1,9%	-4,1%	3,9%	0,6%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 415 720	1 428 811	1 473 097	1 571 438	1 611 461	1 630 342	1 588 116	1 651 625	1 655 997	17,0%	0,9%	3,1%	6,7%	2,5%	1,2%	-2,6%	4,0%	0,3%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	69 629	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	-	-	-	15,8%	10,3%	18,1%	-30,4%	2,8%	-2,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	69 108	64 473	69 629	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	6,1%	-6,7%	8,0%	15,8%	10,3%	18,1%	-30,4%	2,8%	-2,5%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	169 359	149 904	149 932	158 768	162 856	164 091	160 474	165 741	173 792	2,6%	-11,5%	0,0%	5,9%	2,6%	0,8%	-2,2%	3,3%	4,9%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 185 753	2 288 177	2 285 876	2 288 643	2 253 976	2 135 602	1 882 289	1 801 871	1 400 368	-35,9%	4,7%	-0,1%	0,1%	-1,5%	-5,3%	-11,9%	-4,3%	-22,3%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 688 929	1 789 902	1 747 989	1 740 302	1 698 704	1 658 004	1 498 080	1 403 505	1 068 850	-36,7%	6,0%	-2,3%	-0,4%	-2,4%	-2,4%	-9,6%	-6,3%	-23,8%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	342 262	356 334	361 740	280 355	171 180	167 086	121 004	-	-	-	4,1%	1,5%	-22,5%	-38,9%	-2,4%	-27,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	318 333	322 513	342 262	356 334	361 740	280 355	171 180	167 086	121 004	-62,0%	1,3%	6,1%	4,1%	1,5%	-22,5%	-38,9%	-2,4%	-27,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	178 491	175 762	195 625	192 007	193 532	197 243	213 029	231 280	210 514	17,9%	-1,5%	11,3%	-1,8%	0,8%	1,9%	8,0%	8,6%	-9,0%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 189 186	2 246 155	2 169 237	2 237 067	2 219 465	2 213 947	1 813 313	1 791 335	1 310 960	-40,1%	2,6%	-3,4%	3,1%	-0,8%	-0,2%	-18,1%	-1,2%	-26,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 675 838	1 745 616	1 649 648	1 700 279	1 682 166	1 700 230	1 434 571	1 399 133	992 473	-40,8%	4,2%	-5,5%	3,1%	-1,1%	1,1%	-15,6%	-2,5%	-29,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	331 294	348 005	345 602	312 257	169 124	168 973	118 076	-	-	-	5,0%	-0,7%	-9,6%	-45,8%	-0,1%	-30,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	322 968	317 357	331 294	348 005	345 602	312 257	169 124	168 973	118 076	-63,4%	-1,7%	4,4%	5,0%	-0,7%	-9,6%	-45,8%	-0,1%	-30,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	190 380	183 182	188 295	188 783	191 697	201 460	209 618	223 229	200 411	5,3%	-3,8%	2,8%	0,3%	1,5%	5,1%	4,0%	6,5%	-10,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 650 754	1 685 210	1 809 297	1 862 379	1 897 754	1 821 152	1 890 728	1 903 120	1 991 346	20,6%	2,1%	7,4%	2,9%	1,9%	-4,0%	3,8%	0,7%	4,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 428 811	1 473 097	1 571 438	1 611 461	1 627 999	1 588 116	1 651 625	1 655 997	1 732 374	21,2%	3,1%	6,7%	2,5%	1,0%	-2,4%	4,0%	0,3%	4,6%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	76 259	-	-	-	10,3%	18,1%	-30,4%	2,8%	-2,5%	4,0%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	64 473	69 629	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	76 259	18,3%	8,0%	15,8%	10,3%	18,1%	-30,4%	2,8%	-2,5%	4,0%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	157 470	142 484	157 262	161 992	164 691	159 874	163 885	173 792	182 713	16,0%	-9,5%	10,4%	3,0%	1,7%	-2,9%	2,5%	6,0%	5,1%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,2%	98,2%	94,9%	97,7%	98,5%	103,7%	96,3%	99,4%	93,6%	(6,53)	(1,99)	(3,33)	3,00	0,74	5,28	(7,07)	3,20	(5,83)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,2%	97,5%	94,4%	97,7%	99,0%	102,5%	95,8%	99,7%	92,9%	(6,42)	(1,71)	(3,23)	3,52	1,36	3,55	(6,62)	4,10	(6,86)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	96,8%	97,7%	95,5%	111,4%	98,8%	101,1%	97,6%	-	-	-	0,90	(2,17)	16,58	(11,29)	2,36	(3,51)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101,5%	98,4%	96,8%	97,7%	95,5%	111,4%	98,8%	101,1%	97,6%	(3,82)	(3,01)	(1,63)	0,90	(2,17)	16,58	(11,29)	2,36	(3,51)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	106,7%	104,2%	96,3%	98,3%	99,1%	102,1%	98,4%	96,5%	95,2%	(10,74)	(2,29)	(7,65)	2,15	0,74	3,12	(3,66)	(1,91)	(1,37)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	275	274	304	304	312	300	381	388	554	101,4%	-0,5%	11,2%	-0,2%	2,7%	-3,8%	26,8%	1,9%	43,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	311	308	348	346	353	341	420	432	637	104,7%	-1,0%	12,9%	-0,5%	2,1%	-3,5%	23,3%	2,8%	47,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	89	93	111	86	162	158	236	-	-	-	5,0%	19,0%	-22,9%	89,8%	-2,4%	48,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	73	80	89	93	111	86	162	158	236	223,5%	9,9%	10,9%	5,0%	19,0%	-22,9%	89,8%	-2,4%	48,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	302	284	305	313	314	290	285	284	333	10,2%	-6,0%	7,4%	2,7%	0,1%	-7,6%	-1,5%	-0,4%	17,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																				
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	92 864	90 694	91 882	86 926	84 579	94 560	92 802	89 026	75 733	-18,4%	-2,3%	1,3%	-5,4%	-2,7%	11,8%	-1,9%	-4,1%	-14,9%		
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	124 434	145 779	134 837	128 489	108 193	94 099	90 504	80 566	71 501	-42,5%	17,2%	-7,5%	-4,7%	-15,8%	-13,0%	-3,8%	-11,0%	-11,3%		
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	55 561	57 743	56 820	57 902	53 072	49 626	49 083	46 375	30 931	-44,3%	3,9%	-1,6%	1,9%	-8,3%	-6,5%	-1,1%	-5,5%	-33,3%		
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	92 659	89 956	88 220	84 602	85 560	82 562	86 771	90 569	79 589	-14,1%	-2,9%	-1,9%	-4,1%	1,1%	-3,5%	5,1%	4,4%	-12,1%		
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	130 478	128 657	130 574	136 021	131 063	122 120	97 053	96 580	68 734	-47,3%	-1,4%	1,5%	4,2%	-3,6%	-6,8%	-20,5%	-0,5%	-28,8%		
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	47 942	49 024	51 577	59 686	56 300	54 768	50 039	48 969	45 621	-4,8%	2,3%	5,2%	15,7%	-5,7%	-2,7%	-8,6%	-2,1%	-6,8%		
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	99,8%	99,2%	96,0%	97,3%	101,2%	87,3%	93,5%	101,7%	105,1%	5,32	(0,59)	(3,20)	1,37	3,94	(13,69)	7,09	8,80	3,30
CR Employment dismissal cases	104,9%	88,3%	96,8%	105,9%	121,1%	129,8%	107,2%	119,9%	96,1%	(8,32)	(15,83)	9,73	9,32	14,43	7,13	(17,37)	11,79	(19,81)
CR Insolvency cases	86,3%	84,9%	90,8%	103,1%	106,1%	110,4%	101,9%	105,6%	147,5%	70,93	(1,61)	6,92	13,56	2,91	4,03	(7,62)	3,58	39,68
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			294 069	294 210	307 020	317 778	310 011	302 841	295 549	-	-	-	0,0%	4,4%	3,5%	-2,4%	-2,3%	-2,4%	
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			254 353	254 567	266 127	276 110	268 669	260 673	247 769	-	-	-	0,1%	4,5%	3,8%	-2,7%	-3,0%	-5,0%	
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			12 215	12 170	12 996	NA	12 798	12 700	16 837	-	-	-	-0,4%	6,8%	-	-	-0,8%	32,6%	
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			12 215	12 170	12 996	13 068	12 798	12 700	16 837	-	-	-	-0,4%	6,8%	0,6%	-2,1%	-0,8%	32,6%	
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			27 501	27 473	27 897	28 600	28 544	29 468	30 943	-	-	-	-0,1%	1,5%	2,5%	-0,2%	3,2%	5,0%	
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			282 436	279 740	282 835	273 682	263 086	263 044	201 536	-	-	-	-1,0%	1,1%	-3,2%	-3,9%	0,0%	-23,4%	
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			220 119	215 160	217 135	203 792	194 060	190 203	137 434	-	-	-	-2,3%	0,9%	-6,1%	-4,8%	-2,0%	-27,7%	
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			32 460	33 983	34 392	NA	35 253	37 157	33 873	-	-	-	4,7%	1,2%	-	-	5,4%	-8,8%	
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			32 460	33 983	34 392	38 607	35 253	37 157	33 873	-	-	-	4,7%	1,2%	12,3%	-8,7%	5,4%	-8,8%	
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			29 857	30 597	31 308	31 283	33 773	35 684	30 229	-	-	-	2,5%	2,3%	-0,1%	8,0%	5,7%	-15,3%	
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			267 325	267 682	272 077	281 393	270 311	264 733	207 617	-	-	-	0,1%	1,6%	3,4%	-3,9%	-2,1%	-21,6%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			205 772	203 896	207 152	211 233	203 258	194 479	144 706	-	-	-	-0,9%	1,6%	2,0%	-3,8%	-4,3%	-25,6%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			31 623	33 246	34 320	NA	34 199	35 994	32 205	-	-	-	5,1%	3,2%	-	-	5,2%	-10,5%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			31 623	33 246	34 320	38 877	34 199	35 994	32 205	-	-	-	5,1%	3,2%	13,3%	-12,0%	5,2%	-10,5%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			29 930	30 540	30 605	31 283	32 854	34 260	30 706	-	-	-	2,0%	0,2%	2,2%	5,0%	4,3%	-10,4%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			309 180	306 268	317 778	310 067	302 786	301 152	289 468	-	-	-	-0,9%	3,8%	-2,4%	-2,3%	-0,5%	-3,9%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			268 700	265 831	276 110	268 669	259 471	256 397	240 497	-	-	-	-1,1%	3,9%	-2,7%	-3,4%	-1,2%	-6,2%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			13 052	12 907	13 068	NA	13 852	13 863	18 505	-	-	-	-1,1%	1,2%	-	-	0,1%	33,5%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			13 052	12 907	13 068	12 798	13 852	13 863	18 505	-	-	-	-1,1%	1,2%	-2,1%	8,2%	0,1%	33,5%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			27 428	27 530	28 600	28 600	29 463	30 892	30 466	-	-	-	0,4%	3,9%	0,0%	3,0%	4,9%	-1,4%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	950	1 108	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,6%

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			94,6%	95,7%	96,2%	102,8%	102,7%	100,6%	103,0%	-	-	-	1,10	0,53	6,88	(0,07)	(2,05)	2,36
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			93,5%	94,8%	95,4%	103,7%	104,7%	102,2%	105,3%	-	-	-	1,37	0,67	8,65	1,05	(2,38)	2,98
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			97,4%	97,8%	99,8%	NA	97,0%	96,9%	95,1%	-	-	-	0,42	2,00	-	-	(0,14)	(1,85)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			97,4%	97,8%	99,8%	100,7%	97,0%	96,9%	95,1%	-	-	-	0,42	2,00	0,91	(3,66)	(0,14)	(1,85)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			100,2%	99,8%	97,8%	100,0%	97,3%	96,0%	101,6%	-	-	-	(0,43)	(2,06)	2,30	(2,72)	(1,30)	5,80
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			422	418	426	402	409	415	509	-	-	-	-1,1%	2,1%	-5,7%	1,7%	1,6%	22,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			477	476	487	464	466	481	607	-	-	-	-0,2%	2,2%	-4,6%	0,4%	3,3%	26,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			151	142	139	NA	148	141	210	-	-	-	-5,9%	-1,9%	-	-	-4,9%	49,2%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			151	142	139	120	148	141	210	-	-	-	-5,9%	-1,9%	-13,5%	23,0%	-4,9%	49,2%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			334	329	341	334	327	329	362	-	-	-	-1,6%	3,7%	-2,2%	-1,9%	0,5%	10,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			27 568	29 070	28 489	29 757	29 145	25 062	24 729	-	-	-	5,4%	-2,0%	4,5%	-2,1%	-14,0%	-1,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			21 199	22 858	23 041	24 358	23 870	19 635	19 231	-	-	-	7,8%	0,8%	5,7%	-2,0%	-17,7%	-2,1%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			6 369	6 212	5 448	5 399	5 275	5 427	5 498	-	-	-	-2,5%	-12,3%	-0,9%	-2,3%	2,9%	1,3%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			33 377	29 139	30 018	32 754	27 021	27 287	23 451	-	-	-	-12,7%	3,0%	9,1%	-17,5%	1,0%	-14,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			21 295	20 412	20 398	22 890	17 458	17 071	13 417	-	-	-	-4,1%	-0,1%	12,2%	-23,7%	-2,2%	-21,4%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			12 082	8 727	9 620	9 864	9 563	10 216	10 034	-	-	-	-27,8%	10,2%	2,5%	-3,1%	6,8%	-1,8%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			31 888	27 476	30 994	30 806	31 076	27 795	20 138	-	-	-	-13,8%	12,8%	-0,6%	0,9%	-10,6%	-27,5%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			19 636	17 923	21 387	20 667	21 493	17 475	10 467	-	-	-	-8,7%	19,3%	-3,4%	4,0%	-18,7%	-40,1%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			12 252	9 553	9 607	10 139	9 583	10 320	9 671	-	-	-	-22,0%	0,6%	5,5%	-5,5%	7,7%	-6,3%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			29 057	30 733	27 513	31 705	25 090	24 554	28 042	-	-	-	5,8%	-10,5%	15,2%	-20,9%	-2,1%	14,2%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			22 858	25 347	22 052	26 581	19 835	19 231	22 181	-	-	-	10,9%	-13,0%	20,5%	-25,4%	-3,0%	15,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			6 199	5 386	5 461	5 124	5 255	5 323	5 861	-	-	-	-13,1%	1,4%	-6,2%	2,6%	1,3%	10,1%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	89	132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,3%

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			95,5%	94,3%	103,3%	94,1%	115,0%	101,9%	85,9%	-	-	-	(1,30)	9,50	(8,91)	22,28	(11,43)	(15,70)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			92,2%	87,8%	104,8%	90,3%	123,1%	102,4%	78,0%	-	-	-	(4,78)	19,41	(13,89)	36,35	(16,85)	(23,79)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			101,4%	109,5%	99,9%	102,8%	100,2%	101,0%	96,4%	-	-	-	7,95	(8,77)	2,93	(2,51)	0,81	(4,59)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			333	408	324	376	295	322	508	-	-	-	22,8%	-20,6%	15,9%	-21,6%	9,4%	57,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			425	516	376	469	337	402	773	-	-	-	21,5%	-27,1%	24,7%	-28,2%	19,2%	92,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			185	206	207	184	200	188	221	-	-	-	11,4%	0,8%	-11,1%	8,5%	-5,9%	17,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.1 Total -incoming									965 679	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									497 526	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									468 153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.1 Total - resolved									882 087	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									490 172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									391 915	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									91,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									98,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									83,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									43 287	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									37 811	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									38 730	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									42 368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									102,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									399	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									3 302	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									7 199	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									7 503	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									2 998	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									104,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									146	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 5: Access to justice																			
Legal aid																			
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																			
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True									
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										False									
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True									
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True									
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True									
020.1.1 Total										888 343									
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										348 715									
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										539 628									
020.2.1 Total brought to court										NA									
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA									
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										45									
020-1.1.2 Average duration										52									

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
System for compensating users																			
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																			
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										908									
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA									
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA									
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA									
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA									
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA									
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										249									
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										217									
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA									
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA									
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA									
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA									
037.3.1 Amount - Total										1 975 018 €									
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										1 388 393 €									
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA									
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA									
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA									
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA									

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																				
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																				
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True											
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							NA	NA	NA											
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							50-99%	50-99%	NA											
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							50-99%	100%	100%											
62-8 Voice recording tools							False	True	True											
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter								NA	NA											
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter								NA	NA											
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter								in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases											
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter								NA	NA											
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter								NA	NA											
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter								NA	NA											
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							FALSE	NA	NA											
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							FALSE	NA	NA											
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							FALSE	NA	NA											
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelties							100%	100%	100%											
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True											
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	50-99%	50-99%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	50-99%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	False	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	False	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False										
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Integrated										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected										
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								NA	100%	NA										
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								NA	50-99%	100%										
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	False	False	True										
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	False	False	True										
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	False	True	True										
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	False	True	True										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	False	True	NA										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	False	False	True										
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%										
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%										
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA										
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True										
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True										
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NA	NA										
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True										
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True										
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NA	NA										

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							False	False	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges										NA									
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors										NA									
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff										100%									
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	-	NA										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	-	NA										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	NA										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	-	True										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	-	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							0% (NAP)	NA	NA										
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	NA	10-49%										
064-2 - Administrative							50-99%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	NA	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	NA	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							False	NA	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	NA	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	NA	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	NA	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	False	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate										10-49%										
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							-	-	False											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							-	-	NA											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							-	-	True											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							-	-	False											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							True	True	True											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							NA	50-99%	50-99%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	50-99%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							50-99%	100%	100%											

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)																		
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	E-mail Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)									Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	False	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	NA										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	10-49%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	1-9%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	50-99%										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	E-mail Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)								Specific application	E-mail										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)									Specific application										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	True	False										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	False	False										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	True										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	7 033	7 054	6 935	6 967	6 995	7 066	7 277	7 427	7 522	7,0%	0,3%	-1,7%	0,5%	0,4%	1,0%	3,0%	2,1%	1,3%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	4 962	4 977	4 876	4 883	4 919	4 982	5 121	5 243	5 288	6,6%	0,3%	-2,0%	0,1%	0,7%	1,3%	2,8%	2,4%	0,9%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 695	1 708	1 706	1 721	1 731	1 748	1 805	1 827	1 880	10,9%	0,8%	-0,1%	0,9%	0,6%	1,0%	3,3%	1,2%	2,9%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	376	369	353	363	345	336	351	355	354	-5,9%	-1,9%	-4,3%	2,8%	-5,0%	-2,6%	4,5%	1,1%	-0,3%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	2 829	2 746	2 617	2 555	2 491	2 443	2 466	2 454	NA	-	-2,9%	-4,7%	-2,4%	-2,5%	-1,9%	0,9%	-0,5%	-
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	1 819	1 772	1 701	1 657	1 628	1 608	1 611	1 629	NA	-	-2,6%	-4,0%	-2,6%	-1,8%	-1,2%	0,2%	1,1%	-
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	787	760	719	701	687	668	685	656	NA	-	-3,4%	-5,4%	-2,5%	-2,0%	-2,8%	2,5%	-4,2%	-
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	223	214	197	197	176	167	170	167	NA	-	-4,0%	-7,9%	0,0%	-10,7%	-5,1%	1,8%	-1,8%	-
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	4 204	4 308	4 318	4 412	4 504	4 623	4 811	4 973	NA	-	2,5%	0,2%	2,2%	2,1%	2,6%	4,1%	3,4%	-
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	3 143	3 205	3 175	3 226	3 291	3 374	3 510	3 613	NA	-	2,0%	-0,9%	1,6%	2,0%	2,5%	4,0%	2,9%	-
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	908	948	987	1 020	1 044	1 080	1 120	1 171	NA	-	4,4%	4,1%	3,3%	2,4%	3,4%	3,7%	4,6%	-
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	153	155	156	166	169	169	181	188	NA	-	1,3%	0,6%	6,4%	1,8%	0,0%	7,1%	3,9%	-
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 522	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 288	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 880	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	354	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 343	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	909	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	303	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	21 758	21 946	22 360	22 326	22 712	22 714	22 844	23 396	24 062	10,6%	0,9%	1,9%	-0,2%	1,7%	0,0%	0,6%	2,4%	2,8%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	17 663	17 920	18 816	18 906	18 904	19 074	18 894	18 891	19 573	10,8%	1,5%	5,0%	0,5%	0,0%	0,9%	-0,9%	0,0%	3,6%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 352	2 979	2 493	2 513	2 613	2 703	2 657	2 853	3 045	125,2%	120,3%	-16,3%	0,8%	4,0%	3,4%	-1,7%	7,4%	6,7%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	964	1 047	1 051	907	923	937	1 025	1 001	889	-7,8%	8,6%	0,4%	-13,7%	1,8%	1,5%	9,4%	-2,3%	-11,2%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	1 779	NAP	NAP	NAP	272	NAP	268	651	554	-68,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	142,9%	-14,9%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	3 902	3 797	3 969	4 007	NA	4 244	4 383	-	-	-	-2,7%	4,5%	1,0%	-	-	3,3%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	2 454	2 450	2 497	2 585	NA	2 530	2 734	-	-	-	-0,2%	1,9%	3,5%	-	-	8,1%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	585	603	621	658	NA	687	765	-	-	-	3,1%	3,0%	6,0%	-	-	11,4%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	863	744	759	764	NA	843	742	-	-	-	-13,8%	2,0%	0,7%	-	-	-12,0%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	92	NAP	NA	184	141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-23,4%	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	16 767	18 215	18 458	18 529	18 743	18 707	NA	19 152	19 678	17,4%	8,6%	1,3%	0,4%	1,2%	-0,2%	-	-	2,7%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	15 517	15 662	16 362	16 456	16 407	16 489	NA	16 361	16 839	8,5%	0,9%	4,5%	0,6%	-0,3%	0,5%	-	-	2,9%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	1 060	2 300	1 908	1 910	1 992	2 045	NA	2 165	2 279	115,0%	117,0%	-17,0%	0,1%	4,3%	2,7%	-	-	5,3%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	190	253	188	163	164	173	NA	158	146	-23,2%	33,2%	-25,7%	-13,3%	0,6%	5,5%	-	-	-7,6%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	180	NAP	NA	467	413	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-11,6%

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									24 062	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									2 151	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									1 605	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									489	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									871	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									594	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									247	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									1 280	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									1 011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									242	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									712	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									532	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	34 495 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	46 149 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	123 213 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	48 738 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	123 213 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	37 716 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	101 922 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	38 502 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	101 922 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																		
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																		
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	56 176	60 223	62 073	62 073	65 480	66 958	66 958	68 835	70 073	24,7%	7,2%	3,1%	0,0%	5,5%	2,3%	0,0%	2,8%	1,8%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	29 700	29 835	30 304	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,5%	1,6%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	37 258	38 464	39 769	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,2%	3,4%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

France (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	2 435	2 450	2 571	2 940	2 940	1 436	NA	2 542	-	-	0,6%	4,9%	14,4%	0,0%	-51,2%	-	-	
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	1 156	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	2 724	2 751	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,0%	-	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	261	780	1 021	1 394	-	-	-	-	-	-	198,9%	30,9%	36,5%	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					11 995	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at a glance in Germany

General data

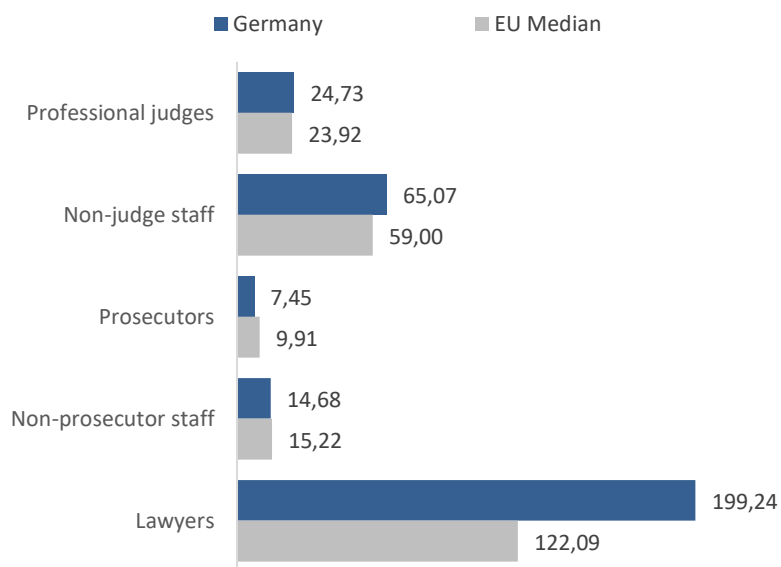
Population: 83 155 031

GDP per capita: 40 027 €

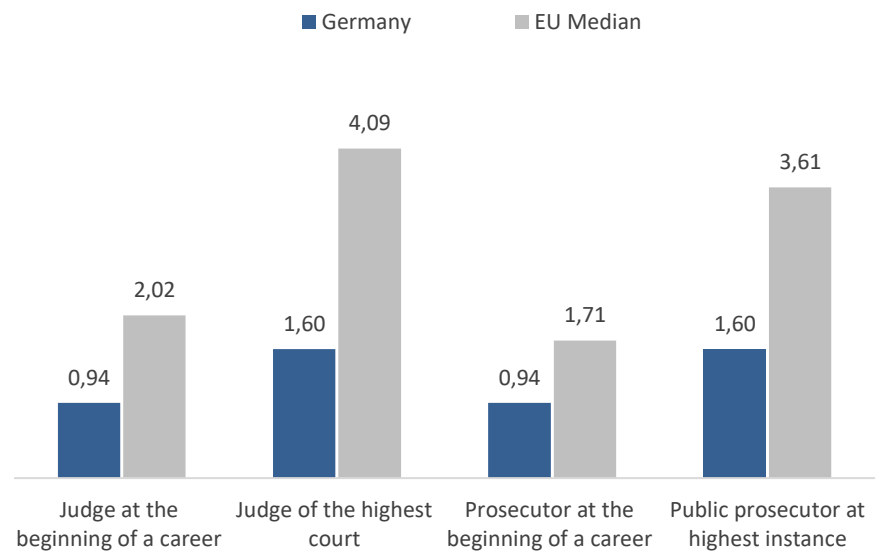
Average annual salary: 56 580 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

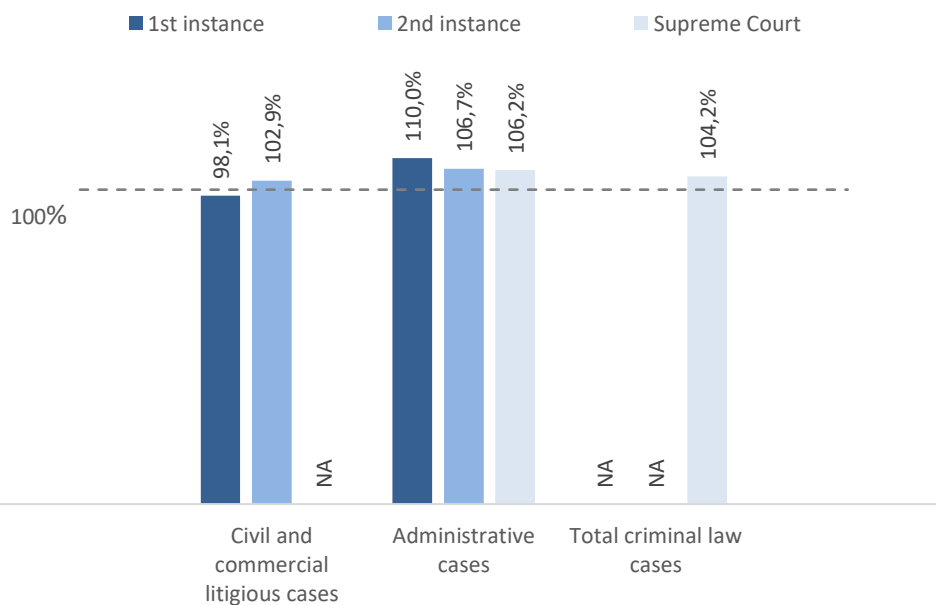


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

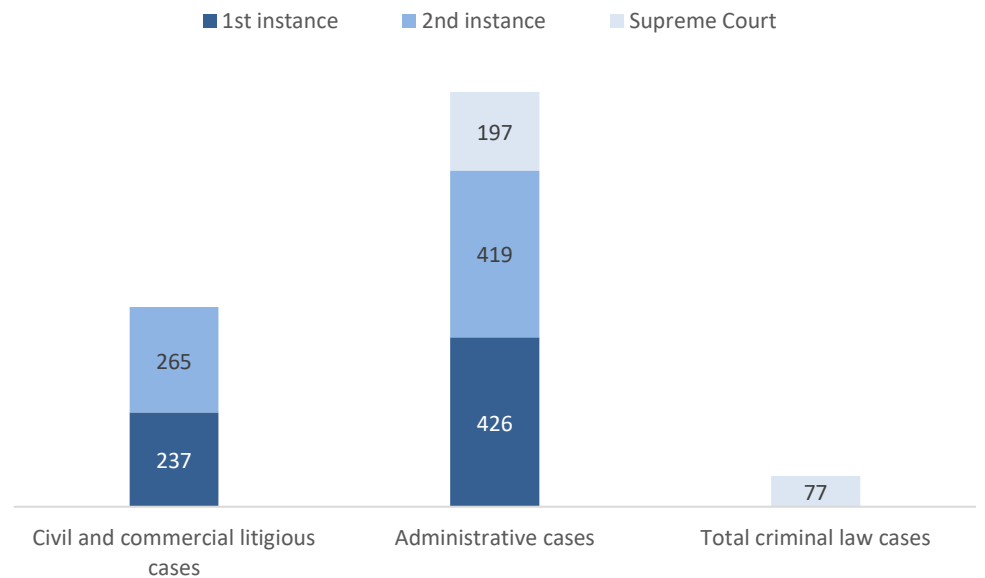


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

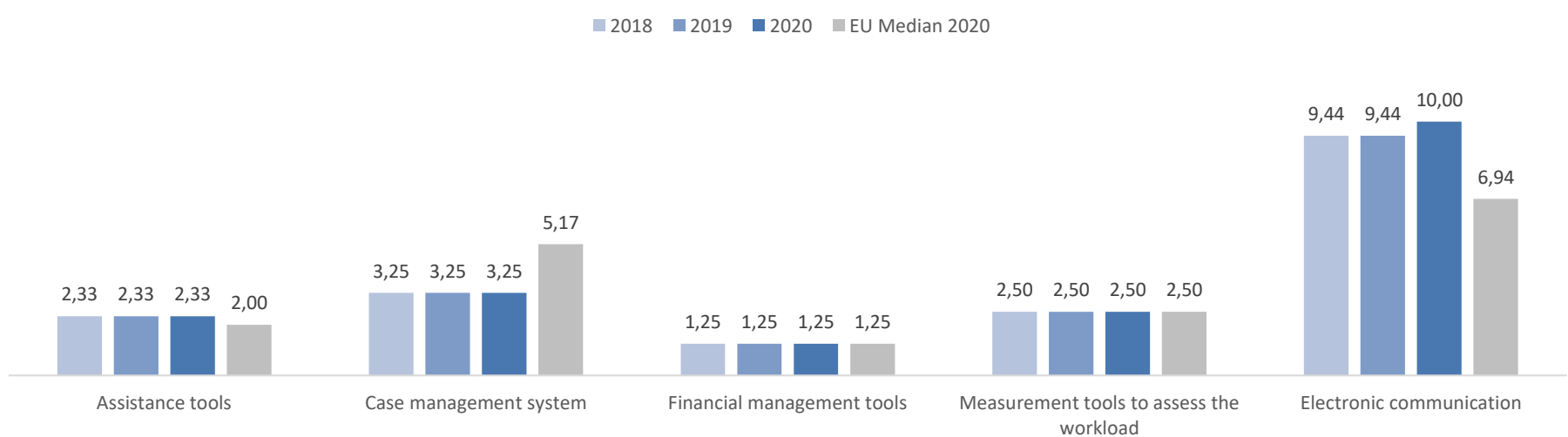


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

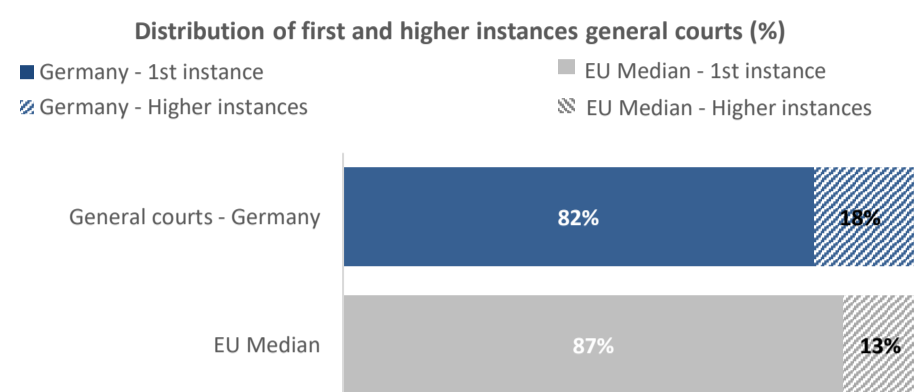
Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Germany

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
											2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	83 155 031	3,6%	1,7%	1,0%	0,4%	0,2%	0,0%
GDP per capita	32 550	33 343	33 343	37 087	37 997	39 649	40 852	41 342	40 027	23,0%	14,0%	7,5%	3,0%	1,2%	-3,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	44 991		44 991		52 044		53 688	56 808	56 580	25,8%	15,7%	3,2%		5,8%	-0,4%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020						
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	24,7	23,9	23,9	23,6	24,2	24,3	24,5	24,7	25,0	1,2%	1,1%	1,3%	0,8%	1,0%	1,1%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	66,9	66,0	66,0	65,2	64,7	64,3	65,1	65,5	65,1	-2,7%	-1,9%	0,6%	1,2%	0,5%	-0,6%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	200,5	201,4	202,4	200,3	200,1	199,2	198,9	199,5	199,2	-0,6%	-1,2%	-0,6%	-0,2%	0,3%	-0,1%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
ICT overall assesment							6,7	6,7	6,9					0,0%	3,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020						
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,961	1,763	1,781	1,741	1,592	1,506	1,520	1,542	1,466	-25,2%	-10,6%	-4,5%	0,9%	1,4%	-4,9%
Administrative law cases	0,856	0,8	0,8	0,804	0,900	1,049	0,901	0,818	0,700	-18,2%	10,8%	0,2%	-14,0%	-9,3%	-14,4%
Total criminal law cases									NA						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	100%	99%	100%	102%	103%	101%	97%	99%	98%	-2,22	2,51	-5,45	-4,02	1,64	-0,75
CR administrative law cases	102%	100%	100%	103%	92%	84%	97%	109%	110%	8,34	-7,98	4,78	13,13	11,85	1,06
CR total criminal law cases									NA						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020						
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	183	192	198	190	196	204	220	217	237	29,2%	-1,4%	12,4%	7,8%	-1,4%	9,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)	354	357	367	349	375	421	435	397	426	20,4%	2,1%	16,1%	3,3%	-8,8%	7,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020						
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,99	0,92	0,97	0,92	0,88	0,85	0,89	0,91	0,93	-5,5%	-9,6%	1,6%	4,5%	1,7%	3,1%
Administrative law cases	0,84	0,80	0,82	0,79	0,85	1,02	1,04	0,97	0,90	6,5%	4,2%	22,3%	2,7%	-7,2%	-7,2%
Total criminal law cases									NA						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			100%	NA	101%	102%	99%	85%	103%		0,96	-2,30	-3,40	-13,83	17,84
CR administrative law cases			93%	NA	96%	96%	94%	98%	107%		3,30	-2,74	-2,08	4,31	8,71
CR total criminal law cases									NA						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020						
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			233	NA	245	254	262	299	265		5,0%	7,1%	3,3%	14,0%	-11,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)			320	NA	452	430	443	427	419		41,4%	-2,0%	2,9%	-3,5%	-1,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			97%	102%	NA	109%	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA		NA	NA
CR administrative law cases			100%	107%	107%	100%	98%	103%	106%		6,50	-8,90	-2,65	5,01	3,53
CR total criminal law cases									104%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020						
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			358	349	NA	261	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			206	185	172	198	228	219	197		-16,6%	32,8%	15,3%	-4,2%	-9,8%
DT total criminal law cases									77						

1. Judicial organisation in Germany

The court system in Germany has a federal structure. The administration of justice is entrusted to federal courts and the courts of the 16 federal states (Länders). The ordinary jurisdiction consists of the civil and criminal jurisdictions. The specialised courts are the Administrative courts, the Finance courts, the Labour courts and the Social courts. In addition, there is the constitutional jurisdiction, which consists of the Federal Constitutional Court and the Constitutional courts of the Länders.

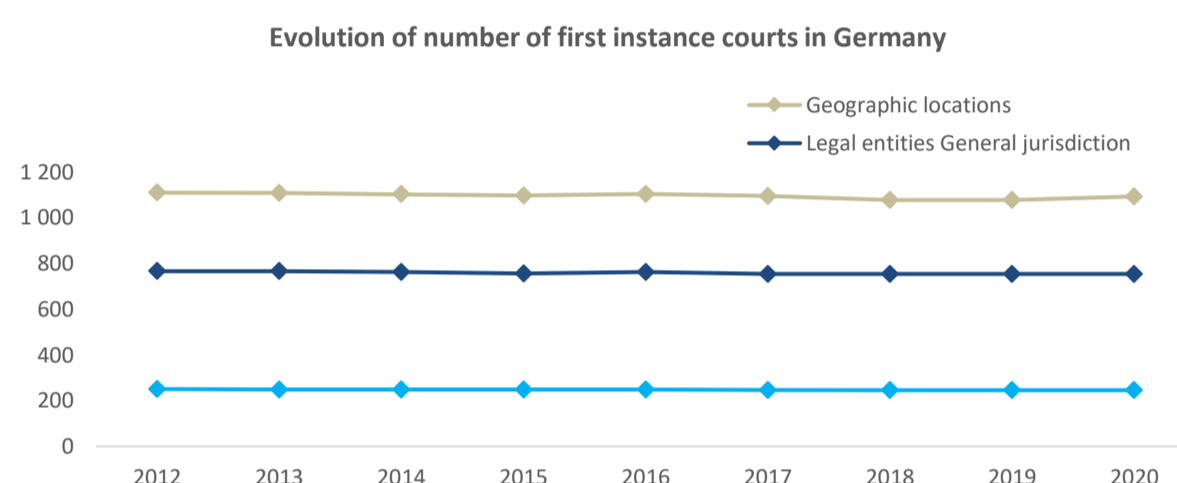
Distribution of general courts in Germany



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Germany is around the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Germany

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	1 108	765	250
2013	1 107	765	248
2014	1 101	761	247
2015	1 095	754	247
2016	1 102	761	247
2017	1 093	753	246
2018	1 076	753	245
2019	1 076	753	245
2020	1 092	753	245



Even though the German legal system generally knows three instances (first instance, appeal on questions of fact and law, appeal on questions of law only), the different kinds of courts do not correspond directly to the stages of appeal. Local Courts (Amtsgerichte) are first instance courts with the Regional Courts (Landgerichte) as next stage of appeal (exceptions apply in family matters). However, Regional Courts do not only serve as second instance courts but also deal with first instance cases. Whether a case is initially dealt with at a Local or Regional Court depends (among other things) on the value at dispute (civil cases) or on the kind of the suspected offence (criminal cases). Similarly, the Higher Regional Courts may serve as Second Instance courts (for cases that were initially dealt with at Regional Courts or for cases in family matters) and as Highest Instance Courts for cases that were initiated at the Local Courts (especially in criminal cases). The Constitutional Courts of the Länder and the Federal Constitutional Court (Bundesverfassungsgericht) are not part of the stages of appeal. Constitutional jurisdiction is also seen as separate from general and specialised jurisdiction. Constitutional Courts review legislation with regard to constitutional provisions. The Federal Constitutional Court mainly assesses alleged violations of basic rights by public authorities. However, in order to have access to the Constitutional Courts, the regular path of legal proceedings must generally be exhausted.

First instance courts include: 638 Local Courts, 115 Regional Courts

Second instance courts include: 115 Regional Courts, 24 Higher Regional Courts

Highest instance courts include: 24 Higher Regional Courts, Federal Supreme Court

The "vertical consistency" is not fulfilled, since the 115 Regional Courts appear as "First instance courts" as well as "Second instance courts" and 24 Higher Regional Courts appear as "Second Instance Courts" as well as "Highest Instance Courts".

The total number of specialised courts includes 16 Constitutional Courts of the Länder.

In Germany, in general, one legal entity equals to one geographic location. A small number of courts may have a additional points of presence in other geographic locations, but the exact number of geographic locations in comparison to legal entities is unknown.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 75,5% - 24,5% is around the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	245	69
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	108	18
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	51	15
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	68	14
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	18	22

As regards "commercial courts" and "insolvency courts", it is noteworthy that depending on the value at dispute, commercial cases are dealt with at Local or Regional Courts, on application in a chamber established at the Regional Court for commercial cases. There are no separate commercial courts. Likewise, there are no independent rent and tenancies courts, enforcement courts or courts for insurance cases. Depending on the caseload, special panels of judges are established for this purpose at the Local and Regional Courts. Family cases are dealt with at first instance in special departments of the Local Courts (second instance: Higher Regional Courts). The Federal Armed Forces do not have any military courts of their own; its members are subject to civil jurisdiction. Juvenile courts do not exist as independent courts either. They are established at the Local Courts or Regional Courts, depending on the severity of the expected sentence and the type of offence. The Juvenile Courts may be composed of a single criminal judge sitting as youth judge or one or more judges together with lay youth assessors.

The category "other" covers:

18 Finance Courts (first instance)

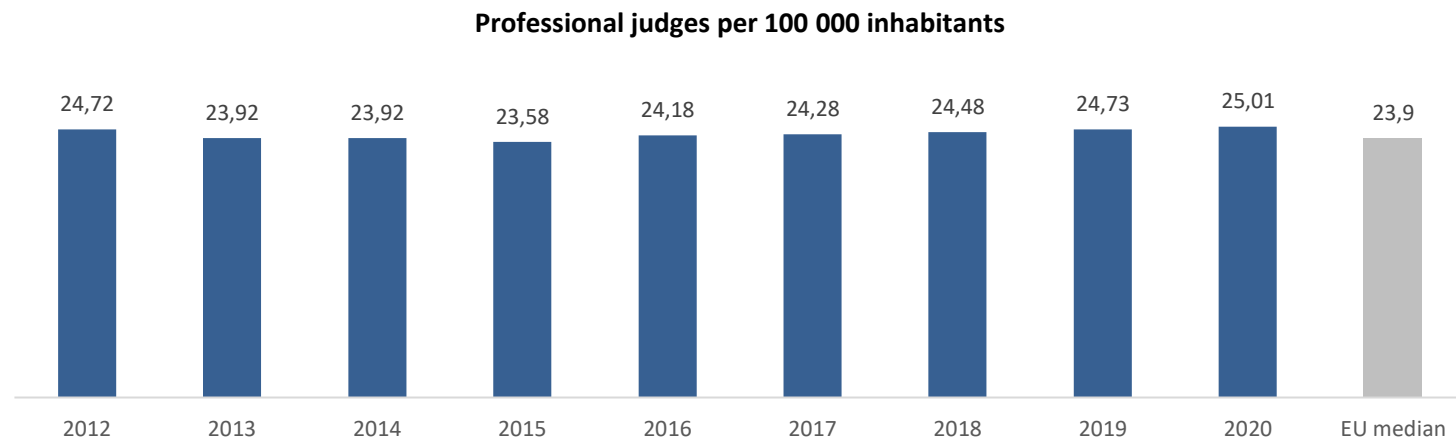
16 Constitutional Courts of the Länder, the Federal Constitutional Court, Federal Patent Court, Federal Labour Court, Federal Administrative Court, Federal Social Court and the Federal Finance Court (higher instances)

2. Professionals of justice in Germany

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	19 832	24,72
2013	19 323	23,92
2014	19 323	23,92
2015	19 282	23,58
2016	19 867	24,18
2017	20 069	24,28
2018	20 323	24,48
2019	20 570	24,73
2020	20 793	25,01



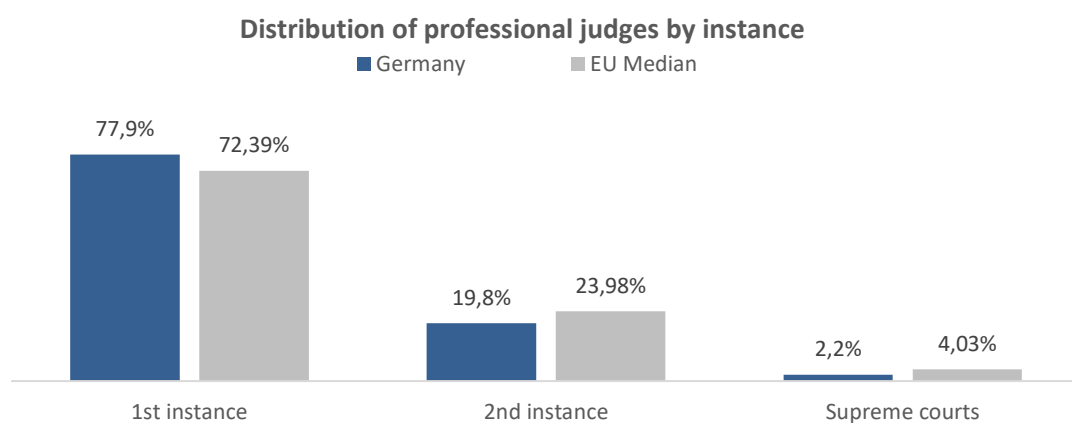
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Germany is 20 793, which is 1,1% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Germany, there are 25,01 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,60 non-judge staff per judge.

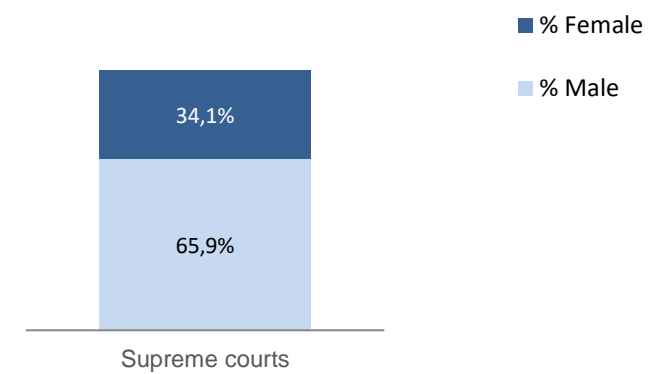
There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 2,65 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	16 207	77,9%	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	4 125	19,8%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme courts	461	2,2%	304	157	65,9%	34,1%
Total	20 793		NA	NA	NA	NA



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance



The staff-assignment statistics do not distinguish between male and female judges in first and second instance.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 16 207 are sitting in first instance courts; 4 125 are sitting in second instance courts and 461 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 157 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that: the number of first and second instance judges is taken from the "staff-assignment statistics" of the Länder. It is derived from a complex calculation key as an annual average value of the actual personnel deployed (for example, excluding employees who were not present more than 20 working days during a quarter for reasons other than holiday and/or training). The data that regards highest instance judges are taken from the court-staff statistics and represent the number (FTE) of judges at the Federal Courts (Federal Court of Justice, Federal Patent Court, Federal Administrative Court, Federal Finance Court, Federal Labour Court, Federal Social Court, Federal Constitutional Court, Military Disciplinary Courts) as of 31 December 2020.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

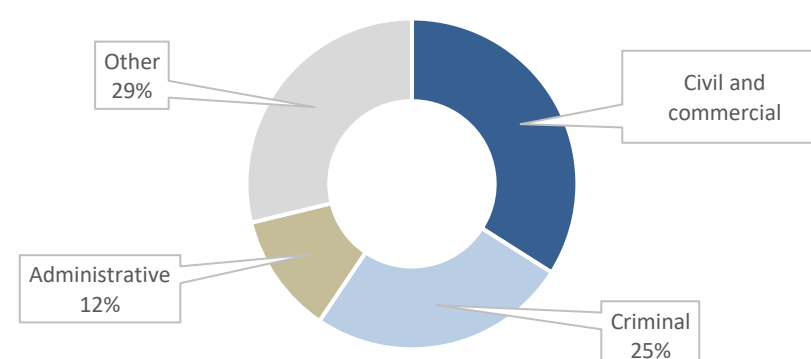
2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	16 207	5 511	4 125	1 909	4 663
2nd instance	4 125	1 467	564	345	1 749
Supreme courts	461	NA	NA	52	NA
Total	20 793	NA	NA	2 305	NA

In Germany, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible in first and second instance. First instance distribution is presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	34,0%	25,5%	11,8%	28,8%
2nd instance	35,6%	13,7%	8,4%	42,4%
Supreme courts	NA	NA	11,3%	NA
Total	NA	NA	11,1%	NA

Distribution of first instance judges by matter



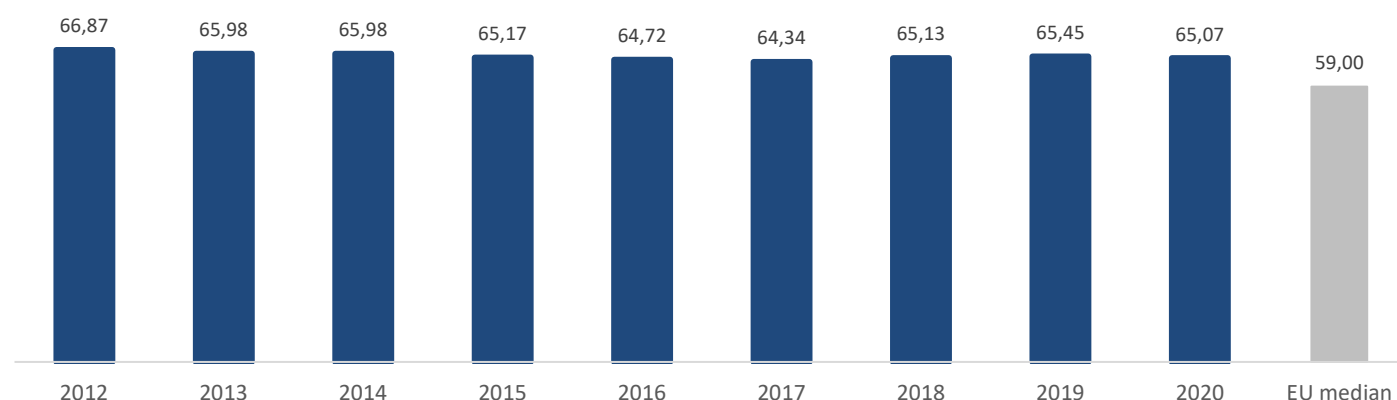
"Other" includes: family cases (at the Local and Higher Regional Courts), cases at the Labour Courts, Social courts, Finance courts

The statistics of the supreme courts do not include information on the judges' assignment to civil or criminal cases. According to the website of the Federal Court of Justice, there are currently 114 judges (headcount) assigned to the civil panels and 47 to the criminal panels.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	53 649	53 302	53 302	53 292	53 181	53 178	54 072	54 434	54 107
Per 100 000 inhabitants	66,87	65,98	65,98	65,17	64,72	64,34	65,13	65,45	65,07

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	54 107	
Rechtspfleger	8 642	16,0%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	28 071	51,9%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	6 785	12,5%
Technical staff	2 220	4,1%
Other	8 389	15,5%

In 2020, Germany has 54 107 non-judge staff. The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,6%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 8 642 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which
- 28 071 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 6 785 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 2 220 technical staff;
- 8 389 other;

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 65,5 in 2019 to 65,1 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 24,7 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 25,0 in 2020.

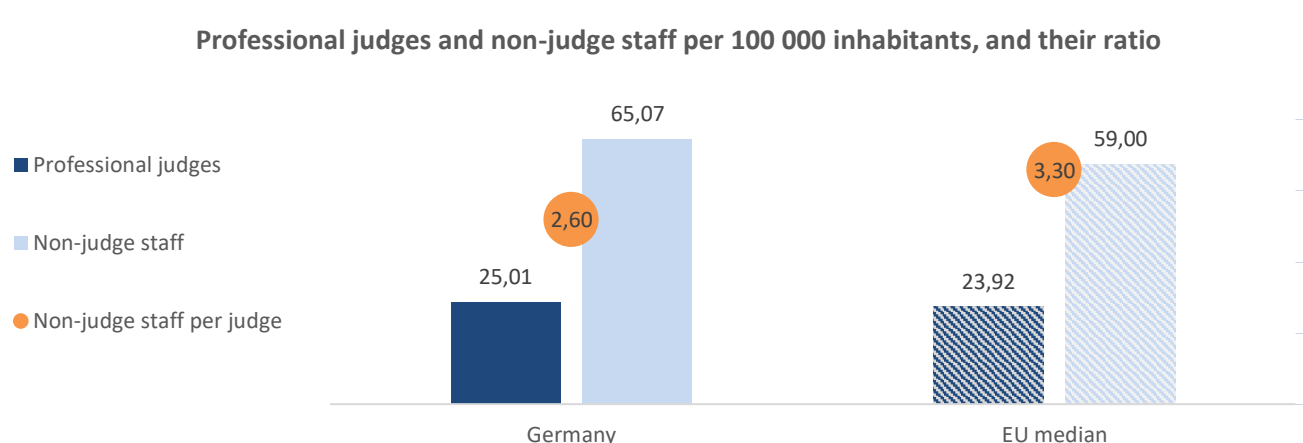
Data is taken from the "staff-assignment statistics" of the Länder and represents an annual average value of the actual personnel deployed (for example, excluding employees who were not present more than 20 working days during a quarter for reasons other than holiday and/or training). The staff-assignment statistics do not distinguish between male and female staff.

These figures denote the number of staff (full-time equivalent) who are:

- granted unpaid leave for training/further-training purposes,
- released to work in staff representation bodies, as representatives for staff with disabilities, and as gender equality commissioners,
- employed in a special facility,
- employed as reception/security staff,
- employed by the court switchboard,
- motorpool staff,
- cleaners and other non-salaried personnel

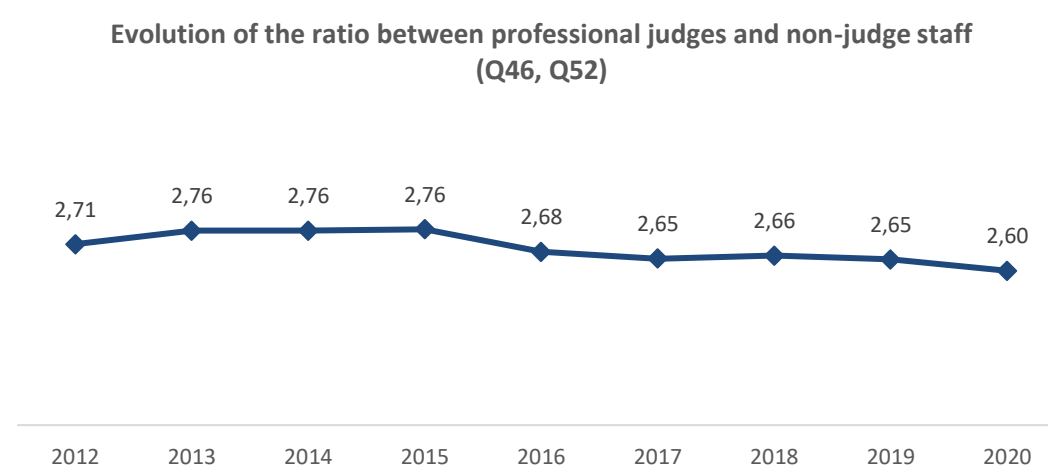
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Germany	EU median
Professional judges	25,01	23,92
Non-judge staff	65,07	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	2,60	3,30



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

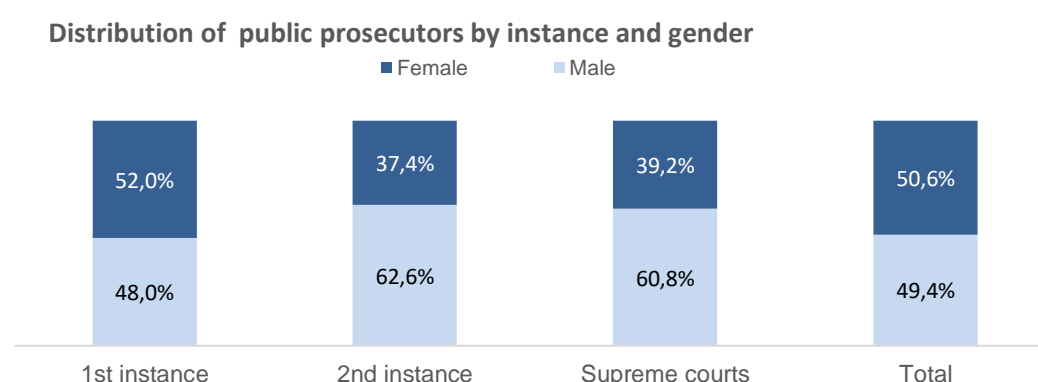
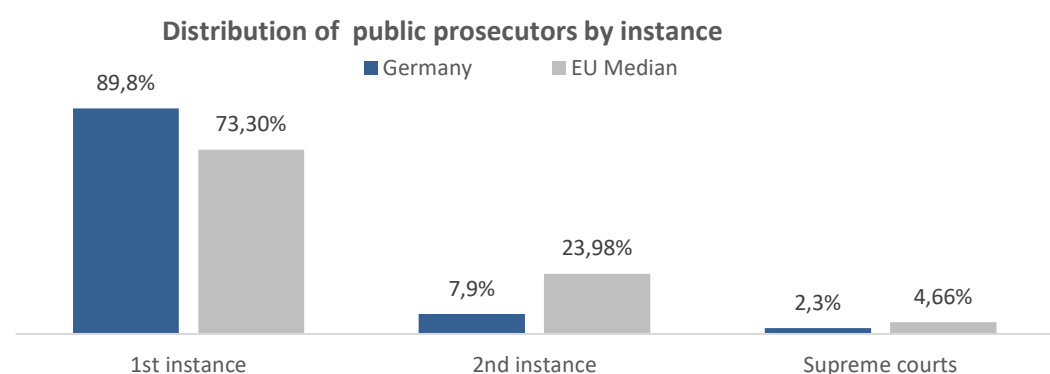
	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	24,72	66,87	2,71
2013	23,92	65,98	2,76
2014	23,92	65,98	2,76
2015	23,58	65,17	2,76
2016	24,18	64,72	2,68
2017	24,28	64,34	2,65
2018	24,48	65,13	2,66
2019	24,73	65,45	2,65
2020	25,01	65,07	2,60



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	5 562	89,8%	2 667	2 895	48,0%	52,0%
2nd instance	492	7,9%	308	184	62,6%	37,4%
Supreme courts	143	2,3%	87	56	60,8%	39,2%
Total	6 197		3 062	3 135	49,4%	50,6%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 3 135, which represents 50,6% of the total number of prosecutors.

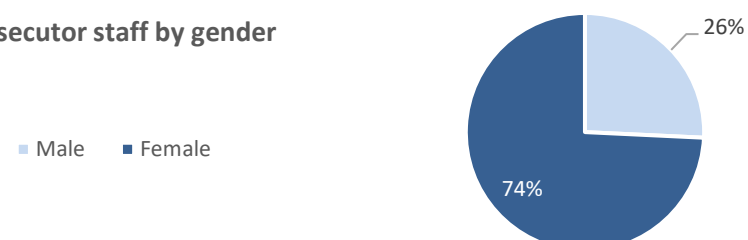
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 5 562 in first instance (of which 2 895 are female); 492 are in second instance (of which 184 are female) and 143 in final instance (of which 56 are female).

Figures represent full-time equivalents as of 31 December 2020

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	12 204	3 143	9 061

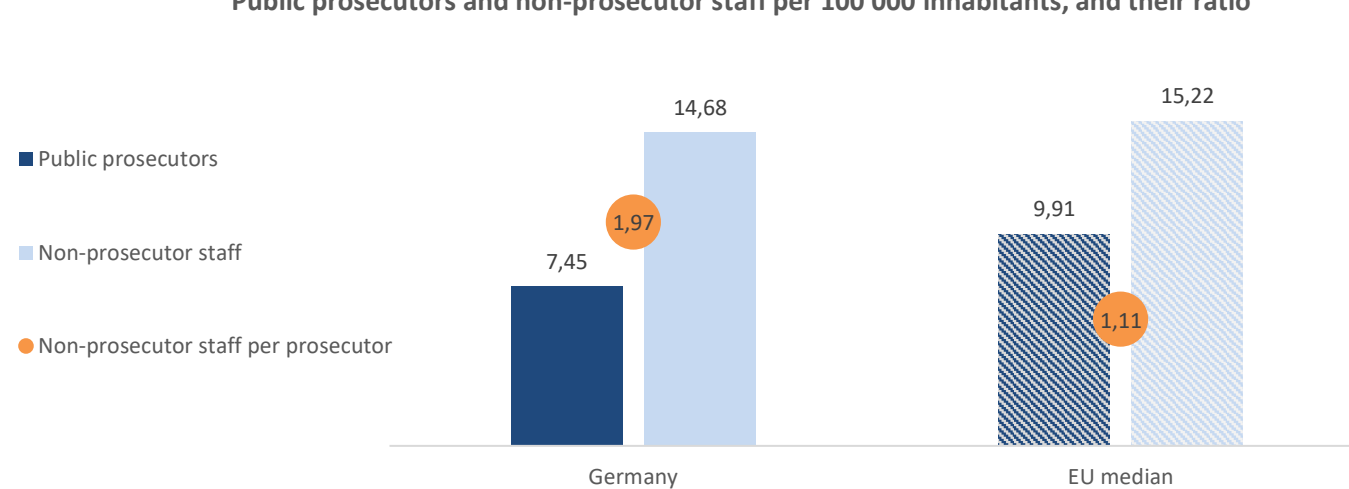
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

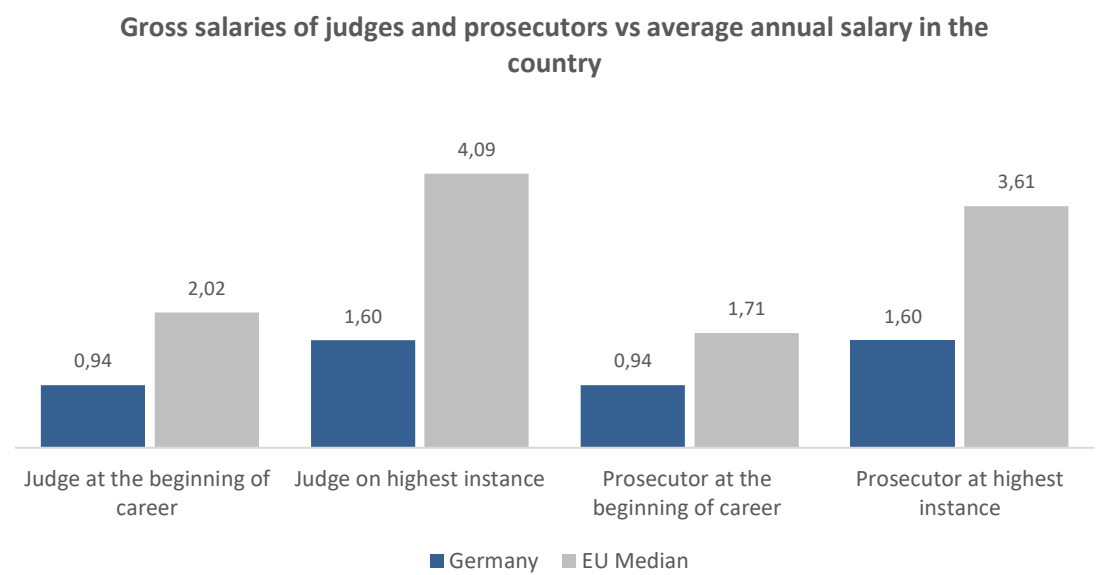
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Germany	EU median
Public prosecutors	7,45	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	14,68	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,97	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	52 928 €	40 117 €	0,94
Judge of the highest court	90 670 €	61 253 €	1,60
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	52 928 €	40 117 €	0,94
Public prosecutor at highest instance	90 670 €	61 253 €	1,60

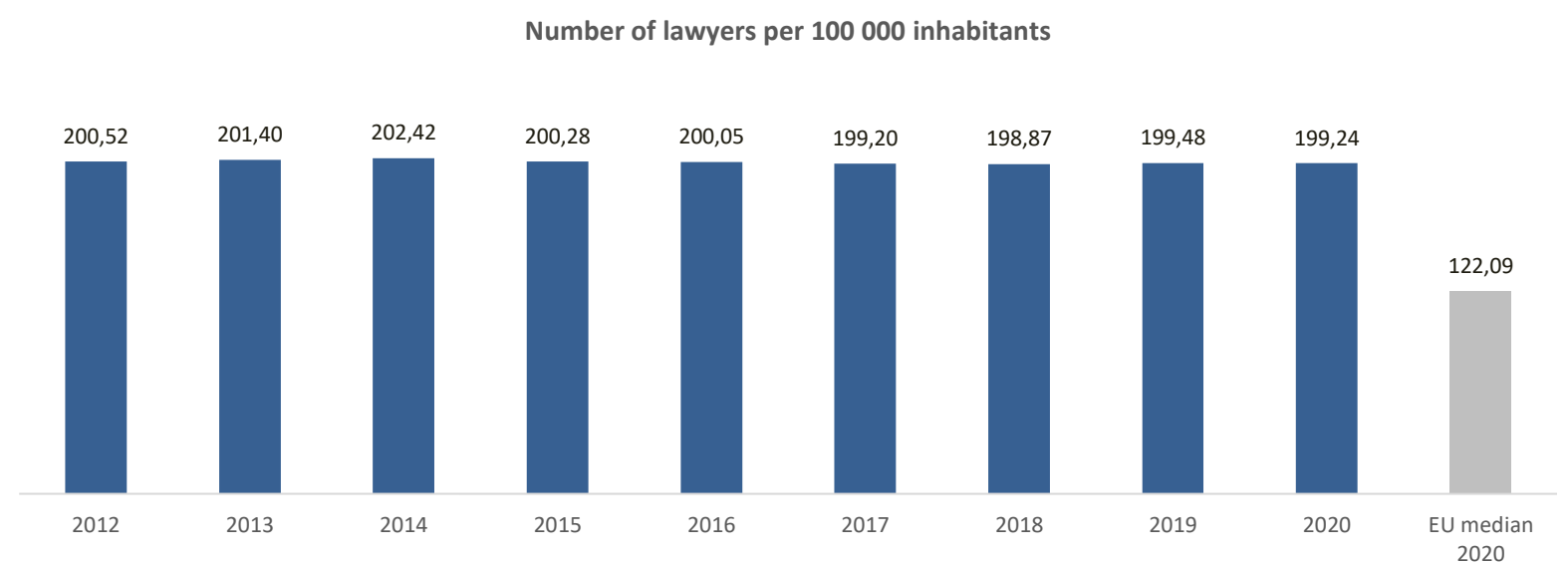


According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Germany of 52 928 € is somewhat above when compared to the EU median of 51 946 €. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of a career is 0,94 compared with EU median of 2,02.

No information on annual net salary is available on the basis of the personal circumstances of judges and public prosecutors. The federal average was calculated unweighted: the annual salaries of the Federal Länder were added and divided by the number of Länder, regardless of how many judges and prosecutors work in the respective Federal Land (the corresponding data are not known).

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	160 880	200,52
2013	162 695	201,40
2014	163 513	202,42
2015	163 772	200,28
2016	164 393	200,05
2017	164 656	199,20
2018	165 104	198,87
2019	165 901	199,48
2020	165 680	199,24



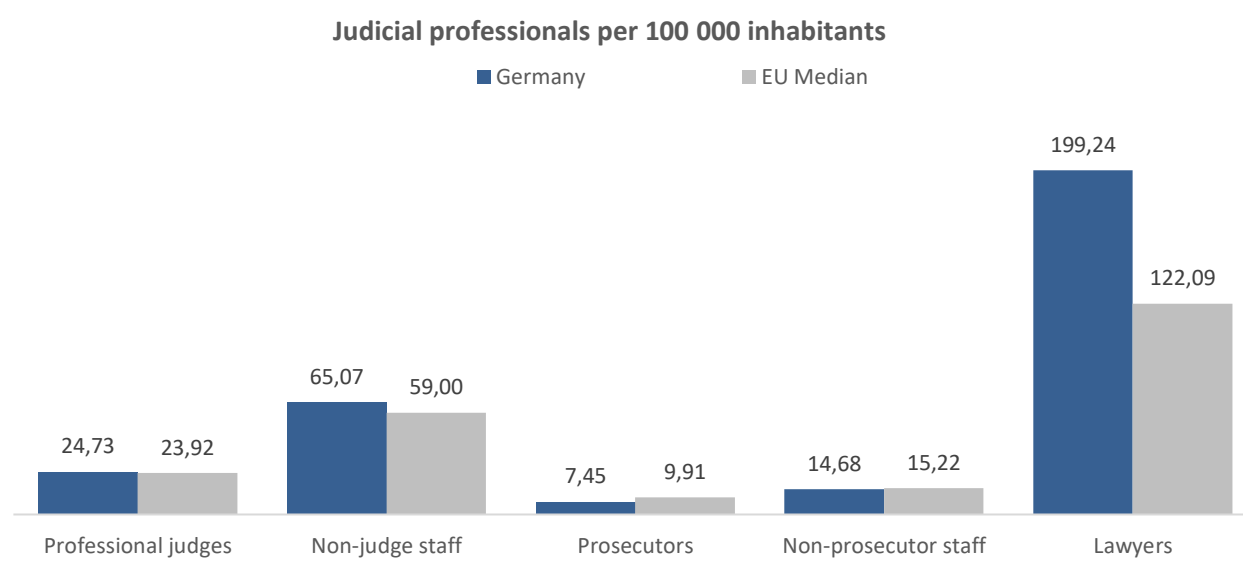
In 2020, there are 165 680 lawyers, which is -0,1% less than in 2019.

Germany has 199,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

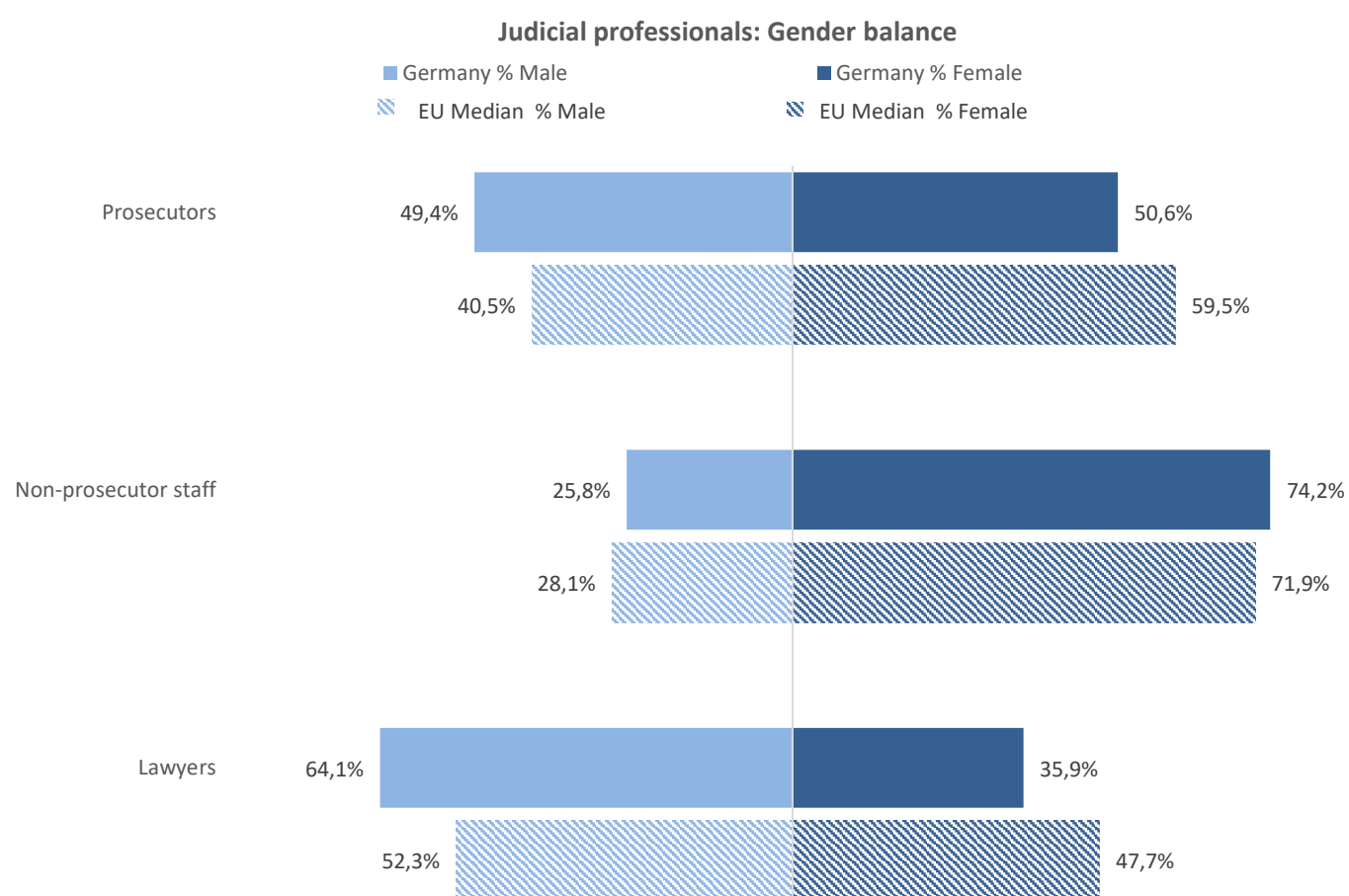
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	20 570	24,73	23,92
Non-judge staff	54 107	65,07	59,00
Prosecutors	6 197	7,45	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	12 204	14,68	15,22
Lawyers	165 680	199,24	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	NA	NA
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	49,4%	50,6%
Non-prosecutor staff	25,8%	74,2%
Lawyers	64,1%	35,9%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Germany

In Germany, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

An application for legal aid is decided upon by the court that also decides the lawsuit. Where legal aid is approved, this will have the effect that the Federal or Land cash office can assert the court costs against the recipient of legal aid only in accordance with the provisions made by the court (Section 122 of the Code of Civil Procedure - ZPO). The court can decide that the recipient of legal aid can be fully or partially exempt of the obligation to pay court fees or a delay of payment can be granted.

In Germany, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

With regard to criminal cases: there is a kind of legal aid for legal representation in criminal cases in the form of the so called "necessary defense" implying mandatory legal representation which is initially financed by the state.

As to witnesses and victims of crimes it has to be differentiated between situations, when a lawyer is attributed by the criminal court free of charge without the necessity of having to check that the victim is in financial need (comparable to "necessary defense") and legal aid, which might be granted in certain situations to persons who cannot afford a lawyer themselves.

The approval of legal aid includes the costs for the taking of evidence (e.g. witnesses, experts), as well as travel expenses of the recipient to attend a court hearing if personal attendance at the hearing is necessary. Expenditure for the preparation of the proceedings (e.g. expert witnesses, interpreters) may be refundable as necessary expenditure of the appointed solicitor.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	433 536	NA

In criminal cases, legal aid is granted. However, this is not separately statistically recorded. Therefore the value is NA

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

The duration of the proceedings depends, among other things, on when the evidence for the means test is submitted in full, whether a statement by the opposing party has to be considered and whether the court has to issue legal notices if necessary.

Regarding the statement of the opposing party:

According to the Code of Civil Procedure (Section 118 Approval Procedure), the opponent is to be given the opportunity to state his position as to whether or not he believes the prerequisites for the approval of legal aid have been met, unless this is deemed inappropriate for special reasons (e.g. in the case of a claim for an injunction). The Act on Proceedings in Family Matters and in Matters of Non-contentious Jurisdiction includes a similar provision (Section 77).

4. Performance of courts in Germany

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

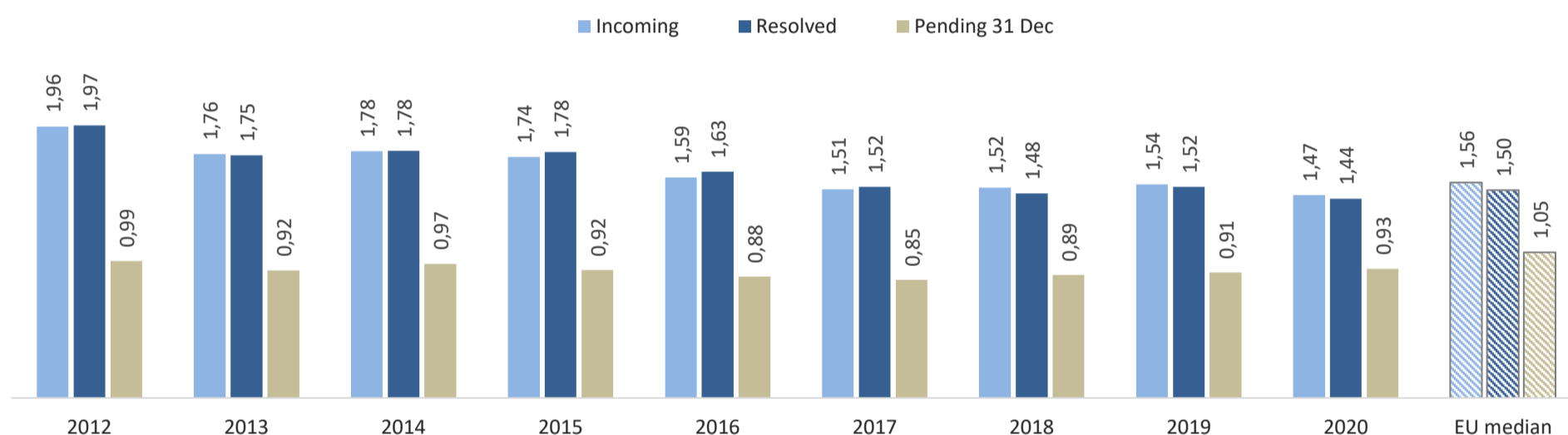
Caseflow data collection in Germany is peculiar, and many data are not collected following the CEPEJ categorisation, this is why the total number of "other than criminal cases" is not available.

Once per year, the Federal Statistical Office compiles and publishes the statistics of the civil, criminal, administrative, finance, social, family and labour courts. Nationwide uniform ordinances define the scope and rules of data collection for these statistics. The courts collect the data and submit it to the statistical offices of the Länder, who check and edit the data and send it to the Federal Statistical Office. In simplified terms, the ordinances provide two different kinds of data collection sheets: The "procedural surveys" that collect data on the specifics of the proceedings happening at a court and the "monthly surveys" that track the caseload of a court. With regard to the caseload count, the monthly surveys distinguish between "caseload of proceedings covered by the procedural surveys" and "other caseload". For the cases from the first category (proceedings covered by the procedural surveys), the monthly surveys collect the number of cases pending at the beginning and at the end of a month as well as the number of received and resolved cases. For the "other caseload", the monthly surveys only count the number of received cases.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Germany (1,47 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

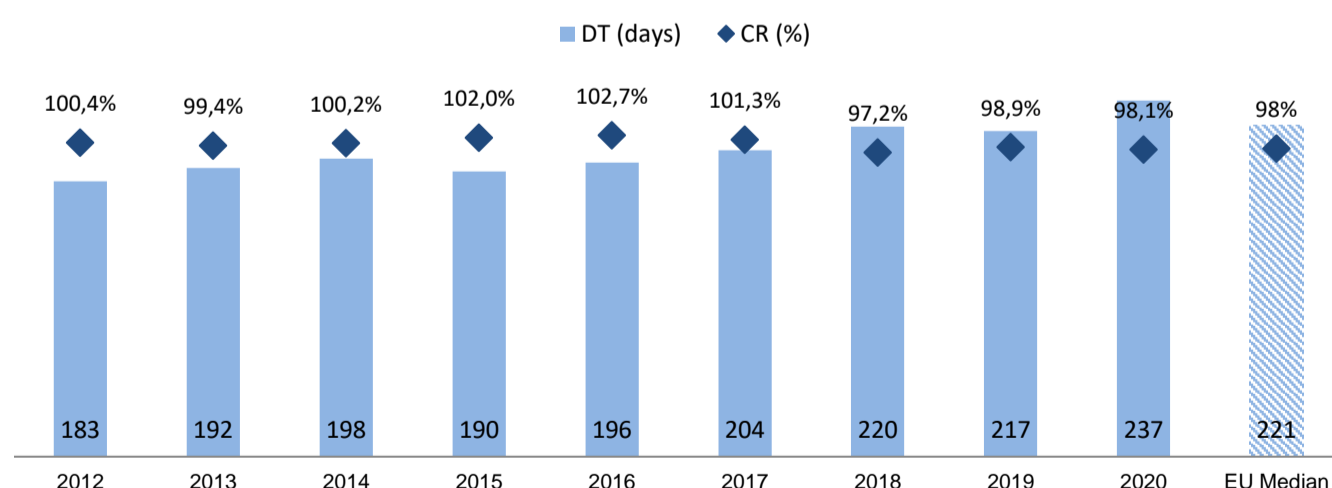
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Germany (1,44 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Germany (0,93 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	100,4%	183
2013	99,4%	192
2014	100,2%	198
2015	102,0%	190
2016	102,7%	196
2017	101,3%	204
2018	97,2%	220
2019	98,9%	217
2020	98,1%	237

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,1% in 2020, Germany seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,7 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 237 days, which is slightly above EU median of 221 days.

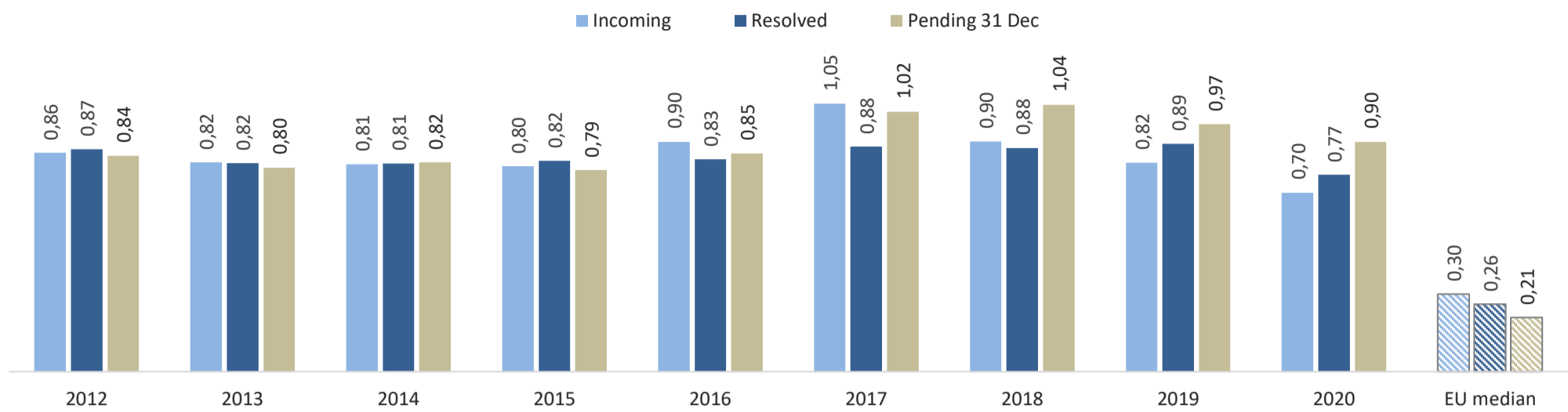
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 9,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Germany (0,70 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

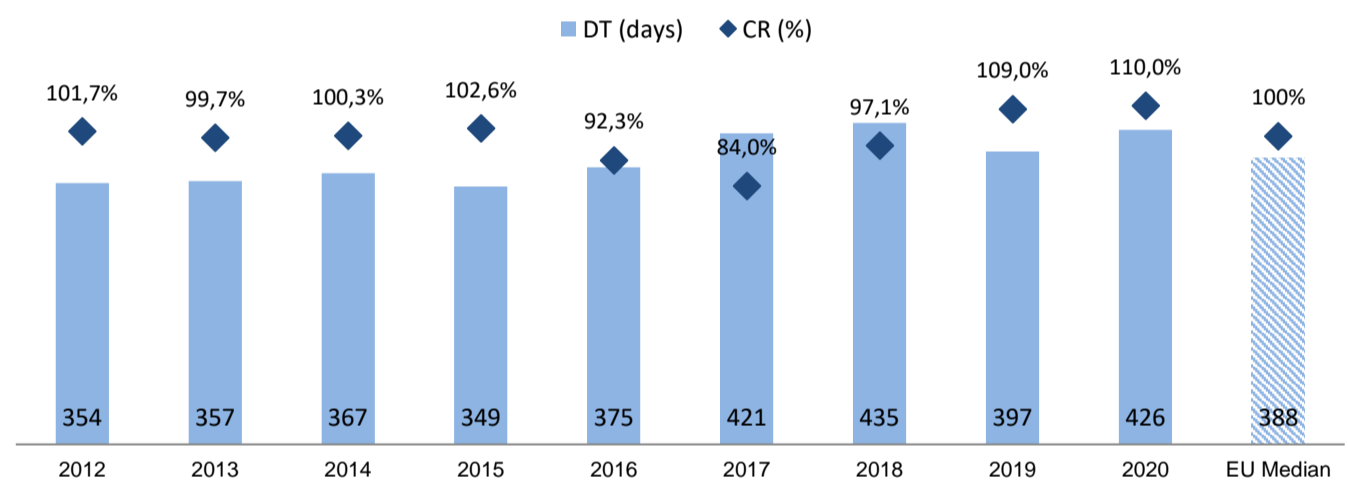
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Germany (0,77 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Germany (0,90 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	101,7%	354
2013	99,7%	357
2014	100,3%	367
2015	102,6%	349
2016	92,3%	375
2017	84,0%	421
2018	97,1%	435
2019	109,0%	397
2020	110,0%	426



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 110,0% in 2020, Germany seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,1 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 426 days, which is slightly above EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 7,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

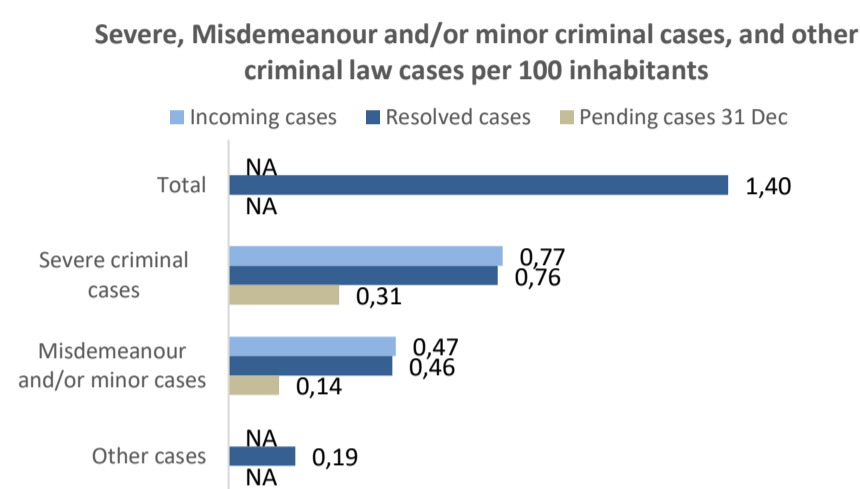
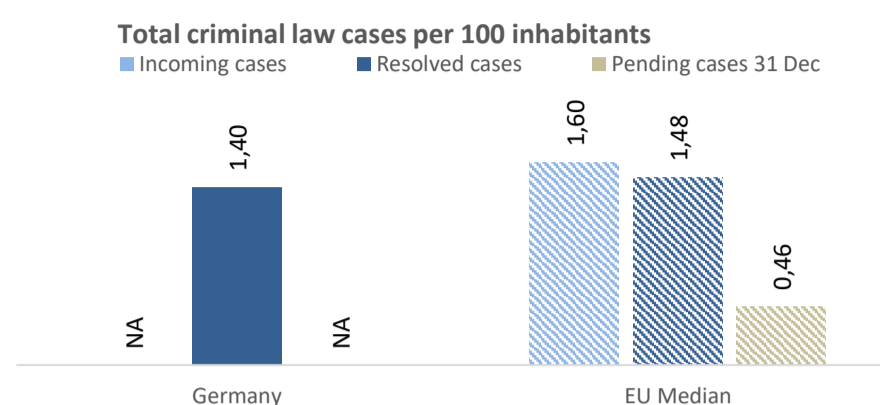
The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	NA	1 166 493	NA
Severe criminal cases	247 214	640 143	628 662	258 492
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	109 040	390 866	381 932	117 953
Other cases	NA	NA	155 899	NA

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	NA	1,40	NA
Severe criminal cases	0,30	0,77	0,76	0,31
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,13	0,47	0,46	0,14
Other cases	NA	NA	0,19	NA



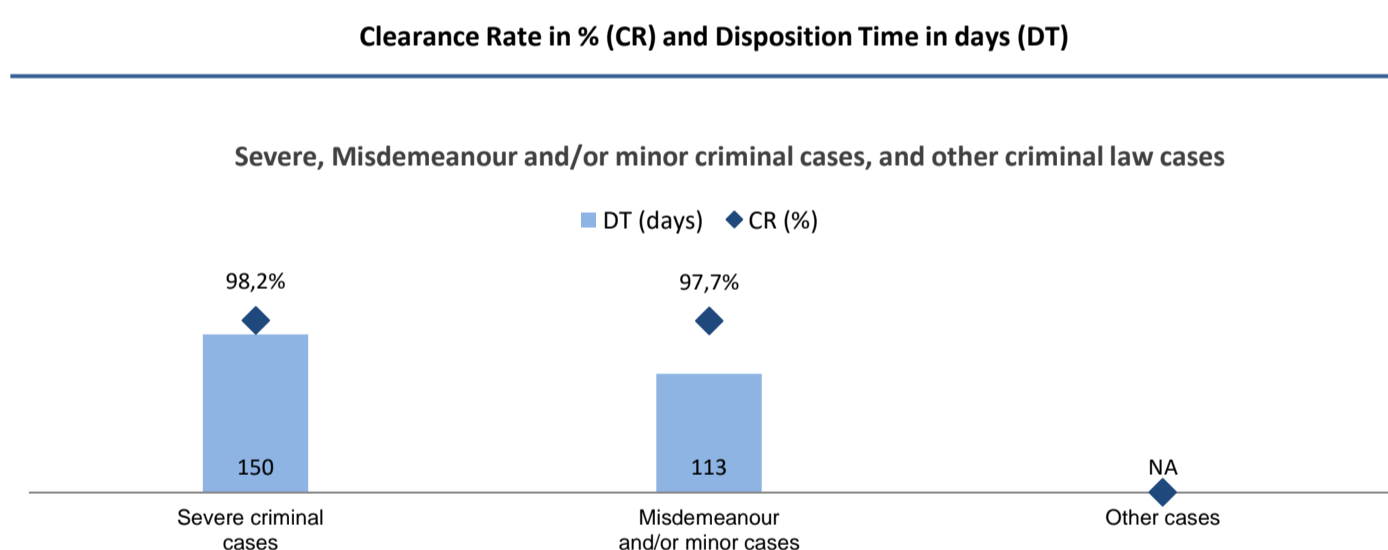
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Germany is not available.

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Germany (1,40 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Germany is not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	NA	NA
Severe criminal cases	98,2%	150
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	97,7%	113
Other cases	NA	NA



The Clearance Rate of total criminal cases cannot be calculated

The Disposition Time for criminal law cases cannot be calculated.

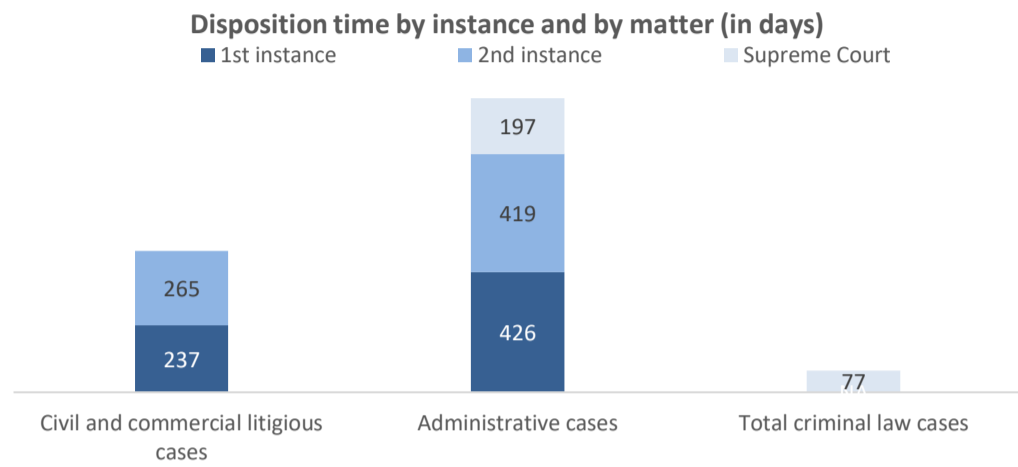
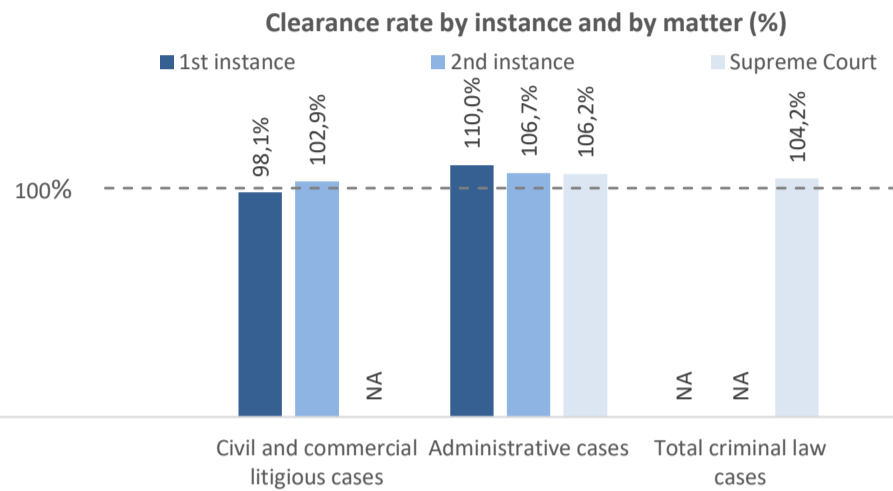
The category "severe criminal cases" includes criminal proceedings in accordance with the Criminal Code and ancillary criminal laws. The category "misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases" subsumes regulatory fine proceedings before criminal courts.

"Other cases" include:

- proceedings concerning suspension of execution of the remainder of a sentence of life imprisonment or concerning suspension of execution of placement in a psychiatric hospital or in preventive detention - determinate custodial sentences - proceedings under sections 109, 110, 138 of the Prison Act (Strafvollzugsgesetz, StVollzG) - proceedings under Part IV of the Act on International Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters (Gesetz über die internationale Rechtshilfe in Strafsachen, IRG) and section 71 (4) of Part II - supervision of conduct
 - complaints about costs/fees - complaints against search/seizure orders - complaints in economic cases and tax cases
 - complaints in matters concerning detention - cases in matters falling within the Regulatory Offences Act (Ordnungswidrigkeitengesetz, OWiG) registered in the complaints register - other complaints - subsequent or reserved preventive detention
 - proceedings regarding the order of subsequent or reserved preventive detention - proceedings regarding the suspension of execution of a sentence where the court has reserved the order of preventive detention, in the cases covered by section 462a (2), third sentence, of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Strafprozessordnung, StPO)
 - proceedings before the judicial service court
 - proceedings regarding health professionals, tax consultants, agents in tax matters, patent lawyers or architects
 - other disciplinary proceedings - proceedings regarding legal remedies in matters of enforcement of youth custody, youth detention and remand detention
- Only the number of incoming cases is available for "other criminal cases", because with regard to data collection through the "monthly surveys" these cases fall into the category "other caseload"

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	98,1%	102,9%	NA	237	265	NA
Administrative cases	110,0%	106,7%	106,2%	426	419	197
Total criminal law cases	NA	NA	104,2%	NA	NA	77



In Germany, disposition times for civil and commercial litigious cases and administrative cases are longer than the EU median, while criminal cases in first instance are faster (77 days vs 139). In 2020, Slovak judges resolved more cases than received (Clearance rate is above 100%) except for civil and commercial litigious cases in first instance.

It is noteworthy that the structure of the courts does not entirely correspond to the stages of appeal. For example, Regional Courts can be 1st as well as 2nd instance courts, Higher Regional Courts can be 2nd and 3 instance courts. In the monthly surveys of a court, a statistical record with regard to the stage of appeal exists for the proceedings covered by the procedural surveys, while the case count for "other caseload" generally only exists for the whole court.

Other cases:

Only the number of incoming cases is available for "other cases", because with regard to data collection through the "monthly surveys" these cases fall into the category "other caseload"

The category "other cases" in first instance criminal law cases includes the cases that appear in the monthly surveys of the Regional Courts as "other caseload", which means that these cases are actually first and second instance cases. Due to the above mentioned structure of data collection, a distinction between 1st and 2nd instance cases is unfortunately not possible for these cases.

As regards second instance criminal law cases, the provided numbers includes the cases that appear in the monthly surveys of the Higher Regional Courts as "other caseload" and that can definitely be identified as second instance cases due to their subject (complaints and objections in regulatory fining proceedings).

It is not possible to differentiate between "severe criminal cases" and "minor criminal cases" (NA). The total number of cases means the number of appeals on points of law, including referrals and regulatory offences pursuant to the Act on Regulatory Offences (OWiG) as well as regulatory offences pursuant to the Act Against Restraints of Competition (GWB) and the Energy Act (EnBW) before the criminal panels (including antitrust panel).

5. Public prosecution services in Germany

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Germany has the following 11 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

Unless otherwise provided by law, as soon as the public prosecution office receives knowledge of a criminal offence, it must investigate the facts for its decision on whether public charges are to be preferred. It is entitled to demand information from all authorities and to carry out investigations, either itself or to have them performed by the authorities of the police service unless other statutory provisions particularly regulate their powers. If the public prosecution office considers it to be necessary for the court to carry out investigation measures, it makes an application prior to lodging of the public charge to the respective Local Court. If, additionally, it considers it to be necessary to issue an arrest or custody order, it can, lodge such a motion with the court.

The public prosecution office is called on to prefer public charges. The written charge which it has to present to the court contains the application to open the main proceedings. The public prosecution office can discontinue the proceedings without a court ruling. The same applies to minor secondary criminal offences, and to individual severable parts of an offence or some of several violations of the law committed as a result of the same offence if these are not particularly significant in addition to a penalty or measure of reform and prevention that is anticipated or has already been imposed with binding effect. Moreover, the public prosecution office may dispense with preferment of public charges if the accused is extradited to a foreign government because of the offence or is transferred out of the area of application of the Code of Criminal Procedure. The same applies if he/she is to be extradited to a foreign government or transferred to an international criminal court of justice because of another offence and the penalty or the measure of reform and prevention which might be the result of the domestic prosecution is negligible in comparison to these imposed or expected to be imposed with binding effect abroad.

If coercion or extortion was committed by threats to reveal a criminal offence, the public prosecution office may dispense with prosecuting the offence, the disclosure of which was threatened, unless expiation is imperative because of the seriousness of the offence. If the victim of coercion or extortion files charges in respect thereof and if as a result a misdemeanour committed by the victim comes to light, the public prosecution office may dispense with prosecution of the misdemeanour unless expiation is imperative because of the seriousness of the offence.

If the preferring of public charges for a misdemeanour depends on the evaluation of a question which must be determined according to civil law or administrative law, the public prosecution office may set a time limit to decide the question in civil or administrative proceedings. The person who reported the criminal offence shall be notified thereof. After this time limit has expired without any result, the public prosecution office may terminate the proceedings.

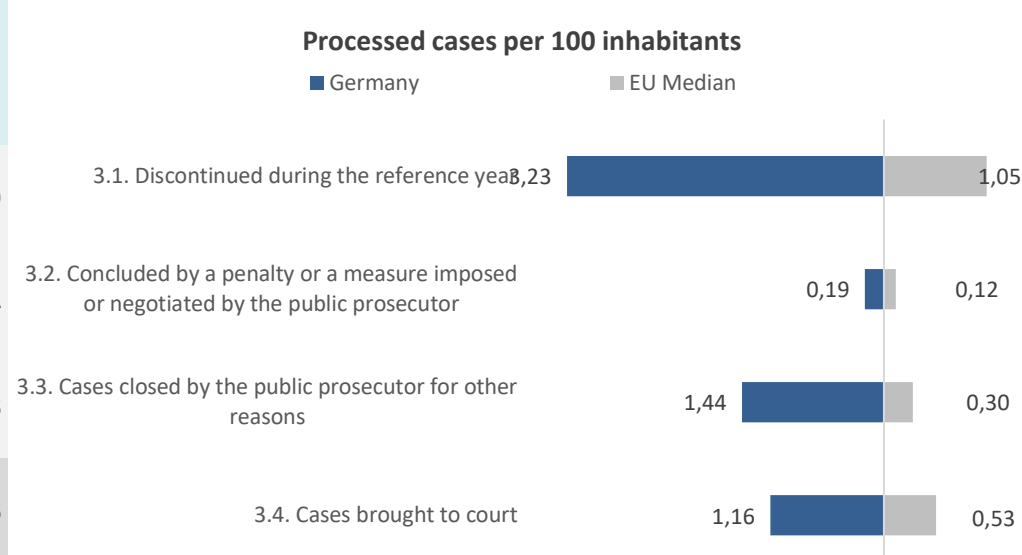
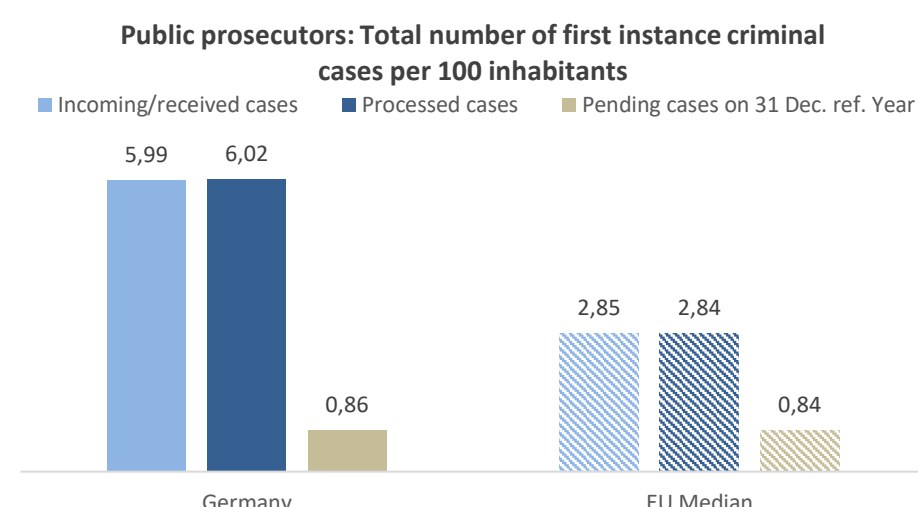
Public charges are not to be preferred for an erroneous suspicion or insult as long as criminal or disciplinary proceedings are pending for the reported or alleged offence. If the absence of the accused or some other personal impediment prevents the opening or conduct of the main proceedings for a considerable time, and if public charges have not yet been preferred, the public prosecution office may provisionally terminate the proceedings after it has clarified the facts so far as possible and secured the evidence so far as necessary.

In accordance with the Youth Courts Act, the Code of Criminal Procedure is also applicable in criminal proceedings against juveniles. The other possibilities of ending the proceedings stated above are, by contrast, generally applicable in proceedings against juveniles and young adults.

In general the public prosecutor does not have a role in insolvency cases. However, if the debtor is accused of having committed a criminal offense and the proceeds of the offense are seizable but insufficient to satisfy the claims of the victims, the public prosecution office may have a right to file for insolvency (Section 111i para (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure). Whether the insolvency proceedings are to be opened or not, lies in the competence of the court. Section 111i of the Code of Criminal Procedure has also been taken into account in the enforcement of the ordered confiscation especially concerning the compensation procedure (sections 459h, 459m, 459n of the Code of Criminal Procedure).

Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	731 988	0,88
2. Incoming/received cases	4 984 552	5,99
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	5 004 542	6,02
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	2 682 373	3,23
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	1 457 907	1,75
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	1 213 206	1,46
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	11 260	0,01
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	161 653	0,19
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	1 199 972	1,44
3.4. Cases brought to court	960 544	1,16
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	711 530	0,86



General information on the public prosecution statistic used as a source for answering this question:

Once per year, the Federal Statistical Office compiles and publishes the public prosecution statistic. Statistical ordinances define the scope and rules of data collection for these statistics. The public prosecution offices collect the data and submit it to the statistical offices of the Länder, who check and edit the data and send it to the Federal Statistical Office. In simplified terms, the statistical ordinance provides two different kinds of data collection sheets: The "procedural survey" that collects data on the specifics of the investigation proceedings carried out by the public prosecution and the "monthly survey" that collects data on the caseload and other workload of the public prosecution offices. The figures entered here do not include investigations against persons unknown. The public prosecution statistic only shows the number of charges filed against unknown perpetrators. Information on the further treatment of those charges is not available. This is because the monthly survey distinguishes between "caseload of investigation proceedings covered by the procedural surveys" and "other workload". Charges against persons unknown fall into the category "other workload". The number of resolved and pending cases is only collected with regard to the first category (proceedings covered by the procedural surveys). If a suspect is identified in cases with an unknown perpetrator, the case receives a new file-number and then appears in the category "covered by the procedural surveys".

As regards 3.2 Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor:

The number represents the cases that were discontinued in accordance with Section 153a of the Code of Criminal Procedure ("Non-prosecution subject to imposition of conditions and directions")

These cases would also fit into the category "discontinued for reasons of opportunity" (3.1.3) but were allocated to 3.2 here.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Germany

In Germany, the number of mediators and the number of court-related mediations is not available.

Germany does not have a system of accreditation or registration for mediators. In addition, there is no statistical data available on the number of court annexed mediation cases. For these reasons, Germany cannot provide information on the number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation.

7. ICT tools of courts in Germany

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	6,9	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,3	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	3,3	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	1,3	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	2,5	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	10,0	6,9

The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

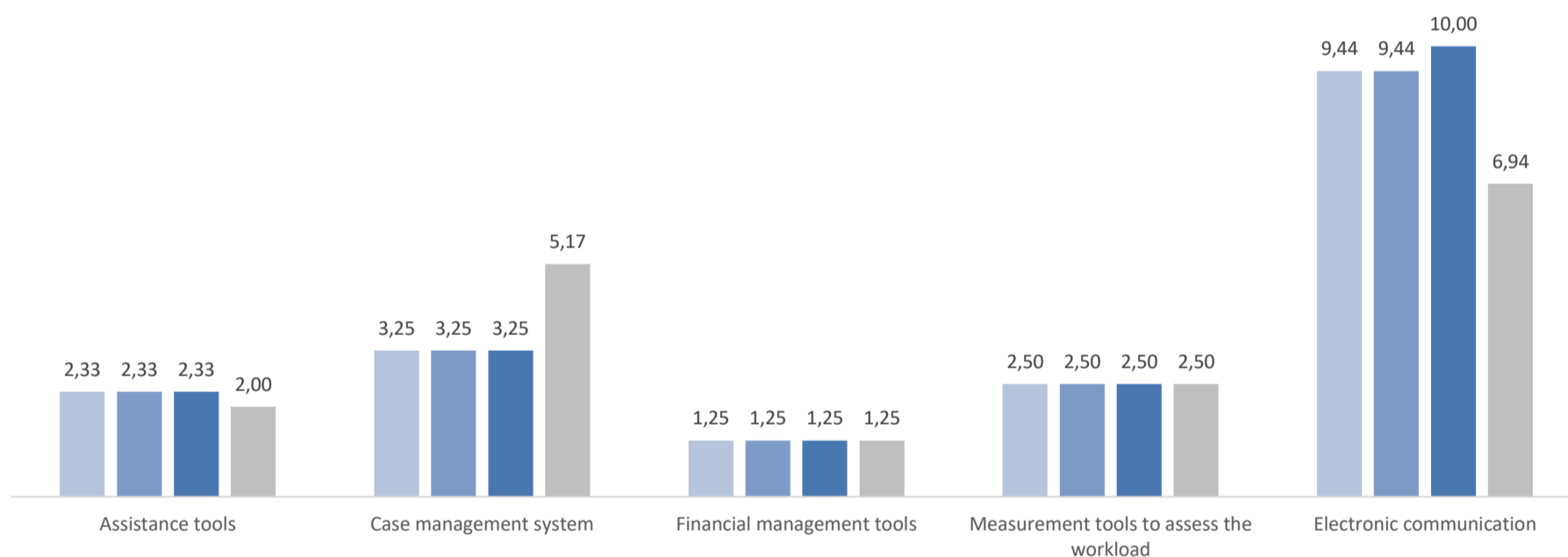
The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020

■ 2018 ■ 2019 ■ 2020 ■ EU Median 2020



8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Germany

In Germany, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

At the level of the Federal Government, statistics on proceedings encompass the number of incoming cases, the type of proceeding, the form of conclusion, and the time needed for conclusion. Moreover, information regarding other characteristics is also collected (legal aid in litigation and legal aid for proceedings, value of dispute, subject area, remedies, etc.) All of this information can be correlated to one another upon evaluation. The regular evaluations can be found in the publications of the Federal Statistical Office. Data regarding the business overviews usually do not contain – in that it involves manual statistics – additional information beyond the business workload, particularly as regards the duration of proceedings.

The monitoring activities mentioned under "other" were reported only by some of the Länder.
In Germany, there is no system to regularly evaluate the court performance based on defined indicators.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

Scarcely half of the Länder answered that quality indicators have been defined for backlogs, a few reported that quality indicators for costs, number of appeals, appeal ratio, clearance rate or disposition time have also been defined.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

A few Länder answered that they have also been monitoring productivity and costs. In Germany, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

Just over half of the Länder answered that quality indicators have been defined for backlogs, a few reported that quality indicators for satisfaction of users, costs, clearance rate or disposition time have also been defined.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions												
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020				
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																						
Q1 Number of inhabitants	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	83 155 031		3,6%	0,7%	0,0%	1,2%	0,5%	0,6%	0,4%	0,2%	0,0%			
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	32 550	33 343	33 343	37 087	37 997	39 649	40 852	41 342	40 027		23,0%	2,4%	0,0%	11,2%	2,5%	4,3%	3,0%	1,2%	-3,2%			
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	False	False
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False
078.1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True											
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True											
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True											
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True											
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True											
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False											
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False											
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False											
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False											
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False											
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False											
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False											
078-1.1.13 Other									False											
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False		-	-										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False		-	-										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False		-	-										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False		-	-										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False		-	-										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False		-	-										
073-2.1.4 Other							False		-	-										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance										False										

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
073-4.1.1 Annual																				
073-4.1.2 Less frequent																				
073-4.1.3 More frequent																				
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services										False										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance																				
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)																				
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency																				
073-6.1.4 Other																				
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.4 number of pending cases								True	True	True										
070.1.5 backlogs								True	True	True										
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff								False	False	False										
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff								False	False	False										
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	False	False										
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures								True	True	True										
070.1.10 number of appeals								True	True	True										
070.1.11 appeal ratio								True	True	True										
070.1.12 clearance rate								True	True	True										

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True									
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True									
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True									
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True									
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True									
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False									
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False									
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True									
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True									
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True									
070-1.1.13 Other									False									
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True									
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True									
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True									
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False									
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False									
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False									
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP									
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP									
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP									
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP									
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP									

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 092	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	778	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	765	765	761	754	761	753	753	753	753	-1,6%	0,0%	-0,5%	-0,9%	0,9%	-1,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	314	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	250	248	247	247	247	246	245	245	245	-2,0%	-0,8%	-0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,4%	-0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	113	111	110	110	110	110	108	108	108	-4,4%	-1,8%	-0,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-1,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	68	68	68	68	68	67	68	68	68	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-1,5%	1,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	998	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	1 108	1 107	1 101	1 095	1 102	1 093	1 076	1 076	1 092	-1,4%	-0,1%	-0,5%	-0,5%	0,6%	-0,8%	-1,6%	0,0%	1,5%

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 966 112	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	798 265	736 340	785 606	782 964	754 864	719 662	703 935	738 824	753 054	-5,7%	-7,8%	6,7%	-0,3%	-3,6%	-4,7%	-2,2%	5,0%	1,9%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 657 420	1 691 876	1 727 738	1 766 395	1 806 827	-	-	-	-	-	2,1%	2,1%	2,2%	2,3%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	689 031	643 094	664 067	662 009	644 890	701 598	845 199	867 035	806 128	17,0%	-6,7%	3,3%	-0,3%	-2,6%	8,8%	20,5%	2,6%	-7,0%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 957 181	1 851 995	1 851 995	1 748 709	1 468 300	462 519	440 716	444 077	453 757	-76,8%	-5,4%	0,0%	-5,6%	-16,0%	-68,5%	-4,7%	0,8%	2,2%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 573 220	1 424 016	1 439 072	1 423 489	1 308 135	1 244 697	1 261 954	1 282 250	1 219 203	-22,5%	-9,5%	1,1%	-1,1%	-8,1%	-4,8%	1,4%	1,6%	-4,9%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	2 365 351	NA	2 639 044	2 525 579	2 509 519	2 515 303	2 299 376	-	-	-	-	-	-4,3%	-0,6%	0,2%	-8,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	5 604 653	5 490 219	5 490 219	NA	5 551 746	5 476 346	5 428 233	5 531 883	5 550 420	-1,0%	-2,0%	0,0%	-	-	-1,4%	-0,9%	1,9%	0,3%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	118 560	NA	117 251	NA	122 206	122 799	126 423	132 566	140 297	18,3%	-	-	-	-	0,5%	3,0%	4,9%	5,8%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	686 985	661 706	655 687	657 108	739 325	866 662	748 328	680 061	582 323	-15,2%	-3,7%	-0,9%	0,2%	12,5%	17,2%	-13,7%	-9,1%	-14,4%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 518 404	1 622 446	1 622 446	1 203 321	1 348 599	970 975	945 094	953 399	933 856	-38,5%	6,9%	0,0%	-25,8%	12,1%	-28,0%	-2,7%	0,9%	-2,0%

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 888 915	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 578 891	1 415 623	1 441 714	1 451 589	1 343 337	1 260 439	1 227 172	1 267 995	1 196 562	-24,2%	-10,3%	1,8%	0,7%	-7,5%	-6,2%	-2,6%	3,3%	-5,6%	
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	88 326	NA	87 843	87 136	87 651	90 370	89 367	-	-	-	-	-	-0,8%	0,6%	3,1%	-1,1%	
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	698 569	659 613	657 745	674 226	682 617	727 832	726 730	741 004	640 706	-8,3%	-5,6%	-0,3%	2,5%	1,2%	6,6%	-0,2%	2,0%	-13,5%	
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 519 898	1 418 949	1 418 949	1 224 780	1 355 615	994 402	960 583	953 682	942 192	-38,0%	-6,6%	0,0%	-13,7%	10,7%	-26,6%	-3,4%	-0,7%	-1,2%	
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	792 594	744 510	782 964	754 864	719 662	703 920	738 819	753 049	776 359	-2,0%	-6,1%	5,2%	-3,6%	-4,7%	-2,2%	5,0%	1,9%	3,1%	
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 691 795	1 727 539	1 766 513	1 808 598	1 861 202	-	-	-	-	-	2,1%	2,3%	2,4%	2,9%	
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	677 447	645 014	662 009	644 891	701 598	840 158	866 972	806 072	748 038	10,4%	-4,8%	2,6%	-2,6%	8,8%	19,7%	3,2%	-7,0%	-7,2%	
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 955 687	1 838 550	1 838 550	1 728 710	1 463 852	440 747	443 995	453 747	450 720	-77,0%	-6,0%	0,0%	-6,0%	-15,3%	-69,9%	0,7%	2,2%	-0,7%	

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,4%	99,4%	100,2%	102,0%	102,7%	101,3%	97,2%	98,9%	98,1%	(2,21)	(0,95)	0,78	1,79	0,70	(1,39)	(3,97)	1,69	(0,75)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	75,3%	NA	71,9%	71,0%	69,3%	68,2%	63,7%	-	-	-	-	-	(1,28)	(2,29)	(1,68)	(6,56)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	101,7%	99,7%	100,3%	102,6%	92,3%	84,0%	97,1%	109,0%	110,0%	8,20	(1,97)	0,63	2,28	(10,01)	(9,04)	15,64	12,20	0,98
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,1%	87,5%	87,5%	101,8%	100,5%	102,4%	101,6%	100,0%	100,9%	0,79	(12,63)	-	16,38	(1,24)	1,88	(0,76)	(1,58)	0,86
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	183	192	198	190	196	204	220	217	237	29,2%	4,8%	3,3%	-4,2%	3,0%	4,2%	7,8%	-1,4%	9,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	7030	7236	7356	7305	7602	-	-	-	-	-	2,9%	1,7%	-0,7%	4,1%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	354	357	367	349	375	421	435	397	426	20,4%	0,8%	2,9%	-5,0%	7,5%	12,3%	3,3%	-8,8%	7,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	470	473	473	515	394	162	169	174	175	-62,8%	0,7%	0,0%	8,9%	-23,5%	-59,0%	4,3%	2,9%	0,5%

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																				
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	26 968	40 175	40 175	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	49,0%	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	101 369	152 391	152 391	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	50,3%	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	143 662	143 662	NA	159 395	149 526	139 752	135 212	92 999	92 999	-	-	0,0%	-	-	-6,2%	-6,5%	-3,2%	-31,2%	
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	190 258	167 014	167 014	NA	184 025	174 149	167 836	168 629	163 435	163 435	-14,1%	-12,2%	0,0%	-	-	-5,4%	-3,6%	0,5%	-3,1%	
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	144 293	152 919	152 919	NA	192 161	180 886	173 096	178 797	198 766	198 766	37,8%	6,0%	0,0%	-	-	-5,9%	-4,3%	3,3%	11,2%	
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	25 360	39 686	39 647	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	56,5%	-0,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	-	303 654	303 654	NA	293 924	293 027	280 659	292 436	250 154	250 154	-	-	0,0%	-	-	-0,3%	-4,2%	4,2%	-14,5%	

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	142,3%	100,3%	100,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	(29,50)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	64	95	95	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	47,7%	-0,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			65 321	NA	68 430	67 257	65 161	66 211	84 306		-	-	-	-	-	-1,7%	-3,1%	1,6%	27,3%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			55 796	NA	50 298	51 875	53 918	57 216	58 217		-	-	-	-	-	3,1%	3,9%	6,1%	1,7%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			19 288	NA	21 860	19 833	19 499	19 399	19 483		-	-	-	-	-	-9,3%	-1,7%	-0,5%	0,4%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			101 960	NA	99 151	91 640	93 235	121 042	108 810		-	-	-	-	-	-7,6%	1,7%	29,8%	-10,1%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			69 294	NA	43 468	47 805	50 376	50 788	45 059		-	-	-	-	-	10,0%	5,4%	0,8%	-11,3%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			42 202	NA	47 031	43 826	41 700	42 062	40 385		-	-	-	-	-	-6,8%	-4,9%	0,9%	-4,0%

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			102 185	NA	100 324	93 736	92 194	102 945	111 956	-	-	-	-	-	-6,6%	-1,6%	11,7%	8,8%	
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			64 492	NA	41 891	45 754	47 169	49 744	48 058	-	-	-	-	-	9,2%	3,1%	5,5%	-3,4%	
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			43 335	NA	49 058	44 085	41 629	41 506	40 418	-	-	-	-	-	-10,1%	-5,6%	-0,3%	-2,6%	
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			65 227	NA	67 257	65 161	66 211	84 305	81 223	-	-	-	-	-	-3,1%	1,6%	27,3%	-3,7%	
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			56 458	NA	51 849	53 926	57 214	58 217	55 197	-	-	-	-	-	4,0%	6,1%	1,8%	-5,2%	
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			18 155	NA	19 833	19 574	19 348	19 882	19 826	-	-	-	-	-	-1,3%	-1,2%	2,8%	-0,3%	
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																			
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																			
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			100,2%	NA	101,2%	102,3%	98,9%	85,0%	102,9%		-	-	-	-	-	1,09	(3,33)	(13,99)	20,98
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			93,1%	NA	96,4%	95,7%	93,6%	97,9%	106,7%		-	-	-	-	-	(0,69)	(2,17)	4,60	8,89
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			102,7%	NA	104,3%	100,6%	99,8%	98,7%	100,1%		-	-	-	-	-	(3,57)	(0,76)	(1,15)	1,42
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			233	NA	245	254	262	299	265		-	-	-	-	-	3,7%	3,3%	14,0%	-11,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			320	NA	452	430	443	427	419		-	-	-	-	-	-4,8%	2,9%	-3,5%	-1,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			153	NA	148	162	170	175	179		-	-	-	-	-	9,8%	4,7%	3,1%	2,4%

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	10 558	10 586	9 529	9 495	9 292	-	-	-	-	-	0,3%	-10,0%	-0,4%	-2,1%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 023	4 143	NA	5 473	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	3,0%	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			4 040	4 037	3 837	3 487	3 414	3 549	3 649	-	-	-	-0,1%	-5,0%	-9,1%	-2,1%	4,0%	2,8%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			1 868	1 908	1 449	1 618	1 195	1 113	1 231	-	-	-	2,1%	-24,1%	11,7%	-26,1%	-6,9%	10,6%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	15 591	15 396	13 678	13 606	14 472	-	-	-	-	-	-1,3%	-11,2%	-0,5%	6,4%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 348	4 158	NA	6 316	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-4,4%	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			7 131	6 508	6 755	6 365	5 806	5 522	5 729	-	-	-	-8,7%	3,8%	-5,8%	-8,8%	-4,9%	3,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			2 657	2 273	2 305	1 876	1 755	2 401	1 938	-	-	-	-14,5%	1,4%	-18,6%	-6,4%	36,8%	-19,3%

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	15 664	15 880	13 713	13 784	14 413	-	-	-	-	-	1,4%	-13,6%	0,5%	4,6%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 228	4 246	NA	6 869	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	0,4%	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			7 137	6 990	7 200	6 387	5 672	5 671	6 086	-	-	-	-2,1%	3,0%	-11,3%	-11,2%	0,0%	7,3%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			2 617	2 596	2 136	2 299	1 837	2 283	2 173	-	-	-	-0,8%	-17,7%	7,6%	-20,1%	24,3%	-4,8%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	10 485	10 102	9 494	9 317	9 351	-	-	-	-	-	-3,7%	-6,0%	-1,9%	0,4%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 143	4 055	NA	4 920	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-2,1%	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			4 033	3 552	3 392	3 465	3 548	3 400	3 292	-	-	-	-11,9%	-4,5%	2,2%	2,4%	-4,2%	-3,2%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			1 908	1 585	1 618	1 195	1 113	1 231	995	-	-	-	-16,9%	2,1%	-26,1%	-6,9%	10,6%	-19,2%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	100,5%	103,1%	100,3%	101,3%	99,6%	-	-	-	-	-	2,66	(2,80)	1,05	(1,69)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			97,2%	102,1%	NA	108,8%	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	5,01	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			100,1%	107,4%	106,6%	100,3%	97,7%	102,7%	106,2%	-	-	-	7,32	(0,76)	(5,86)	(2,64)	5,12	3,44
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			98,5%	114,2%	92,7%	122,5%	104,7%	95,1%	112,1%	-	-	-	15,96	(18,86)	32,24	(14,59)	(9,16)	17,92
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	244	232	253	247	237	-	-	-	-	-	-5,0%	8,8%	-2,4%	-4,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			358	349	NA	261	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-2,5%	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			206	185	172	198	228	219	197	-	-	-	-10,1%	-7,3%	15,2%	15,3%	-4,2%	-9,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			266	223	276	190	221	197	167	-	-	-	-16,3%	24,1%	-31,4%	16,6%	-11,0%	-15,1%

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									247 214	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									109 040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.1 Total -incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									640 143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									390 866	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.1 Total - resolved									1 166 493	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									628 662	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									381 932	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.4 Other - resolved									155 899	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									258 492	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									117 953	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									98,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									97,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									20 987	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									1 614	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									45 005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									12 760	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									58 412	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									45 169	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									13 118	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									20 807	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									1 246	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									100,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									102,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									168	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																				
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020												
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																														
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									784	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.1 Total -incoming									2 984	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.1 Total - resolved									3 110	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									658	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									104,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Total									77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 5: Access to justice																				
Legal aid																				
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																				
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										False										
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True										
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	True	True	True										
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True										
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										NAP										
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True										
020.1.1 Total										NA										
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										NA										
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										NA										
020.2.1 Total brought to court										NA										
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										433 536										
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA										
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA										
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NAP										
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA										

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level								True	True	True									
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter								100%	100%	100%									
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter								100%	100%	100%									
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter								100%	100%	100%									
62-8 Voice recording tools								True	True	True									
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter								in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts									
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter								in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts									
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter								in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts									
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter								in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases									
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter								in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases									
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter								in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases									
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter								Yes	Yes	Yes									
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter								Yes	Yes	Yes									
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter								Yes	Yes	Yes									
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities								100%	100%	100%									
63.1 Is there a case management system?								True	True	True									
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)								100%	100%	100%									
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)								100%	100%	100%									
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)								100%	100%	100%									
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)								Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all									
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)								Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all									
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)								Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all									

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	False	False	False									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	False	False	False									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	NA									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	NA									

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							True	True	True										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	True	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							100%	100%	100%											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	False	False											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							True	True	True											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							True	True	True											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							True	True	True											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							True	True	True											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	19 832	19 323	19 323	19 282	19 867	20 069	20 323	20 570	20 793	4,8%	-2,6%	0,0%	-0,2%	3,0%	1,0%	1,3%	1,2%	1,1%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	14 861	14 840	14 840	14 833	15 385	15 587	15 827	16 042	16 207	9,1%	-0,1%	0,0%	0,0%	3,7%	1,3%	1,5%	1,4%	1,0%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	4 056	4 024	4 024	3 993	4 018	4 018	4 039	4 071	4 125	1,7%	-0,8%	0,0%	-0,8%	0,6%	0,0%	0,5%	0,8%	1,3%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	457	459	459	456	464	464	457	457	461	0,8%	0,4%	0,0%	-0,7%	1,8%	0,0%	-1,5%	0,0%	0,9%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	348	348	NA	328	328	310	310	304	-	-	-0,1%	-	-	0,0%	-5,5%	0,0%	-1,9%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	111	111	NA	136	136	147	147	157	-	-	0,0%	-	-	0,0%	8,1%	0,0%	6,8%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 793	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16 207	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	461	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 511	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 467	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	564	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 305	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 909	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	345	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 663	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 749	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	53 649	53 302	53 302	53 292	53 181	53 178	54 072	54 434	54 107	0,9%	-0,6%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,2%	0,0%	1,7%	0,7%	-0,6%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	8 461	8 482	8 482	8 564	8 720	8 565	8 860	8 771	8 642	2,1%	0,3%	0,0%	1,0%	1,8%	-1,8%	3,4%	-1,0%	-1,5%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	29 144	28 621	28 621	28 336	28 069	28 084	28 469	28 464	28 071	-3,7%	-1,8%	0,0%	-1,0%	-0,9%	0,1%	1,4%	0,0%	-1,4%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	7 478	7 503	7 503	7 626	6 524	6 580	6 678	6 844	6 785	-9,3%	0,3%	0,0%	1,6%	-14,5%	0,9%	1,5%	2,5%	-0,9%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	1 281	1 119	1 119	1 087	1 866	1 937	1 996	2 089	2 220	73,3%	-12,7%	0,0%	-2,9%	71,7%	3,8%	3,0%	4,7%	6,3%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	7 285	7 578	7 577	7 679	8 002	8 012	8 069	8 266	8 389	15,2%	4,0%	0,0%	1,3%	4,2%	0,1%	0,7%	2,4%	1,5%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									6 197	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									5 562	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									492	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									3 062	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									2 667	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									308	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									3 135	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									2 895	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									184	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									12 204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									3 143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									9 061	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	56 580 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	52 928 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	90 670 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	52 928 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	90 670 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	40 117 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	61 253 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	40 117 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	61 253 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	160 880	162 695	163 513	163 772	164 393	164 656	165 104	165 901	165 680	3,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,2%	0,4%	0,2%	0,3%	0,5%	-0,1%	
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	107 105	106 899	106 214	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,2%	-0,6%	
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	57 999	59 002	59 466	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,7%	0,8%	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Germany (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions											
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020			
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																					
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																					
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
167.1.1 Total number started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at a glance in Greece

General data

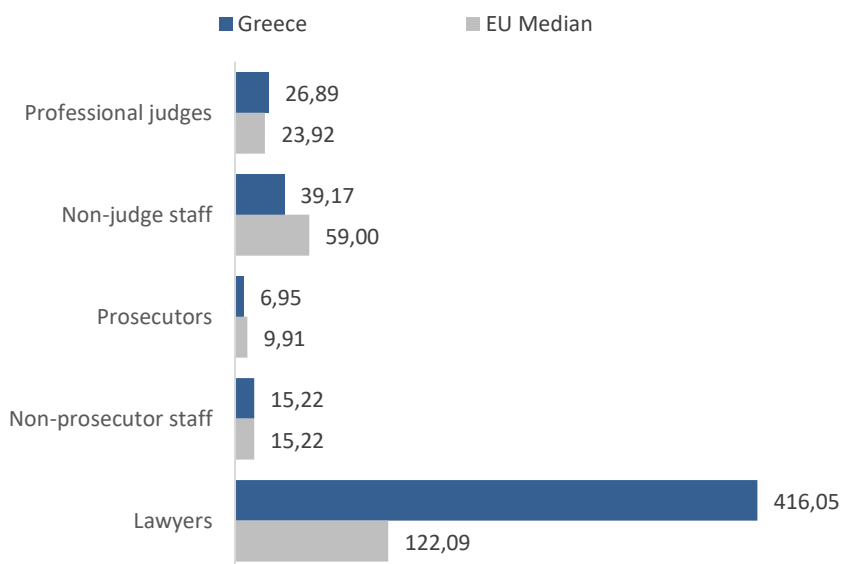
Population: 10 718 565

GDP per capita: 15 424 €

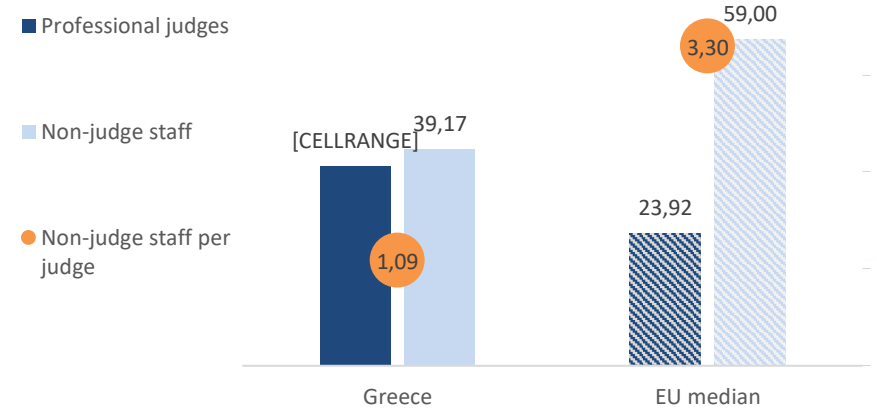
Average annual salary: NA

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

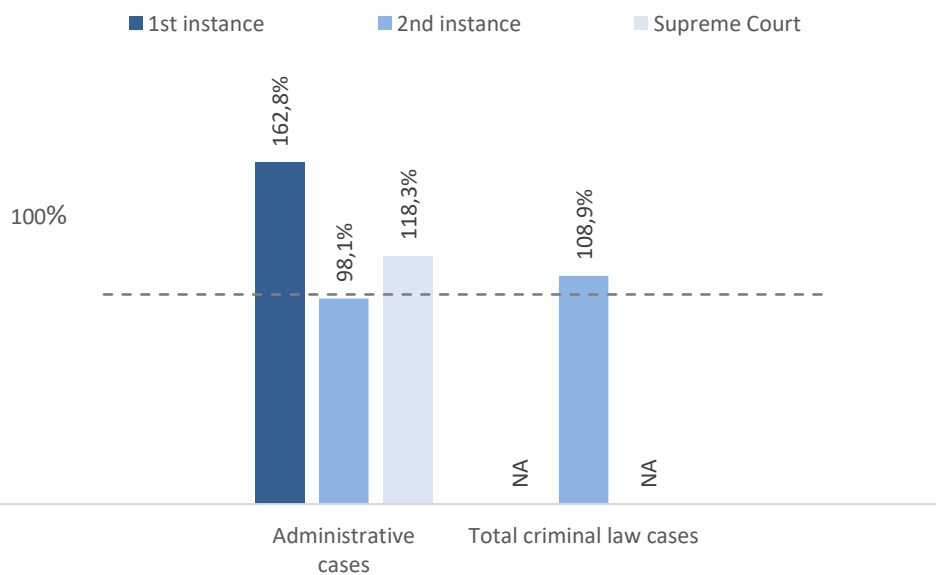


Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

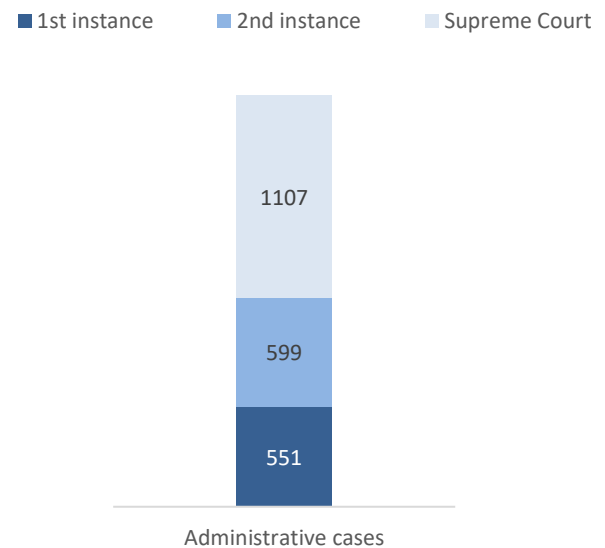


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

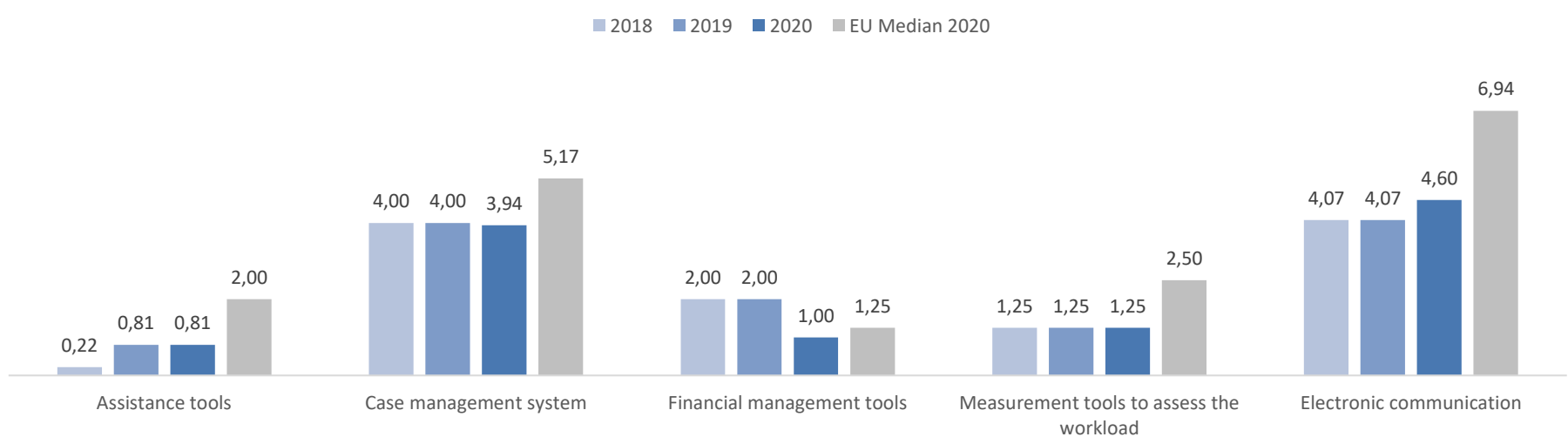


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

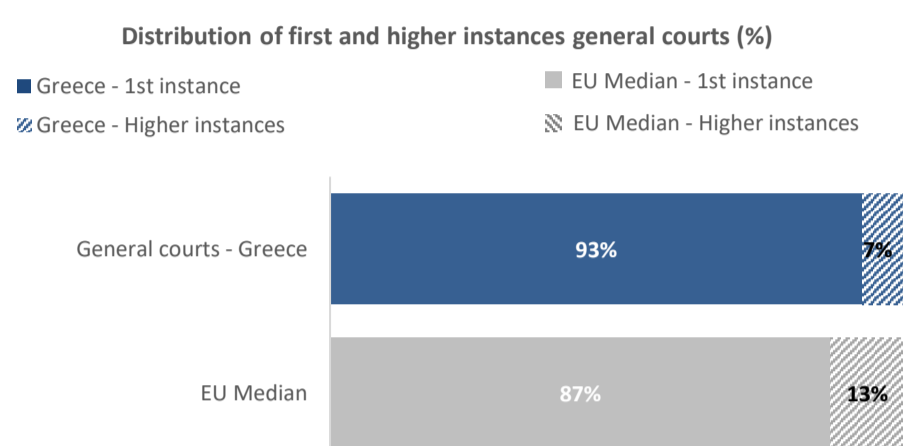
Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Greece

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	10 718 565	-3,1%	-0,6%	-0,4%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%
GDP per capita	17 161	NA	16 250	16 181	16 154	16 736	16 736	16 736	15 424	-10,1%	-0,6%	3,6%	0,0%	0,0%	-7,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	NA		16 243		16 243		NA	NA	NA	NA	0,0%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	23,3	35,0	20,6	20,3	25,8	26,6	26,8	26,9	36,0	54,8%	25,3%	3,8%	0,7%	0,5%	34,0%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	48,2	48,6	50,5	51,3	39,3	38,5	38,9	39,9	39,2	-18,7%	-22,2%	-1,0%	1,1%	2,7%	-2,0%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	380,7	381,3	387,7	388,9	390,3	389,1	399,9	396,3	416,1	9,3%	0,7%	2,4%	2,8%	-0,9%	5,0%
Mediators	NA	NA	NA	NA	15,4	16,8	15,5	23,8	NA	NA	NA	0,4%	-7,7%	53,6%	NA
ICT overall assesment							4,1	4,3	4,1					5,1%	-4,4%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	5,834	6,227	2,226	2,119	1,359	1,861	1,987	1,924	NA	NA	-38,9%	46,2%	6,8%	-3,2%	NA
Administrative law cases	0,581	0,6	NA	0,501	0,500	0,558	0,562	NA	0,421	-27,5%	NA	12,3%	0,6%	NA	NA
Total criminal law cases									NA						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	58%	80%	113%	102%	99%	96%	86%	86%	NA	NA	-14,02	-12,82	-9,78	-0,10	NA
CR administrative law cases	143%	153%	NA	183%	148%	166%	164%	NA	163%	19,60	NA	15,42	-2,49	NA	NA
CR total criminal law cases									NA						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	469	407	330	378	610	479	559	637	NA	NA	84,9%	-8,3%	16,7%	13,9%	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	1 520	1 148	NA	964	1 086	735	601	NA	551	-63,7%	NA	-44,6%	-18,2%	NA	NA
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	4,32	5,56	2,28	2,23	2,25	2,35	2,63	2,89	NA	NA	-1,1%	16,7%	12,0%	10,1%	NA
Administrative law cases	3,47	3,12	NA	2,43	2,20	1,87	1,51	NA	1,04	-70,1%	NA	-31,3%	-18,9%	NA	NA
Total criminal law cases									NA						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			102%	93%	75%	113%	97%	101%	NA		-27,32	22,24	-15,75	4,21	NA
CR administrative law cases			NA	122%	107%	138%	114%	NA	98%		NA	6,93	-23,52	NA	NA
CR total criminal law cases									109%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			509	588	1 149	640	662	638	NA		126,0%	-42,4%	3,5%	-3,6%	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	683	915	509	564	NA	599		NA	-38,4%	10,7%	NA	NA
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	119%	95%	95%	NA		NA	NA	-24,09	-0,73	NA
CR administrative law cases			NA	NA	130%	133%	107%	107%	118%		NA	-23,51	-26,87	0,35	11,35
CR total criminal law cases									NA						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	279	331	352	NA		NA	NA	18,6%	6,2%	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	NA	893	1 014	1 265	1 283	1 107		NA	41,6%	24,7%	1,5%	-13,7%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						

1. Judicial organisation in Greece

Greece has 259 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (196 Local and District Criminal Courts and 63 Courts of First Instance). There are 19 second instance courts of general jurisdiction and the Supreme Court as the highest court of general jurisdiction (Areios Pagos). The accurate number of first instance specialized courts encompassing administrative courts, military courts and other courts is not available. However, it is reported that administrative courts include 30 first instance courts, 9 second instance courts and 1 Supreme Court (the Council of State) that is considered as one of three supreme courts in Greece. The higher instance other specialized courts is the Court of Auditors that is also considered as one of three supreme courts in Greece. There are in total 320 courts as geographic locations.

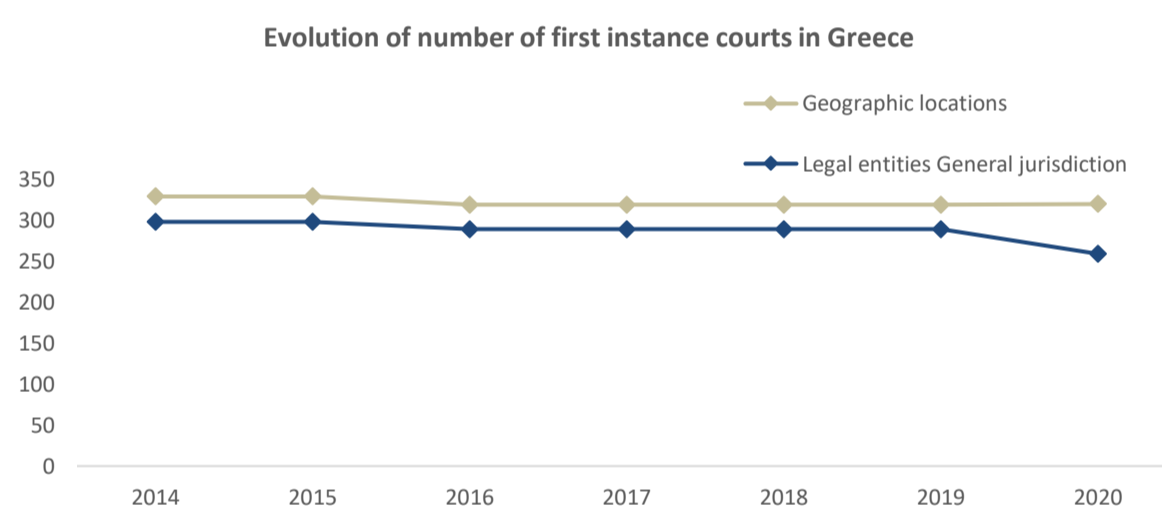
Distribution of general courts in Greece



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Greece is somewhat different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Greece

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	402	402	NAP
2013	NA	NA	NA
2014	329	298	NA
2015	329	298	NA
2016	319	289	NA
2017	319	289	NA
2018	319	289	NA
2019	319	289	NA
2020	320	259	NA



Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	NA	NA
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	30	10
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts		
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	1

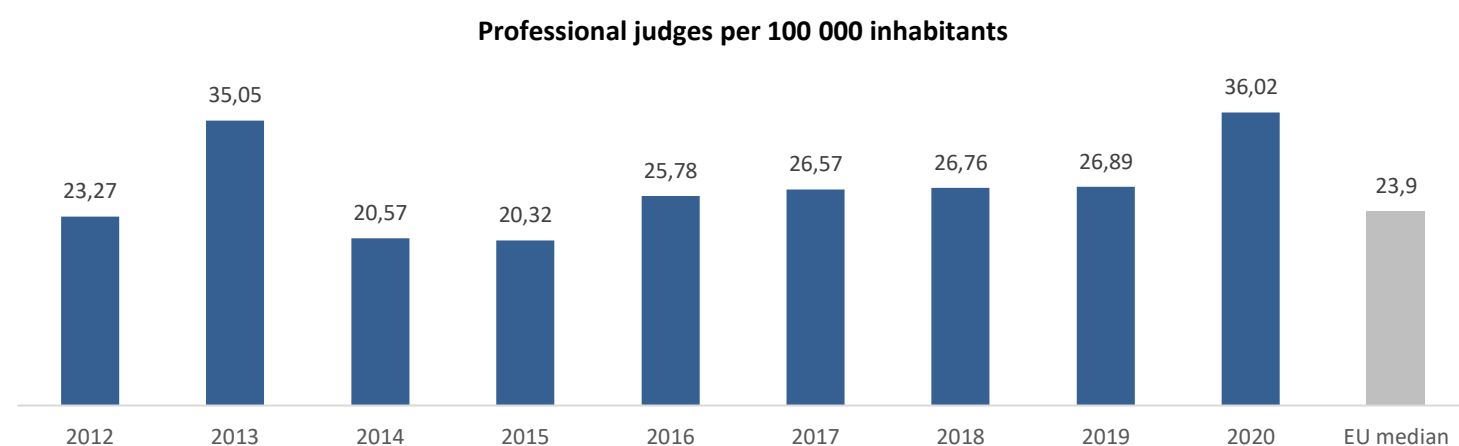
In Greece, there are no special courts for the fields of law described in the question 43, besides those already mentioned. The Greek Constitution is reluctant to provide specialised courts in the Greek legal system. Instead, within the Courts of First Instance and Courts of Appeal of large cities, there are special Chambers, tasked with adjudicating in special categories of law (e.g. family law, commercial law, etc.). Judges entrusted with such duties have usually the correspondent specific studies. As far as other special courts are concerned, special provisions regulate the operation of courts for juveniles, military, navy and air force courts. The military, navy and air force courts are under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of National Defence, and no further information could have been provided for them. Juvenile courts are part of the Courts of First Instance and do not represent separate legal entities, hence they are not reported as separate courts in accordance with the CEPEJ methodology.

2. Professionals of justice in Greece

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	2 574	23,27
2013	3 877	35,05
2014	2 231	20,57
2015	2 206	20,32
2016	2 780	25,78
2017	2 861	26,57
2018	2 874	26,76
2019	2 884	26,89
2020	3 861	36,02



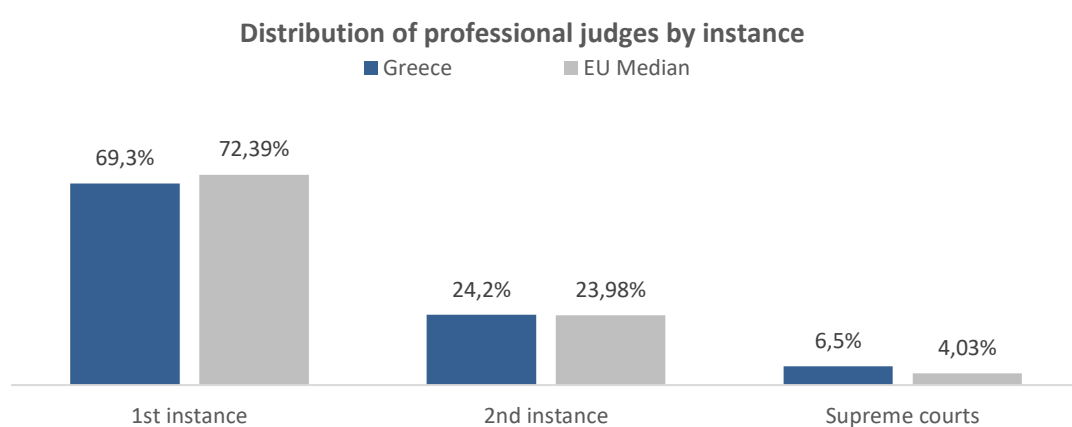
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Greece is 3 861, which is 33,9% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Greece, there are 36,02 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 1,09 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 1,49 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	2 676	69,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	934	24,2%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme courts	251	6,5%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	3 861		NA	NA	NA	NA



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is NA, and consequently the percentage in the total number of judges cannot be calculated.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 2 676 are sitting in first instance courts; 934 are sitting in second instance courts and 251 are sitting in Supreme Court.

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, Greece follows similar trends but with slightly less judges in the first instance courts and a bit more judges in the second instance and Supreme courts' levels.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the methodology of replying changed which caused differences in numbers compared to the previous years.

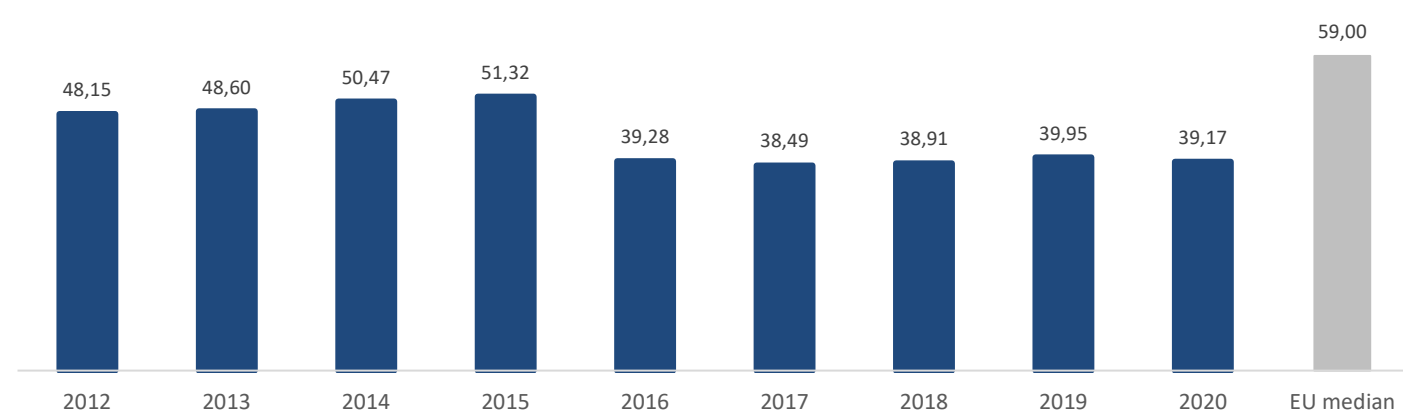
As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Greece presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned: the number of first instance professional judges includes 593 first-instance administrative judges, 1167 first instance judges and 916 judges of local courts and District Criminal Courts; the Number of second instance (court of appeal) professional judges encompasses 336 second-instance administrative judges and 598 second instance judges; the Number of Supreme Court professional judges includes 170 administrative judges of Council of State, 5 of the General Committee of the Ordinary and Administrative Courts, 76 judges of Areios Pagos(Supreme Court).

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that gender statistics are not kept, and that is the reason why number of male/female professional judges appear as NA.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	5 327	5 376	5 474	5 572	4 236	4 145	4 179	4 284	4 198
Per 100 000 inhabitants	48,15	48,60	50,47	51,32	39,28	38,49	38,91	39,95	39,17

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	4 198	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	NA	NA
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA
Technical staff	NA	NA
Other	NAP	NAP

In 2020, Greece has 4 198 non-judge staff (of which 3 065 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -2,0%.

The non-judge staff could not be divided into the listed subcategories.

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 39,9 in 2019 to 39,2 in 2020).

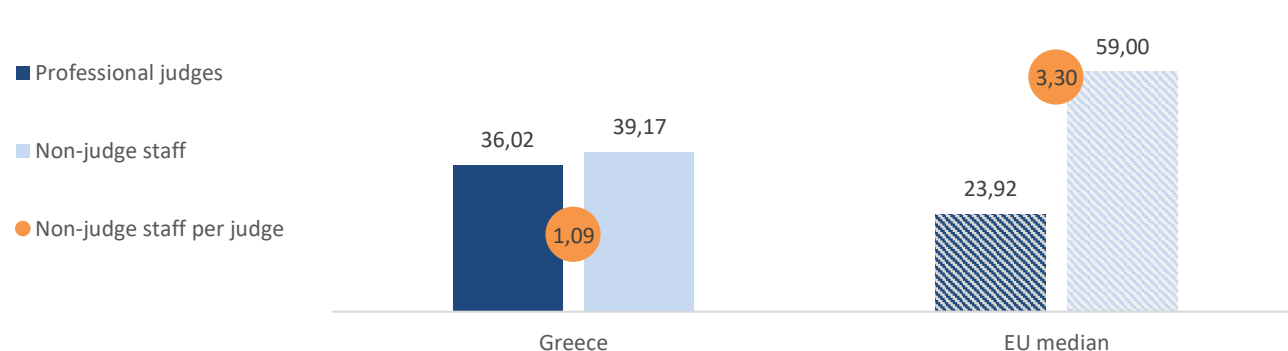
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 26,9 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 36,0 in 2020.

It should be noted that above figures of non-judge staff include civil servants, permanent and those with a private law relationship of indefinite duration.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Greece	EU median
Professional judges	36,02	23,92
Non-judge staff	39,17	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	1,09	3,30

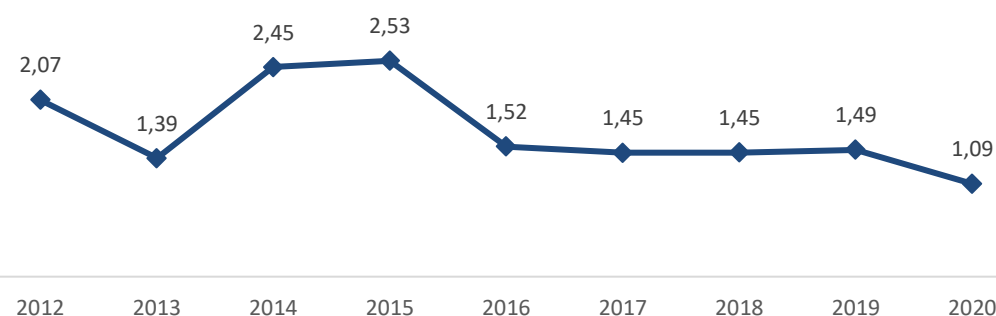
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	23,27	48,15	2,07
2013	35,05	48,60	1,39
2014	20,57	50,47	2,45
2015	20,32	51,32	2,53
2016	25,78	39,28	1,52
2017	26,57	38,49	1,45
2018	26,76	38,91	1,45
2019	26,89	39,95	1,49
2020	36,02	39,17	1,09

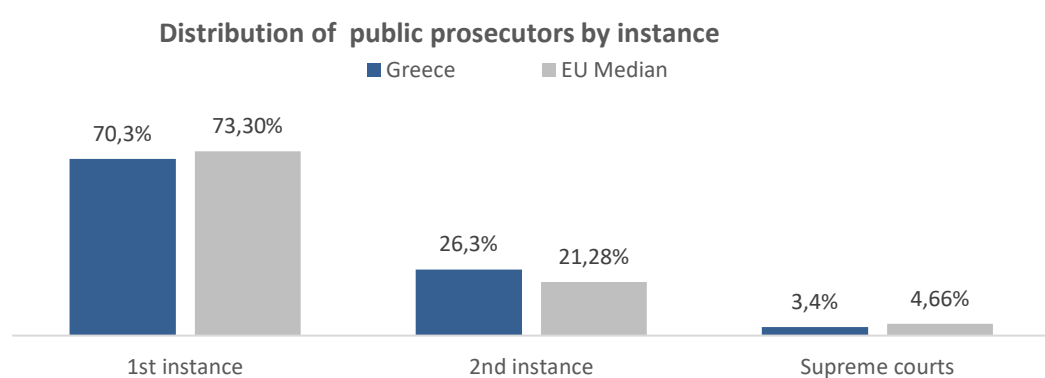
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	524	70,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	196	26,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme courts	25	3,4%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	745		NA	NA	NA	NA



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is NA, and consequently the percentage in the total number of prosecutors cannot be calculated.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 524 in first instance; 196 are in second instance and 25 in final instance.

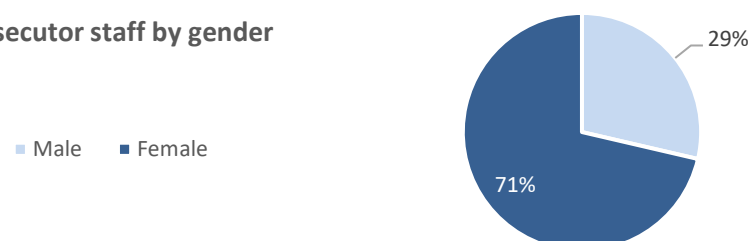
As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noticed that the number of positions have been increased by law compared to previous years.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that gender data are not kept and that is the reason why number of male/female public prosecutors appear as NA.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	1 631	467	1 164

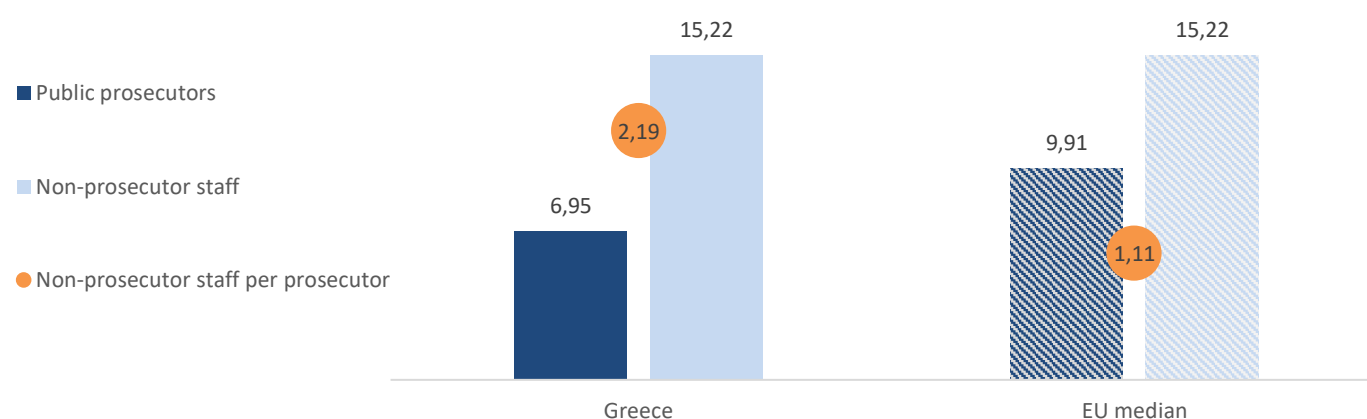
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Greece	EU median
Public prosecutors	6,95	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	15,22	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	2,19	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



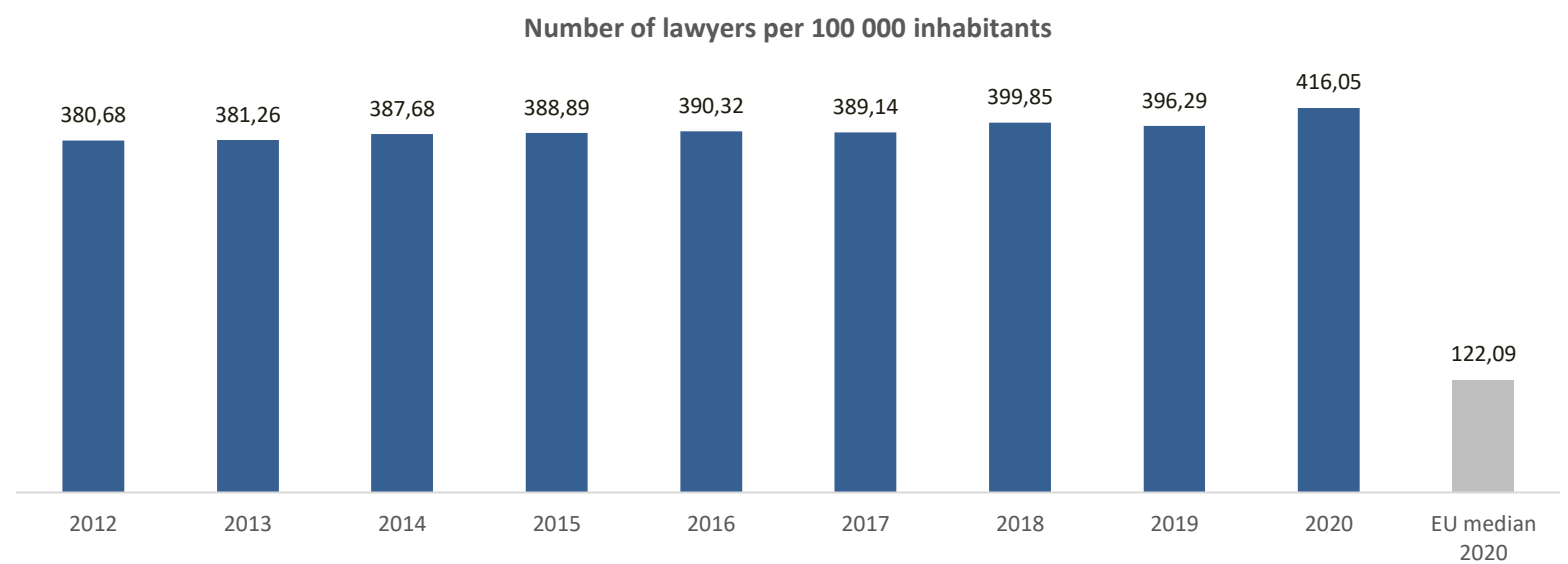
• Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	31 710 €	22 795 €	NA
Judge of the highest court	87 247 €	49 749 €	NA
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	31 710 €	22 795 €	NA
Public prosecutor at highest instance	87 247 €	49 749 €	NA

According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Greece of 31 710€ is somewhat below when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career could not be calculated, as Greece has not provided the national average annual gross salary.

• Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	42 113	380,68
2013	42 177	381,26
2014	42 052	387,68
2015	42 226	388,89
2016	42 091	390,32
2017	41 903	389,14
2018	42 949	399,85
2019	42 500	396,29
2020	44 595	416,05



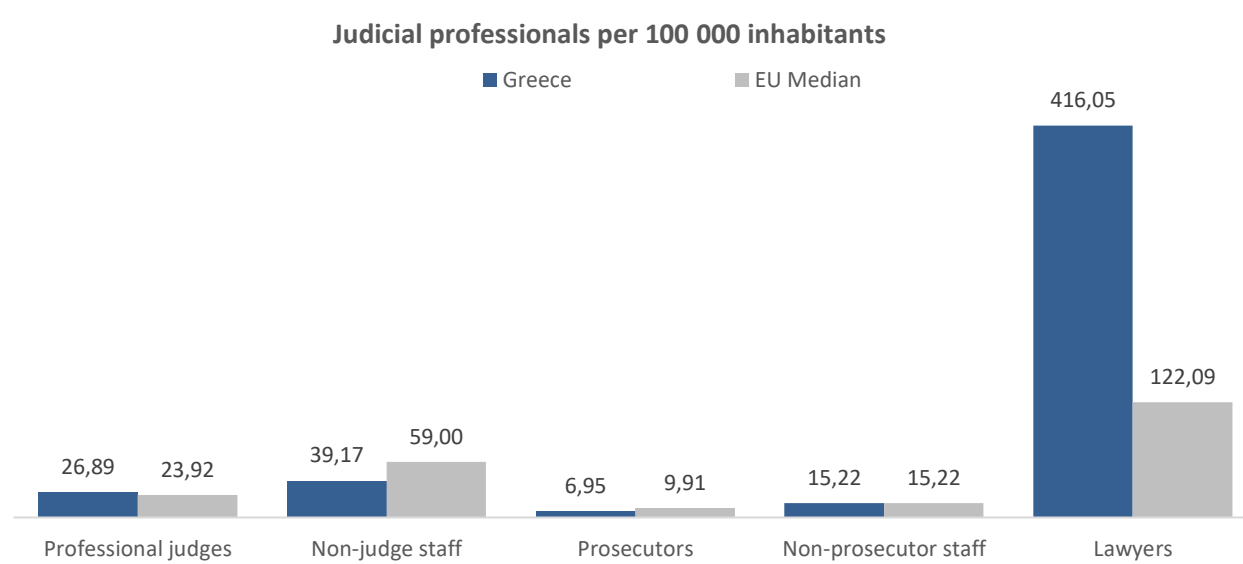
In 2020, there are 44 595 lawyers, which is 4,9% more than in 2019.

Greece has 416,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is well above the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

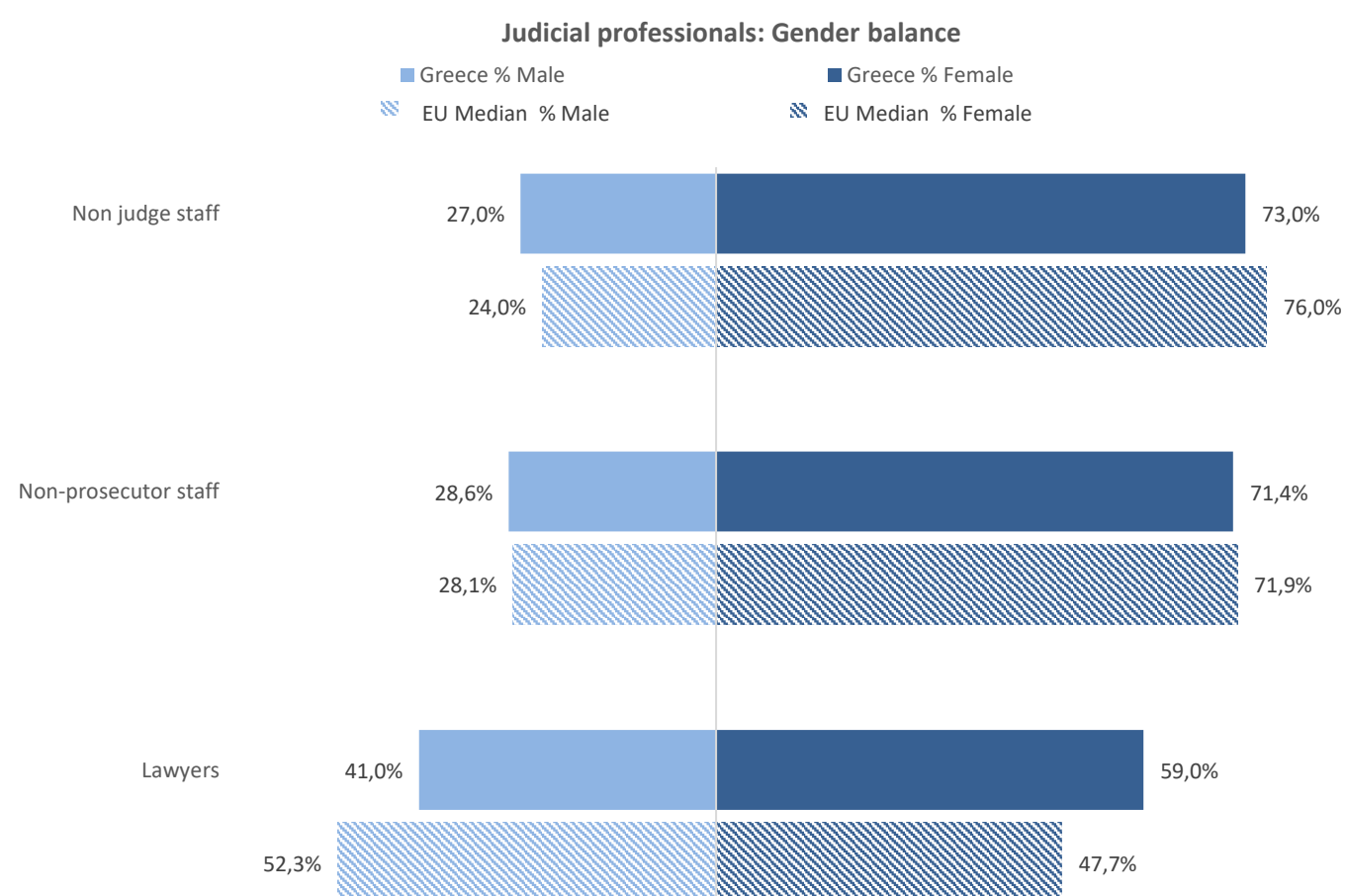
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 884	26,89	23,92
Non-judge staff	4 198	39,17	59,00
Prosecutors	745	6,95	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	1 631	15,22	15,22
Lawyers	44 595	416,05	122,09





Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	NA	NA
Non judge staff	27,0%	73,0%
Prosecutors	NA	NA
Non-prosecutor staff	28,6%	71,4%
Lawyers	41,0%	59,0%









3. Legal aid and court fees in Greece

In Greece, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: 
- Exemption from court fees: 

In Greece, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases 
 - Other than criminal cases 
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases 
 - Other than criminal cases 
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) 
- > Other costs than above (Q19) 

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

The data on the number of cases for which legal aid has been granted is not available because only a part of the courts was able to provide them, so the full information could not have been obtained.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 15
- Actual average duration: 3

4. Performance of courts in Greece

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

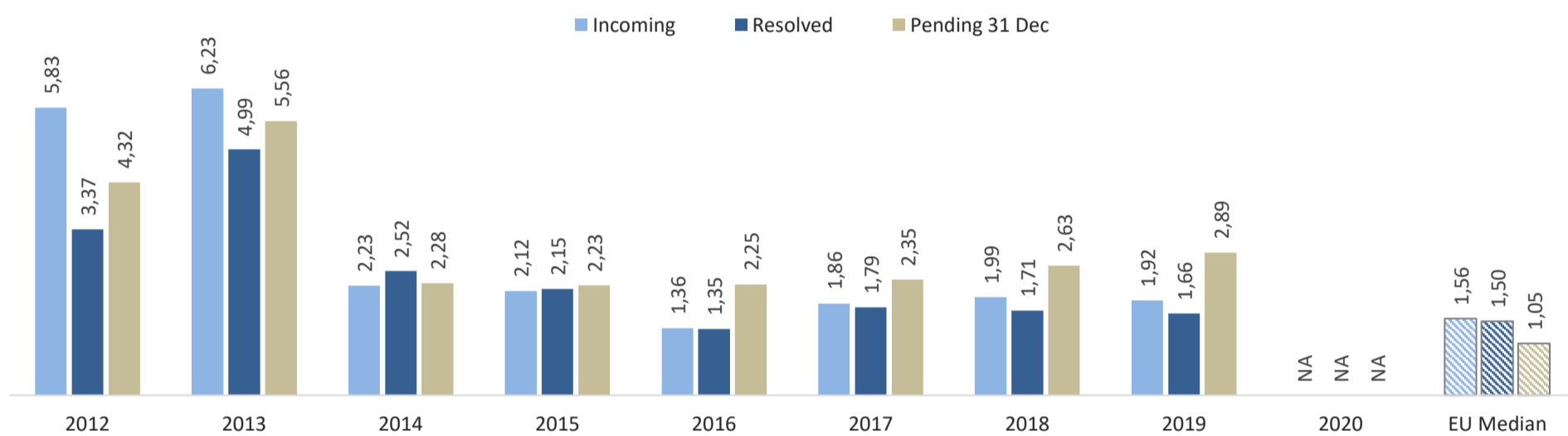
The data for other than criminal cases is not available, as in previous cycles.

The Clearance Rate and Disposition Time cannot be calculated due to unavailability of data.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The data for incoming cases for Greece is not available.

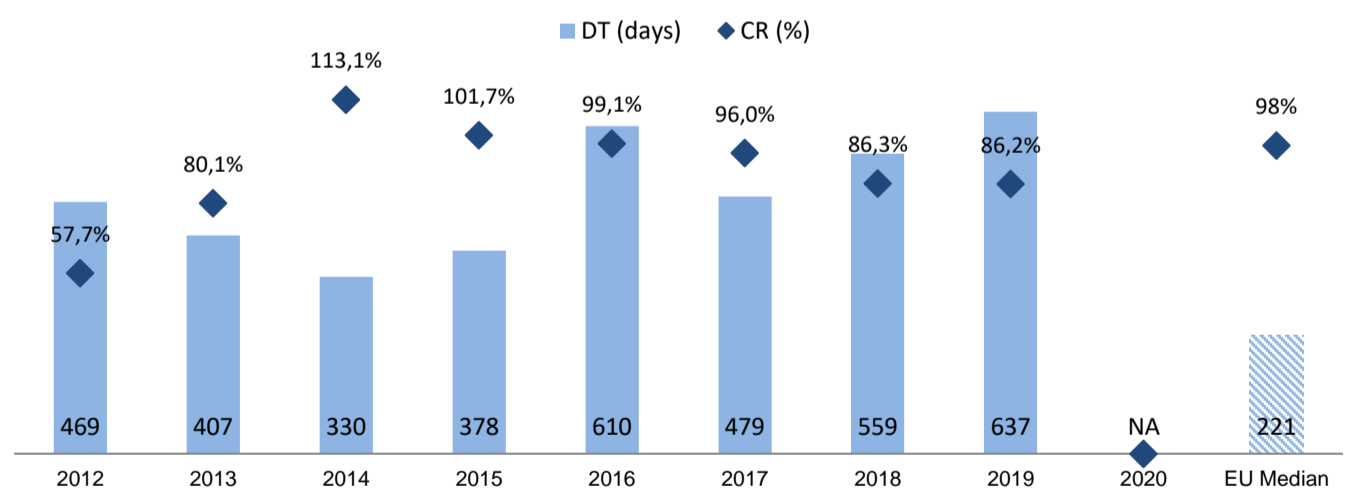
The data for resolved cases for Greece is not available.

The data for pending cases for Greece is not available.

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	57,7%	469
2013	80,1%	407
2014	113,1%	330
2015	101,7%	378
2016	99,1%	610
2017	96,0%	479
2018	86,3%	559
2019	86,2%	637
2020	NA	NA



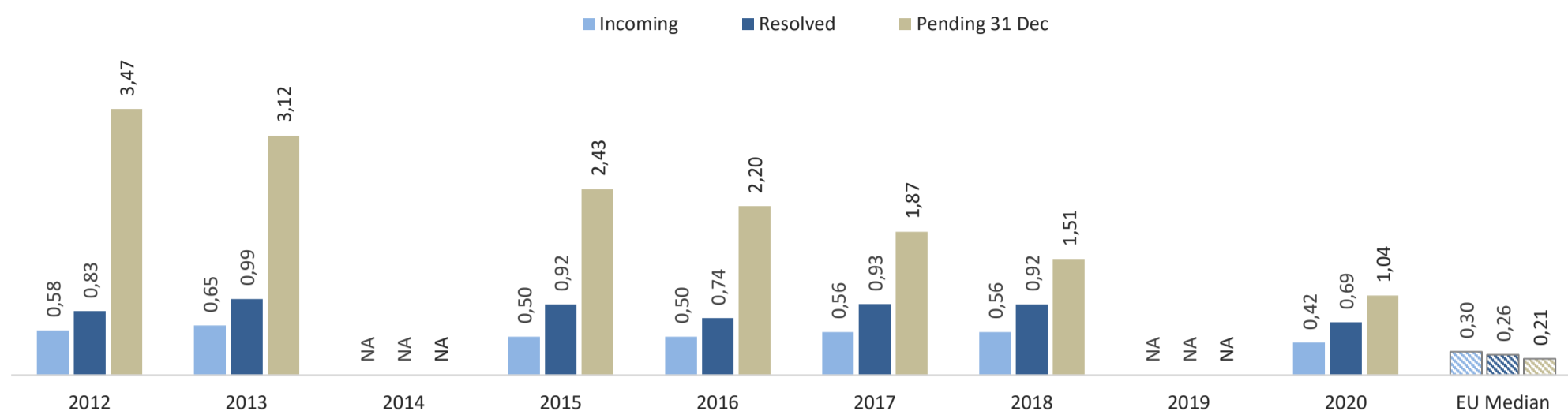
The Clearance Rate of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated for 2020 due to unavailability of data.

The Disposition Time of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated for 2020 due to unavailability of data.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Greece (0,42 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

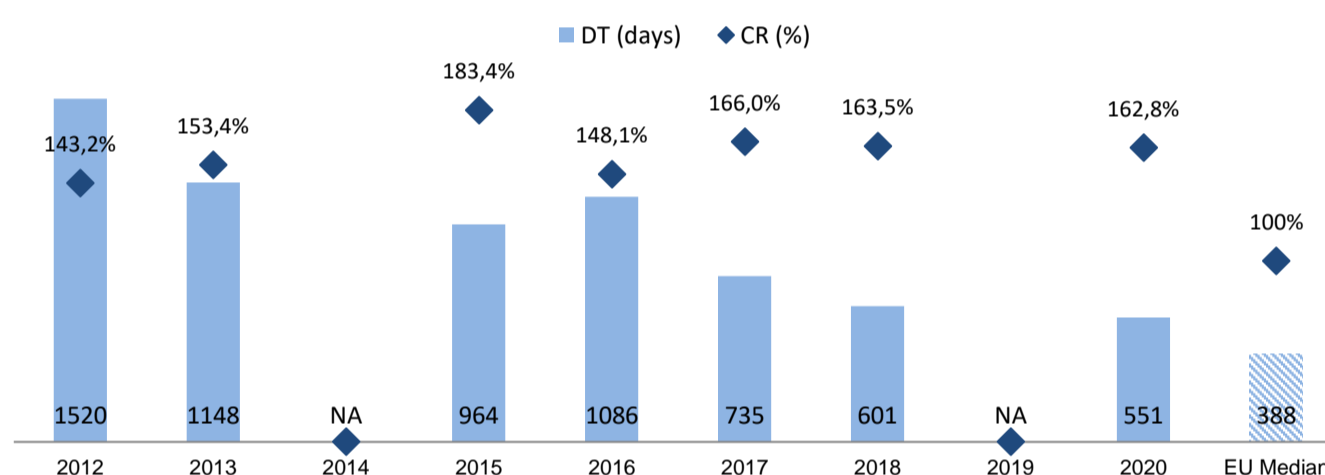
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Greece (0,69 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Greece (1,04 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	143,2%	1520
2013	153,4%	1148
2014	NA	NA
2015	183,4%	964
2016	148,1%	1086
2017	166,0%	735
2018	163,5%	601
2019	NA	NA
2020	162,8%	551

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 162,8% in 2020, Greece seems to deal efficiently with its administrative cases.

However, the administrative cases were solved in approximately 551 days in 2020, which is somewhat above EU median of 388 days.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

Due to Covid-19 pandemic, from March 2020 the courts operated under special conditions and were giving priority mainly to criminal cases. This is the reason for the differentiation of pending cases of civil and administrative nature.

Civil cases are answered NA, because not all courts were able to provide this data.

Insolvency cases

The data for insolvency cases is not available, because not all courts were able to provide this data.

The Clearance Rate and Disposition Time cannot be calculated due to unavailability of data.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

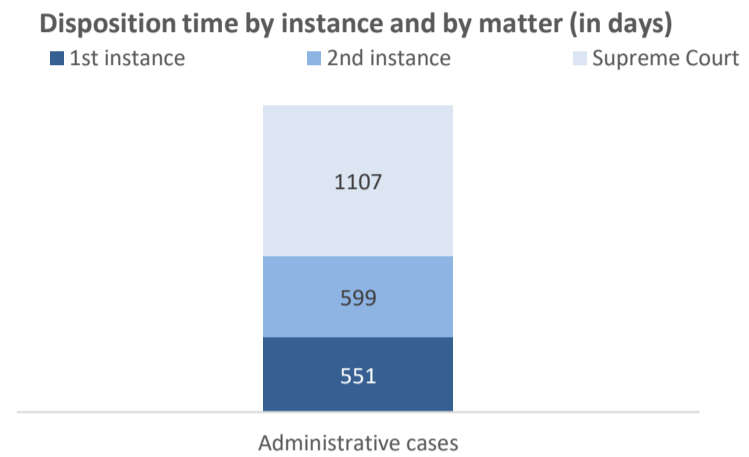
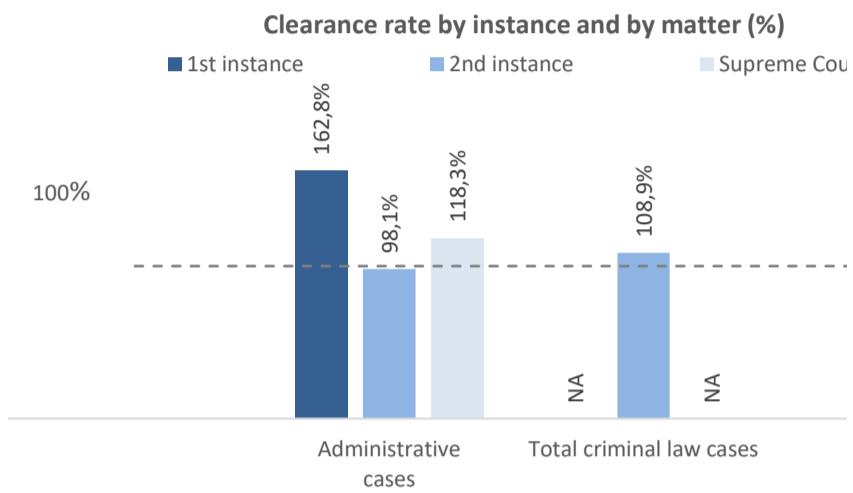
The data for first instance criminal cases is not available.

The Clearance Rate and Disposition Time cannot be calculated due to unavailability of data.

A brief overview of the national criminal procedure might partly explain reasons for lack of data on the number of first instance criminal cases. The criminal cases are filed for admission in the Public Prosecutor's Office, where they are further investigated. If a prosecution is initiated, the cases are discussed in courts. The Court of First Instance or the Court of Appeal discusses and issues a judgment on each case brought before the court. The decision can then either postpone the case (whereby the case is forwarded to the competent Prosecutor's Office for further processing), or convict/ acquit the defendants. When the case is forwarded to the competent Prosecutor's Office (after a postponement), it is uncertain if and when it will go back to the court for discussion. Criminal cases cannot be tracked down throughout the different stages of the criminal procedure at present. With the Integrated Civil and Criminal Court Case Management System (OSDDY-PP) currently being implemented in some courts, Greece might be able to extract the relevant data in the future.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative cases	162,8%	98,1%	118,3%	551	599	1107
Total criminal law cases	NA	108,9%	NA	NA	NA	NA



As regards the overall efficiency in Greece, the situation cannot be assessed due to unavailability of case flow data for most of the categories of cases. Apparently, only some courts are able to retrieve data on the number of cases but not all of them, which makes gathered information incomplete, hence most of the data are NA in this cycle. This is a point of concern and actions should be taken to improve the situation regarding courts' statistics.

From the available data on administrative cases, it could be concluded that in spite of very high clearance rates (with the first instance reporting notably high level of 162,8%), the DT levels are not as favourable since they are higher than EU medians in all three instances. This implies existence of large backlogs in administrative courts. The most problematic seems to be the situation in the third instance where DT at the level of 1107 is much higher than EU median of 281 days.

5. Public prosecution services in Greece

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Greece has the following 10 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil cases.

Regarding competences of the public prosecutors in Greece, it should be pointed out that it is within the competence of the prosecutor to conduct investigations with the assistance of the police. Regarding other roles, they can adopt temporary measures with regard to cases which concern the possession of real estate, when one of the litigants is the State or a public corporation or a municipality. Furthermore, they ensure the supervision and the control of correctional facilities. Public prosecutors also have some roles in family law (child custody), involuntary hospitalization / Family law (child custody), involuntary psychiatric hospitalization.

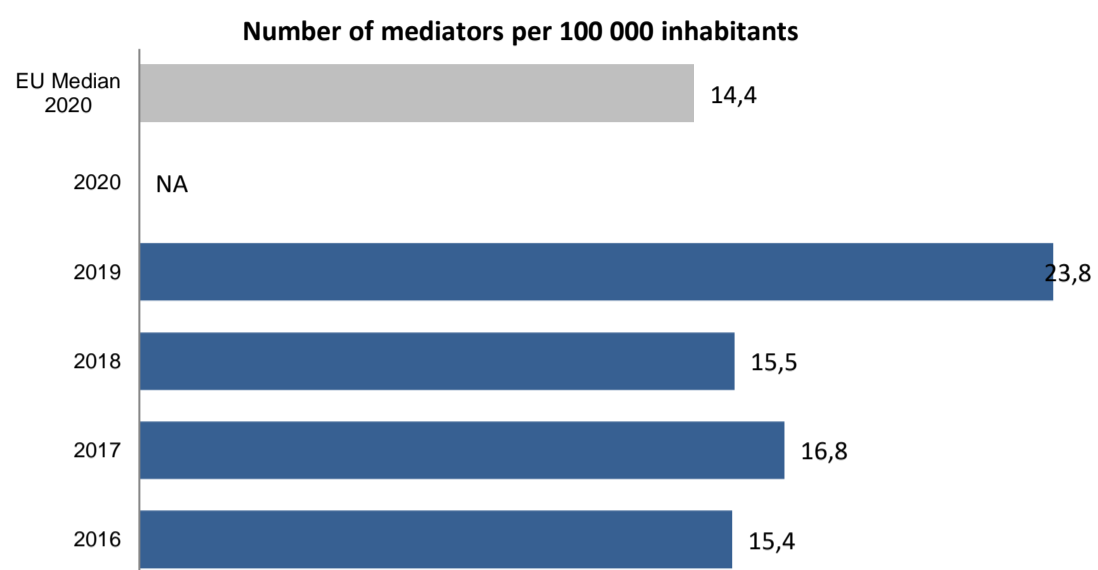
• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

The data for public prosecutors' first instance criminal cases is not available.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Greece

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	1665	15,4
2017	1809	16,8
2018	1665	15,5
2019	2553	23,8
2020	NA	NA



The data for the number of mediators is not available for 2020.

Number of court related mediations

The data for the number of court related mediations is not available, as in previous cycles.

7. ICT tools of courts in Greece

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	4,1	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	0,8	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	3,9	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	1,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	1,3	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	4,6	6,9

The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

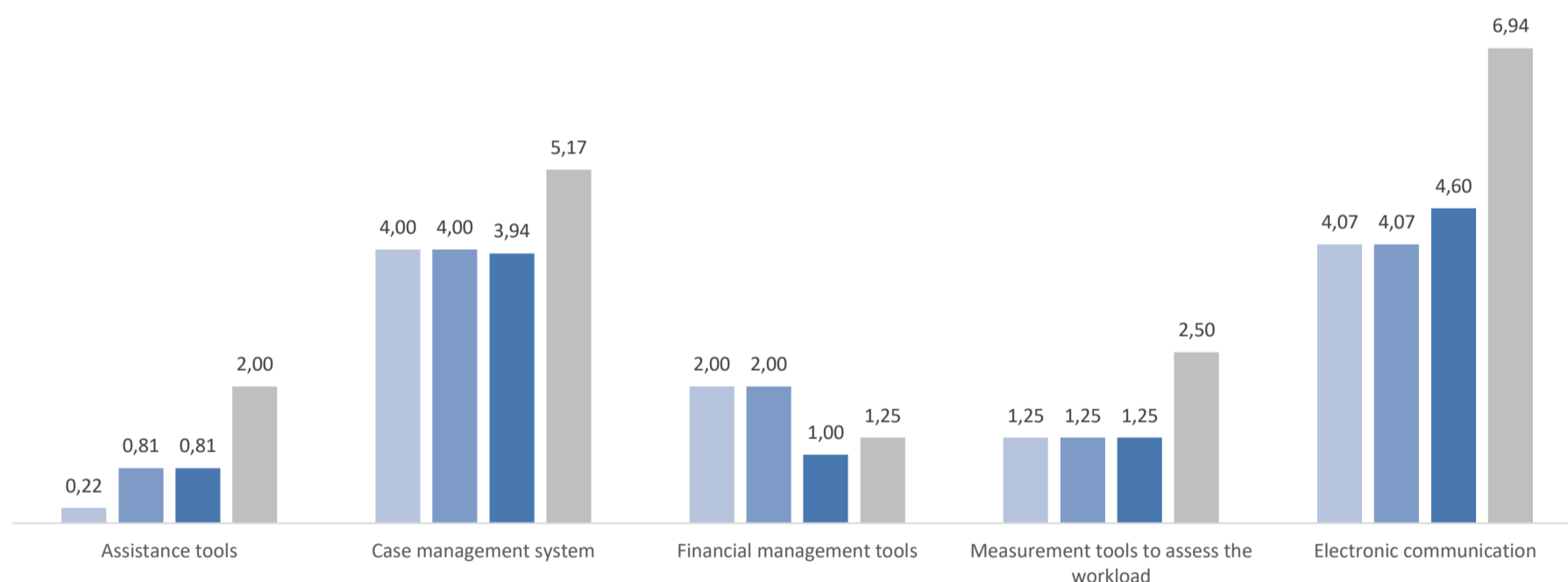
The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020

■ 2018 ■ 2019 ■ 2020 ■ EU Median 2020



Concerning availability of decisions online, it should be noted that some decisions of certain courts are published on the internet (e.g. Areios Pagos, Piraeus Court of First Instance, etc.).

Regarding relevant evolutions in the area of electronic means used in courts, it is reported that simultaneous submission of cases in paper form is not mandatory anymore due to recent changes in legislation. Also, the email communications between courts and lawyers and/or parties is now allowed by the special legislation for the use of information and Communication Technologies due to COVID pandemic.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Greece

In Greece, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Quality standards are set by the Code of Organization of Courts and Status of Judicial Officers (Law 1756/1988).

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

According to Law 1756/1988 (art. 85), supreme judges appointed as inspectors for one year's term, redact every year general reports on the operation of each court and prosecutor's office in their district and recommend the necessary measures for the proper functioning of the service. Regarding administrative courts, this task is fulfilled by the General Commission of the State for ordinary administrative courts.

In Greece, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Greece, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions												
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020				
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																						
Q1 Number of inhabitants	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	10 718 565		-3,1%	0,0%	-1,9%	0,1%	-0,7%	-0,1%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%			
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	17 161	NA	16 250	16 181	16 154	16 736	16 736	16 736	15 424		-10,1%	-	-	-0,4%	-0,2%	3,6%	0,0%	0,0%	-7,8%			
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases								False	False	False
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)								True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases								True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases								False	False	False
078.1.5 Backlogs								False	False	False
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff								True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff								False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures								False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals								False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio								False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate								False	True	False
078.1.13 Disposition time								False	False	False
078.1.14 Other								False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators										True

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									False										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									False										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	Yes	False	False	False	False	False										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	-										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	-										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	-										
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	-										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True										

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									True										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									False										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									-										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									-										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									-										
073-6.1.4 Other									-										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	False	False									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	True	False	False									

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									True										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False										

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									True										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									False										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	279	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	402	NA	298	298	289	289	289	289	259	-35,6%	-	-	0,0%	-3,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-10,4%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NA	NA	30	30	30	30	30	30	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	289	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	402	NA	329	329	319	319	319	319	320	-20,4%	-	-	0,0%	-3,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																			
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																			
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	616 391	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	205 198	478 241	278 913	246 691	241 441	244 637	252 811	281 705	NA	NA	133,1%	-41,7%	-11,6%	-2,1%	1,3%	3,3%	11,4%	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	411 193	383 402	NA	308 860	263 476	240 650	200 803	NA	139 880	NA	-66,0%	-6,8%	-	-	-14,7%	-8,7%	-16,6%	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	709 644	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	645 339	688 859	241 418	230 068	146 569	200 426	213 468	206 387	NA	NA	-	6,7%	-65,0%	-4,7%	-36,3%	36,7%	6,5%	-3,3%	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	64 305	71 568	NA	54 402	53 934	60 100	60 320	NA	45 159	NA	-29,8%	11,3%	-	-	-0,9%	11,4%	0,4%	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	464 392	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	372 296	551 755	273 048	233 954	145 221	192 482	184 131	177 813	NA	NA	48,2%	-50,5%	-14,3%	-37,9%	32,5%	-4,3%	-3,4%	-	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	92 096	109 771	NA	99 763	79 872	99 772	98 633	NA	73 525	NA	-20,2%	19,2%	-	-	-19,9%	24,9%	-1,1%	-	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	861 643	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	478 241	615 345	246 839	242 209	242 789	252 654	282 148	310 279	NA	NA	28,7%	-59,9%	-1,9%	0,2%	4,1%	11,7%	10,0%	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	383 402	345 199	NA	263 473	237 593	200 978	162 490	NA	110 993	NA	-71,1%	-10,0%	-	-	-9,8%	-15,4%	-19,2%	-	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	65,4%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	57,7%	80,1%	113,1%	101,7%	99,1%	96,0%	86,3%	86,2%	NA	-	38,84	41,21	(10,09)	(2,57)	(3,07)	(10,18)	(0,12)	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	143,2%	153,4%	NA	183,4%	148,1%	166,0%	163,5%	NA	162,8%	13,68	7,10	-	-	(19,24)	12,10	(1,50)	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	677	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	469	407	330	378	610	479	559	637	NA	-	-13,2%	-18,9%	14,5%	61,5%	-21,5%	16,7%	13,9%	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1520	1148	NA	964	1086	735	601	NA	551	-63,7%	-24,5%	-	-	12,6%	-32,3%	-18,2%	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																				
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020												
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																														
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																				
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																				
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			39 307	38 027	38 244	43 336	38 983	41 354	NA	NA	-	-	-	-3,3%	0,6%	13,3%	-10,0%	6,1%	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	47 453	43 442	42 280	36 360	NA	28 517	NA	-	-	-	-	-8,5%	-2,7%	-14,0%	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			26 719	25 337	18 181	20 594	22 431	23 187	NA	NA	-	-	-	-5,2%	-28,2%	13,3%	8,9%	3,4%	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	19 018	15 714	18 380	19 066	NA	17 925	NA	-	-	-	-	-17,4%	17,0%	3,7%	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			27 284	23 641	13 599	23 228	21 767	23 477	NA	-	-	-	-13,4%	-42,5%	70,8%	-6,3%	7,9%	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	23 195	16 867	25 326	21 786	NA	17 585	-	-	-	-	-27,3%	50,2%	-14,0%	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	65 912	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			38 027	38 054	42 826	40 702	39 492	41 064	34 954	-	-	-	0,1%	12,5%	-5,0%	-3,0%	4,0%	-14,9%	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	43 407	42 289	35 334	33 640	NA	28 857	-	-	-	-	-2,6%	-16,4%	-4,8%	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																				
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																				
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			102,1%	93,3%	74,8%	112,8%	97,0%	101,3%	NA	NA	-	-	-	(8,63)	(19,84)	50,79	(13,96)	4,34	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	122,0%	107,3%	137,8%	114,3%	NA	98,1%	NA	-	-	-	-	(11,99)	28,37	(17,07)	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			509	588	1149	640	662	638	NA	NA	-	-	-	15,5%	95,6%	-44,4%	3,5%	-3,6%	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	683	915	509	564	NA	599	NA	-	-	-	-	34,0%	-44,4%	10,7%	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 207	2 135	18 956	17 201	15 597	15 496	14 654	-	-	-	-3,3%	787,9%	-9,3%	-9,3%	-0,6%	-5,4%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	2 309	1 904	2 012	2 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-17,5%	5,7%	-0,6%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	16 296	14 892	13 693	13 484	12 654	-	-	-	-	-	-8,6%	-8,1%	-1,5%	-6,2%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 865	2 322	6 597	5 766	5 969	5 864	NA	-	-	-	24,5%	184,1%	-12,6%	3,5%	-1,8%	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	2 083	2 324	2 343	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,6%	0,8%	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NA	4 675	3 683	3 645	3 521	3 354	-	-	-	-	-	-21,2%	-1,0%	-3,4%	-4,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 937	1 797	6 977	7 404	6 102	5 983	NA	-	-	-	-7,2%	288,3%	6,1%	-17,6%	-2,0%	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	2 488	2 216	2 217	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-10,9%	0,0%	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NA	6 083	4 916	3 886	3 766	3 968	-	-	-	-	-	-19,2%	-21,0%	-3,1%	5,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 135	2 660	17 197	15 563	15 475	15 377	14 339	-	-	-	24,6%	546,5%	-9,5%	-0,6%	-0,6%	-6,8%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	1 904	2 012	2 138	2 300	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,7%	6,3%	7,6%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	14 888	13 659	13 463	13 239	12 039	-	-	-	-	-	-8,3%	-1,4%	-1,7%	-9,1%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	8 586	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	8 586	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			103,9%	77,4%	105,8%	128,4%	102,2%	102,0%	NA	-	-	-	(25,49)	36,66	21,41	(20,39)	(0,19)	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	119,4%	95,4%	94,6%	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20,17)	(0,77)	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	NA	130,1%	133,5%	106,6%	107,0%	118,3%	-	-	-	-	-	2,58	(20,13)	0,32	10,61
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			402	540	900	767	926	938	NA	-	-	-	34,3%	66,5%	-14,7%	20,7%	1,3%	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	279	331	352	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,6%	6,2%	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	NA	893	1014	1265	1283	1107	-	-	-	-	-	13,5%	24,7%	1,5%	-13,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.1 Total -incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.1 Total - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
CR of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																				
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.1 Total -incoming									18 375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.1 Total - resolved									20 003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									108,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 5: Access to justice																				
Legal aid																				
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																				
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True										
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True										
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True										
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True										
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True										
020.1.1 Total										NA										
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										NA										
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										NA										
020.2.1 Total brought to court										NA										
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										NA										
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA										
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA										
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										15										
020-1.1.2 Average duration										3										

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							False	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter								10-49%	10-49%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter								10-49%	10-49%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter								50-99%	50-99%										
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	NA	NA										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	NA	NA										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							-	Both	Both	Accessible to parties									
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							-	Both	Both	Both									
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							-	Both	Both	Both									

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							- False	False	False										
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							- False	False	False										
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							- False	False	False										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	NA	NA									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								0% (NAP)	50-99%	50-99%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry								- False	False	False									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry								- False	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry								- False	False	False									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry								- False	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry								- False	False	False									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry								- False	True	True									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)								- 100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)								- 100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)								- 100%	100%	100%									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)								- True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)								- True	True	True									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)								- True	True	True									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	False	False									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	False	False									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	False	False									

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							NA	NA	NA										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	NA										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							NA	NA	NA										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							NA	NA	NA										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	NA										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	NA	NA										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	NA	NA										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	NA										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
064-2 - Criminal							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							True	True	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							True	True	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							False	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	False	False											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate																				
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	-	-											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							False	-	-											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	-	-											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	-	-											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	False	False											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%											

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Decision transmission	Submission of a case Decision transmission	Submission of a case Decision transmission									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)										Lawyers								
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)										Lawyers								
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)										Lawyers								

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							False	False	False										

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																			
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																			
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 574	3 877	2 231	2 206	2 780	2 861	2 874	2 884	3 861	50,0%	50,6%	-42,5%	-1,1%	26,0%	2,9%	0,5%	0,3%	33,9%	
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 518	2 643	1 540	1 517	1 750	1 714	1 720	1 729	2 676	76,3%	74,1%	-41,7%	-1,5%	15,4%	-2,1%	0,4%	0,5%	54,8%	
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	812	984	459	450	892	900	911	911	934	15,0%	21,2%	-53,4%	-2,0%	98,2%	0,9%	1,2%	0,0%	2,5%	
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	244	250	232	239	138	247	243	244	251	2,9%	2,5%	-7,2%	3,0%	-42,3%	79,0%	-1,6%	0,4%	2,9%	
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	831	NA	616	NA	795	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	411	NA	369	NA	468	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	291	NA	132	NA	251	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	129	NA	115	NA	76	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 743	NA	1 615	NA	1 985	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 107	NA	1 171	NA	1 282	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	521	NA	327	NA	641	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	115	NA	117	NA	62	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 327	5 376	5 474	5 572	4 236	4 145	4 179	4 284	4 198	-21,2%	0,9%	1,8%	1,8%	-24,0%	-2,1%	0,8%	2,5%	-2,0%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 523	1 543	1 133	1 097	1 112	1 001	1 133	-	-	-	1,3%	-26,6%	-3,2%	1,4%	-10,0%	13,2%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	3 951	4 029	3 103	3 048	3 067	3 283	3 065	-	-	-	2,0%	-23,0%	-1,8%	0,6%	7,0%	-6,6%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									4 198	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									3 458	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									619	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									121	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 133	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									924	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									3 065	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									2 534	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									444	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									745	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									524	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									1 631	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									467	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 164	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	31 710 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	87 247 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	31 710 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	87 247 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	22 795 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	49 749 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	22 795 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	49 749 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	42 113	42 177	42 052	42 226	42 091	41 903	42 949	42 500	44 595	5,9%	0,2%	-0,3%	0,4%	-0,3%	-0,4%	2,5%	-1,0%	4,9%	
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	18 292	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	26 303	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Greece (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 665	1 809	1 665	2 553	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	8,6%	-8,0%	53,3%	-
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	41	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	1 782	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at a glance in Hungary

General data

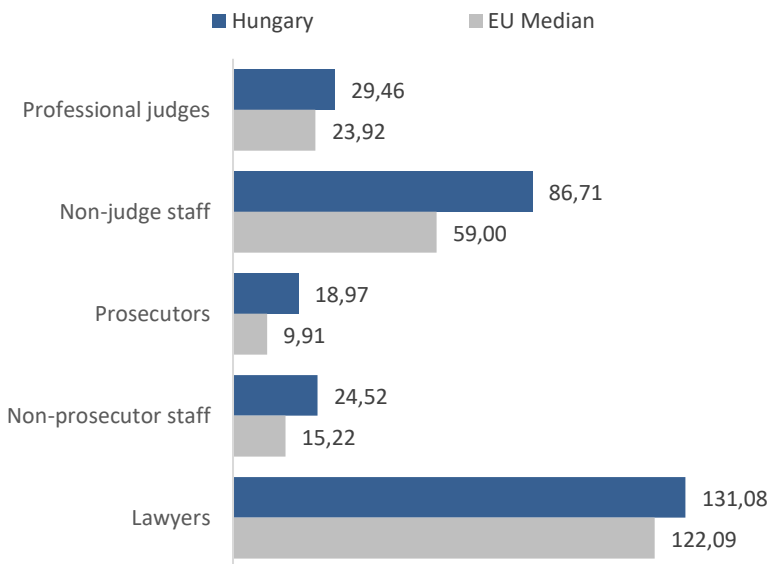
Population: 9 890 640

GDP per capita: 13 940 €

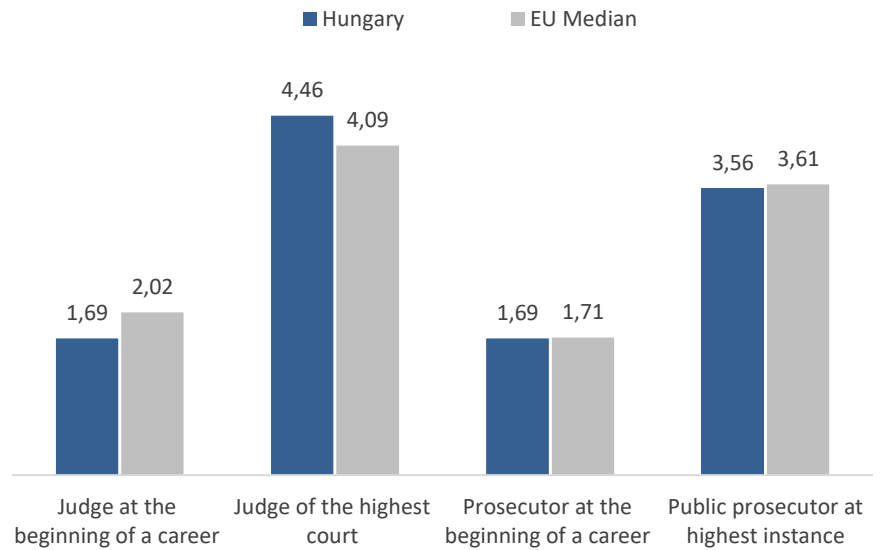
Average annual salary: 12 901 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

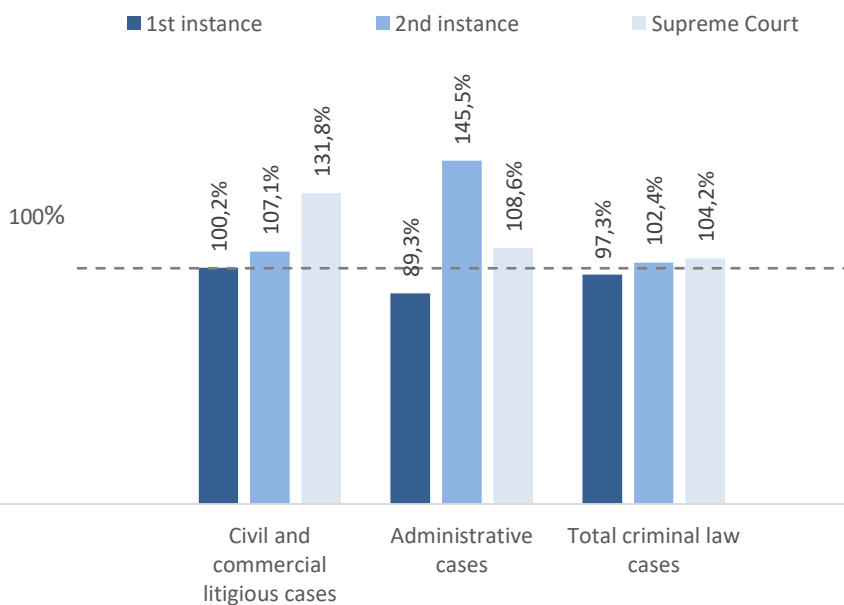


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

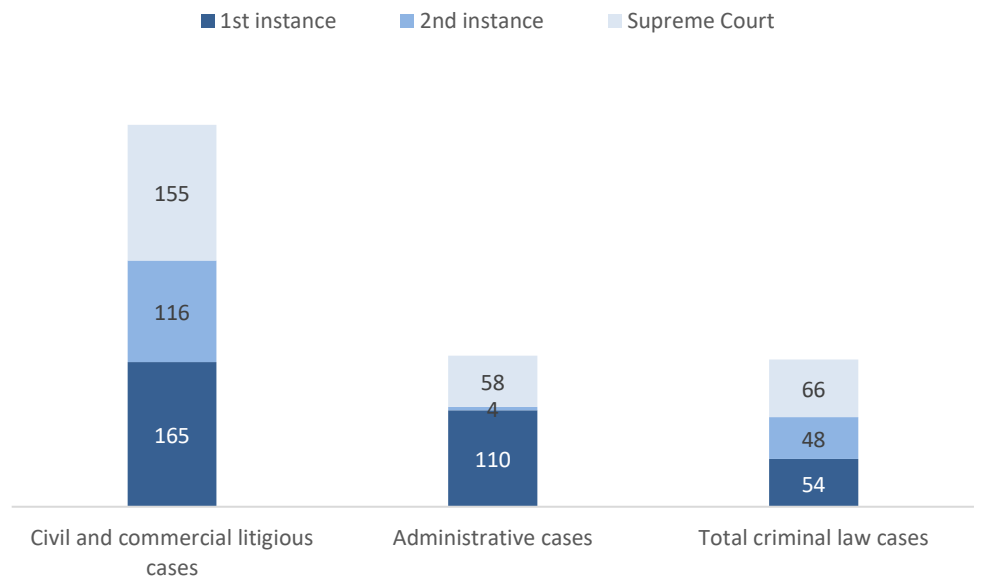


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

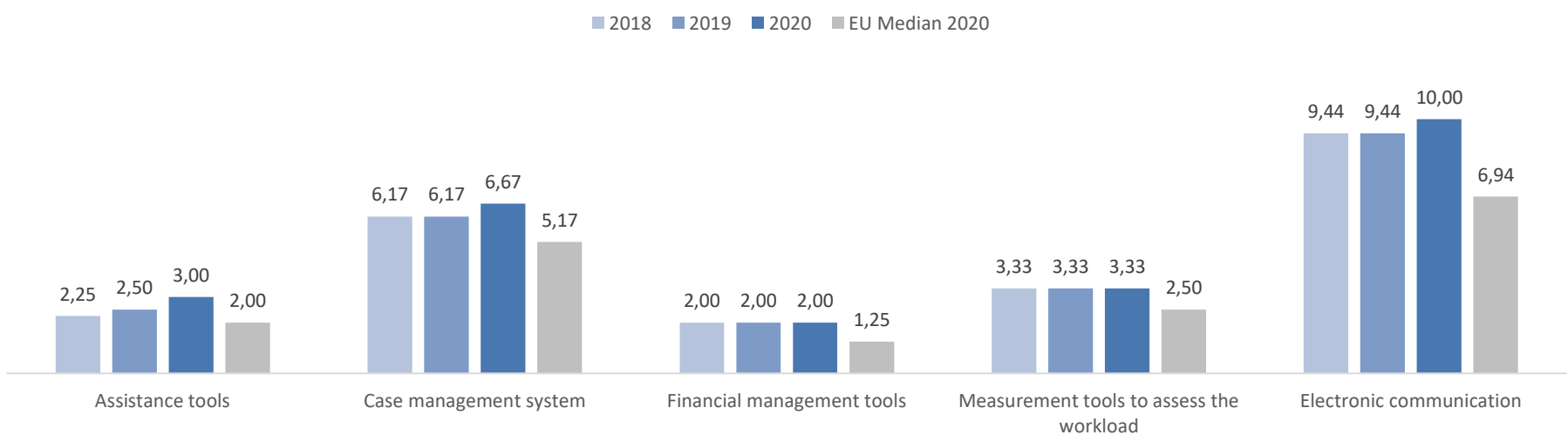


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Hungary

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	9 890 640	-0,2%	-0,6%	-2,1%	-2,9%	1,9%	1,2%
GDP per capita	9 800	9 900	10 500	10 900	11 200	11 800	12 500	13 180	13 940	42,2%	6,7%	11,6%	5,9%	5,4%	5,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	293	297	315	316	309	309	322	330	361	23,2%	-1,8%	4,1%	4,1%	2,4%	9,4%
Average annual salary	9 137		9 759		10 537		12 288	13 375	12 901	41,2%	8,0%	16,6%		8,8%	-3,5%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	27,9	28,4	28,5	28,6	28,7	28,6	30,2	29,5	28,2	1,0%	0,5%	5,1%	5,3%	-2,3%	-4,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	82,2	81,0	81,4	81,2	81,7	84,8	88,9	87,4	86,7	5,5%	0,4%	8,8%	4,8%	-1,7%	-0,8%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	131,2	131,6	131,9	132,2	114,2	113,3	132,6	130,2	131,1	-0,1%	-13,4%	16,1%	17,0%	-1,8%	0,7%
Mediators	0,1	0,2	1,2	1,6	1,8	1,8	1,6	2,1	1,4	1077,2%	45,9%	-10,2%	-9,4%	30,3%	-31,4%
ICT overall assesment							8,3	8,4	8,9					1,1%	6,6%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	4,364	1,831	1,830	1,794	1,886	1,805	1,382	1,366	1,288	-70,5%	3,1%	-26,7%	-23,5%	-1,2%	-5,7%
Administrative law cases	0,127	0,2	0,2	0,185	0,200	0,171	0,178	0,168	0,296	132,7%	9,4%	-10,7%	4,3%	-5,8%	75,8%
Total criminal law cases									3,648						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	105%	98%	104%	99%	98%	96%	116%	104%	100%	-4,88	-5,94	17,89	19,83	-11,89	-4,20
CR administrative law cases	108%	104%	92%	105%	100%	102%	102%	103%	89%	-18,64	7,59	1,94	-0,45	0,83	-13,18
CR total criminal law cases									97%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	97	169	144	159	159	181	151	152	165	71,0%	10,2%	-4,8%	-16,6%	0,5%	8,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)	147	115	148	110	109	116	109	103	110	-25,1%	-26,5%	-0,2%	-6,0%	-4,9%	6,6%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									54						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,21	0,83	0,75	0,77	0,81	0,86	0,67	0,59	0,58	-51,9%	7,1%	-17,5%	-23,0%	-10,8%	-1,6%
Administrative law cases	0,06	0,05	0,07	0,06	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,08	44,3%	-13,0%	-9,2%	-2,4%	-9,6%	63,4%
Total criminal law cases									0,53						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	101%	101%	111%	102%	100%	99%	106%	110%	107%	6,14	-11,16	5,39	6,50	4,05	-2,56
CR administrative law cases	108%	94%	99%	102%	97%	99%	97%	106%	146%	37,14	-1,59	0,29	-1,54	9,15	39,18
CR total criminal law cases									102%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	125	127	114	123	121	133	112	105	116	-6,9%	6,6%	-7,4%	-15,2%	-6,6%	10,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)	60	91	94	87	83	91	91	64	4	-93,4%	-12,1%	10,7%	0,5%	-30,2%	-93,8%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									48						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			102%	96%	86%	88%	110%	111%	132%		-15,71	23,71	22,10	1,20	20,81
CR administrative law cases			108%	96%	99%	96%	90%	118%	109%		-8,64	-9,03	-6,04	28,07	-9,41
CR total criminal law cases									104%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			158	181	203	246	229	232	155		28,4%	13,0%	-6,8%	1,2%	-33,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)			129	169	168	201	228	116	58		29,8%	35,9%	13,3%	-48,9%	-50,0%
DT total criminal law cases									66						

1. Judicial organisation in Hungary

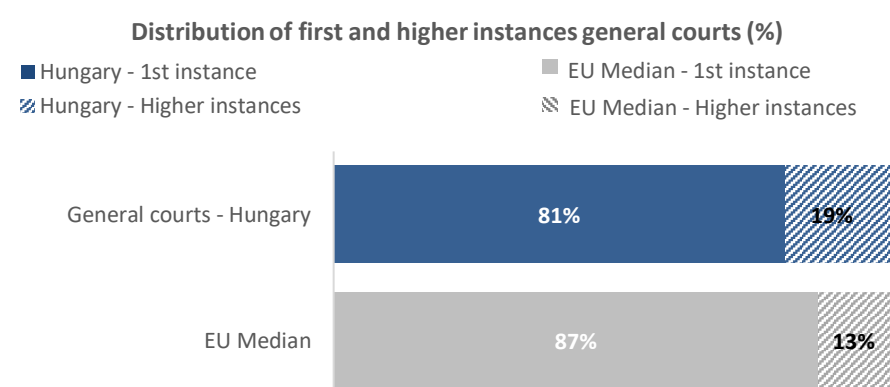
The Hungarian court system is as follows: Kúria (1) – the Hungarian Supreme Court - its jurisdiction in criminal, civil and administrative cases covers adjudication of extraordinary remedies and appeals, adopting uniformity decisions. It also decides if municipal decrees are in compliance with higher level legislation.

Regional courts of appeal (5) – their jurisdiction in criminal and civil cases covers the adjudication of appeals received from the regional courts (third instance in criminal cases).

Regional courts (20) – their jurisdiction in criminal, civil and administrative cases covers the adjudication of appeals received from district courts, administrative and labour courts, and procedure at first instance in certain criminal and civil cases.

District courts (113) – their jurisdiction in criminal and civil cases covers the procedures at first instance. The number of judges in the largest district court is 357, whereas the smallest court operates with one judge. Out of the 113 district courts, the district courts in the seat of the regional courts have special competences in many cases.

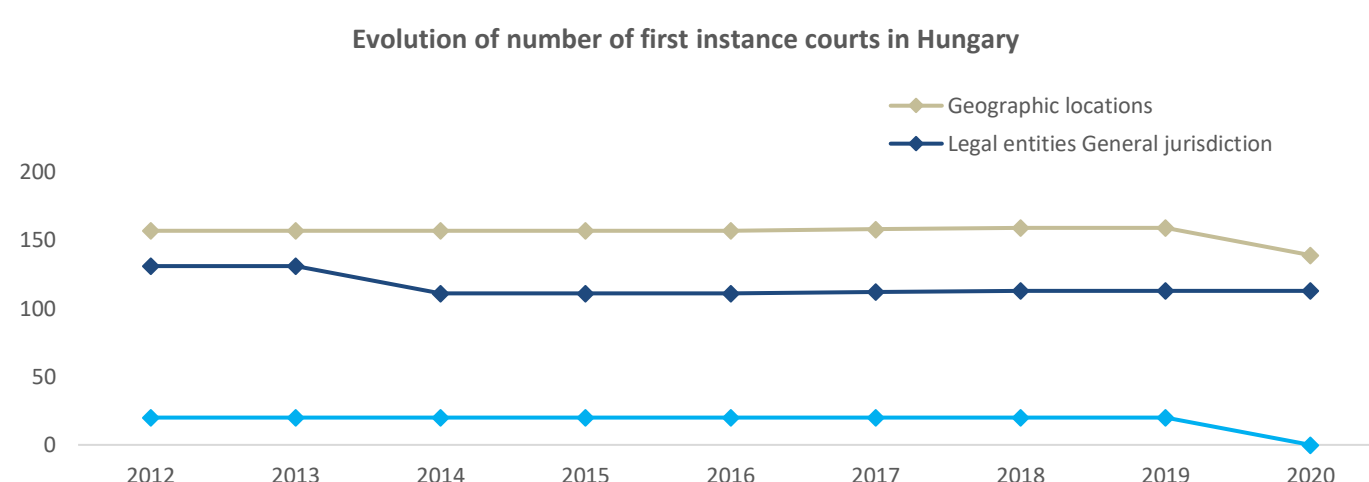
Distribution of general courts in Hungary



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Hungary is around the EU median of 87% - 13%.

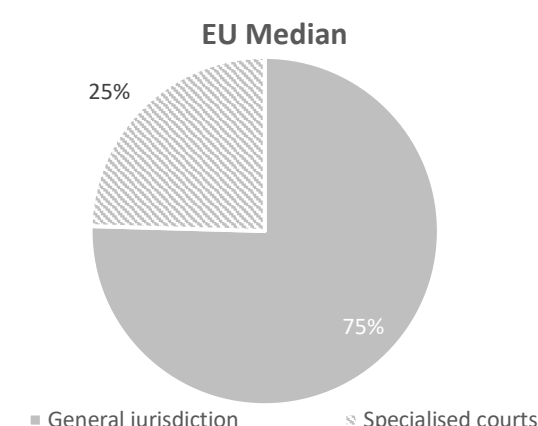
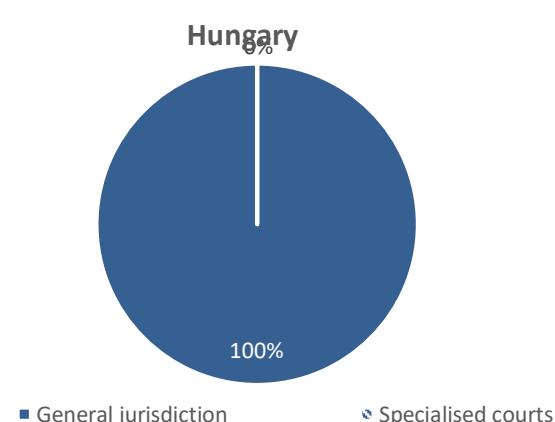
Evolution of number of first instance courts in Hungary

Year	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	157	131	20
2013	157	131	20
2014	157	111	20
2015	157	111	20
2016	157	111	20
2017	158	112	20
2018	159	113	20
2019	159	113	20
2020	139	113	0



Administrative and labour courts (20) were dismissed on the 31st of March 2020. From this date Regional Courts deal with labour cases on first instance while administrative cases are dealt with by eight Regional Court on a regional level. This change affected both the number of specialised jurisdiction courts and geographic locations.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



Since there are no specialised courts anymore in Hungary, all courts (100%) are general jurisdiction courts. This is quite different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	0	0
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

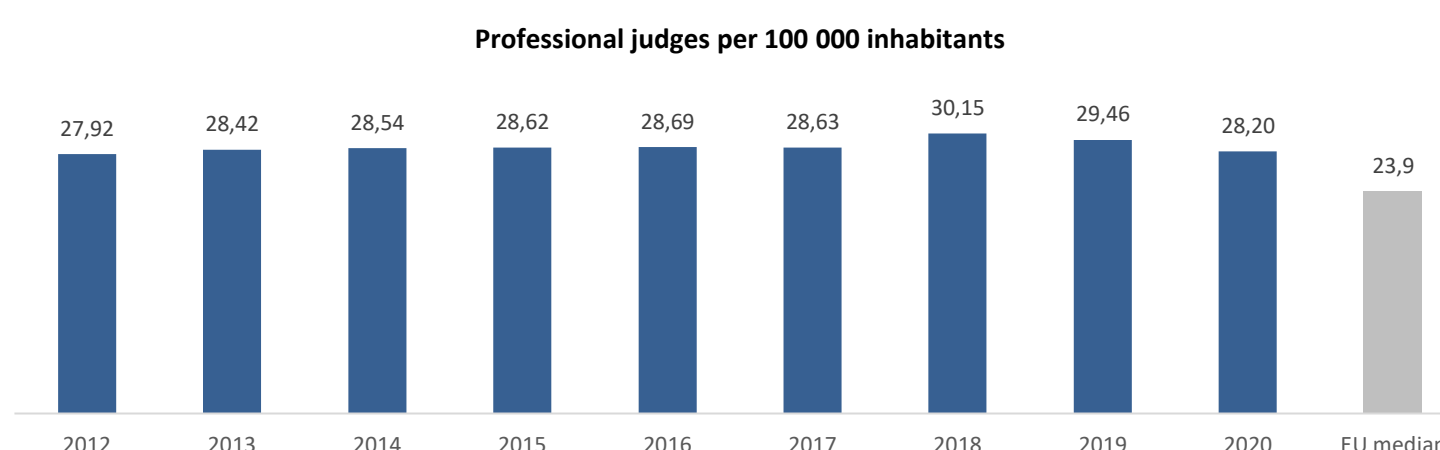
As said before administrative and labour courts (20) were dismissed on the in March 2020 . There are military departments at five Regional Courts and at one Regional Court of Appeal. Although they only deal with military related criminal cases, they are not considered as specialized courts as they are a part of the ordinary court system both in administrative and professional management. Consequently the table above filled with not applicable (NAP) for Hungary.

2. Professionals of justice in Hungary

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	2 767	27,92
2013	2 807	28,42
2014	2 813	28,54
2015	2 813	28,62
2016	2 811	28,69
2017	2 828	28,63
2018	2 892	30,15
2019	2 878	29,46
2020	2 789	28,20



According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Hungary is 2 789, which is -3,1% less than in previous cycle.

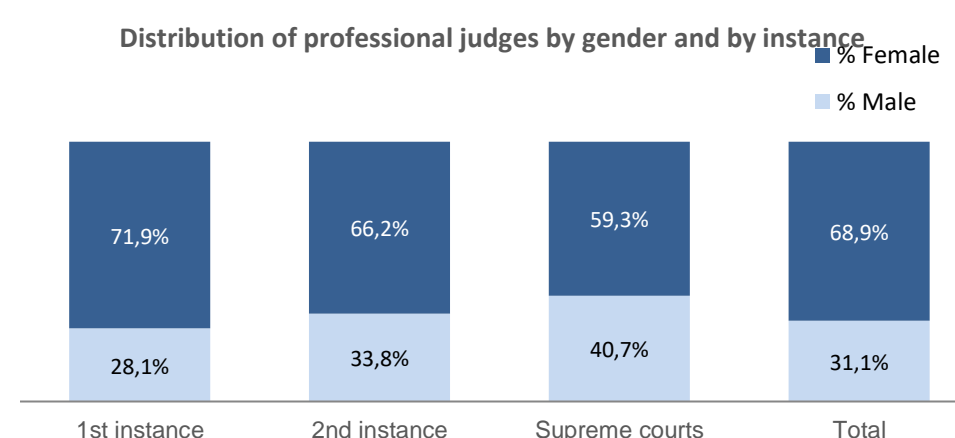
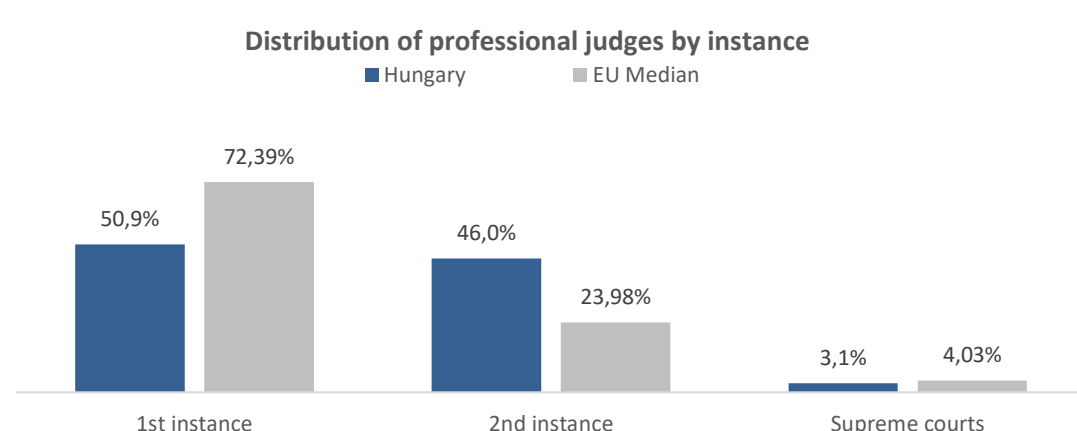
More precisely, in Hungary, there are 28,20 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) The ratio of non-judge staff per judge in Hungary is 3,07.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 2,97 non-judge staff per judge.

Since 2012 and the establishment of the National Office for the Judiciary, the data collection methodology is the same. Accordingly, the number of first instance professional judges includes judges of the District Courts and the Administrative and Labour Courts. As second instance judges are counted judges of the Regional Courts and the Regional Courts of Appeal. As concerns the Regional Courts, the distribution of first and second instance cases is based on the bylaws which are renewed every year by the president of each court after consultation with the judicial council and the professional department of the court.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 420	50,9%	399	1 021	28,1%	71,9%
2nd instance	1 283	46,0%	434	849	33,8%	66,2%
Supreme courts	86	3,1%	35	51	40,7%	59,3%
Total	2 789		868	1 921	31,1%	68,9%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 1 921, which represents 68,9% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 420 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 1 021 are female); 1 283 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 849 are female) and 86 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 51 are female).

In Hungary the distribution of judges between instances seems to be different than the EU median. While EU median is 72,39% of the judges are in first instance in Hungary this is 50,9%. The reason might be as stated above that second instance judges are counted judges of the Regional Courts and the Regional Courts of Appeal. As concerns the Regional Courts, the distribution of first and second instance cases is based on the bylaws which are renewed every year by the president of each court. This influence the number of judges of second instance.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that women are majority at each instance which is highest at first instance and lowest (but still more than half) 59,3%

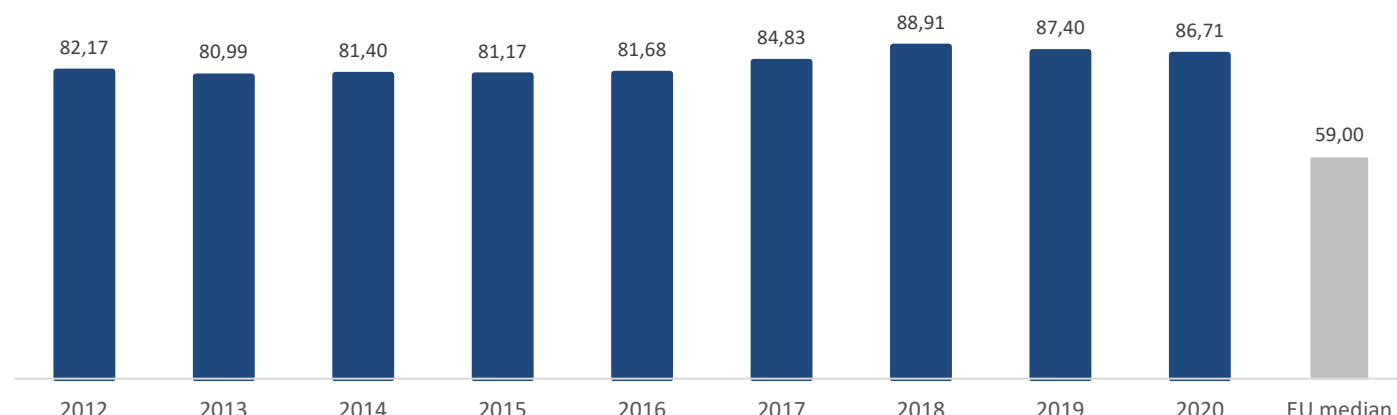
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

In Hungary, the distribution of judges per categories of cases as in the table above is not possible.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	8 142	8 000	8 022	7 979	8 003	8 379	8 528	8 538	8 576
Per 100 000 inhabitants	82,17	80,99	81,40	81,17	81,68	84,83	88,91	87,40	86,71

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	8 576	
Rechtspfleger	936	10,9%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	961	11,2%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA
Technical staff	NA	NA
Other	6 679	77,9%

In 2020, Hungary has 8 576 non-judge staff (of which 7 204 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,4%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 936 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which
- 961 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 842 are women);
- 6 679 other (of which 5 614 are women);

Court secretaries („bíróági titkár”) are employees of the court that are similar to Rechtspfleger. They are lawyers, who after acquiring a degree at a law faculty have made the bar exam (which requires at least 3 years professional practice). They are enabled to perform duties of judges in cases specifically defined by law.

According to the Constitution when a court secretary is dealing with a case he/she has the same independence as a judge. In criminal cases they can make out of trial decisions (e.g. order an expert to be included in the case), or they can hear witnesses on request of another court. This practically means they assist the judges in pre-trial phase of the case. In misdemeanour cases they adjudicate the case - this is an area of law in which mostly court secretaries deal with cases of first instance. In civil and labour cases they can make any decision that can be made without hearing the case. This practically means they assist the judges in pre-trial phase of the case. In administrative non-litigious cases they can make any decision that can be made without hearing the case. In company registry cases they can make every decision, as well in insolvency cases (with some exceptions).

From 2012, the category "non-judge staff assisting judges" includes only staff directly assisting judges. Other non-judge staff includes staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the management of the courts (3) and technical staff (4) that can not be separated by these categories.

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has slightly decreased (from 87,4 in 2019 to 86,7 in 2020) due to increase in population and not due to decrease of the absolute number of non-judge staff. In fact this number increased slightly.

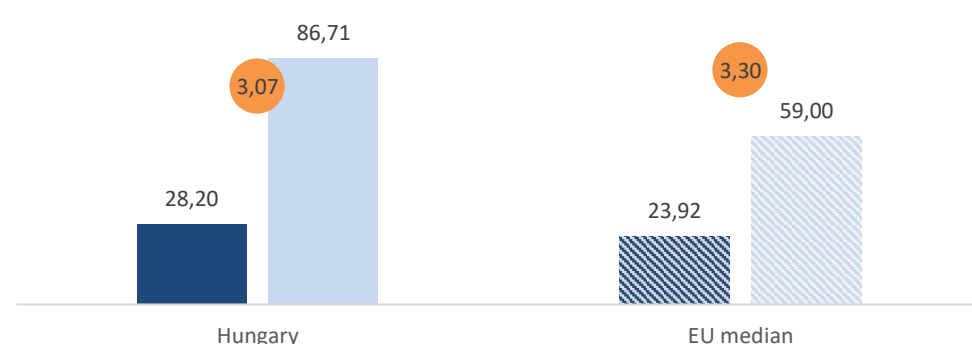
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants also slightly decreased from 29,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 28,2 in 2020.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Hungary	EU median
Professional judges	28,20	23,92
Non-judge staff	86,71	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,07	3,30

Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

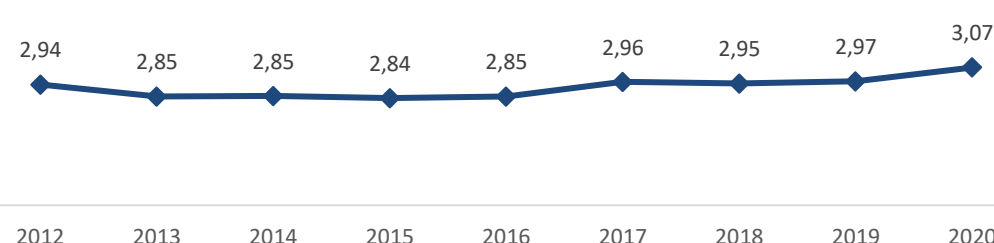
■ Professional judges
■ Non-judge staff
● Non-judge staff per judge



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	27,92	82,17	2,94
2013	28,42	80,99	2,85
2014	28,54	81,40	2,85
2015	28,62	81,17	2,84
2016	28,69	81,68	2,85
2017	28,63	84,83	2,96
2018	30,15	88,91	2,95
2019	29,46	87,40	2,97
2020	28,20	86,71	3,07

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

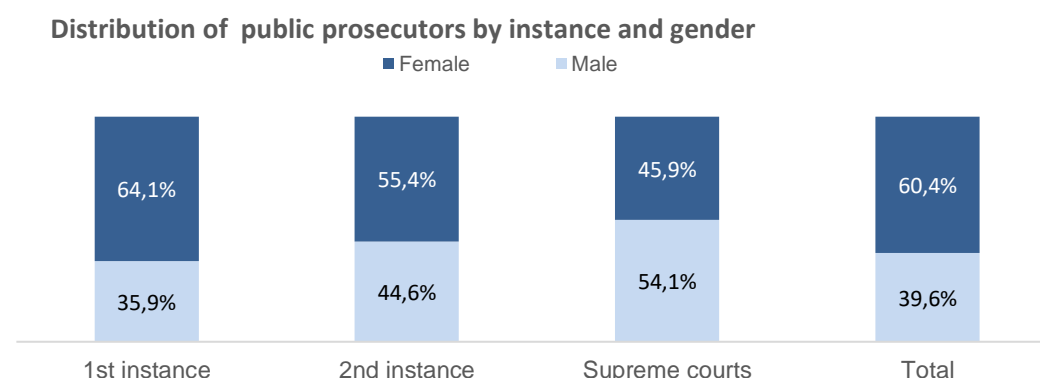
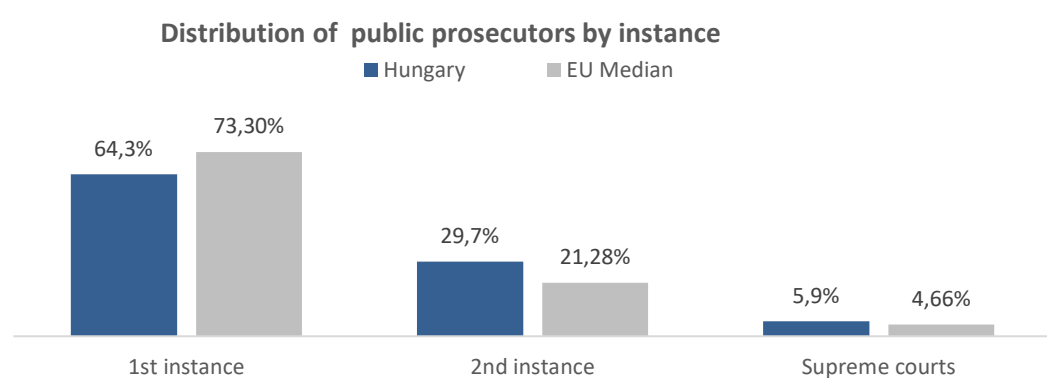


Between two cycles the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff increased slightly because the number of non-judge staff slightly increased while number of professional judges slightly decreased. But in total this ratio is very stable over years and it is slightly below EU median.

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	1 207	64,3%	433	774	35,9%	64,1%
2nd instance	558	29,7%	249	309	44,6%	55,4%
Supreme courts	111	5,9%	60	51	54,1%	45,9%
Total	1 876		742	1 134	39,6%	60,4%



The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 207 in first instance (of which 774 are female); 558 are in second instance (of which 309 are female) and 111 in final instance (of which 51 are female).

In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 1 134, which represents 60,4% of the total number of prosecutors.

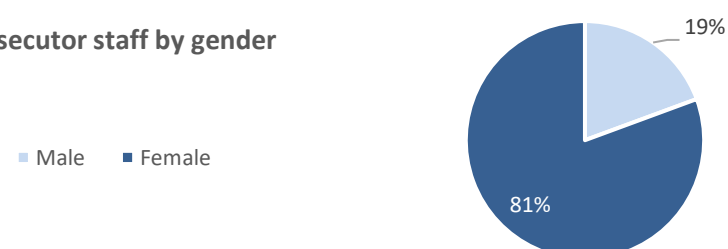
In respect of the number of prosecutors by instances Hungary has slightly less prosecutors dedicated on first instance of 64,3% than EU median of 73,96%.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that the number of female prosecutors in Hungary is slightly lower than the percentage of female judges but still significantly more than man prosecutors.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	2 425	470	1 955

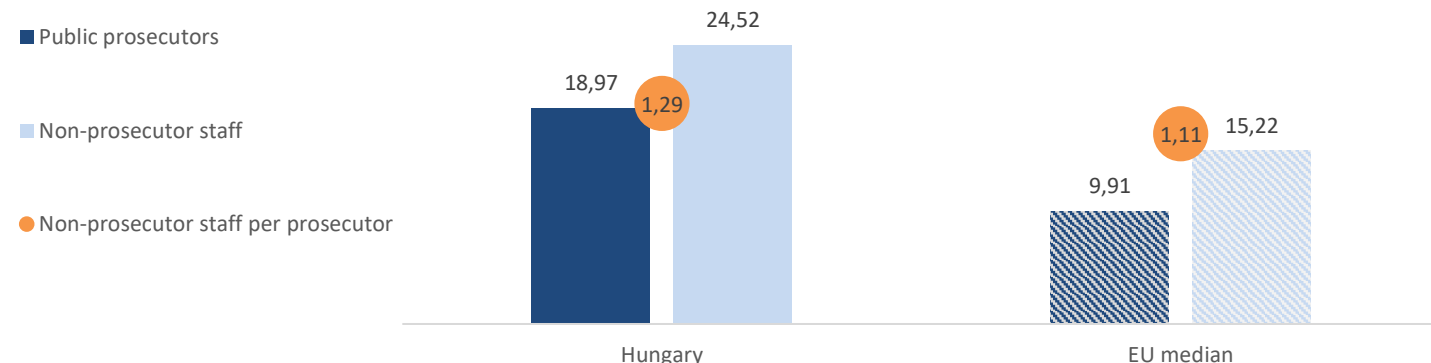
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Hungary	EU median
Public prosecutors	18,97	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	24,52	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,29	1,11

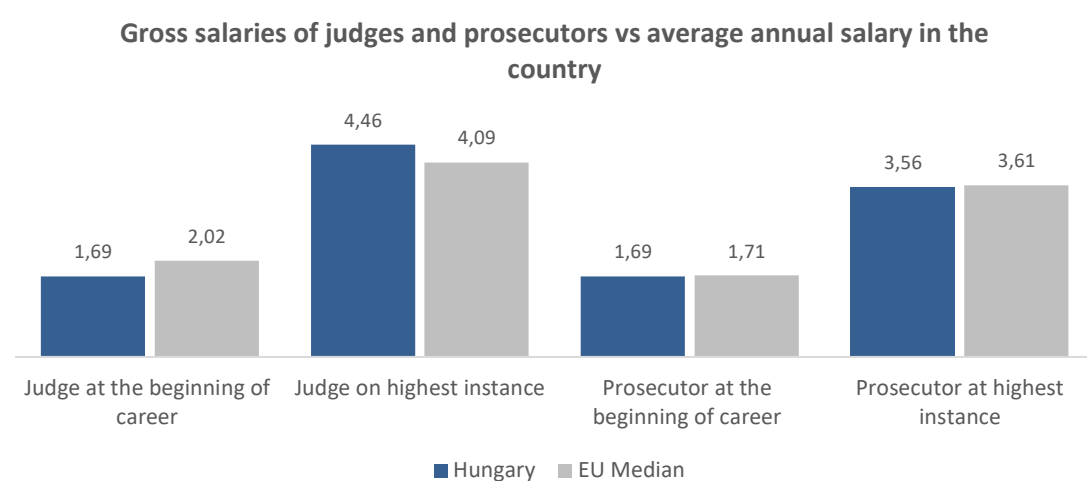
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



The number of prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff in Hungary is more than double above EU median. The ratio between the non-prosecutor staff and prosecutor is on the other side on the level of EU median.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	21 856 €	15 534 €	1,69
Judge of the highest court	57 542 €	38 266 €	4,46
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	21 856 €	14 534 €	1,69
Public prosecutor at highest instance	45 961 €	30 564 €	3,56

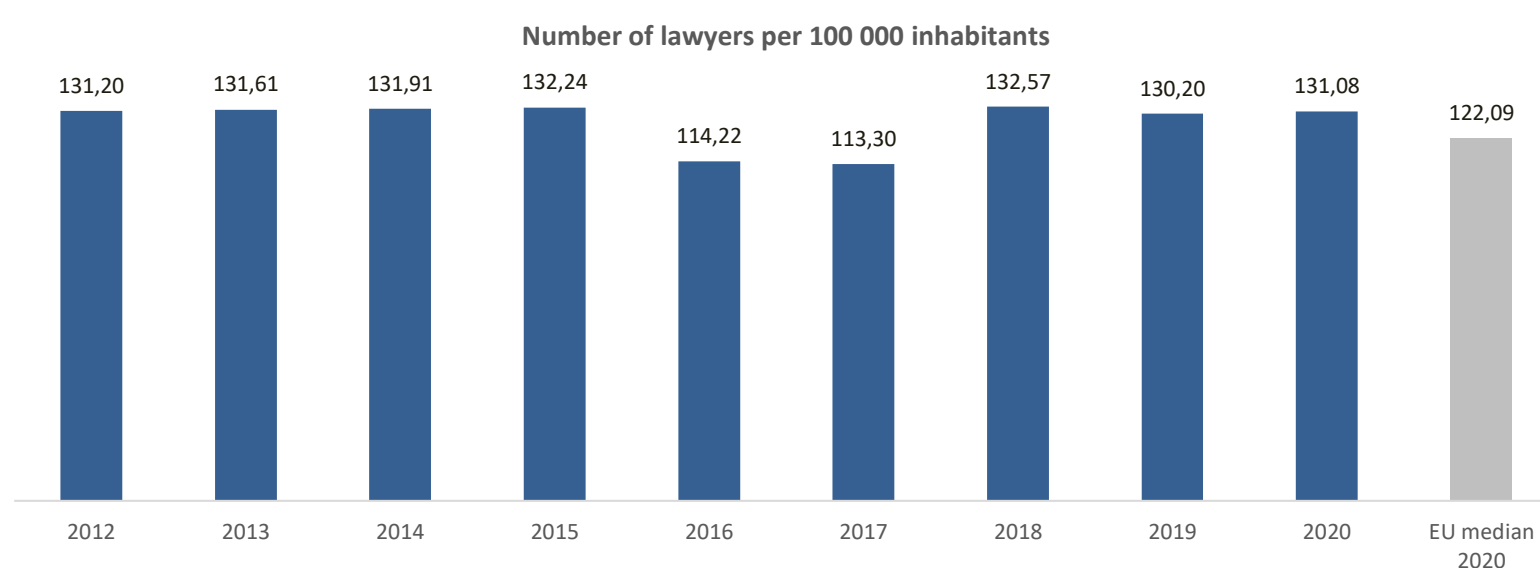


According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Hungary of 21 856€ is quite below when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 1,69 compared with EU median of : 2,02 which is below the EU median.

At its December 2019 session, the National Assembly passed a law increasing the salaries of judges by 32 percent and that of prosecutors by 21 percent. Nevertheless, Hungary is a country with smallest absolute gross salary for judge at the beginning of career within European Union.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	13 000	131,20
2013	13 000	131,61
2014	13 000	131,91
2015	13 000	132,24
2016	11 191	114,22
2017	11 191	113,30
2018	12 715	132,57
2019	12 719	130,20
2020	12 965	131,08



In 2020, there are 12 965 lawyers, which is 1,9% more than in 2019. Nevertheless this number is quite stable in Hungary.

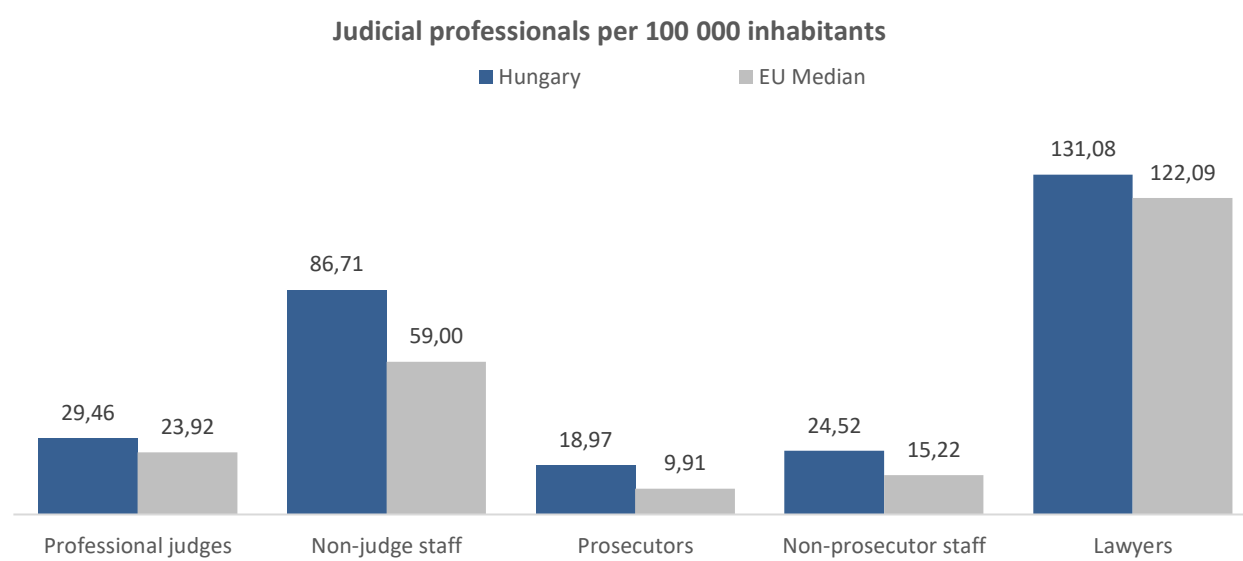
Hungary has 131,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is around the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

A latest act on the attorneys (Act LXXXVIII of 2017) entered into force on 1 January 2018. https://njt.hu/translated/doc/J2017T0078P_20180101_FIN.pdf

Judicial professionals (summary)

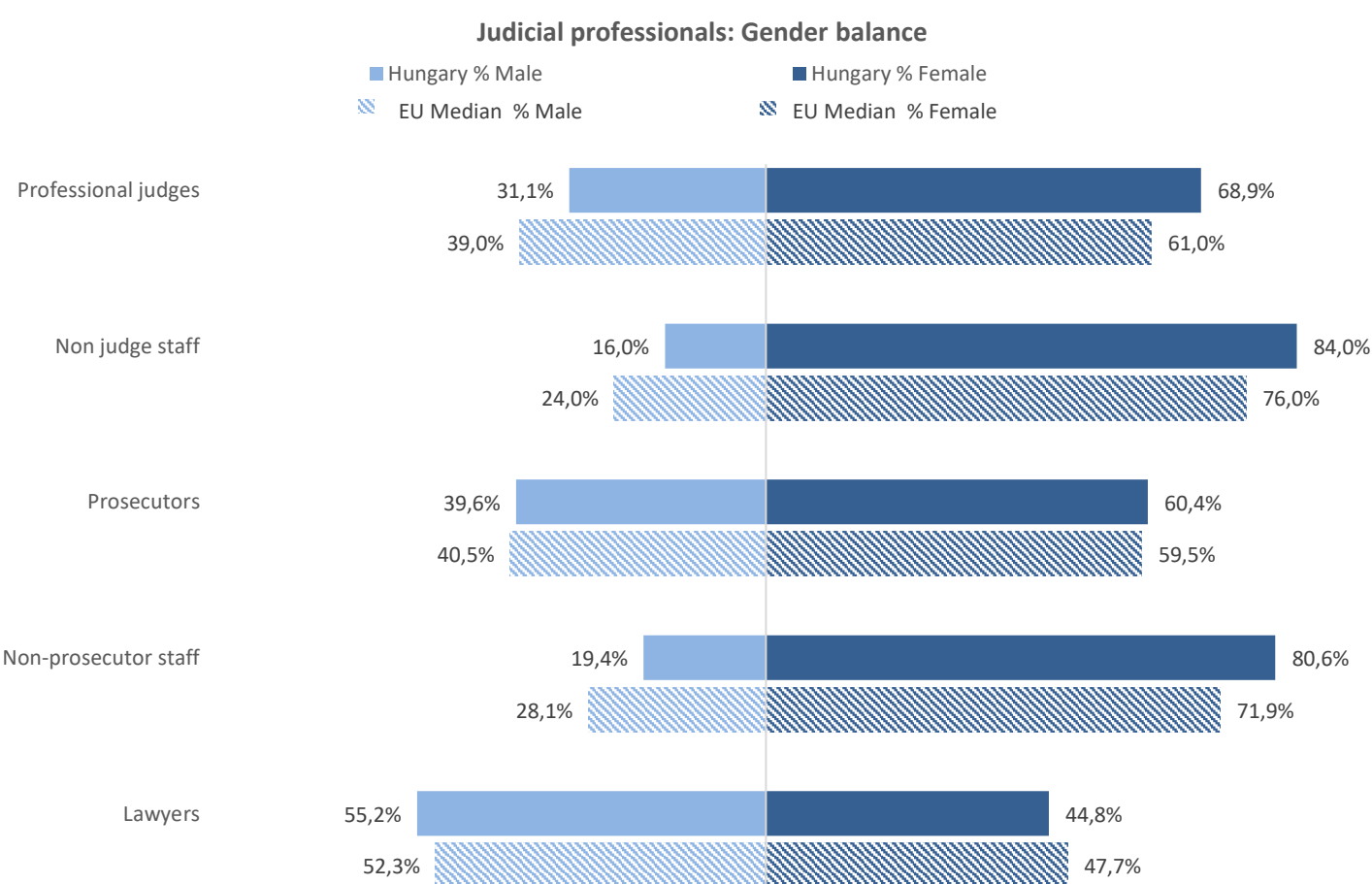
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 878	29,46	23,92
Non-judge staff	8 576	86,71	59,00
Prosecutors	1 876	18,97	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	2 425	24,52	15,22
Lawyers	12 965	131,08	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	31,1%	68,9%
Non judge staff	16,0%	84,0%
Prosecutors	39,6%	60,4%
Non-prosecutor staff	19,4%	80,6%
Lawyers	55,2%	44,8%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Hungary

In Hungary, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✔
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

In Hungary, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19)

According to the Legal Aid Act LXXX of 2003, the Legal Aid Service may grant legal aid in judicial and extrajudicial cases. The county justice services, as offices of first instance and in charge of receiving the applications for legal aid, do not merely assess the eligibility for aid but, in simple cases, provide legal assistance directly as well – without prior screening of the clients' financial capabilities. However, legal aid (legal advice, drafting a document) is primarily provided by legal aid providers (attorneys, notaries public, non-governmental organizations etc.) who are recorded into the Register of legal aid providers who have contractual relation with the Legal Aid Service. The latter provides professional legal assistance for socially disadvantaged people. The law defines the situations in which legal aid can be granted and those in which no legal aid may be provided.

If legal aid is authorized, it extends to all stages of the proceedings, including the enforcement phase. However, it concerns only the fee of the legal aid provider. Besides, legal representation cannot be granted in such cases, but only extrajudicial assistance (legal advice, drafting of documents).

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	5 748	2 006	3 742
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA

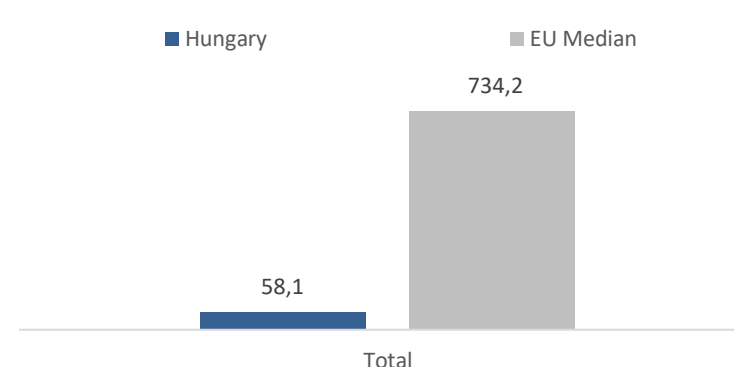
Ratio of the total number of cases for which legal aid has been granted



For Hungary the comparison between the number of criminal and other than criminal cases for which legal aid has been provided and comparison in the chart above right is between cases brought to court and cases not brought to court. Higher percentage of cases brought to court were assisted with legal aid in Hungary.

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Hungary	EU Median
Total	58,1	734,2
In criminal cases	NA	330,9
In other than criminal cases	NA	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



Compared with the EU median the number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants in Hungary is very low. Only 58 compared to 734 cases per 100 000 inhabitants.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NAP

4. Performance of courts in Hungary

• Efficiency indicators

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

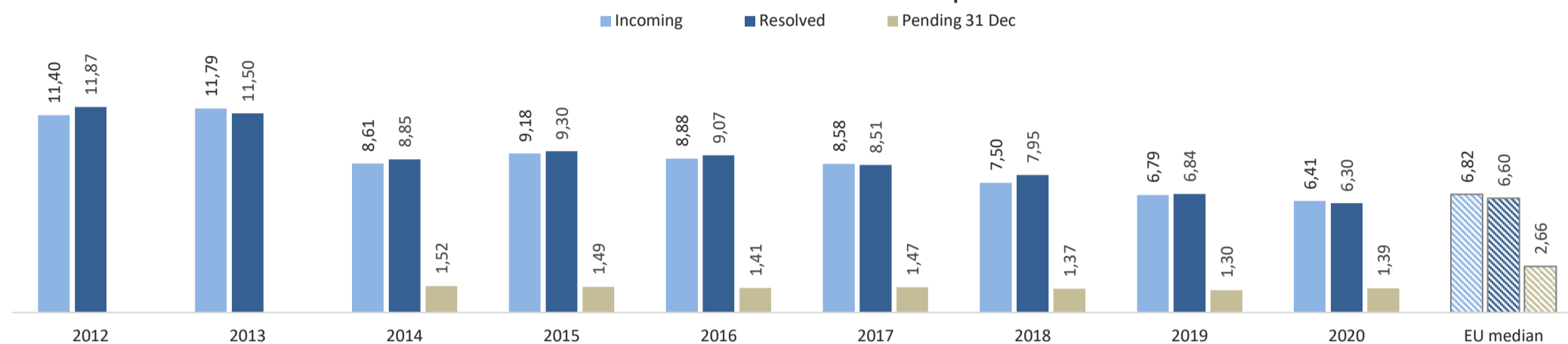
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Hungary (6,41 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

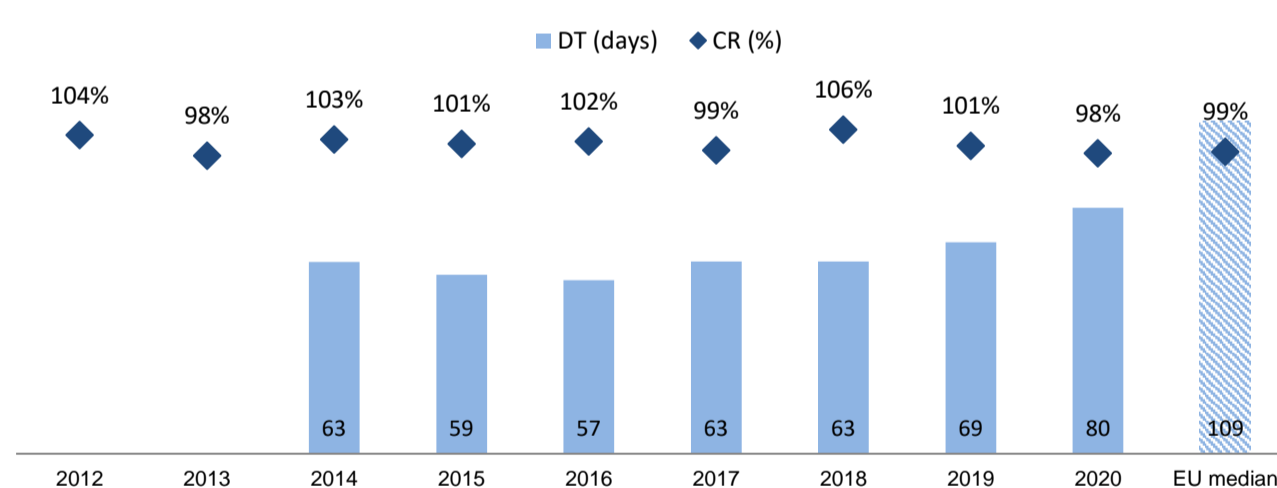
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Hungary (6,30 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Hungary (1,39 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	104%	NA
2013	98%	NA
2014	103%	63
2015	101%	59
2016	102%	57
2017	99%	63
2018	106%	63
2019	101%	69
2020	98%	80

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,3% in 2020 Hungary seems to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,4 points.

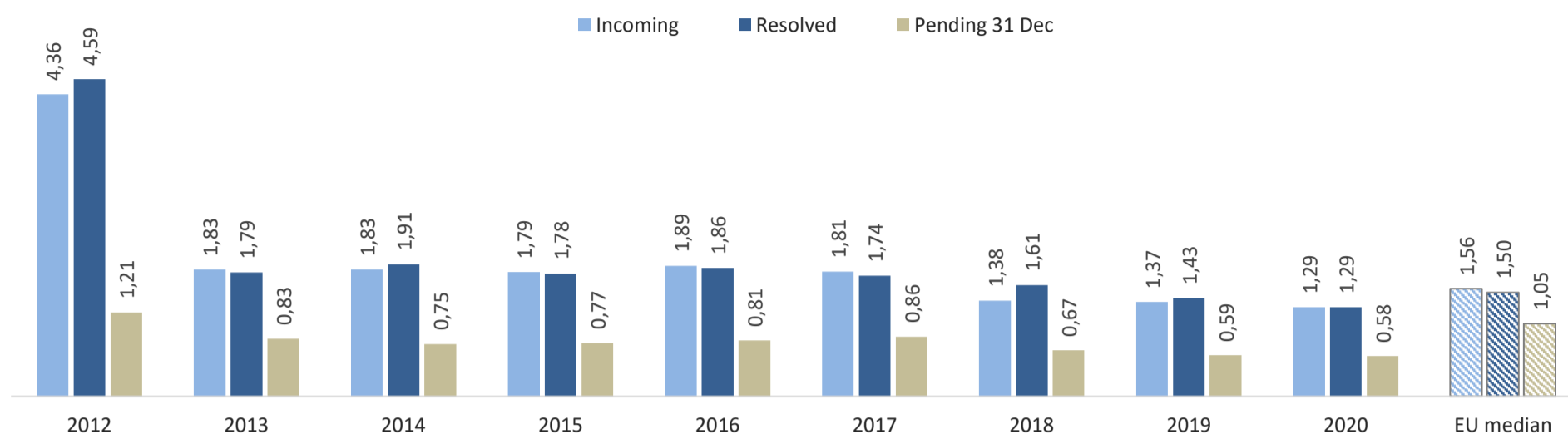
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 80 days, which is somewhat faster than EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 16,2% increase of the Disposition Time. The analysis per categories is more relevant here since this group of cases included in itself both litigious and non litigious cases.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Hungary (1,29 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Hungary (1,29 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

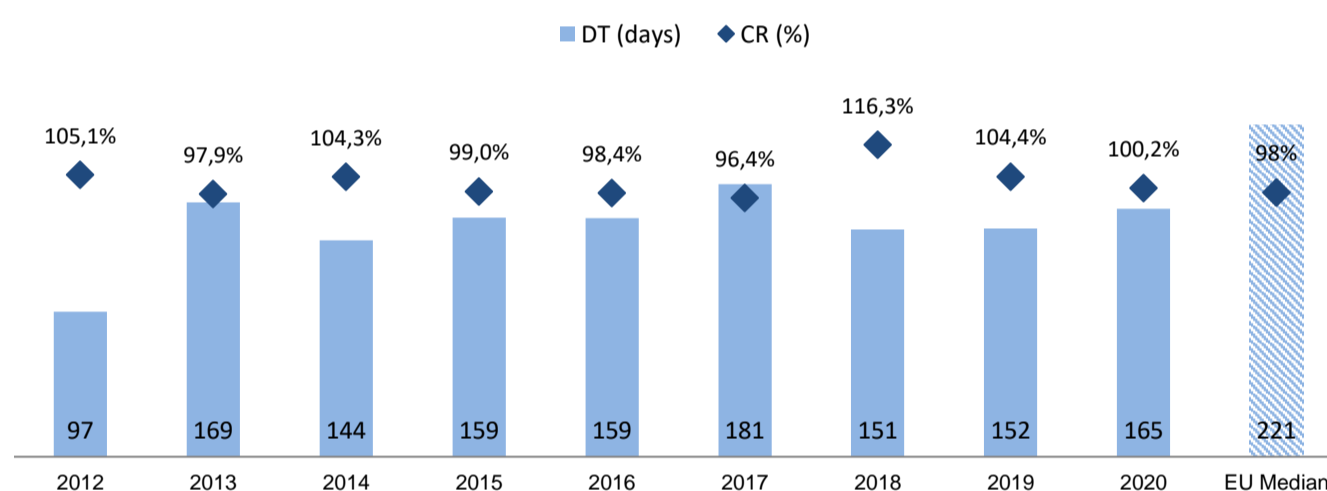
The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Hungary (0,58 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases decreased in 2020 from 1.37 per 100 inhabitants to 1.29 which is around 4%.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	105,1%	97
2013	97,9%	169
2014	104,3%	144
2015	99,0%	159
2016	98,4%	159
2017	96,4%	181
2018	116,3%	151
2019	104,4%	152
2020	100,2%	165

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,2% in 2020, Hungary seems that have dealt efficiently with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Nevertheless this is less efficient than in the previous year since between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -4,2 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 165 days, which is below EU median of 221 days.

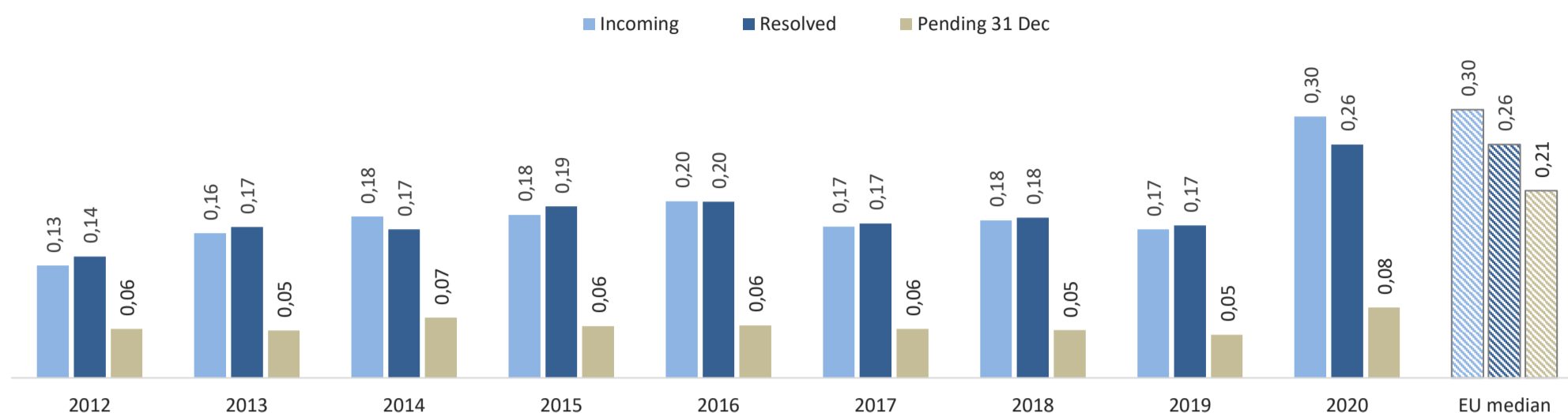
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 8,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Hungary (0,30 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Hungary (0,26 per 100 inhabitants) is below EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

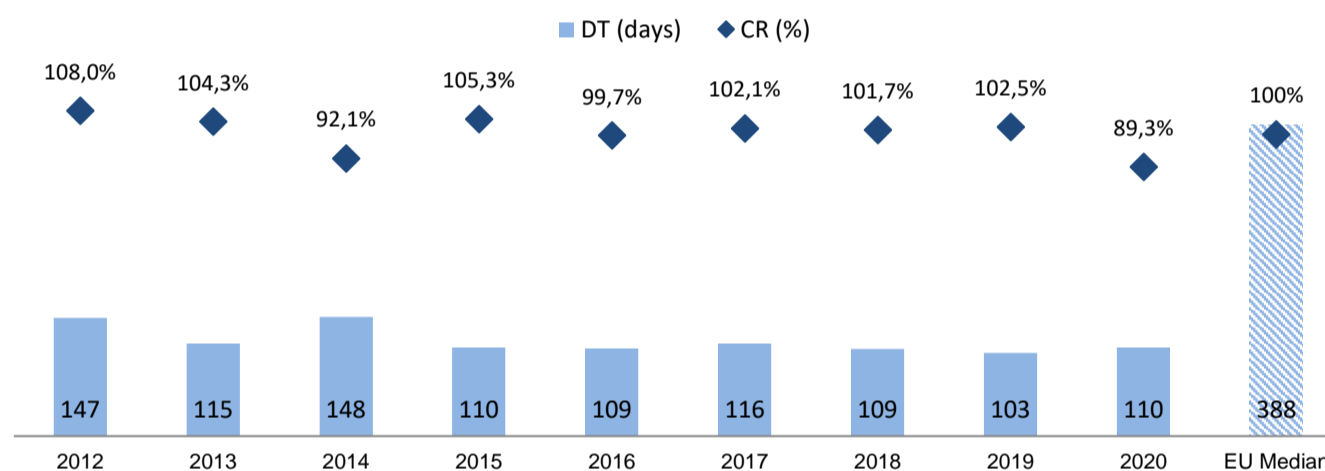
The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Hungary (0,08 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

Regarding administrative cases the re-organization of administrative jurisdiction caused change in the case-flow and the number of cases reported as administrative this year doubled.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	108,0%	147
2013	104,3%	115
2014	92,1%	148
2015	105,3%	110
2016	99,7%	109
2017	102,1%	116
2018	101,7%	109
2019	102,5%	103
2020	89,3%	110

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 89,3% in 2020, Hungary seems to experienced problem this year with its administrative cases. As mentioned before this is probably due to reasons of re-organisation of administrative jurisdiction when the number of incoming cases doubled and the courts were not able to absorb fully this increase.

Consequently, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -13,2 points compared with previous cycle.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 6,6% increase of the Disposition Time and in 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 110 days, which is still significantly below EU median of 388 days and does not seem to create an efficiency problem yet. The situation in the next cycle will reveal if the situation is stabilised.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

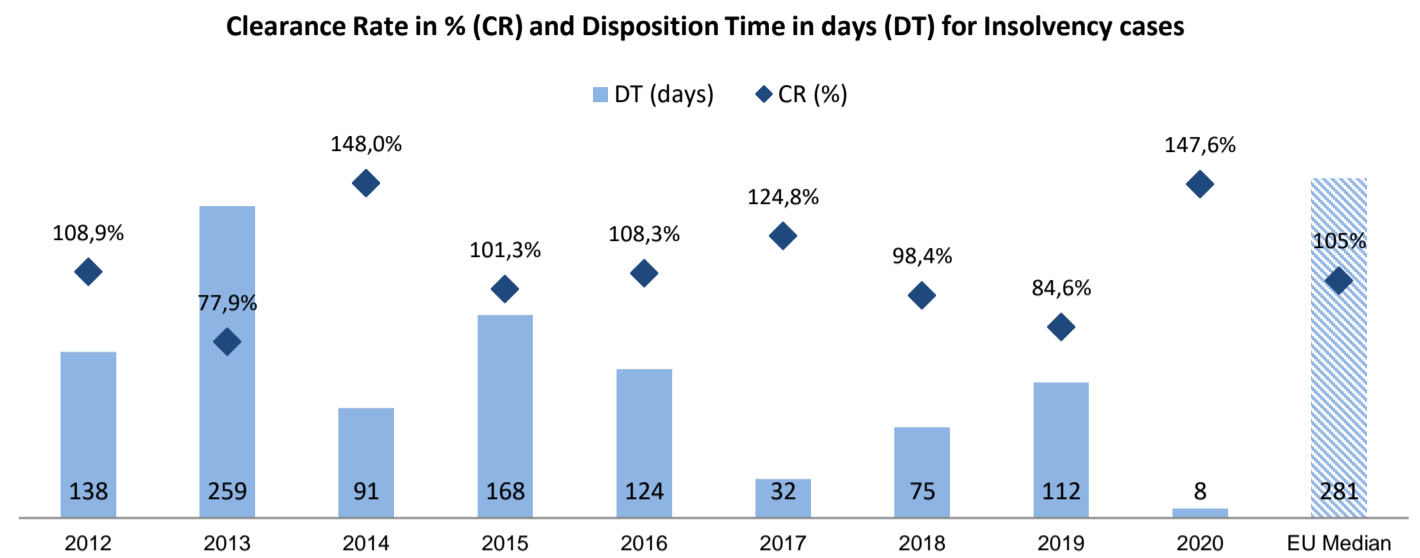
Based on the comments on this question the pandemic situation had a huge effect on the case flow of the courts on every level of the court system. However this is not visible in the data considering that the decrease in the number of incoming and resolved cases is not that big. Only administrative cases increase is significant but that is for re-organisational reasons.

As declared by Hungary, special regulations were adopted by the legislator to promote videoconferencing and the courts were "closed between the 16th of March and the 31th of March (during this period no procedural events could be performed at the courts). Although the courts carried out their main activities, many cases were prolonged e.g. because the parties were not able to attend the hearings.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	108,9%	138
2013	77,9%	259
2014	148,0%	91
2015	101,3%	168
2016	108,3%	124
2017	124,8%	32
2018	98,4%	75
2019	84,6%	112
2020	147,6%	8



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 147,6% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Hungary seems ... to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 63,1 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 8 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -93,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

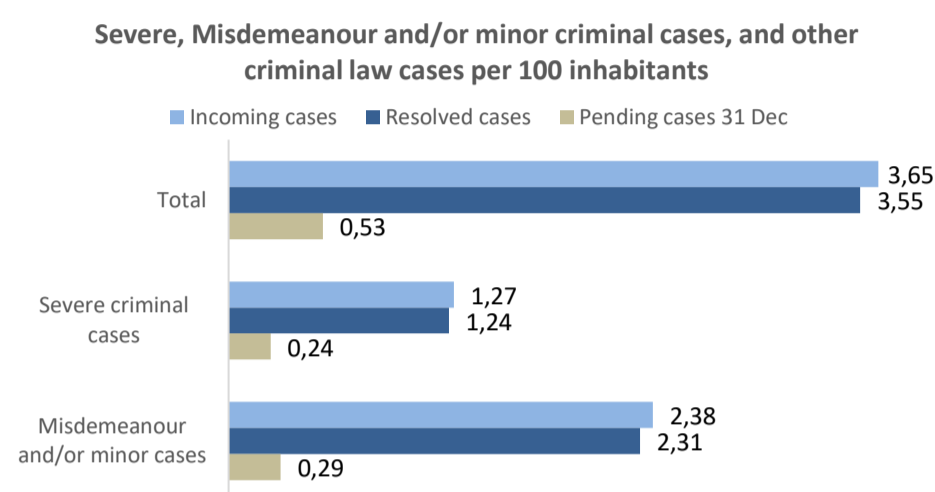
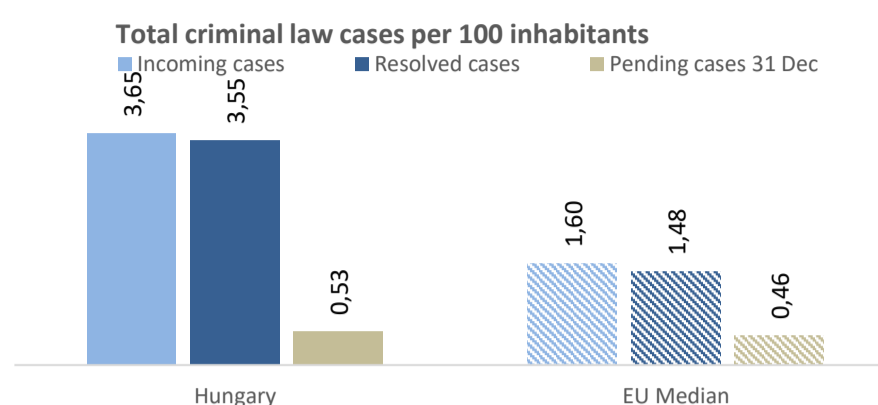
The situation with insolvency cases in Hungary shows a big drop in disposition time. This is mostly because of low absolute number of these cases. Only 63 new cases were filed and somewhat more were resolved and there are only 2 cases pending at the end of 2020. This is why these variations are in reality not very significant. The reason for this could be the re-organisation of administrative jurisdiction that might have released some resources.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	42 484	360 839	350 933	52 390
Severe criminal cases	20 753	125 130	122 476	23 407
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	21 731	235 709	228 457	28 983
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,43	3,65	3,55	0,53
Severe criminal cases	0,21	1,27	1,24	0,24
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,22	2,38	2,31	0,29
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



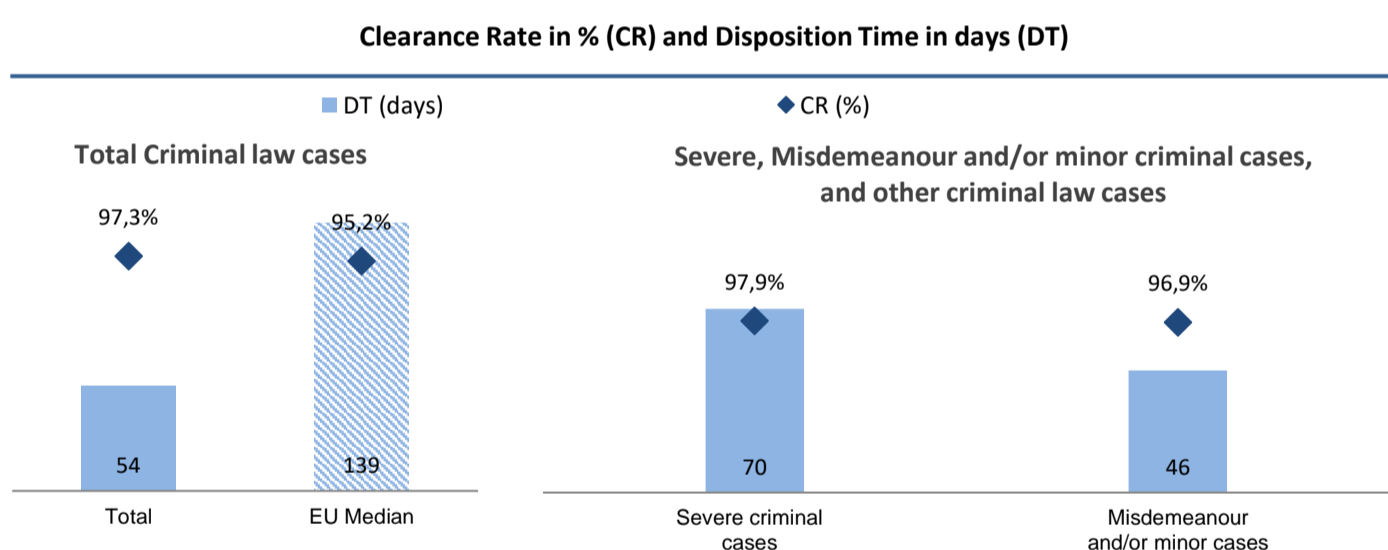
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Hungary (3,65 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Hungary (3,55 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Hungary (0,53 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	97,3%	54
Severe criminal cases	97,9%	70
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	96,9%	46
Other cases	NAP	NAP



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 97,3% in 2020 Hungary did not solve all incoming total criminal cases.

Anyway, still in 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 54 days, which is significantly below EU median of 139 days.

Criminal offences in Hungary are divided between severe or minor crimes. Severe crimes (bűntett) are committed intentionally and are punishable with at least two years of imprisonment. All other criminal offences are minor crimes (vétség). Crimes that are not committed intentionally are always considered as minor crimes, despite the possible punishment.

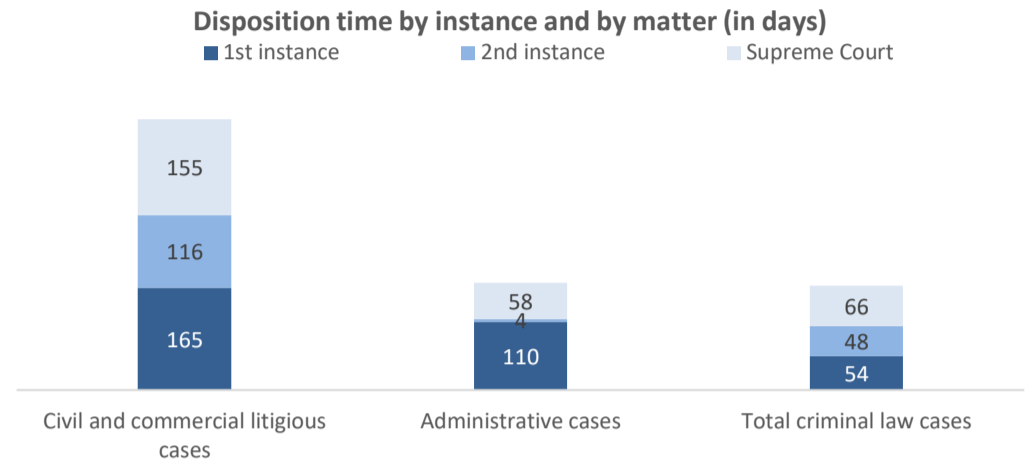
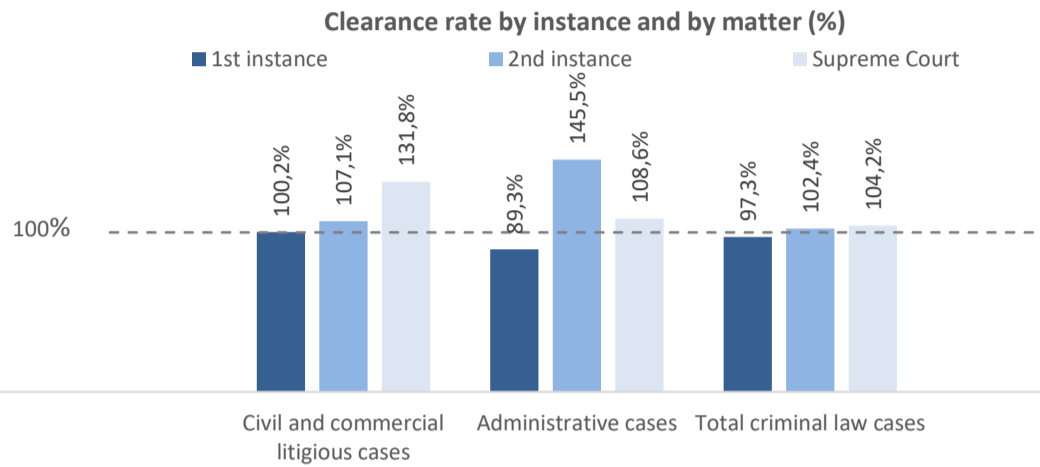
Misdemeanours (szabálysértés) are not considered as criminal offences, but are unlawful acts that are endangering the society. The authorities intervening in their respect are the police, the district office, or the National Tax and Customs Office. Their decisions can be reviewed by the relevant section of the respective district court upon request of the accused person. Generally, the court rules without oral hearings, based upon the available documents. However, it can set a hearing if it finds it necessary or if the person charged by a misdemeanor requests it. The judgment is a final and enforceable decision.

It is noteworthy that the Hungarian law identifies also the category of civil offences encompassing offences mainly against public administration. However some criminal offenses, such as property crimes involving objects of small value (under 50000 HUF), are classified in this category as well. Civil offences fall under the jurisdiction of various administrative agencies, local governments or traffic police, but not the courts.

Concerning the methodology of presentation of data, as according to the Hungarian Criminal Code not only severe crimes (bűntett), but also almost every minor crime (vétség) are punishable with imprisonment, both categories were included into the category "severe criminal cases". Thus misdemeanours (szabálysértés) were included into the category "minor criminal cases".

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	100,2%	107,1%	131,8%	165	116	155
Administrative cases	89,3%	145,5%	108,6%	110	4	58
Total criminal law cases	97,3%	102,4%	104,2%	54	48	66



In 2020 Hungarian courts are performing fastest for administrative cases which is opposite to the EU median where the administrative cases are the longest on each of the three instances. Looking by instance in Hungary first instance is longest as it is also EU tendency. On the other hand second instance is fastest for civil and commercial litigious and for administrative cases.

Disposition time for all categories of cases and for all instances in Hungary are well below EU median.

5. Public prosecution services in Hungary

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Hungary has the following 11 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The Prosecution Service conducts investigation of cases specified in the Code of Criminal Procedure; supervises investigative authorities; exercises other rights in connection with investigations; exercises the public authority of formal accusation; represents the prosecution in court proceedings and exercises the rights to redress; monitors compliance with the law governing penalties, ancillary penalties, measures, coercive procedural measures depriving and restricting personal freedom, follow-up care and the implementation of criminal records, records of administrative offences and searches and participates in proceedings instituted by judges responsible for enforcement; ensures the correct application of laws in court proceedings; promotes legal compliance by entities exercising public powers and handling out-of-court settlement; gives special attention to combating crimes committed by and against minors, to compliance with the special rules of procedure of administrative and criminal proceedings instituted against juveniles; participates in enforcing the rights of minors and launches proceedings to have the necessary child protection measures taken in the cases provided for by law; performs its duties relating to international treaties, particularly seeking and providing legal assistance; performs the duties relating to Hungary's participation in Eurojust; acts as defence in lawsuits filed against the Prosecution Service with reference to legal violations or for damages relating to its activities.

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil, administrative and insolvency cases.

In administrative matters, the Hungarian prosecution services can take court-actions against decisions of different administrative authorities. Such actions – irrespective of the procedural rules governing them (rules of civil proceedings or special administrative law rules) – are bound to court proceedings: prosecutors act as parties. Prosecution services did not report any special powers or authorities when prosecutors take part in civil court proceedings as petitioners. They have the same powers as other parties and can appeal against unlawful legal acts of administrative authorities.

The most important aims prosecutors may take legal actions for are (with some examples):

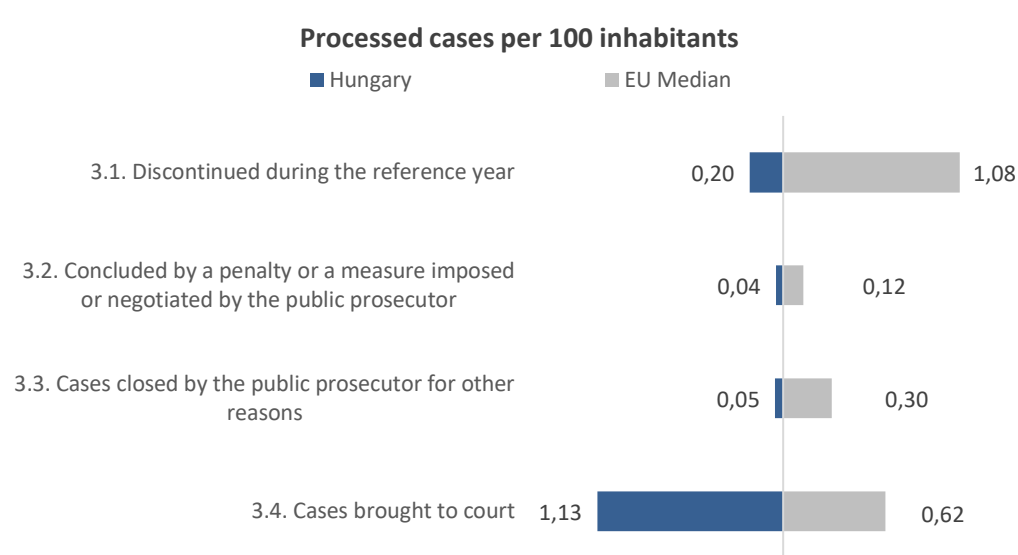
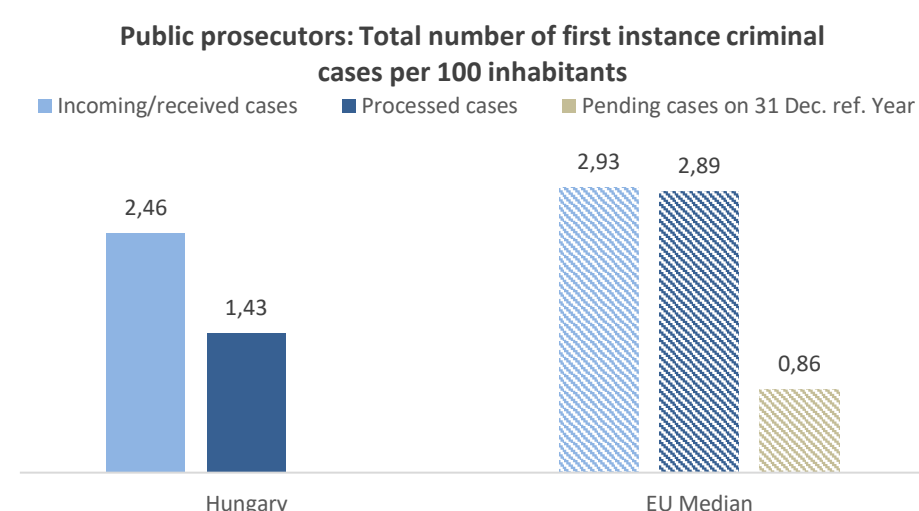
- nullity of marriage
- paternity denial or dissolution of adoption
- protection of children's rights - representation of state authorities in proceedings for compensation of damages caused by the judiciary
- dissolution of civil associations - declaration of violation of labor or social law regulations
- nature management.

Special competencies were given to Hungarian prosecution services against administrative decisions as (with some examples):

- providing legal opinions on draft proposals of legislation
- monitoring and observing the application of legislation, warning, protest or contestation (with or without) power of suspension of execution against a decision of a certain administrative authority.

Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA
2. Incoming/received cases	243 700	2,46
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	141 432	1,43
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	20 129	0,20
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	3 052	0,03
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	8 048	0,08
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	3 126	0,03
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	5 903	0,06
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	4 354	0,04
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	4 808	0,05
3.4. Cases brought to court	112 141	1,13
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA



In Hungary the comparison between incoming or received cases in 2020 and those processed is in high favour of the incoming cases. EU median is more balanced where similar number of incoming and processed cases is observed as shown in the first prosecution chart above right. Most of the cases of those processed are brought to court, almost 80%, 14% are discontinued and the rest of 6% is closed by penalty or another reason.

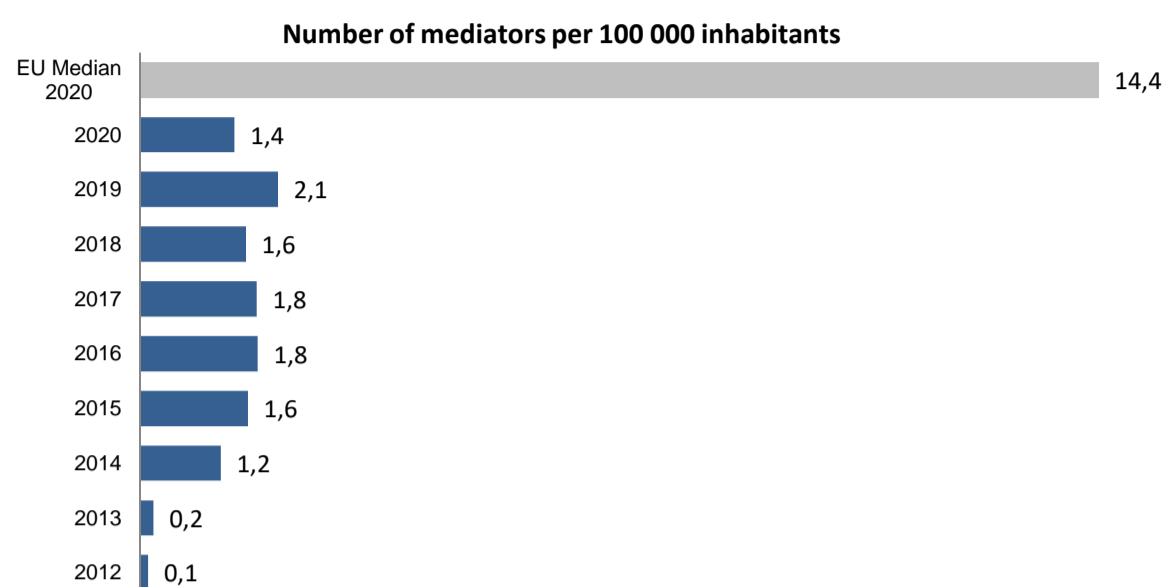
In Hungary the category 3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons are in case the Special Part of the Penal Code regulates the conduct of the accused after the commencement of the proceedings as a ground for termination of criminal liability.

On the other side the 3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons are if at the stage of preparation of the prosecution, Section 221 / A (7) of the Criminal Procedure Act provides that if the mediation proceedings are successful and the application of Section 29 (1) of the Criminal Code is appropriate, the prosecutor shall terminate the proceedings.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Hungary

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	12	0,1
2013	20	0,2
2014	120	1,2
2015	160	1,6
2016	174	1,8
2017	174	1,8
2018	153	1,6
2019	203	2,1
2020	141	1,4



In 2020, there are 141 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 1,4 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000

The number of mediators is quite low compared with the EU median of 14.4 per 100 000 inhabitants.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total of all cases	899	873	248
Civil and commercial	141	123	16
Family cases	725	718	223
Administrative	4	3	1
Employment dismissal	29	29	8
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

Consumer cases are included in category 1 "civil and commercial cases".

7. ICT tools of courts in Hungary

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	8,9	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	3,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	6,7	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	2,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	3,3	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	10,0	6,9

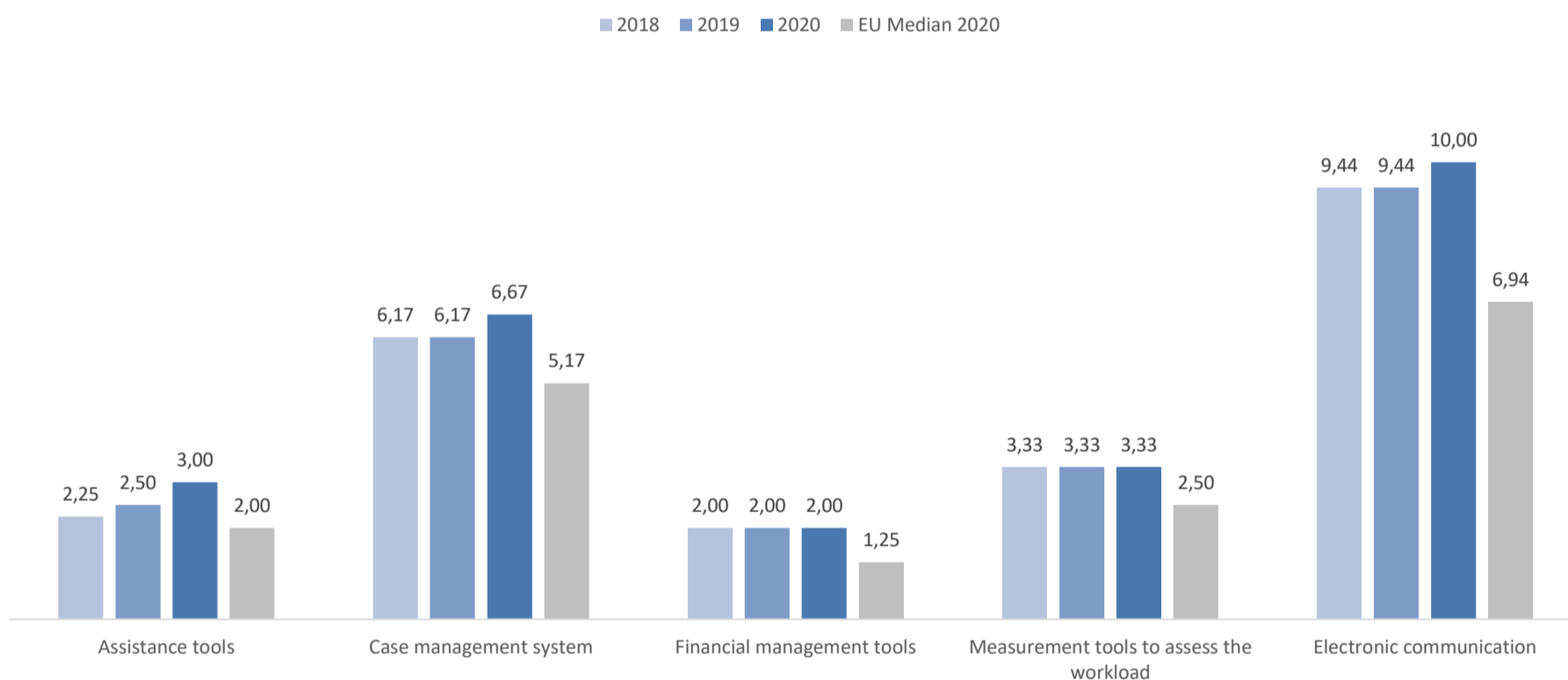
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Since 2018 evolution is observed for Assistance tools, Case management system and for Electronic communication while the other two categories are stable. All categories for Hungary are quite above EU median for 2020.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Hungary

In Hungary, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Second instance courts have to prepare a note on the decision and the trial procedure of the first instance court, based on professional criteria in every case. In this note, the court of appeal has to examine: the application of substantive, procedural and administrative regulations; the preparation of the hearings; the quality of the judges trial leading practice; if the coercive measures were well founded; if the hearings were set timely; if the ruling was transcribed in time; if the decision was edited correctly. The conclusions are summarized and judges of first instance courts are informed about them at least once a year.

Furthermore, the departments of the Supreme Court (Kúria) responsible for examining the judicial practice evaluates the practice of the courts and regularly inform judges about their experience.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

In category other among others there are:

- individual judge's statistics, - statistics on the reasons of the postpone of the trials,
- number of trial days in cases, - number of tried cases per day,
- pending cases of an individual judge / court,
- the time frame of pending cases
- number of appealed cases,
- the subject of incoming / finished / pending cases,
- the ratio of litigious and non-litigious cases,
- cases that are pending over 2 or 5 years have a separated statistical report every month
- cases in which there were no actions taken in the last 30 days by the court have a separated statistical report every month

In Hungary, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

The statistics of the court system are composed quarterly, semi-annually and annually. It is published on the central internet website of the courts in every half year.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

Measuring the satisfaction of court users has been introduced in 2014.

Similarly as for the regular monitoring system, the other include:

- individual judge's statistics;
- statistics on the reasons of the postpone of the trials;
- number of trial days in cases;
- number of cases heard per day;
- pending cases of an individual judge / court;
- the time frame of pending cases;
- number of appealed cases;
- the subject of incoming / finished / pending cases;
- the ratio of litigious and non-litigious cases; cases that are pending over 2 or 5 years have a separated statistical report every month;
- cases in which there were no actions taken in the last 30 days by the court have a separated statistical report every month;

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

The statistical output of a court (mainly the number of incoming and pending cases) is taken into consideration during the distribution of human resources.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Hungary, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and consequently no indicators exist. See below table.

Performance and quality indicators are not defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

None of the following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																				
Q1 Number of inhabitants	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	9 890 640		-0,2%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,3%	-0,3%	0,8%	-2,9%	1,9%	1,2%	
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	9 800	9 900	10 500	10 900	11 200	11 800	12 500	13 180	13 940		42,2%	1,0%	6,1%	3,8%	2,8%	5,4%	5,9%	5,4%	5,8%	
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	293	297	315	316	309	309	322	330	361		23,2%	1,3%	6,1%	0,2%	-2,0%	0,0%	4,1%	2,4%	9,4%	

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True
078.1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True
078.1.14 Other							True	True	True
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									False

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases																				
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)																				
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases																				
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases																				
078-1.1.5 Backlogs																				
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff																				
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff																				
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)																				
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures																				
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate																				
078-1.1.11 Disposition time																				
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals																				
078-1.1.13 Other																				
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources								True	True	True										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)								True	True	True										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency								True	True	True										
073-2.1.4 Other								False	False	False										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance																				False

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
073-4.1.1 Annual																				
073-4.1.2 Less frequent																				
073-4.1.3 More frequent																				
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services																				False
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance																				
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)																				
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency																				
073-6.1.4 Other																				
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.4 number of pending cases								True	True	True										
070.1.5 backlogs								True	True	True										
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff								True	True	True										
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff								False	False	False										
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								True	True	True										
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures								False	False	False										
070.1.10 number of appeals								True	True	True										
070.1.11 appeal ratio								True	True	True										
070.1.12 clearance rate								True	True	True										

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									True										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False										

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	131	131	111	111	111	112	113	113	113	-13,7%	0,0%	-15,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,9%	0,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NA	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	NAP	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	157	157	157	157	157	158	159	159	139	-11,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,6%	0,6%	0,0%	-12,6%

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	162 126	150 305	148 425	138 168	174 020	131 158	126 602	-	-	-	-7,3%	-1,3%	-6,9%	25,9%	-24,6%	-3,5%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	142 113	78 381	82 107	74 290	76 124	79 099	85 430	63 848	57 987	-59,2%	-44,8%	4,8%	-9,5%	2,5%	3,9%	8,0%	-25,3%	-9,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28 503	26 626	31 335	25 806	58 332	43 355	48 405	-	-	-	-6,6%	17,7%	-17,6%	126,0%	-25,7%	11,6%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	51 785	27 684	27 373	25 154	30 442	25 130	20 389	17 886	17 714	-65,8%	-46,5%	-1,1%	-8,1%	21,0%	-17,4%	-18,9%	-12,3%	-1,0%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	962	1 076	893	704	37 436	25 208	30 336	-	-	-	11,9%	-17,0%	-21,2%	5217,6%	-32,7%	20,3%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	35 986	23 606	28 523	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-34,4%	20,8%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	962	1 076	893	704	1 450	1 602	1 813	-	-	-	11,9%	-17,0%	-21,2%	106,0%	10,5%	13,2%
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	168	396	391	492	507	261	355	-	-	-	135,7%	-1,3%	25,8%	3,0%	-48,5%	36,0%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	6 483	6 019	5 320	6 734	5 776	5 827	5 467	5 180	4 768	-26,5%	-7,2%	-11,6%	26,6%	-14,2%	0,9%	-6,2%	-5,2%	-8,0%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	56 882	57 094	46 196	42 655	35 190	27 436	24 791	18 775	15 442	-72,9%	0,4%	-19,1%	-7,7%	-17,5%	-22,0%	-9,6%	-24,3%	-17,8%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 129 126	1 164 682	848 998	902 411	870 257	847 148	719 282	663 594	634 257	-43,8%	3,1%	-27,1%	6,3%	-3,6%	-2,7%	-15,1%	-7,7%	-4,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	432 443	180 813	180 382	176 407	184 824	178 330	132 557	133 406	127 410	-70,5%	-58,2%	-0,2%	-2,2%	4,8%	-3,5%	-25,7%	0,6%	-4,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	613 158	678 103	637 091	623 259	550 507	497 329	458 787	-	-	-	10,6%	-6,0%	-2,2%	-11,7%	-9,7%	-7,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	246 856	201 578	180 459	212 034	191 575	201 591	203 997	178 014	165 017	-33,2%	-18,3%	-10,5%	17,5%	-9,6%	5,2%	1,2%	-12,7%	-7,3%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	430 096	463 007	441 767	418 418	344 358	317 207	291 916	-	-	-	7,7%	-4,6%	-5,3%	-17,7%	-7,9%	-8,0%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	385 241	726 545	427 114	459 210	437 387	414 067	339 852	311 808	286 917	-25,5%	88,6%	-41,2%	7,5%	-4,8%	-5,3%	-17,9%	-8,3%	-8,0%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	2 982	3 797	4 380	4 351	4 506	5 399	4 999	-	-	-	27,3%	15,4%	-0,7%	3,6%	19,8%	-7,4%
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 603	3 062	3 749	3 250	2 152	2 108	1 854	-	-	-	17,6%	22,4%	-13,3%	-33,8%	-2,0%	-12,0%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	12 595	16 189	18 008	18 149	19 590	16 908	17 120	16 432	29 254	132,3%	28,5%	11,2%	0,8%	7,9%	-13,7%	1,3%	-4,0%	78,0%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	51 991	39 557	37 450	29 752	28 752	28 651	19 098	16 427	18 806	-63,8%	-23,9%	-5,3%	-20,6%	-3,4%	-0,4%	-33,3%	-14,0%	14,5%

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 176 429	1 135 973	872 260	914 672	888 592	840 592	762 142	668 015	623 392	-47,0%	-3,4%	-23,2%	4,9%	-2,9%	-5,4%	-9,3%	-12,4%	-6,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	454 369	177 087	188 199	174 573	181 849	171 999	154 139	139 267	127 656	-71,9%	-61,0%	6,3%	-7,2%	4,2%	-5,4%	-10,4%	-9,6%	-8,3%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	626 526	681 609	650 977	620 029	565 484	492 145	448 443	-	-	-	8,8%	-4,5%	-4,8%	-8,8%	-13,0%	-8,9%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	262 314	200 004	182 894	206 746	196 915	206 332	206 500	178 186	163 630	-37,6%	-23,8%	-8,6%	13,0%	-4,8%	4,8%	0,1%	-13,7%	-8,2%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	441 257	471 796	450 414	410 463	356 586	311 945	282 953	-	-	-	6,9%	-4,5%	-8,9%	-13,1%	-12,5%	-9,3%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	394 348	691 613	438 389	467 816	445 845	406 858	352 232	306 757	277 984	-29,5%	75,4%	-36,6%	6,7%	-4,7%	-8,7%	-13,4%	-12,9%	-9,4%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	2 868	3 980	4 569	3 605	4 354	5 188	4 969	-	-	-	38,8%	14,8%	-21,1%	20,8%	19,2%	-4,2%
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 375	3 067	3 648	3 235	2 398	2 014	1 860	-	-	-	29,1%	18,9%	-11,3%	-25,9%	-16,0%	-7,6%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	13 599	16 888	16 594	19 107	19 539	17 268	17 407	16 844	26 133	92,2%	24,2%	-1,7%	15,1%	2,3%	-11,6%	0,8%	-3,2%	55,1%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	51 799	50 381	40 941	39 383	36 227	31 296	25 112	19 759	21 160	-59,1%	-2,7%	-18,7%	-3,8%	-8,0%	-13,6%	-19,8%	-21,3%	7,1%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	150 089	146 650	138 177	144 724	131 158	126 736	137 467	-	-	-	-2,3%	-5,8%	4,7%	-9,4%	-3,4%	8,5%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	120 187	82 107	74 290	76 124	79 099	85 430	63 848	57 987	57 741	-52,0%	-31,7%	-9,5%	2,5%	3,9%	8,0%	-25,3%	-9,2%	-0,4%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	26 410	31 726	25 806	29 036	43 355	48 539	58 749	-	-	-	20,1%	-18,7%	12,5%	49,3%	12,0%	21,0%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	36 327	29 258	24 938	30 442	25 102	20 389	17 886	17 714	19 101	-47,4%	-19,5%	-14,8%	22,1%	-17,5%	-18,8%	-12,3%	-1,0%	7,8%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 076	893	704	8 659	25 208	30 470	39 299	-	-	-	-17,0%	-21,2%	1130,0%	191,1%	20,9%	29,0%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	23 606	28 657	37 456	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,4%	30,7%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	1 076	893	704	1 450	1 602	1 813	1 843	-	-	-	-17,0%	-21,2%	106,0%	10,5%	13,2%	1,7%
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	396	391	492	507	261	355	349	-	-	-	-1,3%	25,8%	3,0%	-48,5%	36,0%	-1,7%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	5 479	5 320	6 734	5 776	5 827	5 467	5 180	4 768	7 889	44,0%	-2,9%	26,6%	-14,2%	0,9%	-6,2%	-5,2%	-8,0%	65,5%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	57 074	46 270	42 655	33 024	27 445	24 791	18 775	15 442	13 088	-77,1%	-18,9%	-7,8%	-22,6%	-16,9%	-9,7%	-24,3%	-17,8%	-15,2%

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	104,2%	97,5%	102,7%	101,4%	102,1%	99,2%	106,0%	100,7%	98,3%	(5,67)	(6,39)	5,34	(1,34)	0,74	(2,82)	6,79	(4,99)	(2,36)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	105,1%	97,9%	104,3%	99,0%	98,4%	96,4%	116,3%	104,4%	100,2%	(4,64)	(6,79)	6,53	(5,15)	(0,58)	(1,97)	20,56	(10,22)	(4,02)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,2%	100,5%	102,2%	99,5%	102,7%	99,0%	97,7%	-	-	-	(1,63)	1,65	(2,64)	3,26	(3,66)	(1,23)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	106,3%	99,2%	101,3%	97,5%	102,8%	102,4%	101,2%	100,1%	99,2%	(6,68)	(6,63)	2,15	(3,79)	5,42	(0,42)	(1,10)	(1,12)	(0,94)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	102,6%	101,9%	102,0%	98,1%	103,6%	98,3%	96,9%	-	-	-	(0,68)	0,06	(3,78)	5,56	(5,03)	(1,44)
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	102,4%	95,2%	102,6%	101,9%	101,9%	98,3%	103,6%	98,4%	96,9%	(5,35)	(7,01)	7,82	(0,75)	0,06	(3,61)	5,48	(5,08)	(1,52)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	96,2%	104,8%	104,3%	82,9%	96,6%	96,1%	99,4%	-	-	-	8,99	(0,48)	(20,57)	16,62	(0,55)	3,44
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	91,2%	100,2%	97,3%	99,5%	111,4%	95,5%	100,3%	-	-	-	9,78	(2,85)	2,29	11,95	(14,26)	5,01
CR Administrative law cases	108,0%	104,3%	92,1%	105,3%	99,7%	102,1%	101,7%	102,5%	89,3%	(17,26)	(3,38)	(11,67)	14,25	(5,26)	2,40	(0,44)	0,82	(12,85)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,6%	127,4%	109,3%	132,4%	126,0%	109,2%	131,5%	120,3%	112,5%	12,93	27,84	(14,17)	21,08	(4,81)	(13,31)	20,38	(8,52)	(6,46)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	63	59	57	63	63	69	80	-	-	-	-6,8%	-3,0%	10,7%	0,0%	10,2%	16,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97	169	144	159	159	181	151	152	165	71,0%	75,3%	-14,9%	10,5%	-0,2%	14,2%	-16,6%	0,5%	8,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	15	17	14	17	28	36	48	-	-	-	10,4%	-14,8%	18,1%	63,7%	28,6%	32,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	51	53	50	54	47	36	32	36	43	-15,7%	5,6%	-6,8%	8,0%	-13,4%	-22,5%	-12,3%	14,8%	17,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1	1	1	8	26	36	51	-	-	-	-22,4%	-17,4%	1249,7%	235,1%	38,2%	42,2%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	24	34	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,4%	44,2%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	137	82	56	147	134	128	135	-	-	-	-40,2%	-31,3%	161,0%	-8,5%	-5,0%	6,1%
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	61	47	49	57	40	64	68	-	-	-	-23,5%	5,8%	16,2%	-30,6%	61,9%	6,4%
DT Administrative law cases	147	115	148	110	109	116	109	103	110	-25,1%	-21,8%	28,8%	-25,5%	-1,3%	6,2%	-6,0%	-4,9%	6,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	402	335	380	306	277	289	273	285	226	-43,9%	-16,6%	13,4%	-19,5%	-9,7%	4,6%	-5,6%	4,5%	-20,9%

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	16 416	13 134	12 878	NA	10 682	11 371	13 123	11 425	10 579	-35,6%	-20,0%	-1,9%	-	-	6,5%	15,4%	-12,9%	-7,4%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	3 389	3 144	2 492	2 198	1 762	1 332	1 306	909	842	-75,2%	-7,2%	-20,7%	-11,8%	-19,8%	-24,4%	-2,0%	-30,4%	-7,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	62	51	85	37	54	39	12	13	32	-48,4%	-17,7%	66,7%	-56,5%	45,9%	-27,8%	-69,2%	8,3%	146,2%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	27 394	28 392	28 512	27 446	27 677	28 326	24 452	26 735	25 579	-6,6%	3,6%	0,4%	-3,7%	0,8%	2,3%	-13,7%	9,3%	-4,3%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	5 119	4 170	3 872	3 231	2 452	2 258	1 552	1 630	2 896	-43,4%	-18,5%	-7,1%	-16,6%	-24,1%	-7,9%	-31,3%	5,0%	77,7%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	124	154	100	77	120	109	64	123	63	-49,2%	24,2%	-35,1%	-23,0%	55,8%	-9,2%	-41,3%	92,2%	-48,8%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	30 676	28 648	28 641	16 764	26 988	26 574	26 150	27 581	25 663	-16,3%	-6,6%	0,0%	-41,5%	61,0%	-1,5%	-1,6%	5,5%	-7,0%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	5 364	4 822	4 166	3 667	2 882	2 265	1 949	1 697	2 793	-47,9%	-10,1%	-13,6%	-12,0%	-21,4%	-21,4%	-14,0%	-12,9%	64,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	135	120	148	78	130	136	63	104	93	-31,1%	-11,1%	23,3%	-47,3%	66,7%	4,6%	-53,7%	65,1%	-10,6%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	13 134	12 878	12 749	10 682	11 371	13 123	11 425	10 579	10 495	-20,1%	-1,9%	-1,0%	-16,2%	6,5%	15,4%	-12,9%	-7,4%	-0,8%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	3 144	2 492	2 198	1 762	1 332	1 325	909	842	949	-69,8%	-20,7%	-11,8%	-19,8%	-24,4%	-0,5%	-31,4%	-7,4%	12,7%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	51	85	37	36	44	12	13	32	2	-96,1%	66,7%	-56,5%	-2,7%	22,2%	-72,7%	8,3%	146,2%	-93,8%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	112,0%	100,9%	100,5%	61,1%	97,5%	93,8%	106,9%	103,2%	100,3%	(10,41)	(9,89)	(0,45)	(39,20)	59,64	(3,79)	13,99	(3,53)	(2,75)
CR Employment dismissal cases	104,8%	115,6%	107,6%	113,5%	117,5%	100,3%	125,6%	104,1%	96,4%	(7,96)	10,35	(6,96)	5,48	3,56	(14,66)	25,19	(17,10)	(7,36)
CR Insolvency cases	108,9%	77,9%	148,0%	101,3%	108,3%	124,8%	98,4%	84,6%	147,6%	35,59	(28,43)	89,93	(31,55)	6,94	15,17	(21,11)	(14,11)	74,59
DT Litigious divorce cases	156	164	162	233	154	180	159	140	149	-4,5%	5,0%	-1,0%	43,1%	-33,9%	17,2%	-11,5%	-12,2%	6,6%
DT Employment dismissal cases	214	189	193	175	169	214	170	181	124	-42,0%	-11,8%	2,1%	-8,9%	-3,8%	26,6%	-20,3%	6,4%	-31,5%
DT Insolvency cases	138	259	91	168	124	32	75	112	8	-94,3%	87,5%	-64,7%	84,6%	-26,7%	-73,9%	133,9%	49,1%	-93,0%

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			14 768	12 415	11 410	11 724	12 508	10 738	8 643	-	-	-	-15,9%	-8,1%	2,8%	6,7%	-14,2%	-19,5%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			7 898	5 947	5 607	5 575	5 721	4 883	3 741	-	-	-	-24,7%	-5,7%	-0,6%	2,6%	-14,6%	-23,4%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			4 628	4 334	3 889	3 921	4 337	4 445	3 925	-	-	-	-6,4%	-10,3%	0,8%	10,6%	2,5%	-11,7%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			4 510	3 803	3 443	3 559	4 057	4 197	3 782	-	-	-	-15,7%	-9,5%	3,4%	14,0%	3,5%	-9,9%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			84	435	317	304	216	190	110	-	-	-	417,9%	-27,1%	-4,1%	-28,9%	-12,0%	-42,1%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			38	163	217	239	197	174	94	-	-	-	328,9%	33,1%	10,1%	-17,6%	-11,7%	-46,0%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			46	272	100	65	19	16	16	-	-	-	491,3%	-63,2%	-35,0%	-70,8%	-15,8%	0,0%
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			34	96	129	58	64	58	33	-	-	-	182,4%	34,4%	-55,0%	10,3%	-9,4%	-43,1%
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			421	447	406	472	497	561	418	-	-	-	6,2%	-9,2%	16,3%	5,3%	12,9%	-25,5%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			1 821	1 687	1 508	1 756	1 953	849	559	-	-	-	-7,4%	-10,6%	16,4%	11,2%	-56,5%	-34,2%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			52 315	47 429	51 351	49 176	47 084	40 152	33 297	-	-	-	-9,3%	8,3%	-4,2%	-4,3%	-14,7%	-17,1%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			17 137	16 439	16 729	15 890	15 009	11 857	9 084	-	-	-	-4,1%	1,8%	-5,0%	-5,5%	-21,0%	-23,4%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			28 788	24 769	27 741	25 732	26 048	23 619	21 130	-	-	-	-14,0%	12,0%	-7,2%	1,2%	-9,3%	-10,5%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			26 806	22 072	25 565	24 206	24 698	22 469	20 164	-	-	-	-17,7%	15,8%	-5,3%	2,0%	-9,0%	-10,3%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 257	2 067	1 619	992	921	809	643	-	-	-	64,4%	-21,7%	-38,7%	-7,2%	-12,2%	-20,5%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			171	783	929	824	802	693	551	-	-	-	357,9%	18,6%	-11,3%	-2,7%	-13,6%	-20,5%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			1 086	1 284	690	168	119	116	92	-	-	-	18,2%	-46,3%	-75,7%	-29,2%	-2,5%	-20,7%
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			725	630	557	534	429	341	323	-	-	-	-13,1%	-11,6%	-4,1%	-19,7%	-20,5%	-5,3%
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 761	1 654	2 151	2 017	2 302	2 246	887	-	-	-	-6,1%	30,0%	-6,2%	14,1%	-2,4%	-60,5%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			4 629	4 567	4 730	5 537	3 725	2 430	2 196	-	-	-	-1,3%	3,6%	17,1%	-32,7%	-34,8%	-9,6%

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			53 693	48 434	51 037	48 392	48 854	42 247	35 117	-	-	-	-9,8%	5,4%	-5,2%	1,0%	-13,5%	-16,9%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			19 082	16 759	16 761	15 744	15 847	12 999	9 726	-	-	-	-12,2%	0,0%	-6,1%	0,7%	-18,0%	-25,2%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			28 113	25 214	27 709	25 316	25 940	24 139	21 784	-	-	-	-10,3%	9,9%	-8,6%	2,5%	-6,9%	-9,8%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			26 429	22 432	25 449	23 708	24 558	22 884	20 770	-	-	-	-15,1%	13,4%	-6,8%	3,6%	-6,8%	-9,2%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 021	2 185	1 632	1 080	947	889	684	-	-	-	114,0%	-25,3%	-33,8%	-12,3%	-6,1%	-23,1%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			161	729	907	866	825	773	594	-	-	-	352,8%	24,4%	-4,5%	-4,7%	-6,3%	-23,2%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			860	1 456	725	214	122	116	90	-	-	-	69,3%	-50,2%	-70,5%	-43,0%	-4,9%	-22,4%
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			663	597	628	528	435	366	330	-	-	-	-10,0%	5,2%	-15,9%	-17,6%	-15,9%	-9,8%
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			1 735	1 695	2 085	1 992	2 238	2 389	1 291	-	-	-	-2,3%	23,0%	-4,5%	12,3%	6,7%	-46,0%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			4 763	4 766	4 482	5 340	4 829	2 720	2 316	-	-	-	0,1%	-6,0%	19,1%	-9,6%	-43,7%	-14,9%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			13 390	11 410	11 724	12 508	10 738	8 643	6 823	-	-	-	-14,8%	2,8%	6,7%	-14,2%	-19,5%	-21,1%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			5 953	5 633	5 575	5 721	4 883	3 741	3 099	-	-	-	-5,4%	-1,0%	2,6%	-14,6%	-23,4%	-17,2%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			5 303	3 889	3 921	4 337	4 445	3 925	3 271	-	-	-	-26,7%	0,8%	10,6%	2,5%	-11,7%	-16,7%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			4 887	3 443	3 559	4 057	4 197	3 782	3 176	-	-	-	-29,5%	3,4%	14,0%	3,5%	-9,9%	-16,0%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			320	317	304	216	190	110	69	-	-	-	-0,9%	-4,1%	-28,9%	-12,0%	-42,1%	-37,3%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			48	217	239	197	174	94	51	-	-	-	352,1%	10,1%	-17,6%	-11,7%	-46,0%	-45,7%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			272	100	65	19	16	16	18	-	-	-	-63,2%	-35,0%	-70,8%	-15,8%	0,0%	12,5%
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			96	129	58	64	58	33	26	-	-	-	34,4%	-55,0%	10,3%	-9,4%	-43,1%	-21,2%
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			447	406	472	497	561	418	14	-	-	-	-9,2%	16,3%	5,3%	12,9%	-25,5%	-96,7%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			1 687	1 482	1 756	1 953	849	559	439	-	-	-	-12,2%	18,5%	11,2%	-56,5%	-34,2%	-21,5%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			102,6%	102,1%	99,4%	98,4%	103,8%	105,2%	105,5%	-	-	-	(0,50)	(2,67)	(0,99)	5,44	1,41	0,24
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			111,3%	101,9%	100,2%	99,1%	105,6%	109,6%	107,1%	-	-	-	(8,44)	(1,72)	(1,11)	6,56	3,83	(2,34)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			97,7%	101,8%	99,9%	98,4%	99,6%	102,2%	103,1%	-	-	-	4,24	(1,88)	(1,50)	1,22	2,63	0,87
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			98,6%	101,6%	99,5%	97,9%	99,4%	101,8%	103,0%	-	-	-	3,08	(2,05)	(1,61)	1,52	2,43	1,14
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			81,2%	105,7%	100,8%	108,9%	102,8%	109,9%	106,4%	-	-	-	30,14	(4,64)	8,00	(5,56)	6,87	(3,20)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			94,2%	93,1%	97,6%	105,1%	102,9%	111,5%	107,8%	-	-	-	(1,11)	4,86	7,65	(2,12)	8,43	(3,35)
CR Other registry cases			79,2%	113,4%	105,1%	127,4%	102,5%	100,0%	97,8%	-	-	-	43,19	(7,34)	21,23	(19,52)	(2,46)	(2,17)
CR Other non-litigious cases			91,4%	94,8%	112,7%	98,9%	101,4%	107,3%	102,2%	-	-	-	3,62	18,98	(12,30)	2,55	5,85	(4,81)
CR Administrative law cases			98,5%	102,5%	96,9%	98,8%	97,2%	106,4%	145,5%	-	-	-	4,01	(5,41)	1,89	(1,56)	9,41	36,83
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			102,9%	104,4%	94,8%	96,4%	129,6%	111,9%	105,5%	-	-	-	1,42	(9,20)	1,78	34,42	(13,66)	(5,78)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			91	86	84	94	80	75	71	-	-	-	-5,5%	-2,5%	12,5%	-15,0%	-6,9%	-5,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			114	123	121	133	112	105	116	-	-	-	7,7%	-1,0%	9,2%	-15,2%	-6,6%	10,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			69	56	52	63	63	59	55	-	-	-	-18,2%	-8,3%	21,1%	0,0%	-5,1%	-7,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			67	56	51	62	62	60	56	-	-	-	-17,0%	-8,9%	22,4%	-0,1%	-3,3%	-7,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			114	53	68	73	73	45	37	-	-	-	-53,7%	28,4%	7,4%	0,3%	-38,3%	-18,5%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			109	109	96	83	77	44	31	-	-	-	-0,2%	-11,5%	-13,7%	-7,3%	-42,3%	-29,4%
DT Other registry cases			115	25	33	32	48	50	73	-	-	-	-78,3%	30,5%	-1,0%	47,7%	5,2%	45,0%
DT Other non-litigious cases			53	79	34	44	49	33	29	-	-	-	49,2%	-57,3%	31,2%	10,0%	-32,4%	-12,6%
DT Administrative law cases			94	87	83	91	91	64	4	-	-	-	-7,0%	-5,5%	10,2%	0,5%	-30,2%	-93,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			129	113	143	133	64	75	69	-	-	-	-12,2%	26,0%	-6,7%	-51,9%	16,9%	-7,8%

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 604	2 308	2 428	3 186	3 663	3 448	2 620	-	-	-	-11,4%	5,2%	31,2%	15,0%	-5,9%	-24,0%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 073	1 030	1 121	1 579	1 993	1 744	1 508	-	-	-	-4,0%	8,8%	40,9%	26,2%	-12,5%	-13,5%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			43	83	47	104	120	139	87	-	-	-	93,0%	-43,4%	121,3%	15,4%	15,8%	-37,4%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			32	73	38	68	104	104	63	-	-	-	128,1%	-47,9%	78,9%	52,9%	0,0%	-39,4%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			9	10	8	34	8	32	19	-	-	-	11,1%	-20,0%	325,0%	-76,5%	300,0%	-40,6%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			4	9	7	28	8	30	18	-	-	-	125,0%	-22,2%	300,0%	-71,4%	275,0%	-40,0%
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			3	1	1	6	-	2	1	-	-	-	-66,7%	0,0%	500,0%	-	-	-50,0%
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			-	-	1	2	8	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	100,0%	300,0%	-62,5%	66,7%
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			980	817	903	924	1 000	1 218	824	-	-	-	-16,6%	10,5%	2,3%	8,2%	21,8%	-32,3%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			508	378	357	579	550	347	201	-	-	-	-25,6%	-5,6%	62,2%	-5,0%	-36,9%	-42,1%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 883	5 799	7 069	6 748	5 928	5 161	5 553	-	-	-	-1,4%	21,9%	-4,5%	-12,2%	-12,9%	7,6%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 338	2 354	3 301	3 376	2 531	2 139	1 718	-	-	-	0,7%	40,2%	2,3%	-25,0%	-15,5%	-19,7%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			608	557	707	640	608	426	413	-	-	-	-8,4%	26,9%	-9,5%	-5,0%	-29,9%	-3,1%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			549	508	626	594	548	374	372	-	-	-	-7,5%	23,2%	-5,1%	-7,7%	-31,8%	-0,5%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			45	26	47	12	35	31	27	-	-	-	-42,2%	80,8%	-74,5%	191,7%	-11,4%	-12,9%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			28	21	39	12	33	29	24	-	-	-	-25,0%	85,7%	-69,2%	175,0%	-12,1%	-17,2%
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			3	5	8	-	2	2	3	-	-	-	66,7%	60,0%	-	-	0,0%	50,0%
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			14	23	34	34	25	21	14	-	-	-	64,3%	47,8%	0,0%	-26,5%	-16,0%	-33,3%
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			2 143	2 038	2 030	1 889	2 167	2 188	3 177	-	-	-	-4,9%	-0,4%	-6,9%	14,7%	1,0%	45,2%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			794	850	1 031	843	622	408	245	-	-	-	7,1%	21,3%	-18,2%	-26,2%	-34,4%	-40,0%

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 179	5 679	6 311	6 271	6 143	5 989	6 533	-	-	-	-8,1%	11,1%	-0,6%	-2,0%	-2,5%	9,1%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 381	2 263	2 843	2 962	2 780	2 375	2 265	-	-	-	-5,0%	25,6%	4,2%	-6,1%	-14,6%	-4,6%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			568	593	650	624	589	478	446	-	-	-	4,4%	9,6%	-4,0%	-5,6%	-18,8%	-6,7%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			508	543	596	558	548	415	391	-	-	-	6,9%	9,8%	-6,4%	-1,8%	-24,3%	-5,8%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			44	28	21	38	11	44	36	-	-	-	-36,4%	-25,0%	81,0%	-71,1%	300,0%	-18,2%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			23	23	18	32	11	41	32	-	-	-	0,0%	-21,7%	77,8%	-65,6%	272,7%	-22,0%
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			5	5	3	6	-	3	4	-	-	-	0,0%	-40,0%	100,0%	-	-	33,3%
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			16	22	33	28	30	19	19	-	-	-	37,5%	50,0%	-15,2%	7,1%	-36,7%	0,0%
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			2 306	1 952	2 009	1 813	1 949	2 582	3 450	-	-	-	-15,4%	2,9%	-9,8%	7,5%	32,5%	33,6%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			924	871	809	872	825	554	371	-	-	-	-5,7%	-7,1%	7,8%	-5,4%	-32,8%	-33,0%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 308	2 428	3 186	3 663	3 448	2 620	1 640	-	-	-	5,2%	31,2%	15,0%	-5,9%	-24,0%	-37,4%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 030	1 121	1 579	1 993	1 744	1 508	961	-	-	-	8,8%	40,9%	26,2%	-12,5%	-13,5%	-36,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			83	47	104	120	139	87	54	-	-	-	-43,4%	121,3%	15,4%	15,8%	-37,4%	-37,9%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			73	38	68	104	104	63	44	-	-	-	-47,9%	78,9%	52,9%	0,0%	-39,4%	-30,2%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			10	8	34	8	32	19	10	-	-	-	-20,0%	325,0%	-76,5%	300,0%	-40,6%	-47,4%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			9	7	28	8	30	18	10	-	-	-	-22,2%	300,0%	-71,4%	275,0%	-40,0%	-44,4%
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			1	1	6	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	0,0%	500,0%	-	-	-50,0%	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			-	1	2	8	3	5	-	-	-	-	100,0%	300,0%	-62,5%	66,7%	-	
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			817	903	924	1 000	1 218	824	551	-	-	-	10,5%	2,3%	8,2%	21,8%	-32,3%	-33,1%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			378	357	579	550	347	201	75	-	-	-	-5,6%	62,2%	-5,0%	-36,9%	-42,1%	-62,7%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			105,0%	97,9%	89,3%	92,9%	103,6%	116,0%	117,6%	-	-	-	(6,76)	(8,84)	4,09	11,51	11,98	1,38
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			101,8%	96,1%	86,1%	87,7%	109,8%	111,0%	131,8%	-	-	-	(5,60)	(10,41)	1,87	25,19	1,09	18,74
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			93,4%	106,5%	91,9%	97,5%	96,9%	112,2%	108,0%	-	-	-	13,96	(13,64)	6,05	(0,64)	15,83	(3,76)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			92,5%	106,9%	95,2%	93,9%	100,0%	111,0%	105,1%	-	-	-	15,52	(10,93)	(1,33)	6,45	10,96	(5,28)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			97,8%	107,7%	44,7%	316,7%	31,4%	141,9%	133,3%	-	-	-	10,14	(58,51)	608,73	(90,08)	351,61	(6,06)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			82,1%	109,5%	46,2%	266,7%	33,3%	141,4%	133,3%	-	-	-	33,33	(57,86)	477,78	(87,50)	324,14	(5,69)
CR Other registry cases			166,7%	100,0%	37,5%	-	-	150,0%	133,3%	-	-	-	(40,00)	(62,50)	-	-	-	(11,11)
CR Other non-litigious cases			114,3%	95,7%	97,1%	82,4%	120,0%	90,5%	135,7%	-	-	-	(16,30)	1,47	(15,15)	45,71	(24,60)	50,00
CR Administrative law cases			107,6%	95,8%	99,0%	96,0%	89,9%	118,0%	108,6%	-	-	-	(10,99)	3,33	(3,02)	(6,29)	31,21	(7,98)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			116,4%	102,5%	78,5%	103,4%	132,6%	135,8%	151,4%	-	-	-	(11,95)	(23,42)	31,83	28,23	2,37	11,52
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			136	156	184	213	205	160	92	-	-	-	14,5%	18,1%	15,7%	-3,9%	-22,1%	-42,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			158	181	203	246	229	232	155	-	-	-	14,5%	12,1%	21,1%	-6,8%	1,2%	-33,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			53	29	58	70	86	66	44	-	-	-	-45,8%	101,9%	20,2%	22,7%	-22,9%	-33,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			52	26	42	68	69	55	41	-	-	-	-51,3%	63,0%	63,4%	1,8%	-20,0%	-25,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			83	104	591	77	1062	158	101	-	-	-	25,7%	466,7%	-87,0%	1281,8%	-85,2%	-35,7%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			143	111	568	91	995	160	114	-	-	-	-22,2%	411,1%	-83,9%	990,9%	-83,9%	-28,8%
DT Other registry cases			73	73	730	-	-	122	-	-	-	-	0,0%	900,0%	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			-	17	22	104	37	96	-	-	-	-	-	33,3%	371,4%	-65,0%	163,2%	-
DT Administrative law cases			129	169	168	201	228	116	58	-	-	-	30,6%	-0,6%	19,9%	13,3%	-48,9%	-50,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			149	150	261	230	154	132	74	-	-	-	0,2%	74,6%	-11,9%	-33,3%	-13,7%	-44,3%

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									42 484	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									20 753	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									21 731	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									360 839	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									125 130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									235 709	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									350 933	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									122 476	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									228 457	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									52 390	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									23 407	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									28 983	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									97,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									97,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									96,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									5 360	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									5 342	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									33 696	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									33 348	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									348	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									34 507	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									34 163	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									344	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									4 549	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									4 527	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
CR of Total									102,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									102,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									98,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									325	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									325	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 414	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									1 414	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 474	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									1 474	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									265	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									265	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									104,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
CR o2 Severe cases									104,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
DT of Total									66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
DT of Severe cases									66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 5: Access to justice																				
Legal aid																				
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																				
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True										
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True										
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True										
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases																				NAP
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases																				NAP
020.1.1 Total																				5 748
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases																				NA
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases																				NA
020.2.1 Total brought to court																				2 006
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases																				NA
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal																				NA
020.3.1 Total not brought to court																				3 742
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases																				NA
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal																				NA
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation																				NAP
020-1.1.2 Average duration																				NAP

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																				
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																				
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True											
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							50-99%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							50-99%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							50-99%	100%	100%											
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True											
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							not available for this matter in some courts	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts											
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Yes	Yes	Yes											
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Yes	Yes	Yes											
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							Yes	Yes	Yes											
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%											
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True											
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Integrated	Integrated	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Integrated	Integrated	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Integrated	Integrated	Fully integrated including BI									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry								-	False	NAP	NAP								
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry								-	True	True	True								
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry								-	False	NAP	NAP								
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry								-	True	True	True								
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry								-	False	NAP	NAP								
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry								-	True	True	True								
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)								-	100%	100%	100%								
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)								-	100%	100%	100%								
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)								-	100%	100%	100%								
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)								-	True	True	True								
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)								-	True	True	True								
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)								-	True	True	True								
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)								-	True	True	True								
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)								-	True	True	True								
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)								-	True	True	True								

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	True	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							100%	100%	100%											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	False	False											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							True	True	True											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							True	True	True											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							True	True	True											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							True	True	True											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 767	2 807	2 813	2 813	2 811	2 828	2 892	2 878	2 789	0,8%	1,4%	0,2%	0,0%	-0,1%	0,6%	2,3%	-0,5%	-3,1%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 672	1 687	1 684	1 662	1 678	1 669	1 682	1 670	1 420	-15,1%	0,9%	-0,2%	-1,3%	1,0%	-0,5%	0,8%	-0,7%	-15,0%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 021	1 036	1 047	1 066	1 051	1 075	1 126	1 127	1 283	25,7%	1,5%	1,1%	1,8%	-1,4%	2,3%	4,7%	0,1%	13,8%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	74	84	82	85	82	84	84	81	86	16,2%	13,5%	-2,4%	3,7%	-3,5%	2,4%	0,0%	-3,6%	6,2%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	856	894	873	868	871	879	902	887	868	1,4%	4,4%	-2,3%	-0,6%	0,3%	0,9%	2,6%	-1,7%	-2,1%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	496	502	500	484	472	476	475	464	399	-19,6%	1,2%	-0,4%	-3,2%	-2,5%	0,8%	-0,2%	-2,3%	-14,0%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	326	350	332	341	358	365	389	387	434	33,1%	7,4%	-5,1%	2,7%	5,0%	2,0%	6,6%	-0,5%	12,1%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	34	42	41	43	41	38	38	36	35	2,9%	23,5%	-2,4%	4,9%	-4,7%	-7,3%	0,0%	-5,3%	-2,8%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 911	1 913	1 940	1 945	1 940	1 949	1 990	1 991	1 921	0,5%	0,1%	1,4%	0,3%	-0,3%	0,5%	2,1%	0,1%	-3,5%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 176	1 185	1 184	1 178	1 206	1 193	1 207	1 206	1 021	-13,2%	0,8%	-0,1%	-0,5%	2,4%	-1,1%	1,2%	-0,1%	-15,3%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	695	686	715	725	693	710	737	740	849	22,2%	-1,3%	4,2%	1,4%	-4,4%	2,5%	3,8%	0,4%	14,7%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	40	42	41	42	41	46	46	45	51	27,5%	5,0%	-2,4%	2,4%	-2,4%	12,2%	0,0%	-2,2%	13,3%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	8 142	8 000	8 022	7 979	8 003	8 379	8 528	8 538	8 576	5,3%	-1,7%	0,3%	-0,5%	0,3%	4,7%	1,8%	0,1%	0,4%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	767	777	778	808	820	852	888	909	936	22,0%	1,3%	0,1%	3,9%	1,5%	3,9%	4,2%	2,4%	3,0%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	2 406	2 254	907	899	897	930	935	947	961	-60,1%	-6,3%	-59,8%	-0,9%	-0,2%	3,7%	0,5%	1,3%	1,5%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	4 969	4 969	6 337	6 272	6 286	6 597	6 705	6 682	6 679	34,4%	0,0%	27,5%	-1,0%	0,2%	4,9%	1,6%	-0,3%	0,0%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 312	1 248	1 256	1 267	1 316	1 343	1 372	-	-	-	-4,9%	0,6%	0,9%	3,9%	2,1%	2,2%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	NA	162	176	184	188	188	-	-	-	-	-	8,6%	4,5%	2,2%	0,0%	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	120	100	106	108	119	-	-	-	-	-	-16,7%	6,0%	1,9%	10,2%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	974	991	1 026	1 047	1 065	-	-	-	-	-	1,7%	3,5%	2,0%	1,7%	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	NA	6 710	6 731	6 747	7 112	7 212	7 195	7 204	-	-	-	0,3%	0,2%	5,4%	1,4%	-0,2%	0,1%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	658	676	704	721	748	-	-	-	-	-	2,7%	4,1%	2,4%	3,7%	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	777	830	829	839	842	-	-	-	-	-	6,8%	-0,1%	1,2%	0,4%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	5 312	5 606	5 679	5 635	5 614	-	-	-	-	-	5,5%	1,3%	-0,8%	-0,4%	

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									8 576	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									4 237	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									4 104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									235	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 372	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									476	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									830	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									7 204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									3 761	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									3 274	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									169	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 876	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									1 207	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									558	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									742	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									433	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									249	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									1 134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									774	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									309	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									2 425	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									470	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 955	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	12 901 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	21 856 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	57 542 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	21 856 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	45 961 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	15 534 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	38 266 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	14 534 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	30 564 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	13 000	13 000	13 000	13 000	11 191	11 191	12 715	12 719	12 965	-0,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-13,9%	0,0%	13,6%	0,0%	1,9%	
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 035	7 038	7 160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	1,7%	
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 680	5 681	5 805	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	2,2%	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Hungary (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																		
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																		
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	12	20	120	160	174	174	153	203	141	1075,0%	66,7%	500,0%	33,3%	8,8%	0,0%	-12,1%	32,7%	-30,5%
167.1.1 Total number started					919	975	1 299	746	899	-	-	-	-	-	6,1%	33,2%	-42,6%	20,5%
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	257	75	141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-70,8%	88,0%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	977	644	725	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-34,1%	12,6%
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	9	NA	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	56	27	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-51,8%	7,4%
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at a glance in Ireland

General data

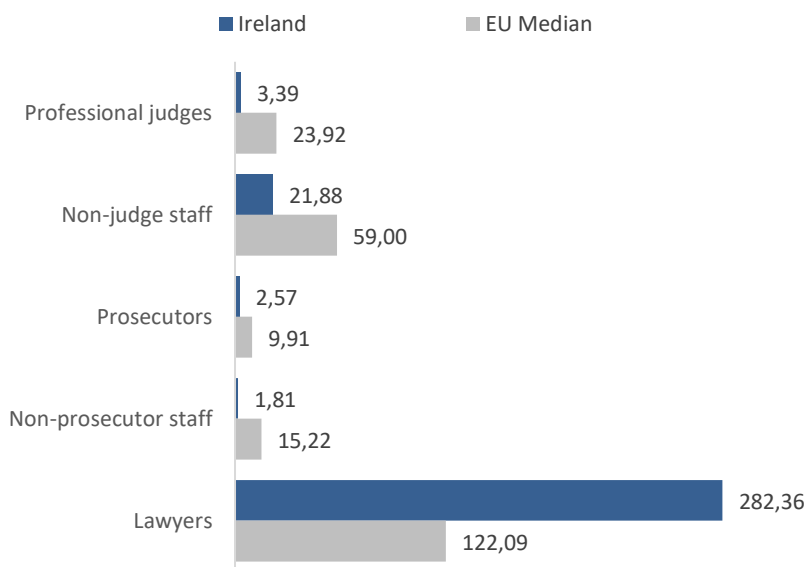
Population: 4 977 400

GDP per capita: 74 912 €

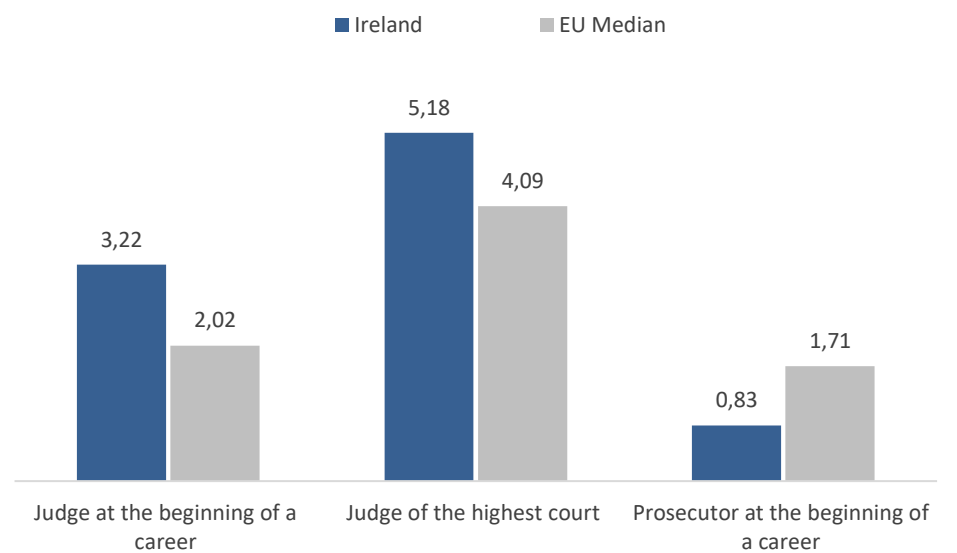
Average annual salary: 40 283 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

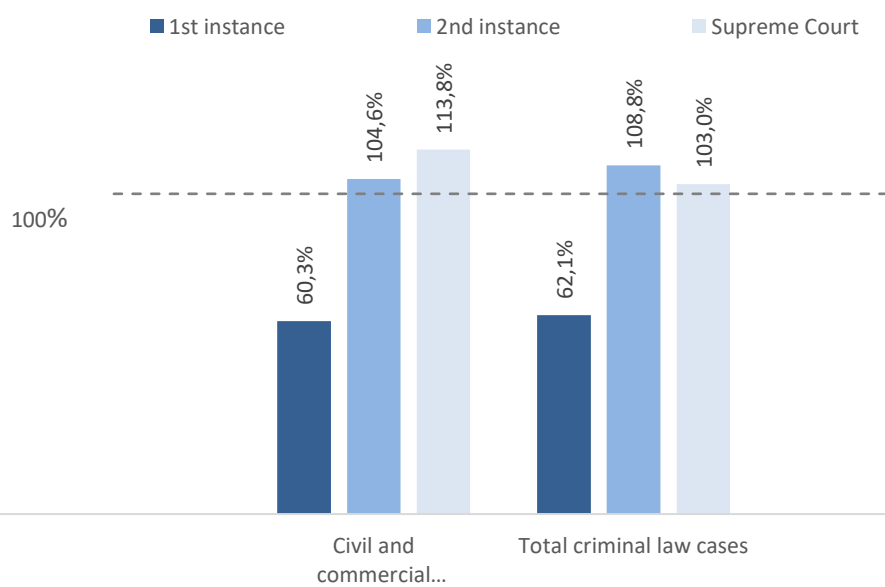


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

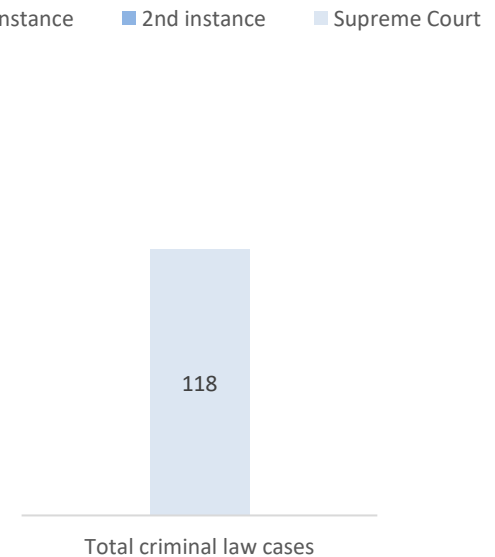


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

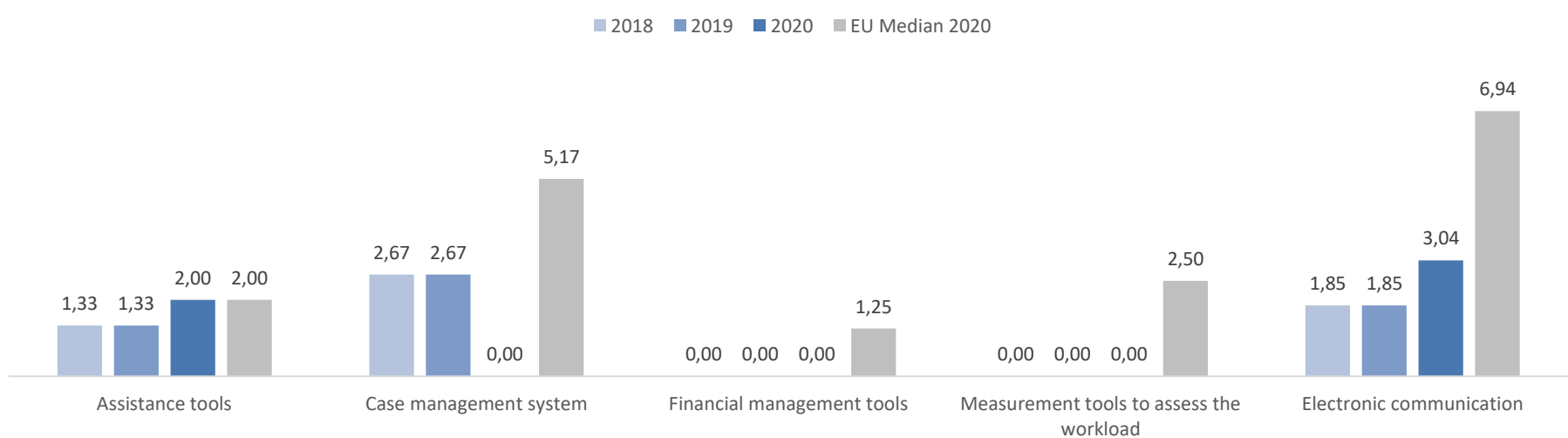


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Ireland

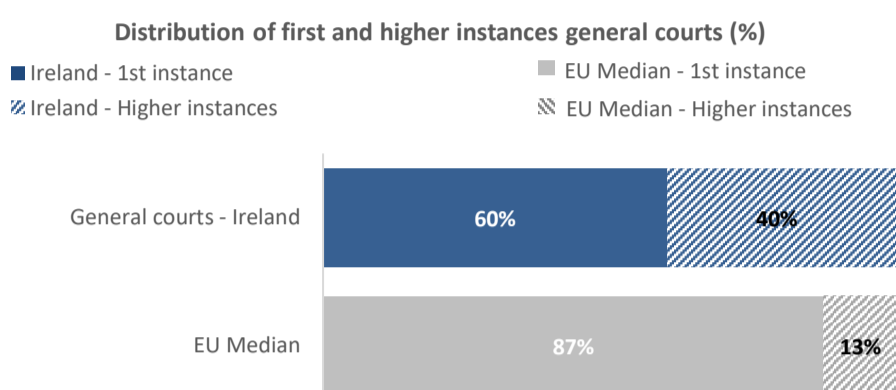
Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	4 977 400	8,4%	1,0%	3,9%	1,3%	1,3%	1,1%
GDP per capita	37 675	38 055	41 011	55 187	58 961	61 369	66 716	72 346	74 912	98,8%	43,8%	13,2%	8,7%	8,4%	3,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	33 358		35 768		36 919		38 871	40 283	40 283	20,8%	3,2%	5,3%		3,6%	0,0%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	3,1	3,2	3,5	3,4	3,5	3,3	3,3	3,4	3,3	4,4%	0,2%	-5,0%	-1,3%	3,0%	-3,5%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	20,6	20,1	20,0	20,2	20,9	21,3	21,6	21,9	21,9	6,3%	4,1%	3,5%	1,2%	1,6%	-0,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	240,8	243,7	250,5	255,3	261,8	262,7	270,6	301,0	282,4	17,3%	4,5%	3,3%	3,0%	11,3%	-6,2%
Mediators	0,8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ICT overall assesment							2,1	2,1	1,8					0,0%	-13,9%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,927	4,244	3,113	2,970	2,726	2,688	2,700	2,747	3,256	-17,1%	-12,4%	-0,9%	0,5%	1,7%	18,5%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
Total criminal law cases									7,244						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	56%	63%	59%	73%	63%	63%	60%	NA	3,66	3,85	-9,67	-0,08	-2,73
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
CR total criminal law cases									62%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
Total criminal law cases									NA						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			75%	84%	82%	66%	75%	93%	105%		7,27	-7,46	9,30	18,08	11,60
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
CR total criminal law cases									109%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			152%	481%	190%	123%	90%	106%	114%		37,69	-99,34	-32,33	15,89	7,57
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
CR total criminal law cases									103%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	219	226	256	171	NA		NA	16,8%	13,7%	-33,2%	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
DT total criminal law cases									118						

1. Judicial organisation in Ireland

In Ireland, there are only three first instance courts (as legal entities) exercising general jurisdiction for the entire State (the High Court, the Circuit Court and the District Court). Each of those three courts has a single court president only, who exercises a nationwide remit for his/her court. The number of geographic locations reflects the physical location serving as seats or venues for the three jurisdictions.

On 4th October, 2013 the Irish electorate approved by Referendum an amendment to the Constitution to enable the establishment of a Court of Appeal. The necessary legislation, the Court of Appeal Act, was enacted in July, 2014. The Court of Appeal is placed immediately below the Supreme Court in the jurisdictional hierarchy, effectively assuming the existing appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and the Court of Criminal Appeal and the Courts-Martial Appeals Court. The Supreme Court has appellate jurisdiction for decisions of the Court of Appeal where the Supreme Court determines that the decision involves a matter of general public importance or it is necessary in the interests of justice that there be an appeal to the Supreme Court and for decisions of the High Court in exceptional circumstances involving a matter of general public importance and /or the interests of justice. The establishment of the Court of Appeal enabled the Supreme Court to concentrate on cases which are appropriate for consideration by it as the court of Final Appeal under the constitution. The Court of Appeal was established by order of the Government and started functioning in October 2014.

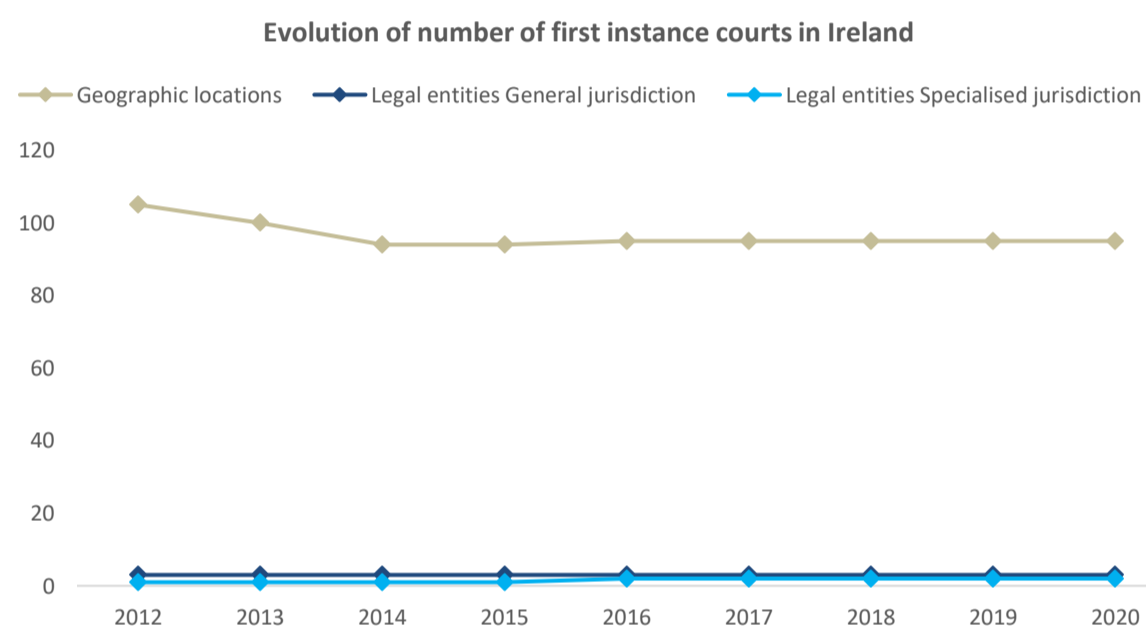
Distribution of general courts in Ireland



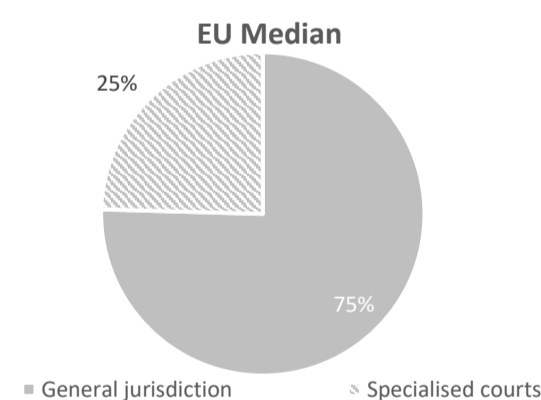
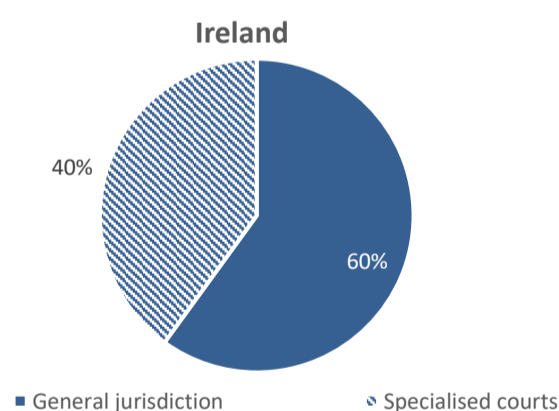
According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Ireland is somewhat different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Ireland

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	105	3	1
2013	100	3	1
2014	94	3	1
2015	94	3	1
2016	95	3	2
2017	95	3	2
2018	95	3	2
2019	95	3	2
2020	95	3	2



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 60,0% - 40,0% is somewhat different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	2	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

The two specialised first instance courts listed above are Special Criminal Court No. 1 and Special Criminal Court No. 2. The latter was established in October 2015 and came into operation, sitting for the first time, in 2016.

Other than distinctions between jurisdictional levels there is no specialisation - all judges within a court jurisdiction may be allocated to any category of case falling within the jurisdictional remit of the court concerned. Starting in 2013 a new cadre of specialist judges was created in the Circuit Court with specific jurisdiction in relation to certain types of personal insolvency remedy and certain pre-trial order making powers.

Ireland has a specialist regime for the trial of commercial proceedings in the form of the Commercial List of the High Court (known as the 'Commercial Court') but, as it is not a separate legal entity, being a list within and formally a part of the High Court, it is not included as a specialist court as such.

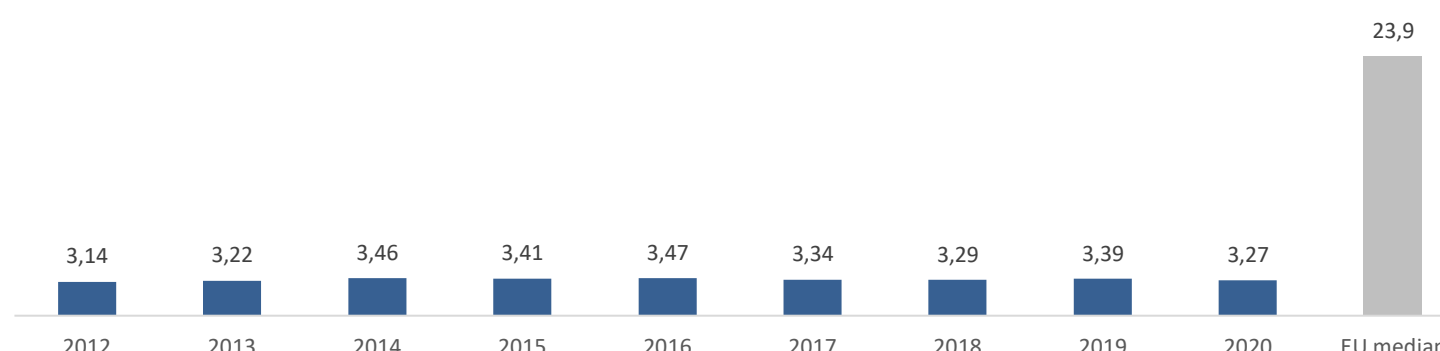
2. Professionals of justice in Ireland

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	144	3,14
2013	148	3,22
2014	160	3,46
2015	159	3,41
2016	162	3,47
2017	160	3,34
2018	160	3,29
2019	167	3,39
2020	163	3,27

Professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants



According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Ireland is 163, which is -2,4% less than in previous cycle.

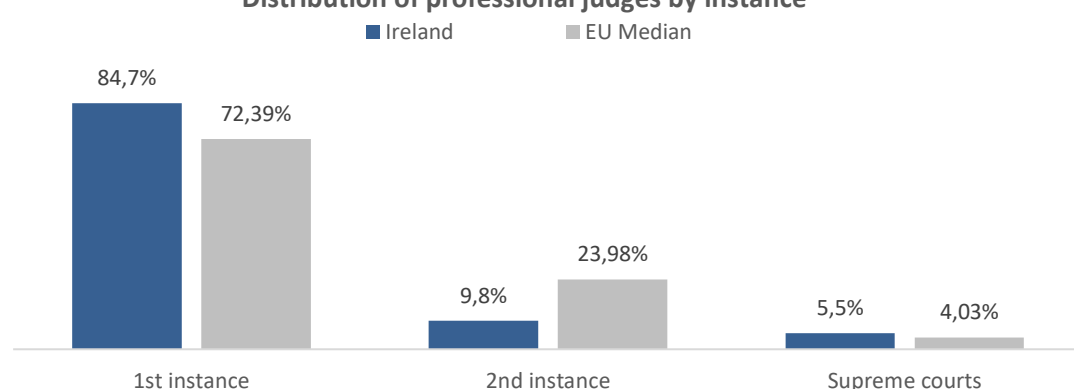
More precisely, in Ireland, there are 3,27 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 6,68 non-judge staff per judge .

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 6,47 non-judge staff per judge.

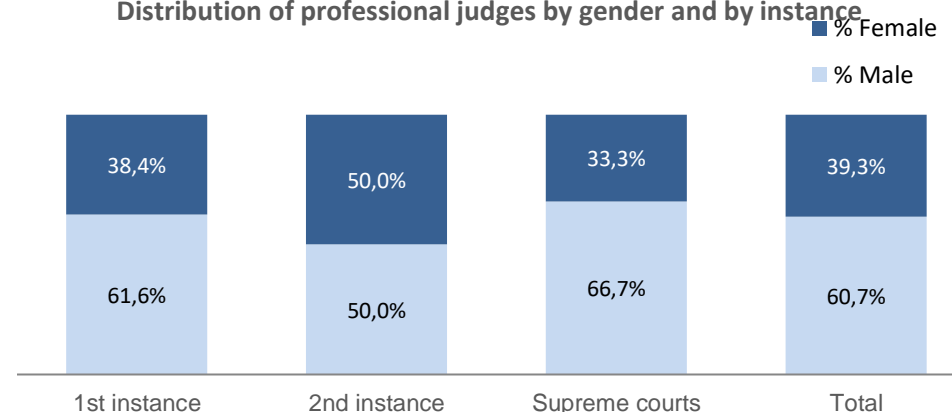
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	138	84,7%	85	53	61,6%	38,4%
2nd instance	16	9,8%	8	8	50,0%	50,0%
Supreme courts	9	5,5%	6	3	66,7%	33,3%
Total	163		99	64	60,7%	39,3%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 64, which represents 39,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 138 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 53 are female); 16 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 8 are female) and 9 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 3 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, Ireland shows a larger percentage of judges in the first instance courts (84.7% compared with 72.39%), and significantly lower number of second instance judges (9.8% compared to 23.9%). The percentage of judges at the Supreme court level is slightly higher than EU median (5.5% compared to 4.03%). An amendment was made in 2019 to the number of judges in the court of appeal due to workload of the court.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the number of first instance professional judges refers to ordinary judges of the District Court, ordinary and specialist judges of the circuit court and ordinary judges of the High Court - including Court Presidents.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges represent a minority in the first and third instance courts, and hold 50% of judgeship positions only in the second instance courts.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	138	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	16	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	9	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Total	163	NA	NA	NAP	NAP

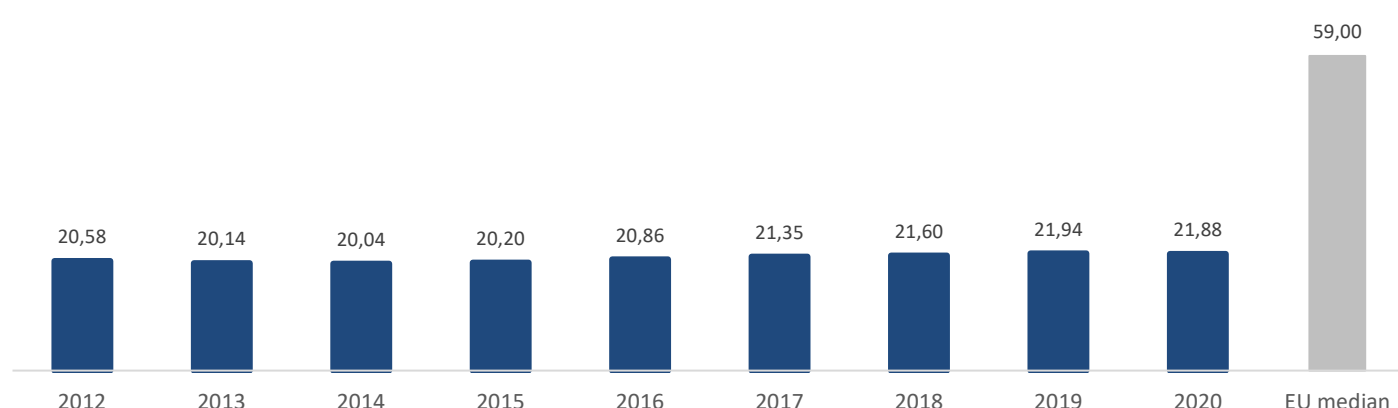
In Ireland, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is not possible.

It should be noted that judges deal with both criminal and civil and commercial proceedings.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	945	927	927	942	975	1 023	1 049	1 080	1 089
Per 100 000 inhabitants	20,58	20,14	20,04	20,20	20,86	21,35	21,60	21,94	21,88

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	1 089	
Rechtspfleger	25	2,3%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	816	74,9%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	247	22,7%
Technical staff	1	0,1%
Other	NAP	NAP

In 2020, Ireland has 1 089 non-judge staff (of which 651 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,8%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 25 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 11
- 816 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 514 are women);
- 247 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 126 are women);
- 1 technical staff (of which 0 are women);

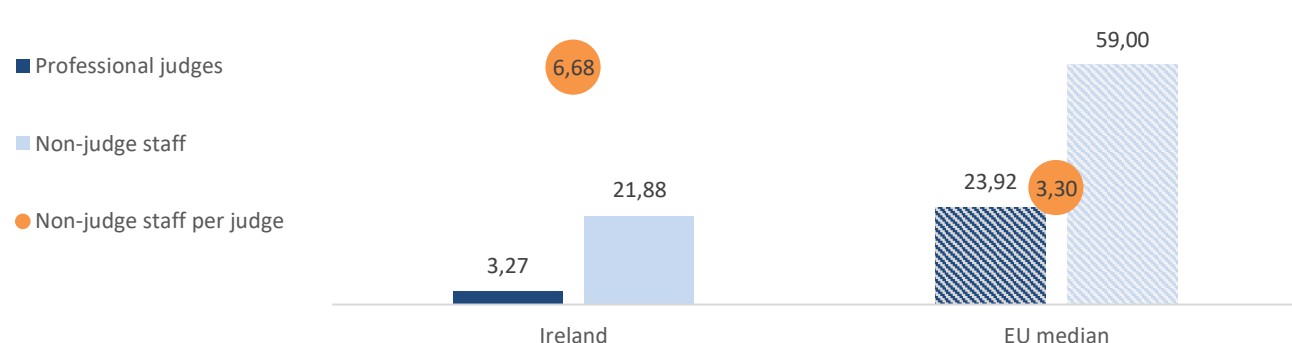
In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 21,9 in 2019 to 21,9 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 3,4 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 3,3 in 2020.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Ireland	EU median
Professional judges	3,27	23,92
Non-judge staff	21,88	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	6,68	3,30

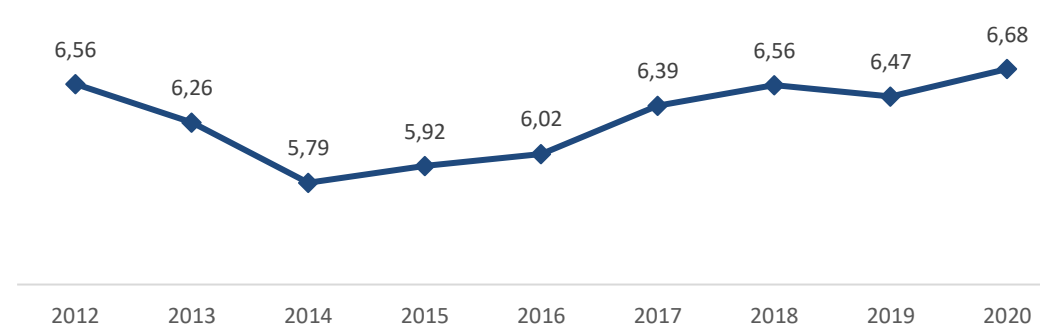
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	3,14	20,58	6,56
2013	3,22	20,14	6,26
2014	3,46	20,04	5,79
2015	3,41	20,20	5,92
2016	3,47	20,86	6,02
2017	3,34	21,35	6,39
2018	3,29	21,60	6,56
2019	3,39	21,94	6,47
2020	3,27	21,88	6,68

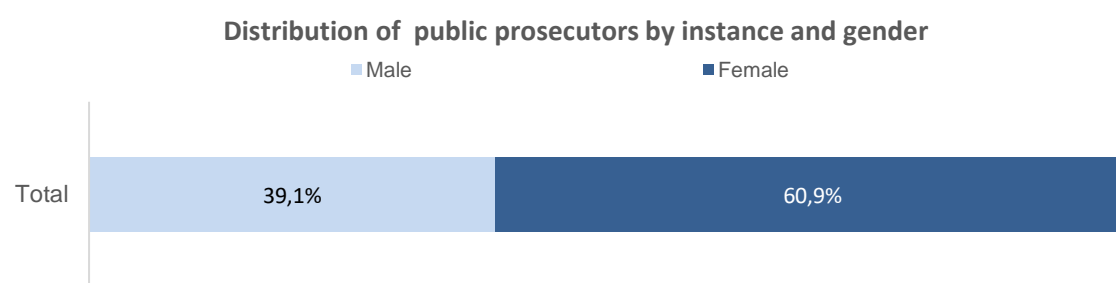
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	128		50	78	39,1%	60,9%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 78, which represents 60,9% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is not distributed among the different judicial instances in the way presented above.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noticed that only total number of public prosecutors is provided. In Ireland, the court going staff number at the 31st December 2020 is 128 - (50 male / 78 female). This figure includes the Prosecutors and Technical staff - Legal Executive. It also includes one Trainee Solicitor. In the Office, the Technical Staff and Trainee Solicitors are court going staff and manage the running of a prosecution at trial in the same manner as some of the Prosecutors.

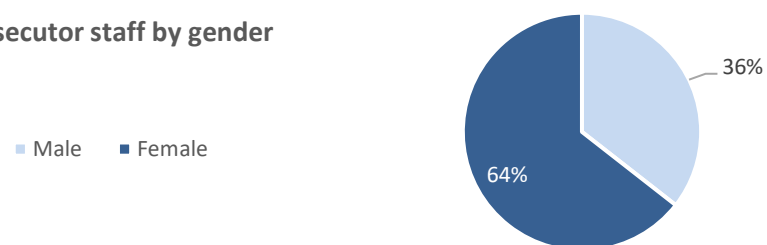
As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Ireland presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Allocation of prosecutors work is not in all instances divided as per the table above. The sub-categories 1st, 2nd and 3rd instance do not apply in the Irish system.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that females represent the majority of public prosecutors.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	90	32	58

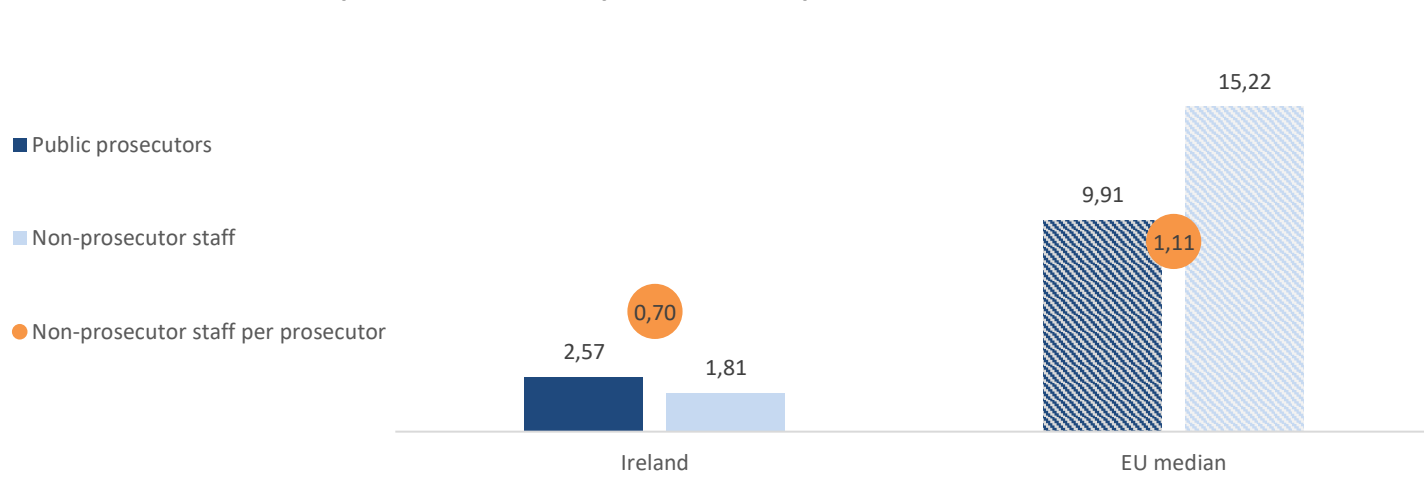
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

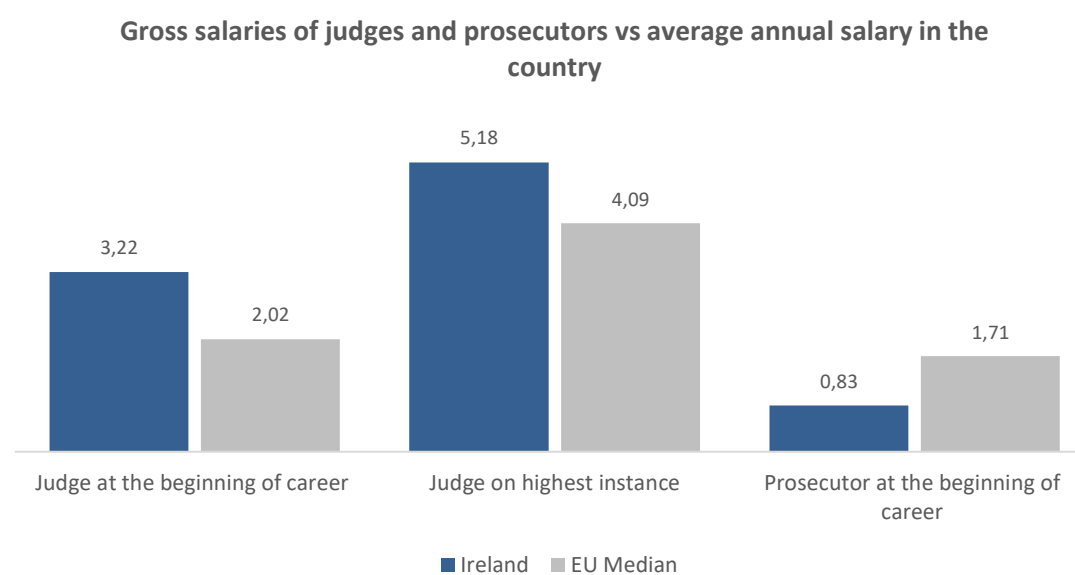
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Ireland	EU median
Public prosecutors	2,57	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	1,81	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,70	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	129 704 €	NA	3,22
Judge of the highest court	208 854 €	NA	5,18
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	33 370 €	NA	0,83
Public prosecutor at highest instance	NAP	NAP	NA



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Ireland of 129 704€ is quite above when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 3,22 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

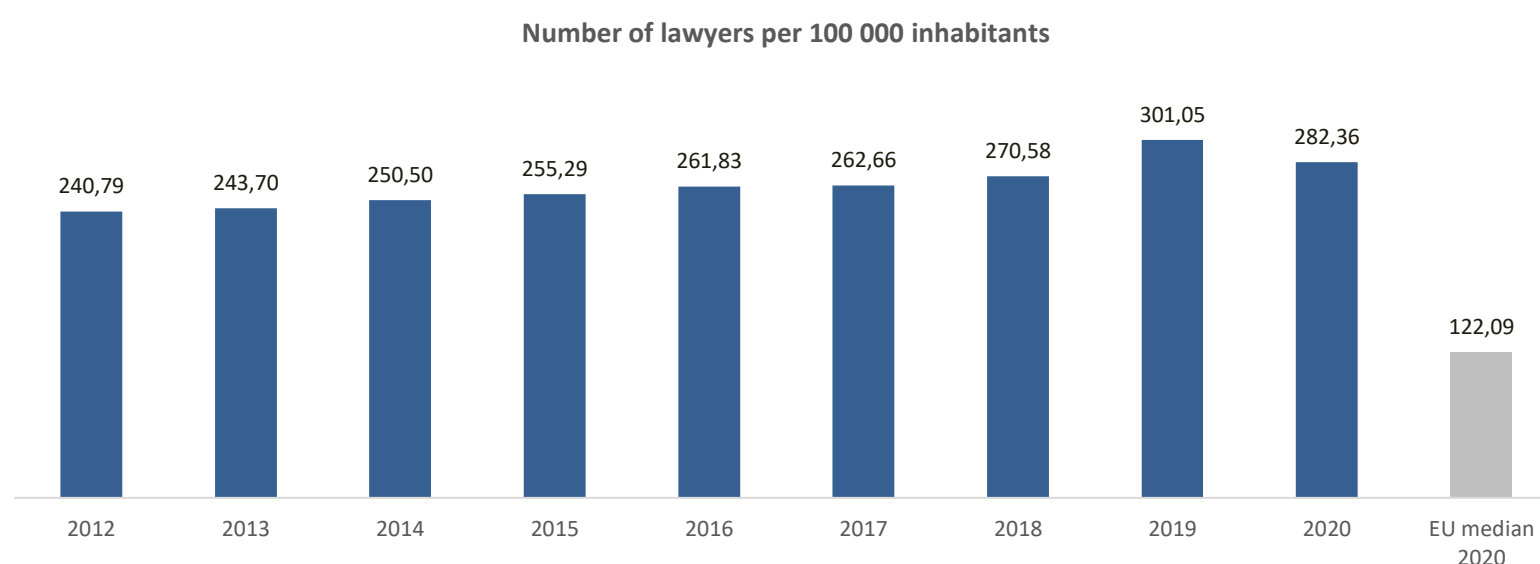
It should be noted that the highest absolute gross salary for judge at the beginning of career is reported in Ireland (129 704€).

Regarding salary levels, it should be specified that the judicial salary reflects that of a judge of the District Court and a judge of the Supreme Court as at 31 December 2020. Statutory deductions such as PAYE, USC, pension contributions will vary according to personal circumstances. In every case these will be charged in accordance with the relevant statutory provisions.

Regarding salaries of public prosecutors, it is worth bearing in mind that prosecuting in the Superior Courts is not necessarily linked to grade.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	11 055	240,79
2013	11 215	243,70
2014	11 588	250,50
2015	11 907	255,29
2016	12 237	261,83
2017	12 588	262,66
2018	13 142	270,58
2019	14 816	301,05
2020	14 054	282,36



In 2020, there are 14 054 lawyers, which is -5,1% less than in 2019.

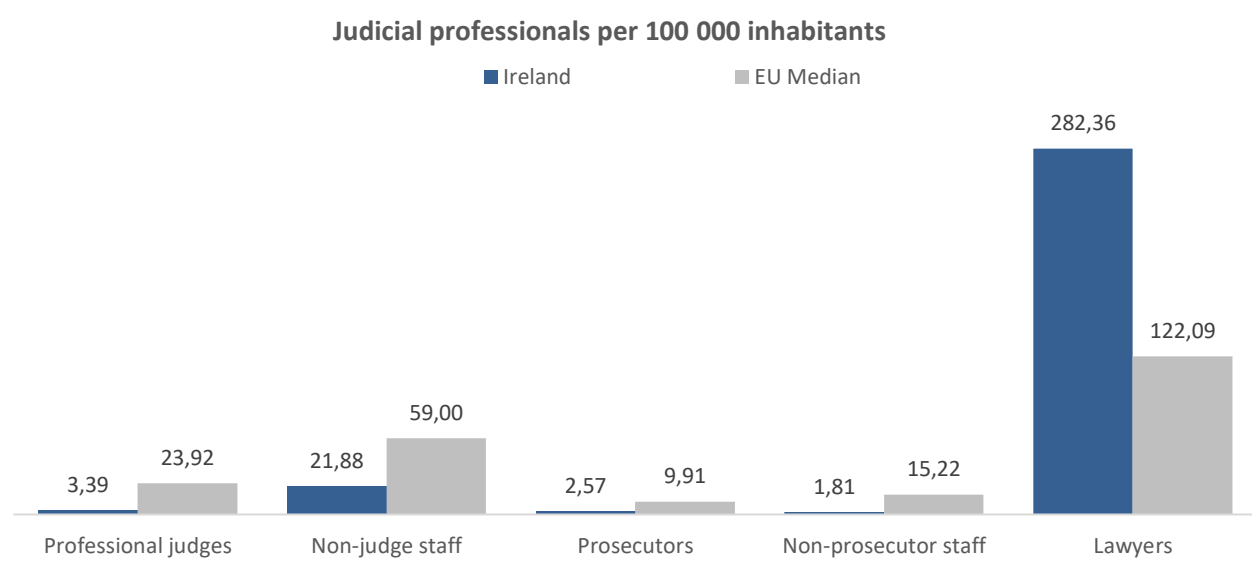
Ireland has 282,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The above figure is the sum membership of the Bar of Ireland and the Law Society.

Judicial professionals (summary)

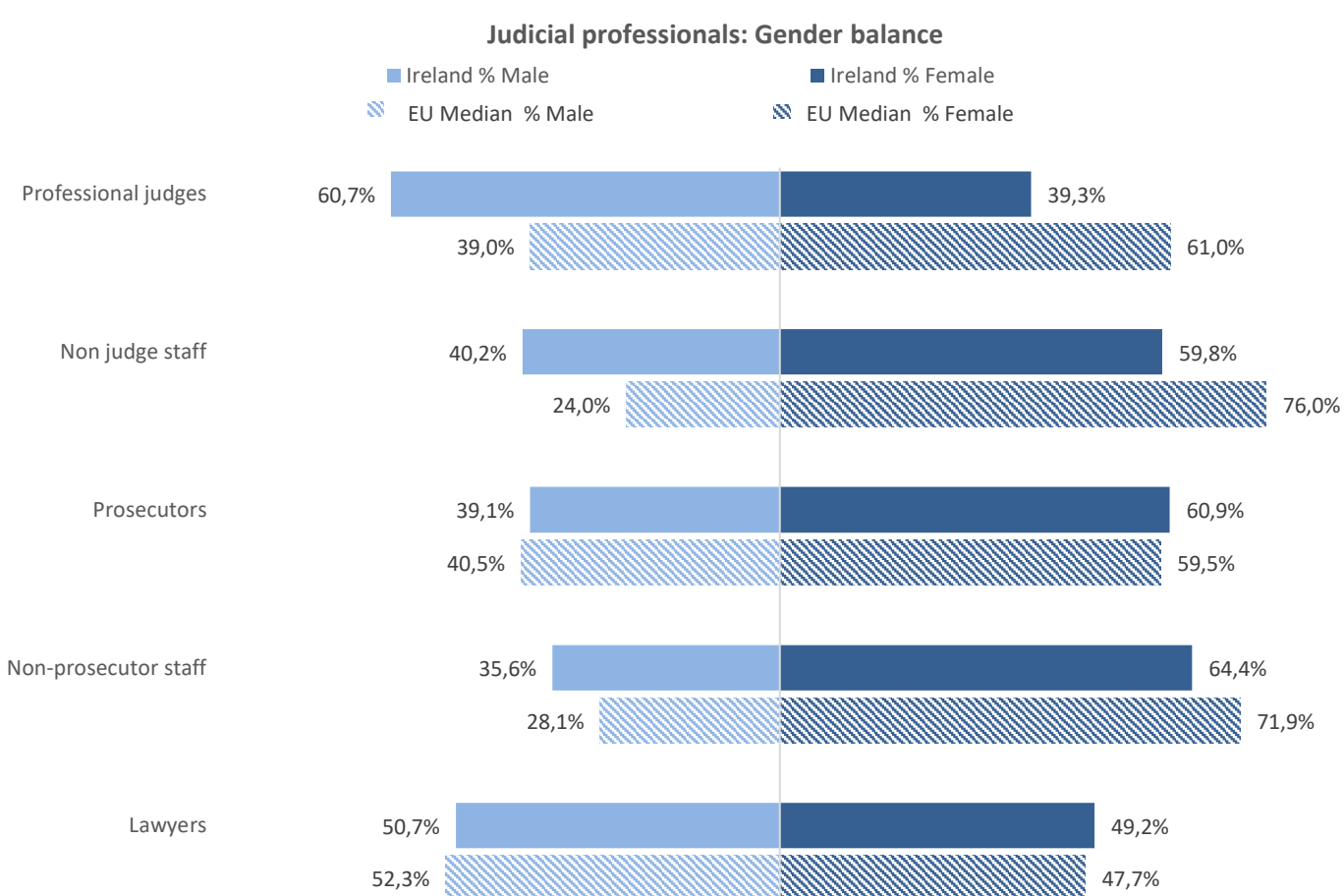
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	167	3,39	23,92
Non-judge staff	1 089	21,88	59,00
Prosecutors	128	2,57	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	90	1,81	15,22
Lawyers	14 054	282,36	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	60,7%	39,3%
Non judge staff	40,2%	59,8%
Prosecutors	39,1%	60,9%
Non-prosecutor staff	35,6%	64,4%
Lawyers	50,7%	49,2%



Regarding number of lawyers, it should be specified that total figure includes 24 lawyers with a gender reported as "Unknown".

3. Legal aid and court fees in Ireland

In Ireland, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✔
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

In Ireland, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✘
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

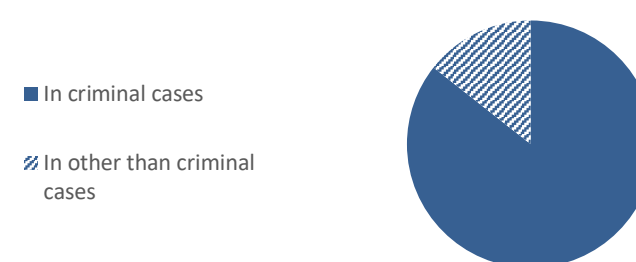
In relation to enforcement fees, it should be noted that civil legal aid does not generally include fees in respect of enforcement by an enforcement agent (this is distinct from enforcement of proceedings in a court which may be covered).

Concerning other costs, it should be specified that in criminal cases legal aid can cover the cost of expert witnesses (medical and technical), interpreters, translation service providers, travel costs, disbursements i.e. photocopying costs, prison visits. In civil cases, fees of other professionals may be covered where it is necessary having regard to the circumstances of the case.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

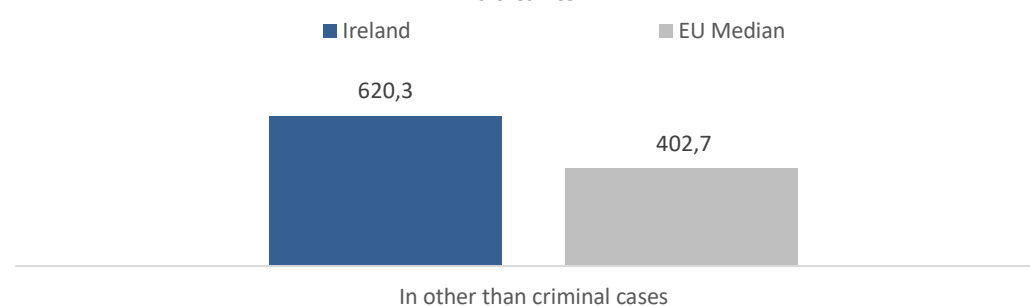
Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	85 963	NA
In criminal cases	NA	73 611	NA
In other than criminal cases	30 874	12 352	18 522

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Ireland	EU Median
Total	NA	734,2
In criminal cases	NA	330,9
In other than criminal cases	620,3	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



[Comment ALL 020] In Criminal Cases - this represents the number of criminal legal aid certificates which originated from the criminal prosecutions in the District Court. In "other than criminal cases" the 'number of cases brought before the court' is the number of legal aid certificates granted. The number of 'cases not brought to court/non-litigious cases' is the number of applications for civil legal aid and advice. However, please note that any advice case may progress to being an aid case and the Legal Aid Board does not keep a record of what specific cases never progressed beyond advice stage (i.e. this figure includes all of the cases which eventually became aid cases).

Ireland has data for the total criminal legal aid certificates issue, but the required breakdown is not available.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: 14

Legal Aid Certificates for Emergency / Priority applications (including Child Abduction applications and applications under Sex Offenders Acts) are addressed within 24 hours. Legal Aid Certificates for Standard applications (including foreign applications and non urgent Central Authority cases) are addressed within 2 weeks i.e. granted, refused or further information requested).

4. Performance of courts in Ireland

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

Regarding data for Ireland, historically the number of pending civil cases has not been recorded in caseload data, as many cases initiated before the Irish courts either settle out of court or are not proceeded with by the plaintiff/applicant without there being any procedural requirement that the parties inform the court of either a settlement or an intention not to proceed with the case. Consequently, number of resolved cases appears lower and number of pending cases is not available (NA). For this reason, CR shows lower values and DT cannot be calculated which imposes certain limitations on the caseload analysis. The mentioned characteristics of the system have to be taken into account whenever analysing available data for Ireland.

Concerning efficiency of first instance courts in 2020, several points should be taken into account. The reduction in non-litigious cases has been identified and reportedly, it is related to the consequences of COVID-19 pandemic. Furthermore, it should be noted that during the most restrictive lockdowns, only essential proceedings could be dealt with, but as guidance allowed, case volume increased. Urgent and essential cases continued to be heard throughout. This included domestic violence and criminal proceedings. All written judgments were delivered electronically and published on the Courts Service website, courts.ie. Attendance at Court offices was by appointment only to ensure that footfall could be safely managed.

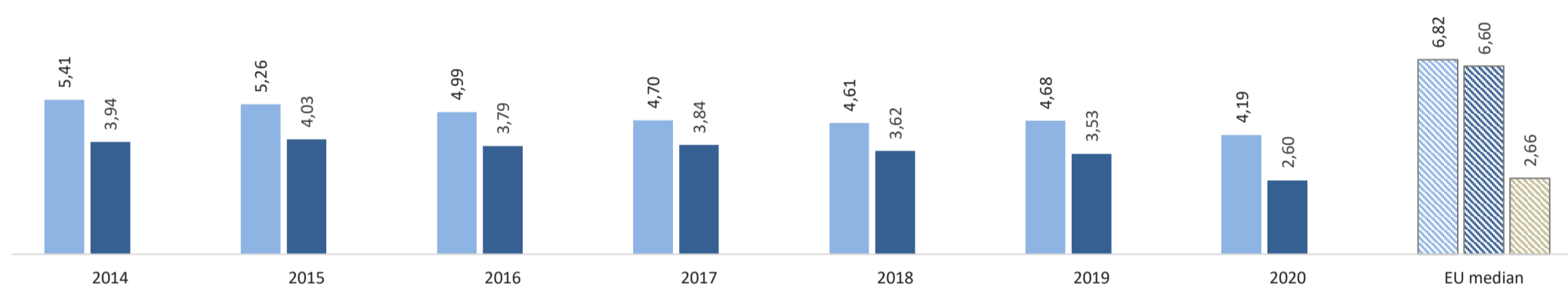
Both the Supreme Court and Court of Appeal quickly adopted the use of video technology and made greater use of electronic documentation to facilitate their continued work. Procedures were introduced to ensure that justice was administered in public. Both jurisdictions delivered their judgments electronically. Waiting times for a hearing in both Courts were improved, to a certain extent, by a net reduction in the numbers of new cases coming into their lists from other jurisdictions. By year end in both Courts, there was a net improvement in the numbers of cases waiting to be dealt with compared to 2019

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants

■ Incoming ■ Resolved ■ Pending 31 Dec



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Ireland (4,19 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

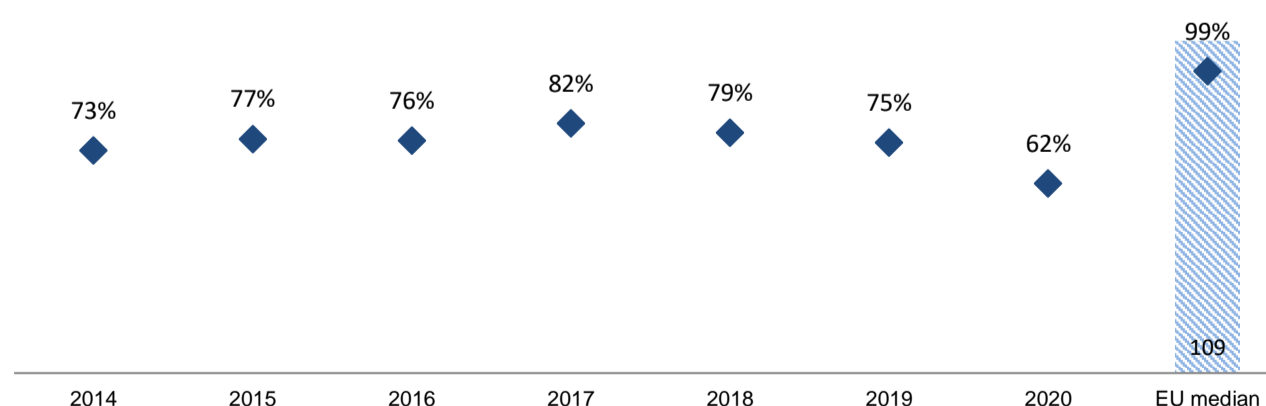
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Ireland (2,60 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	73%	NA
2015	77%	NA
2016	76%	NA
2017	82%	NA
2018	79%	NA
2019	75%	NA
2020	62%	NA

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases

■ DT (days) ◆ CR (%)



The Clearance Rate is calculated at 62,0% in 2020.

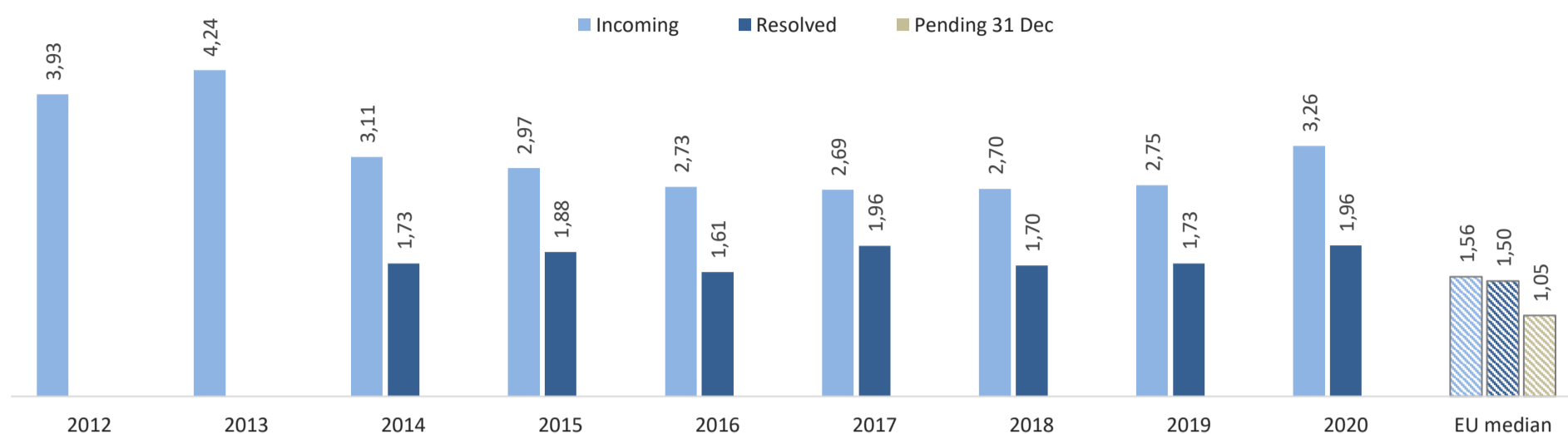
Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -13,4 points.

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Ireland (3,26 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

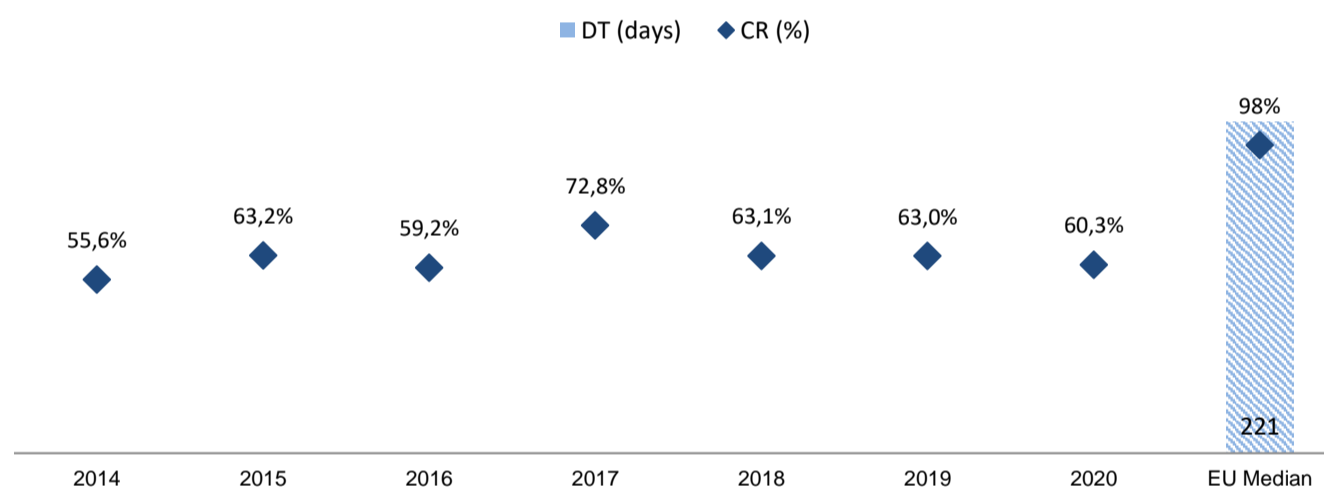
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Ireland (1,96 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

It should be noted that Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases include proceedings not resolved inter partes, such as undefended pecuniary claims, deed poll applications, probate (grants of representation), wardship proceedings, registrations of enduring powers of attorney, appointment of care representatives, unopposed personal and corporate insolvency proceedings, liquor licencing applications and marriage notice exemption applications.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	55,6%	NA
2015	63,2%	NA
2016	59,2%	NA
2017	72,8%	NA
2018	63,1%	NA
2019	63,0%	NA
2020	60,3%	NA

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



The Clearance Rate is calculated at 60,3% in 2020.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,7 points.

The Disposition Time of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

The data for the first instance Administrative cases are not available as these cases are included in the number of Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

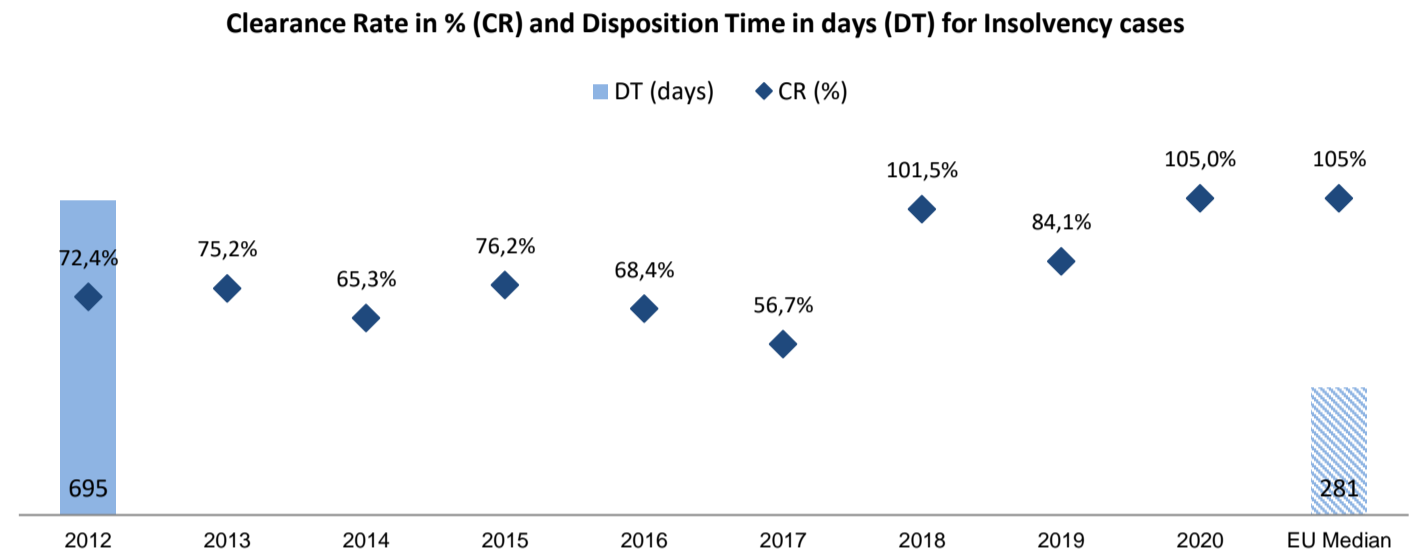
The Clearance Rate of the administrative cases cannot be calculated due to unavailability of data.

The Disposition Time of the administrative cases cannot be calculated due to unavailability of data.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	72,4%	695
2013	75,2%	NA
2014	65,3%	NA
2015	76,2%	NA
2016	68,4%	NA
2017	56,7%	NA
2018	101,5%	NA
2019	84,1%	NA
2020	105,0%	NA



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 105,0% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Ireland seems to deal efficiently with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 20,9 points.

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

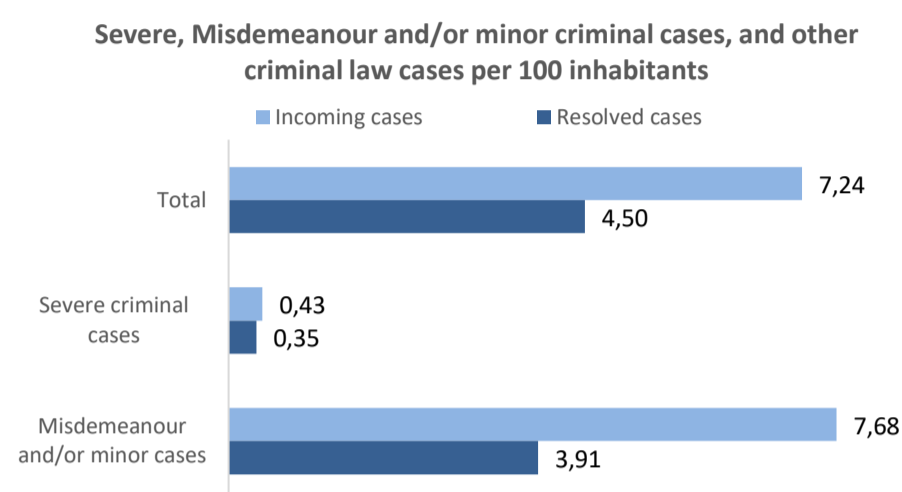
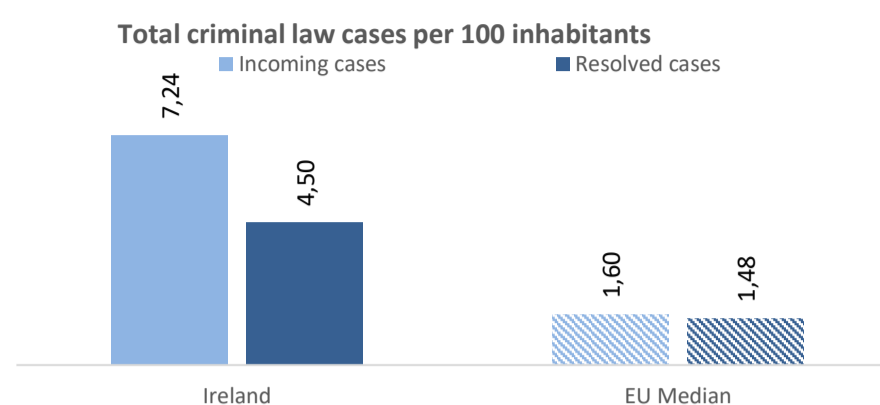
Under the Insolvency category above the figures reflect both corporate and personal insolvency cases. Insolvency figures include both litigious and non-litigious cases.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	360 576	224 048	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	21 322	17 535	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	382 455	194 796	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	7,24	4,50	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	0,43	0,35	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	7,68	3,91	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

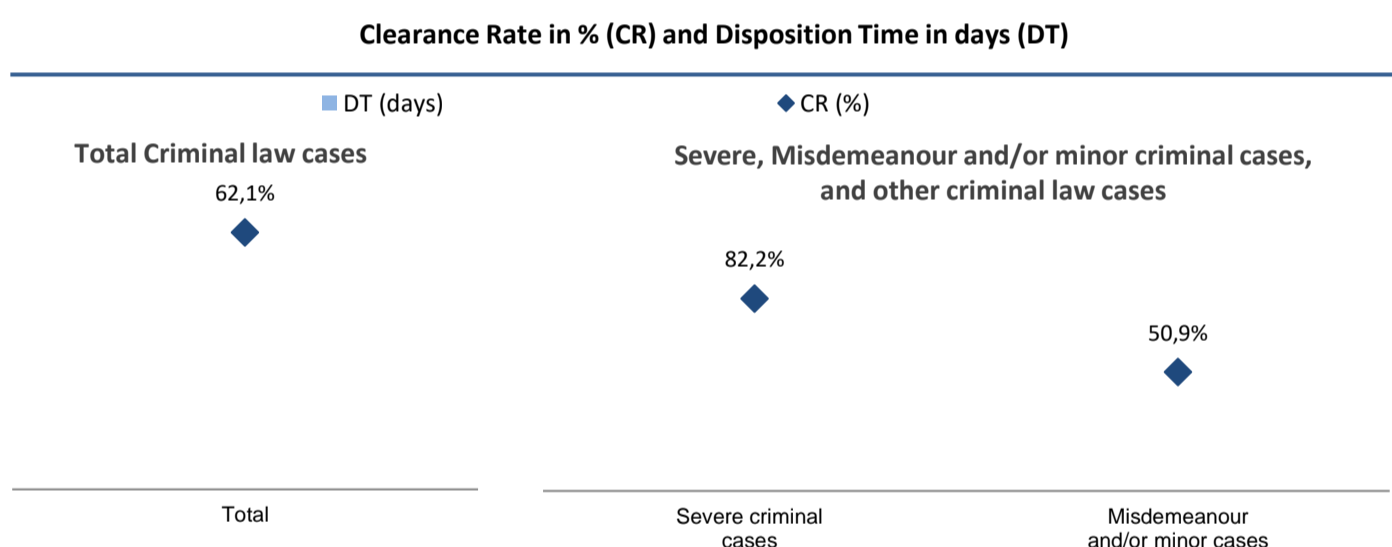


The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Ireland (7,24 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Ireland (4,50 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	62,1%	NA
Severe criminal cases	82,2%	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	50,9%	NA
Other cases	NAP	NAP



The Clearance Rate is calculated at 62,1% in 2020 for total criminal cases.

The Disposition Time for criminal law cases cannot be calculated.

Except for the Supreme Court, criminal cases are generally counted by offence rather than case due to the various ICT systems used. This is due to data collection/ ICT systems that are in use by the Court Service.

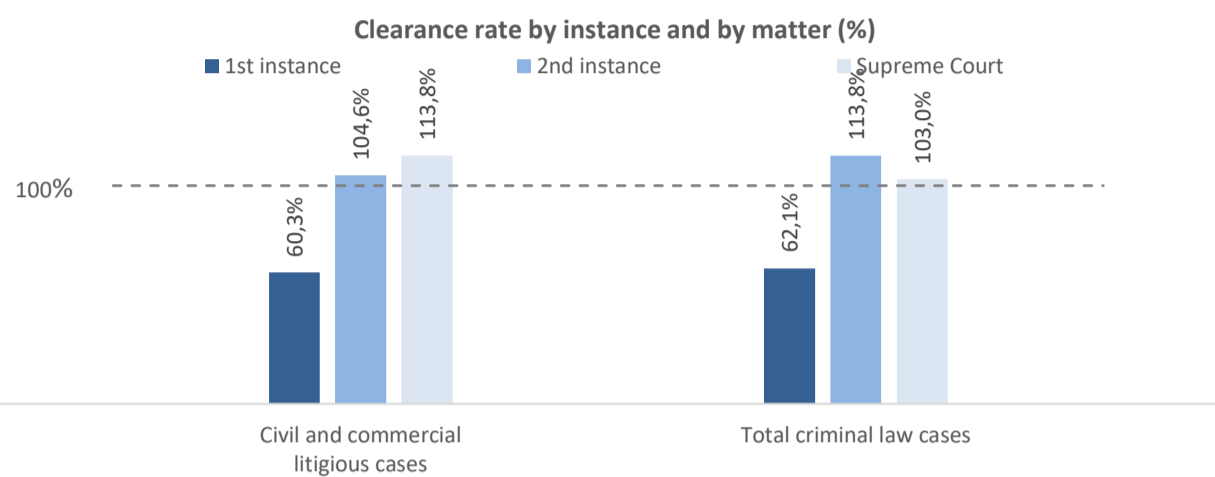
The number of pending criminal law cases cannot be provided.

Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases include all cases triable summarily (e.g. common assault, public order offences, burglary or theft in other than aggravated circumstances).

Misdemeanour and minor criminal cases are cases heard in the District Court. There were fewer such cases incoming and resolved because of Covid-19 pandemic.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	60,3%	104,6%	113,8%	NA	NA	NA
Administrative cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total criminal law cases	62,1%	108,8%	103,0%	NA	NA	118



Due to the above-explained reasons, number of resolved cases appears lower and number of pending cases is not available (NA). Consequently, CR shows lower values and DT cannot be calculated. Therefore, no comprehensive analysis of overall efficiency could be provided.

5. Public prosecution services in Ireland

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Ireland has the following 4 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✗	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✗	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✗	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✗		

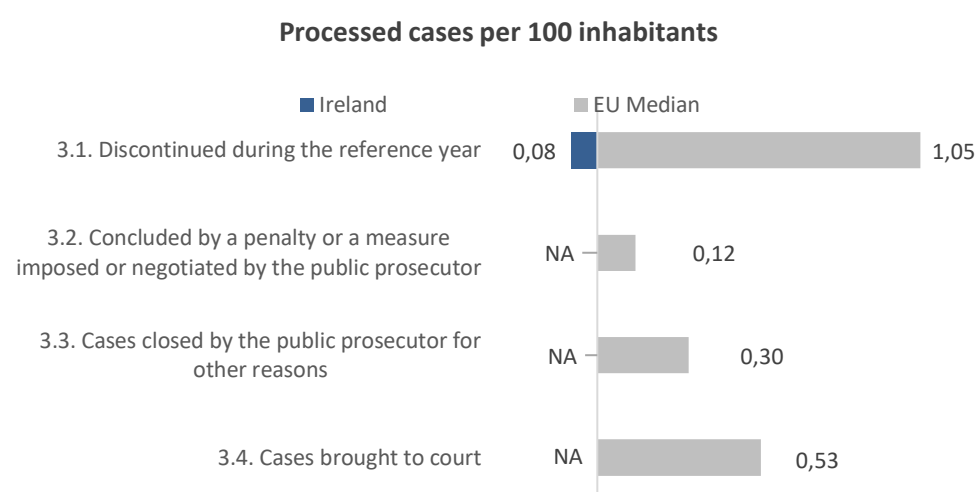
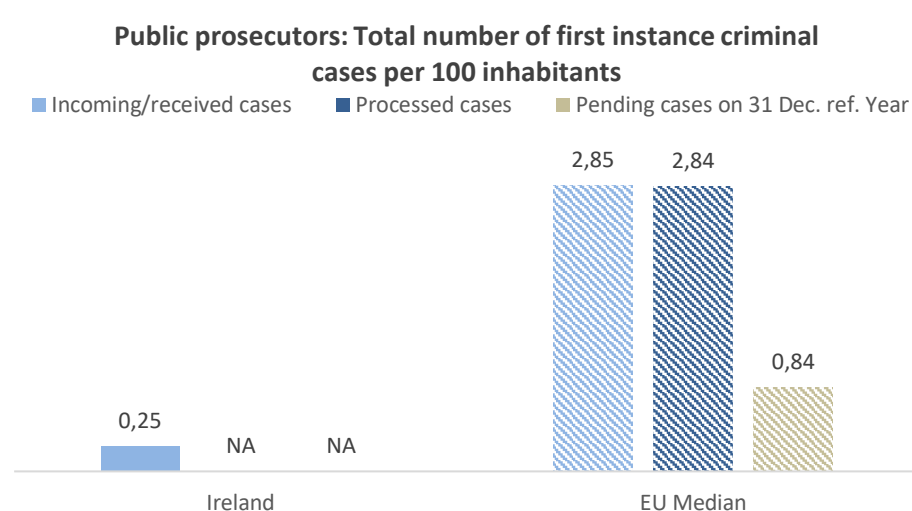
The Director of Public Prosecutions has no investigative function. The Director determines the appropriate charge and prosecutes the case in court. The Director may appeal a decision of the court on a point of law or where a sentence imposed is considered unduly lenient. The Director may end proceedings in a case without a judicial decision. In addition to ending a case without judicial decision, the Office of the DPP can recommend a number of non-judicial disposals, including Garda cautioning and juvenile diversion. Whilst the DPP cannot propose a sentence to the judge, there are two areas in relation to sentencing that the Office of the DPP can appropriately comment on: the practice of drawing to the attention of the sentencing court all relevant guideline sentences from the superior courts (pre-sentence) and the Director's responsibility in relation to appealing sentences considered to be 'unduly lenient'. Prosecutors also have a role in applying for and defending judicial review and habeas corpus. It should be noted that these processes arise from the criminal process.

Prosecutors also make the decision whether or not a case should be prosecuted.

The public prosecutor does not have any role in civil, administrative or insolvency cases.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA
2. Incoming/received cases	12 602	0,25
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	NA	NA
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	4 178	0,08
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	131	0,00
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	4 047	0,08
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NA	NA
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NA	NA
3.4. Cases brought to court	NA	NA
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA



As many of the cases are prosecuted by State Solicitors, there is no data on the status of a case between the time the direction is issued and when the final outcome is received; this is for matters on indictment. For summary cases outside of Dublin, there is rarely information collected on the outcome as these directions are passed on to the police by the State Solicitor and the police execute the direction to prosecute without reference to the State Solicitor. This may change in the future if outcome data is exchange using the Criminal Justice Operational Hub. Summary cases outside of Dublin would make up a significant proportion of the files given in the figures.

As per the instructions provided, cases are counted per prosecution file which could include more than one suspect and multiple charges preferred. Therefore, the figure give for 'Discontinued' in 3.1 is the number of distinct files where a suspect was directed for 'no prosecution'; in some of these files, other suspects on the file may have been prosecuted in the courts.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Ireland

Number of mediators

The data on the number of mediators is not provided (NA).

Number of court related mediations

The data on the number of court related mediations has not been provided (NA). It should be noted that in Ireland there is no court ordered mediation. Courts may invite parties to attend mediation but it is not mandated or ordered. For this reason, and in the absence of the establishment of the mediation council, there is currently no central area for recording data on mediation. When the mediation council is established, it might be possible to provide this data.

7. ICT tools of courts in Ireland

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	1,8	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	0,0	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	0,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	0,0	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	3,0	6,9

The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

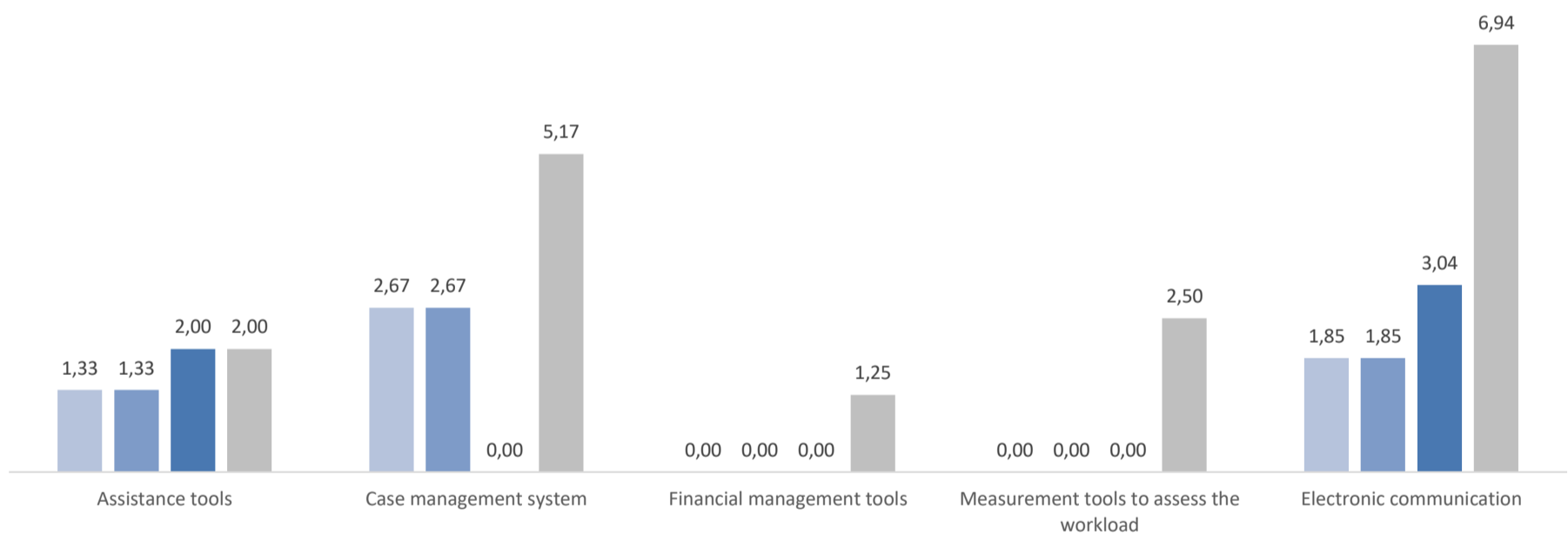
The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020

■ 2018 ■ 2019 ■ 2020 ■ EU Median 2020



The systems and tools used for administrative cases are the same as for civil cases since Ireland does not operate administrative courts.

Regarding possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means, there are different systems in place: Civil matters (Courts Service Online (www.csol.ie) using JBOSS/MySQL; Courts Service On-line (CSOL) for small claims and personal insolvency) and Criminal matters (Criminal Case Tracking System (CCTS) Oracle and Criminal Justice Integration Project (CJIP))

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Ireland

In Ireland, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

In Ireland, there is no system to regularly evaluate the court performance based on defined indicators.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

Information is published in Annual Report available at: <https://www.dppireland.ie/app/uploads/2020/10/AR-2019-eng.pdf>

In Ireland, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service.

Performance and quality indicators are not defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

None of the following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																			
Q1 Number of inhabitants	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	4 977 400		8,4%	0,2%	0,5%	0,8%	0,2%	2,5%	1,3%	1,3%	1,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	37 675	38 055	41 011	55 187	58 961	61 369	66 716	72 346	74 912		98,8%	1,0%	7,8%	34,6%	6,8%	4,1%	8,7%	8,4%	3,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							False	False	False
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	False	False
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False
078.1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									False

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases																			
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)																			
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases																			
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases																			
078-1.1.5 Backlogs																			
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff																			
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff																			
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)																			
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures																			
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate																			
078-1.1.11 Disposition time																			
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals																			
078-1.1.13 Other																			
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False									
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False												
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False												
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False												
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False									
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False												
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False												
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False												
073-2.1.4 Other							False												
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance																			False

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
073-4.1.1 Annual																				
073-4.1.2 Less frequent																				
073-4.1.3 More frequent																				
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services										False										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance																				
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)																				
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency																				
073-6.1.4 Other																				
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	No	No	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	False	False	False	False										
070.1.4 number of pending cases							False	False	False	False										
070.1.5 backlogs							False	False	False	False										
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False										
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False										
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False										
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False										
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	False	False										
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False										
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False										

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True									
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True									
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True									
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True									
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False									
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True									
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False									
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True									
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False									
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False									
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True									
070-1.1.13 Other									False									
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									-									
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									-									
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									-									
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False									
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False									
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False									
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP									
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP									
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP									
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP									
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP									

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120.1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									True										
120.1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									False										
120.1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	1	1	1	1	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	105	100	94	94	95	95	95	95	95	-9,5%	-4,8%	-6,0%	0,0%	1,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																			
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																			
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	250 402	245 462	233 058	225 215	223 906	230 240	208 579	-	-	-	-2,0%	-5,1%	-3,4%	-0,6%	2,8%	-9,4%	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	180 287	195 299	143 993	138 540	127 395	128 820	131 159	135 208	162 065	-10,1%	8,3%	-26,3%	-3,8%	-8,0%	1,1%	1,8%	3,1%	19,9%	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	105 215	105 623	104 848	95 363	91 655	93 740	46 514	-	-	-	0,4%	-0,7%	-9,0%	-3,9%	2,3%	-50,4%	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	105 215	105 623	104 848	95 363	91 655	93 740	46 514	-	-	-	0,4%	-0,7%	-9,0%	-3,9%	2,3%	-50,4%	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	1 194	1 299	815	1 032	1 092	1 292	NAP	-	-	-	8,8%	-37,3%	26,6%	5,8%	18,3%	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	182 409	187 987	177 247	183 793	175 913	173 602	129 390	-	-	-	3,1%	-5,7%	3,7%	-4,3%	-1,3%	-25,5%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	80 027	87 505	75 463	93 729	82 744	85 193	97 689	-	-	-	9,3%	-13,8%	24,2%	-11,7%	3,0%	14,7%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101 188	99 183	100 969	89 032	92 077	87 117	31 701	-	-	-	-2,0%	1,8%	-11,8%	3,4%	-5,4%	-63,6%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	120 010	101 188	99 183	100 969	89 032	92 077	87 117	31 701	-	-	-15,7%	-2,0%	1,8%	-11,8%	3,4%	-5,4%	-63,6%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	35	1 194	1 299	815	1 032	1 092	1 292	NAP	-	-	3311,4%	8,8%	-37,3%	26,6%	5,8%	18,3%	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	72,8%	76,6%	76,1%	81,6%	78,6%	75,4%	62,0%	-	-	-	5,13	(0,69)	7,30	(3,73)	(4,03)	(17,73)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	55,6%	63,2%	59,2%	72,8%	63,1%	63,0%	60,3%	-	-	-	13,65	(6,22)	22,83	(13,29)	(0,12)	(4,33)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	96,2%	93,9%	96,3%	93,4%	100,5%	92,9%	68,2%	-	-	-	(2,36)	2,55	(3,05)	7,60	(7,49)	(26,66)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	96,2%	93,9%	96,3%	93,4%	100,5%	92,9%	68,2%	-	-	-	(2,36)	2,55	(3,05)	7,60	(7,49)	(26,66)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	486	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	3 482	3 609	3 831	4 314	4 179	3 995	3 888	4 073	5 266	51,2%	3,6%	6,2%	12,6%	-3,1%	-4,4%	-2,7%	4,8%	29,3%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	358	69	135	121	48	18	13	5	-	-	-80,7%	95,7%	-10,4%	-60,3%	-62,5%	-27,8%	-61,5%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	380	314	1 615	2 368	2 909	3 060	1 526	1 496	3 002	690,0%	-17,4%	414,3%	46,6%	22,8%	5,2%	-50,1%	-2,0%	100,7%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	2 892	2 949	2 638	3 291	3 277	3 434	3 252	3 573	3 183	10,1%	2,0%	-10,5%	24,8%	-0,4%	4,8%	-5,3%	9,9%	-10,9%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	120	89	102	105	73	31	22	9	-	-	-25,8%	14,6%	2,9%	-30,5%	-57,5%	-29,0%	-59,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	275	236	1 055	1 805	1 989	1 736	1 549	1 258	3 153	1046,5%	-14,2%	347,0%	71,1%	10,2%	-12,7%	-10,8%	-18,8%	150,6%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	524	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	83,1%	81,7%	68,9%	76,3%	78,4%	86,0%	83,6%	87,7%	60,4%	(27,22)	(1,62)	(15,73)	10,79	2,79	9,62	(2,69)	4,88	(31,10)
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	33,5%	129,0%	75,6%	86,8%	152,1%	172,2%	169,2%	180,0%	-	-	284,81	(41,42)	14,85	75,26	13,24	(1,74)	6,36
CR Insolvency cases	72,4%	75,2%	65,3%	76,2%	68,4%	56,7%	101,5%	84,1%	105,0%	45,13	3,86	(13,08)	16,69	(10,30)	(17,03)	78,92	(17,16)	24,90
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	695	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																				
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																				
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 334	2 637	2 679	2 673	2 827	2 685	1 403		-	-	-	13,0%	1,6%	-0,2%	5,8%	-5,0%	-47,7%	
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 334	2 637	2 679	2 673	2 827	2 685	1 403		-	-	-	13,0%	1,6%	-0,2%	5,8%	-5,0%	-47,7%	
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 754	2 227	2 208	1 755	2 119	2 498	1 468	-	-	-	27,0%	-0,9%	-20,5%	20,7%	17,9%	-41,2%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 754	2 227	2 208	1 755	2 119	2 498	1 468	-	-	-	27,0%	-0,9%	-20,5%	20,7%	17,9%	-41,2%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			75,1%	84,5%	82,4%	65,7%	75,0%	93,0%	104,6%	-	-	-	12,38	(2,41)	(20,34)	14,16	24,12	12,47
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			75,1%	84,5%	82,4%	65,7%	75,0%	93,0%	104,6%	-	-	-	12,38	(2,41)	(20,34)	14,16	24,12	12,47
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	334	187	144	181	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-44,0%	-23,0%	25,7%	-	
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	334	187	144	181	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-44,0%	-23,0%	25,7%	-	
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			462	109	164	190	268	323	109	-	-	-	-76,4%	50,5%	15,9%	41,1%	20,5%	-66,3%	
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			462	109	164	190	268	323	109	-	-	-	-76,4%	50,5%	15,9%	41,1%	20,5%	-66,3%	
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			702	524	311	233	242	343	124	-	-	-	-25,4%	-40,6%	-25,1%	3,9%	41,7%	-63,8%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			702	524	311	233	242	343	124	-	-	-	-25,4%	-40,6%	-25,1%	3,9%	41,7%	-63,8%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	187	144	182	161	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-23,0%	26,4%	-11,5%	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	187	144	170	161	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-23,0%	18,1%	-5,3%	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																			
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																			
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			151,9%	480,7%	189,6%	122,6%	90,3%	106,2%	113,8%	-	-	-	216,38	(60,55)	(35,33)	(26,37)	17,60	7,13	
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			151,9%	480,7%	189,6%	122,6%	90,3%	106,2%	113,8%	-	-	-	216,38	(60,55)	(35,33)	(26,37)	17,60	7,13	
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	219	226	275	171	NA	-	-	-	-	-	2,8%	21,7%	-37,6%	-	
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	219	226	256	171	NA	-	-	-	-	-	2,8%	13,7%	-33,2%	-	
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									360 576	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									21 322	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									382 455	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									224 048	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									17 535	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									194 796	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									62,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									82,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									50,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									12 215	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									1 405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									10 810	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									13 293	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									1 719	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									11 574	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									108,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									122,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									107,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									103,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Severe cases									103,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Total									118	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Severe cases									118	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 5: Access to justice																				
Legal aid																				
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																				
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True										
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True										
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					False	False	False	False	False	False										
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True										
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True										
020.1.1 Total										NA										
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										NA										
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										30 874										
020.2.1 Total brought to court										85 963										
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										73 611										
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										12 352										
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA										
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										18 522										
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NAP										
020-1.1.2 Average duration										14										

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NAP								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NAP								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NAP								

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																				
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																				
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True											
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							NA	NA	100%											
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True											
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	in all courts											
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No											
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No											
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No											
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%											
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True											
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	NA											
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	NA											
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA											
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Both	Both	Both											
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all											
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Both											

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not connected at all	Not connected at all	NA									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	False	False	NAP									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	False	False	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	False	False	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	False	False	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	False	False	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	False	False	NAP									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False									

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							False	False	False										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges																			
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors																			
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff																			
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	-	-										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	-	-										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							NA	NA	50-99%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							False	False	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							False	False	True										

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	False	False											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate																				
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	-	-											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							False	-	-											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	-	-											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	-	-											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	False	False											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							NA	NA	10-49%											

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission	Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission	Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission										
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)																			
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)									Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission										
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail										
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)																			
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)									E-mail										
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers										
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)																			
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)																			

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	-										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	-										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	-										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	-										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	144	148	160	159	162	160	160	167	163	13,2%	2,8%	8,1%	-0,6%	1,9%	-1,2%	0,0%	4,4%	-2,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	136	138	140	140	143	142	142	143	138	1,5%	1,5%	1,4%	0,0%	2,1%	-0,7%	0,0%	0,7%	-3,5%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	NAP	NAP	10	9	10	10	10	16	16	-	-	-	-10,0%	11,1%	0,0%	0,0%	60,0%	0,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	8	10	10	10	9	8	8	9	9	12,5%	25,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-10,0%	-11,1%	0,0%	12,5%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	106	106	108	105	105	101	98	104	99	-6,6%	0,0%	1,9%	-2,8%	0,0%	-3,8%	-3,0%	6,1%	-4,8%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	99	99	93	92	92	88	88	90	85	-14,1%	0,0%	-6,1%	-1,1%	0,0%	-4,3%	0,0%	2,3%	-5,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NAP	NAP	8	7	8	8	5	8	8	-	-	-	-12,5%	14,3%	0,0%	-37,5%	60,0%	0,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	7	7	7	6	5	5	5	6	6	-14,3%	0,0%	0,0%	-14,3%	-16,7%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	38	42	52	54	57	59	62	63	64	68,4%	10,5%	23,8%	3,8%	5,6%	3,5%	5,1%	1,6%	1,6%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	37	39	47	48	51	54	54	51	53	43,2%	5,4%	20,5%	2,1%	6,3%	5,9%	0,0%	-5,6%	3,9%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NAP	NAP	2	2	2	2	5	8	8	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	150,0%	60,0%	0,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	1	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	200,0%	200,0%	0,0%	33,3%	0,0%	-25,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	163	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	945	927	927	942	975	1 023	1 049	1 080	1 089	15,2%	-1,9%	0,0%	1,6%	3,5%	4,9%	2,5%	3,0%	0,8%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	31	21	24	25	23	25	25	25	25	-19,4%	-32,3%	14,3%	4,2%	-8,0%	8,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	787	778	771	775	790	830	849	865	816	3,7%	-1,1%	-0,9%	0,5%	1,9%	5,1%	2,3%	1,9%	-5,7%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	125	128	131	141	161	167	173	189	247	97,6%	2,4%	2,3%	7,6%	14,2%	3,7%	3,6%	9,2%	30,7%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	2	NAP	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-50,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	361	362	374	409	420	395	438	-	-	-	0,3%	3,3%	9,4%	2,7%	-6,0%	10,9%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	12	12	12	14	14	13	14	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	16,7%	0,0%	-7,1%	7,7%	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	282	272	268	313	318	291	302	-	-	-	-3,5%	-1,5%	16,8%	1,6%	-8,5%	3,8%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	66	77	93	81	88	90	121	-	-	-	16,7%	20,8%	-12,9%	8,6%	2,3%	34,4%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	623	566	580	601	614	629	685	651	-	-	-9,1%	2,5%	3,6%	2,2%	2,4%	8,9%	-5,0%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	10	12	13	11	11	11	12	11	-	-	20,0%	8,3%	-15,4%	0,0%	0,0%	9,1%	-8,3%	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	521	489	503	522	517	531	574	514	-	-	-6,1%	2,9%	3,8%	-1,0%	2,7%	8,1%	-10,5%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	92	65	64	68	86	85	99	126	-	-	-29,3%	-1,5%	6,3%	26,5%	-1,2%	16,5%	27,3%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									1 089	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									756	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									438	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									651	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									488	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									128	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	40 283 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	129 704 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	208 854 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	33 370 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	11 055	11 215	11 588	11 907	12 237	12 588	13 142	14 816	14 054	27,1%	1,4%	3,3%	2,8%	2,8%	2,9%	4,4%	12,7%	-5,1%	
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 654	7 558	7 119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,6%	-5,8%	
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 488	7 258	6 911	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,9%	-4,8%	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Ireland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																				
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																				
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	35	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

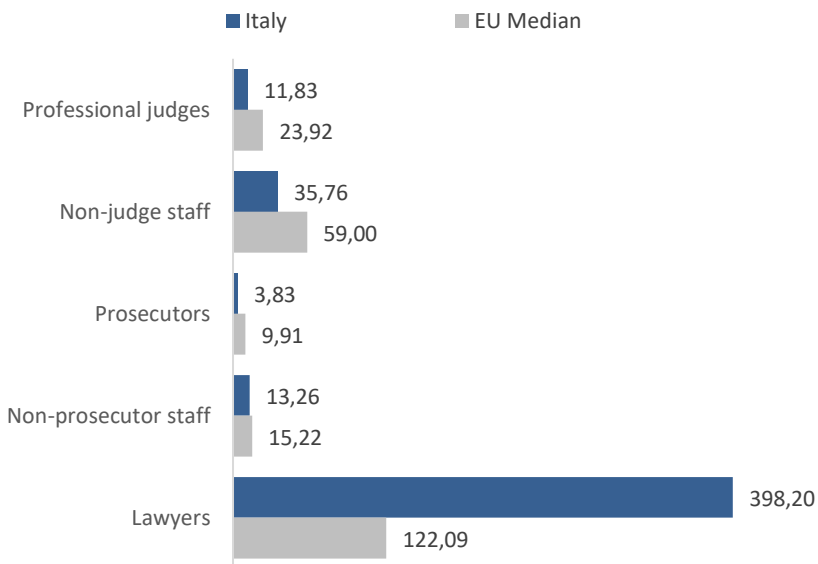
Judiciary at a glance in Italy

General data

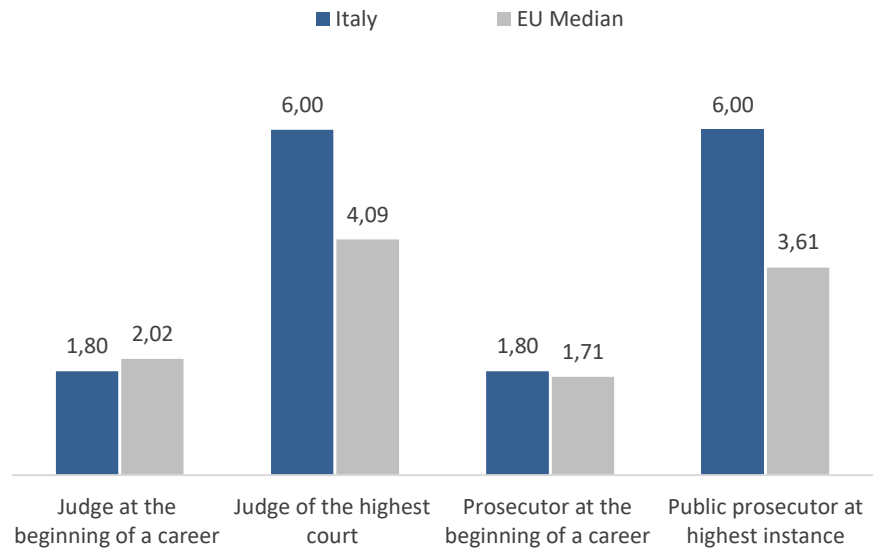
Population: 59 257 566 **GDP per capita:** 27 815 € **Average annual salary:** 31 233 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

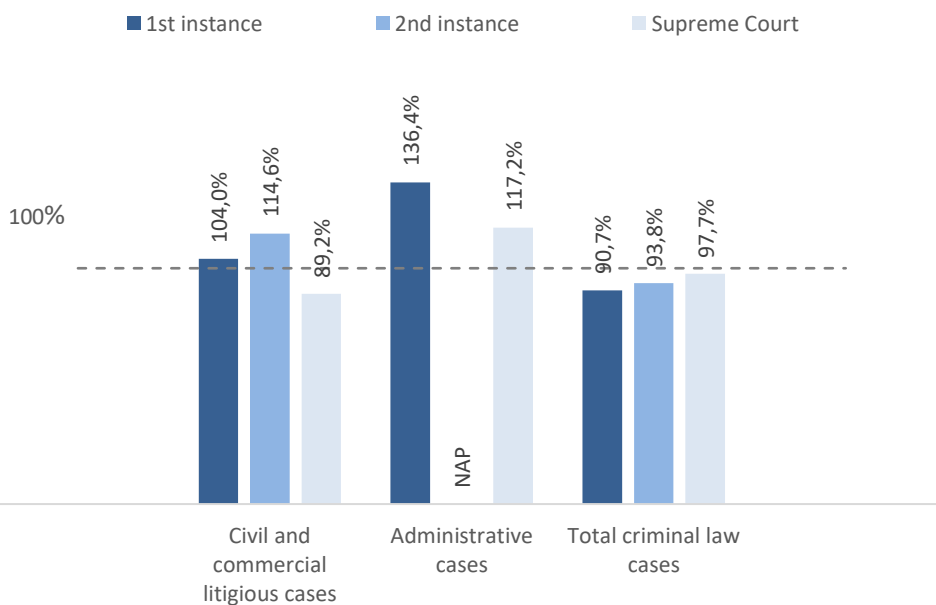


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

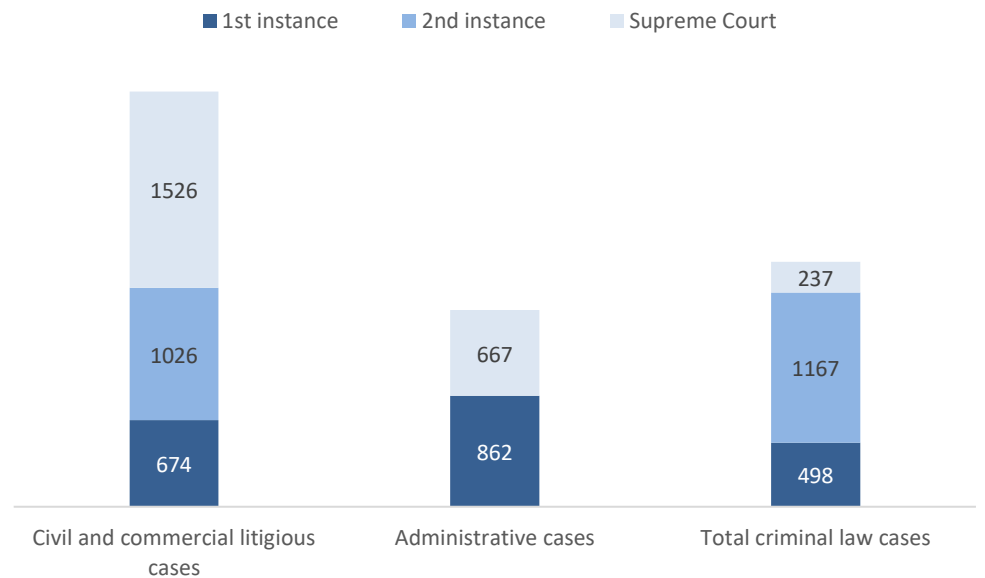


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

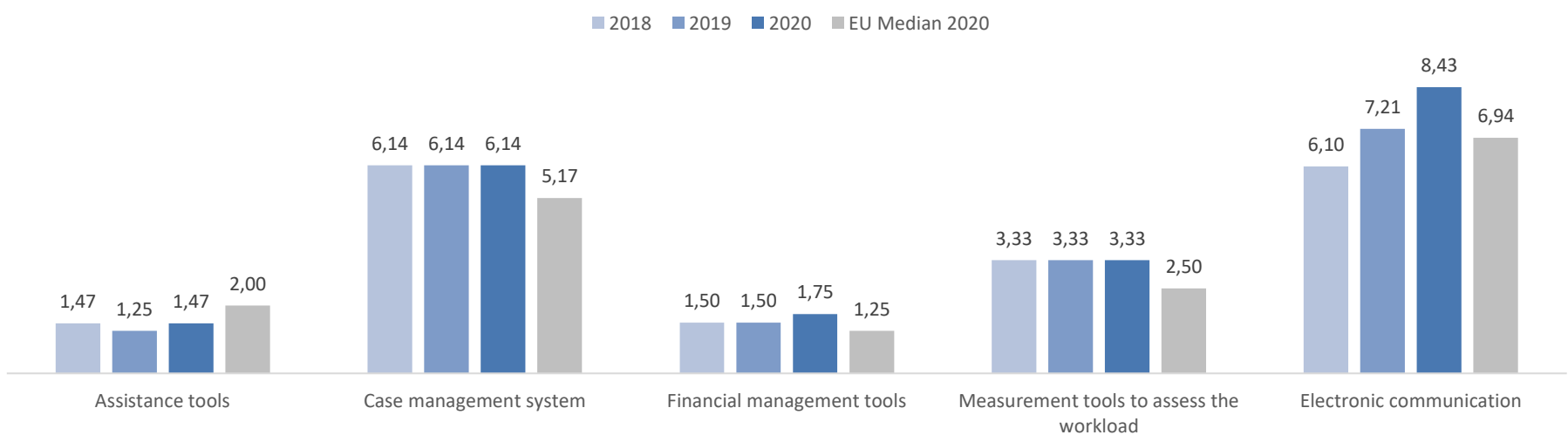


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

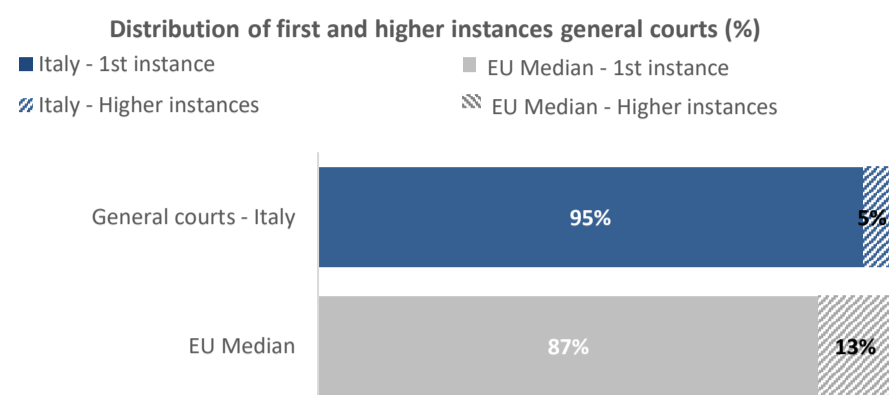
Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Italy

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	59 257 566	-0,7%	-0,3%	-0,4%	-0,2%	-0,2%	-1,6%
GDP per capita	25 729	25 553	26 585	26 947	27 587	28 359	29 071	29 609	27 815	8,1%	3,8%	5,4%	2,5%	1,9%	-6,1%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	28 619		29 327		29 389		29 343	30 641	31 233	9,1%	0,2%	-0,2%		4,4%	1,9%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	10,6	11,0	11,4	10,9	10,6	10,8	11,6	11,8	11,9	11,5%	-7,5%	10,1%	8,0%	1,8%	0,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	39,7	38,5	36,0	35,2	35,0	34,2	37,1	36,2	35,8	-9,8%	-3,0%	6,2%	8,6%	-2,5%	-1,2%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	379,0	379,0	368,2	390,9	378,4	382,9	388,3	392,6	398,2	5,1%	2,8%	2,6%	1,4%	1,1%	1,4%
Mediators	NA	NA	31,7	35,5	39,0	39,6	39,8	39,6	40,2	NA	23,0%	2,1%	0,5%	-0,4%	1,4%
ICT overall assesment							6,6	6,9	7,5					4,8%	8,7%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,613	2,690	2,608	2,547	2,566	2,468	2,550	2,439	1,922	-26,4%	-1,6%	-0,6%	3,3%	-4,4%	-21,2%
Administrative law cases	0,086	0,1	0,1	0,102	0,090	0,080	0,083	0,084	0,071	-17,5%	-14,1%	-8,1%	3,1%	2,0%	-16,0%
Total criminal law cases									1,760						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	131%	118%	119%	120%	113%	106%	103%	104%	104%	-27,24	-6,05	-10,35	-3,51	1,59	-0,47
CR administrative law cases	280%	190%	156%	142%	153%	156%	136%	131%	136%	-143,39	-2,16	-17,13	-19,90	-5,25	5,31
CR total criminal law cases									91%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	590	608	532	527	514	548	527	532	674	14,2%	-3,3%	2,5%	-3,7%	1,0%	26,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)	886	1 043	984	1 008	925	887	889	821	862	-2,7%	-6,0%	-3,9%	0,2%	-7,7%	5,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									498						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	5,54	5,29	4,54	4,41	4,10	3,94	3,79	3,72	3,69	-33,4%	-9,7%	-7,5%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-0,7%
Administrative law cases	0,58	0,50	0,44	0,40	0,35	0,30	0,27	0,25	0,23	-60,9%	-20,4%	-21,5%	-9,9%	-9,4%	-8,2%
Total criminal law cases									2,18						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			119%	122%	111%	117%	120%	131%	115%		-8,50	9,08	2,92	10,66	-15,88
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									94%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			959	1 005	993	893	863	791	1 026		3,6%	-13,1%	-3,3%	-8,4%	29,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									1 167						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			93%	87%	92%	100%	88%	85%	89%		-1,06	-4,28	-12,26	-2,48	3,93
CR administrative law cases			96%	89%	96%	107%	108%	113%	117%		0,50	12,18	1,56	4,03	4,68
CR total criminal law cases									98%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			1 316	1 469	1 442	1 299	1 266	1 302	1 526		9,6%	-12,2%	-2,6%	2,9%	17,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)			886	1 003	971	950	792	694	667		9,6%	-18,5%	-16,7%	-12,3%	-3,9%
DT total criminal law cases									237						

1. Judicial organisation in Italy

In 2020, in Italy there are 525 first instance courts of general jurisdiction, 26 second instance courts of general jurisdiction, 1 Supreme Court (highest instance) of general jurisdiction and 259 specialised courts (235 in first instance and 23 in second instance). Geographic locations were 844.

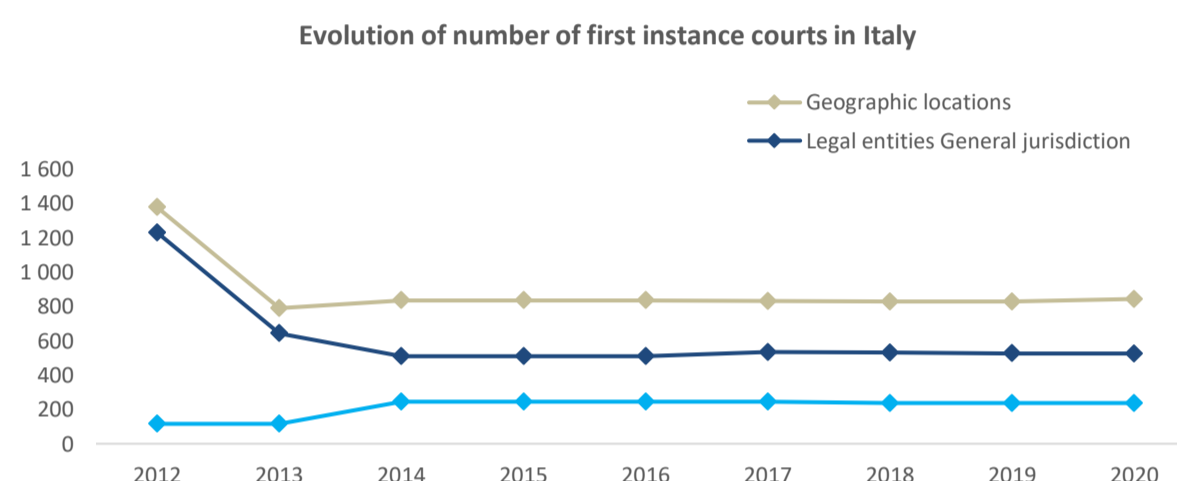
Distribution of general courts in Italy



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Italy is 95% - 5%, somewhat different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

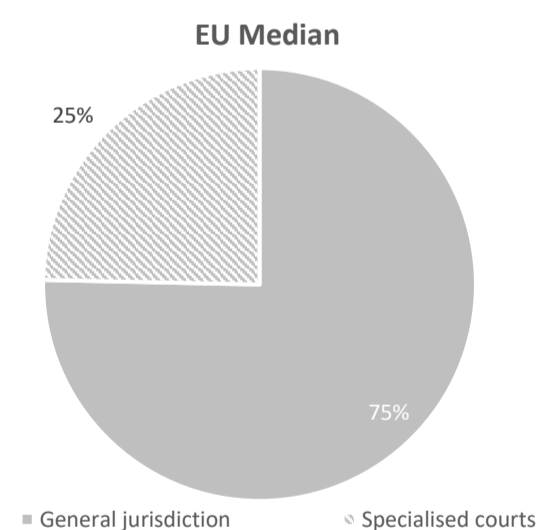
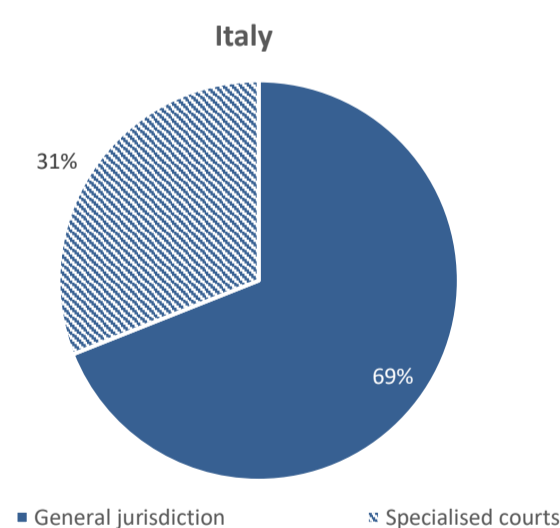
Evolution of number of first instance courts in Italy

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	1 378	1 231	116
2013	790	643	116
2014	836	510	245
2015	836	510	245
2016	836	510	245
2017	831	534	245
2018	828	531	237
2019	828	527	237
2020	844	525	236



In 2012-2013 Italy went through a major reform of the judicial map. In particular, a great number of justice of peace offices (initially 846) were shut down. However, each Italian municipality had (and still has) the opportunity to preserve the office at their own expenses. For this reason, each year a series of Justice of Peace offices administered by the municipality might be re-opened or closed.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 69,0% - 31,0% is around the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	236	23
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	22	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	58	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	20	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	4	1
Juvenile courts	29	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	103	21

Since 2014, in Italy there are 22 Brand Commercial courts (Tribunali delle imprese) that are legal entities of their own and not just internal court divisions for organizational purpose (such as labour, family etc.).

It is noteworthy that in Italy, some of the specialized first instance courts are not administered and financed by the Ministry of Justice. This is the case for the regional administrative courts, the regional audit commissions, the local tax commissions and military courts. These courts are not taken into consideration for the replies to questions 6, 46 and 52 for none of the exercises.

In respect of the 20 first instance administrative courts (legal entities) and their supreme court, it should be stressed that they have been encompassed within the total under question 43 for the last four exercises, but only since 2014 this approach is reflected in questions 91 and 99 (number of administrative law cases).

Moreover, in Italy specific matters (such as labour, family etc.) are dealt by specific divisions within the same Court. There are also 26 divisions called DDA (Direzioni Distrettuali Antimafia) which deal specifically with mafia and organized crime.

Tax courts fall into the "Other" category.

The appeal of some specialized courts (e.g. commercial courts, juvenile courts) are dealt by the general jurisdiction appeal courts.

Specific subject matters (e.g. labour, insolvency, family, fight against terrorism and organised crime) are dealt by specific divisions within general jurisdiction courts.

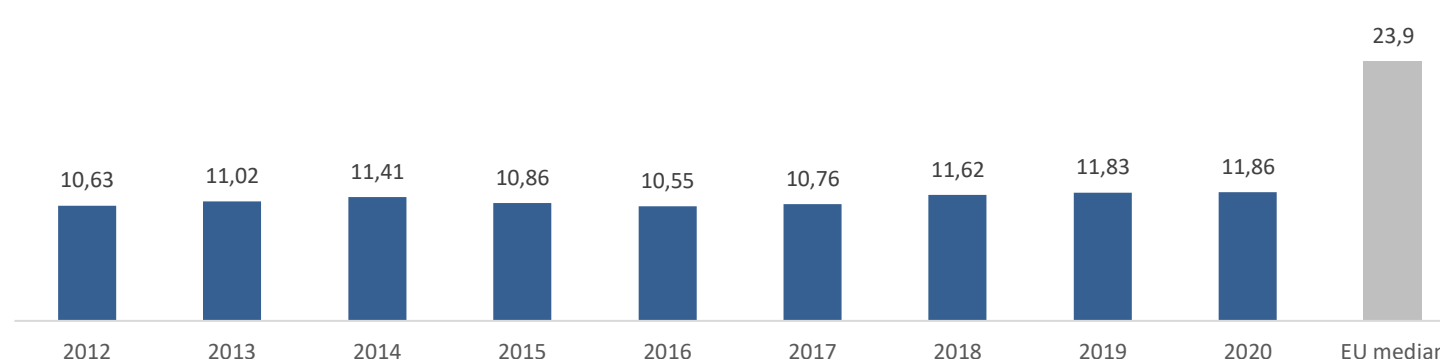
2. Professionals of justice in Italy

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	6 347	10,63
2013	6 579	11,02
2014	6 939	11,41
2015	6 590	10,86
2016	6 395	10,55
2017	6 508	10,76
2018	7 015	11,62
2019	7 127	11,83
2020	7 027	11,86

Professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants



According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Italy is 7 027, which is -1,4% less than in previous cycle.

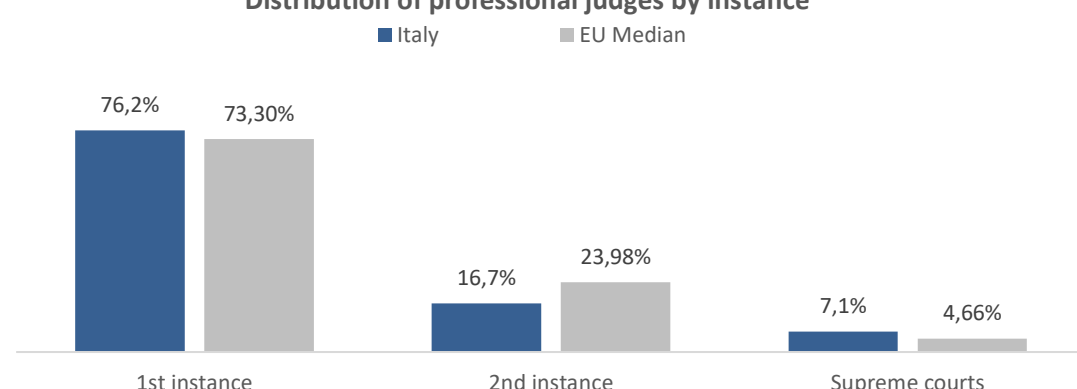
More precisely, in Italy, there are 11,86 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,02 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,06 non-judge staff per judge.

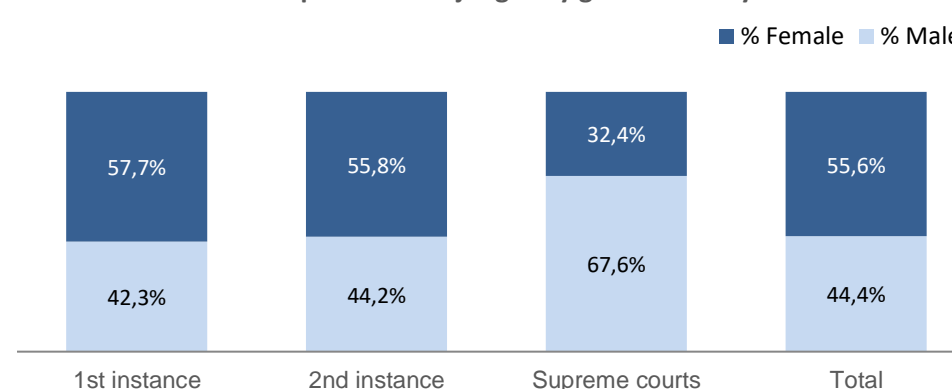
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	5 356	76,2%	2 267	3 089	42,3%	57,7%
2nd instance	1 174	16,7%	519	655	44,2%	55,8%
Supreme courts	497	7,1%	336	161	67,6%	32,4%
Total	7 027		3 122	3 905	44,4%	55,6%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 3 905, which represents 55,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 5 356 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 3 089 are female); 1 174 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 655 are female) and 497 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 161 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, Italy has relatively less judges in the second instance (16,7% vs 23,98%). This is probably also due to the fact that there are no administrative courts and judges of second instance.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the judges belonging to the specialized first instance courts that are not administered and financed by the Ministry of Justice (regional audit commissions, local tax commissions and military courts) are not counted under this question.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, as already mentioned, in Italy there is not a second instance for administrative cases, therefore, there are no second instance administrative judges.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

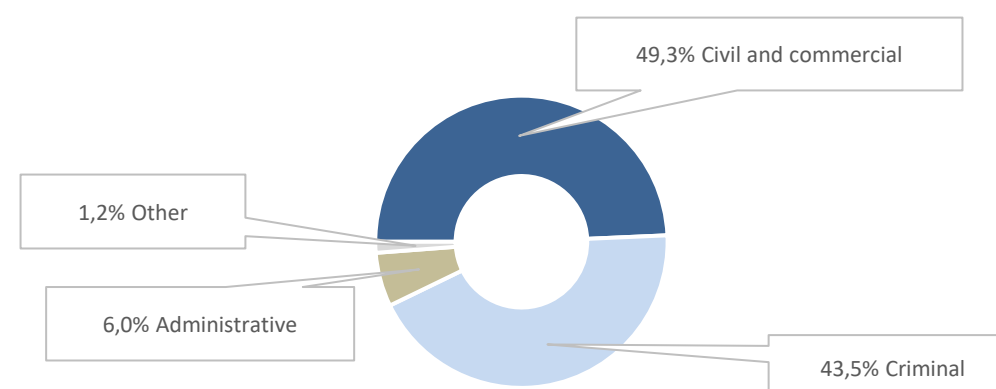
2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	5 356	2 617	2 368	308	63
2nd instance	1 174	630	523	NAP	21
Supreme courts	497	217	167	112	1
Total	7 027	3 464	3 058	420	85

In Italy, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	48,9%	44,2%	5,8%	1,2%
2nd instance	53,7%	44,5%	NAP	1,8%
Supreme courts	43,7%	33,6%	22,5%	0,2%
Total	49,3%	43,5%	6,0%	1,2%

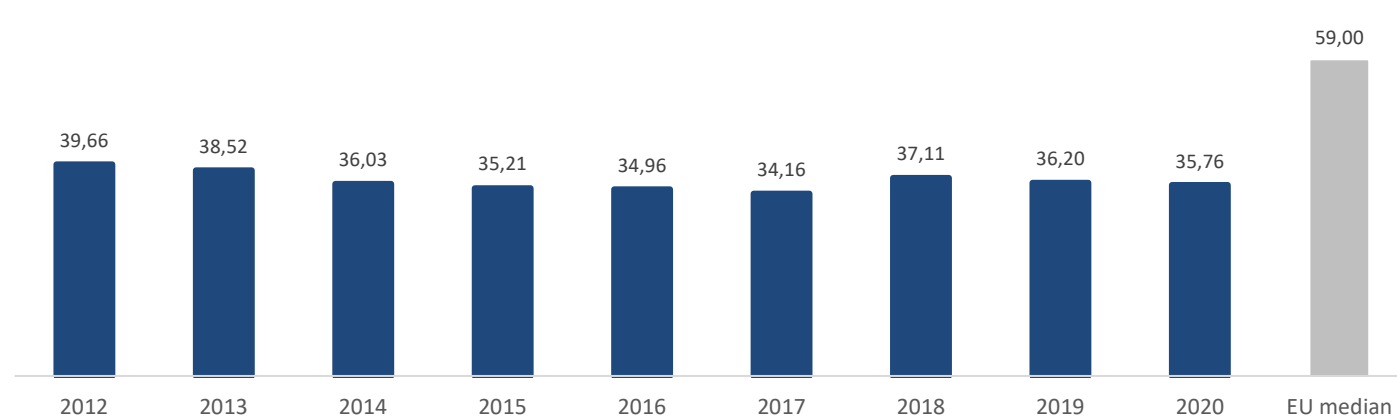
Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	23 672	22 991	21 903	21 360	21 182	20 664	22 401	21 808	21 193
Per 100 000 inhabitants	39,66	38,52	36,03	35,21	34,96	34,16	37,11	36,20	35,76

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	21 193	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	13 885	65,5%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	4 281	20,2%
Technical staff	356	1,7%
Other	2 671	12,6%

In 2020, Italy has 21 193 non-judge staff (of which 14 206 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -2,8%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 13 885 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 9 942 are women);
- 4 281 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 3 066 are women);
- 356 technical staff (of which 146 are women);
- 2 671 other (of which 1 052 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 36,2 in 2019 to 35,8 in 2020).

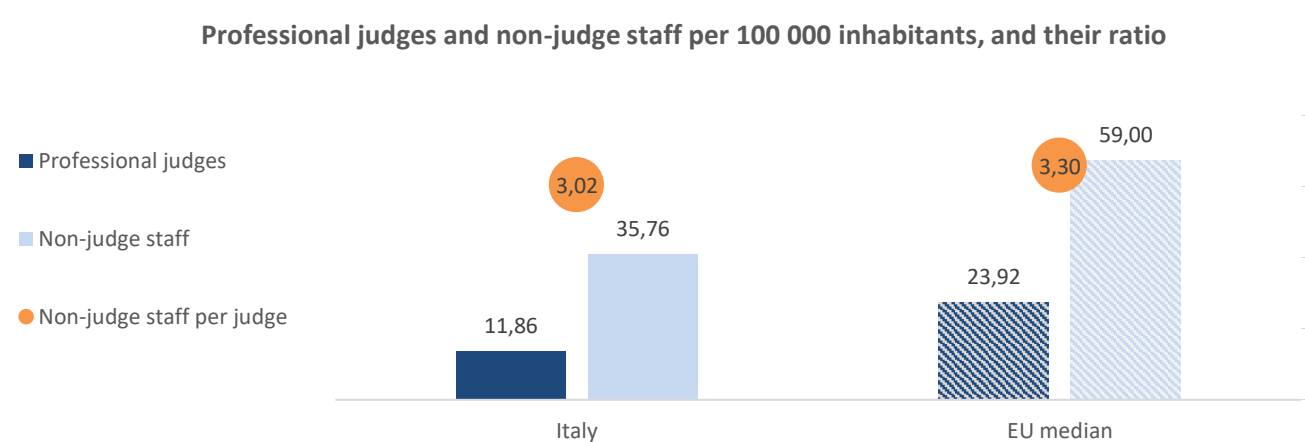
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 11,8 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 11,9 in 2020.

The category “other non-judge staff” encompasses assistants, receptionists, porters and other judicial staff. As a general remark, it should be stressed that the high percentage of “other non-judge staff” in Italy is due to a very strict interpretation of the definition of the main categories.

The specialized first instance courts that are not administered and financed by the Ministry of Justice (regional audit commissions, local tax commissions and military courts) are not taken into consideration at question 52.

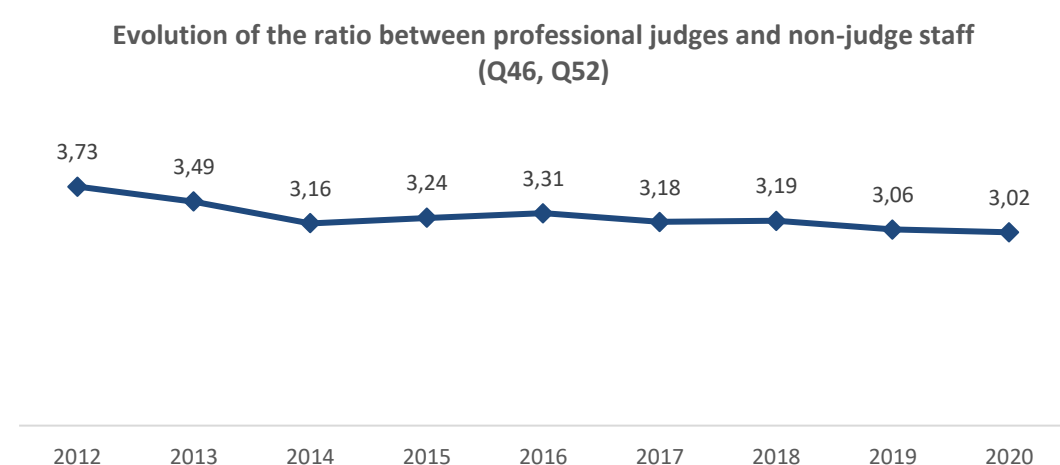
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Italy	EU median
Professional judges	11,86	23,92
Non-judge staff	35,76	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,02	3,30



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

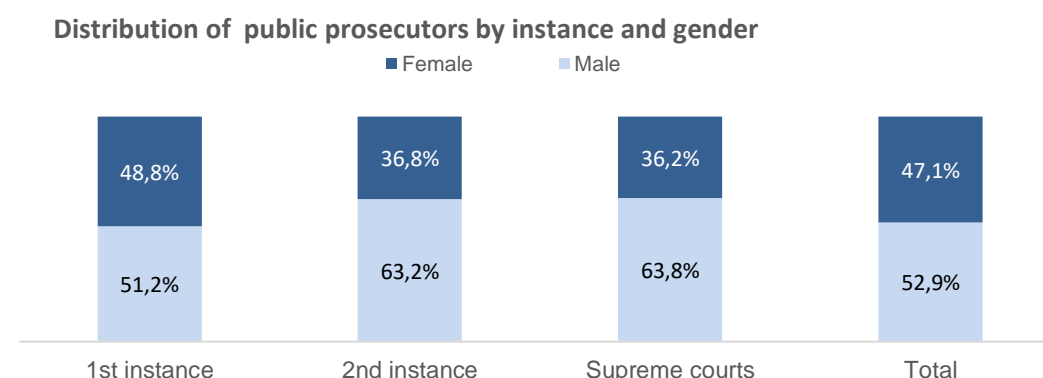
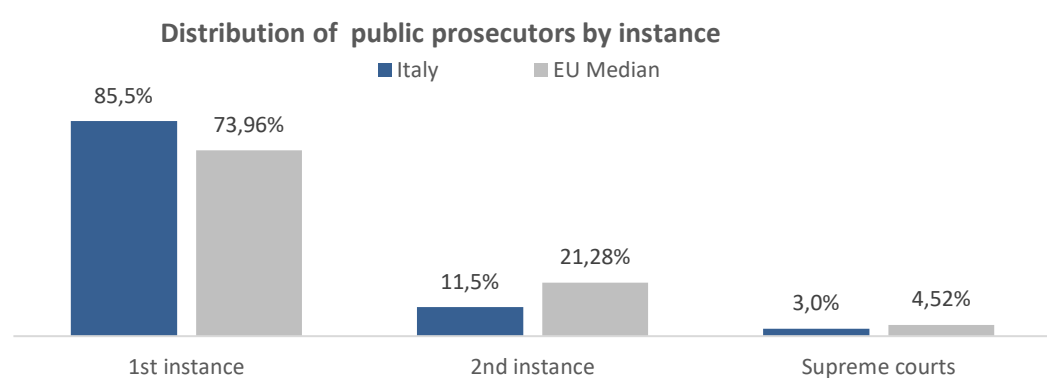
	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	10,63	39,66	3,73
2013	11,02	38,52	3,49
2014	11,41	36,03	3,16
2015	10,86	35,21	3,24
2016	10,55	34,96	3,31
2017	10,76	34,16	3,18
2018	11,62	37,11	3,19
2019	11,83	36,20	3,06
2020	11,86	35,76	3,02



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	1 939	85,5%	992	947	51,2%	48,8%
2nd instance	261	11,5%	165	96	63,2%	36,8%
Supreme courts	69	3,0%	44	25	63,8%	36,2%
Total	2 269		1 201	1 068	52,9%	47,1%



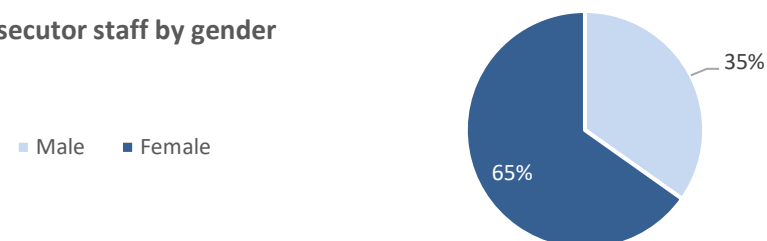
In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 1 068, which represents 47,1% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 939 in first instance (of which 947 are female); 261 are in second instance (of which 96 are female) and 69 in final instance (of which 25 are female).

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	7 858	2 735	5 123

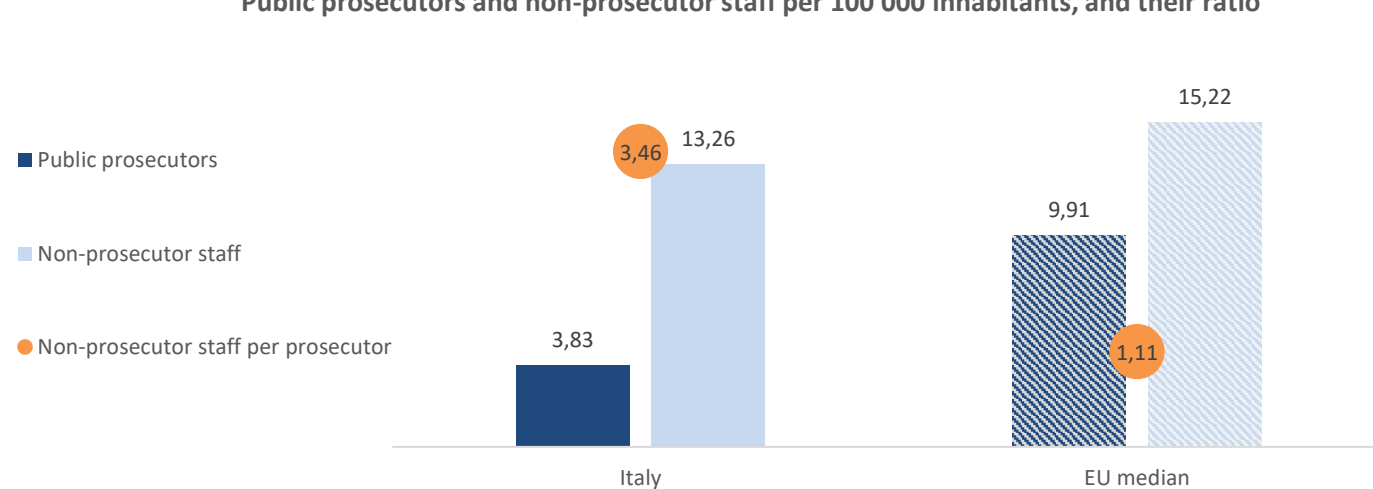
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

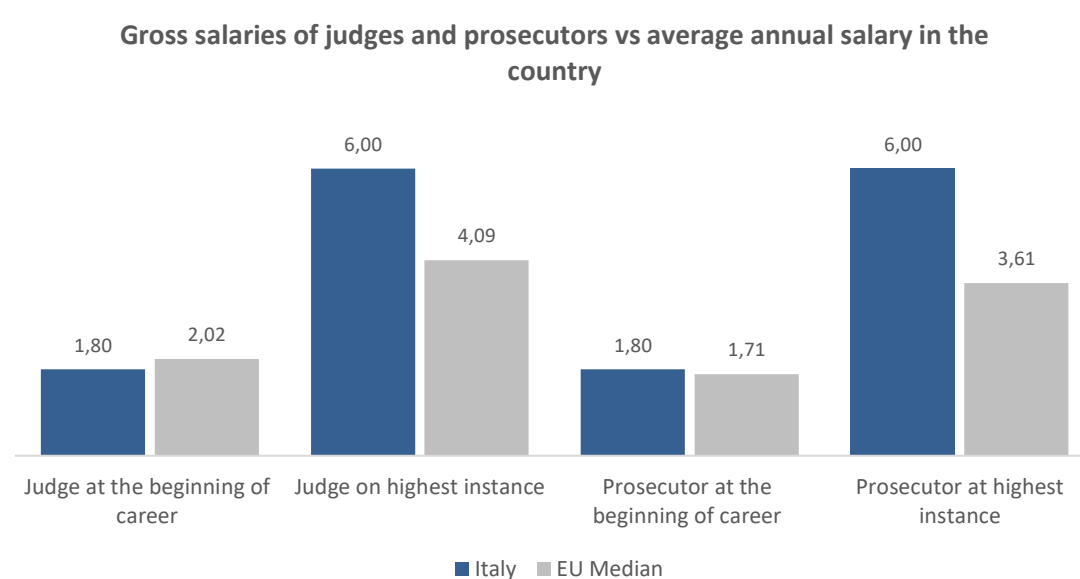
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Italy	EU median
Public prosecutors	3,83	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	13,26	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	3,46	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	56 263 €	34 758 €	1,80
Judge of the highest court	187 296 €	101 161 €	6,00
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	56 263 €	34 758 €	1,80
Public prosecutor at highest instance	187 296 €	101 161 €	6,00

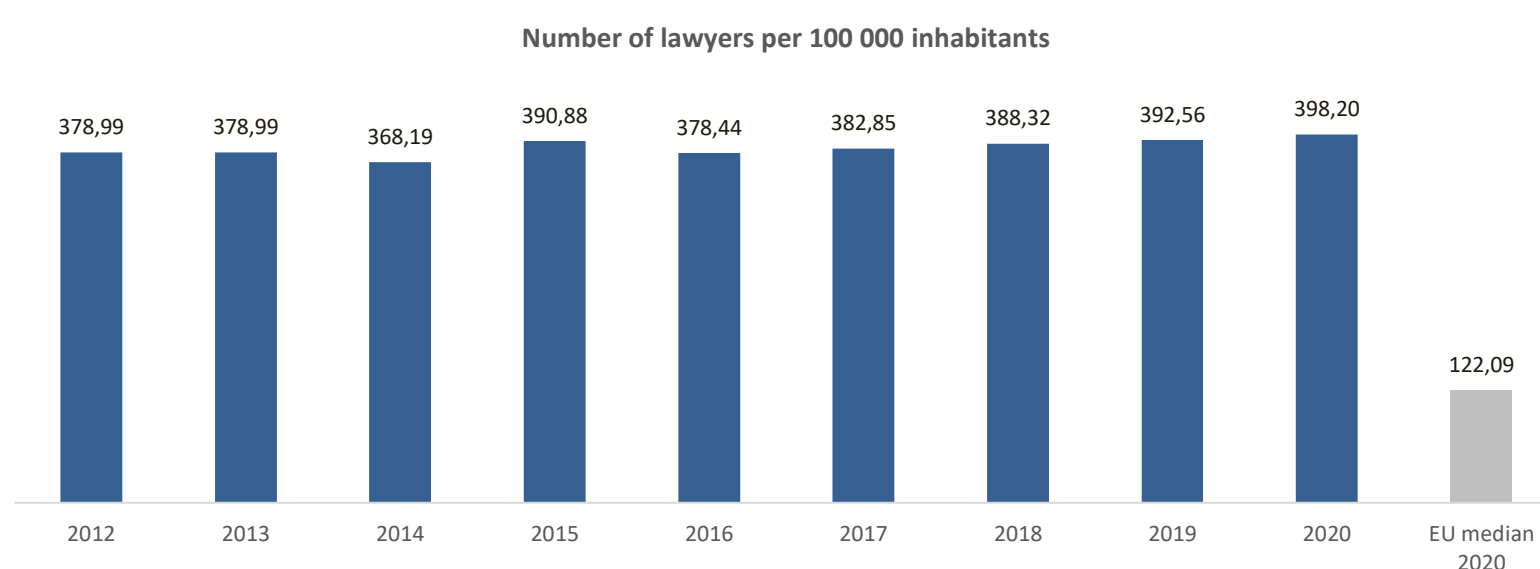


According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Italy of 56 263 € is somewhat above when compared to the EU median of 51 946 €. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 1,80 compared with EU median of 2,02.

It is noteworthy that in Italy the salaries of judges and public prosecutors do not depend on the position held but rather on the experience (i.e. years of service). That means that the salary of a judge working in the lowest courts can be the same as the salary of a judge working in the Highest Appellate Court.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	226 202	378,99
2013	226 202	378,99
2014	223 842	368,19
2015	237 132	390,88
2016	229 292	378,44
2017	231 565	382,85
2018	234 386	388,32
2019	236 494	392,56
2020	235 964	398,20



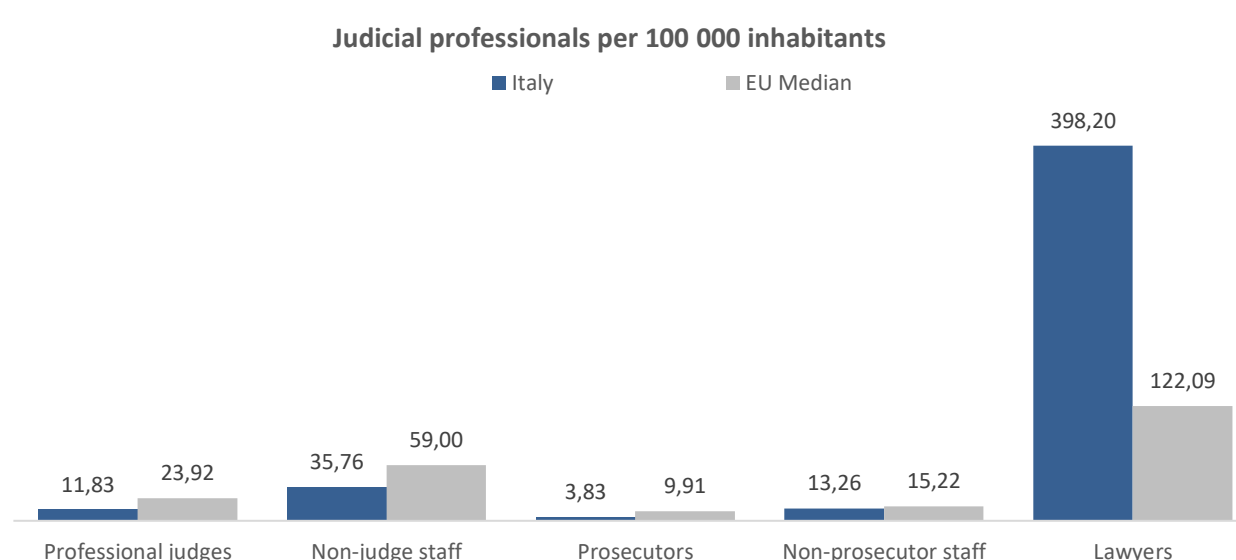
In 2020, there are 235 964 lawyers, which is -0,2% less than in 2019.

Italy has 398,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is well above the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

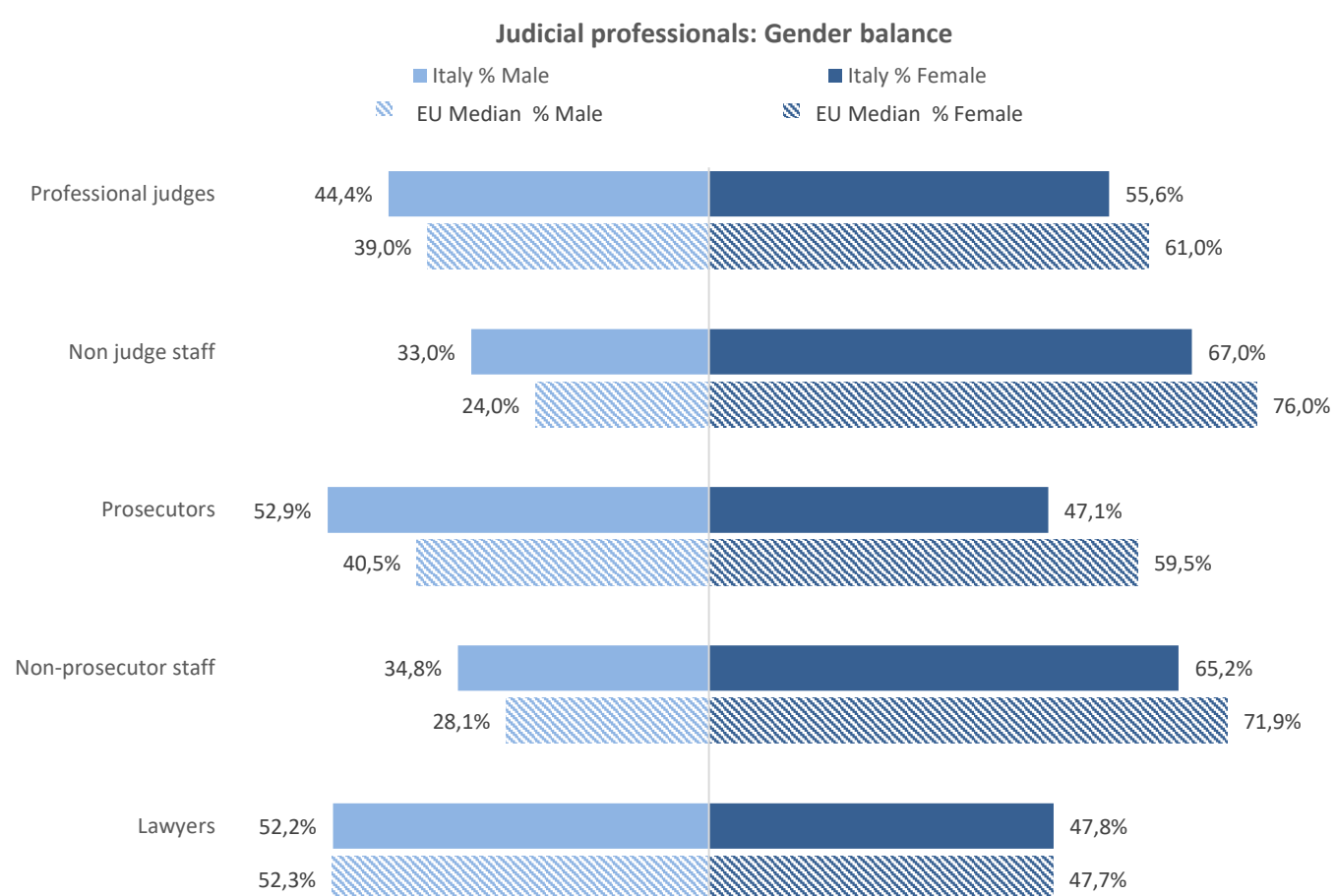
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	7 127	11,83	23,92
Non-judge staff	21 193	35,76	59,00
Prosecutors	2 269	3,83	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	7 858	13,26	15,22
Lawyers	235 964	398,20	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	44,4%	55,6%
Non judge staff	33,0%	67,0%
Prosecutors	52,9%	47,1%
Non-prosecutor staff	34,8%	65,2%
Lawyers	52,2%	47,8%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Italy

In Italy, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✔
- Exemption from court fees: ✘

The parties do not pay any court fees. These are amounts that are “paid” in advance by the public administration. Since the public administration is paying itself, it does not represent an actual payment and from a strictly technical financial point of view this is called “prenotazione a debito” literally a debit note booking.

In Italy, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

Legal advice does not exist as such in Italy, but lawyers play a role in ADR procedures.

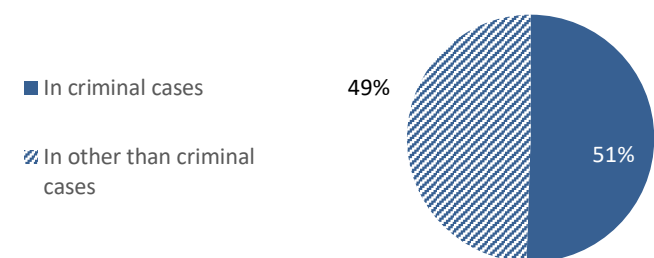
Legal aid also covers expenses related to the enforcement of judicial decisions.

Legal aid can also be granted for costs related to private detectives, interpreters and expert witnesses.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

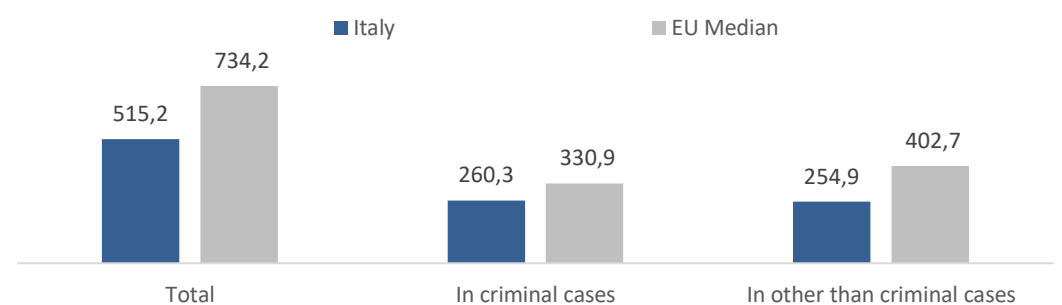
Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	305 268	305 268	NA
In criminal cases	154 234	154 234	NA
In other than criminal cases	151 034	151 034	NA

Ratio of number of cases brought to courts for which legal aid has been granted



Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Italy	EU Median
Total	515,2	734,2
In criminal cases	260,3	330,9
In other than criminal cases	254,9	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



The number of cases not brought to court is not available because this figure is not registered anywhere. Since these cases are not brought to court, these events are outside the sphere of competence/vision of the Ministry of Justice.

However, the vast majority of legal aid cases is ascribed to cases brought to court. For this reason, even though the total is composed of both components, when calculating the total we can omit cases not brought to court.

Covid19 has deeply affected the flow of the incoming cases. Not only the courts were temporary closed but other than that we went through a long period of lockdown and therefore most existing proceedings were delayed and incoming cases drastically fell. The fall of LA cases is the obvious consequence of the above-described scenario.

On the occasion of the 2012 evaluation cycle, it has been explained that the higher number of cases for which legal aid had been granted compared to 2010 was due to the fact that the threshold concerning the income and assets evaluation had been slightly increased. Owing to that, since 2012, Italy is experiencing a positive trend in this respect. Additionally, more and more people are living under the threshold under which legal aid can be granted.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 10
- Actual average duration: NA

4. Performance of courts in Italy

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

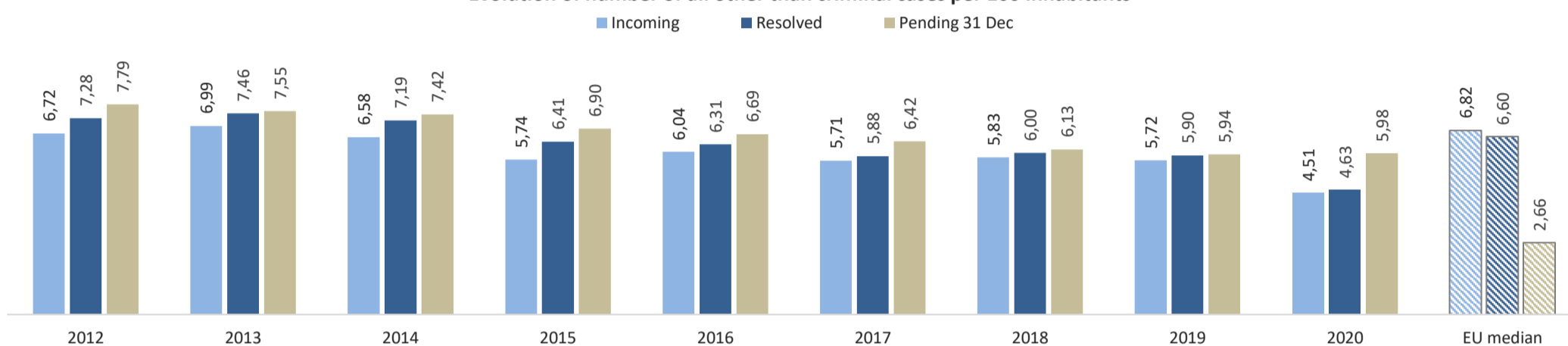
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

In 2020, the case flow of Italian courts was highly affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the consequent temporary shutdown of courts. This had an impact on both incoming and resolved cases, which fell quite considerably compared to 2019. However, the fall in the number of resolved cases was less drastic than that of incoming cases, resulting in a clearance rate (CR) higher than 100% and, hence, in a reduction in the number of the unresolved cases (i.e. the pending cases at the end of the period). The COVID-19 pandemic also had a strong impact on the disposition time (DT).

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Italy (4,51 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

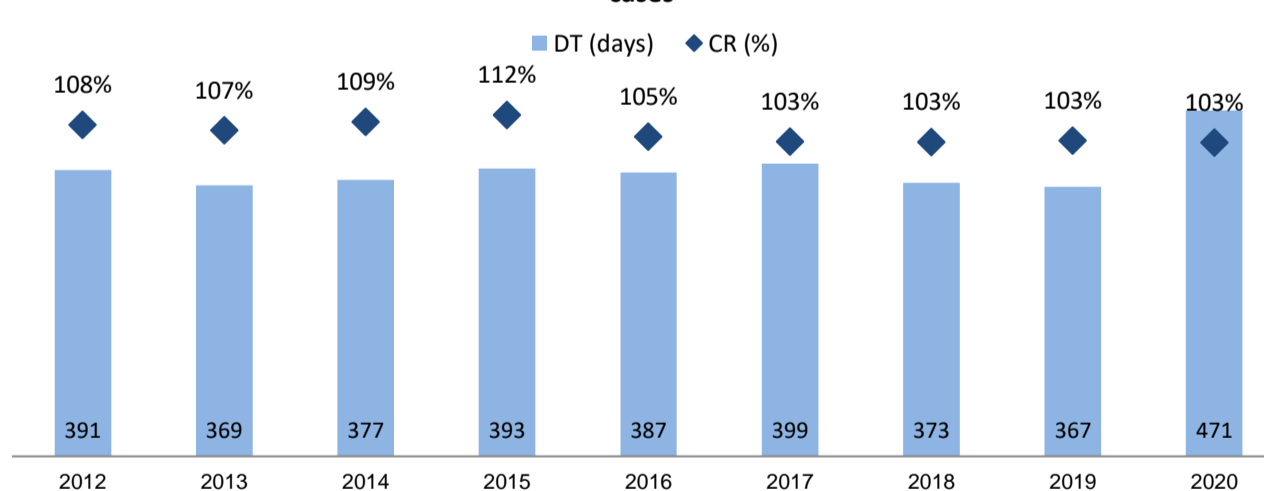
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Italy (4,63 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Italy (5,98 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	108%	391
2013	107%	369
2014	109%	377
2015	112%	393
2016	105%	387
2017	103%	399
2018	103%	373
2019	103%	367
2020	103%	471

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,6% in 2020 Italy seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,7 points.

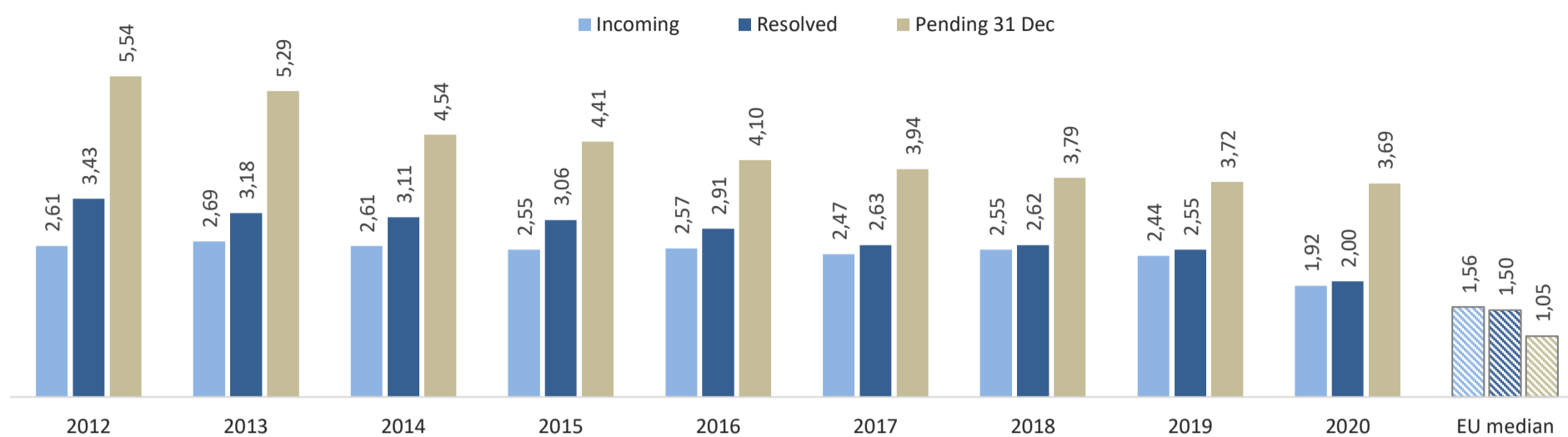
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 471 days, which is well above EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 28,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Italy (1,92 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

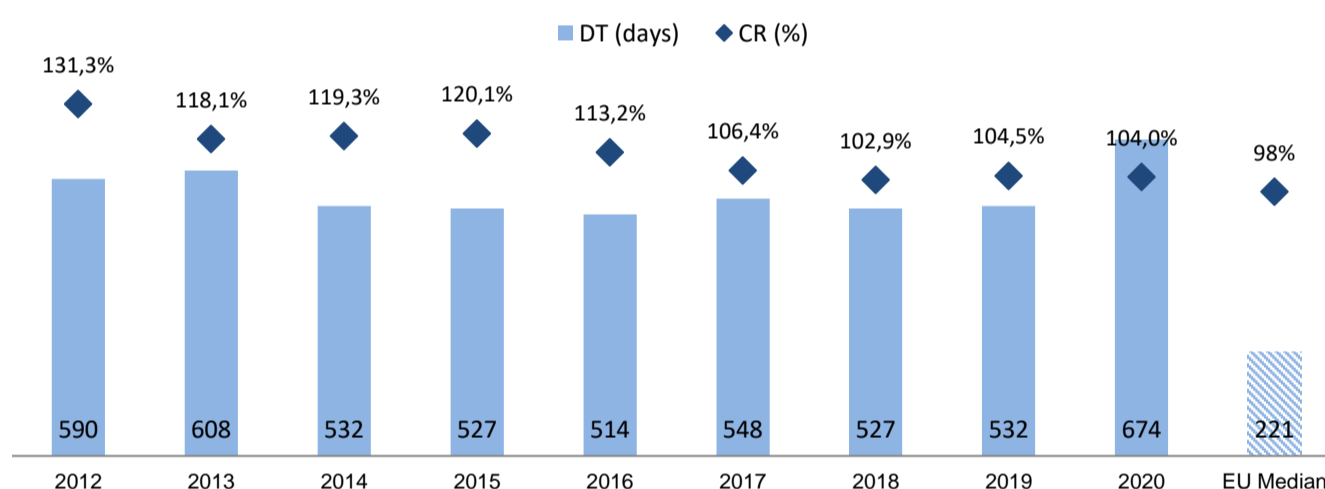
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Italy (2,00 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Italy (3,69 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	131,3%	590
2013	118,1%	608
2014	119,3%	532
2015	120,1%	527
2016	113,2%	514
2017	106,4%	548
2018	102,9%	527
2019	104,5%	532
2020	104,0%	674

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104,0% in 2020, Italy seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,5 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 674 days, which is well above EU median of 221 days.

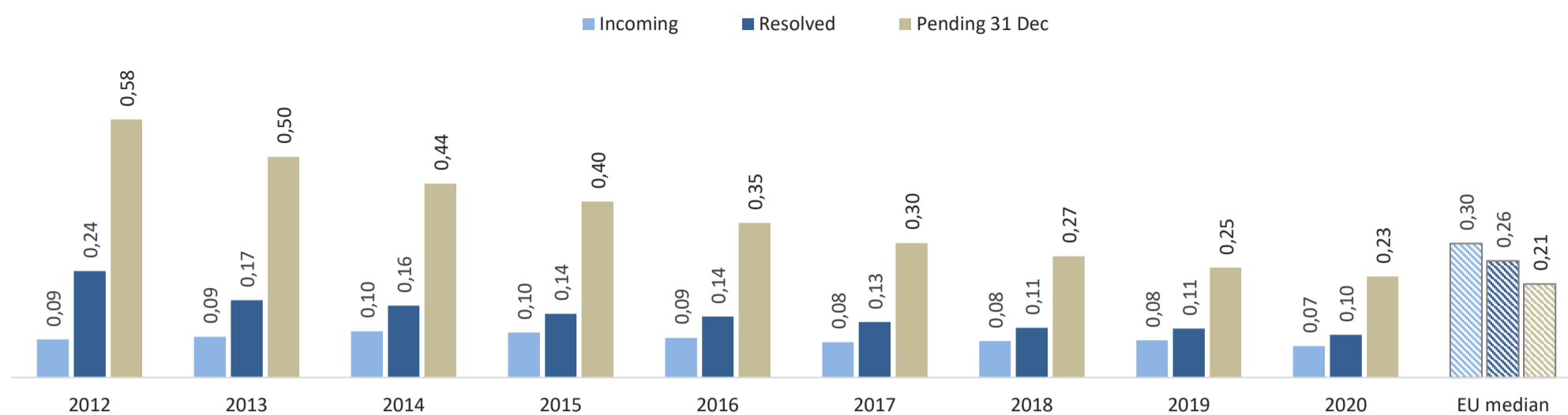
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 26,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available because figures include the activity of both tribunals and justice of peace offices and for the latter this information is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Italy (0,07 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

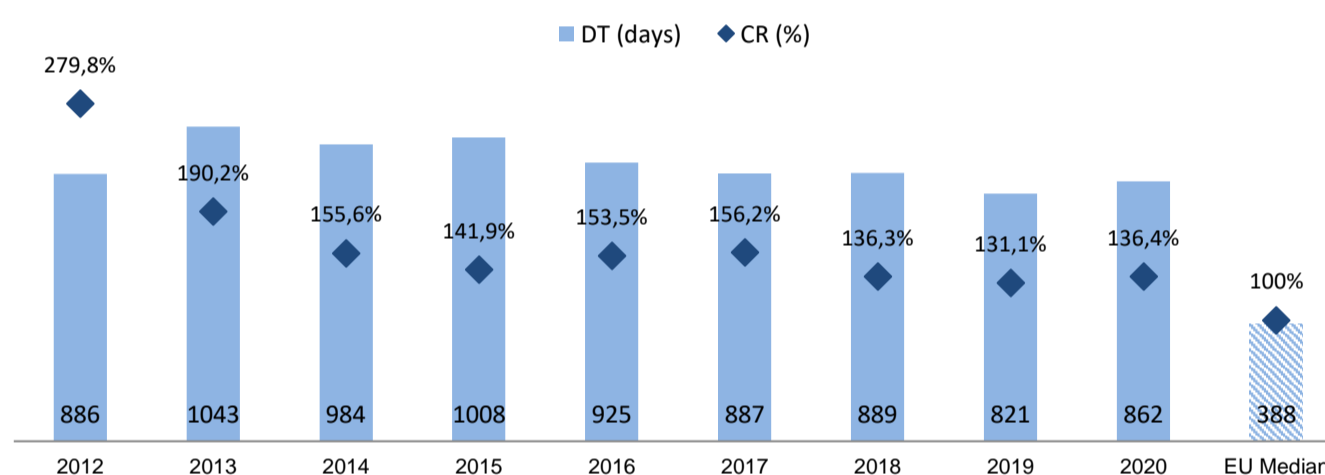
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Italy (0,10 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Italy (0,23 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	279,8%	886
2013	190,2%	1043
2014	155,6%	984
2015	141,9%	1008
2016	153,5%	925
2017	156,2%	887
2018	136,3%	889
2019	131,1%	821
2020	136,4%	862

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 136,4% in 2020, Italy seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 5,3 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 862 days, which is well above EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 5,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

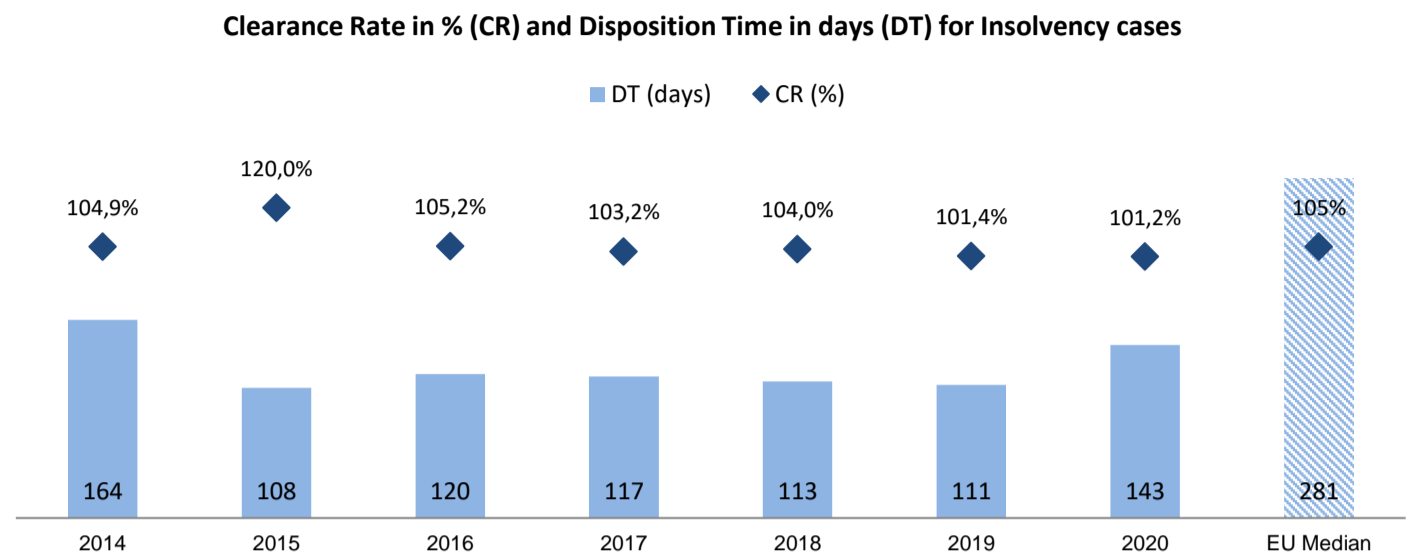
In Italy, there are 79 771 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 58,9% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

A different methodology of classification of civil cases is used since 2012. The result is an improved classification and a better split between litigious and non-litigious cases. For 2010, 2012 and 2013, the category of civil and commercial non-litigious cases has an identical content, namely: separation and divorce by mutual consent, interdiction and incapacitation, protective measures for underage, guardianship and trusteeship etc. Since 2014, it subsumes uncontested payment orders, uncontested divorces, technical appraisals, judicial interdiction and incapacitation, hereditament, etc.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	94,7%	2648
2013	89,6%	2423
2014	104,9%	164
2015	120,0%	108
2016	105,2%	120
2017	103,2%	117
2018	104,0%	113
2019	101,4%	111
2020	101,2%	143



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 101,2% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Italy seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,3 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 143 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 29,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

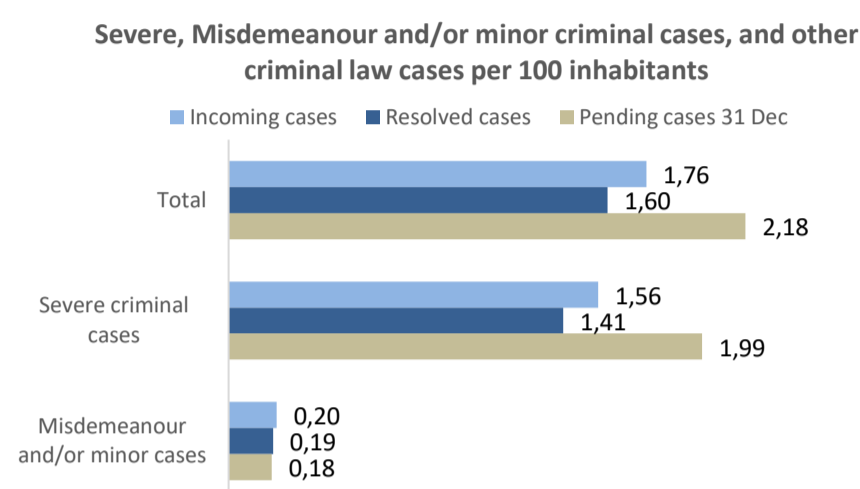
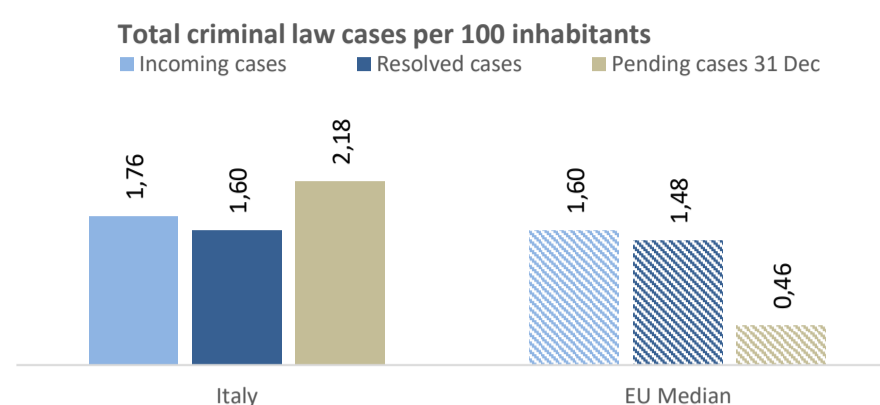
With regard to the insolvency cases, the peculiarity of the Italian system consists in distinguishing between “insolvency applications” and “insolvency cases”. The former category concerns the litigious part of the proceeding where creditors and debtors have different goals (dispute). The latter category concerns the part of the proceeding where the judge has already established the insolvency / bankruptcy of the debtor and the case is all about the management of the assets and proceeds of the debtor. Figures at questions 101 and 102 refer to “insolvency applications” rather than “insolvency cases”.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	1 193 323	1 042 721	945 778	1 290 266
Severe criminal cases	1 094 651	922 368	834 920	1 182 099
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	98 672	120 353	110 858	108 167
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	2,01	1,76	1,60	2,18
Severe criminal cases	1,85	1,56	1,41	1,99
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,17	0,20	0,19	0,18
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



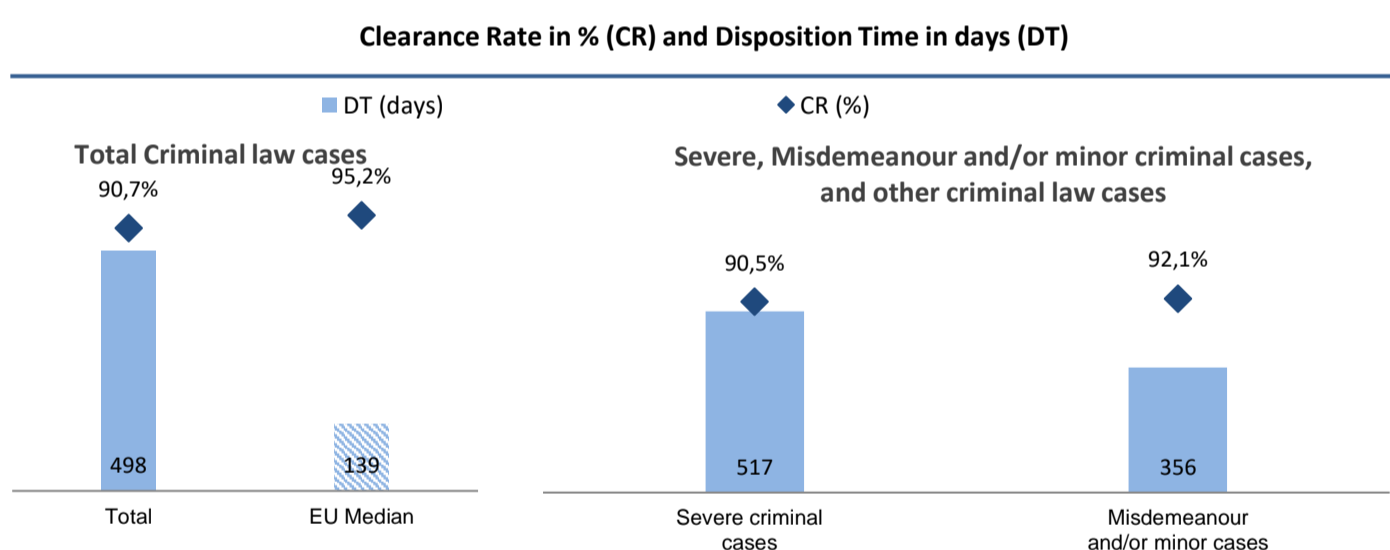
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Italy (1,76 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Italy (1,60 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Italy (2,18 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	90,7%	498
Severe criminal cases	90,5%	517
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	92,1%	356
Other cases	NAP	NAP



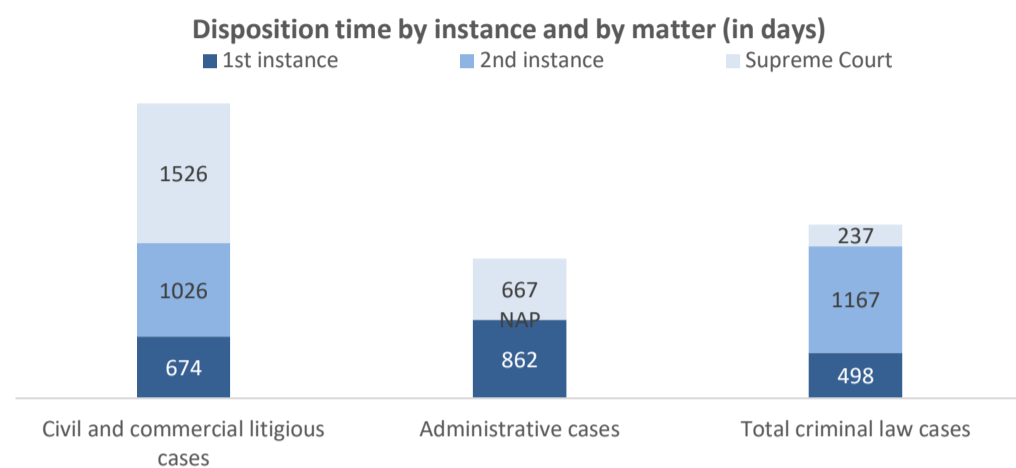
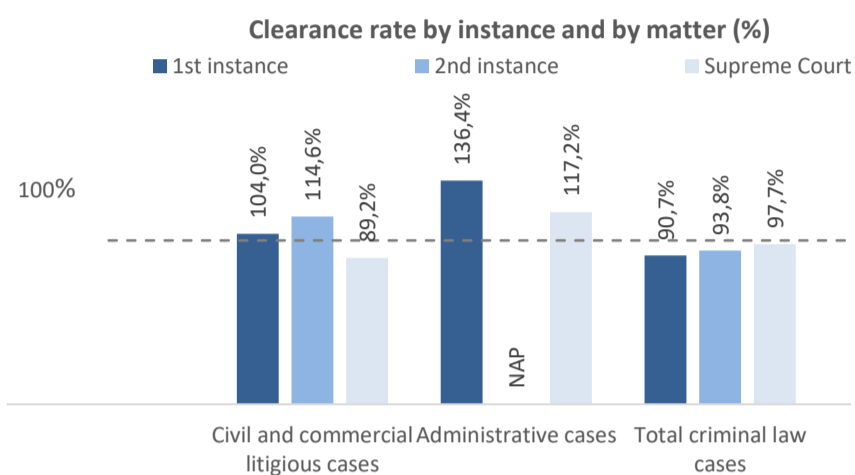
With the Clearance Rate calculated at 90,7% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Italy seems to be able to deal with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 498 days, which is well above EU median of 139 days.

In Italy there is no formal definition of minor criminal cases. For the purposes of this exercise, are considered as minor criminal cases those proceedings dealt with by the Justice of Peace Offices.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	104,0%	114,6%	89,2%	674	1026	1526
Administrative cases	136,4%	NAP	117,2%	862	NAP	667
Total criminal law cases	90,7%	93,8%	97,7%	498	1167	237



In Italy, the average time to dispose of a civil and commercial litigious case is 674 days in first instance (European median is 221) and 1 026 days in second instance (European median is 177). As regards criminal cases, the average disposition time in first instance is 498 days (European median is 139) and 1 167 days in second instance (European median is 101).

In 2020, due to the Pandemic situation and the consequent temporary closure of courts, the disposition time increased because the number of solved cases decreased.

Generally speaking, Italian judges solve more civil and commercial cases than received (Clearance rate is above 100%), but less criminal cases than received (Clearance rate is below 100%).

As regards second instance cases, non-litigious enforcement cases are not in the competence of the Courts of Appeal.

With regard to the administrative cases (which number is provided only since 2014), the appeals are dealt with by the Council of State (Consiglio di Stato) which is a legal-administrative consultative body ensuring the legality of public administration in Italy. The Council has jurisdiction on acts of all administrative authorities, except when these authorities lack discretionary power, in which case the dispute is considered to be one of civil law. Figures referring to the activity of the Council of State are inserted in the frame of question 99 and not question 97.

In Italy there is no formal definition of "minor criminal cases". For the purposes of this exercise are considered as minor criminal cases those proceedings dealt with by the Justice of Peace Offices which have been appealed (to Tribunal).

In Italy, non-litigious enforcement cases are not heard by the highest instance court. The latter only hears litigious enforcement cases.

As regards highest instance cases, "minor criminal cases" represent cases against justice of peace's decisions and cases against first and second instance judges' decisions, regarding minor offences that are punished with fines. "Other cases" can be related to procedures pending in first or second instances (jurisdiction or competence conflicts between other courts), or pending in other countries (rogatory or capture instances); "Other cases" can be also related to decisions regarding the execution of imposed punishments (for example regarding the end or a change (home detention) of the imprisonment), or can be related to the correction of material errors on Highest Court's sentences.

5. Public prosecution services in Italy

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

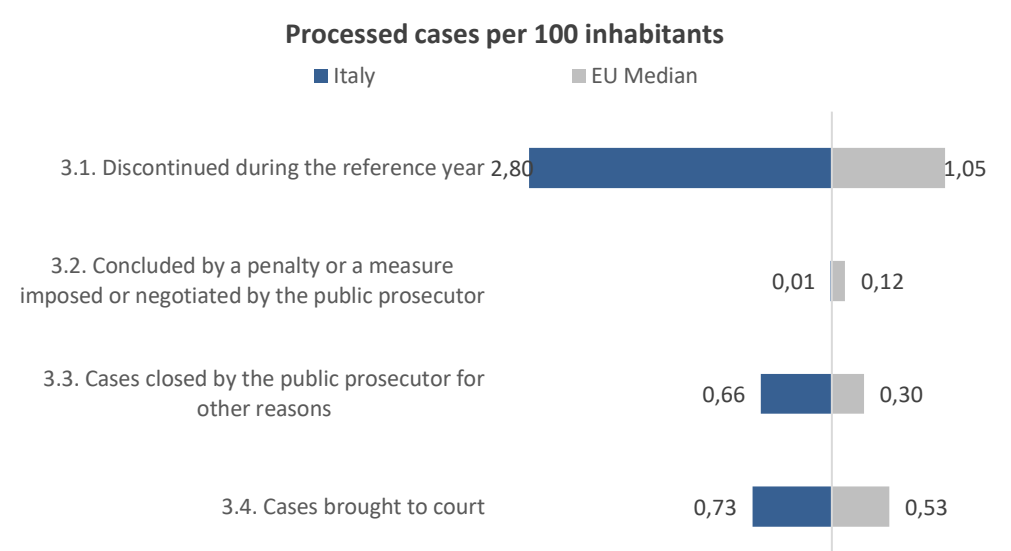
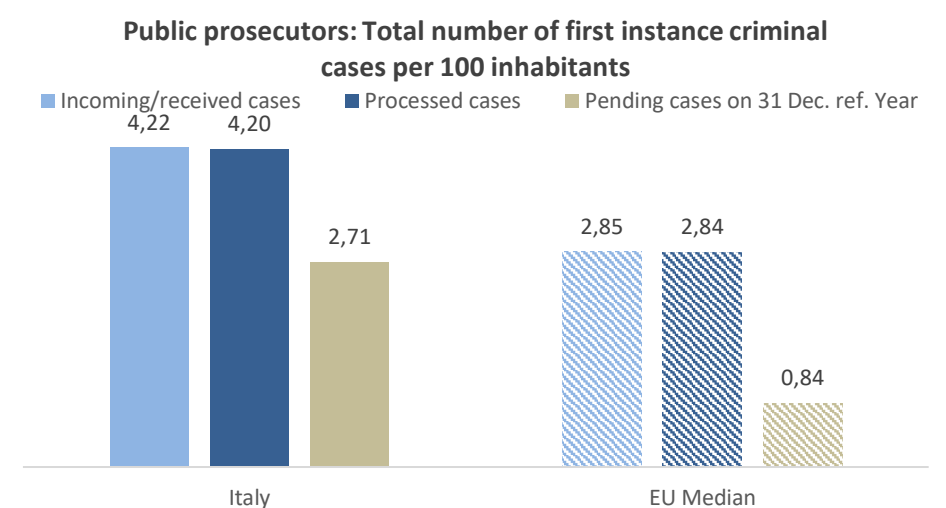
In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Italy has the following 6 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✗	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✗
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✗		

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil and insolvency cases.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

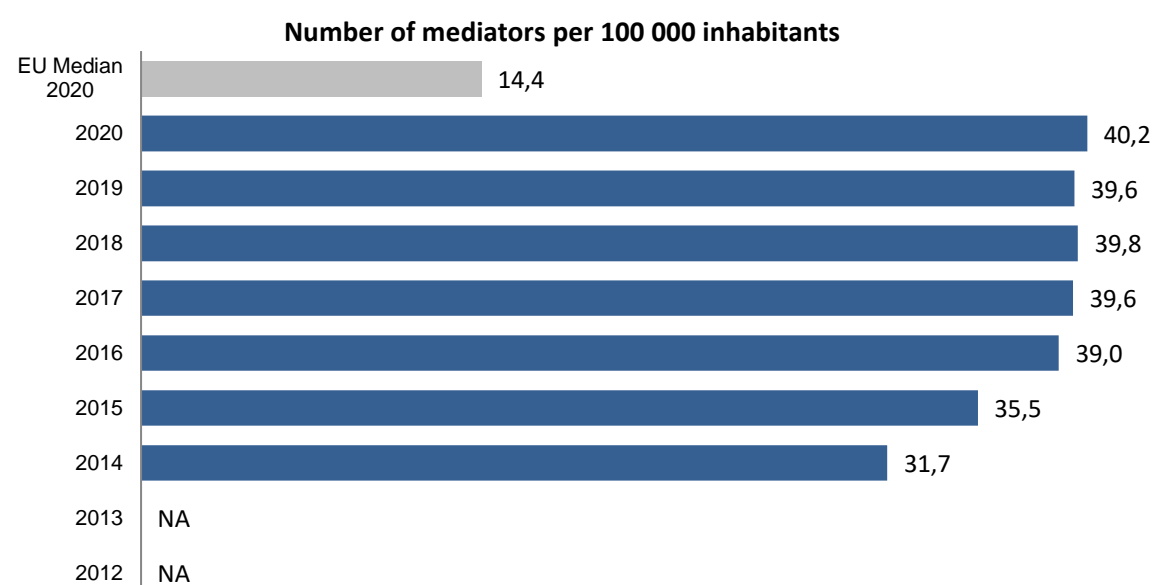
Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	1 587 721	2,68
2. Incoming/received cases	2 503 277	4,22
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	2 487 994	4,20
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	1 657 870	2,80
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	971 314	1,64
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	679 742	1,15
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	6 814	0,01
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	0	0,00
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	6 281	0,01
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	388 574	0,66
3.4. Cases brought to court	435 269	0,73
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	1 603 004	2,71



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Italy

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	19266	31,7
2015	21555	35,5
2016	23612	39,0
2017	23932	39,6
2018	24010	39,8
2019	23875	39,6
2020	23804	40,2



In 2020, there are 23 804 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 40,2 accredited or registered mediators per 100. The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about -0,3%.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total of all cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	60110	52311	15013
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

In Italy one party may initiate a mediation procedure and the other party may decide to take part to it or not. To clarify things, please consider that in 2020 in Italy 237.773 mediation proceedings were initiated. Both parties showed up at the first mediation meeting in only 60.110 mediation proceedings. Please also note that these figures refer to private mediation. For some matter subjects the mediation is mandatory and it is managed by private mediation companies. Please note that the above figures refer to mediation procedures monitored by the Ministry of Justice. In Italy, there is a plethora of different forms of ADR procedures and some are not so widespread. Court-related mediations do exist for both family cases and labour cases but such mediation proceedings are not monitored by the Ministry of Justice. In 2020 the procedures subject to mediation were extended to the disputes related to COVID.

Mediation is not provided for administrative justice (NAP). The other forms of mediation are provided by bodies external to the judiciary (e.g. Corecom) and therefore they do not fall under the control/vision of the Ministry of Justice. In 2020 the numbers are deeply affected by the Pandemic. If we look at the first half of 2021, we can already see a "recovery" in this respect.

7. ICT tools of courts in Italy

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	7,5	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	1,5	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	6,1	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	1,8	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	3,3	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	8,4	6,9

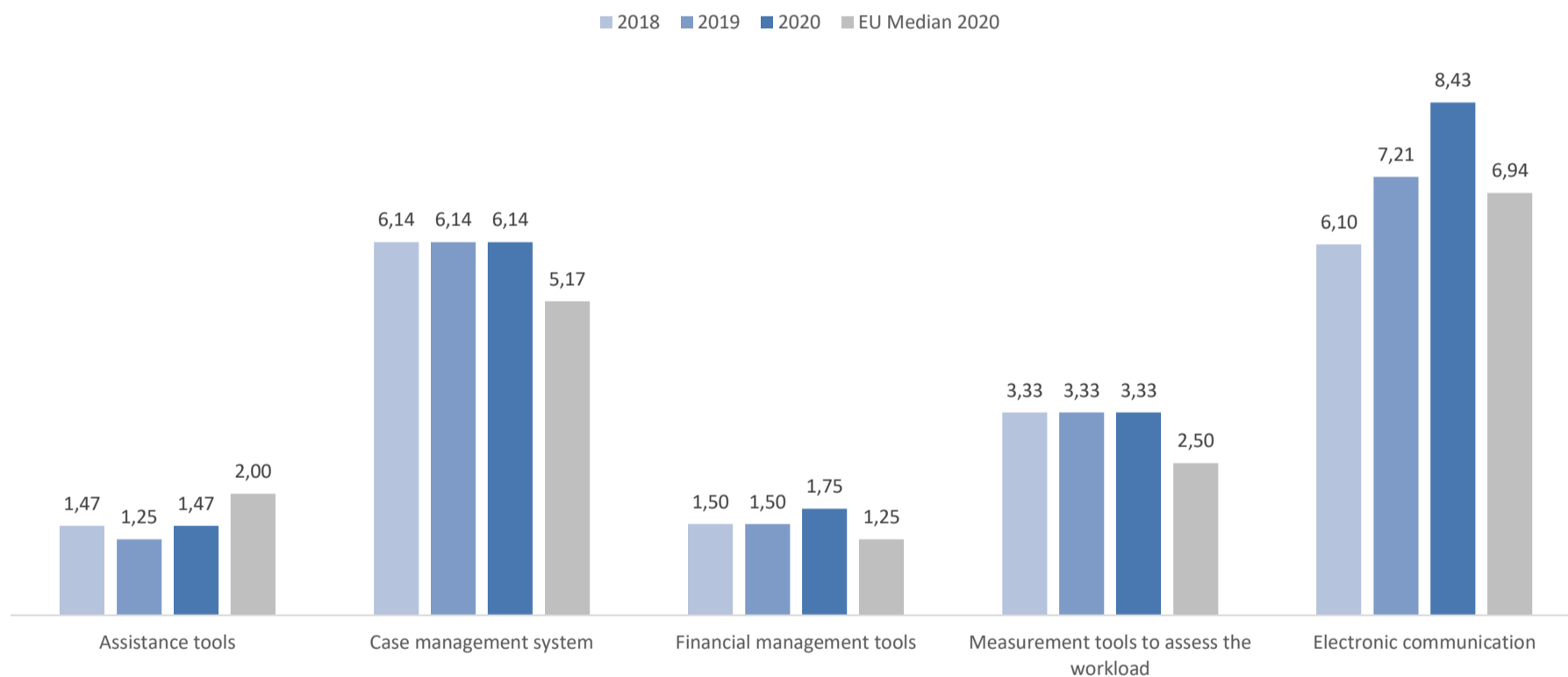
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Comments on communication tools

As a matter of fact in Italy several different entities such as the police, the National Social Welfare Institution (INPS) and others can submit a case to the prosecution office (Procura) electronically. In addition to that, in recent years a new system called "Portale del Processo Penale Telematico" (literally Portal of the Telematic Criminal Process") has been developed. This system allows the filing of complaints and lawsuit (denunce e querele) by the lawyer of the victim. The combination of these two systems makes the availability rate of criminal cases in the range 50-99%. Clearly both these systems are regulated by a specific legislative framework. Moreover, all proceedings (100%) can be transmitted from the prosecution office to the court electronically.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Italy

In Italy, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

In Italy there is not a strict quality system as such. However, there is a regular monitoring system in place which tracks the performance of court activities.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Italy, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The performance of each court is given by different indicators such as the clearance rate, the variation of backlogs and the age of the proceeding.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Italy, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions													
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020					
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																							
Q1 Number of inhabitants	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	59 257 566		-0,7%	0,0%	1,9%	-0,2%	-0,1%	-0,2%	-0,2%	-0,2%	-1,6%				
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	25 729	25 553	26 585	26 947	27 587	28 359	29 071	29 609	27 815		8,1%	-0,7%	4,0%	1,4%	2,4%	2,8%	2,5%	1,9%	-6,1%				
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True
078.1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False									
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False									
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True									
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	True	True	True	True									
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	False	False	False									
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True									
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True									
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False									
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True									

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									False										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									False										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True										
073-6.1.4 Other									False										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	False									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True									

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									True										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False										

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	811	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	552	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	1 231	643	510	510	510	534	531	527	525	-57,4%	-47,8%	-20,7%	0,0%	0,0%	4,7%	-0,6%	-0,8%	-0,4%	
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	259	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	116	116	245	245	245	245	237	237	236	103,4%	0,0%	111,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,3%	0,0%	-0,4%	
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	29	29	29	29	29	29	21	21	20	-31,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-27,6%	0,0%	-4,8%	
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	4	4	4	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	29	29	132	132	132	132	132	132	103	255,2%	0,0%	355,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-22,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	773	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	1 378	790	836	836	836	831	828	828	844	-38,8%	-42,7%	5,8%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,6%	-0,4%	0,0%	1,9%

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																			
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																			
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 986 193	4 781 009	4 885 347	4 618 528	4 215 937	3 982 989	3 797 952	3 691 867	3 610 366	-27,6%	-4,1%	2,2%	-5,5%	-8,7%	-5,5%	-4,6%	-2,8%	-2,2%	
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 796 202	3 445 954	3 063 946	2 987 907	2 687 388	2 478 381	2 331 797	2 304 755	2 233 438	-41,2%	-9,2%	-11,1%	-2,5%	-10,1%	-7,8%	-5,9%	-1,2%	-3,1%	
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 518 708	1 362 885	1 287 283	1 292 897	1 282 107	1 221 344	1 226 175	-	-	-	-10,3%	-5,5%	0,4%	-0,8%	-4,7%	0,4%	
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 189 991	1 335 055	1 518 708	1 362 885	1 287 283	1 292 897	1 282 107	1 221 344	1 226 175	3,0%	12,2%	13,8%	-10,3%	-5,5%	0,4%	-0,8%	-4,7%	0,4%	
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	441 243	347 728	302 693	267 736	241 266	211 711	184 048	165 768	150 753	-65,8%	-21,2%	-13,0%	-11,5%	-9,9%	-12,2%	-13,1%	-9,9%	-9,1%	
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 010 588	4 173 702	3 999 586	3 483 179	3 657 690	3 454 018	3 518 409	3 443 248	2 671 545	-33,4%	4,1%	-4,2%	-12,9%	5,0%	-5,6%	1,9%	-2,1%	-22,4%	
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 559 779	1 605 399	1 585 740	1 545 092	1 554 837	1 492 837	1 539 174	1 469 215	1 139 154	-27,0%	2,9%	-1,2%	-2,6%	0,6%	-4,0%	3,1%	-4,5%	-22,5%	
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 350 123	1 938 087	2 048 288	1 912 626	1 929 267	1 923 159	1 490 342	-	-	-	-17,5%	5,7%	-6,6%	0,9%	-0,3%	-22,5%	
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	2 450 809	2 568 303	2 350 123	1 938 087	2 048 288	1 912 626	1 929 267	1 923 159	1 490 342	-39,2%	4,8%	-8,5%	-17,5%	5,7%	-6,6%	0,9%	-0,3%	-22,5%	
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	51 366	54 902	63 723	61 723	54 565	48 555	49 968	50 874	42 049	-18,1%	6,9%	16,1%	-3,1%	-11,6%	-11,0%	2,9%	1,8%	-17,3%	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 346 215	4 450 604	4 373 441	3 890 953	3 822 644	3 554 193	3 618 916	3 556 819	2 741 198	-36,9%	2,4%	-1,7%	-11,0%	-1,8%	-7,0%	1,8%	-1,7%	-22,9%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 047 289	1 895 576	1 891 595	1 855 663	1 760 695	1 588 435	1 583 707	1 535 123	1 184 941	-42,1%	-7,4%	-0,2%	-1,9%	-5,1%	-9,8%	-0,3%	-3,1%	-22,8%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 382 677	2 035 290	1 978 213	1 889 902	1 967 089	1 955 012	1 498 906	-	-	-	-14,6%	-2,8%	-4,5%	4,1%	-0,6%	-23,3%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	2 298 926	2 555 028	2 382 677	2 035 290	1 978 213	1 889 902	1 967 089	1 955 012	1 498 906	-34,8%	11,1%	-6,7%	-14,6%	-2,8%	-4,5%	4,1%	-0,6%	-23,3%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	143 713	104 409	99 169	87 594	83 736	75 856	68 120	66 684	57 351	-60,1%	-27,3%	-5,0%	-11,7%	-4,4%	-9,4%	-10,2%	-2,1%	-14,0%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 650 566	4 504 107	4 511 492	4 184 883	4 050 983	3 882 814	3 697 445	3 578 296	3 540 713	-23,9%	-3,1%	0,2%	-7,2%	-3,2%	-4,2%	-4,8%	-3,2%	-1,1%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 308 692	3 155 777	2 758 091	2 677 336	2 481 530	2 382 783	2 287 264	2 238 847	2 187 651	-33,9%	-4,6%	-12,6%	-2,9%	-7,3%	-4,0%	-4,0%	-2,1%	-2,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 486 154	1 265 682	1 357 358	1 315 621	1 244 285	1 189 491	1 217 611	-	-	-	-14,8%	7,2%	-3,1%	-5,4%	-4,4%	2,4%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 341 874	1 348 330	1 486 154	1 265 682	1 357 358	1 315 621	1 244 285	1 189 491	1 217 611	-9,3%	0,5%	10,2%	-14,8%	7,2%	-3,1%	-5,4%	-4,4%	2,4%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	348 896	298 221	267 247	241 865	212 095	184 410	165 896	149 958	135 451	-61,2%	-14,5%	-10,4%	-9,5%	-12,3%	-13,1%	-10,0%	-9,6%	-9,7%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	108,4%	106,6%	109,3%	111,7%	104,5%	102,9%	102,9%	103,3%	102,6%	(5,32)	(1,60)	2,54	2,16	(6,44)	(1,54)	(0,04)	0,43	(0,67)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	131,3%	118,1%	119,3%	120,1%	113,2%	106,4%	102,9%	104,5%	104,0%	(20,75)	(10,04)	1,03	0,68	(5,71)	(6,04)	(3,30)	1,55	(0,45)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,4%	105,0%	96,6%	98,8%	102,0%	101,7%	100,6%	-	-	-	3,58	(8,03)	2,31	3,19	(0,30)	(1,06)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	93,8%	99,5%	101,4%	105,0%	96,6%	98,8%	102,0%	101,7%	100,6%	7,22	6,06	1,91	3,58	(8,03)	2,31	3,19	(0,30)	(1,06)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	279,8%	190,2%	155,6%	141,9%	153,5%	156,2%	136,3%	131,1%	136,4%	(51,25)	(32,03)	(18,17)	(8,81)	8,14	1,80	(12,74)	(3,85)	4,05
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	391	369	377	393	387	399	373	367	471	20,7%	-5,4%	1,9%	4,3%	-1,5%	3,1%	-6,5%	-1,5%	28,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	590	608	532	527	514	548	527	532	674	14,2%	3,0%	-12,4%	-1,0%	-2,3%	6,4%	-3,7%	1,0%	26,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	228	227	250	254	231	222	297	-	-	-	-0,3%	10,3%	1,5%	-9,1%	-3,8%	33,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	213	193	228	227	250	254	231	222	297	39,2%	-9,6%	18,2%	-0,3%	10,3%	1,5%	-9,1%	-3,8%	33,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	886	1043	984	1008	925	887	889	821	862	-2,7%	17,7%	-5,7%	2,5%	-8,3%	-4,0%	0,2%	-7,7%	5,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	34 114	34 738	36 304	37 027	40 593	46 446	47 638	46 872	44 792	31,3%	1,8%	4,5%	2,0%	9,6%	14,4%	2,6%	-1,6%	-4,4%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	29 014	28 981	26 665	23 281	18 661	17 414	15 207	-	-	-	-0,1%	-8,0%	-12,7%	-19,8%	-6,7%	-12,7%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	85 736	86 501	22 427	22 772	14 653	12 461	11 140	9 754	9 401	-89,0%	0,9%	-74,1%	1,5%	-35,7%	-15,0%	-10,6%	-12,4%	-3,6%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	19 287	20 580	26 639	31 420	39 304	37 702	34 968	32 847	25 607	32,8%	6,7%	29,4%	17,9%	25,1%	-4,1%	-7,3%	-6,1%	-22,0%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	22 216	27 440	25 411	23 416	19 323	16 583	14 380	-	-	-	23,5%	-7,4%	-7,9%	-17,5%	-14,2%	-13,3%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	12 577	14 792	42 967	41 036	36 968	34 324	30 772	30 332	22 985	82,8%	17,6%	190,5%	-4,5%	-9,9%	-7,2%	-10,3%	-1,4%	-24,2%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	18 174	18 936	26 037	27 959	33 283	35 369	35 701	34 929	25 212	38,7%	4,2%	37,5%	7,4%	19,0%	6,3%	0,9%	-2,2%	-27,8%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	22 512	29 933	29 012	25 812	20 716	18 971	14 038	-	-	-	33,0%	-3,1%	-11,0%	-19,7%	-8,4%	-26,0%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	11 909	13 261	45 092	49 233	38 884	35 407	31 996	30 767	23 256	95,3%	11,4%	240,0%	9,2%	-21,0%	-8,9%	-9,6%	-3,8%	-24,4%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	35 227	36 382	36 906	40 488	46 614	48 779	46 905	44 790	45 187	28,3%	3,3%	1,4%	9,7%	15,1%	4,6%	-3,8%	-4,5%	0,9%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	28 718	26 488	23 064	20 885	17 268	15 026	15 549	-	-	-	-7,8%	-12,9%	-9,4%	-17,3%	-13,0%	3,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	86 404	88 032	20 302	14 575	12 737	11 378	9 916	9 319	9 130	-89,4%	1,9%	-76,9%	-28,2%	-12,6%	-10,7%	-12,8%	-6,0%	-2,0%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	94,2%	92,0%	97,7%	89,0%	84,7%	93,8%	102,1%	106,3%	98,5%	4,49	(2,35)	6,23	(8,96)	(4,84)	10,78	8,83	4,16	(7,41)
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	101,3%	109,1%	114,2%	110,2%	107,2%	114,4%	97,6%	-	-	-	7,65	4,66	(3,45)	(2,74)	6,71	(14,67)
CR Insolvency cases	94,7%	89,6%	104,9%	120,0%	105,2%	103,2%	104,0%	101,4%	101,2%	6,85	(5,32)	17,06	14,32	(12,33)	(1,93)	0,80	(2,45)	(0,25)
DT Litigious divorce cases	707	701	517	529	511	503	480	468	654	-7,5%	-0,9%	-26,2%	2,2%	-3,3%	-1,5%	-4,7%	-2,4%	39,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	466	323	290	295	304	289	404	-	-	-	-30,6%	-10,2%	1,8%	3,0%	-5,0%	39,8%
DT Insolvency cases	2 648	2 423	164	108	120	117	113	111	143	-94,6%	-8,5%	-93,2%	-34,2%	10,6%	-1,9%	-3,6%	-2,3%	29,6%

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			439 933	424 709	399 051	385 136	363 503	340 257	308 057	-	-	-	-3,5%	-6,0%	-3,5%	-5,6%	-6,4%	-9,5%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			437 579	419 257	393 213	379 494	358 157	334 910	302 701	-	-	-	-4,2%	-6,2%	-3,5%	-5,6%	-6,5%	-9,6%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 354	5 452	5 838	5 642	5 346	5 347	5 356	-	-	-	131,6%	7,1%	-3,4%	-5,2%	0,0%	0,2%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			2 354	5 452	5 838	5 642	5 346	5 347	5 356	-	-	-	131,6%	7,1%	-3,4%	-5,2%	0,0%	0,2%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			135 270	126 652	135 081	133 838	126 600	115 428	96 914	-	-	-	-6,4%	6,7%	-0,9%	-5,4%	-8,8%	-16,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			131 558	117 158	125 912	125 189	118 052	106 921	89 839	-	-	-	-10,9%	7,5%	-0,6%	-5,7%	-9,4%	-16,0%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			3 712	9 494	9 169	8 649	8 548	8 507	7 075	-	-	-	155,8%	-3,4%	-5,7%	-1,2%	-0,5%	-16,8%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			3 712	9 494	9 169	8 649	8 548	8 507	7 075	-	-	-	155,8%	-3,4%	-5,7%	-1,2%	-0,5%	-16,8%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			160 768	151 988	148 821	155 302	150 011	148 023	109 828	-	-	-	-5,5%	-2,1%	4,4%	-3,4%	-1,3%	-25,8%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			156 913	142 886	139 482	146 395	141 492	139 548	102 989	-	-	-	-8,9%	-2,4%	5,0%	-3,3%	-1,4%	-26,2%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			3 855	9 102	9 339	8 907	8 519	8 475	6 839	-	-	-	136,1%	2,6%	-4,6%	-4,4%	-0,5%	-19,3%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			3 855	9 102	9 339	8 907	8 519	8 475	6 839	-	-	-	136,1%	2,6%	-4,6%	-4,4%	-0,5%	-19,3%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			414 435	399 373	385 311	363 672	340 092	307 662	295 143	-	-	-	-3,6%	-3,5%	-5,6%	-6,5%	-9,5%	-4,1%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			412 224	393 529	379 643	358 288	334 717	302 283	289 551	-	-	-	-4,5%	-3,5%	-5,6%	-6,6%	-9,7%	-4,2%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 211	5 844	5 668	5 384	5 375	5 379	5 592	-	-	-	164,3%	-3,0%	-5,0%	-0,2%	0,1%	4,0%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			2 211	5 844	5 668	5 384	5 375	5 379	5 592	-	-	-	164,3%	-3,0%	-5,0%	-0,2%	0,1%	4,0%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	185 908	164 856	150 260	134 739	134 526	-	-	-	-	-	-11,3%	-8,9%	-10,3%	-0,2%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	185 645	164 683	150 061	134 551	134 251	-	-	-	-	-	-11,3%	-8,9%	-10,3%	-0,2%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			118,8%	120,0%	110,2%	116,0%	118,5%	128,2%	113,3%	-	-	-	0,97	(8,19)	5,32	2,12	8,23	(11,63)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			119,3%	122,0%	110,8%	116,9%	119,9%	130,5%	114,6%	-	-	-	2,25	(9,17)	5,56	2,49	8,89	(12,17)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			103,9%	95,9%	101,9%	103,0%	99,7%	99,6%	96,7%	-	-	-	(7,69)	6,24	1,11	(3,23)	(0,04)	(2,97)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			103,9%	95,9%	101,9%	103,0%	99,7%	99,6%	96,7%	-	-	-	(7,69)	6,24	1,11	(3,23)	(0,04)	(2,97)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			941	959	945	855	827	759	981	-	-	-	1,9%	-1,5%	-9,6%	-3,2%	-8,3%	29,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			959	1005	993	893	863	791	1026	-	-	-	4,8%	-1,2%	-10,1%	-3,3%	-8,4%	29,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			209	234	222	221	230	232	298	-	-	-	11,9%	-5,5%	-0,4%	4,4%	0,6%	28,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			209	234	222	221	230	232	298	-	-	-	11,9%	-5,5%	-0,4%	4,4%	0,6%	28,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			123 247	125 956	133 356	133 524	135 331	138 641	143 134	-	-	-	2,2%	5,9%	0,1%	1,4%	2,4%	3,2%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			98 285	100 367	104 094	106 426	106 511	110 979	116 635	-	-	-	2,1%	3,7%	2,2%	0,1%	4,2%	5,1%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			24 574	25 162	28 795	26 662	28 418	27 288	26 101	-	-	-	2,4%	14,4%	-7,4%	6,6%	-4,0%	-4,3%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			388	427	467	436	402	374	398	-	-	-	10,1%	9,4%	-6,6%	-7,8%	-7,0%	6,4%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			41 064	40 789	41 100	39 637	48 538	50 769	43 829	-	-	-	-0,7%	0,8%	-3,6%	22,5%	4,6%	-13,7%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			29 908	29 587	29 270	29 895	36 470	38 330	32 208	-	-	-	-1,1%	-1,1%	2,1%	22,0%	5,1%	-16,0%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			10 761	10 823	11 407	9 343	11 657	12 044	11 281	-	-	-	0,6%	5,4%	-18,1%	24,8%	3,3%	-6,3%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			395	379	423	399	411	395	340	-	-	-	-4,1%	11,6%	-5,7%	3,0%	-3,9%	-13,9%

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			38 507	35 803	38 377	40 226	45 087	46 596	42 329	-	-	-	-7,0%	7,2%	4,8%	12,1%	3,3%	-9,2%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			27 842	25 860	26 938	29 897	32 002	32 685	28 730	-	-	-	-7,1%	4,2%	11,0%	7,0%	2,1%	-12,1%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			10 309	9 604	10 985	9 990	12 646	13 551	13 221	-	-	-	-6,8%	14,4%	-9,1%	26,6%	7,2%	-2,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			356	339	454	339	439	360	378	-	-	-	-4,8%	33,9%	-25,3%	29,5%	-18,0%	5,0%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			125 804	130 942	136 079	132 935	138 782	142 814	144 634	-	-	-	4,1%	3,9%	-2,3%	4,4%	2,9%	1,3%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			100 351	104 094	106 426	106 424	110 979	116 624	120 113	-	-	-	3,7%	2,2%	0,0%	4,3%	5,1%	3,0%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			25 026	26 381	29 217	26 015	27 429	25 781	24 161	-	-	-	5,4%	10,8%	-11,0%	5,4%	-6,0%	-6,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			427	467	436	496	374	409	360	-	-	-	9,4%	-6,6%	13,8%	-24,6%	9,4%	-12,0%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	67 085	64 029	70 305	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-4,6%	9,8%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	52 947	54 704	53 490	52 408	57 631	-	-	-	-	-	3,3%	-2,2%	-2,0%	10,0%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	13 552	11 567	12 610	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-14,6%	9,0%

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			93,8%	87,8%	93,4%	101,5%	92,9%	91,8%	96,6%	-	-	-	(6,40)	6,38	8,69	(8,47)	(1,19)	5,23
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			93,1%	87,4%	92,0%	100,0%	87,7%	85,3%	89,2%	-	-	-	(6,11)	5,30	8,66	(12,26)	(2,82)	4,61
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			95,8%	88,7%	96,3%	106,9%	108,5%	112,5%	117,2%	-	-	-	(7,37)	8,52	11,03	1,46	3,71	4,16
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			90,1%	89,4%	107,3%	85,0%	106,8%	91,1%	111,2%	-	-	-	(0,76)	19,99	(20,84)	25,72	(14,67)	21,99
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			1192	1335	1294	1206	1124	1119	1247	-	-	-	11,9%	-3,0%	-6,8%	-6,9%	-0,4%	11,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1316	1469	1442	1299	1266	1302	1526	-	-	-	11,7%	-1,9%	-9,9%	-2,6%	2,9%	17,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			886	1003	971	950	792	694	667	-	-	-	13,2%	-3,2%	-2,1%	-16,7%	-12,3%	-3,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			438	503	351	534	311	415	348	-	-	-	14,9%	-30,3%	52,4%	-41,8%	33,4%	-16,2%

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 193 323	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									1 094 651	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									98 672	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									1 042 721	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									922 368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									120 353	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									945 778	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									834 920	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									110 858	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 290 266	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									1 182 099	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									108 167	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									408 895	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									90,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									90,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									92,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									498	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									517	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									356	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									267 997	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									263 401	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									4 596	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									91 318	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									88 819	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									2 499	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									85 612	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									82 375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									3 237	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									273 703	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									269 845	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									3 858	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									131 118	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									130 282	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									836	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									93,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									92,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									129,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									1167	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									1196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									435	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									23 583	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									21 261	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									510	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									1 812	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									38 508	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									31 695	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									598	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									6 215	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									37 618	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									31 558	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									558	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									5 502	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									24 473	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									21 398	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									550	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									2 525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									97,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Severe cases									99,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Misdemeanour cases									93,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Other									88,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Total									237	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Severe cases									247	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Misdemeanour cases									360	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Other									168	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 5: Access to justice																				
Legal aid																				
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																				
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True										
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										False										
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	True	True	True	True										
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	True	True	True	True										
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True										
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True										
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True										
020.1.1 Total										305 268										
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										154 234										
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										151 034										
020.2.1 Total brought to court										305 268										
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										154 234										
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										151 034										
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA										
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA										
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										10										
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA										

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NAP								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										15 855								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										6 914								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										1 107								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										12								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NAP								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NAP								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										12 778								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										4 966								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										408								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										8								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NAP								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NAP								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NAP								

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																				
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																				
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True											
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%											
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True											
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in most of the courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in most of the courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	not available for this matter	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts											
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							NA	not available for this matter	not available for this matter											
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No											
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No											
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No											
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelties							100%	100%	100%											
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True											
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all											
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Both	Both	Both											

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry								- False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry								- False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry								- False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry								- False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry								- False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry								- False	NAP	NAP									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)								- 10-49%	10-49%	50-99%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)								- 100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)								- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)								- True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)								- True	True	True									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)								- False	NAP	NAP									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)								- True	True	True									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)								- True	True	True									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	NAP	NAP									

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	50-99%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	False	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	True	True										
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate								100%	100%										
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							-	False	False										
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							-	True	True										
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							-	True	True										
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							-	True	True										
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True										
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							True	True	True										
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Hearing preparatory phases	Hearing preparatory phases	Hearing preparatory phases									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)										Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer								
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)										Lawyers								
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)										Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer								

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							10-49%	50-99%	10-49%										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							False	False	False										

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	6 347	6 579	6 939	6 590	6 395	6 508	7 015	7 127	7 027	10,7%	3,7%	5,5%	-5,0%	-3,0%	1,8%	7,8%	1,6%	-1,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	4 929	5 101	5 404	5 072	4 878	4 897	5 259	5 407	5 356	8,7%	3,5%	5,9%	-6,1%	-3,8%	0,4%	7,4%	2,8%	-0,9%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 118	1 164	1 195	1 152	1 155	1 214	1 230	1 208	1 174	5,0%	4,1%	2,7%	-3,6%	0,3%	5,1%	1,3%	-1,8%	-2,8%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	300	314	340	366	362	397	526	512	497	65,7%	4,7%	8,3%	7,6%	-1,1%	9,7%	32,5%	-2,7%	-2,9%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	3 100	3 129	3 303	3 074	2 918	2 932	3 192	3 185	3 122	0,7%	0,9%	5,6%	-6,9%	-5,1%	0,5%	8,9%	-0,2%	-2,0%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	2 259	2 284	2 429	2 243	2 108	2 106	2 278	2 297	2 267	0,4%	1,1%	6,3%	-7,7%	-6,0%	-0,1%	8,2%	0,8%	-1,3%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	609	606	618	568	558	567	560	537	519	-14,8%	-0,5%	2,0%	-8,1%	-1,8%	1,6%	-1,2%	-4,1%	-3,4%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	232	239	256	263	252	259	354	351	336	44,8%	3,0%	7,1%	2,7%	-4,2%	2,8%	36,7%	-0,8%	-4,3%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	3 247	3 450	3 636	3 516	3 477	3 576	3 823	3 942	3 905	20,3%	6,3%	5,4%	-3,3%	-1,1%	2,8%	6,9%	3,1%	-0,9%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	2 670	2 817	2 975	2 829	2 770	2 791	2 981	3 110	3 089	15,7%	5,5%	5,6%	-4,9%	-2,1%	0,8%	6,8%	4,3%	-0,7%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	509	558	577	584	597	647	670	671	655	28,7%	9,6%	3,4%	1,2%	2,2%	8,4%	3,6%	0,1%	-2,4%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	68	75	84	103	110	138	172	161	161	136,8%	10,3%	12,0%	22,6%	6,8%	25,5%	24,6%	-6,4%	0,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 356	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 174	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	497	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 464	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 617	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	630	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	217	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 058	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	523	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	167	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	420	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	308	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	23 672	22 991	21 903	21 360	21 182	20 664	22 401	21 808	21 193	-10,5%	-2,9%	-4,7%	-2,5%	-0,8%	-2,4%	8,4%	-2,6%	-2,8%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	14 811	14 349	13 760	13 392	13 297	12 949	14 279	14 032	13 885	-6,3%	-3,1%	-4,1%	-2,7%	-0,7%	-2,6%	10,3%	-1,7%	-1,0%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	4 542	4 395	4 116	4 068	4 071	4 046	4 631	4 471	4 281	-5,7%	-3,2%	-6,3%	-1,2%	0,1%	-0,6%	14,5%	-3,5%	-4,2%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	497	494	488	474	351	343	376	376	356	-28,4%	-0,6%	-1,2%	-2,9%	-25,9%	-2,3%	9,6%	0,0%	-5,3%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	3 822	3 753	3 539	3 426	3 463	3 326	3 115	2 929	2 671	-30,1%	-1,8%	-5,7%	-3,2%	1,1%	-4,0%	-6,3%	-6,0%	-8,8%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	7 367	7 221	7 253	7 068	7 472	7 174	6 987	-	-	-	-2,0%	0,4%	-2,6%	5,7%	-4,0%	-2,6%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	3 708	3 683	3 759	3 717	4 011	3 903	3 943	-	-	-	-0,7%	2,1%	-1,1%	7,9%	-2,7%	1,0%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	1 076	1 064	1 081	1 058	1 297	1 238	1 215	-	-	-	-1,1%	1,6%	-2,1%	22,6%	-4,5%	-1,9%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	276	265	208	203	223	227	210	-	-	-	-4,0%	-21,5%	-2,4%	9,9%	1,8%	-7,5%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	2 307	2 209	2 205	2 090	1 941	1 806	1 619	-	-	-	-4,2%	-0,2%	-5,2%	-7,1%	-7,0%	-10,4%	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	15 240	14 536	14 139	13 929	13 596	14 929	14 634	14 206	-	-	-4,6%	-2,7%	-1,5%	-2,4%	9,8%	-2,0%	-2,9%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	10 475	10 052	9 709	9 538	9 232	10 268	10 129	9 942	-	-	-4,0%	-3,4%	-1,8%	-3,2%	11,2%	-1,4%	-1,8%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	3 232	3 040	3 004	2 990	2 988	3 334	3 233	3 066	-	-	-5,9%	-1,2%	-0,5%	-0,1%	11,6%	-3,0%	-5,2%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	213	212	209	143	140	153	149	146	-	-	-0,5%	-1,4%	-31,6%	-2,1%	9,3%	-2,6%	-2,0%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	1 320	1 232	1 217	1 258	1 236	1 174	1 123	1 052	-	-	-6,7%	-1,2%	3,4%	-1,7%	-5,0%	-4,3%	-6,3%	

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									21 193	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									17 336	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									3 012	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									845	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									6 987	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									5 755	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									951	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									281	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									14 206	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									11 581	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									2 061	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									564	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									2 269	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									1 939	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									261	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									69	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									1 201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									992	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									165	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									1 068	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									947	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									7 858	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									2 735	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									5 123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	31 233 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	56 263 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	187 296 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	56 263 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	187 296 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	34 758 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	101 161 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	34 758 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	101 161 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																		
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																		
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	226 202	226 202	223 842	237 132	229 292	231 565	234 386	236 494	235 964	4,3%	0,0%	-1,0%	5,9%	-3,3%	1,0%	1,2%	0,9%	-0,2%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	122 556	123 294	123 117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,6%	-0,1%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	111 830	113 200	112 847	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,2%	-0,3%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Italy (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	19 266	21 555	23 612	23 932	24 010	23 875	23 804	-	-	-	11,9%	9,5%	1,4%	0,3%	-0,6%	-0,3%	
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					269 988	263 263	76 569	72 664	60 110	-	-	-	-	-	-2,5%	-70,9%	-5,1%	-17,3%	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at a glance in Latvia

General data

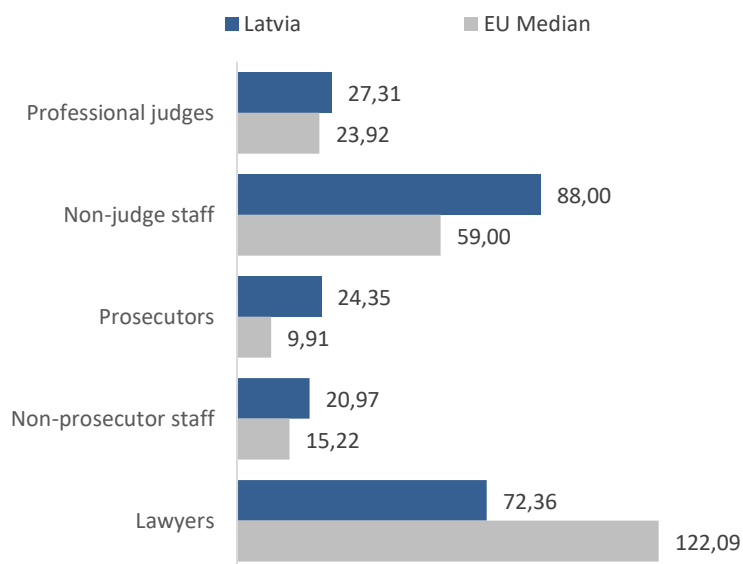
Population: 1 893 223

GDP per capita: 15 431 €

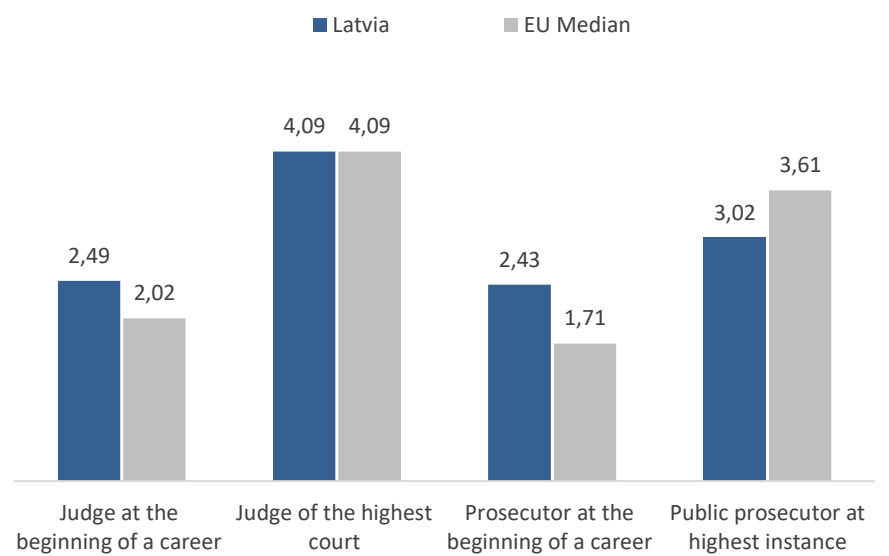
Average annual salary: 13 716 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

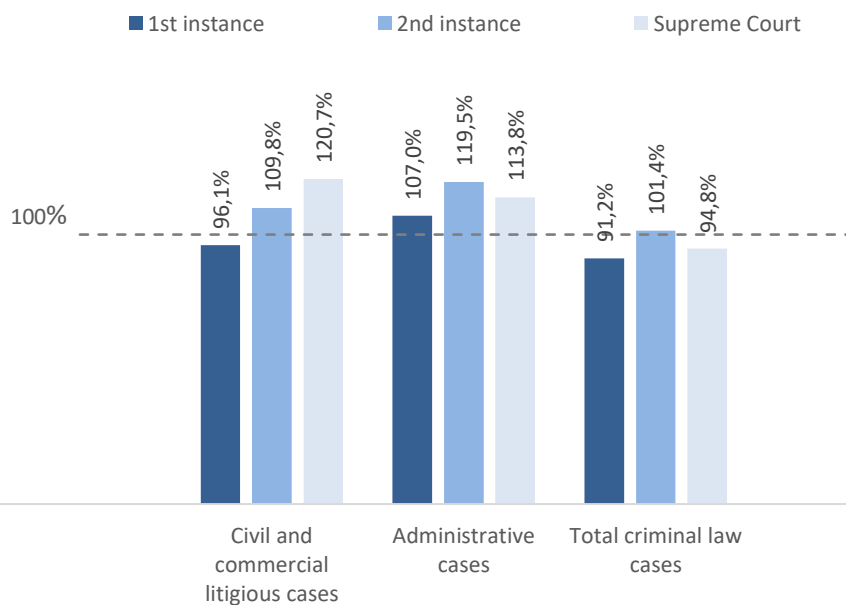


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

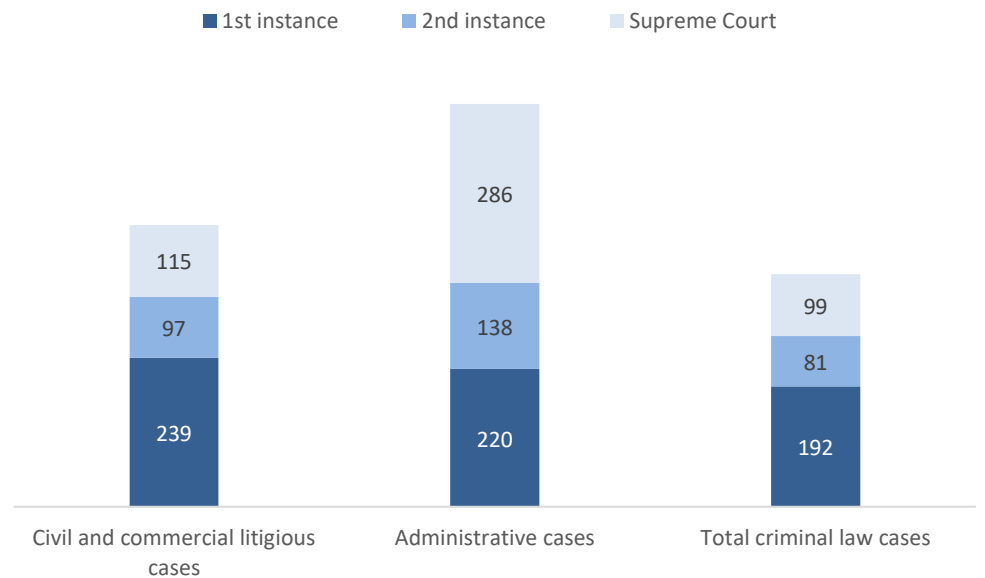


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

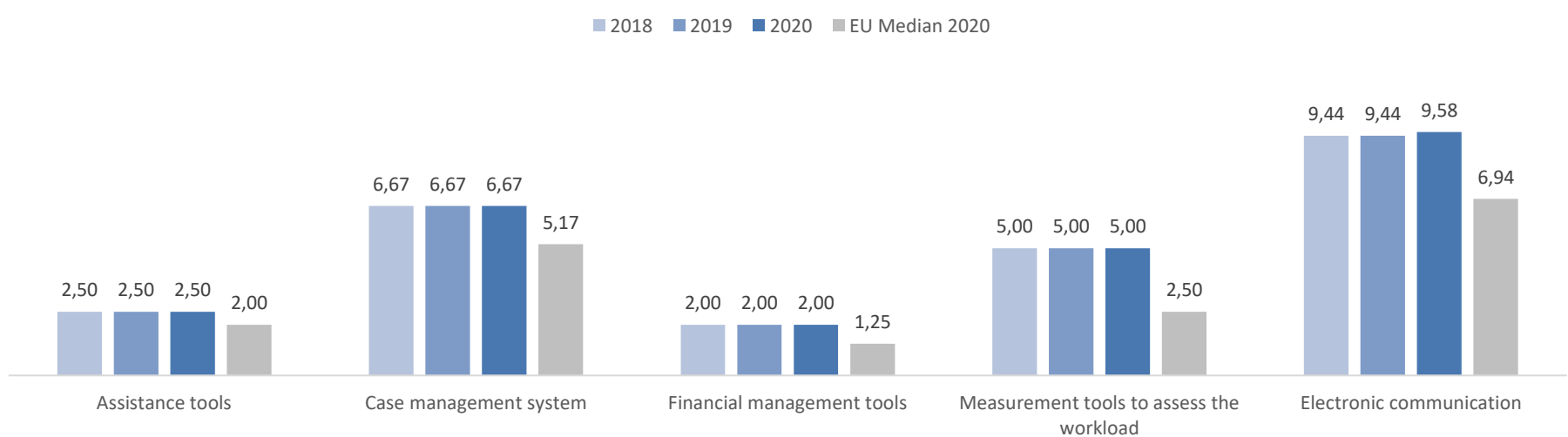


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Latvia

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
											2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019
Population	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	1 893 223	-7,4%	-1,6%	-2,5%	-1,5%	-0,6%	-0,8%
GDP per capita	10 858	11 575	12 065	12 329	12 762	13 855	15 136	15 928	15 431	42,1%	5,8%	18,6%	9,2%	5,2%	-3,1%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	1	1	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	8 981		9 816		10 308		12 384	12 912	13 716	52,7%	5,0%	20,1%		4,3%	6,2%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	21,5	23,8	24,4	25,0	25,5	25,1	29,1	27,3	29,1	35,3%	4,8%	14,0%	15,9%	-6,2%	6,4%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	78,6	78,8	78,8	77,1	80,3	78,8	89,3	88,0	88,0	11,9%	1,9%	11,2%	13,4%	-1,5%	0,0%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	65,7	66,0	68,1	69,2	62,5	70,3	63,4	71,1	72,4	10,2%	-8,2%	1,5%	-9,7%	12,1%	1,7%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	1,2	1,9	2,2	2,4	2,7	2,5	2,6	NAP	82,1%	24,0%	14,8%	-7,1%	5,0%
ICT overall assesment							9,1	9,1	9,2					0,0%	0,5%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,157	2,013	2,255	2,006	1,994	1,469	1,447	1,583	1,527	-29,2%	-11,6%	-27,4%	-1,5%	9,4%	-3,5%
Administrative law cases	0,195	0,1	0,1	0,113	0,120	0,106	0,096	0,098	0,090	-54,1%	0,5%	-19,9%	-9,7%	2,2%	-8,7%
Total criminal law cases									0,793						

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	118%	109%	98%	109%	107%	119%	103%	102%	96%	-21,69	8,97	-4,08	-15,99	-1,24	-6,07
CR administrative law cases	130%	163%	144%	106%	95%	100%	105%	105%	107%	-23,53	-48,69	9,90	5,49	0,13	1,66
CR total criminal law cases									91%						

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	241	247	255	238	217	208	236	213	239	-0,8%	-15,0%	8,9%	13,3%	-10,0%	12,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	300	203	155	200	228	249	248	225	220	-26,6%	47,0%	8,7%	-0,5%	-9,4%	-2,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									192						

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,67	1,49	1,55	1,42	1,27	1,00	0,97	0,94	0,96	-42,7%	-18,0%	-24,0%	-3,3%	-2,7%	1,8%
Administrative law cases	0,21	0,13	0,07	0,07	0,07	0,07	0,07	0,06	0,06	-72,4%	-2,2%	-3,9%	-5,3%	-7,3%	-9,0%
Total criminal law cases									0,38						

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			101%	107%	96%	103%	104%	99%	110%		-4,98	8,12	1,06	-5,06	10,43
CR administrative law cases			101%	136%	137%	129%	107%	91%	119%		35,78	-30,06	-21,65	-15,41	28,01
CR total criminal law cases									101%						

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			160	102	124	100	104	119	97		-22,7%	-15,6%	4,1%	14,1%	-18,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			371	277	210	152	169	215	138		-43,4%	-19,6%	1,2%	27,4%	-35,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									81						

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			85%	129%	146%	95%	108%	104%	121%		60,15	-37,40	12,82	-4,19	16,71
CR administrative law cases			84%	86%	92%	89%	90%	113%	114%		8,10	-2,50	0,51	23,15	1,12
CR total criminal law cases									95%						

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			559	329	153	206	204	187	115		-72,6%	33,1%	-1,0%	-8,2%	-38,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)			189	231	270	359	459	327	286		43,0%	70,1%	28,1%	-28,9%	-12,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									99						

1. Judicial organisation in Latvia

In Latvia in 2020, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 17. Namely, there are 15 courts of general jurisdiction and 2 specialised courts.

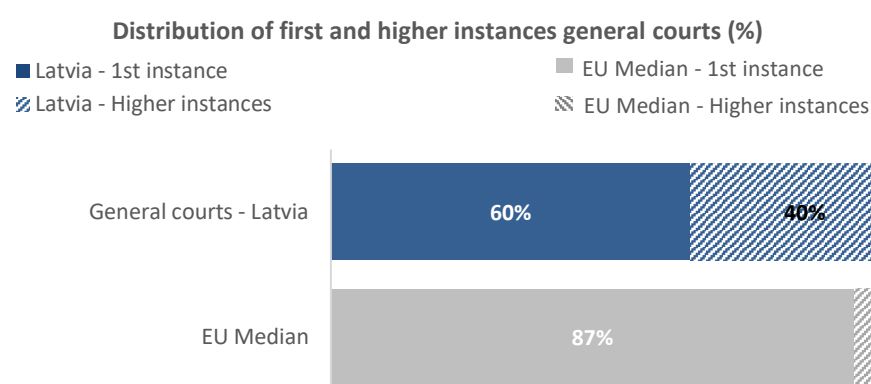
It is noteworthy recalling that since the reform of March 2018, the number of first instance courts has been reduced to 10 legal entities at first instance (9 of general jurisdiction and one administrative court). There are also 6 Appellate courts (5 of general jurisdiction and one administrative court of appeal) and the Supreme court. Besides, in 2019, was completed the reform of Land Register Units, which are included in the composition of District (city) courts. Accordingly, the number of geographic locations increased.

More precisely, among the 15 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 9 District city courts act at first instance, 5 Appellate courts have second instance competence, while the Supreme Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction.

The 2 specialised courts are the Administrative court and the Administrative Regional (appeal) court. It is interesting noting that on the 1st of July 2020, amendments to the Law on Judicial Power came into force, providing for the establishment of the Economic Court, which is competent for certain types of civil and criminal cases. Accordingly, the Court is competent for specific commercial disputes and criminal cases, which cause significant damage to the business environment and economic development. The Economic Court is not counted yet in the total number of specialised courts, because it will be operational as of 31st March 2021.

In terms of geographic locations, in 2020 there are 55 courts among which 47 are of first instance.

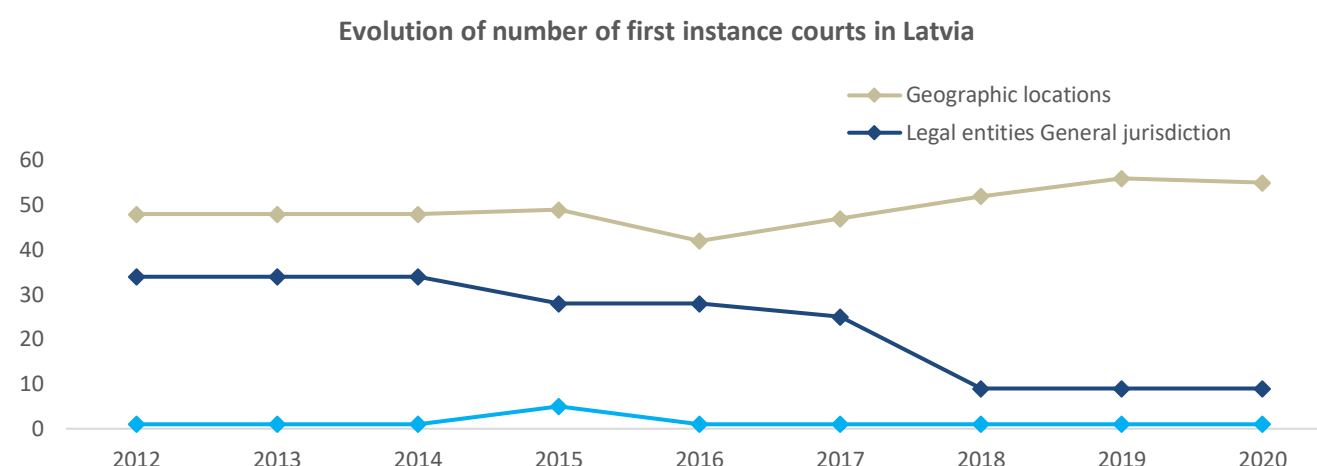
Distribution of general courts in Latvia



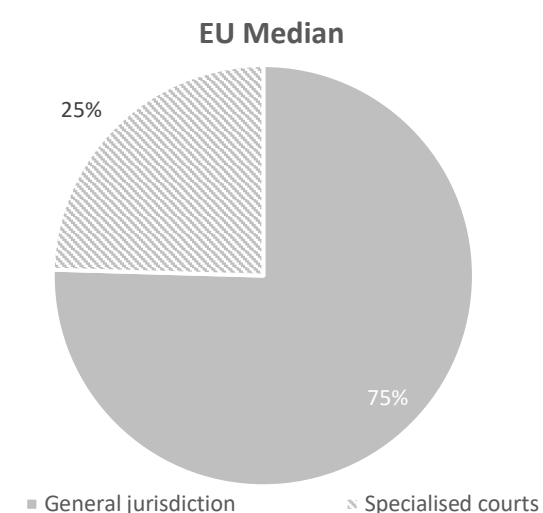
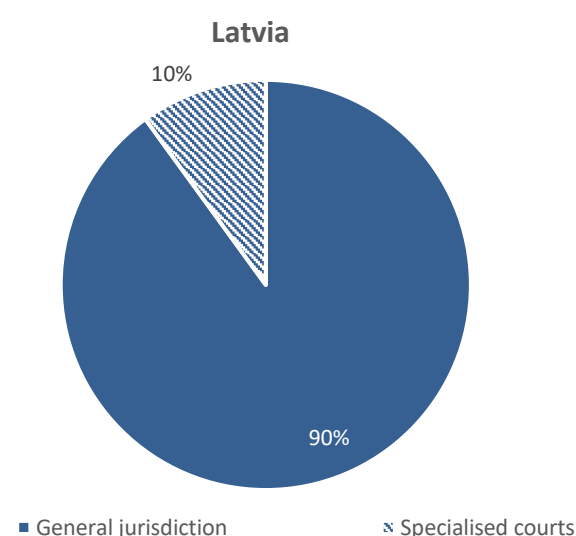
According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Latvia is somewhat different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Latvia

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	48	34	1
2013	48	34	1
2014	48	34	1
2015	49	28	5
2016	42	28	1
2017	47	25	1
2018	52	9	1
2019	56	9	1
2020	55	9	1



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 90,0% - 10,0% is somewhat different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	1	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts		
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

Only Administrative courts can be considered as specialised courts in terms of legal entities. The 1st instance administrative court is divided into 5 court houses. Appeals can be lodged before the administrative regional court.

As to the category “military courts”, the reply NA is justified by the fact that according to the Law on Judicial Power, judicial power in the Republic of Latvia is vested in District (city) courts, regional courts, the Supreme Court and the Constitutional Court, but in state of emergencies or during war – also military courts. Put differently, a military court can be established in state of emergency or during a war.

It should be pointed out that Latvia has also one court, which is specialised in respect of commercial cases. However, this court works also with other civil cases and is actually a first instance court where few judges are specialised in commercial matters.

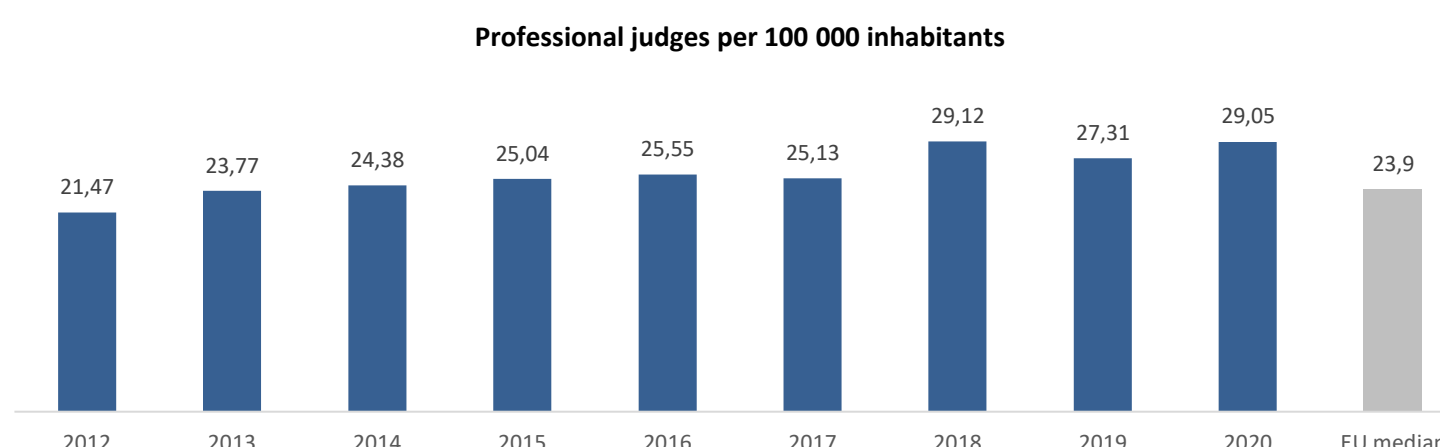
As already mentioned above, following the amendments to the Law on Judicial Power in July 2020, the Economic Court has been established and will start functioning in 2021.

2. Professionals of justice in Latvia

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	439	21,47
2013	481	23,77
2014	488	24,38
2015	493	25,04
2016	503	25,55
2017	490	25,13
2018	559	29,12
2019	521	27,31
2020	550	29,05



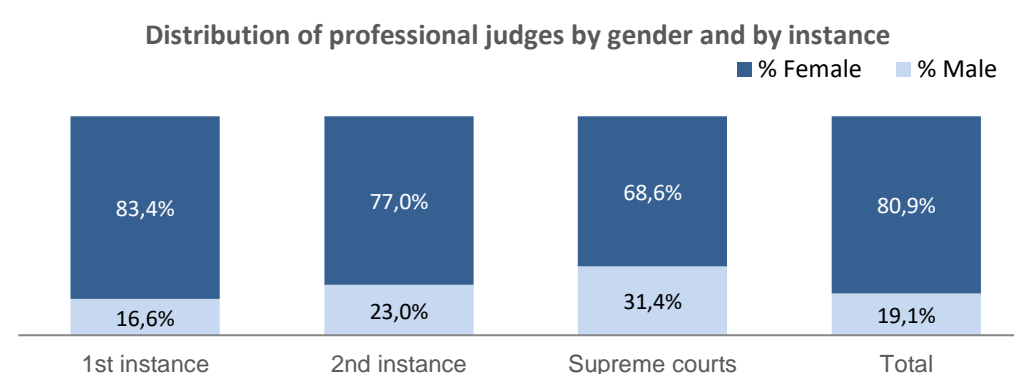
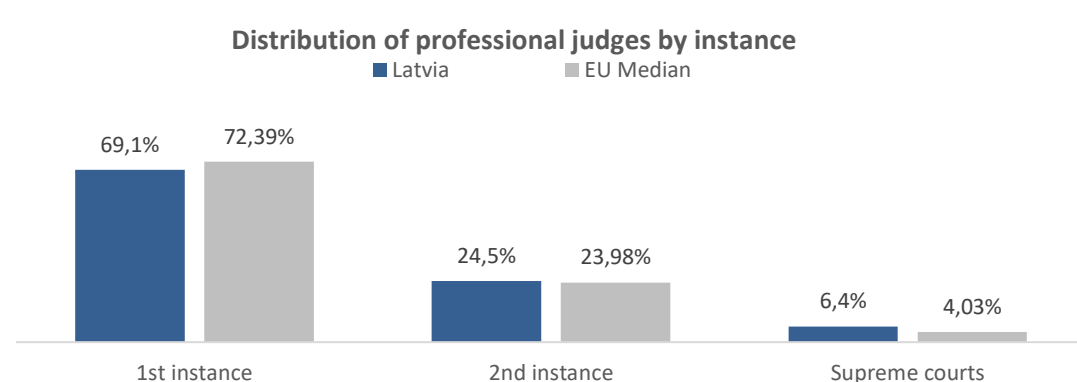
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Latvia is 550, which is 5,6% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Latvia, there are 29,05 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,03 non-judge staff per judge .

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,22 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	380	69,1%	63	317	16,6%	83,4%
2nd instance	135	24,5%	31	104	23,0%	77,0%
Supreme courts	35	6,4%	11	24	31,4%	68,6%
Total	550		105	445	19,1%	80,9%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 445, which represents 80,9% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 380 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 317 are female); 135 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 104 are female) and 35 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 24 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, a similar trend is observed in Latvia. However, the predominance of first instance judges is less pronounced, while the number of second and third instance judges is above the respective EU medians.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be highlighted that female judges have the majority at all instances.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	380	NA	NA	39	NAP
2nd instance	135	65	48	22	NAP
Supreme courts	35	15	9	11	NAP
Total	550	NA	NA	72	NAP

In Latvia, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible only for some categories.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

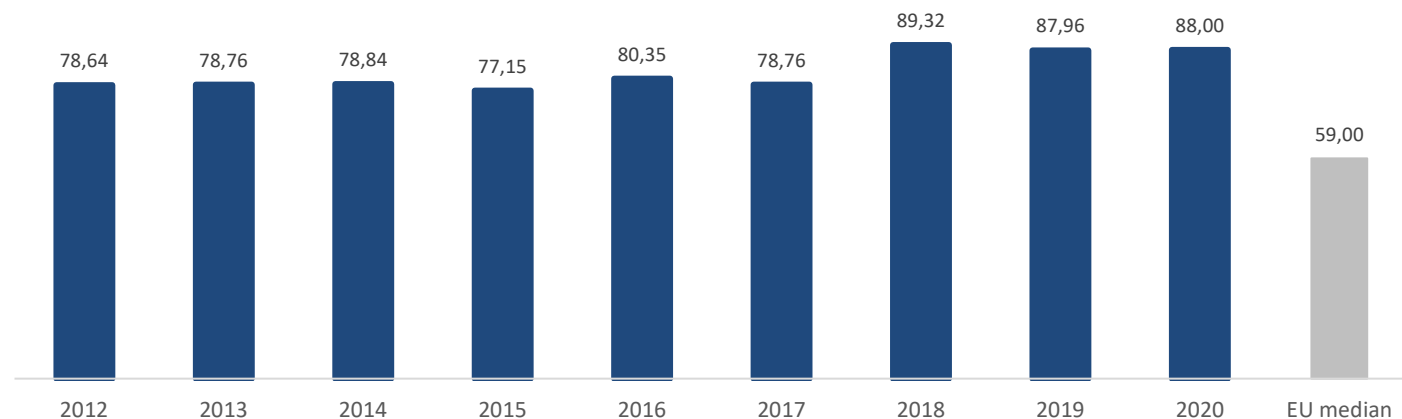
2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	10,3%	NAP
2nd instance	48,1%	35,6%	16,3%	NAP
Supreme courts	42,9%	25,7%	31,4%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	13,1%	NAP

First instance courts of general jurisdiction do not explicitly distinguish between judges based on the type of cases within their competence. Therefore it is not possible to categorise judges depending on the nature of cases they are dealing with.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	1 608	1 594	1 578	1 519	1 582	1 536	1 715	1 678	1 666
Per 100 000 inhabitants	78,64	78,76	78,84	77,15	80,35	78,76	89,32	87,96	88,00

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	1 666	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	1 040	62,4%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	498	29,9%
Technical staff	113	6,8%
Other	15	0,9%

In 2020, Latvia has 1 666 non-judge staff (of which 1 536 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,7%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 1 040 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 952 are women);
- 498 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 480 are women);
- 113 technical staff (of which 92 are women);
- 15 other (of which 12 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 88,0 in 2019 to 88,0 in 2020).

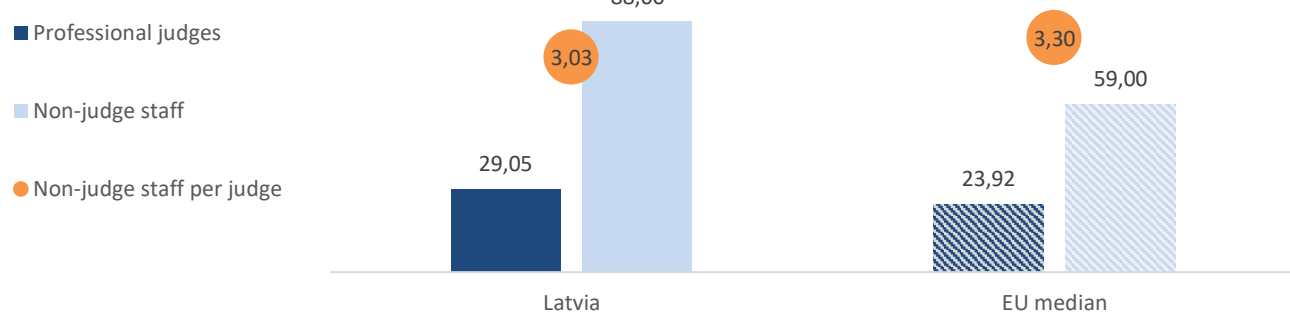
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 27,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 29,1 in 2020.

The observed variations in the different categories are due to changes in court staff. The category "other" refers to the Supreme Court Division of case-law and research and its Division of provision of regime of secrecy, as well as to staff of the Secretariat of the Council for the Judiciary. Trainees are not included in the number provided.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Latvia	EU median
Professional judges	29,05	23,92
Non-judge staff	88,00	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,03	3,30

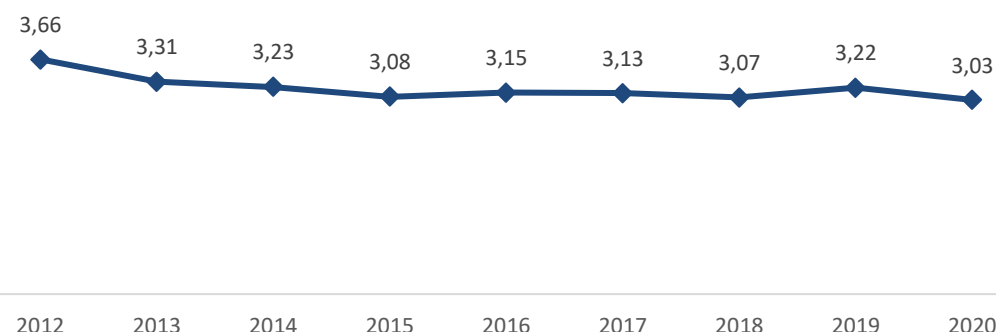
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	21,47	78,64	3,66
2013	23,77	78,76	3,31
2014	24,38	78,84	3,23
2015	25,04	77,15	3,08
2016	25,55	80,35	3,15
2017	25,13	78,76	3,13
2018	29,12	89,32	3,07
2019	27,31	87,96	3,22
2020	29,05	88,00	3,03

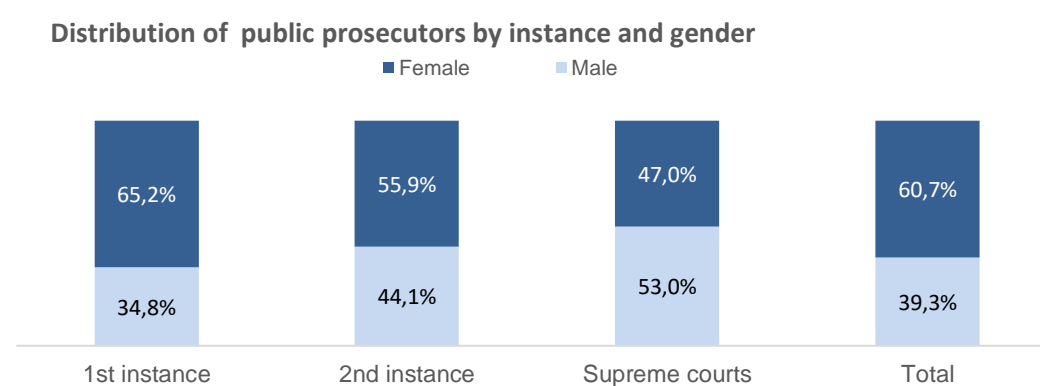
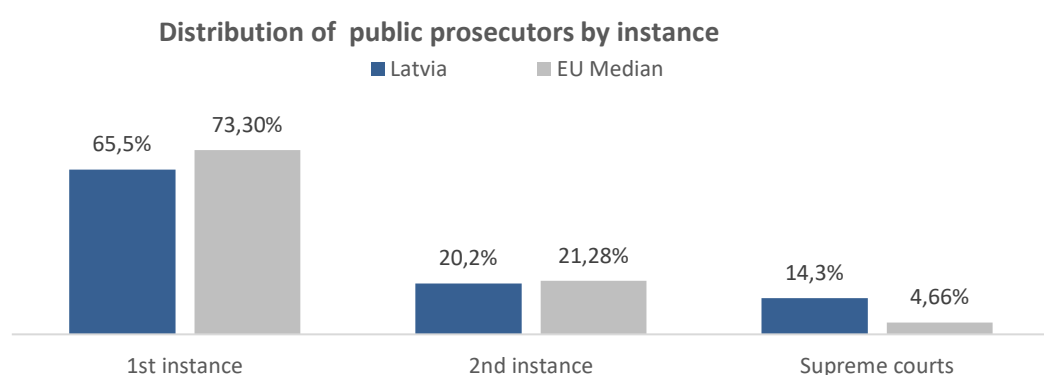
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	302	65,5%	105	197	34,8%	65,2%
2nd instance	93	20,2%	41	52	44,1%	55,9%
Supreme courts	66	14,3%	35	31	53,0%	47,0%
Total	461		181	280	39,3%	60,7%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 280, which represents 60,7% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 302 in first instance (of which 197 are female); 93 are in second instance (of which 52 are female) and 66 in final instance (of which 31 are female).

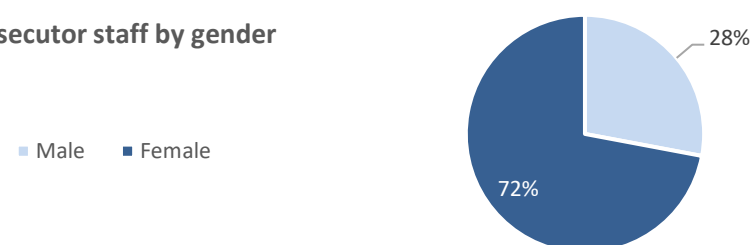
As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors do not have the majority only at third instance. Regarding the decrease in the number of women working in the Prosecutor General's Office, it must be concluded that in total the number of women working has decreased by 8 persons. One of the reasons could be reaching the maximum age for performing the duties prescribed by law or the death of a person.

The increase in the number of prosecutors at the District courts level prosecutor's offices is related to the imposition of an obligation on the prosecutor and not on the chief prosecutor to perform the duties of a higher prosecutor.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	397	111	286

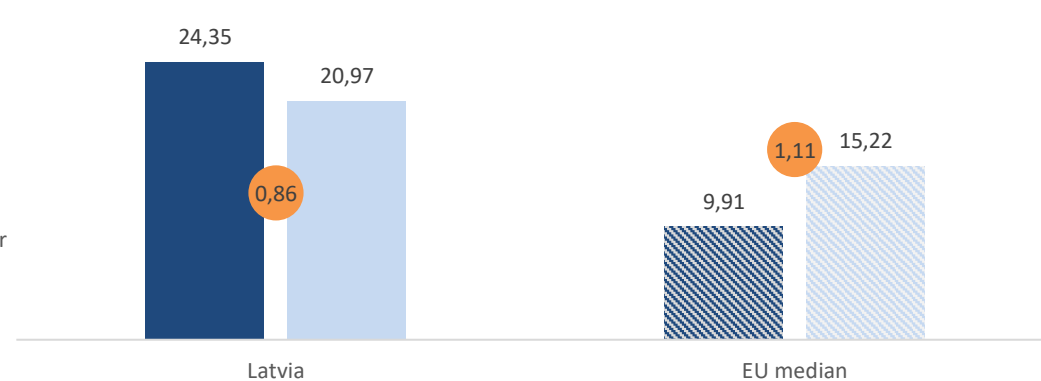
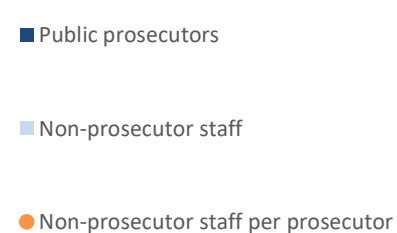
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

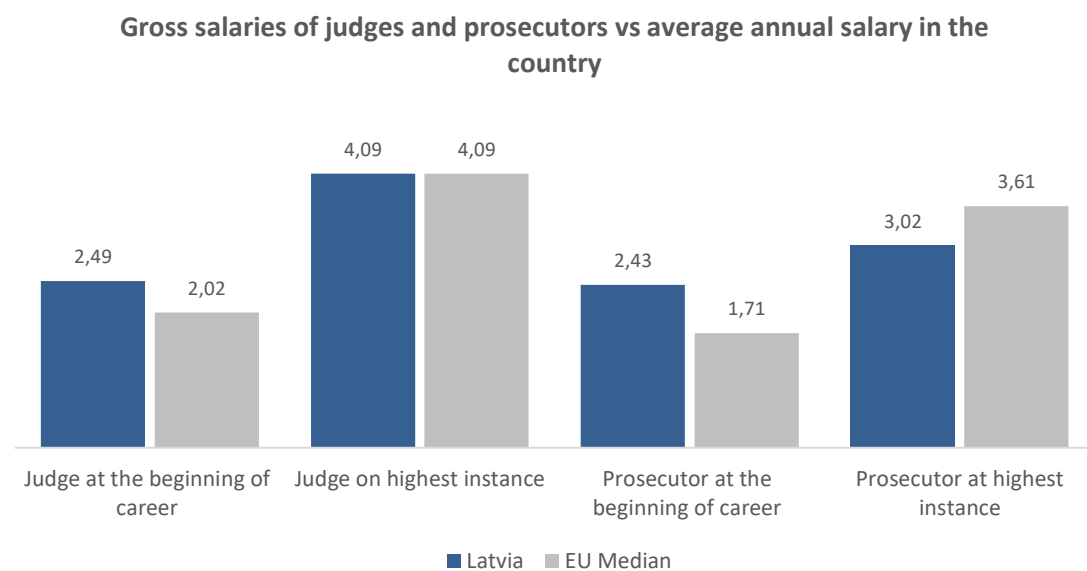
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Latvia	EU median
Public prosecutors	24,35	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	20,97	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,86	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	34 104 €	23 859 €	2,49
Judge of the highest court	56 093 €	39 690 €	4,09
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	33 396 €	23 376 €	2,43
Public prosecutor at highest instance	41 411 €	28 842 €	3,02



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Latvia of 34 104€ is somewhat below when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 2,49 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

It is to be noticed that the data provided indicates the minimum gross and net public remuneration.

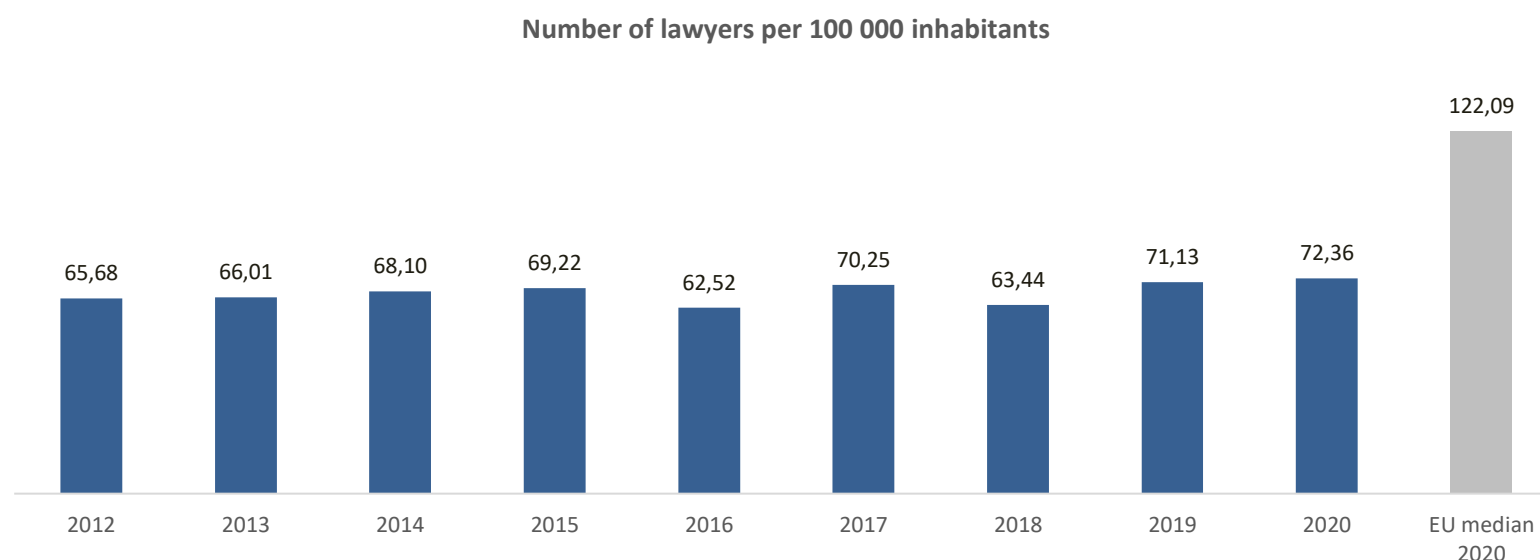
Prosecutors shall be entitled to a supplement for the ranking of the public prosecutor, depending on the degree of office assigned. The ranking of a public prosecutor shall be assigned according to the position, professional knowledge, qualifications and experience of work.

Discrepancies with data from the previous cycle are connected with changes in the Law On Remuneration of Officials and Employees of State and Local Government Authorities. Between 2019 and 2020 a gradual increase in salary has been introduced, the gross salary has been increased per EUR 1764 and the net annual salary per EUR 1203.

The salaries of judges are reviewed annually according to the law.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 343	65,68
2013	1 336	66,01
2014	1 363	68,10
2015	1 363	69,22
2016	1 231	62,52
2017	1 370	70,25
2018	1 218	63,44
2019	1 357	71,13
2020	1 370	72,36



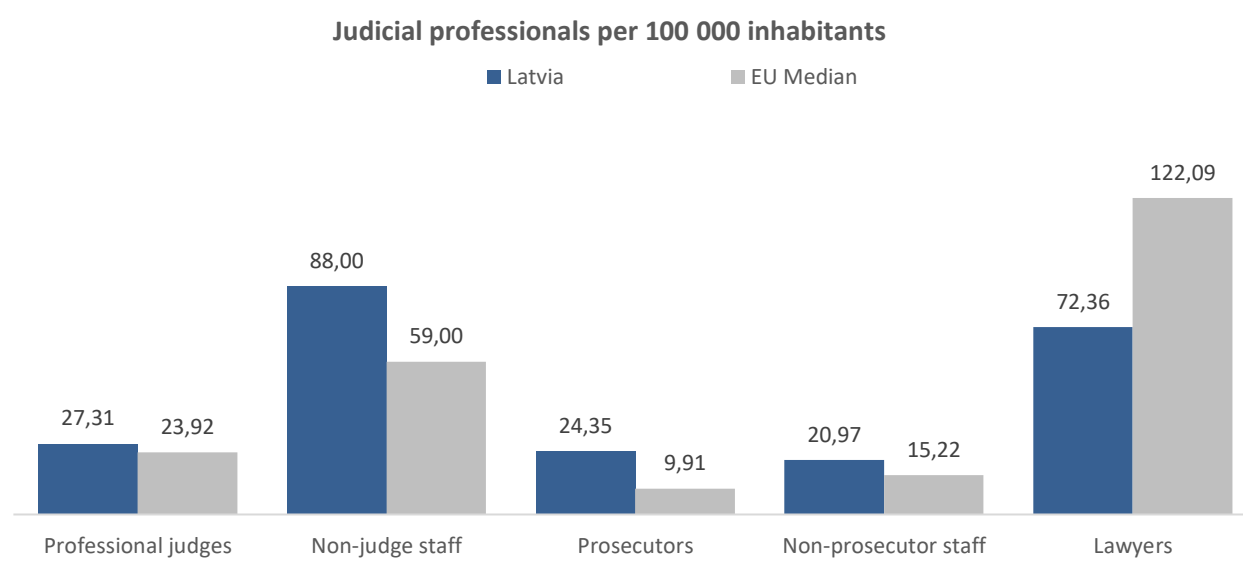
In 2020, there are 1 370 lawyers, which is 1,0% more than in 2019.

Latvia has 72,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

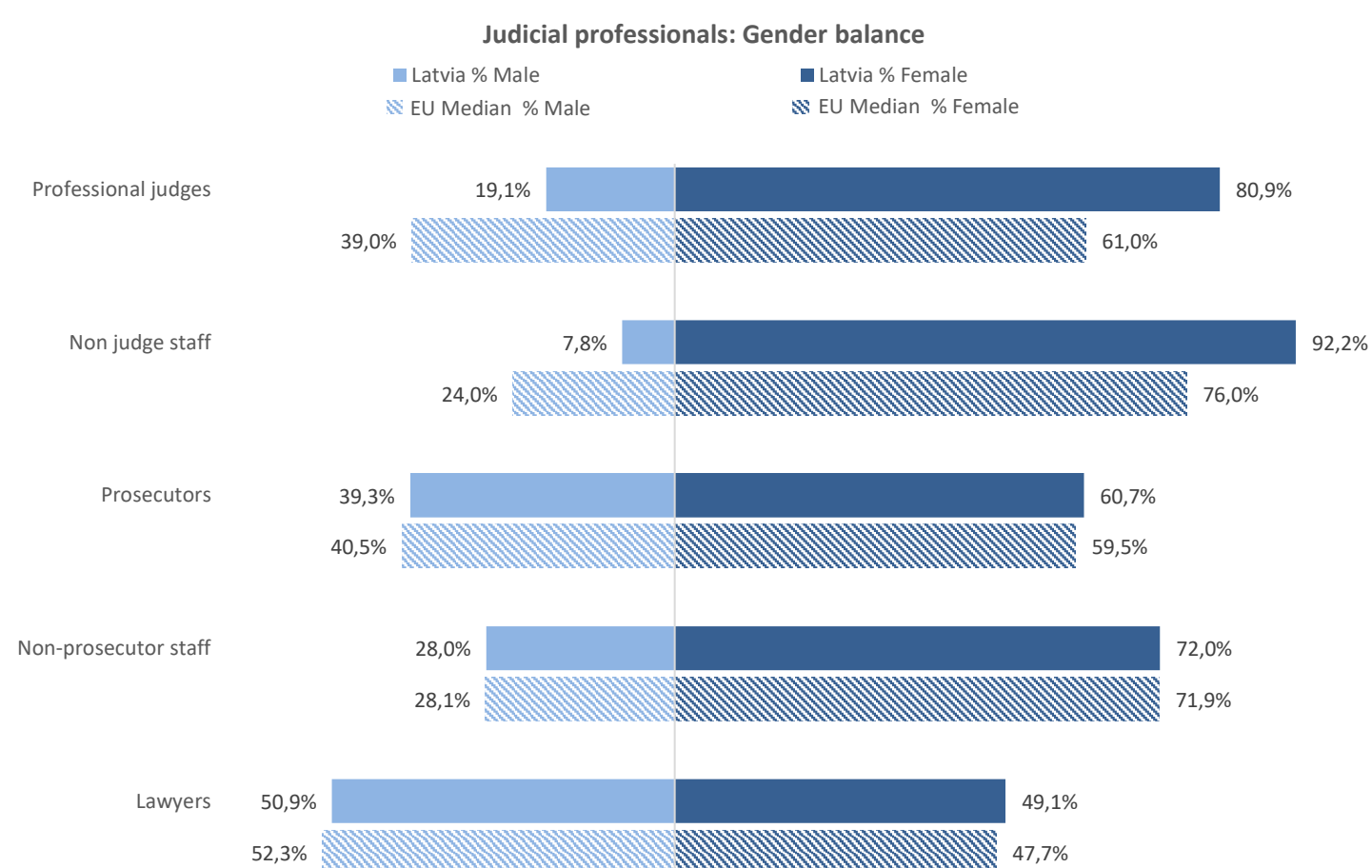
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	521	27,31	23,92
Non-judge staff	1 666	88,00	59,00
Prosecutors	461	24,35	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	397	20,97	15,22
Lawyers	1 370	72,36	122,09





Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	19,1%	80,9%
Non judge staff	7,8%	92,2%
Prosecutors	39,3%	60,7%
Non-prosecutor staff	28,0%	72,0%
Lawyers	50,9%	49,1%









3. Legal aid and court fees in Latvia

In Latvia, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: 
- Exemption from court fees: 

In Latvia, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases 
 - Other than criminal cases 
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases 
 - Other than criminal cases 
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) 
- > Other costs than above (Q19) 

It is noteworthy that the state provides legal aid in respect of representation in court and legal advice, but also for preparation of procedural documents in all types of cases and in criminal cases for representation in the pre-trial criminal proceedings.

The negative reply provided with regard to enforcement procedures should be put into perspective. In fact, in the Republic of Latvia there is another mechanism, allowing persons receiving support at the enforcement of judicial decisions stage. Namely a legal framework that provides for exemptions from payment of enforcement expenditures on the basis of the law (Section 567 of the Civil Procedure Law). Moreover, in accordance with Section 11 of the Cabinet of Ministers Regulations No 454 of 26 June 2012 "Regulations on the Remuneration Rates of Sworn Bailiffs", a sworn bailiff has the right to reduce the remuneration fees.

With regard to "other costs", in the Republic of Latvia there is another mechanism - a legal framework that provides for exemptions from payment of court costs granted on the basis of the law by the judge in civil proceedings (Section 43 of the Civil Procedure Law). Besides, the Criminal Procedure Law stipulates which costs, for example, conducting of inspections, shall be assumed by the State. The mentioned regulation is applying to court proceedings and exemptions rules in their respect (for example concerning the expertise costs etc).

In addition, according to the State Ensured Legal Aid Law, in cross-borders cases, a person has the right to receive the following: 1) services of an interpreter; 2) translation of documents requested by the court or the competent authority and submitted by the recipient of legal aid, which are necessary for adjudication of the matter; 3) payment of expenses related to the attendance at court sittings, if the presence of the person in court is provided for by the law or if the court requests so, deciding that the relevant person cannot be heard in another way (the Legal Aid Administration makes a decision).

In accordance with the Cabinet of Ministers Regulation No 1493 of 22 December 2009 "Regulations Regarding the Amount of State-ensured Legal Aid, the Amount of Payment, Reimbursable Expenses and the Procedures for Payment Thereof", if legal aid is provided outside the place of practice of the provider of legal aid, his or her travelling (transport) expenses and hotel (accommodation) expenses shall be covered from the State budget. It is relevant for all cases – civil, administrative and criminal. In asylum cases and cases related to foreigners who are obligated to be returned, the responsible institution – the Office of Citizenship and Migration Affairs or the Legal Aid Administration – shall ensure the communication of the applicant for legal aid with the provider of legal aid, which covers costs of the interpretation services.

An individual can be exempted, for example, from expertise, interpreters and travel expenses (in cross border disputes). If the legal aid is provided outside the place of practice of the provider of legal aid, his or her travelling (transport) expenses and hotel (accommodation) expenses also shall be covered from the State budget.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

The Legal Aid Administration is the competent authority of providing the State ensured legal aid in a Constitutional Court process, in civil matters and certain types of administrative cases. It cannot identify data on legal aid granted specifically to cases referred to court. It is noteworthy that one case can last for several years. Consequently, in a given year the Legal Aid Administration shall provide legal aid both in cases undertaken in the previous years and new cases. In criminal proceedings, the advocate shall provide the State ensured legal aid upon a request from the person directing the criminal proceedings to the elder of the sworn advocates or if urgent in conformity with the schedule of the advocates on duty compiled by the elder of the sworn advocates. In these cases, the Legal Aid Administration shall perform payments to an advocate regarding the legal assistance provided. The Legal Aid Administration cannot identify data on legal aid granted specifically to cases referred to court.

In 2020, the Legal Aid Administration received 1146 applications requesting State ensured legal aid in a Constitutional Court process, in civil matters and certain types of administrative cases. Decisions on ensuring legal aid were adopted in 847 cases, legal aid was ensured in 54 asylum and return cases. According to the data available to the Legal Aid Administration, legal aid was provided in approximately 7286 criminal proceedings.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 21
- Actual average duration: NA

Applications for legal aid in a Constitutional Court process, in civil matters and certain types of administrative cases shall be reviewed and decision on granting or refusal to grant legal aid shall be adopted by the Legal Aid Administration within 21 days, but in matters affecting children's rights - within 14 days from the date of receipt of the application for legal aid. Besides, in partial legal aid cases, the Legal Aid Administration takes a decision within one month.

The advocate shall provide the state ensured legal aid in criminal proceedings upon a request from the person directing the criminal proceedings to the senior of the sworn advocates (process takes maximum 3 days, the estimated term in criminal cases is fixed in the Criminal Procedure Law) or in urgent cases in conformity with the schedule of the advocates on duty compiled by the elder of the sworn advocates.

4. Performance of courts in Latvia

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

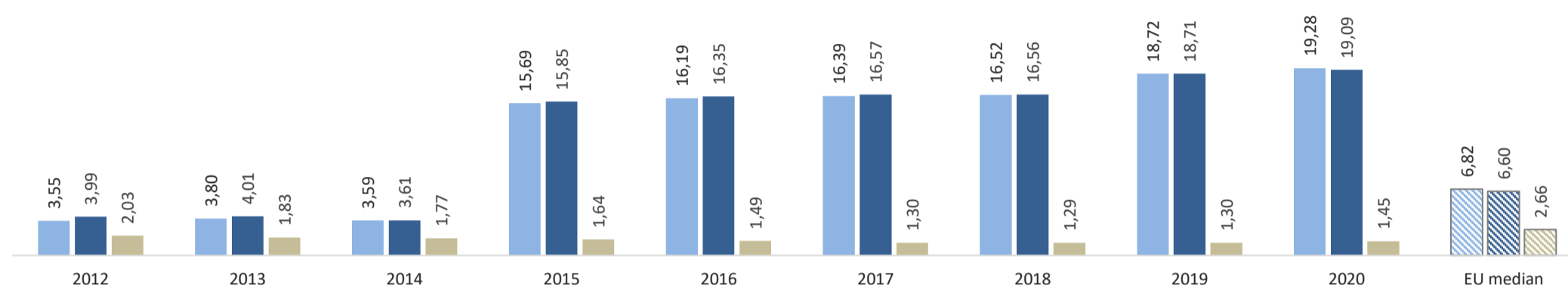
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants

■ Incoming ■ Resolved ■ Pending 31 Dec



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Latvia (19,28 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Latvia (19,09 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

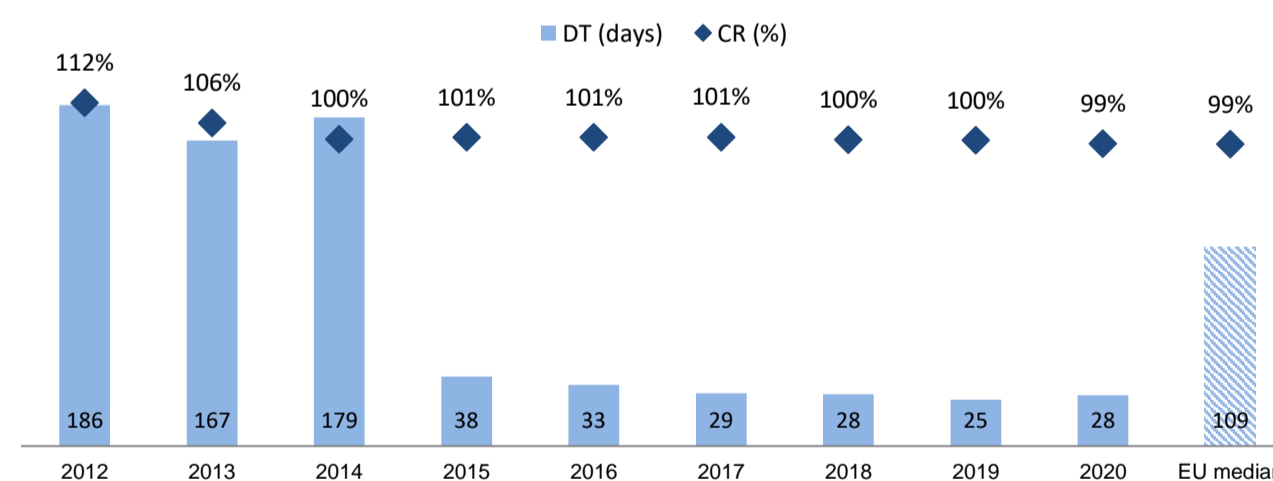
The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Latvia (1,45 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

It should be mentioned that the number of incoming and resolved cases of general civil (commercial) non litigious cases are higher in 2020 because there was a significant increase in applications concerning undisputed enforcements. Usually, cases pertaining to undisputed enforcement are submitted electronically and solved through a written procedure. The increment of such cases is probably closely connected with activities of creditors' intensity.

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	112%	186
2013	106%	167
2014	100%	179
2015	101%	38
2016	101%	33
2017	101%	29
2018	100%	28
2019	100%	25
2020	99%	28

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,0% in 2020 Latvia seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -1,0 points.

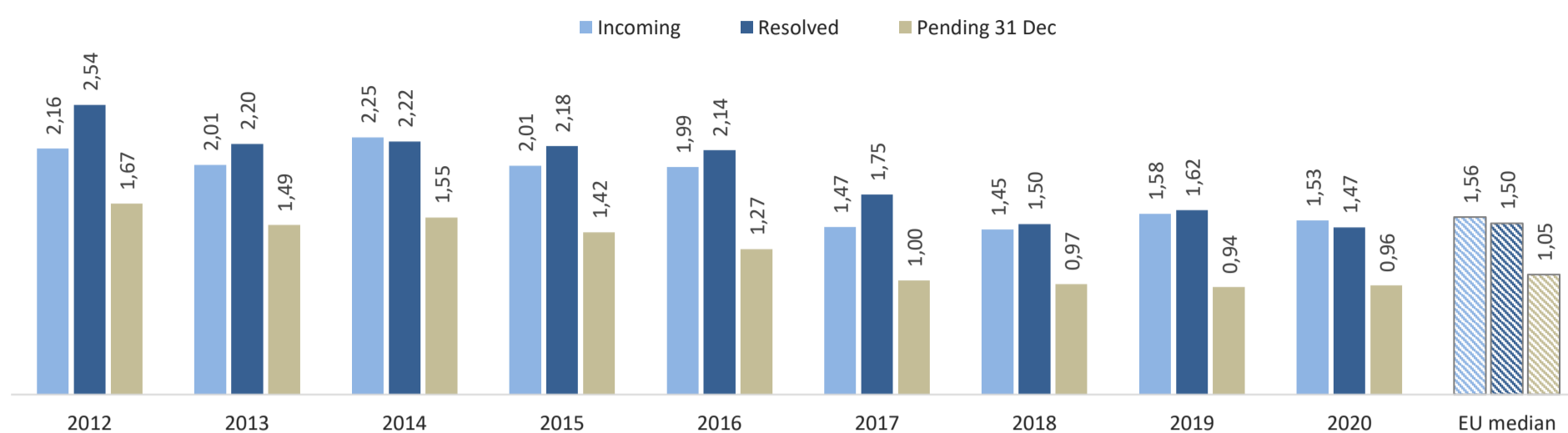
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 28 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 9,5% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Latvia (1,53 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

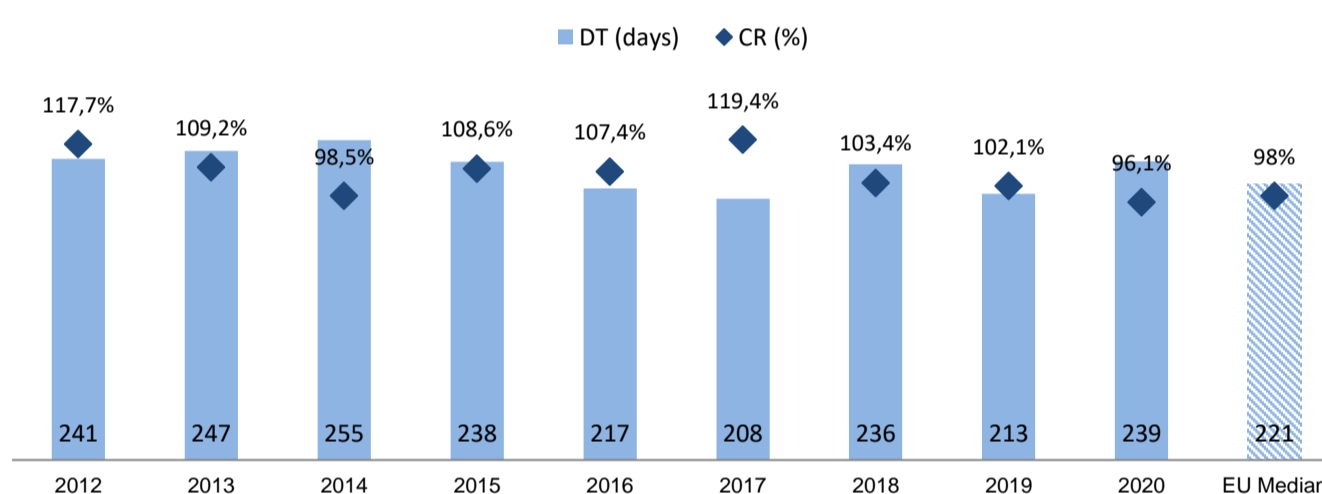
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Latvia (1,47 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Latvia (0,96 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	117,7%	241
2013	109,2%	247
2014	98,5%	255
2015	108,6%	238
2016	107,4%	217
2017	119,4%	208
2018	103,4%	236
2019	102,1%	213
2020	96,1%	239

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 96,1% in 2020, Latvia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -6,1 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 239 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 221 days.

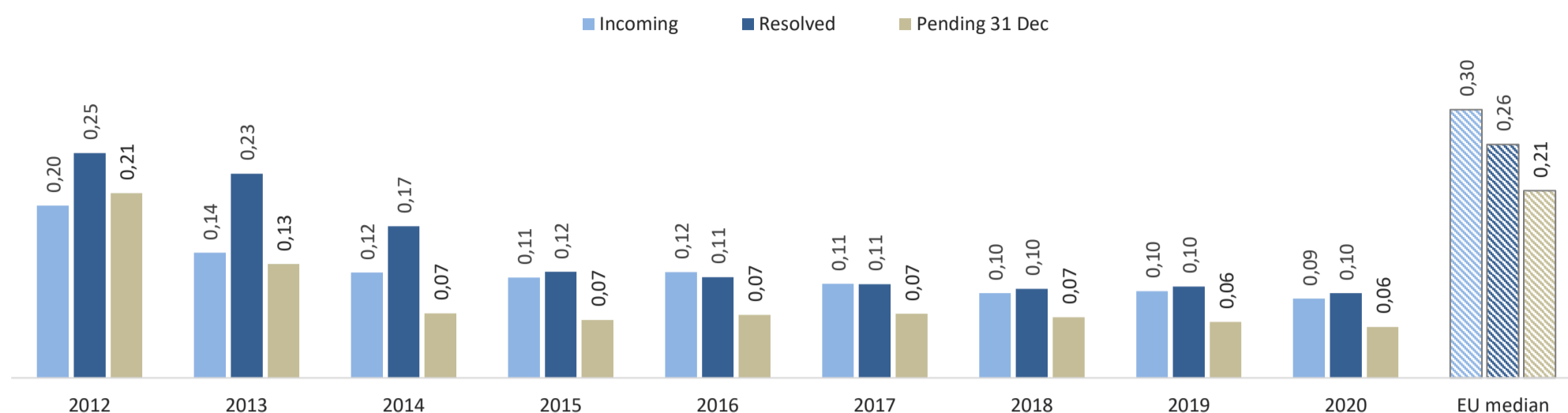
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 12,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Latvia, there are 1 918 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 10,6% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year. The decrease in the number of such cases is probably due to the Covid19 restrictions because many old cases were re-classified - when possible and if parties to the proceedings agreed to that - from oral to written procedure.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Latvia (0,09 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

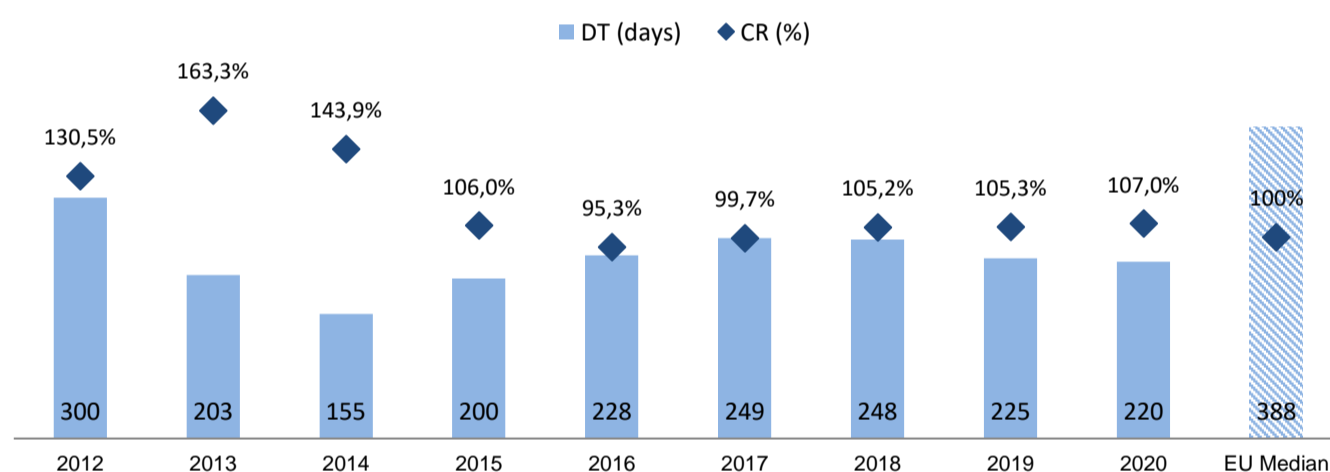
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Latvia (0,10 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Latvia (0,06 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	130,5%	300
2013	163,3%	203
2014	143,9%	155
2015	106,0%	200
2016	95,3%	228
2017	99,7%	249
2018	105,2%	248
2019	105,3%	225
2020	107,0%	220

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 107,0% in 2020, Latvia seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,7 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 220 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 388 days.

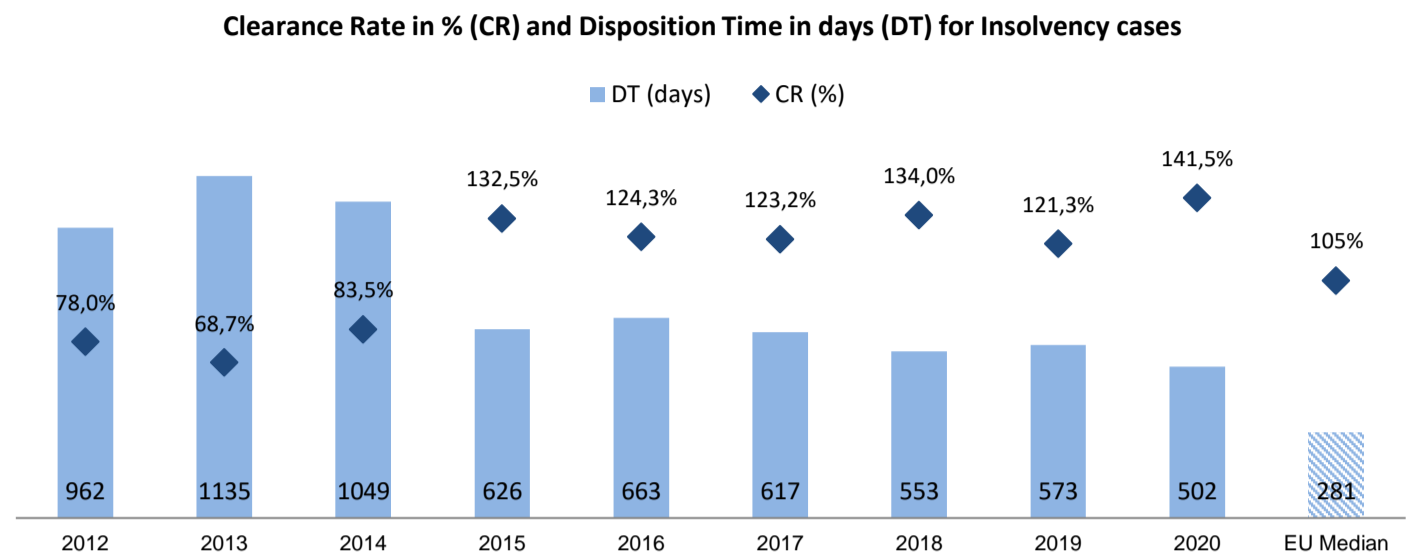
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -2,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Latvia, there are 53 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 4,8% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	78,0%	962
2013	68,7%	1135
2014	83,5%	1049
2015	132,5%	626
2016	124,3%	663
2017	123,2%	617
2018	134,0%	553
2019	121,3%	573
2020	141,5%	502



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 141,5% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Latvia seems to deal efficiently with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 20,2 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 502 days, which is significantly above the EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -12,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

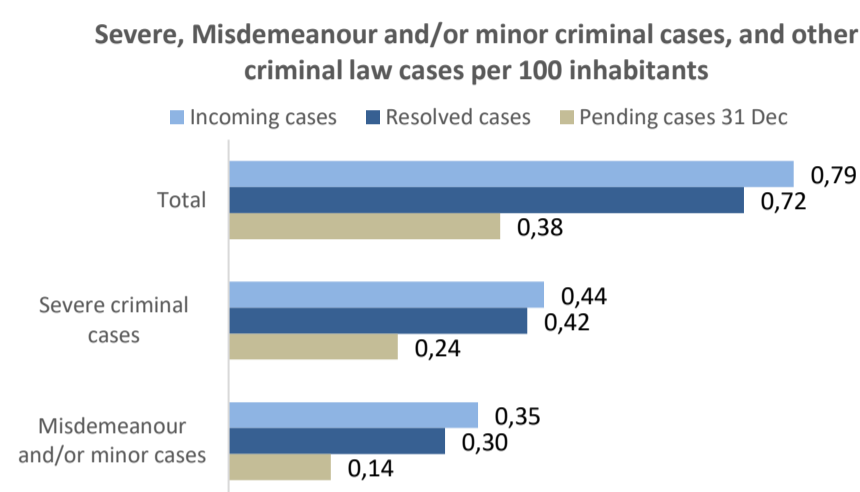
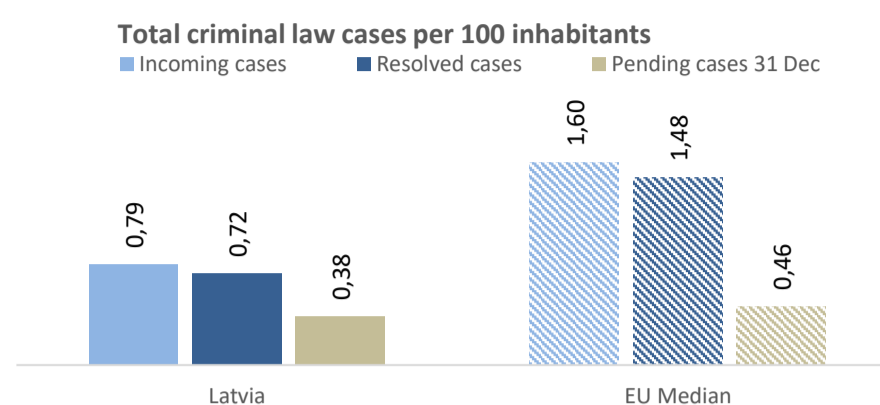
As already mentioned, the pandemic affected the hearings of cases and the procedure, because there were several case groups that were solved through a written procedure, affecting the average length of hearings.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	5 895	15 022	13 696	7 221
Severe criminal cases	4 052	8 391	7 941	4 502
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	1 843	6 631	5 755	2 719
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,31	0,79	0,72	0,38
Severe criminal cases	0,21	0,44	0,42	0,24
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,10	0,35	0,30	0,14
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



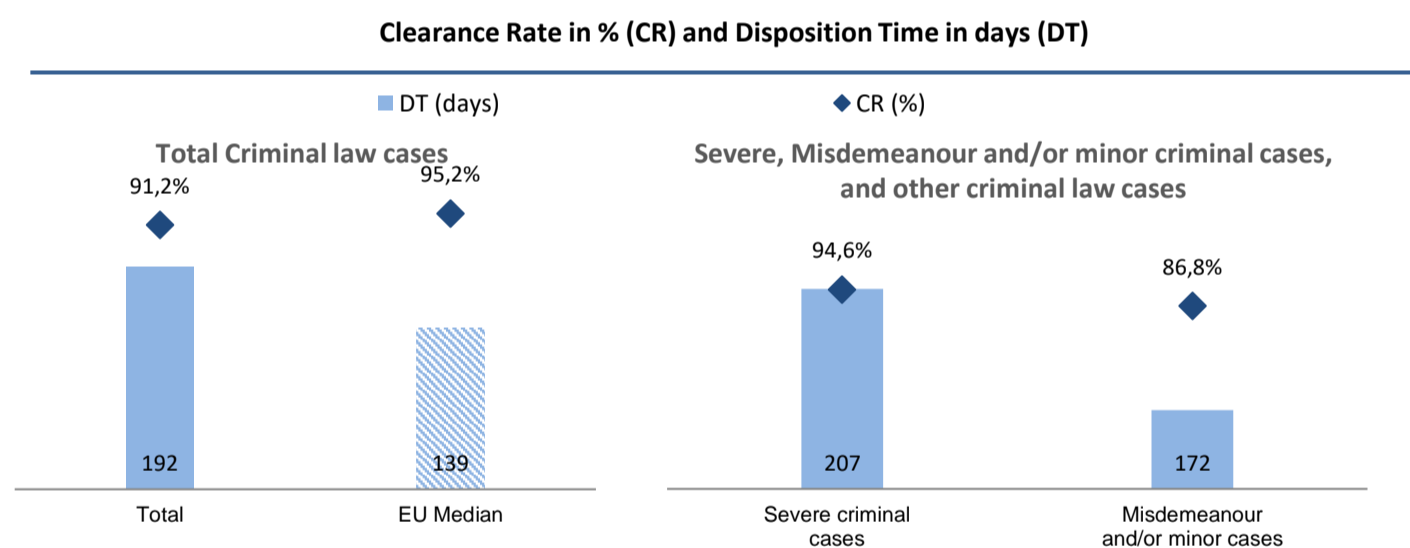
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Latvia (0,79 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Latvia (0,72 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Latvia (0,38 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	91,2%	192
Severe criminal cases	94,6%	207
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	86,8%	172
Other cases	NAP	NAP



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 91,2% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Latvia seems to encounter difficulties in dealing with its total criminal cases.

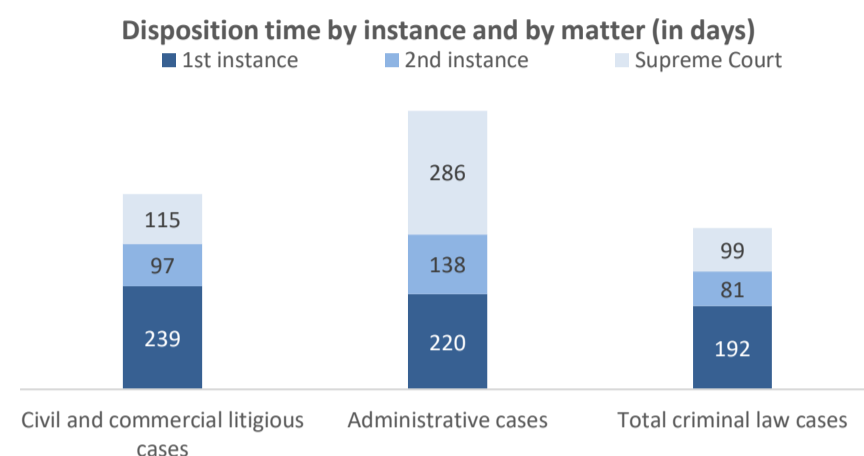
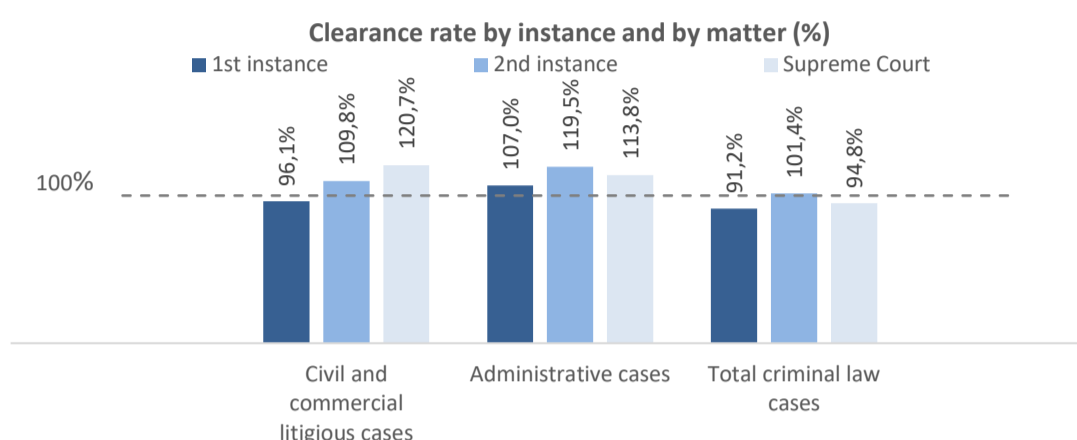
In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 192 days, which is somewhat above the EU median of 139 days.

Pursuant to the Criminal Law, criminal offences are divided into criminal violations and crimes distinguished by their nature, degree of the harm and the threat to the interests of a person or the society. A criminal violation is an offence for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term exceeding fifteen days, but not exceeding three months (temporary deprivation of liberty), or a type of lesser punishment. Crimes are classified in the following way: less serious crimes (intentional offences for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term exceeding three months but not exceeding three years, as well as offences committed by negligence and for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term up to eight years); serious crimes (intentional offences for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term exceeding three years but not exceeding eight years, as well as offences committed by negligence and for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term exceeding eight years); especially serious crimes (intentional offences for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term exceeding eight years or a life imprisonment).

The number of resolved severe criminal cases decreased because of Covid-19 restrictions, namely the limitations of court work: written procedure, prohibition of face-to-face meetings, cancellation of court hearings etc.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	96,1%	109,8%	120,7%	239	97	115
Administrative cases	107,0%	119,5%	113,8%	220	138	286
Total criminal law cases	91,2%	101,4%	94,8%	192	81	99



In 2020, in Latvia, administrative courts prove to be the most efficient. On the one hand, the Clearance Rate indicator is above the 100% threshold at all instances. On the other hand, the Disposition Time indicator is below or very close to the respective EU medians (first instance - 388 days, second instance - 362 days and third instance - 281 days). It has been indicated that at the Supreme Court level, the number of resolved cases per judge of the Administrative chamber increased (+4) and that there was additional judge from the Civil chamber allocated to deal with administrative cases (February-September 2019) and substitute judge working at the Supreme Court (September-December 2020). As a result, the Clearance Rate of the Supreme Court for administrative cases in 2019 was 113% and in 2020 it was 114%.

In civil matters, only first instance courts indicators were negatively affected in 2020, the Clearance rate being below the 100% threshold and the Disposition Time above the EU median of 221 days. At second instance, the number of incoming and resolved civil litigious cases decreased due to the Covid19 pandemic. On March 14, 2020, there was the state of emergency that affected the work of appellate courts. In order to mitigate potential risks of virus, oral proceedings that did not involve serious violations of rights were cancelled. This restriction directly affected the number of resolved cases. Also, there were restrictions on appearance of persons in the court, that affected the number of new claims or requests - incoming cases. The first state of emergency lasted till June 2020. The second state of emergency started in November 2020.

In criminal matters the Clearance Rate remained below the 100% at first and last instances, while the Disposition Time went beyond the respective EU medians (139 days at first instance and 120 days at third instance). As explained above, the number of resolved first instance severe criminal cases decreased because of Covid-19 restrictions, namely the limitations of court work: written procedure, prohibition of face-to-face meetings, cancellation of court hearings etc. As to the Supreme Court, during last two years 3 out of 8 judges (after increase of number of judges – 9 judges) have retired. Some additional time was needed to replace them (competition and appointment). Accordingly, there was a significant decrease of resolved cases in 2020 (clearance rate was 102% in 2019 and 95% in 2020).

5. Public prosecution services in Latvia

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Latvia has the following 11 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

Public prosecutors are endowed with the responsibility of protecting the interests of minors, incapable and prisoners, participating in proceedings in cases prescribed by the Civil Procedure Law.

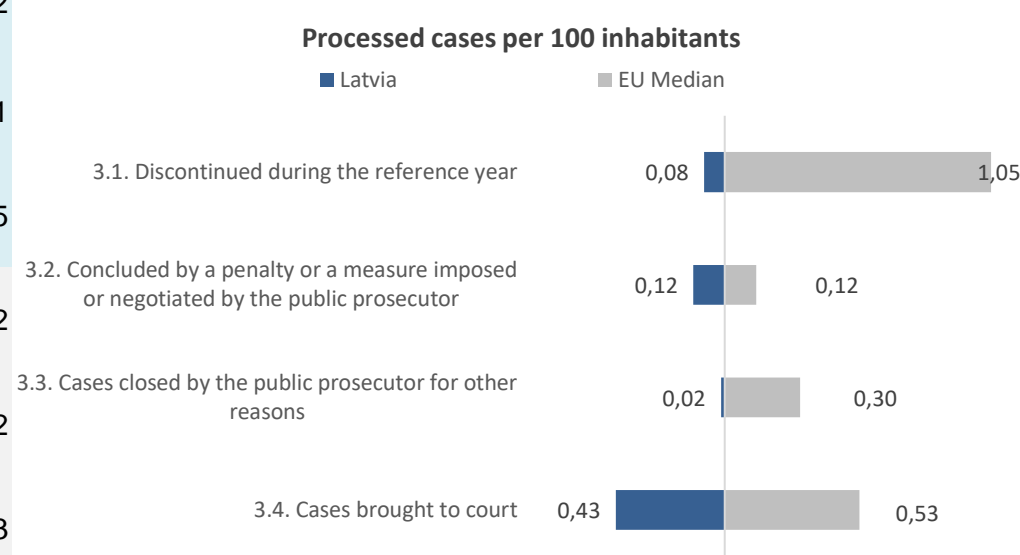
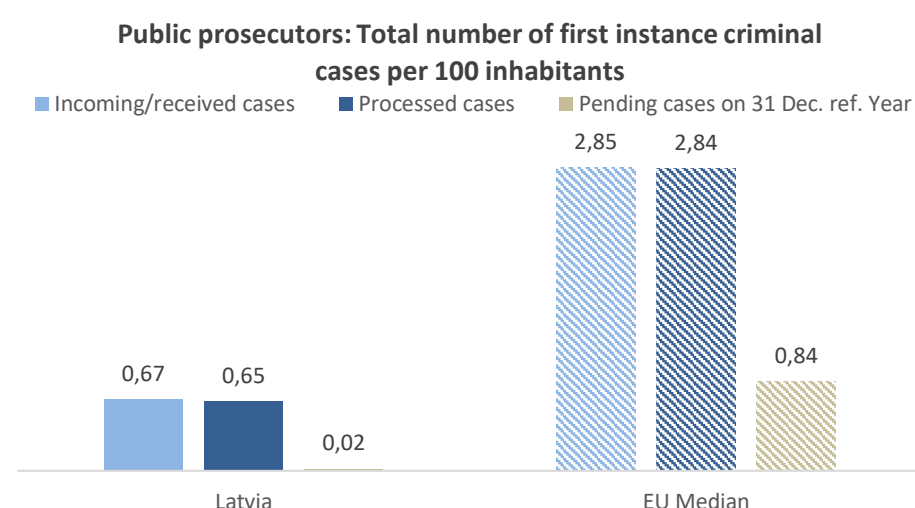
The public prosecutor also has a role in civil and administrative cases.

A public prosecutor must take part in a civil proceeding if s/he has filed an application, or his or her participation is compulsory. The participation of a public prosecutor in the adjudication of a case shall be mandatory if it has been recognised by the court or it has been specified in the norms of the Civil Procedure Law, for example in cases regarding approval and revocation of adoption, in cases regarding the determination of limitations on the capacity of a person and the establishment of guardianship due to mental nature or other health disorders, etc. A public prosecutor may bring an action or submit an application to a court, if: 1) it is necessary for the protection of the rights and interests of the State or local government specified in law; 2) violations of the rights or lawful interests of minors, persons under auspices, persons with disabilities, prisoners or other persons who have limited opportunities to defend their rights; 3) by carrying out a public prosecutor's examination; a violation of the law has been determined.

The rights of a public prosecutor in administrative infringement proceedings from 01.07.2020. shall be governed by Section 56 of the Administrative Liability Act. A public prosecutor, in examining information regarding the violation of the Law, is entitled: to initiate an administrative infringement process; to familiarise himself with the materials of the case; to submit a protest regarding a decision in a case and a decision taken regarding a complaint in an administrative violation case; to perform other activities provided for in the Law of the Prosecutor's Office.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	490	0,03
2. Incoming/received cases	12 734	0,67
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	12 255	0,65
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	1 545	0,08
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	16	0,00
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	330	0,02
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	242	0,01
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	957	0,05
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	2 337	0,12
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	285	0,02
3.4. Cases brought to court	8 088	0,43
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	362	0,02



3.1.4 "Discontinued for other reasons": for example, cases in which the prosecutor took a decision to terminate criminal proceedings by conditionally releasing from criminal liability a person who has been accused of committing a serious crime and who has substantially assisted in the disclosure of a serious or especially serious crime that is more serious or dangerous than the criminal offence committed by the relevant person himself / herself. The information compiled in the information system of the Prosecution Office shows that in 2020, prosecutors took 2 decisions to terminate criminal proceedings based on Paragraph prim of Section 415 of the Criminal Procedure Law. Besides, for 2020, in this category are included 955 cases in which criminal proceedings were suspended.

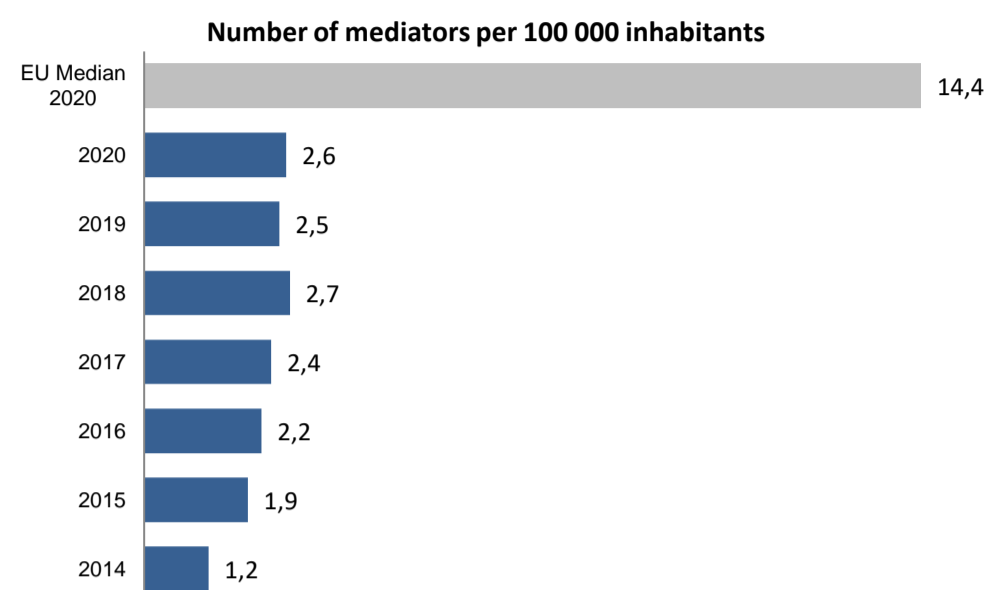
3.3. "Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons": for example, cases in which the Prosecutor General has made a decision to terminate criminal proceedings against a person who has substantially assisted in the disclosure of a serious or especially serious crime that is more serious or dangerous than a criminal offence committed by such person himself / herself. In 2020, Prosecutor General has not terminated any criminal proceedings based on Article 410 of the Criminal Procedure Law. For 2020, in this category are included 285 cases that were sent in accordance with the relevant jurisdiction (including – abroad).

The number of discontinued cases during the reference year decreased compared to 2018 because 365 cases in which the prosecutor took a decision to terminate the criminal proceedings by conditionally releasing a person from criminal liability for the commission of a criminal offense or a less serious crime were included in the category "3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor". This also explains the increase in the latter category.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Latvia

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	NAP	NAP
2013	NAP	NAP
2014	24	1,2
2015	38	1,9
2016	43	2,2
2017	46	2,4
2018	52	2,7
2019	48	2,5
2020	50	2,6



In 2020, there are 50 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 2,6 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about 4,2%.

It should be noticed that data is available only about certified mediators. According to the relevant legislation there can be practicing mediators and certified mediators. The former is a natural person selected freely by the parties who have agreed to conduct mediation while the latter, is a mediator who, in accordance with the procedures laid down in the laws and regulations, has acquired mediation and received a certificate which gives him/her the right to be included in the list of mediators. The source of the data is the Council of Certified Mediators (<https://sertificetimediatori.lv/mediatori/>)

Number of court related mediations

This type of data is not available in Latvia.

7. ICT tools of courts in Latvia

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	9,2	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,5	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	6,7	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	2,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	5,0	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	9,6	6,9

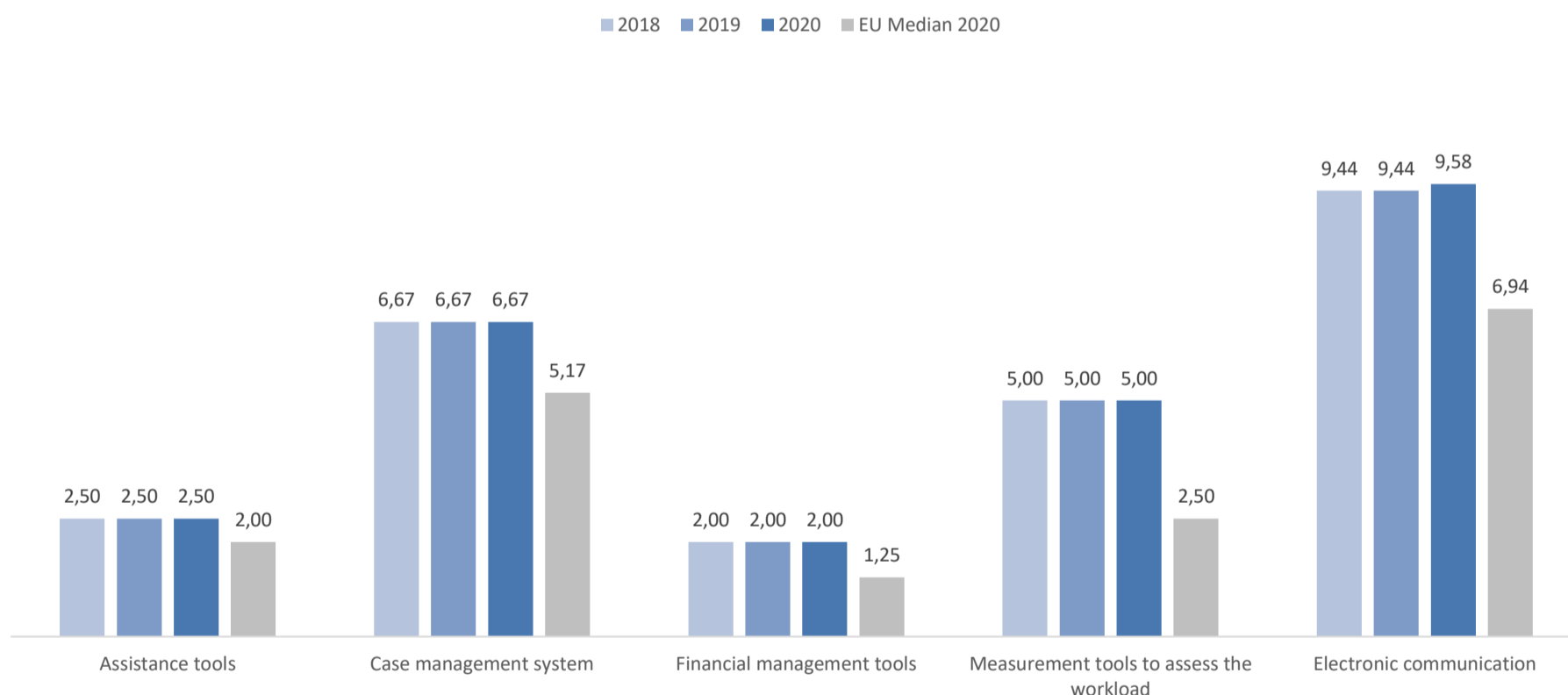
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



In terms of electronic communication:

"Experts": the tool deployment rate for court experts is about 50%, because the communication is not more than 50% by electronic means, since the decisions on the identification of the expert-examination are mainly in paper form, as they come with the expert-examination sites.

"Enforcement agents": according to the Civil Procedure Law, the enforcement agent electronically submits the application for the corroboration of the immovable property in the name of the acquirer to the district (city) court through the Judicial Informative System. Likewise, the enforcement agent submits to the district (city) court a request for corroboration regarding making of a recovery notation.

"Notaires": Section E1 of the Notariate Law and other norms govern the electronic communication. There is also a special regulation in the Land Register Law, which provides that a sworn notary shall submit documents to the Land Register electronically.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Latvia

In Latvia, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

According to the Law on Judicial Power Section 27.1. the Court President before the beginning of each calendar year, shall plan and determine the objectives of the court work in relation to average time periods for the examination of cases in a court (the standard of time periods for the examination of cases) in cooperation with court judges. The standard of time periods for the examination of cases shall be determined by taking into account the court resources and the necessity to ensure the right of a person to the examination of a case in a reasonable time period and in conformity with other basic principles for the examination of cases. The Court President shall submit the standard case examination time limits for approval to the Judicial Council until 1 February of each year.

In January 15, 2020 the "Visitors service standards of the district (city) courts and regional courts" were approved. This document summarizes the general principles related to functions such as judicial reception and providing with information. The standards help court staff to raise their professionalism and understand the court visitors servicing values.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

Implemented business intelligence solution allows to very closely monitor all the mentioned court activities. Satisfaction of court staff and users is being evaluated by regular questionnaires in courts.

In Latvia, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Evaluation of courts activities are done mainly in two ways: every month and on a basis of request. The evaluation can happen for a single court or instance at any time for a number of reasons. An annual evaluation of court staff is also carried out, which is essential for high-quality work of courts.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

The indicators "productivity of judges and court staff" and "number of appeals" are taken into account when assessing the professional activity of a judge, because the objective of the assessment of the professional activities of a judge is to promote the continuous professional growth of a judge throughout his or her career, thereby improving the quality of the work of the judge and the court. An annual evaluation of court staff is also carried out, which is essential for high-quality work of courts.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

It is noteworthy that there is a suggestion from the State Audit Office and a subsequent proposal from the Ministry of Justice and the Court administration to the Judiciary Council to start to take court work statistical indicators into account when planning annual budget. If necessary, based on workload data resources can be allocated later within a court.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Latvia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

In accordance with the order of the Prosecutor General, a monthly report is prepared on the results of the public prosecutor's work in pre-trial criminal proceedings and the results of the work, which are not related to the progress of pre-trial criminal proceedings.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																			
Q1 Number of inhabitants	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	1 893 223		-7,4%	-1,0%	-1,1%	-1,6%	0,0%	-1,0%	-1,5%	-0,6%	-0,8%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 858	11 575	12 065	12 329	12 762	13 855	15 136	15 928	15 431		42,1%	6,6%	4,2%	2,2%	3,5%	8,6%	9,2%	5,2%	-3,1%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	1	1	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True
078.1.13 Disposition time							True	True	False	False
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True											
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True											
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True											
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True											
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True											
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True											
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False											
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False											
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False											
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False											
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False											
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True											
078-1.1.13 Other									False											
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True											
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	True											
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False											
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	False											
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	False	False	False											
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	-											
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	-											
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	-											
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	-											
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True											

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									False										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True										
073-6.1.4 Other									False										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	True									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True									
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True									

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False										

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	34	34	34	28	28	25	9	9	9	-73,5%	0,0%	0,0%	-17,6%	0,0%	-10,7%	-64,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	400,0%	-80,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	400,0%	-80,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	48	48	48	49	42	47	52	56	55	55	14,6%	0,0%	0,0%	2,1%	-14,3%	11,9%	10,6%	7,7%	-1,8%	

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	48 647	41 425	35 793	37 504	32 312	29 430	25 433	24 757	23 847	-51,0%	-14,8%	-13,6%	4,8%	-13,8%	-8,9%	-13,6%	-2,7%	-3,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	42 051	33 818	30 395	31 407	28 001	25 078	19 522	18 609	17 006	-59,6%	-19,6%	-10,1%	3,3%	-10,8%	-10,4%	-22,2%	-4,7%	-8,6%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	4 213	4 671	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 836	5 628	-	-	-	10,9%	-35,4%	-2,4%	52,7%	7,5%	16,4%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3 438	3 185	4 213	4 671	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 836	5 628	63,7%	-7,4%	32,3%	10,9%	-35,4%	-2,4%	52,7%	7,5%	16,4%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	5 496	4 422	2 510	1 426	1 293	1 405	1 412	1 312	1 213	-77,9%	-19,5%	-43,2%	-43,2%	-9,3%	8,7%	0,5%	-7,1%	-7,5%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	72 547	76 869	71 939	308 909	318 677	319 637	317 227	357 072	365 086	403,2%	6,0%	-6,4%	329,4%	3,2%	0,3%	-0,8%	12,6%	2,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	44 106	40 747	45 127	39 504	39 260	28 652	27 778	30 196	28 907	-34,5%	-7,6%	10,7%	-12,5%	-0,6%	-27,0%	-3,1%	8,7%	-4,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28 691	267 173	277 057	288 911	287 606	325 004	334 482	-	-	-	831,2%	3,7%	4,3%	-0,5%	13,0%	2,9%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	29 068	33 257	28 691	29 066	29 479	43 123	42 345	44 727	59 368	104,2%	14,4%	-13,7%	1,3%	1,4%	46,3%	-1,8%	5,6%	32,7%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	238 107	247 578	245 788	245 261	280 277	275 114	-	-	-	-	4,0%	-0,7%	-0,2%	14,3%	-1,8%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	238 107	247 578	245 788	245 261	280 277	275 114	-	-	-	-	4,0%	-0,7%	-0,2%	14,3%	-1,8%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	3 989	2 865	2 387	2 232	2 360	2 074	1 843	1 872	1 697	-57,5%	-28,2%	-16,7%	-6,5%	5,7%	-12,1%	-11,1%	1,6%	-9,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	81 520	81 225	72 254	312 004	321 955	323 093	317 970	357 017	361 417	343,3%	-0,4%	-11,0%	331,8%	3,2%	0,4%	-1,6%	12,3%	1,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	51 930	44 500	44 438	42 910	42 183	34 197	28 712	30 836	27 766	-46,5%	-14,3%	-0,1%	-3,4%	-1,7%	-18,9%	-16,0%	7,4%	-10,0%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28 718	266 729	277 524	286 829	287 320	324 210	331 836	-	-	-	828,8%	4,0%	3,4%	0,2%	12,8%	2,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	29 483	32 046	28 718	30 719	29 550	41 571	42 059	43 933	56 722	92,4%	8,7%	-10,4%	7,0%	-3,8%	40,7%	1,2%	4,5%	29,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	236 010	247 974	245 258	245 261	280 277	275 114	-	-	-	-	5,1%	-1,1%	0,0%	14,3%	-1,8%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	236 010	247 974	245 258	245 261	280 277	275 114	-	-	-	-	5,1%	-1,1%	0,0%	14,3%	-1,8%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	5 205	4 679	3 436	2 365	2 248	2 067	1 938	1 971	1 815	-65,1%	-10,1%	-26,6%	-31,2%	-4,9%	-8,1%	-6,2%	1,7%	-7,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	41 530	37 069	35 478	32 312	29 430	25 444	24 690	24 812	27 516	-33,7%	-10,7%	-4,3%	-8,9%	-8,9%	-13,5%	-3,0%	0,5%	10,9%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	34 227	30 065	31 084	28 001	25 078	19 533	18 588	17 969	18 147	-47,0%	-12,2%	3,4%	-9,9%	-10,4%	-22,1%	-4,8%	-3,3%	1,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	4 186	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 785	5 630	8 274	-	-	-	-27,9%	-2,4%	52,7%	6,4%	17,7%	47,0%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3 023	4 396	4 186	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 785	5 630	8 274	173,7%	45,4%	-4,8%	-27,9%	-2,4%	52,7%	6,4%	17,7%	47,0%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	4 280	2 608	1 461	1 293	1 405	1 412	1 317	1 213	1 095	-74,4%	-39,1%	-44,0%	-11,5%	8,7%	0,5%	-6,7%	-7,9%	-9,7%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	112,4%	105,7%	100,4%	101,0%	101,0%	101,1%	100,2%	100,0%	99,0%	(11,90)	(5,96)	(4,95)	0,56	0,03	0,05	(0,84)	(0,25)	(0,99)	
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	117,7%	109,2%	98,5%	108,6%	107,4%	119,4%	103,4%	102,1%	96,1%	(18,42)	(7,24)	(9,83)	10,31	(1,08)	11,08	(13,40)	(1,20)	(5,94)	
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	100,1%	99,8%	100,2%	99,3%	99,9%	99,8%	99,2%	-	-	-	(0,26)	0,34	(0,89)	0,63	(0,15)	(0,55)	
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101,4%	96,4%	100,1%	105,7%	100,2%	96,4%	99,3%	98,2%	95,5%	(5,80)	(5,00)	3,88	5,59	(5,15)	(3,83)	3,03	(1,11)	(2,73)	
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	99,1%	100,2%	99,8%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	1,05	(0,37)	0,22	-	-	
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	99,1%	100,2%	99,8%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	1,05	(0,37)	0,22	-	-	
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Administrative law cases	130,5%	163,3%	143,9%	106,0%	95,3%	99,7%	105,2%	105,3%	107,0%	(18,03)	25,16	(11,86)	(26,39)	(10,10)	4,63	5,51	0,13	1,58	
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	186	167	179	38	33	29	28	25	28	-85,1%	-10,4%	7,6%	-78,9%	-11,7%	-13,8%	-1,4%	-10,5%	9,5%	
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	241	247	255	238	217	208	236	213	239	-0,8%	2,5%	3,5%	-6,7%	-8,9%	-3,9%	13,3%	-10,0%	12,2%	
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	53	4	4	6	6	6	9	-	-	-	-92,2%	-6,2%	47,7%	6,2%	4,3%	43,6%	
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	37	50	53	36	36	40	42	47	53	42,3%	33,8%	6,3%	-32,6%	1,5%	8,5%	5,1%	12,6%	13,8%	
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Administrative law cases	300	203	155	200	228	249	248	225	220	-26,6%	-32,2%	-23,7%	28,6%	14,3%	9,3%	-0,5%	-9,4%	-2,0%	
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	1 905	1 649	1 454	1 565	1 426	1 304	1 178	1 099	1 046	-45,1%	-13,4%	-11,8%	7,6%	-8,9%	-8,6%	-9,7%	-6,7%	-4,8%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	994	779	599	570	397	308	276	203	211	-78,8%	-21,6%	-23,1%	-4,8%	-30,4%	-22,4%	-10,4%	-26,4%	3,9%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	4 825	5 402	6 328	6 643	5 812	5 247	4 718	4 041	3 643	-24,5%	12,0%	17,1%	5,0%	-12,5%	-9,7%	-10,1%	-14,3%	-9,8%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	2 389	2 098	2 035	1 815	1 805	1 616	1 569	1 534	1 254	-47,5%	-12,2%	-3,0%	-10,8%	-0,6%	-10,5%	-2,9%	-2,2%	-18,3%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	549	575	557	442	462	409	355	330	341	-37,9%	4,7%	-3,1%	-20,6%	4,5%	-11,5%	-13,2%	-7,0%	3,3%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	2 626	2 961	2 832	2 557	2 323	2 266	1 990	1 908	1 542	-41,3%	12,8%	-4,4%	-9,7%	-9,2%	-2,5%	-12,2%	-4,1%	-19,2%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	2 645	2 293	1 968	1 954	1 927	1 741	1 648	1 589	1 327	-49,8%	-13,3%	-14,2%	-0,7%	-1,4%	-9,7%	-5,3%	-3,6%	-16,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	764	755	622	615	551	441	427	322	353	-53,8%	-1,2%	-17,6%	-1,1%	-10,4%	-20,0%	-3,2%	-24,6%	9,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	2 049	2 035	2 364	3 388	2 888	2 792	2 666	2 314	2 182	6,5%	-0,7%	16,2%	43,3%	-14,8%	-3,3%	-4,5%	-13,2%	-5,7%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	1 649	1 454	1 521	1 426	1 304	1 179	1 099	1 044	973	-41,0%	-11,8%	4,6%	-6,2%	-8,6%	-9,6%	-6,8%	-5,0%	-6,8%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	779	599	534	397	308	276	204	211	199	-74,5%	-23,1%	-10,9%	-25,7%	-22,4%	-10,4%	-26,1%	3,4%	-5,7%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	5 402	6 328	6 796	5 812	5 247	4 721	4 042	3 635	3 003	-44,4%	17,1%	7,4%	-14,5%	-9,7%	-10,0%	-14,4%	-10,1%	-17,4%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	110,7%	109,3%	96,7%	107,7%	106,8%	107,7%	105,0%	103,6%	105,8%	(4,42)	(1,28)	(11,52)	11,32	(0,84)	0,91	(2,51)	(1,38)	2,16
CR Employment dismissal cases	139,2%	131,3%	111,7%	139,1%	119,3%	107,8%	120,3%	97,6%	103,5%	(25,61)	(5,65)	(14,95)	24,60	(14,29)	(9,59)	11,55	(18,88)	6,09
CR Insolvency cases	78,0%	68,7%	83,5%	132,5%	124,3%	123,2%	134,0%	121,3%	141,5%	81,35	(11,92)	21,46	58,73	(6,17)	(0,89)	8,73	(9,47)	16,68
DT Litigious divorce cases	228	231	282	266	247	247	243	240	268	17,6%	1,7%	21,9%	-5,6%	-7,3%	0,1%	-1,5%	-1,5%	11,6%
DT Employment dismissal cases	372	290	313	236	204	228	174	239	206	-44,7%	-22,2%	8,2%	-24,8%	-13,4%	12,0%	-23,7%	37,2%	-14,0%
DT Insolvency cases	962	1 135	1 049	626	663	617	553	573	502	-47,8%	17,9%	-7,6%	-40,3%	5,9%	-6,9%	-10,3%	3,6%	-12,4%

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 449	3 152	3 101	2 684	2 175	1 823	1 945	-	-	-	-29,2%	-1,6%	-13,4%	-19,0%	-16,2%	6,7%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 362	1 251	1 652	1 691	1 528	1 323	1 323	-	-	-	-47,0%	32,1%	2,4%	-9,6%	-13,4%	0,0%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			14	23	14	16	-	-	28	-	-	-	64,3%	-39,1%	14,3%	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			1	1	14	16	-	-	28	-	-	-	0,0%	1300,0%	14,3%	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			13	22	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	69,2%	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			13	22	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	69,2%	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			1 986	1 878	1 435	977	647	500	594	-	-	-	-5,4%	-23,6%	-31,9%	-33,8%	-22,7%	18,8%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			87	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			7 553	6 897	6 965	6 532	5 619	5 272	4 495	-	-	-	-8,7%	1,0%	-6,2%	-14,0%	-6,2%	-14,7%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			5 180	5 504	5 719	5 331	4 464	4 170	3 384	-	-	-	6,3%	3,9%	-6,8%	-16,3%	-6,6%	-18,8%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			147	95	6	9	6	-	192	-	-	-	-35,4%	-93,7%	50,0%	-33,3%	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			11	4	6	9	6	-	192	-	-	-	-63,6%	50,0%	50,0%	-33,3%	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			136	91	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-33,1%	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			136	91	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-33,1%	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 909	1 388	1 240	1 192	1 149	1 102	919	-	-	-	-27,3%	-10,7%	-3,9%	-3,6%	-4,1%	-16,6%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			317	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			7 539	6 939	7 209	7 066	5 895	5 151	5 006	-	-	-	-8,0%	3,9%	-2,0%	-16,6%	-12,6%	-2,8%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			5 246	5 910	5 507	5 510	4 661	4 143	3 715	-	-	-	12,7%	-6,8%	0,1%	-15,4%	-11,1%	-10,3%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			148	110	4	24	6	-	193	-	-	-	-25,7%	-96,4%	500,0%	-75,0%	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			11	11	4	24	6	-	193	-	-	-	0,0%	-63,6%	500,0%	-75,0%	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			137	99	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-27,7%	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			137	99	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-27,7%	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			1 931	1 889	1 698	1 532	1 228	1 008	1 098	-	-	-	-2,2%	-10,1%	-9,8%	-19,8%	-17,9%	8,9%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			214	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 463	3 101	2 857	2 150	1 899	1 944	1 434	-	-	-	-30,5%	-7,9%	-24,7%	-11,7%	2,4%	-26,2%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 296	1 652	1 864	1 512	1 331	1 350	992	-	-	-	-28,0%	12,8%	-18,9%	-12,0%	1,4%	-26,5%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			13	14	16	1	-	-	27	-	-	-	7,7%	14,3%	-93,8%	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			1	-	16	1	-	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-93,8%	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			12	14	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	16,7%	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			12	14	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	16,7%	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			1 964	1 435	977	637	568	594	415	-	-	-	-26,9%	-31,9%	-34,8%	-10,8%	4,6%	-30,1%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			190	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	-	NA	156	NA	69	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	-	NA	97	NA	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	-	NA	59	NA	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			99,8%	100,6%	103,5%	108,2%	104,9%	97,7%	111,4%	-	-	-	0,80	2,88	4,51	(3,02)	(6,87)	13,98
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			101,3%	107,4%	96,3%	103,4%	104,4%	99,4%	109,8%	-	-	-	6,03	(10,32)	7,34	1,02	(4,85)	10,50
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			100,7%	115,8%	66,7%	266,7%	100,0%	-	100,5%	-	-	-	15,01	(42,42)	300,00	(62,50)	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			100,0%	275,0%	66,7%	266,7%	100,0%	-	100,5%	-	-	-	175,00	(75,76)	300,00	(62,50)	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			100,7%	108,8%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	8,00	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			100,7%	108,8%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	8,00	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			101,2%	136,1%	136,9%	128,5%	106,9%	91,5%	119,5%	-	-	-	34,54	0,62	(6,14)	(16,84)	(14,41)	30,62
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			67,5%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			216	163	145	111	118	138	105	-	-	-	-24,5%	-11,3%	-23,2%	5,9%	17,2%	-24,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			160	102	124	100	104	119	97	-	-	-	-36,1%	21,1%	-18,9%	4,1%	14,1%	-18,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			32	46	1460	15	-	-	51	-	-	-	44,9%	3042,9%	-99,0%	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			33	-	1460	15	-	-	51	-	-	-	-	-	-99,0%	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			32	52	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	61,4%	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			32	52	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	61,4%	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			371	277	210	152	169	215	138	-	-	-	-25,3%	-24,3%	-27,7%	11,2%	27,4%	-35,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			324	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 195	2 590	NA	1 698	1 614	1 651	1 500	-	-	-	18,0%	-	-	-4,9%	2,3%	-9,1%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 852	2 085	1 644	938	741	653	647	-	-	-	12,6%	-21,2%	-42,9%	-21,0%	-11,9%	-0,9%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			25	NA	NA	NA	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,0%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			11	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			14	NA	NAP	NAP	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			14	NA	NAP	NA	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			318	505	671	760	869	958	851	-	-	-	58,8%	32,9%	13,3%	14,3%	10,2%	-11,2%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	NAP	NA	4	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	875,0%	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 801	2 646	NA	2 379	2 186	2 008	1 953	-	-	-	-5,5%	-	-	-8,1%	-8,1%	-2,7%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 594	1 420	1 568	1 386	1 082	1 142	1 104	-	-	-	-10,9%	10,4%	-11,6%	-21,9%	5,5%	-3,3%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			44	NA	NA	NA	44	22	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-50,0%	4,5%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			4	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			40	NA	NAP	NAP	44	19	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-56,8%	15,8%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			40	NA	NAP	NA	43	19	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-55,8%	15,8%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	1	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-66,7%
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 163	1 226	1 116	993	850	844	826	-	-	-	5,4%	-9,0%	-11,0%	-14,4%	-0,7%	-2,1%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	NAP	NA	210	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 385	2 957	NA	2 463	2 149	2 159	2 295	-	-	-	24,0%	-	-	-12,7%	0,5%	6,3%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 361	1 825	2 282	1 321	1 170	1 187	1 332	-	-	-	34,1%	25,0%	-42,1%	-11,4%	1,5%	12,2%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			48	72	71	26	43	21	23	-	-	-	50,0%	-1,4%	-63,4%	65,4%	-51,2%	9,5%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			14	36	64	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	157,1%	77,8%	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			34	26	NAP	NAP	43	19	21	-	-	-	-23,5%	-	-	-	-55,8%	10,5%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			34	26	NA	21	42	19	21	-	-	-	-23,5%	-	-	100,0%	-54,8%	10,5%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	1	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	10	7	5	NAP	2	2	-	-	-	-	-30,0%	-28,6%	-	-	0,0%
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			976	1 060	1 027	884	761	951	940	-	-	-	8,6%	-3,1%	-13,9%	-13,9%	25,0%	-1,2%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	69	232	175	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	236,2%	-24,6%	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 609	2 315	NA	1 614	1 651	1 500	1 158	-	-	-	-11,3%	-	-	2,3%	-9,1%	-22,8%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 085	1 644	957	745	653	608	419	-	-	-	-21,2%	-41,8%	-22,2%	-12,3%	-6,9%	-31,1%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			19	NA	NA	NA	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,0%	0,0%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			1	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			18	NA	NAP	NAP	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	100,0%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			18	NA	NAP	NA	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	100,0%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			505	671	760	869	958	851	737	-	-	-	32,9%	13,3%	14,3%	10,2%	-11,2%	-13,4%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	NAP	NA	39	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	137	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	503	NA	NA	NA	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	124	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			85,1%	111,8%	NA	103,5%	98,3%	107,5%	117,5%	-	-	-	31,25	-	-	(5,05)	9,37	9,29
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			85,4%	128,5%	145,5%	95,3%	108,1%	103,9%	120,7%	-	-	-	50,52	13,24	(34,51)	13,45	(3,88)	16,08
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			109,1%	NA	NA	NA	97,7%	95,5%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,33)	4,76
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			350,0%	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			85,0%	NA	NAP	NAP	97,7%	100,0%	95,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,33	(4,55)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			85,0%	NA	NA	NA	97,7%	100,0%	95,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,38	(4,55)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	100,0%	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	66,7%	200,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200,00
CR Administrative law cases			83,9%	86,5%	92,0%	89,0%	89,5%	112,7%	113,8%	-	-	-	3,03	6,44	(3,26)	0,57	25,86	1,00
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	NAP	NA	83,3%	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			399	286	NA	239	280	254	184	-	-	-	-28,4%	-	-	17,2%	-9,6%	-27,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			559	329	153	206	204	187	115	-	-	-	-41,2%	-53,4%	34,5%	-1,0%	-8,2%	-38,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			144	NA	NA	NA	8	35	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	309,5%	-8,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			26	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			193	NA	NAP	NAP	8	19	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	126,3%	81,0%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			193	NA	NAP	NA	9	19	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121,1%	81,0%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	183	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			189	231	270	359	459	327	286	-	-	-	22,3%	16,9%	32,8%	28,1%	-28,9%	-12,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	NAP	NA	81	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									5 895	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									4 052	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									1 843	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.1 Total -incoming									15 022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									8 391	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									6 631	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.1 Total - resolved									13 696	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									7 941	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									5 755	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									7 221	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									4 502	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									2 719	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									913	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									898	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
CR of Total									91,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Severe cases									94,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Misdemeanour cases									86,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Total									192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Severe cases									207	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Misdemeanour cases									172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																				
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									650	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									450	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.1 Total -incoming									2 736	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									1 344	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									1 392	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.1 Total - resolved									2 774	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									1 352	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									1 422	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									612	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									442	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									170	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									101,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									100,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									102,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									686	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									650	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									177	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									94,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions												
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020				
Indicator 5: Access to justice																						
Legal aid																						
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																						
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees																					False	
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees																						True
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					False	False	False	False	False	False												False
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases																						True
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases																						True
020.1.1 Total																						NA
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases																						NA
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases																						NA
020.2.1 Total brought to court																						NA
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases																						NA
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal																						NA
020.3.1 Total not brought to court																						NA
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases																						NA
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal																						NA
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation																						21
020-1.1.2 Average duration																						NA

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
System for compensating users																			
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																			
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										45									
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA									
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP									
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA									
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA									
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA									
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NAP									
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NAP									
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP									
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NAP									
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NAP									
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NAP									
037.3.1 Amount - Total										103 420 €									
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA									
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP									
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA									
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA									
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA									

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																				
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																				
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True											
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True											
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing											
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing											
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing											
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%											
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True											
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry								- True	True	True									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry								- True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry								- True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry								- True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry								- True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry								- True	True	True									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)								- 100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)								- 100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)								- NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)								- True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)								- True	True	True									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)								- False	False	False									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)								- True	True	True									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)								- True	True	True									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	False	False									

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	True	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							100%	100%	100%											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	False	False											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							True	True	True											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							True	True	True											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							True	True	True											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							True	True	True											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	50-99%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	10-49%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	439	481	488	493	503	490	559	521	550	25,3%	9,6%	1,5%	1,0%	2,0%	-2,6%	14,1%	-6,8%	5,6%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	263	298	307	310	313	311	381	360	380	44,5%	13,3%	3,0%	1,0%	1,0%	-0,6%	22,5%	-5,5%	5,6%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	126	133	134	136	143	143	143	126	135	7,1%	5,6%	0,8%	1,5%	5,1%	0,0%	0,0%	-11,9%	7,1%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	50	50	47	47	47	36	35	35	35	-30,0%	0,0%	-6,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-23,4%	-2,8%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	101	113	111	180	110	105	108	99	105	4,0%	11,9%	-1,8%	62,2%	-38,9%	-4,5%	2,9%	-8,3%	6,1%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	47	59	62	62	60	58	61	59	63	34,0%	25,5%	5,1%	0,0%	-3,2%	-3,3%	5,2%	-3,3%	6,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	31	31	31	33	35	35	35	28	31	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	6,5%	6,1%	0,0%	0,0%	-20,0%	10,7%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	23	23	18	15	15	12	12	12	11	-52,2%	0,0%	-21,7%	-16,7%	0,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-8,3%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	338	368	377	313	393	385	451	422	445	31,7%	8,9%	2,4%	-17,0%	25,6%	-2,0%	17,1%	-6,4%	5,5%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	216	239	245	248	253	253	320	301	317	46,8%	10,6%	2,5%	1,2%	2,0%	0,0%	26,5%	-5,9%	5,3%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	95	102	103	103	108	108	108	98	104	9,5%	7,4%	1,0%	0,0%	4,9%	0,0%	0,0%	-9,3%	6,1%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	27	27	29	32	32	24	23	23	24	-11,1%	0,0%	7,4%	10,3%	0,0%	-25,0%	-4,2%	0,0%	4,3%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	380	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	1 608	1 594	1 578	1 519	1 582	1 536	1 715	1 678	1 666	3,6%	-0,9%	-1,0%	-3,7%	4,1%	-2,9%	11,7%	-2,2%	-0,7%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 090	1 093	1 071	1 044	1 071	932	1 059	1 032	1 040	-4,6%	0,3%	-2,0%	-2,5%	2,6%	-13,0%	13,6%	-2,5%	0,8%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	351	347	354	323	355	483	477	530	498	41,9%	-1,1%	2,0%	-8,8%	9,9%	36,1%	-1,2%	11,1%	-6,0%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	160	147	144	141	142	95	83	99	113	-29,4%	-8,1%	-2,0%	-2,1%	0,7%	-33,1%	-12,6%	19,3%	14,1%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	7	7	9	11	14	26	96	17	15	114,3%	0,0%	28,6%	22,2%	27,3%	85,7%	269,2%	-82,3%	-11,8%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	136	110	128	181	116	179	130	-	-	-	-19,1%	16,4%	41,4%	-35,9%	54,3%	-27,4%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	67	65	65	124	50	130	88	-	-	-	-3,0%	0,0%	90,8%	-59,7%	160,0%	-32,3%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	36	16	34	36	39	19	18	-	-	-	-55,6%	112,5%	5,9%	8,3%	-51,3%	-5,3%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	30	18	26	13	16	27	21	-	-	-	-40,0%	44,4%	-50,0%	23,1%	68,8%	-22,2%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	3	11	3	8	11	3	3	-	-	-	266,7%	-72,7%	166,7%	37,5%	-72,7%	0,0%	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	1 460	1 442	1 409	1 454	1 355	1 599	1 499	1 536	-	-	-1,2%	-2,3%	3,2%	-6,8%	18,0%	-6,3%	2,5%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	1 028	1 004	979	1 006	808	1 009	902	952	-	-	-2,3%	-2,5%	2,8%	-19,7%	24,9%	-10,6%	5,5%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	311	318	307	321	447	438	511	480	-	-	2,3%	-3,5%	4,6%	39,3%	-2,0%	16,7%	-6,1%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	118	114	123	116	82	67	72	92	-	-	-3,4%	7,9%	-5,7%	-29,3%	-18,3%	7,5%	27,8%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	3	6	-	11	18	85	14	12	-	-	100,0%	-	-	63,6%	372,2%	-83,5%	-14,3%	

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									1 666	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									1 214	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									336	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									116	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									1 536	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									1 158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									284	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									461	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									302	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									181	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									105	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									280	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									197	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									397	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									286	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	13 716 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	34 104 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	56 093 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	33 396 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	41 411 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	23 859 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	39 690 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	23 376 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	28 842 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 343	1 336	1 363	1 363	1 231	1 370	1 218	1 357	1 370	2,0%	-0,5%	2,0%	0,0%	-9,7%	11,3%	-11,1%	11,4%	1,0%	
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	714	697	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2,4%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	643	673	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,7%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Latvia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions											
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020			
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																					
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																					
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	24	38	43	46	52	48	50	-	-	-	58,3%	13,2%	7,0%	13,0%	-7,7%	4,2%			
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at a glance in Lithuania

General data

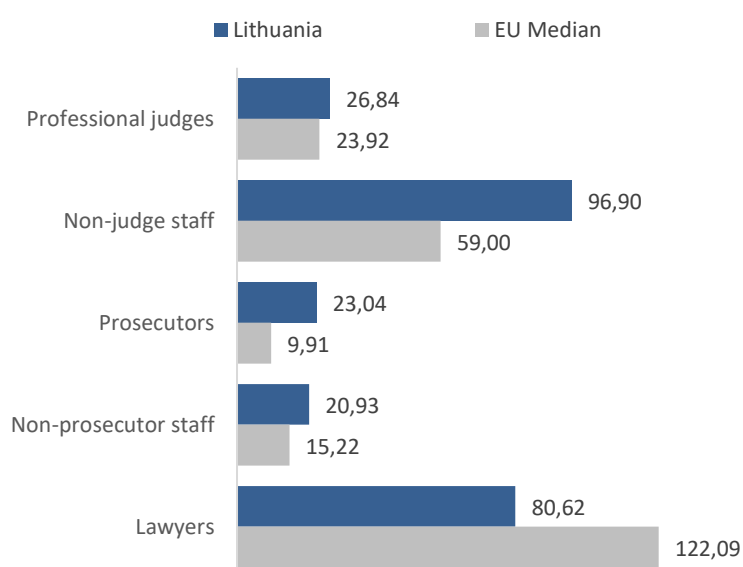
Population: 2 795 680

GDP per capita: 17 510 €

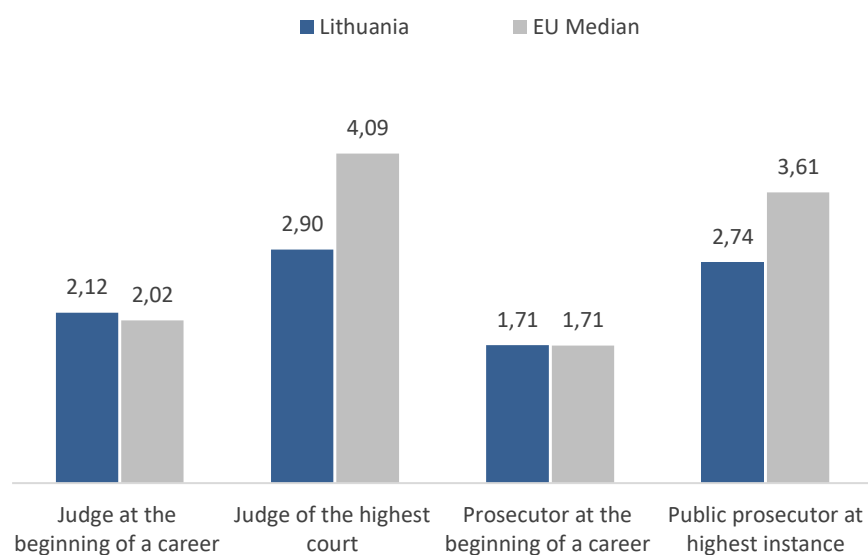
Average annual salary: 17 143 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

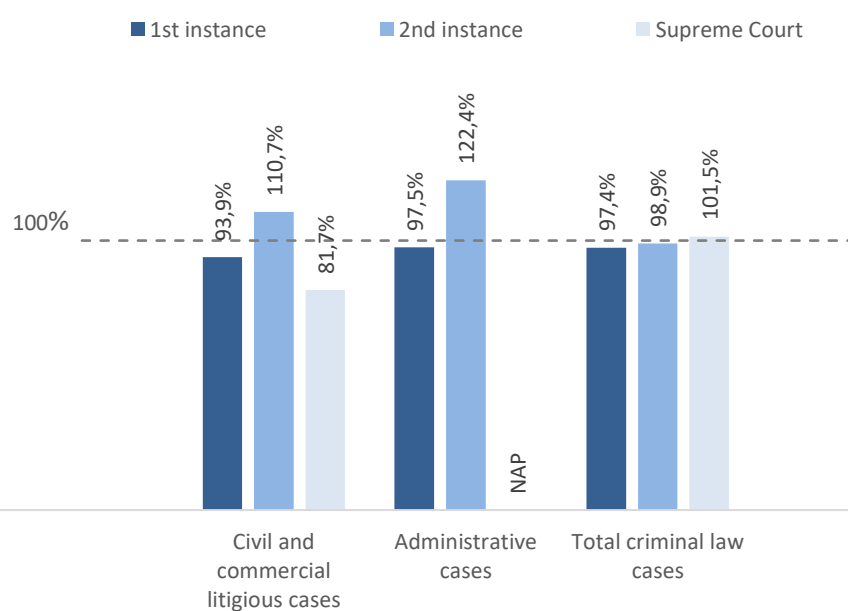


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

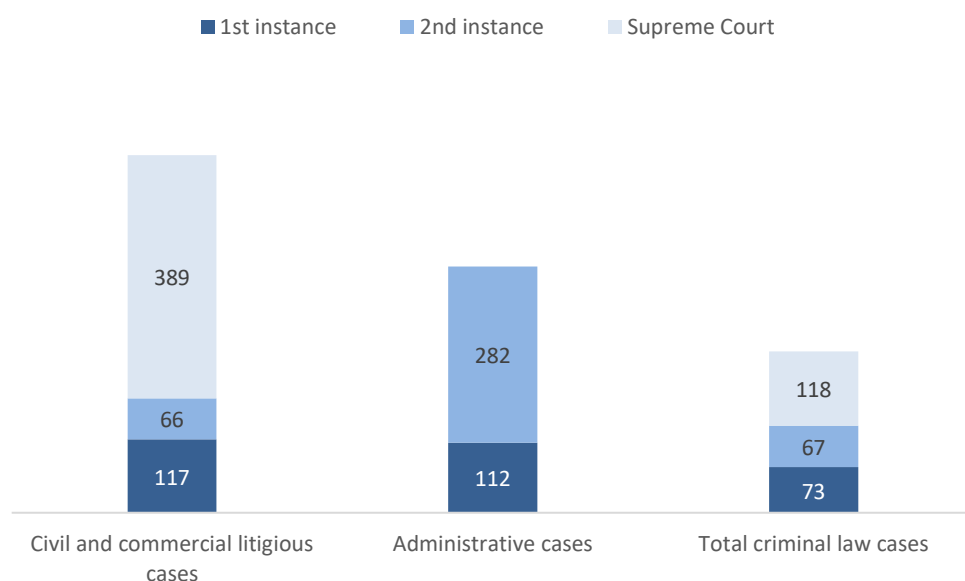


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

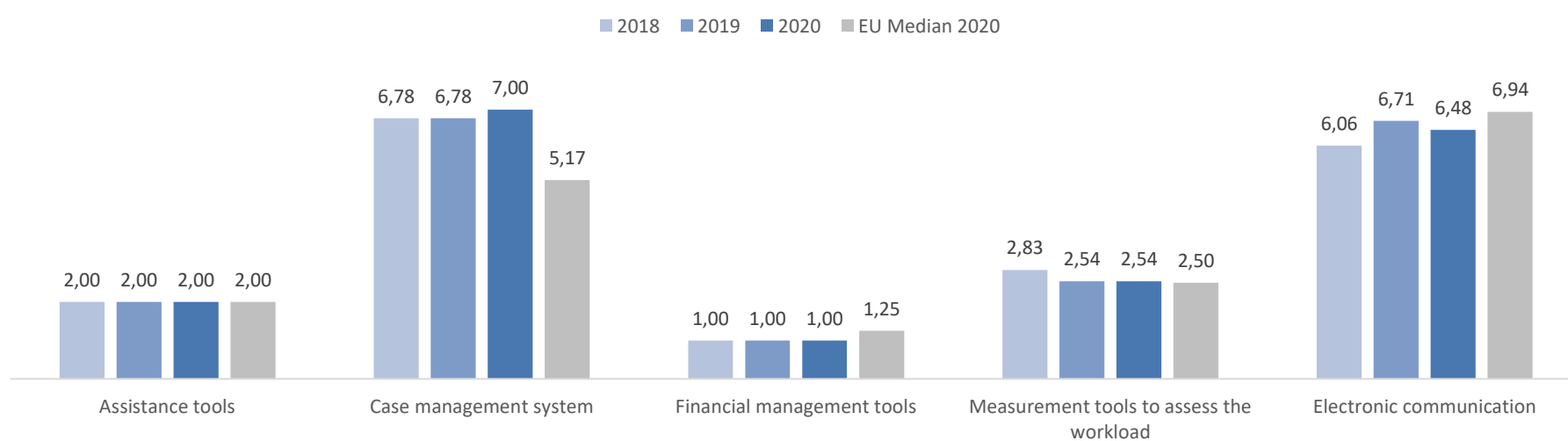


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Lithuania

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	2 795 680	-6,9%	-2,5%	-1,9%	-0,5%	0,0%	0,1%
GDP per capita	11 025	11 707	12 381	12 780	13 468	14 796	16 158	17 333	17 510	58,8%	8,8%	20,0%	9,2%	7,3%	1,0%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	3	3	3		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	7 381		8 129		9 408		11 089	15 557	17 143	132,3%	15,7%	17,9%		40,3%	10,2%
Resources															
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	25,6	26,2	25,8	26,4	27,3	27,3	27,1	26,8	26,5	3,5%	5,8%	-0,7%	-0,7%	-1,1%	-1,4%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	87,2	88,4	89,3	94,5	96,2	96,9	95,3	96,1	96,9	11,1%	7,8%	-0,9%	-1,6%	0,8%	0,9%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	59,8	67,5	68,1	73,3	77,7	78,6	79,2	80,5	80,6	34,8%	14,2%	1,9%	0,8%	1,6%	0,2%
Mediators	1,6	1,6	3,7	4,5	9,4	13,0	16,8	14,0	19,7	1161,8%	53,1%	77,7%	28,8%	-16,4%	40,7%
ICT overall assesment							6,7	6,8	6,8					1,9%	0,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.															
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,581	3,631	3,969	3,559	4,385	4,054	3,554	3,324	3,317	-7,4%	10,5%	-19,0%	-12,3%	-6,5%	-0,2%
Administrative law cases	0,269	0,6	0,5	0,586	0,524	0,416	0,533	0,511	0,513	91,1%	7,2%	1,8%	28,0%	-4,2%	0,5%
Total criminal law cases									0,616						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)															
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	101%	99%	97%	102%	98%	102%	104%	101%	94%	-6,57	0,99	5,17	1,52	-2,32	-7,36
CR administrative law cases	98%	65%	89%	100%	144%	113%	88%	105%	97%	-0,59	55,00	-56,82	-25,43	17,02	-7,10
CR total criminal law cases									97%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)															
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	88	94	97	96	88	85	84	87	117	33,7%	-9,9%	-4,6%	-1,9%	3,8%	35,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	144	290	310	236	72	76	129	96	112	-22,2%	-76,7%	77,8%	69,6%	-25,1%	16,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									73						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.															
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,87	0,92	1,03	0,96	1,04	0,97	0,84	0,80	1,00	15,7%	0,5%	-18,6%	-12,7%	-5,1%	25,1%
Administrative law cases	0,10	0,32	0,37	0,38	0,15	0,10	0,16	0,14	0,15	47,8%	-59,6%	9,8%	68,2%	-14,3%	9,0%
Total criminal law cases									0,12						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)															
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			102%	99%	101%	96%	107%	105%	111%		-1,53	6,06	11,04	-1,29	5,35
CR administrative law cases			91%	80%	94%	93%	NA	101%	122%		3,00	NA		NA	21,04
CR total criminal law cases									99%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)															
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			97	104	103	130	107	100	66		5,5%	4,5%	-17,4%	-6,9%	-34,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)			204	252	295	352	NA	375	282		44,4%	NA	NA	NA	-25,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									67						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)															
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			83%	128%	95%	97%	115%	83%	82%		12,18	19,15	17,42	-31,65	-1,33
CR administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									102%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)															
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			268	133	184	218	160	284	389		-31,1%	-13,5%	-26,9%	77,8%	37,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases									118						

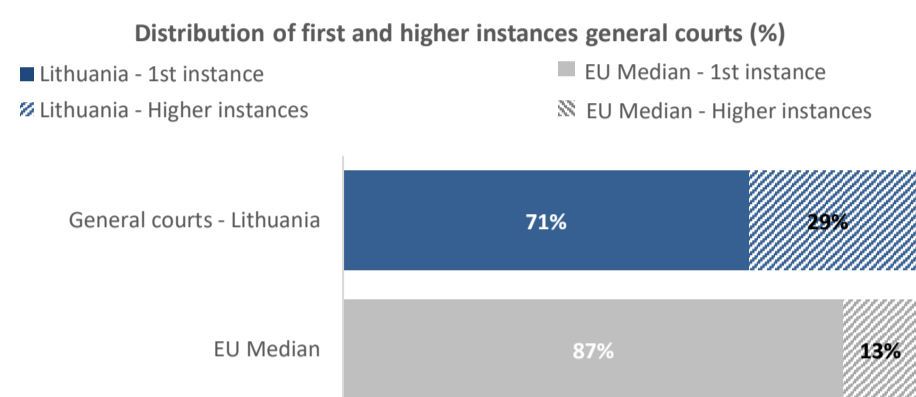
1. Judicial organisation in Lithuania

The number of first instance courts (legal entities) in Lithuania decreased from 1st January 2018 according to the Law on Reorganization of Courts of the Republic of Lithuania (Law of 23rd June 2016 No. XII-2474). Instead of 49 district courts (legal entities) there are now 12 district courts (some of them have court houses), and instead of 5 regional administrative courts there are now 2 of them (one has houses). The number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction (legal entities) also encompasses 5 regional courts (of general jurisdiction) which are first instance for criminal and civil cases assigned to their jurisdiction by law. In addition, these courts are appeal instance for judgements, decisions, rulings and orders of district courts.

Accordingly, in total there are 17 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (legal entities).

Besides, there are 2 courts of appeal, one of them being specialized in the field of administrative law – the Administrative Supreme court, and 1 Court of cassation.

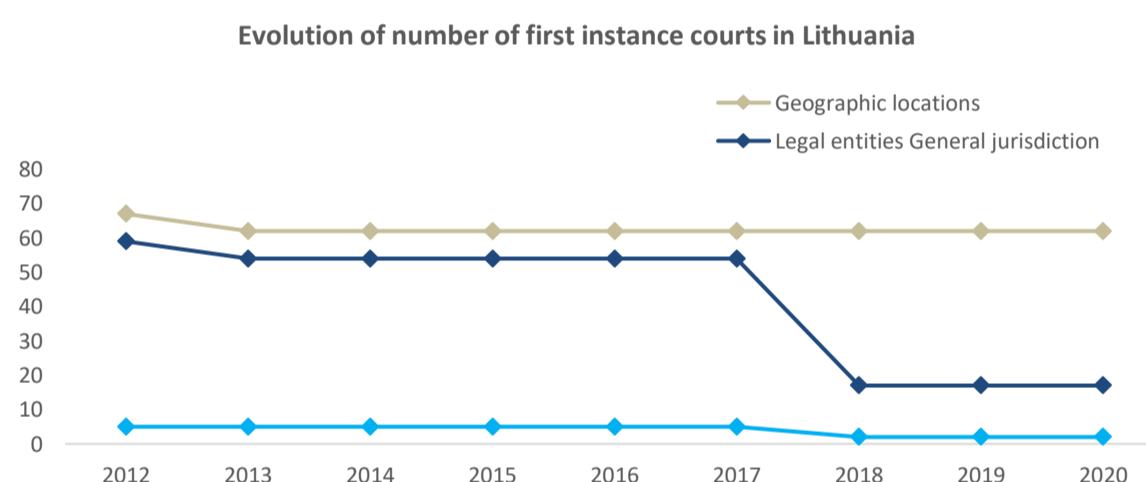
Distribution of general courts in Lithuania



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Lithuania is around the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Lithuania

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	67	59	5
2013	62	54	5
2014	62	54	5
2015	62	54	5
2016	62	54	5
2017	62	54	5
2018	62	17	2
2019	62	17	2
2020	62	17	2



Regional courts are first instance courts for criminal and civil cases assigned to their jurisdiction by law, also, these regional courts are appeal instance for judgments, decisions, rulings and orders of district courts. Taking this into account, regional courts are counted as first instance courts of general jurisdiction and as second instance courts of general jurisdiction, but in the totals regional courts are counted only once as one legal entity.

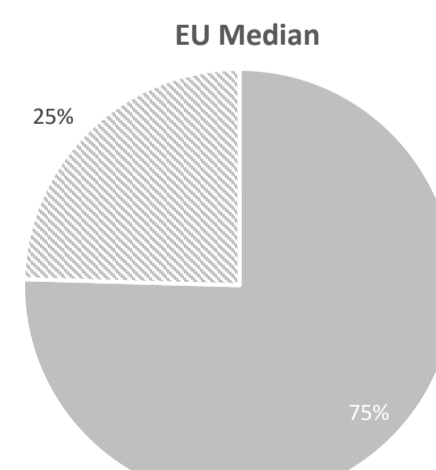
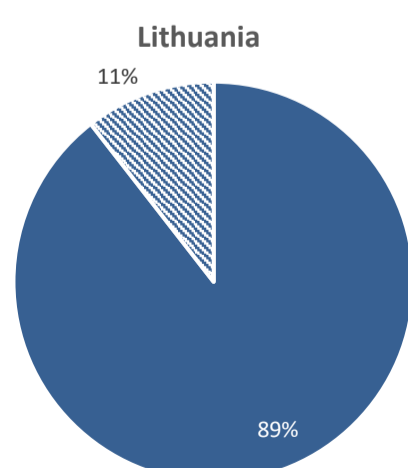
First instance courts: 12 district courts and 5 regional courts (the latter are adjudicating certain categories of cases as first instance courts);

Second instance courts: 5 regional courts and the Court of Appeal of Lithuania;

Specialised courts regional administrative courts and the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania.

As regards geographic locations, there are 59 1st instance courts locations: 12 district courts (49 locations), 5 regional courts (5 locations) of general jurisdiction and 2 regional administrative courts (5 locations).

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



■ General jurisdiction

◆ Specialised courts

■ General jurisdiction

◆ Specialised courts

The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 89,5% - 10,5% is somewhat different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

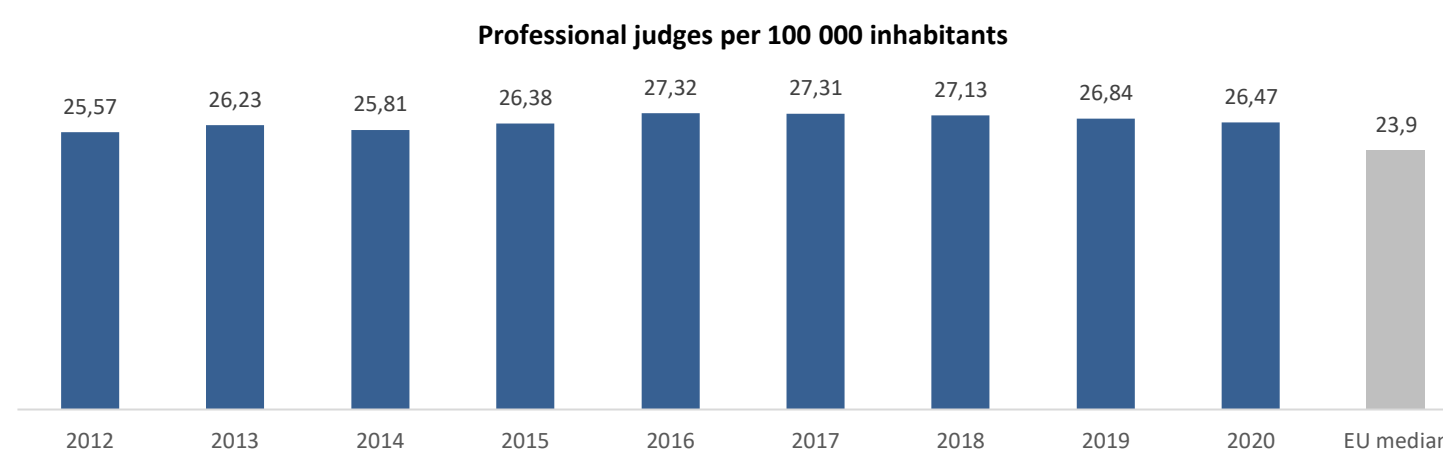
Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	2	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

2. Professionals of justice in Lithuania

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	768	25,57
2013	772	26,23
2014	754	25,81
2015	762	26,38
2016	778	27,32
2017	767	27,31
2018	758	27,13
2019	750	26,84
2020	740	26,47



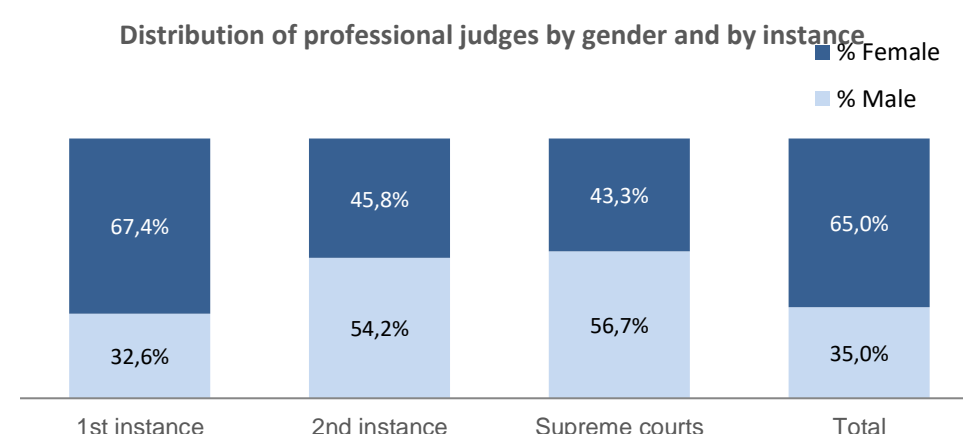
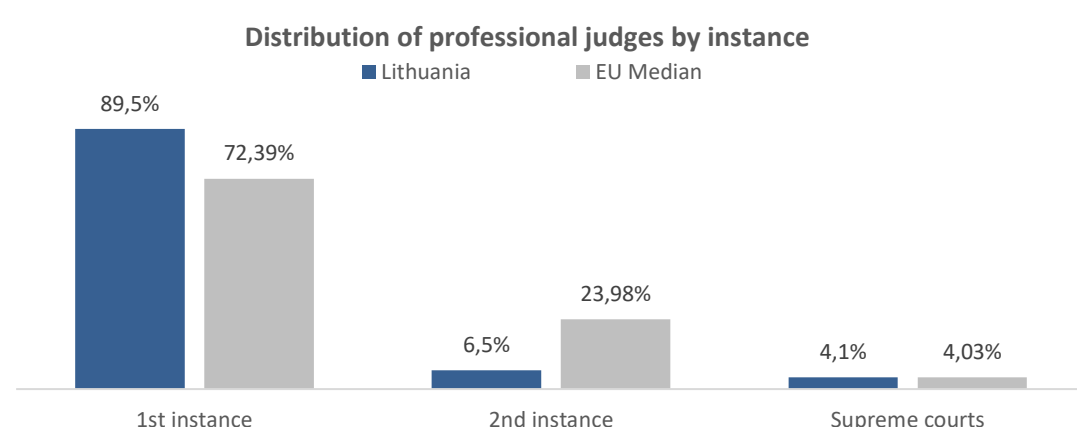
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Lithuania is 740, which is -1,3% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Lithuania, there are 26,47 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,66 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,58 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	662	89,5%	216	446	32,6%	67,4%
2nd instance	48	6,5%	26	22	54,2%	45,8%
Supreme courts	30	4,1%	17	13	56,7%	43,3%
Total	740		259	481	35,0%	65,0%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 481, which represents 65,0% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 662 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 446 are female); 48 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 22 are female) and 30 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 13 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, in Lithuania there are relatively less judges in second instance.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that it reflects the peculiarities of the Lithuanian court system. Namely, as the regional courts function not only as courts of appeal, but also as courts of first instance (Article 19 of the Law on Courts of the Republic of Lithuania), the number of judges of these courts is included in the 1st section. Accordingly, the latter indicates the number of judges of district courts, regional courts and regional administrative courts. Likewise, given that the Supreme Administrative Court is the court of appeal (although the rulings of the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania are final and not subject to appeal) the number of judges of this court is encompassed in the 2nd section. The latter indicates the number of judges of the Court of Appeal of Lithuania and the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania. The 3rd section indicates the number of judges of the Supreme Court of Lithuania.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	662	NA	NA	43	NAP
2nd instance	48	NA	NA	19	NAP
Supreme courts	30	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Total	740	NA	NA	62	NAP

In Lithuania, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible for some categories.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

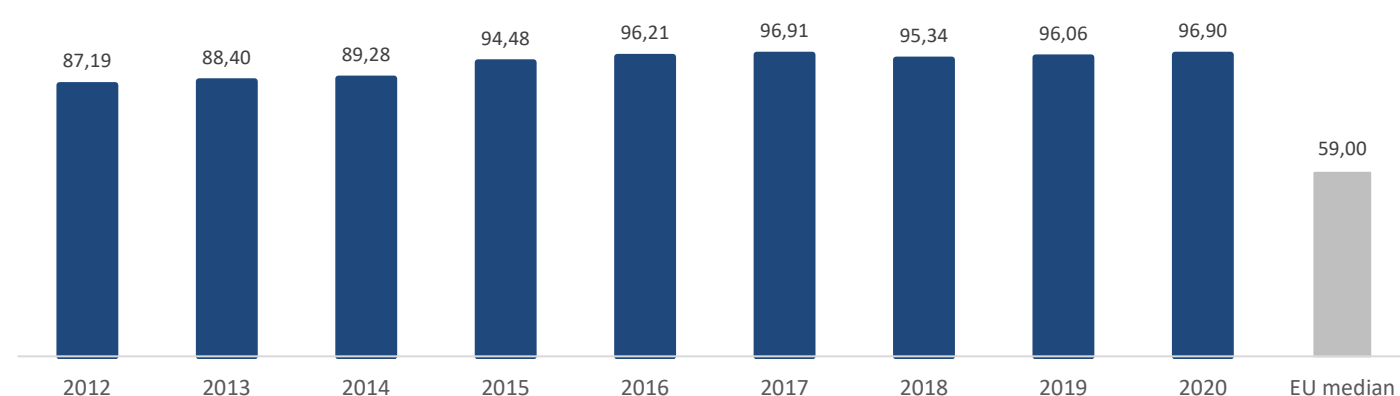
2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	6,5%	NAP
2nd instance	NA	NA	39,6%	NAP
Supreme courts	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Total	NA	NA	8,4%	NAP

The first instance indicates the number of judges of district courts, regional courts and regional administrative courts. Likewise, given that the Supreme Administrative Court is the court of appeal (although the rulings of the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania are final and not subject to appeal) the number of judges of this court is encompassed in the 2nd instance. The latter indicates the number of judges of the Court of Appeal of Lithuania and the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	2 619	2 602	2 608	2 729	2 740	2 722	2 664	2 684	2 709
Per 100 000 inhabitants	87,19	88,40	89,28	94,48	96,21	96,91	95,34	96,06	96,90

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	2 709	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	1 485	54,8%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	873	32,2%
Technical staff	265	9,8%
Other	86	3,2%

In 2020, Lithuania has 2 709 non-judge staff. The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,9%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 1 485 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which NA are women);
- 873 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which NA are women);
- 265 technical staff (of which NA are women);
- 86 other (of which NA are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 96,1 in 2019 to 96,9 in 2020).

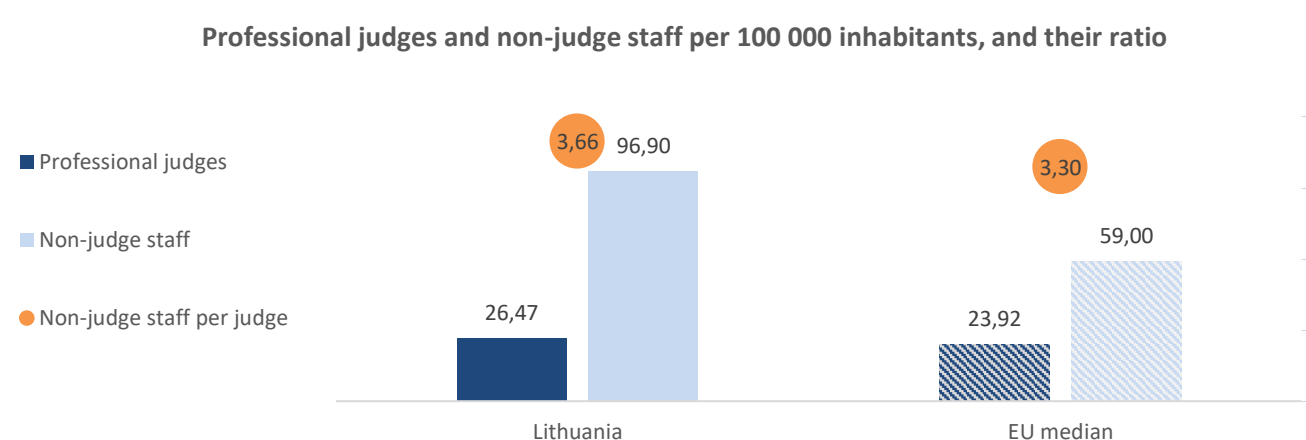
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 26,8 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 26,5 in 2020.

The category "other" includes translators, court psychologists, it encompasses also other helping staff (civil servants and working under the labour agreement).

There is no such a position as trainee judges in the Lithuanian court system.

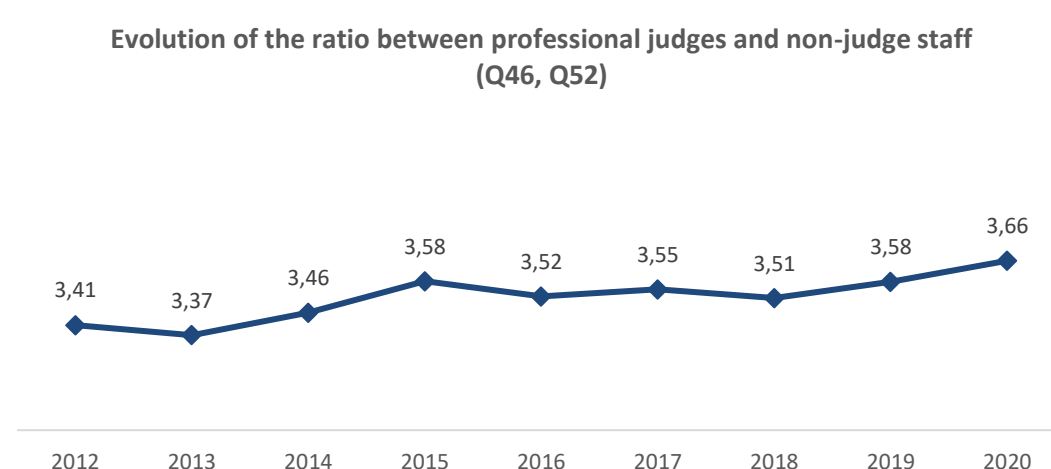
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Lithuania	EU median
Professional judges	26,47	23,92
Non-judge staff	96,90	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,66	3,30



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

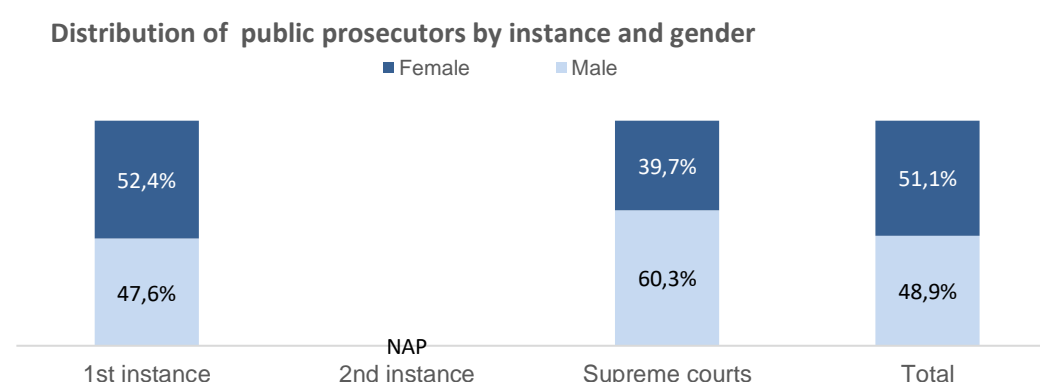
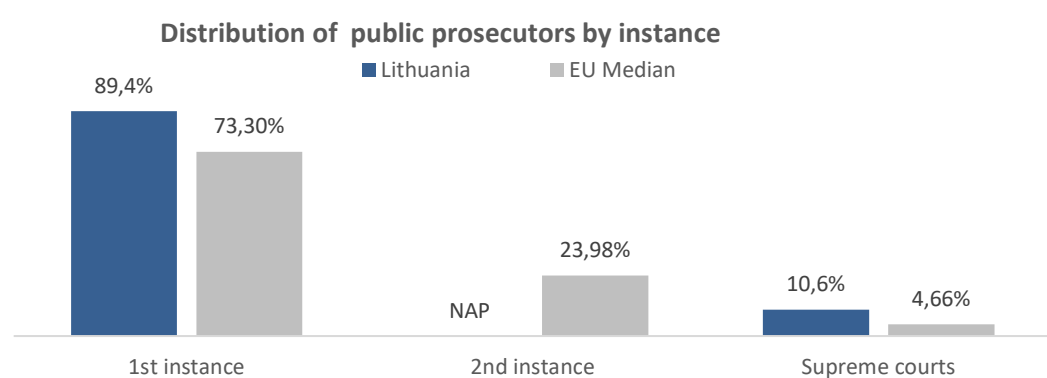
	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	25,57	87,19	3,41
2013	26,23	88,40	3,37
2014	25,81	89,28	3,46
2015	26,38	94,48	3,58
2016	27,32	96,21	3,52
2017	27,31	96,91	3,55
2018	27,13	95,34	3,51
2019	26,84	96,06	3,58
2020	26,47	96,90	3,66



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	576	89,4%	274	302	47,6%	52,4%
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	68	10,6%	41	27	60,3%	39,7%
Total	644		315	329	48,9%	51,1%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 329, which represents 51,1% of the total number of prosecutors.

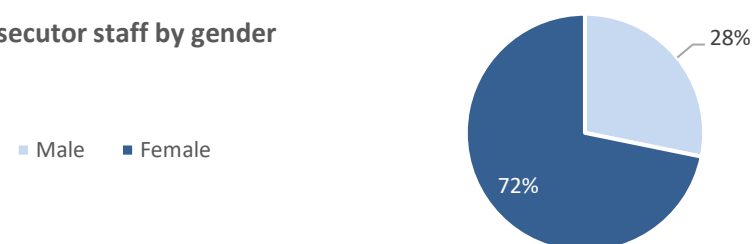
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 576 in first instance (of which 302 are female) and 68 in final instance (of which 27 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, it should be noticed that, after the reorganization of the prosecution service in 2011, 5 second instance prosecutors' offices were merged with 51 separate first instance prosecutor's office in their area of operation, and thus 5 regional first-second instance prosecutor's offices were established.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	585	165	420

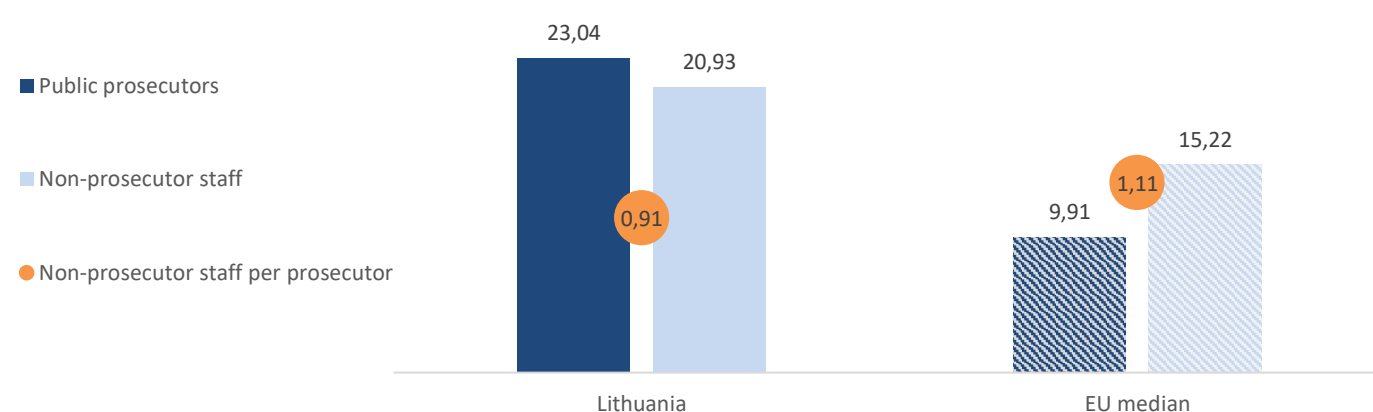
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

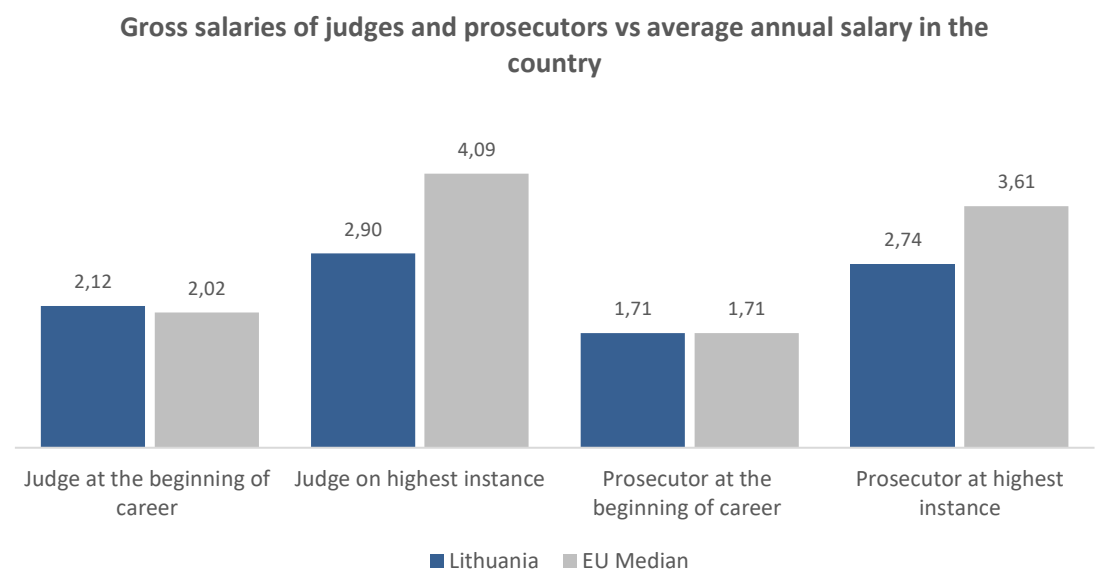
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Lithuania	EU median
Public prosecutors	23,04	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	20,93	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,91	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	36 267 €	21 941 €	2,12
Judge of the highest court	49 698 €	30 067 €	2,90
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	29 357 €	17 761 €	1,71
Public prosecutor at highest instance	47 038 €	28 458 €	2,74

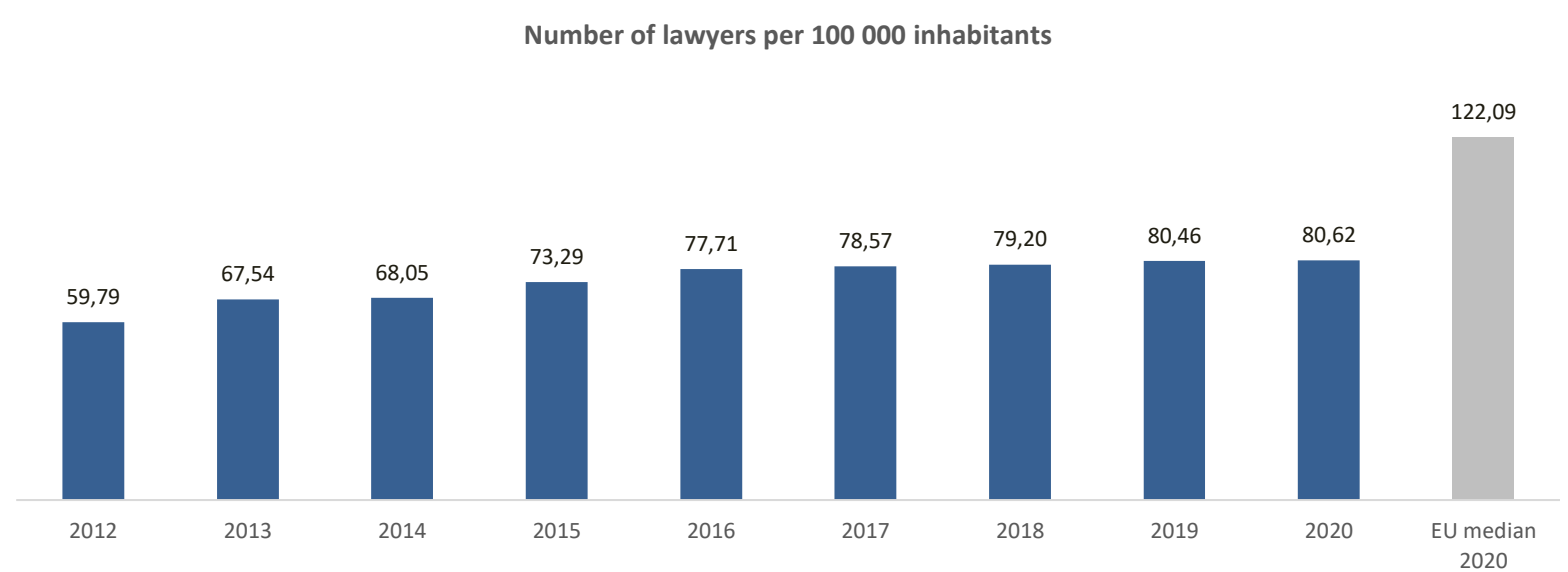


According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Lithuania of 36 267 € is somewhat below when compared to the EU median of 51 946 €. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 2,12 compared with EU median of 2,02.

From the 1 January 2019 the official salary ratio of district court judges was increased. In 2019 and in 2020 a higher base amount of official salary (salary) was also applied, which is used to calculate the remuneration of judges and public prosecutors

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 796	59,79
2013	1 988	67,54
2014	1 988	68,05
2015	2 117	73,29
2016	2 213	77,71
2017	2 207	78,57
2018	2 213	79,20
2019	2 248	80,46
2020	2 254	80,62



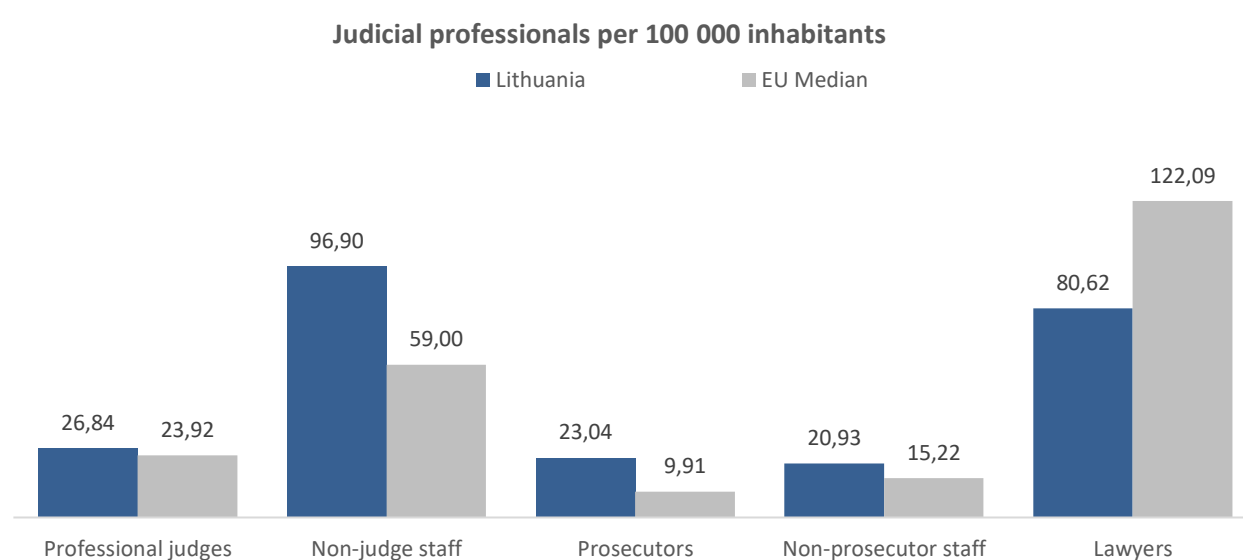
In 2020, there are 2 254 lawyers, which is 0,3% more than in 2019.

Lithuania has 80,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

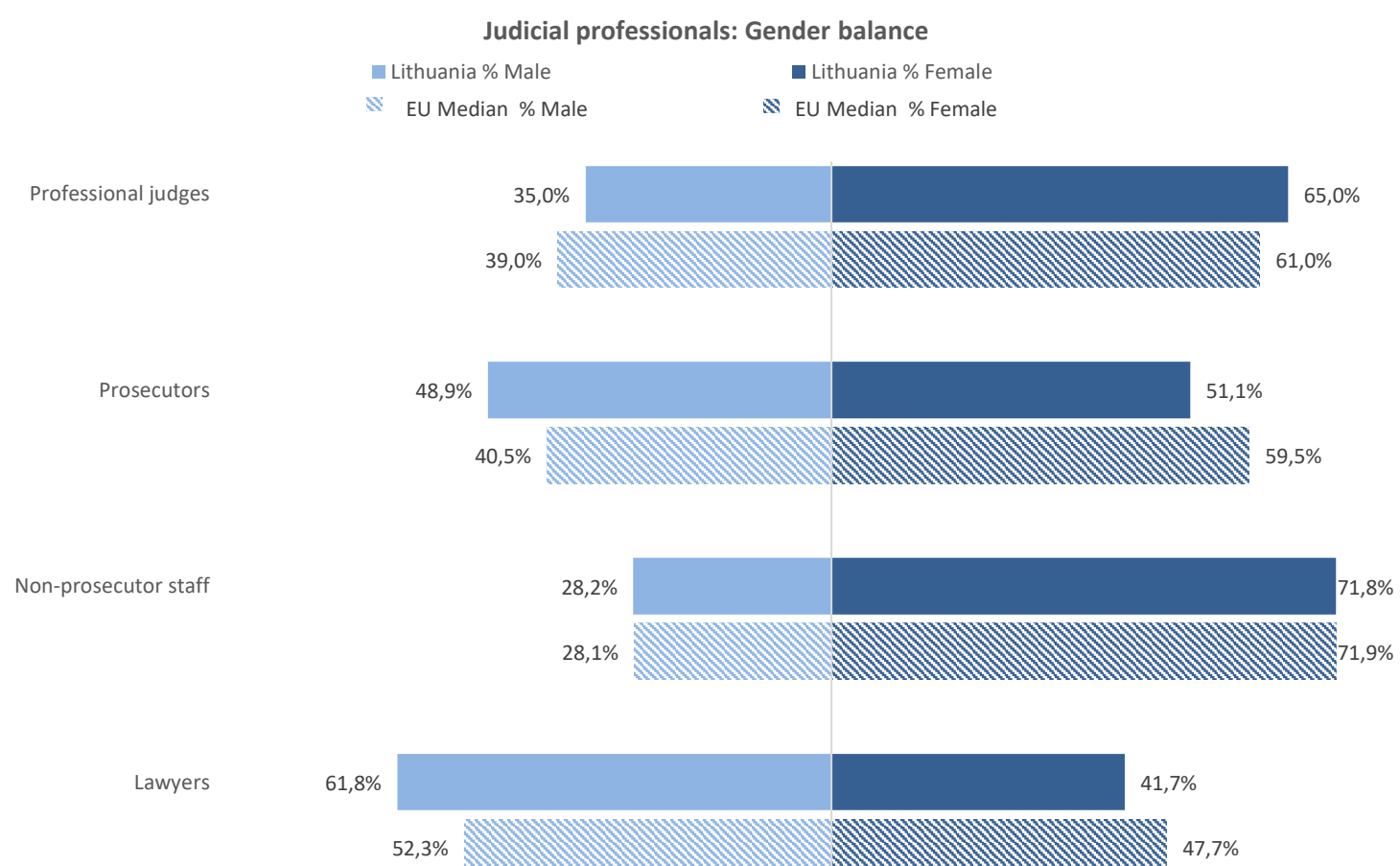
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	750	26,84	23,92
Non-judge staff	2 709	96,90	59,00
Prosecutors	644	23,04	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	585	20,93	15,22
Lawyers	2 254	80,62	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	35,0%	65,0%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	48,9%	51,1%
Non-prosecutor staff	28,2%	71,8%
Lawyers	61,8%	41,7%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Lithuania

In Lithuania, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✔
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

In Lithuania, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

The costs of secondary legal aid cover the costs of the execution process (Article 2(1) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid). However, the costs incurred by the debtor in the execution process are not covered.

The costs of secondary legal aid from which the applicant is exempted are: litigation costs incurred in civil proceedings, the costs incurred in administrative proceedings, the costs related to the hearing of a civil action brought in a criminal matter, the costs related to defence and representation in court (including the appeal and cassation proceedings, irrespective of the initiator) as well as the costs of the execution process, the costs related to the drafting of procedural documents and collection of evidence, interpretation, representation in the event of preliminary extrajudicial consideration of a dispute, where such a procedure has been laid down by laws or by a court decision (Article 14(2) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid). The costs of state-guaranteed legal aid cover also the costs of interpretation of communication between the lawyer and the applicant where, in the cases provided for in treaties of the Republic of Lithuania, it is impossible to ensure that a person providing state-guaranteed legal aid communicates with the applicant in the language which the latter understands (Article 14(10) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid).

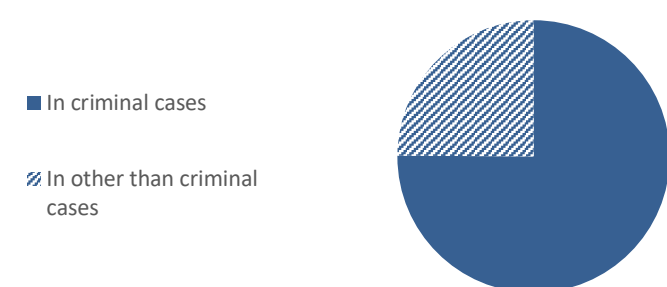
Where the physical presence of an applicant is required by the law or by the court, the travel costs to be borne by an applicant are borne by the State-guaranteed legal aid service (Article 20(2) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid).

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	76 914	36 544	40 370
In criminal cases	NA	27 442	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	9 102	NA

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Lithuania	EU Median
Total	2 751,2	734,2
In criminal cases	NA	330,9
In other than criminal cases	NA	402,7

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



The number provided for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court indicates the number of matters when primary legal aid (legal information, legal advice, drafting of the documents to be submitted to State and municipal institutions, with the exception of procedural documents, advice on the out-of-court settlement of a dispute, actions for the amicable settlement of a dispute and drafting of a settlement agreement) was granted.

The number for cases brought to court indicates the number of matters when secondary legal aid was granted. In total 36544 cases: 27442 criminal cases (26102 cases by decisions of a pre-trial investigation officer, prosecutor or the court when the presence of a lawyer is mandatory and 1340 cases by decisions of State-guaranteed legal aid service where the presence of a lawyer is not mandatory) and 9102 in other than criminal cases by decisions of State-guaranteed legal aid service.

The number of decisions to grant secondary legal aid decreased due to the Covid-19 related extreme situation and quarantine. The number of applications decreased despite the fact that it was possible to submit an application by electronic means or mail.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 5
- Actual average duration: NA

According to the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid, primary legal aid must be provided as soon as the person applies to the municipality. If it is not possible to provide primary legal aid immediately, the applicant will be notified of the time available, which must be no later than 5 working days from the date of application.

Decisions on the provision of secondary legal aid shall be adopted by the SGLAS not later than within 7 working days from the date of receipt of the required documents and information. In cases when in the interests of the applicant the decision to grant secondary legal aid must be taken urgently, the decision shall be taken immediately, but not later than the date of the procedural step which requires lawyers assistance.

There is no timeframe for the decisions of pre-trial investigation officer, prosecutor or court on state guaranteed legal aid (when presence of lawyer is mandatory in criminal cases).

4. Performance of courts in Lithuania

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

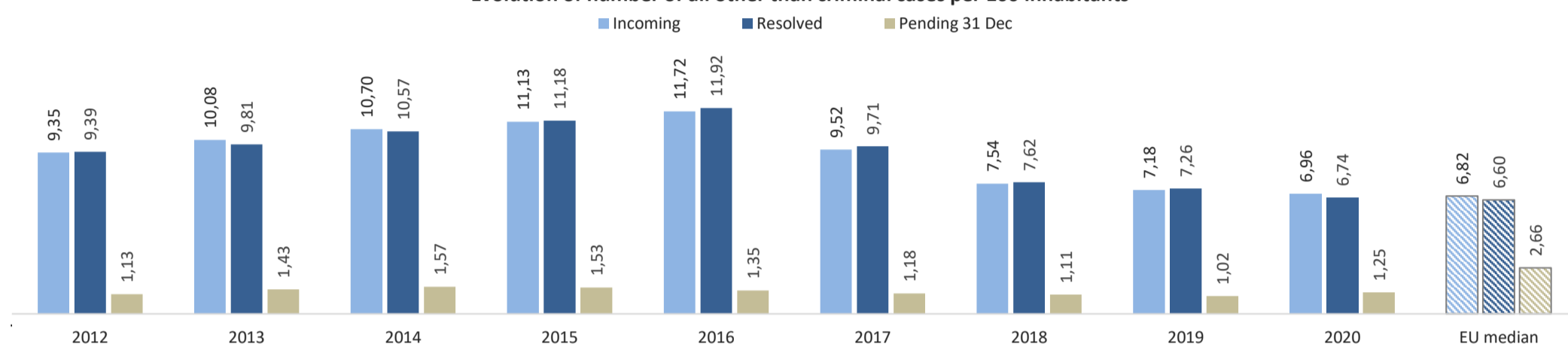
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



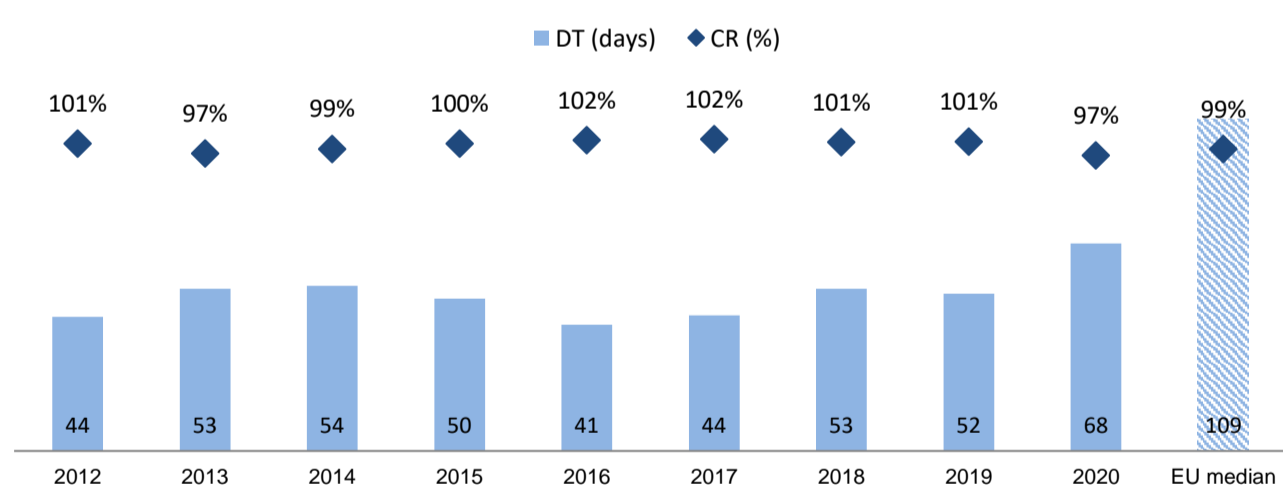
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Lithuania (6,74 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Lithuania (1,25 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	101%	44
2013	97%	53
2014	99%	54
2015	100%	50
2016	102%	41
2017	102%	44
2018	101%	53
2019	101%	52
2020	97%	68

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 96,7% in 2020 Lithuania seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -4,4 points.

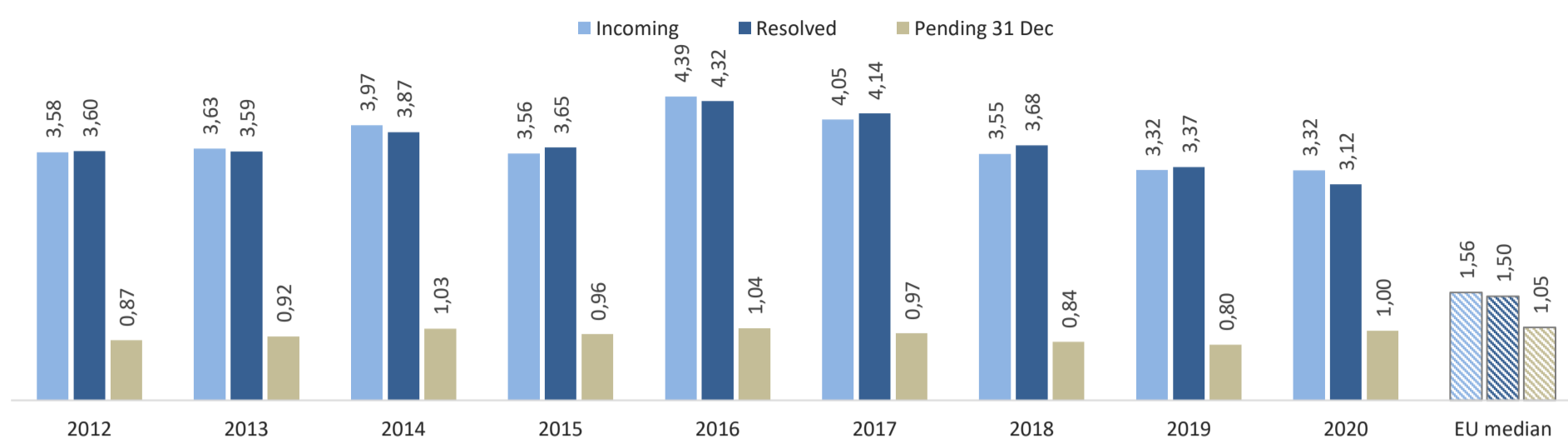
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 68 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 31,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Lithuania (3,32 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

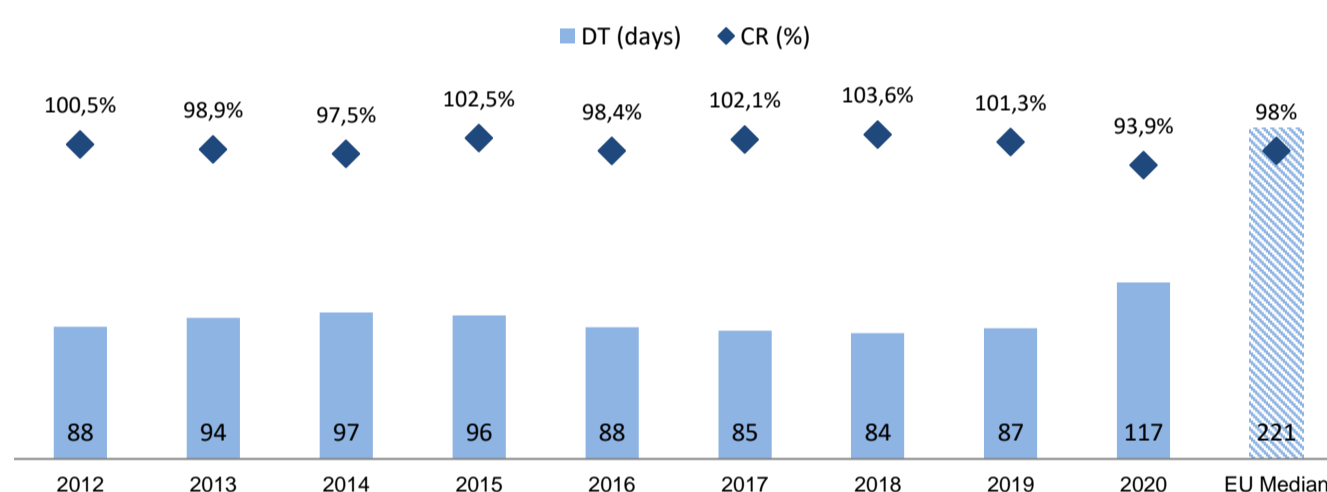
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Lithuania (3,12 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Lithuania (1,00 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	100,5%	88
2013	98,9%	94
2014	97,5%	97
2015	102,5%	96
2016	98,4%	88
2017	102,1%	85
2018	103,6%	84
2019	101,3%	87
2020	93,9%	117

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 93,9% in 2020, Lithuania seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -7,4 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 117 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 221 days.

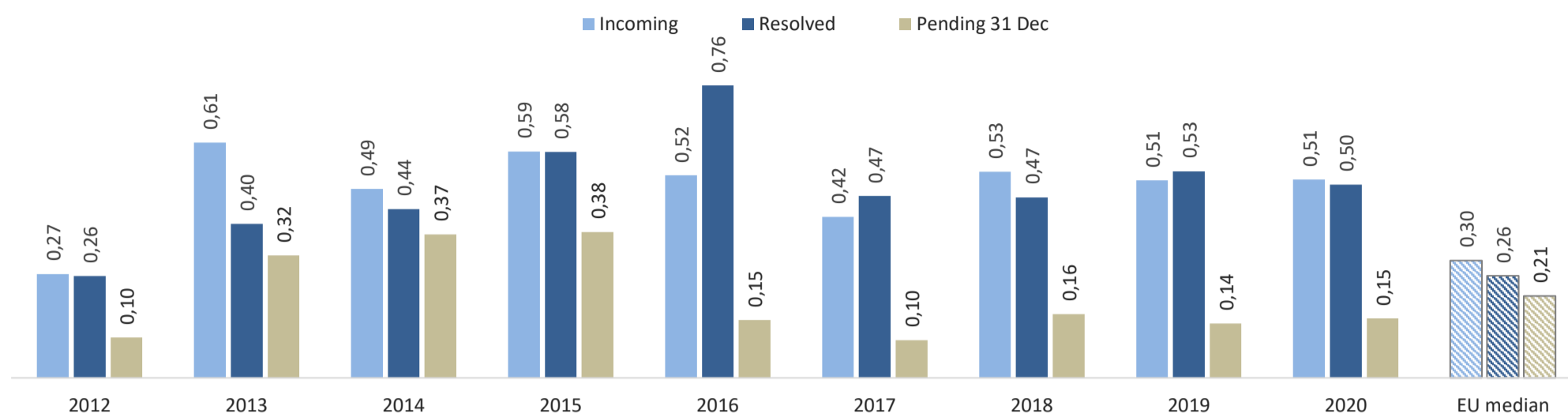
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 35,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Lithuania, there are 1 252 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 4,5% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Lithuania (0,51 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

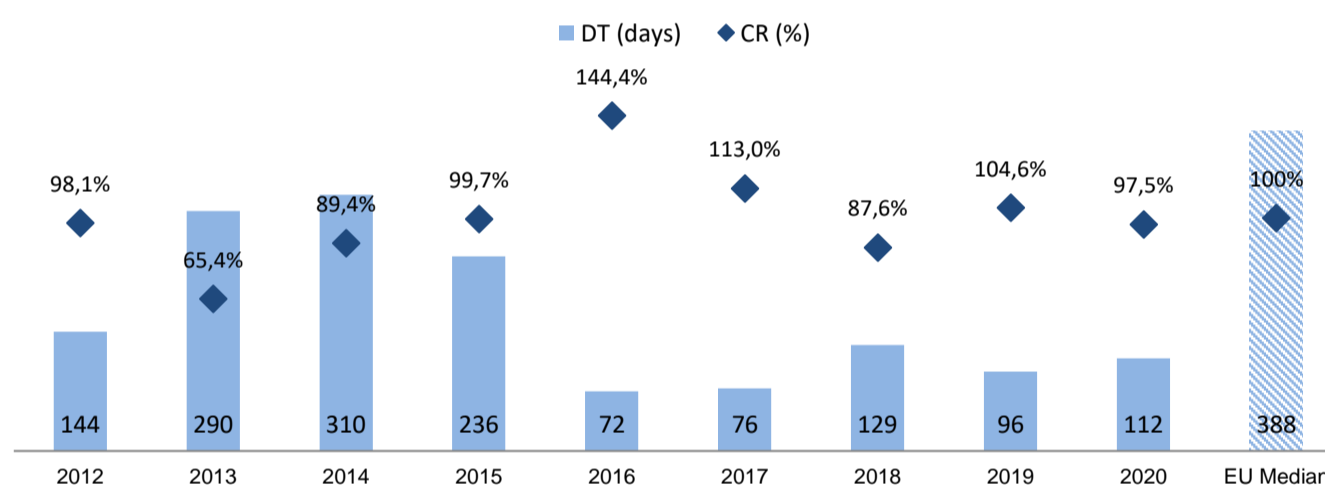
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Lithuania (0,50 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Lithuania (0,15 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	98,1%	144
2013	65,4%	290
2014	89,4%	310
2015	99,7%	236
2016	144,4%	72
2017	113,0%	76
2018	87,6%	129
2019	104,6%	96
2020	97,5%	112

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 97,5% in 2020, Lithuania seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,1 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 112 days, which is significantly below EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 16,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Lithuania, there are 345 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 8,0% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

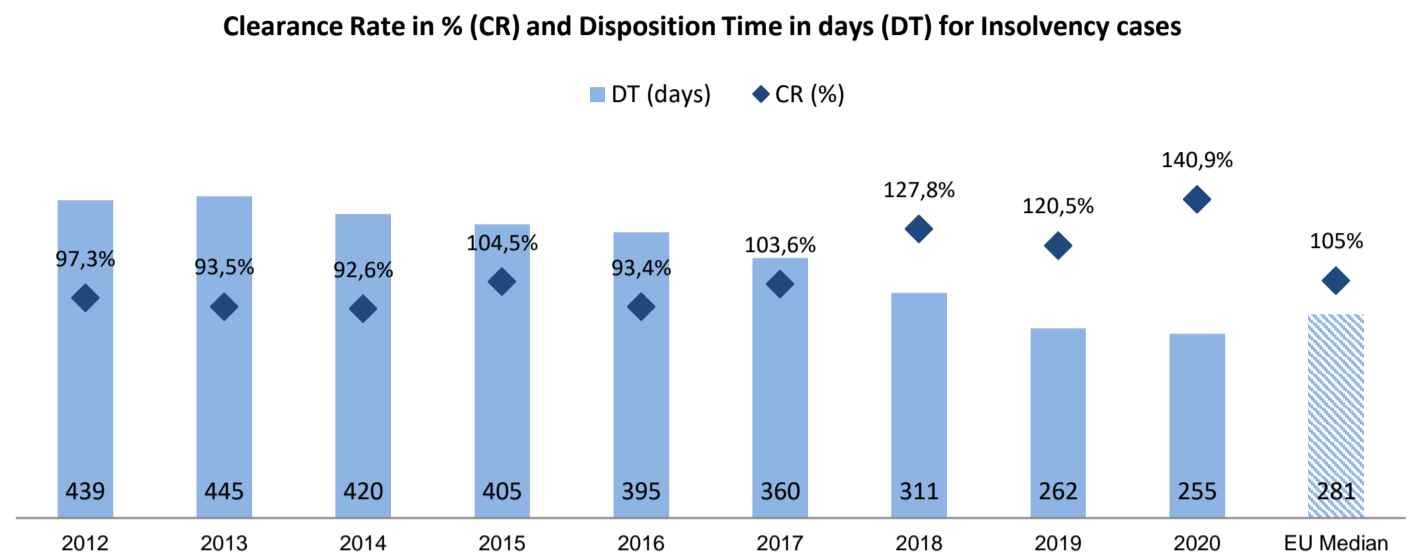
As regards "Pending non-litigious cases", there was a general decrease of number of cases and application of administrative means.

The number of resolved civil and commercial litigious cases might have been affected by the pandemic as not all the categories of cases could have been adjudicated remotely. The number of administrative cases, as well as for civil and commercial litigious cases could have decreased because of the need for some period to adapt IT and video conference equipment in the situation emerged. The increase of number of pending administrative cases older than 2 years is related to decisions of courts in environmental law cases to stay proceedings pending a decision in a related case: legal entities are challenging a decision requiring them to pay a tax on the pollution of packaging waste from which they were exempted because they had concluded a contract for the organization of waste management. As the documents proving the waste management issued by the licensed recycler were canceled, the documents certifying the waste management of other entities were canceled, which obliged the entities (which had a contract with the waste manager to organize packaging waste management) to pay this fee. The cases are suspended and pending a decision in a case challenging a decision declaring waste management documents issued to applicants invalid because it will have a preliminary ruling in these cases.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	97,3%	439
2013	93,5%	445
2014	92,6%	420
2015	104,5%	405
2016	93,4%	395
2017	103,6%	360
2018	127,8%	311
2019	120,5%	262
2020	140,9%	255



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 140,9% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Lithuania seems to be well able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 20,4 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 255 days, which is slightly below the EU median of 281 days.

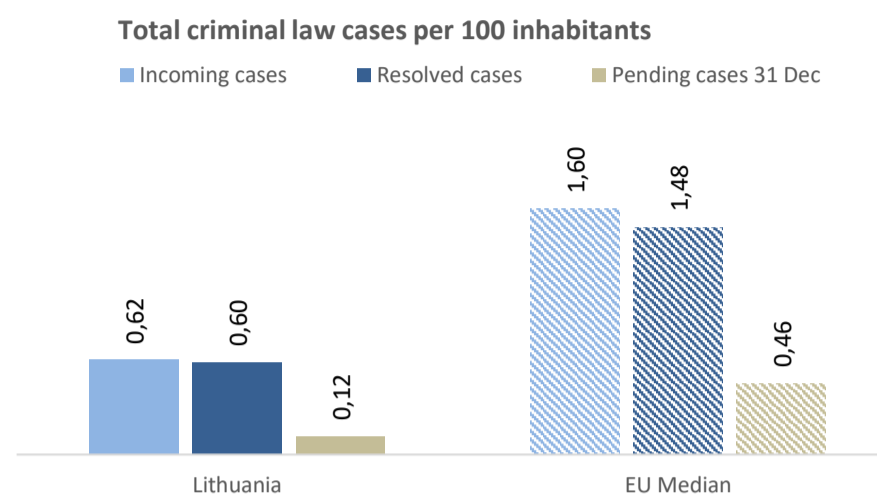
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -2,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	2 907	17 225	16 779	3 353
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,10	0,62	0,60	0,12
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Lithuania (0,62 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

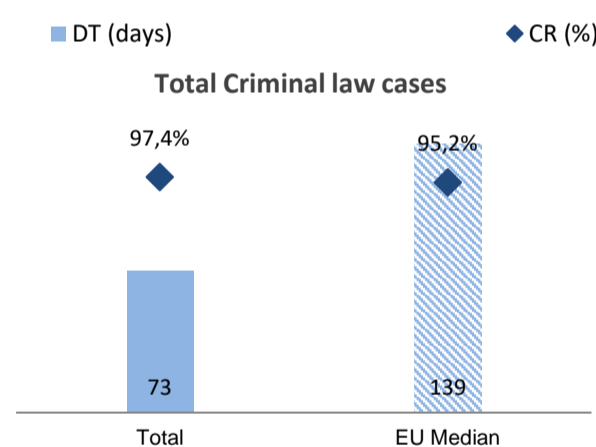
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Lithuania (0,60 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Lithuania (0,12 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	97,4%	73
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT)



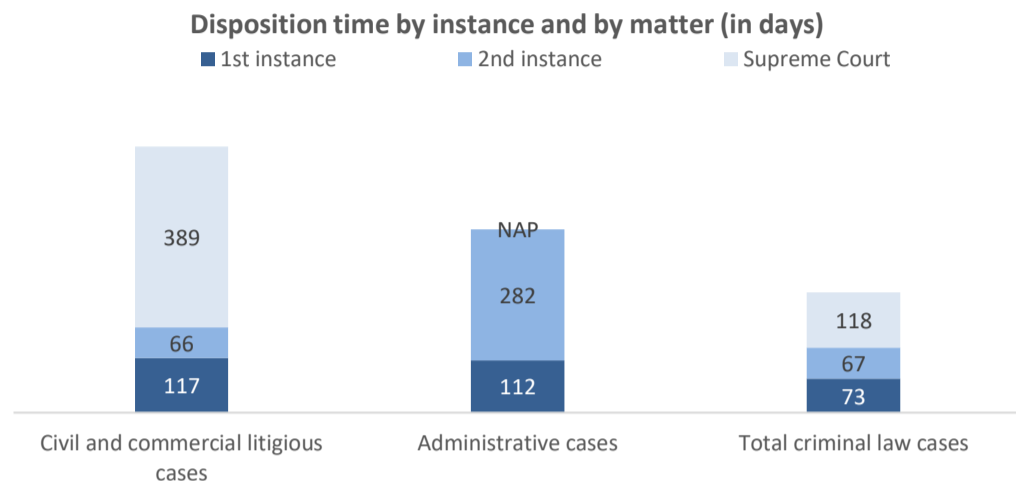
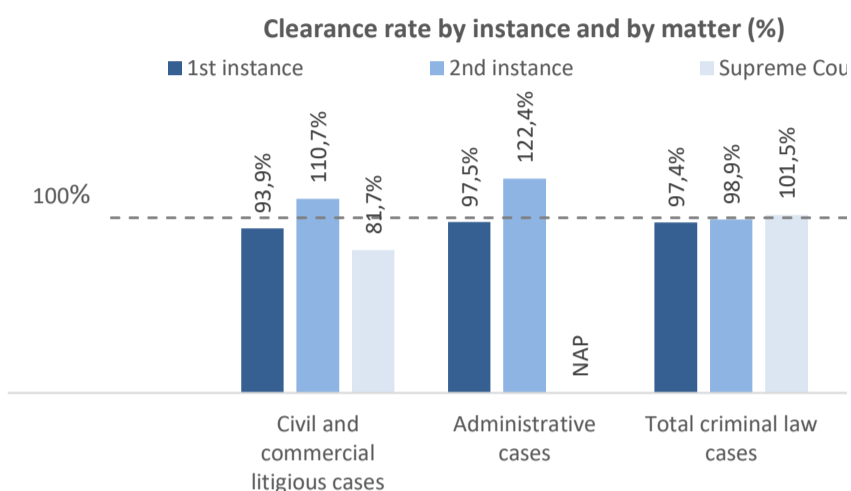
With the Clearance Rate calculated at 97,4% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Lithuania seems to face some difficulties to deal with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 73 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 139 days.

There is no separate statistical data allowing to distinguish between severe/minor/and other criminal cases. Neither the court information system is applied to this, nor the courts have obligation to provide the information on the seriousness of the crime. In the court information system offenses are described through the indication of an article (it does not show the severeness of a crime by itself).

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	93,9%	110,7%	81,7%	117	66	389
Administrative cases	97,5%	122,4%	NAP	112	282	NAP
Total criminal law cases	97,4%	98,9%	101,5%	73	67	118



In first and second instance, civil and commercial, administrative and criminal cases are resolved faster than the median, while the disposition time for civil and commercial litigious cases is higher than the median (389 days vs 224). In 2020, Lithuanian judges resolved less cases than received (Clearance rate is below 100%) except for civil and commercial litigious and administrative cases in second instance and criminal cases in third instance.

As regards second instance other than criminal cases, in Lithuania, statistical data on case flow and their classification are made according to the specific regulations and are mainly based on the institutes of Civil, Criminal Codes and the codes of Civil and Criminal procedures, as well as the Code of Administrative Offences and the law on Administrative procedure. Therefore figures for some of the types of cases are unavailable because there is no such classification while making statistical reports. In respect of the variations that can be observed between figures provided for the different evaluation cycles and in the light of the above described peculiarity of the statistic system of Lithuania, it is noteworthy that cases the number of which is not available are included in other categories, i.e. "civil litigious", "civil non-litigious". Accordingly, the indicated totals are relevant. Second instance courts deal with some non-litigious cases, but their number is insignificant.

As regards other than criminal cases in third instance, in 2019, the Supreme Court of Lithuania examined fewer cases than were received, therefore the number of pending cases increased at the end of the year. However, it should be noted that in 2019 the Supreme Court of Lithuania has provided a number of important and particularly socially sensitive interpretations in both civil, criminal and administrative offences cases.

The decrease in the number of resolved civil and commercial litigious cases and accordingly the increase in the number for pending cases at the end of 2020 are due to the reduction in the number of judicial posts and the lengthy appointment by Parliament procedures for vacancies.

As regards criminal cases in second instance, there is no separate statistical data allowing to distinguish between severe/minor/and other criminal cases. Neither the court information system is applied to this, nor the courts have obligation to provide the information on the seriousness of the crime. In the court information system offenses are described through the indication of an article (it does not show the severeness of a crime by itself).

5. Public prosecution services in Lithuania

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Lithuania has the following 9 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

Other significant powers granted to public prosecutors consist in defending public interest; examining, within their competence, petitions, applications and complaints submitted by individuals; participating in the drawing up and implementation of national and international crime prevention programmes; participating in the legislative procedure.

Due to amendments of Criminal Procedure Code that have entered into force on 1 July 2018, the function of the control of the enforcement of a sentence is no longer assigned to prosecutors. Prosecutor's function prescribed by the law is to supervise only the submission of the judgements for enforcement. Under article 342 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the judge shall write the order to execute the decision in criminal matters and send it to the enforcement service together with the decision. If the court decision is amended by the appellate court, the later decision is also added. The particular enforcement service is determined by the law and depends on the kind of crime performed.

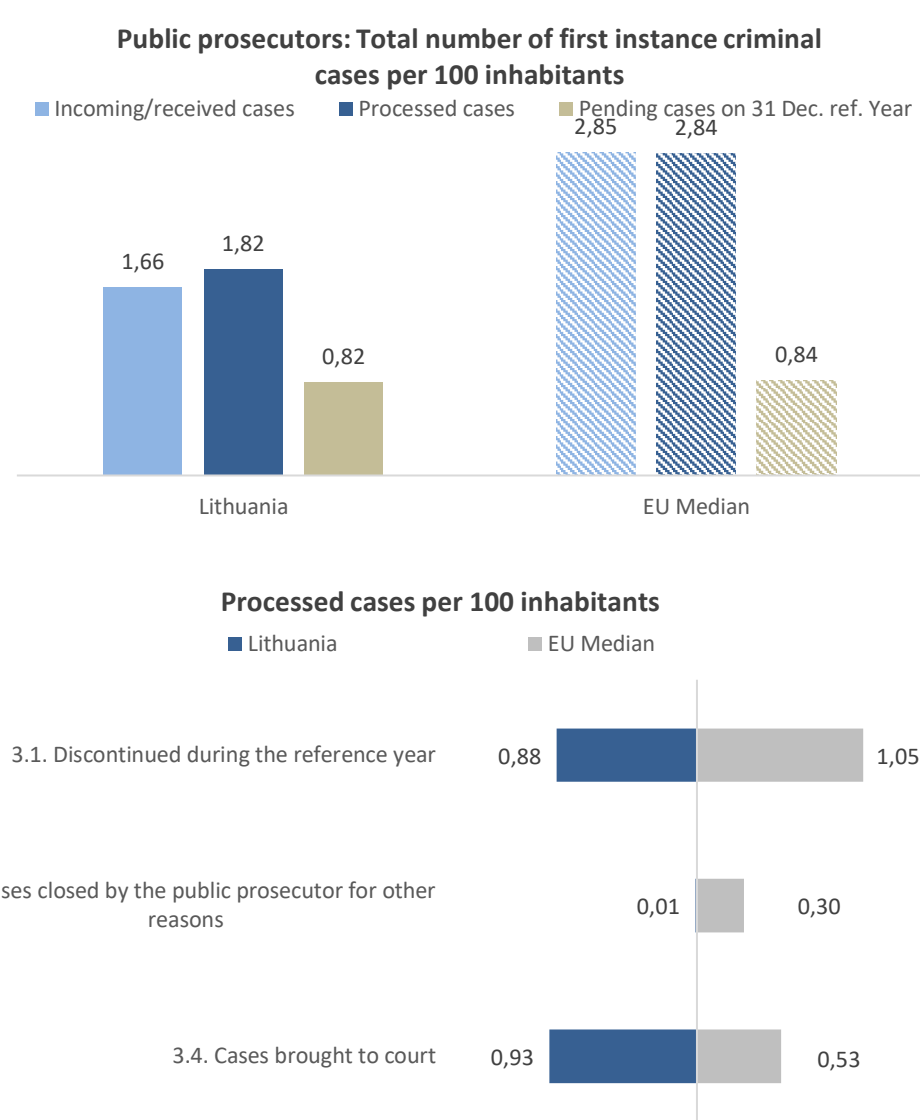
The public prosecutor also has a role in civil, administrative and insolvency cases when they are related with criminal bankruptcy.

The prosecutor's right to initiate civil proceedings is established in Art. 49 of the Civil Procedure Code and the Law of Prosecution Service, which says that "prosecutors shall protect the public interest, upon establishing a violation of a legal act, by which the rights and lawful interests of a person, society or the State are violated, and such a violation shall be treated as the violation of public interest, and state or municipal institution or agency, who is under the obligation to protect the said interest, failed to take any measures to rectify the violation, or in cases where there is no such a competent institution". The prosecutor has also a right to initiate administrative proceedings, as it is prescribed in respective legal acts.

In 2020 (July 1) the Law on Confiscation of Civil Property entered into force, the aim of which is prevention of organized crime, corruption and selfish crimes. The Prosecutor's Office is entrusted with the main functions in the process of confiscation of civil property: to make a decision to open and end the property investigation, to organize or conduct property investigation or separate actions himself/herself, to decide on seizure of property, to lodge a claim and to participate in court proceedings in accordance with the procedure established by the Code of Civil Procedure.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	25 339	0,91
2. Incoming/received cases	46 361	1,66
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	50 855	1,82
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	24 632	0,88
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	5 066	0,18
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	17 092	0,61
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	2 474	0,09
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP	NAP
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NAP	NAP
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	280	0,01
3.4. Cases brought to court	25 943	0,93
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	23 035	0,82



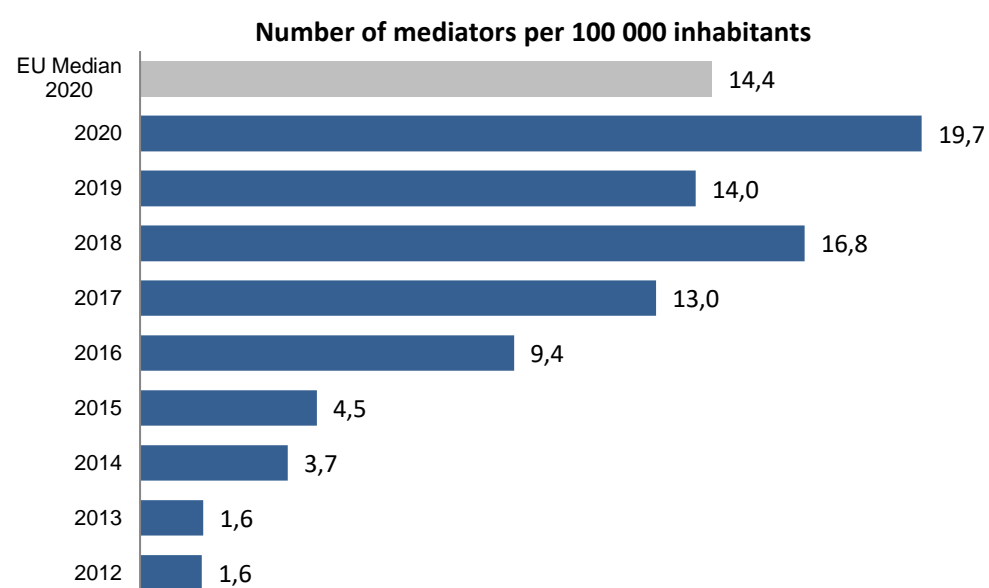
Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons: cases closed under Paragraph 3 Article 68 of the Criminal Procedure Code - when criminal act has been committed in the territory of the Republic of Lithuania by a citizen of a foreign country or other person who have subsequently left the Republic of Lithuania, the Prosecutor General's Office of the Republic of Lithuania may request foreign country to take over the criminal case. When criminal case is taken over by another country, the one in Lithuania is discontinued. The number of registered crimes is gradually decreasing since 2017 in Lithuania, and this affects number of incoming cases, processed cases, discontinued cases and cases brought to court.

The reason for the non-compliance of the result of the formula used ((pending cases on 1 January 2020 + incoming cases) – processed cases = pending cases on 31 December 2020) is a result of different sources of data and their differing formulas for calculating some statistical indicators. Numbers of „Pending cases“ and „Incoming cases“ is taken from the national register, however number of „Processed cases“ is taken from registers of the Lithuanian Prosecution Service.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Lithuania

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	47	1,6
2013	47	1,6
2014	109	3,7
2015	129	4,5
2016	269	9,4
2017	366	13,0
2018	469	16,8
2019	392	14,0
2020	552	19,7



In 2020, there are 552 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 19,7 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000

The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about 40,8%.

On 29 June, 2017 new regulation for mediation and becoming mediator was adopted which entered into force from 2019-01-01. The amendments that have been made set new requirements to improve the quality of mediation services. Also, the establishment of mediation as a professional activity (with the exception of judicial mediation by judges) is approved, part of such activity is paid by state. These factors as well as the overall promotion of mediation in the country and the development of the application of mediation might have impact on the significant increase of the number of people that gained the status of mediator.

Till 1st January, 2019 National Courts Administration have been maintained the list of court mediators which included judges and other persons (not judges). Due to a change in legal regulation (from 1st January, 2019), National Courts Administration maintains only the list of Judges who have been granted the status of mediators (Article 5 (2) of the Law on Mediation of the Republic of Lithuania) and transmits this data to the State Guaranteed Legal Aid Service. The latter maintains the common list of mediators and decides on the status of mediator for persons who are not judges. The mentioned list is published on the website of the The State Guaranteed Legal Aid Service (Article 5 (6) of the Law on Mediation). It is to notice that court-related mediation in practice is more often executed by mediators judges however the mediators who are not judges are also allowed to mediate at this stage when they are appointed by the State Guaranteed Legal Aid Service.

In 2020 the list contained 438 mediators not judges (of which 100 males and 338 females), and 114 mediators judges (of which 27 males and 87 females).

The Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Lithuania, implementing the project co-financed by the European Union Structural Funds "Development of the Conciliation Mediation System", taking into account the expansion of the Institute of Mediation and the consequent increased need for mediators, initiated the organization of training for mediators, during which a total of 420 persons (320 people were trained in the training of 40 academic hours, 100 people took part in the training of 24 academic hours).

This training took place in May – October, 2019. All participants signed a contract for the provision of training services, one of the conditions of which was the obligation to register to take the qualification exam for mediators and to come to take it. Due to the fact that the Training Participants' Agreement did not provide for the obligation to pass the mediators' qualification examination but to come to take it, the Ministry of Justice did not collect information on the proportion of trainees who passed the mediators' qualification examination, but the persons who took part in this training were very active in applying for the qualification examination for mediators. There were also cases when those who did not pass the mediator qualification exam for the first time registered to take the exam again six months later. October – November in 2020 specialized training for mediators on the topic "Mediation in family disputes in the presence of signs of domestic violence" was organized on the order of the Ministry of Justice. A total of 60 mediators participated in the training. These training were intended to improve the qualification of mediators in disputes where are possible signs of domestic violence, therefore only mediators registered in the list of mediators of the Republic of Lithuania and having signed agreements with the State Guaranteed Legal Aid Service on the provision of compulsory mediation services could participate in.

It is noteworthy that the organized training, which were free of charge for their participants, increased the number of mediators in both 2019 and 2020. In this context, it would not be appropriate to compare the increase between 2019 and 2020.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total of all cases	523	390	161
Civil and commercial	248	162	63
Family cases	254	214	90
Administrative	7	5	3
Employment dismissal	14	9	5
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	0	0	0

Observing the general trend of court proceedings, it can be seen that in 2020, compared to the previous year, the number of family law cases (due to divorce, child support, etc.) decreased significantly: 15 709 cases were examined (18 066 in 2019; 18 564 in 2018). It is believed that it was mandatory mediation (the requirement to initiate mediation proceedings in such cases before applying to the court for the settlement of a family dispute) that allowed to reduce the number of cases in court and court-related mediations.

The decrease in the number of completed mediation proceedings in 2020 compared to the previous year is thought to be due to an overall decrease in the number of court cases received (the number of civil cases heard in district and regional courts (I instance) decreased by 6% in 2020 compared to 2019 and was 13.646% less than in 2018). The reduction in numbers may also have been influenced by the restrictions imposed following the quarantine in the country following the COVID-19 pandemic, the lack of court hearings and judicial mediation proceedings.

7. ICT tools of courts in Lithuania

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	6,8	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	7,0	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	1,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	2,5	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	6,5	6,9

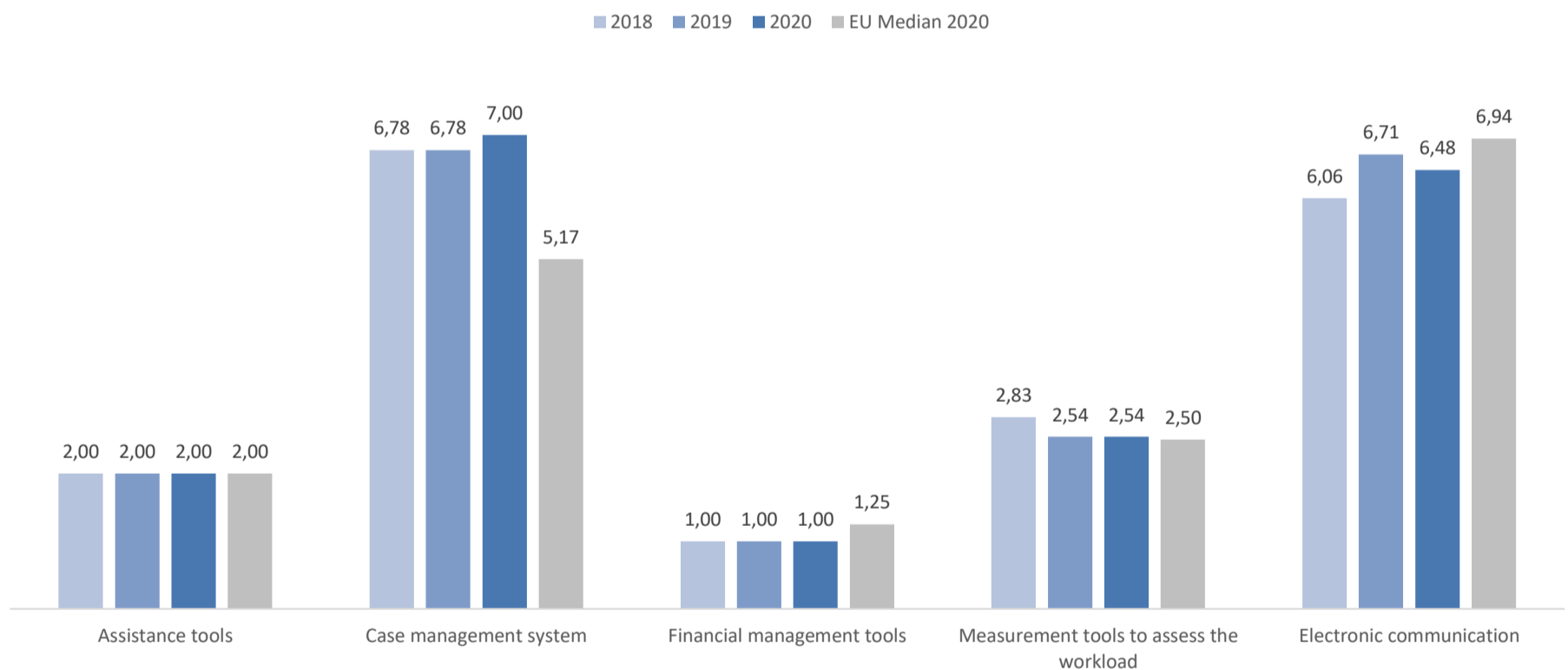
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Comments on writing assistance tools

Templates are prepared and stored in the Lithuanian Courts Information System (LITEKO) together with special tools for filling them with metadata. Also, templates are prepared in administrative offence and pretrial cases and are available in Lithuanian Courts Information System (LITEKO) and the Integrated Criminal Process Information System (IBPS).

Comments on voice recording tools

The courts hearings are recorded in all courts and cases, the record substitutes the written protocol except the criminal case and is made in all cases with some specific exceptions, when the protocol is not required (e.g. some administrative offence cases or when the case is dealt with by written procedure).

Comments on CMS

Lithuanian Courts Information System (LITEKO) is a unique centralized database for all matters. Also, the electronic service portal e.teismas.lt provide access for parties to their cases, that are managed in electronic form.

In criminal cases, status of case online - accessibility to parties and publication of decision online is possible only in criminal order cases. Electronic criminal order is available from 1st January 2020.

Comments on communication tools

Criminal proceedings in district and regional courts in accordance with the prosecutor's statement on the termination of the proceedings by a court criminal order in which the procedural document instituting the proceedings is filed in court in January 2020 or later, are dealt with using information and electronic communication technologies. 2019-11-29 Resolution of the Judicial Council.

It shall be noted that the summons may be transmitted to the parties via the Lithuanian courts electronic services portal e.teismas.lt. Additionally, it shall be mentioned that upon the national regulations there are particular process participants, who/which are obliged to receive courts documents electronically, for instance, notaries, bailiffs, states institutions, insurance companies and etc. These groups are stated in the legal regulation. Additionally to the question 64.4 part "Other", the summons may be send via the Lithuanian courts electronic services portal e.teismas.lt and the integration between the Lithuanian Courts Information System (LITEKO) and the Register of Administrative Offences in administrative offences cases as well.

Criminal cases: criminal court order: after the court order is accepted, a paper copy of it is sent to the accused, by registered mail, to the victim by e-mail (if the e-mail address is indicated, if not - by post), to the prosecutor by e-mail.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Lithuania

In Lithuania, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

All of these data are recorded in the Lithuanian Court Information System (LITEKO), as well as other data, related to the case, its process and the parties to the proceedings. In Lithuania, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Lithuania, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Chief prosecutors of the departments of the prosecutor's offices are regularly provided with monthly data based on basic indicators of the performance of public prosecution offices, every 3 months – with the larger scale of performance data.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																				
Q1 Number of inhabitants	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	2 795 680		-6,9%	-2,0%	-0,8%	-1,1%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,5%	0,0%	0,1%	
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	11 025	11 707	12 381	12 780	13 468	14 796	16 158	17 333	17 510		58,8%	6,2%	5,8%	3,2%	5,4%	9,9%	9,2%	7,3%	1,0%	
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	3	3	3	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True
078.1.13 Disposition time							False	True	True
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True										
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True										

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									False										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True										
073-6.1.4 Other									False										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	False	False									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True									

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True									
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True									
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True									
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True									
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True									
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True									
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False									
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False									
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True									
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False									
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True									
070-1.1.13 Other									False									
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True									
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True									
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True									
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True									
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False									
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False									
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP									
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP									
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP									
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP									
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP									

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	59	54	54	54	54	54	54	17	17	17	-71,2%	-8,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-68,5%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	2	-60,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-60,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	2	-60,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-60,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	67	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	-7,5%	-7,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																			
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																			
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	35 363	33 908	41 985	45 735	44 147	38 475	33 101	30 934	28 622	-19,1%	-4,1%	23,8%	8,9%	-3,5%	-12,8%	-14,0%	-6,5%	-7,5%	
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 545	26 005	27 197	30 149	27 595	29 543	27 167	23 582	22 385	-15,7%	-2,0%	4,6%	10,9%	-8,5%	7,1%	-8,0%	-13,2%	-5,1%	
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 941	1 041	870	1 862	1 720	1 144	964	-	-	-	-46,4%	-16,4%	114,0%	-7,6%	-33,5%	-15,7%	
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 461	1 079	1 765	729	410	867	1 301	721	566	-61,3%	-26,1%	63,6%	-58,7%	-43,8%	111,5%	50,1%	-44,6%	-21,5%	
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	176	312	460	995	419	423	398	-	-	-	77,3%	47,4%	116,3%	-57,9%	1,0%	-5,9%	
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 974	3 128	9 332	10 845	10 893	4 270	2 748	4 599	3 943	32,6%	5,2%	198,3%	16,2%	0,4%	-60,8%	-35,6%	67,4%	-14,3%	
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	4 383	3 696	3 515	3 700	4 789	2 800	1 466	1 609	1 330	-69,7%	-15,7%	-4,9%	5,3%	29,4%	-41,5%	-47,6%	9,8%	-17,3%	
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	280 708	296 795	312 570	321 474	333 886	267 278	210 779	200 534	194 686	-30,6%	5,7%	5,3%	2,8%	3,9%	-19,9%	-21,1%	-4,9%	-2,9%	
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	107 559	106 890	115 932	102 793	124 885	113 871	99 292	92 883	92 723	-13,8%	-0,6%	8,5%	-11,3%	21,5%	-8,8%	-12,8%	-6,5%	-0,2%	
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	91 549	103 334	108 033	110 043	71 599	66 772	64 005	-	-	-	12,9%	4,5%	1,9%	-34,9%	-6,7%	-4,1%	
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	77 669	84 829	82 707	90 640	81 613	80 626	63 208	59 748	58 023	-25,3%	9,2%	-2,5%	9,6%	-10,0%	-1,2%	-21,6%	-5,5%	-2,9%	
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	8 842	12 694	26 420	29 417	8 391	7 024	5 982	-	-	-	43,6%	108,1%	11,3%	-71,5%	-16,3%	-14,8%	
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	8 068	17 932	14 276	16 923	14 917	11 699	14 899	14 273	14 353	77,9%	122,3%	-20,4%	18,5%	-11,9%	-21,6%	27,4%	-4,2%	0,6%	
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	87 412	87 144	90 813	98 424	86 051	31 665	24 989	26 606	23 605	-73,0%	-0,3%	4,2%	8,4%	-12,6%	-63,2%	-21,1%	6,5%	-11,3%	

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	282 163	288 718	308 820	323 062	339 558	272 652	212 946	202 846	188 311	-33,3%	2,3%	7,0%	4,6%	5,1%	-19,7%	-21,9%	-4,7%	-7,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	108 099	105 698	112 980	105 347	122 937	116 247	102 877	94 080	87 093	-19,4%	-2,2%	6,9%	-6,8%	16,7%	-5,4%	-11,5%	-8,6%	-7,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	92 449	103 505	107 041	110 185	72 175	66 952	64 088	-	-	-	12,0%	3,4%	2,9%	-34,5%	-7,2%	-4,3%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	78 051	83 967	83 743	90 959	81 156	80 192	63 788	59 903	58 102	-25,6%	7,6%	-0,3%	8,6%	-10,8%	-1,2%	-20,5%	-6,1%	-3,0%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	8 706	12 546	25 885	29 993	8 387	7 049	5 986	-	-	-	44,1%	106,3%	15,9%	-72,0%	-16,0%	-15,1%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	7 914	11 728	12 763	16 875	21 540	13 221	13 048	14 929	13 994	76,8%	48,2%	8,8%	32,2%	27,6%	-38,6%	-1,3%	14,4%	-6,3%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	88 099	87 325	90 628	97 335	88 040	32 999	24 846	26 885	23 136	-73,7%	-0,9%	3,8%	7,4%	-9,5%	-62,5%	-24,7%	8,2%	-13,9%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	33 908	41 985	45 735	44 147	38 475	33 101	30 934	28 622	34 997	3,2%	23,8%	8,9%	-3,5%	-12,8%	-14,0%	-6,5%	-7,5%	22,3%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 005	27 197	30 149	27 595	29 543	27 167	23 582	22 385	28 015	7,7%	4,6%	10,9%	-8,5%	7,1%	-8,0%	-13,2%	-5,1%	25,2%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 041	870	1 862	1 720	1 144	964	881	-	-	-	-16,4%	114,0%	-7,6%	-33,5%	-15,7%	-8,6%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 079	1 941	729	410	867	1 301	721	566	487	-54,9%	79,9%	-62,4%	-43,8%	111,5%	50,1%	-44,6%	-21,5%	-14,0%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	312	460	995	419	423	398	394	-	-	-	47,4%	116,3%	-57,9%	1,0%	-5,9%	-1,0%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	3 128	9 332	10 845	10 893	4 270	2 748	4 599	3 943	4 302	37,5%	198,3%	16,2%	0,4%	-60,8%	-35,6%	67,4%	-14,3%	9,1%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 696	3 515	3 700	4 789	2 800	1 466	1 609	1 330	1 799	-51,3%	-4,9%	5,3%	29,4%	-41,5%	-47,6%	9,8%	-17,3%	35,3%

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,5%	97,3%	98,8%	100,5%	101,7%	102,0%	101,0%	101,2%	96,7%	(3,77)	(3,22)	1,56	1,71	1,20	0,31	(0,96)	0,12	(4,38)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,5%	98,9%	97,5%	102,5%	98,4%	102,1%	103,6%	101,3%	93,9%	(6,54)	(1,61)	(1,45)	5,16	(3,95)	3,70	1,49	(2,24)	(7,27)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,0%	100,2%	99,1%	100,1%	100,8%	100,3%	100,1%	-	-	-	(0,81)	(1,08)	1,06	0,67	(0,53)	(0,14)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,5%	99,0%	101,3%	100,4%	99,4%	99,5%	100,9%	100,3%	100,1%	(0,35)	(1,50)	2,29	(0,89)	(0,91)	0,02	1,46	(0,65)	(0,12)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	98,5%	98,8%	98,0%	102,0%	100,0%	100,4%	100,1%	-	-	-	0,38	(0,87)	4,07	(1,97)	0,40	(0,29)
CR Administrative law cases	98,1%	65,4%	89,4%	99,7%	144,4%	113,0%	87,6%	104,6%	97,5%	(0,60)	(33,32)	36,69	11,54	44,81	(21,74)	(22,51)	19,43	(6,79)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,8%	100,2%	99,8%	98,9%	102,3%	104,2%	99,4%	101,0%	98,0%	(2,75)	(0,57)	(0,41)	(0,90)	3,46	1,86	(4,59)	1,63	(3,00)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	44	53	54	50	41	44	53	52	68	54,7%	21,0%	1,8%	-7,7%	-17,1%	7,1%	19,7%	-2,9%	31,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	88	94	97	96	88	85	84	87	117	33,7%	7,0%	3,7%	-1,8%	-8,3%	-2,8%	-1,9%	3,8%	35,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	4	3	6	6	6	5	5	-	-	-	-25,4%	107,0%	-10,3%	1,5%	-9,2%	-4,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	5	8	3	2	4	6	4	3	3	-39,4%	67,2%	-62,3%	-48,2%	137,0%	51,9%	-30,3%	-16,4%	-11,3%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	13	13	14	5	18	21	24	-	-	-	2,3%	4,8%	-63,7%	261,0%	11,9%	16,6%
DT Administrative law cases	144	290	310	236	72	76	129	96	112	-22,2%	101,3%	6,8%	-24,0%	-69,3%	4,9%	69,6%	-25,1%	16,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	15	15	15	18	12	16	24	18	28	85,3%	-4,1%	1,4%	20,5%	-35,4%	39,7%	45,8%	-23,6%	57,2%

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	946	867	698	560	784	584	765	709	582	-38,5%	-8,4%	-19,5%	-19,8%	40,0%	-25,5%	31,0%	-7,3%	-17,9%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	146	122	132	85	84	84	53	70	51	-65,1%	-16,4%	8,2%	-35,6%	-1,2%	0,0%	-36,9%	32,1%	-27,1%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	4 253	4 352	4 615	4 960	4 775	5 108	4 936	3 931	3 178	-25,3%	2,3%	6,0%	7,5%	-3,7%	7,0%	-3,4%	-20,4%	-19,2%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	8 196	8 192	8 034	8 164	7 457	7 711	7 787	7 705	7 378	-10,0%	0,0%	-1,9%	1,6%	-8,7%	3,4%	1,0%	-1,1%	-4,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	453	429	308	273	264	267	195	145	178	-60,7%	-5,3%	-28,2%	-11,4%	-3,3%	1,1%	-27,0%	-25,6%	22,8%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	3 717	4 051	4 656	4 114	5 058	4 836	3 609	3 674	2 282	-38,6%	9,0%	14,9%	-11,6%	22,9%	-4,4%	-25,4%	1,8%	-37,9%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	8 275	8 361	8 172	7 940	7 657	7 530	7 843	7 832	7 557	-8,7%	1,0%	-2,3%	-2,8%	-3,6%	-1,7%	4,2%	-0,1%	-3,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	477	419	355	274	264	298	178	164	161	-66,2%	-12,2%	-15,3%	-22,8%	-3,6%	12,9%	-40,3%	-7,9%	-1,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	3 618	3 788	4 311	4 299	4 725	5 008	4 614	4 427	3 215	-11,1%	4,7%	13,8%	-0,3%	9,9%	6,0%	-7,9%	-4,1%	-27,4%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	867	698	560	784	584	765	709	582	403	-53,5%	-19,5%	-19,8%	40,0%	-25,5%	31,0%	-7,3%	-17,9%	-30,8%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	122	132	85	84	84	53	70	51	68	-44,3%	8,2%	-35,6%	-1,2%	0,0%	-36,9%	32,1%	-27,1%	33,3%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	4 352	4 615	4 960	4 775	5 108	4 936	3 931	3 178	2 245	-48,4%	6,0%	7,5%	-3,7%	7,0%	-3,4%	-20,4%	-19,2%	-29,4%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	101,0%	102,1%	101,7%	97,3%	102,7%	97,7%	100,7%	101,6%	102,4%	1,45	1,09	(0,34)	(4,39)	5,58	(4,90)	3,14	0,92	0,77
CR Employment dismissal cases	105,3%	97,7%	115,3%	100,4%	100,0%	111,6%	91,3%	113,1%	90,4%	(14,10)	(7,25)	18,01	(12,92)	(0,36)	11,61	(18,21)	23,91	(20,03)
CR Insolvency cases	97,3%	93,5%	92,6%	104,5%	93,4%	103,6%	127,8%	120,5%	140,9%	44,74	(3,93)	(0,98)	12,86	(10,60)	10,85	23,46	(5,75)	16,92
DT Litigious divorce cases	38	30	25	36	28	37	33	27	19	-49,1%	-20,3%	-17,9%	44,1%	-22,8%	33,2%	-11,0%	-17,8%	-28,2%
DT Employment dismissal cases	93	115	87	112	116	65	144	114	154	65,1%	23,2%	-24,0%	28,0%	3,8%	-44,1%	121,1%	-20,9%	35,8%
DT Insolvency cases	439	445	420	405	395	360	311	262	255	-41,9%	1,3%	-5,6%	-3,5%	-2,7%	-8,8%	-13,6%	-15,7%	-2,7%

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 426	6 419	7 782	7 841	8 620	7 990	7 320	-	-	-	-0,1%	21,2%	0,8%	9,9%	-7,3%	-8,4%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 303	3 995	4 213	4 130	4 745	3 917	3 305	-	-	-	-7,2%	5,5%	-2,0%	14,9%	-17,4%	-15,6%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			1 656	2 010	3 119	3 385	3 692	3 888	3 839	-	-	-	21,4%	55,2%	8,5%	9,1%	5,3%	-1,3%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			467	414	450	326	183	185	176	-	-	-	-11,3%	8,7%	-27,6%	-43,9%	1,1%	-4,9%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			23 545	25 440	23 053	20 648	18 336	17 082	15 742	-	-	-	8,0%	-9,4%	-10,4%	-11,2%	-6,8%	-7,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			14 687	14 992	14 605	13 943	12 498	11 463	10 788	-	-	-	2,1%	-2,6%	-4,5%	-10,4%	-8,3%	-5,9%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			3 948	5 635	4 457	4 138	3 877	3 683	3 286	-	-	-	42,7%	-20,9%	-7,2%	-6,3%	-5,0%	-10,8%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			4 910	4 813	3 991	2 567	1 961	1 936	1 668	-	-	-	-2,0%	-17,1%	-35,7%	-23,6%	-1,3%	-13,8%

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			23 552	24 077	22 994	19 869	18 966	17 752	17 657	-	-	-	2,2%	-4,5%	-13,6%	-4,5%	-6,4%	-0,5%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			14 995	14 774	14 688	13 328	13 326	12 075	11 941	-	-	-	-1,5%	-0,6%	-9,3%	0,0%	-9,4%	-1,1%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			3 594	4 526	4 191	3 831	NA	3 732	4 021	-	-	-	25,9%	-7,4%	-8,6%	-	-	7,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			4 963	4 777	4 115	2 710	1 959	1 945	1 695	-	-	-	-3,7%	-13,9%	-34,1%	-27,7%	-0,7%	-12,9%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 419	7 782	7 841	8 620	7 990	7 320	5 405	-	-	-	21,2%	0,8%	9,9%	-7,3%	-8,4%	-26,2%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 995	4 213	4 130	4 745	3 917	3 305	2 152	-	-	-	5,5%	-2,0%	14,9%	-17,4%	-15,6%	-34,9%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			2 010	3 119	3 385	3 692	NA	3 839	3 104	-	-	-	55,2%	8,5%	9,1%	-	-	-19,1%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			414	450	326	183	185	176	149	-	-	-	8,7%	-27,6%	-43,9%	1,1%	-4,9%	-15,3%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	29	28	47	26	37	-	-	-	-	-	-3,4%	67,9%	-44,7%	42,3%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	18	19	22	13	15	-	-	-	-	-	5,6%	15,8%	-40,9%	15,4%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	11	9	25	13	2	-	-	-	-	-	-18,2%	177,8%	-48,0%	-84,6%

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			100,0%	94,6%	99,7%	96,2%	103,4%	103,9%	112,2%	-	-	-	(5,39)	5,39	(3,53)	7,49	0,47	7,93
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			102,1%	98,5%	100,6%	95,6%	106,6%	105,3%	110,7%	-	-	-	(3,48)	2,05	(4,95)	11,55	(1,21)	5,08
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			91,0%	80,3%	94,0%	92,6%	NA	101,3%	122,4%	-	-	-	(11,77)	17,07	(1,54)	-	-	20,76
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			101,1%	99,3%	103,1%	105,6%	99,9%	100,5%	101,6%	-	-	-	(1,81)	3,88	2,39	(5,37)	0,57	1,15
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			99	118	124	158	154	151	112	-	-	-	18,6%	5,5%	27,2%	-2,9%	-2,1%	-25,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			97	104	103	130	107	100	66	-	-	-	7,0%	-1,4%	26,6%	-17,4%	-6,9%	-34,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			204	252	295	352	NA	375	282	-	-	-	23,2%	17,2%	19,3%	-	-	-25,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			30	34	29	25	34	33	32	-	-	-	12,9%	-15,9%	-14,8%	39,8%	-4,2%	-2,9%

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			315	439	281	298	321	250	328	-	-	-	39,4%	-36,0%	6,0%	7,7%	-22,1%	31,2%	
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			293	403	252	278	292	226	307	-	-	-	37,5%	-37,5%	10,3%	5,0%	-22,6%	35,8%	
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			22	36	29	20	29	24	21	-	-	-	63,6%	-19,4%	-31,0%	45,0%	-17,2%	-12,5%	
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			820	690	709	634	572	585	546	-	-	-	-15,9%	2,8%	-10,6%	-9,8%	2,3%	-6,7%	
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			659	543	576	502	451	476	447	-	-	-	-17,6%	6,1%	-12,8%	-10,2%	5,5%	-6,1%	
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			161	147	133	132	121	109	99	-	-	-	-8,7%	-9,5%	-0,8%	-8,3%	-9,9%	-9,2%	

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			696	848	692	611	643	507	466	-	-	-	21,8%	-18,4%	-11,7%	5,2%	-21,2%	-8,1%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			549	694	550	488	517	395	365	-	-	-	26,4%	-20,7%	-11,3%	5,9%	-23,6%	-7,6%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			147	154	142	123	126	112	101	-	-	-	4,8%	-7,8%	-13,4%	2,4%	-11,1%	-9,8%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			439	252	298	321	250	328	408	-	-	-	-42,6%	18,3%	7,7%	-22,1%	31,2%	24,4%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			403	252	278	292	226	307	389	-	-	-	-37,5%	10,3%	5,0%	-22,6%	35,8%	26,7%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			36	29	20	29	24	21	19	-	-	-	-19,4%	-31,0%	45,0%	-17,2%	-12,5%	-9,5%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	-	5	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-80,0%	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	-	5	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-80,0%	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			84,9%	122,9%	97,6%	96,4%	112,4%	86,7%	85,3%	-	-	-	44,79	(20,58)	(1,26)	16,64	(22,90)	(1,52)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			83,3%	127,8%	95,5%	97,2%	114,6%	83,0%	81,7%	-	-	-	53,42	(25,29)	1,81	17,92	(27,61)	(1,60)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			91,3%	104,8%	106,8%	93,2%	104,1%	102,8%	102,0%	-	-	-	14,74	1,91	(12,72)	11,75	(1,33)	(0,71)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			230	108	157	192	142	236	320	-	-	-	-52,9%	44,9%	22,0%	-26,0%	66,4%	35,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			268	133	184	218	160	284	389	-	-	-	-50,5%	39,2%	18,4%	-26,9%	77,8%	37,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			89	69	51	86	70	68	69	-	-	-	-23,1%	-25,2%	67,4%	-19,2%	-1,6%	0,3%

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									2 907	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									17 225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									16 779	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									3 353	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									208	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									97,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									759	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									4 466	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									4 418	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									807	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									98,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									261	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									265	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									86	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									101,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Total									118	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 5: Access to justice																			
Legal aid																			
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																			
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True									
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True									
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True									
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True									
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True									
020.1.1 Total										76 914									
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										NA									
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										NA									
020.2.1 Total brought to court										36 544									
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										27 442									
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										9 102									
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										40 370									
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										5									
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA									

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
System for compensating users																			
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																			
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										78									
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										22									
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										-									
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										25									
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										12									
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										19									
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										35									
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										6									
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										2									
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										15									
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										8									
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										4									
037.3.1 Amount - Total										26 705 €									
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										6 000 €									
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										-									
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										5 690 €									
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										14 050 €									
037.3.6 Amount - Other										966 €									

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Both	Both	Both										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Publication of decision online	Publication of decision online	Both										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Both	Both	Both										

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI								
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI								
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI								
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								NA	NA	NA								
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								NA	NA	NA								
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry								- True	True	True								
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry								- True	True	True								
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry								- True	True	True								
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry								- True	True	True								
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry								- False	False	False								
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry								- False	False	False								
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)								- 100%	100%	100%								
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)								- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)								
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)								- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)								
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)								- True	True	True								
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)								- False	False	False								
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)								- False	False	False								
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)								- True	True	True								
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	False	False								
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	False	False								

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	NA	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							True	True	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	False	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	True	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							NA	100%	NA											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	False	False											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							False	False	False											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	True	False											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	False	False											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	False	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	True											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							True	True	True											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)																		
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Other	Other	Other									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)																		
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							Other	Other	Other									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)										Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer								
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)																		
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)										Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer								

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	768	772	754	762	778	767	758	750	740	-3,6%	0,5%	-2,3%	1,1%	2,1%	-1,4%	-1,2%	-1,1%	-1,3%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	684	691	671	679	692	686	676	667	662	-3,2%	1,0%	-2,9%	1,2%	1,9%	-0,9%	-1,5%	-1,3%	-0,7%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	51	48	49	48	51	48	49	50	48	-5,9%	-5,9%	2,1%	-2,0%	6,3%	-5,9%	2,1%	2,0%	-4,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	33	33	34	35	35	33	33	33	30	-9,1%	0,0%	3,0%	2,9%	0,0%	-5,7%	0,0%	0,0%	-9,1%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	315	312	297	291	298	291	284	268	259	-17,8%	-1,0%	-4,8%	-2,0%	2,4%	-2,3%	-2,4%	-5,6%	-3,4%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	259	261	246	240	245	242	235	220	216	-16,6%	0,8%	-5,7%	-2,4%	2,1%	-1,2%	-2,9%	-6,4%	-1,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	31	27	27	27	29	28	29	29	26	-16,1%	-12,9%	0,0%	0,0%	7,4%	-3,4%	3,6%	0,0%	-10,3%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	25	24	24	24	24	21	20	19	17	-32,0%	-4,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-12,5%	-4,8%	-5,0%	-10,5%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	453	460	457	471	480	476	474	482	481	6,2%	1,5%	-0,7%	3,1%	1,9%	-0,8%	-0,4%	1,7%	-0,2%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	425	430	425	439	447	444	441	447	446	4,9%	1,2%	-1,2%	3,3%	1,8%	-0,7%	-0,7%	1,4%	-0,2%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	20	21	22	21	22	20	20	21	22	10,0%	5,0%	4,8%	-4,5%	4,8%	-9,1%	0,0%	5,0%	4,8%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	8	9	10	11	11	12	13	14	13	62,5%	12,5%	11,1%	10,0%	0,0%	9,1%	8,3%	7,7%	-7,1%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	740	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	662	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	2 619	2 602	2 608	2 729	2 740	2 722	2 664	2 684	2 709	3,4%	-0,6%	0,2%	4,6%	0,4%	-0,7%	-2,1%	0,8%	0,9%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 348	1 358	1 369	1 475	1 526	1 505	1 451	1 467	1 485	10,2%	0,7%	0,8%	7,7%	3,5%	-1,4%	-3,6%	1,1%	1,2%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	776	733	801	816	855	871	849	861	873	12,5%	-5,5%	9,3%	1,9%	4,8%	1,9%	-2,5%	1,4%	1,4%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	425	428	353	350	272	259	280	270	265	-37,6%	0,7%	-17,5%	-0,8%	-22,3%	-4,8%	8,1%	-3,6%	-1,9%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	70	83	85	88	87	87	84	86	86	22,9%	18,6%	2,4%	3,5%	-1,1%	0,0%	-3,4%	2,4%	0,0%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	2 243	2 259	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	0,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	1 243	1 256	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	1,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	665	690	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	3,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	268	233	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-13,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	80	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									2 709	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									1 916	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									701	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									644	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									576	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									315	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									274	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									329	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									302	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									585	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									165	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									420	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	17 143 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	36 267 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	49 698 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	29 357 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	47 038 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	21 941 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	30 067 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	17 761 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	28 458 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																		
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																		
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 796	1 988	1 988	2 117	2 213	2 207	2 213	2 248	2 254	25,5%	10,7%	0,0%	6,5%	4,5%	-0,3%	0,3%	1,6%	0,3%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 377	1 393	1 393	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,2%	0,0%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	836	855	941	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,3%	10,1%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lithuania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																				
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																				
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	47	47	109	129	269	366	469	392	552	1074,5%	0,0%	131,9%	18,3%	108,5%	36,1%	28,1%	-16,4%	40,8%		
167.1.1 Total number started					313	540	483	696	523	-	-	-	-	-	72,5%	-10,6%	44,1%	-24,9%		
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					139	200	223	314	248	-	-	-	-	-	43,9%	11,5%	40,8%	-21,0%		
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					172	333	258	367	254	-	-	-	-	-	93,6%	-22,5%	42,2%	-30,8%		
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,0%		
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					2	7	2	8	14	-	-	-	-	-	250,0%	-71,4%	300,0%	75,0%		
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

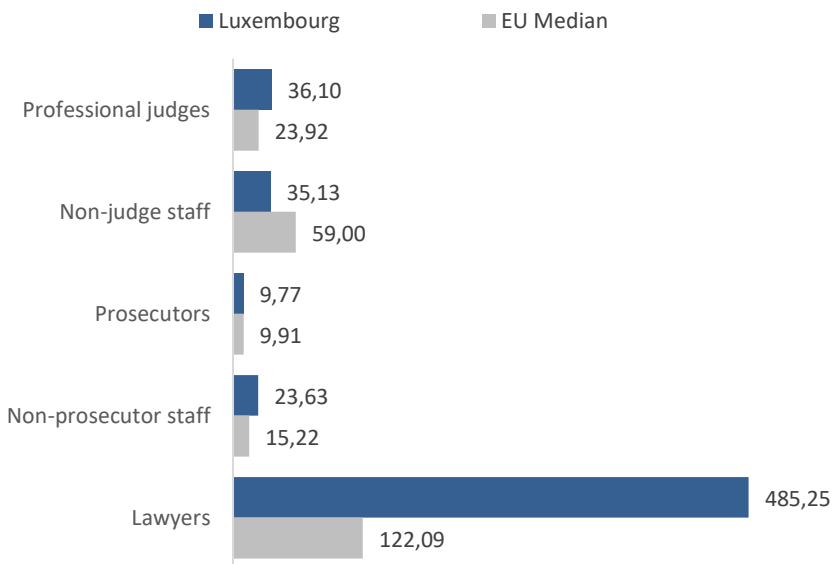
Judiciary at a glance in Luxembourg

General data

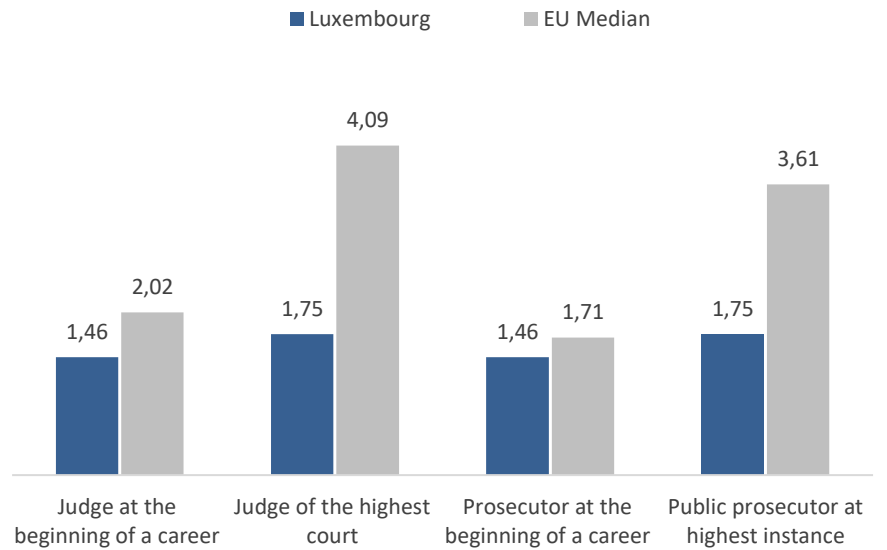
Population: 634 730 **GDP per capita:** 101 056 € **Average annual salary:** 63 015 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

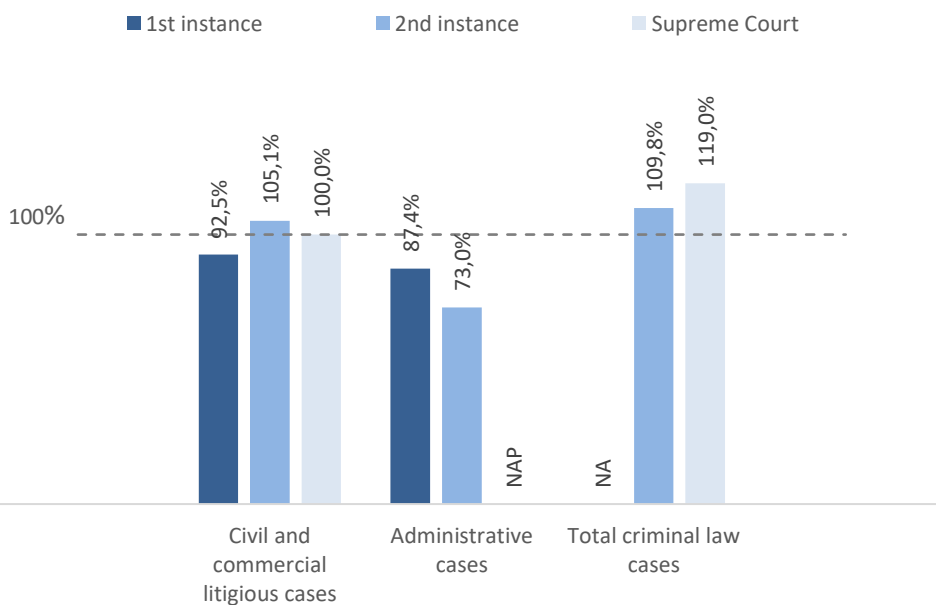


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

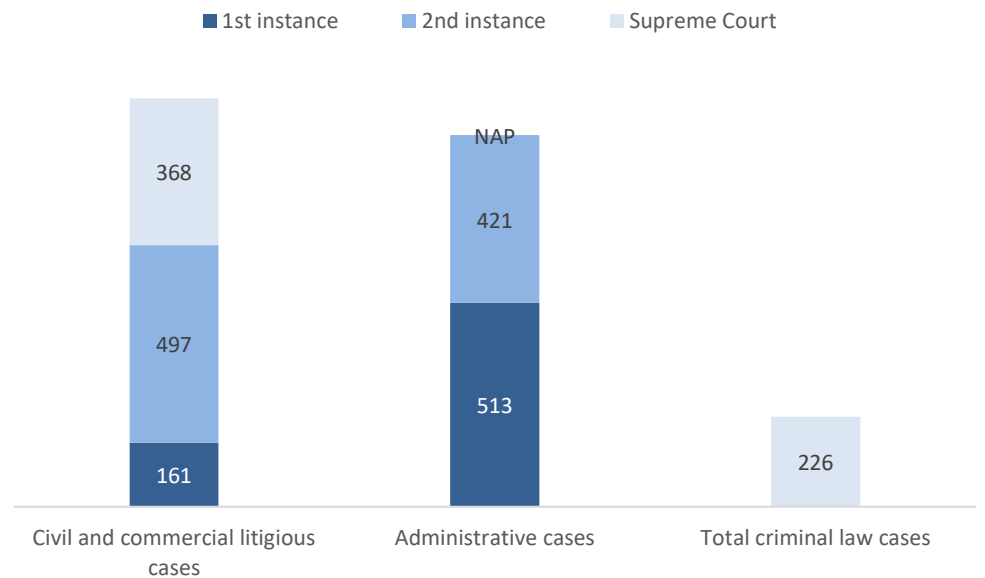


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

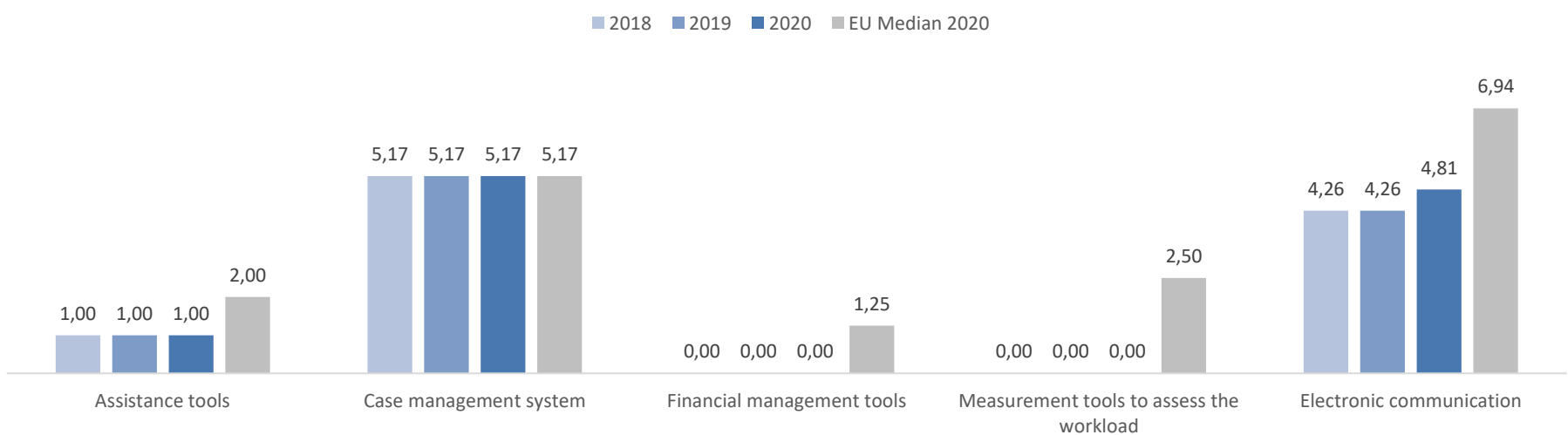


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Luxembourg

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Population	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	634 730	20,9%	4,9%	3,9%	2,0%	2,0%	1,4%
GDP per capita	83 600	83 400	88 500	88 500	90 700	92 026	95 943	101 446	101 056	20,9%	2,5%	5,8%	4,3%	5,7%	-0,4%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	42 500		46 000		66 300		61 720	63 015	63 015	48,3%	44,1%	-6,9%		2,1%	0,0%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	34,1	32,7	32,7	32,5	31,7	32,9	36,2	36,1	36,1	5,8%	-3,1%	14,2%	9,9%	-0,2%	0,0%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	NA	36,0	34,8	35,0	33,9	33,2	35,8	35,9	35,1	NA	-2,7%	5,8%	7,9%	0,3%	-2,2%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	384,8	400,5	387,2	412,6	403,1	431,4	487,5	465,4	485,2	26,1%	4,1%	21,0%	13,0%	-4,5%	4,3%
Mediators	21,0	23,6	24,0	19,5	29,3	23,9	32,3	36,3	37,5	79,0%	22,1%	10,1%	34,8%	12,4%	3,4%
ICT overall assesment							3,7	3,7	3,9					0,0%	5,3%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020										
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,899	0,844	0,901	0,809	0,767	0,765	0,855	1,218	1,208	34,4%	-14,9%	11,4%	11,8%	42,5%	-0,9%
Administrative law cases	0,308	0,2	0,2	0,225	0,200	0,201	0,203	0,233	0,173	-43,9%	-17,8%	1,3%	0,7%	14,6%	-25,8%
Total criminal law cases									NA						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	173%	182%	97%	105%	100%	96%	93%	88%	93%	-80,31	3,25	-6,56	-2,84	-5,42	4,50
CR administrative law cases	70%	94%	94%	91%	98%	94%	86%	75%	87%	17,61	4,20	-11,76	-8,36	-10,75	12,19
CR total criminal law cases									NA						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020										
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	73	53	103	86	91	108	123	139	161	120,3%	-11,0%	34,2%	14,1%	13,5%	15,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	513	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020										
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,31	0,22	0,25	0,20	0,19	0,22	0,27	0,41	0,49	58,5%	-21,7%	39,7%	23,8%	52,3%	20,7%
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0,21	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total criminal law cases									NA						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			87%	100%	106%	118%	115%	103%	105%		19,43	8,50	-3,55	-11,74	2,20
CR administrative law cases			101%	104%	102%	97%	103%	96%	73%		1,09	1,19	5,64	-6,97	-22,89
CR total criminal law cases									110%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020										
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			722	601	553	466	467	488	497		-23,5%	-15,6%	0,1%	4,6%	1,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)			175	202	228	211	222	285	421		30,1%	-2,5%	5,1%	28,1%	47,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	90%	100%	78%	95%	96%	100%		NA	-4,67	17,20	0,36	4,31
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									119%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020										
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	287	276	398	408	358	368		NA	47,6%	2,5%	-12,1%	2,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									226						

1. Judicial organisation in Luxembourg

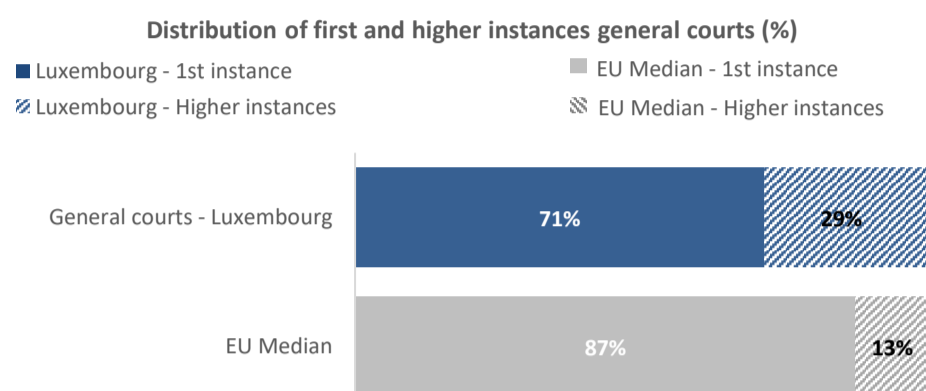
In Luxembourg in 2020, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 13. Namely, there are 7 courts of general jurisdiction and 6 specialised courts.

The 7 legal entities of general jurisdiction encompass 5 first instance courts, namely 3 Justices of the peace and 2 District courts, one Appellate court and one Cassation Court. It is noteworthy that the Court of appeal and the Court of cassation are both part of the Supreme Court of Justice.

Among the 6 specialised courts, 3 act at first instance and 3 are higher instance courts (see below for more details).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 8 courts among which 3 are of first instance.

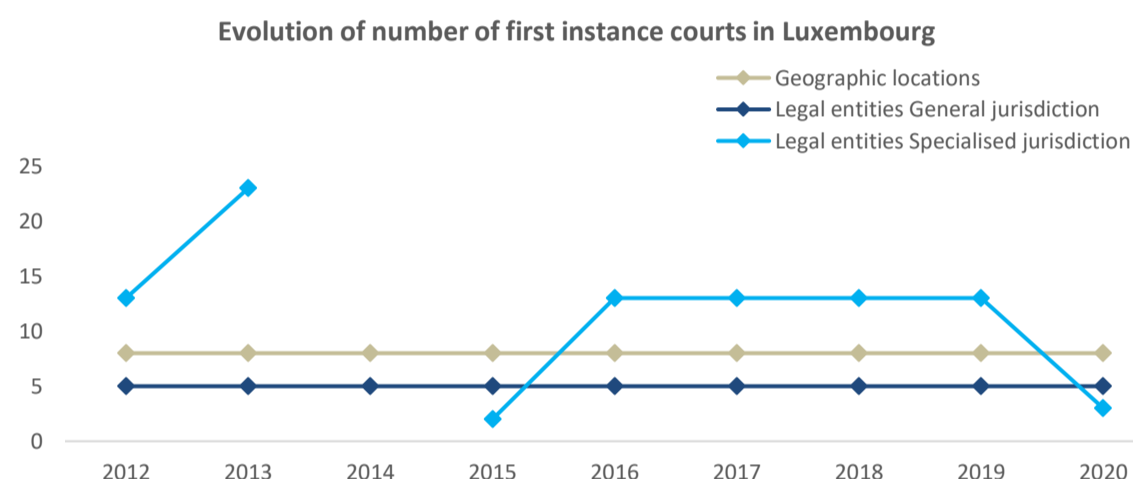
Distribution of general courts in Luxembourg



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Luxembourg is around the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Luxembourg

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	8	5	13
2013	8	5	23
2014	8	5	
2015	8	5	2
2016	8	5	13
2017	8	5	13
2018	8	5	13
2019	8	5	13
2020	8	5	3



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 62,5% - 37,5% is around the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	3	3
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1
Military courts	1	1
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

For 2020, in contrast with previous evaluation cycles, data on specialised courts is presented in terms of legal entities.

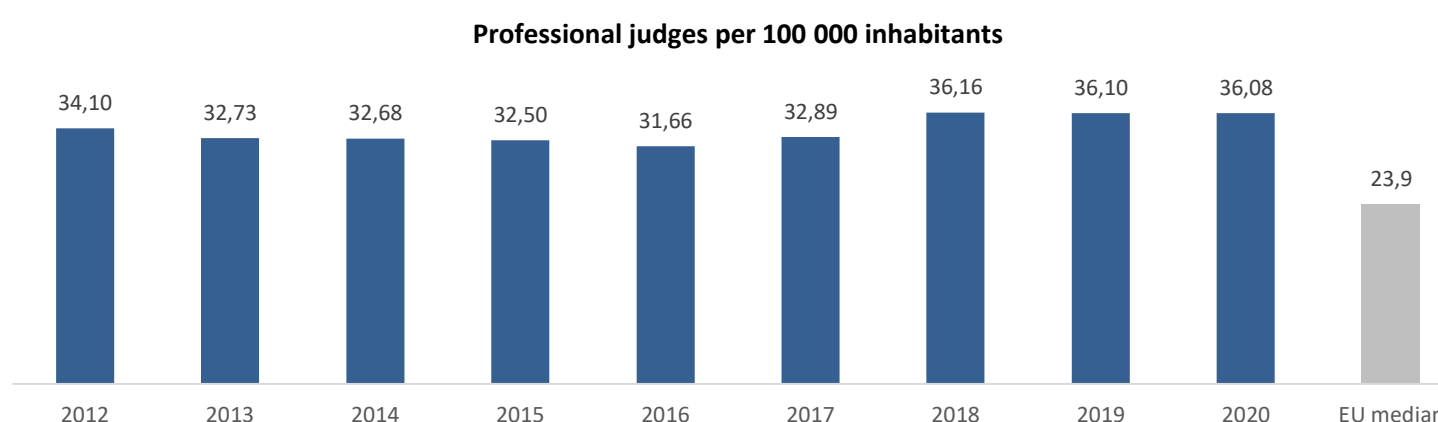
General courts are organized into specialized sections of a court. For example, the commercial courts (which also deal with insolvency cases) are specialized sections of the District court. Only the administrative, military and social security courts are autonomous.

2. Professionals of justice in Luxembourg

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	179	34,10
2013	180	32,73
2014	184	32,68
2015	183	32,50
2016	187	31,66
2017	198	32,89
2018	222	36,16
2019	226	36,10
2020	229	36,08



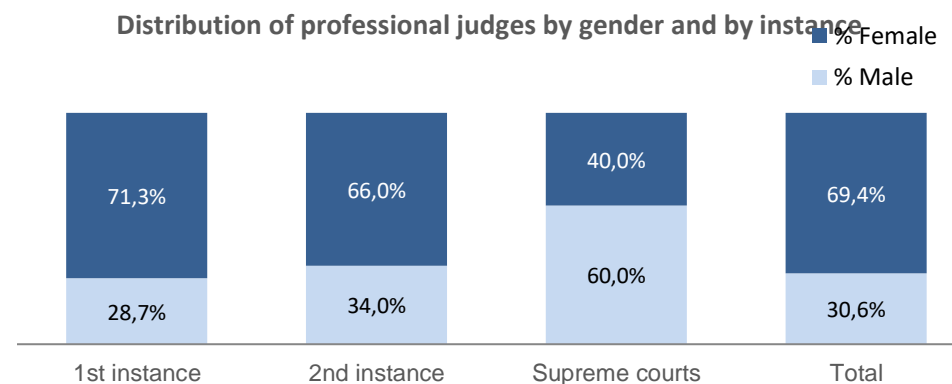
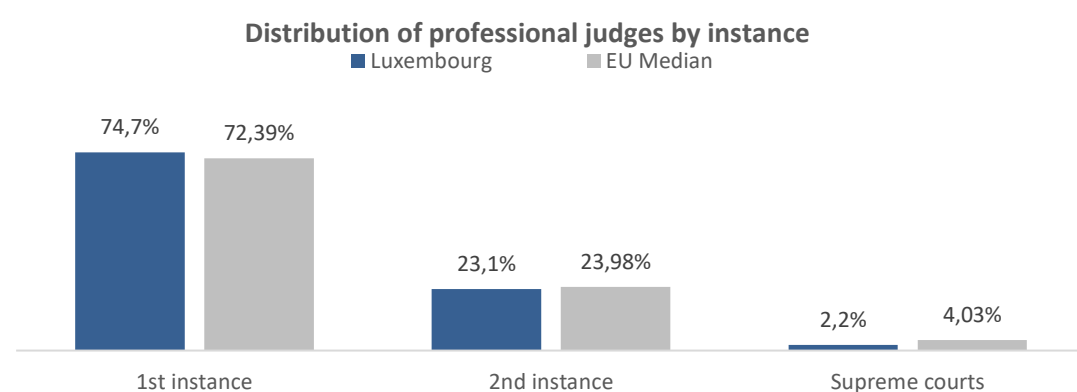
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Luxembourg is 229, which is 1,3% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Luxembourg, there are 36,08 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 0,97 non-judge staff per judge .

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 1,00 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	171	74,7%	49	122	28,7%	71,3%
2nd instance	53	23,1%	18	35	34,0%	66,0%
Supreme courts	5	2,2%	3	2	60,0%	40,0%
Total	229		70	159	30,6%	69,4%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 159, which represents 69,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 171 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 122 are female); 53 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 35 are female) and 5 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 2 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend observed in Luxembourg is quite similar, especially as concerns 1st and 2nd instances. Last instance judges are less numerous.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Luxembourg presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the number of professional judges at first instance courts includes District courts judges, justices of the peace and judges of the administrative tribunal. The number of professional judges at appellate courts (2nd instance) includes judges of the Court of appeal of the Supreme Court of Justice and the Administrative court. The number of professional judges at Supreme court level includes only judges of the Cassation Court.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at third instance.

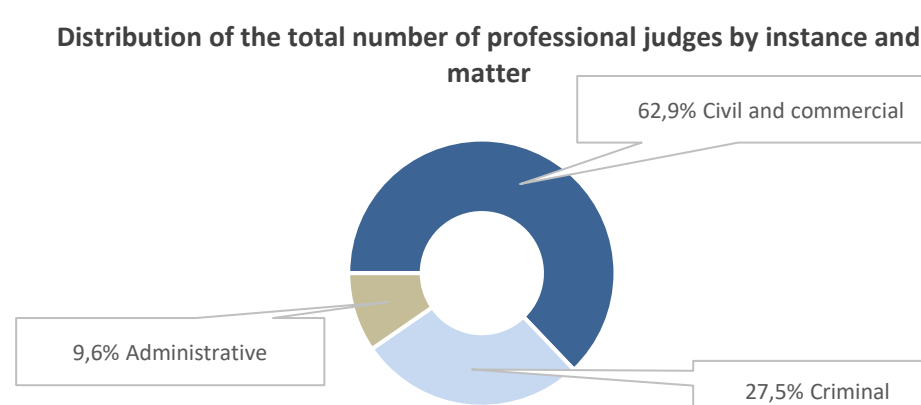
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	171	106	48	17	NAP
2nd instance	53	33	15	5	NAP
Supreme courts	5	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	229	144	63	22	NAP

In Luxembourg, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

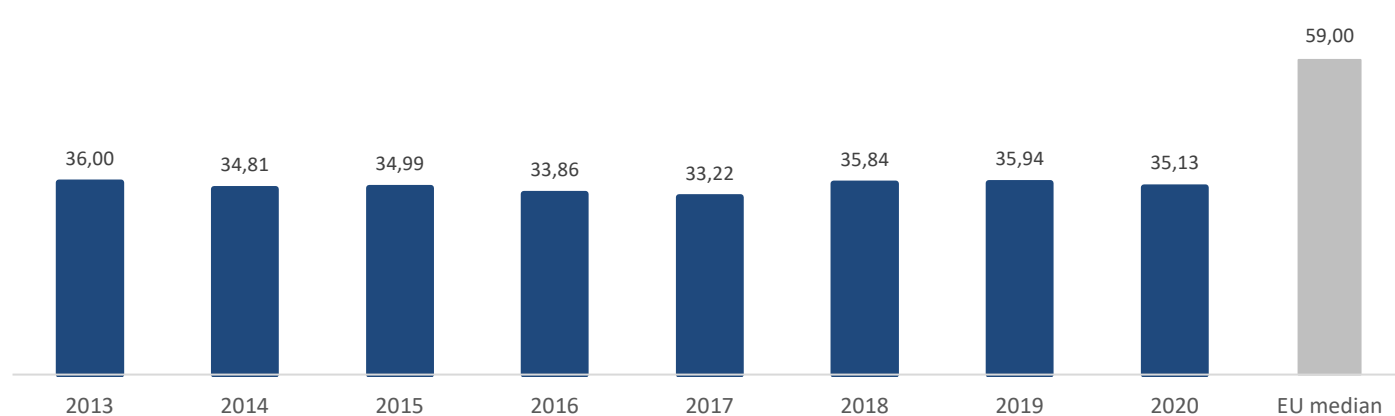
2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	62,0%	28,1%	9,9%	NAP
2nd instance	62,3%	28,3%	9,4%	NAP
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	62,9%	27,5%	9,6%	NAP



Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	NA	198	196	197	200	200	220	225	223
Per 100 000 inhabitants	NA	36,00	34,81	34,99	33,86	33,22	35,84	35,94	35,13

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	223	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	213	95,5%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	3	1,3%
Technical staff	3	1,3%
Other	4	1,8%

In 2020, Luxembourg has 223 non-judge staff (of which 144 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,9%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 213 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 140 are women);
- 3 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 1 are women);
- 3 technical staff (of which 0 are women);
- 4 other (of which 3 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 35,9 in 2019 to 35,1 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 36,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 36,1 in 2020.

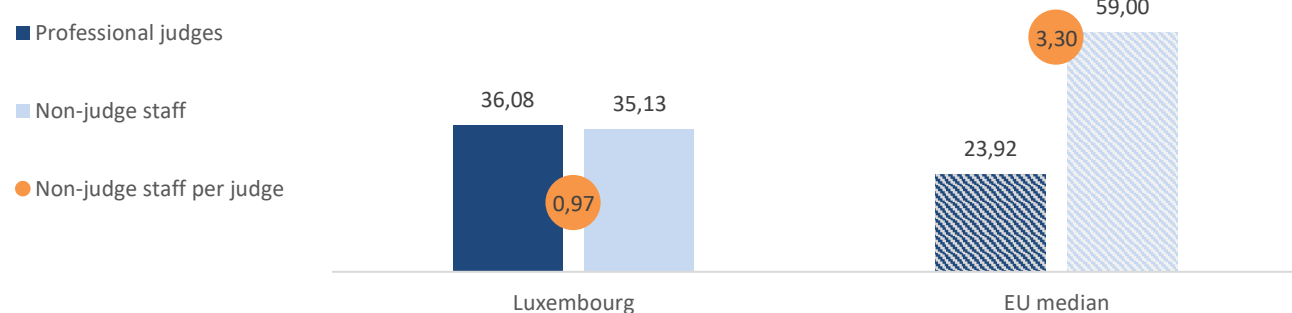
It is noteworthy that all non-judge staff is in charge of assisting judges (except at the administrative courts). Therefore, starting from 2017, the distinction between staff in charge of administrative tasks and staff assisting judges is no more carried out. Only at the administrative courts there are 6 persons not assisting judges.

The other non-judicial staff consists of three legal secretaries and a data protection compliance officer of the administrative courts.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Luxembourg	EU median
Professional judges	36,08	23,92
Non-judge staff	35,13	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	0,97	3,30

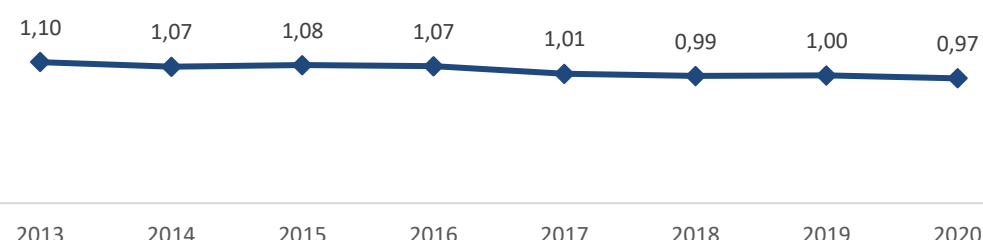
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	34,10	NA	NA
2013	32,73	36,00	1,10
2014	32,68	34,81	1,07
2015	32,50	34,99	1,08
2016	31,66	33,86	1,07
2017	32,89	33,22	1,01
2018	36,16	35,84	0,99
2019	36,10	35,94	1,00
2020	36,08	35,13	0,97

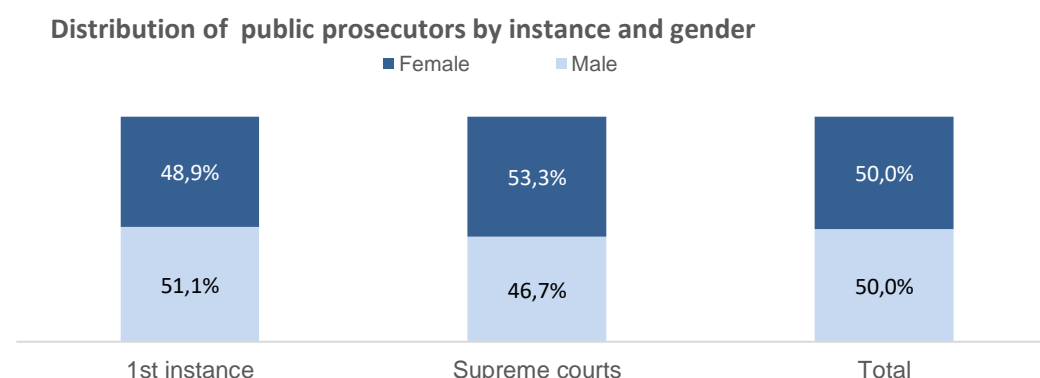
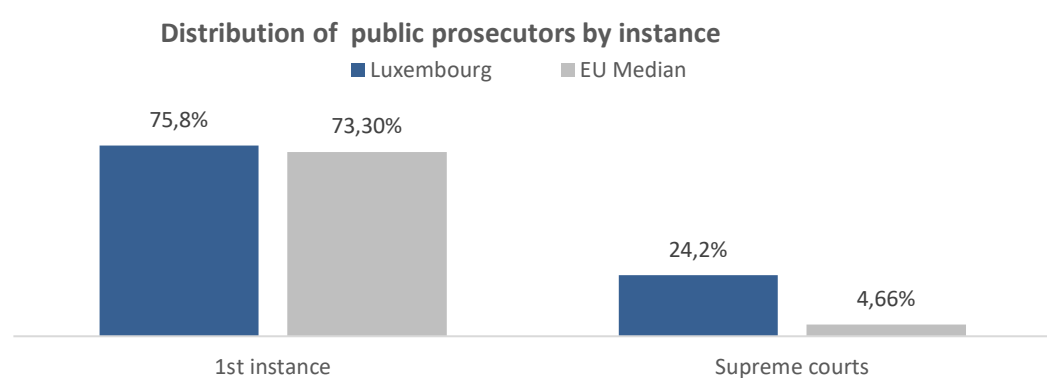
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	47	75,8%	24	23	51,1%	48,9%
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	15	24,2%	7	8	46,7%	53,3%
Total	62		31	31	50,0%	50,0%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 31, which represents 50,0% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 47 in first instance (of which 23 are female); NAP are in second instance (of which NAP are female) and 15 in final instance (of which 8 are female).

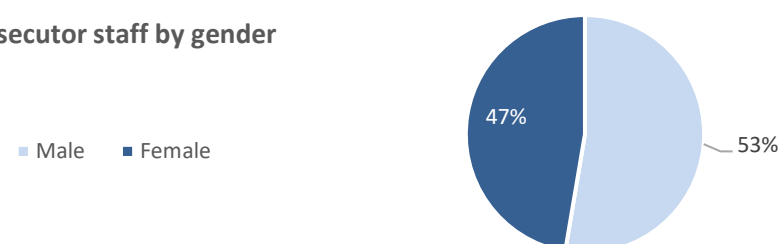
As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Luxembourg presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the data communicated for the 3rd instance includes both second instance and Supreme Court prosecutors, as they are grouped together in the Supreme Court of Justice, which is subdivided into the Court of Appeal and the Court of Cassation.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors have the majority at third instance, while at first instance male prosecutors are still more numerous.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	150	79	71

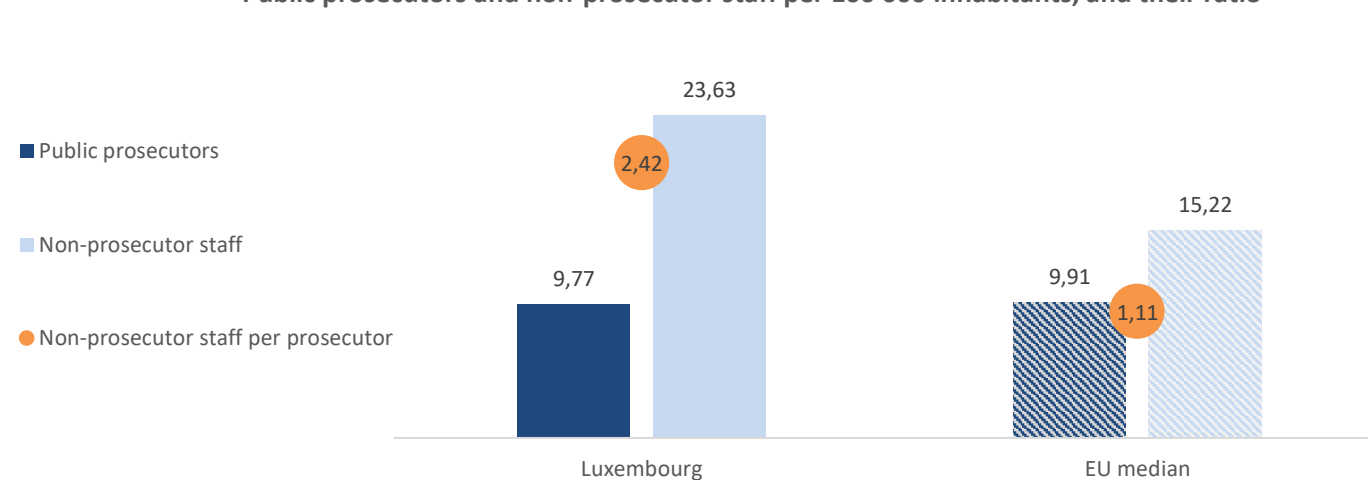
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

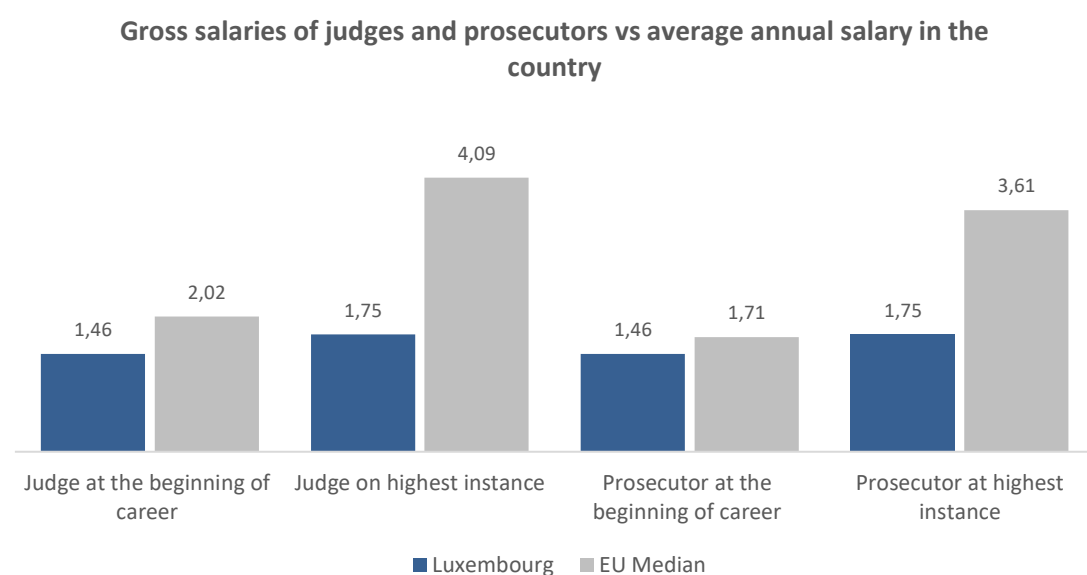
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Luxembourg	EU median
Public prosecutors	9,77	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	23,63	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	2,42	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	92 016 €	NA	1,46
Judge of the highest court	110 177 €	NA	1,75
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	92 016 €	NA	1,46
Public prosecutor at highest instance	110 177 €	NA	1,75



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Luxembourg of 92 016€ is more than 50% above when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 1,46 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

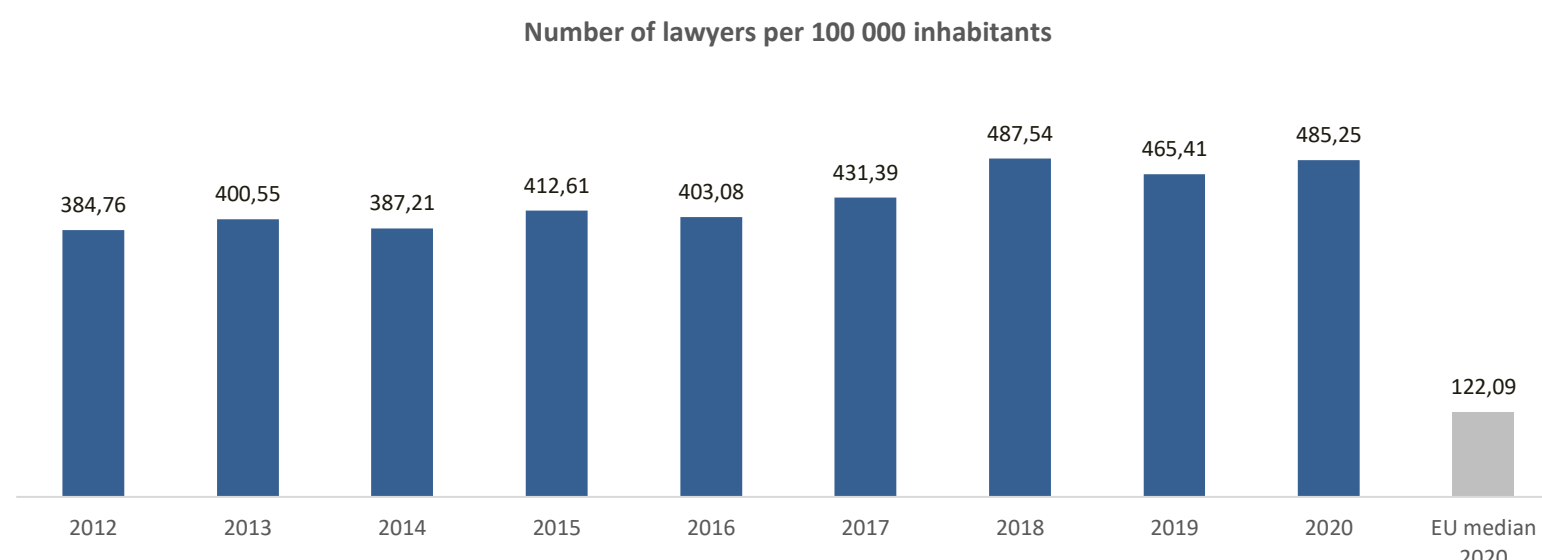
As a starting salary (first instance professional judge or prosecutor) is considered the salary of the "attachés de justice" after their first appointment. The salary scale of the magistrates provides for 380 index points as a basis, a possible professional experience can be added to it but is not taken into account in the present calculations.

As a theoretical basic salary in respect of a judge or prosecutor at the Court of Appeal, is taken the grade M4, step 4, which corresponds to 455 points and to the average seniority of a magistrate appointed to the Court (courts and General Prosecutor's Office). However, it should be taken into account that this salary is strongly influenced by the family situation of the person concerned.

To calculate the annual salary, these points must be multiplied by the value of the index point. In December 2020, the value of the index point for a civil servant was 20.17893, which corresponds to a 12-month salary of 92.016€ for a professional judge of first instance, respectively a salary of 110.177€ for a judge or prosecutor at the Supreme Court. These figures do not include any bonuses, allowances or benefits that may be added to the basic salary depending on the magistrate concerned. More explanations on the calculation of civil servants' salaries, which also apply to the M career of magistrates, can be found on the civil service website (<https://fonction-publique.public.lu/fr/carriere/parcours-remuneration/fonctionnaire/traitement.html>).

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	2 020	384,76
2013	2 203	400,55
2014	2 180	387,21
2015	2 323	412,61
2016	2 381	403,08
2017	2 597	431,39
2018	2 993	487,54
2019	2 914	465,41
2020	3 080	485,25



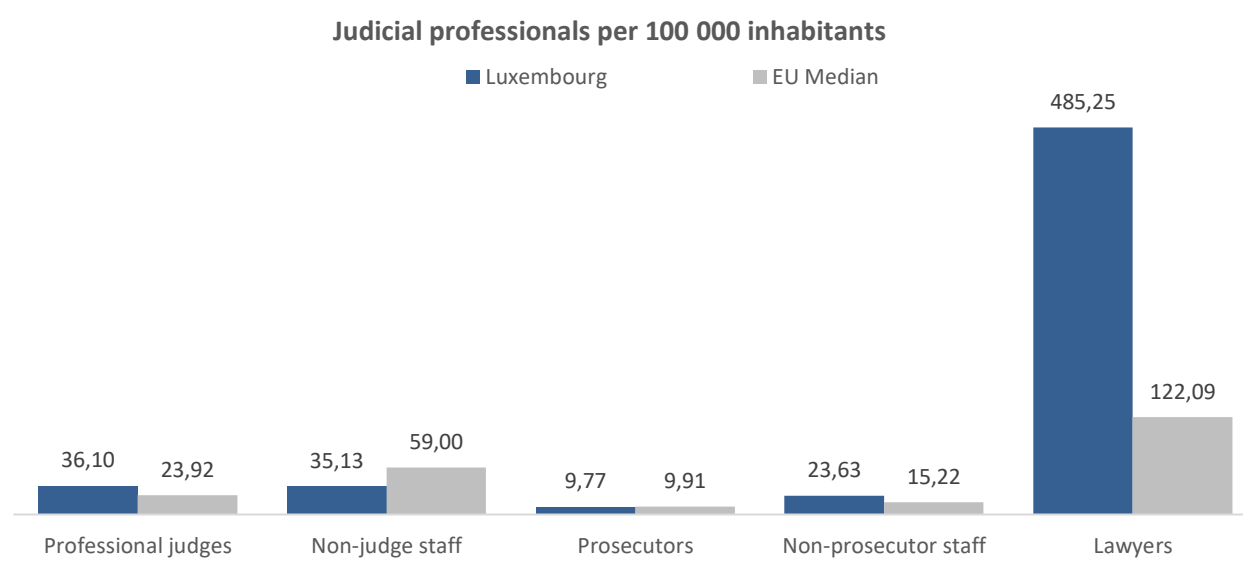
In 2020, there are 3 080 lawyers, which is 5,7% more than in 2019.

Luxembourg has 485,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

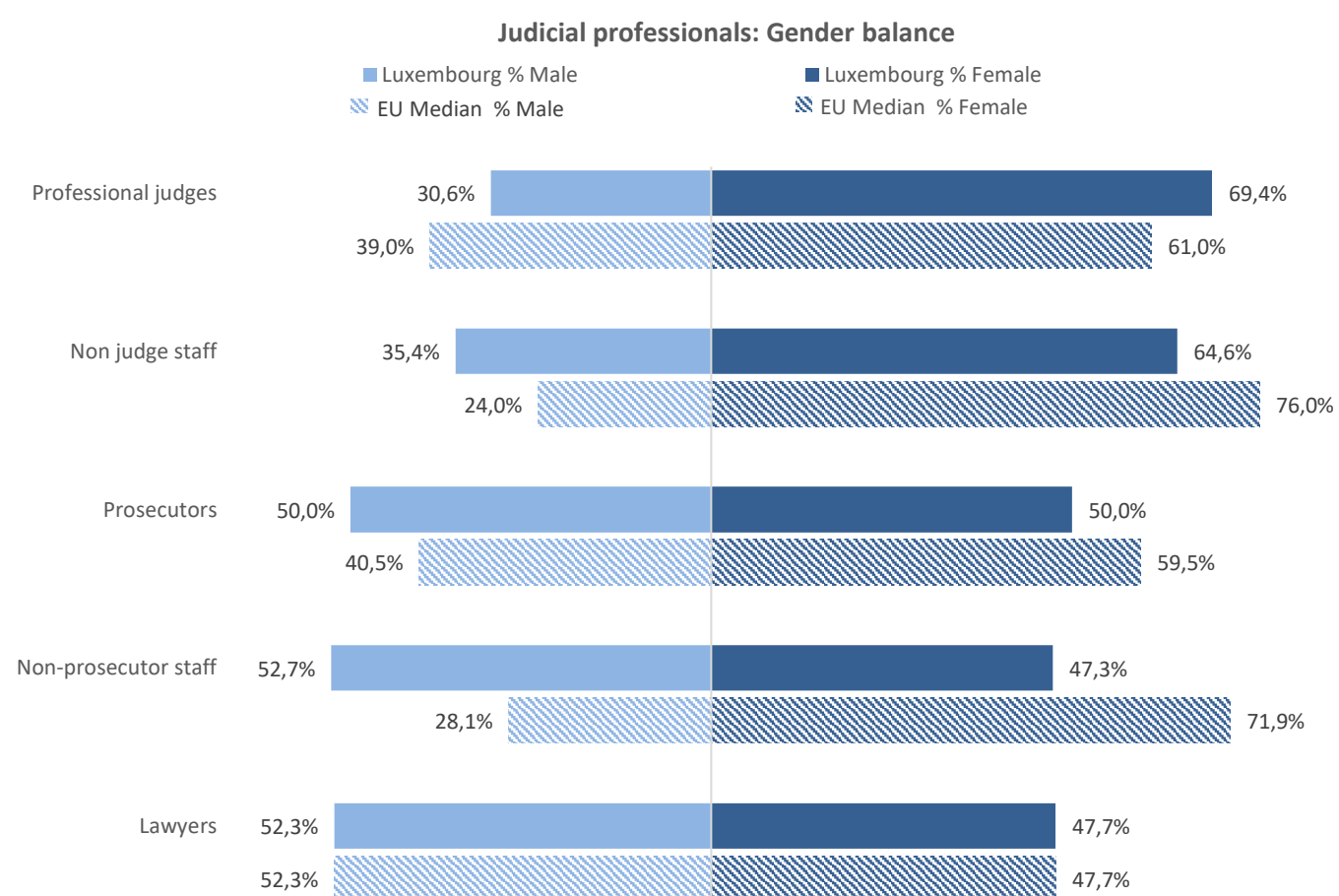
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	226	36,10	23,92
Non-judge staff	223	35,13	59,00
Prosecutors	62	9,77	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	150	23,63	15,22
Lawyers	3 080	485,25	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	30,6%	69,4%
Non judge staff	35,4%	64,6%
Prosecutors	50,0%	50,0%
Non-prosecutor staff	52,7%	47,3%
Lawyers	52,3%	47,7%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Luxembourg

In Luxembourg, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✘

In Luxembourg, litigants are not subject to the payment of taxes/court fees. No judicial body collects any tax or other payment in connection with the introduction or processing of a case in court. This answer does not include any fees charged by other entities (e.g. enforcement agents) in connection with court cases.

In Luxembourg, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✘

The Council of the Order has the task of providing legal aid to persons whose financial resources are insufficient to meet the costs of their defence. This insufficiency of resources is assessed in relation to the income and wealth of the person requesting legal aid and of the persons living with him/her in legal community.

Under the law, access to legal aid on national territory is not reserved to Luxembourg citizens and extends to a wide range of people. This concerns nationals of a EU Member State, foreigners authorised to settle in the Grand Duchy, foreigners assimilated to Luxembourg citizens in terms of legal aid by virtue of an international treaty and, lastly, any other foreign national, as regards procedures relating to the right of asylum, residence, establishment, access to or removal from the national territory.

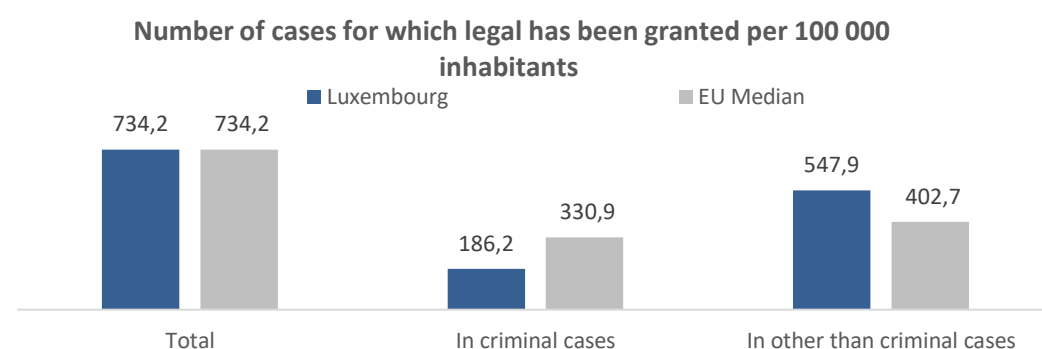
Legal aid is granted to plaintiffs and defendants, both in judicial and extra-judicial matters, whether they are litigious or non-litigious. However, legal aid is refused to any person whose case appears to be manifestly inadmissible, unfounded or disproportionate to the costs to be incurred. It should also be noted that, unless there is a conflict of interest or an impediment, the lawyer appointed by the Bar Council is obliged to provide assistance (Source: Barreau.lu : <https://www.barreau.lu/votre-avocat/assistance-judiciaire>).

The request for legal aid must be made by means of a questionnaire available through the Central Social Assistance Service or on the website of the Luxembourg Bar, signed by the applicant, and sent to the President of the Bar Association with territorial jurisdiction (Diekirch or Luxembourg). In the case of persons detained by the police or accused, the lawyer or the examining magistrate will forward the request to the President of the Bar. The applicant may also indicate the name of the lawyer(s) from whom he or she wishes to receive legal assistance, or if applicable, indicate the name of the lawyer from whom he or she is currently receiving legal assistance. A number of documents must be attached to the application. After verification of the insufficiency of resources, the admission or rejection of the application for legal aid is notified to the applicant by the President of the Bar or the member of the Bar Council delegated by him for this purpose, by simple letter in the case of admission, and by registered letter in the case of rejection. The latter appoints the lawyer freely chosen by the applicant or, in the absence of choice or when the President of the Bar considers the choice inappropriate, a designated lawyer. (Source: Guichet.lu: <https://guichet.public.lu/fr/citoyens/citoyennete/voies-recours-reglement-litiges/frais-avocat/demander-assistance-judiciaire.html>) The lawyer cannot, however, make the application on behalf of the applicant.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	4 660	NA	NA
In criminal cases	1 182	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	3 478	NA	NA

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Luxembourg	EU Median
Total	734,2	734,2
In criminal cases	186,2	330,9
In other than criminal cases	547,9	402,7



Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

According to the Luxembourg Bar Association, the average reply time to an application for legal aid is impossible to determine. Namely, the majority of the legal aid applications received are incomplete and will have to be returned before a final decision can be taken. The date of this decision depends on how quickly the applicant responds. The bar association does not have statistics on this point. The processing time of a legal aid application by the Legal Aid Department of the Luxembourg Bar is on average +/- 1 month, i.e. after receipt of a legal aid application until a decision is taken, which can be either an agreement or a refusal or a return in case of an incomplete application. However, it should be noted that urgent requests are treated as a priority by the service.

4. Performance of courts in Luxembourg

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

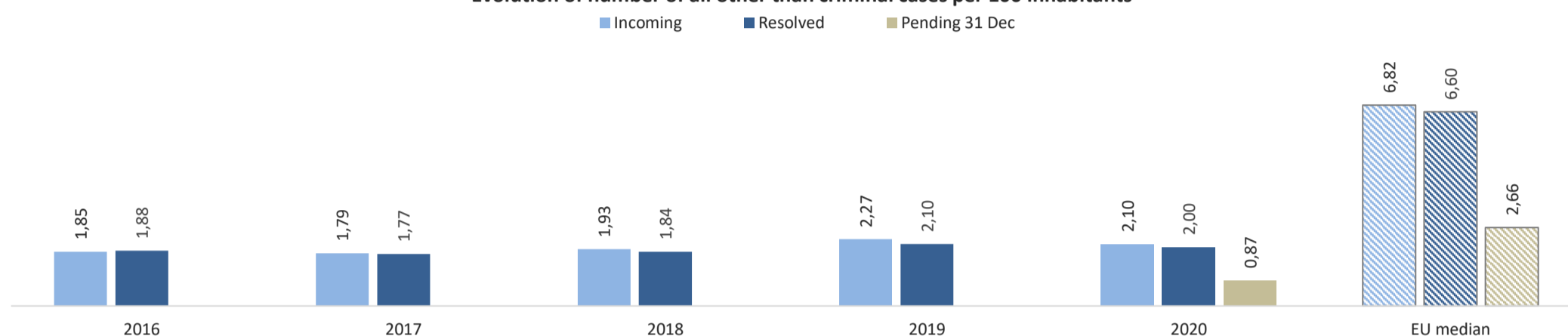
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Luxembourg (2,10 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

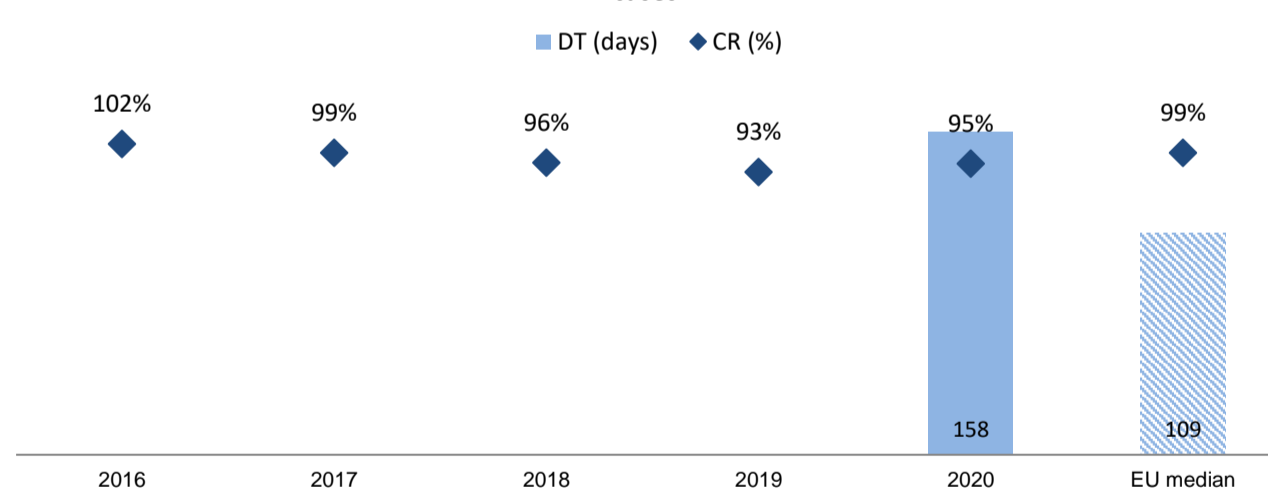
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Luxembourg (2,00 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Luxembourg (0,87 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	102%	NA
2017	99%	NA
2018	96%	NA
2019	93%	NA
2020	95%	158

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 95,2% in 2020 Luxembourg seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

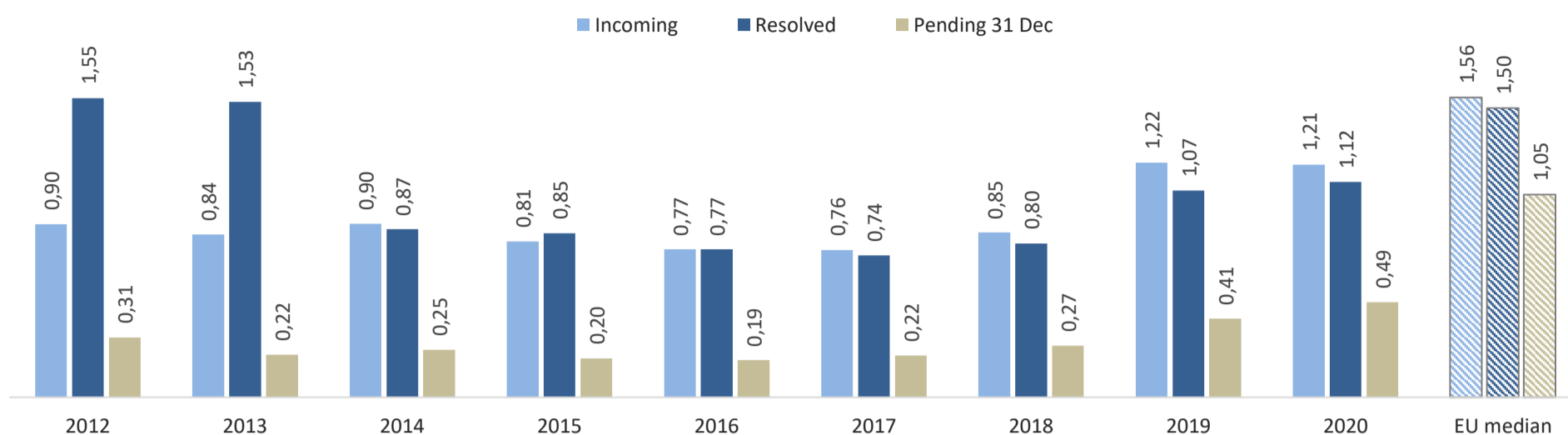
Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 2,7 points.

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Luxembourg (1,21 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

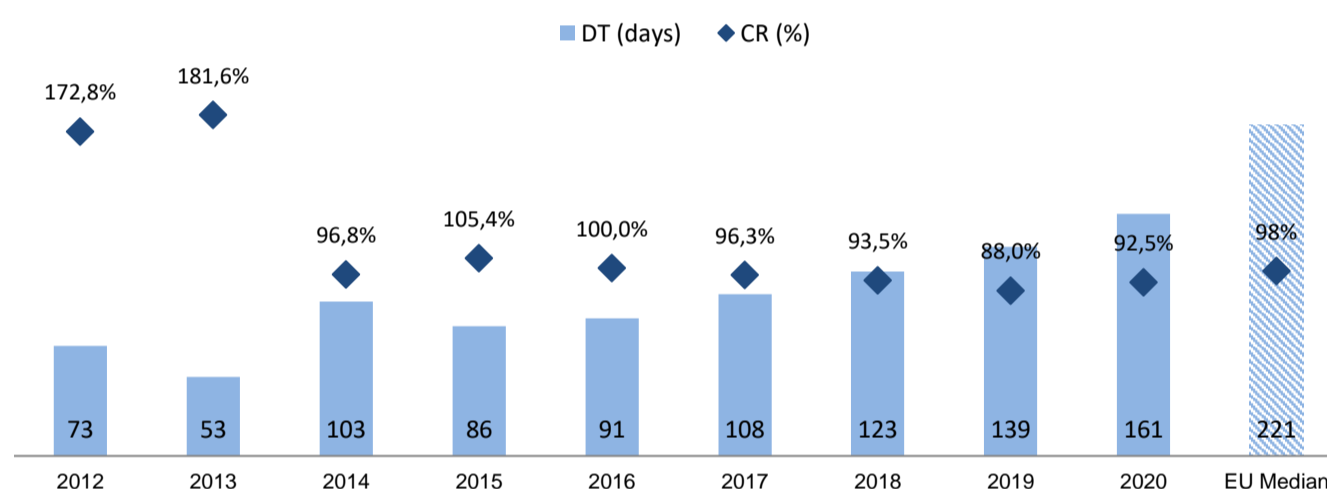
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Luxembourg (1,12 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Luxembourg (0,49 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	172,8%	73
2013	181,6%	53
2014	96,8%	103
2015	105,4%	86
2016	100,0%	91
2017	96,3%	108
2018	93,5%	123
2019	88,0%	139
2020	92,5%	161

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 92,5% in 2020, Luxembourg seems to encounter difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,5 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 161 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 221 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 15,8% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available. To date, it is not possible to provide information on cases in progress that are more than 2 years old. Computer developments aimed at establishing more detailed statistics are currently being studied.

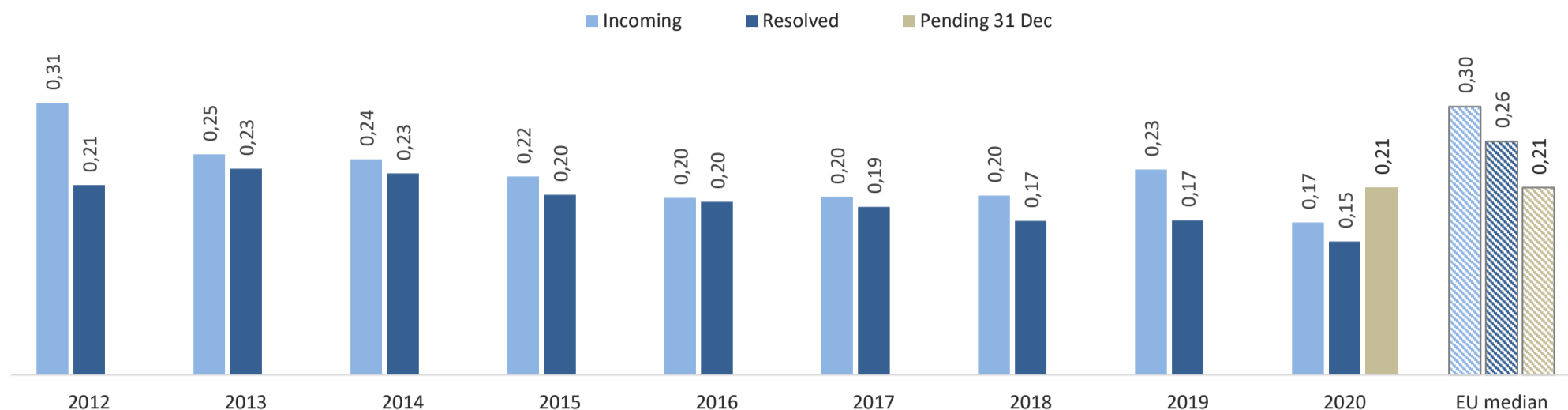
It is worth recalling that since the law of July 27, 2018 establishing the Family judge (JAF), in force as of 1.11. 2018, cases currently under the jurisdiction of the JAF are included in the category "civil litigious cases". These are cases previously handled by the civil chambers, but also cases handled by the juvenile and guardianship court (e.g., parental responsibility cases involving a natural child or a child whose parents are divorced) or at the justice of the peace level (alimony cases). There has been an increase in the number of incoming cases in these areas since they are handled by the Family judge. This fact can be explained by the simplification of access to justice for the litigant, who, in procedures other than divorce, can refer to the JAF by a simple letter; by the emergence of cases based on new legal provisions (e.g. request emanating from the minor); and by all the litigation generated by the new legal provision of the institution of a generalized joint parental authority. Moreover, since proceedings before the JAF take much less time than proceedings before the introduction of the JAF law, motions to modify decisions are filed more quickly and thus increase the volume of cases.

Due to the lockdown measures during the COVID-19 pandemic, the number of public hearings was reduced to a minimum, allowing courts to prioritize work on cases not requiring such hearings. In addition, special crisis legislation allowed cases to be taken under advisement without a public hearing, with the agreement of the parties.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Luxembourg (0,17 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

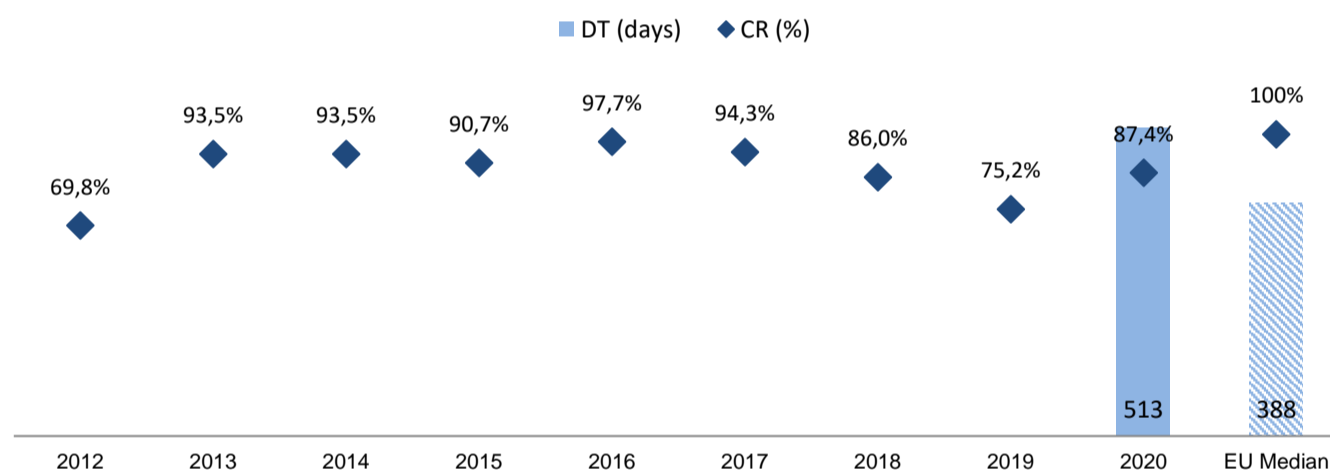
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Luxembourg (0,15 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Luxembourg (0,21 per 100 inhabitants) is the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	69,8%	NA
2013	93,5%	NA
2014	93,5%	NA
2015	90,7%	NA
2016	97,7%	NA
2017	94,3%	NA
2018	86,0%	NA
2019	75,2%	NA
2020	87,4%	513

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 87,4% in 2020, Luxembourg seems to face difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 12,2 points.

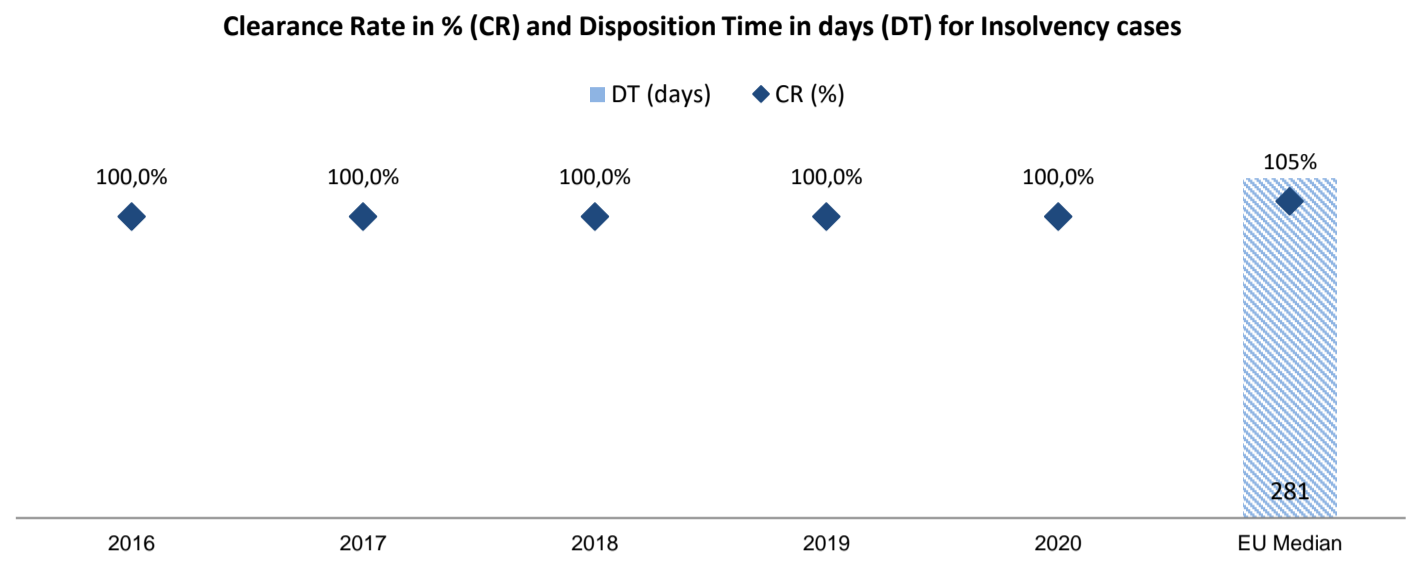
In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 513 days, which is somewhat above the EU median of 388 days.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available. To date, it is not possible to provide information on cases in progress that are more than 2 years old. Computer developments aimed at establishing more detailed statistics are currently being studied

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NAP	NAP
2015	NAP	NAP
2016	100,0%	NAP
2017	100,0%	NAP
2018	100,0%	NAP
2019	100,0%	NAP
2020	100,0%	NA



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 100,0% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Luxembourg seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has been stable, aligned at the 100% threshold.

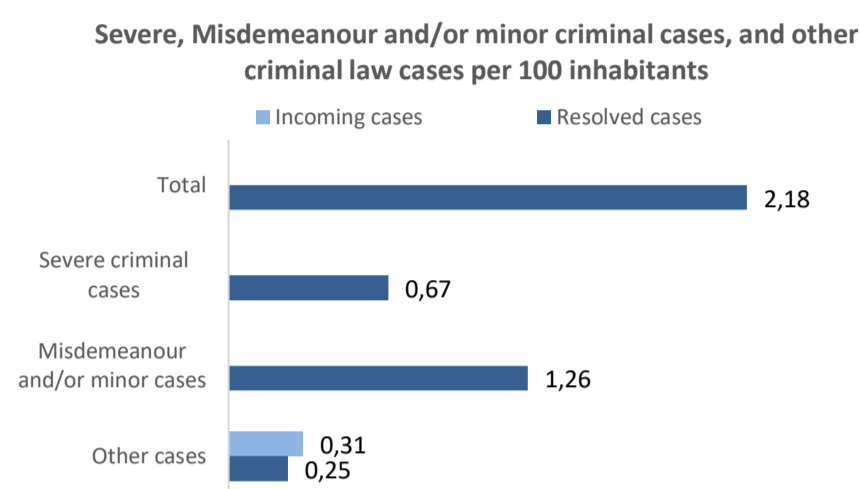
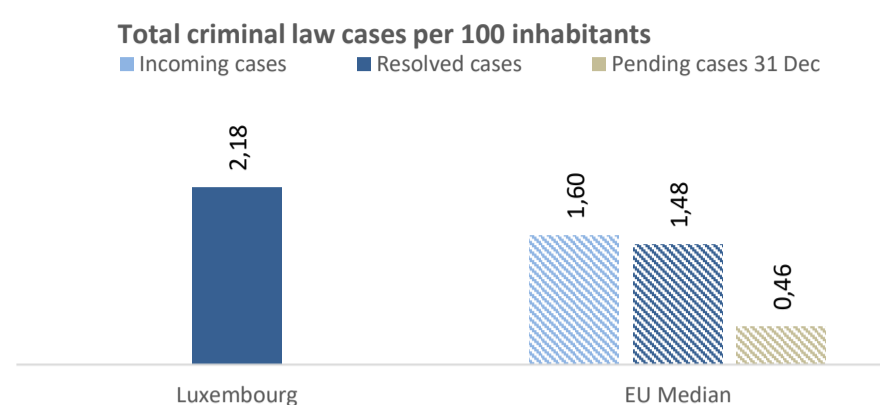
The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	NA	13 858	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	4 272	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	7 998	NA
Other cases	NA	1 995	1 588	NA

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	NA	2,18	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	0,67	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	1,26	NA
Other cases	NA	0,31	0,25	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Luxembourg is not available.

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Luxembourg (2,18 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Luxembourg is not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	NA	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA
Other cases	79,6%	NA

The Clearance Rate of total criminal cases cannot be calculated

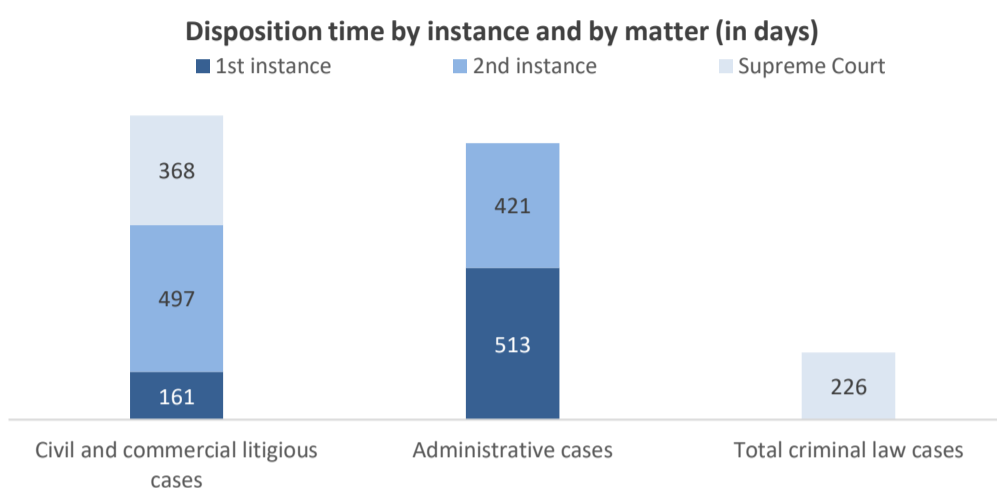
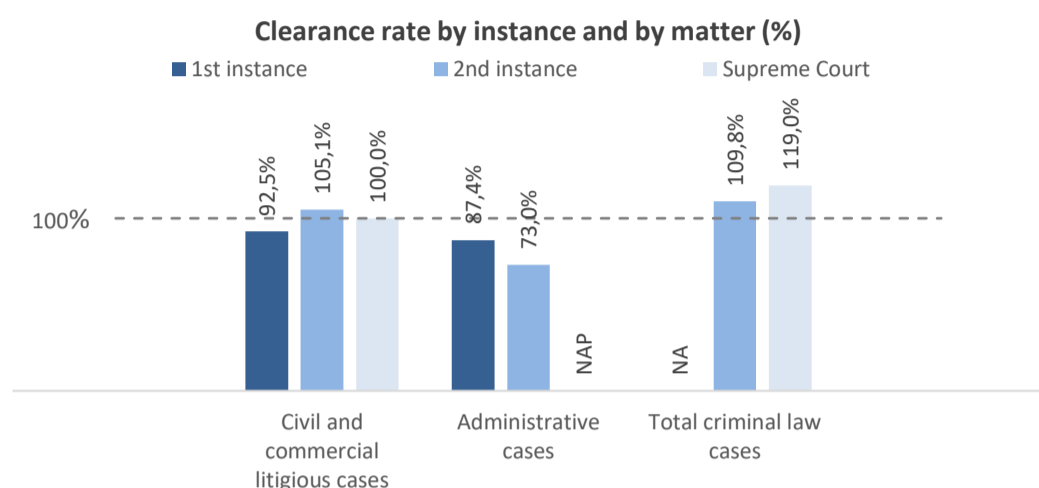
The Disposition Time for criminal law cases cannot be calculated.

Minor offenses are all cases terminated by criminal order in police court or district court. Serious offenses represent all cases terminated by trial in police, correctional, or criminal court. The figures in "other cases" are cases referred to the investigating office.

The number of pending and incoming criminal cases is not available due to the specific organization of the workflow between the courts and the public prosecutor's office. Namely, the files are transferred to courts only shortly before the hearing and, if a case is not heard on the given date, it is then returned to the public prosecutor's office until the new hearing date. Thus, there are - with a few exceptions - no cases pending in the criminal courts over a long period of time. The number of incoming cases is more or less equal to the cases resolved.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	92,5%	105,1%	100,0%	161	497	368
Administrative cases	87,4%	73,0%	NAP	513	421	NAP
Total criminal law cases	NA	109,8%	119,0%	NA	NA	226



According to the efficiency indicators for 2020, the administrative courts of Luxembourg prove to be less efficient than courts dealing with civil and criminal cases. On the one hand, the Clearance Rate is well below the 100% threshold for both first and second instances. On the other hand, the Disposition Time is considerably above the respective EU medians at first and second instance (respectively 388 days and 362 days). In this respect, it has been explained that the decrease in the Clearance Rate for 2020 of the second instance Administrative court is primarily due to the increase in the number of appeals, particularly those related to the City of Luxembourg's general development plan. These cases were entered in the first instance from January to March 2018, while the related judgments, consolidated by the first instance Administrative tribunal, were issued between May and September 2020. The related appeals (51) were filed between July and November 2020 and were still being processed on December 31, 2020, due to the fixed timeframe regime (suspension from July 16 to September 15 - one month for the answer - one month for the reply - one month for the replica duplicate), but also due to the pandemic and the implementation of the crisis legislation involving a suspension of the appeal deadlines (until June 24, 2020). However, throughout 2020, the Administrative Court was essentially up to date and disposed of cases as soon as they had been heard.

In civil matters, first instance courts registered an increase of 4,5 points between 2019 and 2020 concerning the Clearance Rate indicator. Besides this evolution, the positive analyse should be completed by the fact that the Disposition Time with regard to first instance civil cases is below the EU median of 221 days. As to second and third instances, even if the Clearance Rate indicator is above the 100%, the Disposition Time indicator is for both instances significantly above the respective EU medians (177 days, 224 days).

In criminal matters, given that the Clearance Rate cannot be calculated for first instance criminal cases, while the Disposition Time is available only in respect of the Cassation Court, the analysis can only be partial. On the one hand, the Clearance rate is above the 100% at first and second instances. On the other hand, the Disposition Time indicator at third instance is well above the EU median of 120 days.

5. Public prosecution services in Luxembourg

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Luxembourg has the following 10 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

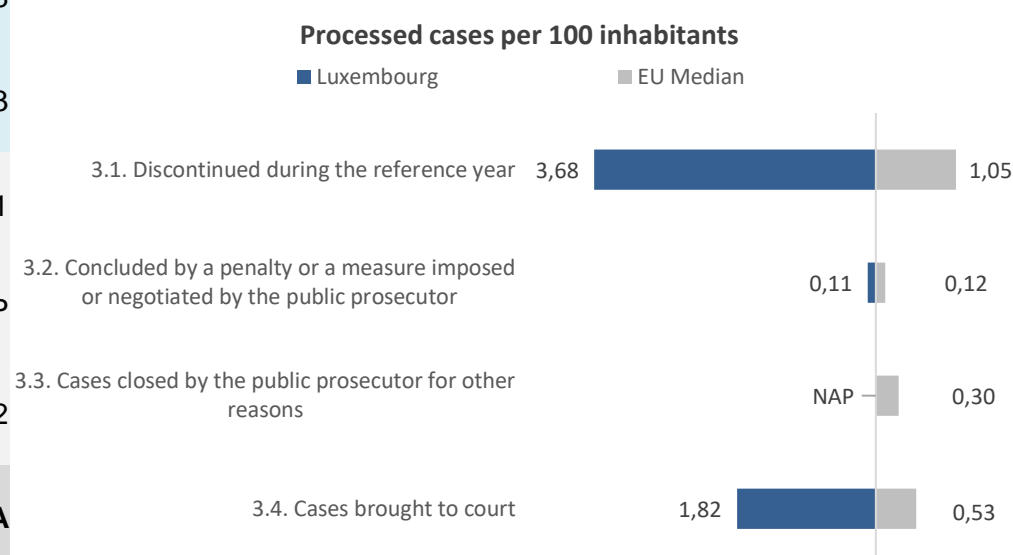
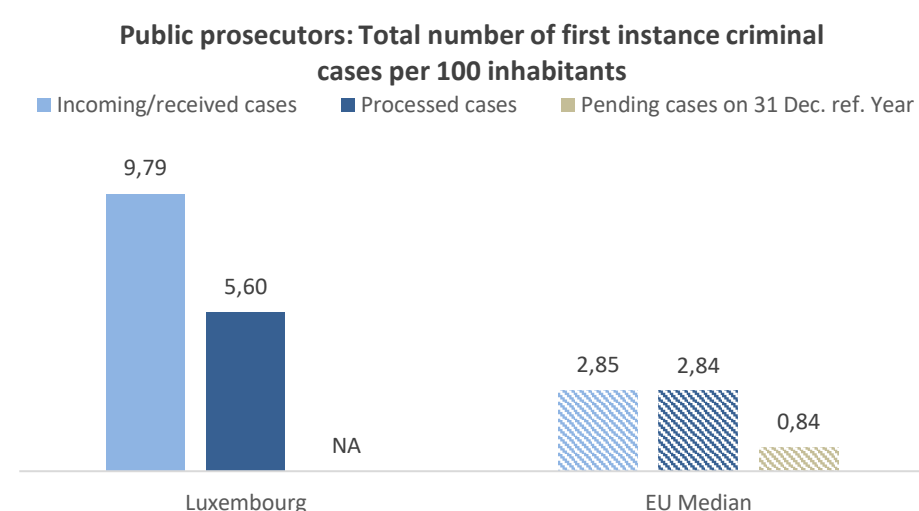
Public prosecutors have enhanced powers in certain investigative measures, in which the police, before acting, must obtain the approval of the state prosecutor (e.g. DNA processing, vehicle searches, extensive identity checks, etc.).

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil and insolvency cases.

In civil matters, with regard to all civil status cases, i.e. family and personality cases, the public prosecutor is heard in his/her conclusions. In insolvency cases, the public prosecutor attends all insolvency hearings and can also open a case proprio motu if, according to his/her records, a trader (civil or legal person) is insolvent.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA
2. Incoming/received cases	62 116	9,79
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	35 563	5,60
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	23 366	3,68
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	3 600	0,57
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	3 875	0,61
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	15 725	2,48
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	166	0,03
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	673	0,11
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP
3.4. Cases brought to court	11 524	1,82
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA



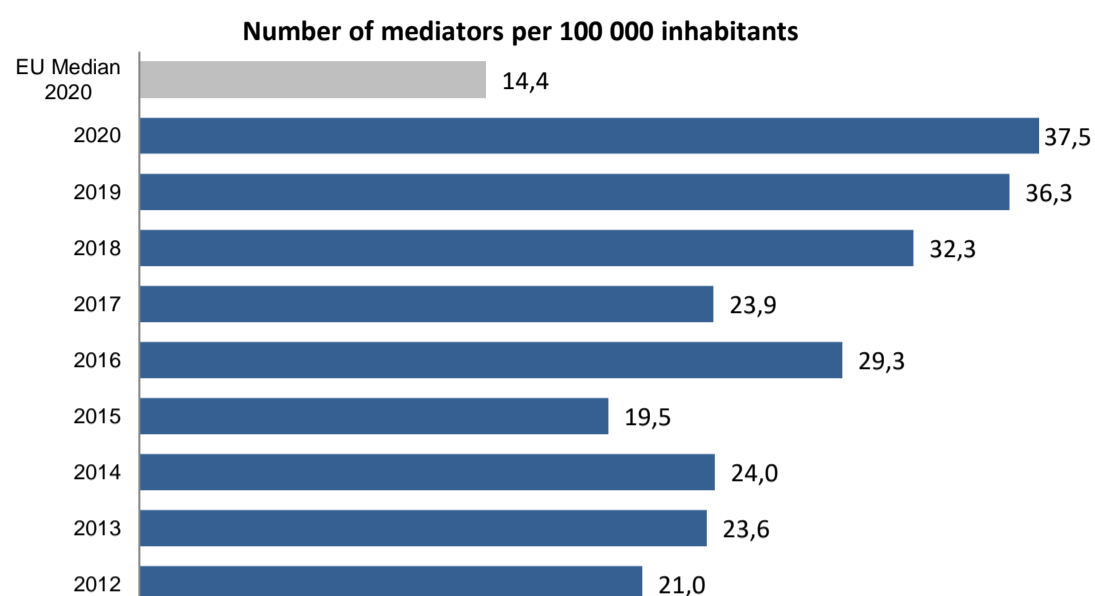
The cases referred to under "3.2. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons", shall be considered closed if the party concerned complies with the condition imposed by the warning or fulfills its obligations arising from the mediation. In case of non-compliance, the public action will resume.

"3.1.4 Cases discontinued for other reasons": these are essentially two specific measures: firstly, in the area of traffic, the obligation to follow a driving course and, only for young offenders of full age, participation in a training course in the Choice 18+ program for the prevention of drug addiction (<https://www.solina.lu/fr/facilities/impuls/>).

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Luxembourg

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	110	21,0
2013	130	23,6
2014	135	24,0
2015	110	19,5
2016	173	29,3
2017	144	23,9
2018	198	32,3
2019	227	36,3
2020	238	37,5



In 2020, there are 238 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 37,5 accredited or registered mediators per 100

The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about 4,8%.

The figures provided represent the total number of accredited mediators as of 31.12. of the reference year (in civil, commercial and criminal matters) without taking into account mediators who have ceased their activity (source: Ministry of Justice).

The increase in the number of mediators is the consequence of a political decision to focus on alternative methods of dispute resolution. This political decision has been translated in particular by a strengthening of the mediation offer.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	41	14	1
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Luxembourg

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	3,9	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	1,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	5,2	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	0,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	0,0	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	4,8	6,9

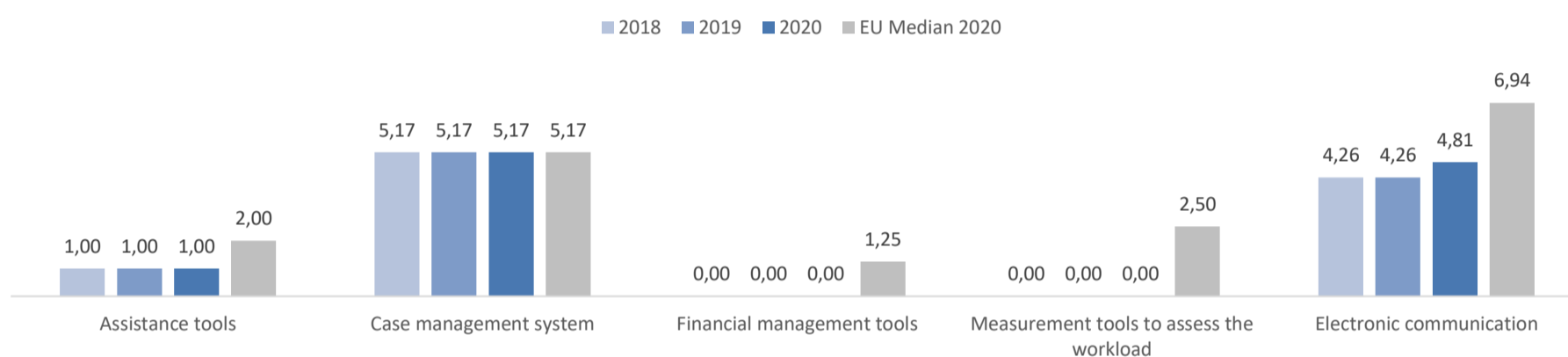
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Comments on writing assistance tools

All magistrates and clerks have access to the writing assistance tools. However, not the entire scope of documents is covered, as the possibility to use free text is essential to the work of the judiciary. Administrative courts have been provided with a new application in 2018.

Comments on voice recording tools

The use of private dictation applications is tolerated, but is not in general use.

Comments on communication tools

Although the legally correct answer is "no", as there are as of now no legal provisions, practically speaking, convocation letters and other communications that must not be sent by charged mail are often replaced by electronic mail.

A specific legal framework exists only in criminal law, and even there it is only partial. In criminal cases, files are sent to lawyers through a secured OTX link. A similar system has been set up with insurance companies. In minor criminal cases, the communication with the parties can also be done - with the consent of the concerned person - electronically.

In civil and commercial cases, informal communications are generally done electronically. Work is ongoing on adapting the legal framework to the new technologies.

In administrative law, the project JA-NGA currently being implemented tends to introduce a far-reaching digitization of the procedures that will serve as a POC for a similar civil/ commercial procedural law project. Informal communications tend to be done now by way of email, and a specific working group is currently being set up between the Judiciary and the bar associations to streamline these communication and single out those points that would need a change in the existing legislation. Please note that under ""deployment rate"" the figure of 100% means that the whole judiciary is technically equipped to communicate.

Please note that for certain procedures representation by a lawyer is mandatory. In these cases, although the parties can contact the court by mail, these mails however cannot be taken into consideration procedurally.

In respect of notaries, there is a specific application allowing a largely automatized access to the matrimonial register and paramatrimonial partnerships register.

In respect of the police there is a specific application allowing a largely automatized input of data from electronic police reports ("e-pv") into the prosecution's CMS. Other applications are being developed.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Luxembourg

In Luxembourg, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In fact, no regular system has been implemented up to today. However, a monitoring can be carried out through the statistical service of the judiciary (SSJ) on punctual basis and upon request by the competent authorities.

In Luxembourg, there is no system to regularly evaluate the court performance based on defined indicators.

Although the technically correct answer is "no", the Judiciary edits every year an annual report on its activities during the previous year. These reports are available to the public (report 2020, see <https://justice.public.lu/fr/publications/juridictions-judiciaires/rapports-juridictions-judiciaires-2020.html>).

Performance and quality indicators are not defined for the activity of each court.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Nevertheless, the figures presented by the SSJ are used on a regular basis to allocate (and ask for) means to the courts and prosecutorial services. The annual report is used to this effect (report 2020, see <https://justice.public.lu/fr/publications/juridictions-judiciaires/rapports-juridictions-judiciaires-2020.html>).

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Luxembourg, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service.

The annual report covers both judges and prosecutors (report 2020, see <https://justice.public.lu/fr/publications/juridictions-judiciaires/rapports-juridictions-judiciaires-2020.html>).

Performance and quality indicators are not defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																			
Q1 Number of inhabitants	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	634 730		20,9%	4,8%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%	1,9%	2,0%	2,0%	1,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	83 600	83 400	88 500	88 500	90 700	92 026	95 943	101 446	101 056		20,9%	-0,2%	6,1%	0,0%	2,5%	1,5%	4,3%	5,7%	-0,4%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)																			
Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)																			
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False									
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False									
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False									
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False	-									
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False	-									
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases									False	-									
078.1.4 Number of pending cases									False	-									
078.1.5 Backlogs									False	-									
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff									False	-									
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff									False	-									
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)									False	-									
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	-									
078.1.10 Number of appeals									False	-									
078.1.11 Appeal ratio									False	-									
078.1.12 Clearance rate									False	-									
078.1.13 Disposition time									False	-									
078.1.14 Other									False	-									
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators																			False

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions											
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020			
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases																					
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)																					
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases																					
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases																					
078-1.1.5 Backlogs																					
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff																					
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff																					
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)																					
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures																					
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate																					
078-1.1.11 Disposition time																					
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals																					
078-1.1.13 Other																					
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False											
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False														
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False														
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False														
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False											
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources								False													
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)								False													
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency								False													
073-2.1.4 Other								False													
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance																					False

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual																			
073-4.1.2 Less frequent																			
073-4.1.3 More frequent																			
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services										False									
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance																			
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)																			
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency																			
073-6.1.4 Other																			
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	No	No	No	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases								True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs								True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff								False	False	False									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff								False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures								True	True	True									
070.1.10 number of appeals								True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio								True	True	True									
070.1.12 clearance rate								True	True	True									

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP										

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual																			
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent																			
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent																			
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	13	23	-	2	13	13	13	13	3	3	-76,9%	76,9%	-	-	550,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-76,9%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	2	2	2	NAP	2	2	2	2	NAP	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	3	3	3	NAP	3	3	3	3	NAP	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.5 Family courts	2	5	2	NAP	2	2	2	2	NAP	NAP	-	150,0%	-60,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	3	3	3	NAP	3	3	3	3	NAP	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Military courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4 871	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5 072	5 007	1 218	1 382	1 137	1 136	1 306	1 649	2 561	-49,5%	-1,3%	-75,7%	13,5%	-17,7%	-0,1%	15,0%	26,3%	55,3%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	1 646	1 440	1 314	1 319	1 103	-	-	-	-	-	-12,5%	-8,8%	0,4%	-16,4%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	1 646	1 440	1 314	1 319	1 103	-	-	-	-	-	-12,5%	-8,8%	0,4%	-16,4%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 207	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 911	10 776	11 820	14 208	13 339	-	-	-	-	-	-1,2%	9,7%	20,2%	-6,1%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 718	4 643	5 074	4 555	4 533	4 604	5 248	7 626	7 665	62,5%	-1,6%	9,3%	-10,2%	-0,5%	1,6%	14,0%	45,3%	0,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	5 195	4 959	5 326	5 126	4 579	-	-	-	-	-	-4,5%	7,4%	-3,8%	-10,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	937	948	NAP	NAP	1 111	987	1 031	1 047	865	-7,7%	1,2%	-	-	-	-11,2%	4,5%	1,6%	-17,4%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	4 084	3 972	4 295	4 079	3 714	-	-	-	-	-	-2,7%	8,1%	-5,0%	-8,9%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1 615	1 372	1 372	1 264	1 183	1 213	1 246	1 456	1 095	-32,2%	-15,0%	0,0%	-7,9%	-6,4%	2,5%	2,7%	16,9%	-24,8%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	11 091	10 637	11 297	13 151	12 703	-	-	-	-	-	-4,1%	6,2%	16,4%	-3,4%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 155	8 432	4 910	4 800	4 534	4 434	4 905	6 714	7 093	-13,0%	3,4%	-41,8%	-2,2%	-5,5%	-2,2%	10,6%	36,9%	5,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	5 401	5 059	5 321	5 342	4 653	-	-	-	-	-	-6,3%	5,2%	0,4%	-12,9%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	937	948	1 044	1 104	1 111	987	1 031	1 047	865	-7,7%	1,2%	10,1%	5,7%	0,6%	-11,2%	4,5%	1,6%	-17,4%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	4 290	4 072	4 290	4 295	3 788	-	-	-	-	-	-5,1%	5,4%	0,1%	-11,8%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 127	1 283	1 283	1 146	1 156	1 144	1 071	1 095	957	-15,1%	13,8%	0,0%	-10,7%	0,9%	-1,0%	-6,4%	2,2%	-12,6%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 507	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 635	1 218	1 382	1 137	1 136	1 306	1 649	2 561	3 133	91,6%	-25,5%	13,5%	-17,7%	-0,1%	15,0%	26,3%	55,3%	22,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	1 440	1 341	1 319	1 103	1 029	-	-	-	-	-	-6,9%	-1,6%	-16,4%	-6,7%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	1 440	1 341	1 319	1 103	1 029	-	-	-	-	-	-6,9%	-1,6%	-16,4%	-6,7%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 345	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	3 700	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	101,6%	98,7%	95,6%	92,6%	95,2%	-	-	-	-	-	(2,89)	(3,18)	(3,15)	2,89
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	172,8%	181,6%	96,8%	105,4%	100,0%	96,3%	93,5%	88,0%	92,5%	(46,46)	5,07	(46,72)	8,90	(5,08)	(3,71)	(2,95)	(5,80)	5,11
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	104,0%	102,0%	99,9%	104,2%	101,6%	-	-	-	-	-	(1,87)	(2,07)	4,31	(2,49)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,0%	100,0%	NAP	NAP	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	105,0%	102,5%	99,9%	105,3%	102,0%	-	-	-	-	-	(2,41)	(2,57)	5,42	(3,14)
CR Administrative law cases	69,8%	93,5%	93,5%	90,7%	97,7%	94,3%	86,0%	75,2%	87,4%	25,24	34,01	-	(3,05)	7,78	(3,49)	(8,86)	(12,51)	16,21
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	73	53	103	86	91	108	123	139	161	120,3%	-28,0%	94,9%	-15,8%	5,8%	17,6%	14,1%	13,5%	15,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	97	97	90	75	81	-	-	-	-	-	-0,6%	-6,5%	-16,7%	7,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	123	120	112	94	99	-	-	-	-	-	-1,9%	-6,6%	-16,5%	5,8%
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	513	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	782	631	663	737	764	-	-	-	-	-	-19,3%	5,1%	11,2%	3,7%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	498	617	668	1 070	923	-	-	-	-	-	23,9%	8,3%	60,2%	-13,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	2 343	NA	1 726	1 670	1 455	1 308	1 434	1 367	1 287	-45,1%	-	-	-3,2%	-12,9%	-10,1%	9,6%	-4,7%	-5,9%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NAP	912	915	988	1 086	1 227	1 158	-	-	-	-	0,3%	8,0%	9,9%	13,0%	-5,6%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	434	589	794	649	586	594	1 043	972	-	-	35,7%	34,8%	-18,3%	-9,7%	1,4%	75,6%	-6,8%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	1 824	1 606	1 901	1 826	1 735	1 743	1 698	1 625	1 434	-21,4%	-12,0%	18,4%	-3,9%	-5,0%	0,5%	-2,6%	-4,3%	-11,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 029	1 058	869	NAP	915	988	1 086	1 227	1 158	12,5%	2,8%	-17,9%	-	-	8,0%	9,9%	13,0%	-5,6%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	631	663	737	764	715	-	-	-	-	-	5,1%	11,2%	3,7%	-6,4%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	130,3%	95,0%	88,9%	97,5%	105,3%	-	-	-	-	-	(27,12)	(6,37)	9,62	8,03
CR Employment dismissal cases	77,8%	NA	110,1%	109,3%	119,2%	133,3%	118,4%	118,9%	111,4%	43,13	-	-	(0,72)	9,06	11,75	(11,14)	0,39	(6,27)
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	355	413	453	267	268	-	-	-	-	-	16,4%	9,7%	-41,0%	0,4%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																				
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																				
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 993	2 111	2 111	2 033	1 814	1 683	1 648		-	-	-	5,9%	0,0%	-3,7%	-10,8%	-7,2%	-2,1%	
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			170	168	157	153	161	154	163		-	-	-	-1,2%	-6,5%	-2,5%	5,2%	-4,3%	5,8%	
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 259	1 283	1 265	1 202	1 125	1 197	1 112		-	-	-	1,9%	-1,4%	-5,0%	-6,4%	6,4%	-7,1%	
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			348	273	241	286	246	218	285		-	-	-	-21,6%	-11,7%	18,7%	-14,0%	-11,4%	30,7%	
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 092	1 283	1 343	1 421	1 290	1 232	1 169	-	-	-	17,5%	4,7%	5,8%	-9,2%	-4,5%	-5,1%	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			350	284	245	278	253	209	208	-	-	-	-18,9%	-13,7%	13,5%	-9,0%	-17,4%	-0,5%	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 160	2 111	2 033	1 814	1 649	1 648	1 591	-	-	-	-2,3%	-3,7%	-10,8%	-9,1%	-0,1%	-3,5%	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			168	157	153	161	154	163	240	-	-	-	-6,5%	-2,5%	5,2%	-4,3%	5,8%	47,2%	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			86,7%	100,0%	106,2%	118,2%	114,7%	102,9%	105,1%	-	-	-	15,29	6,17	11,35	(3,01)	(10,24)	2,14
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			100,6%	104,0%	101,7%	97,2%	102,8%	95,9%	73,0%	-	-	-	3,43	(2,28)	(4,38)	5,81	(6,78)	(23,87)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			722	601	553	466	467	488	497	-	-	-	-16,8%	-8,0%	-15,7%	0,1%	4,6%	1,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			175	202	228	211	222	285	421	-	-	-	15,2%	13,0%	-7,3%	5,1%	28,1%	47,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	70	81	81	109	104	109	-	-	-	-	15,7%	0,0%	34,6%	-4,6%	4,8%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	70	81	81	109	104	109	-	-	-	-	15,7%	0,0%	34,6%	-4,6%	4,8%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	114	107	128	107	116	108	-	-	-	-	-6,1%	19,6%	-16,4%	8,4%	-6,9%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	114	107	128	107	116	108	-	-	-	-	-6,1%	19,6%	-16,4%	8,4%	-6,9%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			100	103	107	100	102	111	108	-	-	-	3,0%	3,9%	-6,5%	2,0%	8,8%	-2,7%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			100	103	107	100	102	111	108	-	-	-	3,0%	3,9%	-6,5%	2,0%	8,8%	-2,7%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	81	81	109	114	109	109	-	-	-	-	0,0%	34,6%	4,6%	-4,4%	0,0%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	81	81	109	114	109	109	-	-	-	-	0,0%	34,6%	4,6%	-4,4%	0,0%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	90,4%	100,0%	78,1%	95,3%	95,7%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	10,68	(21,88)	22,02	0,38	4,50
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	90,4%	100,0%	78,1%	95,3%	95,7%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	10,68	(21,88)	22,02	0,38	4,50
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	287	276	398	408	358	368	-	-	-	-	-3,7%	44,0%	2,5%	-12,1%	2,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	287	276	398	408	358	368	-	-	-	-	-3,7%	44,0%	2,5%	-12,1%	2,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									1 995	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									13 858	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									4 272	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									7 998	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									1 588	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									79,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									418	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									374	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									459	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									398	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																			
CR of Total									109,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									106,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									138,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									119,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Total									226	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 5: Access to justice																			
Legal aid																			
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																			
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										NAP									
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										NAP									
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True									
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										False									
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										False									
020.1.1 Total										4 660									
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										1 182									
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										3 478									
020.2.1 Total brought to court										NA									
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA									
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NAP									
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA									

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										8								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										7								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										125 599 €								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-8 Voice recording tools							False	False	False										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter																			
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter																			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter																			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter																			
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter																			
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter																			
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not connected at all	Not connected at all	Not connected at all									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								NA	NA	NA									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								NA	NA	NA									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry								- False	NA	NA									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry								- False	NA	NA									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry								- False	NA	NA									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry								- False	NA	NA									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry								- False	NA	NA									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry								- False	NA	NA									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)								- 100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)								- 100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)								- NA	NA	NA									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)								- False	False	False									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)								- False	False	False									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)								- False	NA	NA									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	False	False									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	False	False									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)								- False	NA	NA									

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							False	False	False										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges																			
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors																			
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff																			
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	-	-										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	-	-										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							False	False	False										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial																			
064-2 - Criminal																			
064-2 - Administrative																			
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	-	-										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	-	-										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	-	-										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							False	-	-										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	-	-										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							False	-	-										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	-	-										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	-	-										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							False	-	-										

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	False	False											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate																				
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	-	-											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							False	-	-											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	-	-											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	-	-											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							False	False	False											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							False	-	-											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	-	-											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							False	-	-											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	-	-											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	-	-											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	-	-											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	-	-											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	-	-											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	-	-											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							False	False	False										

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	179	180	184	183	187	198	222	226	229	27,9%	0,6%	2,2%	-0,5%	2,2%	5,9%	12,1%	1,8%	1,3%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	139	139	143	142	143	146	168	170	171	23,0%	0,0%	2,9%	-0,7%	0,7%	2,1%	15,1%	1,2%	0,6%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	NA	NA	37	37	40	47	49	51	53	-	-	-	0,0%	8,1%	17,5%	4,3%	4,1%	3,9%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	40	41	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	-87,5%	2,5%	-90,2%	0,0%	0,0%	25,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	NA	63	65	64	66	70	71	71	70	-	-	3,2%	-1,5%	3,1%	6,1%	1,4%	0,0%	-1,4%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	NA	46	49	48	49	47	50	50	49	-	-	6,5%	-2,0%	2,1%	-4,1%	6,4%	0,0%	-2,0%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	14	14	13	19	17	17	18	-	-	-	0,0%	-7,1%	46,2%	-10,5%	0,0%	5,9%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	17	2	2	4	4	4	4	3	-	-	-88,2%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-25,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	NA	117	119	119	121	128	151	155	159	-	-	1,7%	0,0%	1,7%	5,8%	18,0%	2,6%	2,6%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	NA	93	94	94	94	99	118	120	122	-	-	1,1%	0,0%	0,0%	5,3%	19,2%	1,7%	1,7%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	23	23	27	28	32	34	35	-	-	-	0,0%	17,4%	3,7%	14,3%	6,3%	2,9%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	24	2	2	-	1	1	1	2	-	-	-91,7%	0,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	229	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	171	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	NA	198	196	197	200	200	220	225	223	-	-	-1,0%	0,5%	1,5%	0,0%	10,0%	2,3%	-0,9%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NA	192	132	129	131	191	210	215	213	-	-	-31,3%	-2,3%	1,6%	45,8%	9,9%	2,4%	-0,9%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	5	63	67	66	6	3	3	3	-	-	1160,0%	6,3%	-1,5%	-90,9%	-50,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	200,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	4	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	79	78	85	75	84	82	79	-	-	-	-1,3%	9,0%	-11,8%	12,0%	-2,4%	-3,7%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	58	56	59	69	77	75	73	-	-	-	-3,4%	5,4%	16,9%	11,6%	-2,6%	-2,7%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	20	21	23	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	5,0%	9,5%	-87,0%	-33,3%	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	0,0%	200,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-50,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	120	117	119	115	125	136	143	144	-	-	-2,5%	1,7%	-3,4%	8,7%	8,8%	5,1%	0,7%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	117	74	73	72	122	133	140	140	-	-	-36,8%	-1,4%	-1,4%	69,4%	9,0%	5,3%	0,0%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	3	43	46	43	3	1	1	1	-	-	1333,3%	7,0%	-6,5%	-93,0%	-66,7%	0,0%	0,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	50,0%

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									223	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									199	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									69	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									144	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									71	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	63 015 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	92 016 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	110 177 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	92 016 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	110 177 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	2 020	2 203	2 180	2 323	2 381	2 597	2 993	2 914	3 080	52,5%	9,1%	-1,0%	6,6%	2,5%	9,1%	15,2%	-2,6%	5,7%	
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	1 553	1 610	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,7%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	1 361	1 470	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,0%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	110	130	135	110	173	144	198	227	238	116,4%	18,2%	3,8%	-18,5%	57,3%	-16,8%	37,5%	14,6%	4,8%	
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	68	49	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-27,9%	-16,3%	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

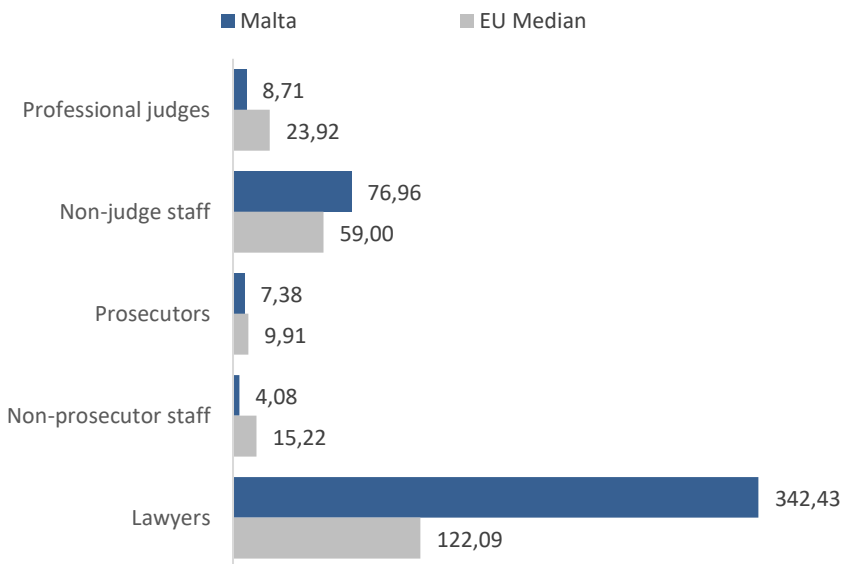
Judiciary at a glance in Malta

General data

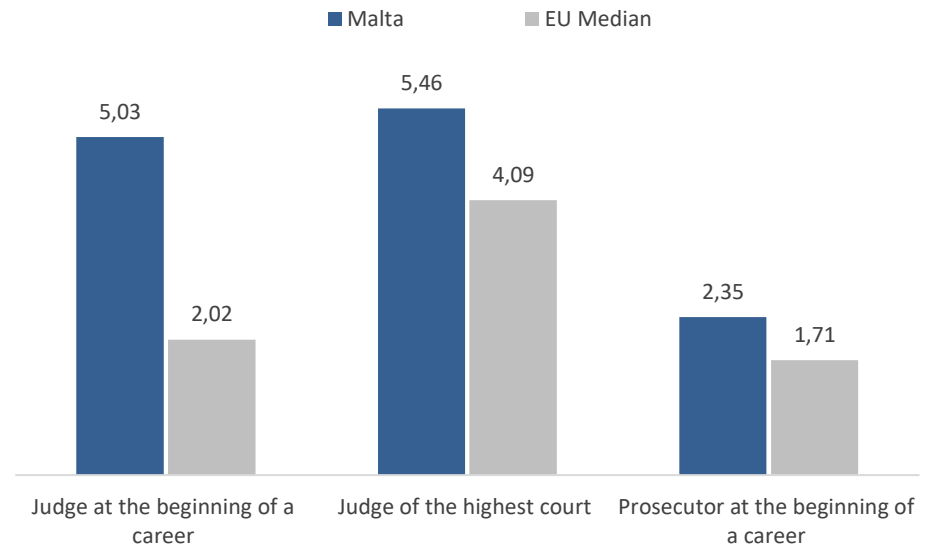
Population: 514 565 **GDP per capita:** 24 634 € **Average annual salary:** 18 923 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

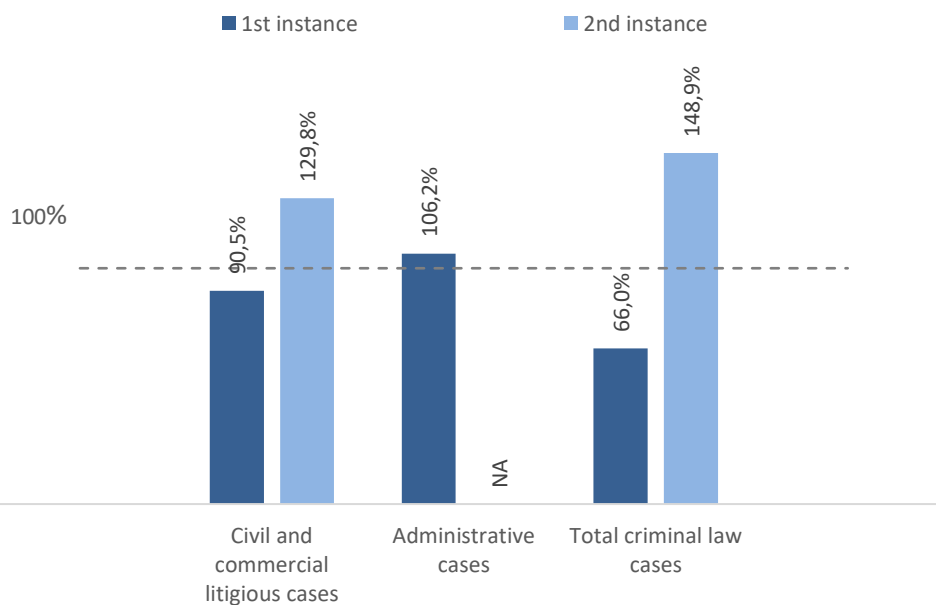


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

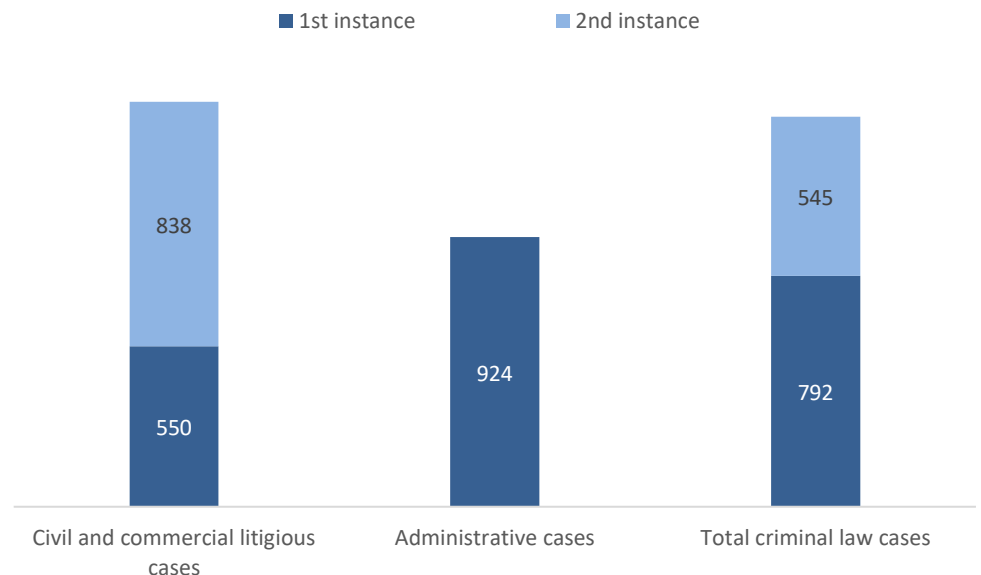


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

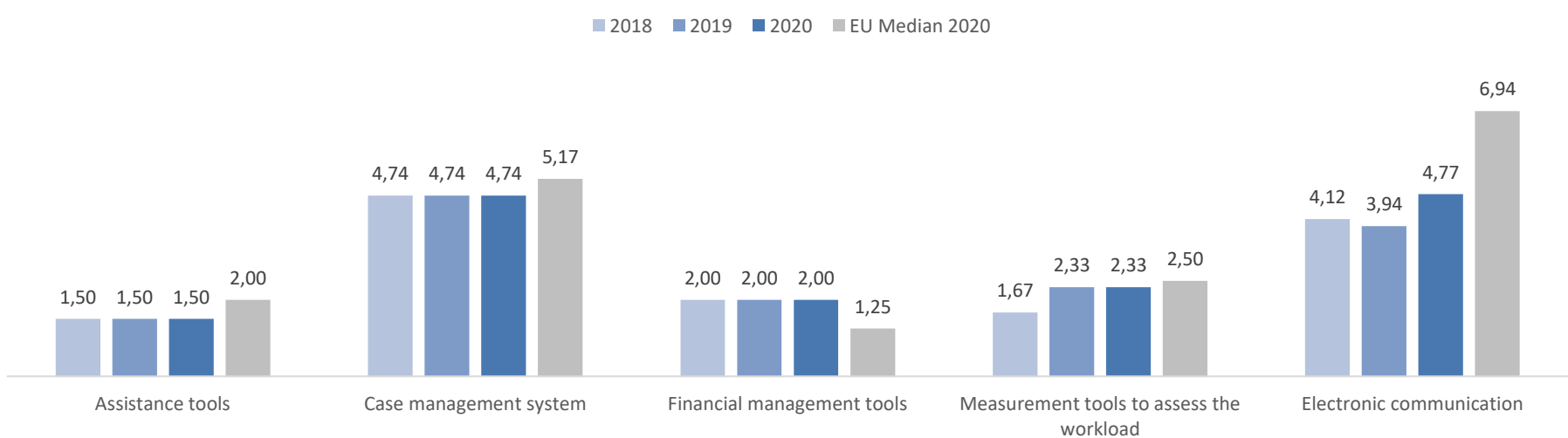


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Malta

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	514 565	21,8%	4,7%	3,3%	0,0%	3,8%	4,3%
GDP per capita	16 417	16 831	18 525	21 469	22 664	23 778	25 556	26 490	24 634	50,1%	22,3%	12,8%	7,5%	3,7%	-7,0%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	15 536		16 082		17 261		19 036	19 590	18 923	21,8%	7,3%	10,3%		2,9%	-3,4%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	9,5	9,8	9,3	9,3	9,8	9,0	9,5	8,7	8,2	-13,8%	4,8%	-3,2%	4,7%	-7,9%	-6,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	85,2	105,0	88,5	87,3	83,2	82,8	86,8	83,5	77,0	-9,7%	-6,0%	4,3%	4,8%	-3,9%	-7,8%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	331,4	259,0	337,7	348,3	288,3	309,6	322,7	333,9	342,4	3,3%	-14,6%	11,9%	4,2%	3,5%	2,6%
Mediators	16,3	16,1	13,9	13,5	14,3	14,5	14,1	13,6	12,8	-21,5%	3,4%	-1,8%	-2,9%	-3,6%	-5,5%
ICT overall assesment							5,0	5,2	5,5					3,4%	5,7%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,985	0,916	1,511	1,535	1,443	1,609	1,816	1,805	1,445	46,7%	-4,5%	25,9%	12,9%	-0,6%	-20,0%
Administrative law cases	0,082	0,1	0,0	0,017	0,020	0,017	0,031	0,026	0,025	-69,4%	-27,8%	58,0%	81,5%	-14,8%	-4,8%
Total criminal law cases									2,154						

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	114%	110%	101%	107%	107%	97%	93%	92%	91%	-23,30	6,01	-13,97	-3,63	-1,58	-1,28
CR administrative law cases	40%	40%	149%	411%	114%	147%	91%	121%	106%	66,03	-34,30	-23,29	-55,76	29,61	-14,57
CR total criminal law cases									66%						

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	685	750	536	445	432	435	440	465	550	-19,6%	-19,5%	1,9%	1,1%	5,8%	18,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)	1 457	2 036	1 408	495	1 464	1 147	1 057	839	924	-36,6%	3,9%	-27,8%	-7,9%	-20,6%	10,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									792						

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,10	2,06	2,25	2,01	1,83	1,86	2,04	2,11	1,97	-6,2%	-18,5%	11,6%	9,8%	3,3%	-6,7%
Administrative law cases	0,13	0,18	0,16	0,09	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,07	0,07	-48,7%	-42,2%	-9,1%	3,7%	-10,3%	-7,8%
Total criminal law cases									3,09						

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			87%	96%	106%	118%	80%	112%	130%		18,65	-25,87	-37,65	32,49	17,38
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR total criminal law cases									149%						

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			1 010	973	783	796	1 120	875	838		-22,4%	42,9%	40,7%	-21,8%	-4,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT total criminal law cases (days)									545						

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									NAP						

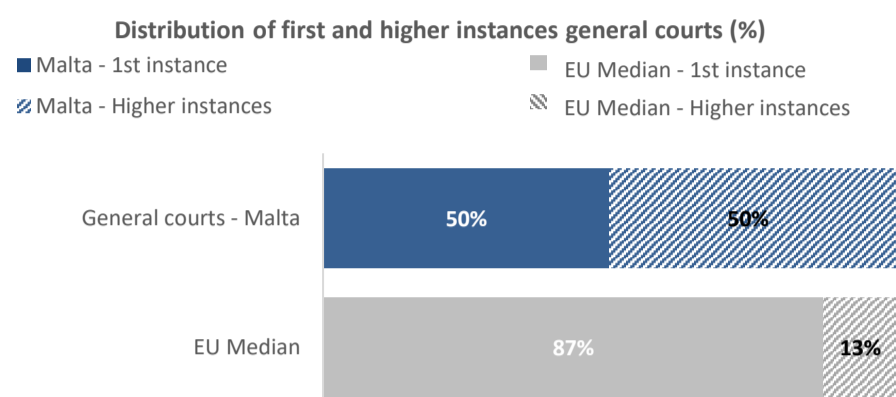
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases									NAP						

1. Judicial organisation in Malta

According to 2020 data, the 1st Instance Courts in Malta include general jurisdiction and specialised courts, tribunals and boards. There are 4 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and 7 specialised first instance courts (as legal entities).

In Malta, there is no Supreme Court, the Court of Appeal being the Court of second instance. The Constitutional Court is presided over by the three judges who compose the Court of second instance also known as the Court of Appeal in its Superior Jurisdiction.

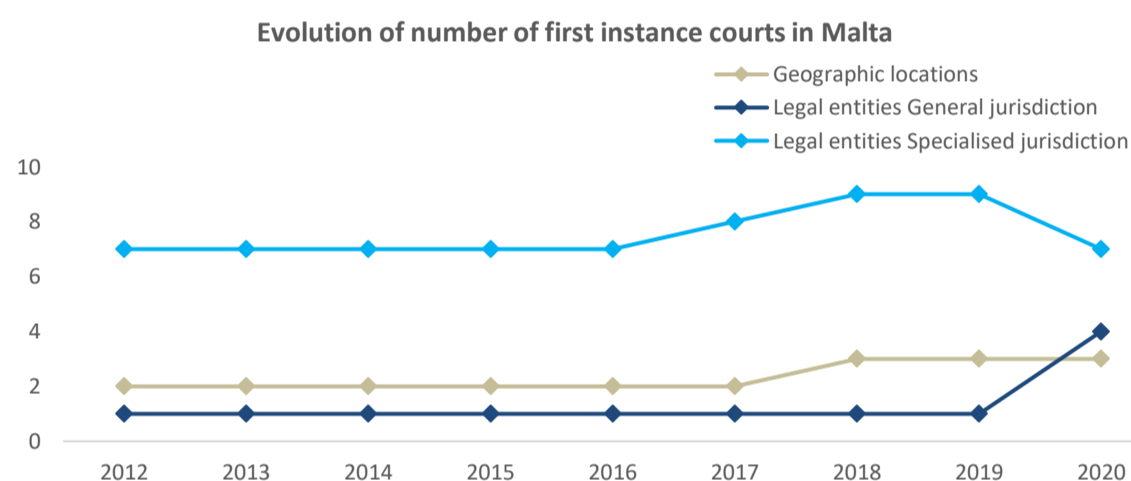
Distribution of general courts in Malta



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Malta is different of the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Malta

Year	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	2	1	7
2013	2	1	7
2014	2	1	7
2015	2	1	7
2016	2	1	7
2017	2	1	8
2018	3	1	9
2019	3	1	9
2020	3	4	7



The 1st instance courts of general jurisdiction are as follows:

- the Court of Magistrates, Civil Jurisdiction (competency up to Euros 15,000)
- the Civil Court, First Hall (civil cases above Euros 15,000)

The 2nd instance courts of general jurisdiction are:

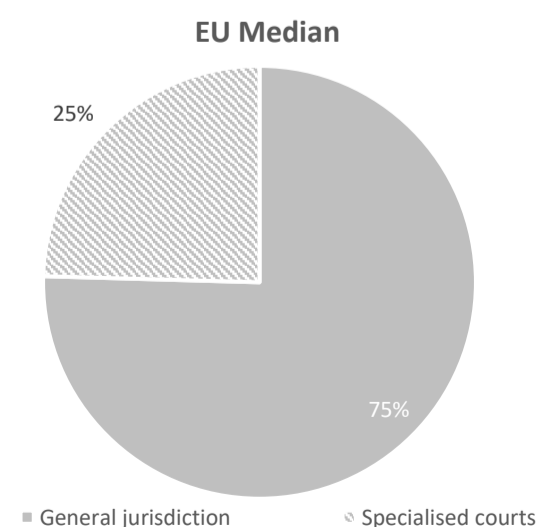
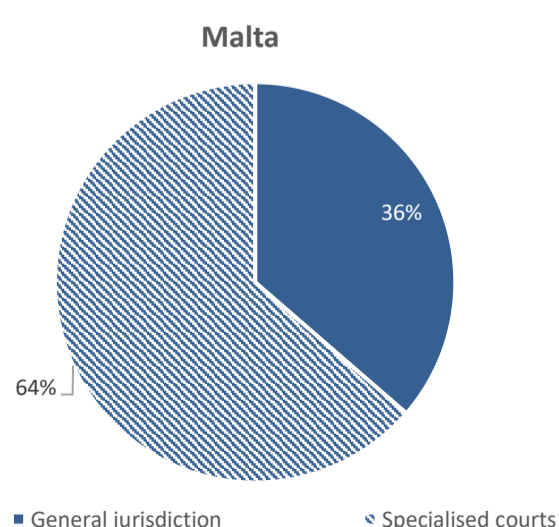
- the Civil Court of Appeal, Inferior Jurisdiction - the Civil Court of Appeal, Superior Jurisdiction
- In the Maltese judicial system, there are only 2 instances of courts, hence Q1.3 is marked as NAP.

The increase in the number of courts as legal entities reflects the addition of the criminal courts to the above data, namely:

- 1st Instance Courts: Court of Magistrates Criminal Jurisdiction and Criminal Court
- 2nd Instance Courts: Criminal Court of Appeal in its Inferior and Superior Jurisdiction.

In 2018, the Commercial Division was set up in order to hear cases filed under the Companies Act that include Insolvency cases. This new specialised first instance court is the reason behind the increase in the number of courts between 2018 and 2019.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



In Malta, 36,4% of all first instance courts are general jurisdiction courts, whereas 63,6% are specialised courts. This is different from the distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% and 24,5% respectively.

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	7	NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	1	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	1	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	4	NAP

The number of specialised courts includes non-criminal, administrative and criminal courts established as legal entities in line with the CEPEJ methodology. The seven (7) specialised courts referred are the Rent Regulation Board, the Land Arbitration Board, the Rural Leases Control Board, the Small Claims Tribunal, the Court of Voluntary Jurisdiction, the Administrative Review Tribunal and the Juvenile Court.

A number of courts that used to be previously identified as specialised courts, are not being categorised this time, given that they all make part of the First Hall, General Jurisdiction Court. These are:

- The Commercial Court (including insolvency cases)
- The Family Court

The identified specialised courts listed under 'Other specialised courts' are:

- the Land Arbitration Board
- the Rural Leases Control Board
- the Small Claims Tribunal
- the Court of Voluntary Jurisdiction

The Juvenile Court is a specialised criminal court.

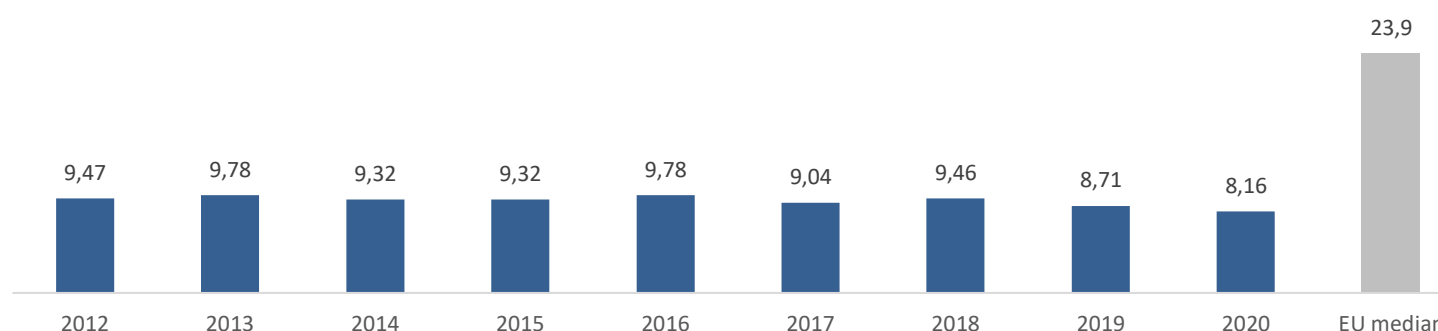
2. Professionals of justice in Malta

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	40	9,47
2013	42	9,78
2014	41	9,32
2015	42	9,32
2016	45	9,78
2017	43	9,04
2018	45	9,46
2019	43	8,71
2020	42	8,16

Professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants



According to the 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Malta is 42, which is -2,3% less than in previous cycle.

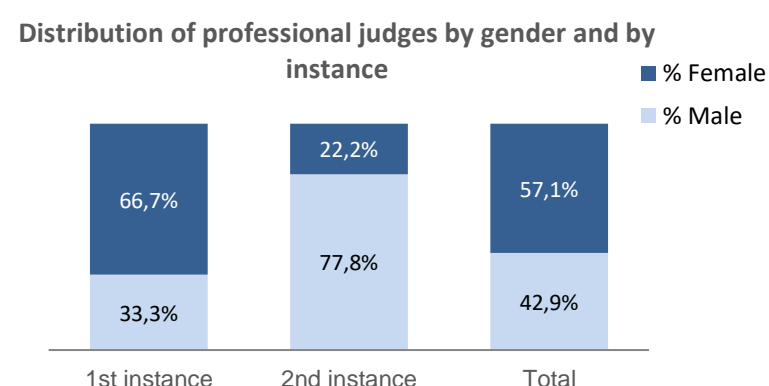
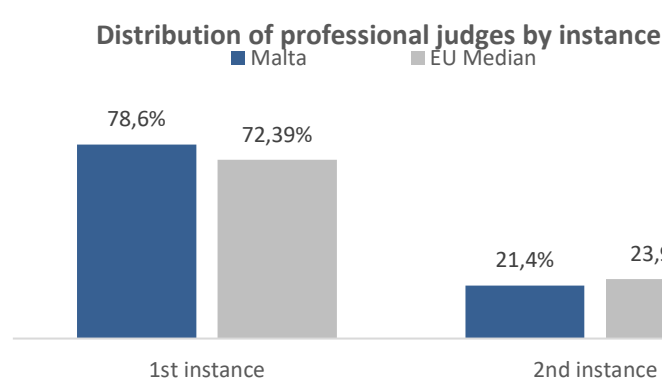
More precisely, there are 8,16 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants).

As mentioned earlier, Malta does not have a Supreme Court and the Court of Appeal is the Court of second instance. It is interesting to notice that 2 judges presiding over the Second Instance Courts also preside over the Civil Court, First Hall and the family Court (which are specialised 1st instance courts).

Finally, the number of 1st Instance 'judges' also includes magistrates that preside over 1st Instance Courts.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	33	78,6%	11	22	33,3%	66,7%
2nd instance	9	21,4%	7	2	77,8%	22,2%
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	42		18	24	42,9%	57,1%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 24, which represents 57,1% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 33 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 22 are female) and 9 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 2 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, Malta has similar distribution of judges per instance. The distribution of Maltese judges is 78,6% in the first instance (slightly over the EU median of 72,39%) and 21,4% in the second instance (slightly less than the EU median of 23,98%).

As regards the distribution male/female judges by instance, it has to be noticed that, although the total number of female judges is 57,1%, the percentage of female judges in the second instance courts is only 22,2%.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

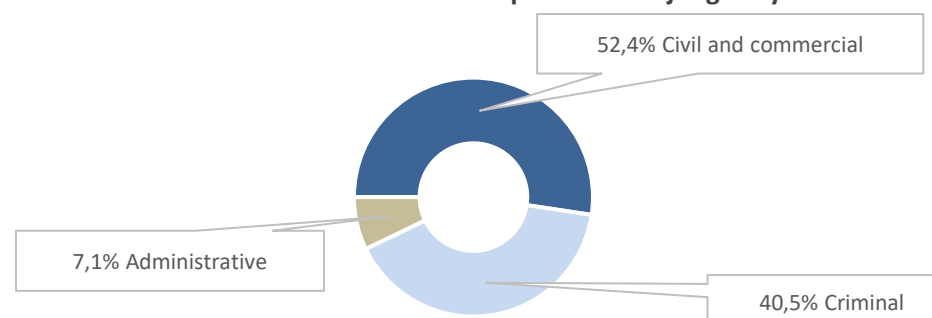
2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	33	17	13	3	NAP
2nd instance	9	5	4	NA	NAP
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	42	22	17	3	NAP

In Malta, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	51,5%	39,4%	9,1%	NAP
2nd instance	55,6%	44,4%	NA	NAP
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	52,4%	40,5%	7,1%	NAP

Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



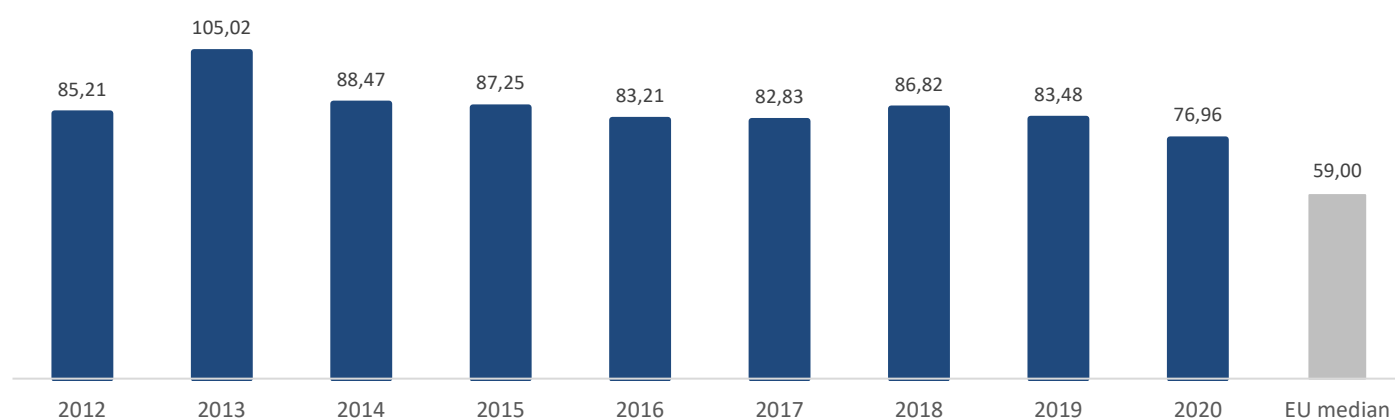
Some judges in the Maltese judicial system preside over both civil and criminal courts. In this instance, such judges have been distributed evenly between the 2 courts.

Administrative cases at first instance are heard by the Administrative Review Tribunal, presided over by 3 magistrates. If appealed, such cases are heard by the Court of Appeal Inferior Jurisdiction presided over by a judge who hears and decides cases appealed from a number of first instance courts (not only the Administrative Review Tribunal).

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	360	451	389	393	383	394	413	412	396
Per 100 000 inhabitants	85,21	105,02	88,47	87,25	83,21	82,83	86,82	83,48	76,96

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	396	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	246	62,1%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	53	13,4%
Technical staff	4	1,0%
Other	93	23,5%

In 2020, Malta has 396 non-judge staff (of which 230 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -3,9%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is distributed as follows:

- 246 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 182 are women);
- 53 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 28 are women);
- 4 technical staff (of which 0 are women);
- 93 other (of which 20 are women);

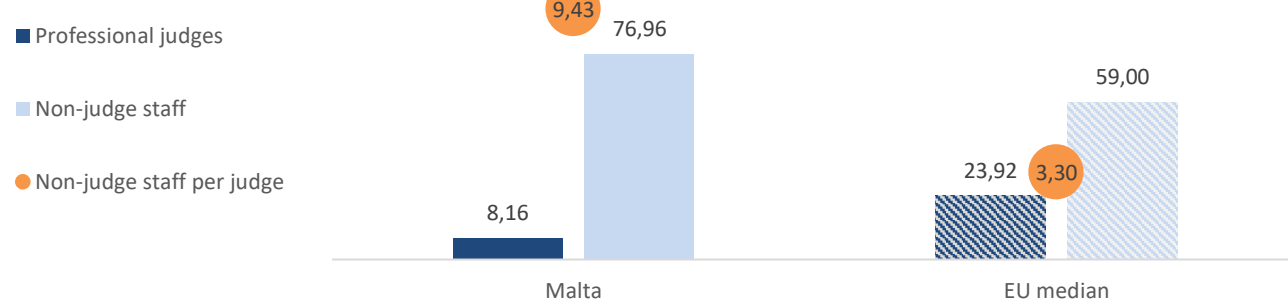
In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 83,5 in 2019 to 77,0 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants decreases from 8,7 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 8,2 in 2020.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Malta	EU median
Professional judges	8,16	23,92
Non-judge staff	76,96	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	9,43	3,30

Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

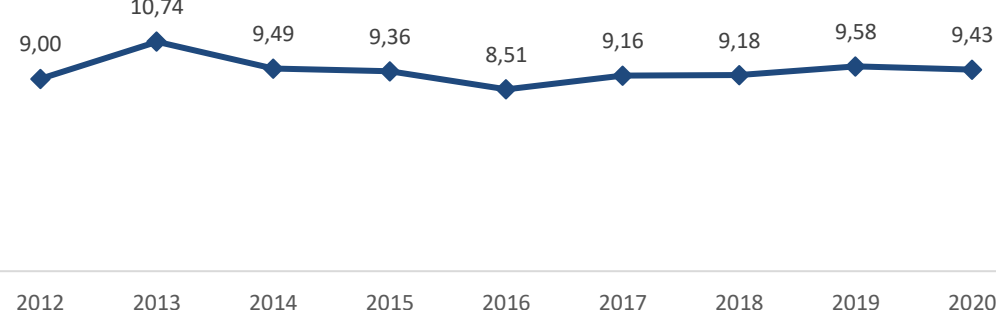


There are about 9,43 non-judge staff per judge and there is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 9,58 non-judge staff per judge.

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	9,47	85,21	9,00
2013	9,78	105,02	10,74
2014	9,32	88,47	9,49
2015	9,32	87,25	9,36
2016	9,78	83,21	8,51
2017	9,04	82,83	9,16
2018	9,46	86,82	9,18
2019	8,71	83,48	9,58
2020	8,16	76,96	9,43

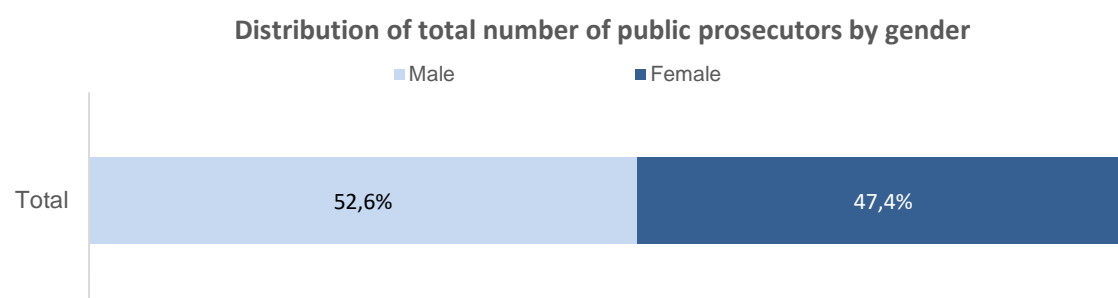
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	38		20	18	52,6%	47,4%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 18, which represents 47,4% of the total number of prosecutors.

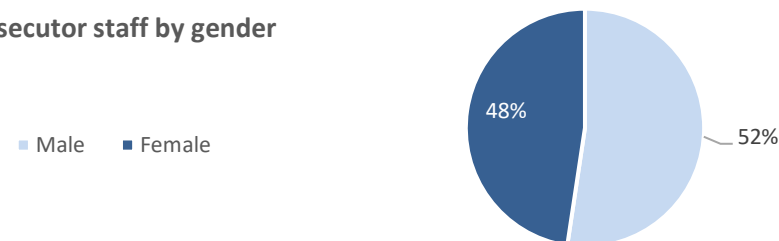
All the lawyers working in the Office of the AG prosecute cases in the criminal courts, but it is not possible, as yet to distinguish between 1st and 2nd Instance Courts. All full-time lawyers have been included in the above figure except the AG herself.

The increase in the number of lawyers working at the Office of the AG follows the reform in 2020 whereby the AG has taken up exclusively the role of prosecutor general (the advisory role to government has been vested in the State Advocate). Given this special focus, the Office of the AG has been recruiting more lawyers in order to meet the case demands of the courts.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	21	11	10

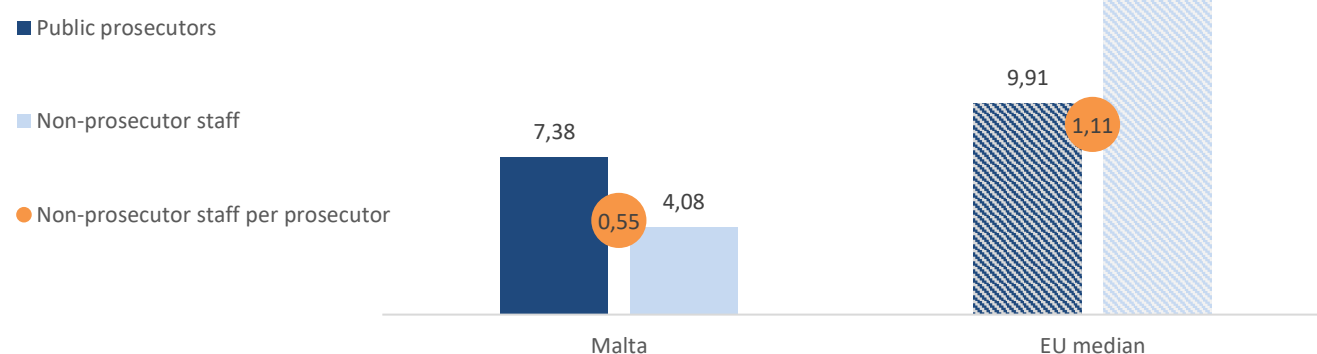
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

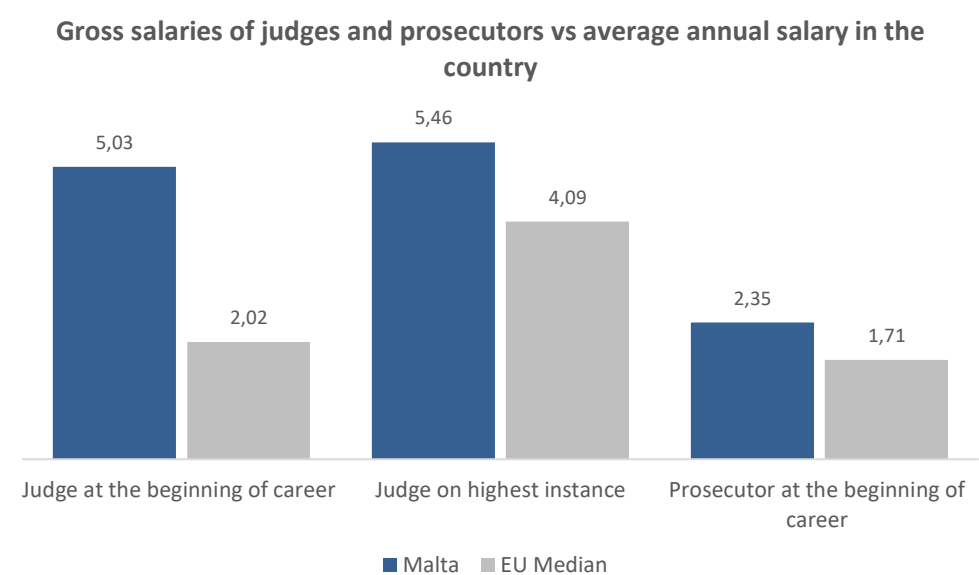
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Malta	EU median
Public prosecutors	7,38	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	4,08	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,55	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	95 215 €	68 770 €	5,03
Judge of the highest court	103 246 €	74 587 €	5,46
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	44 496 €	28 843 €	2,35
Public prosecutor at highest instance	NAP	NAP	NAP

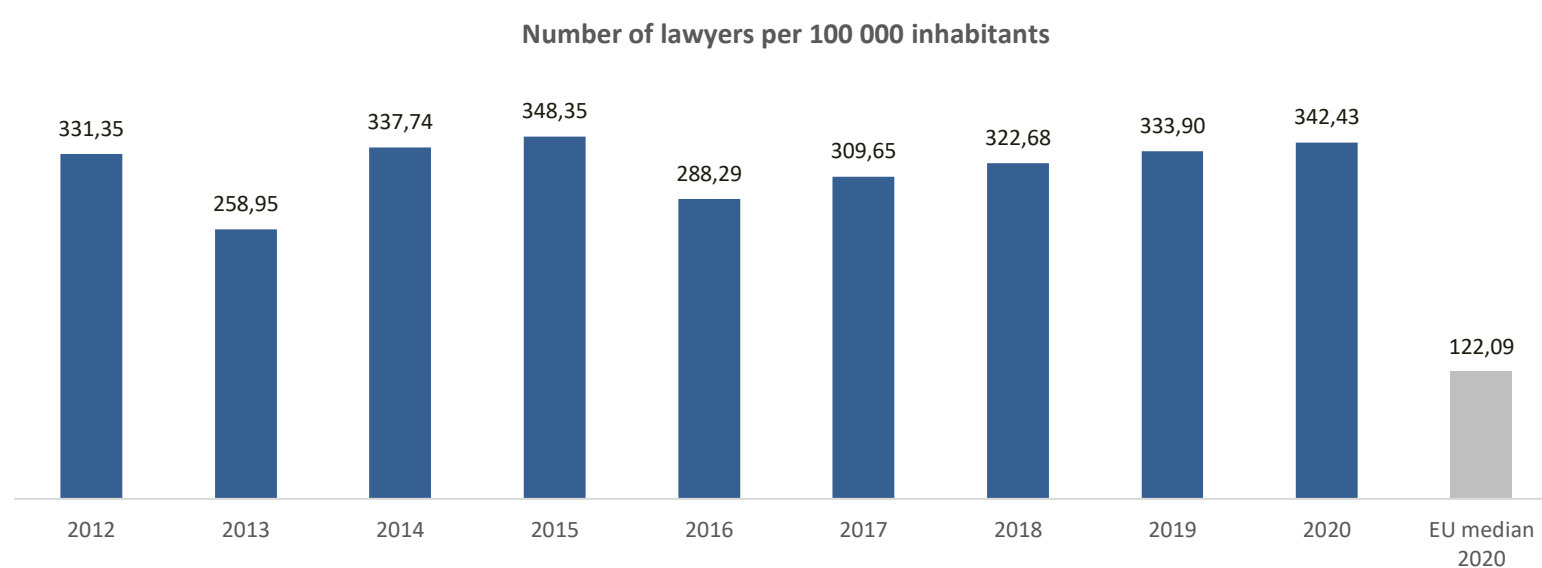


According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of the career in Malta is 95 215€, which is more than 50% above the EU median of 51 946€. The ratio between the salary of a judge at the beginning of the career with national annual average gross salary is 5,03, which is much higher than the EU median (2,02).

In 2020, wages for the lawyers of the AG were improved following a revision of salaries. The absolute gross salary of a prosecutor at the beginning of the career in Malta is 44 496€ and the ratio between the salary of a prosecutor at the beginning of the career with national annual average gross salary is 2,35, which is higher than the EU median of 1,71.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 400	331,35
2013	1 112	258,95
2014	1 485	337,74
2015	1 569	348,35
2016	1 327	288,29
2017	1 473	309,65
2018	1 535	322,68
2019	1 648	333,90
2020	1 762	342,43



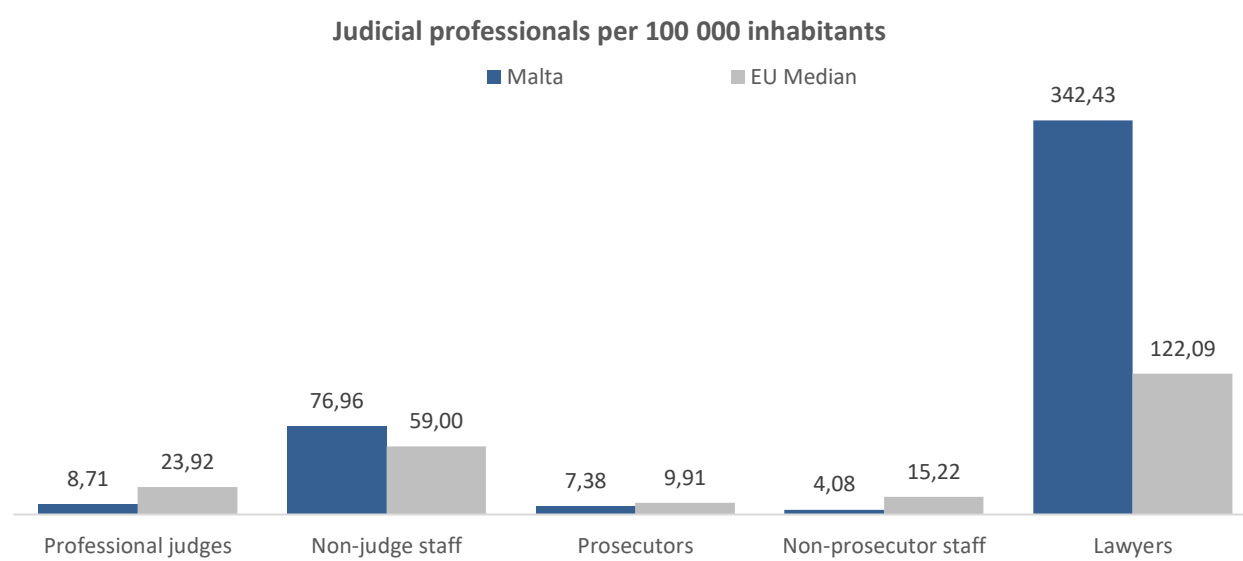
In 2020, there are 1 762 lawyers, which is 6,9% more than in 2019.

Malta has 342,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is well above the EU median of 122,1.

Judicial professionals (summary)

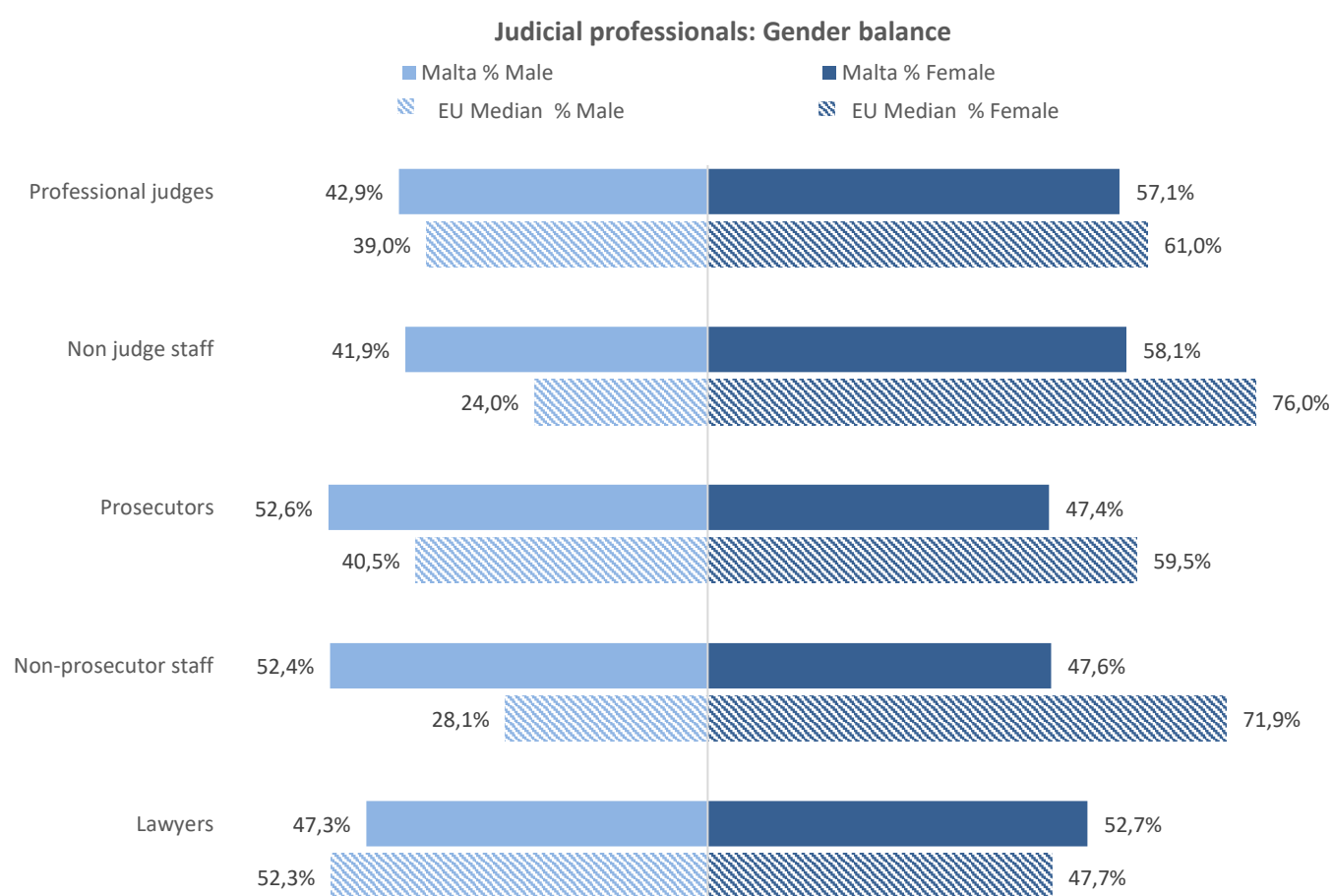
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	43	8,71	23,92
Non-judge staff	396	76,96	59,00
Prosecutors	38	7,38	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	21	4,08	15,22
Lawyers	1 762	342,43	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	42,9%	57,1%
Non judge staff	41,9%	58,1%
Prosecutors	52,6%	47,4%
Non-prosecutor staff	52,4%	47,6%
Lawyers	47,3%	52,7%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Malta

In Malta, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

In Malta, Legal Aid does not cover court fees because it is totally exempt from paying them.

Legal aid is available for :

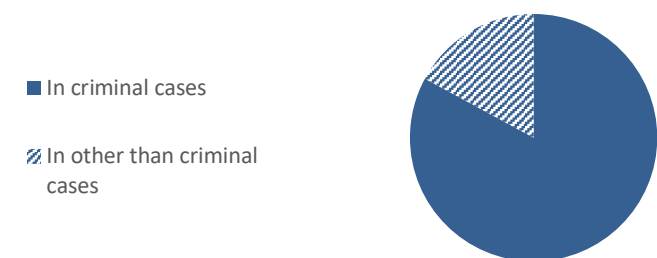
- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✘

Eligible candidates can enforce foreign judgements in Malta through legal aid as long as the procedure is carried out through court representation.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

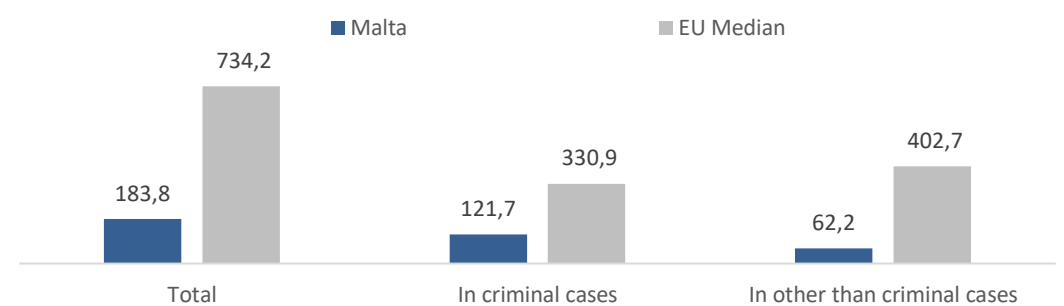
Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	946	755	191
In criminal cases	626	626	NAP
In other than criminal cases	320	129	191

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Malta	EU Median
Total	183,8	734,2
In criminal cases	121,7	330,9
In other than criminal cases	62,2	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



The figures quoted for civil and criminal cases do not refer to the actual number of cases but to the number of nominations (requests) for legal aid. For example, if a case is brought to court having 5 accused people requiring legal aid, then this would count as 5 requests but just 1 case.

In Other than Criminal Cases, the low figure quoted as compared to previous evaluations relates to the disruptive effect that the COVID-19 pandemic had on court operations. During 2020, most services at the Legal Aid Agency were limited to the provision of services and the Courts of Law were closed for non-urgent court applications.

It is important to note that towards the end of April 2020, Legal Aid Malta started offering legal advice (not representation in courts) to clients experiencing domestic violence. In addition to the 129 cases brought to court, Legal Aid Malta offered legal advice to 191 clients experiencing DV. Each client referred to or requiring assistance from Legal Aid Malta Agency in relation to domestic violence is being assigned a legal aid lawyer for the necessary legal advice required. Such clients do not always want to pursue assistance at Court. This service has fulfilled the obligation set in the Istanbul Convention and has been incorporated in domestic law under Article 57 of the schedule attached to Chapter 581 of the Laws of Malta.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NA
- Actual average duration: 19

The average number of days indicated above (19 days) refers to Other than Criminal cases and is computed as follows:

> 5 days: from the time a person asks for legal aid information up to the presentation of the actual means test documents.

> between 7 to 14 days (avg: 10.5 days): from the presentation of the documents by the client to the day set for an appointment with the Advocate for Legal Aid.

> 3 days: from date a Court application is presented at the Court's registry up to the day the Judge gives a decree.

In criminal cases:

No means test is required. When a person is referred to Legal Aid for a criminal case assistance and court representation, the Agency only requires the summons issued by the Police to draft the necessary Court applications, or a copy of the judgment in case of appeals. The average duration of the procedure for the granting of Legal Aid in Criminal Cases, from the point of referral to the day when a Court application is filed, is 4 days.

4. Performance of courts in Malta

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

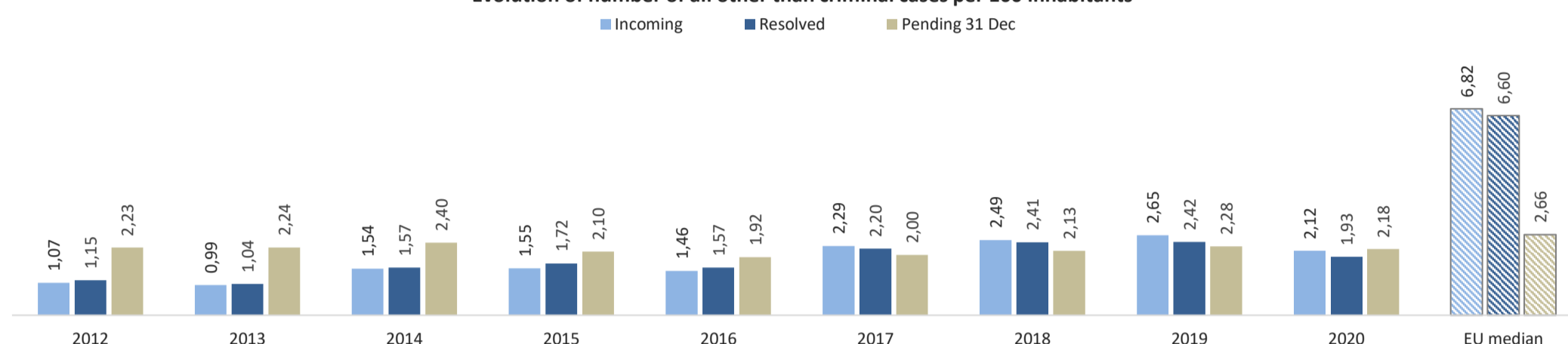
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Malta (2,12 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

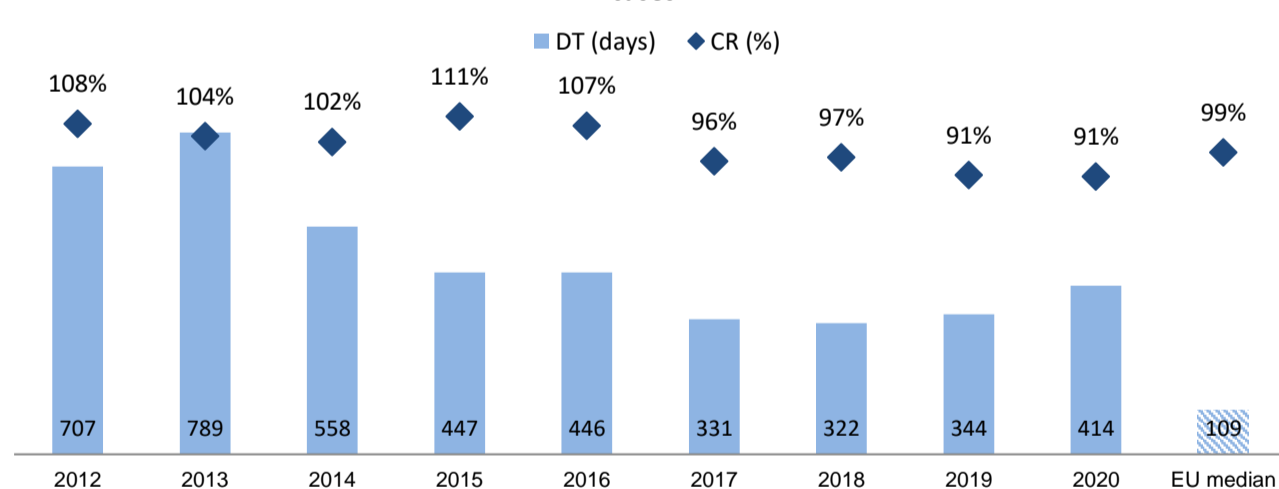
Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2020 in Malta (1,93 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

Finally, the number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Malta (2,18 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	108%	707
2013	104%	789
2014	102%	558
2015	111%	447
2016	107%	446
2017	96%	331
2018	97%	322
2019	91%	344
2020	91%	414

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 90,9% in 2020 Malta does not seem to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,4 points.

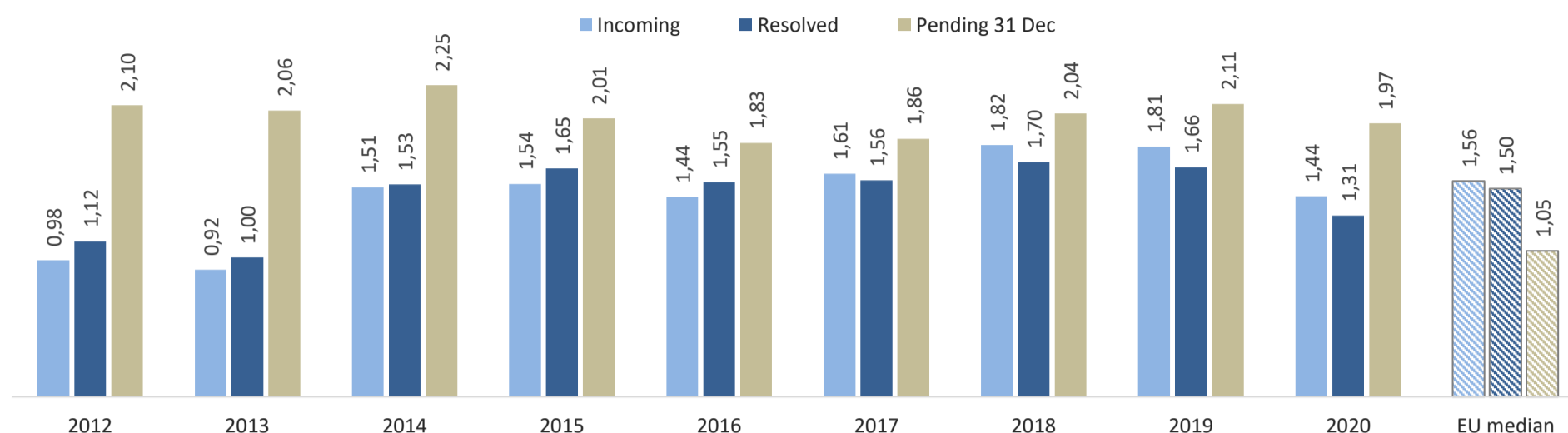
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 414 days, which is well above EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 20,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Malta (1,44 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

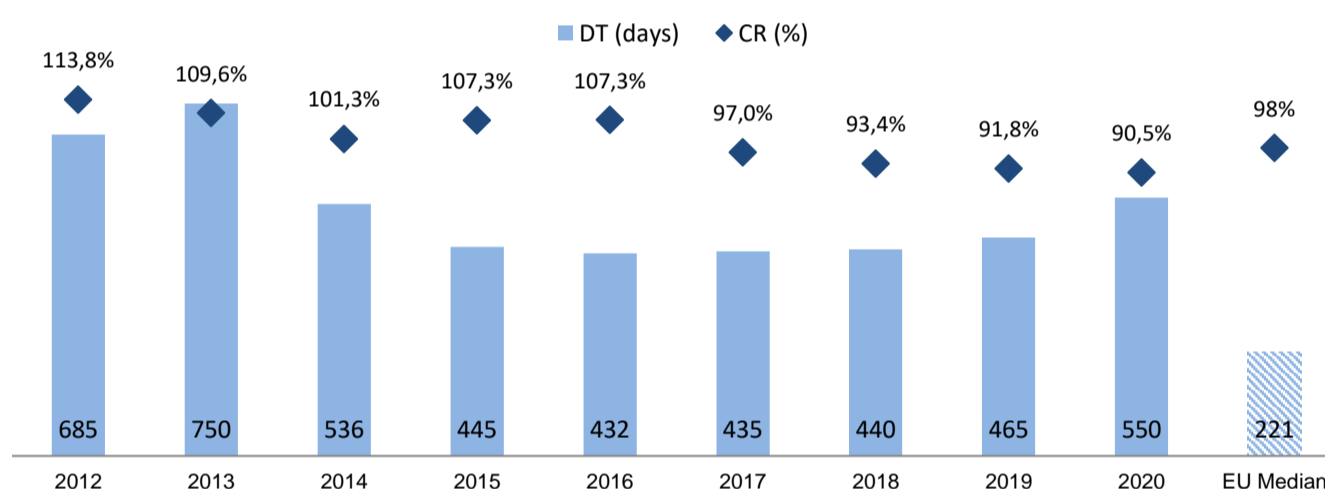
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Malta (1,31 per 100 inhabitants) is also slightly below EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

Yet, the number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Malta (1,97 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	113,8%	685
2013	109,6%	750
2014	101,3%	536
2015	107,3%	445
2016	107,3%	432
2017	97,0%	435
2018	93,4%	440
2019	91,8%	465
2020	90,5%	550

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 90,5% in 2020, Malta does not seem to be to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Moreover, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -1,3 points between 2019 and 2020.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 550 days, which is well above EU median of 221 days.

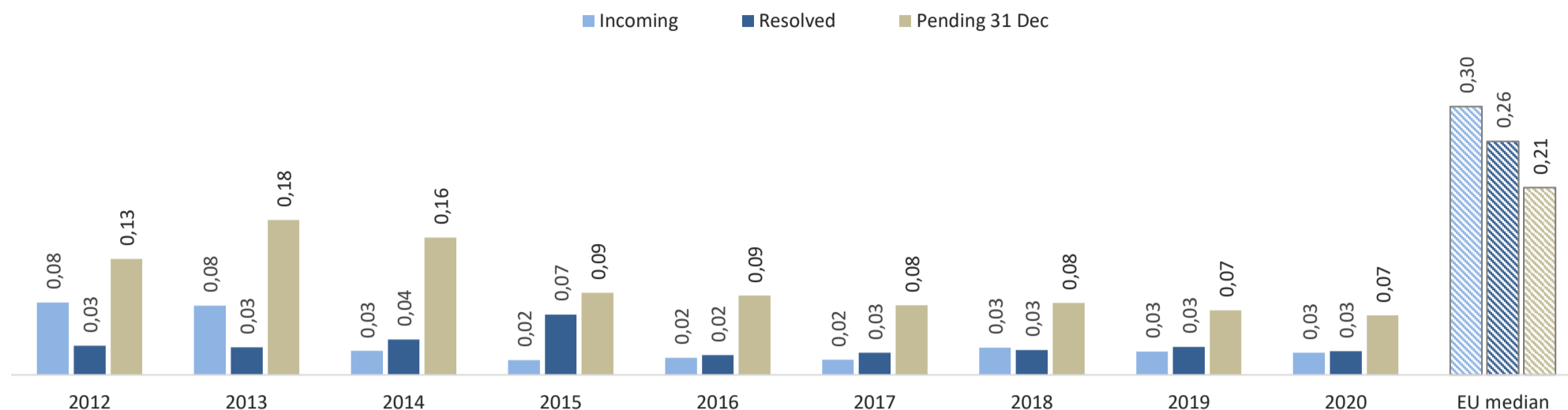
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 18,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Malta, there are 3 972 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 39,1% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



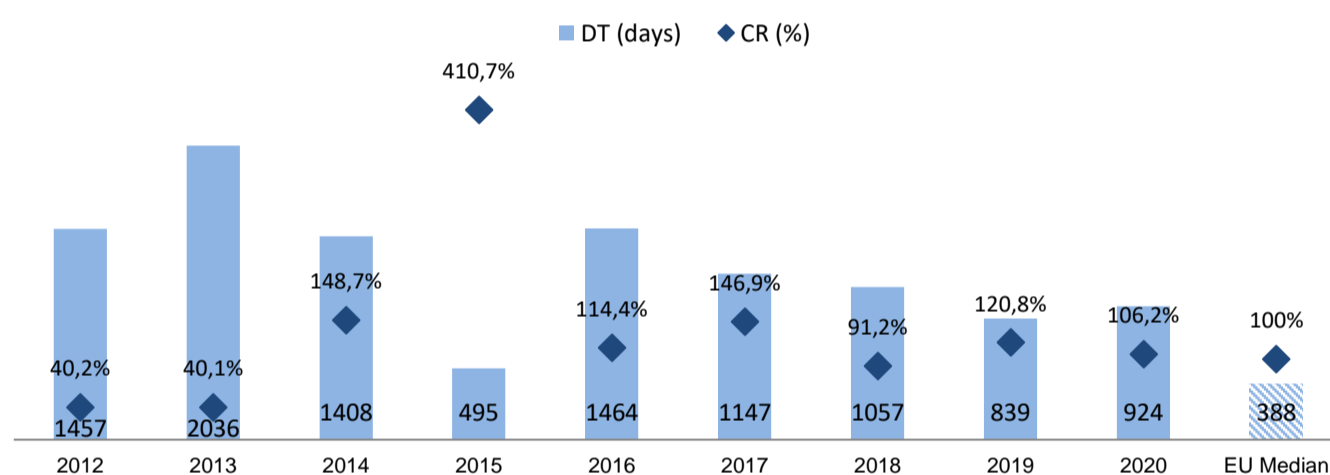
In 2020, the number of incoming and resolved cases in Malta (0,03 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,30 and 0,26 per 100 inhabitants, respectively).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 (0,07 per 100 inhabitants) is also significantly below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	40,2%	1457
2013	40,1%	2036
2014	148,7%	1408
2015	410,7%	495
2016	114,4%	1464
2017	146,9%	1147
2018	91,2%	1057
2019	120,8%	839
2020	106,2%	924



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 106,2% in 2020, Malta seems to be to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -14,6 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 924 days, which is well above EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 10,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Malta, there are 206 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 59,4% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

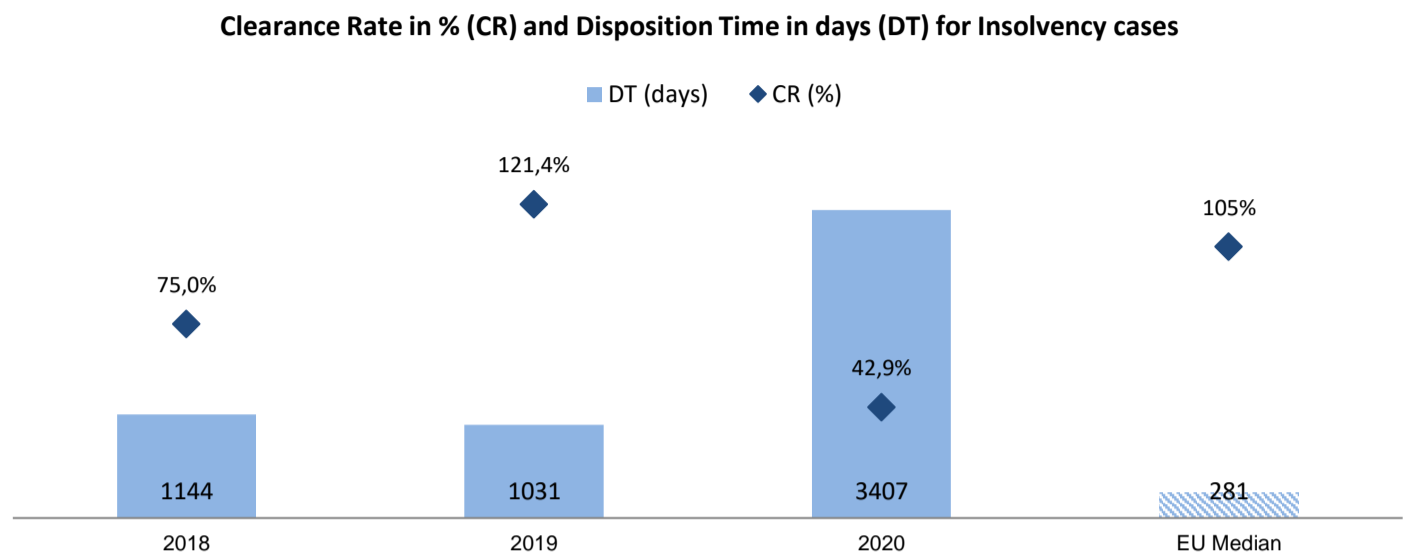
The vast majority of cases heard before the courts of Malta are litigious cases. Nevertheless, there is the Court of Voluntary Jurisdiction which deals with adoptions, appointment of tutor, curators and other administrators, interdiction and incapacitation and opening of secret wills.

The lack of horizontal consistency results from recounts that happen throughout the year, and that ensure that the data is always as up to date as possible. However when taken as a global figure, horizontal consistency might then be lost.

The cases included in the non-litigious case category are codified under Art 166A of the Code of Organisation and Civil Procedure (COCP), Chp 12 of the Laws of Malta.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA
2017	NA	NA
2018	75,0%	1144
2019	121,4%	1031
2020	42,9%	3407



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 42,9% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Malta seems ... to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -78,6 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 3 407 days, which is well above EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 230,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

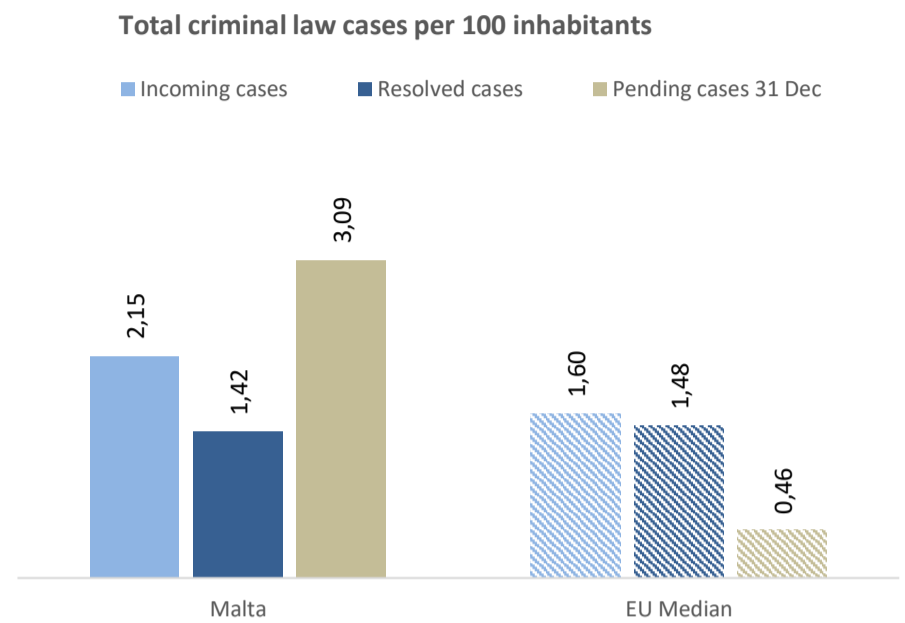
Due to cour closure, there are less incoming and resolved cases in 2020.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	11 899	11 086	7 321	15 883
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	2,31	2,15	1,42	3,09
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Malta (2,15 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

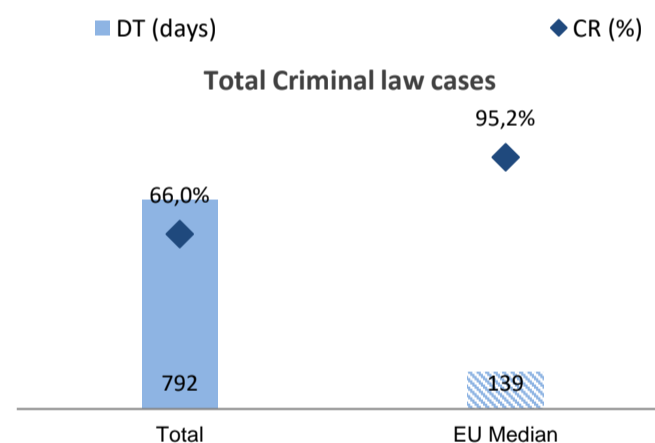
Moreover, the number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Malta (1,42 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

Finally, the number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Malta (3,09 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	66,0%	792
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT)



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 66,0% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Malta seems to struggle to deal with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 792 days, which is well above EU median of 139 days.

In the Maltese legal system, all proceedings which appear before the Court of Magistrates may be punishable with a fine or imprisonment, bar a few contraventions which still appear before the Court of Magistrates and it is not possible to obtain data relating to these few cases. Nevertheless, all cases which lead to an imprisonment of ten years or more can only be heard by the Criminal Court whilst cases between 2 and 12 years may be heard by the Court of Magistrates only once the procedure before it as a Court of Criminal Inquiry is completed. Since in Malta the vast majority of the cases contemplate the possibility of imprisonment, barring a few contraventions, the cases indicated as misdemeanours/minor offences, are those cases which are heard by the Court of Magistrates (excluding those being heard as a Court of Criminal Inquiry) having a maximum punishment of 2 years imprisonment while the cases indicated as 'severe criminal offences' are those having a punishment of over 2 years (Criminal Court & Court of Criminal Inquiry).

Given that the categorisation of criminal offences in Malta does not exactly match with the CEPEJ definitions provided, only the total of such cases is being reported. An actual breakdown of the figures quoted above is as follows:

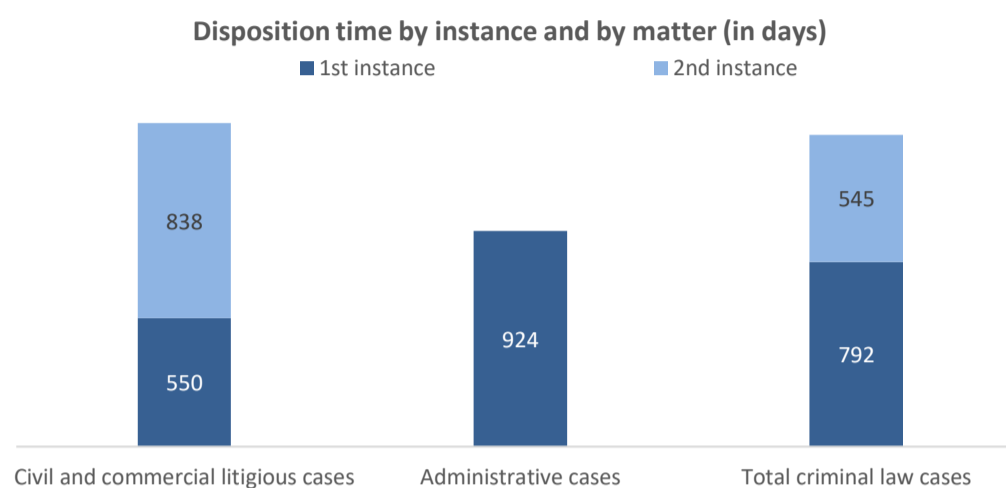
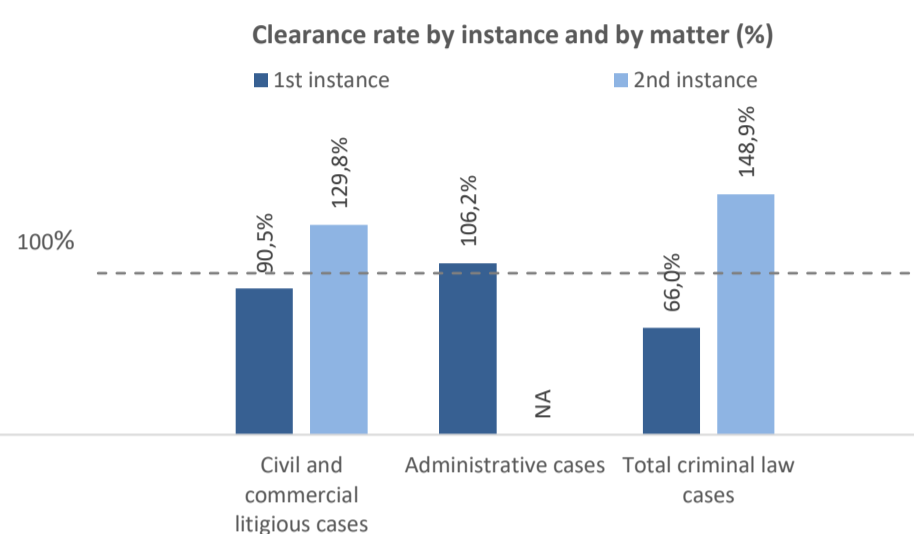
- Pending 1st January 2020 = 11899 (79 cases Criminal Court and 11820 cases Court of Magistrates)
- Incoming cases 2020 = 11086 (17 cases Criminal Court and 11069 cases Court of Magistrates)
- Resolved cases 2020 = 7321 (5 cases Criminal Court and 7316 cases Court of Magistrates)
- Pending cases 31st December 2020 = 15883 (89 cases Criminal Court and 15794 cases Court of Magistrates)

The lack of horizontal consistency results from recounts that happen throughout the year, and that ensure that the data is always as up to date as possible. However when taken as a global figure, horizontal consistency might then be lost.

The decrease in the number of incoming and resolved cases, and the ensuing high number of pending cases, results from the restrictions imposed by the pandemic on the functioning of the Courts of Law.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	90,5%	129,8%	NAP	550	838	NAP
Administrative cases	106,2%	NA	NAP	924	NA	NAP
Total criminal law cases	66,0%	148,9%	NAP	792	545	NAP



Malta has a two-tier system, therefore the Court of Appeal is the second, highest and final instance court. The case flow data of the Court of Appeal are here presented as second instance cases. For this reason, CR and DT of the Court of Appeal are presented in the second instance, whereas NAP is indicated in the third instance.

It should also be noticed that, in the second instance courts, Administrative law cases are included in the number of Civil (and commercial) litigious cases. Moreover, the number of second instance criminal law cases reflects the aggregate number of cases of the Criminal Court of Appeal in its Superior and Inferior Jurisdiction.

Looking at the charts above, it is clear that Malta is struggling to solve the pending cases in all matters and instances and the Disposition Time (DT) for first and second instance cases is well above the EU median.

As far as the first instance cases are concerned, the DT is: 550 days for Civil and Commercial Litigious cases (vs the EU median of 221 days); 924 days for Administrative cases (vs the EU median of 388 days); and 792 days for Total Criminal Law cases (vs the EU median of 139). The Clearance Rate (CR) is above the threshold of 100% only for the Administrative cases (106,2%), whereas for Total Criminal Law cases the CR is as low as 66%. This shows that the first instance courts are not able to deal with the incoming Total Criminal Law cases.

Although the CR is much higher than the 100% threshold for the second instance cases (129,8% for Civil and Commercial Litigious cases and 148,9% for Criminal Law cases), the DT is still well above the EU median for all matters. Namely, it is 838 days for Civil and Commercial Litigious cases (whereas the EU median is 177 days) and it is 545 days for Total Criminal Law cases (while the EU median is 101 days).

5. Public prosecution services in Malta

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

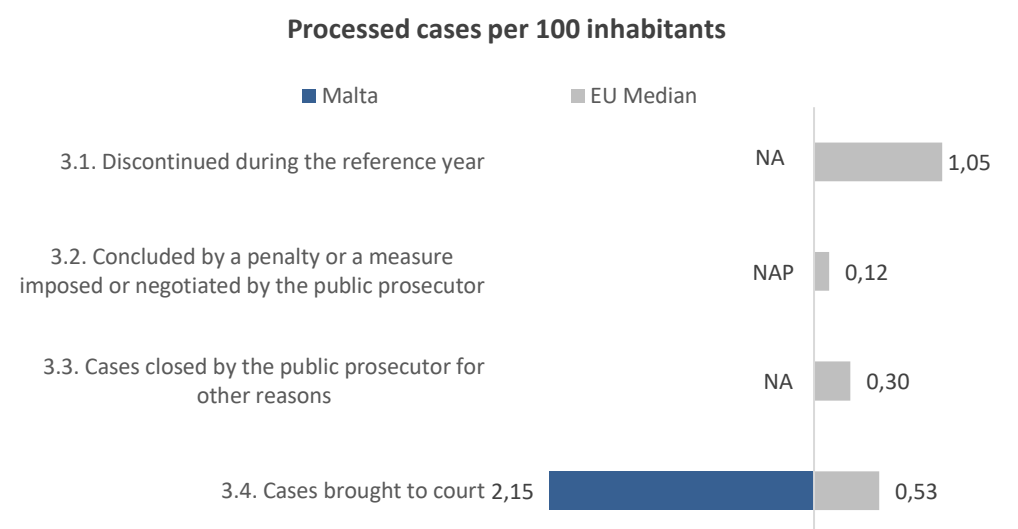
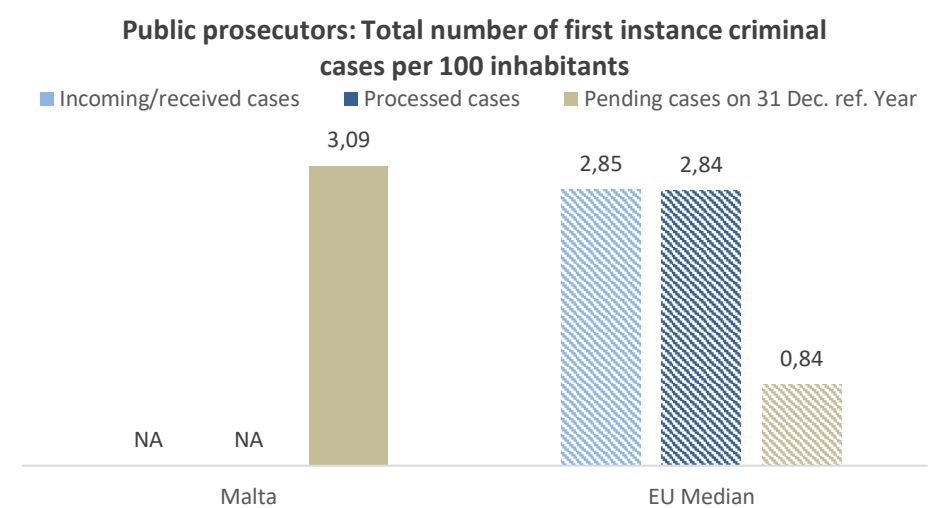
In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Malta has the following 6 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✗	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✗	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The public prosecutor does not have any role in civil, administrative or insolvency cases.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

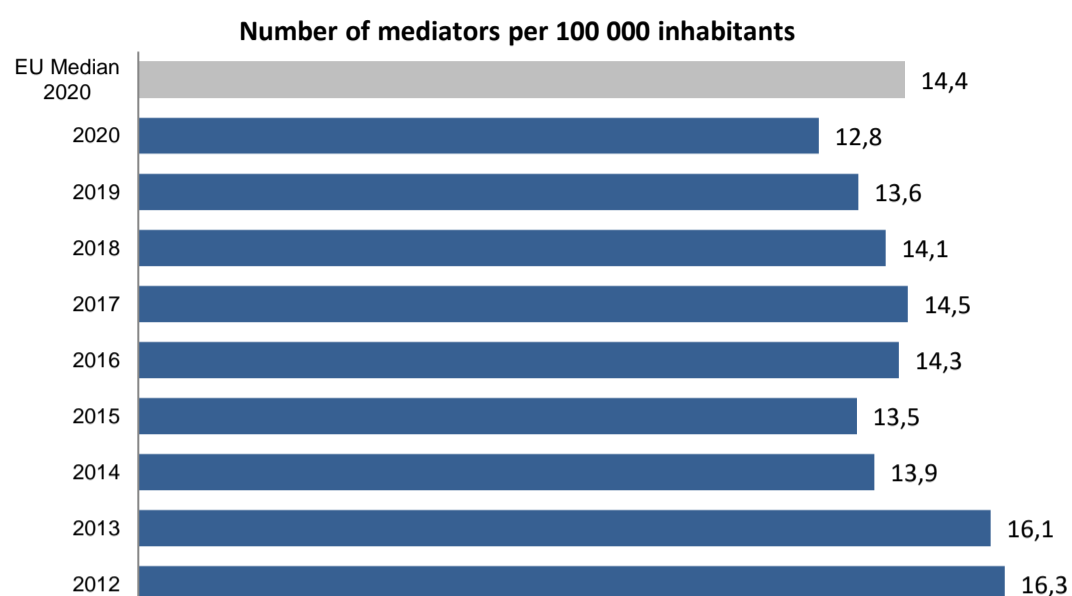
Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	11 899	2,31
2. Incoming/received cases	NA	NA
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	NA	NA
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	NA	NA
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NAP	NAP
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NA	NA
3.4. Cases brought to court	11 086	2,15
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	15 883	3,09



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Malta

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	69	16,3
2013	69	16,1
2014	61	13,9
2015	61	13,5
2016	66	14,3
2017	69	14,5
2018	67	14,1
2019	67	13,6
2020	66	12,8



In 2020, there are 66 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which is 12,8 per 100 000 inhabitants (-1,5% less than in 2019).

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All cases	1668	1809	NA
Civil and commercial	5	2	NA
Family cases	1663	1807	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NAP	NAP	NAP
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NAP	NAP	NAP

7. ICT tools of courts in Malta

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	5,5	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	1,5	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	4,7	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	2,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	2,3	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	4,8	6,9

The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

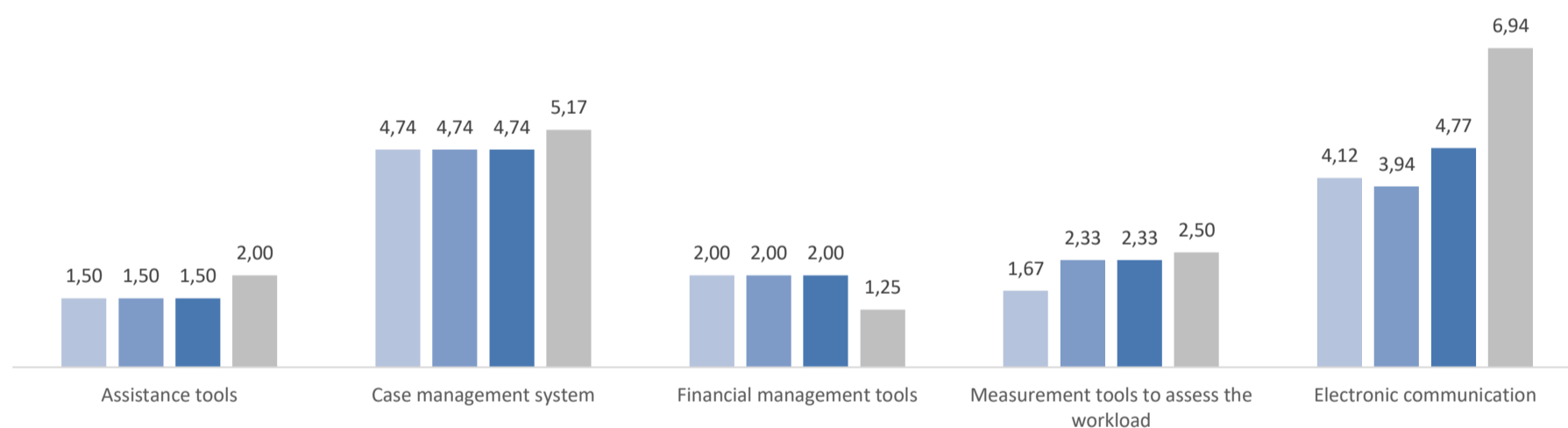
The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations.

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020

■ 2018 ■ 2019 ■ 2020 ■ EU Median 2020



Comments on CMS

Regarding the Case Management System, it does indicate the age of the pending caseload but it does not 'issue' a warning to the judiciary once cases exceed a pre-established threshold.

Comments on communication tools

As far as the electronic communication between courts and lawyers and/or parties is concerned, in Civil and/or Commercial cases and in Administrative cases, parties not represented by a lawyer have access to some of the features outlined under 'Trial phases concerned' but not all. For example, it is mandatory by law that the filing of a case is made through a lawyer or a legal procurator and not by a party without a lawyer. Moreover the system only recognises legal professionals in executing certain information-sharing functions, whilst communicating directly with parties in relation to other aspects of the phases of a hearing (for example through MyActs).

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Malta

In Malta, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

There exists a Code of Ethics for the members of the Judiciary which, though not providing for the organisation and quality of the judicial work, does lay upon the members of the Judiciary certain obligations which are important in ensuring the transparency and independence of the judicial process.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

In Malta, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Court performance is evaluated on a quarterly basis, or as the need arises.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other: age of pending cases	✓

The evaluation of the courts' activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Malta, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

The Office of the AG has started setting up a system to assess the performance of the prosecution service, but this is still in its initial phases and more work is being planned on it to make it more integrated.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activity is used for the later allocation of means in this service.

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																				
Q1 Number of inhabitants	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	514 565		21,8%	1,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,2%	3,3%	0,0%	3,8%	4,3%	
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	16 417	16 831	18 525	21 469	22 664	23 778	25 556	26 490	24 634		50,1%	2,5%	10,1%	15,9%	5,6%	4,9%	7,5%	3,7%	-7,0%	
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	Yes	Yes	True	False	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True
078.1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True
078.1.14 Other							True	True	True	True
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									False										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False									
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False									
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True									
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources								True	True	True									
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)								True	True	True									
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency								False	True	False									
073-2.1.4 Other								True	True	True									
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance										True									

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									True										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									False										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True										
073-6.1.4 Other									False										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	No	No	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True									

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True									
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False									
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True									
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True									
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False									
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False									
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False									
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False									
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False									
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False									
070-1.1.13 Other									False									
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True									
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									False									
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True									
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False									
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False									
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False									
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP									
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP									
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP									
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP									
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP									

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120.1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120.1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									False										
120.1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									True										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	300,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	300,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	9	9	7	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	14,3%	12,5%	0,0%	-22,2%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	1	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	NAP	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	5	5	4	4	4	5	5	5	4	-20,0%	0,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	0,0%	25,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-20,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	50,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	50,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 805	9 789	10 845	10 568	9 459	NA	9 492	10 138	11 243	14,7%	-0,2%	10,8%	-2,6%	-10,5%	-	-	6,8%	10,9%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9 457	9 238	10 092	9 885	9 041	NA	8 856	9 727	10 429	10,3%	-2,3%	9,2%	-2,1%	-8,5%	-	-	9,8%	7,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	262	23	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-91,2%	1869,6%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	262	23	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-91,2%	1869,6%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	348	551	753	683	418	413	374	388	361	3,7%	58,3%	36,7%	-9,3%	-38,8%	-1,2%	-9,4%	3,7%	-7,0%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 507	4 272	6 762	6 991	6 730	10 911	11 827	13 066	10 915	142,2%	-5,2%	58,3%	3,4%	-3,7%	62,1%	8,4%	10,5%	-16,5%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 161	3 935	6 643	6 916	6 640	7 656	8 640	8 909	7 433	78,6%	-5,4%	68,8%	4,1%	-4,0%	15,3%	12,9%	3,1%	-16,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	3 174	3 040	4 027	3 353	-	-	-	-	-	-	-4,2%	32,5%	-16,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	3 174	3 040	4 027	3 353	-	-	-	-	-	-	-4,2%	32,5%	-16,7%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	346	337	119	75	90	81	147	130	129	-62,7%	-2,6%	-64,7%	-37,0%	20,0%	-10,0%	81,5%	-11,6%	-0,8%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 875	4 447	6 909	7 727	7 231	10 458	11 481	11 932	9 923	103,5%	-8,8%	55,4%	11,8%	-6,4%	44,6%	9,8%	3,9%	-16,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 736	4 312	6 732	7 419	7 128	7 427	8 068	8 178	6 728	42,1%	-9,0%	56,1%	10,2%	-3,9%	4,2%	8,6%	1,4%	-17,7%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 912	3 279	3 597	3 058	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,6%	9,7%	-15,0%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 912	3 279	3 597	3 058	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,6%	9,7%	-15,0%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	139	135	177	308	103	119	134	157	137	-1,4%	-2,9%	31,1%	74,0%	-66,6%	15,5%	12,6%	17,2%	-12,7%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 437	9 614	10 568	9 459	8 843	9 492	10 138	11 243	11 242	19,1%	1,9%	9,9%	-10,5%	-6,5%	7,3%	6,8%	10,9%	0,0%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 882	8 861	9 885	9 041	8 430	8 856	9 727	10 429	10 147	14,2%	-0,2%	11,6%	-8,5%	-6,8%	5,1%	9,8%	7,2%	-2,7%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	262	23	453	748	-	-	-	-	-	-	-91,2%	1869,6%	65,1%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	262	23	453	748	-	-	-	-	-	-	-91,2%	1869,6%	65,1%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	555	753	683	418	413	374	388	361	347	-37,5%	35,7%	-9,3%	-38,8%	-1,2%	-9,4%	3,7%	-7,0%	-3,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	108,2%	104,1%	102,2%	110,5%	107,4%	95,8%	97,1%	91,3%	90,9%	(15,95)	(3,76)	(1,85)	8,18	(2,79)	(10,79)	1,28	(5,93)	(0,45)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	113,8%	109,6%	101,3%	107,3%	107,3%	97,0%	93,4%	91,8%	90,5%	(20,47)	(3,72)	(7,52)	5,85	0,07	(9,63)	(3,74)	(1,70)	(1,39)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	91,7%	107,9%	89,3%	91,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,57	(17,19)	2,10
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	91,7%	107,9%	89,3%	91,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,57	(17,19)	2,10
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	40,2%	40,1%	148,7%	410,7%	114,4%	146,9%	91,2%	120,8%	106,2%	164,36	(0,28)	271,30	176,10	(72,13)	28,37	(37,95)	32,49	(12,06)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	707	789	558	447	446	331	322	344	414	-41,5%	11,7%	-29,2%	-20,0%	-0,1%	-25,8%	-2,7%	6,7%	20,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	685	750	536	445	432	435	440	465	550	-19,6%	9,6%	-28,5%	-17,0%	-3,0%	0,8%	1,1%	5,8%	18,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	33	3	46	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-92,2%	1695,4%	94,2%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	33	3	46	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-92,2%	1695,4%	94,2%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1457	2036	1408	495	1464	1147	1057	839	924	-36,6%	39,7%	-30,8%	-64,8%	195,5%	-21,6%	-7,9%	-20,6%	10,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																				
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	142	162	130	121	126	151	170	-	-	-	14,1%	-19,8%	-6,9%	4,1%	19,8%	12,6%		
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	47	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,1%		
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	285	299	358	334	395	372	10	-	-	-	4,9%	19,7%	-6,7%	18,3%	-5,8%	-97,3%		
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	20	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-30,0%	0,0%		
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	265	331	367	329	370	353	7	-	-	-	24,9%	10,9%	-10,4%	12,5%	-4,6%	-98,0%		
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	15	17	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,3%	-64,7%		
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	162	130	121	126	151	170	173	-	-	-	-19,8%	-6,9%	4,1%	19,8%	12,6%	1,8%		
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	47	48	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,1%	16,7%		

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	93,0%	110,7%	102,5%	98,5%	93,7%	94,9%	70,0%	-	-	-	19,06	(7,40)	(3,91)	(4,91)	1,30	(26,23)
CR Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	75,0%	121,4%	42,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,90	(64,71)
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	223	143	120	140	149	176	9 021	-	-	-	-35,8%	-16,1%	16,2%	6,6%	18,0%	5031,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 144	1 031	3 407	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-9,9%	230,6%

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 841	1 945	NA	1 922	1 797	1 951	1 870	-	-	-	5,6%	-	-	-6,5%	8,6%	-4,2%	
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 841	1 945	2 015	1 922	1 797	1 951	1 870	-	-	-	5,6%	3,6%	-4,6%	-6,5%	8,6%	-4,2%	
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			807	772	NA	701	796	694	571	-	-	-	-4,3%	-	-	13,6%	-12,8%	-17,7%	
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			807	772	867	701	796	694	571	-	-	-	-4,3%	12,3%	-19,1%	13,6%	-12,8%	-17,7%	
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			703	738	NA	824	636	780	741	-	-	-	5,0%	-	-	-22,8%	22,6%	-5,0%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			703	738	917	824	636	780	741	-	-	-	5,0%	24,3%	-10,1%	-22,8%	22,6%	-5,0%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 945	1 968	NA	1 797	1 951	1 870	1 701	-	-	-	1,2%	-	-	8,6%	-4,2%	-9,0%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 945	1 968	1 968	1 797	1 951	1 870	1 701	-	-	-	1,2%	0,0%	-8,7%	8,6%	-4,2%	-9,0%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	1 657	758	889	973	908	-	-	-	-	-	-54,3%	17,3%	9,4%	-6,7%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	1 657	758	889	973	908	-	-	-	-	-	-54,3%	17,3%	9,4%	-6,7%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																			
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																			
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			87,1%	95,6%	NA	117,5%	79,9%	112,4%	129,8%	-	-	-	9,74	-	-	(32,03)	40,67	15,46	
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			87,1%	95,6%	105,8%	117,5%	79,9%	112,4%	129,8%	-	-	-	9,74	10,64	11,14	(32,03)	40,67	15,46	
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			1010	973	NA	796	1120	875	838	-	-	-	-3,6%	-	-	40,7%	-21,8%	-4,2%	
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1010	973	783	796	1120	875	838	-	-	-	-3,6%	-19,5%	1,6%	40,7%	-21,8%	-4,2%	
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																				
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																				
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									11 899	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.1 Total -incoming									11 086	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.1 Total - resolved									7 321	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									15 883	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
CR of Total									66,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Total									792	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																				
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									843	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.1 Total -incoming									311	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.1 Total - resolved									463	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									691	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									148,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									545	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Total									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 5: Access to justice																				
Legal aid																				
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																				
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										False										
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True										
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	No	No	False	False	True	True	True	True										
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	No	No	False	False	True	True	True	True										
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True										
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										False										
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										False										
020.1.1 Total										946										
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										626										
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										320										
020.2.1 Total brought to court										755										
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										626										
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										129										
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										191										
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NAP										
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										191										
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NA										
020-1.1.2 Average duration										19										

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NAP								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NAP								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NAP								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NAP								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NAP								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NAP								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NAP								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NAP								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NAP								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NAP								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NAP								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NAP								

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																				
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																				
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True											
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%											
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%											
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%											
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True											
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No											
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No											
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No											
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True											
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True								
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True								
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True								
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False								
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False								
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False								
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated								
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated								
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated								
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	NA	NA								
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%								
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	False	NA	NA								
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	True	True	True								
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	False	NA	NA								
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	True	True	True								
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	True	NA	NA								
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	True	True	True								
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%								
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%								
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA								
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True								
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True								
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NA	NA								
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True								
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True								
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NA	NA								

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	0% (NAP)										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							NA	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							NA	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	True	True										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	NA	False										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	NA	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							10-49%	10-49%	50-99%										
064-2 - Criminal							NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	NAP										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	False	NAP										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	False	NAP										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	False	True										

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	False	False										
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate																			
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							-	-	-										
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							-	-	-										
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							-	-	-										
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							-	-	-										
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	True	True										
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True										
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	True	True										
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							True	True	True										
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							True	True	True										
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							NA	NA	0% (NAP)										
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling										
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)																			
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling										
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail	Other	E-mail	Other	E-mail	Other							
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)																			
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail	Other	E-mail	Other	E-mail	Other							
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True		True		True								
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False		False		False								
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True		True		True								
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)																			Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)																			
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)																			Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%									
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%									
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	0% (NAP)									
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA									
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)																		
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)																		
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True									

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	40	42	41	42	45	43	45	43	42	5,0%	5,0%	-2,4%	2,4%	7,1%	-4,4%	4,7%	-4,4%	-2,3%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	34	36	33	34	36	34	34	32	33	-2,9%	5,9%	-8,3%	3,0%	5,9%	-5,6%	0,0%	-5,9%	3,1%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	6	6	8	8	9	9	11	11	9	50,0%	0,0%	33,3%	0,0%	12,5%	0,0%	22,2%	0,0%	-18,2%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	26	27	25	24	26	23	22	19	18	-30,8%	3,8%	-7,4%	-4,0%	8,3%	-11,5%	-4,3%	-13,6%	-5,3%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	20	21	18	17	18	15	14	10	11	-45,0%	5,0%	-14,3%	-5,6%	5,9%	-16,7%	-6,7%	-28,6%	10,0%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	6	6	7	7	8	8	8	9	7	16,7%	0,0%	16,7%	0,0%	14,3%	0,0%	0,0%	12,5%	-22,2%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	14	15	16	18	19	20	23	24	24	71,4%	7,1%	6,7%	12,5%	5,6%	5,3%	15,0%	4,3%	0,0%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	14	15	15	17	18	19	20	22	22	57,1%	7,1%	0,0%	13,3%	5,9%	5,6%	5,3%	10,0%	0,0%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	-	-	1	1	1	1	3	2	2	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	200,0%	-33,3%	0,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	360	451	389	393	383	394	413	412	396	10,0%	25,3%	-13,7%	1,0%	-2,5%	2,9%	4,8%	-0,2%	-3,9%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	213	156	231	239	227	231	247	262	246	15,5%	-26,8%	48,1%	3,5%	-5,0%	1,8%	6,9%	6,1%	-6,1%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	111	103	59	60	59	56	61	52	53	-52,3%	-7,2%	-42,7%	1,7%	-1,7%	-5,1%	8,9%	-14,8%	1,9%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	8	8	9	5	7	9	9	6	4	-50,0%	0,0%	12,5%	-44,4%	40,0%	28,6%	0,0%	-33,3%	-33,3%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	28	36	90	89	90	98	96	92	93	232,1%	28,6%	150,0%	-1,1%	1,1%	8,9%	-2,0%	-4,2%	1,1%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	187	180	177	183	172	166	-	-	-	-	-3,7%	-1,7%	3,4%	-6,0%	-3,5%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	73	73	69	64	69	69	64	-	-	-	0,0%	-5,5%	-7,2%	7,8%	0,0%	-7,2%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	40	36	29	30	24	25	-	-	-	-	-10,0%	-19,4%	3,4%	-20,0%	4,2%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	9	5	7	9	9	6	4	-	-	-	-44,4%	40,0%	28,6%	0,0%	-33,3%	-33,3%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	70	69	68	75	75	73	73	-	-	-	-1,4%	-1,4%	10,3%	0,0%	-2,7%	0,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	206	203	217	230	240	230	-	-	-	-	-1,5%	6,9%	6,0%	4,3%	-4,2%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	158	166	158	167	178	193	182	-	-	-	5,1%	-4,8%	5,7%	6,6%	8,4%	-5,7%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	20	23	27	31	28	28	-	-	-	-	15,0%	17,4%	14,8%	-9,7%	0,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	20	20	22	23	21	19	20	-	-	-	0,0%	10,0%	4,5%	-8,7%	-9,5%	5,3%

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	18 923 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	95 215 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	103 246 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	44 496 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	68 770 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	74 587 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	28 843 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																		
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																		
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 400	1 112	1 485	1 569	1 327	1 473	1 535	1 648	1 762	25,9%	-20,6%	33,5%	5,7%	-15,4%	11,0%	4,2%	7,4%	6,9%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	749	793	834	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,9%	5,2%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	786	855	928	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,8%	8,5%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Malta (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																		
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																		
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	69	69	61	61	66	69	67	67	66	-4,3%	0,0%	-11,6%	0,0%	8,2%	4,5%	-2,9%	0,0%	-1,5%
167.1.1 Total number started					1 896	1 911	NA	2 104	1 668	-	-	-	-	-	0,8%	-	-	-20,7%
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	400,0%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					1 896	1 911	2 059	2 103	1 663	-	-	-	-	-	0,8%	7,7%	2,1%	-20,9%
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

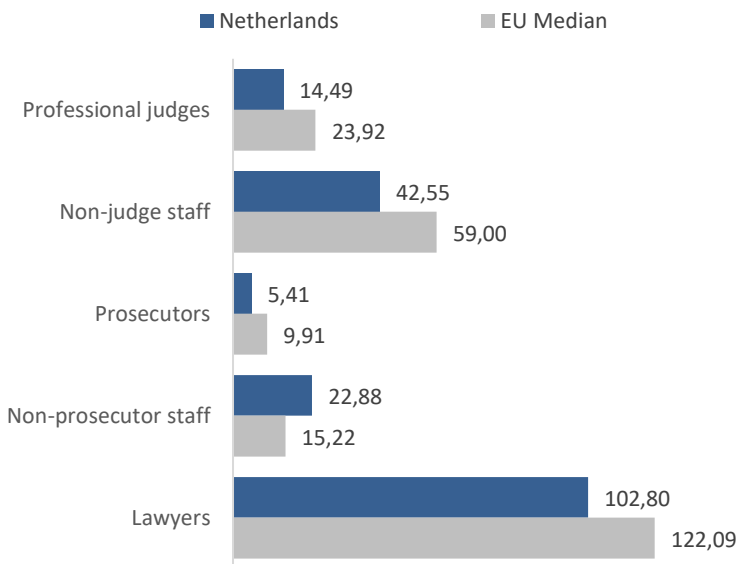
Judiciary at a glance in Netherlands

General data

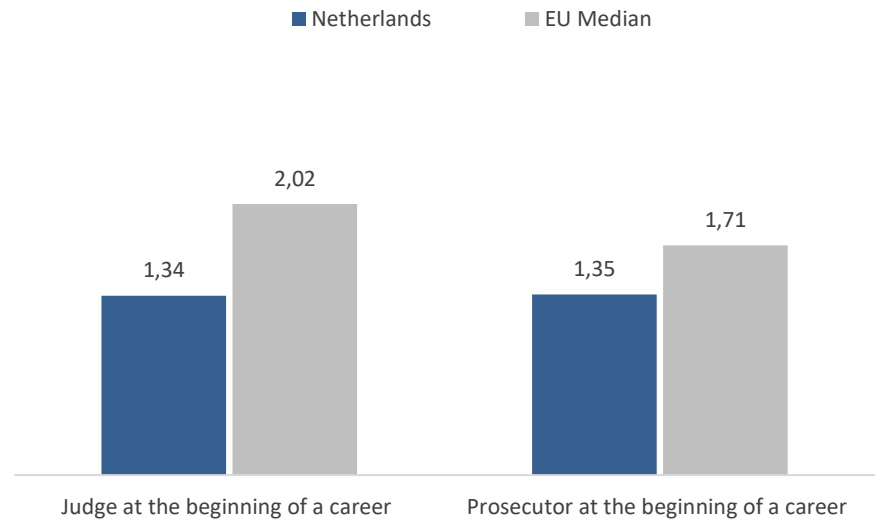
Population: 17 475 415 **GDP per capita:** 45 900 € **Average annual salary:** 62 700 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

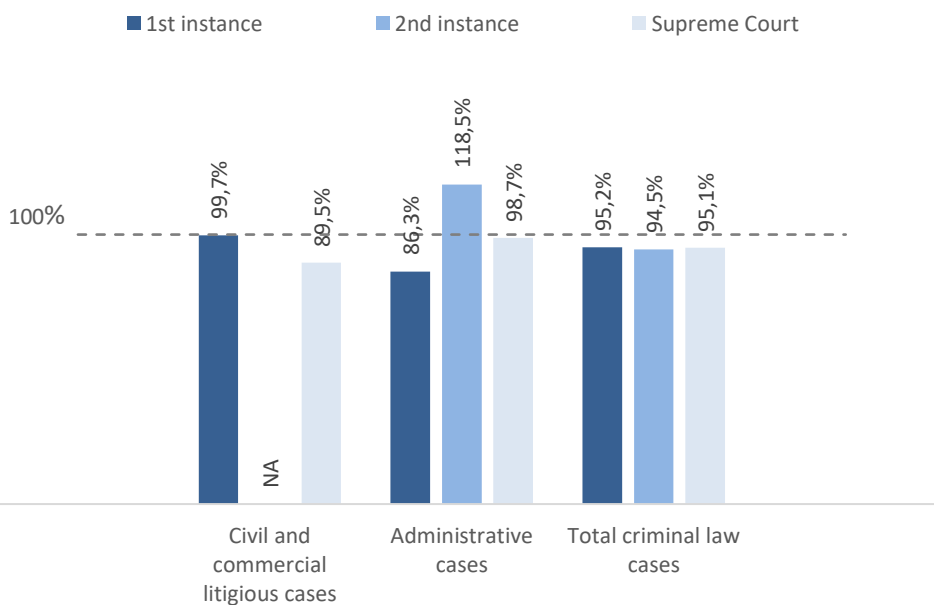


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

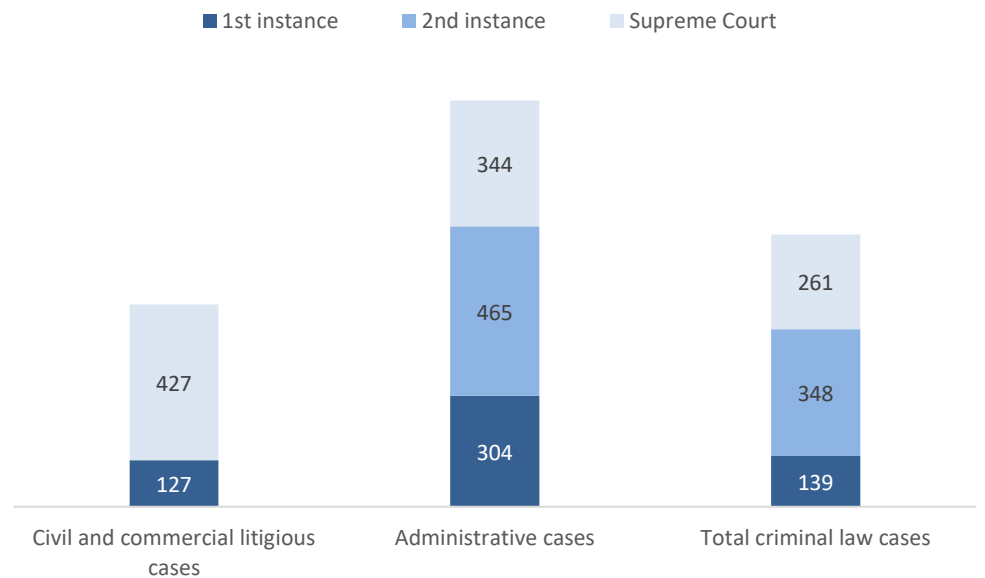


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

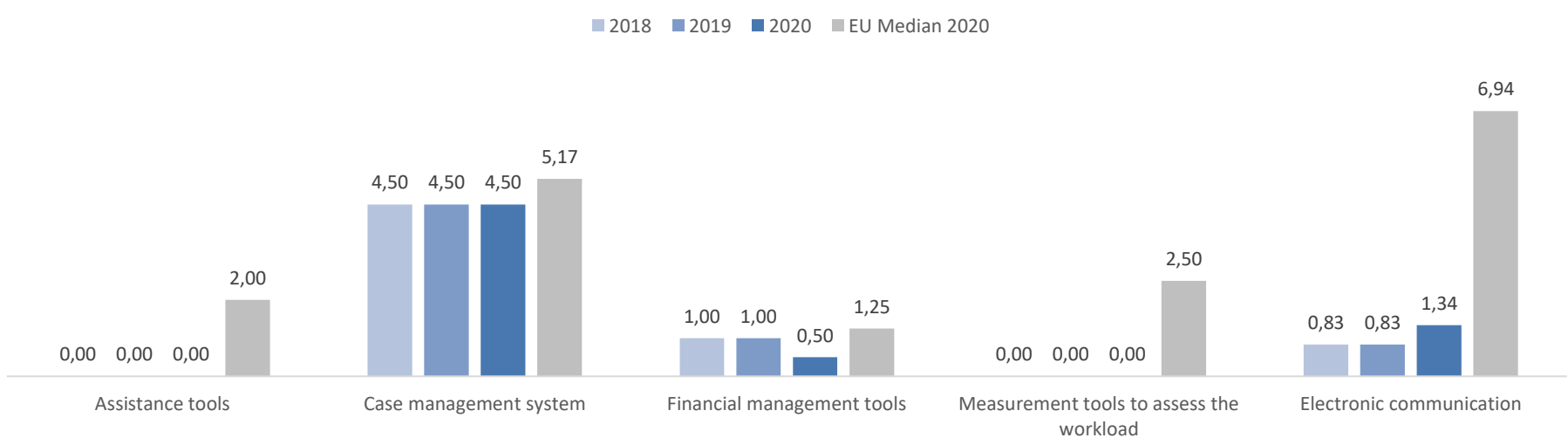


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Netherlands

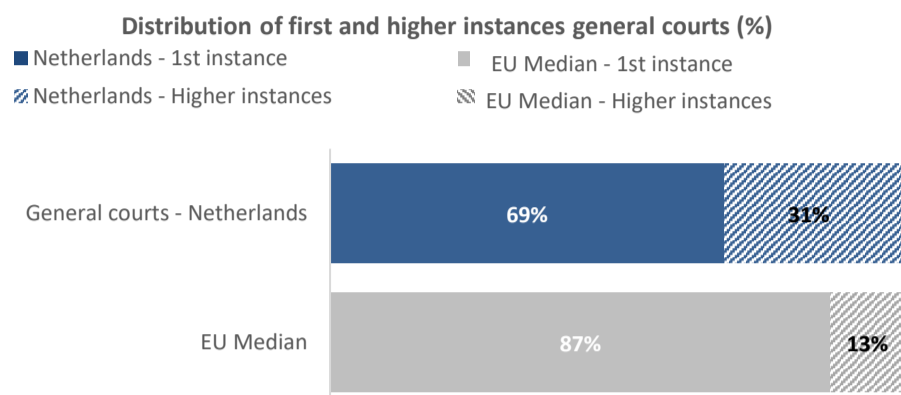
Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Population	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	17 475 415	4,1%	1,1%	1,2%	0,6%	0,7%	0,4%
GDP per capita	38 236	38 255	39 313	39 937	41 258	42 578	45 052	46 883	45 900	20,0%	4,9%	9,2%	5,8%	4,1%	-2,1%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	54 700		56 900		57 300		58 800	60 500	62 700	14,6%	0,7%	2,6%		2,9%	3,6%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	14,4	14,1	14,0	13,9	13,6	14,8	14,6	14,5	14,9	3,5%	-2,2%	6,9%	-1,2%	-0,7%	2,5%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	37,3	43,3	43,9	42,8	42,8	43,8	43,4	44,2	42,5	14,2%	-2,4%	1,2%	-1,0%	2,0%	-3,8%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	101,7	102,8	104,8	102,1	102,4	102,9	102,9	102,4	102,8	1,1%	-2,3%	0,5%	0,0%	-0,5%	0,4%
Mediators	4,9	5,5	7,0	8,3	8,6	8,8	5,8	5,4	4,9	1,3%	22,2%	-32,4%	-34,1%	-7,4%	-7,8%
ICT overall assesment							2,3	2,3	2,3					0,0%	0,1%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	0,995	0,954	0,944	0,861	0,779	0,797	0,733	NA	-5,1%	-17,4%	-9,5%	2,3%	-8,0%
Administrative law cases	0,685	0,7	0,6	0,591	0,662	0,579	0,576	0,608	0,571	-16,7%	1,8%	-12,9%	-0,5%	5,5%	-6,1%
Total criminal law cases									1,280						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	99%	100%	101%	99%	101%	100%	100%	NA	1,57	0,52	2,13	-1,03	-0,50
CR administrative law cases	98%	100%	99%	103%	95%	105%	95%	94%	86%	-11,22	-3,62	-0,09	-9,91	-1,51	-7,34
CR total criminal law cases									95%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	NA	NA	132	115	121	124	110	110	127	NA	-8,1%	-9,4%	-11,8%	0,3%	15,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)	163	164	171	168	178	165	200	215	304	86,9%	4,1%	11,8%	20,9%	7,7%	41,6%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									139						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	0,36	0,30	0,32	0,29	0,24	0,24	0,25	NA	-11,5%	-24,7%	-18,4%	1,5%	5,9%
Administrative law cases	0,30	0,30	0,30	0,28	0,31	0,28	0,30	0,34	0,41	37,8%	2,1%	-2,7%	9,0%	11,8%	22,5%
Total criminal law cases									0,46						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CR administrative law cases			101%	93%	103%	99%	108%	100%	119%		1,64	5,35	9,43	-8,35	18,55
CR total criminal law cases									94%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			411	427	348	444	437	476	465		-15,3%	25,4%	-1,7%	9,0%	-2,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									348						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	100%	84%	90%		NA	NA	NA	-16,38	5,44
CR administrative law cases			98%	NA	NA	NA	87%	80%	99%		NA	NA	NA	-6,91	18,53
CR total criminal law cases									95%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	320	459	427		NA	NA	NA	43,3%	-6,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	299	382	344		NA	NA	NA	27,9%	-9,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									261						

1. Judicial organisation in Netherlands

In 2013, following the implementation of the reform related to the reorganization of the judicial map, the number of district courts which are first instance courts of general jurisdiction was reduced from 19 to 11. Moreover, this reform resulted in the closure of sub-district court locations due to which the number of geographic locations decreased from 64 to 40.

Besides, there are 4 second instance courts and 1 higher instance court of general jurisdiction. The second instance courts of general jurisdiction are 4 courts of appeal that handle civil cases, criminal cases and tax cases, while the highest instance court of general jurisdiction is the Supreme Court (Hoge Raad). Furthermore, there are three specialized courts.

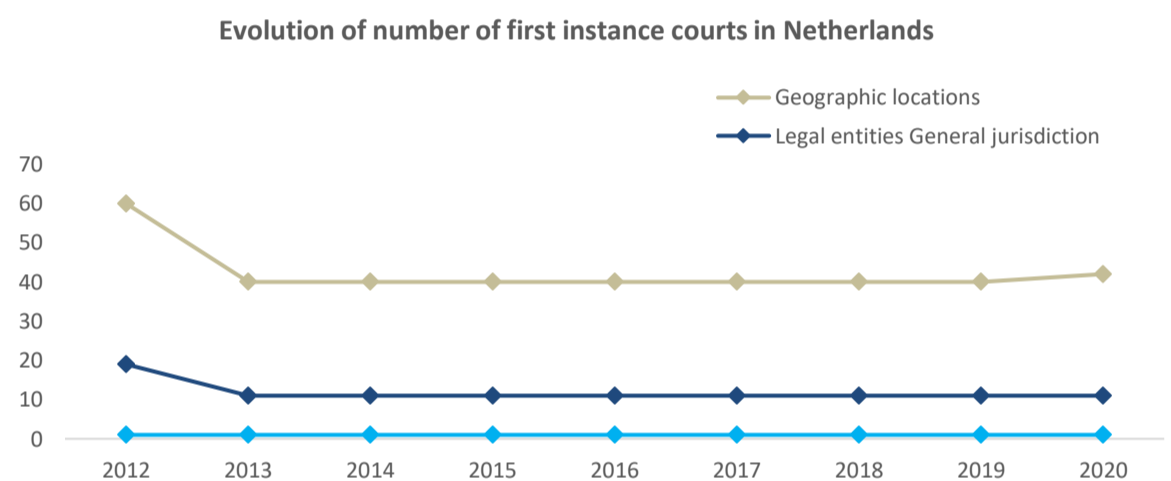
Distribution of general courts in Netherlands



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Netherlands is 60% - 31%, which is different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Netherlands

Year	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	60	19	1
2013	40	11	1
2014	40	11	1
2015	40	11	1
2016	40	11	1
2017	40	11	1
2018	40	11	1
2019	40	11	1
2020	42	11	1



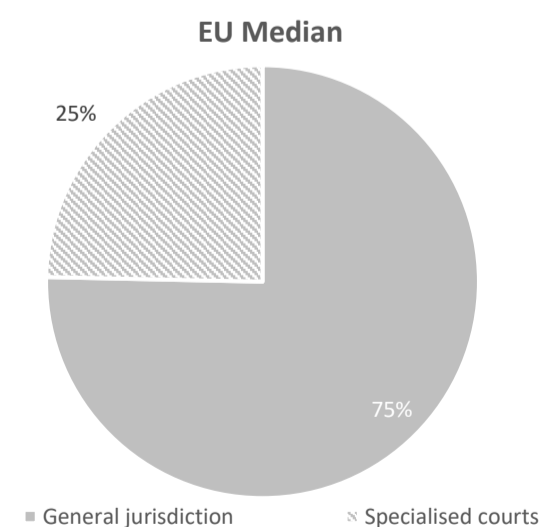
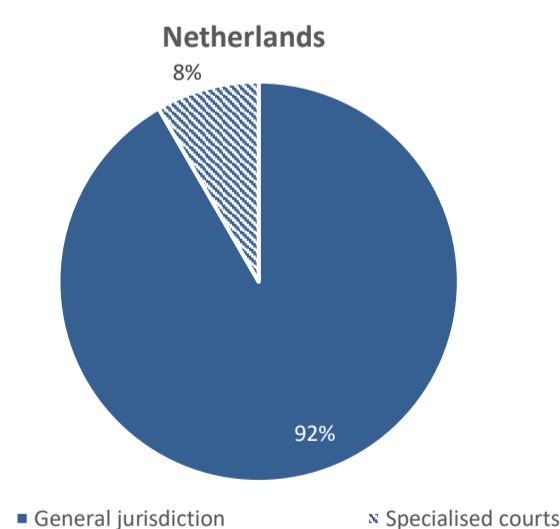
As regards the number of geographic locations, in one case a first instance court of general jurisdiction, a specialized first instance court, and a court of appeal are housed at the same site.

In 3 cases, a first instance court of general jurisdiction and a court of appeal are housed at the same site.

In 1 case, a first instance court of general jurisdiction and a specialized second instance court are housed at the same site.

Finally, the Supreme Court, 1 specialized second instance court, and 2 appeal courts are housed at unique locations.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 91,7% - 8,3% is well different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	1	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	1

The specialized courts are:

- Trade and Industry Appeals Tribunal: the administrative High Court for trade and industry. This tribunal is a specialized administrative court that rules on disputes in the area of social-economic administrative law. Categorized as administrative court.

- The Central Appeals Tribunal is the highest judicial authority in areas of social security and civil service. Categorized as other.

The other specialized jurisdictions are not legal entities (Natte kamer, Ondernemingskamer, Militaire kamer) but only chambers within the courts.

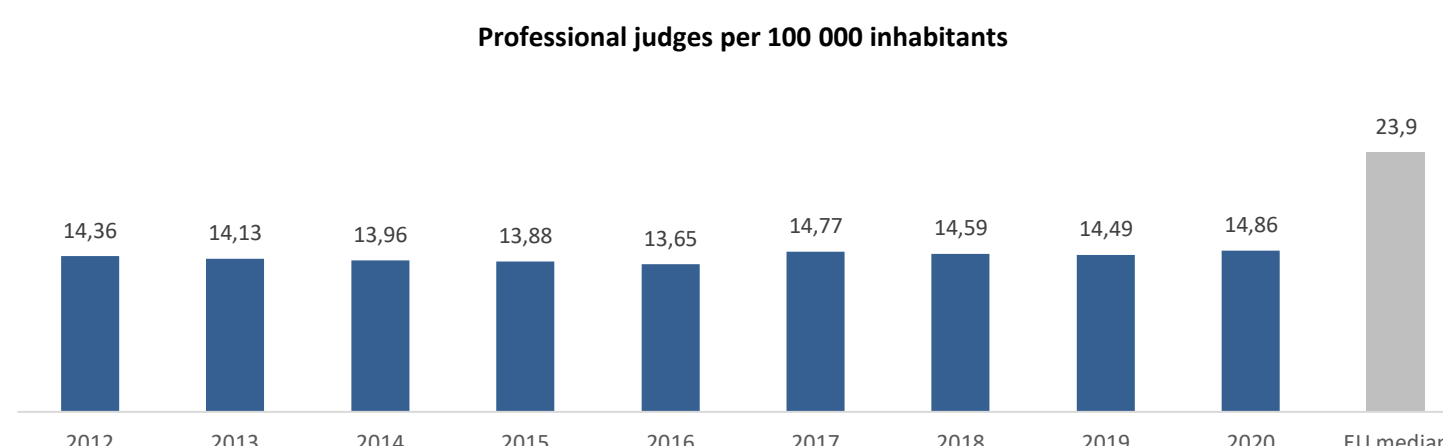
There is no separate military court, but there is a military chamber in one of the district courts.

2. Professionals of justice in Netherlands

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	2 410	14,36
2013	2 378	14,13
2014	2 359	13,96
2015	2 357	13,88
2016	2 331	13,65
2017	2 538	14,77
2018	2 522	14,59
2019	2 523	14,49
2020	2 597	14,86



According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Netherlands is 2 597, which is 2,9% more than in previous cycle.

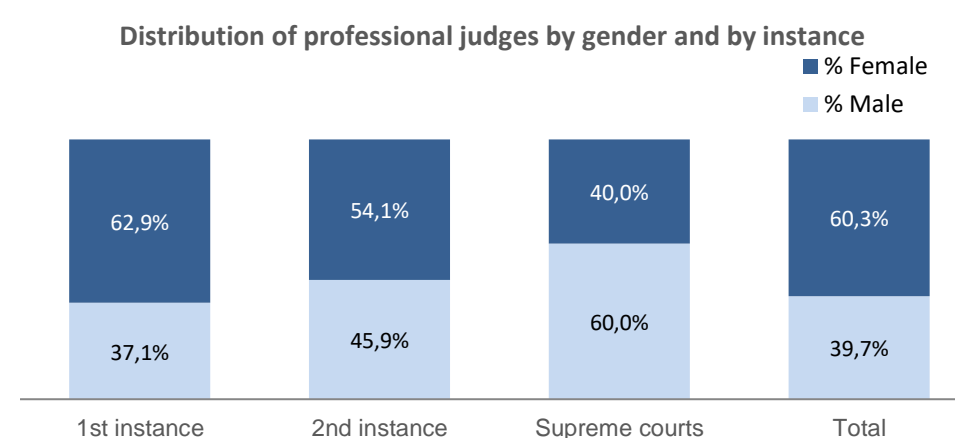
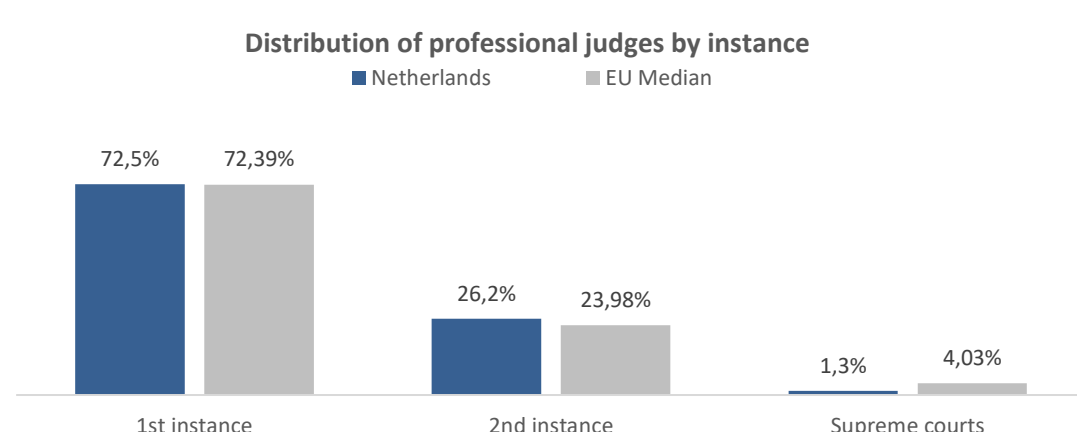
More precisely, in Netherlands, there are 14,86 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,86 non-judge staff per judge .

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,05 non-judge staff per judge.

Since 2010 the provided numbers include court presidents. The number of first instance judges encompasses judges 'overig RA' that cannot be assigned solely to 1st or 2nd instance.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 882	72,5%	698	1 184	37,1%	62,9%
2nd instance	680	26,2%	312	368	45,9%	54,1%
Supreme courts	35	1,3%	21	14	60,0%	40,0%
Total	2 597		1 031	1 566	39,7%	60,3%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 1 566, which represents 60,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 882 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 1 184 are female); 680 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 368 are female) and 35 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 14 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance the Netherlands presents similar percentages of distribution.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that these numbers are on posts filled, not fte. The total fte for first and second instance together is 2372, but information on fte is NA for the rest of the categories and detail required for this question. These numbers include court presidents.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Netherlands presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. In the previous cycles, due to an inability to differentiate between first or second instance for a certain group of judges, they were counted as first instance judges. This inflated the first instance numbers and underreported the second instance numbers. This problem was present in the data up until the 2019 survey. For the 2020 data, this problem has been solved, and the data is now correct.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

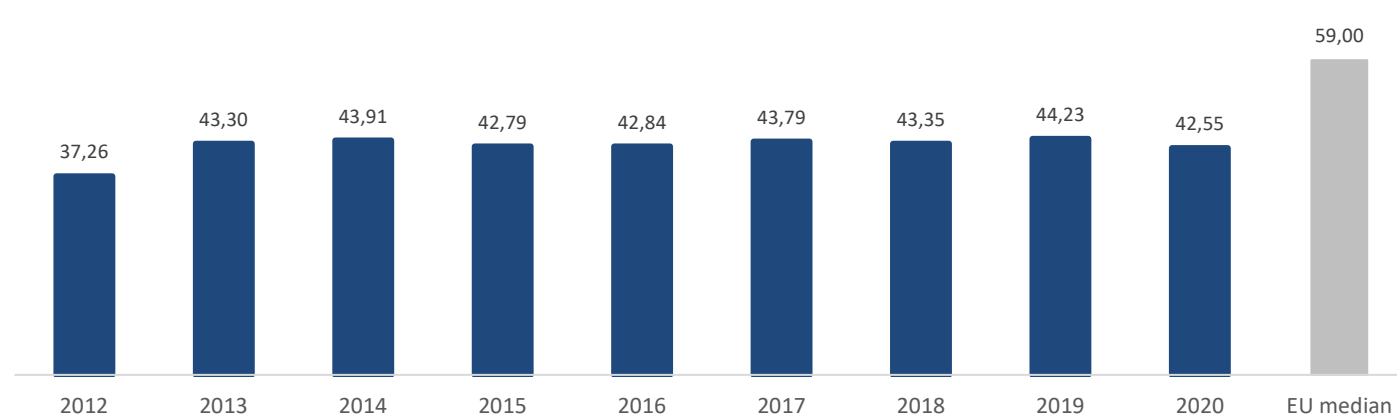
2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	1 882	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	680	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme courts	35	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	2 597	NA	NA	NA	NA

In Netherlands, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is not possible because judges often work with more than one case type. There is a large overlap, but in the administrative system, only one sector can be registered. Therefore, while this information is not easily available, making this distinction would also not be a fair reflection of the true situation.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	6 252	7 287	7 422	7 265	7 317	7 523	7 492	7 699	7 435
Per 100 000 inhabitants	37,26	43,30	43,91	42,79	42,84	43,79	43,35	44,23	42,55

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	7 435	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	NA	NA
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA
Technical staff	NA	NA
Other	NA	NA

In 2020, Netherlands has 7 435 non-judge staff. The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -3,4%.

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 44,2 in 2019 to 42,5 in 2020).

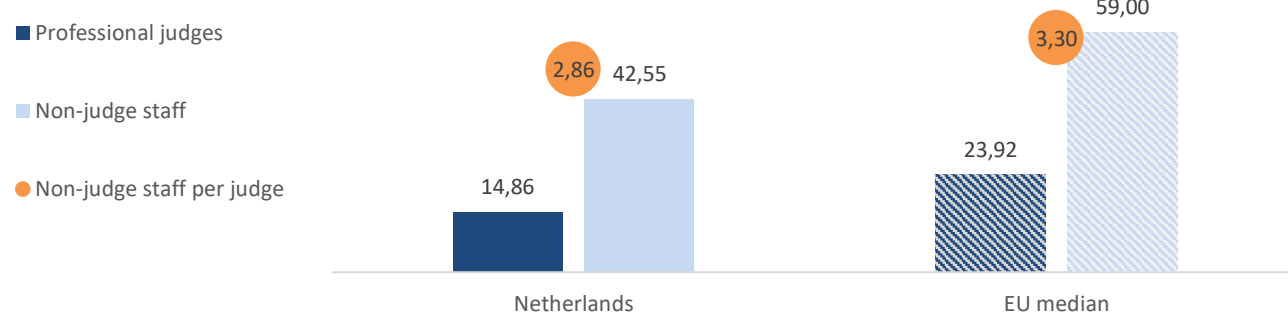
During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 14,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 14,9 in 2020.

Only the total of non-judge staff working in courts is available.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Netherlands	EU median
Professional judges	14,86	23,92
Non-judge staff	42,55	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	2,86	3,30

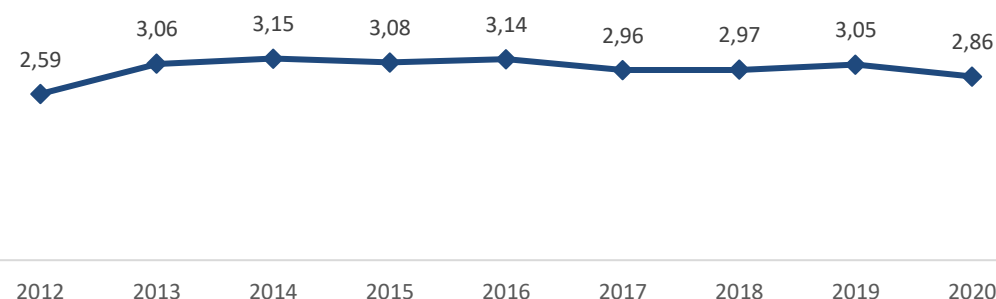
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	14,36	37,26	2,59
2013	14,13	43,30	3,06
2014	13,96	43,91	3,15
2015	13,88	42,79	3,08
2016	13,65	42,84	3,14
2017	14,77	43,79	2,96
2018	14,59	43,35	2,97
2019	14,49	44,23	3,05
2020	14,86	42,55	2,86

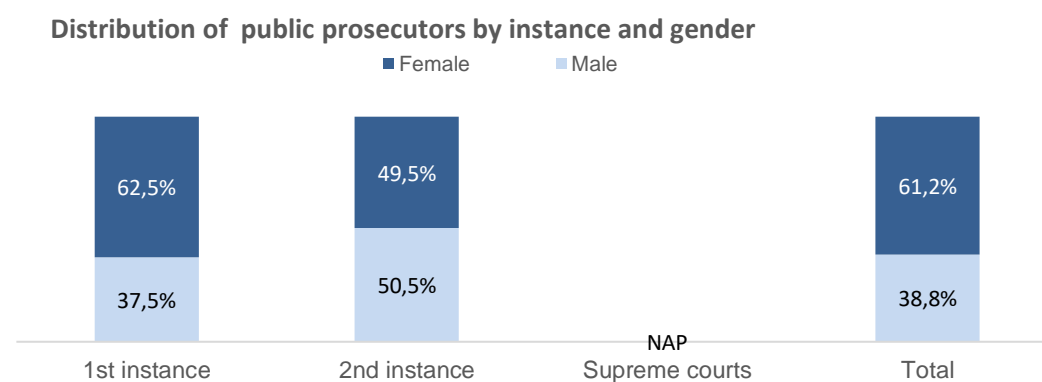
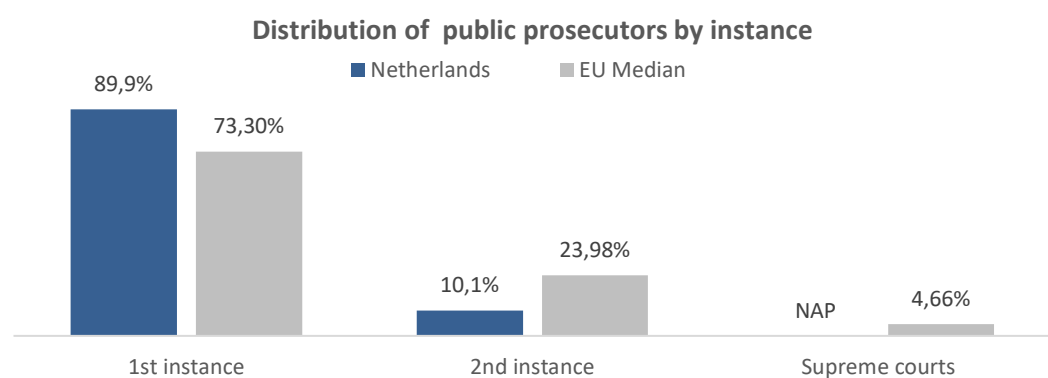
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	850	89,9%	319	531	37,5%	62,5%
2nd instance	95	10,1%	48	47	50,5%	49,5%
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	945		367	578	38,8%	61,2%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 578, which represents 61,2% of the total number of prosecutors.

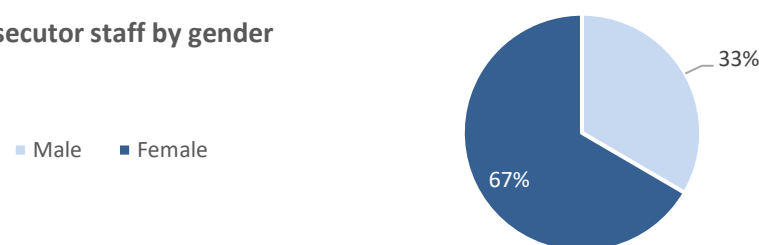
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 850 in first instance (of which 531 are female) and 95 are in second instance (of which 47 are female).

As regards the distribution of prosecution among instances, the Supreme Court does not have (public) prosecutors. The office of the procurator general and attorneys general that the Supreme Court houses, is separate from the public prosecution and does not function as prosecution. They have a different function.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	3 998	1 336	2 662

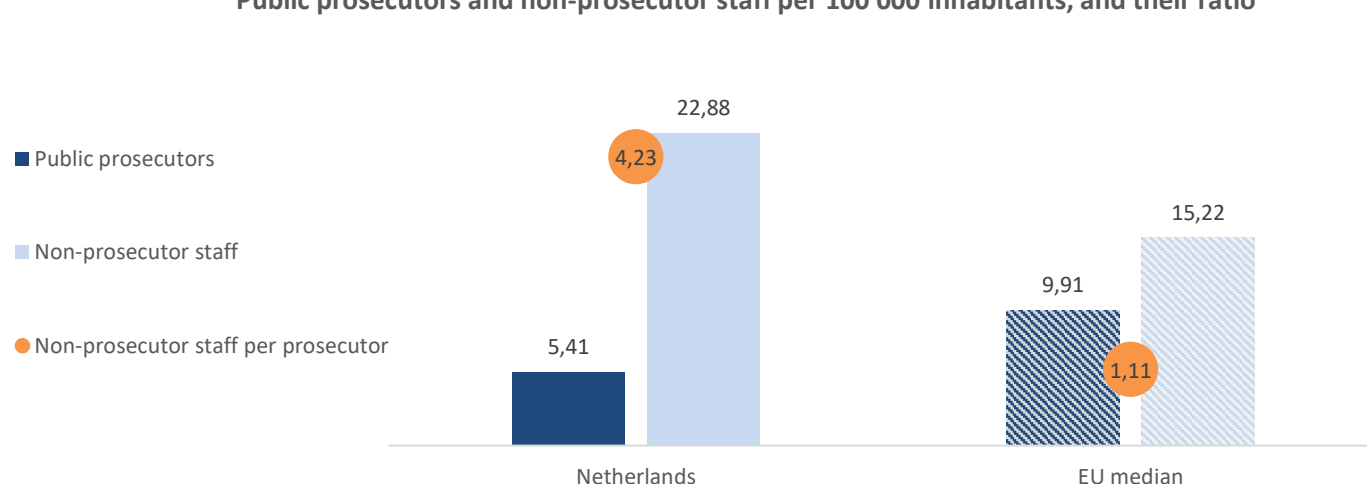
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Netherlands	EU median
Public prosecutors	5,41	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	22,88	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	4,23	1,11

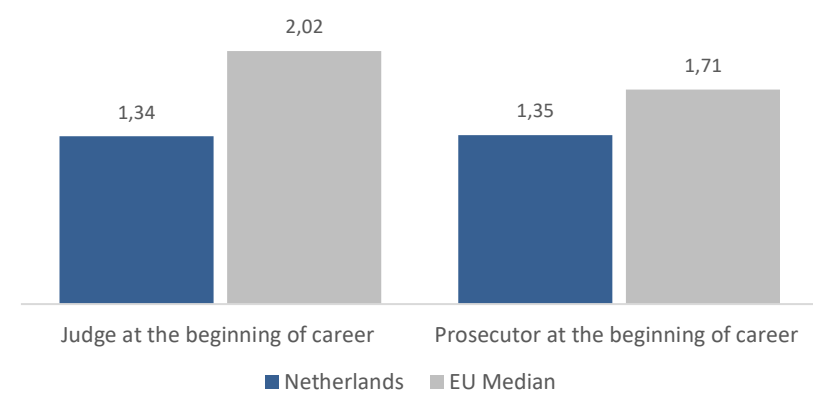
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	83 765 €	52 772 €	1,34
Judge of the highest court	NA	NA	NA
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	84 351 €	42 900 €	1,35
Public prosecutor at highest instance	NA	NA	NA

Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Netherlands of 83 765 € is more than 50% above when compared to the EU median of 51 946 €. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of a career is: 1,34 compared with EU median of: 2,02.

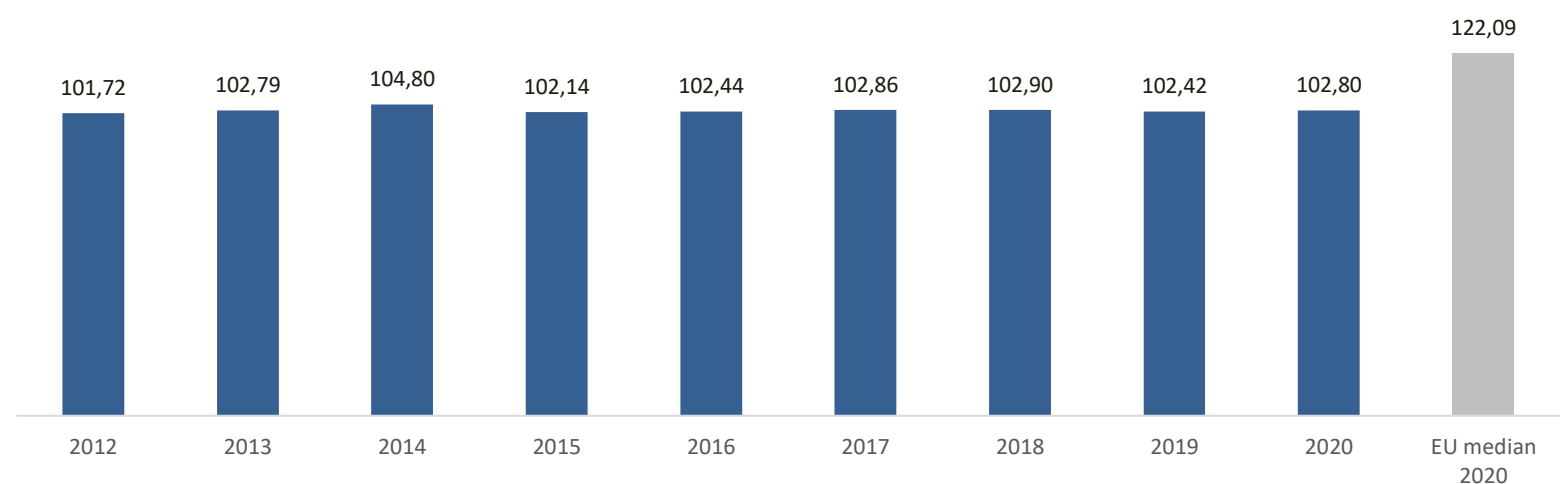
For the calculation of the salary of judge or prosecutor 'at the beginning of career', the salary used is the one for a starting judge / prosecutor, after finalizing a training period of several years. During the training there is a fixed salary, lower than the salary of a fully functional judge / prosecutor.

As regards public prosecutor at the beginning of his / her career, the recent salary table RM of the end of 2020 is used (Scale 9, first step). On top of this the holiday stipend and end of year stipend is calculated. The 42.900 is a rough estimate of the net annual salary, after taxes, pensions etc.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	17 068	101,72
2013	17 298	102,79
2014	17 713	104,80
2015	17 343	102,14
2016	17 498	102,44
2017	17 672	102,86
2018	17 784	102,90
2019	17 829	102,42
2020	17 964	102,80

Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants



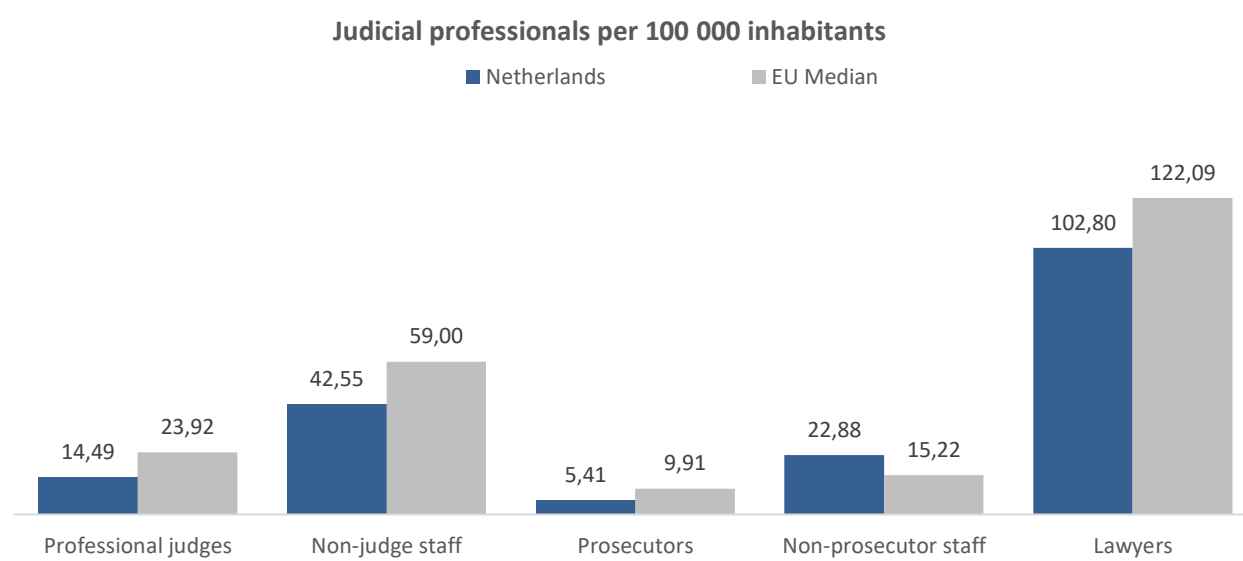
In 2020, there are 17 964 lawyers, which is 0,8% more than in 2019.

Netherlands has 102,8 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

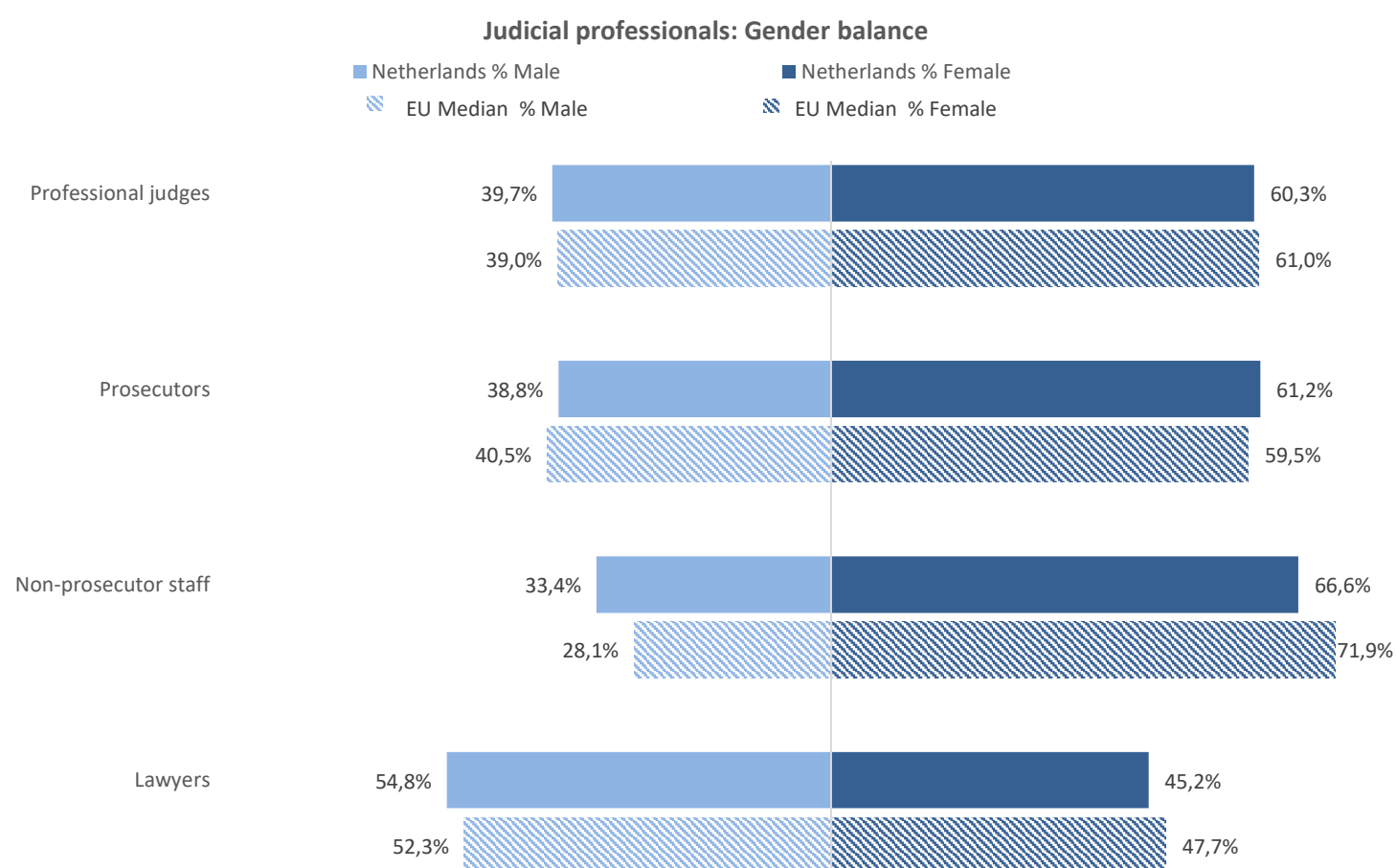
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 523	14,49	23,92
Non-judge staff	7 435	42,55	59,00
Prosecutors	945	5,41	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	3 998	22,88	15,22
Lawyers	17 964	102,80	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	39,7%	60,3%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	38,8%	61,2%
Non-prosecutor staff	33,4%	66,6%
Lawyers	54,8%	45,2%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Netherlands

In Netherlands, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✘

In Netherlands, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

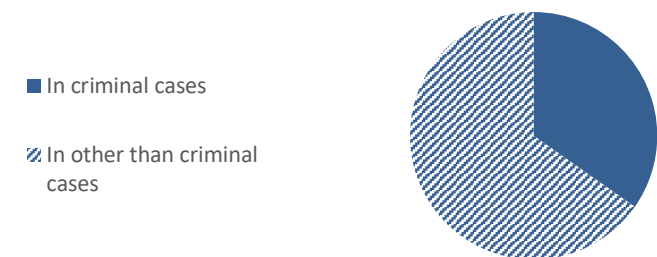
It is noteworthy that the court fees are lower in respect of litigants with lower incomes.

Legal aid can also be granted for the following costs: travel costs, interpreter and translation costs, administrative costs, medical expert costs in injury cases for which a special regulation exists.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

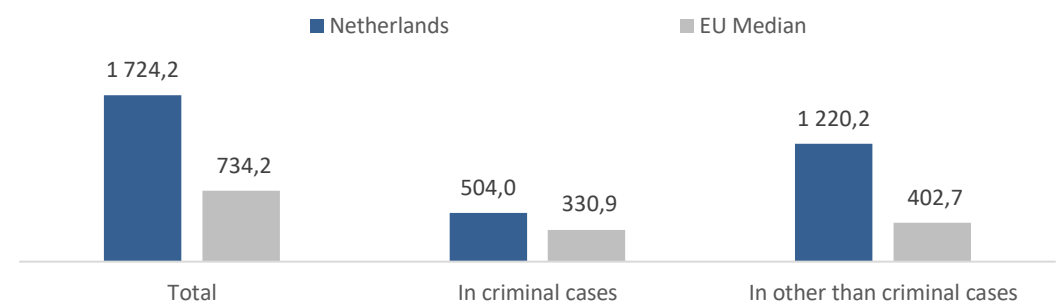
Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	301 304	253 506	47 798
In criminal cases	88 075	88 075	NAP
In other than criminal cases	213 229	165 431	47 798

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Netherlands	EU Median
Total	1 724,2	734,2
In criminal cases	504,0	330,9
In other than criminal cases	1 220,2	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



The number of cases in 2020 is considerably lower than previous years, probably in part due to the Covid-19 pandemic. Due to the pandemic, criminal cases had been paused, waiting to be handled.

At the outset, it should be recalled that the Netherlands have a policy which makes a distinction between primary and secondary legal aid.

Primary legal aid aims at solving judicial problems of citizens without necessarily going to court. There is for example a Legal Service Counters, where people get free legal advice on simple, judicial problems. There is also primary legal aid for citizens who want an advice by a lawyer for more complicated legal problems, without going to court directly.

Secondary legal aid covers specifically lawyer's costs in the frame of court proceedings. The provided figures relate to legal aid certificates. It is worth noticing that besides legal aid certificates, the Legal Aid Board also provides stand-by duty lawyers. Each criminal suspect, alien or psychiatric patient who has been lawfully deprived of his liberty against his will is visited by a subsidized lawyer. The bulk of such cases are criminal cases. Cases for which stand-by duty lawyers have been assigned are excluded. The number of stand-by duty lawyers assigned was respectively 110 000 in 2010, 127 000 in 2012, 126 000 in 2014, 108500 in 2020. Cases dealt with by Legal Service Counters (one of the providers of primary legal aid) are not counted.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 40
- Actual average duration: 12

The maximum duration is 8 weeks (40 working days). This is based on statutory law (the AWB: the General Administrative Law Act). However, this only applies to approximately 20% of the applications. Around 80% of the applications falls under the High Trust regime (see below) in which the application is granted automatically within 7 days (after the income and assets-check with the tax authorities).

High Trust regime: Many lawyers and mediators regarded the application for a certificate as burdensome and time consuming, and the verification as bureaucratic. Therefore alternatives were considered to simplify the verification of applications and expense statements. The LAB introduced a High Trust method for dealing with the applications for certificates. This High Trust method implies that the LAB and lawyers and mediators work together on the basis of transparency, trust and mutual understanding. The High Trust method involves greater compliance on the part of the legal profession, both as to administrative proceedings of rules and working in accordance with the law, fixed procedures and support facilities such as Kenniswijzer (an online tool of the LAB with information about legislation, jurisprudence and guidelines for the application of certificates). The LAB developed specific tools for compliance assistance, such as information and instruction meetings, which are free of charge for lawyers and mediators under High Trust. The basic philosophy underlying High Trust is that trust among a larger group of people will more readily lead to positive cooperation and compliance than institutionalised distrust. In 2009, the Board started with its first High Trust pilot. Since 2011, the Board has been implementing High Trust across the country in phases. At the end of 2020, more than three quarters of the certificates are issued to lawyers and mediators who work based on the principles of High Trust. It has become easier for providers of legal aid to apply for certificates without having to send documents along with their applications. The Board grants the certificate shortly after assessing the client's eligibility for legal aid. The applications of the lawyers and mediators that work together with the Board according to High Trust are accepted automatically. This means that the client will very soon receive confirmation on whether or not the application has been granted. Verification takes place after the provider of legal aid has submitted the statement of expenses. There are two ways of verification: either verification on the basis of a random sample, or verification on a one-on-one basis of certificates granted.

4. Performance of courts in Netherlands

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

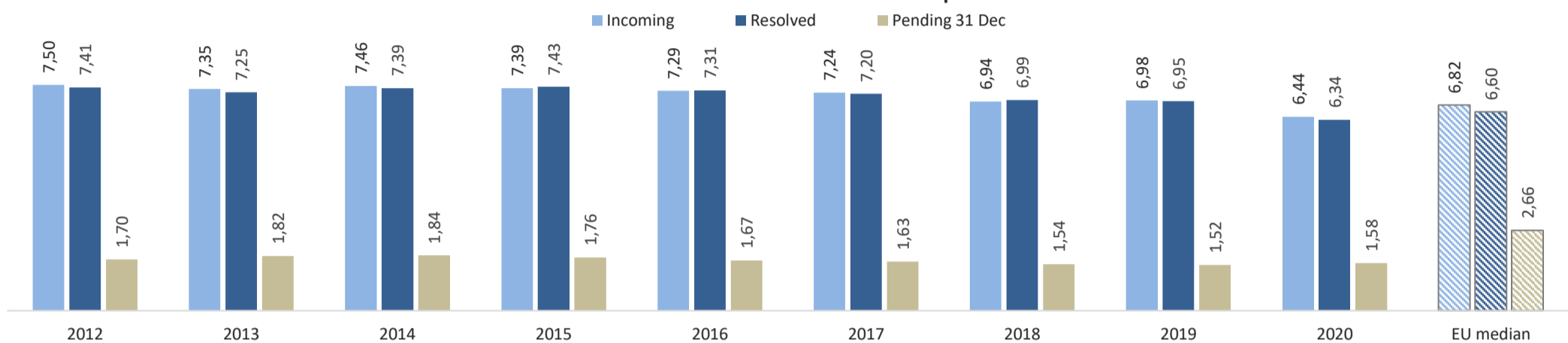
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Netherlands (6,44 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

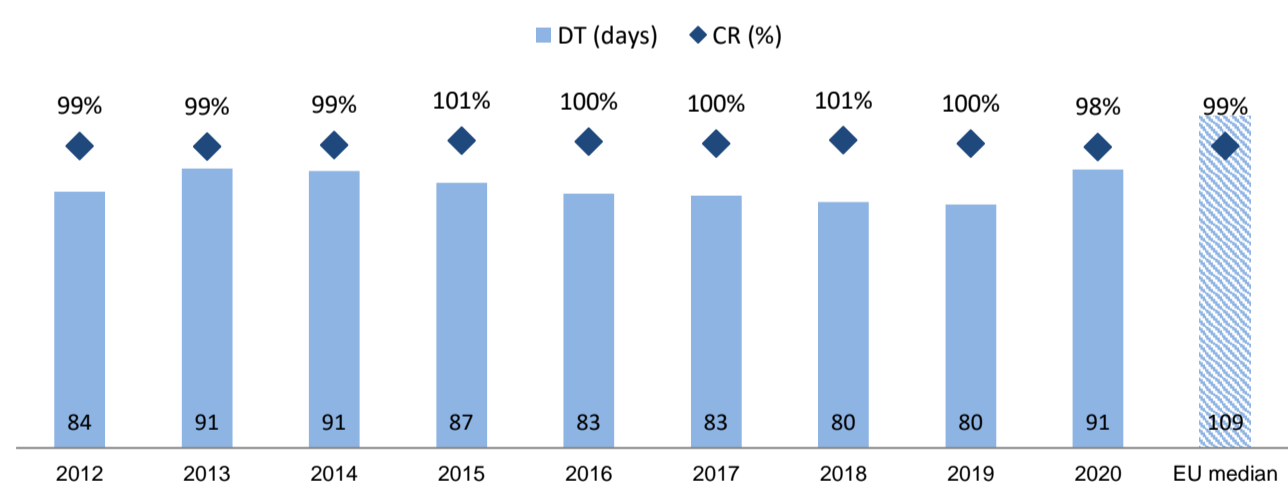
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Netherlands (6,34 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Netherlands (1,58 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	99%	84
2013	99%	91
2014	99%	91
2015	101%	87
2016	100%	83
2017	100%	83
2018	101%	80
2019	100%	80
2020	98%	91

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,5% in 2020 Netherlands seems to face some difficulties to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -1,1 points.

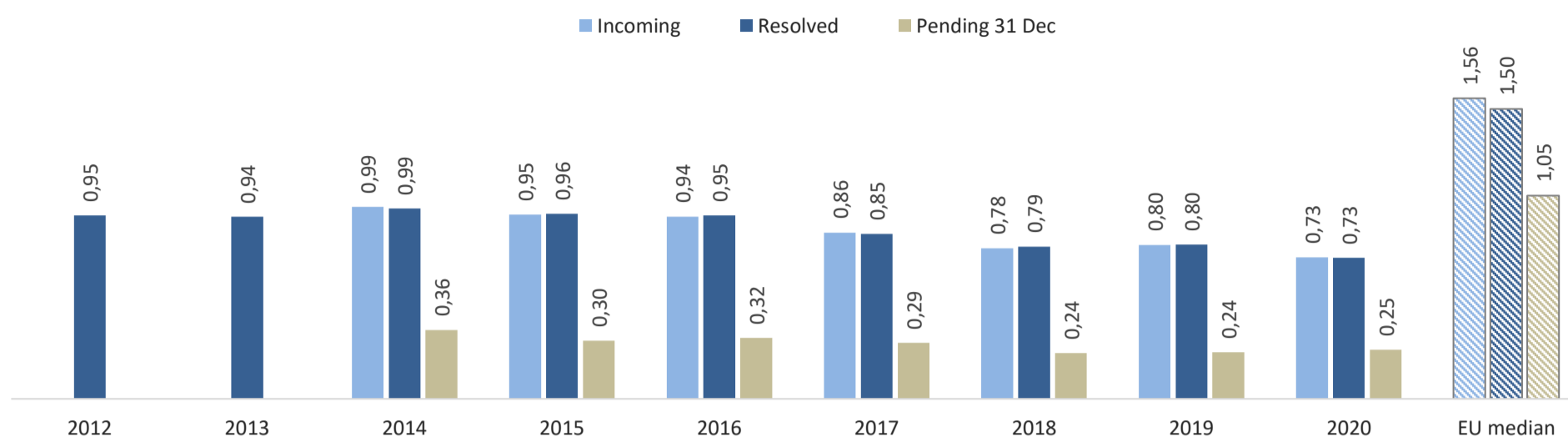
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 91 days, which is slightly below EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 14,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Netherlands (0,73 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

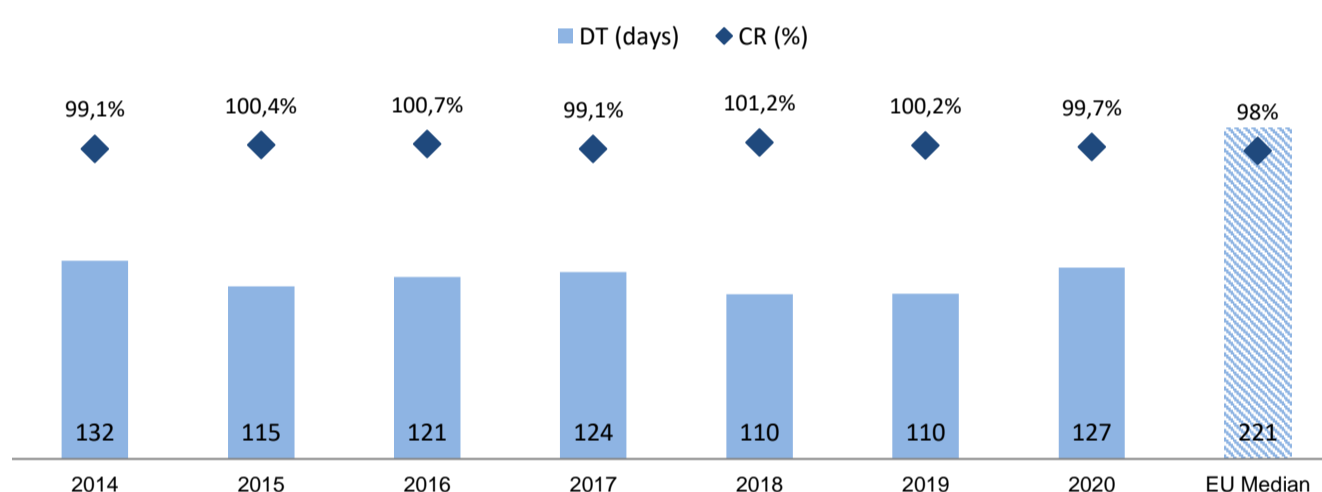
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Netherlands (0,73 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Netherlands (0,25 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	99,1%	132
2015	100,4%	115
2016	100,7%	121
2017	99,1%	124
2018	101,2%	110
2019	100,2%	110
2020	99,7%	127

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,7% in 2020, Netherlands seems to face some difficulties to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,5 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 127 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 221 days.

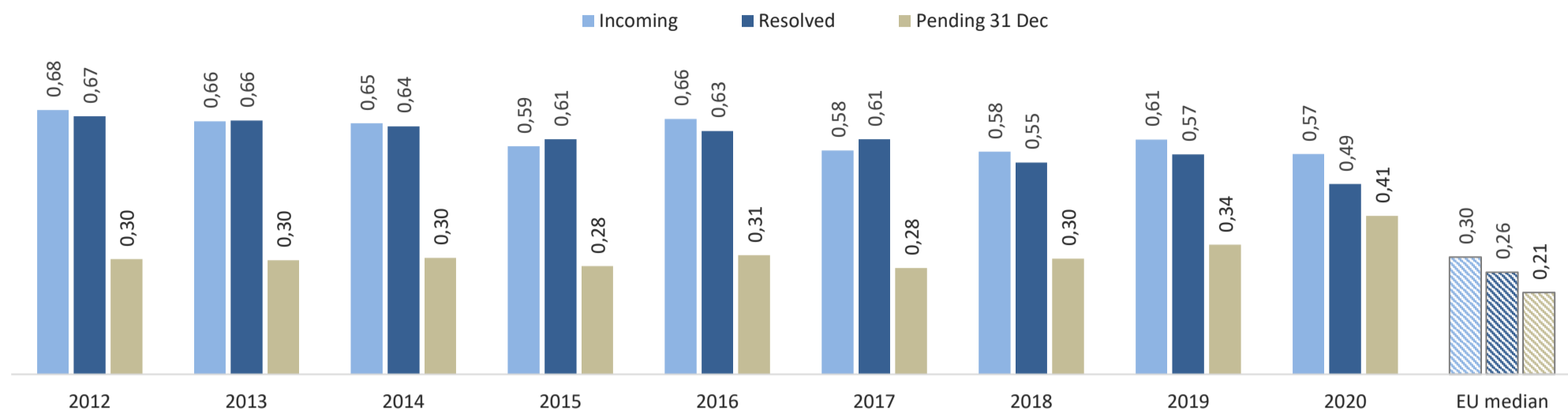
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 15,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Netherlands (0,57 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

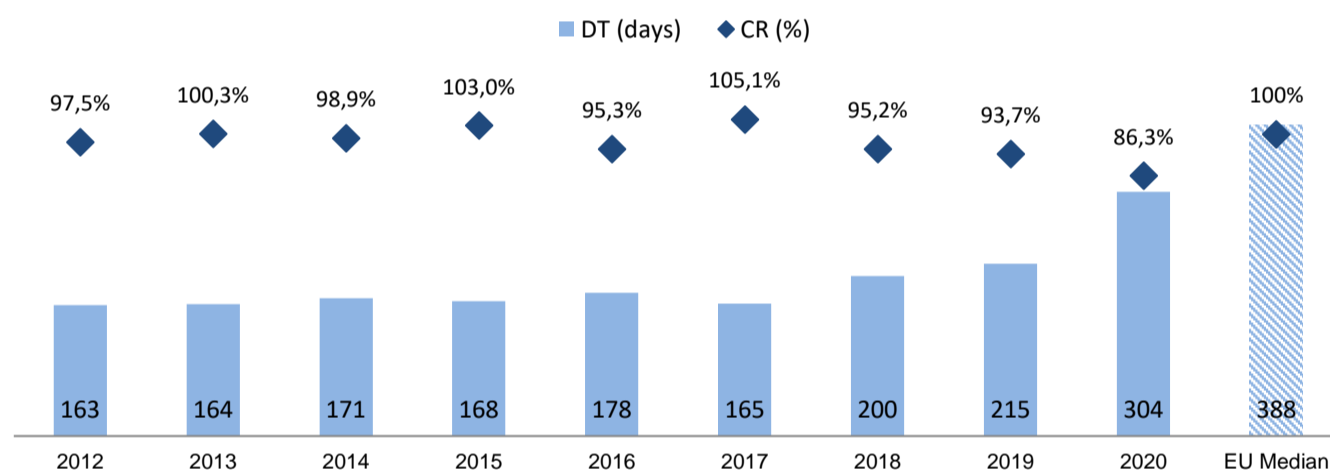
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Netherlands (0,49 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Netherlands (0,41 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	97,5%	163
2013	100,3%	164
2014	98,9%	171
2015	103,0%	168
2016	95,3%	178
2017	105,1%	165
2018	95,2%	200
2019	93,7%	215
2020	86,3%	304



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 86,3% in 2020, Netherlands seems to face difficulties to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,3 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 304 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 41,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

Administrative law cases include tax cases and immigration / asylum cases.

First instance cases at Council of State, Court of Appeal, including trade tribunal, are excluded.

In the Netherlands, there are some registers that are kept by the judiciary. Those do not include a land or business registry, see www.rechtspraak.nl/registers. Most registers are related to debt, bankruptcy and help or surveillance of people who are unable to handle their financial situation. There is also a register with so-called 'nevenfuncties' (a list of jobs and positions held by judges next to their judgeship). Mutations in these registers are not counted as court cases. For the category 'other registry cases' the answer is NAP, as the Dutch system does not count mutations in the registers as court cases.

Insolvency cases

The Clearance Rate of insolvency cases cannot be calculated

The evolution of Clearance Rate cannot be calculated.

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

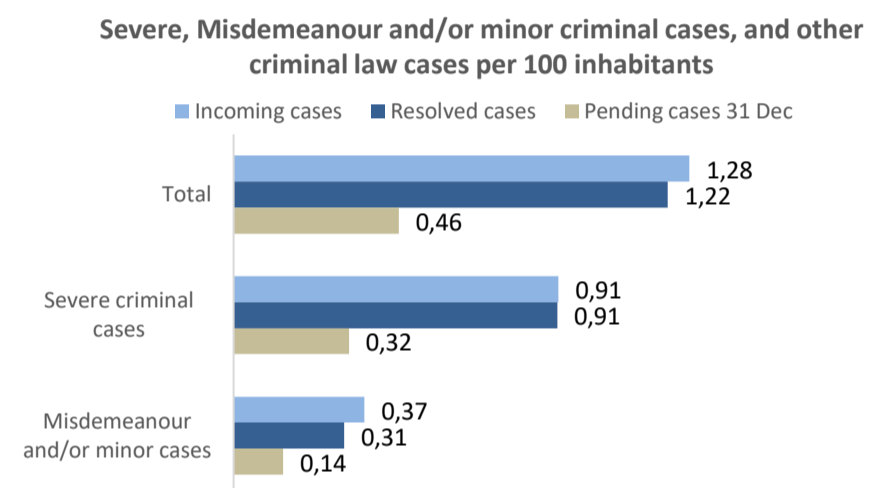
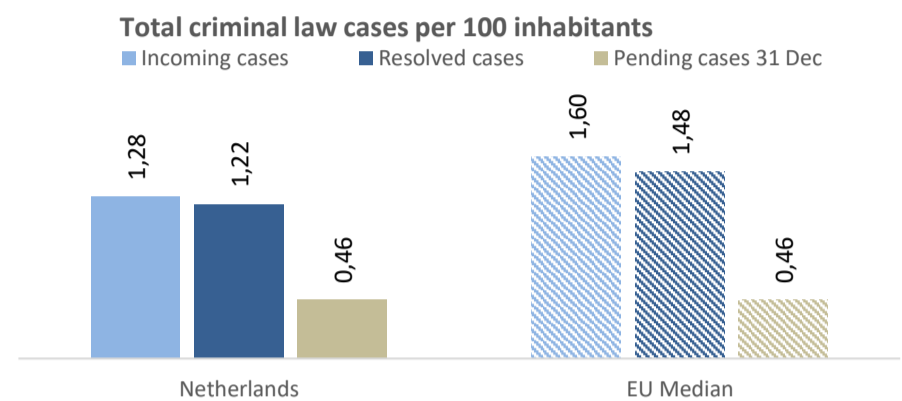
There are some data available on insolvency cases, but they are registered following a different categorisation

First instance Criminal Law Cases

Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	223 723	213 096	81 040
Severe criminal cases	NA	159 476	158 827	56 620
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	64 247	54 269	24 420
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	1,28	1,22	0,46
Severe criminal cases	NA	0,91	0,91	0,32
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	0,37	0,31	0,14
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



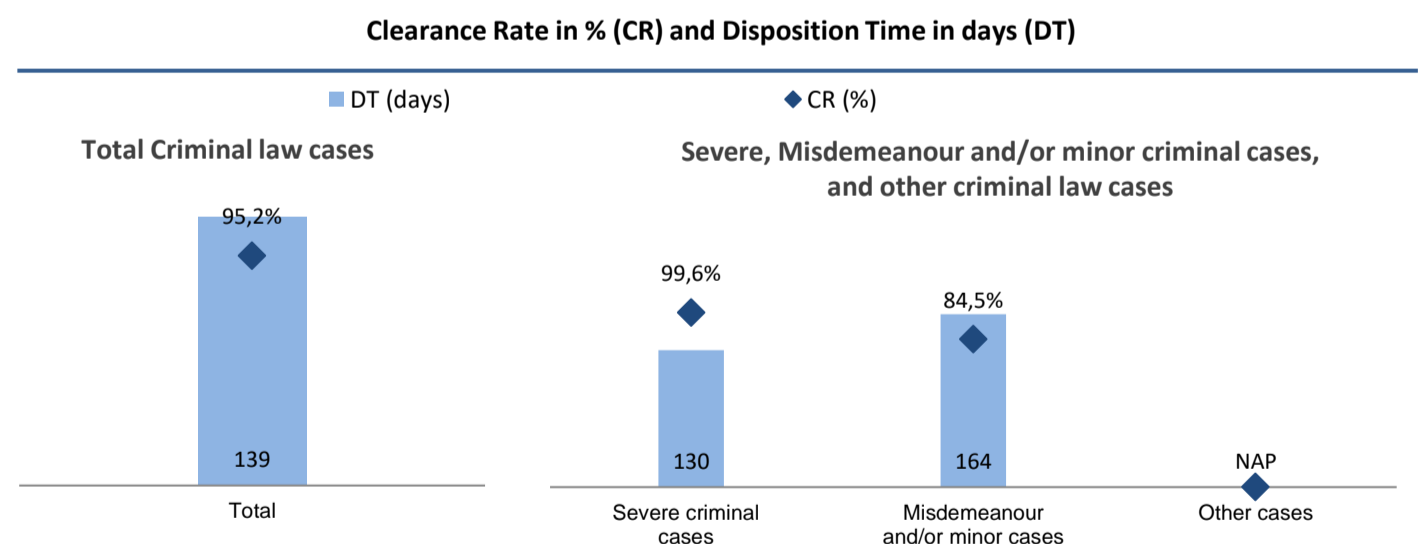
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Netherlands (1,28 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Netherlands (1,22 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Netherlands (0,46 per 100 inhabitants) is equal to the EU median

Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	95,2%	139
Severe criminal cases	99,6%	130
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	84,5%	164
Other cases	NAP	NAP



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 95,2% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Netherlands seems to face difficulties to deal with its total criminal cases.

Classification of severe and minor cases:

Minor offences: mainly traffic offences (speeding tickets, running red lights) and petty theft, vagrancy, littering, etc.

Severe offences: driving while drunk, grand theft, violent crimes, vice, drugs/narcotics, etc.

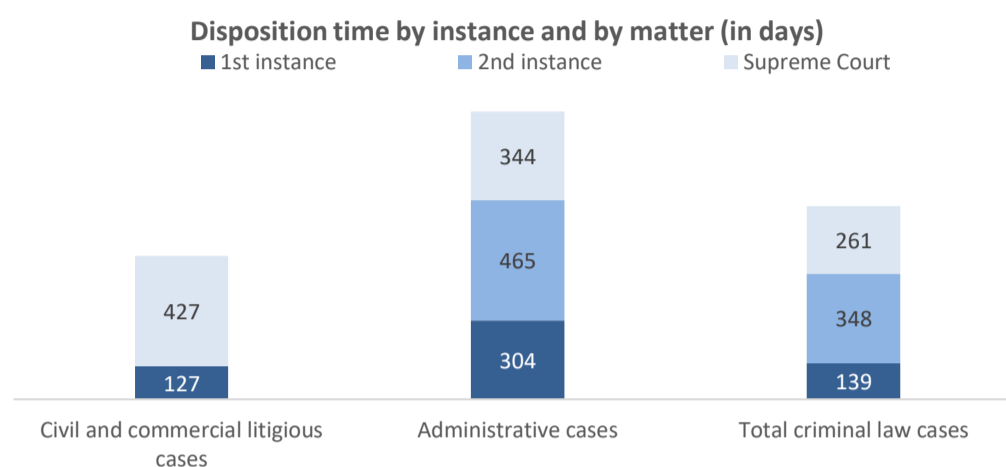
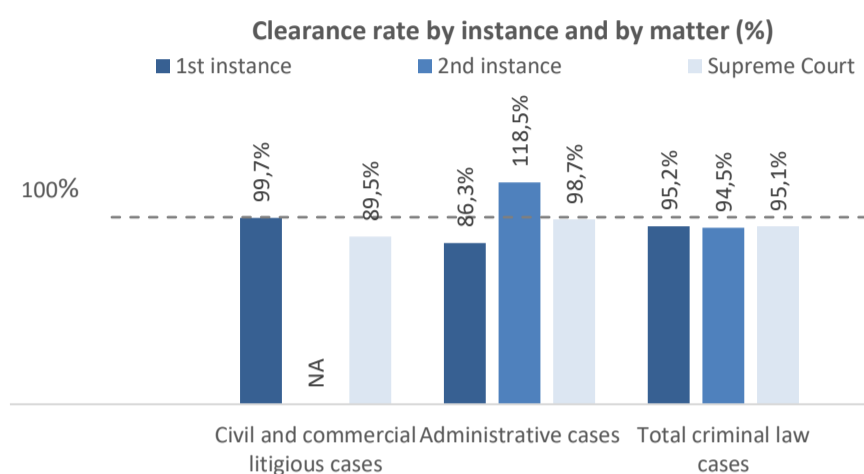
Effects of the pandemic:

No in person hearings happened in the period between 17 March and April 6 2020. At the start of the pandemic, not everyone was able to work remotely due to insufficient available laptops and that many files were still coming in on paper. There were some exceptions for working remotely as well, such as security, some administrative staff (people that compiled paper files, for example), etc.

Some measures were taken: hearing in other buildings, online or hybrid, and hearings in the evenings. The age restriction for judges was upped from 70 years old to 73 years old, more criminal orders were handled by the public prosecution and more cases were handled by one judge instead of more (enkelvoudig versus meervoudig)

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	99,7%	NA	89,5%	127	NA	427
Administrative cases	86,3%	118,5%	98,7%	304	465	344
Total criminal law cases	95,2%	94,5%	95,1%	139	348	261



In the Netherlands, in first and second instance, civil and commercial litigious cases are resolved faster than the EU median (127 days vs 221 for civil cases and 304 days vs 388 days in second instance), while the DT of criminal law cases coincides with the median. As regards second and third instance, the DT is higher than the EU median for the three categories of cases. In 2020, Dutch judges resolved less cases than received (Clearance rate is below 100%) except for administrative cases in second instance.

As to the lack of horizontal consistency that can be observed (pending cases at the end of the period are not equal to the pending cases at the beginning + incoming - resolved), the reason is that the official number of cases pending on January 1st is determined at different time than the other 3 categories (official incoming, official resolved, official pending on December 31st). Due to time lags in registration and dynamics in the data systems, if the cases pending on January 1st are measured at the same time as the others, the result would be different.

As regards second instance cases, it is not possible to differentiate between litigious and non-litigious cases.

As regards third instance cases, and in particular:

Non litigious cases: In theory, it is possible these cases get to the Supreme Court, but these cases are not specified in available numbers for the courts.

Administrative law cases: Please note that the Dutch Supreme Court only handles tax cases and some social security cases. There is no third instance court for other administrative cases in the Netherlands, so these are not represented in this number.

Other cases: There might be other cases in separate courts (Kamers), but these numbers are not available nationally.

With regard to the discrepancies: there are always some factors that might influence the number of cases the Supreme Court handles in a year. It might be due to delays or catch ups in lower courts (so incoming cases are lower/higher), new laws or changes in law that the SC must answer (like covid-regulations), cases may become more complex because laws and differences are more complex (as a result cases may take longer), or cases that are connected that are grouped to deal with in clusters (meaning more cases for a longer time). While there is not a specific cause of the discrepancies, all these factors mentioned might influence the numbers.

5. Public prosecution services in Netherlands

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

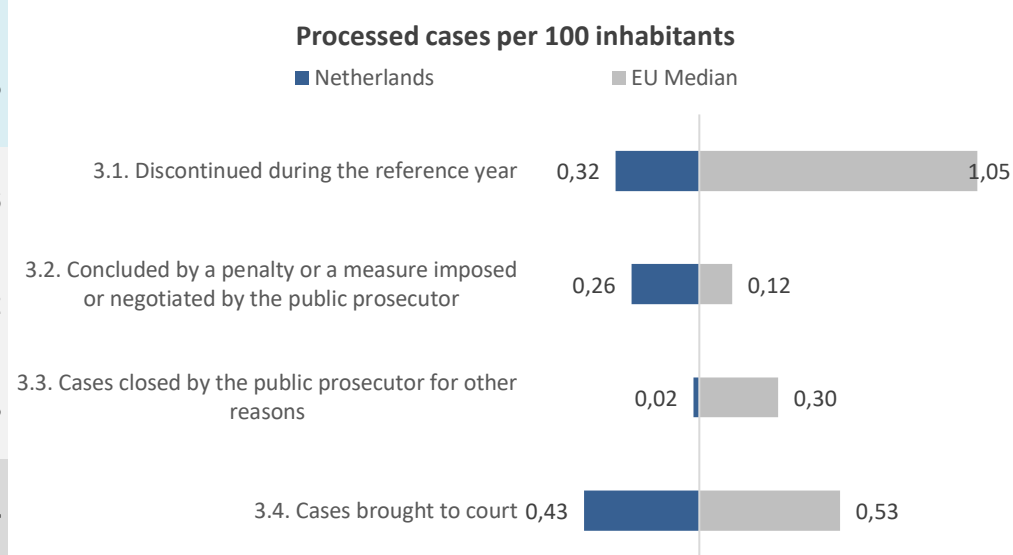
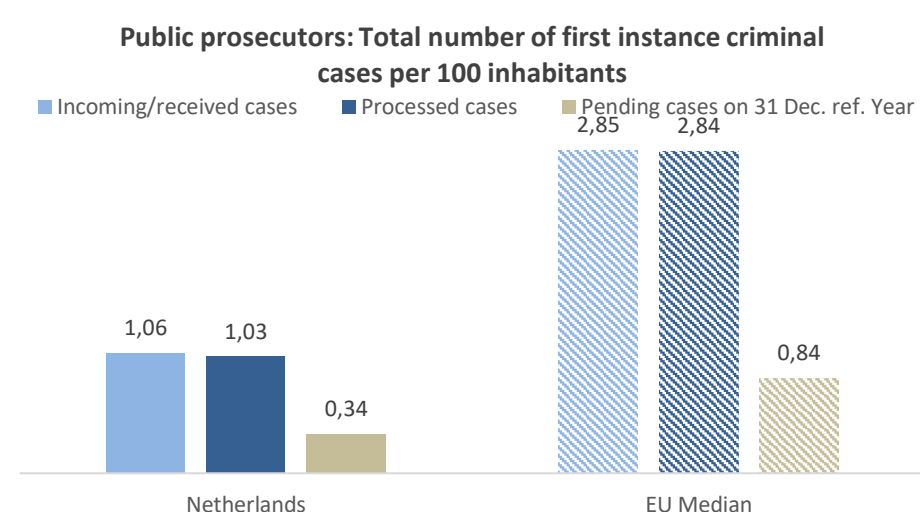
In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Netherlands has the following 10 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✗
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The public prosecutor does not have any role in civil, administrative or insolvency cases.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	73 800	0,42
2. Incoming/received cases	184 900	1,06
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	179 500	1,03
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	55 100	0,32
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NAP	NAP
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	39 800	0,23
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	15 300	0,09
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP	NAP
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	44 700	0,26
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	3 900	0,02
3.4. Cases brought to court	75 800	0,43
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	59 300	0,34

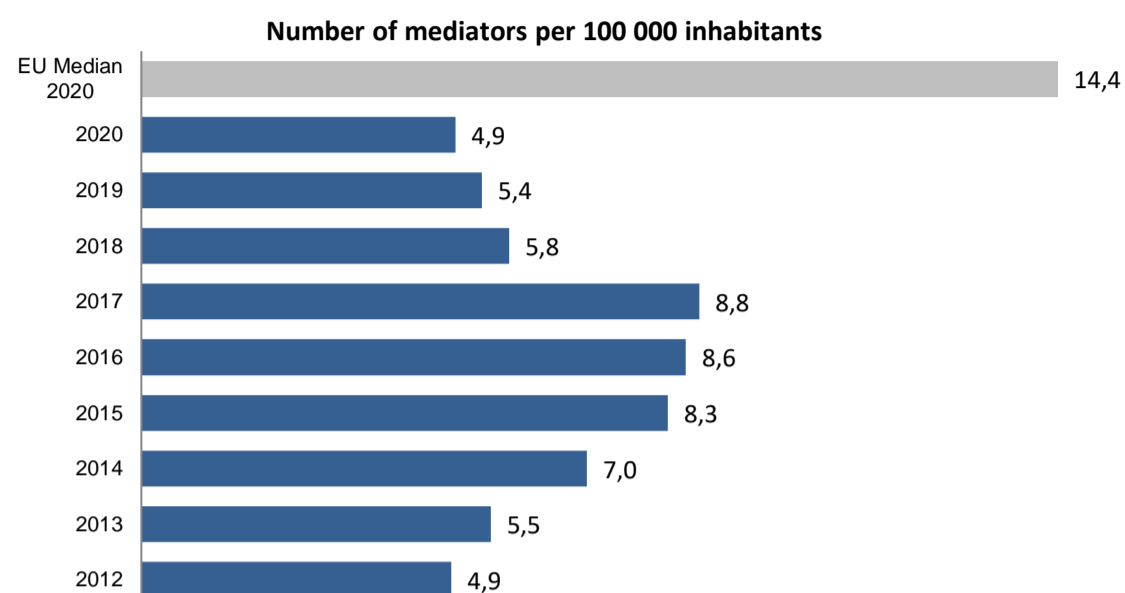


The number of pending cases at the end of the year cannot equal to the number of pending cases at the start of the year + incoming cases – processed cases because a certain type of cases can only be counted in the stock when the file has been judged, not when they are pending. These cases are criminal cases where an order is given, but they are then returned because the order cannot be executed. These criminal cases return to the stock, but cannot be measured in the system the public prosecution uses. Once a case like that it assessed again and streams out, it becomes visible in the numbers of the system.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Netherlands

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	820	4,9
2013	927	5,5
2014	1187	7,0
2015	1409	8,3
2016	1466	8,6
2017	1511	8,8
2018	1002	5,8
2019	935	5,4
2020	865	4,9



In 2020, there are 865 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 4,9 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about -7,5%.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total of all cases	1823	1795	1181
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	637	666	567
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

Lower numbers in 2020 are due to the Covid-19 pandemic, as not all mediations can be done digitally.

7. ICT tools of courts in Netherlands

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	2,3	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	0,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	4,5	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	0,5	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	0,0	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	1,3	6,9

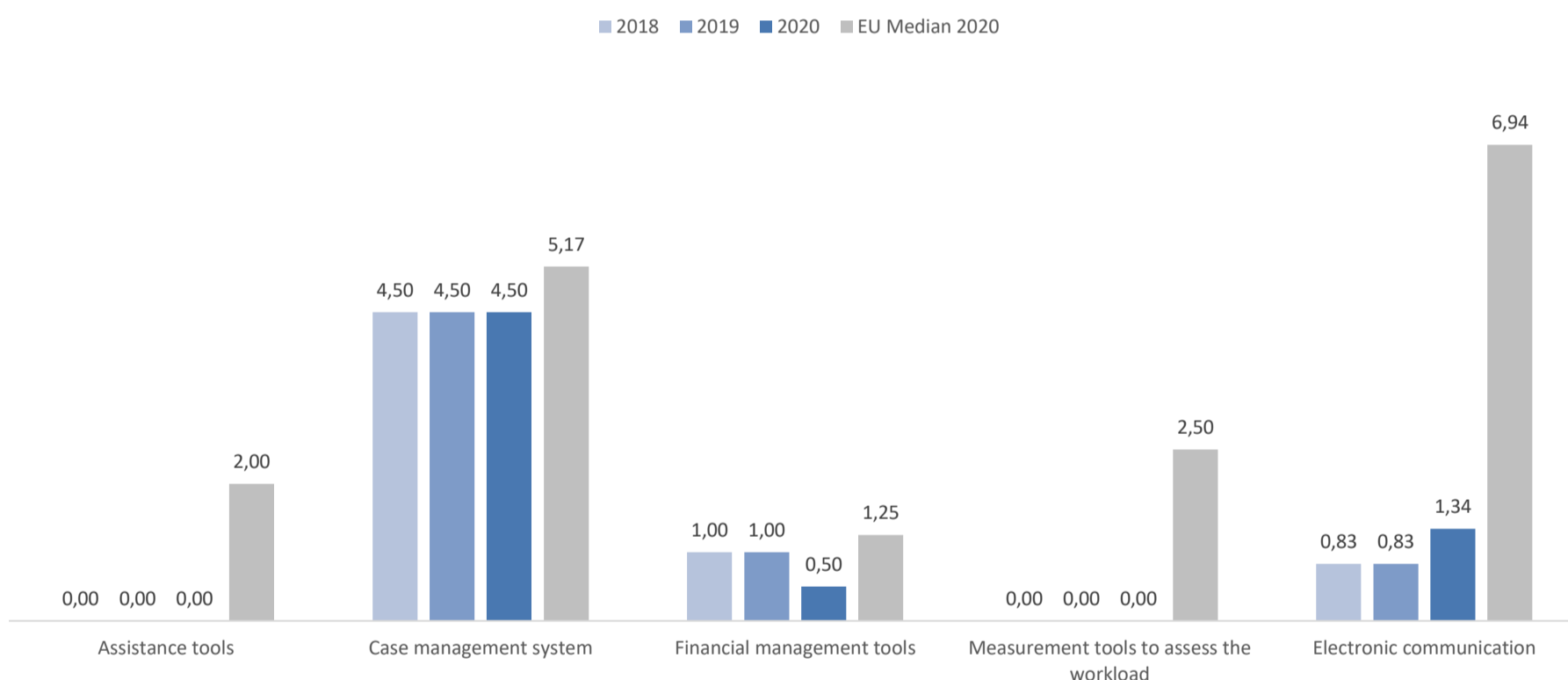
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Comments on writing assistance tools

There is a tool, called 'Schrijfhulp' (writing assistance), which helps people to, for example, write a letter to respond to a summons.

https://formulieren.rechtspraak.nl/formulier/SchrijfhulpKanton_Dagvaarding_004.aspx/Benodigdheden_Dagvaarding_004

Templates for the courts are approved centrally, so if they are available they would be available for all courts, but no specific information is available.

Comments on voice recording tools

In some courtrooms, sound is recorded to an SD-card. This is solely to assist in reporting, it is not a product in itself. The level of automation / computerization differs between courts and types of courts, which makes it difficult to report on how often and how much voice recording tools are used. Voice recognition is not used.

Comments on communication tools

Communication on the planning of court meetings or procedural issues is possible. Communication on the case itself is a sensitive issue. Due to the high variance in practice (between and within the areas of justice), the last column cannot be answered. Hopefully there will be more uniformity in the future thanks to the project Digital Accessibility.

There certainly is a possibility for bailiffs to submit cases in electronic form. For other professional parties, this is not clear.

Due to the high variance in practice (between and within the areas of justice), not all questions can be answered. Hopefully there will be more uniformity in the future thanks to the project Digital Accessibility.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Netherlands

In Netherlands, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

There are quality standards which are measured by annual statistical figures per individual court. Examples are the scores of customer satisfaction surveys, the percentage of cases judged by three instead of one judge and case processing times (the so called 'Kengetallen gerechten'). There is a Team Judicial Quality (Team Juridische Kwaliteit) which studies topics in a theme-wise manner, on a structural basis. A team of public prosecutors participates in TKJ and assesses the judicial work of colleagues in a structured and systematic way. Often there is a baseline assessment and a follow-up, sometimes a second follow-up. If necessary, the assessment framework is adjusted. www.tweedekamer.nl/kamerstukken/detail?id=2018D52900&did=2018D52900

There are also professional standards, developed to show what good justice entails. These are publically available on the website of the Judiciary (<https://www.rechtspraak.nl/Organisatie-en-contact/Rechtspraak-in-Nederland/Rechters/Paginas/De-professionele-standaarden-van-de-rechters.aspx>)

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

There is an annual publication that includes the appeal ratio for some case types. To call it 'monitoring' would be a bit too much, but it is annually checked and reported on. Incoming cases and length of proceedings have not previously been mentioned, but these are monitored.

In Netherlands, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Along with monthly reports and quarterly reports, there are annual reports which are more thorough and elaborate.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

Satisfaction is monitored, but courts are not necessarily judged for that.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

The outcomes of the evaluation do not directly influence the allocation of resources in the next years.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Netherlands, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Along with the monthly reports and quarterly reports, there are annual reports which are more thorough and elaborate.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																			
Q1 Number of inhabitants	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	17 475 415		4,1%	0,3%	0,4%	0,5%	0,6%	0,6%	0,6%	0,7%	0,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	38 236	38 255	39 313	39 937	41 258	42 578	45 052	46 883	45 900		20,0%	0,0%	2,8%	1,6%	3,3%	3,2%	5,8%	4,1%	-2,1%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)																			
Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)																			
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases								False	False	False									
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)								True	True	True									
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases								True	True	True									
078.1.4 Number of pending cases								False	True	True									
078.1.5 Backlogs								False	False	False									
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff								False	False	False									
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff								True	True	True									
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								True	True	True									
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures								False	False	False									
078.1.10 Number of appeals								False	False	False									
078.1.11 Appeal ratio								False	False	False									
078.1.12 Clearance rate								False	False	False									
078.1.13 Disposition time								False	False	False									
078.1.14 Other								False	False	False									
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators										True									

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									False										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									False										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	False	False										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	True	True										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	True	True										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	False	False										
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True										

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									False										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True										
073-6.1.4 Other									True										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False									

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True									
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True									
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True									
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True									
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False									
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False									
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False									
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False									
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False									
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False									
070-1.1.13 Other									False									
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True									
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True									
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True									
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True									
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True									
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False									
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False									
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False									
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False									
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True									
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False									

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									True										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									False										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	19	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	-42,1%	-42,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	60	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	42	-30,0%	-33,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	5,0%

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	279 460	287 474	305 520	310 170	299 580	284 649	279 950	266 100	NA	-	2,9%	6,3%	1,5%	-3,4%	-5,0%	-1,7%	-4,9%	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	51 794	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	204 372	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	204 372	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	48 010	50 084	49 800	51 020	47 570	52 649	47 290	51 840	NA	-	4,3%	-0,6%	2,4%	-6,8%	10,7%	-10,2%	9,6%	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 258 187	1 237 427	1 260 111	1 253 987	1 245 537	1 243 209	1 199 579	1 214 258	1 124 792	-10,6%	-1,6%	1,8%	-0,5%	-0,7%	-0,2%	-3,5%	1,2%	-7,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	168 127	161 950	161 171	147 954	134 710	138 752	128 180	-	-	-	-3,7%	-0,5%	-8,2%	-9,0%	3,0%	-7,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	982 142	991 752	971 332	995 731	965 230	969 669	896 895	-	-	-	1,0%	-2,1%	2,5%	-3,1%	0,5%	-7,5%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	991 752	971 332	995 731	965 230	969 669	896 895	-	-	-	-	-2,1%	2,5%	-3,1%	0,5%	-7,5%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	114 930	110 273	109 842	100 285	113 034	99 524	99 629	105 837	99 717	-13,2%	-4,1%	-0,4%	-8,7%	12,7%	-12,0%	0,1%	6,2%	-5,8%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 243 457	1 219 381	1 248 701	1 261 182	1 247 910	1 237 649	1 207 954	1 209 419	1 107 740	-10,9%	-1,9%	2,4%	1,0%	-1,1%	-0,8%	-2,4%	0,1%	-8,4%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	159 165	158 722	166 639	162 533	162 270	146 581	136 326	138 986	127 753	-19,7%	-0,3%	5,0%	-2,5%	-0,2%	-9,7%	-7,0%	2,0%	-8,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	973 447	995 325	977 958	986 489	976 807	971 301	893 907	-	-	-	2,2%	-1,7%	0,9%	-1,0%	-0,6%	-8,0%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	972 185	950 102	NA	995 325	977 958	986 489	976 807	971 301	893 907	-8,1%	-2,3%	-	-	-1,7%	0,9%	-1,0%	-0,6%	-8,0%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	112 107	110 557	108 615	103 324	107 682	104 579	94 821	99 132	86 080	-23,2%	-1,4%	-1,8%	-4,9%	4,2%	-2,9%	-9,3%	4,5%	-13,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	285 340	305 520	310 170	299 580	284 649	279 950	266 100	264 130	276 260	-3,2%	7,1%	1,5%	-3,4%	-5,0%	-1,7%	-4,9%	-0,7%	4,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	60 160	51 211	53 826	49 944	40 981	41 905	44 560	-	-	-	-14,9%	5,1%	-7,2%	-17,9%	2,3%	6,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	198 990	200 799	178 174	182 716	173 279	163 855	159 930	-	-	-	0,9%	-11,3%	2,5%	-5,2%	-5,4%	-2,4%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	200 799	178 174	182 716	173 279	163 855	159 930	-	-	-	-	-11,3%	2,5%	-5,2%	-5,4%	-2,4%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	50 010	49 800	51 020	47 570	52 649	47 290	51 846	58 370	71 770	43,5%	-0,4%	2,4%	-6,8%	10,7%	-10,2%	9,6%	12,6%	23,0%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	98,8%	98,5%	99,1%	100,6%	100,2%	99,6%	100,7%	99,6%	98,5%	(0,35)	(0,29)	0,56	1,49	(0,38)	(0,64)	1,15	(1,09)	(1,12)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	99,1%	100,4%	100,7%	99,1%	101,2%	100,2%	99,7%	-	-	-	1,26	0,32	(1,60)	2,15	(1,02)	(0,50)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	99,1%	100,4%	100,7%	99,1%	101,2%	100,2%	99,7%	-	-	-	1,26	0,32	(1,60)	2,15	(1,02)	(0,50)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	100,4%	100,7%	99,1%	101,2%	100,2%	99,7%	-	-	-	-	0,32	(1,60)	2,15	(1,02)	(0,50)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	97,5%	100,3%	98,9%	103,0%	95,3%	105,1%	95,2%	93,7%	86,3%	(11,50)	2,78	(1,37)	4,19	(7,54)	10,30	(9,43)	(1,59)	(7,84)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	84	91	91	87	83	83	80	80	91	8,7%	9,2%	-0,9%	-4,4%	-4,0%	-0,8%	-2,6%	-0,9%	14,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	132	115	121	124	110	110	127	-	-	-	-12,7%	5,3%	2,7%	-11,8%	0,3%	15,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	75	74	66	68	65	62	65	-	-	-	-1,3%	-9,7%	1,7%	-4,2%	-4,9%	6,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	74	66	68	65	62	65	-	-	-	-	-9,7%	1,7%	-4,2%	-4,9%	6,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	163	164	171	168	178	165	200	215	304	86,9%	1,0%	4,3%	-2,0%	6,2%	-7,5%	20,9%	7,7%	41,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																				
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 118	6 200	5 757	5 827	5 332	5 018	4 539	4 648	4 147	-32,2%	1,3%	-7,1%	1,2%	-8,5%	-5,9%	-9,5%	2,4%	-10,8%		
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	4 676	4 689	3 897	3 289	3 752	2 720	2 117	1 801	2 060	-55,9%	0,3%	-16,9%	-15,6%	14,1%	-27,5%	-22,2%	-14,9%	14,4%		
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			27 910	26 110	27 510	27 932	27 980	27 940	NA	-	-	-	-6,4%	5,4%	1,5%	0,2%	-0,1%	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			14 350	14 180	15 110	14 650	14 770	13 880	NA	-	-	-	-1,2%	6,6%	-3,0%	0,8%	-6,0%	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			26 463	27 845	29 324	25 706	23 500	23 008	19 363	-	-	-	5,2%	5,3%	-12,3%	-8,6%	-2,1%	-15,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			12 419	13 853	14 904	12 266	10 701	10 632	8 172	-	-	-	11,5%	7,6%	-17,7%	-12,8%	-0,6%	-23,1%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			27 979	26 482	29 263	26 236	24 992	23 506	21 232	-	-	-	-5,4%	10,5%	-10,3%	-4,7%	-5,9%	-9,7%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			12 586	12 925	15 349	12 132	11 593	10 630	9 686	-	-	-	2,7%	18,8%	-21,0%	-4,4%	-8,3%	-8,9%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			26 110	27 510	27 932	27 980	27 940	27 510	24 530	-	-	-	5,4%	1,5%	0,2%	-0,1%	-1,5%	-10,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			14 180	15 110	14 650	14 770	13 880	13 870	12 340	-	-	-	6,6%	-3,0%	0,8%	-6,0%	-0,1%	-11,0%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			105,7%	95,1%	99,8%	102,1%	106,3%	102,2%	109,7%	-	-	-	(10,05)	4,93	2,27	4,20	(3,93)	7,33
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			101,3%	93,3%	103,0%	98,9%	108,3%	100,0%	118,5%	-	-	-	(7,94)	10,38	(3,96)	9,53	(7,71)	18,55
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			341	379	348	389	408	427	422	-	-	-	11,3%	-8,1%	11,7%	4,8%	4,7%	-1,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			411	427	348	444	437	476	465	-	-	-	3,8%	-18,4%	27,6%	-1,7%	9,0%	-2,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	920	1 037	1 307	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,7%	26,0%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	380	378	445	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,5%	17,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	540	659	862	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,0%	30,8%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 512	NA	NA	NA	1 353	1 447	1 316	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,9%	-9,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	429	421	439	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1,9%	4,3%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 021	NA	NA	NA	924	1 026	877	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,0%	-14,5%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 405	NA	NA	NA	1 236	1 177	1 259	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-4,8%	7,0%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	431	354	393	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-17,9%	11,0%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			1 000	NA	NA	NA	805	823	866	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,2%	5,2%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	1 037	1 307	1 277	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,0%	-2,3%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	378	445	460	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,7%	3,4%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	659	862	817	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,8%	-5,2%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			92,9%	NA	NA	NA	91,4%	81,3%	95,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,96)	17,61
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	100,5%	84,1%	89,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(16,30)	6,47
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			97,9%	NA	NA	NA	87,1%	80,2%	98,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,93)	23,10
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	306	405	370	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,4%	-8,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	320	459	427	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,3%	-6,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	299	382	344	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,9%	-9,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									223 723	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									159 476	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									64 247	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									213 096	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									158 827	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									54 269	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									81 040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									56 620	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									24 420	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									95,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									99,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									84,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									164	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									26 972	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									25 482	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									24 270	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									94,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									348	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									2 363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									3 414	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									3 246	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									2 318	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									95,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Total									261	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions												
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020				
Indicator 5: Access to justice																						
Legal aid																						
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																						
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees																					False	
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees																						False
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True												True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True												True
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases																						True
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases																						True
020.1.1 Total																						301 304
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases																						88 075
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases																						213 229
020.2.1 Total brought to court																						253 506
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases																						88 075
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal																						165 431
020.3.1 Total not brought to court																						47 798
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases																						NAP
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal																						47 798
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation																						40
020-1.1.2 Average duration																						12

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							NA	NA	NA										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							NA	NA	NA										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							NA	NA	NA										
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							NA	NA	NA										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							NA	NA	NA										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	NA										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							NA	NA	NA										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							NA	NA	NA										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	NA										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							FALSE	No	No										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							FALSE	No	No										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							FALSE	No	No										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							FALSE	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							FALSE	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							FALSE	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	False	False	False									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NAP	NAP									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NAP	NAP									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NAP	NAP									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NAP	NAP									

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							False	False	False										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges																			
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors																			
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff																			
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	-	-										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	-	-										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	-	-										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							NA	NA	NA										
064-2 - Criminal							NA	NA	NA										
064-2 - Administrative							NA	NA	NA										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	NA	NA										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	NA	NA										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	NA	NA										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							False	NA	NA										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	NA	NA										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							False	NA	NA										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	NA	NA										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	NA	NA										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							False	NA	NA										

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	True	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							100%	100%	100%											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	False	False											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							False	False	False											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							True	True	False											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	False	False											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							False	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							False	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	True	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							False	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	True	True											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	True	True											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	True	True											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	True	True											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	True	True											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	True	True											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)									NA	NA										
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)									NA	NA										
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%		NA	100%										

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Scheduling		Scheduling										
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Scheduling		Scheduling										
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Scheduling		Scheduling										
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail		E-mail										
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							E-mail		E-mail										
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail		E-mail										
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							False	-	True										
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	-	True										
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							False	-	True										
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)																			
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)																			
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)																			

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							E-mail		E-mail										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							False	-	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	-	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	-	True										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	-	True										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							False	True	True										

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 410	2 378	2 359	2 357	2 331	2 538	2 522	2 523	2 597	7,8%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,1%	-1,1%	8,9%	-0,6%	0,0%	2,9%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 855	1 850	1 829	1 811	1 788	1 930	1 907	1 906	1 882	1,5%	-0,3%	-1,1%	-1,0%	-1,3%	7,9%	-1,2%	-0,1%	-1,3%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	519	528	530	546	543	570	582	582	680	31,0%	1,7%	0,4%	3,0%	-0,5%	5,0%	2,1%	0,0%	16,8%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	36	NA	NA	NA	NA	38	33	35	35	-2,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-13,2%	6,1%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	1 122	1 058	1 031	1 026	988	NA	1 006	999	1 031	-8,1%	-5,7%	-2,6%	-0,5%	-3,7%	-	-	-0,7%	3,2%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	784	757	738	722	693	721	694	693	698	-11,0%	-3,4%	-2,5%	-2,2%	-4,0%	4,0%	-3,7%	-0,1%	0,7%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	306	301	293	304	295	293	292	286	312	2,0%	-1,6%	-2,7%	3,8%	-3,0%	-0,7%	-0,3%	-2,1%	9,1%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	32	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	20	20	21	-34,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	5,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 288	1 320	1 328	1 331	1 343	NA	1 516	1 524	1 566	21,6%	2,5%	0,6%	0,2%	0,9%	-	-	0,5%	2,8%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 071	1 093	1 091	1 089	1 095	1 209	1 213	1 213	1 184	10,6%	2,1%	-0,2%	-0,2%	0,6%	10,4%	0,3%	0,0%	-2,4%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	213	227	237	242	248	277	290	296	368	72,8%	6,6%	4,4%	2,1%	2,5%	11,7%	4,7%	2,1%	24,3%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	13	15	14	250,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,4%	-6,7%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 597	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 882	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	680	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 252	7 287	7 422	7 265	7 317	7 523	7 492	7 699	7 435	18,9%	16,6%	1,9%	-2,1%	0,7%	2,8%	-0,4%	2,8%	-3,4%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 847	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	1 405	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 595	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 104	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									7 435	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									6 263	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									965	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									207	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									945	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									850	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									367	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									319	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									578	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									531	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									3 998	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									1 336	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									2 662	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	62 700 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	83 765 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	84 351 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	52 772 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	42 900 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																		
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																		
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	17 068	17 298	17 713	17 343	17 498	17 672	17 784	17 829	17 964	5,2%	1,3%	2,4%	-2,1%	0,9%	1,0%	0,6%	0,3%	0,8%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 899	9 867	9 837	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,3%	-0,3%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 885	7 962	8 127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,0%	2,1%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Netherlands (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	820	927	1 187	1 409	1 466	1 511	1 002	935	865		5,5%	13,0%	28,0%	18,7%	4,0%	3,1%	-33,7%	-6,7%	-7,5%
167.1.1 Total number started					2 399	2 429	3 686	3 442	1 823		-	-	-	-	-	1,3%	51,7%	-6,6%	-47,0%
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	637		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Judiciary at a glance in Poland

General data

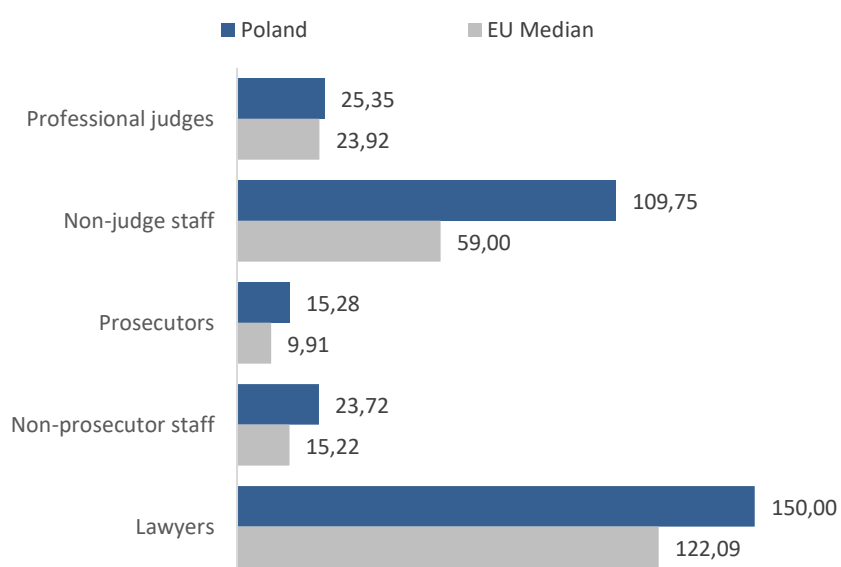
Population: 38 244 000

GDP per capita: 12 953 €

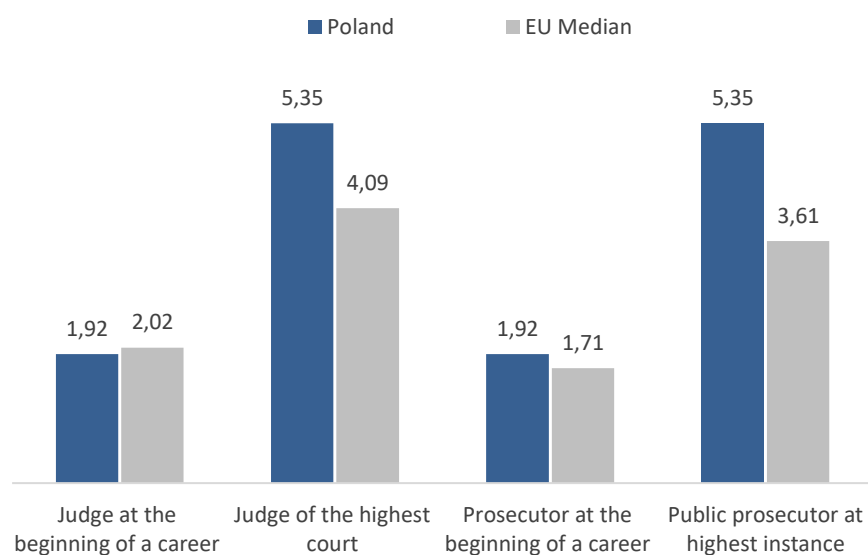
Average annual salary: 13 437 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

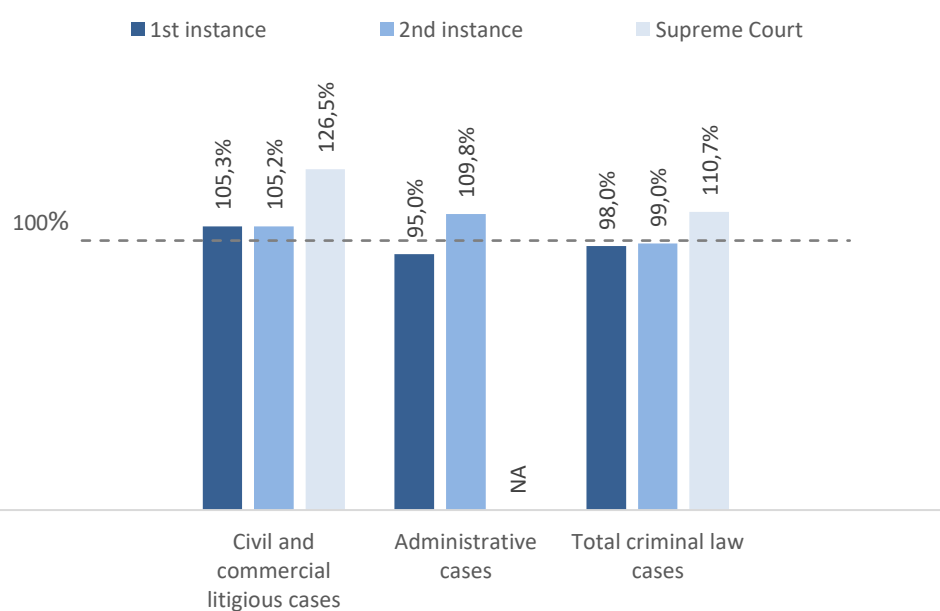


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

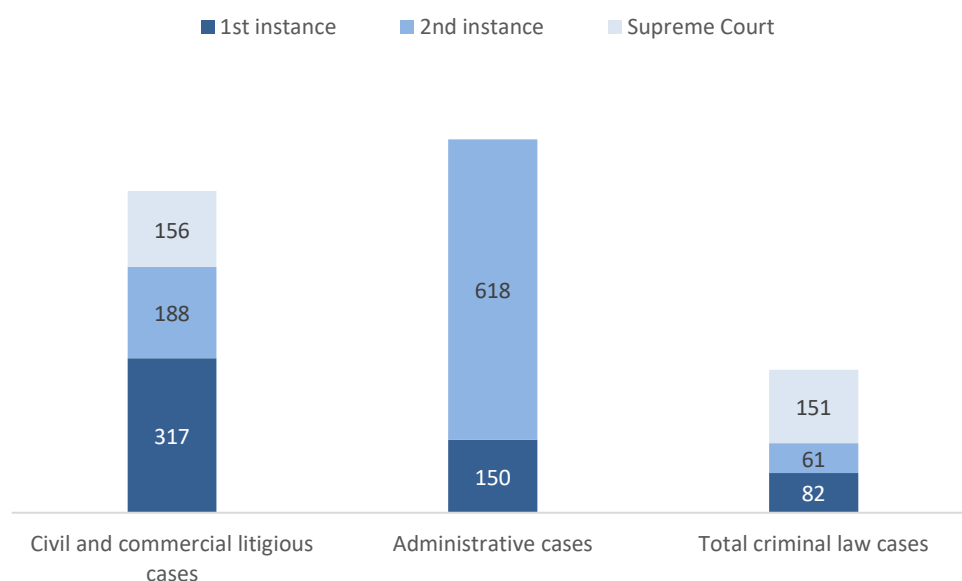


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

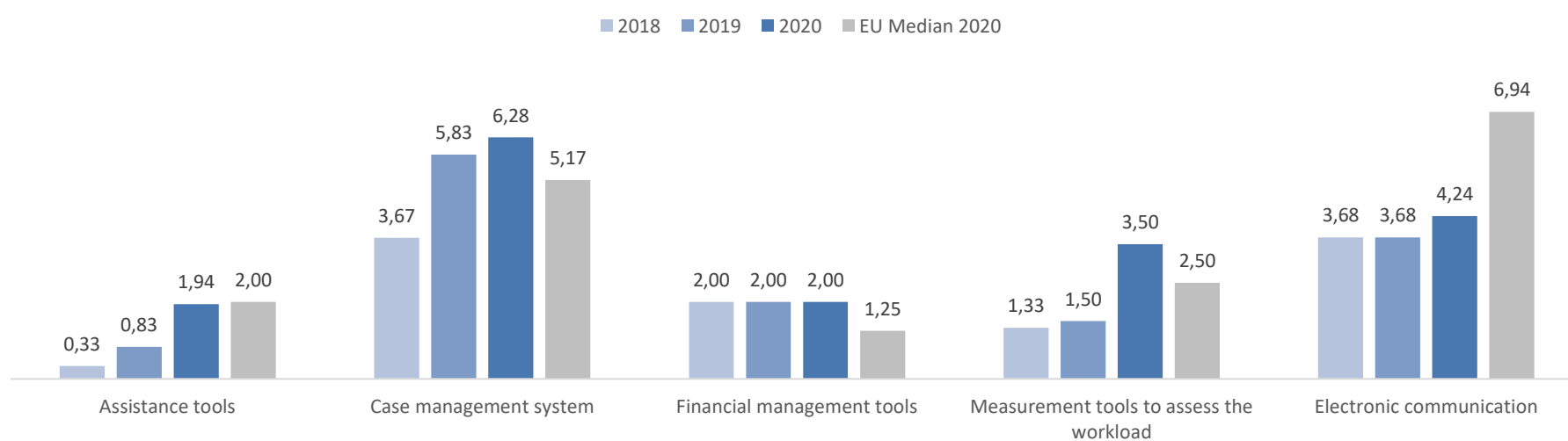


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Poland

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	38 533 000	-	38 496 000		38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	38 244 000	-0,8%	-0,2%	-0,1%	-0,1%	0,0%	-0,4%
GDP per capita	10 126	-	10 538		11 370	12 365	12 960	13 289	12 953	27,9%	7,9%	14,0%	4,8%	2,5%	-2,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	4	-	4		4	4	4	4	5	12,9%	3,7%	-2,7%	3,1%	0,0%	7,3%
Average annual salary	10 338		10 650		NA		NA	14 736	13 437	30,0%	NA	NA	NA NA		-8,8%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	26,2	-	26,2		26,0	26,1	25,5	25,3	25,2	-3,9%	-1,0%	-2,0%	-2,6%	-0,4%	-0,5%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	106,0	-	107,9		112,3	121,8	105,9	109,2	109,8	3,5%	4,1%	-5,8%	-13,1%	3,1%	0,5%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	114,1	-	137,1		125,7	133,3	138,2	143,7	150,0	31,4%	-8,3%	9,9%	3,7%	4,0%	4,4%
Mediators	NA	-	NA		NA	NA	NA	10,7	10,7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-0,1%
ICT overall assesment							3,9	4,9	6,4					25,7%	29,7%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,769	-	3,186		3,113	3,520	3,449	3,266	2,474	-10,7%	-2,3%	10,8%	-2,0%	-5,3%	-24,3%
Administrative law cases	0,187	-	0,2		0,200	0,188	0,172	0,183	0,179	-4,4%	-8,7%	-13,9%	-8,9%	6,5%	-2,1%
Total criminal law cases									4,871						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	89%	-	99%	-	99%	94%	92%	99%	105%	16,73	-0,47	-6,70	-1,74	7,19	5,96
CR administrative law cases	100%	-	97%	-	103%	107%	105%	99%	95%	-4,59	6,47	2,08	-2,02	-6,49	-3,59
CR total criminal law cases									98%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	195	-	203	-	225	232	273	270	317	62,7%	10,7%	21,5%	17,5%	-1,1%	17,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)	112	-	139	-	143	121	118	123	150	33,7%	2,4%	-17,4%	-2,7%	4,5%	22,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									82						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,31	-	1,76		1,89	2,10	2,38	2,40	2,26	72,8%	7,6%	25,5%	13,0%	1,0%	-5,6%
Administrative law cases	0,06	-	0,08		0,08	0,07	0,06	0,06	0,07	21,9%	-0,2%	-27,5%	-13,0%	4,4%	15,1%
Total criminal law cases									1,07						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			97%	-	96%	97%	96%	90%	105%		-0,88	-0,26	-0,69	-5,84	15,24
CR administrative law cases			84%	-	89%	108%	93%	97%	110%		4,53	4,28	-15,04	4,30	12,41
CR total criminal law cases									99%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			89	-	105	119	137	175	188		18,6%	30,1%	15,3%	27,9%	7,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)			537	-	607	502	537	625	618		13,0%	-11,5%	7,1%	16,3%	-1,1%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									61						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			94%	-	104%	108%	88%	98%	126%		10,13	-16,70	-20,53	10,19	28,60
CR administrative law cases			NA	-	89%	108%	93%	NA	NA		NA	4,58	-14,37	NA	NA
CR total criminal law cases									111%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			187	-	180	158	250	234	156		-3,7%	39,4%	58,0%	-6,6%	-33,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	-	607	504	535	NA	NA		NA	-11,8%	6,3%	NA	NA
DT total criminal law cases									151						

1. Judicial organisation in Poland

At the outset, it should be recalled that the Polish court structure is characterized by four levels of courts but only three instances. Basically, there are District courts which are first instance courts, Regional courts which are first and second instance courts, and Appellate courts which are second instance courts. The highest instance courts are the Supreme Court, the Supreme Administrative Court and the Constitutional Tribunal.

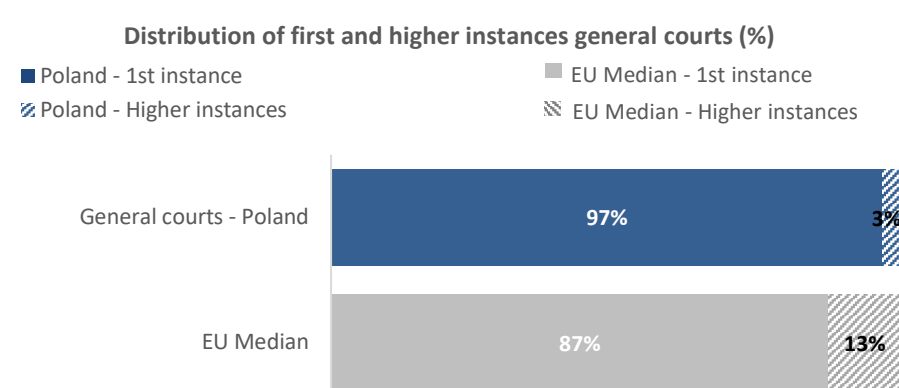
In 2020 in Poland, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 402. Namely, there are 376 courts of general jurisdiction and 26 specialised courts.

Among the 376 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 364 are competent at first instance, namely the 318 District and the 46 Regional courts. The 11 Appellate courts intervene at second instance, while the Supreme Court is the highest court of general jurisdiction. The latter operates under the Constitution of the Republic of Poland and the Supreme Court Act. It is established to exercise supervision over the activities of common and military courts in the area of adjudication - this is the so-called judicial supervision (Article 183(1) of the Constitution). The means used to exercise such supervision include: recognition of extraordinary complaints, cassations and other appeals (instance supervision), passing resolutions resolving legal issues (extra-institutional supervision) Resolutions of the entire chamber or a larger body of judges have the force of law and are binding on all Supreme Court formations. A panel of 7 judges may decide to give the resolution the force of legal principle.

Among the 26 specialised courts, 23 are of first instance, while 3 are higher specialised courts (infra).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 494 courts among which 433 are of first instance. It is noteworthy highlighting that a different method of data presentation has been applied for 2020. Namely, the 2020 data show first-instance courts and all courts together with all seats in different locations, which in the realities of the Polish legal system should be understood as a necessity to show the number of courts together with local divisions. The figure of 494 indicated for 2020 is the sum of the common, administrative and military courts of first and second instance and the Supreme Court by geographic location (i.e. including the subdivisions). To the number of courts of first instance by geographical location (all common, administrative, military courts of first instance with localised divisions: 433) was added the number of 61 courts: 46 Regional courts; 11 Courts of appeal; 2 military courts; the Supreme Administrative Court; the Supreme Court.

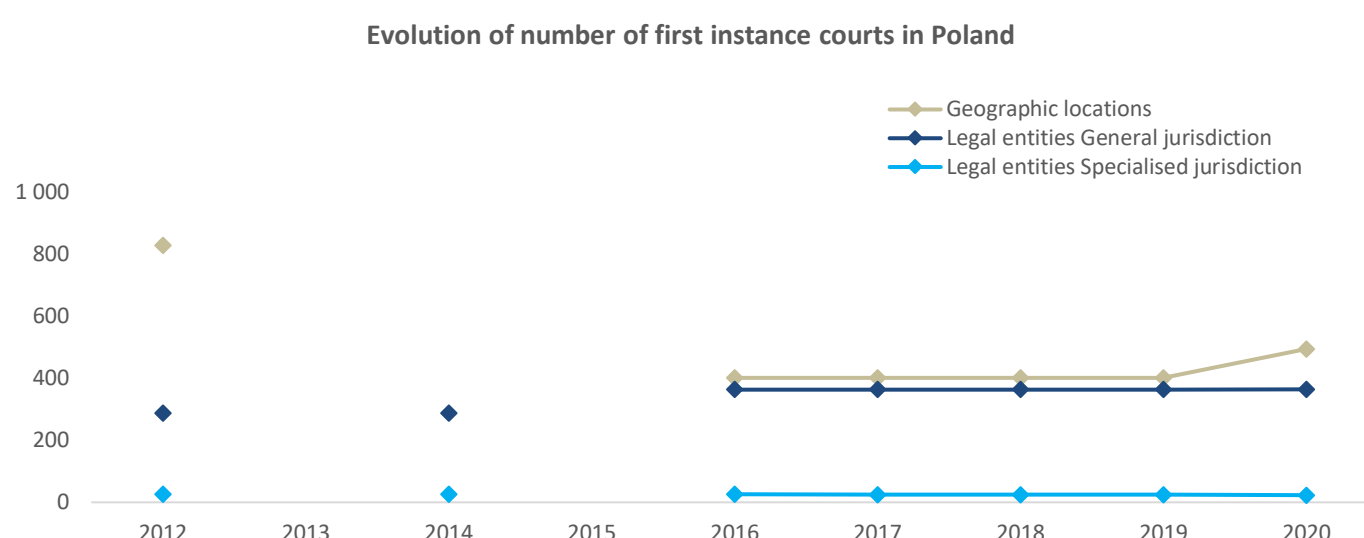
Distribution of general courts in Poland



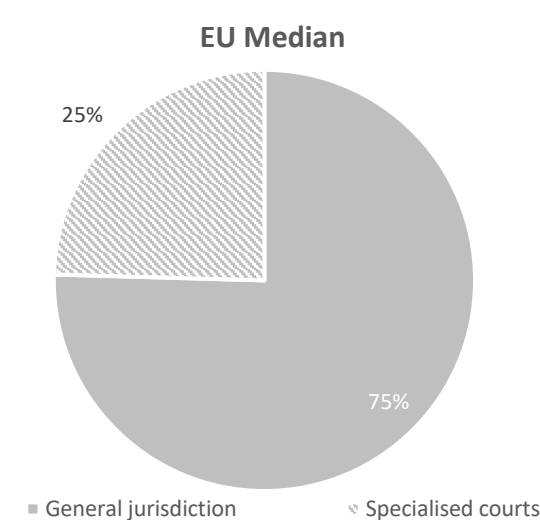
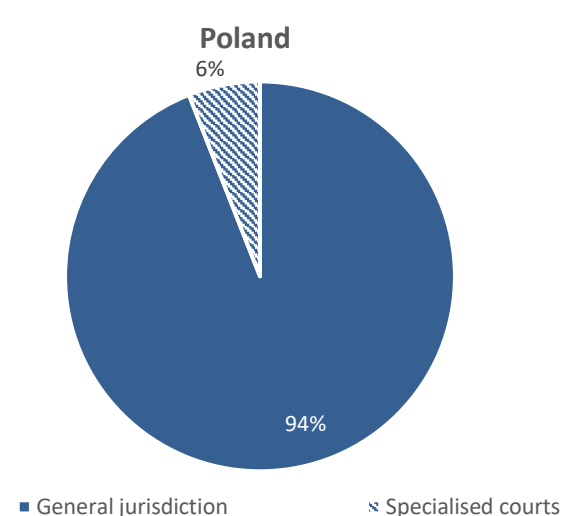
According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Poland is somewhat different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Poland

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	827	287	26
2013	-	-	-
2014	NA	287	26
2015	-	-	-
2016	401	363	26
2017	401	363	25
2018	401	363	25
2019	401	363	25
2020	494	364	23



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 94,1% - 5,9% is quite different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	23	3
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	16	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	7	2
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

The 23 first instance specialised courts encompass 16 administrative courts and 7 military courts. The 3 higher instance specialised courts include 2 military courts and the Supreme Administrative Court.

It is noteworthy that the Land and Mortgage Courts which are within the structure of the common court system deal with specific topics, but they are departments.

Besides, the National Court Register and Pledge Registry Departments are business divisions.

The EU Trademark and Community Design Court (which existed in the XXII Division of the District Court in Warsaw)- functioned from 2004 until the creation of intellectual property courts, which took place on 1 July 2020. Cases in the field of intellectual property belong to the jurisdiction of selected District Courts (Article 47990 of the Code of Civil Procedure), while the District Court in Warsaw (XXII Division) has exclusive jurisdiction in matters of intellectual property concerning computer programs, inventions, utility models, topography of integrated circuits, plant varieties and company secrets of a technical nature.

The Court of Competition and Consumer Protection is a special department functioning within the District Court in Warsaw. In the current state of law, the scope of activity of the 17th Department of the Court of Competition and Consumer Protection includes the handling of the following cases in court proceedings of appeals and complaints against decisions and orders issued by the government: the President of the Office of Competition and Consumer Protection, the President of the Energy Regulatory Office, the President of the Railway Transport Office, the President of the Office of Electronic Communications.

When it comes to matters from lease or tenancy agreements - as long as these matters are of an economic nature, they are recognized by business departments, as are matters related to new technologies and the Internet space.

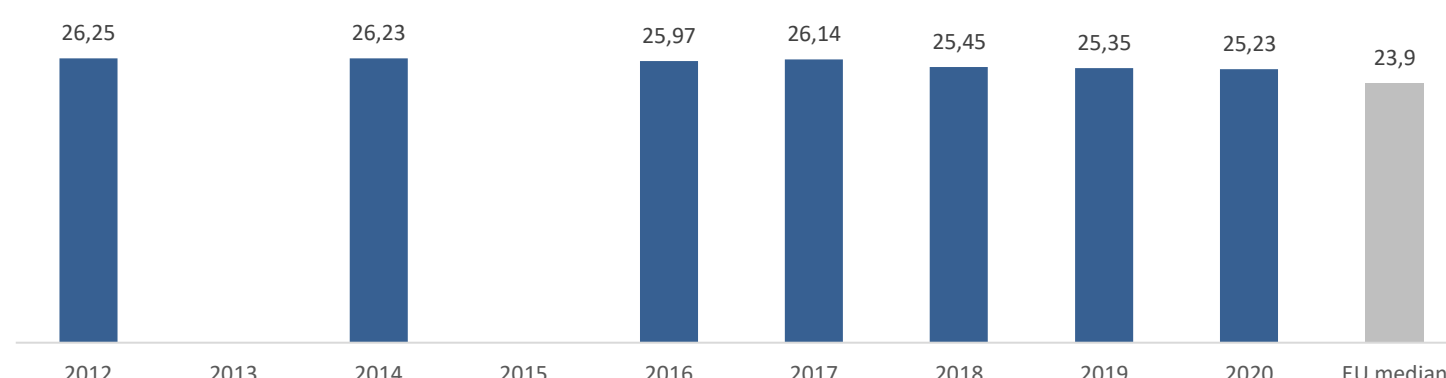
2. Professionals of justice in Poland

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	10 114	26,25
2013	-	-
2014	10 096	26,23
2015	-	-
2016	9 980	25,97
2017	10 047	26,14
2018	9 776	25,45
2019	9 736	25,35
2020	9 650	25,23

Professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants



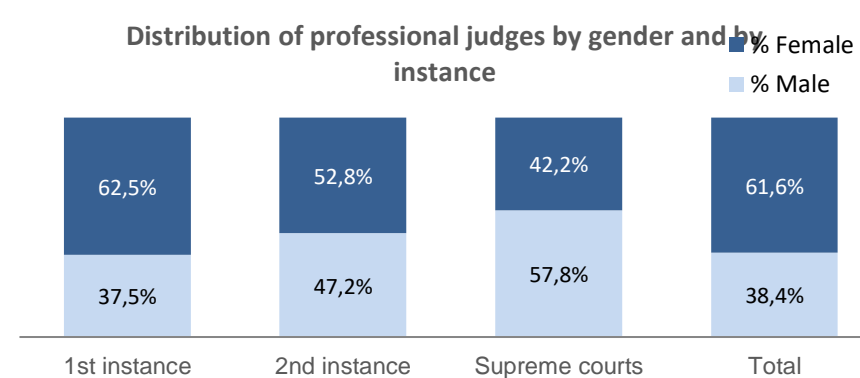
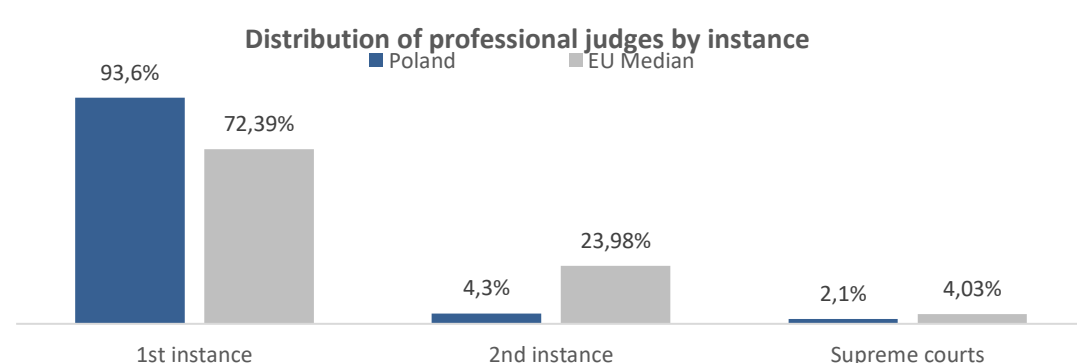
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Poland is 9 650, which is -0,9% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Poland, there are 25,23 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,35 non-judge staff per judge .

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 4,31 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	9 034	93,6%	3 390	5 644	37,5%	62,5%
2nd instance	417	4,3%	197	220	47,2%	52,8%
Supreme courts	199	2,1%	115	84	57,8%	42,2%
Total	9 650		3 702	5 948	38,4%	61,6%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 5 948, which represents 61,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 9 034 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 5 644 are female); 417 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 220 are female) and 199 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 84 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance the trend in Poland is similar. The predominance of first instance judges is accentuated, while there are less judges at second and third instances than at the EU level.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Poland presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, owing to the fact that there are four levels of courts but only three instances in Poland, some judges sit as first and second instance magistrates. According to the methodology of presentation of data that has been chosen, judges of Regional courts are counted as first instance judges together with judges of District courts and judges of first instance administrative courts. Only judges of Appellate courts are considered as second instance magistrates.

The number of judges of district courts: 6036 (3922 women, 2114 men)
 The number of judges of regional courts: 2544 (1462 women, 1082 men)
 The number of judges of the first instance administrative courts: 454 (260 women, 194 men)

The number of judges of the appeal courts: 417 (220 women, 197 men)

Supreme courts:
 The number of judges of the Supreme Administrative court: 102 (62 women, 40 men)
 The number of judges of the supreme court: 97 (75 women, 22 men)

*Starting from 2020 the number of Supreme court judges include also judges of the Supreme Administrative Court.

Military courts:
 The number of judges of district military courts: 18 (1 woman, 17 men)
 The number of garrison judges: 27 (5 women, 22 men).

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at third instance.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	454	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme courts	199	25	28	102	44
Total	NA	NA	NA	556	NA

In Poland, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible only for some categories.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

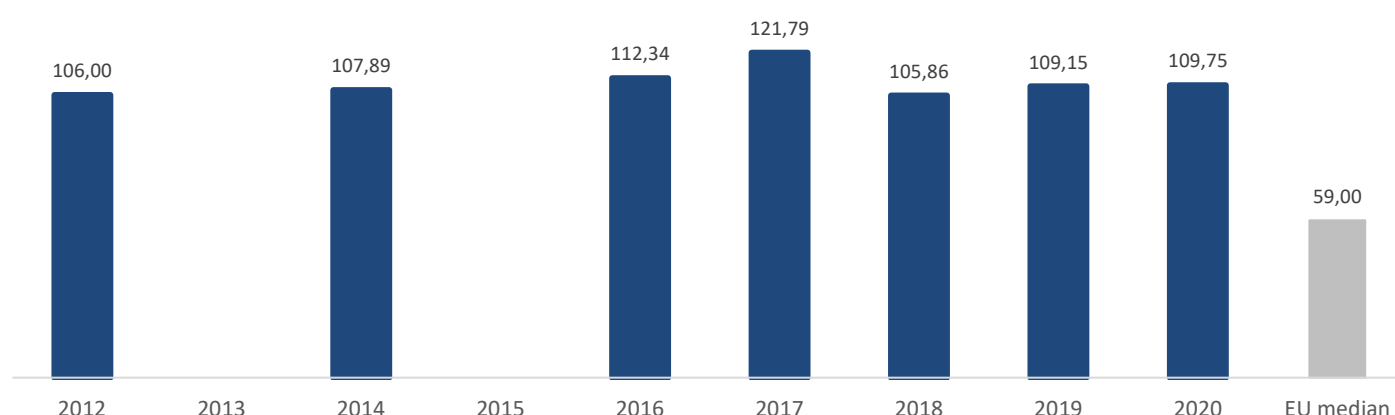
2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme courts	12,6%	14,1%	51,3%	22,1%
Total	NA	NA	NA	NA

Supreme Court - the 13 judges of the Supreme Court Chamber of Labour Law and Social Insurance appear in the column "other" together with the 18 judges of the Extraordinary Review and Public Affairs Chamber and the 13 judges of the Disciplinary Chamber.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	40 844	-	41 534	-	43 176	46 807	40 662	41 927	41 973
Per 100 000 inhabitants	106,00	-	107,89	-	112,34	121,79	105,86	109,15	109,75

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	41 973	
Rechtspfleger	2 669	6,4%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	23 711	56,5%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	7 801	18,6%
Technical staff	2 346	5,6%
Other	5 446	13,0%

In 2020, Poland has 41 973 non-judge staff (of which 35 428 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,1%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 2 669 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 1 904 are women);
- 23 711 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 21 663 are women);
- 7 801 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 5 998 are women);
- 2 346 technical staff (of which 1 569 are women);
- 5 446 other (of which 4 294 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 109,2 in 2019 to 109,8 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 25,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 25,2 in 2020.

The category "other" includes probation officers, Specialists of Opinion Teams of Forensic Specialists.

The presented data does not include court assessors (trainee judges). According to Article 2 § 1a of the Act of 27 July 2001. Law on the Common Court System (Journal of Laws of 2020, item 2072), in district courts, tasks related to the administration of justice are also performed by court assessors/trainee judges, with the exception of: 1) applying temporary detention in pre-trial proceedings in relation to a detainee handed over to the court's disposal together with a request to apply temporary detention; 2) examining complaints against decisions on refusal to initiate an investigation or enquiry, decisions to discontinue an investigation or enquiry and decisions to discontinue an enquiry and on decisions to discontinue an investigation and enter the case in the register of crimes; 3) deciding family and juvenile cases.

As at 31 December 2020 there were 486 trainee judges employed in district courts, including 317 women and 169 men.

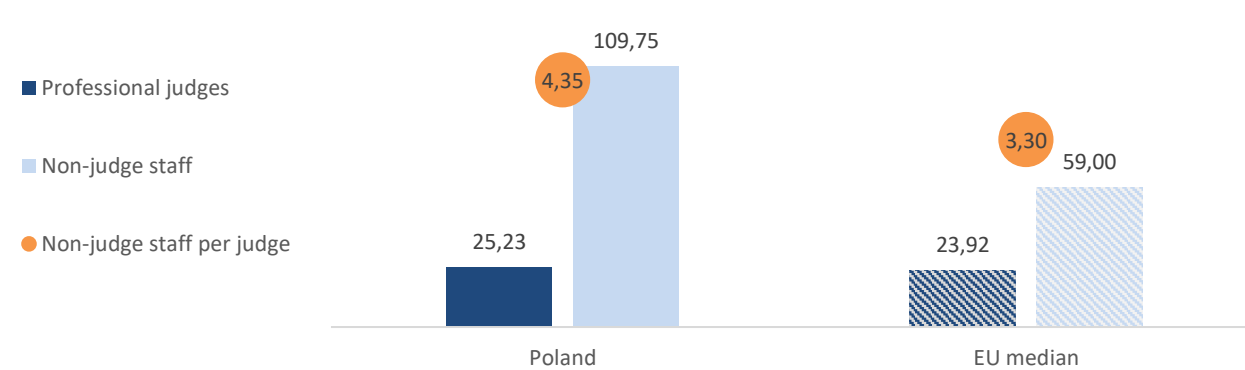
1. "Rechtspfleger": the number of rechtspflegers of 16 voivodship administrative courts are included (males 23, females 34);

In 2020 data include also employees of the Supreme Administrative Court.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Poland	EU median
Professional judges	25,23	23,92
Non-judge staff	109,75	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	4,35	3,30

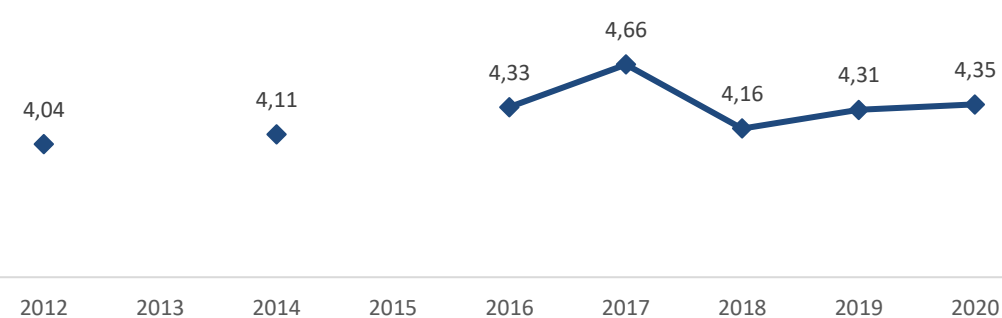
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	26,25	106,00	4,04
2013	-	-	-
2014	26,23	107,89	4,11
2015	-	-	-
2016	25,97	112,34	4,33
2017	26,14	121,79	4,66
2018	25,45	105,86	4,16
2019	25,35	109,15	4,31
2020	25,23	109,75	4,35

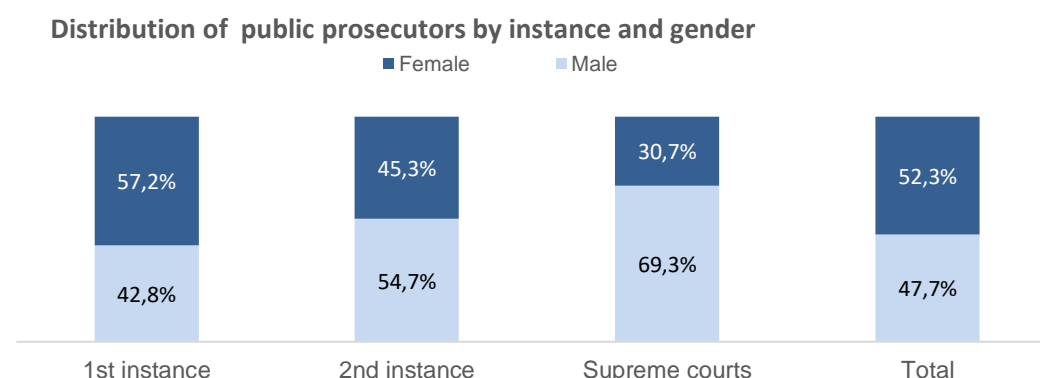
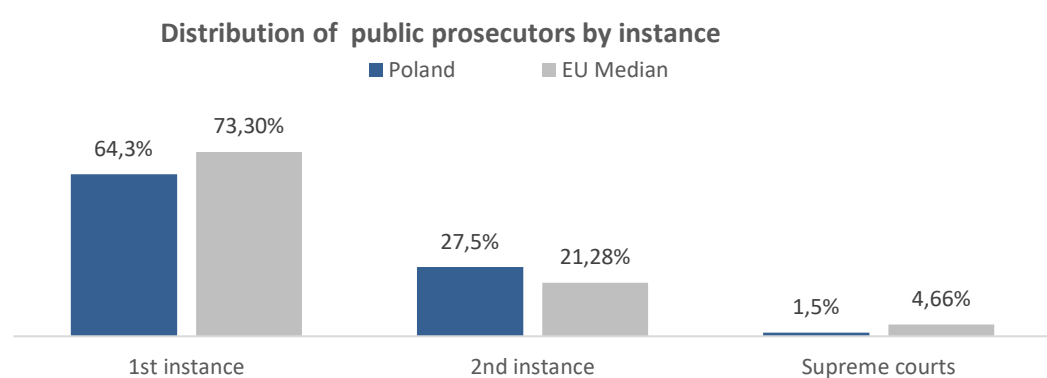
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	3 759	64,3%	1 608	2 151	42,8%	57,2%
2nd instance	1 605	27,5%	878	727	54,7%	45,3%
Supreme courts	88	1,5%	61	27	69,3%	30,7%
Total	5 843		2 787	3 056	47,7%	52,3%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 3 056, which represents 52,3% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 3 759 in first instance (of which 2 151 are female); 1 605 are in second instance (of which 727 are female) and 88 in final instance (of which 27 are female).

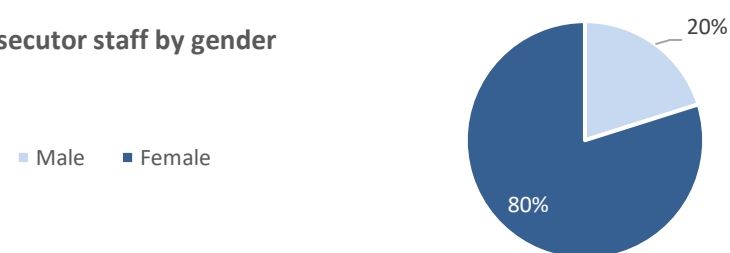
As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Poland presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the table under item 1 contains the number of district prosecutors and under item 2 the number of circuit prosecutors. Whereas under item 3 is the number of prosecutors in the position of a prosecutor of the National Prosecutor's Office. The total is higher than the sum of the subcategories because it takes into account the number of prosecutors employed in regional prosecutor's offices - a total of 391 prosecutors (151 women and 240 men), since according to Article 16 of the Law of 28 January 2016 - Law on Prosecutor's Office (Journal of Laws of 2021, item 66) the common organizational units of the prosecutor's office are: National Prosecutor's Office, regional prosecutor's offices, circuit prosecutor's offices and district prosecutor's offices. All items (1-3) include prosecutors for military matters, who at the level of the district prosecutor's office are employed by 85, including 22 women and 63 men; at the level of the regional prosecutor's office - 38 prosecutors for military matters, including 8 women and 30 men, and at the National Prosecutor's Office - 13 prosecutors for military matters (2 women and 11 men).

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors have the majority only at first instance.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	9 073	1 826	7 247

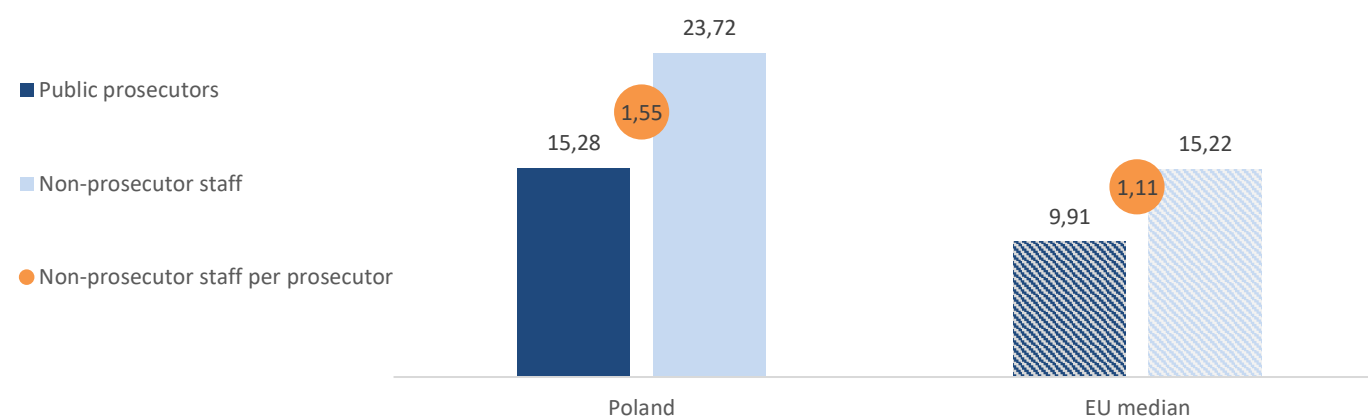
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

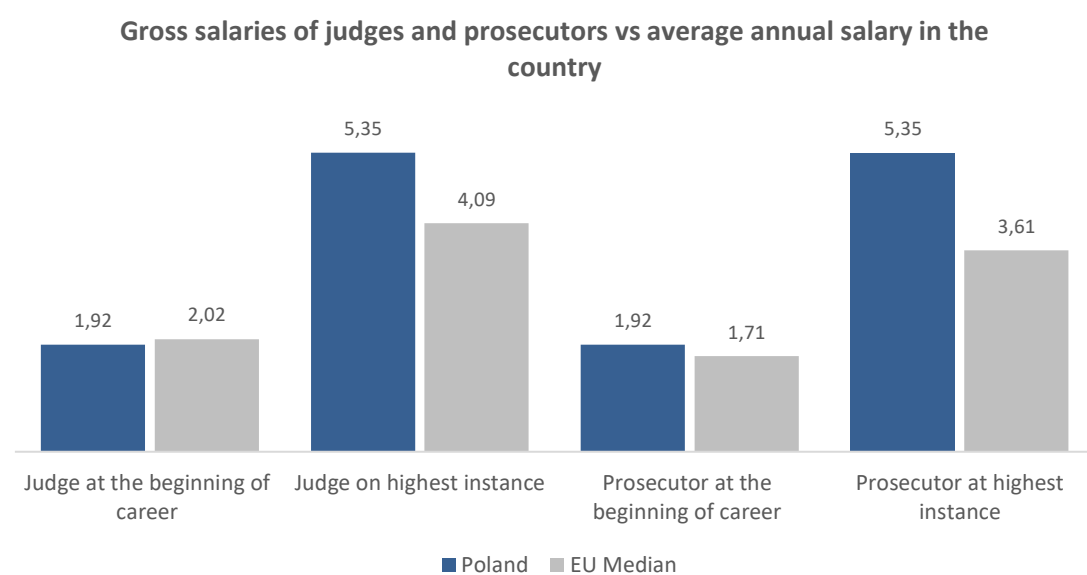
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Poland	EU median
Public prosecutors	15,28	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	23,72	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,55	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	25 796 €	21 312 €	1,92
Judge of the highest court	71 941 €	52 540 €	5,35
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	25 796 €	21 312 €	1,92
Public prosecutor at highest instance	71 941 €	52 540 €	5,35



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Poland of 25 796€ is quite below when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 1,92 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

The basic salary of a judge is determined in rates, the amount of which is determined using multipliers of the basis for determining basic salary, referred to in § 1c. The rates of basic salary in particular judge's positions and multipliers, used for determination of basic salary of judges in particular rates, are specified in the appendix to the Act.

A judge is entitled to a function-related allowance in connection with the performance of his duties.

Judges' remuneration is also differentiated by a long service bonus, amounting, beginning with the sixth year of service, to 5% of basic salary and increasing after each year by 1% until it reaches 20% of basic salary. No social security contributions are payable on judges' salaries. A judge taking up a position in a district court is entitled to basic salary at the first rate. The judge taking up the position in the circuit court is entitled to a basic salary at rate four, and if in a lower position he has already received a salary at rate four or five, he is entitled to a basic salary at rate five or six, respectively. A judge taking up a position in a court of appeal is entitled to the basic salary at the seventh rate, and if in a lower post he has already received the salary at the seventh or eighth rate, he is entitled to the basic salary at the eighth or ninth rate respectively.

Pursuant to Article 123 of the Act on the Public Prosecutor's Office of 28 January 2016, the basis for determining the base salary of a public prosecutor in a given year is the so-called base amount, i.e. the average salary in the second quarter of the previous year, announced in the Official Journal of the Republic of Poland "Monitor Polski" by the President of the Main Statistical Office "Statistics Poland" [GUS]. Pursuant to Article 124 § 3 of the Act on Public Prosecutor's Office, a public prosecutor taking up a position in:

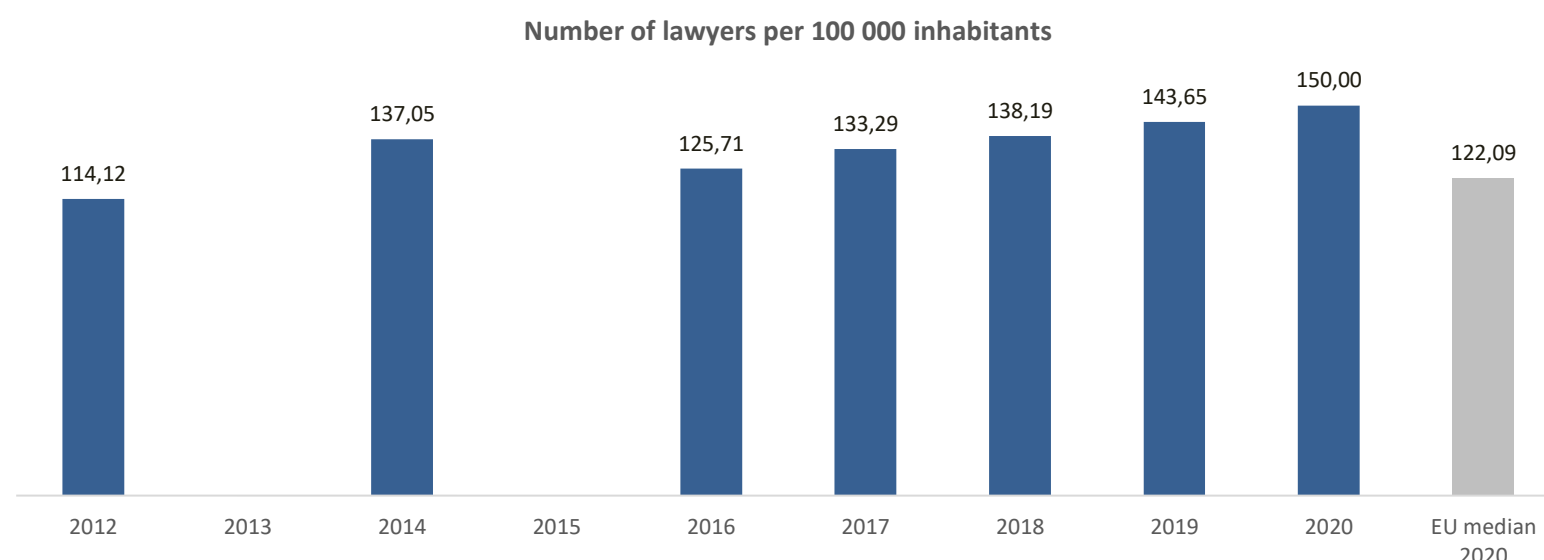
- a district public prosecutor's office - shall be entitled to a base salary at the first grade;
- a circuit public prosecutor's office - shall be entitled to the base salary in the fourth grade, and if in a lower position they were already receiving the salary in the fourth or fifth grade, they shall be entitled to the base salary in the fifth or sixth grade respectively;
- a regional public prosecutor's office - shall be entitled to the base salary in the seventh grade, and if in a lower position they were already receiving the salary in the seventh or eighth grade, they shall be entitled to the base salary in the eighth or ninth grade respectively.

Pursuant to Article 124 § 1, the base salary of public prosecutors of the National Public Prosecutor's Office is equal to the base salary of judges of the Supreme Court. Pursuant to Article 48 of the Act on the Supreme Court of 2017, the remuneration of a judge of the Supreme Court is determined at either the basic rate or the promotion rate. The promotion rate is 115% of the base rate. Upon taking up his/her post, a judge of the Supreme Court receives base pay at the basic rate. After 7 years of service in the Supreme Court, the base salary of a judge of the Supreme Court shall be increased to the promotion rate.

At the same time, according to Article 124 § 11 of the quoted Act, a public prosecutor is entitled to an supplement for long-time service amounting to 5% of the base salary currently received by the public prosecutor, beginning from the 6th year of his/her employment, and increasing after each successive year of his/her employment by 1% of this salary, until reaching 20% of the base salary. After 20 years of service the long-service supplement shall be paid, irrespective of the length of service beyond that period, at the rate of 20% of the public prosecutor's current base salary. In addition, in connection with the function performed, a public prosecutor is entitled to a functional supplement (table of functions and multipliers for determining the amount of functional supplements). Additionally, pursuant to Article 111 § 2 and 4 of the above mentioned Act, prosecutors of the National Public Prosecutor's Office, due to the nature of their work and the scope of their duties, may also be granted a special supplement not exceeding 40% of the total base salary and the functional supplement. The supplement is granted for a definite period of time, and in justified cases - also for an indefinite period of time

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	43 974	114,12
2013	-	-
2014	52 760	137,05
2015	-	-
2016	48 315	125,71
2017	51 227	133,29
2018	53 081	138,19
2019	55 178	143,65
2020	57 365	150,00



In 2020, there are 57 365 lawyers, which is 4,0% more than in 2019.

Poland has 150,0 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Within the total number of advocates 19954, 10513 are male, and 8845 are female.

The data is incomplete because no information has been provided on the sex of 596 advocates.

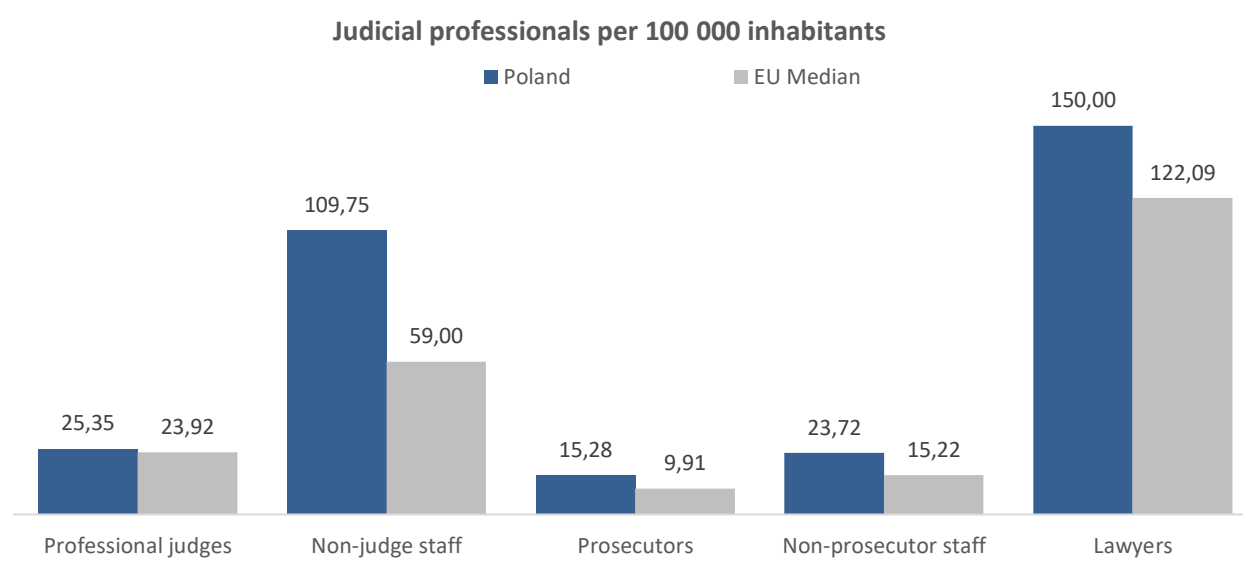
Within the total number of legal counsels 37411, 17746 are male and 19665 are female.

It is noteworthy that legal advisers have the same powers as advocates.

Judicial professionals (summary)

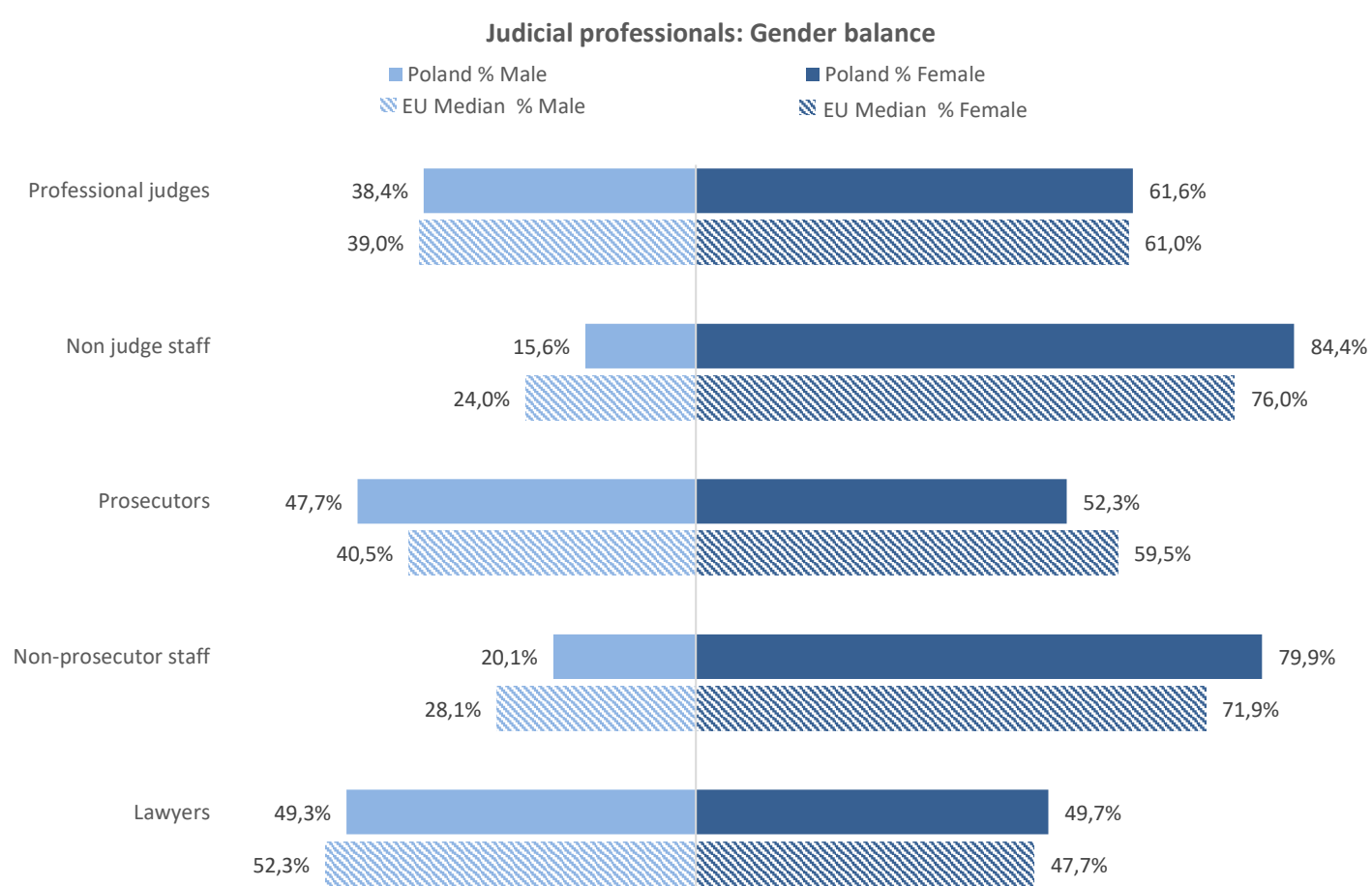
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	9 736	25,35	23,92
Non-judge staff	41 973	109,75	59,00
Prosecutors	5 843	15,28	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	9 073	23,72	15,22
Lawyers	57 365	150,00	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	38,4%	61,6%
Non judge staff	15,6%	84,4%
Prosecutors	47,7%	52,3%
Non-prosecutor staff	20,1%	79,9%
Lawyers	49,3%	49,7%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Poland

In Poland, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✘

In Poland, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

In respect of civil cases, each party may request that a professional attorney be appointed by the court. In order to do so, you must make a statement before the court that you are unable to pay the fees of an advocate or a legal advisor without the loss of the necessary support for yourself and your family. An application for a court-appointed attorney is independent of an application for exemption from court costs and may be filed at any stage of the proceedings (also prior to their commencement), until the case is finally resolved in the court having jurisdiction over the case. The court decides on the appointment of the attorney, taking into account the need for his/her participation in the case and the ability of the party to cover his/her remuneration. The appointed attorney represents the party in court and gives him/her appropriate legal advice in the case.

In criminal proceedings, unless the Code of Criminal Procedure stipulates otherwise, all expenses are temporarily lectured by the State Treasury.

Concerning civil cases, exemption from court fees to which a party is entitled by virtue of the law or granted to a party in preliminary proceedings extends to enforcement proceedings. Additionally, it is possible to apply for exemption from court fees only at the stage of enforcement proceedings.

With regard to criminal cases, if the convicted person fails to comply with the obligation to pay the monetary performance or reparation to the injured party, the judgment together with the enforcement order is sent to the court executive officer who initiates the proceedings. The procedure for pursuing such claims is governed by the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure (claims based on Article 196 § 2 of the Executive Penal Code).

In accordance with the Law on court executive officer fees of 28 February 2018. (Journal of Laws of 2021, item 210), the exemption from court costs to which a party is entitled by virtue of the law or which has been granted to a party in the court proceedings extends to the bailiff's costs (Article 45(1) of the Act). If a party does not exercise this right, the party may apply to the district court by which the judicial officer acts for exemption in whole or in part from enforcement costs. The applicant must prove that he or she is unable to pay the bailiff's fees without prejudice to the necessary maintenance of themselves, or their family (Article 45(2) of the Act).

In civil proceedings, exemption from court costs may relate to fees and expenses. Expenses include in particular: travel costs of a party who is exempt from court costs related to a personal appearance ordered by a court; reimbursement of travel and accommodation costs as well as lost earnings or witness income; remuneration and reimbursement of costs incurred by experts, translators and probation officers established for a party in a given case; lump-sum costs of taking evidence from the opinion-giving opinion of a team of court specialists; remuneration due to other persons or institutions and reimbursement of costs incurred by them; costs of carrying out other evidence; the costs of transporting animals and goods, keeping them or storing them; advertising costs; costs of detention and custody; lump sums due to probation officers for conducting environmental interviews in cases of: annulment of marriage, for divorce and separation, as well as for participation in parents' contacts with children determined by the court; the cost of issuing a certificate by a forensic doctor; the cost of mediation conducted as a result of referral by the court.

In criminal proceedings, unless the Code of Criminal Procedure stipulates otherwise, all expenses are temporarily lectured by the State Treasury. A witness shall be entitled to reimbursement of travel expenses from his place of residence to the place where the court proceedings are to be conducted upon the order of the court or the authority conducting the pre-trial proceedings. The witness shall be entitled to reimbursement of travel costs from his place of residence to the place where the procedural activities are to be performed at the request of the court or the authority conducting preparatory proceedings. The witness shall also be entitled to reimbursement of earnings or income lost in connection with appearance at the summons of the court or the authority conducting the pre-trial proceedings. A person summoned as a witness is also entitled to reimbursement of the costs of travel and accommodation on condition of appearance. *If a party to a notary's activity is not able to incur the remuneration required by a notary public for its own and for the family, it may apply to the district court competent for its place of residence to release in full or in part from this remuneration. This provision shall apply accordingly to a legal person that proves that he has insufficient funds to incur the remuneration demanded by a notary public. The court, after determining that there is a need to perform a notarial act, takes into account the application and appoints a notary to perform the requested notarial activity (Article 6 of the Act of 14 February 1991 on Notary Public Rights).

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	31 661	NA

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Poland	EU Median
Total	NA	734,2
In criminal cases	NA	330,9
In other than criminal cases	NA	402,7

The provided data refers to the number of cases in which a proxy was appointed ex officio (legal adviser, advocate).

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

The provisions of the procedure do not specify a time limit for examining the application for appointing a legal representative. However, it should be considered without undue delay.

4. Performance of courts in Poland

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

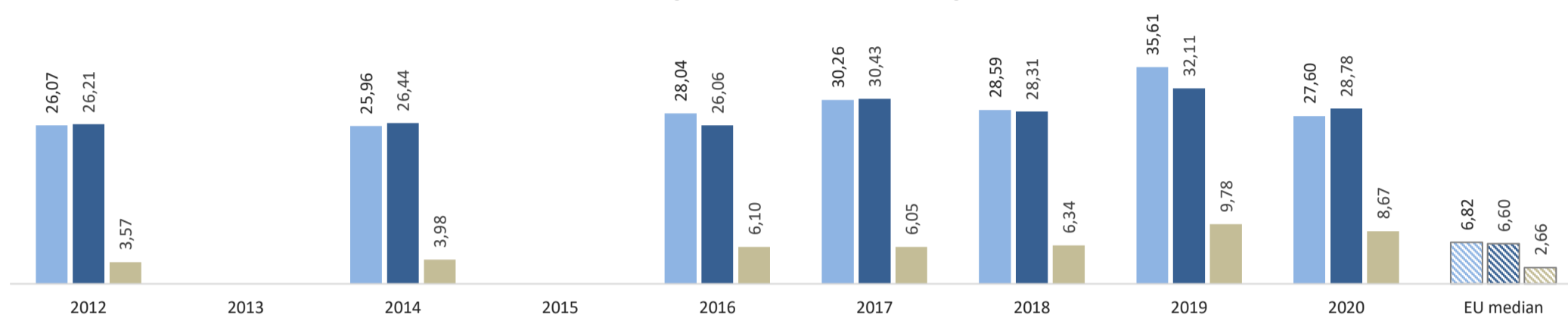
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants

■ Incoming ■ Resolved ■ Pending 31 Dec



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Poland (27,60 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Poland (28,78 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

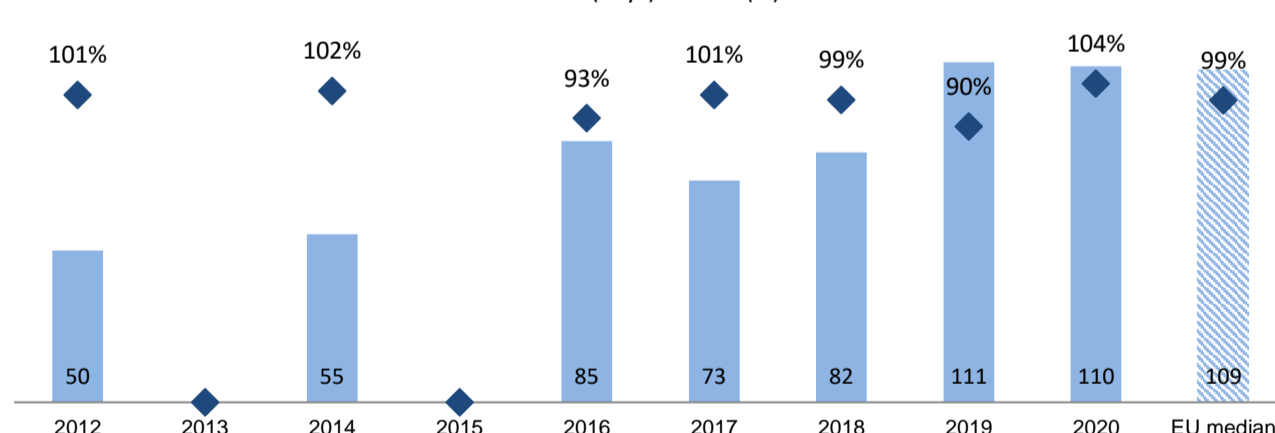
The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Poland (8,67 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	101%	50
2013	-	-
2014	102%	55
2015	-	-
2016	93%	85
2017	101%	73
2018	99%	82
2019	90%	111
2020	104%	110

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases

■ DT (days) ◆ CR (%)



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104,3% in 2020 Poland seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 14,1 points.

In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 110 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 109 days.

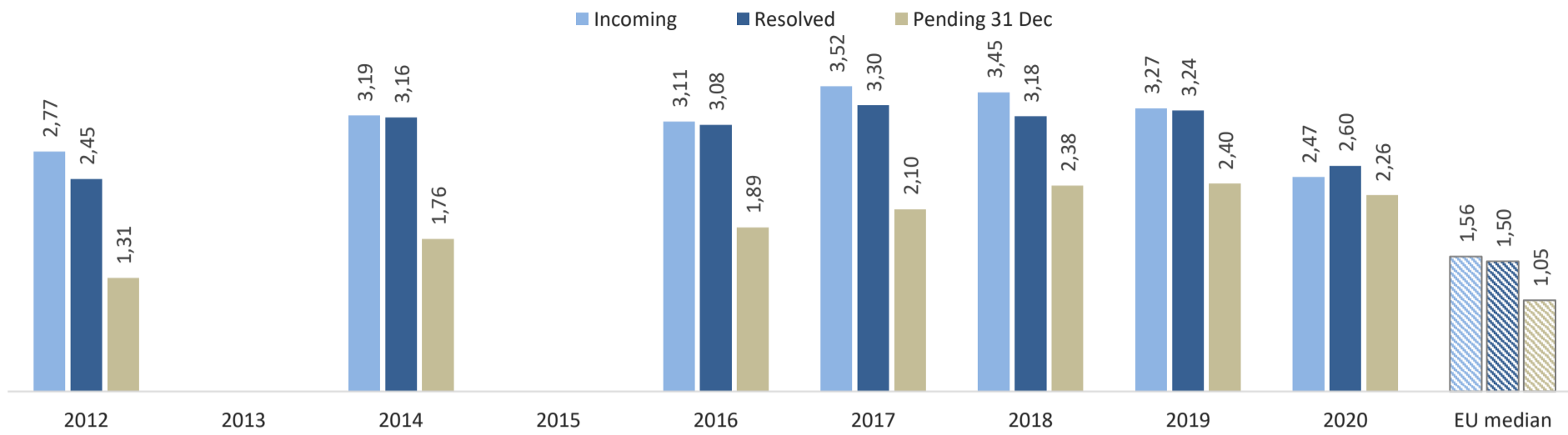
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -1,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Compared to the previous periods (2018 and 2019), variations in the number of other than criminal law cases are mainly due to combination of two reasons. First - the COVID19 pandemic, which significantly reduced case inflow to the courts (in some type of cases even by several dozen of percent), reduced the number of resolved cases and pending cases as well. The second factor, which in contrary - caused increase in the volume of cases registered in court system was the inflow of cases related with conversion of the right of perpetual use of built-up land for residential purposes into land ownership (non litigious land registry cases). In 2020, there were more than a million incoming cases of this type (in 2019 – more than 2,5 million), which also resulted in an increase in the number of resolved cases in this area, as well as pending cases for the next reporting period.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Poland (2,47 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

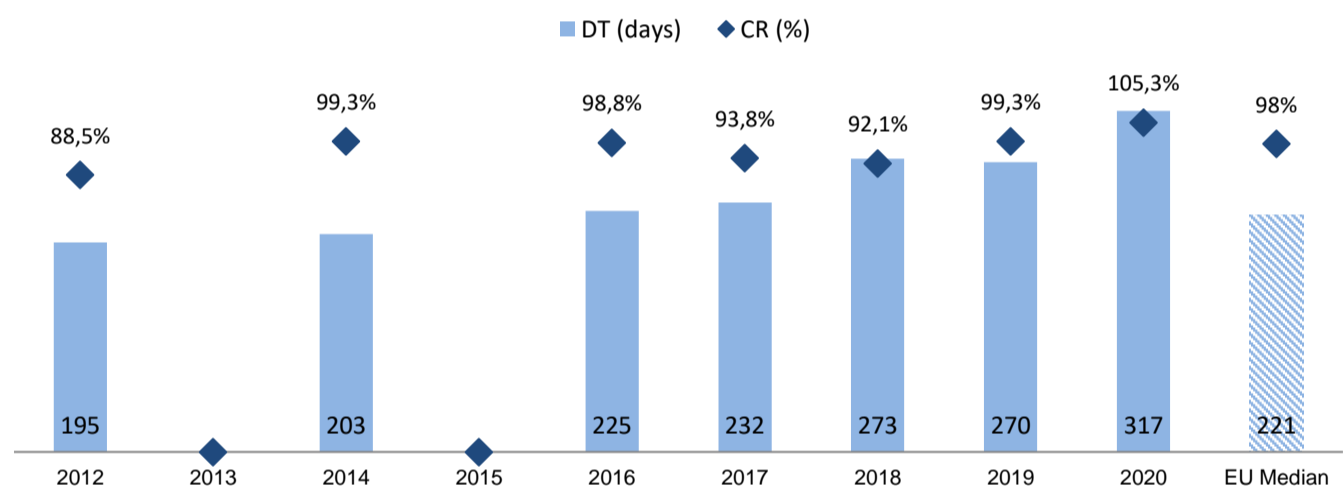
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Poland (2,60 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Poland (2,26 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	88,5%	195
2013	-	-
2014	99,3%	203
2015	-	-
2016	98,8%	225
2017	93,8%	232
2018	92,1%	273
2019	99,3%	270
2020	105,3%	317

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 105,3% in 2020, Poland seems dealing efficiently with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 6,0 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 317 days, which is somewhat above the EU median of 221 days.

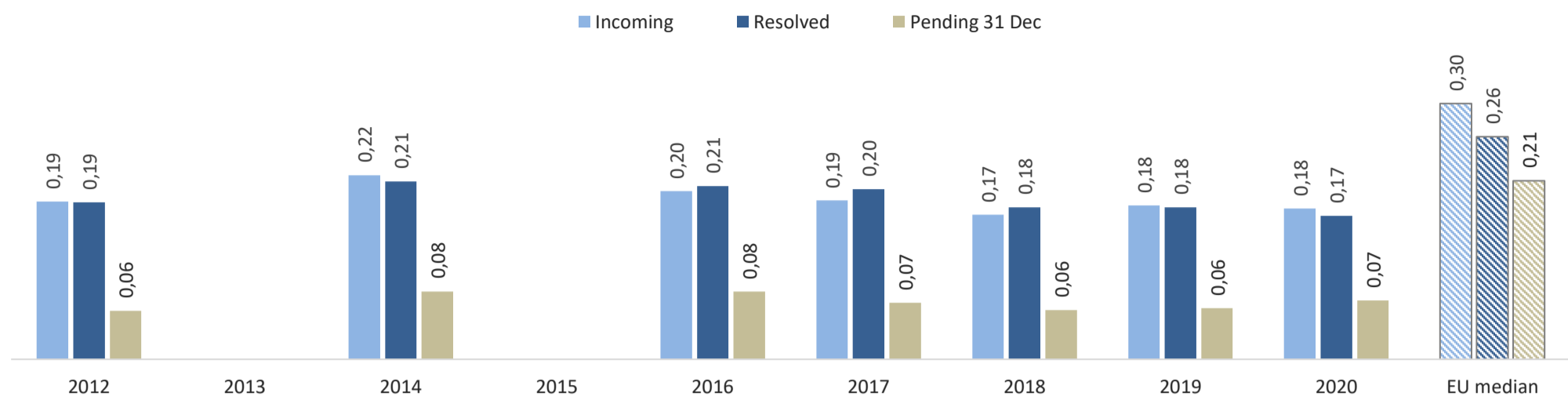
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 17,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Poland (0,18 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

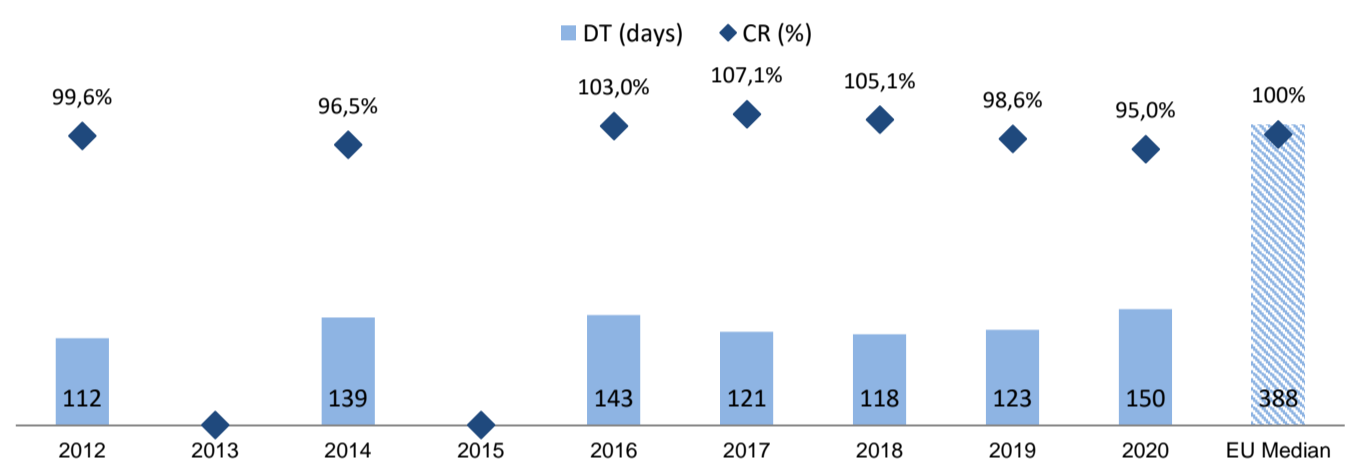
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Poland (0,17 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Poland (0,07 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	99,6%	112
2013	-	-
2014	96,5%	139
2015	-	-
2016	103,0%	143
2017	107,1%	121
2018	105,1%	118
2019	98,6%	123
2020	95,0%	150

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 95,0% in 2020, Poland seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -3,6 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 150 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 22,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

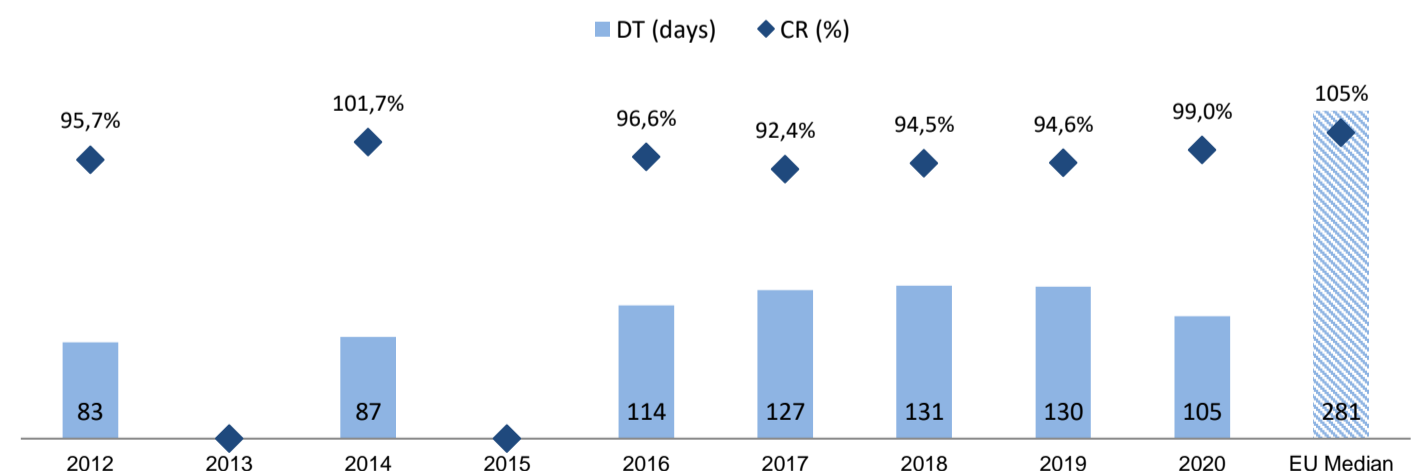
Concerning administrative law cases, the main reason for the slight slowdown in casework was the pandemic.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	95,7%	83
2013	-	-
2014	101,7%	87
2015	-	-
2016	96,6%	114
2017	92,4%	127
2018	94,5%	131
2019	94,6%	130
2020	99,0%	105

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Insolvency cases



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 99,0% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Poland seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,4 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 105 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -19,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

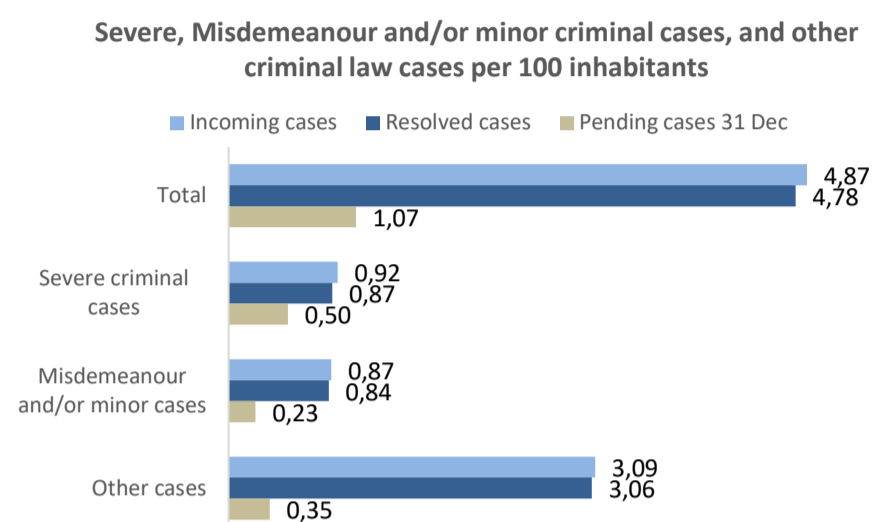
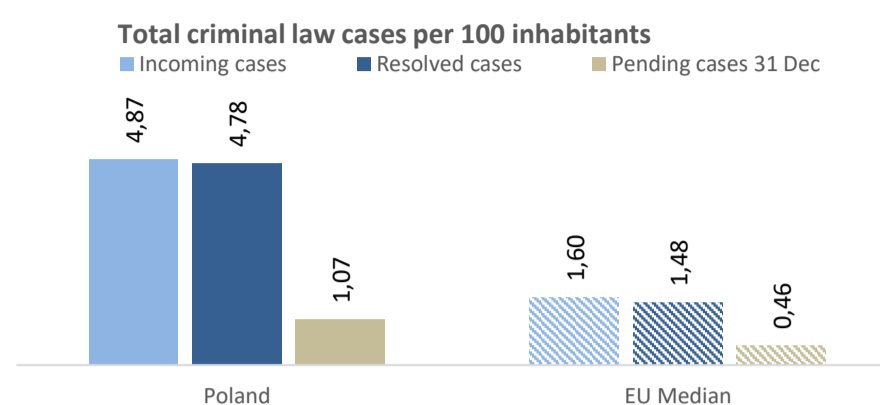
In respect of insolvency cases, a significant increase in number of cases of personal bankruptcy characterises 2020. The amendment to the bankruptcy law made it much easier to obtain the right to bankruptcy for a natural person, therefore the number of such cases brought to court has been increasing for several last years.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	374 052	1 862 695	1 826 322	410 425
Severe criminal cases	173 746	351 326	333 815	191 257
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	78 511	330 848	322 399	86 960
Other cases	121 795	1 180 521	1 170 108	132 208

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,98	4,87	4,78	1,07
Severe criminal cases	0,45	0,92	0,87	0,50
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,21	0,87	0,84	0,23
Other cases	0,32	3,09	3,06	0,35



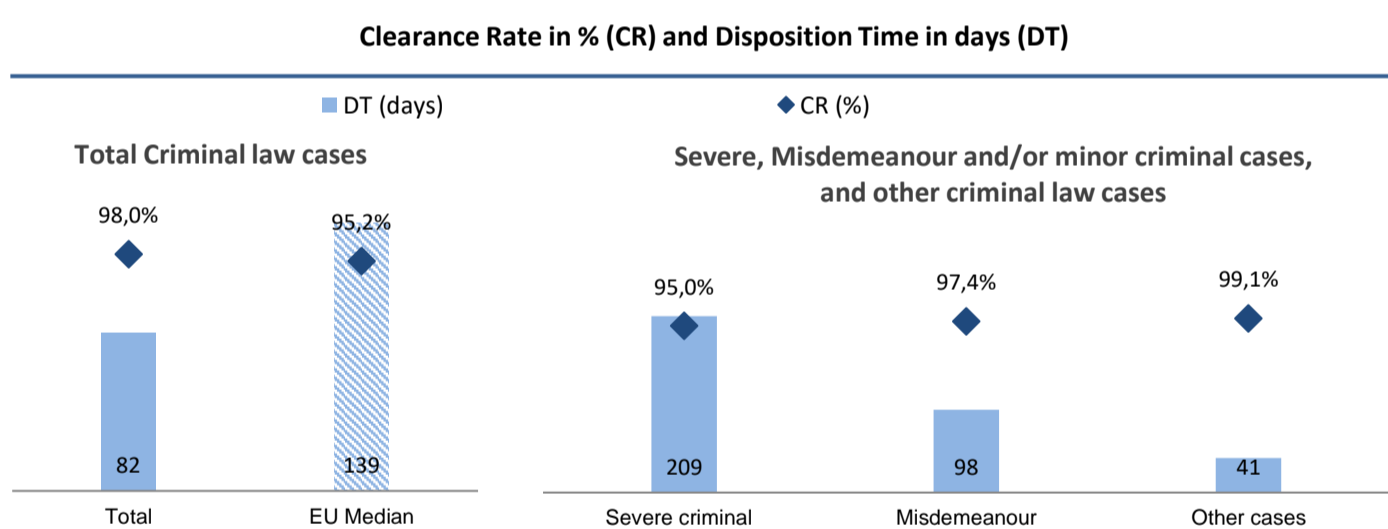
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Poland (4,87 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Poland (4,78 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Poland (1,07 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	98,0%	82
Severe criminal cases	95,0%	209
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	97,4%	98
Other cases	99,1%	41



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 98,0% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Poland seems to be able to deal with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 82 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 139 days.

Severe criminal cases include all offences under the Penal Code, Penal Fiscal Code and offences specified in other Acts.

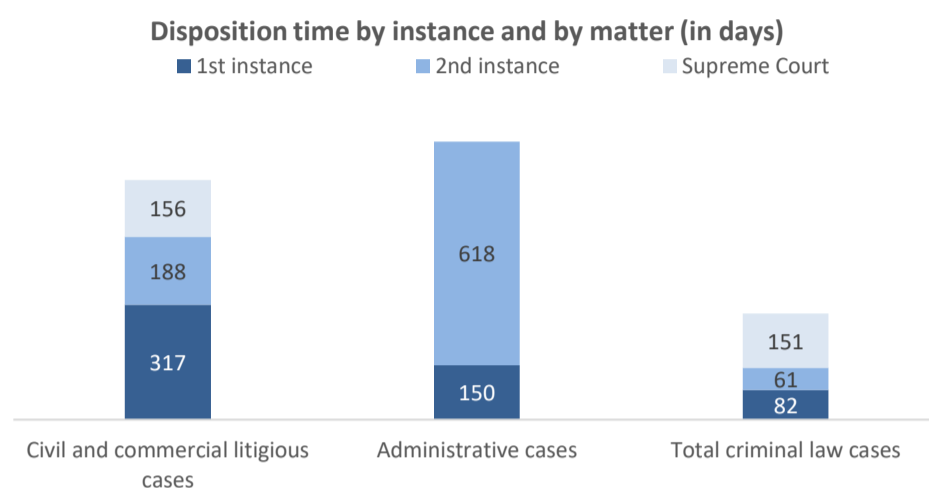
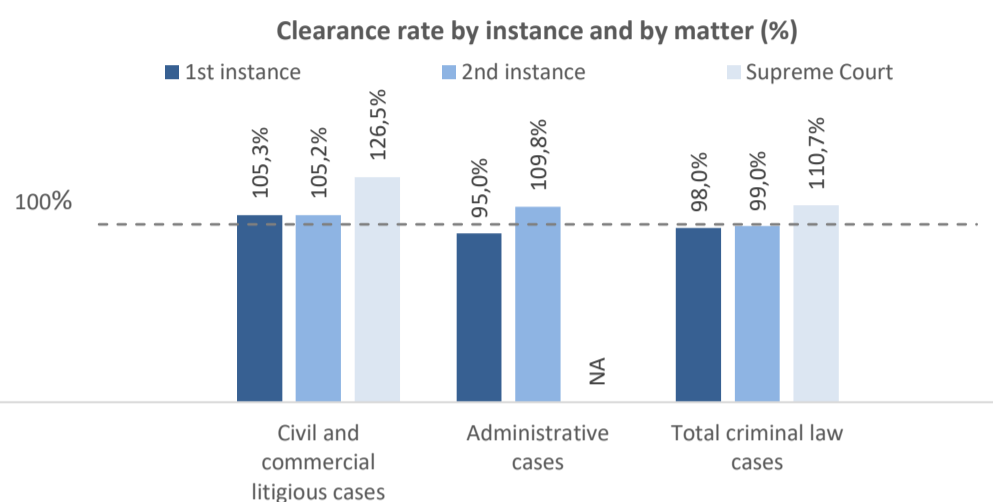
Misdemeanours are cases conducted under the Petty Offence Code.

The category "Other cases" covers the rest of cases conducted in criminal courts which are not connected directly with the severe criminal cases or misdemeanours. Mainly these are cases conducted under the Code of Criminal Procedure and Petty Offences Procedure Code, e.g: complaints against the discontinuation of the proceedings, complaints against the application or extension of pre-trial detention, complaints against the ordering the execution of a substitute prison sentence, complaints against a failure to grant parole.

Compared to the previous period (2018), variations in the number of criminal cases are mainly due to two reasons. First, the COVID19 pandemic reduced the inflow of Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases. Second, the 2020 data encompasses "Other cases" which significantly increased the total number of criminal cases.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	105,3%	105,2%	126,5%	317	188	156
Administrative cases	95,0%	109,8%	NA	150	618	NA
Total criminal law cases	98,0%	99,0%	110,7%	82	61	151



As concerns the Clearance Rate indicator, only first instance administrative courts seem to encounter difficulties in attending the 100% threshold in 2020. As explained above, the main reason for the slight slowdown in casework of administrative courts was the pandemic.

In respect of the Disposition Time indicator, in civil matters it is above the respective EU medians at first (221 days) and second instance (177 days). Compared to the previous period (2018), decreases in the numbers of incoming civil litigious cases before courts of appeal and resolved cases result from the COVID-19 pandemic. On the contrary, at third instance the Disposition Time is well below the EU median of 224 days.

In administrative matters the Disposition Time is meaningfully below the EU median of 388 days at first instance. Conversely, at second instance the value is significantly above the EU median of 362 days. However, this situation should be construed against the background of the specificity of the Polish Supreme Administrative Court. Namely, it is at the same time the court of second and last instance and it is impossible for the Statistics Division to divide its cases statistics and identify the number of second instance cases on the one hand, and the number of third instance cases, on the other hand. The total number of administrative law cases dealt with by the Supreme Administrative Court is provided within the frame of Q97 (second instance cases), while Q99 is replied by NA.

In criminal matters, the Disposition Time indicator is well below the EU median established with regard to first instance cases (139 days) and second instance cases (101 days). Conversely, at the level of the Supreme Court this indicator is above the EU median of 120 days. However, it should be pointed out that the Disposition Time of the Supreme Court decreased significantly compared to 2018 data (242 days). In fact, positive dynamics of the movement of cases of 2020 in the work of the Criminal Chamber of the Supreme Court were due to changes of a personnel nature. In addition, some of the disciplinary cases of advocates were submitted for consideration to the Criminal Chamber on the basis of decisions of the First President of the Supreme Court made in the period until May 2020 or decisions of the President of the Supreme Court directing the work of the Criminal Chamber at a later date, as the Disciplinary Court of the Polish Bar Association refers files of disciplinary cases with cassation appeals to the Criminal Chamber, recognizing that the Disciplinary Chamber should refrain from examining them. At the same time, the standard involvement in the work of judges, assistants and all other employees of the Criminal Chamber allowed for an increase in the number of cases dealt with.

5. Public prosecution services in Poland

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Poland has the following 9 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The constitutional role of the Public Prosecution Office is to protect the rule of law in the State. In this respect, the most significant function is to investigate crimes and support the charges before criminal courts. A prosecutor cannot impose a penalty by own decision but can negotiate a penalty with the defendant who plead guilty. The court may accept the negotiated penalty and issue a judgment without formal proceeding on evidences.

Pursuant to Article 275a § 1 and § 2 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the public prosecutor at the request of the police or ex officio may, as a preventive measure, order a defendant charged with a violent offence committed to the detriment of a cohabiting person to temporarily vacate the premises occupied jointly with the victim if there is a reasonable risk that the defendant will again commit a violent offence against that person, especially if they have threatened to commit such an offence.

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil, administrative and insolvency cases.

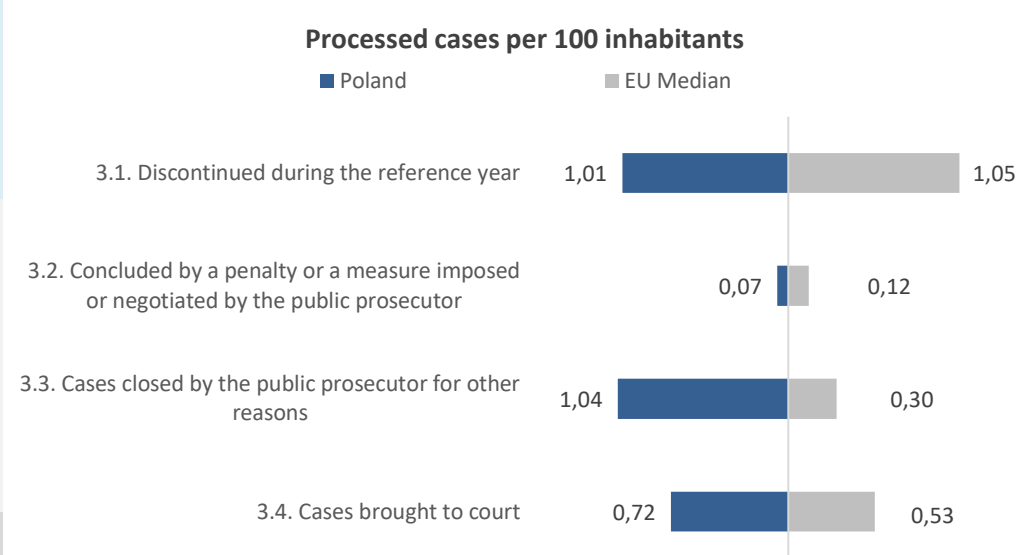
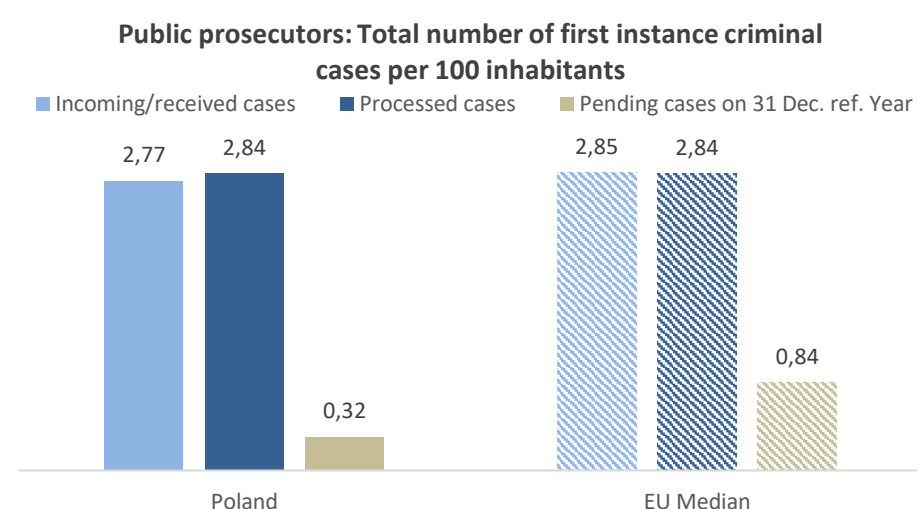
The position of the public prosecutor in civil proceedings is defined by the provisions of the Civil Procedure Code (Article 7 and Articles 55-60 of the Code). Pursuant to them, the public prosecutor may request the initiation of civil proceedings, as well as may join ongoing proceedings, if, in his/her assessment, the protection of the rule of law, citizens' rights or the public interest so requires. In family law cases concerning non-property rights, a public prosecutor may bring an action only in cases indicated by law.

The position of the public prosecutor in administrative proceedings is defined by the Code of Administrative Procedure in Articles 182-189. Pursuant to them, the public prosecutor has the right to request the competent public administration body to initiate proceedings to remove an unlawful condition, as well as to take part in ongoing administrative proceedings already in progress. The public prosecutor also has the right to file an objection against a final decision. The public prosecutor also has specific powers in administrative court proceedings in line with Article 8 of the Law on Administrative Court Proceedings [Prawo o postępowaniu przed sądami administracyjnymi]. It provides for the public prosecutor's right to lodge a complaint to an administrative court against various acts from the field of administrative law, as well as the right to participate in administrative court proceedings caused by the complaint of another entity.

The public prosecutor also has the power to initiate bankruptcy proceedings and to participate in such proceedings. The above quoted provisions of the Civil Procedure Code apply in this case, as bankruptcy proceedings are a part of civil proceedings in the broad sense. Particular attention should be paid to the right of the prosecutor to submit a motion to initiate proceedings for deprivation of the right to conduct business activity as a self-employed natural person or to act as a supervisory board member, a representative or an attorney in a commercial company, state-owned enterprise, cooperative, foundation or association.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	124 866	0,33
2. Incoming/received cases	1 057 665	2,77
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	1 084 834	2,84
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	387 521	1,01
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	128 486	0,34
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	74 940	0,20
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	141 856	0,37
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	42 239	0,11
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	25 635	0,07
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	398 037	1,04
3.4. Cases brought to court	273 641	0,72
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	123 332	0,32



The number of cases discontinued for any other reason consists of cases discontinued on the basis of:

- art. 17 par. 1 point 3 to 11 of the Code of Criminal Procedure: the social harm of the act is negligible; the law provides that the perpetrator is not subject to punishment; the defendant has died; the criminal statute of limitations has run; criminal proceedings for the same act of the same person have been validly terminated or previously instituted proceedings are pending; the perpetrator is not subject to the jurisdiction of the Polish criminal courts; lack of complaint from an authorized prosecutor; absence of the required authorization for prosecution or request for prosecution from an authorized person, unless otherwise provided by law; there is another circumstance excluding prosecution.
- the Act on Counteracting Drug Addiction (Article 62a and 62b);
- other discontinuances - in addition to those described in report PK-P1K on activity of common organizational units of the Public Prosecutor's Office in criminal cases.

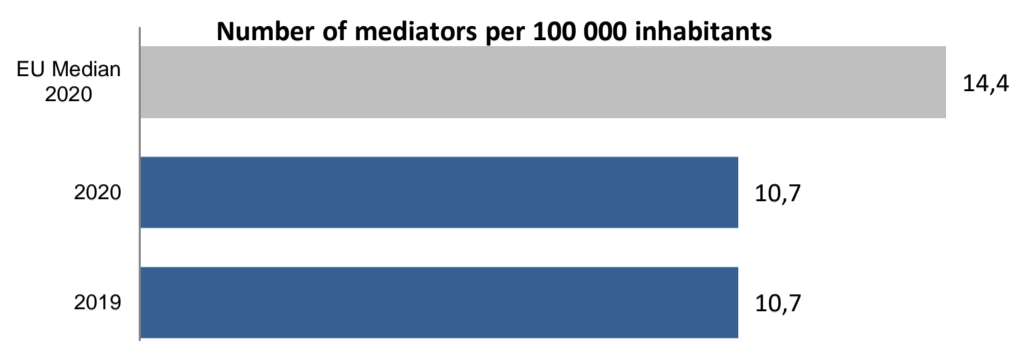
The number of cases closed by the prosecutor for other reasons consists of: - cases in which criminal prosecution was transferred (Article 591 para. 6 of the Code of Criminal Procedure), - refusal to start an investigation, - suspended cases, - cases finished with the transfer of the commander, - cases settled in another way (there is no data about the way of completion in the report).

The number of cases processed in 2018 was 1,076,123. The number of cases discontinued for this period is 397,471. This number is comparable to the 2019 data. (406,770 cases discontinued) and for 2020. (387,521 cases discontinued). *The number of cases - "concluded by a penalty or measure imposed or negotiated by the prosecutor" for each year was as follows: 2018. – 43 348, in 2019. -36 167, in 2020. - 25 635.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Poland

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	NA	NA
2013	-	-
2014	NA	NA
2015	-	-
2016	NA	NA
2017	NA	NA
2018	NA	NA
2019	4120	10,7
2020	4100	10,7



In 2020, there are 4 100 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 10,7 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about -0,5%.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	12 384	2 225
Family cases	NA	6 119	2 648
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	2 623	931
Criminal cases	NA	3 043	1 937
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

In accordance with the regulation which is contained in the Ordinance of the Council of Ministers of March 31, 2020 on the establishment of restrictions, orders and prohibitions in relation with the COVID19 epidemic, in the period from March 31, 2020, the performance of tasks by common courts was limited due to remote work and quarantine of employees of court departments. Mediation can be conducted in any case in the field of labour law, in which it is possible to sign a settlement, and most labour matters belong to this category. In the period 2019-2020 (at the time when an up-ward trend was observed), they mainly concerned conflicts that could have been influenced by remote work, e.g. lack of accurate, correct communication and direct contact between employees. That is why labour courts began to direct disputes towards an ADR methods, indicating that mediation may not only faster finish a case, but also be more financially attractive, which - as the data shows - resulted in a greater interest in this method of alternative dispute resolution in employee matters, as well as parties to conclude agreements.

In 2020 total impact of cases before common courts was lower by 21.1% compared to 2019. The reduced impact of cases was caused among others by the COVID19 epidemic and related limitations. Limitations related to the pandemic have also affected the prisons and custodies closings, where mediation takes place after the sentence, representing a large percentage of mediation in criminal cases. Courts, in order not to extend the proceedings, resigned from referring cases to mediation.

7. ICT tools of courts in Poland

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	6,4	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	1,9	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	6,3	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	2,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	3,5	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	4,2	6,9

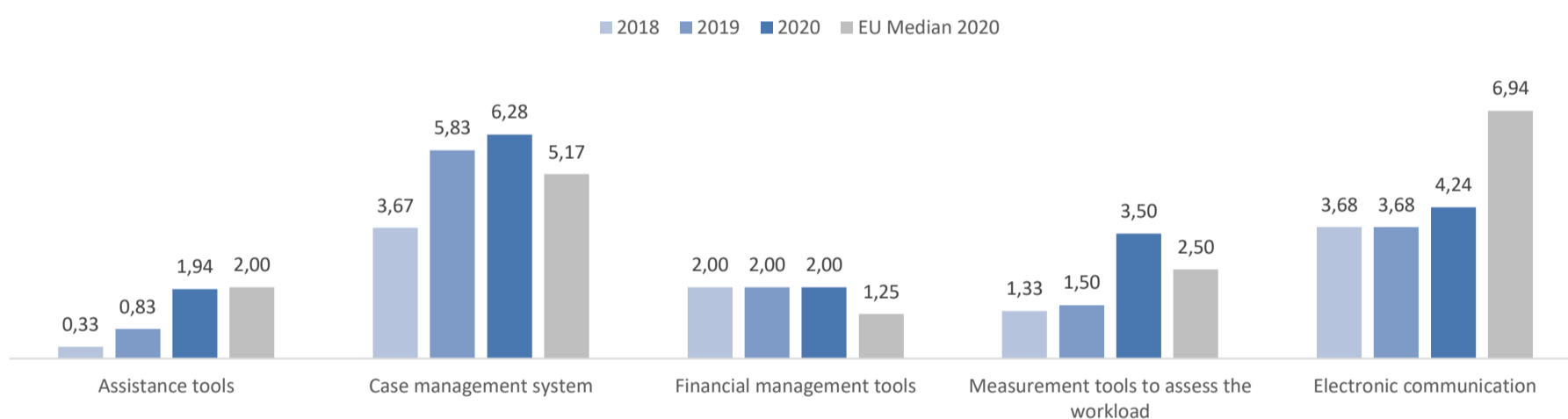
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



As to the writing assistance tools, the so called e-Protocol system is financed from EU funds.

Examples of writing assistance tools: registration form for notification of erroneous activities of IT systems, information from the National Court Register, Application form for access to public information, Civil complaint forms, Forms of bankruptcy complaints - "consumers", National Court Registry forms, formulas for reserve management services and forwarded to Central Information on Registered Pledges, Information request forms with the National Criminal Register, Application form for execution and reporting bailiff operations, inventory configuration list, toolkit form for central information on registered sets, formula for court and economic judgment.

It is difficult to assess it due to the different degree of computerization of litigation and non-litigious proceedings, as well as the uneven use of various tools, starting with ZEUS.

Concerning voice recording tools, a reference is made to the so called e-Protocol system in civil and commercial matters, financed from EU funds.

The videoconference system used to conduct online hearings enables the recording of image and sound. The provisions of the act of August 30, 2002 v- law on proceedings before administrative courts do not provide for electronic casebooks protocol.

Comments on CMS

1) Random Assignment System (SLPS) - for registering and assigning cases to judges (SLPS - case registration and allocation system)

2) Office systems in courts, differentiated in individual units and departments (e.g. in commercial litigation and bankruptcy departments - "Judge-2", "Sawa", "Currenda", "Praetor", land and mortgage register departments - SOWKW and CI, in departments KRS - "Lotus" office and entry system - "SW", system in the Plots of the Register of Pledges) - Various computer office systems in individual courts.

Comments on communication tools

If the term "availability index" refers to the general availability of such service, then according to the Act of August 30, 2002 - Law on proceedings before administrative courts (the Act), any case may be brought before an administrative court by means of electronic communication, thus the availability index hits 100%. However, if this term refers to an actual and real availability of such service, unfortunately the Chancellery of the President of the Supreme Administrative Court does not provide data on the number of cases that were, in fact, brought by electronic means of communication after the amendment to the Act.

Article 149(1) of the Civil Procedure Code provides for a simplified method of summoning parties, witnesses, experts or other persons to a hearing. As a rule, service, summonses and orders should be made in the manner provided for by the general provisions, i.e. Articles 131-147 of the Code of Civil Procedure. However, if it is necessary to expedite the examination of the case, the court may omit the means provided for by the general rules in favor of the means it deems most expedient. The effectiveness of such a summons is conditional on there being no doubt that the summons has reached the addressee. Simplified forms of service involve the use of methods of service other than through a postal carrier, bailiff, court staff or court delivery service, i.e. by telephone, e-mail, telegram or fax, or courier service.

Art. 137 (1) of Criminal Procedure Code In urgent cases, persons may be summoned or notified by telephone or by other means as appropriate, leaving a copy of the message transmitted with the signature of the person transmitting it on file.

Administrative cases - Summonses are sent to the parties to the proceedings electronically via the ePUAP platform when the party provides an address for electronic delivery. So the email option could actually be marked, with correspondence taking place via ePUAP. If the party does not provide an address for electronic delivery, letters are delivered in a traditional paper form (by post).

The Information Portal is a solution initiated by the Ministry of Justice, based on art. §90a of the Regulations of the Office of Common Courts of February 23, 2007. The electronic system allows direct access to court files for parties to the process and their legal representatives. The purpose of implementing the innovative Information Portal was primarily to relieve court secretariats from the time-consuming obligation to provide information to trial participants. It is mainly about searching for files for personal viewing, photocopying individual cards from files, sharing reports from hearings or recording e-reports. All these activities involve the necessity of personal arrival at the court office, submission of numerous applications, often also prior ordering of files for inspection in the reading room, as well as costs related to the possible desire to obtain photocopies of documents. Thanks to the Portal, the user can access his case from the computer screen.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Poland

In Poland, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

The Ministry of Justice collects statistical data sent by common courts concerning their current activity, and also evaluates annual information on the activity of courts, prepared by presidents of courts of appeal about the activity of courts within the area of appeals, within the scope of tasks entrusted to them. In addition, the Minister of Justice convenes a meeting with presidents of courts of appeal at least once a year to discuss issues related to exercising supervision. Within the framework of that evaluation, a multifaceted analysis of collected statistical data is conducted, inter alia, an indicator of stability of jurisprudence, an indicator of control over the inflow of court cases or time of adjudication in incoming cases. However, no legal provision defines specific quality standards for individual indicators, concerning organisational quality and/or justice quality policy, to be formulated for the justice system as a whole.

Inspection departments operate in the appellate and regional courts. The task of the judges working in these departments is to perform on behalf of the president of the court activities in the scope of supervision over the administrative activity of the courts in the area of the operation of a given appellate or district court. Supervision consists in taking actions to improve the office of the courts or increase the efficiency and level of work organization culture in the courts. For this purpose, visits of departments in courts or surveys of recognized cases of a given category are carried out, the secretariats of departments in the courts are controlled.

Activities in the scope of administrative supervision can not enter the field in which judges and assessors are independent.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Poland, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Annual information of the presidents of courts of appeal on the activity of courts operating within the area of appellate courts, containing statistical data from particular appellate courts and information on actions taken to ensure the best possible activity of courts within the area of appellate courts, is analyzed every year. The Minister of Justice evaluates annual information and either accepts it or refuses to accept it

The analysis of work of courts within the jurisdiction of particular appellate courts is also carried out on the basis of statistical data for the first half of each year. On the basis of statistical data collected, the Department of Administrative Supervision performs, according to the needs, an analysis of data concerning judicial units, in particular in the context of efficiency of proceedings and the need to undertake appropriate actions by presidents of courts in order to ensure the most efficient work of units subordinate to them.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Poland, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Pursuant to Article 30 of the Act on the Public Prosecutor's Office, the National Public Prosecutor, but also regional and circuit public prosecutors within the area of their activities, may order a visit to an organisational unit of the public prosecution services in order to control the performance of statutory tasks by this unit within a specified scope. Pursuant to § 77 item 1 of the Ordinance of the Minister of Justice - Rules of Procedure of the universal prosecutorial bodies of the public prosecution services, visitation and inspection shall be carried out as appropriate, in particular when there are signals of significant irregularities in the activities of a given body. Visitations should be carried out at least every 5 years.

An inspection may be carried out to check the correctness of practices in selected sections of the operation or when there is a need to investigate the causes of shortcomings in the operation or irregularities in the operation of the given body.

Visitation and inspection includes:

- 1) the control of the performance of the statutory tasks by the bodies, and in particular the examination of the correctness of the activities undertaken and the level of work;
- 2) assessing the performance of professional duties by prosecutors and administration staff and their professional qualifications and work culture;
- 3) an assessment of the way in which the body is managed, the organisation of work and the division of tasks.
- 4) In the course of visitations and inspections, instructions shall be given as necessary to improve the operation of the audited bodies and to help solve current problems.

Conclusions from the visitations and inspections of public prosecutor's offices are considered by the regional prosecutor's office board [kolegium prokuratury regionalnej] (Article 49 of the Act on the Public Prosecutor's Office).

Once a month, the head of the organizational unit of the prosecutor's office shall submit to his or her superior prosecutor a report containing the number of incoming cases and the number of cases disposed of .

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions														
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020						
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																								
Q1 Number of inhabitants	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	38 244 000	-0,8%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-0,1%	0,0%	-0,4%						
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 126	-	10 538	-	11 370	12 365	12 960	13 289	12 953	27,9%	-	-	-	-	8,8%	4,8%	2,5%	-2,5%						
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	4	-	4	-	4	4	4	4	5	12,9%	-	-	-	-	-5,6%	3,1%	0,0%	7,3%						

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True								
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	False	False								
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True								
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases								True	True	True								
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)								True	True	True								
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases								True	True	True								
078.1.4 Number of pending cases								True	True	True								
078.1.5 Backlogs								True	True	True								
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff								False	True	True								
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff								False	False	False								
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	False	False								
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures								False	False	False								
078.1.10 Number of appeals								False	True	True								
078.1.11 Appeal ratio								False	True	True								
078.1.12 Clearance rate								True	True	True								
078.1.13 Disposition time								True	True	True								
078.1.14 Other								False	False	False								
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators										True								

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	False	False										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	True	True										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True										
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True										

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									False										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True										
073-6.1.4 Other									False										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases								True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs								True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff								False	True	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff								False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures								False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals								False	True	False									
070.1.11 appeal ratio								False	True	True									
070.1.12 clearance rate								True	True	True									

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True									
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True									
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True									
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True									
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True									
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False									
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False									
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True									
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True									
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True									
070-1.1.13 Other									False									
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True									
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True									
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True									
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True									
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True									
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False									
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False									
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False									
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False									
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False									
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									True									

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual																			
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent																			
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent																			
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	402	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	376	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	287	-	287	-	363	363	363	363	364	364	26,8%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	26	-	26	-	26	25	25	25	23	23	-11,5%	-	-	-	-	-3,8%	0,0%	0,0%	-8,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	17	-	17	-	17	16	16	16	16	16	-5,9%	-	-	-	-	-5,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	9	-	9	-	9	9	9	9	7	7	-22,2%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-22,2%
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	433	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	827	-	NA	-	401	401	401	401	494	494	-40,3%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	23,2%

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 431 356	-	1 721 758	-	1 579 497	2 390 468	2 324 337	2 414 543	3 763 652	162,9%	-	-	-	-	51,3%	-2,8%	3,9%	55,9%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	382 664	-	667 984	-	713 029	724 720	807 970	912 519	915 899	139,3%	-	-	-	-	1,6%	11,5%	12,9%	0,4%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	910 148	-	725 695	1 534 191	1 404 323	1 367 290	2 682 304	-	-	-	-	-	111,4%	-8,5%	-2,6%	96,2%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	718 309	-	667 530	-	371 152	1 030 834	780 007	657 899	684 051	-4,8%	-	-	-	-	177,7%	-24,3%	-15,7%	4,0%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	242 618	-	354 543	503 357	624 316	709 391	1 998 253	-	-	-	-	-	42,0%	24,0%	13,6%	181,7%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	204 376	-	203 662	-	298 505	388 192	470 502	589 726	1 884 456	822,1%	-	-	-	-	30,0%	21,2%	25,3%	219,5%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	20 595	-	38 956	-	56 038	115 165	153 814	119 665	113 797	452,5%	-	-	-	-	105,5%	33,6%	-22,2%	-4,9%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	21 837	-	20 070	-	33 167	30 867	25 726	22 374	23 363	7,0%	-	-	-	-	-6,9%	-16,7%	-13,0%	4,4%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	83 575	-	115 556	-	107 606	100 690	86 318	112 360	142 086	70,0%	-	-	-	-	-6,4%	-14,3%	30,2%	26,5%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	10 045 154	-	9 991 816	-	10 778 246	11 628 150	10 983 338	13 677 355	10 556 712	5,1%	-	-	-	-	7,9%	-5,5%	24,5%	-22,8%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 066 935	-	1 226 470	-	1 196 509	1 352 948	1 324 787	1 254 576	946 036	-11,3%	-	-	-	-	13,1%	-2,1%	-5,3%	-24,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	8 395 454	-	9 256 718	9 952 141	9 272 680	12 062 299	9 291 234	-	-	-	-	-	7,5%	-6,8%	30,1%	-23,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 800 084	-	4 408 257	-	4 815 988	5 066 262	4 621 436	4 583 880	3 526 218	-26,5%	-	-	-	-	5,2%	-8,8%	-0,8%	-23,1%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	3 987 197	-	4 440 730	4 885 879	4 651 244	7 478 419	5 765 016	-	-	-	-	-	10,0%	-4,8%	60,8%	-22,9%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	3 194 947	-	3 245 962	-	3 578 837	3 678 725	3 691 685	6 644 391	4 991 059	56,2%	-	-	-	-	2,8%	0,4%	80,0%	-24,9%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	610 397	-	741 235	-	861 893	1 207 154	959 559	834 028	773 957	26,8%	-	-	-	-	40,1%	-20,5%	-13,1%	-7,2%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	72 160	-	84 161	-	76 692	72 426	65 963	70 227	68 475	-5,1%	-	-	-	-	-5,6%	-8,9%	6,5%	-2,5%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	300 631	-	285 731	-	248 327	250 635	319 908	290 253	250 967	-16,5%	-	-	-	-	0,9%	27,6%	-9,3%	-13,5%

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	10 100 564	-	10 177 708	-	10 015 117	11 693 624	10 873 270	12 333 858	11 005 552	9,0%	-	-	-	-	16,8%	-7,0%	13,4%	-10,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	944 559	-	1 217 579	-	1 182 200	1 269 714	1 220 249	1 245 830	995 781	5,4%	-	-	-	-	7,4%	-3,9%	2,1%	-20,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	8 598 250	-	8 491 429	10 081 986	9 305 584	10 747 291	9 692 030	-	-	-	-	-	18,7%	-7,7%	15,5%	-9,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 944 396	-	4 620 175	-	4 156 304	5 317 072	4 743 532	4 557 728	3 639 200	-26,4%	-	-	-	-	27,9%	-10,8%	-3,9%	-20,2%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	3 987 075	-	4 335 125	4 764 914	4 562 052	6 189 563	6 052 830	-	-	-	-	-	9,9%	-4,3%	35,7%	-2,2%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	3 240 327	-	3 248 343	-	3 489 148	3 596 416	3 572 462	5 349 662	5 271 833	62,7%	-	-	-	-	3,1%	-0,7%	49,7%	-1,5%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	603 887	-	729 732	-	845 977	1 168 498	989 590	839 901	780 997	29,3%	-	-	-	-	38,1%	-15,3%	-15,1%	-7,0%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	71 865	-	81 240	-	78 992	77 567	69 315	69 238	65 053	-9,5%	-	-	-	-	-1,8%	-10,6%	-0,1%	-6,0%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	295 530	-	280 639	-	262 496	264 357	278 122	271 499	252 688	-14,5%	-	-	-	-	0,7%	5,2%	-2,4%	-6,9%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 375 396	-	1 533 930	-	2 342 626	2 324 994	2 434 405	3 758 040	3 314 812	141,0%	-	-	-	-	-0,8%	4,7%	54,4%	-11,8%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	505 040	-	676 875	-	727 338	807 954	912 508	921 265	866 154	71,5%	-	-	-	-	11,1%	12,9%	1,0%	-6,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	707 352	-	1 490 984	1 404 346	1 371 419	2 682 298	2 281 508	-	-	-	-	-	-5,8%	-2,3%	95,6%	-14,9%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	573 450	-	455 612	-	1 030 836	780 024	657 911	684 051	571 069	-0,4%	-	-	-	-	-24,3%	-15,7%	4,0%	-16,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	251 740	-	460 148	624 322	713 508	1 998 247	1 710 439	-	-	-	-	-	35,7%	14,3%	180,1%	-14,4%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	158 992	-	201 281	-	388 194	470 501	589 725	1 884 455	1 603 682	908,7%	-	-	-	-	21,2%	25,3%	219,5%	-14,9%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	27 106	-	50 459	-	71 954	153 821	123 783	113 792	106 757	293,9%	-	-	-	-	113,8%	-19,5%	-8,1%	-6,2%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	22 132	-	30 991	-	30 867	25 726	22 374	23 363	26 785	21,0%	-	-	-	-	-16,7%	-13,0%	4,4%	14,6%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	88 676	-	118 712	-	93 437	86 968	128 104	131 114	140 365	58,3%	-	-	-	-	-6,9%	47,3%	2,3%	7,1%

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,6%	-	101,9%	-	92,9%	100,6%	99,0%	90,2%	104,3%	3,68	-	-	-	-	8,23	(1,56)	(8,91)	15,61
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	88,5%	-	99,3%	-	98,8%	93,8%	92,1%	99,3%	105,3%	18,90	-	-	-	-	(5,02)	(1,85)	7,81	6,00
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,4%	-	91,7%	101,3%	100,4%	89,1%	104,3%	-	-	-	-	-	10,43	(0,94)	(11,22)	17,08
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	103,0%	-	104,8%	-	86,3%	105,0%	102,6%	99,4%	103,2%	0,19	-	-	-	-	21,61	(2,20)	(3,13)	3,80
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	100,0%	-	97,6%	97,5%	98,1%	82,8%	105,0%	-	-	-	-	-	(0,10)	0,57	(15,62)	26,86
CR Non litigious land registry cases	101,4%	-	100,1%	-	97,5%	97,8%	96,8%	80,5%	105,6%	4,15	-	-	-	-	0,28	(1,01)	(16,80)	31,19
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	98,9%	-	98,4%	-	98,2%	96,8%	103,1%	100,7%	100,9%	2,00	-	-	-	-	(1,38)	6,54	(2,35)	0,20
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	99,6%	-	96,5%	-	103,0%	107,1%	105,1%	98,6%	95,0%	(4,61)	-	-	-	-	3,98	(1,88)	(6,18)	(3,64)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	98,3%	-	98,2%	-	105,7%	105,5%	86,9%	93,5%	100,7%	2,42	-	-	-	-	(0,22)	(17,57)	7,59	7,64
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	50	-	55	-	85	73	82	111	110	121,2%	-	-	-	-	-15,0%	12,6%	36,1%	-1,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	195	-	203	-	225	232	273	270	317	62,7%	-	-	-	-	3,4%	17,5%	-1,1%	17,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	30	-	64	51	54	91	86	-	-	-	-	-	-20,7%	5,8%	69,3%	-5,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	42	-	36	-	91	54	51	55	57	35,3%	-	-	-	-	-40,9%	-5,5%	8,2%	4,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	23	-	39	48	57	118	103	-	-	-	-	-	23,4%	19,4%	106,4%	-12,5%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	18	-	23	-	41	48	60	129	111	520,0%	-	-	-	-	17,6%	26,2%	113,4%	-13,6%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	16	-	25	-	31	48	46	49	50	204,5%	-	-	-	-	54,8%	-5,0%	8,3%	0,9%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	112	-	139	-	143	121	118	123	150	33,7%	-	-	-	-	-15,1%	-2,7%	4,5%	22,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	110	-	154	-	130	120	168	176	203	85,1%	-	-	-	-	-7,6%	40,0%	4,8%	15,0%

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	42 786	-	47 162	-	46 315	47 334	49 485	53 202	53 276	24,5%	-	-	-	-	2,2%	4,5%	7,5%	0,1%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	11 102	-	7 201	-	5 607	5 087	4 124	4 090	4 177	-62,4%	-	-	-	-	-9,3%	-18,9%	-0,8%	2,1%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	794	-	1 166	-	3 167	3 563	4 660	5 549	6 610	732,5%	-	-	-	-	12,5%	30,8%	19,1%	19,1%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	90 933	-	89 791	-	89 135	88 361	89 156	85 975	76 369	-16,0%	-	-	-	-	-0,9%	0,9%	-3,6%	-11,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	22 070	-	9 727	-	8 266	6 082	5 479	5 595	6 968	-68,4%	-	-	-	-	-26,4%	-9,9%	2,1%	24,5%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	4 589	-	4 469	-	11 797	14 468	16 309	19 596	24 105	425,3%	-	-	-	-	22,6%	12,7%	20,2%	23,0%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	89 217	-	88 752	-	88 303	86 405	85 568	86 108	71 595	-19,8%	-	-	-	-	-2,1%	-1,0%	0,6%	-16,9%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	20 924	-	11 024	-	8 786	7 045	5 513	5 508	5 523	-73,6%	-	-	-	-	-19,8%	-21,7%	-0,1%	0,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	4 390	-	4 546	-	11 401	13 371	15 420	18 535	23 857	443,4%	-	-	-	-	17,3%	15,3%	20,2%	28,7%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	44 750	-	48 539	-	47 334	49 290	53 202	53 275	58 173	30,0%	-	-	-	-	4,1%	7,9%	0,1%	9,2%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	12 249	-	5 904	-	5 087	4 124	4 090	4 177	5 622	-54,1%	-	-	-	-	-18,9%	-0,8%	2,1%	34,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	993	-	1 089	-	3 563	4 660	5 549	6 610	6 858	590,6%	-	-	-	-	30,8%	19,1%	19,1%	3,8%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	98,1%	-	98,8%	-	99,1%	97,8%	96,0%	100,2%	93,7%	(4,45)	-	-	-	-	(1,29)	(1,85)	4,35	(6,40)
CR Employment dismissal cases	94,8%	-	113,3%	-	106,3%	115,8%	100,6%	98,4%	79,3%	(16,40)	-	-	-	-	8,98	(13,13)	(2,16)	(19,49)
CR Insolvency cases	95,7%	-	101,7%	-	96,6%	92,4%	94,5%	94,6%	99,0%	3,46	-	-	-	-	(4,37)	2,31	0,04	4,64
DT Litigious divorce cases	183	-	200	-	196	208	227	226	297	62,0%	-	-	-	-	6,4%	9,0%	-0,5%	31,3%
DT Employment dismissal cases	214	-	195	-	211	214	271	277	372	73,9%	-	-	-	-	1,1%	26,7%	2,2%	34,2%
DT Insolvency cases	83	-	87	-	114	127	131	130	105	27,1%	-	-	-	-	11,5%	3,3%	-0,9%	-19,4%

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			75 994	-	86 082	94 082	97 689	103 913	131 029	-	-	-	-	-	9,3%	3,8%	6,4%	26,1%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			29 063	-	34 276	39 761	44 823	51 551	66 719	-	-	-	-	-	16,0%	12,7%	15,0%	29,4%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			5 834	-	6 675	8 065	8 034	5 537	11 660	-	-	-	-	-	20,8%	-0,4%	-31,1%	110,6%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			5 725	-	6 502	7 845	7 884	5 369	11 453	-	-	-	-	-	20,7%	0,5%	-31,9%	113,3%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			109	-	173	220	150	168	207	-	-	-	-	-	27,2%	-31,8%	12,0%	23,2%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			109	-	173	220	150	168	207	-	-	-	-	-	27,2%	-31,8%	12,0%	23,2%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			19 271	-	25 867	27 824	26 406	27 649	28 125	-	-	-	-	-	7,6%	-5,1%	4,7%	1,7%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			21 826	-	19 264	18 432	18 426	19 176	24 564	-	-	-	-	-	-4,3%	0,0%	4,1%	28,1%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			226 525	-	234 349	231 855	227 220	240 192	180 990	-	-	-	-	-	-1,1%	-2,0%	5,7%	-24,6%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			139 285	-	144 116	142 391	141 045	155 341	112 330	-	-	-	-	-	-1,2%	-0,9%	10,1%	-27,7%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			22 231	-	24 234	26 234	24 637	23 774	18 360	-	-	-	-	-	8,3%	-6,1%	-3,5%	-22,8%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			21 773	-	23 610	25 708	24 213	23 378	18 031	-	-	-	-	-	8,9%	-5,8%	-3,4%	-22,9%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			458	-	624	526	424	396	329	-	-	-	-	-	-15,7%	-19,4%	-6,6%	-16,9%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			458	-	624	526	424	396	329	-	-	-	-	-	-15,7%	-19,4%	-6,6%	-16,9%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			17 787	-	18 945	17 746	20 296	16 844	14 375	-	-	-	-	-	-6,3%	14,4%	-17,0%	-14,7%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			47 222	-	47 054	45 484	41 242	44 233	36 019	-	-	-	-	-	-3,3%	-9,3%	7,3%	-18,6%

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			222 883	-	226 459	228 056	218 219	217 234	183 669	-	-	-	-	-	0,7%	-4,3%	-0,5%	-15,5%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			135 027	-	138 444	137 410	135 132	139 755	118 181	-	-	-	-	-	-0,7%	-1,7%	3,4%	-15,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			21 713	-	23 300	25 964	23 698	22 220	19 187	-	-	-	-	-	11,4%	-8,7%	-6,2%	-13,6%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			21 258	-	22 723	25 368	23 292	21 863	18 867	-	-	-	-	-	11,6%	-8,2%	-6,1%	-13,7%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			455	-	577	596	406	357	320	-	-	-	-	-	3,3%	-31,9%	-12,1%	-10,4%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			455	-	577	596	406	357	320	-	-	-	-	-	3,3%	-31,9%	-12,1%	-10,4%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			14 994	-	16 829	19 192	18 897	16 407	15 786	-	-	-	-	-	14,0%	-1,5%	-13,2%	-3,8%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			51 149	-	47 886	45 490	40 492	38 852	30 584	-	-	-	-	-	-5,0%	-11,0%	-4,1%	-21,3%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			79 151	-	93 972	97 881	106 690	126 871	128 350	-	-	-	-	-	4,2%	9,0%	18,9%	1,2%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			32 865	-	39 948	44 742	50 736	67 137	60 868	-	-	-	-	-	12,0%	13,4%	32,3%	-9,3%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			6 323	-	7 609	8 335	8 973	7 091	10 833	-	-	-	-	-	9,5%	7,7%	-21,0%	52,8%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			6 211	-	7 389	8 185	8 805	6 884	10 617	-	-	-	-	-	10,8%	7,6%	-21,8%	54,2%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			112	-	220	150	168	207	216	-	-	-	-	-	-31,8%	12,0%	23,2%	4,3%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			112	-	220	150	168	207	216	-	-	-	-	-	-31,8%	12,0%	23,2%	4,3%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			22 064	-	27 983	26 378	27 805	28 086	26 714	-	-	-	-	-	-5,7%	5,4%	1,0%	-4,9%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			17 899	-	18 432	18 426	19 176	24 557	29 999	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	4,1%	28,1%	22,2%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	6 843	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			98,4%	-	96,6%	98,4%	96,0%	90,4%	101,5%	-	-	-	-	-	1,79	(2,36)	(5,83)	12,20
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			96,9%	-	96,1%	96,5%	95,8%	90,0%	105,2%	-	-	-	-	-	0,46	(0,72)	(6,10)	16,94
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			97,7%	-	96,1%	99,0%	96,2%	93,5%	104,5%	-	-	-	-	-	2,94	(2,81)	(2,83)	11,81
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			97,6%	-	96,2%	98,7%	96,2%	93,5%	104,6%	-	-	-	-	-	2,53	(2,51)	(2,78)	11,89
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			99,3%	-	92,5%	113,3%	95,8%	90,2%	97,3%	-	-	-	-	-	22,54	(15,49)	(5,85)	7,89
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			99,3%	-	92,5%	113,3%	95,8%	90,2%	97,3%	-	-	-	-	-	22,54	(15,49)	(5,85)	7,89
CR Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			84,3%	-	88,8%	108,1%	93,1%	97,4%	109,8%	-	-	-	-	-	21,75	(13,91)	4,62	12,74
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			108,3%	-	101,8%	100,0%	98,2%	87,8%	84,9%	-	-	-	-	-	(1,72)	(1,83)	(10,54)	(3,33)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			130	-	151	157	178	213	255	-	-	-	-	-	3,4%	13,9%	19,5%	19,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			89	-	105	119	137	175	188	-	-	-	-	-	12,8%	15,3%	27,9%	7,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			106	-	119	117	138	116	206	-	-	-	-	-	-1,7%	17,9%	-15,7%	76,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			107	-	119	118	138	115	205	-	-	-	-	-	-0,8%	17,2%	-16,7%	78,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			90	-	139	92	151	212	246	-	-	-	-	-	-34,0%	64,4%	40,1%	16,4%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			90	-	139	92	151	212	246	-	-	-	-	-	-34,0%	64,4%	40,1%	16,4%
DT Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			537	-	607	502	537	625	618	-	-	-	-	-	-17,3%	7,1%	16,3%	-1,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			128	-	140	148	173	231	358	-	-	-	-	-	5,2%	16,9%	33,5%	55,2%

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	-	30 527	32 161	30 034	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	5,4%	-6,6%	-	-	
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 565	-	4 660	4 294	3 655	4 596	4 757	-	-	-	-	-	-7,9%	-14,9%	25,7%	3,5%	
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	-	25 867	27 867	26 379	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	7,7%	-5,3%	-	-	
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	332	254	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-23,5%	
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	-	27 302	25 585	27 869	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-6,3%	8,9%	-	-	
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			8 410	-	8 357	7 780	7 640	7 585	5 895	-	-	-	-	-	-6,9%	-1,8%	-0,7%	-22,3%	
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	-	18 945	17 805	20 229	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-6,0%	13,6%	-	-	
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	1 163	7 008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	502,6%	

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	-	25 552	27 611	25 596	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	8,1%	-7,3%	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			7 926	-	8 723	8 419	6 699	7 424	7 456	-	-	-	-	-	-3,5%	-20,4%	10,8%	0,4%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	-	16 829	19 192	18 897	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	14,0%	-1,5%	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	1 236	7 105	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	474,8%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	-	32 277	30 135	32 307	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-6,6%	7,2%	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 052	-	4 294	3 655	4 596	4 757	3 196	-	-	-	-	-	-14,9%	25,7%	3,5%	-32,8%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	-	27 983	26 480	27 711	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-5,4%	4,6%	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	259	157	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-39,4%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																			
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																			
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	-	93,6%	107,9%	91,8%	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	15,31	(14,90)	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			94,2%	-	104,4%	108,2%	87,7%	97,9%	126,5%		-	-	-	-	-	3,67	(18,97)	11,63	29,22
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	-	88,8%	107,8%	93,4%	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	21,34	(13,34)	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	106,3%	101,4%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,60)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	-	461	398	461	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-13,6%	15,6%	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			187	-	180	158	250	234	156		-	-	-	-	-	-11,8%	58,0%	-6,6%	-33,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	-	607	504	535	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-17,0%	6,3%	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	76	8		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-89,5%

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									374 052	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									173 746	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									78 511	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									121 795	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									1 862 695	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									351 326	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									330 848	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									1 180 521	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									1 826 322	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									333 815	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									322 399	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									1 170 108	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									410 425	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									191 257	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									86 960	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									132 208	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									98,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									95,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									97,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									99,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									209	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									26 664	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									13 996	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									1 141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									11 527	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									172 048	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									40 360	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									4 354	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									127 334	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									170 278	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									39 928	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									4 317	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									126 033	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									28 434	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									14 428	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									1 178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									12 828	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									99,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									98,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									99,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									99,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 819	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									3 226	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									3 570	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 475	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									110,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									151	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions											
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020			
Indicator 5: Access to justice																					
Legal aid																					
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																					
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees																					False
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees																					False
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True											True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	No	-	True	True	True	True	True	True											True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True											True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	No	-	True	True	True	True	True	True											True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True											True
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases																					True
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases																					True
020.1.1 Total																					NA
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases																					NA
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases																					NA
020.2.1 Total brought to court																					NA
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases																					NA
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal																					31 661
020.3.1 Total not brought to court																					NA
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases																					NA
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal																					NA
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation																					NAP
020-1.1.2 Average duration																					NA

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										15 852								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										1 706								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										229								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										19								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										1 007 710 €								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										3 217 799 €								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										629 105 €								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							False	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter								10-49%	50-99%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter								NA	50-99%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter								NA	NA										
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in most of the courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	in all courts										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	Yes	Yes										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	Yes										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	NA	No										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							NA	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Accessible to parties										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Accessible to parties										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Both	Both										

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Integrated	Integrated	Integrated									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	True	True	True									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NA	NA									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	True	True									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	True									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NA	NA									

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	10-49%										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	False	False										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	False	True										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							1-9%	1-9%	10-49%										
064-2 - Criminal							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	False	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	True	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate								NA	NA											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							-	NA	NA											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							-	NA	NA											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							-	NA	NA											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							-	NA	NA											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							False	False	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	True											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							True	True	True											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)																		
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)																		
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)																		
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%									
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%									
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%									
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)																		
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True									

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	10 114	-	10 096	-	9 980	10 047	9 776	9 736	9 650	-4,6%	-	-	-	-	0,7%	-2,7%	-0,4%	-0,9%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	9 441	-	9 516	-	9 422	9 508	9 240	9 194	9 034	-4,3%	-	-	-	-	0,9%	-2,8%	-0,5%	-1,7%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	497	-	494	-	475	458	426	443	417	-16,1%	-	-	-	-	-3,6%	-7,0%	4,0%	-5,9%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	86	-	86	-	83	81	110	99	199	131,4%	-	-	-	-	-2,4%	35,8%	-10,0%	101,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	3 701	-	NA	-	NA	3 677	NA	3 673	3 702	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,8%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	3 371	-	3 451	-	3 400	3 466	3 411	3 386	3 390	0,6%	-	-	-	-	1,9%	-1,6%	-0,7%	0,1%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	221	-	229	-	221	211	196	209	197	-10,9%	-	-	-	-	-4,5%	-7,1%	6,6%	-5,7%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	78	115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47,4%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	6 413	-	NA	-	NA	6 289	NA	6 063	5 948	-7,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1,9%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	6 070	-	6 065	-	6 022	6 042	5 829	5 808	5 644	-7,0%	-	-	-	-	0,3%	-3,5%	-0,4%	-2,8%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	276	-	265	-	254	247	230	234	220	-20,3%	-	-	-	-	-2,8%	-6,9%	1,7%	-6,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	21	84	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	199	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	556	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	454	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	102	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	40 844	-	41 534	-	43 176	46 807	40 662	41 927	41 973	2,8%	-	-	-	-	8,4%	-13,1%	3,1%	0,1%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 810	-	1 847	-	2 138	1 941	2 201	2 618	2 669	47,5%	-	-	-	-	-9,2%	13,4%	18,9%	1,9%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	23 110	-	23 428	-	24 231	27 607	22 398	22 972	23 711	2,6%	-	-	-	-	13,9%	-18,9%	2,6%	3,2%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	7 239	-	7 324	-	7 687	8 226	7 663	8 077	7 801	7,8%	-	-	-	-	7,0%	-6,8%	5,4%	-3,4%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	3 487	-	3 741	-	3 261	3 243	2 739	2 654	2 346	-32,7%	-	-	-	-	-0,6%	-15,5%	-3,1%	-11,6%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	5 198	-	5 194	-	5 859	5 790	5 661	5 606	5 446	4,8%	-	-	-	-	-1,2%	-2,2%	-1,0%	-2,9%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	6 424	6 611	6 545	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,9%	-1,0%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	537	-	NA	561	651	737	765	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,0%	13,2%	3,8%	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	1 866	1 886	2 048	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,1%	8,6%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	1 825	1 929	1 803	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,7%	-6,5%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	1 008	891	881	777	-	-	-	-	-	-	-11,6%	-1,1%	-11,8%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	-	NA	1 200	1 191	1 178	1 152	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,8%	-1,1%	-2,2%	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	34 238	35 316	35 428	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,1%	0,3%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	-	1 310	-	NA	1 380	1 550	1 881	1 904	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,3%	21,4%	1,2%	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	20 532	21 086	21 663	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,7%	2,7%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	NA	5 838	6 148	5 998	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,3%	-2,4%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	2 235	1 848	1 773	1 569	-	-	-	-	-	-	-17,3%	-4,1%	-11,5%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	-	NA	4 590	4 470	4 428	4 294	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2,6%	-0,9%	-3,0%	

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									41 973	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									663	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									6 545	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									219	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									35 428	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									444	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									5 843	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									3 759	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									1 605	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									2 787	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									1 608	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									878	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									3 056	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									2 151	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									727	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									9 073	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									1 826	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									7 247	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	13 437 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	25 796 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	71 941 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	25 796 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	71 941 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	21 312 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	52 540 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	21 312 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	52 540 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																		
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																		
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	43 974	-	52 760	-	48 315	51 227	53 081	55 178	57 365	30,5%	-	-	-	-	6,0%	3,6%	4,0%	4,0%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	26 635	27 593	28 259	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,6%	2,4%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	26 446	27 585	28 510	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,3%	3,4%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	-	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Poland (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	4 120	4 100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0,5%
167.1.1 Total number started					20 856	24 115	26 272	27 463	NA	-	-	-	-	-	15,6%	8,9%	4,5%	-	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					12 986	13 403	13 297	12 518	NA	-	-	-	-	-	3,2%	-0,8%	-5,9%	-	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					5 151	7 720	6 933	7 869	NA	-	-	-	-	-	49,9%	-10,2%	13,5%	-	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					8	1	6	1	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-87,5%	500,0%	-83,3%	-	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					1 536	1 869	2 178	2 746	NA	-	-	-	-	-	21,7%	16,5%	26,1%	-	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					1 175	1 122	3 858	4 329	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-4,5%	243,9%	12,2%	-	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

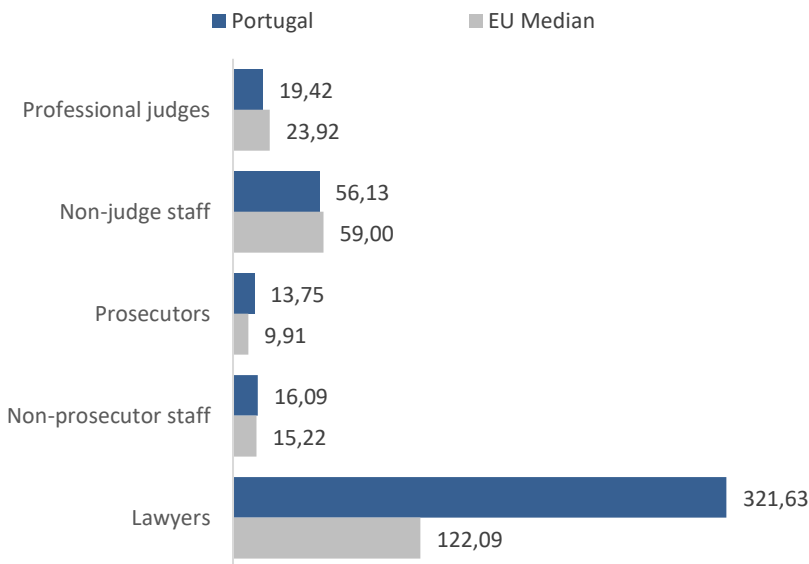
Judiciary at a glance in Portugal

General data

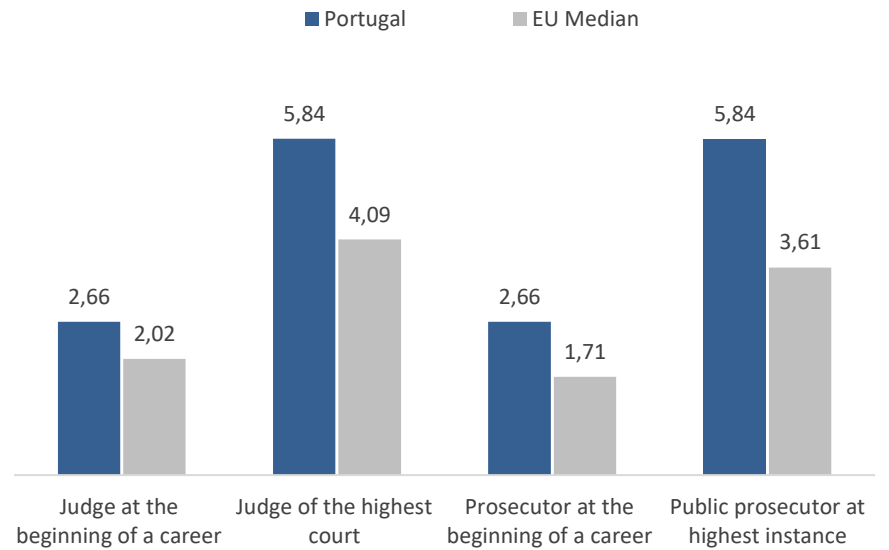
Population: 10 295 909 **GDP per capita:** 19 638 € **Average annual salary:** 18 044 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

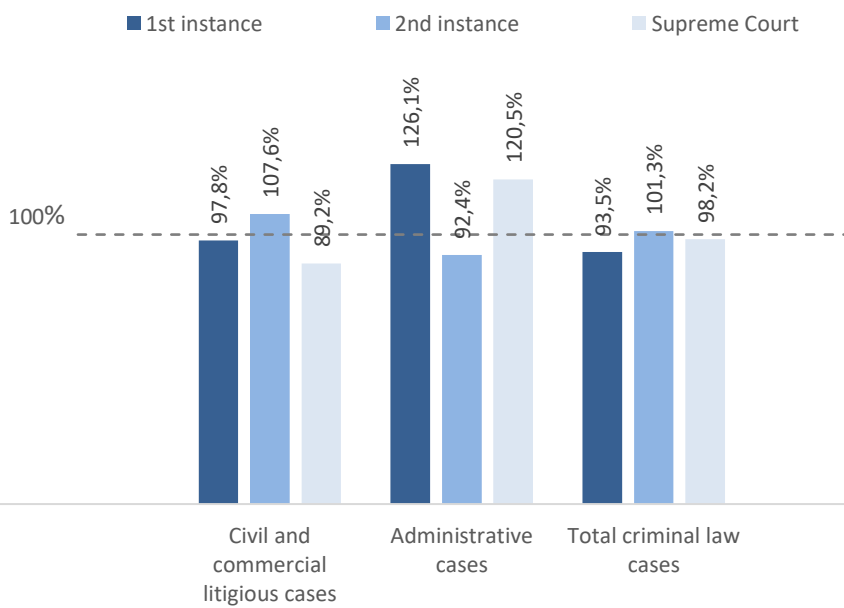


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

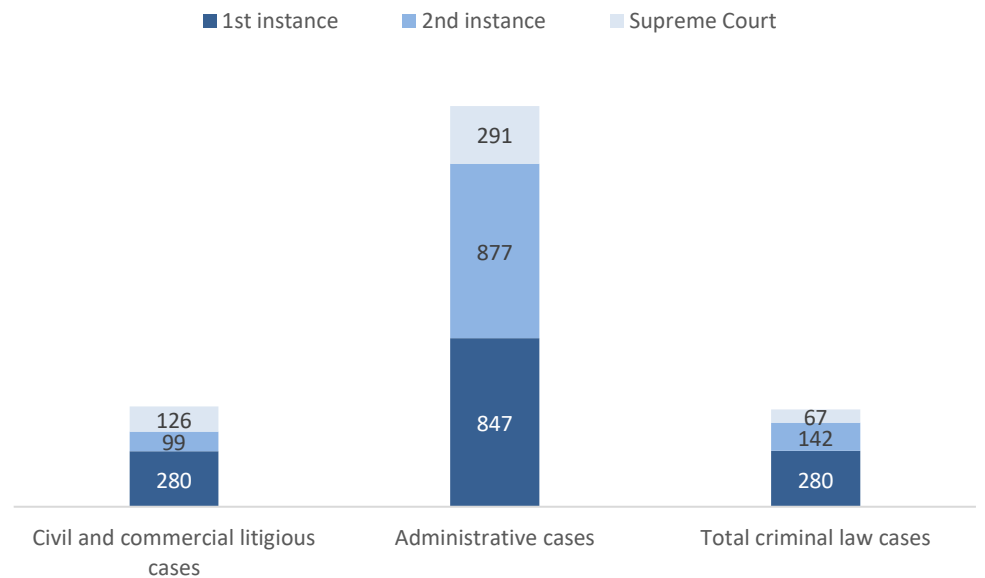


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

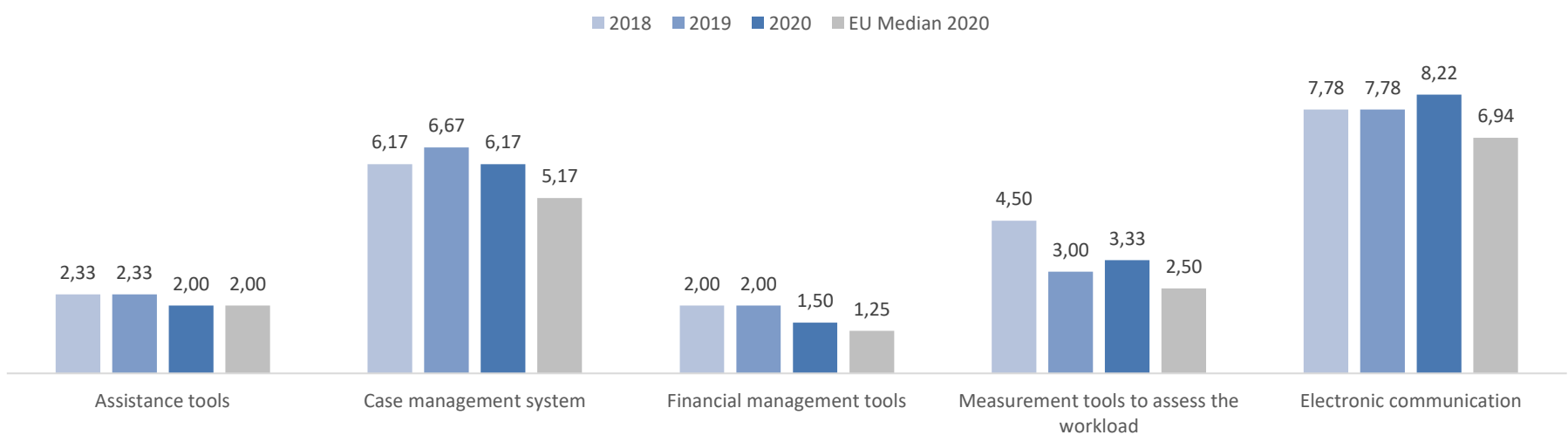


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

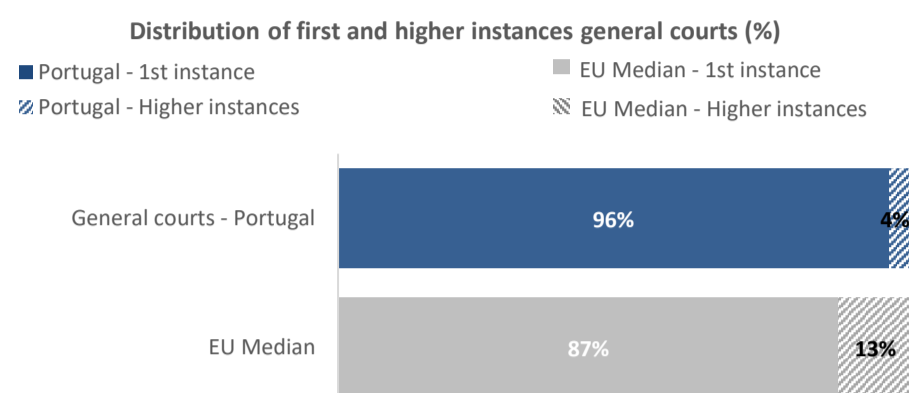
Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Portugal

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	10 295 909	-1,8%	-0,6%	-0,3%	-0,1%	0,2%	0,0%
GDP per capita	15 607	15 890	16 637	17 317	17 905	18 744	19 614	20 660	19 638	25,8%	7,6%	9,5%	4,6%	5,3%	-4,9%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	15 383		15 588		16 079		16 766	17 226	18 044	17,3%	3,1%	4,3%		2,7%	4,7%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	19,2	19,4	19,2	19,2	19,3	20,0	19,3	19,4	19,4	1,4%	0,4%	0,0%	-3,8%	0,8%	0,0%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	58,3	57,6	54,9	56,1	54,8	56,3	56,6	56,6	56,1	-3,7%	-0,2%	3,3%	0,6%	0,0%	-0,9%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	270,2	275,9	282,8	263,8	295,6	304,4	315,0	322,5	321,6	19,0%	4,5%	6,6%	3,5%	2,4%	-0,3%
Mediators	2,4	2,4	1,9	2,1	5,0	6,0	NA	NA	NA	NA	163,9%	NA	NA	NA	NA
ICT overall assesment							8,1	7,8	7,6					-4,4%	-2,6%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,520	3,095	NA	3,056	2,996	2,923	2,888	3,139	2,473	-29,8%	NA	-3,6%	-1,2%	8,7%	-21,2%
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	0,337	0,253	0,244	0,237	0,265	0,201	NA	NA	-6,1%	-2,7%	11,9%	-24,2%
Total criminal law cases									0,616						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	98%	103%	NA	116%	112%	113%	109%	105%	98%	0,11	NA	-3,12	-3,87	-4,18	-7,18
CR administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	80%	112%	105%	111%	106%	126%	NA	NA	-0,55	5,97	-4,81	19,95
CR total criminal law cases									93%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	369	386	NA	315	289	250	229	200	280	-24,1%	NA	-20,6%	-8,2%	-12,5%	39,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	989	911	988	928	846	847	NA	NA	1,8%	-6,1%	-8,8%	0,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									280						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,47	3,37	NA	3,07	2,66	2,26	1,98	1,81	1,85	-46,6%	NA	-25,6%	-12,5%	-8,5%	2,5%
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	0,73	0,70	0,69	0,67	0,65	0,59	NA	NA	-4,9%	-3,5%	-2,4%	-9,8%
Total criminal law cases									0,44						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	95%	97%	99%	102%	102%	108%		NA	4,72	2,72	0,02	5,82
CR administrative law cases			NA	107%	88%	76%	74%	90%	92%		NA	-13,51	-2,17	15,80	2,56
CR total criminal law cases									101%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	106	114	111	107	104	99		NA	-5,9%	-3,7%	-3,4%	-4,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	573	714	842	1 016	849	877		NA	42,4%	20,7%	-16,5%	3,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									142						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	100%	99%	104%	98%	95%	89%		NA	-0,92	-5,60	-3,58	-5,55
CR administrative law cases			NA	89%	96%	104%	100%	88%	120%		NA	3,37	-4,66	-12,10	32,75
CR total criminal law cases									98%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	58	58	44	49	70	126		NA	-15,4%	11,4%	41,1%	80,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	299	322	272	364	431	291		NA	13,1%	33,8%	18,6%	-32,6%
DT total criminal law cases									67						

1. Judicial organisation in Portugal

Under the Portuguese Constitution, there are two set of courts: judicial courts, which have general jurisdiction in civil/commercial and criminal matters and encompass specialised courts, and administrative and tax courts, whose role is to settle disputes arising out of administrative and tax relations. These latter are specialised in this domain only. The ordinary justice administration in Portugal is organised on a three-level structure which includes: 145 first instance courts of general jurisdiction, 5 courts of appeal and the Supreme Court of Justice. The administrative justice which is autonomous, i.e. independent from the civil justice, is organised on a three-level structure which includes: 17 Administrative and Tax courts (first instance), the Central Administrative Court and the Supreme Administrative Court.

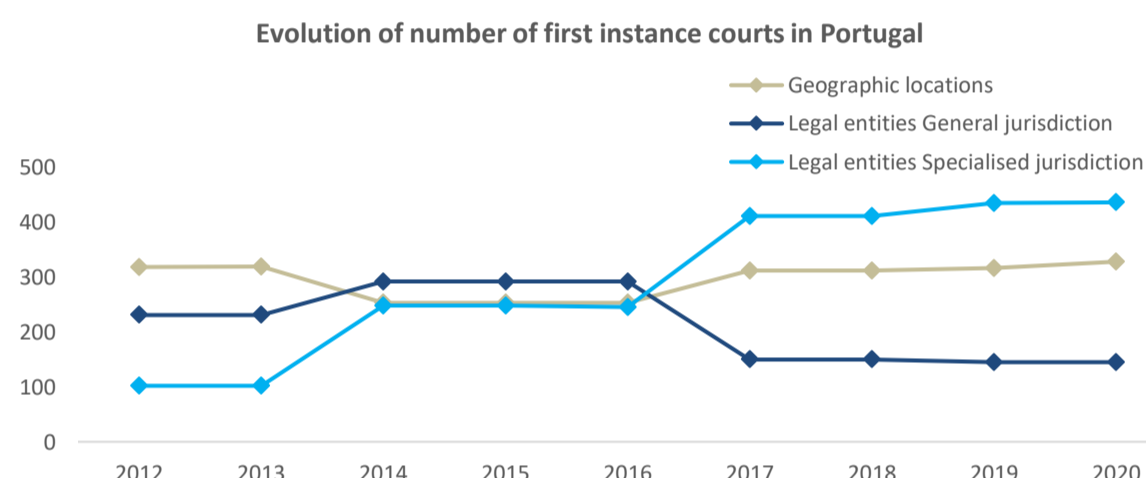
Distribution of general courts in Portugal



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Portugal is 96% - 4% that is different from EU median of 87% - 13% that is the EU calculated tendency.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Portugal

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	318	231	102
2013	319	231	102
2014	253	292	248
2015	253	292	248
2016	253	292	245
2017	312	150	411
2018	312	150	411
2019	316	145	435
2020	328	145	436



As regards geographic locations, the recent amendments to the Law of the Organisation of the Judiciary System (Law n.º 19/2019, 19th February) are intended to ensure the reciprocal proximity of justice and citizens in two key segments: criminal jurisdiction and family and minors jurisdiction. These new amendments aim to facilitate people's access to courts and combat the desertification of the interior regions of the country. The difference in the number of geographic locations between 2019 and 2020 is justified by the increase in new buildings.

As regards legal entities, the decrease of the total number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction is accompanied by an increase of certain types of first instance courts. First instance administrative and tax courts have been included in the total (418 judicial courts + 17 administrative/tax courts). First instance courts of general jurisdiction are Courts of general jurisdiction and proximity divisions. Second instance courts of general jurisdiction are 2nd Instance Courts (Tribunal Relação de Lisboa, Coimbra, Porto, Évora e Guimarães). Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction is the Supreme Justice Court.

The differences registered in 2018 resulted from the changes to the judicial organisation (Law n. 40-A/2016, 22 December) in force since January 1, 2017. In January 2017, changes to the judicial organization were put in place and the number of 1st instance courts with general jurisdiction decreased due to the increase of specialised courts.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 25,0% - 75,0% is quite different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	436	3
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	23	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	45	NAP
Family courts	52	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	5	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	1	NAP
Administrative courts	17	3
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	293	NAP

As regards specialised courts, the number provided for 2020 includes 17 first instance courts and 3 higher instance courts of administrative jurisdiction. Administrative courts are part of another jurisdiction and under our law cannot be considered specialized courts.

«Commercial courts»: deal with, inter alia, winding up of the company, insolvency and suspension and revocation of company resolutions.

«Internet related disputes»: only for Internet domain system (DNS) issues, which are under the jurisdiction of the Intellectual Property Court; for all other Internet related issues, general jurisdiction courts are competent. It should be noted that internet related disputes were not included in the number of specialised courts for previous cycles.

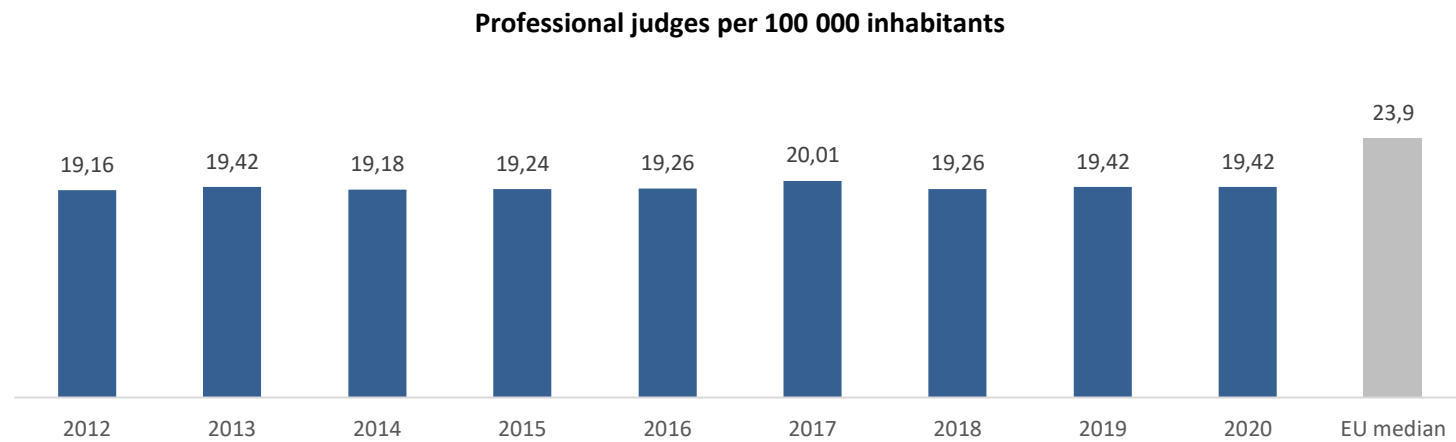
“Other specialised courts”: includes all other courts that are not listed in the categories above. This category includes Civil Central Judicial Divisions, Criminal Central Judicial Divisions, Civil Local Proximity Judicial Divisions, Criminal Local Proximity Judicial Divisions, Petty Criminality Local; Proximity Judicial Divisions, Criminal Examination Judicial Divisions, Enforcement Judicial Divisions, Central Criminal Examination Court, Competition Court and Maritime Court.

2. Professionals of justice in Portugal

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	2 009	19,16
2013	2 025	19,42
2014	1 990	19,18
2015	1 990	19,24
2016	1 986	19,26
2017	2 059	20,01
2018	1 979	19,26
2019	1 999	19,42
2020	1 999	19,42



According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Portugal is 1 999, which is 0,0% equal than in previous cycle.

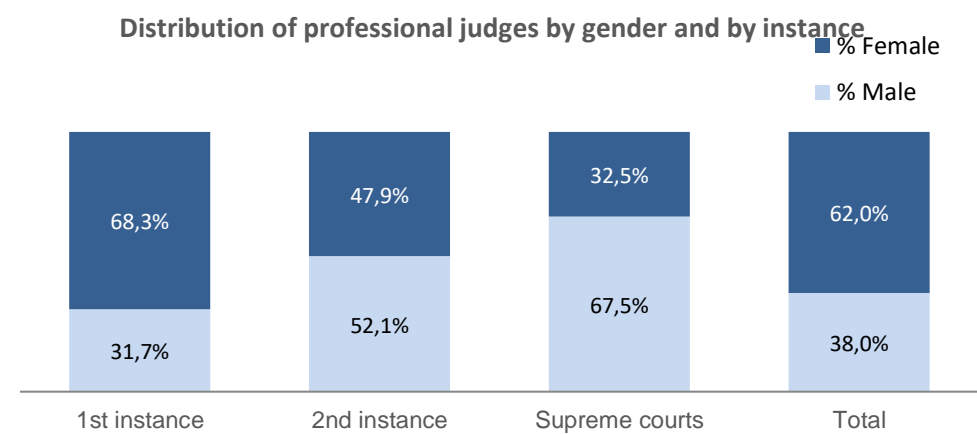
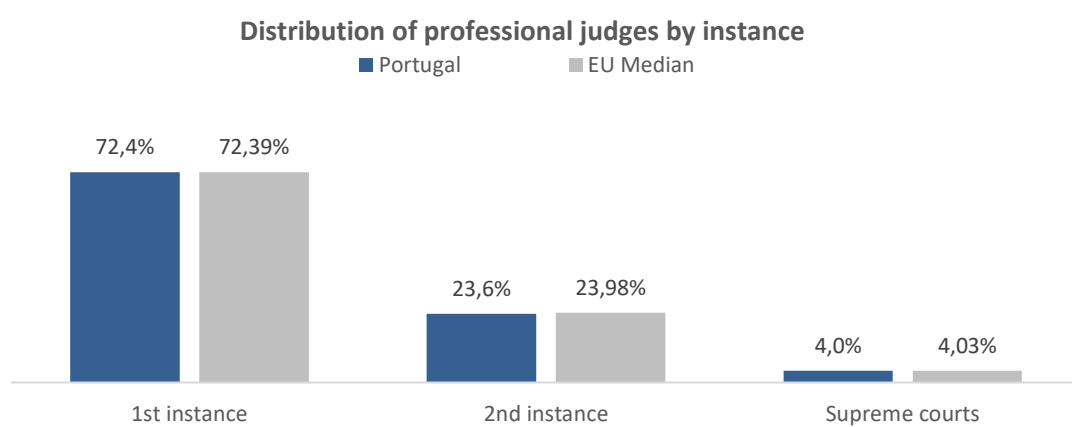
More precisely, in Portugal, there are 19,42 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,89 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 2,92 non-judge staff per judge.

It should be noticed that for all of the last four exercises, the total includes judges from courts of 1st, 2nd and 3rd instances, except the Constitutional Court.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 447	72,4%	459	988	31,7%	68,3%
2nd instance	472	23,6%	246	226	52,1%	47,9%
Supreme courts	80	4,0%	54	26	67,5%	32,5%
Total	1 999		759	1 240	38,0%	62,0%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 1 240, which represents 62,0% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 447 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 988 are female); 472 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 226 are female) and 80 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 26 are female).

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that the higher the instance, the lower the percentage of women. In the highest instance female judges are only one third. However, with time, female judges, that are the majority of judges, are getting to the top of their professional career.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

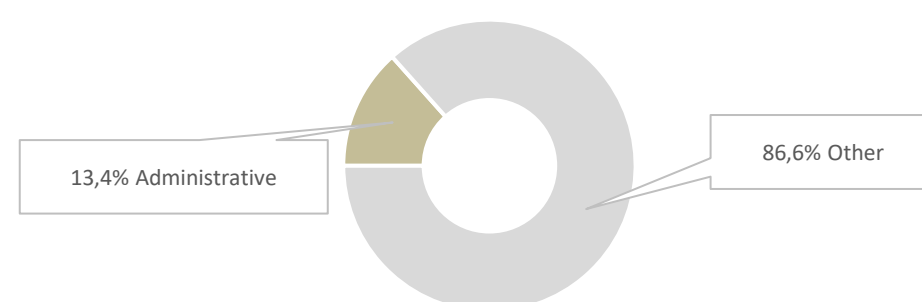
2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	1 447	NAP	NAP	179	1 268
2nd instance	472	NAP	NAP	65	407
Supreme courts	80	NAP	NAP	24	56
Total	1 999	NAP	NAP	268	1 731

In Portugal, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NAP	NAP	12,4%	87,6%
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	13,8%	86,2%
Supreme courts	NAP	NAP	30,0%	70,0%
Total	NAP	NAP	13,4%	86,6%

Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter

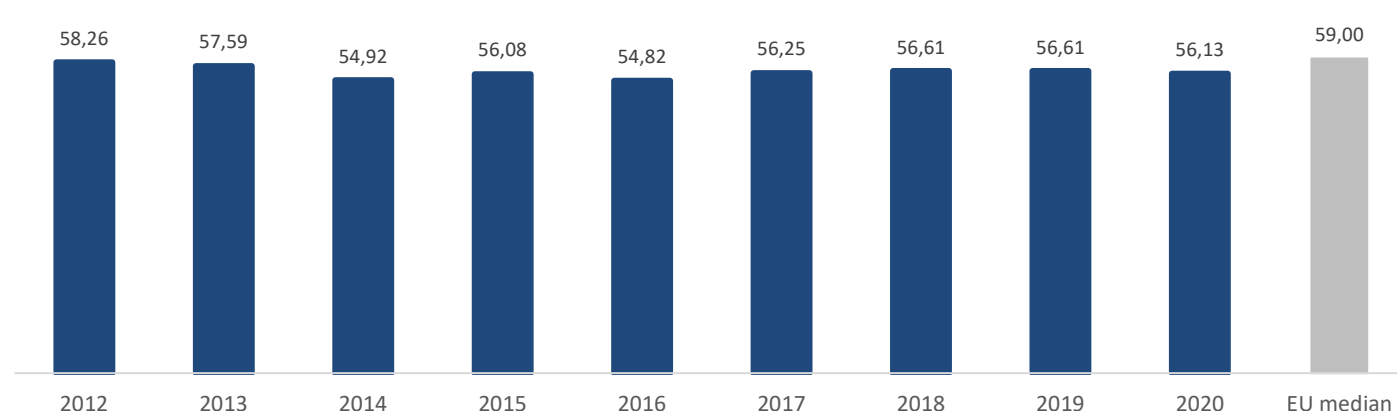


As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Portugal presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, as there are judges who have civil and criminal competences at the same time, it is not possible to distinguish judges by civil and commercial matters. Therefore, all judges of the judicial courts were included in the column "other".

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	6 110	6 005	5 698	5 799	5 652	5 789	5 818	5 829	5 779
Per 100 000 inhabitants	58,26	57,59	54,92	56,08	54,82	56,25	56,61	56,61	56,13

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	5 779	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	5 357	92,7%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	104	1,8%
Technical staff	317	5,5%
Other	1	0,0%

In 2020, Portugal has 5 779 non-judge staff (of which 3 852 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,9%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

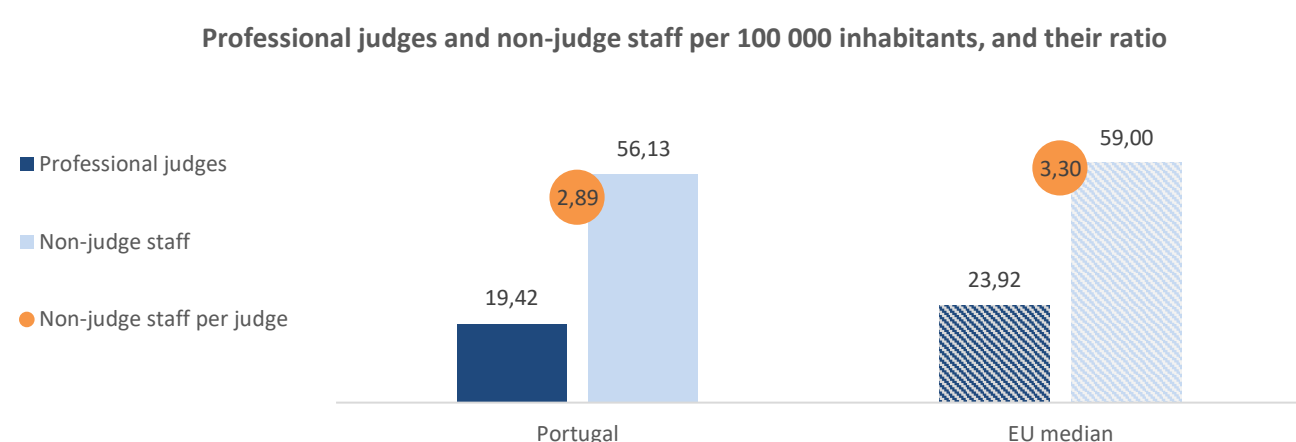
- 5 357 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 3 577 are women);
- 104 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 44 are women);
- 317 technical staff (of which 231 are women);
- 1 other (of which 0 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 56,6 in 2019 to 56,1 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 19,4 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 19,4 in 2020.

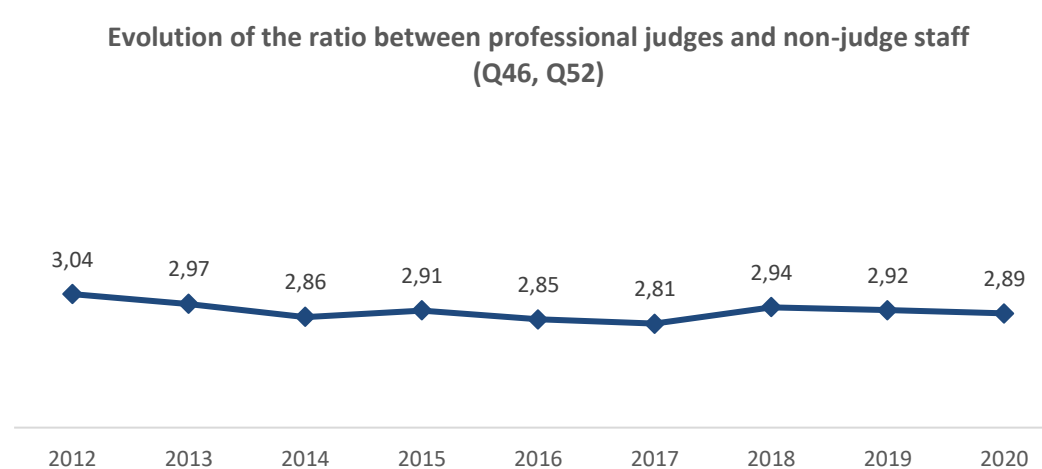
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Portugal	EU median
Professional judges	19,42	23,92
Non-judge staff	56,13	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	2,89	3,30



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

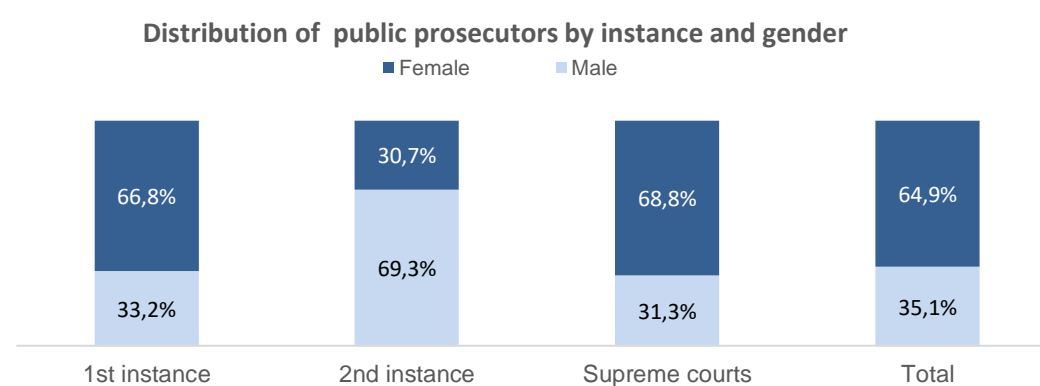
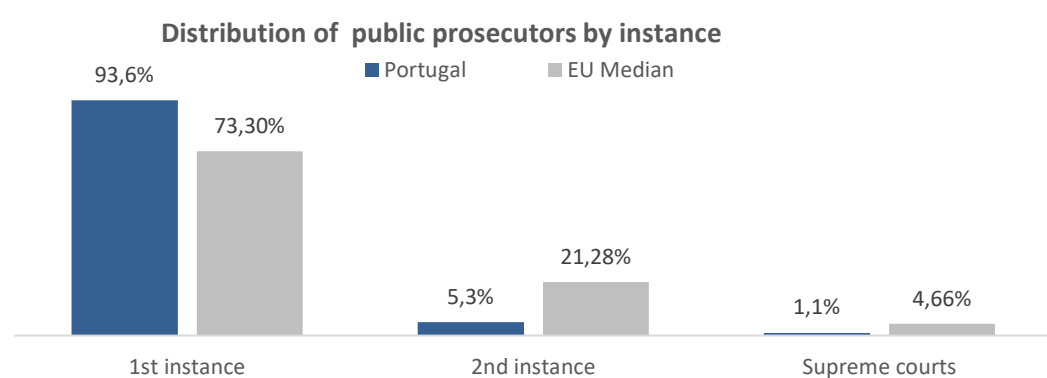
	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	19,16	58,26	3,04
2013	19,42	57,59	2,97
2014	19,18	54,92	2,86
2015	19,24	56,08	2,91
2016	19,26	54,82	2,85
2017	20,01	56,25	2,81
2018	19,26	56,61	2,94
2019	19,42	56,61	2,92
2020	19,42	56,13	2,89



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	1 325	93,6%	440	885	33,2%	66,8%
2nd instance	75	5,3%	52	23	69,3%	30,7%
Supreme courts	16	1,1%	5	11	31,3%	68,8%
Total	1 416		497	919	35,1%	64,9%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 919, which represents 64,9% of the total number of prosecutors.

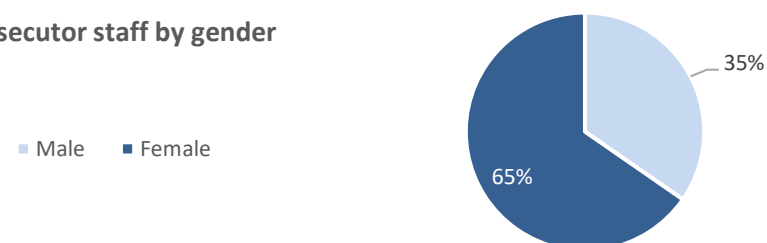
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 325 in first instance (of which 885 are female); 75 are in second instance (of which 23 are female) and 16 in final instance (of which 11 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noticed that the communicated data encompasses the number of magistrates of the Public Prosecution Service in courts of first instance, second instance and high superior courts, except the Constitutional Court.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	1 657	574	1 083

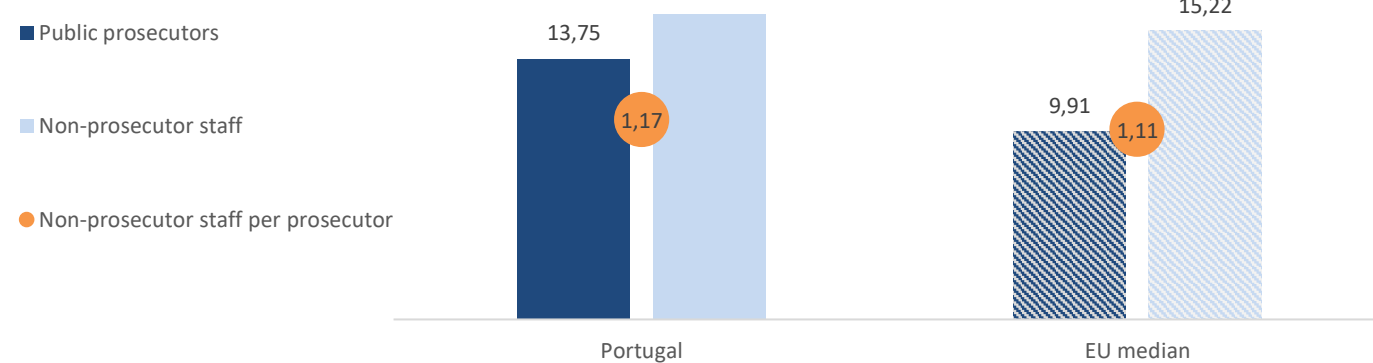
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

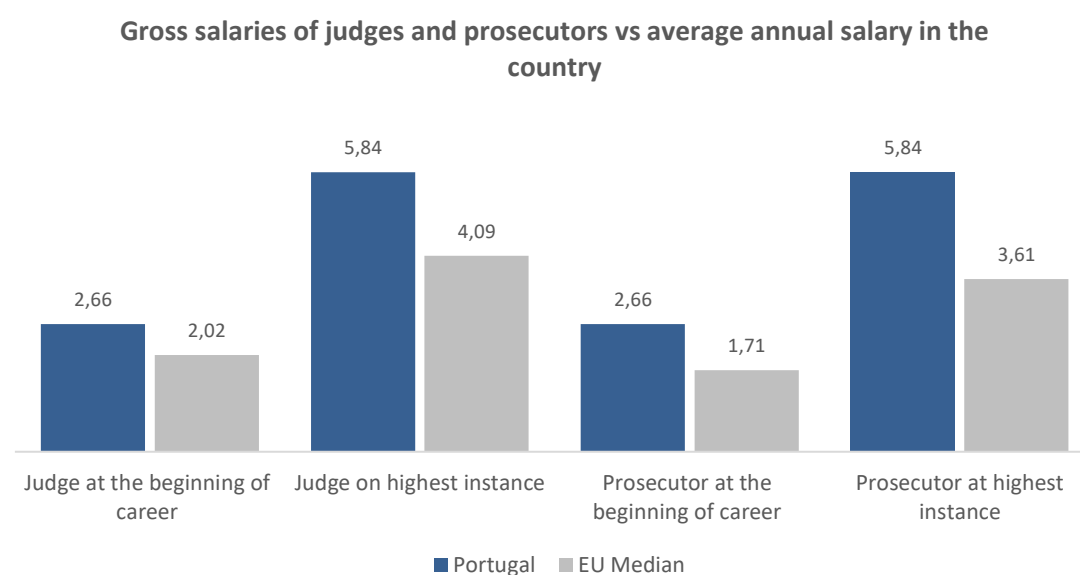
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Portugal	EU median
Public prosecutors	13,75	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	16,09	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,17	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	48 055 €	NA	2,66
Judge of the highest court	105 345 €	NA	5,84
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	48 055 €	NA	2,66
Public prosecutor at highest instance	105 345 €	NA	5,84



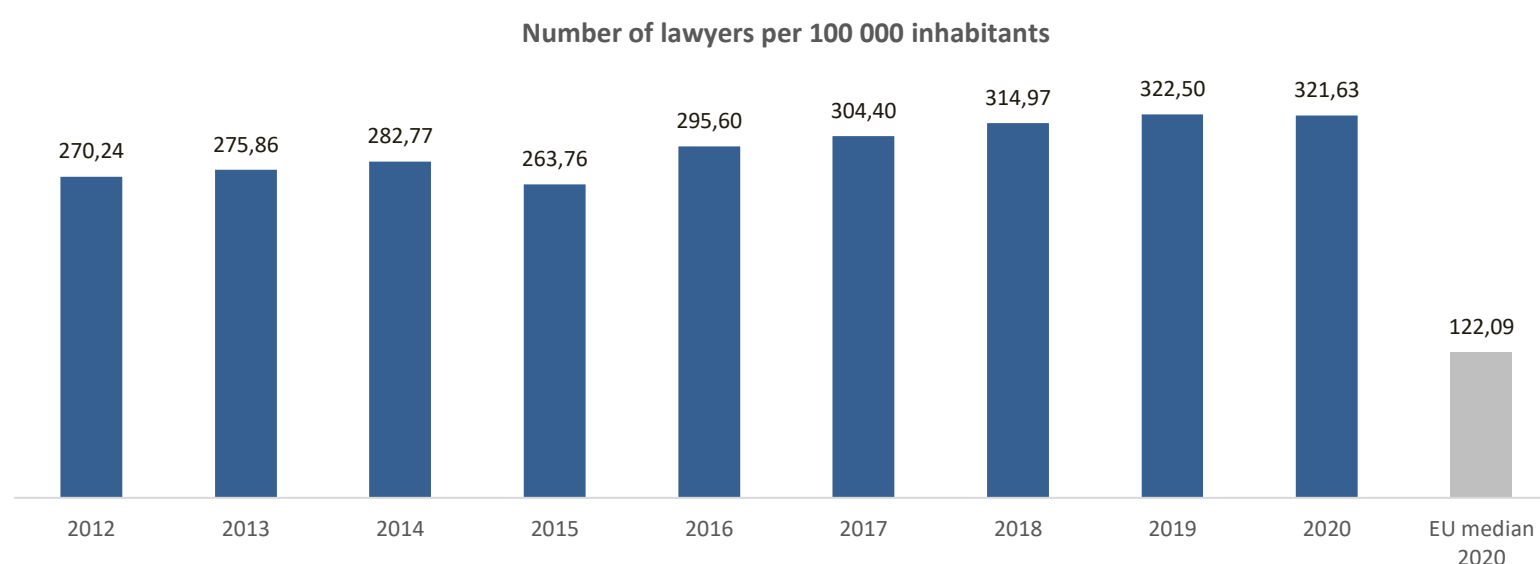
According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Portugal of 48 055€ is around the EU median when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 2,66 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

It should be noted that the net annual salary depends on various factors: personal tax situation; other personal revenues. It would not be accurate to provide a number under this category.

The increase of salaries resulted from the revision of the statute of judges and prosecutors. It is noteworthy that the Source of data is the Directorate-General for the Administration of Justice and the High Council for the Judiciary.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	28 341	270,24
2013	28 765	275,86
2014	29 337	282,77
2015	27 277	263,76
2016	30 475	295,60
2017	31 326	304,40
2018	32 368	314,97
2019	33 204	322,50
2020	33 115	321,63



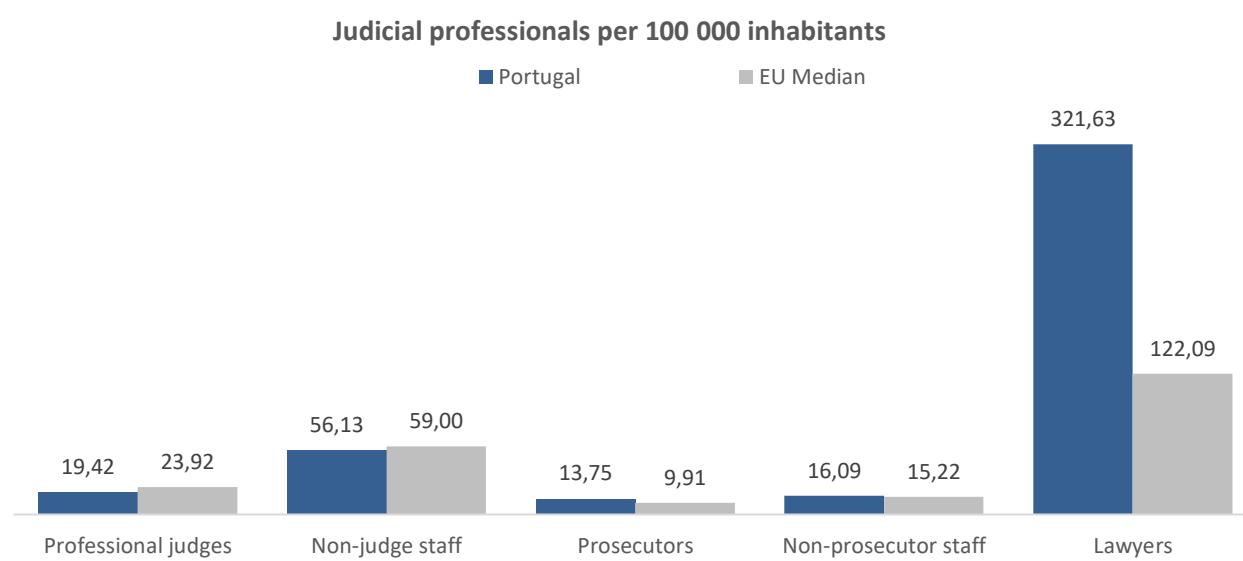
In 2020, there are 33 115 lawyers, which is -0,3% less than in 2019.

Portugal has 321,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

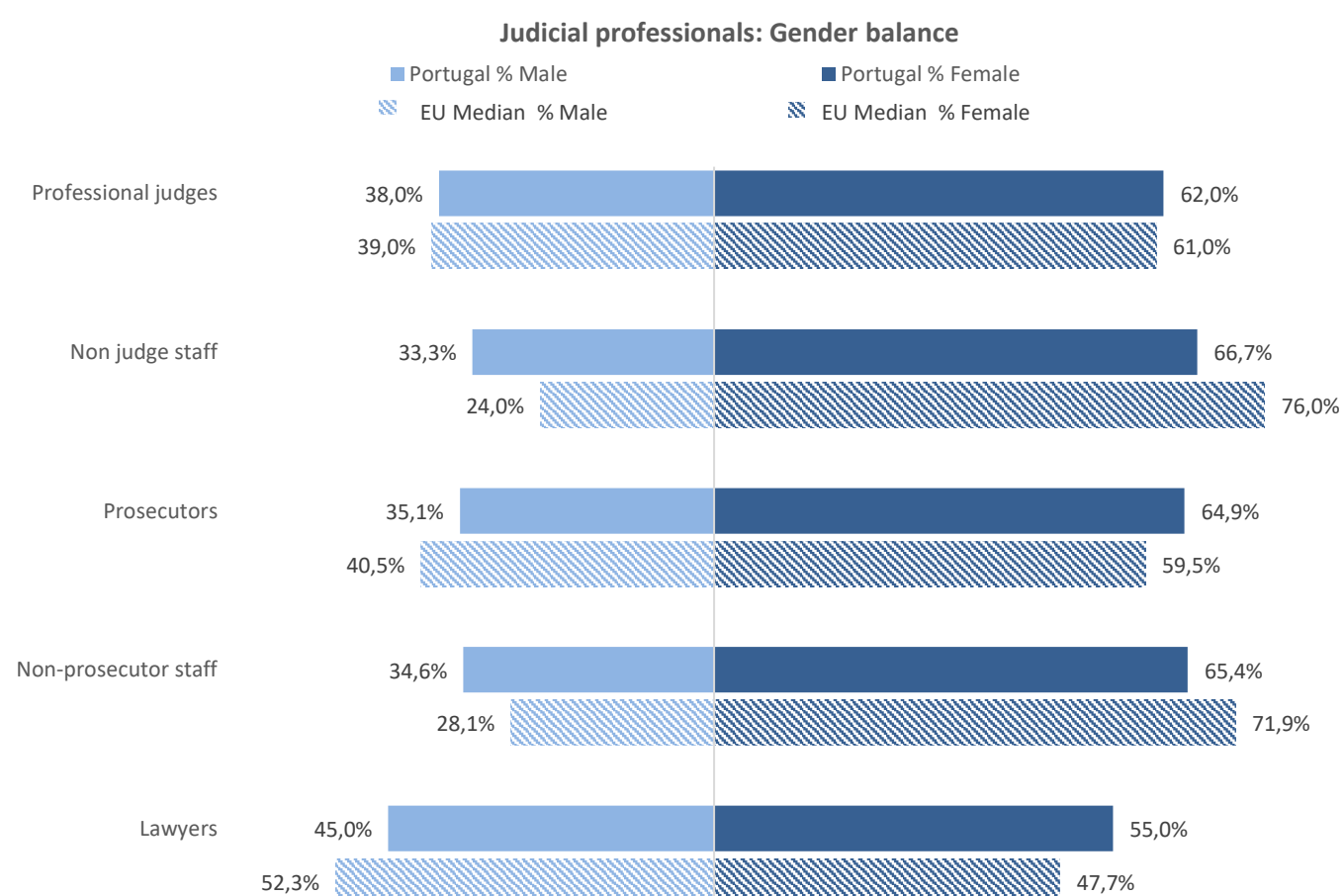
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 999	19,42	23,92
Non-judge staff	5 779	56,13	59,00
Prosecutors	1 416	13,75	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	1 657	16,09	15,22
Lawyers	33 115	321,63	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	38,0%	62,0%
Non judge staff	33,3%	66,7%
Prosecutors	35,1%	64,9%
Non-prosecutor staff	34,6%	65,4%
Lawyers	45,0%	55,0%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Portugal

In Portugal, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✔
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

It should be stressed that in Portugal, legal aid includes:

- Total or partial exemption from court fees and other charges relating to the proceedings;
- Deferment of payment of court fees and other charges relating to the proceedings;
- Appointment and payment of the legal representative's fees, or alternatively, payment of fees to the legal representative chosen by the applicant.

In Portugal, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

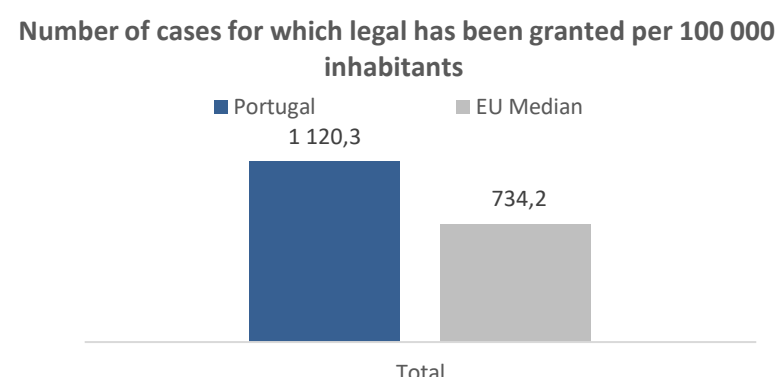
The Portuguese law foresees the total or partial exemption from court fees and other expenses related to the case, such as fees for the enforcement of judicial decisions.

Legal aid may also include fees of technical advisors or experts, costs of other legal professionals (notaries) and travel costs. In addition, all applications, certificates and any other documents requested for legal protection purposes are exempt from taxes, fees and charges.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	115 349	113 642	1 707
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Portugal	EU Median
Total	1 120,3	734,2
In criminal cases	NA	330,9
In other than criminal cases	NA	402,7



It should be pointed out that the reduction in the number of total legal aid cases may be the result of the measures taken during the COVID pandemic: on the one hand, the suspension of court deadlines and the expiry and prescription periods, and on the other hand, the reduction of conflicts as a result of the confinements. In any case, it should be emphasized that this is merely a perception, since there are no tools to perform a sociological analysis of the requests.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 30
- Actual average duration: 100

In Portugal, the maximum duration of the procedure for granting legal aid is 30 days (article 25 (1) of Law No. 34/2009, of 29 of July). Regarding the actual average duration, it should be noted that in the context of the COVID-19 Pandemic, procedural deadlines were suspended, which has influenced the duration of the procedural timeframes.

4. Performance of courts in Portugal

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

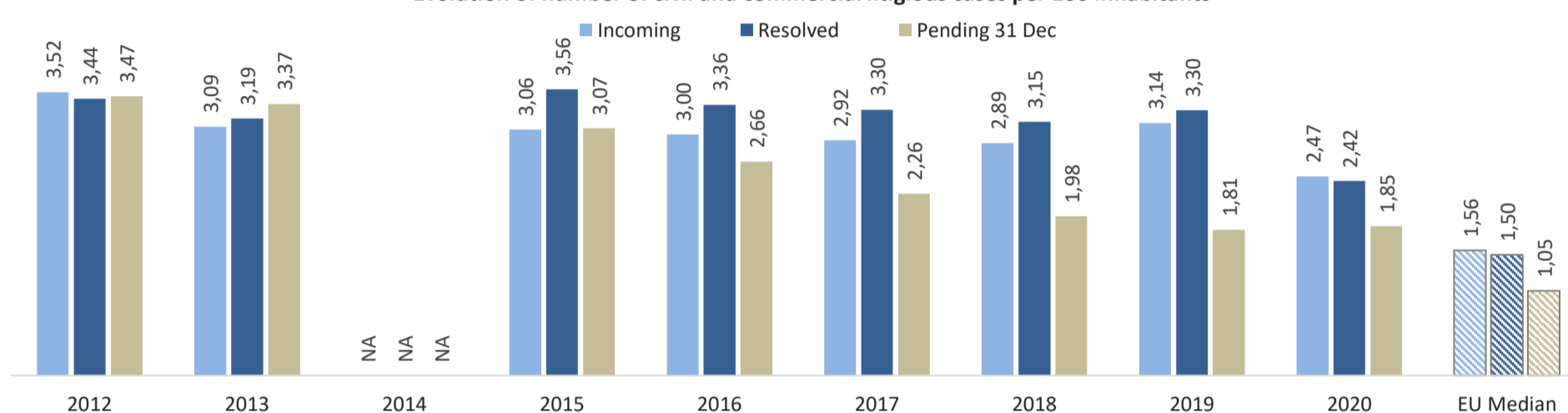
Total number on "other than criminal cases" is not available because the new regime for the enforcement action in Portugal foreseen by the new Code of civil Procedure that entered into force in 2013 is not implemented.

It is noteworthy that before 2015, data concerning the total of "other than criminal law cases" did not include administrative law cases. Since 2015, administrative law cases are included in the total which explains the significant increase of cases.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Portugal (2,47 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

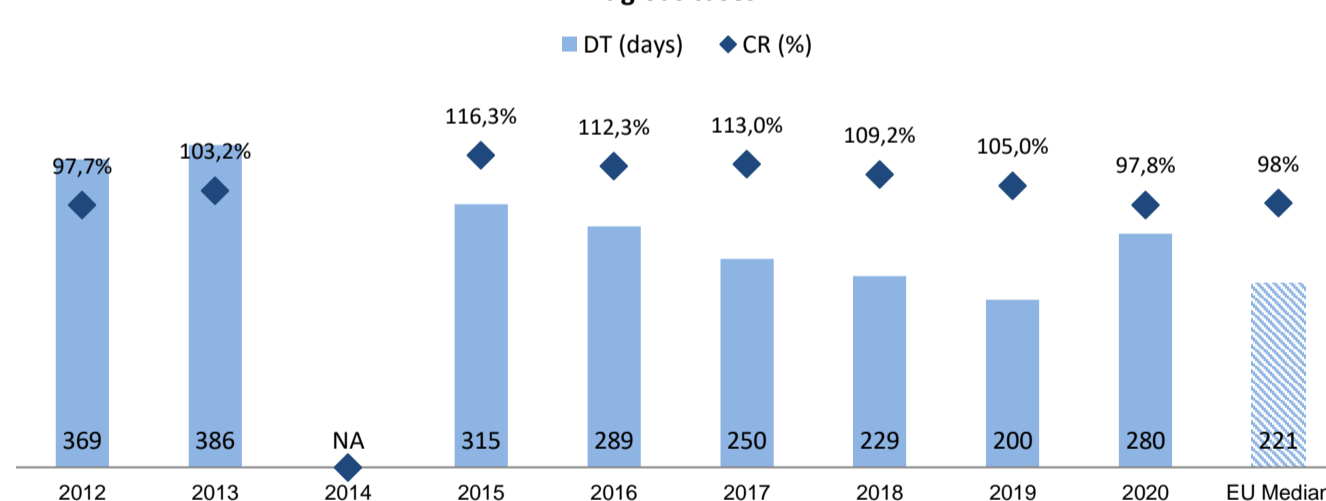
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Portugal (2,42 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Portugal (1,85 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	97,7%	369
2013	103,2%	386
2014	NA	NA
2015	116,3%	315
2016	112,3%	289
2017	113,0%	250
2018	109,2%	229
2019	105,0%	200
2020	97,8%	280

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 97,8% in 2020, Portugal seems to face some difficulties to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -7,2 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 280 days, which is somewhat above EU median of 221 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 39,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Portugal, there are 33 923 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 17,8% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

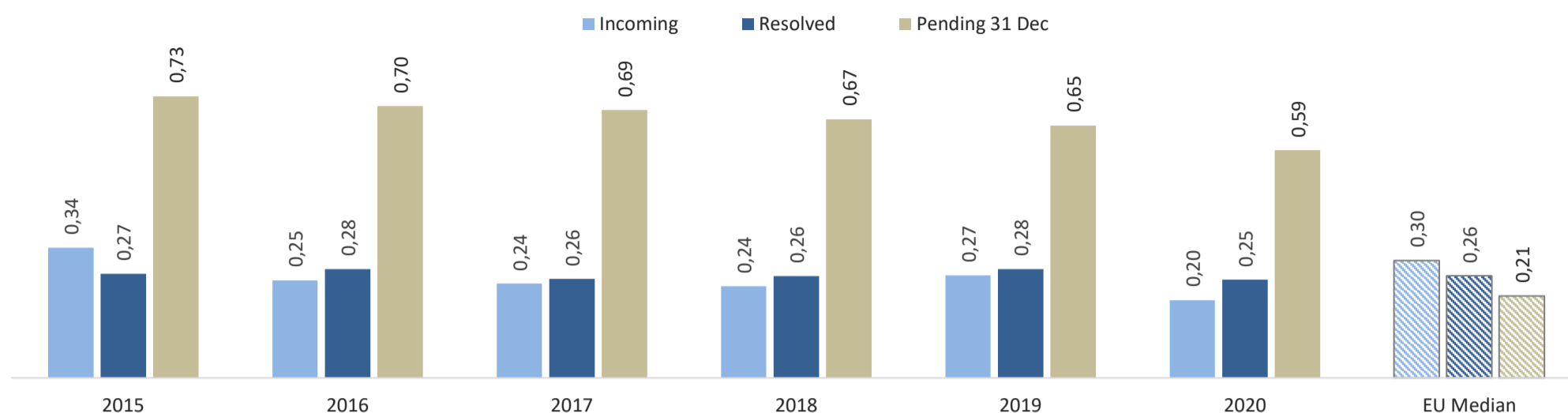
"Civil (and commercial) litigious cases", includes the case-flow of civil justice, labour justice and juvenile justice. It does not include civil and labour enforcement cases

The decrease in the number of Civil (and commercial) litigious cases reflects the effects of the Covid 19 pandemic and the consequent lockdown, that had an impact on the functioning of the courts, considering that in certain periods face-to-face services have been interrupted or conditioned.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Portugal (0,20 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

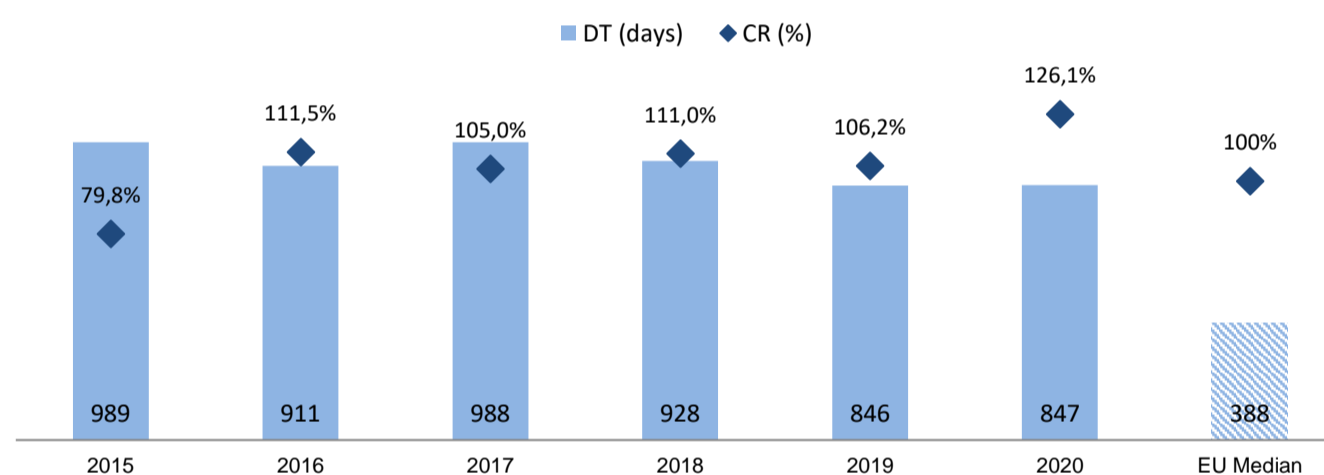
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Portugal (0,25 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Portugal (0,59 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	79,8%	989
2016	111,5%	911
2017	105,0%	988
2018	111,0%	928
2019	106,2%	846
2020	126,1%	847



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 126,1% in 2020, Portugal seems to be well able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 20,0 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 847 days, which is well above EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 0,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

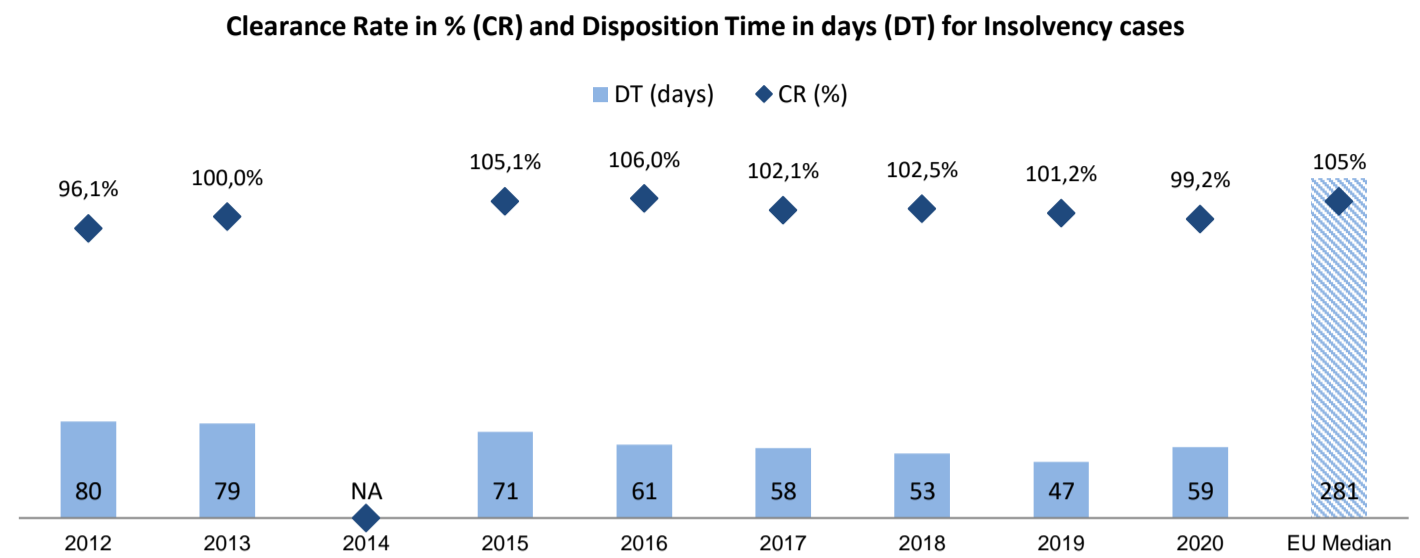
“Administrative law cases” includes administrative and tax cases. In respect of tax cases, the following information has been communicated: Pending cases on 1 January: 44 542, Incoming cases: 44 329, Resolved cases: 48 704, Pending cases on 31 December : 40 167.

In fact, in 2020 there were 68 467 incoming administrative cases and 73 880 resolved cases. However, of these totals, only 20 731 incoming cases and 26 144 resolved cases corresponded to real movements of the beginning and end of cases. The remaining 47 736 cases refer to cases that were internally transferred between units, namely due to the establishment of specialised courts in September 2020 (which are not independent legal entities), or that were subject to changes in the subject matter. Considering that in 2020 the number of cases transferred between organizational units was very high in the first instance administrative and tax courts, for this cycle only the numbers of cases opened and closed are indicated, without including transferred cases. In previous editions, the figures included transferred cases, which could impair the comparative reading.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	96,1%	80
2013	100,0%	79
2014	NA	NA
2015	105,1%	71
2016	106,0%	61
2017	102,1%	58
2018	102,5%	53
2019	101,2%	47
2020	99,2%	59



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 99,2% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Portugal seems to face some difficulties to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,0 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 59 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 26,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

Since 2007, statistical data concerning pending cases in 1st instance judicial courts are collected through the courts information systems. Being dynamic systems, allowing regular corrections and up-dating, the data collection may lead to oscillation data from previous years resulting in variations in pending cases.

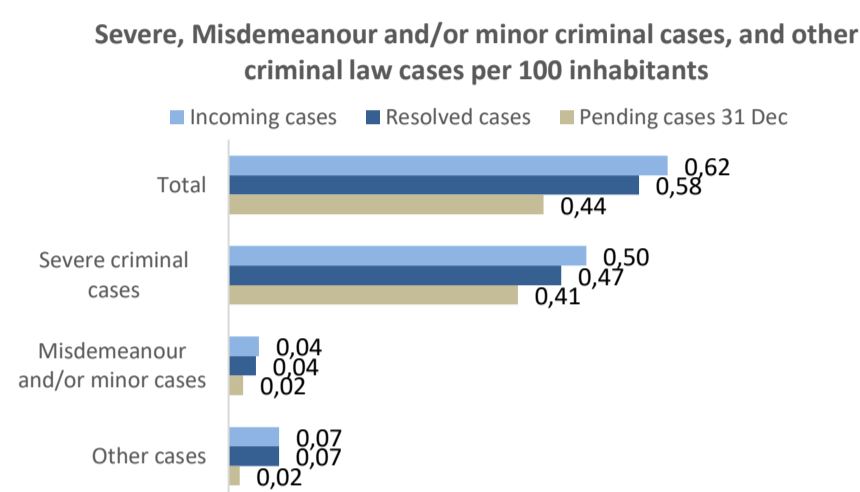
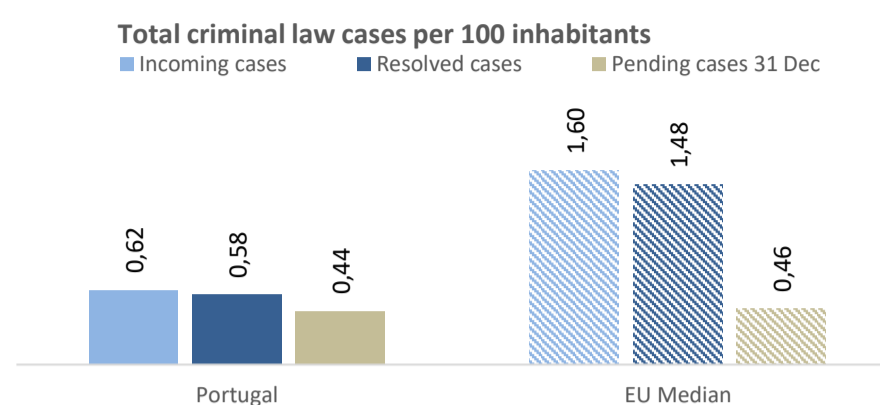
The number of pending insolvency cases as of January 1, 2020 has decreased compared to the number of cases pending as of January 1, 2018, as the number of cases completed in 2018 and 2019 was relatively higher than the number of cases entered in those years.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	41 395	63 435	59 309	45 521
Severe criminal cases	38 178	51 701	48 078	41 801
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	1 654	4 416	3 952	2 118
Other cases	1 563	7 318	7 279	1 602

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,40	0,62	0,58	0,44
Severe criminal cases	0,37	0,50	0,47	0,41
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,02	0,04	0,04	0,02
Other cases	0,02	0,07	0,07	0,02



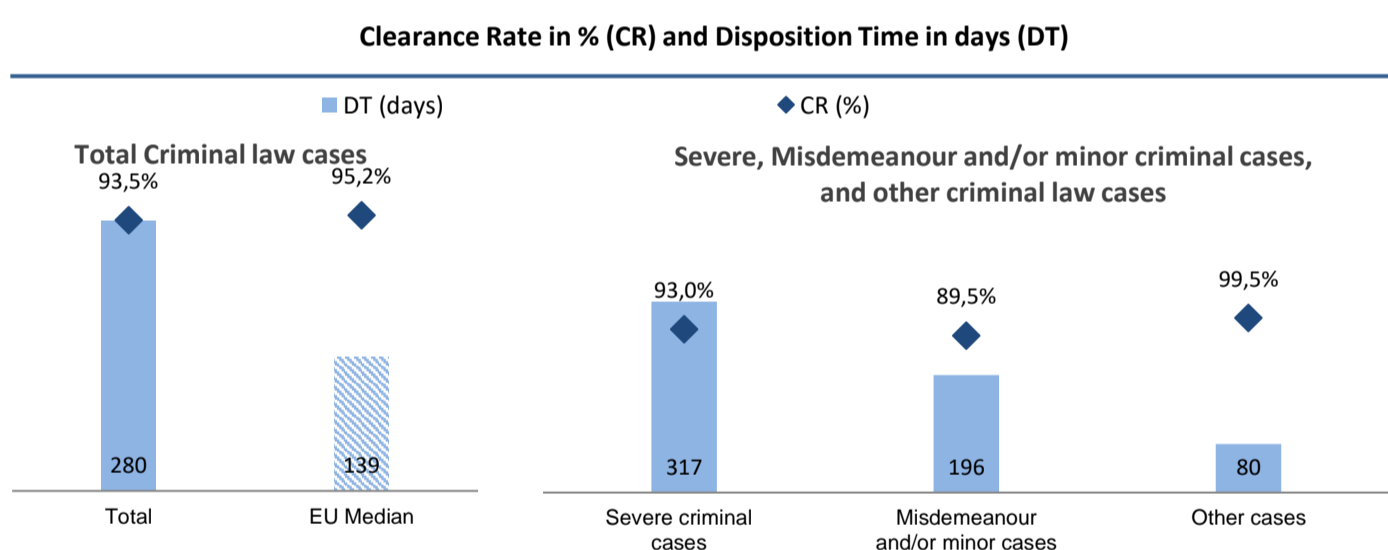
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Portugal (0,62 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Portugal (0,58 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Portugal (0,44 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	93,5%	280
Severe criminal cases	93,0%	317
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	89,5%	196
Other cases	99,5%	80



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 93,5% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Portugal seems to encounter difficulties in dealing with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 280 days, which is well above EU median of 139 days.

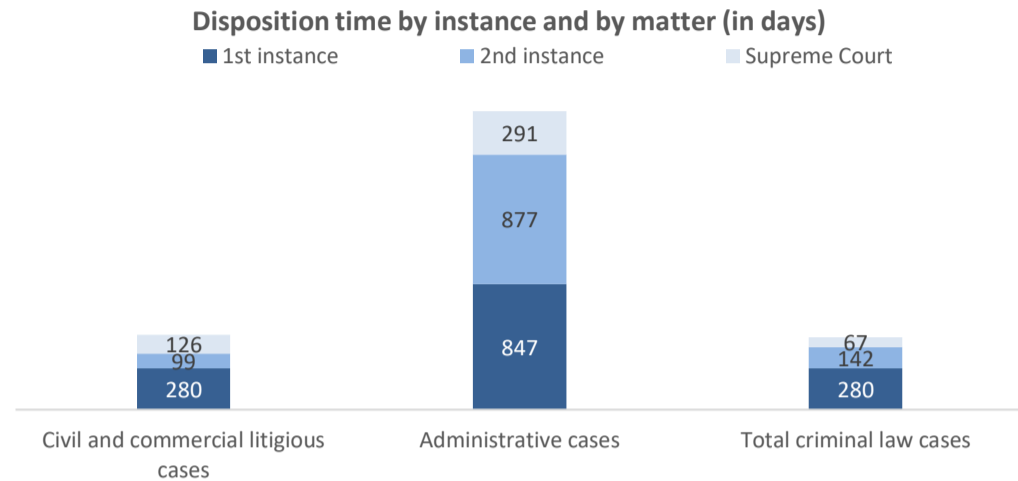
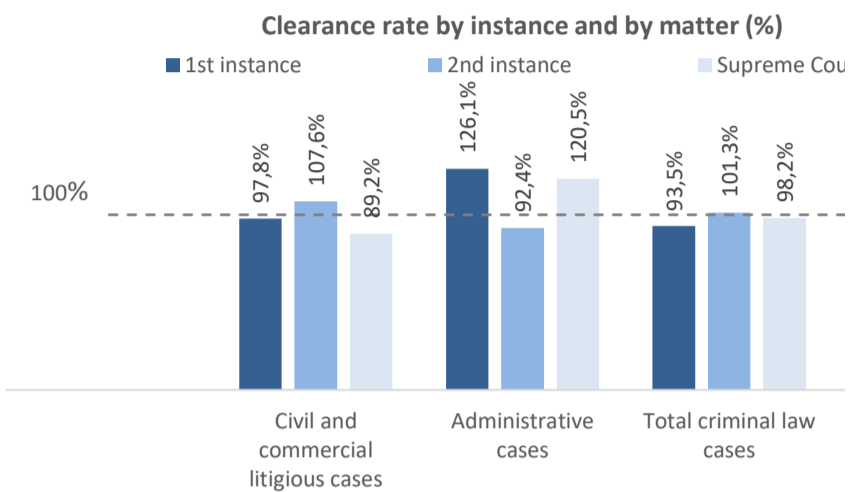
Total criminal law cases: the number of resolved cases between 2018 and 2020 is justified by the decrease in court activity in the year 2020 due to the Covid-19 pandemic situation.

Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases: the decrease in the number of incoming and resolved cases between 2018 and 2020 is justified by the decrease in court activity in the year 2020 due to the Covid-19 pandemic situation. Still, the number of cases pending on January 1, 2020 reduced compared to the number of cases pending on January 1, 2018, since the number of cases completed from 2018 to 2019 was relatively higher than the number of cases entered in those years. It is noteworthy that misdemeanour cases are never brought to high instance courts.

Other criminal cases: the increase in the number of pending cases older than 2 years in 2020 compared to 2018 may be related to reduced court activity in the year 2020 due to the Covid-19 pandemic situation.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	97,8%	107,6%	89,2%	280	99	126
Administrative cases	126,1%	92,4%	120,5%	847	877	291
Total criminal law cases	93,5%	101,3%	98,2%	280	142	67



Concerning the first instance and the Supreme Court, the Clearance rate is above the 100% threshold only in respect of administrative cases. As regard second instance, the Clearance rate is below the 100% threshold only for administrative cases.

As to the Disposition Time indicator, in civil cases, the Portuguese value is above the EU median only for first instance (the EU median being 221 days). As regards administrative cases, this indicator is beyond the EU median at all instances. In criminal law cases, the Portuguese value is below the EU median only with regard to last instance (the EU median being 120 days). As a matter of fact, at second instance level in Portugal, the length of administrative proceedings is quite longer compared to the length of civil and criminal proceedings which Disposition Time indicators are respectively 99 days (the European median being of 177 days) and 142 days (the European median being of 101 days).

As regards administrative cases: the increase in the number of cases completed between 2018 and 2019 may be justified by the increase in the number of judicial magistrates working in these courts. Even so, despite this increase in cases completed, there was an increase in the number of cases pending on January 1, 2020 compared to the number of cases pending on January 1, 2018, considering that the number of cases completed from 2018 to 2019 was still relatively lower than the number of cases entered in those years.

As regard second instance criminal cases, when courts handle appeal cases, it is not possible to separate appeals that had in their origin a criminal case or a misdemeanor case.

In respect of the Supreme Court of Justice, it should be noted that there was an increase in the number of cases pending from 2018 to 2020, considering that the number of cases that ended from 2018 to 2020 was relatively lower than the number of cases brought in those years. The rise in the number of pending cases in the year 2020 is also partly explained by the decrease in court activity in the year 2020 due to the Covid-19 pandemic situation.

5. Public prosecution services in Portugal

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Portugal has the following 10 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The Public Prosecution Service is the organ responsible for the penal action, intervening in all procedural stages in compliance with the principle of lawfulness. It is of its competence to receive denunciations/complaints/penal notifications and decide on their follow up; to lead the stage of inquest; to deduce accusation and to support it in trial; to present appeals; to promote the enforcement of the applied sentences.

As to the possibility to close a case without a judicial decision, the management of the inquest is of its sole responsibility (the intervention of the judge, at this stage, is exceptional and is limited to certain actions concerning the rights, freedoms and guaranties of citizens). The case should be filed in the presence of enough proof that the crime was not committed nor the defendant has committed it, that the procedure is legally admissible (namely due to the prescription of the penal procedure), or in the cases where it was not possible to obtain enough evidence that the crime occurred or of who committed it. However, the decision to file is liable of being verified judicially whenever the defendant or the assistant request the opening of the stage of finding of facts (optional), which falls under the jurisdiction of the judge.

As for the impossibility of the Public Prosecution to close the case, without a court decision, due to the imposition of a penal measure, once the investigation has ended and once enough evidence has been collected as to the fact that a crime has been committed and as to who was the perpetrator, there are alternative mechanisms to the deduction of the accusation. Namely, the Public Prosecution Service may decide on the temporary suspension of the case (conditioned to the fulfillment by the defendant of several payment orders) but this always depends on the agreement of the defendant, of the assistant (in case there is one) and of the judge.

The category "other significant powers" encompasses arrests of suspects in situations of flagrante crime and conduct of house and office searches.

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil, administrative and insolvency cases.

In general, it is particularly incumbent on the Public Prosecution Service (PPS):

- (i) to represent the State, the Autonomous Regions and the local authorities (at their request), minors, adults with incapacity/accompanied adults (persons under "guardianship"/ accompanying measures) and those whose whereabouts are unknown;
- (ii) to defend the collective and diffuse interests in the cases falling within the law (such as public health, environment and cultural heritage);
- (iii) to uphold the independence of the courts within its powers and to insure that the jurisdictional duties are carried out pursuant to the Constitution and the laws applying thereto;
- (iv) to promote the enforcement of court decisions within its powers.

Its intervention is subordinated to the defense of the public interest, whether it acts in representation or based on its powers and own initiative.

In the civil area, the PPS intervenes actively in domains such as: proceedings regarding diffuse interests; claims and/or enforcement proceedings concerning civil non-contractual liability issues deriving from unlawful or lawful acts; proceedings in case of estate in abeyance; proceedings regarding the legality of statutes of non-profit legal persons; proceedings for nullity of horizontal property incorporation deeds; debt recovery proceedings.

In the area of family and children, the PPS intervenes in cases where the maternity and/or paternity of the minor is not established, being responsible for instructing unofficial investigation proceedings, proposing judicial actions and monitoring them in court.

In the field of civil measures, PPS proposes, on behalf of minors, actions to regulate the exercise of parental responsibilities, to amend regulations already established, in addition to deducting incidents of non-compliance in cases of non-compliance with the provisions regarding residence, maintenance or contacts/visits, among others. It also has an important role on adoption procedures.

The current system for the protection of children and young people in danger gives the PPS the power to monitor and supervise the activities of protection commissions, assess the legality and adequacy of their decisions and promote adequate judicial procedures.

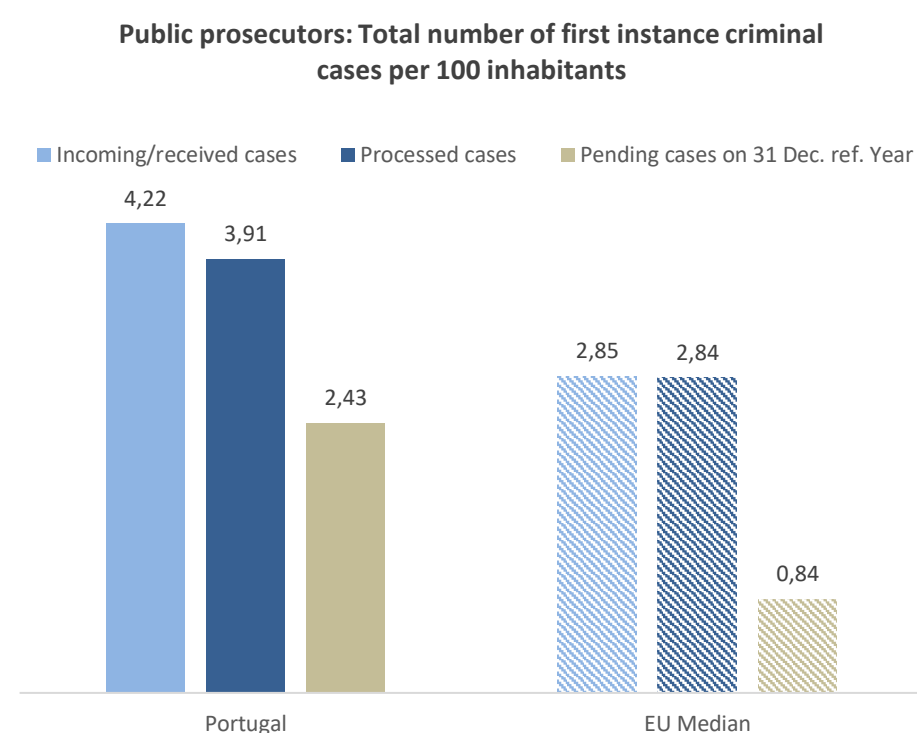
In terms of educational protection, when a minor aged between 12 and 16 years practices a fact qualified by law as a crime, it is the responsibility of the PPS to initiate the investigation phase and direct it and, in the end, the case if justified, request the opening of the jurisdictional phase.

In insolvency proceedings, the PPS represents the State and the workers (regardless of their socioeconomic status and nationality and as an alternative to a lawyer). In the labour area, in addition to the representation of workers, it is also the responsibility of the PPS to control the legality of the constitution and statutes of trade union and employer associations and workers' committees.

With regard to administrative cases, the PPS represents the State in cases where property and non-property interests are at stake (e.g public health, environment, town and territorial planning).

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	217 314	2,11
2. Incoming/received cases	434 878	4,22
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	402 243	3,91
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	NA	NA
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NA	NA
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NA	NA
3.4. Cases brought to court	40 328	0,39
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	249 949	2,43



It should be pointed out that the data indicated in the category "number of processed cases" corresponds to the total number of criminal cases at the investigation stage that have been closed.

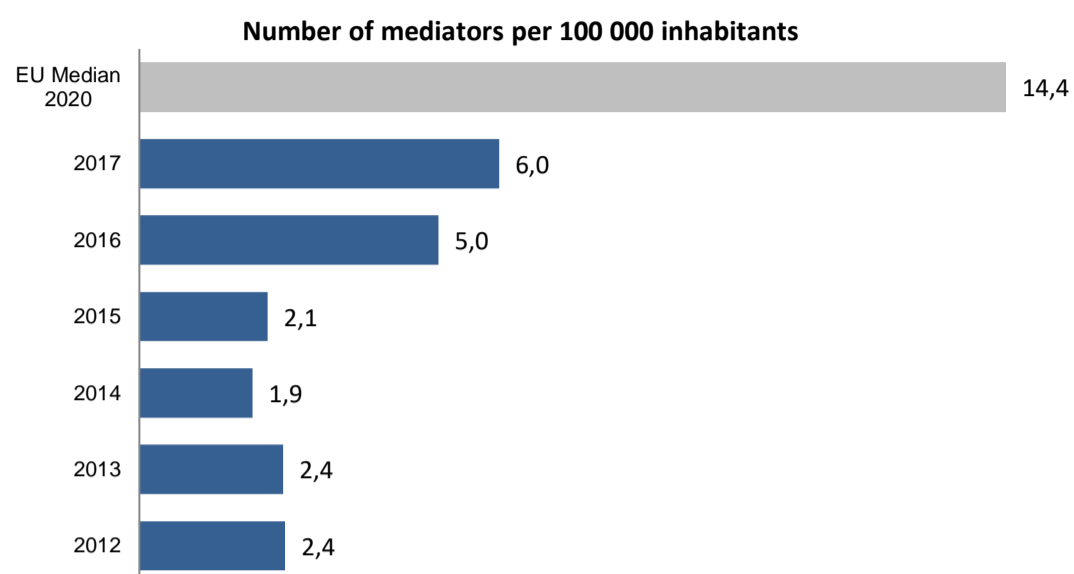
The Public Prosecutor's Office closes the inquiry as soon as it has gathered sufficient evidence that no crime has been committed, that the defendant has not committed it or that the procedure is legally inadmissible.

The Public Prosecutor's Office also closes the inquiry if it has not been possible to obtain sufficient evidence that a crime has been committed or who the perpetrators were.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Portugal

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	255	2,4
2013	250	2,4
2014	196	1,9
2015	221	2,1
2016	514	5,0
2017	617	6,0
2018	NA	NA
2019	NA	NA
2020	NA	NA



The variation between 2019 and 2020 cannot be calculated.

It should be noted that in Portugal, there is a national registry on private mediators and also a national registry on public mediators, but it is not possible to determine which of them practice court-related mediation. Besides, since the registration is not mandatory, there are also some mediators that are not registered and may practice court-related mediation.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	1677	1677	649
Family cases	214	214	73
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Portugal

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	7,6	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	6,2	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	1,5	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	3,3	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	8,2	6,9

The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

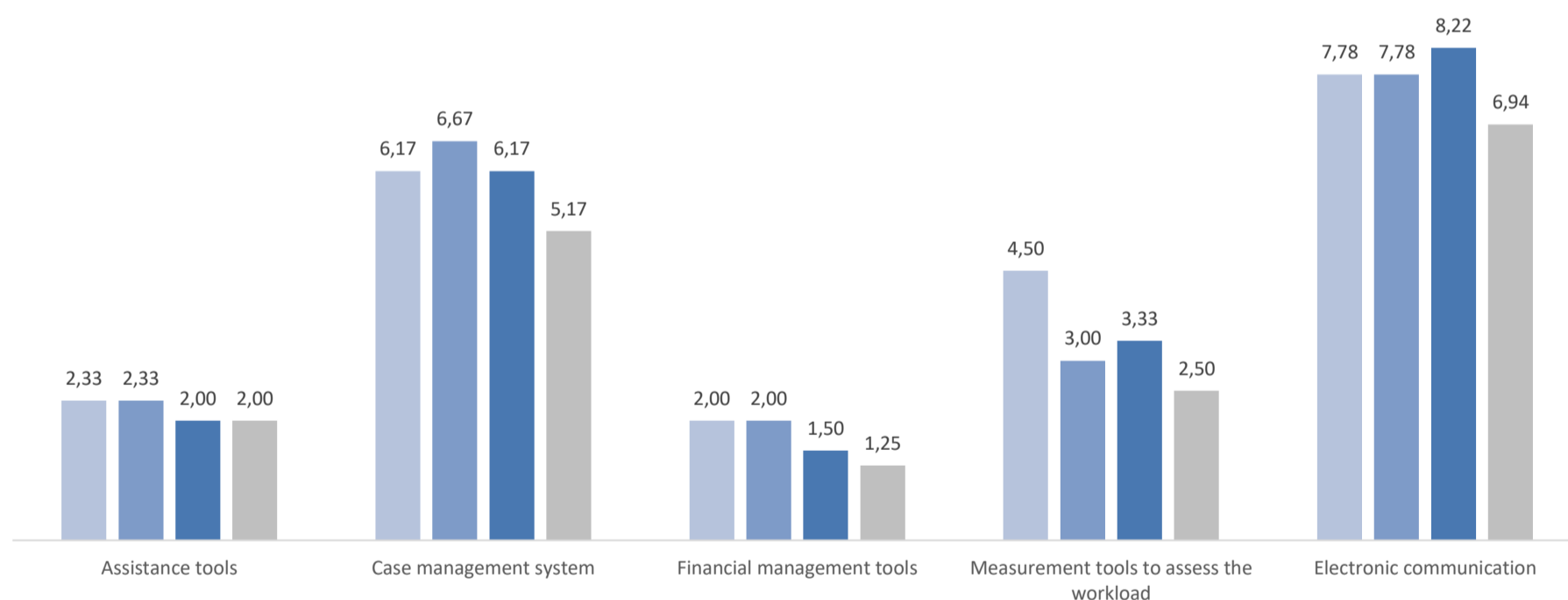
The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020

■ 2018 ■ 2019 ■ 2020 ■ EU Median 2020



Comments on voice recording tools

Concerning the voice recognition feature, there was a pilot project ongoing in the previous evaluation cycle, but it still wasn't implemented. Portugal is currently working to implement tools for Automatic Speech Recognition.

Comments on CMS

In the previous cycle (2019 data) some SIEJ (BI) implementation may have been considered. However, regarding the Courts there is no BI involved, but rather an extraction process, defined by protocol with the Directorate-General of Justice Policy.

Comments on measurement tools on workload

There is no specific general management tool to access the workload of non-judge staff/non prosecutor staff. The information is collected directly from the case management system and then it is organized by the General Directorate of Administration of Justice/Ministry of Justice.

Comments on communication tools

For the moment, in Portugal it is not foreseen to expand electronic communication to judicial experts.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Portugal

In Portugal, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Law on the organisation of the judicial system (Law 62/2013 of 26 August) sets out that the High Council for the Judiciary and the Prosecutor-General, in liaison with the member of Government responsible for the justice, establish, within their respective competences, the strategic objectives for first instance courts for a three-year period. These entities are also responsible for setting, every year, the strategic objectives of first instance courts for the following judicial year.

Taking into account the results obtained in the previous year and the strategic objectives formulated for the subsequently year, the president of the court and the public prosecutor coordinator, after hearing the judiciary administrator, articulate proposals for the procedural objectives for each court. This system, very recent, is currently being implemented, subject to improvements, and only covers civil and commercial cases.

In respect of quality standards determined for the judicial system at national level, for instance, the Prosecutor General's Directives and Instructions define good practices of functional performance at national level and their compliance may be viewed an indicator of the quality of the work developed (example, Directive 5/2019, on acting in cases of domestic violence (<https://dre.pt/home/-/dre/126870404/details/maximized> - text in Portuguese).

In addition to Directives and Instructions, the performance assessment system for prosecutors is based on quality criteria/performance parameters, as a rule, uniformly applied at national level.

As regards specialised personnel entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards, the High Council of the Public Prosecution Service has "inspectors" ("inspctores") who assess the quality of the work carried out by the prosecutors, applying national quality criteria or standards.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In 2020, the option "satisfaction of users" has been included because one of the tasks of the president judge of the court is to monitor and evaluate the activity of the court, in particular the quality of the justice service provided to citizens, taking into account particular complaints or responses to satisfaction questionnaires (article 94 of Law 62/2013, 26th August, on the judicial organization).

In Portugal, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

It should be mentioned that besides an annual report, there are also a trimestral and semestral statistics to evaluate judge's performance. Furthermore, regarding the Administrative and Tax Courts, the reports are semestral.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

For this cycle, the clearance rate and disposition time indicators were included because one of the tasks of the public prosecutor coordinator is to monitor and evaluate the activity of the public prosecutors services, including the efficiency of procedures (Article 101 of Law 62/2013, 26th August on judicial organization).

In Portugal, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions													
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020					
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																							
Q1 Number of inhabitants	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	10 295 909		-1,8%	-0,6%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%	-0,2%	-0,1%	0,2%	0,0%				
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	15 607	15 890	16 637	17 317	17 905	18 744	19 614	20 660	19 638		25,8%	1,8%	4,7%	4,1%	3,4%	4,7%	4,6%	5,3%	-4,9%				
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	True	True	True	True	True	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases								True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)								True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases								True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases								True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs								True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff								True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff								False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures								False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals								False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio								False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate								True	True	True
078.1.13 Disposition time								True	True	True
078.1.14 Other								False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators										True

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	True	True	True										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	False	False	False										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	False	False										
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True										

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									True										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									False										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True										
073-6.1.4 Other									False										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	True	True	True									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	True									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True									

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									True										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False										

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	591	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	151	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	231	231	292	292	292	150	150	145	145	-37,2%	0,0%	26,4%	0,0%	0,0%	-48,6%	0,0%	-3,3%	0,0%	
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	440	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	102	102	248	248	245	411	411	435	436	327,5%	0,0%	143,1%	0,0%	-1,2%	67,8%	0,0%	5,8%	0,2%	
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	4	4	20	20	20	20	20	23	23	475,0%	0,0%	400,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	15,0%	0,0%	
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	47	47	44	44	44	44	44	44	45	-4,3%	0,0%	-6,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,3%	
43.1.5 Family courts	19	19	45	45	45	49	49	51	52	173,7%	0,0%	136,8%	0,0%	0,0%	8,9%	0,0%	4,1%	2,0%	
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NA	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	5	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%	-16,7%	
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	12	7	114	114	114	276	276	293	293	2341,7%	-41,7%	1528,6%	0,0%	0,0%	142,1%	0,0%	6,2%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	319	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	318	319	253	253	253	312	312	316	328	3,1%	0,3%	-20,7%	0,0%	0,0%	23,3%	0,0%	1,3%	3,8%

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																				
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																				
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																				
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																				
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 595 259	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	355 821	362 099	NA	369 190	312 255	271 902	230 602	202 485	185 390	185 390	-47,9%	1,8%	-	-	-15,4%	-12,9%	-15,2%	-12,2%	-8,4%	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	68 332	75 515	72 589	71 446	68 923	66 089	66 089	-	-	-	-	10,5%	-3,9%	-1,6%	-3,5%	-4,1%	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	718 369	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	369 178	322 689	NA	316 060	308 880	300 833	296 748	323 236	254 568	254 568	-31,0%	-12,6%	-	-	-2,3%	-2,6%	-1,4%	8,9%	-21,2%	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	34 850	26 049	25 091	24 382	27 335	20 731	20 731	-	-	-	-	-25,3%	-3,7%	-2,8%	12,1%	-24,2%	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	689 351	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	360 694	332 948	NA	367 725	346 863	340 071	323 967	339 370	248 992	-31,0%	-7,7%	-	-	-5,7%	-2,0%	-4,7%	4,8%	-26,6%	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	27 810	29 048	26 343	27 055	29 018	26 144	-	-	-	-	4,5%	-9,3%	2,7%	7,3%	-9,9%	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 624 277	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	364 305	351 840	NA	317 525	274 272	232 664	203 383	186 351	190 966	-47,6%	-3,4%	-	-	-13,6%	-15,2%	-12,6%	-8,4%	2,5%	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	75 372	72 516	71 337	68 773	67 240	60 676	-	-	-	-	-3,8%	-1,6%	-3,6%	-2,2%	-9,8%	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																			
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	96,0%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97,7%	103,2%	NA	116,3%	112,3%	113,0%	109,2%	105,0%	97,8%		0,11	5,61	-	-	(3,48)	0,66	(3,42)	(3,83)	(6,84)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	79,8%	111,5%	105,0%	111,0%	106,2%	126,1%		-	-	-	-	39,74	(5,85)	5,69	(4,33)	18,80
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	860	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	369	386	NA	315	289	250	229	200	280		-24,1%	4,6%	-	-	-8,4%	-13,5%	-8,2%	-12,5%	39,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	989	911	988	928	846	847		-	-	-	-	-7,9%	8,5%	-6,1%	-8,8%	0,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	7 627	7 195	NA	7 801	5 294	4 408	3 871	3 560	3 427	-55,1%	-5,7%	-	-	-32,1%	-16,7%	-12,2%	-8,0%	-3,7%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	6 448	5 721	NA	3 533	2 493	1 733	1 462	1 327	1 286	-80,1%	-11,3%	-	-	-29,4%	-30,5%	-15,6%	-9,2%	-3,1%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	3 568	4 316	NA	4 527	3 482	2 562	2 175	1 726	1 537	-56,9%	21,0%	-	-	-23,1%	-26,4%	-15,1%	-20,6%	-11,0%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	9 638	9 281	NA	9 167	9 131	9 351	8 256	9 014	7 081	-26,5%	-3,7%	-	-	-0,4%	2,4%	-11,7%	9,2%	-21,4%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	7 897	5 951	NA	4 498	3 663	3 469	3 312	3 179	3 710	-53,0%	-24,6%	-	-	-18,6%	-5,3%	-4,5%	-4,0%	16,7%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	20 776	20 068	NA	17 325	14 746	13 986	12 437	12 236	10 163	-51,1%	-3,4%	-	-	-14,9%	-5,2%	-11,1%	-1,6%	-16,9%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	9 975	9 590	NA	11 387	9 966	9 855	8 560	9 128	6 931	-30,5%	-3,9%	-	-	-12,5%	-1,1%	-13,1%	6,6%	-24,1%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	8 659	7 662	NA	5 529	4 598	3 853	3 559	3 239	3 203	-63,0%	-11,5%	-	-	-16,8%	-16,2%	-7,6%	-9,0%	-1,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	19 969	20 065	NA	18 206	15 625	14 282	12 748	12 381	10 077	-49,5%	0,5%	-	-	-14,2%	-8,6%	-10,7%	-2,9%	-18,6%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	7 290	6 886	NA	5 581	4 459	3 904	3 567	3 446	3 577	-50,9%	-5,5%	-	-	-20,1%	-12,4%	-8,6%	-3,4%	3,8%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	5 686	4 010	NA	2 502	1 558	1 349	1 215	1 267	1 793	-68,5%	-29,5%	-	-	-37,7%	-13,4%	-9,9%	4,3%	41,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	4 375	4 319	NA	3 556	2 603	2 266	1 864	1 581	1 623	-62,9%	-1,3%	-	-	-26,8%	-12,9%	-17,7%	-15,2%	2,7%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	103,5%	103,3%	NA	124,2%	109,1%	105,4%	103,7%	101,3%	97,9%	(5,43)	(0,16)	-	-	(12,13)	(3,44)	(1,62)	(2,33)	(3,34)
CR Employment dismissal cases	109,6%	128,8%	NA	122,9%	125,5%	111,1%	107,5%	101,9%	86,3%	(21,26)	17,42	-	-	2,12	(11,52)	(3,25)	(5,18)	(15,27)
CR Insolvency cases	96,1%	100,0%	NA	105,1%	106,0%	102,1%	102,5%	101,2%	99,2%	3,16	4,03	-	-	0,83	(3,63)	0,38	(1,28)	(2,01)
DT Litigious divorce cases	267	262	NA	179	163	145	152	138	188	-29,4%	-1,7%	-	-	-8,7%	-11,5%	5,2%	-9,4%	36,7%
DT Employment dismissal cases	240	191	NA	165	124	128	125	143	204	-14,8%	-20,3%	-	-	-25,1%	3,3%	-2,5%	14,6%	43,1%
DT Insolvency cases	80	79	NA	71	61	58	53	47	59	-26,5%	-1,8%	-	-	-14,7%	-4,8%	-7,8%	-12,7%	26,1%

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 031	11 039	11 776	12 864	14 087	14 803	14 881	-	-	-	119,4%	6,7%	9,2%	9,5%	5,1%	0,5%	
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	4 731	5 733	6 346	6 547	6 175	5 811	-	-	-	-	21,2%	10,7%	3,2%	-5,7%	-5,9%	
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	6 308	6 043	6 518	7 540	8 628	9 070	-	-	-	-	-4,2%	7,9%	15,7%	14,4%	5,1%	
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			18 220	24 269	24 755	25 963	24 849	24 466	20 067	-	-	-	33,2%	2,0%	4,9%	-4,3%	-1,5%	-18,0%	
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	20 684	20 946	21 671	20 661	20 123	15 838	-	-	-	-	1,3%	3,5%	-4,7%	-2,6%	-21,3%	
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	3 585	3 809	4 292	4 188	4 343	4 229	-	-	-	-	6,2%	12,7%	-2,4%	3,7%	-2,6%	
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			18 520	25 532	23 666	24 738	24 130	24 387	20 952	-	-	-	37,9%	-7,3%	4,5%	-2,5%	1,1%	-14,1%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	19 682	20 332	21 468	21 030	20 486	17 045	-	-	-	-	3,3%	5,6%	-2,0%	-2,6%	-16,8%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	3 850	3 334	3 270	3 100	3 901	3 907	-	-	-	-	-13,4%	-1,9%	-5,2%	25,8%	0,2%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 731	11 776	12 865	14 089	14 806	14 882	13 996	-	-	-	148,9%	9,2%	9,5%	5,1%	0,5%	-6,0%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	5 733	6 347	6 549	6 178	5 812	4 604	-	-	-	-	10,7%	3,2%	-5,7%	-5,9%	-20,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	6 043	6 518	7 540	8 628	9 070	9 392	-	-	-	-	7,9%	15,7%	14,4%	5,1%	3,6%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			101,6%	105,2%	95,6%	95,3%	97,1%	99,7%	104,4%	-	-	-	3,50	(9,13)	(0,33)	1,92	2,65	4,75
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	95,2%	97,1%	99,1%	101,8%	101,8%	107,6%	-	-	-	-	2,01	2,05	2,75	0,02	5,71
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	107,4%	87,5%	76,2%	74,0%	89,8%	92,4%	-	-	-	-	(18,50)	(12,96)	(2,84)	21,35	2,85
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			93	168	198	208	224	223	244	-	-	-	80,6%	17,9%	4,8%	7,7%	-0,5%	9,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	106	114	111	107	104	99	-	-	-	-	7,2%	-2,3%	-3,7%	-3,4%	-4,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	573	714	842	1016	849	877	-	-	-	-	24,6%	17,9%	20,7%	-16,5%	3,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			447	1 320	1 492	1 559	1 394	1 442	1 739	-	-	-	195,3%	13,0%	4,5%	-10,6%	3,4%	20,6%	
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	414	416	436	332	378	532	-	-	-	-	0,5%	4,8%	-23,9%	13,9%	40,7%	
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	906	1 076	1 123	1 062	1 064	1 207	-	-	-	-	18,8%	4,4%	-5,4%	0,2%	13,4%	
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 253	4 094	4 069	3 995	3 919	4 107	3 698	-	-	-	81,7%	-0,6%	-1,8%	-1,9%	4,8%	-10,0%	
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	2 610	2 748	2 631	2 850	2 943	2 662	-	-	-	-	5,3%	-4,3%	8,3%	3,3%	-9,5%	
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	1 484	1 321	1 364	1 069	1 164	1 036	-	-	-	-	-11,0%	3,3%	-21,6%	8,9%	-11,0%	
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 285	3 922	4 002	4 160	3 870	3 810	3 623	-	-	-	71,6%	2,0%	3,9%	-7,0%	-1,6%	-4,9%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	2 608	2 728	2 735	2 803	2 789	2 375	-	-	-	-	4,6%	0,3%	2,5%	-0,5%	-14,8%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	1 314	1 274	1 425	1 067	1 021	1 248	-	-	-	-	-3,0%	11,9%	-25,1%	-4,3%	22,2%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			415	1 492	1 559	1 394	1 443	1 739	1 814	-	-	-	259,5%	4,5%	-10,6%	3,5%	20,5%	4,3%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	416	436	332	379	532	819	-	-	-	-	4,8%	-23,9%	14,2%	40,4%	53,9%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	1 076	1 123	1 062	1 064	1 207	995	-	-	-	-	4,4%	-5,4%	0,2%	13,4%	-17,6%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			101,4%	95,8%	98,4%	104,1%	98,7%	92,8%	98,0%	-	-	-	(5,54)	2,67	5,87	(5,17)	(6,06)	5,61
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	99,9%	99,3%	104,0%	98,4%	94,8%	89,2%	-	-	-	-	(0,65)	4,71	(5,39)	(3,64)	(5,85)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	88,5%	96,4%	104,5%	99,8%	87,7%	120,5%	-	-	-	-	8,92	8,33	(4,46)	(12,12)	37,34
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			66	139	142	122	136	167	183	-	-	-	109,5%	2,4%	-14,0%	11,3%	22,4%	9,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	58	58	44	49	70	126	-	-	-	-	0,2%	-24,0%	11,4%	41,1%	80,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	299	322	272	364	431	291	-	-	-	-	7,6%	-15,5%	33,8%	18,6%	-32,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									41 395	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									38 178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									1 654	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									1 563	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									63 435	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									51 701	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									4 416	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									7 318	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									59 309	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									48 078	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									3 952	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									7 279	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									45 521	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									41 801	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									2 118	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									1 602	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									15 941	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									15 413	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									86	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									442	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									93,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									93,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									89,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									99,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									280	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									317	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									3 577	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									8 778	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									8 894	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									3 461	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																			
CR of Total									101,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									142	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									156	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									156	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									959	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									959	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									942	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									942	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									98,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Severe cases									98,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 5: Access to justice																			
Legal aid																			
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																			
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True									
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True									
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True									
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True									
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True									
020.1.1 Total										115 349									
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										NA									
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										NA									
020.2.1 Total brought to court										113 642									
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										1 707									
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										30									
020-1.1.2 Average duration										100									

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	No										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	No										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties										

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Integrated	Fully integrated including BI	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Integrated	Fully integrated including BI	Integrated									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Integrated	Fully integrated including BI	Integrated									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								100%	100%	0% (NAP)									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	0% (NAP)									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	True	True	NAP									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	True	True	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	True	True	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	True	True	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	True	True	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	True	True	NAP									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False									

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	False	False										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	False	False										
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							NA	NA											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							True	-	-										
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							True	-	-										
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							True	-	-										
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							True	-	-										
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True										
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	False	False										
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)										Lawyers								
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)										Lawyers								
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)										Lawyers								

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							NA	NA	0% (NAP)									
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							Other	Other	Other									
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)																		
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	True	False									
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True									

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 009	2 025	1 990	1 990	1 986	2 059	1 979	1 999	1 999	-0,5%	0,8%	-1,7%	0,0%	-0,2%	3,7%	-3,9%	1,0%	0,0%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 480	1 525	1 478	1 495	1 479	1 486	1 456	1 443	1 447	-2,2%	3,0%	-3,1%	1,2%	-1,1%	0,5%	-2,0%	-0,9%	0,3%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	445	425	430	411	425	493	452	479	472	6,1%	-4,5%	1,2%	-4,4%	3,4%	16,0%	-8,3%	6,0%	-1,5%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	84	75	82	84	82	80	71	77	80	-4,8%	-10,7%	9,3%	2,4%	-2,4%	-2,4%	-11,3%	8,5%	3,9%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	864	849	828	815	809	792	767	761	759	-12,2%	-1,7%	-2,5%	-1,6%	-0,7%	-2,1%	-3,2%	-0,8%	-0,3%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	507	518	494	498	493	479	463	455	459	-9,5%	2,2%	-4,6%	0,8%	-1,0%	-2,8%	-3,3%	-1,7%	0,9%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	282	263	267	249	250	253	253	254	246	-12,8%	-6,7%	1,5%	-6,7%	0,4%	1,2%	0,0%	0,4%	-3,1%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	75	68	67	68	66	60	51	52	54	-28,0%	-9,3%	-1,5%	1,5%	-2,9%	-9,1%	-15,0%	2,0%	3,8%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 145	1 176	1 162	1 175	1 177	1 213	1 212	1 238	1 240	8,3%	2,7%	-1,2%	1,1%	0,2%	3,1%	-0,1%	2,1%	0,2%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	973	1 007	984	997	986	1 007	993	988	988	1,5%	3,5%	-2,3%	1,3%	-1,1%	2,1%	-1,4%	-0,5%	0,0%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	163	162	163	162	175	186	199	225	226	38,7%	-0,6%	0,6%	-0,6%	8,0%	6,3%	7,0%	13,1%	0,4%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	9	7	15	16	16	20	20	25	26	188,9%	-22,2%	114,3%	6,7%	0,0%	25,0%	0,0%	25,0%	4,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 447	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	472	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	179	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 731	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	407	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 110	6 005	5 698	5 799	5 652	5 789	5 818	5 829	5 779	-5,4%	-1,7%	-5,1%	1,8%	-2,5%	2,4%	0,5%	0,2%	-0,9%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	5 601	5 558	5 293	5 422	5 342	5 465	5 486	5 465	5 357	-4,4%	-0,8%	-4,8%	2,4%	-1,5%	2,3%	0,4%	-0,4%	-2,0%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	256	217	101	88	92	78	94	103	104	-59,4%	-15,2%	-53,5%	-12,9%	4,5%	-15,2%	20,5%	9,6%	1,0%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	251	230	227	225	210	246	238	261	317	26,3%	-8,4%	-1,3%	-0,9%	-6,7%	17,1%	-3,3%	9,7%	21,5%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	2	-	77	64	8	-	-	-	1	-50,0%	-	-	-16,9%	-87,5%	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	2 024	1 994	1 916	1 959	1 959	1 938	1 927	-	-	-	-1,5%	-3,9%	2,2%	0,0%	-1,1%	-0,6%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	1 860	1 844	1 805	1 846	1 836	1 807	1 780	-	-	-	-0,9%	-2,1%	2,3%	-0,5%	-1,6%	-1,5%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	62	57	57	48	63	63	60	-	-	-	-8,1%	0,0%	-15,8%	31,3%	0,0%	-4,8%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	58	57	53	65	60	68	86	-	-	-	-1,7%	-7,0%	22,6%	-7,7%	13,3%	26,5%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	44	36	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-18,2%	-97,2%	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 910	3 856	3 674	3 805	3 736	3 830	3 859	3 891	3 852	-1,5%	-1,4%	-4,7%	3,6%	-1,8%	2,5%	0,8%	0,8%	-1,0%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	3 635	3 607	3 433	3 578	3 537	3 619	3 650	3 658	3 577	-1,6%	-0,8%	-4,8%	4,2%	-1,1%	2,3%	0,9%	0,2%	-2,2%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	96	83	39	31	35	30	31	40	44	-54,2%	-13,5%	-53,0%	-20,5%	12,9%	-14,3%	3,3%	29,0%	10,0%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	179	166	169	168	157	181	178	193	231	29,1%	-7,3%	1,8%	-0,6%	-6,5%	15,3%	-1,7%	8,4%	19,7%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	33	28	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-15,2%	-75,0%	-	-	-	-	-

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									5 745	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									5 451	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									102	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 908	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									1 801	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									3 837	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									3 650	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 416	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									1 325	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									497	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									440	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									919	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									885	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									1 657	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									574	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 083	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	18 044 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	48 055 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	105 345 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	48 055 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	105 345 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	True										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	True										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																		
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																		
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	28 341	28 765	29 337	27 277	30 475	31 326	32 368	33 204	33 115	16,8%	1,5%	2,0%	-7,0%	11,7%	2,8%	3,3%	2,6%	-0,3%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	14 617	14 912	14 891	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,0%	-0,1%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	17 751	18 292	18 224	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,0%	-0,4%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Portugal (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	255	250	196	221	514	617	NA	NA	NA	-	-2,0%	-21,6%	12,8%	132,6%	20,0%	-	-	-	
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					1 241	1 133	2 455	2 653	1 677	-	-	-	-	-	-8,7%	116,7%	8,1%	-36,8%	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					434	300	221	300	214	-	-	-	-	-	-30,9%	-26,3%	35,7%	-28,7%	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					4	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

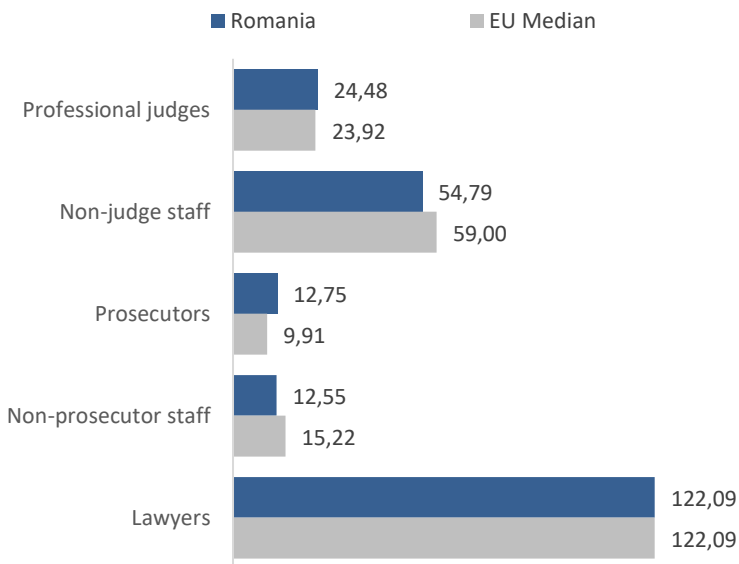
Judiciary at a glance in Romania

General data

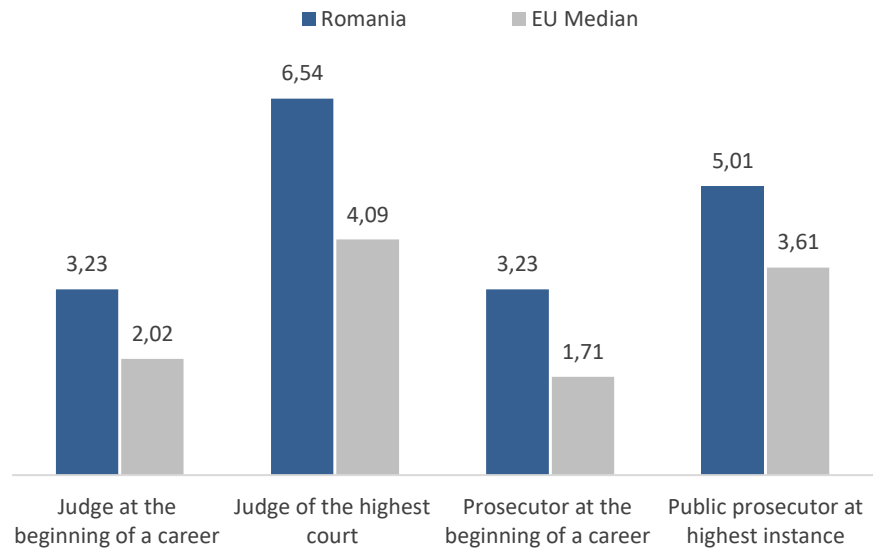
Population: 19 186 201 **GDP per capita:** 11 290 € **Average annual salary:** 13 385 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

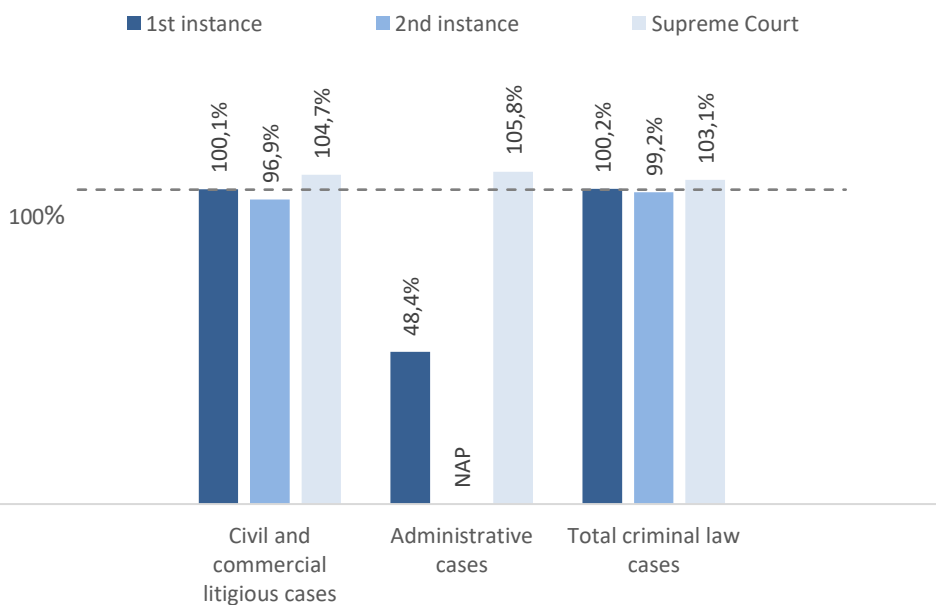


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

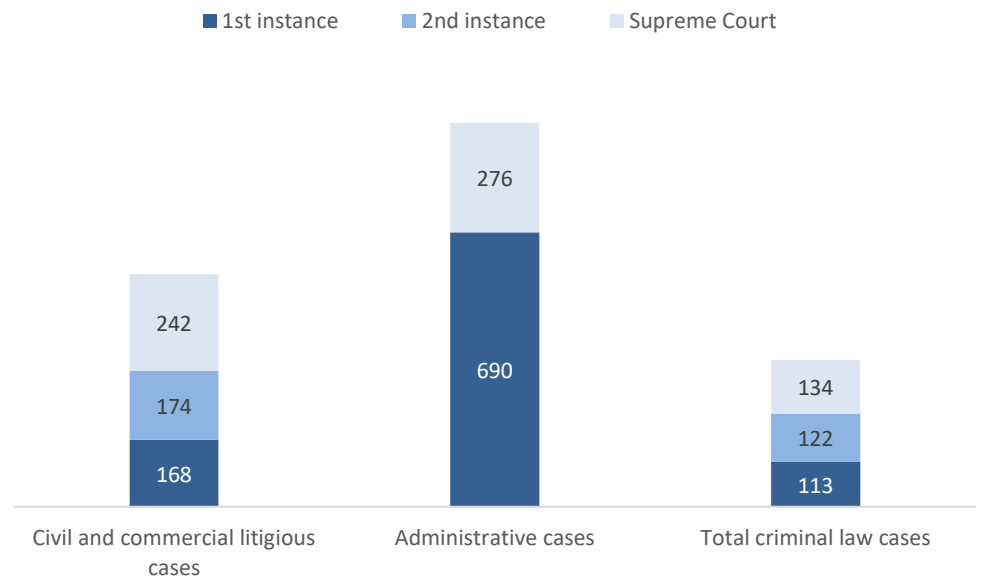


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

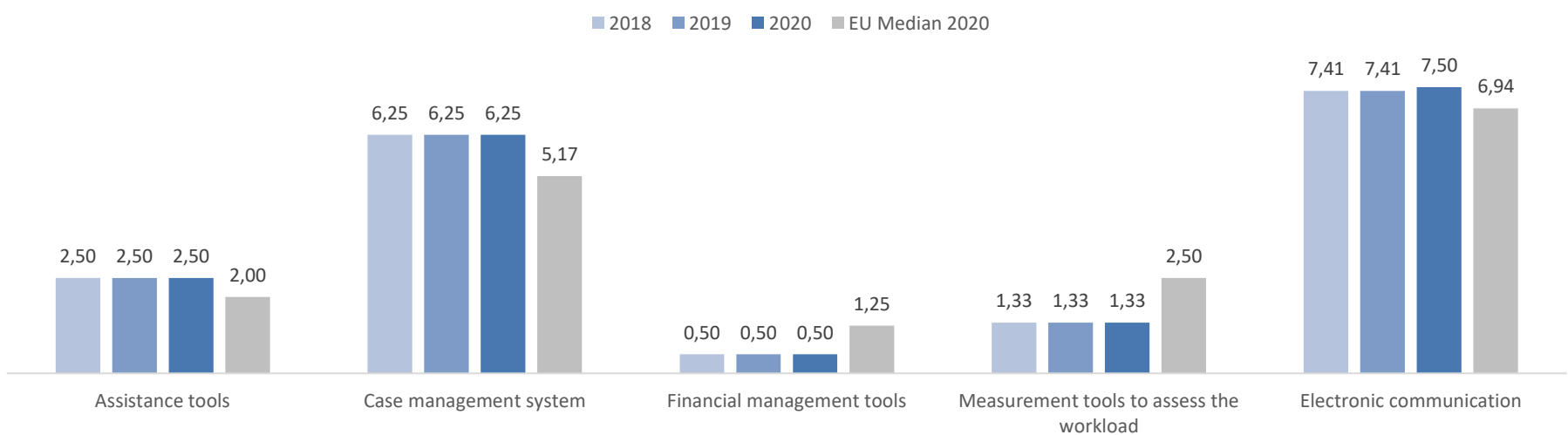


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

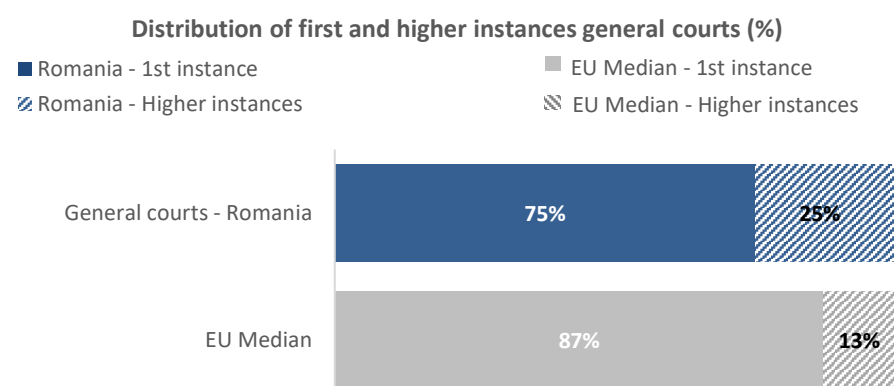
Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Romania

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	19 186 201	-9,9%	-11,9%	-1,2%	-0,6%	0,0%	-1,2%
GDP per capita	6 660	7 217	7 533	8 100	8 600	9 600	10 400	11 500	11 290	69,5%	14,2%	20,9%	8,3%	10,6%	-1,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	10,3%	1,3%	2,7%	0,1%	2,5%	1,9%
Average annual salary	5 556		6 152		7 085		11 574	12 829	13 385	140,9%	15,2%	63,4%		10,8%	4,3%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	20,2	22,6	20,5	23,3	23,6	23,9	24,1	24,5	24,0	18,5%	14,7%	2,3%	0,9%	1,6%	-2,1%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	43,6	48,3	45,5	51,9	52,4	54,5	54,9	55,1	54,8	25,7%	15,1%	4,8%	0,8%	0,3%	-0,6%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	98,2	117,0	104,3	119,6	118,2	117,9	117,9	121,3	122,1	24,3%	13,3%	-0,2%	0,0%	2,9%	0,6%
Mediators	19,4	54,4	30,7	59,2	25,9	24,3	23,6	57,9	58,7	202,3%	-15,7%	-8,7%	-2,7%	144,9%	1,4%
ICT overall assesment							6,4	6,4	6,5					0,0%	0,5%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	5,176	4,158	6,852	6,848	6,800	6,554	6,393	6,678	6,123	18,3%	-0,7%	-6,0%	-2,5%	4,5%	-8,3%
Administrative law cases	1,078	1,0	0,4	0,331	0,598	0,748	0,432	0,426	0,412	-61,8%	69,9%	-27,8%	-42,3%	-1,2%	-3,4%
Total criminal law cases									1,782						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	99%	112%	109%	105%	102%	99%	103%	100%	100%	1,11	-6,63	0,64	3,49	-2,28	-0,29
CR administrative law cases	78%	130%	161%	133%	92%	102%	118%	100%	48%	-29,69	-69,26	26,24	15,76	-17,67	-51,93
CR total criminal law cases									100%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	193	187	146	154	153	167	157	152	168	-12,9%	5,0%	2,8%	-6,0%	-3,0%	10,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)	272	106	179	170	170	114	117	138	690	153,9%	-5,0%	-30,9%	2,5%	18,0%	398,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									113						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,71	2,39	2,97	3,02	2,91	2,98	2,83	2,80	2,83	4,2%	-2,1%	-2,7%	-5,1%	-0,9%	1,0%
Administrative law cases	0,63	0,37	0,28	0,20	0,26	0,24	0,16	0,16	0,38	-39,9%	-8,1%	-35,8%	-31,8%	-0,9%	132,2%
Total criminal law cases									0,55						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			67%	93%	106%	97%	105%	100%	97%		39,79	-0,93	7,95	-5,41	-3,10
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									99%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			299	185	131	152	128	139	174		-56,3%	-2,2%	-16,0%	8,9%	25,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									122						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			166%	190%	126%	109%	80%	101%	105%		-39,92	-46,23	-29,55	21,19	3,67
CR administrative law cases			124%	126%	105%	83%	123%	100%	106%		-18,54	17,59	39,71	-23,28	5,96
CR total criminal law cases									103%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			143	102	170	193	246	215	242		18,7%	44,6%	27,7%	-12,8%	12,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)			117	142	185	184	149	264	276		57,8%	-19,6%	-18,9%	77,4%	4,4%
DT total criminal law cases									134						

1. Judicial organisation in Romania

In Romania there are 4-court levels: first instance courts (judecatorii), tribunals (tribunale), courts of appeal (curti de apel) and the High Court of Cassation and Justice (HCCJ). First instance courts (judecatorii) have a general jurisdiction and most of the cases start at this level. The appeals against the decisions of the first instance courts in civil matters are decided at the tribunals. The appeals in criminal matters against the decisions of the first instance courts are decided at the courts of appeal. More important cases may start at tribunals or at the courts of appeal and the appeals against the decisions of these courts are decided by higher courts. It is noteworthy that, according to the law, in Romania there are two types of appeal: first appeal which is an appeal on the merits and second appeal which is an appeal on the law ("recurs").

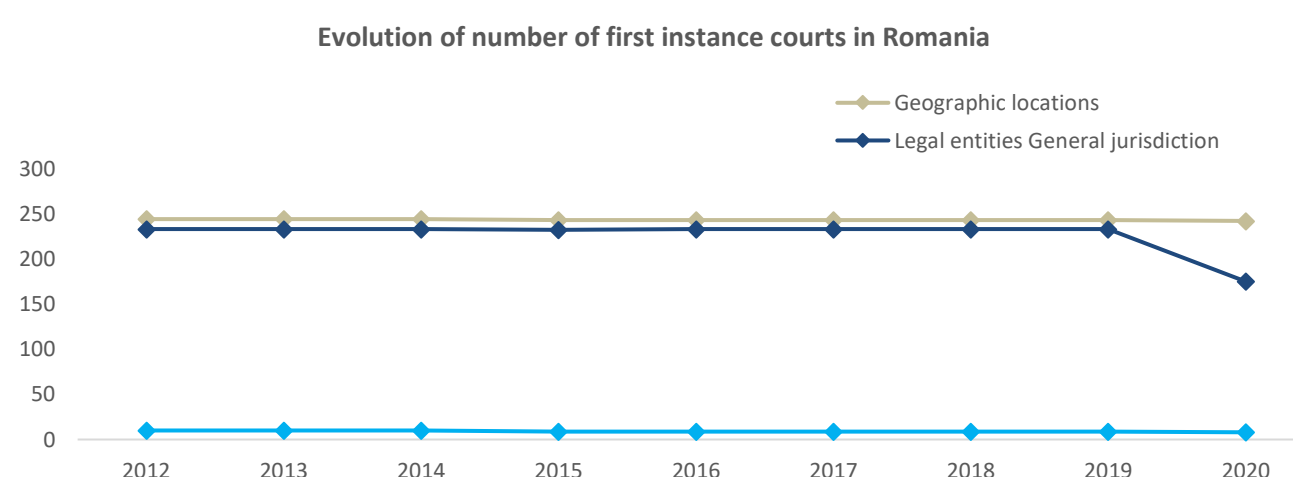
Distribution of general courts in Romania



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Romania is similar to the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Romania

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	244	233	10
2013	244	233	10
2014	244	233	10
2015	243	232	9
2016	243	233	9
2017	243	233	9
2018	243	233	9
2019	243	233	9
2020	242	175	8

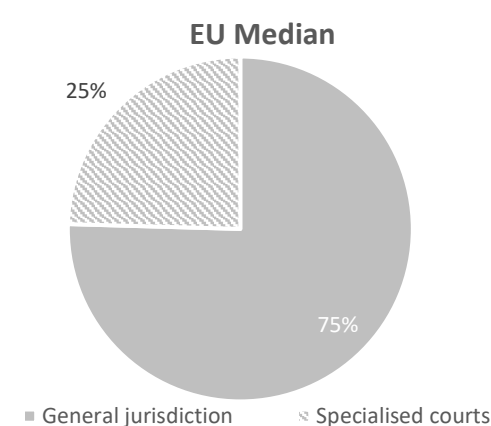
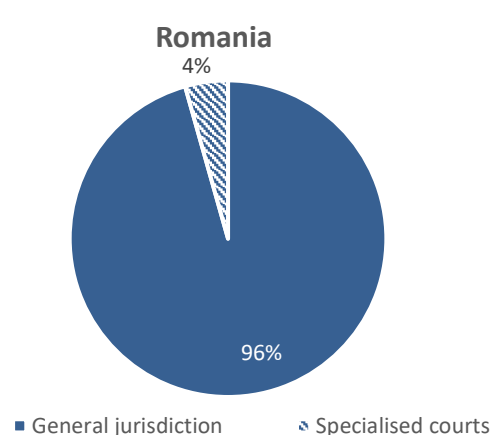


In Romania there are 175 judecatorii, first instance courts of general jurisdiction.

The number of "judecatorii" (geographic location) has decreased by one between 2019-2020 because the activity of Judecătoria Insuratei was suspended. 175 represent the first instance courts with general jurisdiction. Starting from 2020, the methodology of presentation of data changed and only "judecatorii" are counted as first instance courts of general jurisdiction, even if tribunals, courts of appeal and the High Court may also judge first instance cases.

It should also be mentioned that some of the first instance specialised courts share the location with "judecatorii".

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 95,6% - 4,4% is quite different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

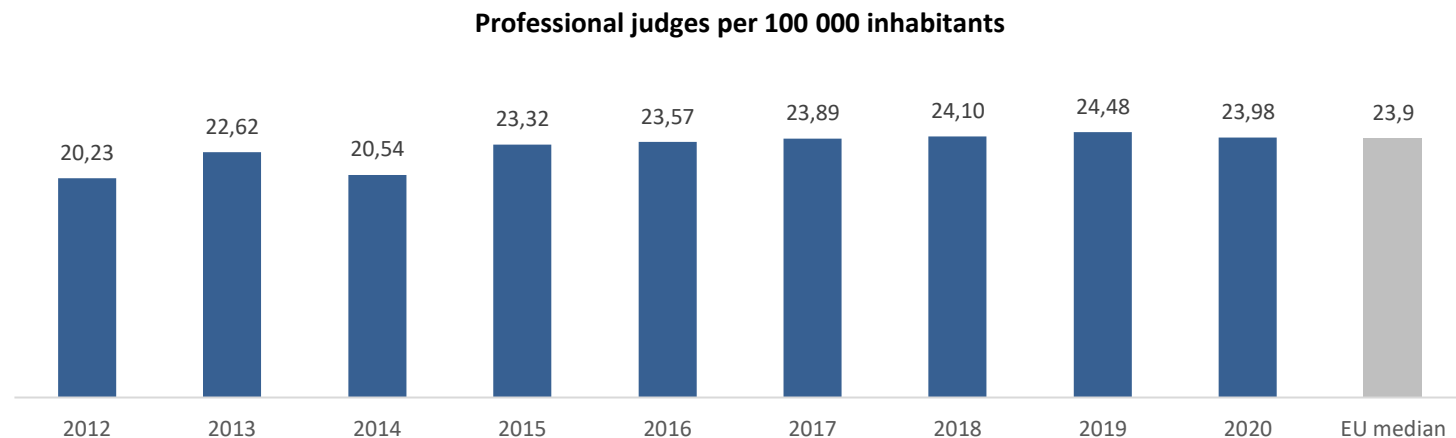
Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	8	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	3	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	1	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	4	1
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

2. Professionals of justice in Romania

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	4 310	20,23
2013	4 511	22,62
2014	4 577	20,54
2015	4 608	23,32
2016	4 628	23,57
2017	4 664	23,89
2018	4 677	24,10
2019	4 753	24,48
2020	4 600	23,98

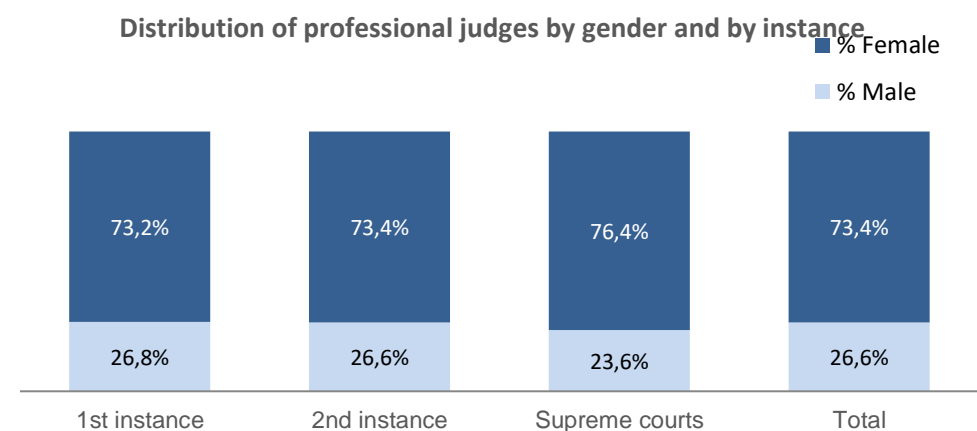
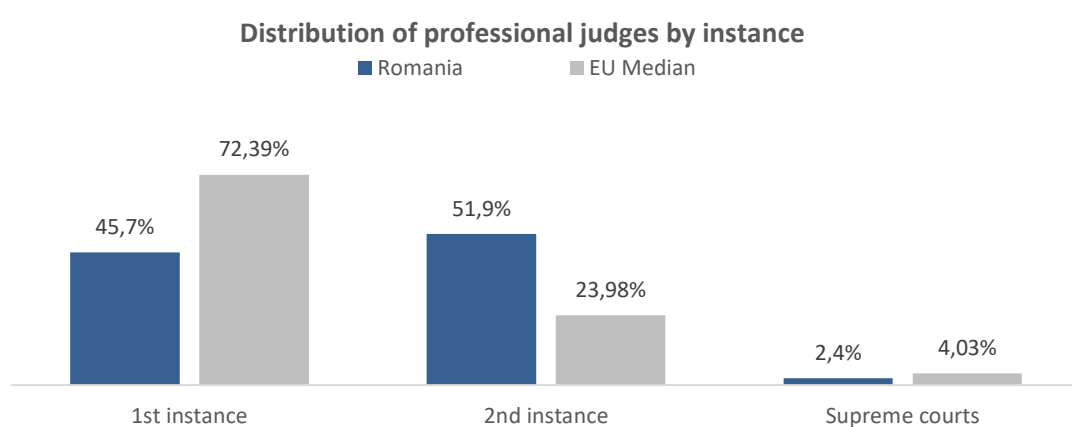


According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Romania is 4 600, which is -3,2% less than in the previous cycle.

More precisely, there are 23,98 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,29 non-judge staff per judge. The ratio non-judge staff per judge has slightly increased between 2019 and 2020 (in 2019, it was 2,25).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	2 103	45,7%	563	1 540	26,8%	73,2%
2nd instance	2 387	51,9%	634	1 753	26,6%	73,4%
Supreme courts	110	2,4%	26	84	23,6%	76,4%
Total	4 600		1 223	3 377	26,6%	73,4%



Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, Romania has different distribution of judges among instances. While the percentage of first instance judges is well below the EU median (45,7% vs 72,29%); the percentage of second instance judges is more than twice the EU Median (51,9% vs 23,98%). Moreover, the percentage of Supreme court judges is 2,4% (vs the EU median of 4,03%).

In Romania, there are four levels of courts (first instance courts, tribunals, courts of appeal and the High Court of Cassation and Justice). Only judges of the "judecatorii" are counted as first instance judges. In line with our previous reports, judges from tribunals and courts of appeal shall be included in the category "second instance professional judges", even though they may judge at first instance court according to the procedural provisions in terms of competences of tribunals and courts of appeal. Moreover even the High Court can judge in first instance for example in criminal cases according to the personal competence rules of procedure.

In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 3 377, which represents 73,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 2 103 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 1 540 are female); 2 387 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 1 753 are female) and 110 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 84 are female).

As regards the distribution of male/female judges, it should be noticed that in Romania there is very high percentage of female judges in all instances (73,2 % in first instance courts, 73,4% in second instance courts and 76,4% in Supreme courts).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

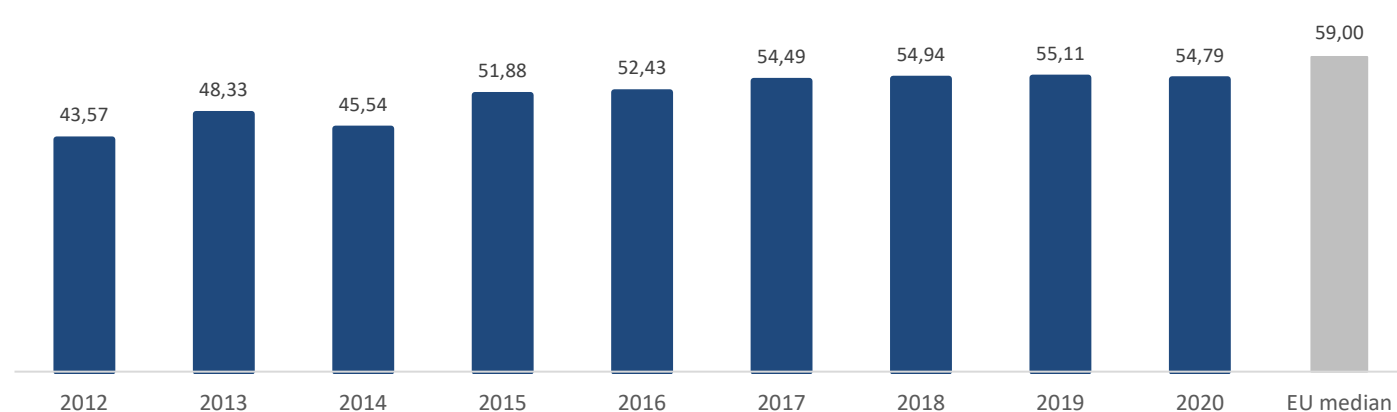
2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	2 103	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	2 387	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	110	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	4 600	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

In Romania, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is not possible since its statistical system does not collect information regarding a breakdown in the number of judges based on the different legal matters.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	9 283	9 639	10 147	10 251	10 297	10 638	10 662	10 700	10 512
Per 100 000 inhabitants	43,57	48,33	45,54	51,88	52,43	54,49	54,94	55,11	54,79

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	10 512	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	6 374	60,6%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 621	15,4%
Technical staff	1 682	16,0%
Other	835	7,9%

In 2020, Romania has 10 512 non-judge staff. The total number of non-judge staff reveals a decrease of -1,8% in comparison with the previous cycle.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 6 374 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which NA are women);
- 1 621 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which NA are women);
- 1 682 technical staff (of which NA are women);
- 835 other (of which NA are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has slightly decreased from 55,1 in 2019 to 54,8 in 2020.

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants increased from 24,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 24,0 in 2020.

The number indicated for the category “non-judge staff assisting judges” encompasses clerks with judicial tasks. The number indicated for “staff in charge of administrative tasks” concerns registering clerks, documentary clerks, statistician clerks, archivist clerks and public servants. Moreover, the number indicated for “technical staff” includes IT staff, contractual personnel and other personnel (drivers, ushers, procedural agents etc.). The category “other” includes assistance magistrates, judicial assistants and probation counselors.

The Assistance magistrates work only within the High Court of Cassation and Justice. They participate in the trial sessions, have a consultative vote in deliberations and write the minutes of the sessions, as well as the decisions.

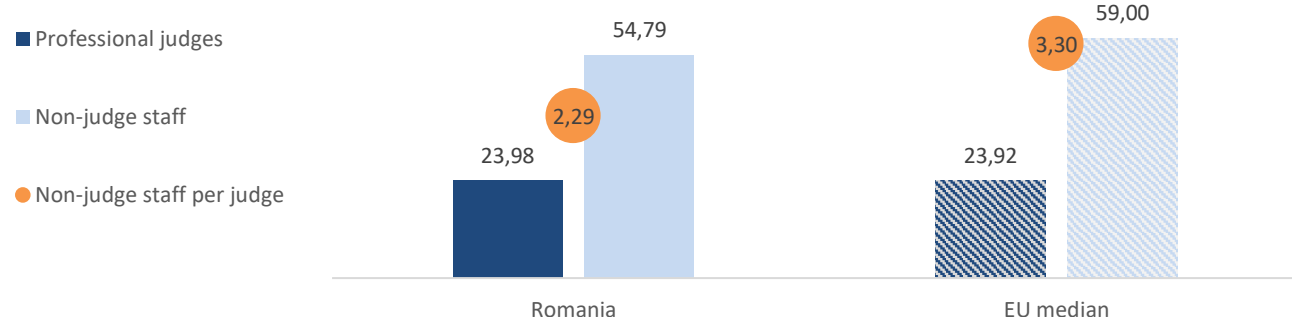
The Judicial assistants work only within tribunals and they are members of panels for first instance cases regarding labor and social insurances litigations. A panel is composed by 1 judge and 2 judicial assistants; the latter participate in the deliberations with a consultative vote and sign the decisions.

The probation counselors have, in principle, the following attributions: support the activity of judges by elaborating certain evaluation documents in criminal cases with juvenile offenders; support the activity of the judge delegated with enforcing decisions in criminal matters; cooperate with public institutions in order to execute the measure to force a minor to carry out an unpaid activity in an institution of public interest; initiate and carry on special programs of social reinsertion for persons convicted to prison and for minors who committed offences provided by the criminal law; carry out, at request, activities of individual counseling of offenders, with regard to the social, group and individual behavior; initiate and carry out special programmes of protection, social and judicial assistance of minors and youngsters who committed offences.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Romania	EU median
Professional judges	23,98	23,92
Non-judge staff	54,79	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	2,29	3,30

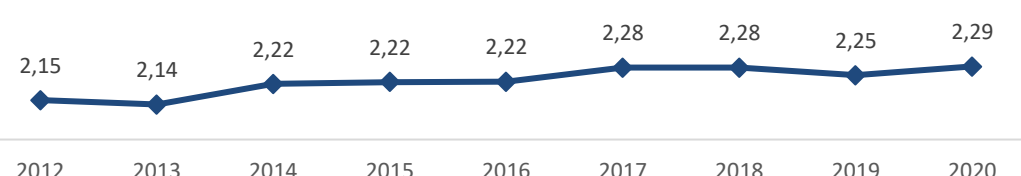
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	20,23	43,57	2,15
2013	22,62	48,33	2,14
2014	20,54	45,54	2,22
2015	23,32	51,88	2,22
2016	23,57	52,43	2,22
2017	23,89	54,49	2,28
2018	24,10	54,94	2,28
2019	24,48	55,11	2,25
2020	23,98	54,79	2,29

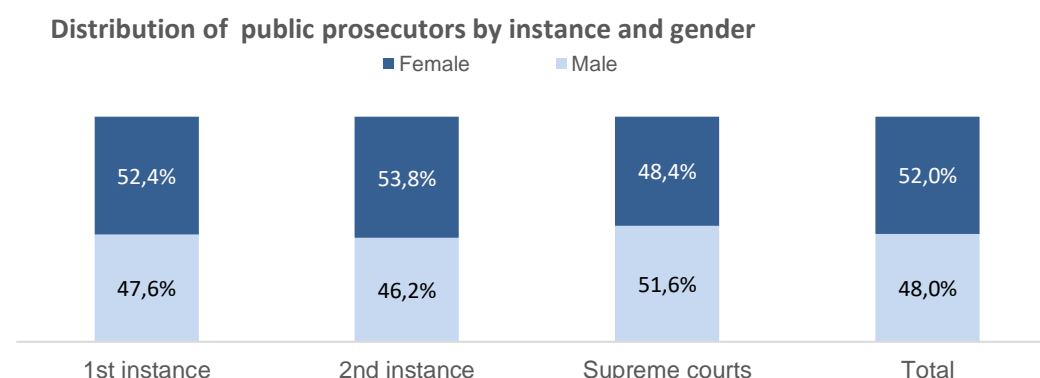
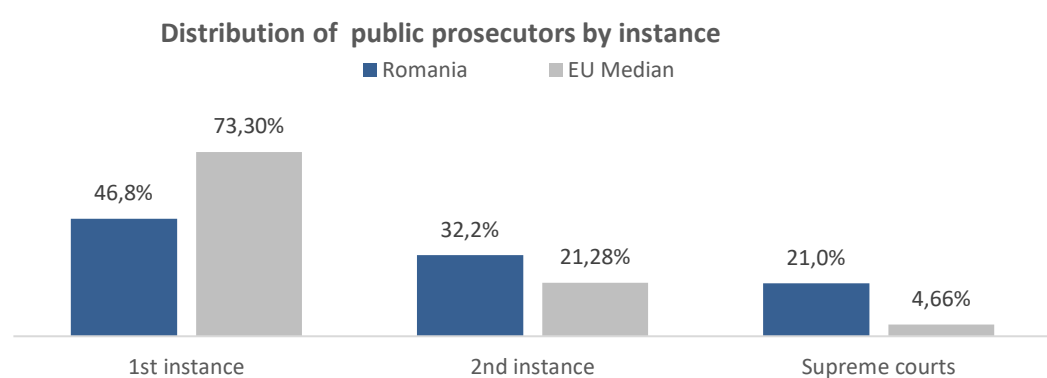
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	1 144	46,8%	545	599	47,6%	52,4%
2nd instance	788	32,2%	364	424	46,2%	53,8%
Supreme courts	514	21,0%	265	249	51,6%	48,4%
Total	2 446		1 174	1 272	48,0%	52,0%



Since there are four-level courts system in Romania, the prosecution office services reflect this organisation (first instance courts, tribunals, courts of appeal and the High Court of Cassation and Justice). In line with our previous reports, prosecutors from prosecution offices of the tribunals and of the courts of appeal are included in the category "second instance professional prosecutors".

As a result, the distribution of the number of public prosecutors among the different judicial instances diverges from the EU median. Indeed, the first instance public prosecutors represent 46,8% of the total public prosecutors, which is significantly below the EU median of 73,3%, and the Supreme court prosecutors represent 21% of the total prosecutors (vs the EU median of 4,66%). Finally, the percentage of second instance public prosecutors might be considered close to the EU median (32,2% vs the EU median of 21,28%).

The total number of public prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 144 in first instance (of which 599 are female); 788 are in second instance (of which 424 are female) and 514 in final instance (of which 249 are female).

In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 1 272, which represents 52,0% of the total number of prosecutors. In general, there exist gender balance in all instances in Romania. As shown in the graph above, female public prosecutors prevail in the first and second instances only by a slim majority (52,4% and 53,8%, respectively) and represent 48,4% of public prosecutors in Supreme courts.

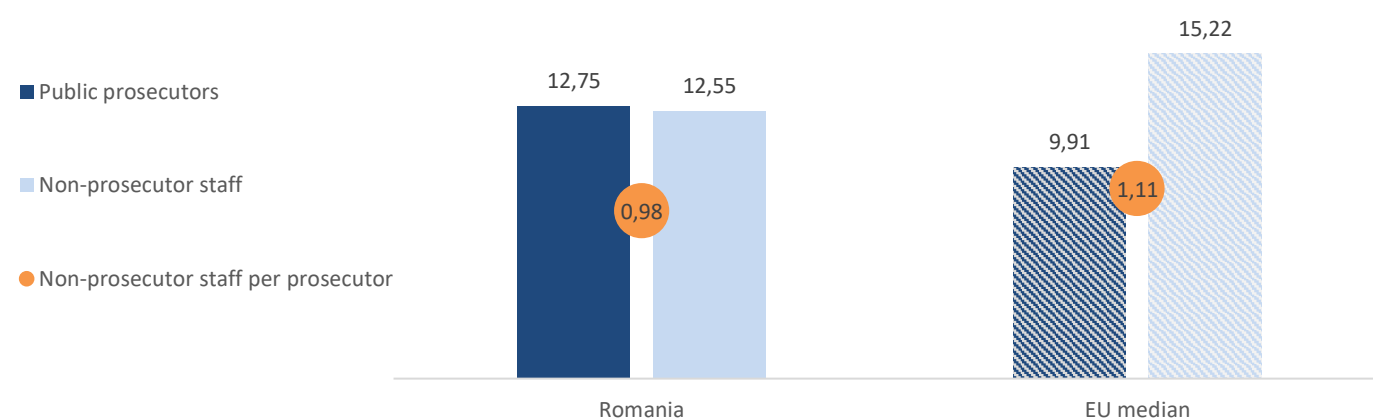
Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	2 408	NA	NA

Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

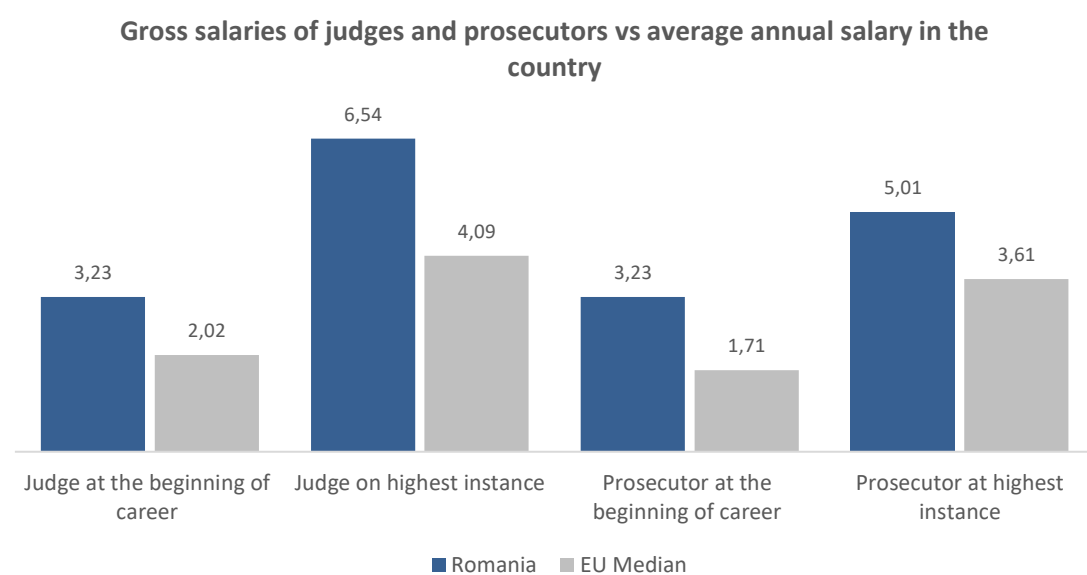
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Romania	EU median
Public prosecutors	12,75	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	12,55	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,98	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	43 223 €	25 285 €	3,23
Judge of the highest court	87 522 €	51 200 €	6,54
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	43 223 €	25 285 €	3,23
Public prosecutor at highest instance	67 051 €	39 225 €	5,01

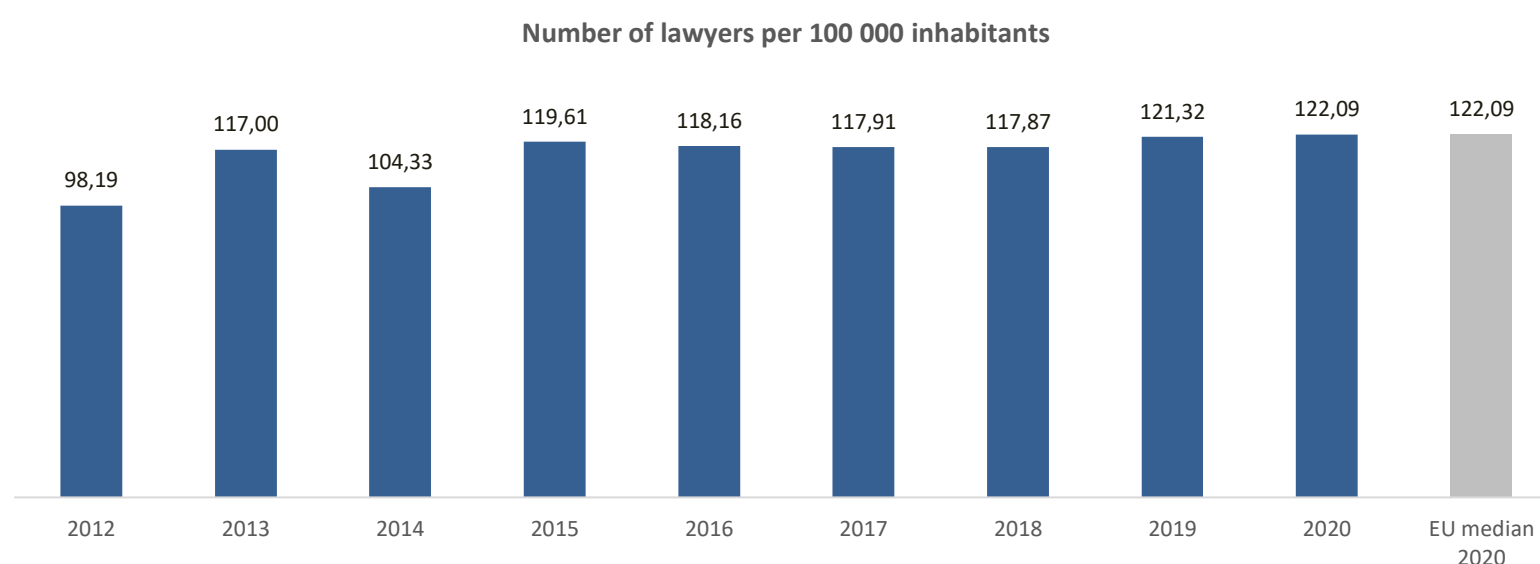


According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Romania is 43 223€, which is slightly below the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio between the salary for a judge at the beginning of career and the annual average salary of the country is 3,23 (above the EU median of 2,02).

At the end of the career, a judge earns 87 522€ on average and the ration between this salary and the average annual salary in Romania is 6,54, which is well above the EU median of 4,09. At the beginning of the career, public prosecutors earn the same amount of judges whereas, at the end of career, their salary is much lower than the salary of judges at the end of the career (67 051€ vs 87 522€). Yet, the ratio between the public prosecutors' salary with the annual averag salary is well above the EU median both at the beginning and the end of the career. Indeed, it is 3,23 at the beginning of the career vs the EU median of 1,71 and it is 5,01 at the end of the career vs the EU median of 3,61.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	20 919	98,19
2013	23 332	117,00
2014	23 244	104,33
2015	23 635	119,61
2016	23 205	118,16
2017	23 020	117,91
2018	22 873	117,87
2019	23 554	121,32
2020	23 424	122,09



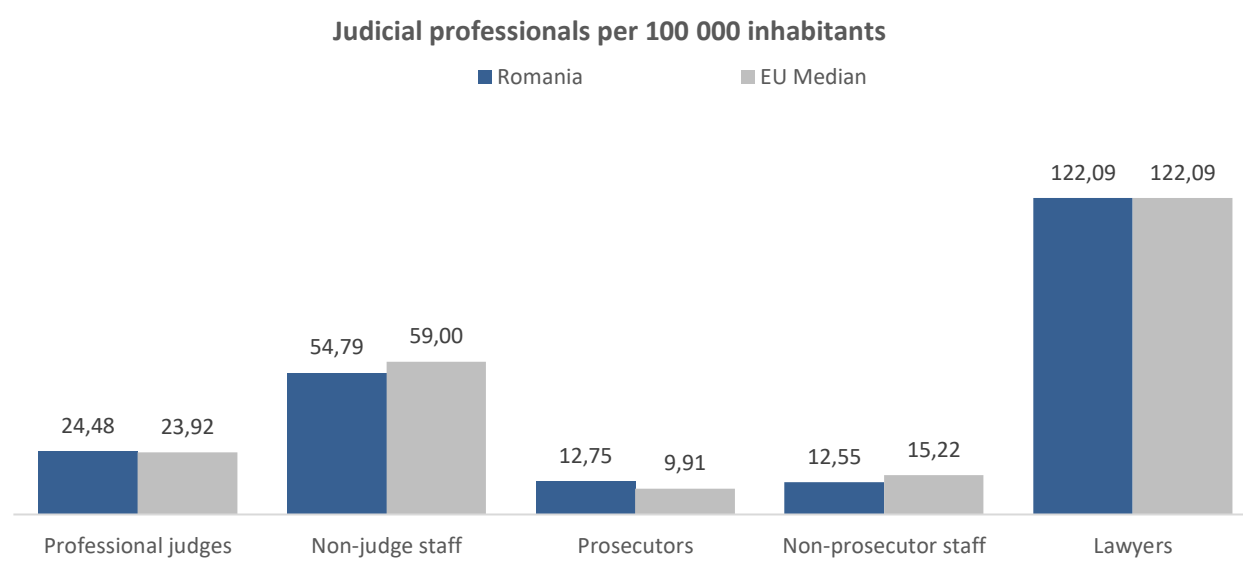
In 2020, there are 23 424 lawyers in Romania. Compared to 2019, their number has decreased by -0,6%.

Romania has 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is the EU median.

Judicial professionals (summary)

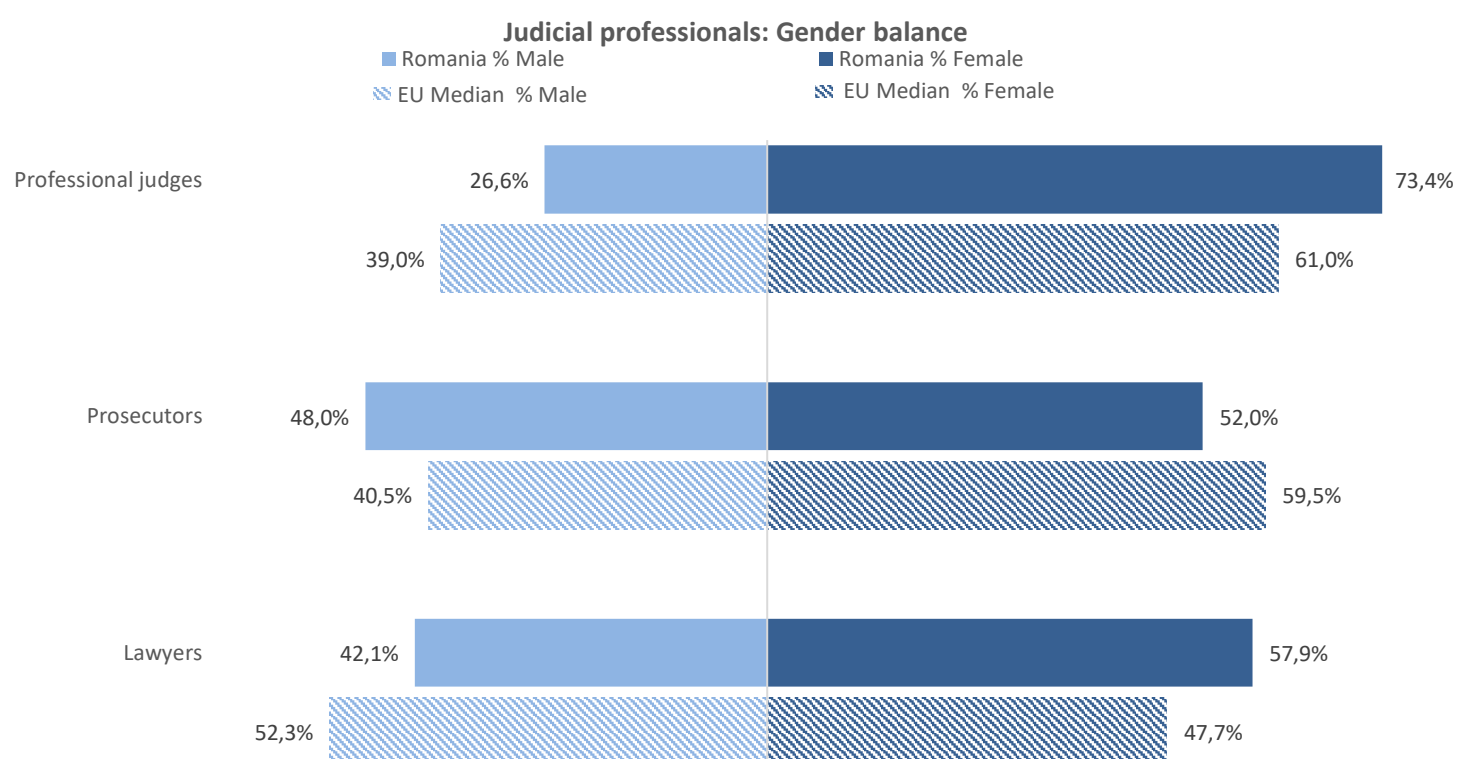
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	4 753	24,48	23,92
Non-judge staff	10 512	54,79	59,00
Prosecutors	2 446	12,75	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	2 408	12,55	15,22
Lawyers	23 424	122,09	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	26,6%	73,4%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	48,0%	52,0%
Non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
Lawyers	42,1%	57,9%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Romania

In Romania, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✓
- Exemption from court fees: ✓

In Romania, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✓
 - Other than criminal cases ✓
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✓
 - Other than criminal cases ✓
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✓
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✓

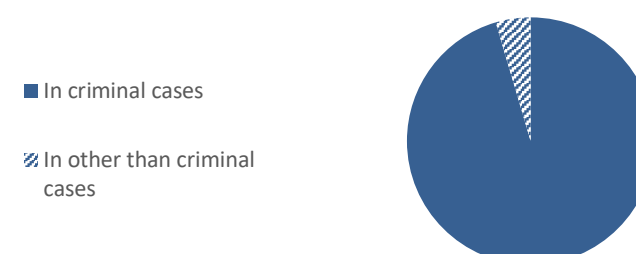
For the enforcement phase, legal aid may be granted as facilities at the payment of judicial duties. Moreover, according to Article 6 letter c) of the Government Emergency Ordinance 51/2008, it can also be the payment of the bailiff's fee.

According to Article 6 letter b) of the Government Emergency Ordinance 51/2008, public aid may also cover costs of the expert, translator or interpreter services during the trial, with the consent of the court or of the jurisdictional authority, if this payment is the obligation of the one requiring judicial public aid, according to law.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

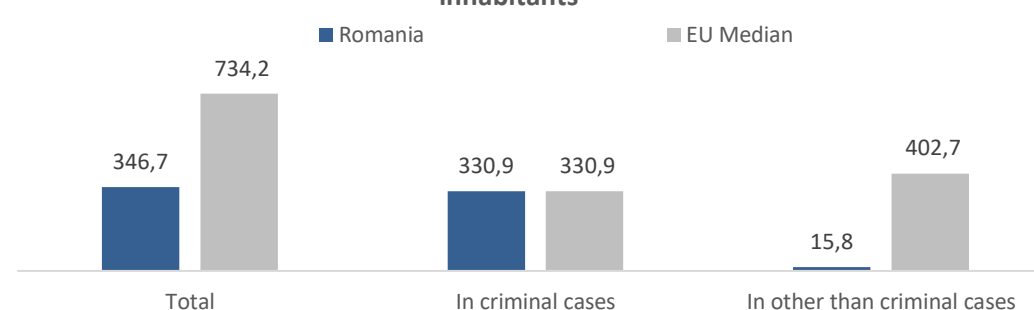
Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	66 522	66 522	NAP
In criminal cases	63 492	63 492	NAP
In other than criminal cases	3 030	3 030	NAP

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Romania	EU Median
Total	346,7	734,2
In criminal cases	330,9	330,9
In other than criminal cases	15,8	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



In criminal cases data also include ex officio lawyers.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

There is no timeframe set for the procedure of granting legal aid by the court. The procedure is urgent as a general rule, being decided in chambers.

4. Performance of courts in Romania

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

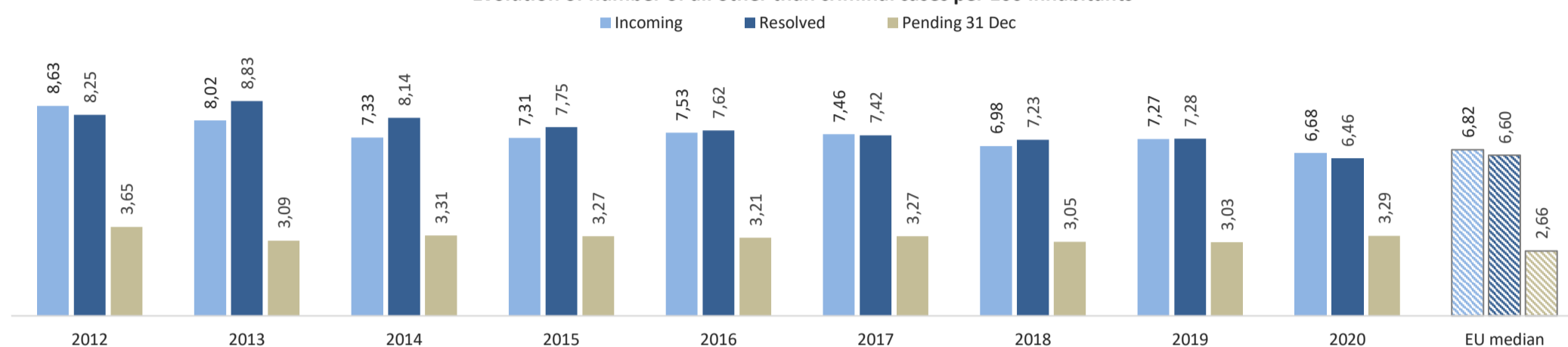
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



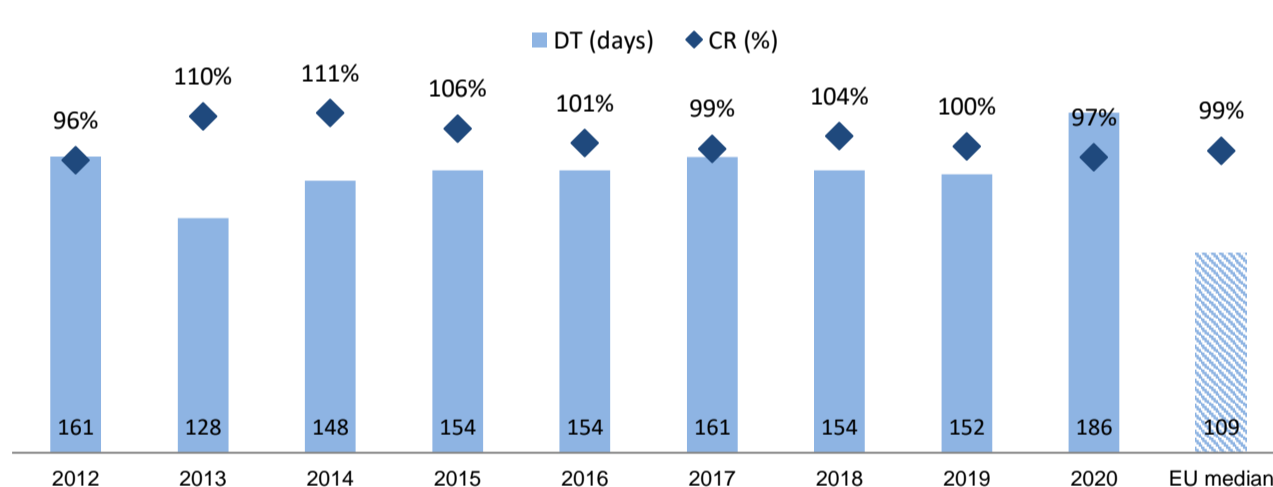
The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Romania (6,68 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants). Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2020 in Romania (6,46 per 100 inhabitants) is also slightly below EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

Yet, the number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Romania (3,29 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	96%	161
2013	110%	128
2014	111%	148
2015	106%	154
2016	101%	154
2017	99%	161
2018	104%	154
2019	100%	152
2020	97%	186

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 96,7% in 2020 Romania seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

However, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -3,6 percentage points between 2019 and 2020.

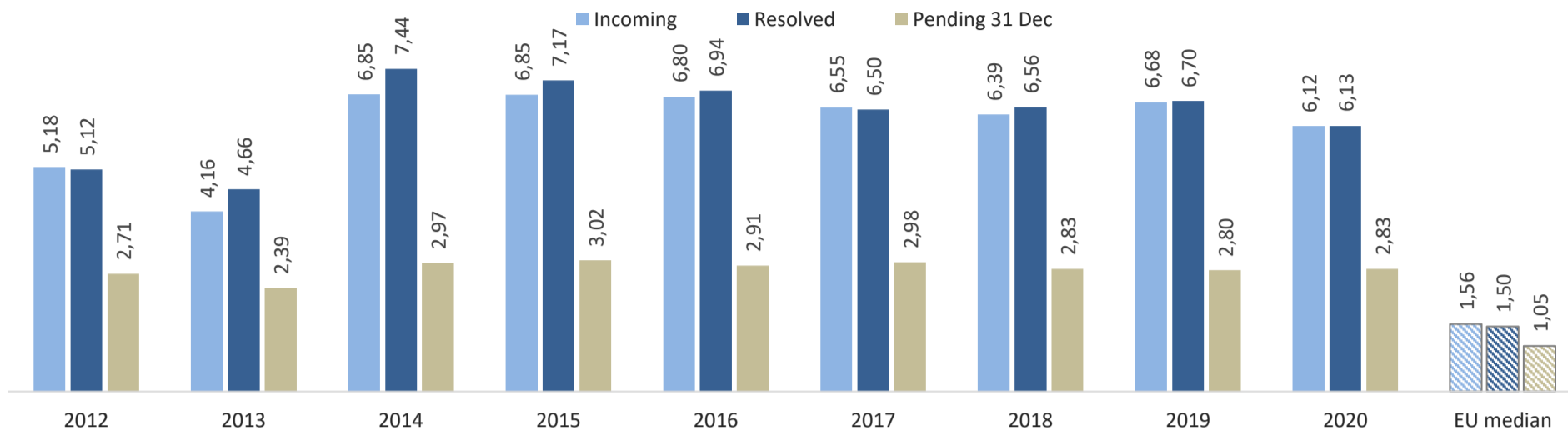
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 186 days, which is significantly above EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 22,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



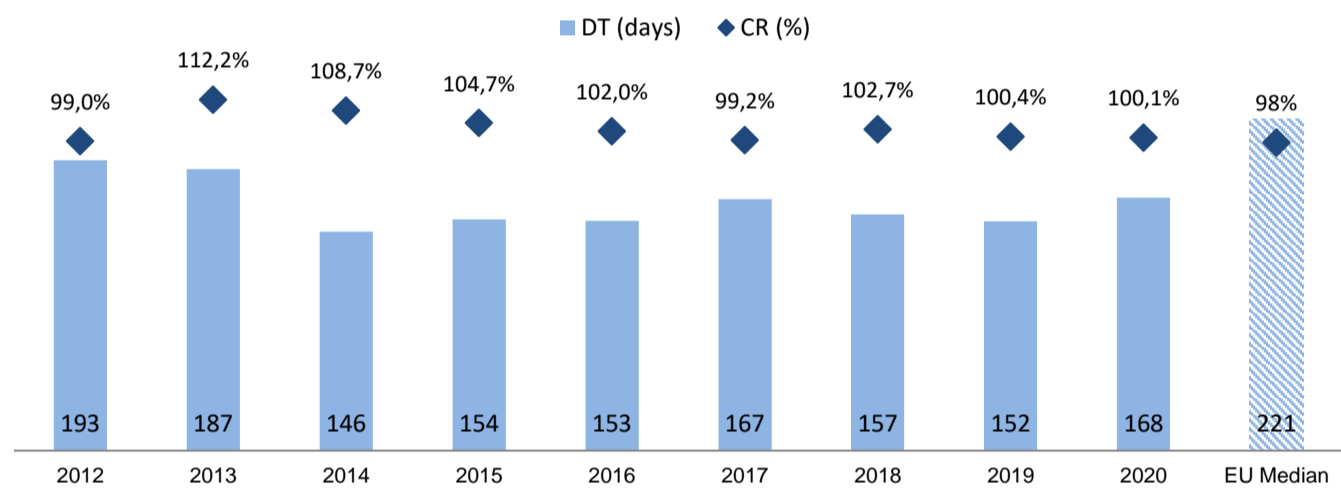
In 2020, the number of incoming civil and commercial litigious cases (6,12 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

Moreover, the number of resolved civil and commercial litigious cases (6,13 per 100 inhabitants) is also well above EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants) and the pending cases at the end of 2020 as well (2,83 per 100 inhabitants vs the EU median of 1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	99,0%	193
2013	112,2%	187
2014	108,7%	146
2015	104,7%	154
2016	102,0%	153
2017	99,2%	167
2018	102,7%	157
2019	100,4%	152
2020	100,1%	168

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,1% in 2020, Romania seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,3 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 168 days, which is below EU median of 221 days.

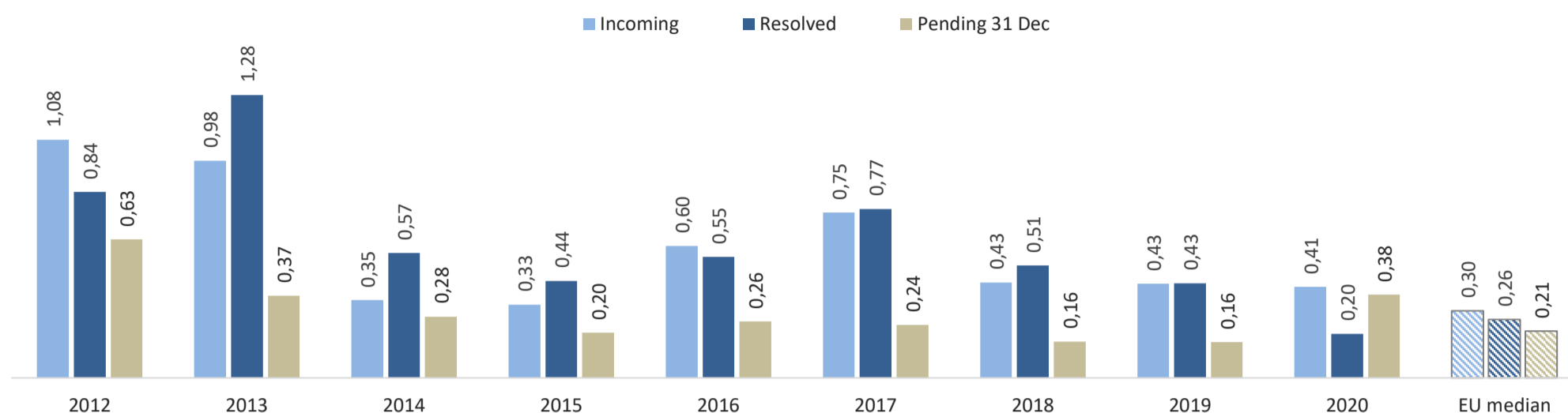
However, the analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 10,5% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Romania, there are 21 415 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 3,9% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Romania (0,41 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

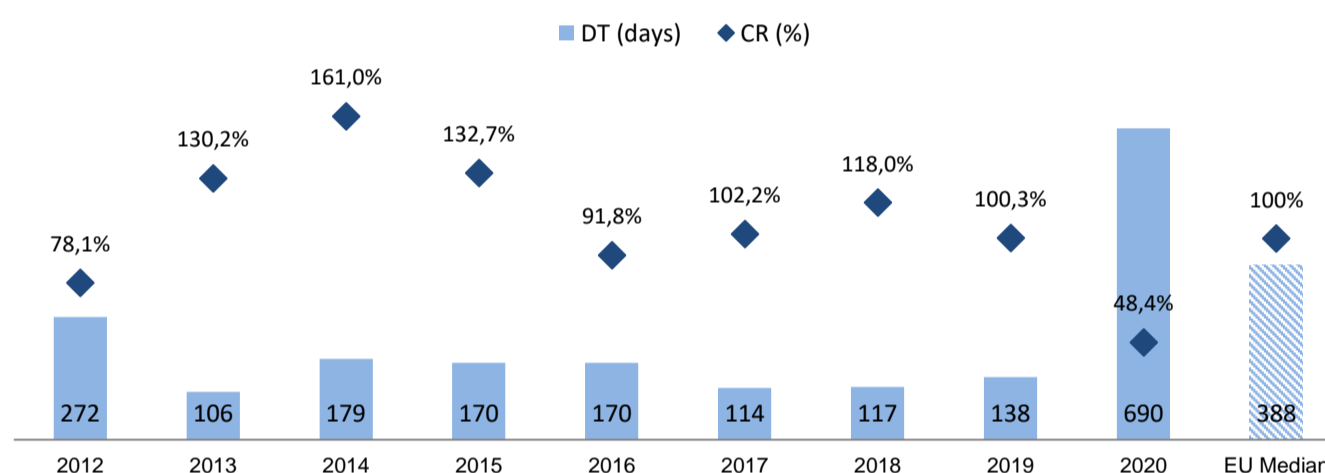
Moreover, the number of resolved cases in 2020 in Romania (0,20 per 100 inhabitants) is also below EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

Yet, the number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Romania (0,38 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	78,1%	272
2013	130,2%	106
2014	161,0%	179
2015	132,7%	170
2016	91,8%	170
2017	102,2%	114
2018	118,0%	117
2019	100,3%	138
2020	48,4%	690



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 48,4% in 2020, Romania seems to struggle in dealing with its administrative cases in 2020.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -51,9 percentage points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 690 days, which is significantly above EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 398,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

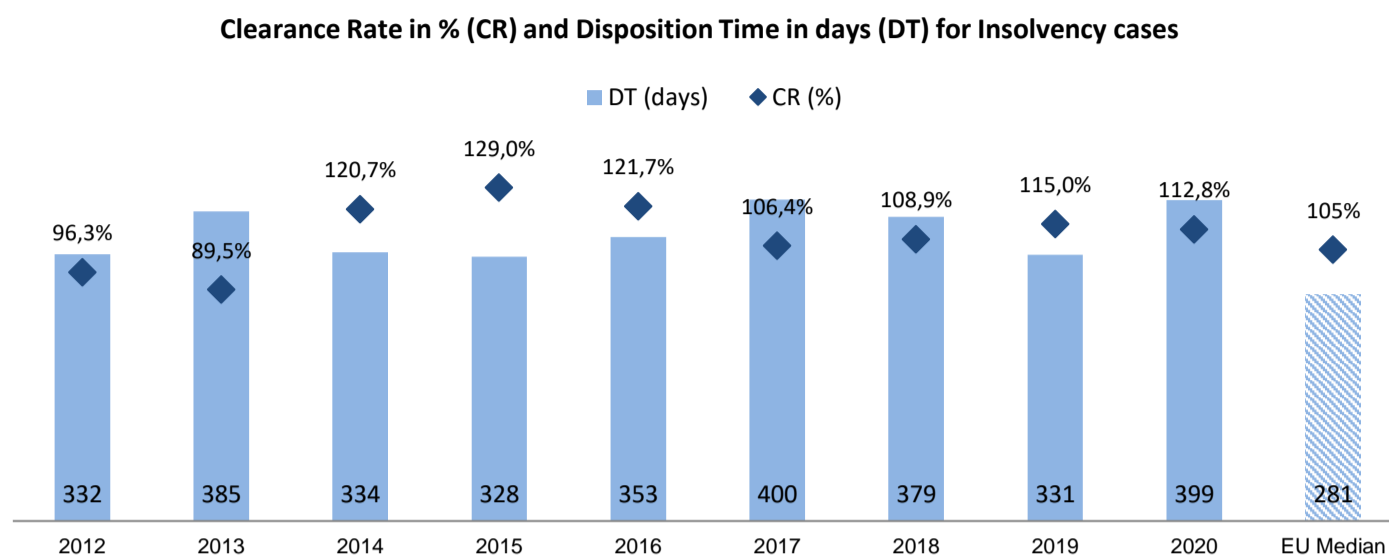
In Romania, there are 2 465 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 3,4% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

The decrease in the number of resolved cases in 2020 was caused by the context of the Covid-19 pandemic. The activity of all the courts was partially suspended between the 15-th of March until the end of May 2020 because a state of emergency was declared. During that period only few urgent cases were adjudicated. Some courts instituted preventive measures even before the 15-th of March 2020 which included postponing non-urgent cases. After the state of emergency ended there were still in place measures that affected the normal activity of the courts like: the introduction of specific timeframes for each case, hearings through video conference, a strict limitation of human interaction at the auxiliary compartments of the courts that dealt directly with public like the Archive and the Registry office, so that requests and documents had to be submitted by post, fax or e-mail. These measures affected not only the court staff but all court users that had to adapt to the new circumstances and led to the postponement of many cases. There were also gaps in activity caused by cases of Covid-19 among the personnel of the courts. The same explanation is valid for the increased Disposition time which led to an increased number of pending cases older than 3 years.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	96,3%	332
2013	89,5%	385
2014	120,7%	334
2015	129,0%	328
2016	121,7%	353
2017	106,4%	400
2018	108,9%	379
2019	115,0%	331
2020	112,8%	399



The Clearance Rate for insolvency cases is 112,8%. Romania seems to be able to deal with this type of cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,1 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 399 days, which is somewhat above EU median of 281 days.

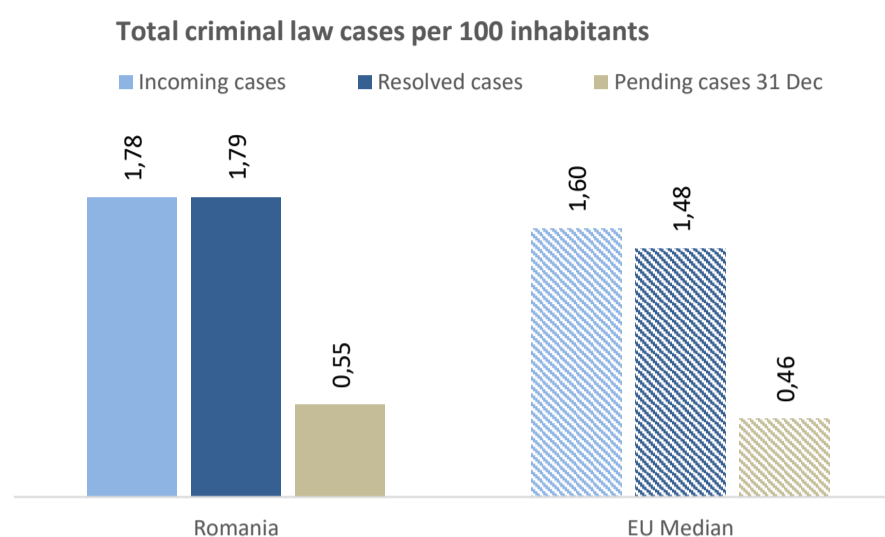
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 20,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	106 622	341 899	342 634	105 887
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,56	1,78	1,79	0,55
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

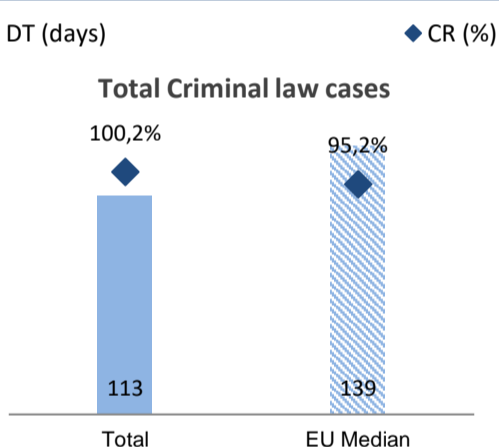


In 2020, the number of total incoming criminal cases is 1,78 per 100 inhabitants; which is slightly above EU median of 1,60 per 100 inhabitants. Furthermore, the number of total resolved criminal cases (1,79 per 100 inhabitants) is also above EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants). Likewise, the number of total pending criminal cases is slightly above EU median (0,55 per 100 inhabitants vs 0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	100,2%	113
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP
Other cases	NAP	NAP

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT)



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 100,2% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Romania seems to be able to deal with its total criminal cases.

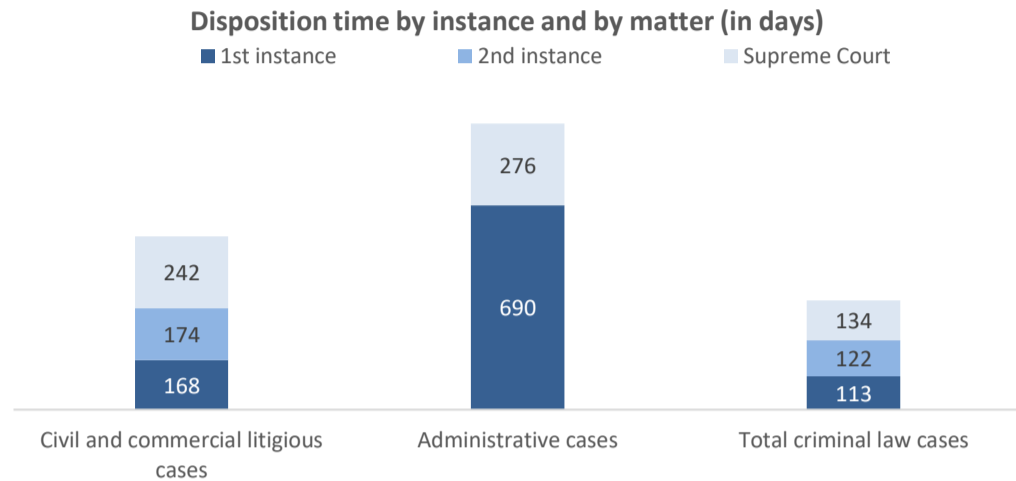
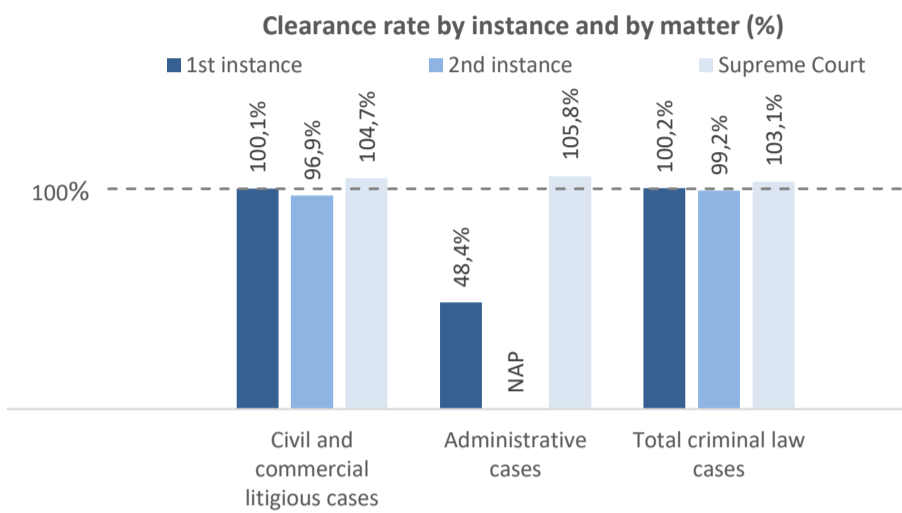
In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 113 days, which is slightly below EU median of 139 days.

There is no classification of severe and less severe offences in the Romanian statistics.

The context of the Covid-19 pandemic affected the activity of the courts which led to the decrease in the number of resolved cases in 2020 an increased Disposition time and an increased number of pending cases older than 3 years. In criminal law cases postponements were recurrent in cases involving persons serving a prison sentence, because generally they have to be brought to every court hearing which was not always possible due to the curantine measures taken by the prison administrations.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	100,1%	96,9%	104,7%	168	174	242
Administrative cases	48,4%	NAP	105,8%	690	NAP	276
Total criminal law cases	100,2%	99,2%	103,1%	113	122	134



It is worth specifying that, even though the Romanian judicial system is a 4-tier system, the cases are classified as per the CEPEJ methodology, irrespective of the level of the courts.

The context of the Covid-19 pandemic affected the activity of the courts which led to the decrease in the number of resolved cases in 2020 and an increased Disposition time and an increased number of pending cases older than 3 years.

Looking at the charts above, it is clear that the courts dealing with Criminal Law cases are the fastest in Romania, compared with those dealing with Civil and Commercial Litigious cases and Administrative cases. Indeed, in 2020 the Disposition Time (DT) for the Total Criminal Law cases is 113 days for the first instance (below the EU median of 139 days); 122 days for the second instance (above the EU median of 101 days); and 134 days for the Supreme courts (just above the EU median of 120 days). Also, the Clearance Rate (CR) for the Total Criminal Law cases is around the threshold of 100% for all instances. Thus, the Romanian courts seem to be efficient in dealing with the incoming cases.

Moreover, it is worth to notice that in 2020 the Civil and Commercial Litigious cases in the first and second instances are resolved in a fastest way compared to the EU median. Namely, the DT is 168 days for the first instance cases (well below the EU median is 221) and 174 days for the second instance cases (slightly below the EU median is 177). The CR for this type of cases is also around the threshold of 100% in all instances.

As far as the Administrative cases are concerned, the Romanian courts seem to struggle to deal with the first instance cases in 2020. Indeed, the CR for this type of cases is 48,4% (significantly below the threshold of 100%) and their DT is 690 days (which is considerably above the EU median of 388 days).

5. Public prosecution services in Romania

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Romania has the following 10 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

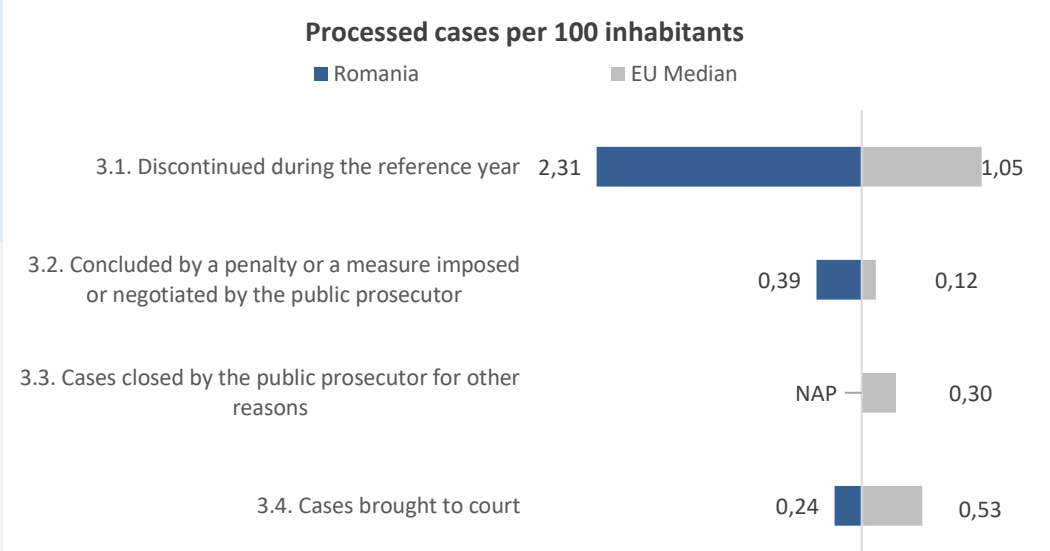
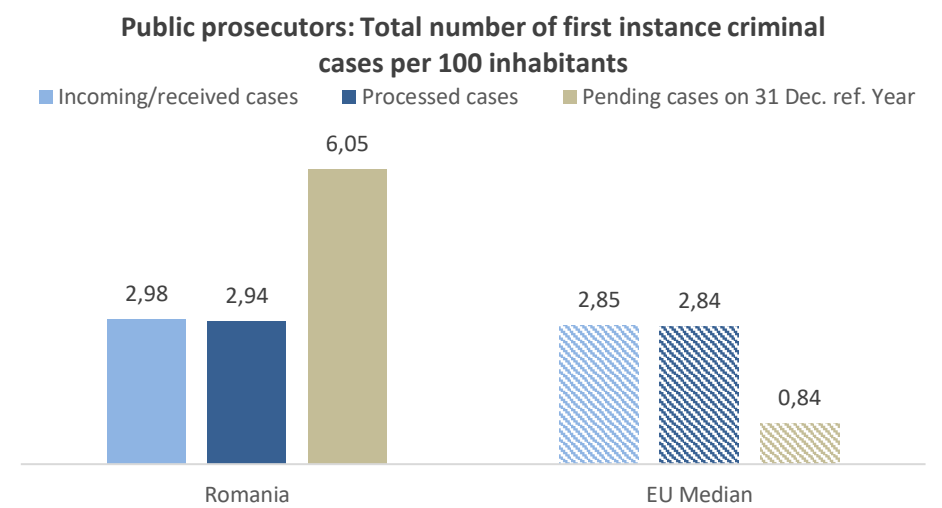
To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The category "other" refers to the competence for: defending the legitimate rights and interests of minors, persons under interdiction, disappeared and other persons in the legal conditions; acting for the prevention and fight against criminality, under the coordination of the minister of Justice, for the unitary realization of the State criminal policy, studying the cases generating or favouring criminality; drawing up and submitting to the minister of Justice proposals in order to eliminate them, as well as in order to perfect the legislation in the field.

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil and administrative cases.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	1 144 581	5,97
2. Incoming/received cases	571 501	2,98
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	564 155	2,94
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	442 820	2,31
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	75 636	0,39
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP
3.4. Cases brought to court	45 699	0,24
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	1 161 346	6,05

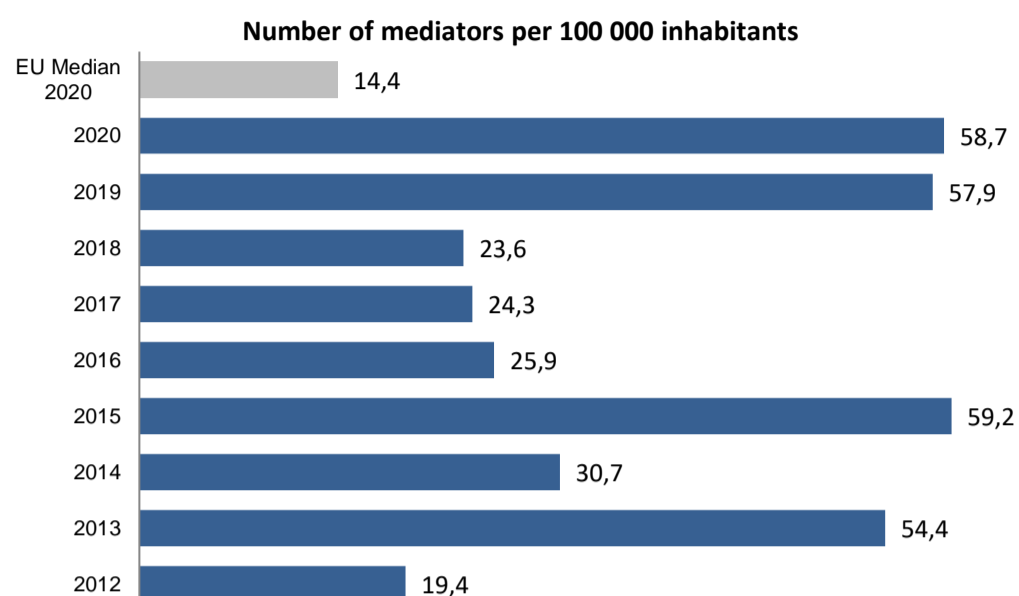


There are no available data on grounds on which a decision to discontinue a case is taken by the public prosecutor.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Romania

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	4136	19,4
2013	10847	54,4
2014	6833	30,7
2015	11701	59,2
2016	5080	25,9
2017	4739	24,3
2018	4585	23,6
2019	11234	57,9
2020	11259	58,7



In 2020, there are 11 259 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 58,7 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about 0,2%.

The data were communicated by the Mediation Council and reflect the pace of the authorization process as a mediator by the Mediation Council (which may register fluctuations from year to year).

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NAP	NAP	NAP
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

Although it is not possible for Romania to provide the figures for the total cases of court-related mediation, divided into the categories above, there were 614 mediation agreement authorized by the court in 2020.

The control of the state regarding the mediation is indirect and it concerns the agreement concluded by the parties after following the mediation procedure – such an agreement constitutes an act under private signature. In order to become an authentic act, it has to be authenticated by the notary public or authorized by the court. Thus, if the conflict has already been submitted to a court, the settlement by mediation of such a case can be possible at the initiative of the involved parties or at the recommendation of the court and accepted by the parties, concerning rights the parties can dispose over in accordance with the legal provisions. Mediation can deal with the total or partial settlement of the concerned litigation. The court shall, on the request of the parties, issue a decision in accordance with the provisions of the Civil Procedure Code regarding the expedient court decision.

According with the provisions of article 59 para. 2 of the Law no. 192/2006, the parties to the mediation agreement may go to court to request, in compliance with the legal proceedings, to give a decision to legalize their understanding. Competence shall lay with the court in whose jurisdiction any of the parties have their domicile or residence or, where appropriate, the head office or the court of first instance in whose jurisdiction is located the place where it has been signed mediation agreement. The decision whereby the court consents on the understanding between parties shall be delivered in the council room and shall be an enforcement order under the law. The provisions of articles 438 - 441 of the Law no 134/2010 (New Civil Procedure Code), republished, as amended, shall apply accordingly.

7. ICT tools of courts in Romania

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	6,5	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,5	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	6,3	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	0,5	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	1,3	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	7,5	6,9

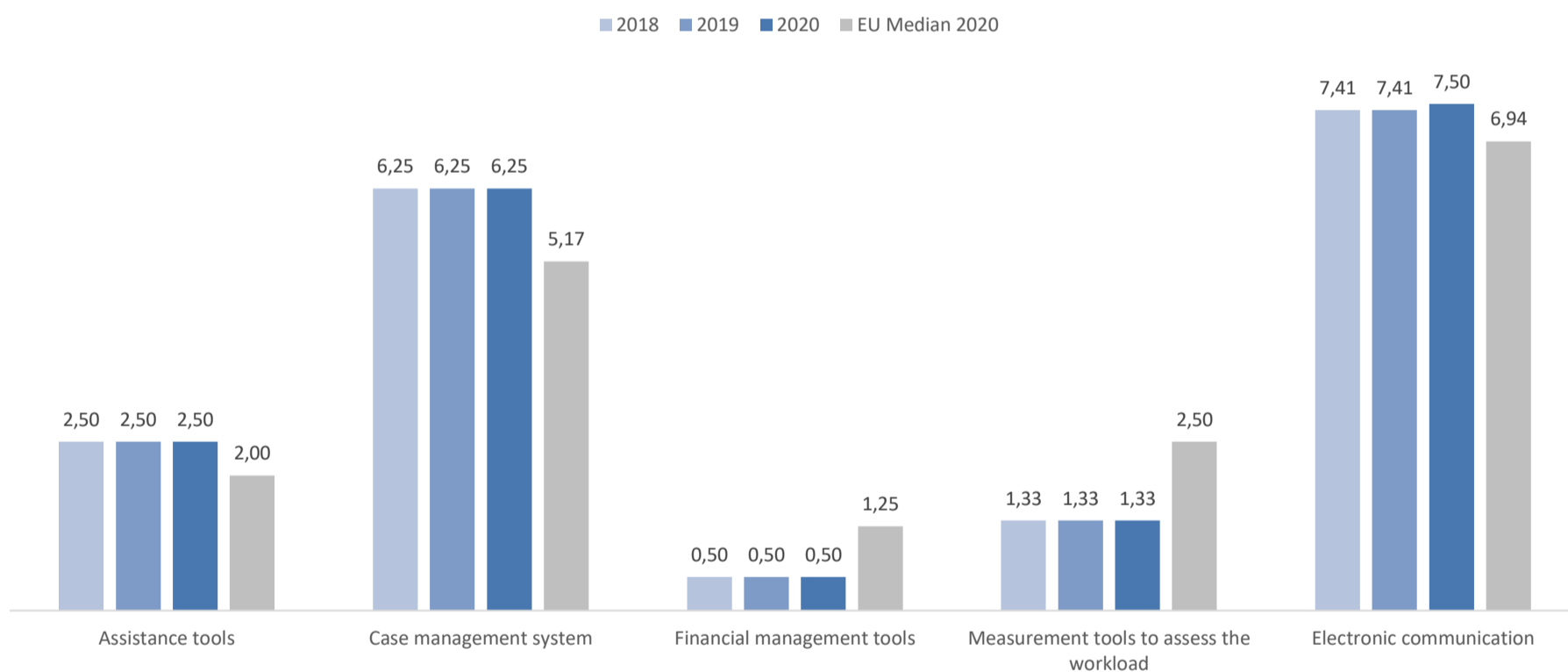
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



Comments on communication tools

Transmitting summons by fax can be an other modality of sending summons.

In terms of specific legislation framework in this matter, there should be mentioned the Code of criminal procedure and the Code of civil procedure.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Romania

In Romania, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

There are no formal standards for quality established for the whole judiciary. However, informal standards are being used (such as training, quality of the reasoning, assessment of the activity of the judges, assessment of the good reputation of the judges etc.).

More precisely, the activity of courts is evaluated and monitored periodically, on the basis of certain statistical data/performance indicators. The evaluation is achieved by verifications carried out by inspectors of the Judicial Inspection of the SCM, by elaborating periodical reports. The schedule and thematic of those verifications are approved every year by the SCM.

At organizational level, there are no quality standards established for courts. It may be considered that such standards exist at individual level, for each judge, by the indicators for the evaluation of professional activity

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✓

Since 2012, the category "other" subsumes the length of administrative procedures, the number of final convictions, legal aid, suspended cases etc.

ECRIS - case management and STATIS - is the statistics monitoring application including for court's efficiency assessment.

In Romania, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is twice a year.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other (e.g. suspended cases)	✓

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

In Romania, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions													
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020					
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																							
Q1 Number of inhabitants	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	19 186 201		-9,9%	-6,4%	11,7%	-11,3%	-0,6%	-0,6%	-0,6%	0,0%	-1,2%				
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	6 660	7 217	7 533	8 100	8 600	9 600	10 400	11 500	11 290		69,5%	8,4%	4,4%	7,5%	6,2%	11,6%	8,3%	10,6%	-1,8%				
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5		10,3%	1,6%	-0,1%	0,9%	0,4%	2,6%	0,1%	2,5%	1,9%				

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True
078.1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True
078.1.14 Other							True	True	True
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
078-1.1.13 Other									False										
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources								True	True	True									
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)								True	True	True									
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency								True	True	True									
073-2.1.4 Other								False	False	False									
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance										True									

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
073-4.1.1 Annual									True										
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False										
073-4.1.3 More frequent									False										
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True										
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True										
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True										
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True										
073-6.1.4 Other									False										
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True									
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True									

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									True										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP										

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	242	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	233	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	233	233	233	232	233	233	233	233	175	-24,9%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,4%	0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-24,9%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	8	-20,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-10,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-11,1%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	4	-33,3%	0,0%	0,0%	-16,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-20,0%
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	182	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	244	244	244	243	243	243	243	243	242	-0,8%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-0,4%

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	698 506	777 991	918 286	733 382	649 920	630 979	639 082	591 192	587 819	-15,8%	11,4%	18,0%	-20,1%	-11,4%	-2,9%	1,3%	-7,5%	-0,6%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	566 796	578 043	793 683	661 619	597 721	570 748	581 464	548 530	543 619	-4,1%	2,0%	37,3%	-16,6%	-9,7%	-4,5%	1,9%	-5,7%	-0,9%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	14 940	13 356	11 750	10 112	10 770	10 887	12 698	-	-	-	-10,6%	-12,0%	-13,9%	6,5%	1,1%	16,6%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	44 812	62 572	6 418	4 375	3 049	1 756	1 354	1 546	2 453	-94,5%	39,6%	-89,7%	-31,8%	-30,3%	-42,4%	-22,9%	14,2%	58,7%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	8 522	8 981	8 701	8 356	9 416	9 341	10 245	-	-	-	5,4%	-3,1%	-4,0%	12,7%	-0,8%	9,7%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	1 454	1 366	5 601	5 550	4 788	4 193	4 322	4 629	5 108	251,3%	-6,1%	310,0%	-0,9%	-13,7%	-12,4%	3,1%	7,1%	10,3%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	2 281	2 526	2 921	3 431	3 913	4 163	5 094	4 712	5 137	125,2%	10,7%	15,6%	17,5%	14,0%	6,4%	22,4%	-7,5%	9,0%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	83 163	133 484	109 663	61 838	40 449	50 119	46 848	31 775	31 502	-62,1%	60,5%	-17,8%	-43,6%	-34,6%	23,9%	-6,5%	-32,2%	-0,9%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 837 799	1 599 815	1 632 597	1 443 850	1 477 959	1 455 782	1 354 351	1 410 632	1 282 448	-30,2%	-12,9%	2,0%	-11,6%	2,4%	-1,5%	-7,0%	4,2%	-9,1%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 102 677	829 193	1 526 483	1 353 189	1 335 498	1 279 631	1 240 508	1 296 445	1 174 754	6,5%	-24,8%	84,1%	-11,4%	-1,3%	-4,2%	-3,1%	4,5%	-9,4%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	27 733	26 313	25 099	30 051	30 103	31 416	28 673	-	-	-	-5,1%	-4,6%	19,7%	0,2%	4,4%	-8,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	502 594	571 575	19 973	19 224	18 421	23 094	23 618	24 567	22 356	-95,6%	13,7%	-96,5%	-3,8%	-4,2%	25,4%	2,3%	4,0%	-9,0%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 760	7 089	6 678	6 957	6 485	6 849	6 317	-	-	-	-8,6%	-5,8%	4,2%	-6,8%	5,6%	-7,8%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 099	1 999	6 821	6 001	5 904	5 393	5 631	5 856	5 329	153,9%	-4,8%	241,2%	-12,0%	-1,6%	-8,7%	4,4%	4,0%	-9,0%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	810	869	939	1 088	774	1 564	854	993	988	22,0%	7,3%	8,1%	15,9%	-28,9%	102,1%	-45,4%	16,3%	-0,5%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	229 619	196 179	78 381	65 436	117 362	146 100	83 740	82 771	79 021	-65,6%	-14,6%	-60,0%	-16,5%	79,4%	24,5%	-42,7%	-1,2%	-4,5%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 758 314	1 760 885	1 814 070	1 531 225	1 496 900	1 447 679	1 402 241	1 414 005	1 239 954	-29,5%	0,1%	3,0%	-15,6%	-2,2%	-3,3%	-3,1%	0,8%	-12,3%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 091 430	929 973	1 658 547	1 417 087	1 362 471	1 268 915	1 273 442	1 301 356	1 175 845	7,7%	-14,8%	78,3%	-14,6%	-3,9%	-6,9%	0,4%	2,2%	-9,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	29 317	27 919	26 737	29 393	29 986	29 605	25 865	-	-	-	-4,8%	-4,2%	9,9%	2,0%	-1,3%	-12,6%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	484 834	572 830	22 016	20 550	19 714	23 496	23 426	23 660	20 821	-95,7%	18,1%	-96,2%	-6,7%	-4,1%	19,2%	-0,3%	1,0%	-12,0%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 301	7 369	7 023	5 897	6 560	5 945	5 044	-	-	-	0,9%	-4,7%	-16,0%	11,2%	-9,4%	-15,2%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 187	2 199	6 872	6 763	6 499	5 264	5 324	5 377	4 372	99,9%	0,5%	212,5%	-1,6%	-3,9%	-19,0%	1,1%	1,0%	-18,7%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	565	474	429	606	524	633	1 236	568	672	18,9%	-16,1%	-9,5%	41,3%	-13,5%	20,8%	95,3%	-54,0%	18,3%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	179 298	255 409	126 206	86 825	107 692	149 371	98 813	83 044	38 244	-78,7%	42,4%	-50,6%	-31,2%	24,0%	38,7%	-33,8%	-16,0%	-53,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	777 991	616 921	736 813	646 007	630 979	639 082	591 192	587 819	630 313	-19,0%	-20,7%	19,4%	-12,3%	-2,3%	1,3%	-7,5%	-0,6%	7,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	578 043	477 263	661 619	597 721	570 748	581 464	548 530	543 619	542 528	-6,1%	-17,4%	38,6%	-9,7%	-4,5%	1,9%	-5,7%	-0,9%	-0,2%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	13 356	11 750	10 112	10 770	10 887	12 698	15 506	-	-	-	-12,0%	-13,9%	6,5%	1,1%	16,6%	22,1%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	62 572	61 317	4 375	3 049	1 756	1 354	1 546	2 453	3 988	-93,6%	-2,0%	-92,9%	-30,3%	-42,4%	-22,9%	14,2%	58,7%	62,6%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	8 981	8 701	8 356	9 416	9 341	10 245	11 518	-	-	-	-3,1%	-4,0%	12,7%	-0,8%	9,7%	12,4%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	1 366	1 166	5 550	4 788	4 193	4 322	4 629	5 108	6 065	344,0%	-14,6%	376,0%	-13,7%	-12,4%	3,1%	7,1%	10,3%	18,7%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	2 526	2 921	3 431	3 913	4 163	5 094	4 712	5 137	5 453	115,9%	15,6%	17,5%	14,0%	6,4%	22,4%	-7,5%	9,0%	6,2%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	133 484	74 254	61 838	40 449	50 119	46 848	31 775	31 502	72 279	-45,9%	-44,4%	-16,7%	-34,6%	23,9%	-6,5%	-32,2%	-0,9%	129,4%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	95,7%	110,1%	111,1%	106,1%	101,3%	99,4%	103,5%	100,2%	96,7%	1,06	15,04	0,95	(4,56)	(4,50)	(1,81)	4,12	(3,18)	(3,54)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,0%	112,2%	108,7%	104,7%	102,0%	99,2%	102,7%	100,4%	100,1%	1,12	13,31	(3,12)	(3,62)	(2,58)	(2,80)	3,52	(2,22)	(0,28)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	105,7%	106,1%	106,5%	97,8%	99,6%	94,2%	90,2%	-	-	-	0,37	0,40	(8,18)	1,84	(5,40)	(4,28)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	96,5%	100,2%	110,2%	106,9%	107,0%	101,7%	99,2%	96,3%	93,1%	(3,45)	3,89	9,99	(3,02)	0,11	(4,93)	(2,51)	(2,90)	(3,30)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	94,1%	103,9%	105,2%	84,8%	101,2%	86,8%	79,8%	-	-	-	10,48	1,17	(19,40)	19,34	(14,19)	(8,01)
CR Non litigious land registry cases	104,2%	110,0%	100,7%	112,7%	110,1%	97,6%	94,5%	91,8%	82,0%	(21,26)	5,58	(8,42)	11,86	(2,32)	(11,33)	(3,13)	(2,88)	(10,65)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	69,8%	54,5%	45,7%	55,7%	67,7%	40,5%	144,7%	57,2%	68,0%	(2,49)	(21,80)	(16,24)	21,91	21,55	(40,22)	257,60	(60,48)	18,91
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	78,1%	130,2%	161,0%	132,7%	91,8%	102,2%	118,0%	100,3%	48,4%	(38,02)	66,73	23,68	(17,59)	(30,84)	11,42	15,42	(14,97)	(51,76)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	161	128	148	154	154	161	154	152	186	14,9%	-20,8%	15,9%	3,9%	-0,1%	4,7%	-4,5%	-1,4%	22,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	193	187	146	154	153	167	157	152	168	-12,9%	-3,1%	-22,3%	5,7%	-0,7%	9,4%	-6,0%	-3,0%	10,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	166	154	138	134	133	157	219	-	-	-	-7,6%	-10,1%	-3,1%	-0,9%	18,1%	39,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	47	39	73	54	33	21	24	38	70	48,4%	-17,1%	85,6%	-25,3%	-40,0%	-35,3%	14,5%	57,1%	84,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	449	431	434	583	520	629	833	-	-	-	-4,0%	0,8%	34,2%	-10,8%	21,0%	32,5%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	228	194	295	258	235	300	317	347	506	122,1%	-15,1%	52,3%	-12,3%	-8,9%	27,3%	5,9%	9,3%	46,0%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	1632	2249	2919	2357	2900	2937	1391	3301	2962	81,5%	37,8%	29,8%	-19,3%	23,0%	1,3%	-52,6%	137,2%	-10,3%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	272	106	179	170	170	114	117	138	690	153,9%	-60,9%	68,5%	-4,9%	-0,1%	-32,6%	2,5%	18,0%	398,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	20 926	19 247	16 334	16 814	15 912	15 753	16 646	16 816	15 599	-25,5%	-8,0%	-15,1%	2,9%	-5,4%	-1,0%	5,7%	1,0%	-7,2%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	3 041	2 734	3 277	3 212	2 257	1 802	1 498	1 399	1 339	-56,0%	-10,1%	19,9%	-2,0%	-29,7%	-20,2%	-16,9%	-6,6%	-4,3%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	48 643	50 774	60 239	50 739	41 701	35 215	33 373	30 928	27 048	-44,4%	4,4%	18,6%	-15,8%	-17,8%	-15,6%	-5,2%	-7,3%	-12,5%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	42 582	35 422	34 125	36 435	36 041	35 709	34 609	32 562	27 892	-34,5%	-16,8%	-3,7%	6,8%	-1,1%	-0,9%	-3,1%	-5,9%	-14,3%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	3 274	3 789	3 075	2 413	2 030	1 732	1 661	1 621	2 074	-36,7%	15,7%	-18,8%	-21,5%	-15,9%	-14,7%	-4,1%	-2,4%	27,9%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	57 956	60 536	45 896	34 981	29 883	28 623	27 374	25 921	19 859	-65,7%	4,5%	-24,2%	-23,8%	-14,6%	-4,2%	-4,4%	-5,3%	-23,4%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	44 261	37 508	33 645	37 337	36 200	34 816	34 439	33 779	26 863	-39,3%	-15,3%	-10,3%	11,0%	-3,0%	-3,8%	-1,1%	-1,9%	-20,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	3 581	3 246	3 140	3 372	2 485	2 036	1 760	1 681	1 638	-54,3%	-9,4%	-3,3%	7,4%	-26,3%	-18,1%	-13,6%	-4,5%	-2,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	55 825	54 184	55 396	45 121	36 369	30 465	29 819	29 801	22 409	-59,9%	-2,9%	2,2%	-18,5%	-19,4%	-16,2%	-2,1%	-0,1%	-24,8%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	19 247	17 161	16 814	15 912	15 753	16 646	16 816	15 599	16 628	-13,6%	-10,8%	-2,0%	-5,4%	-1,0%	5,7%	1,0%	-7,2%	6,6%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	2 734	3 277	3 212	2 253	1 802	1 498	1 399	1 339	1 775	-35,1%	19,9%	-2,0%	-29,9%	-20,0%	-16,9%	-6,6%	-4,3%	32,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	50 774	57 126	50 739	40 599	35 215	33 373	30 928	27 048	24 498	-51,8%	12,5%	-11,2%	-20,0%	-13,3%	-5,2%	-7,3%	-12,5%	-9,4%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	103,9%	105,9%	98,6%	102,5%	100,4%	97,5%	99,5%	103,7%	96,3%	(7,34)	1,87	(6,89)	3,94	(1,99)	(2,93)	2,06	4,25	(7,16)
CR Employment dismissal cases	109,4%	85,7%	102,1%	139,7%	122,4%	117,6%	106,0%	103,7%	79,0%	(27,79)	(21,68)	19,20	36,85	(12,40)	(3,97)	(9,86)	(2,13)	(23,84)
CR Insolvency cases	96,3%	89,5%	120,7%	129,0%	121,7%	106,4%	108,9%	115,0%	112,8%	17,15	(7,08)	34,85	6,87	(5,65)	(12,55)	2,35	5,54	(1,85)
DT Litigious divorce cases	159	167	182	156	159	175	178	169	226	42,3%	5,2%	9,2%	-14,7%	2,1%	9,9%	2,1%	-5,4%	34,0%
DT Employment dismissal cases	279	368	373	244	265	269	290	291	396	41,9%	32,2%	1,3%	-34,7%	8,5%	1,5%	8,0%	0,2%	36,0%
DT Insolvency cases	332	385	334	328	353	400	379	331	399	20,2%	15,9%	-13,1%	-1,8%	7,6%	13,1%	-5,3%	-12,5%	20,4%

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			30 794	77 399	91 360	78 426	83 741	73 019	72 979	-	-	-	151,3%	18,0%	-14,2%	6,8%	-12,8%	-0,1%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			29 428	76 099	89 983	77 180	82 344	71 851	71 874	-	-	-	158,6%	18,2%	-14,2%	6,7%	-12,7%	0,0%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			1 366	1 300	1 377	1 246	1 397	1 168	1 105	-	-	-	-4,8%	5,9%	-9,5%	12,1%	-16,4%	-5,4%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			294	295	310	297	383	339	364	-	-	-	0,3%	5,1%	-4,2%	29,0%	-11,5%	7,4%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 072	1 005	1 067	949	1 014	829	741	-	-	-	-6,3%	6,2%	-11,1%	6,8%	-18,2%	-10,6%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			1 072	1 005	1 067	949	1 014	829	741	-	-	-	-6,3%	6,2%	-11,1%	6,8%	-18,2%	-10,6%
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			141 636	194 760	204 986	205 729	197 330	191 115	169 147	-	-	-	37,5%	5,3%	0,4%	-4,1%	-3,1%	-11,5%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			139 457	192 335	202 441	202 444	194 375	188 249	166 596	-	-	-	37,9%	5,3%	0,0%	-4,0%	-3,2%	-11,5%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 179	2 425	2 545	3 285	2 955	2 866	2 551	-	-	-	11,3%	4,9%	29,1%	-10,0%	-3,0%	-11,0%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			631	785	824	1 468	1 312	1 272	1 132	-	-	-	24,4%	5,0%	78,2%	-10,6%	-3,0%	-11,0%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 548	1 640	1 721	1 817	1 643	1 594	1 419	-	-	-	5,9%	4,9%	5,6%	-9,6%	-3,0%	-11,0%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			1 548	1 640	1 721	1 817	1 643	1 594	1 419	-	-	-	5,9%	4,9%	5,6%	-9,6%	-3,0%	-11,0%
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			95 031	180 799	217 920	200 414	208 052	191 155	163 922	-	-	-	90,3%	20,5%	-8,0%	3,8%	-8,1%	-14,2%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			92 786	178 259	215 244	197 280	204 868	188 226	161 403	-	-	-	92,1%	20,7%	-8,3%	3,8%	-8,1%	-14,3%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 245	2 540	2 676	3 134	3 184	2 929	2 519	-	-	-	13,1%	5,4%	17,1%	1,6%	-8,0%	-14,0%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			630	795	837	1 382	1 356	1 247	1 072	-	-	-	26,2%	5,3%	65,1%	-1,9%	-8,0%	-14,0%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 615	1 745	1 839	1 752	1 828	1 682	1 447	-	-	-	8,0%	5,4%	-4,7%	4,3%	-8,0%	-14,0%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			1 615	1 745	1 839	1 752	1 828	1 682	1 447	-	-	-	8,0%	5,4%	-4,7%	4,3%	-8,0%	-14,0%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			77 399	91 360	78 426	83 741	73 019	72 979	78 204	-	-	-	18,0%	-14,2%	6,8%	-12,8%	-0,1%	7,2%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			76 099	90 175	77 180	82 344	71 851	71 874	77 067	-	-	-	18,5%	-14,4%	6,7%	-12,7%	0,0%	7,2%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			1 300	1 185	1 246	1 397	1 168	1 105	1 137	-	-	-	-8,8%	5,1%	12,1%	-16,4%	-5,4%	2,9%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			295	285	297	383	339	364	424	-	-	-	-3,4%	4,2%	29,0%	-11,5%	7,4%	16,5%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 005	900	949	1 014	829	741	713	-	-	-	-10,4%	5,4%	6,8%	-18,2%	-10,6%	-3,8%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			1 005	900	949	1 014	829	741	713	-	-	-	-10,4%	5,4%	6,8%	-18,2%	-10,6%	-3,8%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	467	662	679	672	1 765	-	-	-	-	-	41,8%	2,6%	-1,0%	162,6%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	460	650	671	665	1 740	-	-	-	-	-	41,3%	3,2%	-0,9%	161,7%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			67,1%	92,8%	106,3%	97,4%	105,4%	100,0%	96,9%	-	-	-	38,36	14,52	(8,37)	8,23	(5,13)	(3,11)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			66,5%	92,7%	106,3%	97,4%	105,4%	100,0%	96,9%	-	-	-	39,30	14,72	(8,35)	8,16	(5,13)	(3,11)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			103,0%	104,7%	105,1%	95,4%	107,7%	102,2%	98,7%	-	-	-	1,66	0,39	(9,27)	12,94	(5,15)	(3,38)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			99,8%	101,3%	101,6%	94,1%	103,4%	98,0%	94,7%	-	-	-	1,43	0,30	(7,32)	9,79	(5,15)	(3,40)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			104,3%	106,4%	106,9%	96,4%	111,3%	105,5%	102,0%	-	-	-	1,99	0,43	(9,76)	15,39	(5,16)	(3,36)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			104,3%	106,4%	106,9%	96,4%	111,3%	105,5%	102,0%	-	-	-	1,99	0,43	(9,76)	15,39	(5,16)	(3,36)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			297	184	131	153	128	139	174	-	-	-	-38,0%	-28,8%	16,1%	-16,0%	8,8%	25,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			299	185	131	152	128	139	174	-	-	-	-38,3%	-29,1%	16,4%	-16,0%	8,9%	25,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			211	170	170	163	134	138	165	-	-	-	-19,4%	-0,2%	-4,3%	-17,7%	2,8%	19,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			171	131	130	101	91	107	144	-	-	-	-23,4%	-1,0%	-21,9%	-9,8%	16,8%	35,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			227	188	188	211	166	161	180	-	-	-	-17,1%	0,1%	12,2%	-21,6%	-2,9%	11,8%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			227	188	188	211	166	161	180	-	-	-	-17,1%	0,1%	12,2%	-21,6%	-2,9%	11,8%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			153 873	83 098	40 023	32 226	42 944	39 695	39 454	-	-	-	-46,0%	-51,8%	-19,5%	33,3%	-7,6%	-0,6%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			101 691	50 537	18 743	12 986	11 172	17 884	17 586	-	-	-	-50,3%	-62,9%	-30,7%	-14,0%	60,1%	-1,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			695	424	215	130	114	116	111	-	-	-	-39,0%	-49,3%	-39,5%	-12,3%	1,8%	-4,3%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			137	65	34	13	5	-	1	-	-	-	-52,6%	-47,7%	-61,8%	-61,5%	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			558	359	181	117	109	116	110	-	-	-	-35,7%	-49,6%	-35,4%	-6,8%	6,4%	-5,2%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			558	359	181	117	109	116	110	-	-	-	-35,7%	-49,6%	-35,4%	-6,8%	6,4%	-5,2%
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			51 487	32 137	21 065	19 110	31 658	21 695	21 757	-	-	-	-37,6%	-34,5%	-9,3%	65,7%	-31,5%	0,3%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			159 055	78 841	58 015	95 123	76 786	59 978	49 338	-	-	-	-50,4%	-26,4%	64,0%	-19,3%	-21,9%	-17,7%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			77 548	35 265	22 103	19 364	33 252	29 625	23 746	-	-	-	-54,5%	-37,3%	-12,4%	71,7%	-10,9%	-19,8%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			938	438	221	333	351	253	208	-	-	-	-53,3%	-49,5%	50,7%	5,4%	-27,9%	-17,8%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			89	70	37	120	53	41	34	-	-	-	-21,3%	-47,1%	224,3%	-55,8%	-22,6%	-17,1%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			849	368	184	213	298	212	174	-	-	-	-56,7%	-50,0%	15,8%	39,9%	-28,9%	-17,9%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			849	368	184	213	298	212	174	-	-	-	-56,7%	-50,0%	15,8%	39,9%	-28,9%	-17,9%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			80 569	43 138	35 691	75 426	43 183	30 100	25 384	-	-	-	-46,5%	-17,3%	111,3%	-42,7%	-30,3%	-15,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			229 830	121 916	65 812	84 405	80 035	60 219	51 922	-	-	-	-47,0%	-46,0%	28,3%	-5,2%	-24,8%	-13,8%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			128 702	67 100	27 860	21 178	26 540	29 923	24 856	-	-	-	-47,9%	-58,5%	-24,0%	25,3%	12,7%	-16,9%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			1 209	606	306	349	349	258	221	-	-	-	-49,9%	-49,5%	14,1%	0,0%	-26,1%	-14,3%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			161	106	58	128	58	40	34	-	-	-	-34,2%	-45,3%	120,7%	-54,7%	-31,0%	-15,0%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 048	500	248	221	291	218	187	-	-	-	-52,3%	-50,4%	-10,9%	31,7%	-25,1%	-14,2%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			1 048	500	248	221	291	218	187	-	-	-	-52,3%	-50,4%	-10,9%	31,7%	-25,1%	-14,2%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			99 919	54 210	37 646	62 878	53 146	30 038	26 845	-	-	-	-45,7%	-30,6%	67,0%	-15,5%	-43,5%	-10,6%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			83 098	40 023	32 226	42 944	39 695	39 454	36 870	-	-	-	-51,8%	-19,5%	33,3%	-7,6%	-0,6%	-6,5%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			50 537	18 702	12 986	11 172	17 884	17 586	16 476	-	-	-	-63,0%	-30,6%	-14,0%	60,1%	-1,7%	-6,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			424	256	130	114	116	111	98	-	-	-	-39,6%	-49,2%	-12,3%	1,8%	-4,3%	-11,7%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			65	29	13	5	-	1	1	-	-	-	-55,4%	-55,2%	-61,5%	-	-	0,0%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			359	227	117	109	116	110	97	-	-	-	-36,8%	-48,5%	-6,8%	6,4%	-5,2%	-11,8%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			359	227	117	109	116	110	97	-	-	-	-36,8%	-48,5%	-6,8%	6,4%	-5,2%	-11,8%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			32 137	21 065	19 110	31 658	21 695	21 757	20 296	-	-	-	-34,5%	-9,3%	65,7%	-31,5%	0,3%	-6,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	1 514	1 450	954	944	882	-	-	-	-	-	-4,2%	-34,2%	-1,0%	-6,6%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	1 135	1 079	452	448	421	-	-	-	-	-	-4,9%	-58,1%	-0,9%	-6,0%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	373	360	499	494	460	-	-	-	-	-	-3,5%	38,6%	-1,0%	-6,9%

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			144,5%	154,6%	113,4%	88,7%	104,2%	100,4%	105,2%	-	-	-	7,02	(26,64)	(21,78)	17,47	(3,67)	4,82
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			166,0%	190,3%	126,0%	109,4%	79,8%	101,0%	104,7%	-	-	-	14,65	(33,76)	(13,23)	(27,02)	26,55	3,63
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			128,9%	138,4%	138,5%	104,8%	99,4%	102,0%	106,3%	-	-	-	7,34	0,08	(24,31)	(5,13)	2,56	4,19
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			180,9%	151,4%	156,8%	106,7%	109,4%	97,6%	100,0%	-	-	-	(16,29)	3,52	(31,95)	2,59	(10,85)	2,50
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			123,4%	135,9%	134,8%	103,8%	97,7%	102,8%	107,5%	-	-	-	10,07	(0,80)	(23,02)	(5,88)	5,30	4,51
CR Non litigious land registry cases			123,4%	135,9%	134,8%	103,8%	97,7%	102,8%	107,5%	-	-	-	10,07	(0,80)	(23,02)	(5,88)	5,30	4,51
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			124,0%	125,7%	105,5%	83,4%	123,1%	99,8%	105,8%	-	-	-	1,33	(16,07)	(20,97)	47,63	(18,91)	5,97
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			132	120	179	186	181	239	259	-	-	-	-9,2%	49,2%	3,9%	-2,5%	32,1%	8,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			143	102	170	193	246	215	242	-	-	-	-29,0%	67,2%	13,2%	27,7%	-12,8%	12,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			128	154	155	119	121	157	162	-	-	-	20,5%	0,6%	-23,1%	1,8%	29,4%	3,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			147	100	82	14	-	9	11	-	-	-	-32,2%	-18,1%	-82,6%	-	-	17,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			125	166	172	180	145	184	189	-	-	-	32,5%	3,9%	4,5%	-19,2%	26,6%	2,8%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			125	166	172	180	145	184	189	-	-	-	32,5%	3,9%	4,5%	-19,2%	26,6%	2,8%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			117	142	185	184	149	264	276	-	-	-	20,8%	30,6%	-0,8%	-18,9%	77,4%	4,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									106 622	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									341 899	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									342 634	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									105 887	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									4 316	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																											
CR of Total									100,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR o2 Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																											
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									7 166	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
098.2.1 Total -incoming									22 243	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
098.3.1 Total - resolved									22 061	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									7 348	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									107	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									99,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									122	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									353	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									364	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									103,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Total									134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Severe cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 5: Access to justice																				
Legal aid																				
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																				
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True										
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True										
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True										
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										False										
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True										
020.1.1 Total										66 522										
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										63 492										
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										3 030										
020.2.1 Total brought to court										66 522										
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										63 492										
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										3 030										
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NAP										
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NAP										
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NAP										
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NAP										
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA										

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																				
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																				
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True											
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True											
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing											
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing											
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing											
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							-	100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True											
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							-	Both	Both	Both										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							-	Both	Both	Both										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							-	Both	Both	Both										

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry								-	False	False	False								
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry								-	False	False	False								
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry								-	False	False	False								
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry								-	False	False	False								
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry								-	True	True	True								
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry								-	True	True	True								
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)								-	1-9%	1-9%	1-9%								
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)								-	1-9%	1-9%	1-9%								
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)								-	NA	NA	NA								
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)								-	True	True	True								
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)								-	True	True	True								
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)								-	False	NA	False								
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)								-	True	True	True								
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)								-	True	True	True								
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)								-	False	NA	False								

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True											
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%											
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)											
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)											
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False											
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False											
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False											
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False											
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False											
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False											
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%											
064-2 - Criminal							NA	NA	NA											
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							True	True	True											
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True											
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	False	False											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							False	False	False											
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							False	False	False											

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)																		
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)																		
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)																		

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail									
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail									
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail									
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail									
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							False	False	False									

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	4 310	4 511	4 577	4 608	4 628	4 664	4 677	4 753	4 600	6,7%	4,7%	1,5%	0,7%	0,4%	0,8%	0,3%	1,6%	-3,2%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 998	3 571	2 101	2 097	2 055	2 008	2 029	2 180	2 103	5,3%	78,7%	-41,2%	-0,2%	-2,0%	-2,3%	1,0%	7,4%	-3,5%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	2 217	825	2 360	2 404	2 463	2 540	2 540	2 465	2 387	7,7%	-62,8%	186,1%	1,9%	2,5%	3,1%	0,0%	-3,0%	-3,2%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	95	115	116	107	110	116	108	108	110	15,8%	21,1%	0,9%	-7,8%	2,8%	5,5%	-6,9%	0,0%	1,9%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	1 187	1 213	1 195	1 204	1 220	1 223	1 272	1 262	1 223	3,0%	2,2%	-1,5%	0,8%	1,3%	0,2%	4,0%	-0,8%	-3,1%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	619	985	569	573	568	552	586	594	563	-9,0%	59,1%	-42,2%	0,7%	-0,9%	-2,8%	6,2%	1,4%	-5,2%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	554	210	608	613	633	649	663	645	634	14,4%	-62,1%	189,5%	0,8%	3,3%	2,5%	2,2%	-2,7%	-1,7%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	14	18	18	18	19	22	23	23	26	85,7%	28,6%	0,0%	0,0%	5,6%	15,8%	4,5%	0,0%	13,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	3 123	3 298	3 382	3 404	3 408	3 441	3 405	3 491	3 377	8,1%	5,6%	2,5%	0,7%	0,1%	1,0%	-1,0%	2,5%	-3,3%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 379	2 586	1 532	1 524	1 487	1 456	1 443	1 586	1 540	11,7%	87,5%	-40,8%	-0,5%	-2,4%	-2,1%	-0,9%	9,9%	-2,9%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	1 663	615	1 752	1 791	1 830	1 891	1 877	1 820	1 753	5,4%	-63,0%	184,9%	2,2%	2,2%	3,3%	-0,7%	-3,0%	-3,7%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	81	97	98	89	91	94	85	85	84	3,7%	19,8%	1,0%	-9,2%	2,2%	3,3%	-9,6%	0,0%	-1,2%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 103	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 387	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	9 283	9 639	10 147	10 251	10 297	10 638	10 662	10 700	10 512	13,2%	3,8%	5,3%	1,0%	0,4%	3,3%	0,2%	0,4%	-1,8%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	5 489	5 743	6 072	6 149	6 191	6 358	6 402	6 437	6 374	16,1%	4,6%	5,7%	1,3%	0,7%	2,7%	0,7%	0,5%	-1,0%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 486	1 563	1 585	1 615	1 621	1 697	1 645	1 646	1 621	9,1%	5,2%	1,4%	1,9%	0,4%	4,7%	-3,1%	0,1%	-1,5%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	1 762	1 784	1 854	1 844	1 822	1 731	1 772	1 750	1 682	-4,5%	1,2%	3,9%	-0,5%	-1,2%	-5,0%	2,4%	-1,2%	-3,9%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	546	549	636	643	663	852	843	867	835	52,9%	0,5%	15,8%	1,1%	3,1%	28,5%	-1,1%	2,8%	-3,7%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									10 512	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									4 686	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									5 487	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									339	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									2 446	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									1 144	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									788	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									514	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									1 174	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									545	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									364	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									265	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									1 272	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									599	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									424	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									249	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									2 408	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	13 385 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	43 223 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	87 522 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	43 223 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	67 051 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	25 285 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	51 200 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	25 285 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	39 225 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	True										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	True										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	20 919	23 332	23 244	23 635	23 205	23 020	22 873	23 554	23 424	12,0%	11,5%	-0,4%	1,7%	-1,8%	-0,8%	-0,6%	3,0%	-0,6%	
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	13 085	NA	9 855	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 788	NA	13 569	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Romania (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	4 136	10 847	6 833	11 701	5 080	4 739	4 585	11 234	11 259		172,2%	162,3%	-37,0%	71,2%	-56,6%	-6,7%	-3,2%	145,0%	0,2%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

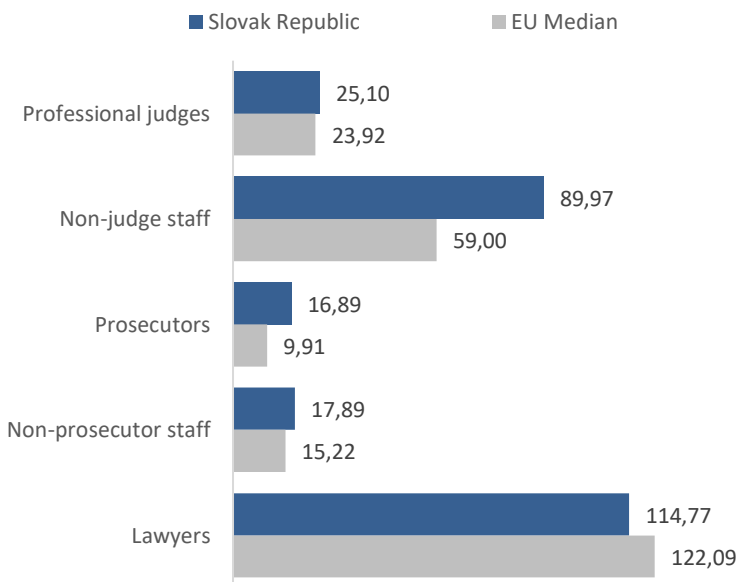
Judiciary at a glance in Slovak Republic

General data

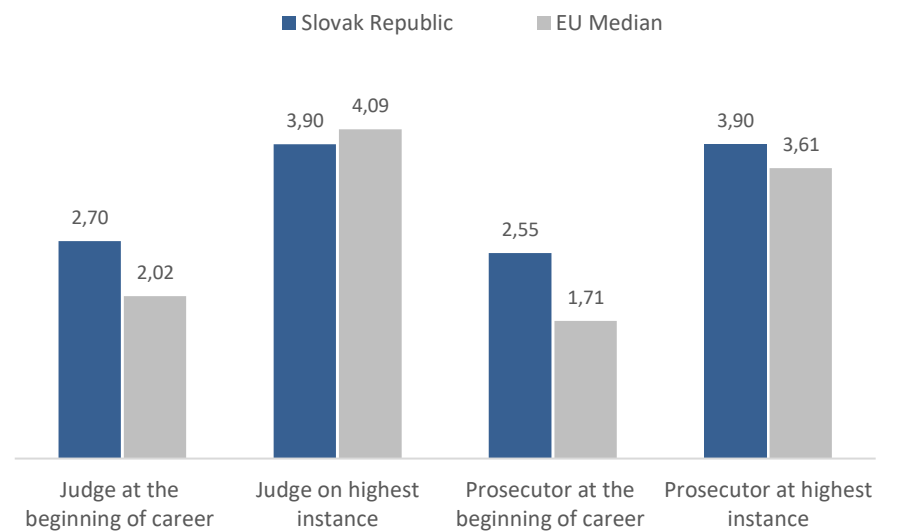
Population:	5 459 781	GDP per capita:	16 770 €	Average annual salary:	15 275 €
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Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

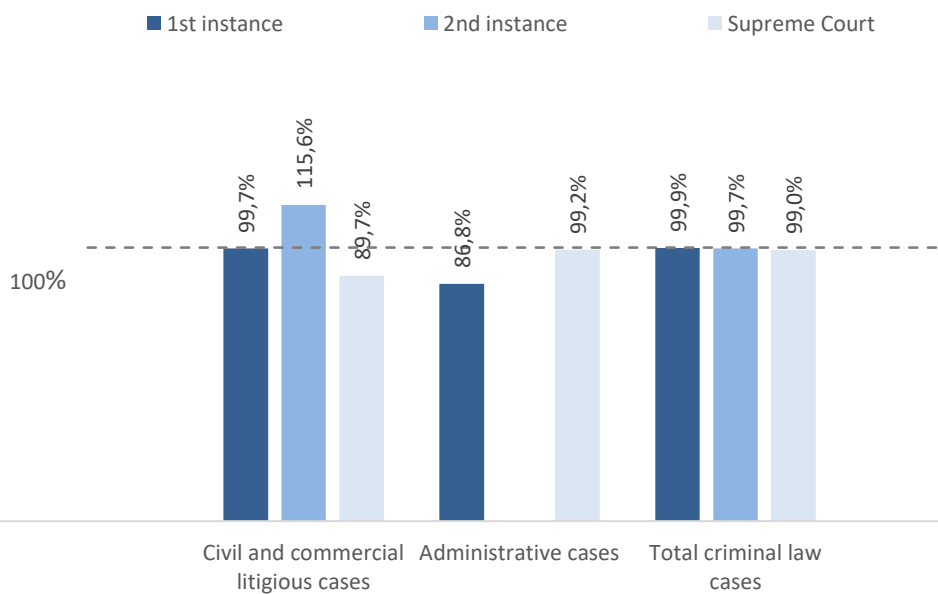


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

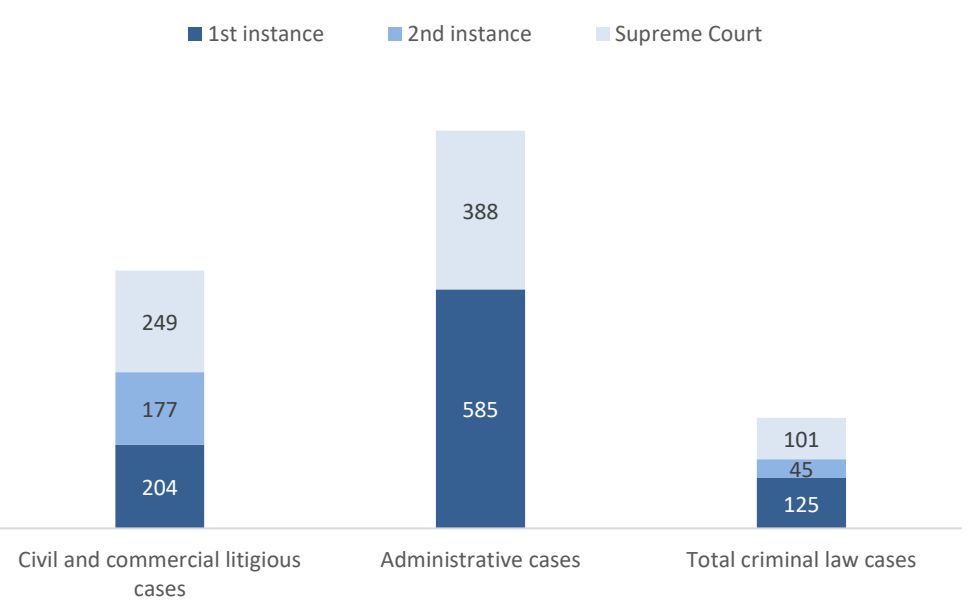


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

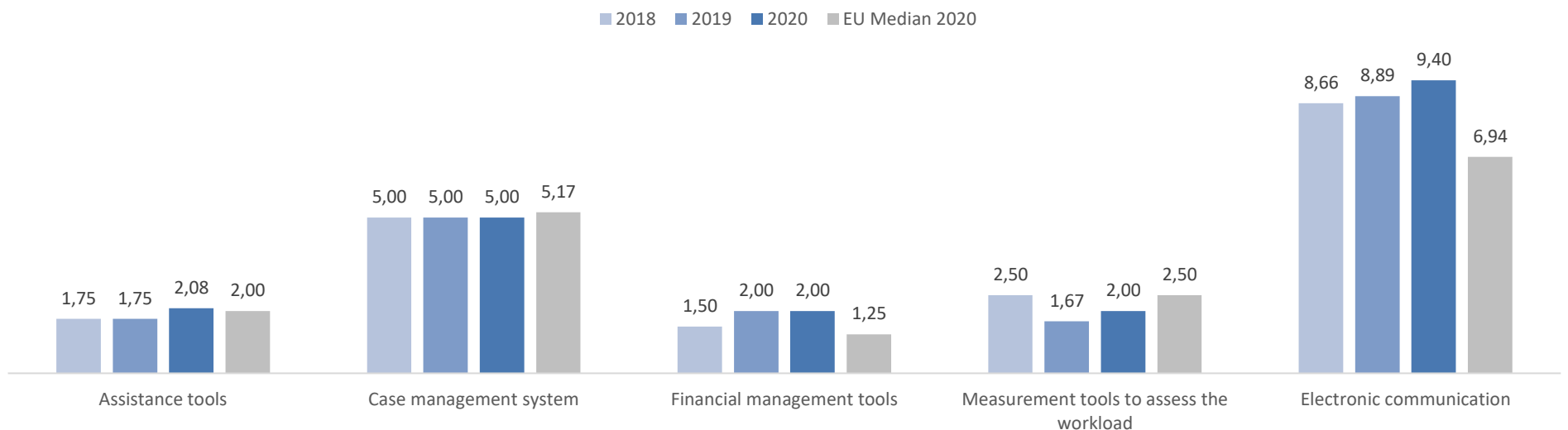


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

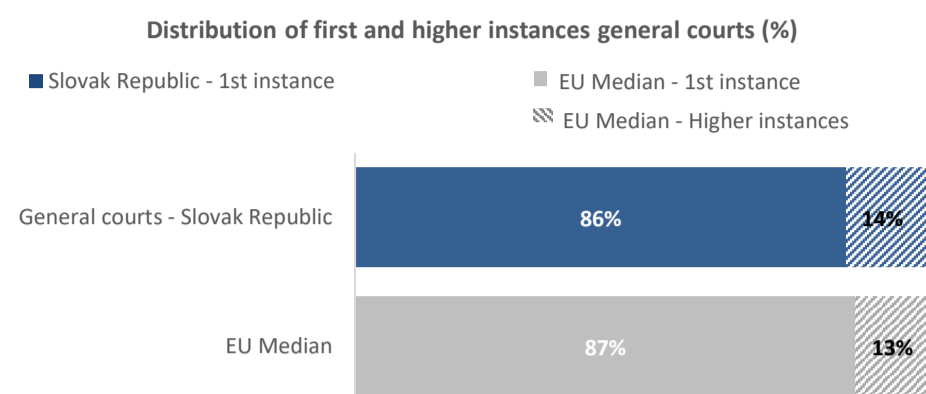
Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Slovak Republic

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	5 459 781	0,9%	0,3%	0,3%	0,1%	0,1%	0,0%
GDP per capita	13 207	13 319	13 880	14 400	14 910	15 620	16 550	17 254	16 770	27,0%	7,4%	11,0%	6,0%	4,3%	-2,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	9 660		10 296		10 944		12 156	13 198	15 275	58,1%	6,3%	11,1%		8,6%	15,7%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	24,2	24,8	24,4	23,8	24,1	25,3	25,3	25,1	23,9	-1,0%	-1,1%	4,8%	0,0%	-0,7%	-4,7%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	82,8	83,0	82,4	80,9	82,5	84,8	86,4	86,7	90,0	8,6%	0,1%	4,8%	1,9%	0,3%	3,8%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	96,3	102,3	107,5	110,4	113,0	110,9	112,1	113,3	114,8	19,2%	5,1%	-0,8%	1,1%	1,1%	1,3%
Mediators	11,7	15,6	19,7	23,0	26,7	30,6	16,8	14,6	16,1	37,3%	35,4%	-37,2%	-45,2%	-12,7%	9,9%
ICT overall assesment							6,9	6,9	7,3					-0,5%	6,1%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,987	3,013	2,791	2,055	3,705	3,540	2,330	2,138	1,975	-33,9%	32,7%	-37,1%	-34,2%	-8,2%	-7,6%
Administrative law cases	0,347	0,2	0,2	0,198	0,163	0,093	0,093	0,101	0,093	-73,3%	-23,9%	-43,0%	0,4%	9,0%	-8,2%
Total criminal law cases									1,206						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	82%	81%	92%	133%	132%	129%	131%	110%	100%	18,14	40,23	-1,39	1,36	-20,71	-10,15
CR administrative law cases	47%	85%	125%	124%	112%	118%	96%	81%	87%	39,61	-12,81	-15,92	-22,04	-14,73	5,39
CR total criminal law cases									100%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	437	505	524	401	130	171	157	170	204	-53,3%	-75,3%	21,3%	-7,9%	8,5%	19,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)	733	746	397	374	203	317	401	518	585	-20,2%	-49,0%	98,2%	26,7%	29,0%	12,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									125						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,92	3,36	3,67	3,00	1,74	2,14	1,31	1,10	1,10	-62,2%	-52,8%	-24,5%	-38,8%	-16,2%	0,5%
Administrative law cases	0,33	0,36	0,29	0,25	0,10	0,09	0,10	0,12	0,13	-60,8%	-65,2%	-3,1%	3,5%	19,1%	10,5%
Total criminal law cases									0,41						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	125%	116%	105%	111%	116%		NA	-20,75	-11,25	6,19	4,85
CR administrative law cases			111%	90%	92%	500%	250%	-	-		-19,44	158,33	-250,00		
CR total criminal law cases									100%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	121	168	186	175	177		NA	54,0%	10,9%	-5,8%	1,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)			110	154	299	292	73	-	0		172,7%	-75,6%	-75,0%		
DT total criminal law cases (days)									45						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	122%	117%	106%	90%		NA	NA	-4,78	-10,93	-16,26
CR administrative law cases			79%	84%	108%	162%	120%	111%	99%		28,87	12,06	-42,21	-8,34	-12,16
CR total criminal law cases									99%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	104	127	172	249		NA	NA	22,9%	35,1%	44,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)			311	371	354	275	297	314	388		14,0%	-16,2%	8,1%	5,7%	23,5%
DT total criminal law cases									101						

1. Judicial organisation in Slovak Republic

The entire court system of the Slovak republic consists of 54 District Courts, 8 Regional Courts, The Specialized Criminal Court and the Supreme Court of the Slovak republic.

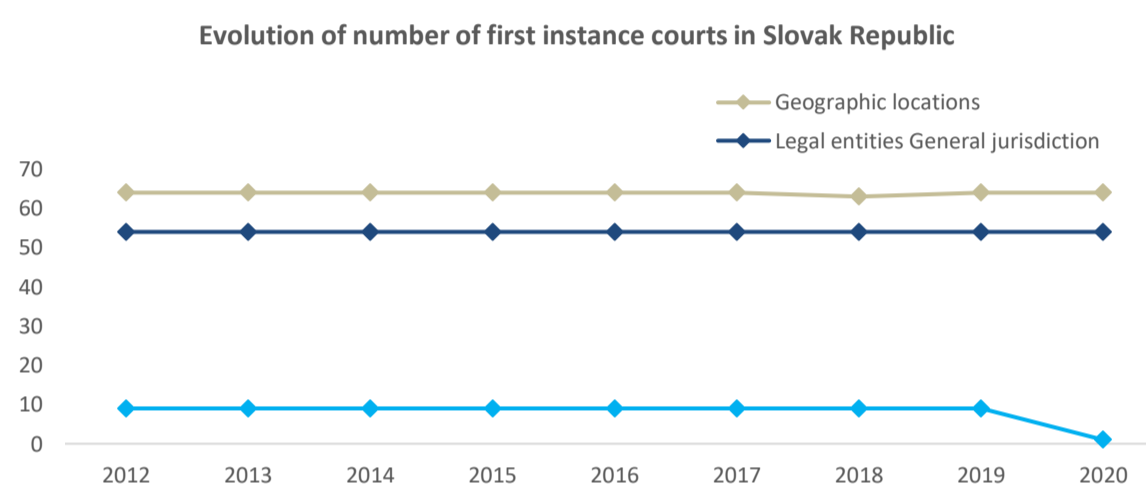
Distribution of general courts in Slovak Republic



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Slovak Republic is 86% - 14%, that is around the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Slovak Republic

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	64	54	9
2013	64	54	9
2014	64	54	9
2015	64	54	9
2016	64	54	9
2017	64	54	9
2018	63	54	9
2019	64	54	9
2020	64	54	1



The Constitutional Court is not included. In Slovak republic the Constitutional Court can deal with some rare individual cases.

In 2020 the provided number of specialised courts changed from 9 to 1 because of a better understanding of the question. In Slovak Republic there are 8 administrative courts in fact, but they cannot be considered as legal entities as they are part of the regional courts, and they are already counted in the number of general jurisdiction courts.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 98,2% - 1,8% is very different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	1	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	1	1
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

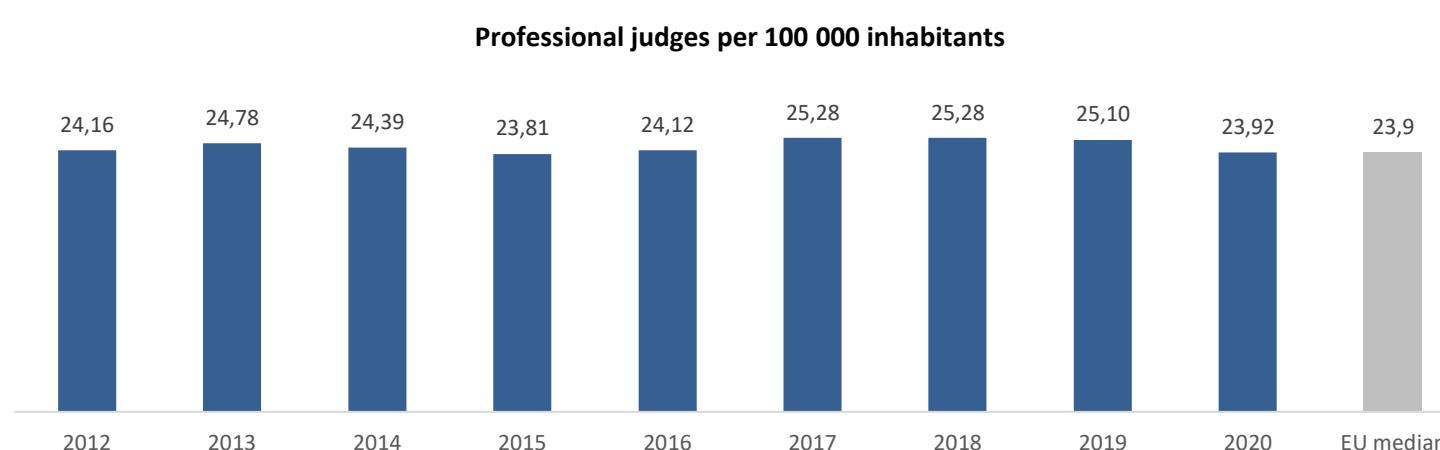
In the Slovak court system there are 8 Regional courts which are courts with dual competence. The Regional courts are the courts of appeal with the general jurisdiction in the civil, commercial and criminal cases. In the appellate procedure they decide the appeals lodged against the decisions of all 54 District courts within their local jurisdiction. At the same time, the Regional courts have the jurisdiction as the courts of first instance in administrative matters. They act as administrative courts. The Specialized Criminal court is competent to judge the grave criminal matters enumerated in the § 14 of the Criminal procedure Code (e. g. premeditated murder, corruption, terrorism, organised crime, severe economic crimes, damaging the financial interests of the EU etc.). Highest instance courts are the Supreme Court and the Constitutional Court (this latter is not counted here).

2. Professionals of justice in Slovak Republic

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 307	24,16
2013	1 342	24,78
2014	1 322	24,39
2015	1 292	23,81
2016	1 311	24,12
2017	1 376	25,28
2018	1 378	25,28
2019	1 370	25,10
2020	1 306	23,92



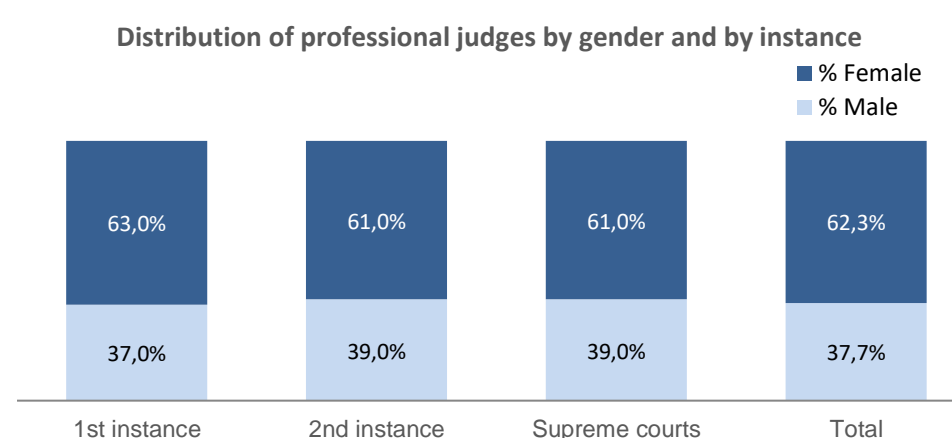
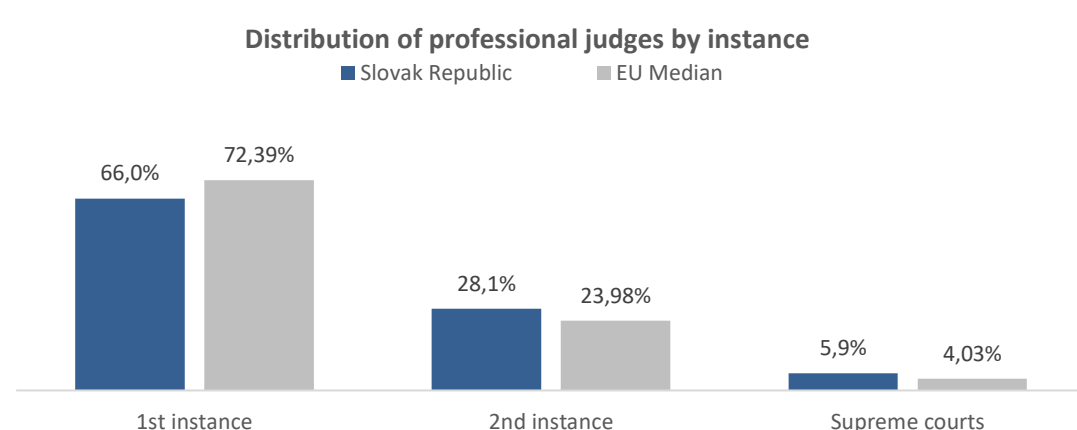
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Slovak Republic is 1 306, which is -4,7% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Slovak Republic, there are 23,92 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is the same than the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,76 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a significant increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,45 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	862	66,0%	319	543	37,0%	63,0%
2nd instance	367	28,1%	143	224	39,0%	61,0%
Supreme courts	77	5,9%	30	47	39,0%	61,0%
Total	1 306		492	814	37,7%	62,3%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 814, which represents 62,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 862 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 543 are female); 367 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 224 are female) and 77 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 47 are female).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

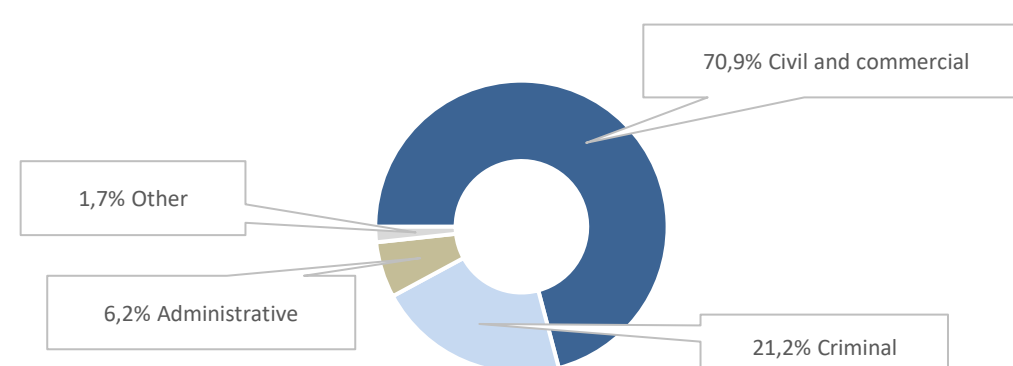
2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	852	654	176	0	22
2nd instance	366	228	84	54	0
Supreme courts	77	36	15	26	0
Total	1 295	918	275	80	22

In Slovak Republic, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	76,8%	20,7%	0,0%	2,6%
2nd instance	62,3%	23,0%	14,8%	0,0%
Supreme courts	46,8%	19,5%	33,8%	0,0%
Total	70,9%	21,2%	6,2%	1,7%

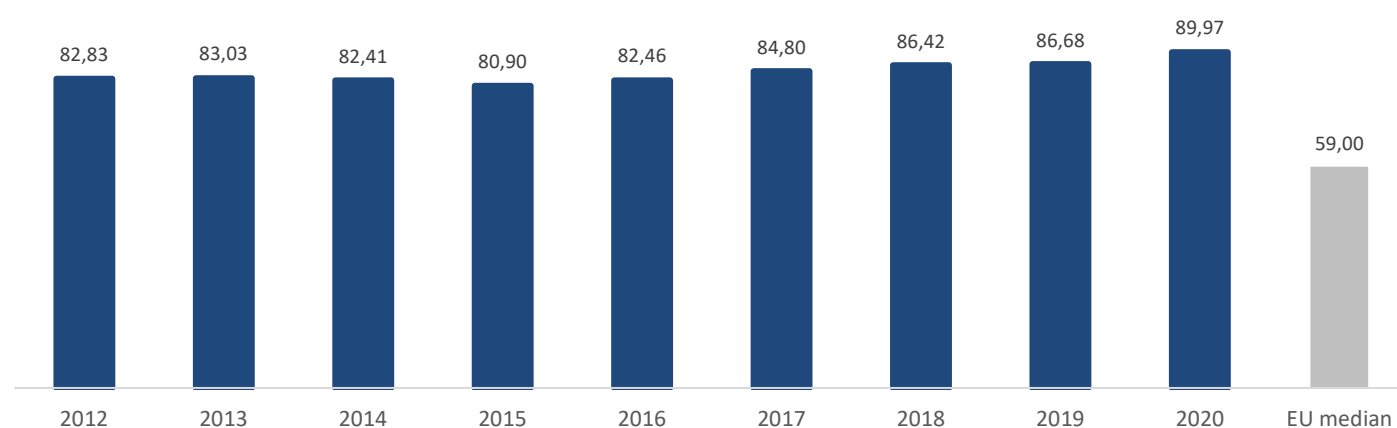
Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	4 482	4 497	4 468	4 390	4 482	4 616	4 710	4 731	4 912
Per 100 000 inhabitants	82,83	83,03	82,41	80,90	82,46	84,80	86,42	86,68	89,97

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	4 912	
Rechtspfleger	1 210	24,6%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	2 237	45,5%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 465	29,8%
Technical staff	NA	NA
Other	NA	NA

In 2020, Slovak Republic has 4 912 non-judge staff (of which 3 993 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 3,8%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 1 210 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which
- 2 237 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 2 125 are women);
- 1 465 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 1 060 are women);

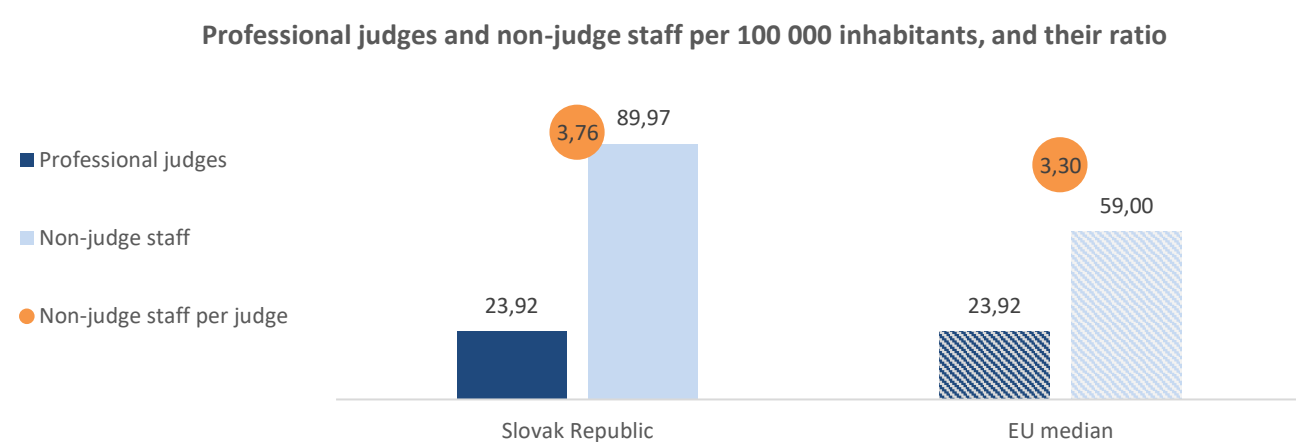
In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 86,7 in 2019 to 90,0 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 25,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 23,9 in 2020.

The number of technical staff and other non-judge staff are included in the category "staff in charge of administrative tasks"

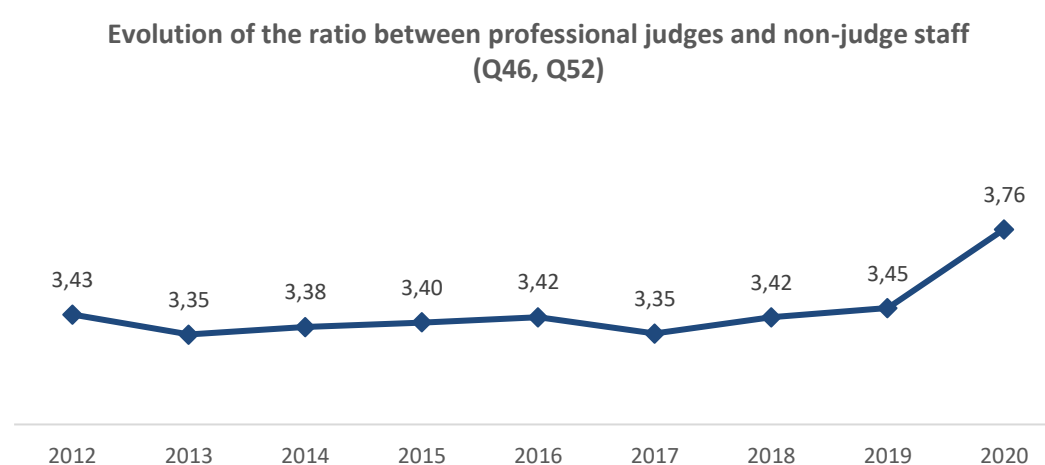
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Slovak Republic	EU median
Professional judges	23,92	23,92
Non-judge staff	89,97	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,76	3,30



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

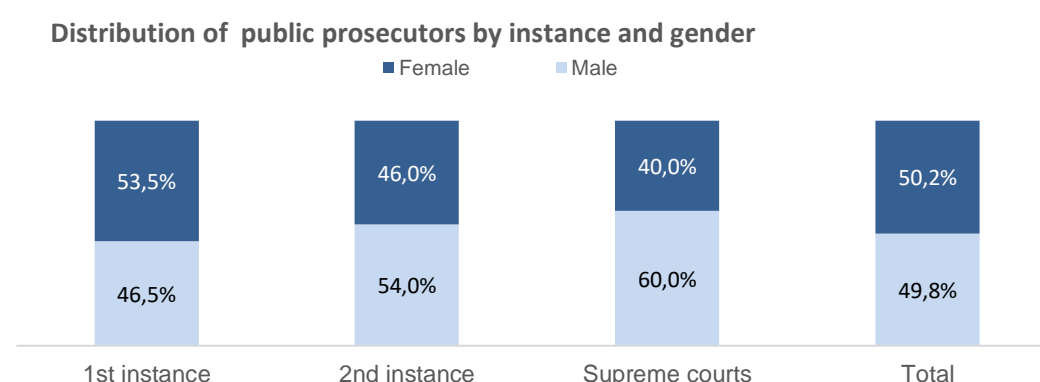
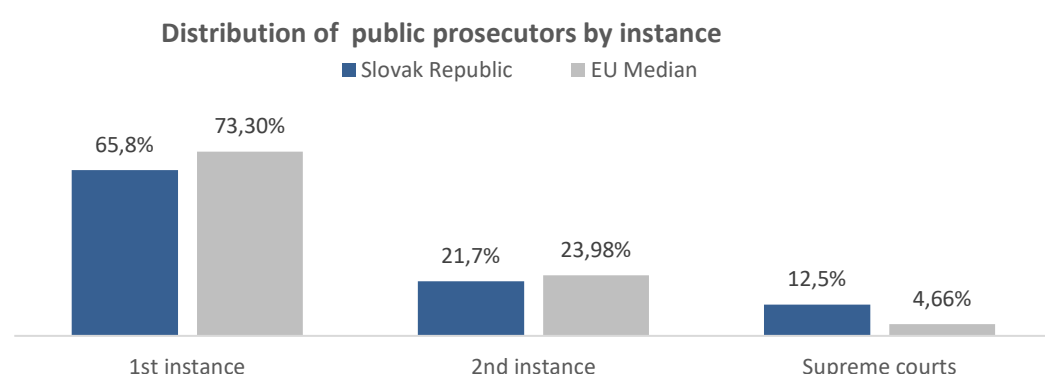
	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	24,16	82,83	3,43
2013	24,78	83,03	3,35
2014	24,39	82,41	3,38
2015	23,81	80,90	3,40
2016	24,12	82,46	3,42
2017	25,28	84,80	3,35
2018	25,28	86,42	3,42
2019	25,10	86,68	3,45
2020	23,92	89,97	3,76



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	607	65,8%	282	325	46,5%	53,5%
2nd instance	200	21,7%	108	92	54,0%	46,0%
Supreme courts	115	12,5%	69	46	60,0%	40,0%
Total	922		459	463	49,8%	50,2%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 463, which represents 50,2% of the total number of prosecutors.

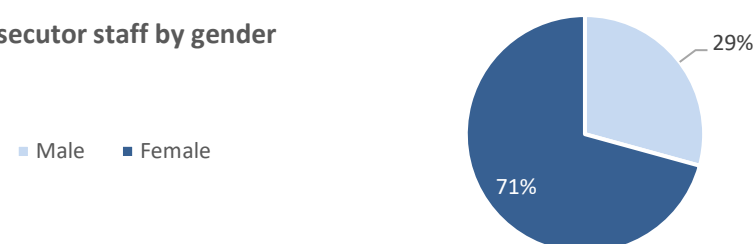
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 607 in first instance (of which 325 are female); 200 are in second instance (of which 92 are female) and 115 in final instance (of which 46 are female).

The number of prosecutors at the Supreme Court level also includes prosecutors of the Special Prosecution Bureau. The latter deals with crimes of corruption and the most severe offences including organized crime. It intervenes in first instance, but acts as an organizational part of the General Prosecutor's Office.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	977	286	691

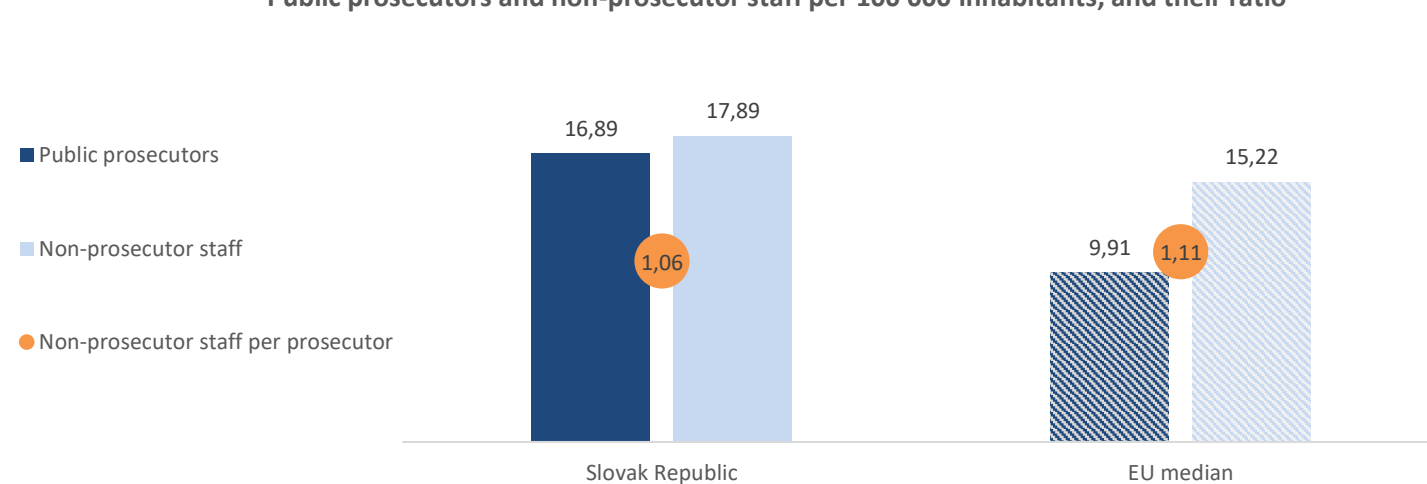
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

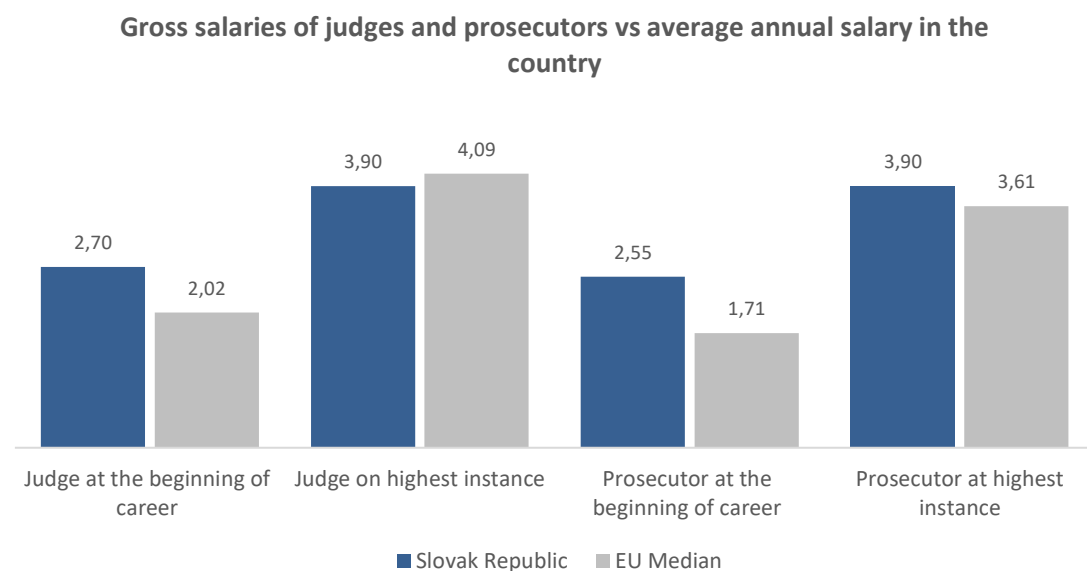
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Slovak Republic	EU median
Public prosecutors	16,89	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	17,89	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,06	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	41 278 €	NA	2,70
Judge of the highest court	59 623 €	NA	3,90
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	38 984 €	27 654 €	2,55
Public prosecutor at highest instance	59 623 €	44 479 €	3,90



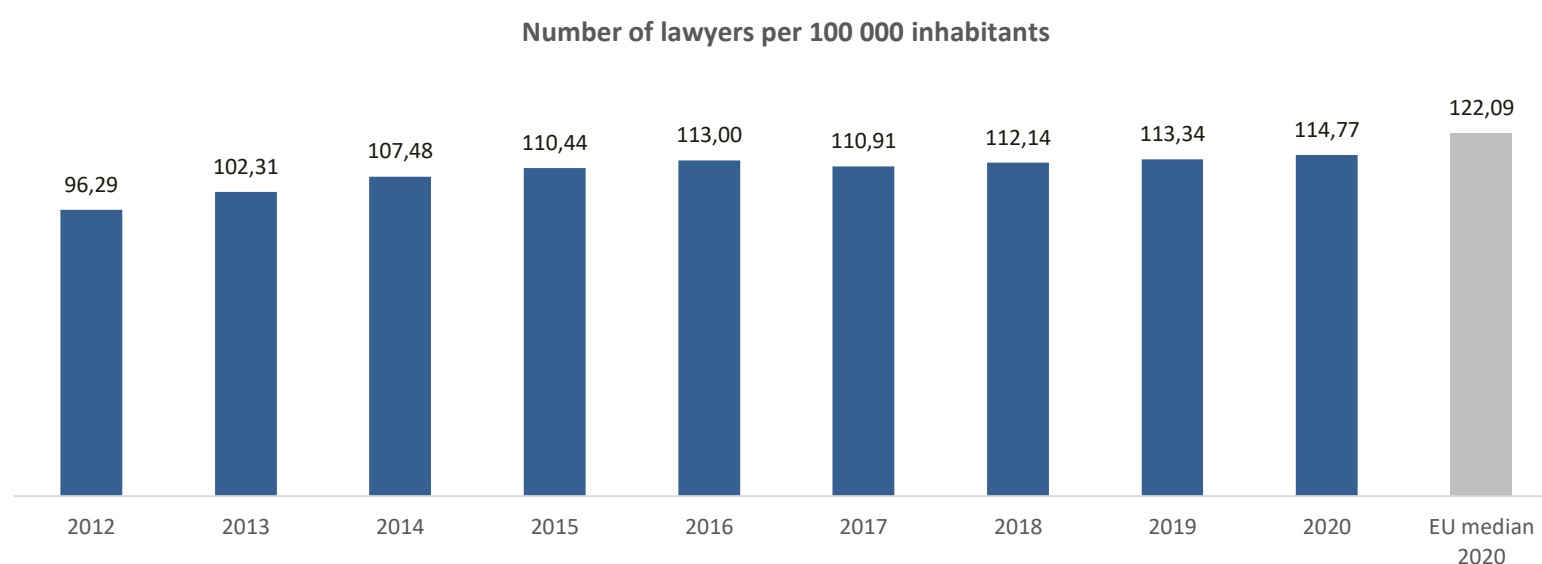
According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Slovak Republic of 41 278 € is somewhat below when compared to the EU median of 51 946 €. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 2,70 compared with EU median of: 2,02.

The stated sums represent the basic gross salary of judges/prosecutors without bonuses and supplements. According to the Act on Judges (No. 385/2000 Coll.) the average monthly salary of the judge equals the monthly salary of the Member of Parliament. The monthly salary of the judge at the beginning of the career is 90% of this salary. The monthly salary of the judge of the Supreme Court is 130 % of the monthly salary of the Member of Parliament. The judge is entitled to have 2 additional monthly salaries (in May and in November) unless he/she do not meet the conditions stipulated in law. The sum of annual average salary stated in this questionnaire counts 14 months salaries.

All bonuses and supplements are stipulated by law. Specific supplement belongs to the judges of the Specialized Criminal court and to the judges of the Supreme court deciding on the remedies against the decisions of that court. The value of the net salary depends on several individual criteria, e. g. the number of children, the voluntary pension security scheme etc. Similar rules govern the salaries of prosecutors (Act on Prosecutors and Trainee Prosecutors No.154/2001 Coll.). The average salary of the prosecutor equals the average salary of the judge. The salary of the beginning prosecutor is 85% of this salary, the salary of the prosecutor at the General Prosecutors office is equal to the salary of the Supreme Court judge. Prosecutors are also entitled to 2 additional monthly salaries. Supplements for the heads of the prosecutor offices are similar to supplements of the court presidents at the same level. The prosecutors of the Special Prosecutor's Office are entitled to same supplement as the judges of the Specialized Criminal Court.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	5 210	96,29
2013	5 541	102,31
2014	5 827	107,48
2015	5 993	110,44
2016	6 142	113,00
2017	6 037	110,91
2018	6 112	112,14
2019	6 186	113,34
2020	6 266	114,77



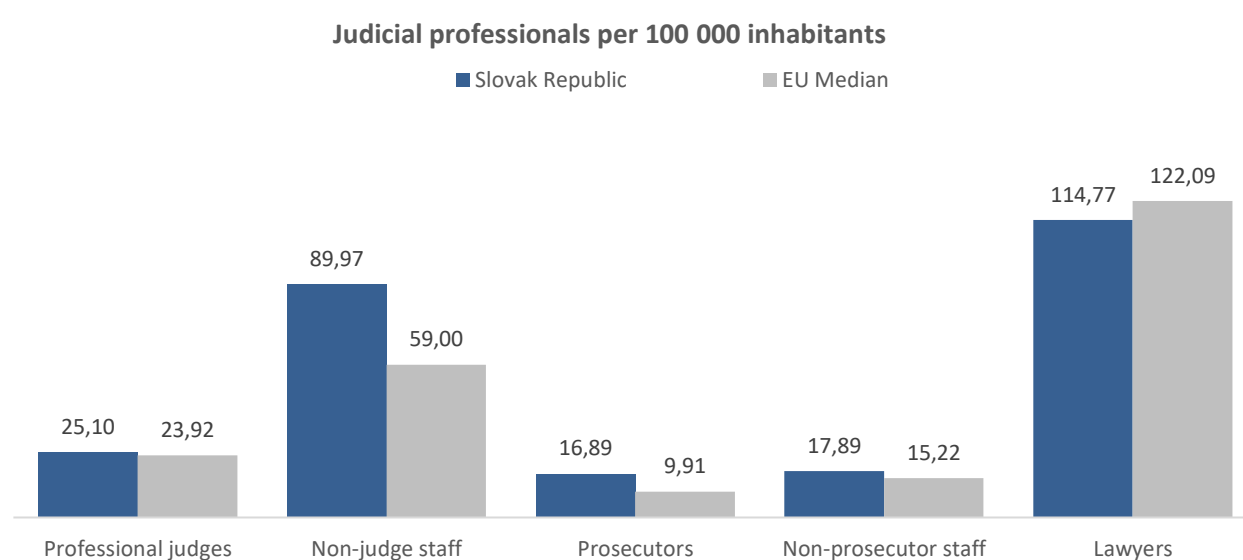
In 2020, there are 6 266 lawyers, which is 1,3% more than in 2019.

Slovak Republic has 114,8 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is around the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

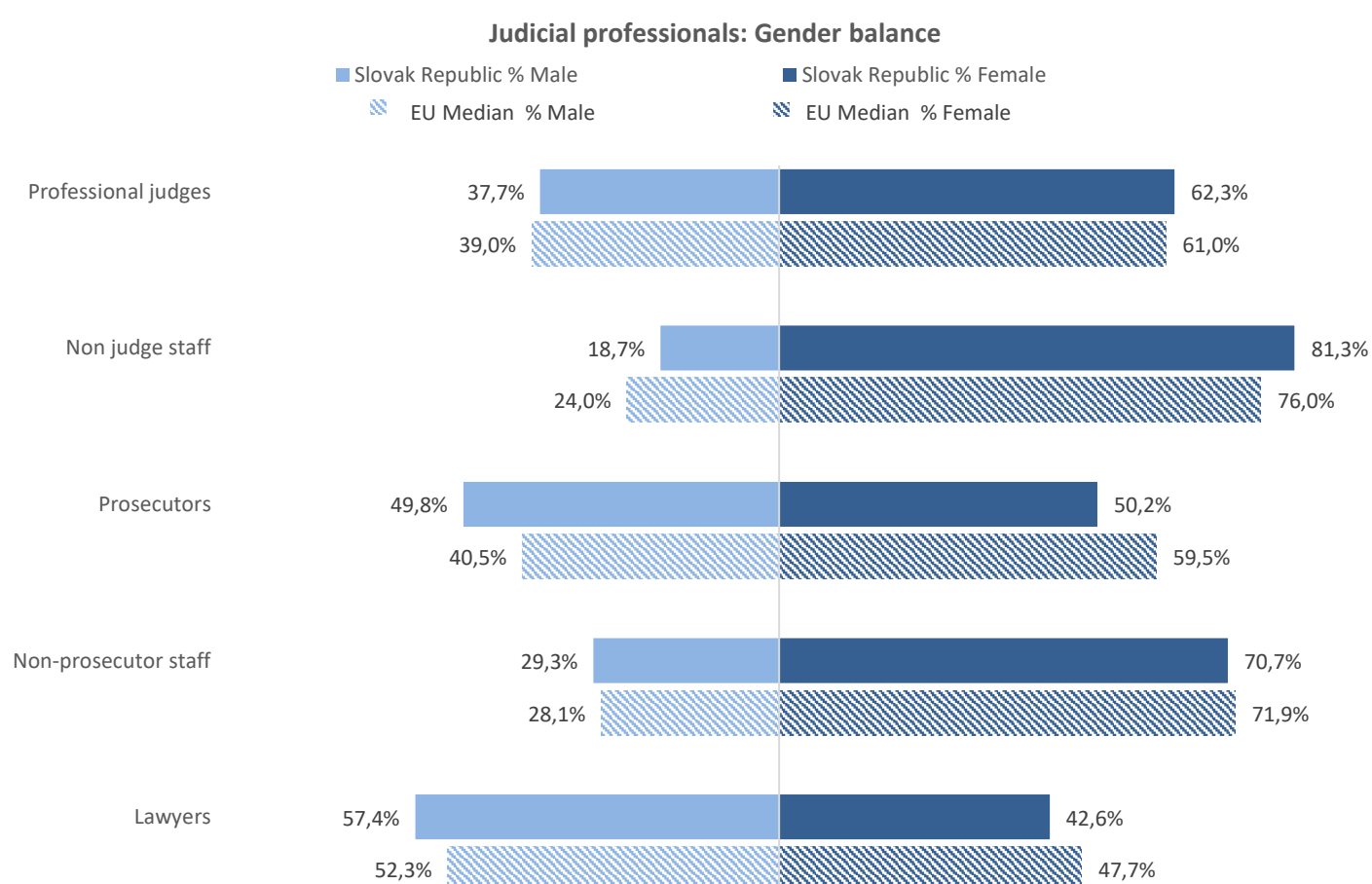
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 370	25,10	23,92
Non-judge staff	4 912	89,97	59,00
Prosecutors	922	16,89	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	977	17,89	15,22
Lawyers	6 266	114,77	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	37,7%	62,3%
Non judge staff	18,7%	81,3%
Prosecutors	49,8%	50,2%
Non-prosecutor staff	29,3%	70,7%
Lawyers	57,4%	42,6%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Slovak Republic

In Slovak Republic, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✔
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

The beneficiaries of legal aid are freed from obligation to pay court fees, when their income is below a certain level.

In Slovak Republic, legal aid is available for:

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✘
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

Other costs provided by Centre for Legal Aid are costs for lawyers who represent the client at courts and these lawyers has been provided by Centre for Legal Aid. All costs paid by Centre are established in law no. 655/2004 Z. z.

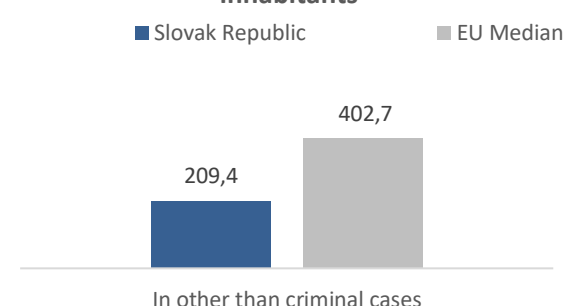
Legal aid shall also include: appointment of an interpreter and translation of documents necessary for decision on merits.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	11 432	NA	NA

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Slovak Republic	EU Median
Total	NA	734,2
In criminal cases	NA	330,9
In other than criminal cases	209,4	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



In 2020, because of the COVID 19 pandemic situation, there was a smaller amount of requests for legal aid.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 30
- Actual average duration: 30

If the application for legal aid contains all the documents needed to issue a decision for granting legal aid, then a decision is issued within 30 days. The applicant must meet the requirements for granting legal aid established by Act no. 327/2005 Z. z.. If the application is not complete, then the proceeding is suspended for min. 8 days max. 30 days till the application is not complete. When the application is complete, according to Act no. 327/2005 Z. z., the proceeding continues and the decision is issued if the legal aid will or will not be granted.

4. Performance of courts in Slovak Republic

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

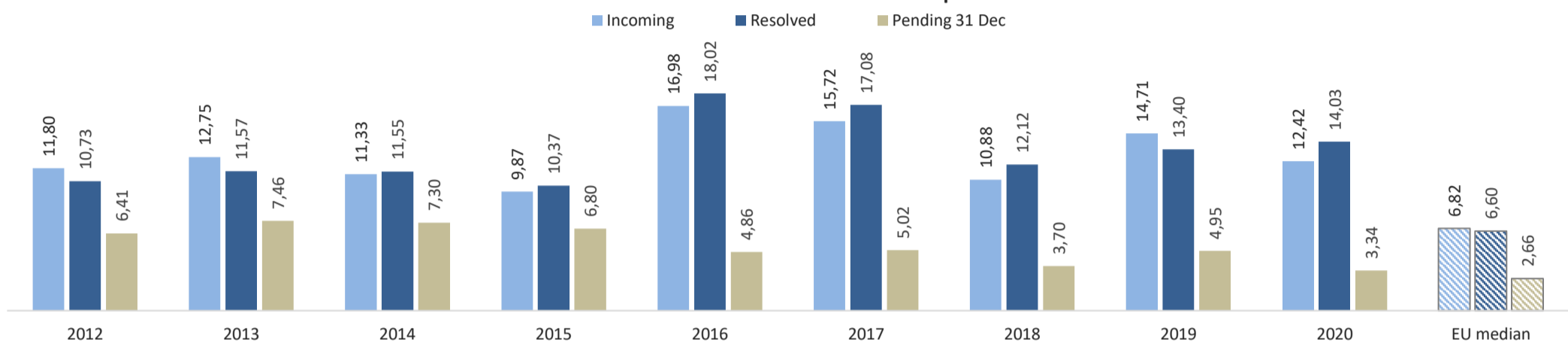
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Slovak Republic (12,42 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

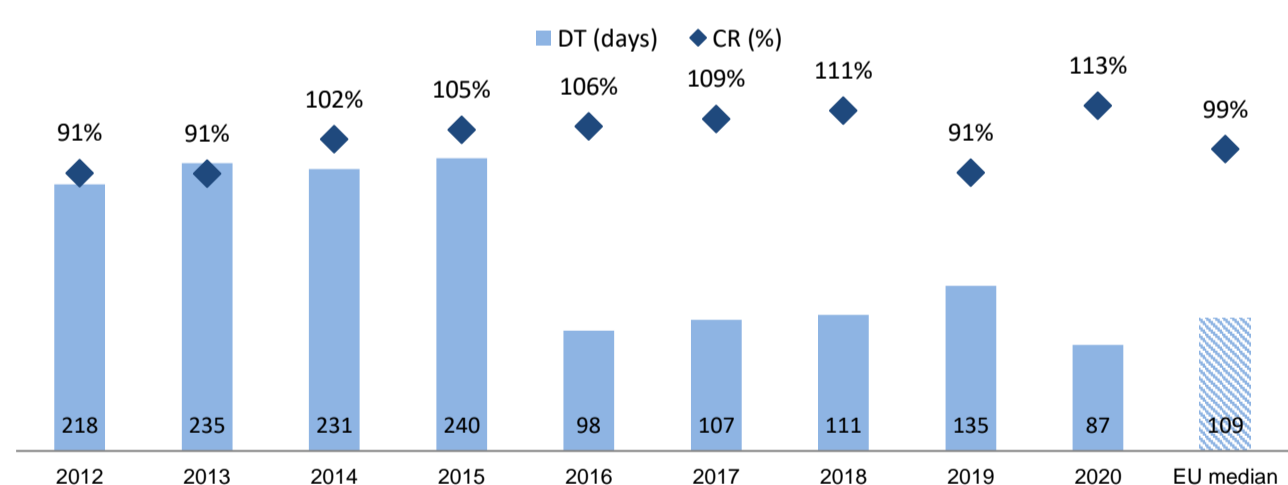
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Slovak Republic (14,03 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Slovak Republic (3,34 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	91%	218
2013	91%	235
2014	102%	231
2015	105%	240
2016	106%	98
2017	109%	107
2018	111%	111
2019	91%	135
2020	113%	87

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 113,0% in 2020 Slovak Republic seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 22,0 points.

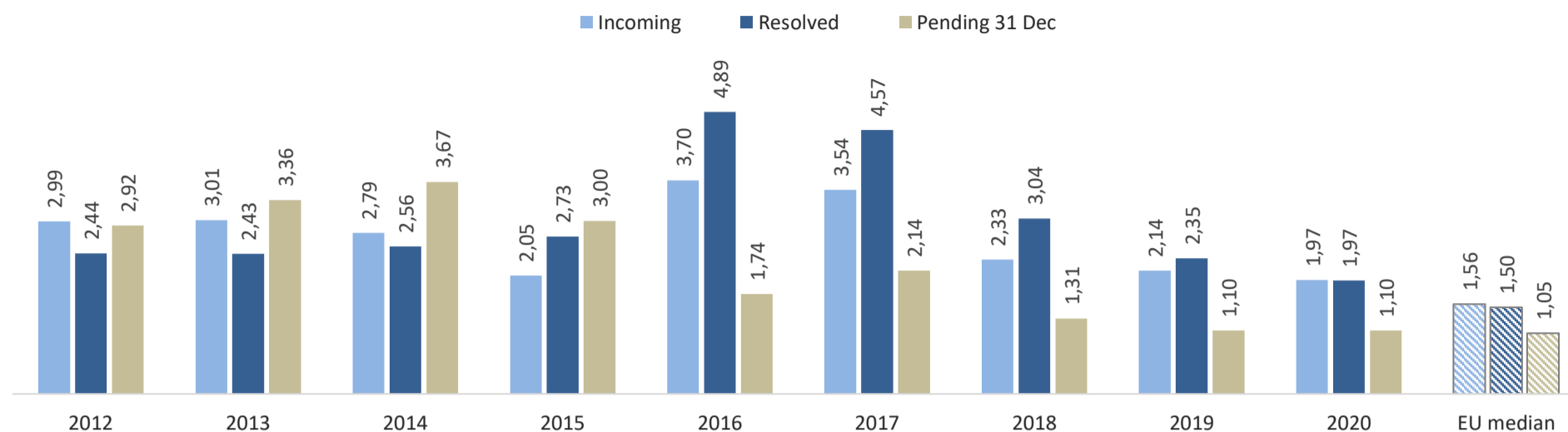
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 87 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -35,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Slovak Republic (1,97 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

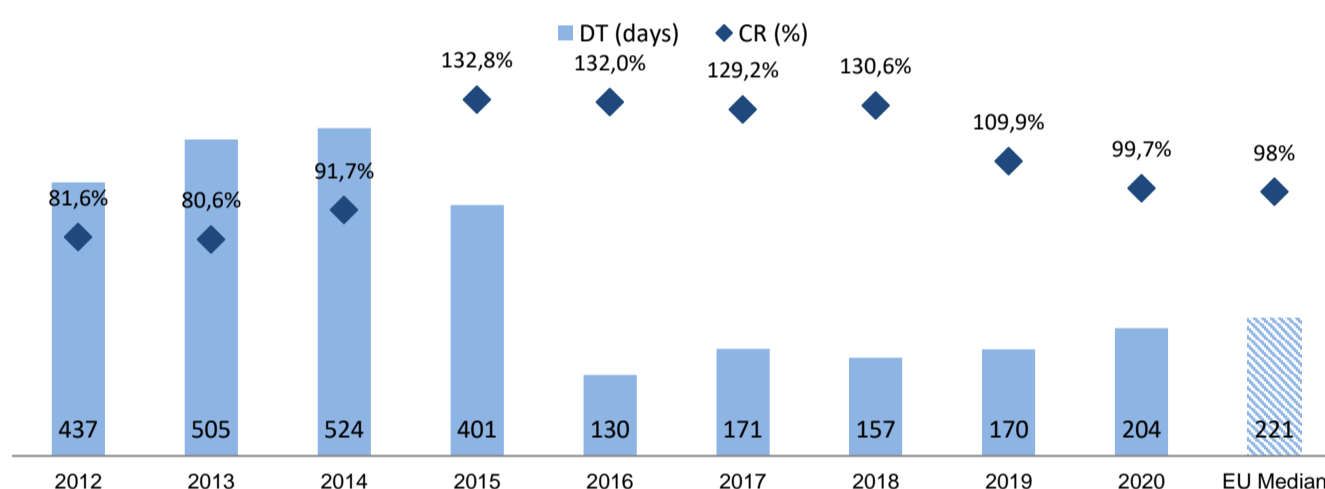
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Slovak Republic (1,97 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Slovak Republic (1,10 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	81,6%	437
2013	80,6%	505
2014	91,7%	524
2015	132,8%	401
2016	132,0%	130
2017	129,2%	171
2018	130,6%	157
2019	109,9%	170
2020	99,7%	204

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,7% in 2020, Slovak Republic seems to be quite able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -10,2 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 204 days, which is slightly below EU median of 221 days.

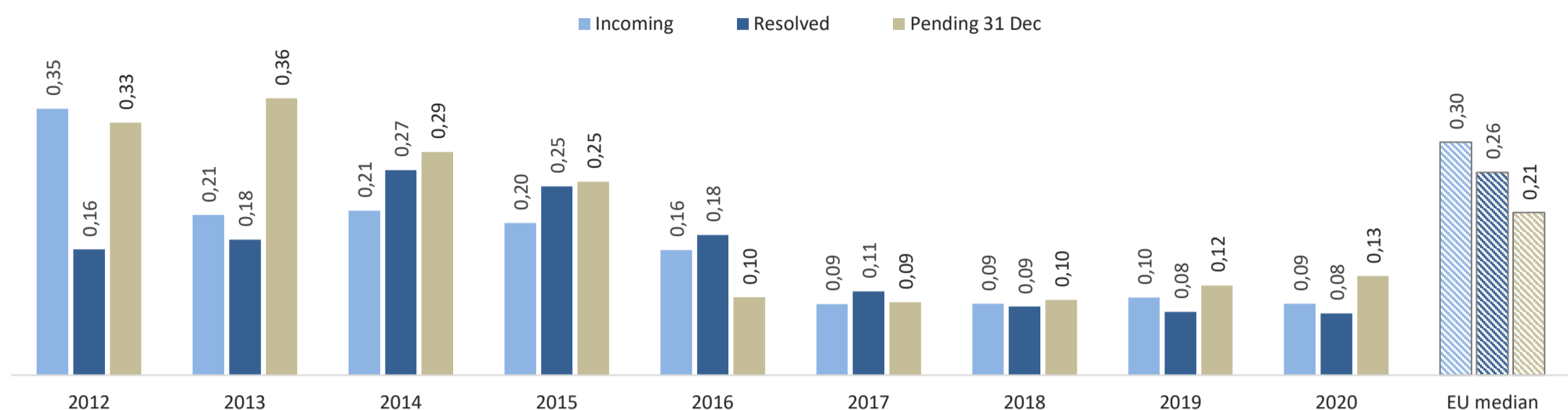
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 19,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Slovak Republic, there are 18 593 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 30,9% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Slovak Republic (0,09 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

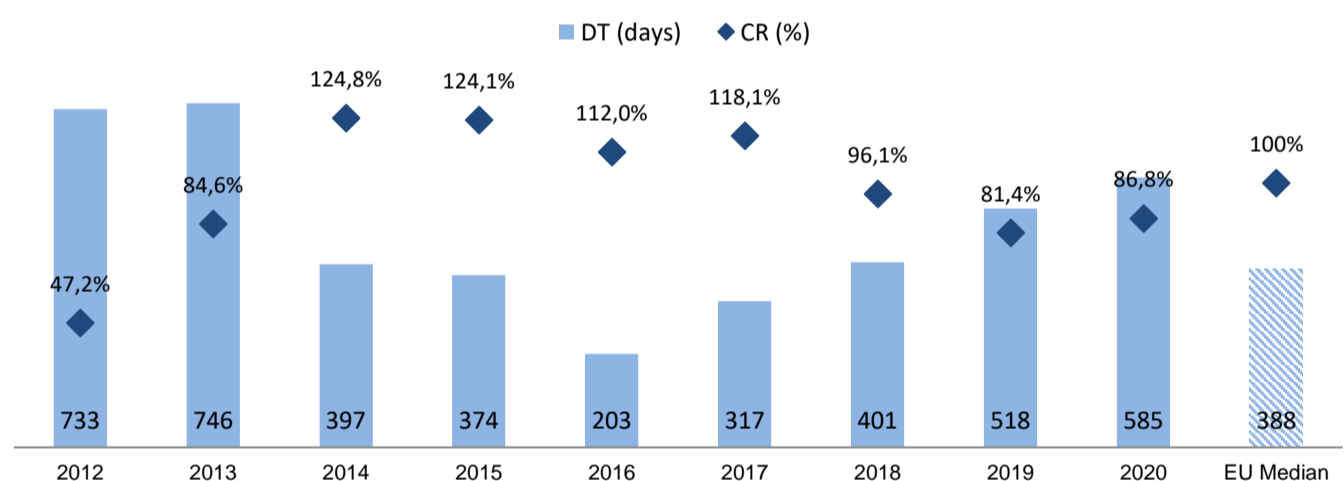
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Slovak Republic (0,08 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Slovak Republic (0,13 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	47,2%	733
2013	84,6%	746
2014	124,8%	397
2015	124,1%	374
2016	112,0%	203
2017	118,1%	317
2018	96,1%	401
2019	81,4%	518
2020	86,8%	585



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 86,8% in 2020, Slovak Republic seems to face some difficulties to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 5,4 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 585 days, which is significantly above EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 12,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Slovak Republic, there are 1 412 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 20,0% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

Since 2016, a new methodology was implemented based on the working group's conclusions and CEPEJ mission's recommendation (06/2016). Former reporting structure was not consistent with the methodology of CEPEJ, which could lead to inappropriate comparison of Slovak Republic (SR) with other countries. Also, the Ministry of Justice (MoJ) realized that evaluation of courts' performance by disposed and unresolved (decided and undecided) cases is discriminating SR in comparison with other countries in European Union (EU) as this methodology is not counting a decision of first instance court as disposed until the case becomes valid. This results into reporting such case as unresolved despite respective court has already made a decision and it is no longer in its disposition how - and more importantly when - the case will be resolved (disposed) by the second instance court. This is the nature of reporting of many "unresolved" cases on courts despite court already decided, in fact.

The new way of reporting extracts the numbers of decided cases in respective court instances from "unresolved" and allocates these numbers to those court instances that made an actual decision in respective time. This means that decision validity state is not being awaited for as it could potentially contain an appeal and thus also a time that a case spends on second instance court. Upon decision's validity the case would become „disposed/resolved“ at the first instance court but most probably it would not be disposed in the same period when it was decided by the (first instance) court.

As regards "other than criminal cases" in first instance, there were many discrepancies from 2019 to 2020. Most of the discrepancies are mainly due to Covid-19 pandemic situation.

The emergency situation due to COVID 19 has been ongoing since March 2020. Since then, hearings have been held to the necessary extent, which is determined by a decree of the Ministry of Justice. The decree was amended 4 times according to the development of the epidemic situation. Thus, the courts were not closed in 2020, but operated in a restricted regime, and that restricted regime depended on the development of the epidemic situation. There were situations where hearings were organised to the absolute minimum, for example in April 2020, almost no hearings were held. Since May 2020, it has been up to the courts to ensure hearings to the extent necessary and in accordance with other regulations related to the pandemic situation. In several measures in 2020, the Ministry of Justice recommended that courts organise work so that court staff and judges work from home. As for an access to the file for lawyers, it was provided.

Other discrepancies are due to the following reasons:

In the category "Other registry cases", it was added register "RPVS" - Register of public sector partners. The Register of public sector partners has the character of a register of legal and natural persons, which receives from the state, local-government and other public sector entities public financing or property above the limit specified by law. The persons who conclude a contract, framework agreement or concession contract pursuant to public procurement regulations, healthcare providers and so on. The classification of the registry in category 2.2.3. was consulted with CEPEJ organization.

In the category "Non-litigious business registry cases", at the end of year 2019, the number of incoming cases into the business register increased enormously because of the new applied legislation, which caused a high number of pending cases at the beginning of the year 2020. In particular, the Commercial Code (Act No. 513/1991 Coll) was amended by the Act No. 390/2019 Coll, which became effective from the 1st of October 2020. This amendment brought following changes (also changes to the Commercial register):

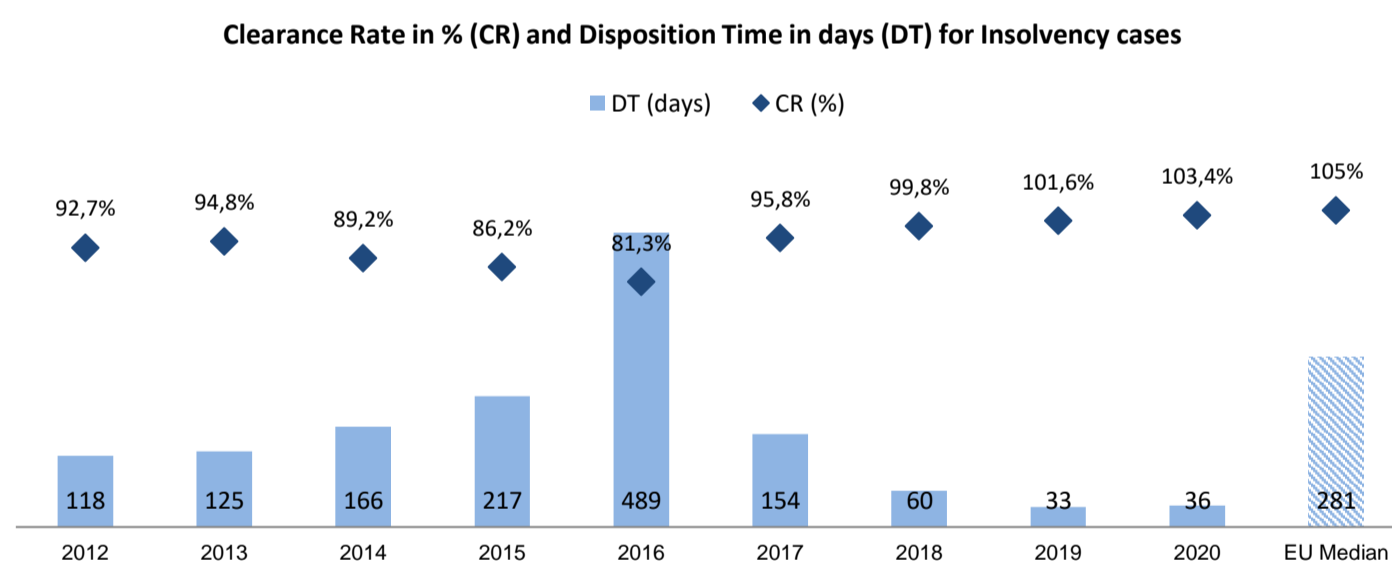
1. From October 1, 2020, it is possible to submit an application for registration of data in the Commercial Register only in electronic form (including objections to the refusal of registration)
2. Obligation of the company's founders to submit the consent of the real-estate owner to setting up a registered seat of the company with verified signature of the owner.
3. The list of the information is being expanded in order to identify these persons more precisely. In the case of natural persons, a date of birth and a birth number must be given, if it was assigned. In the case of legal persons, their registration number must be given. The existing companies are required to complete this information by September 30, 2021.
4. The amendment also covers one of the reasons why the court is entitled to dissolve a company without liquidation. It is a breach of the obligation filing the financial statement into the collection of deeds within the specified period of 9 months from its preparation. This means, that if a company doesn't deposit this financial statement in the collection of documents within 15 months from its preparation, the registry court will decide on its dissolution without a proposal.

The category "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases" includes all cases arisen from legal relationships regulated by family law (maintenance cases, custody of the child, visiting rights, guardianship, divorce cases with the ruling on rights and obligations towards the minor child etc.), cases related to assessment of the legal capacity of natural persons, reminder procedure (electronic payment orders).

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	92,7%	118
2013	94,8%	125
2014	89,2%	166
2015	86,2%	217
2016	81,3%	489
2017	95,8%	154
2018	99,8%	60
2019	101,6%	33
2020	103,4%	36



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 103,4% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Slovak Republic seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,8 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 36 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 9,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

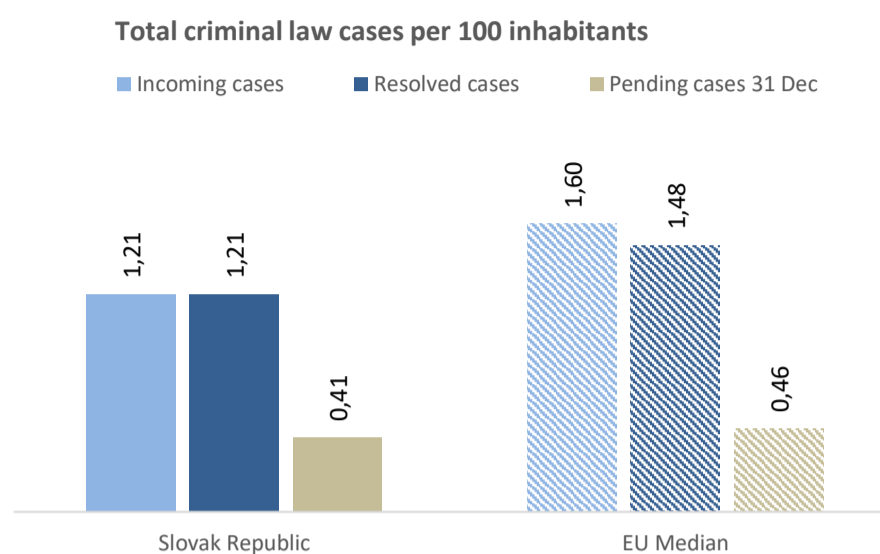
More significant decline of incoming cases and resolved cases as well in the courts as a result of a pandemic situation.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	22 452	65 860	65 808	22 504
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,41	1,21	1,21	0,41
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Slovak Republic (1,21 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

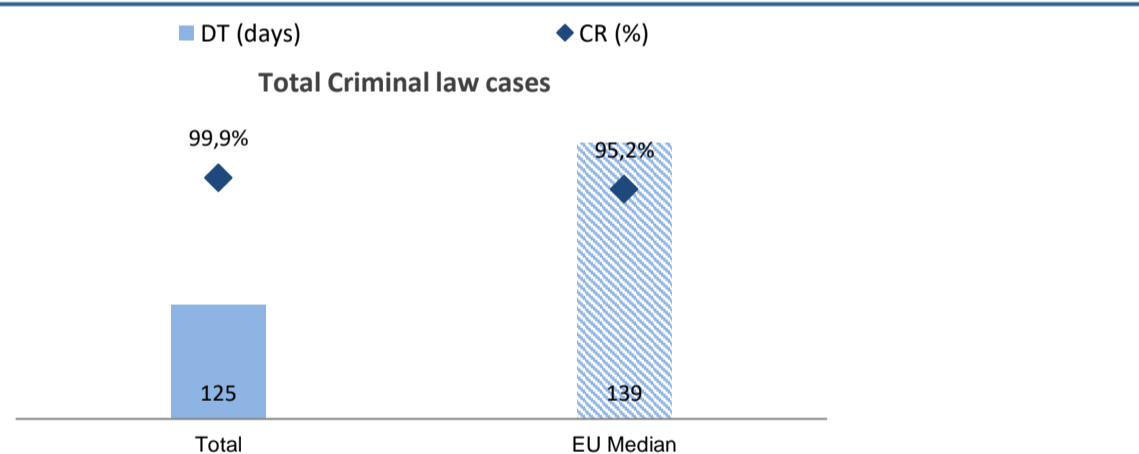
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Slovak Republic (1,21 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Slovak Republic (0,41 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	99,9%	125
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT)



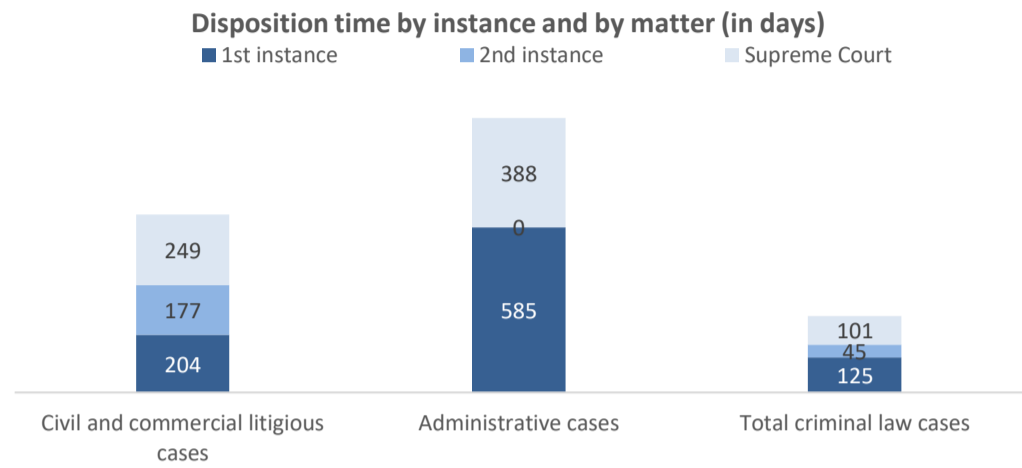
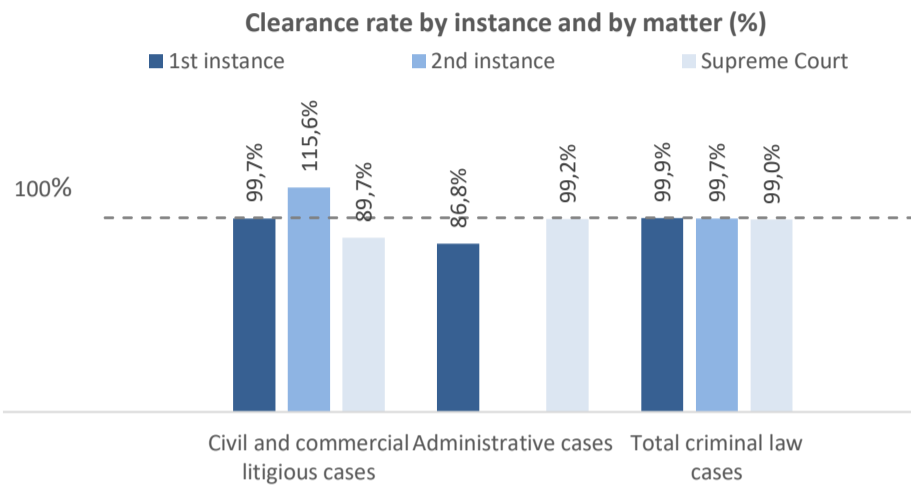
With the Clearance Rate calculated at 99,9% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Slovak Republic seems to be able to deal with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 125 days, which is slightly below EU median of 139 days.

The statistical data collected by the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak republic does not allow the categorization of the criminal matters according to the types of criminal offences as defined in explanatory note.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	99,7%	115,6%	89,7%	204	177	249
Administrative cases	86,8%		99,2%	585	0	388
Total criminal law cases	99,9%	99,7%	99,0%	125	45	101



In Slovak Republic, in first instance, civil and commercial litigious cases are resolved faster than the EU median (204 days vs 221) while the DT in second instance coincides with the median. As regards administrative cases, the disposition time is significantly higher than the median in first and third instance (585 days vs 388, and 388 days vs 281). Criminal law cases are resolved faster than the EU median. In 2020, Slovak judges resolved less cases than received (Clearance rate is below 100%) except for civil and commercial litigious cases in second instance.

As regards second instance courts, a significant decline of incoming cases and resolved cases is a result of a pandemic situation.

As regards administrative law cases, in second instance there was only one pending case on 1 January 2020, which was resolved during the year and no case came into the Second instance courts in the year 2020.

The number of non-litigious business registry cases is included in "general civil and commercial non-litigious cases".

As regards third instance, the collected statistical data for the Supreme Court do not distinguish the litigious and non-litigious cases. In the civil and commercial matters the Supreme court decides primarily on the applications for appellate review on legal questions. In the commercial cases it decides also in the appellate procedure against the decisions of the Regional courts as the courts of first instance. The administrative cases at the Supreme Court level includes the remedy procedures against the decisions of the Regional courts as the courts of first instance. Depending on the type of the administrative procedure it might be appeal procedure or the cassation review procedure.

Decline of incoming cases and resolved cases as well in the Supreme court is a result of the pandemic situation.

5. Public prosecution services in Slovak Republic

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Slovak Republic has the following 10 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

Prosecutors have significant tasks within the pre-trial proceedings. They supervise police investigations or may conduct/perform investigations by themselves. They are the authority that receives possible complaints against police decisions. On the other hand, only a court may give approval to carry out investigating acts affecting rights and fundamental freedoms. Pre-trial proceedings may be terminated by: transfer of the case (e.g. for hearing of administrative infraction) by decision issued either by the Police (if a specific person was not accused) or a prosecutor (if criminal prosecution was conducted against a specific person); discontinuance of criminal prosecution (if a specific person was not accused, criminal prosecution may be discontinued by the Police; in the opposite case by prosecutor only); suspension of criminal prosecution (decision issued by the Police or a prosecutor if he/she moved for commencement of proceedings regarding an issue that law enforcement bodies are not able to deal with); conditional discontinuance of criminal prosecution (decision adopted by a prosecutor); conditional discontinuance of criminal prosecution of an accused person assisting justice (decision adopted by a prosecutor); approval of conciliation between the accused and the injured (the approval is given by a prosecutor) without which the prosecutor will forward the case to the court for further proceedings (incrimination or agreement on guilt and punishment).

Besides, public prosecutors are entitled to carry out plea bargaining proceedings resulting in negotiating penalty that must be confirmed by the judicial decision, to order exhumation of the corpse, to propose detention on remand to the court, to repeal unlawful or unjustified decision.

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil, administrative and insolvency cases.

The scope of powers of the Prosecutor in the civil proceedings results from the provisions of the Section 19 of the Act No. 153/2001 Coll. on Prosecution Office as amended. The Prosecutor performs this scope of powers in the civil proceedings within the extent appointed by the special regulations as Procedure of civil controversy and Procedure of civil non-controversy.

If so, it is being provided by the designated legal regulations, the Prosecutor is entitled to submit a proposal or a complaint to the court, or is entitled to step into the legal proceedings that had already begun.

Prosecutor's authorization under the Procedure of civil controversy:

-the powers of the General Prosecutor of the Slovak Republic to submit a statement before the decision of the Grand Chamber of the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic in the matter,

-the powers of the General Prosecutor of the Slovak Republic to submit an appeal on the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic,

-the powers of the Prosecutor to submit the complaint in respect of the exercise of the State's right to issue unjust enrichment, in case of a determination of ownership, if the provisions of a generally binding legal regulation have been violated, or if a special regulation so provides,

-the power of the Prosecutor to step into disputes that had already begun, in which one of the parties is represented by the state, a legal entity established by the state, a state enterprise, a legal entity with state ownership, a municipality or a higher territorial unit, in disputes concerning liability for damage caused while performing of the public power.

Prosecutor's authorization under the Procedure of civil non-controversy:

-the Prosecutor is entitled to step into the proceedings that had already begun except the proceedings on the divorce of the marriage

-the Prosecutor is entitled to submit a proposal for initiation of the proceedings, if the proceedings is possible to begun also without proposal or if this is being established by the Procedure of civil non-controversy or other special legal regulation.

The Prosecutor is entitled to act in the administrative proceedings before the authorities of the public administration as well as in proceedings before the administrative court.

The protest of the Prosecutor and the warning of the Prosecutor are the legal means by which the Prosecutor supervises the observance of laws and other generally binding legal regulations by public administration bodies in administrative proceedings.

The powers of the Prosecutor in proceedings before the administrative court are the administrative complaint, complaint to the administrative court under the Administrative Court Order, stepping into proceedings before an administrative court under the Administrative Court Order. According to the Administrative Procedure Code the General Prosecutor is also entitled to:

- submit an action for dissolution of a political party,

- submit the cassation appeal against the decision of the administrative court issued in proceedings in which the prosecutor was entitled to step into but did not intervene,

- to propose in the cassation appeal that it would have been decided by the Grand Chamber of the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic,

- submit the complaint to reopen the proceedings in which the prosecutor was entitled to step into but did not intervene.

Depending on the stage of the bankruptcy proceedings and the person of the debtor (for example a legal entity established by the state, a state enterprise, a legal entity with state ownership) the Prosecutor may exercise the right to step into such proceedings.

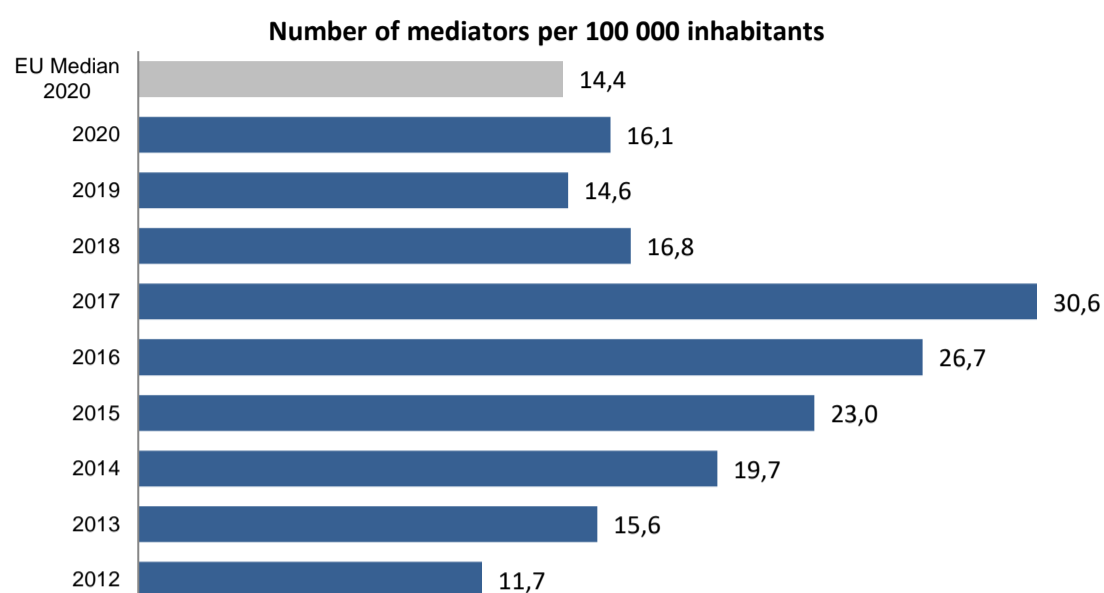
• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	20 692	0,38
2. Incoming/received cases	57 244	1,05
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	NA	NA
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	10 236	0,19
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	1 556	0,03
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NA	NA
3.4. Cases brought to court	22 978	0,42
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	20 390	0,37

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Slovak Republic

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	633	11,7
2013	846	15,6
2014	1068	19,7
2015	1248	23,0
2016	1450	26,7
2017	1664	30,6
2018	913	16,8
2019	798	14,6
2020	877	16,1



In 2020, there are 877 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 16,1 accredited or registered mediators per 100

The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about 9,9%.

In criminal matters mediation is provided by the 81 Probation officers located on District Courts.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total of all cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	924	803	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Slovak Republic

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	7,3	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,1	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	5,0	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	2,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	2,0	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	9,4	6,9

The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

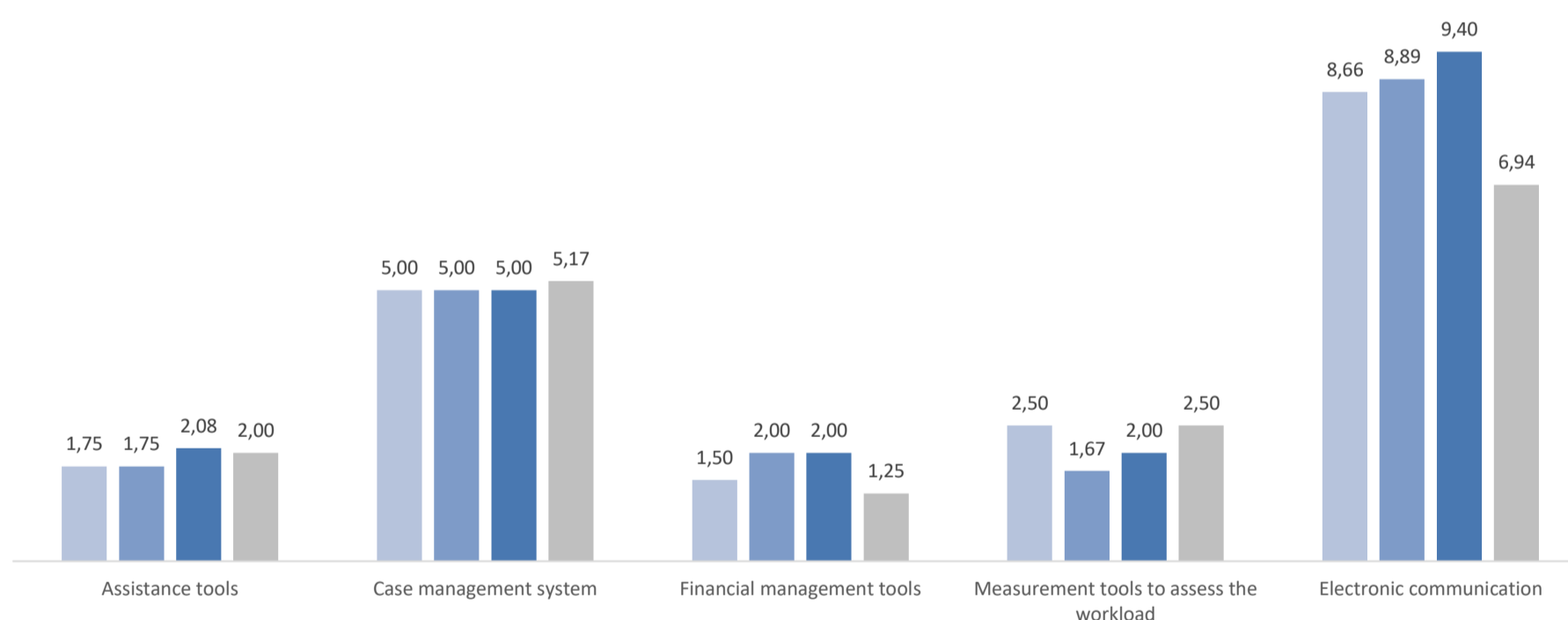
The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020

■ 2018 ■ 2019 ■ 2020 ■ EU Median 2020



Comments on writing assistance tools

As regards writing assistance tools, there are different types of templates when creating documents in the CMS, which can be also pre-filled with data from databases.

Comments on financial management tools and on measurement tools on workload

Application/tool collecting the time information about the activities of the judges, can be used for senior judicial officials in the future as well. The tool is part of the project Case weighting analyses (CWA) and the result should be used to assess the workload of the judges in the future. In 2020 the collecting data for the CWA project was stopped because of covid pandemic situation.

Comments on communication tools

In the criminal area the deployment rate changed from 50-99% to 100%, since all the courts were involved.

Certain professionals are obliged to communicate only electronically with courts (advocates, notaries, enforcement agents).

They have to use a centralized (governmental) system of posting and delivering document to public institutions (courts, governmental organizations).

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Slovak Republic

In Slovak Republic, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Internal revision of the court is a type of control of the court and judges, which aims to check the current state of the judiciary, to identify the causes of shortcomings in the performance of the judiciary and to propose measures to eliminate them.

Judicial Council, Council of Prosecutors and disciplinary commissions are entrusted with the implementation of national level quality standards

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

The category "other" encompasses: the number of cases according to types of disputes, the result of the case (reconciliation, dismissals, full satisfaction, partial satisfaction, etc.).

Statistical data of the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic are detailed and regularly collected and published in a yearbook which is publicly accessible at the website of the Analytical centre of MoJ

<https://www.justice.gov.sk/Stranky/Informacie/Analyticke-centrum.aspx>

<http://web.ac-mssr.sk/statisticka-rocenka-2018/>.

Data on the activity of the courts are published every month in interactive Dashboard on the <http://web.ac-mssr.sk/dashboard/>.

In Slovak Republic, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The main performance and quality indicators that have been defined for courts and used in the self-evaluation reports of some pilot courts involved Number of appeals as well. The self-evaluation reports of the courts were not repeated with 2019. The other indicators are used and made public in dashboards and statistical reports. The number of the appeals is published but not as a indicator of quality, only as a statistical number.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Slovak Republic, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service.

Performance and quality indicators are not defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

None of the following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																				
Q1 Number of inhabitants	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	5 459 781		0,9%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	0,2%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	0,0%	
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	13 207	13 319	13 880	14 400	14 910	15 620	16 550	17 254	16 770		27,0%	0,8%	4,2%	3,7%	3,5%	4,8%	6,0%	4,3%	-2,8%	
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False	False
078.1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators										False

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases																				
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)																				
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases																				
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases																				
078-1.1.5 Backlogs																				
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff																				
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff																				
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)																				
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures																				
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate																				
078-1.1.11 Disposition time																				
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals																				
078-1.1.13 Other																				
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True	True										
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False										
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False		-	-										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False		-	-										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False		-	-										
073-2.1.4 Other							False		-	-										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance																				False

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
073-4.1.1 Annual										-								
073-4.1.2 Less frequent										-								
073-4.1.3 More frequent										-								
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services										False								
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance										-								
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)										-								
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency										-								
073-6.1.4 Other										-								
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True								
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True								
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True								
070.1.4 number of pending cases								True	True	True								
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True								
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True								
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False								
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False								
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False								
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True								
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False								
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True								

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False										
070-1.1.13 Other									False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP										

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual																			
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent																			
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent																			
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	1	-88,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-88,9%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	63	64	64	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-1,6%	1,6%	0,0%

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	289 064	339 930	407 586	396 248	320 952	264 068	269 114	198 434	270 433	-6,4%	17,6%	19,9%	-2,8%	-19,0%	-17,7%	1,9%	-26,3%	36,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	128 073	150 579	186 707	199 203	158 706	94 328	110 221	71 384	59 870	-53,3%	17,6%	24,0%	6,7%	-20,3%	-40,6%	16,8%	-35,2%	-16,1%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	74 501	71 696	71 485	81 504	89 392	84 730	175 807	-	-	-	-3,8%	-0,3%	14,0%	9,7%	-5,2%	107,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	69 073	71 944	66 370	65 066	24 605	28 850	31 105	32 557	32 340	-53,2%	4,2%	-7,7%	-2,0%	-62,2%	17,3%	7,8%	4,7%	-0,7%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	8 131	6 630	6 946	8 442	9 390	7 719	100 710	-	-	-	-18,5%	4,8%	21,5%	11,2%	-17,8%	1204,7%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	6 224	6 510	8 131	6 630	6 946	8 442	9 390	7 719	100 462	1514,1%	4,6%	24,9%	-18,5%	4,8%	21,5%	11,2%	-17,8%	1201,5%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	248	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	39 934	44 212	48 897	44 454	42 757	-	-	-	-	-	10,7%	10,6%	-9,1%	-3,8%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	7 883	17 815	18 656	16 271	6 575	5 509	5 155	5 352	6 381	-19,1%	126,0%	4,7%	-12,8%	-59,6%	-16,2%	-6,4%	3,8%	19,2%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	77 811	93 082	127 722	109 078	84 186	82 727	64 346	36 968	28 375	-63,5%	19,6%	37,2%	-14,6%	-22,8%	-1,7%	-22,2%	-42,5%	-23,2%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	638 571	690 648	614 273	535 414	922 805	855 880	592 842	802 886	677 851	6,2%	8,2%	-11,1%	-12,8%	72,4%	-7,3%	-30,7%	35,4%	-15,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	161 645	163 200	151 315	111 489	201 368	192 663	126 997	116 709	107 829	-33,3%	1,0%	-7,3%	-26,3%	80,6%	-4,3%	-34,1%	-8,1%	-7,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	225 116	222 348	256 154	278 475	278 255	464 061	375 489	-	-	-	-1,2%	15,2%	8,7%	-0,1%	66,8%	-19,1%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	139 784	124 144	119 088	115 467	61 557	67 178	93 784	121 067	129 278	-7,5%	-11,2%	-4,1%	-3,0%	-46,7%	9,1%	39,6%	29,1%	6,8%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	106 028	106 881	114 075	132 197	110 402	269 255	170 357	-	-	-	0,8%	6,7%	15,9%	-16,5%	143,9%	-36,7%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	96 186	111 931	106 028	106 881	114 075	132 197	110 323	269 255	157 881	64,1%	16,4%	-5,3%	0,8%	6,7%	15,9%	-16,5%	144,1%	-41,4%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	79	NAP	12 476	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	80 522	79 100	74 069	73 739	75 854	-	-	-	-	-	-1,8%	-6,4%	-0,4%	2,9%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	18 797	11 296	11 612	10 764	8 861	5 036	5 063	5 525	5 071	-73,0%	-39,9%	2,8%	-7,3%	-17,7%	-43,2%	0,5%	9,1%	-8,2%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	222 159	280 077	226 230	190 813	456 422	379 706	182 527	216 591	189 462	-14,7%	26,1%	-19,2%	-15,7%	139,2%	-16,8%	-51,9%	18,7%	-12,5%

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	580 653	626 660	626 110	562 478	979 689	929 579	660 330	731 135	766 088	31,9%	7,9%	-0,1%	-10,2%	74,2%	-5,1%	-29,0%	10,7%	4,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	131 856	131 609	138 819	148 107	265 746	248 958	165 833	128 223	107 522	-18,5%	-0,2%	5,5%	6,7%	79,4%	-6,3%	-33,4%	-22,7%	-16,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	227 921	221 995	246 135	274 229	280 349	373 232	455 624	-	-	-	-2,6%	10,9%	11,4%	2,2%	33,1%	22,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	137 139	128 210	120 392	116 136	57 312	65 911	91 943	121 284	132 594	-3,3%	-6,5%	-6,1%	-3,5%	-50,7%	15,0%	39,5%	31,9%	9,3%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	107 529	105 859	112 579	131 932	112 073	176 512	253 977	-	-	-	-1,6%	6,3%	17,2%	-15,1%	57,5%	43,9%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	95 900	110 331	107 529	105 859	112 579	131 932	111 994	176 512	241 469	151,8%	15,0%	-2,5%	-1,6%	6,3%	17,2%	-15,1%	57,6%	36,8%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	79	NAP	12 508	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	76 244	76 386	76 333	75 436	69 053	-	-	-	-	-	0,2%	-0,1%	-1,2%	-8,5%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	8 865	9 560	14 496	13 361	9 927	5 950	4 866	4 496	4 400	-50,4%	7,8%	51,6%	-7,8%	-25,7%	-40,1%	-18,2%	-7,6%	-2,1%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	206 893	246 950	244 874	179 015	457 881	400 442	209 282	225 184	198 542	-4,0%	19,4%	-0,8%	-26,9%	155,8%	-12,5%	-47,7%	7,6%	-11,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	346 982	403 918	395 749	369 184	264 068	273 420	201 626	270 185	182 196	-47,5%	16,4%	-2,0%	-6,7%	-28,5%	3,5%	-26,3%	34,0%	-32,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	157 862	182 170	199 203	162 585	94 328	116 418	71 385	59 870	60 177	-61,9%	15,4%	9,4%	-18,4%	-42,0%	23,4%	-38,7%	-16,1%	0,5%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	71 696	72 049	81 504	89 567	87 298	175 559	95 672	-	-	-	0,5%	13,1%	9,9%	-2,5%	101,1%	-45,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	71 718	67 878	65 066	64 397	28 850	31 780	32 946	32 340	29 024	-59,5%	-5,4%	-4,1%	-1,0%	-55,2%	10,2%	3,7%	-1,8%	-10,3%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6 630	7 652	8 442	9 391	7 719	100 462	17 090	-	-	-	15,4%	10,3%	11,2%	-17,8%	1201,5%	-83,0%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	6 510	8 110	6 630	7 652	8 442	9 391	7 719	100 462	16 874	159,2%	24,6%	-18,2%	15,4%	10,3%	11,2%	-17,8%	1201,5%	-83,2%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	216	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	44 212	48 396	46 633	42 757	49 558	-	-	-	-	-	9,5%	-3,6%	-8,3%	15,9%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	17 815	19 551	15 772	13 674	5 509	5 166	5 352	6 381	7 052	-60,4%	9,7%	-19,3%	-13,3%	-59,7%	-6,2%	3,6%	19,2%	10,5%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	93 077	126 209	109 078	120 876	82 727	62 269	37 591	28 375	19 295	-79,3%	35,6%	-13,6%	10,8%	-31,6%	-24,7%	-39,6%	-24,5%	-32,0%

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	90,9%	90,7%	101,9%	105,1%	106,2%	108,6%	111,4%	91,1%	113,0%	24,29	(0,21)	12,33	3,07	1,06	2,30	2,55	(18,24)	24,11
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	81,6%	80,6%	91,7%	132,8%	132,0%	129,2%	130,6%	109,9%	99,7%	22,24	(1,14)	13,76	44,80	(0,66)	(2,08)	1,05	(15,86)	(9,24)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,2%	99,8%	96,1%	98,5%	100,8%	80,4%	121,3%	-	-	-	(1,39)	(3,76)	2,48	2,31	(20,17)	50,87
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	98,1%	103,3%	101,1%	100,6%	93,1%	98,1%	98,0%	100,2%	102,6%	4,54	5,27	(2,11)	(0,51)	(7,43)	5,38	(0,08)	2,19	2,38
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	101,4%	99,0%	98,7%	99,8%	101,5%	65,6%	149,1%	-	-	-	(2,34)	(0,36)	1,13	1,72	(35,42)	127,42
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	99,7%	98,6%	101,4%	99,0%	98,7%	99,8%	101,5%	65,6%	152,9%	53,40	(1,14)	2,89	(2,34)	(0,36)	1,13	1,72	(35,42)	133,30
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	100,0%	NAP	100,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	94,7%	96,6%	103,1%	102,3%	91,0%	-	-	-	-	-	1,99	6,72	(0,73)	(11,01)
CR Administrative law cases	47,2%	84,6%	124,8%	124,1%	112,0%	118,1%	96,1%	81,4%	86,8%	83,98	79,45	47,51	(0,57)	(9,75)	5,46	(18,65)	(15,33)	6,63
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	93,1%	88,2%	108,2%	93,8%	100,3%	105,5%	114,7%	104,0%	104,8%	12,52	(5,32)	22,76	(13,33)	6,93	5,13	8,72	(9,32)	0,79
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	218	235	231	240	98	107	111	135	87	-60,2%	7,9%	-1,9%	3,8%	-58,9%	9,1%	3,8%	21,0%	-35,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	437	505	524	401	130	171	157	170	204	-53,3%	15,6%	3,7%	-23,5%	-67,7%	31,7%	-7,9%	8,5%	19,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	115	118	121	119	114	172	77	-	-	-	3,2%	2,0%	-1,4%	-4,7%	51,1%	-55,4%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	191	193	197	202	184	176	131	97	80	-58,1%	1,2%	2,1%	2,6%	-9,2%	-4,2%	-25,7%	-25,6%	-17,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	23	26	27	26	25	208	25	-	-	-	17,2%	3,7%	-5,1%	-3,2%	726,4%	-88,2%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	25	27	23	26	27	26	25	208	26	2,9%	8,3%	-16,1%	17,2%	3,7%	-5,1%	-3,2%	725,8%	-87,7%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	212	231	223	207	262	-	-	-	-	-	9,3%	-3,6%	-7,2%	26,6%
DT Administrative law cases	733	746	397	374	203	317	401	518	585	-20,2%	1,8%	-46,8%	-5,9%	-45,8%	56,5%	26,7%	29,0%	12,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	164	187	163	246	66	57	66	46	35	-78,4%	13,6%	-12,8%	51,6%	-73,2%	-13,9%	15,5%	-29,8%	-22,9%

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	7 181	7 283	7 403	7 338	3 063	5 598	5 188	4 922	4 515	-37,1%	1,4%	1,6%	-0,9%	-58,3%	82,8%	-7,3%	-5,1%	-8,3%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	2 331	1 965	1 770	1 645	1 310	1 184	-	-	-	-	-15,7%	-9,9%	-7,1%	-20,4%	-9,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	341	456	544	740	1 926	2 324	2 529	1 898	1 621	375,4%	33,7%	19,3%	36,0%	160,3%	20,7%	8,8%	-25,0%	-14,6%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	13 749	14 096	13 529	12 562	12 335	11 440	11 819	11 622	10 395	-24,4%	2,5%	-4,0%	-7,1%	-1,8%	-7,3%	3,3%	-1,7%	-10,6%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	1 616	1 684	1 600	1 725	1 632	1 539	1 282	1 094	1 404	-13,1%	4,2%	-5,0%	7,8%	-5,4%	-5,7%	-16,7%	-14,7%	28,3%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	1 505	1 668	1 819	1 977	2 134	6 880	15 599	17 682	11 944	693,6%	10,8%	9,1%	8,7%	7,9%	222,4%	126,7%	13,4%	-32,5%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	13 647	13 977	13 594	12 583	9 800	11 707	12 085	12 029	10 654	-21,9%	2,4%	-2,7%	-7,4%	-22,1%	19,5%	3,2%	-0,5%	-11,4%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	1 317	1 127	1 254	1 415	1 827	1 797	1 617	1 220	1 153	-12,5%	-14,4%	11,3%	12,8%	29,1%	-1,6%	-10,0%	-24,6%	-5,5%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 395	1 581	1 623	1 705	1 736	6 593	15 561	17 959	12 350	785,3%	13,3%	2,7%	5,1%	1,8%	279,8%	136,0%	15,4%	-31,2%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	7 283	7 402	7 338	7 317	5 598	5 331	4 922	4 515	4 256	-41,6%	1,6%	-0,9%	-0,3%	-23,5%	-4,8%	-7,7%	-8,3%	-5,7%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	2 641	1 770	1 732	1 310	1 184	1 435	-	-	-	-	-33,0%	-2,1%	-24,4%	-9,6%	21,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	451	543	740	1 012	2 324	2 783	2 567	1 621	1 215	169,4%	20,4%	36,3%	36,8%	129,6%	19,8%	-7,8%	-36,9%	-25,0%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	99,3%	99,2%	100,5%	100,2%	79,4%	102,3%	102,3%	103,5%	102,5%	3,26	(0,10)	1,34	(0,31)	(20,68)	28,80	(0,08)	1,22	(0,98)
CR Employment dismissal cases	81,5%	66,9%	78,4%	82,0%	111,9%	116,8%	126,1%	111,5%	82,1%	0,77	(17,88)	17,11	4,66	36,47	4,30	8,02	(11,59)	(26,36)
CR Insolvency cases	92,7%	94,8%	89,2%	86,2%	81,3%	95,8%	99,8%	101,6%	103,4%	11,55	2,26	(5,87)	(3,34)	(5,67)	17,80	4,10	1,81	1,80
DT Litigious divorce cases	195	193	197	212	208	166	149	137	146	-25,1%	-0,8%	1,9%	7,7%	-1,8%	-20,3%	-10,6%	-7,8%	6,4%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	681	354	352	296	354	454	-	-	-	-	-48,1%	-0,5%	-15,9%	19,8%	28,2%
DT Insolvency cases	118	125	166	217	489	154	60	33	36	-69,6%	6,2%	32,8%	30,2%	125,5%	-68,5%	-60,9%	-45,3%	9,0%

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			26 041	36 764	31 216	21 695	19 217	17 427	13 616	-	-	-	41,2%	-15,1%	-30,5%	-11,4%	-9,3%	-21,9%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	23 367	14 498	14 703	13 533	11 248	-	-	-	-	-	-38,0%	1,4%	-8,0%	-16,9%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	7 188	4 510	3 893	2 367	-	-	-	-	-	-	-37,3%	-13,7%	-39,2%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	7 841	7 188	4 510	3 893	2 367	-	-	-	-	-	-8,3%	-37,3%	-13,7%	-39,2%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			8	6	8	9	4	1	1	-	-	-	-25,0%	33,3%	12,5%	-55,6%	-75,0%	0,0%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			87 676	87 688	68 142	46 920	42 583	34 411	27 048	-	-	-	0,0%	-22,3%	-31,1%	-9,2%	-19,2%	-21,4%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	34 974	27 564	25 407	21 167	15 658	-	-	-	-	-	-21,2%	-7,8%	-16,7%	-26,0%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	19 355	17 174	13 244	11 390	-	-	-	-	-	-	-11,3%	-22,9%	-14,0%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	33 156	19 355	17 174	13 244	11 390	-	-	-	-	-	-41,6%	-11,3%	-22,9%	-14,0%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			18	21	12	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	16,7%	-42,9%	-91,7%	100,0%	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			76 953	86 002	77 663	56 800	44 373	38 222	29 114	-	-	-	11,8%	-9,7%	-26,9%	-21,9%	-13,9%	-23,8%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	43 843	31 935	26 577	23 452	18 108	-	-	-	-	-	-27,2%	-16,8%	-11,8%	-22,8%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	24 860	17 791	14 770	11 005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-28,4%	-17,0%	-25,5%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	33 809	24 860	17 791	14 770	11 005	-	-	-	-	-	-26,5%	-28,4%	-17,0%	-25,5%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			20	19	11	5	5	-	1	-	-	-	-5,0%	-42,1%	-54,5%	0,0%	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			36 764	38 450	21 695	19 219	17 427	13 616	11 550	-	-	-	4,6%	-43,6%	-11,4%	-9,3%	-21,9%	-15,2%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	14 498	14 667	13 533	11 248	8 798	-	-	-	-	-	1,2%	-7,7%	-16,9%	-21,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	4 548	3 893	2 367	2 752	-	-	-	-	-	-	-14,4%	-39,2%	16,3%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	7 188	4 548	3 893	2 367	2 752	-	-	-	-	-	-36,7%	-14,4%	-39,2%	16,3%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			6	8	9	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	33,3%	12,5%	-55,6%	-75,0%	0,0%	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	588	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			87,8%	98,1%	114,0%	121,1%	104,2%	111,1%	107,6%	-	-	-	11,74	16,21	6,22	(13,92)	6,59	(3,09)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	125,4%	115,9%	104,6%	110,8%	115,6%	-	-	-	-	-	(7,58)	(9,71)	5,92	4,38
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	128,4%	103,6%	111,5%	96,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,35)	7,65	(13,36)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	102,0%	128,4%	103,6%	111,5%	96,6%	-	-	-	-	-	25,96	(19,35)	7,65	(13,36)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			111,1%	90,5%	91,7%	500,0%	250,0%	-	-	-	-	-	(18,57)	1,32	445,45	(50,00)	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			174	163	102	124	143	130	145	-	-	-	-6,4%	-37,5%	21,1%	16,1%	-9,3%	11,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	121	168	186	175	177	-	-	-	-	-	38,9%	10,9%	-5,8%	1,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	67	80	58	91	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,6%	-26,8%	56,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	78	67	80	58	91	-	-	-	-	-	-14,0%	19,6%	-26,8%	56,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			110	154	299	292	73	-	-	-	-	-	40,4%	94,3%	-2,2%	-75,0%	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			9 240	11 948	12 799	7 992	5 575	4 257	3 804	-	-	-	29,3%	7,1%	-37,6%	-30,2%	-23,6%	-10,6%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	4 185	3 050	2 157	1 927	-	-	-	-	-	-	-27,1%	-29,3%	-10,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			2 280	3 333	4 086	3 807	2 525	2 100	1 877	-	-	-	46,2%	22,6%	-6,8%	-33,7%	-16,8%	-10,6%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			17 941	20 477	13 460	9 515	7 442	5 816	5 583	-	-	-	14,1%	-34,3%	-29,3%	-21,8%	-21,8%	-4,0%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	7 445	5 287	3 857	3 789	-	-	-	-	-	-	-29,0%	-27,0%	-1,8%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			4 966	4 800	3 641	2 070	2 155	1 959	1 794	-	-	-	-3,3%	-24,1%	-43,1%	4,1%	-9,1%	-8,4%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			15 233	19 301	18 267	12 410	8 760	6 269	5 179	-	-	-	26,7%	-5,4%	-32,1%	-29,4%	-28,4%	-17,4%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	9 058	6 180	4 087	3 399	-	-	-	-	-	-	-31,8%	-33,9%	-16,8%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			3 913	4 031	3 920	3 352	2 580	2 182	1 780	-	-	-	3,0%	-2,8%	-14,5%	-23,0%	-15,4%	-18,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			11 948	13 124	7 992	5 097	4 257	3 804	4 208	-	-	-	9,8%	-39,1%	-36,2%	-16,5%	-10,6%	10,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	2 572	2 157	1 927	2 317	-	-	-	-	-	-	-16,1%	-10,7%	20,2%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			3 333	4 102	3 807	2 525	2 100	1 877	1 891	-	-	-	23,1%	-7,2%	-33,7%	-16,8%	-10,6%	0,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	221	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	138	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			84,9%	94,3%	135,7%	130,4%	117,7%	107,8%	92,8%	-	-	-	11,01	43,98	(3,90)	(9,75)	(8,43)	(13,94)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	121,7%	116,9%	106,0%	89,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,92)	(9,35)	(15,34)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			78,8%	84,0%	107,7%	161,9%	119,7%	111,4%	99,2%	-	-	-	6,58	28,20	50,41	(26,07)	(6,96)	(10,92)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			286	248	160	150	177	221	297	-	-	-	-13,3%	-35,7%	-6,1%	18,3%	24,9%	33,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	104	127	172	249	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,9%	35,1%	44,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			311	371	354	275	297	314	388	-	-	-	19,5%	-4,6%	-22,4%	8,1%	5,7%	23,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									22 452	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.1 Total -incoming									65 860	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.1 Total - resolved									65 808	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									22 504	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									2 511	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									99,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 085	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									1 085	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									9 080	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									9 080	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									9 054	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									9 054	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									1 111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									99,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									99,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 016	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									1 016	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									1 006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									278	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									278	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions																	
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020									
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																											
CR of Total									99,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR o2 Severe cases									99,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Total									101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Severe cases									101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 5: Access to justice																				
Legal aid																				
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																				
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										True										
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True										
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True										
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					False	False	False	False	False	False										
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										False										
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True										
020.1.1 Total										NA										
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										NA										
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										11 432										
020.2.1 Total brought to court										NA										
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										NA										
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA										
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA										
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA										
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										30										
020-1.1.2 Average duration										30										

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
System for compensating users																		
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																		
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										NA								
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA								
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										NA								
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NA								
037.3.1 Amount - Total										NA								
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA								
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA								
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA								
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA								
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA								

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																				
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																				
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level								True	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter								50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter								50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter								50-99%	50-99%	50-99%										
62-8 Voice recording tools								True	True	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter								in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter								in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter								in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter								in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter								in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter								in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter								No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter								No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter								No	No	Yes										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							-	100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?								True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)								100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)								100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)								100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							-	Both	Both	Both										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							-	Both	Both	Both										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							-	Both	Both	Both										

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not connected at all	Not connected at all	Not connected at all									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not connected at all	Not connected at all	Not connected at all									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not connected at all	Not connected at all	Not connected at all									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	False	NAP	NAP									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	True	True	True									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	50-99%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	50-99%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	0% (NAP)									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NAP	NAP									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NAP	NAP									

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							50-99%	50-99%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							NA	NA	NA										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							NA	NA	NA										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							NA	NA	NA										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	NA										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							True	True	True										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%	50-99%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	True	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							100%	100%	100%											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	False	False											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							True	True	True											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	False	False											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	False	True											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	False	False											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							50-99%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	E-mail									
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							False	True	True									

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 307	1 342	1 322	1 292	1 311	1 376	1 378	1 370	1 306	-0,1%	2,7%	-1,5%	-2,3%	1,5%	5,0%	0,1%	-0,6%	-4,7%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	871	888	877	846	859	905	907	895	862	-1,0%	2,0%	-1,2%	-3,5%	1,5%	5,4%	0,2%	-1,3%	-3,7%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	352	370	369	369	374	392	393	398	367	4,3%	5,1%	-0,3%	0,0%	1,4%	4,8%	0,3%	1,3%	-7,8%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	84	84	76	77	78	79	78	77	77	-8,3%	0,0%	-9,5%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	-1,3%	-1,3%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	489	503	496	493	501	506	513	552	492	0,6%	2,9%	-1,4%	-0,6%	1,6%	1,0%	1,4%	7,6%	-10,9%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	310	319	318	313	322	326	336	347	319	2,9%	2,9%	-0,3%	-1,6%	2,9%	1,2%	3,1%	3,3%	-8,1%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	140	145	146	151	147	148	147	175	143	2,1%	3,6%	0,7%	3,4%	-2,6%	0,7%	-0,7%	19,0%	-18,3%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	39	39	32	29	32	32	31	30	30	-23,1%	0,0%	-17,9%	-9,4%	10,3%	0,0%	-3,1%	-3,2%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	818	839	826	799	810	870	865	818	814	-0,5%	2,6%	-1,5%	-3,3%	1,4%	7,4%	-0,6%	-5,4%	-0,5%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	561	569	559	533	537	579	571	548	543	-3,2%	1,4%	-1,8%	-4,7%	0,8%	7,8%	-1,4%	-4,0%	-0,9%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	212	225	223	218	227	244	246	223	224	5,7%	6,1%	-0,9%	-2,2%	4,1%	7,5%	0,8%	-9,3%	0,4%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	45	45	44	48	46	47	47	47	47	4,4%	0,0%	-2,2%	9,1%	-4,2%	2,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 295	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	852	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	366	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	918	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	654	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	228	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	176	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	4 482	4 497	4 468	4 390	4 482	4 616	4 710	4 731	4 912	9,6%	0,3%	-0,6%	-1,7%	2,1%	3,0%	2,0%	0,4%	3,8%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 046	1 083	1 030	1 001	937	1 015	1 067	1 171	1 210	15,7%	3,5%	-4,9%	-2,8%	-6,4%	8,3%	5,1%	9,7%	3,3%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	2 079	2 055	2 105	2 011	2 143	2 169	2 185	2 108	2 237	7,6%	-1,2%	2,4%	-4,5%	6,6%	1,2%	0,7%	-3,5%	6,1%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 357	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 452	1 465	8,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,9%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	1 359	1 333	1 378	1 402	1 432	1 458	NA	NA	-	-	-1,9%	3,4%	1,7%	2,1%	1,8%	-	-	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	693	714	699	762	868	955	919	-	-	-	3,0%	-2,1%	9,0%	13,9%	10,0%	-3,8%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	316	292	272	308	353	389	402	-	-	-	-7,6%	-6,8%	13,2%	14,6%	10,2%	3,3%	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	42	30	50	65	115	131	112	-	-	-	-28,6%	66,7%	30,0%	76,9%	13,9%	-14,5%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	435	405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-6,9%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	335	392	377	389	400	NA	NA	-	-	-	17,0%	-3,8%	3,2%	2,8%	-	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	3 801	3 775	3 676	3 783	3 854	3 842	3 776	3 993	-	-	-0,7%	-2,6%	2,9%	1,9%	-0,3%	-1,7%	5,7%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	751	714	709	665	707	714	782	808	-	-	-4,9%	-0,7%	-6,2%	6,3%	1,0%	9,5%	3,3%	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	2 044	2 063	1 981	2 093	2 104	2 070	1 977	2 125	-	-	0,9%	-4,0%	5,7%	0,5%	-1,6%	-4,5%	7,5%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 017	1 060	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,2%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	1 006	998	986	1 025	1 043	1 058	NA	NA	-	-	-0,8%	-1,2%	4,0%	1,8%	1,4%	-	-	

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									4 912	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									3 690	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									1 022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									919	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									630	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									234	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									3 993	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									3 060	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									788	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									922	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									607	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									459	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									282	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									108	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									69	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									463	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									325	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									977	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									286	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									691	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	15 275 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	41 278 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	59 623 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	38 984 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	59 623 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	27 654 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	44 479 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	True										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	True										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	True										

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	5 210	5 541	5 827	5 993	6 142	6 037	6 112	6 186	6 266	20,3%	6,4%	5,2%	2,8%	2,5%	-1,7%	1,2%	1,2%	1,3%	
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 537	3 561	3 594	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,7%	0,9%	
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 575	2 625	2 672	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,9%	1,8%	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Slovak Republic (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																			
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																			
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	633	846	1 068	1 248	1 450	1 664	913	798	877	38,5%	33,6%	26,2%	16,9%	16,2%	14,8%	-45,1%	-12,6%	9,9%	
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	1 118	924	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-17,4%	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

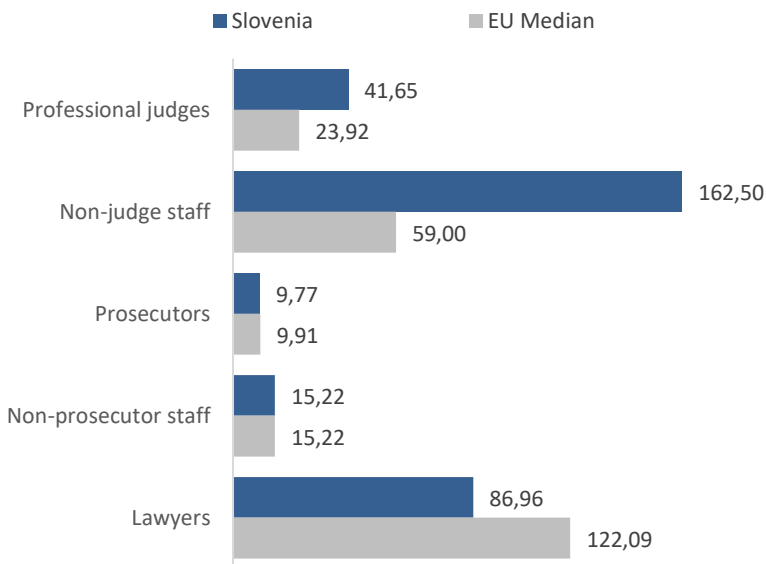
Judiciary at a glance in Slovenia

General data

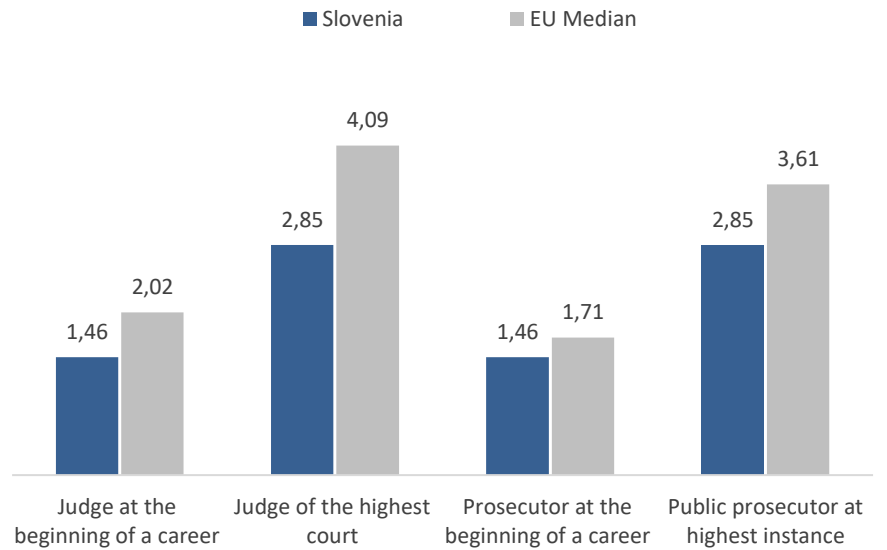
Population: 2 108 977 **GDP per capita:** 22 014 € **Average annual salary:** 22 300 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

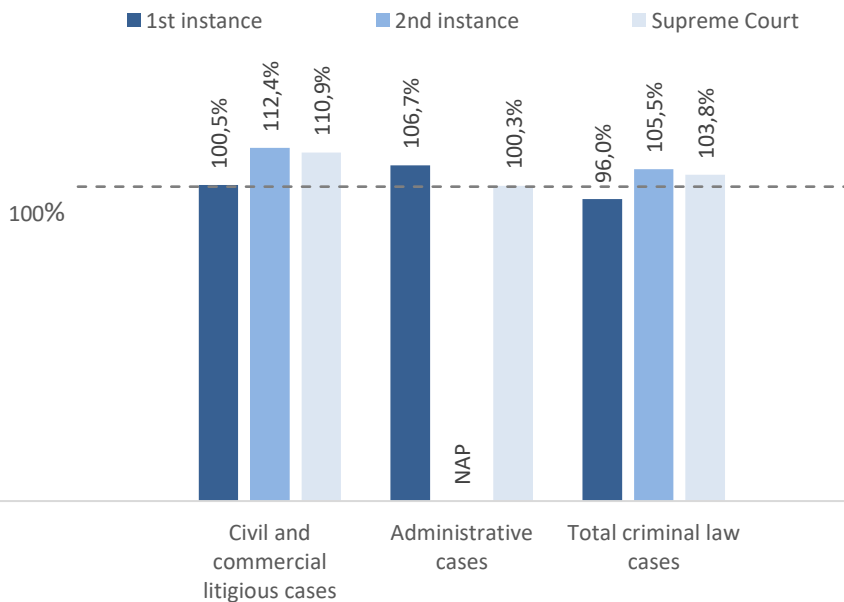


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

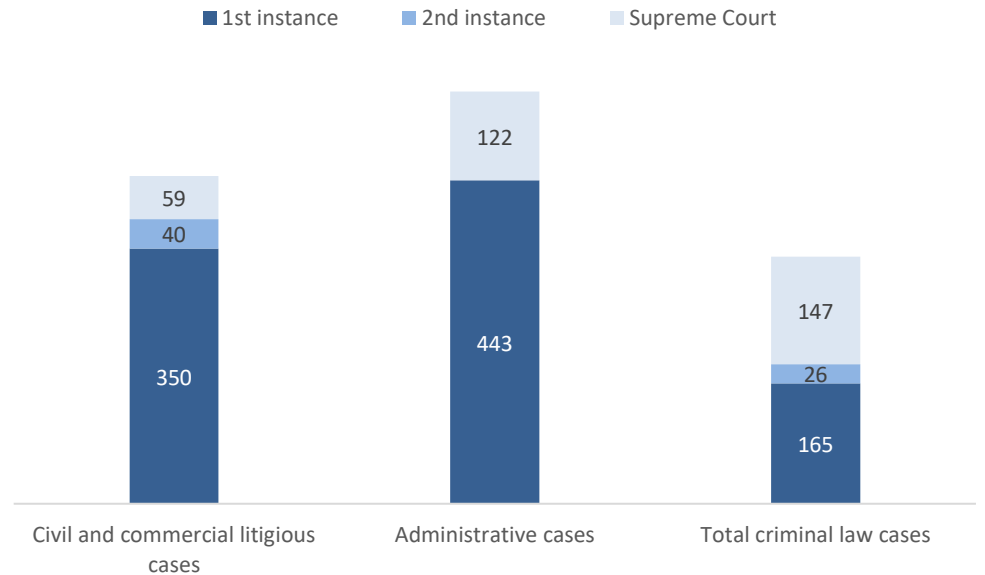


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

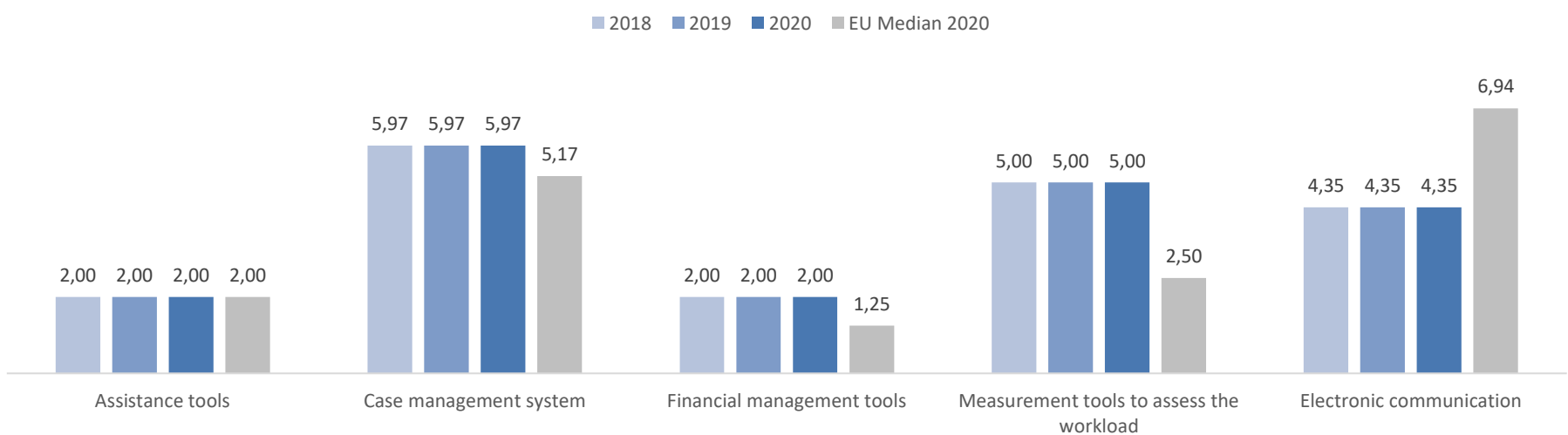


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Slovenia

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations						
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Population	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	2 108 977	2,4%	0,2%	0,7%	0,7%	0,7%	0,6%	
GDP per capita	17 172	17 128	18 065	18 680	19 262	20 951	22 182	22 983	22 014	28,2%	6,6%	15,2%	5,9%	3,6%	-4,2%	
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
Average annual salary	18 300		18 483		19 020		20 179	21 043	22 300	21,9%	2,9%	6,1%		4,3%	6,0%	
Resources																
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	47,1	46,1	44,8	43,5	42,6	41,6	41,7	41,7	41,5	-11,9%	-5,0%	-2,2%	0,3%	0,0%	-0,4%	
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	161,7	157,2	162,8	159,9	161,2	161,0	163,0	163,5	162,5	0,5%	-1,0%	1,1%	1,2%	0,3%	-0,6%	
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	68,8	74,2	79,0	80,9	82,8	84,0	85,0	86,5	87,0	26,4%	4,9%	2,6%	1,1%	1,8%	0,5%	
Mediators	16,9	16,5	15,1	14,1	13,6	13,2	13,3	12,7	12,2	-27,4%	-9,9%	-2,5%	0,8%	-4,0%	-4,0%	
ICT overall assesment							6,9	6,9	6,9					0,0%	0,0%	
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.																
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,048	3,088	2,911	2,775	2,501	2,166	1,956	1,764	1,522	-50,1%	-14,1%	-21,8%	-9,7%	-9,8%	-13,7%	
Administrative law cases	0,239	0,3	0,3	0,233	0,144	0,192	0,170	0,150	0,137	-42,7%	-44,5%	18,3%	-11,6%	-12,0%	-8,4%	
Total criminal law cases									3,479							
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)																
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)	
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	101%	102%	109%	105%	106%	108%	110%	109%	101%	-0,96	-2,63	3,34	1,77	-0,40	-8,86	
CR administrative law cases	110%	102%	103%	101%	87%	67%	91%	89%	107%	-3,28	-15,86	4,21	23,87	-2,38	17,79	
CR total criminal law cases									96%							
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)																
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	318	301	270	277	280	292	283	281	350	10,1%	3,9%	1,0%	-2,9%	-0,6%	24,4%	
DT administrative law cases (days)	130	126	112	122	282	448	406	516	443	240,3%	152,8%	44,1%	-9,4%	27,0%	-14,1%	
DT total criminal law cases (days)									165							
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.																
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,70	2,61	2,35	2,21	2,04	1,87	1,66	1,49	1,47	-45,5%	-12,9%	-18,5%	-10,9%	-10,6%	-1,4%	
Administrative law cases	0,09	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,10	0,16	0,17	0,19	0,18	89,1%	18,6%	78,7%	8,5%	8,9%	-5,6%	
Total criminal law cases									1,51							
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)																
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)	
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			106%	102%	100%	105%	105%	105%	112%		-5,89	4,41	-0,55	0,41	7,37	
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
CR total criminal law cases									106%							
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)																
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			84	86	97	89	82	73	40		15,6%	-15,7%	-8,0%	-10,0%	-45,5%	
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT total criminal law cases (days)									26							
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)																
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)	
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			111%	106%	102%	97%	106%	111%	111%		-8,39	3,62	8,32	5,54	-0,46	
CR administrative law cases			79%	98%	101%	115%	139%	126%	100%		21,72	37,69	23,47	-12,65	-25,66	
CR total criminal law cases									104%		0,00	0,00				
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)																
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			167	146	150	164	119	78	59		-10,3%	-20,9%	-27,5%	-34,4%	-24,0%	
DT administrative law cases (days)			220	220	188	159	152	103	122		-14,4%	-19,1%	-4,1%	-32,6%	18,4%	
DT total criminal law cases									147							

1. Judicial organisation in Slovenia

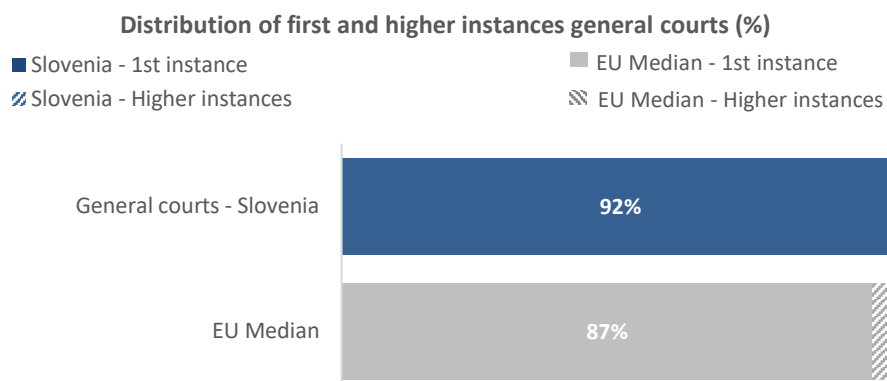
In 2020 in Slovenia, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 66. Namely, there are 60 courts of general jurisdiction and 6 specialised courts.

Among the 60 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 44 Local courts and 11 District courts act at first instance, while 4 Higher courts constitute the second instance courts of general jurisdiction. The Supreme Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction, as well as in respect of specialised courts.

Among the 6 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 5 are of first instance while the Higher Labour and Social Court constitutes the sole higher specialised court.

In terms of geographic locations, there are 70 courts of first instance encompassing the 55 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (44 Local courts and 11 District courts) and the first instance specialised courts (4 labour courts and social court + 7 branch offices of labour and social courts + 1 administrative court + 3 branch offices of the Administrative court). The number of all courts as geographic locations is 76, including the 70 first instance courts, the 4 Higher courts of general jurisdiction, the Higher Labour and Social Court, and the Supreme Court.

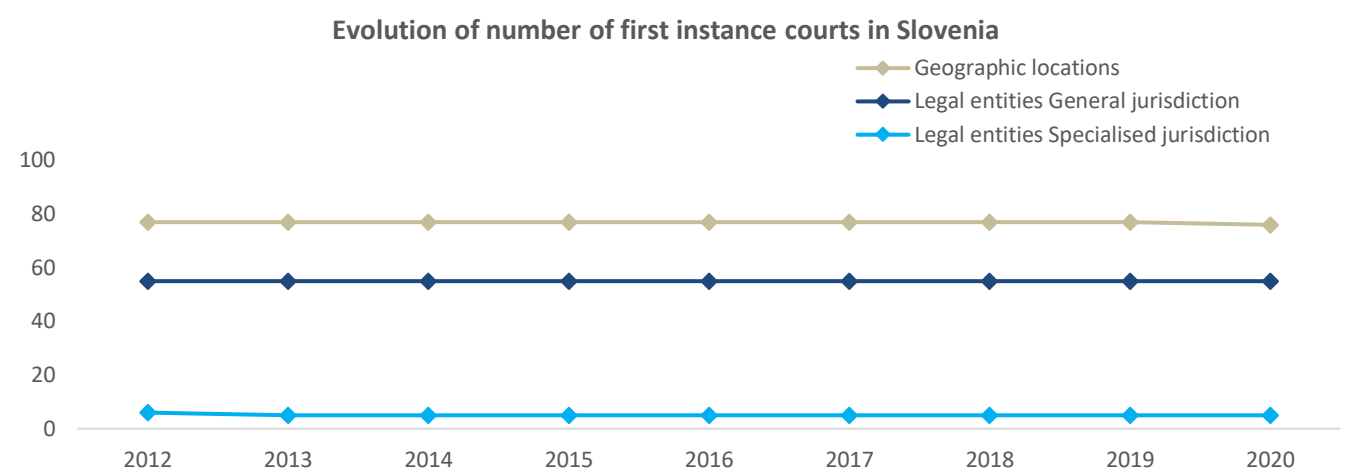
Distribution of general courts in Slovenia



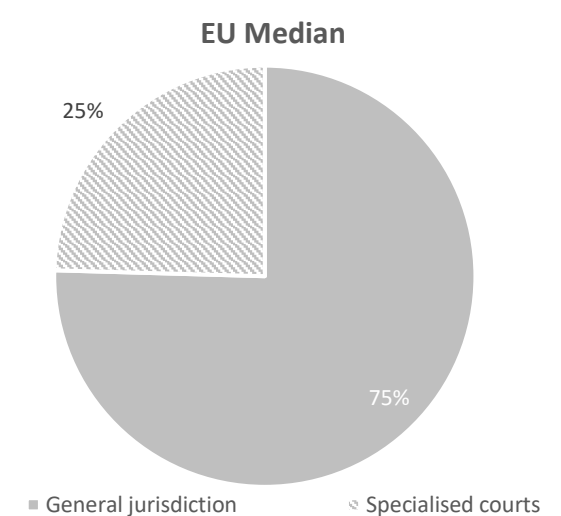
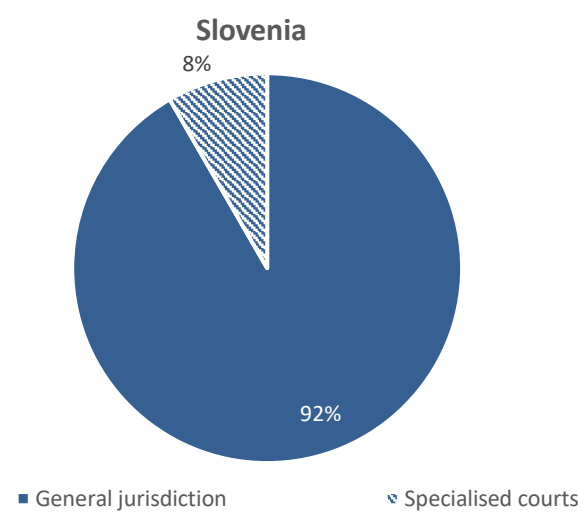
According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Slovenia is somewhat different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Evolution of number of first instance courts in Slovenia

Year	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	77	55	6
2013	77	55	5
2014	77	55	5
2015	77	55	5
2016	77	55	5
2017	77	55	5
2018	77	55	5
2019	77	55	5
2020	76	55	5



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 91,7% - 8,3% is quite different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	5	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	4	1
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	NAP	NAP

The 6 specialised courts refer to 3 labour courts (1st instance), the labour and social court (1st instance), the Administrative court (1st instance) and the Higher Labour and Social Court (2nd instance)

Although the given answer for 'labour courts' is 4 and 'insurance and/ or social welfare courts' at first instance is 1, the total number of these courts is 4, as one of the labour courts and the social court form a single legal entity – the Labour and social court in Ljubljana.

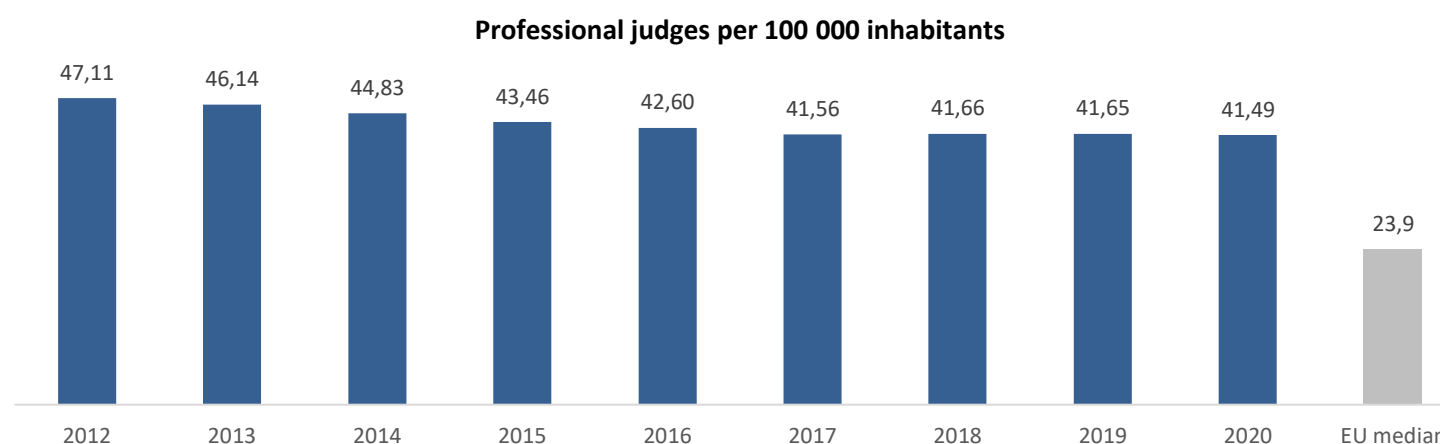
Concerning specialised courts – higher instances, although the given answer for 'labour courts' is 1 and 'insurance and/ or social welfare courts' is 1, the total number of these courts is 1, as they form a single legal entity – the Higher Labour and Social Court.

2. Professionals of justice in Slovenia

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	970	47,11
2013	951	46,14
2014	924	44,83
2015	897	43,46
2016	880	42,60
2017	859	41,56
2018	867	41,66
2019	873	41,65
2020	875	41,49



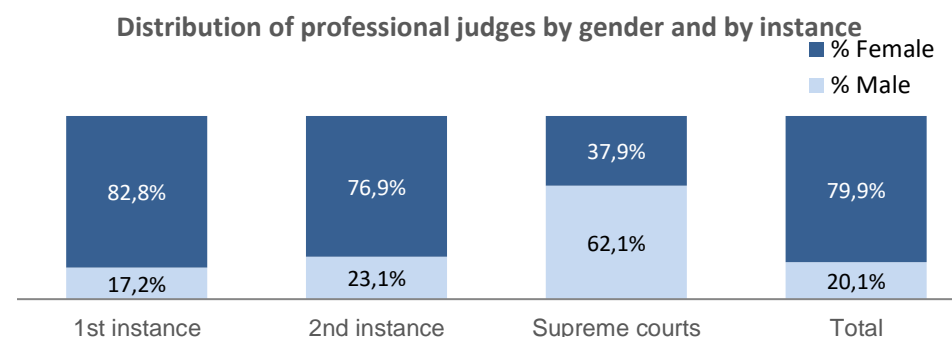
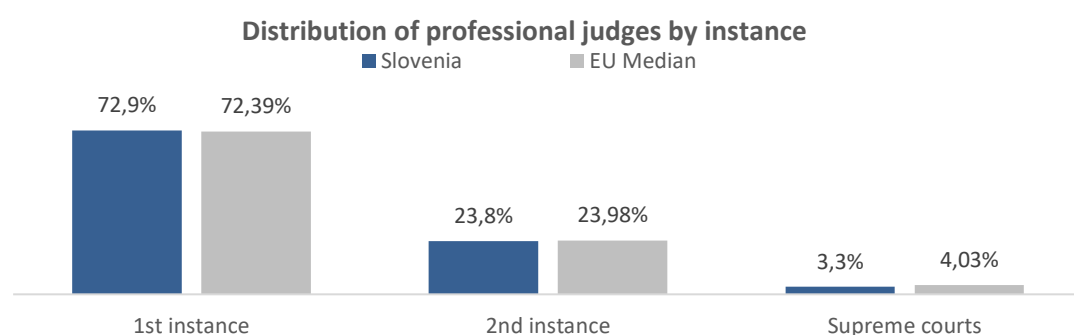
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Slovenia is 875, which is 0,2% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Slovenia, there are 41,49 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,92 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,93 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	638	72,9%	110	528	17,2%	82,8%
2nd instance	208	23,8%	48	160	23,1%	76,9%
Supreme courts	29	3,3%	18	11	62,1%	37,9%
Total	875		176	699	20,1%	79,9%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 699, which represents 79,9% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 638 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 528 are female); 208 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 160 are female) and 29 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 11 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in Slovenia is quite similar.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the provided total number of judges corresponds to the number of de facto occupied judicial posts performing their functions. Some judges are assigned to other duties (eg. to the Judicial council, Ministry of Justice, Supreme court) and are not included in the reported numbers. The information on actual presence (excluding the maternity or sick leave, but including the annual leave) is also available.

At the end of 2020, 890 judicial posts were formally occupied (FTE), although some posts were de facto vacant (e.g. judge absent due to maternity leave). Nevertheless, we report that 875 professional judges sit in courts (perform judicial function), since the rest of the judges (15 judges - difference to the total of 890 judges) were assigned to other duties (e.g. the Ministry of Justice, the Supreme Court, the Judicial Council) and do not sit in courts. The actual presence is also calculated, based on number of hours judges are actually present in court (excluding the maternity or sick leave, but including the annual leave).

The number of judges in the Slovenian judicial system in 2020 was 805,5 according to actual presence calculations.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at the level of the Supreme Court.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

In Slovenia, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is not possible.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

There is no data for 2020. In 2021, the data on judges by legal fields was collected for the first time (by approximating the time and workload an individual judge is working on a certain type of cases). Since the methodology of reporting is yet to be revised and elaborated, we can only report approximate numbers.

First instance judges: Civil and/or commercial: 62% (approx. 396 judges); Criminal: 33% (approx. 214 judges); Administrative: 4% (approx. 28 judges), Other: 1% (approx. 5 judges)

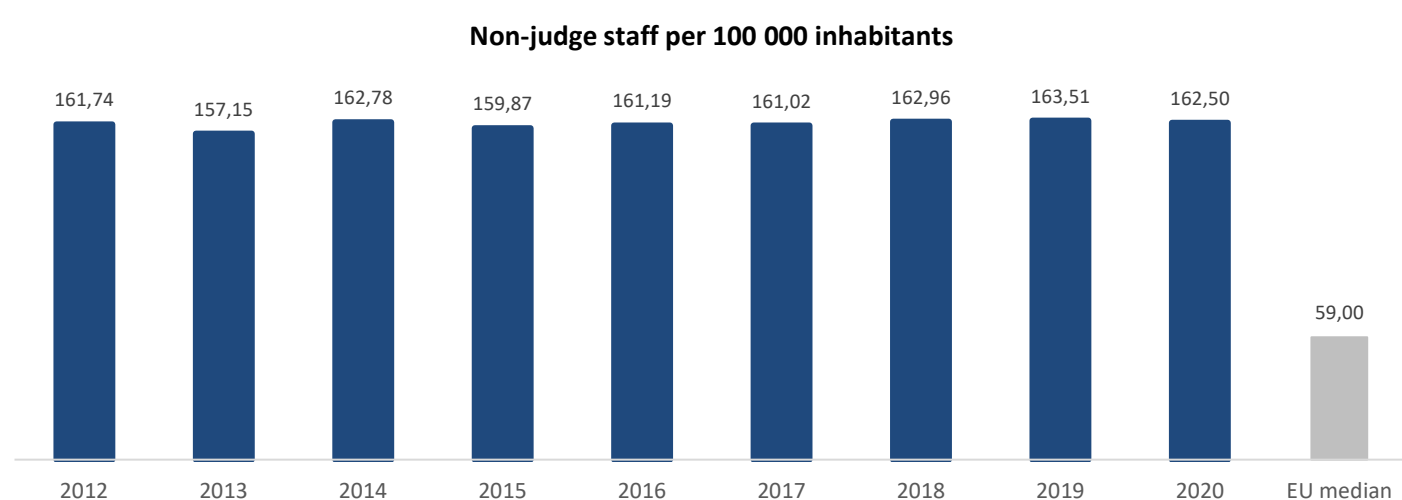
Please note: the judges at the Administrative Court that resolve administrative cases at first instance have the rank of a higher judge.

Second instance judges: Civil and/or commercial: 66% (approx. 77 judges); Criminal: 34% (approx. 39 judges); Administrative: /, Other: /

Supreme court judges: Civil and/or commercial: 57% (approx. 16 judges); Criminal: 18% (approx. 5 judges); Administrative: 25% (approx. 9 judges), Other: /

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	3 330	3 239	3 355	3 300	3 330	3 328	3 391	3 427	3 427
Per 100 000 inhabitants	161,74	157,15	162,78	159,87	161,19	161,02	162,96	163,51	162,50



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	3 427	
Rechtspfleger	497	14,5%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	1 005	29,3%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 734	50,6%
Technical staff	191	5,6%
Other	NAP	NAP

In 2020, Slovenia has 3 427 non-judge staff (of which 2 992 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a stable rate of 0,0%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 497 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 453 are women);
- 1 005 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 874 are women);
- 1 734 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 1 575 are women);
- 191 technical staff (of which 90 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 163,5 in 2019 to 162,5 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 41,7 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 41,5 in 2020.

The definitions of categories are as follows:

1. "Rechtspfleger" category includes only the staff (judicial assistants and judicial advisers) with autonomous competence to adopt final decisions (decisions on the merits of the case), set explicitly in procedural laws - currently the Claim Enforcement and Security Act, the Financial Operations, Insolvency Proceedings and Compulsory Windingup Act, the Court Register of Legal Entities Act and the Land Register Act.

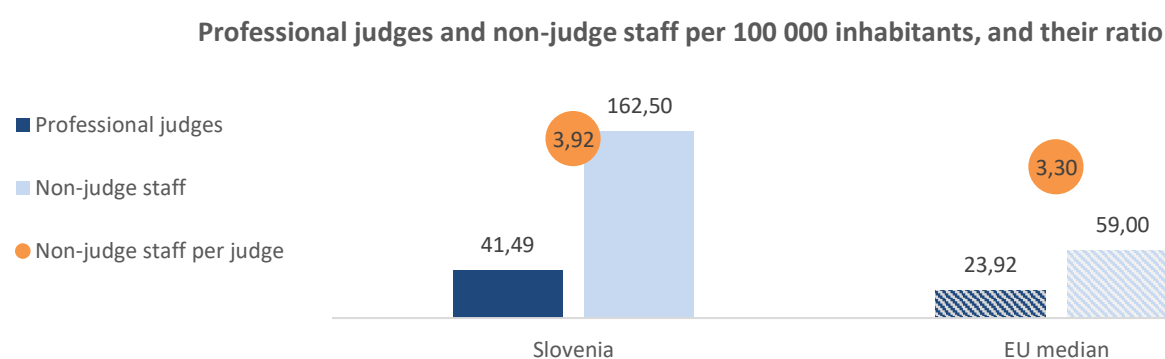
2. "Non-judge staff" category includes staff, whose tasks are generally set by the Courts Act. These are judicial assistants (filing applications and statements by parties for the record and, by order of a judge, perform less demanding tasks related to preparation for trial proceedings or other procedural acts, making calculations of costs, preparing drafts of decisions and performing other tasks in judicial proceedings under the orders of a judge), judicial advisers (performing work connected with the examination of parties, witnesses and experts (outside the main hearings), performing more complex preparatory work for hearings, reporting at panel meetings, drafting decisions, conducting hearings under the guidance of a judge and performing other work by order of a judge) and judicial trainees (typically do not perform significant amount of work as their role is to learn; however they can participate in hearings and drafting of court decisions in some cases).

3. All the other staff, not mentioned above and not corresponding to 4. "Technical staff" is included in 3. "Administrative staff". The latter includes, along with the court management staff, the office support staff, whose tasks are not specifically set by the law and include case registering, administrative case preparation, court fees, typing and/or recording of court sessions etc.

Approx. 3% of all court staff (109 persons) are judicial trainees (counted under "2. Non-judge (judicial staff)").

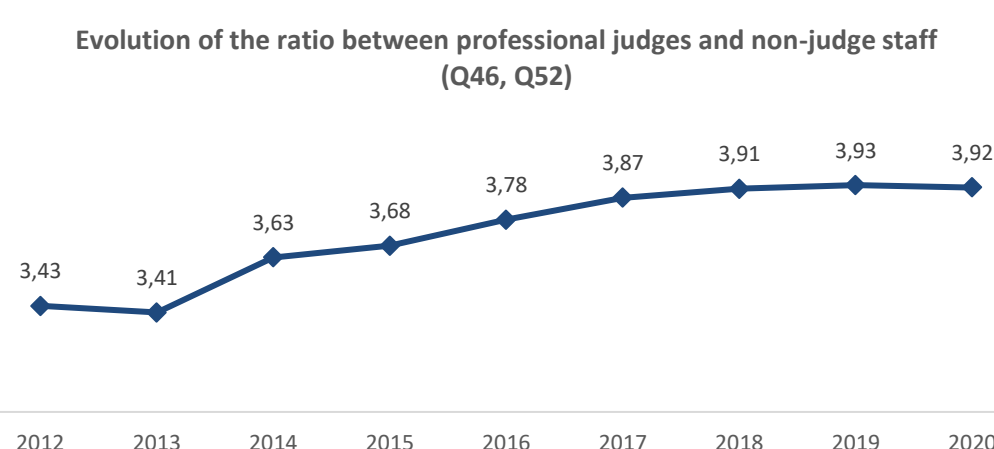
Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Slovenia	EU median
Professional judges	41,49	23,92
Non-judge staff	162,50	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	3,92	3,30



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

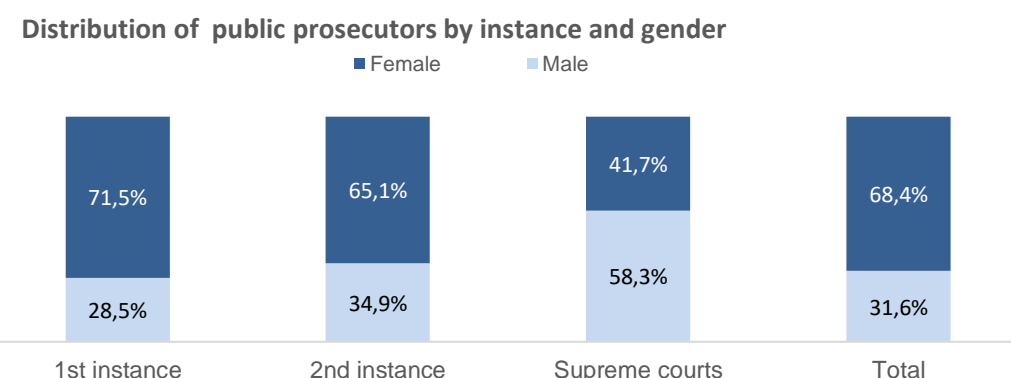
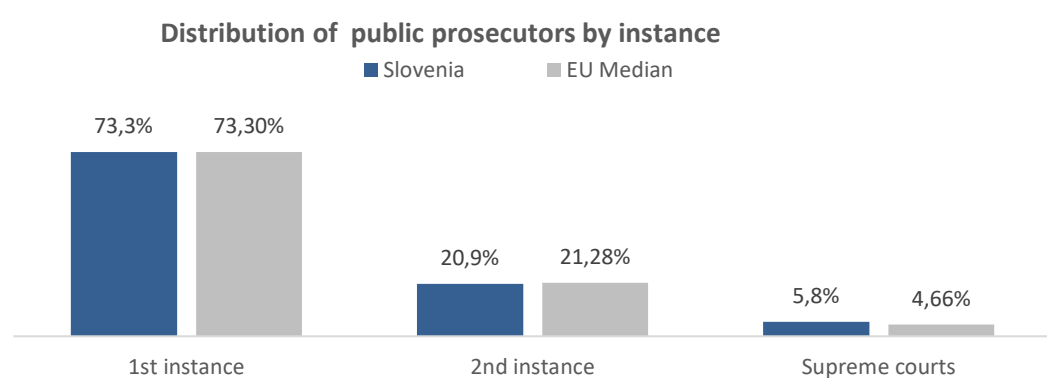
Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	47,11	161,74	3,43
2013	46,14	157,15	3,41
2014	44,83	162,78	3,63
2015	43,46	159,87	3,68
2016	42,60	161,19	3,78
2017	41,56	161,02	3,87
2018	41,66	162,96	3,91
2019	41,65	163,51	3,93
2020	41,49	162,50	3,92



Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	151	73,3%	43	108	28,5%	71,5%
2nd instance	43	20,9%	15	28	34,9%	65,1%
Supreme courts	12	5,8%	7	5	58,3%	41,7%
Total	206		65	141	31,6%	68,4%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 141, which represents 68,4% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 151 in first instance (of which 108 are female); 43 are in second instance (of which 28 are female) and 12 in final instance (of which 5 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noticed that the information is in form of gross data. According to the methodology used for reporting judges and court staff (FTE) – by which part-time employees are converted to full-time time by the calculation of working hours, the number amounts to 193, as a number of prosecutors are not working full time.

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Slovenia presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, Slovenian state prosecutors perform their function in 13 organizational units – prosecution offices. There are 11 District State Prosecutor's Offices and one Specialized State Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Slovenia, where local, district and senior state prosecutors are positioned. At the Office of the Prosecutor General of the Republic of Slovenia supreme state prosecutors and State Prosecutor General perform their functions. Here are also some state prosecutors of lower ranks assigned to perform demanding professional tasks.

There are no higher state prosecutor's offices as the proceedings before the courts of appeal are governed by the district prosecutor's offices. According to the State Prosecution Service Act prosecutors with the rank of at least local state prosecutor may represent a case before local courts, prosecutors with the rank of at least district state prosecutor may represent a case before district courts, prosecutors with the rank of at least senior state prosecutor may represent a case before higher courts and only supreme state prosecutors may represent a case before the supreme court. Local state prosecutors may also appear before district courts if authorized by the head of state prosecutor's office for certain categories of matters, for a particular matter, for certain categories of procedural acts or for a particular procedural act. Local and district prosecutors may in their cases appear along with a senior prosecutor before the courts of appeal if authorized by the head of an appellate division of the state prosecutor's office for a particular case. Senior and supreme state prosecutors are competent to represent a case also before first instance courts.

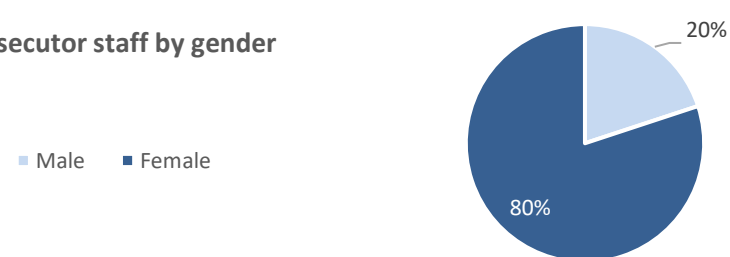
In the context of question 55 we counted local and district prosecutors as prosecutors at first instance level, senior prosecutors as prosecutors at second instance level and supreme prosecutors as prosecutors at Supreme Court level without regard of the rang of court before they perform their function in fact or if they are assigned to other institution for a limited period of time (e.g for the administration of State Prosecutorial Council).

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors do not have the majority only at the Supreme Court level.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	321	64	257

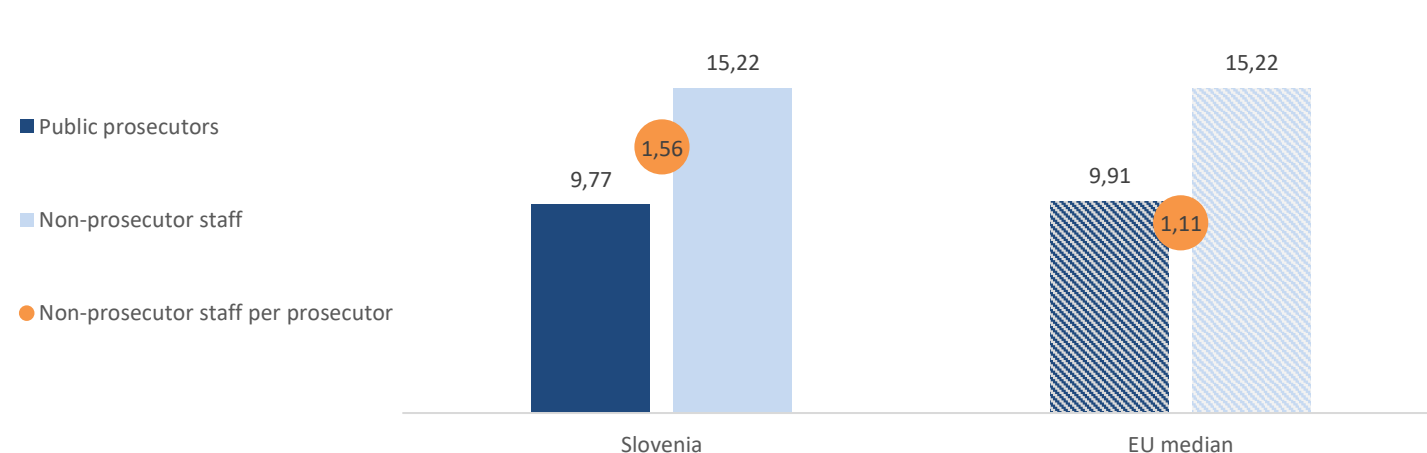
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

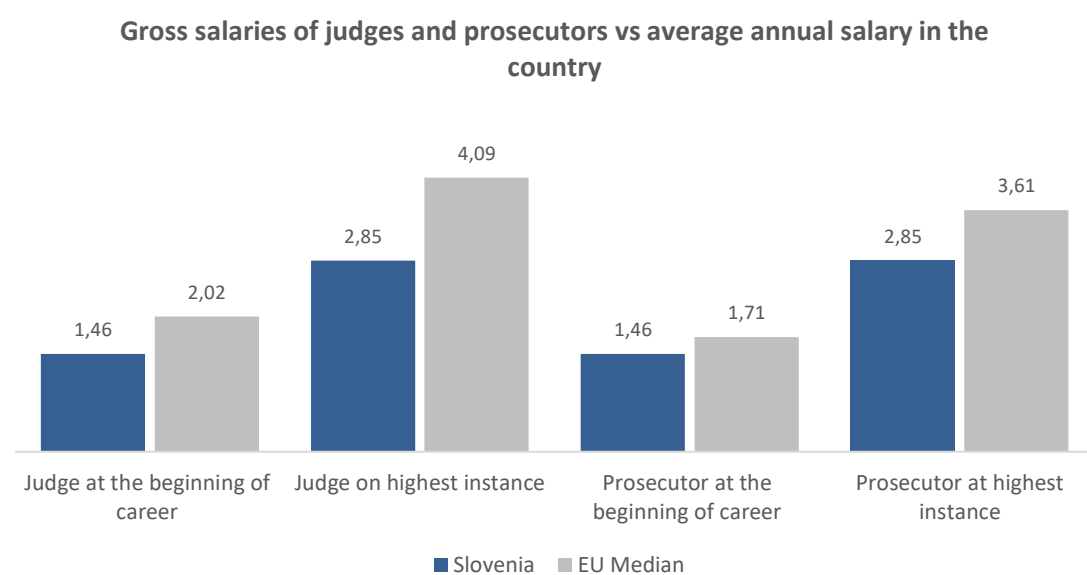
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Slovenia	EU median
Public prosecutors	9,77	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	15,22	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,56	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	32 628 €	20 568 €	1,46
Judge of the highest court	63 660 €	36 984 €	2,85
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	32 628 €	20 568 €	1,46
Public prosecutor at highest instance	63 660 €	36 984 €	2,85



According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Slovenia of 32 628€ is somewhat below when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 1,46 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

The basic salary for judges and prosecutors is regulated by law, as well as promotion. The salary of the prosecutor is determined on the same basis, with the same supplements and in the same way as the salary of the judge. All employees in the country (including judges and public prosecutors) are also entitled to the supplement for the period of employment. As the calculation of the average pay would be too complicated, we report figures calculated from above criteria.

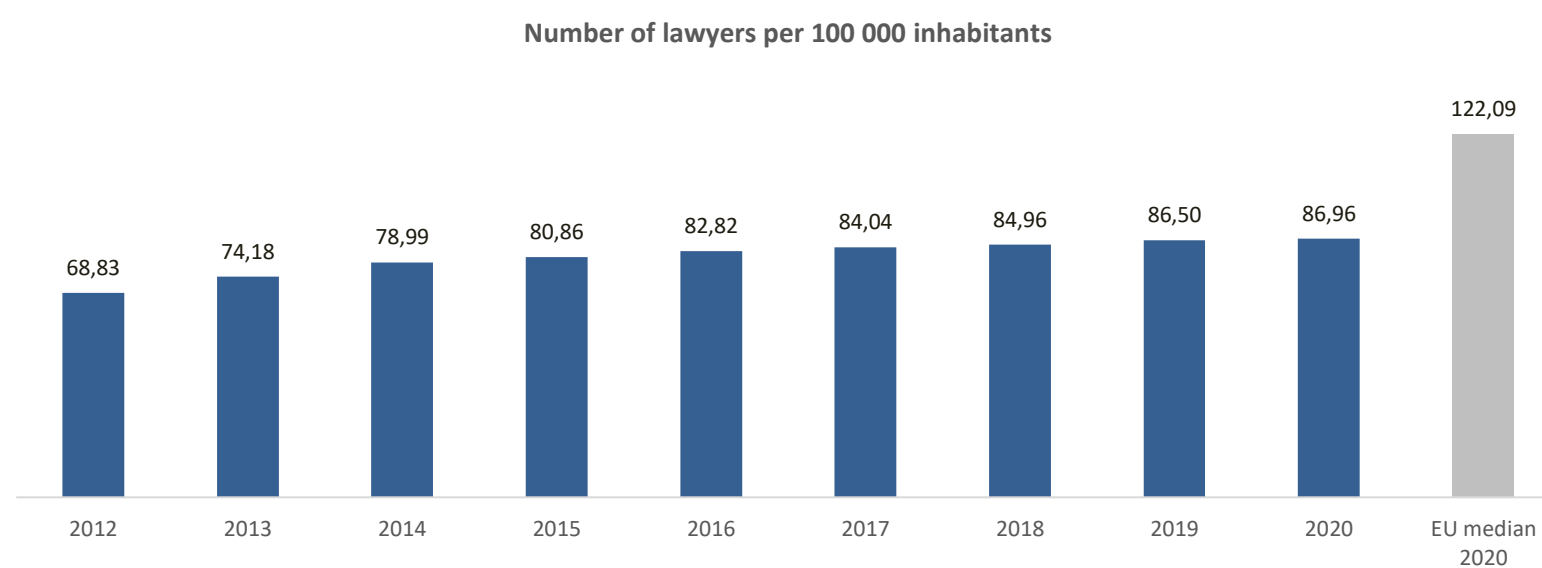
It is noteworthy that all figures reported include the supplement for the period of employment.

Judge/prosecutor at the beginning of the career: starting salary for local court judge and for local state prosecutor (without promotion), including the supplement for the period of employment (5 years) - approx. 1-2% of the reported amount.

Judge/Prosecutor at the highest instance: starting salary of a supreme court judge and supreme state prosecutor – counselor (not president of the Supreme Court or State Prosecutor General) including the supplement for the period of employment (44 years) - approx 15% of the reported amount.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 417	68,83
2013	1 529	74,18
2014	1 628	78,99
2015	1 669	80,86
2016	1 711	82,82
2017	1 737	84,04
2018	1 768	84,96
2019	1 813	86,50
2020	1 834	86,96



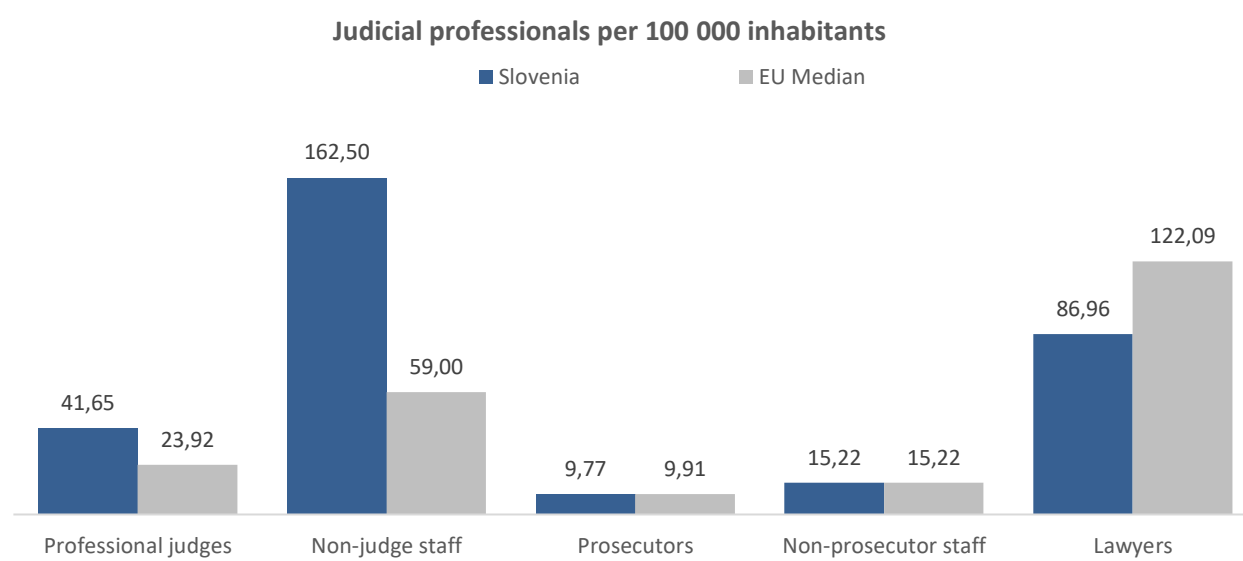
In 2020, there are 1 834 lawyers, which is 1,2% more than in 2019.

Slovenia has 87,0 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

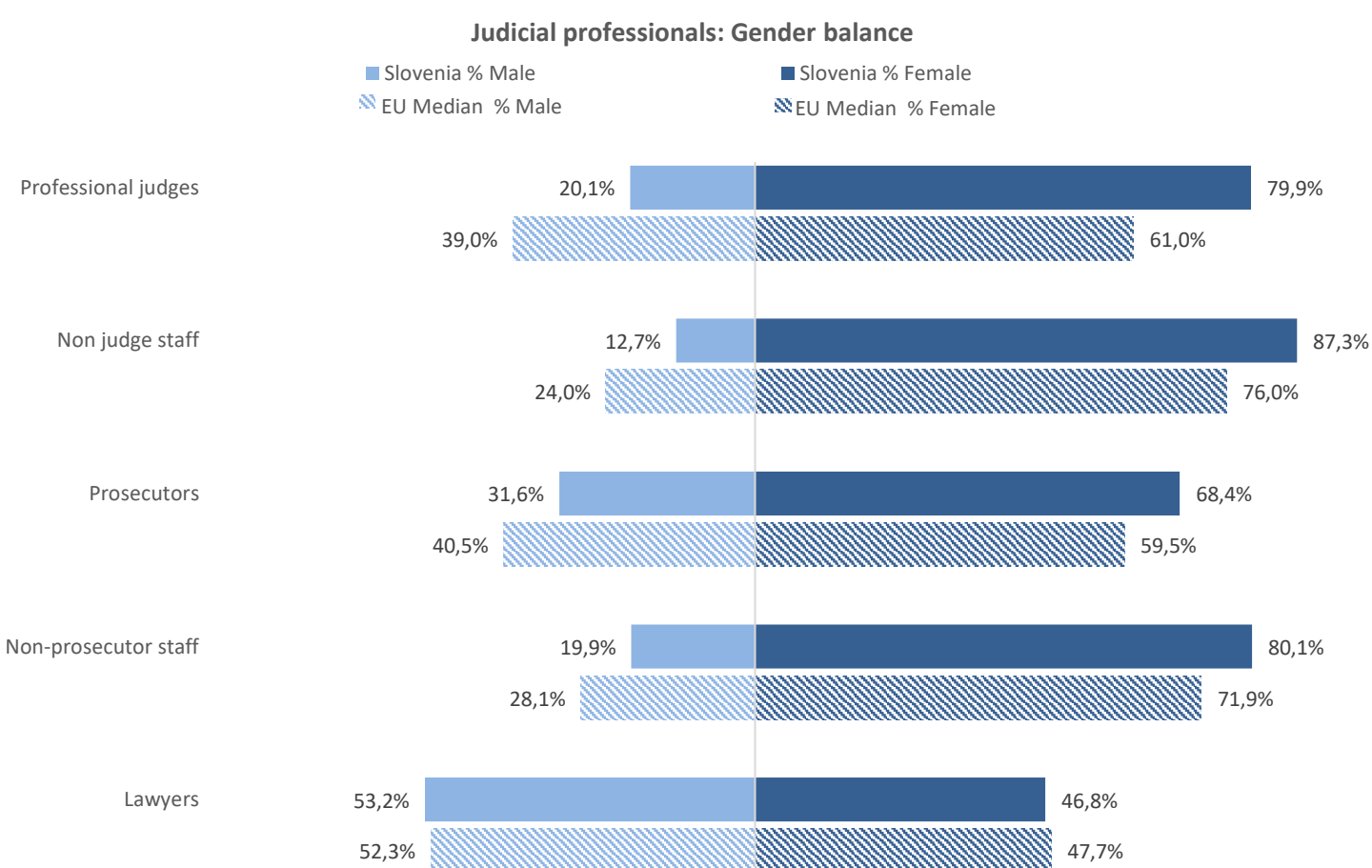
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	873	41,65	23,92
Non-judge staff	3 427	162,50	59,00
Prosecutors	206	9,77	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	321	15,22	15,22
Lawyers	1 834	86,96	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	20,1%	79,9%
Non judge staff	12,7%	87,3%
Prosecutors	31,6%	68,4%
Non-prosecutor staff	19,9%	80,1%
Lawyers	53,2%	46,8%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Slovenia

In Slovenia, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

Exemption from court fees is regulated outside the free legal aid system by the Court Fees Act.

The situation did not change. In previous years, the answer at Exemption from court fees was NO, as exemption from court fees was (is) regulated outside the free legal aid system by another law. However, it was (is) still possible (as was explained in the general comment). This year, in line with the updated explanatory note, the answer is changed.

In Slovenia, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

The Free Legal Aid Act (FLAA) prescribes that legal aid shall mean the right of the eligible person to the entire or partial provision of funds necessary to cover the costs of legal assistance and the right to exemption of payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding. Further on the law defines that legal aid may be approved for legal advice, legal representation and other legal services, for all forms of judicial protection before all courts of general jurisdiction and specialised courts based in the Republic of Slovenia, before the Constitutional Court of the Republic of Slovenia, and before all authorities, institutions or persons in the Republic of Slovenia authorised for out-of-court settlement, as well as in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding.

The law specifically lists the costs that can be covered by the approved legal aid: for legal advice; for the formulation, verification and certification of documents on legal relations, facts and statements; for legal advice and representation in cases of out-of-court settlement; for legal advice and representation before courts in the first and second instances; for legal advice and representation involving extraordinary appeals; for legal advice and representation involving constitutional action; for legal advice and representation before international courts; for legal advice and representation involving the filing of a petition for the assessment of constitutionality; in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial or extrajudicial proceeding.

Legal aid may also be granted in the form of an exemption from payment of the costs of proceedings before courts, particularly in the form of an exemption from payment of: costs of experts, witnesses, interpreters, servicing orders and translations, costs of external operations of the court or other authority in the Republic of Slovenia, and other justified costs; security deposits for the costs or of the costs, of the implementation of the proceeding (advance payments); costs of public documents and receipts required for the proceeding before a court; other costs of the proceeding. The legal aid system does not cover the costs of the proceeding and actual expenditure of and remuneration for the person representing the opposing party.

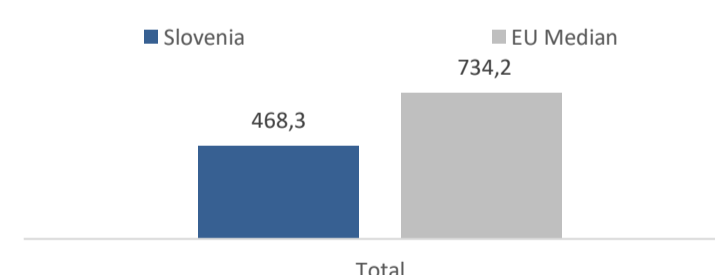
In the proceeding of enforcement of judicial decisions the exemption from court fees (according to the Court Fees Act) and legal aid in the form of legal advice, legal representation and the exemption from payment of the procedural costs (the Free Legal Aid Act) is possible.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	9 876	9 138	738
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Slovenia	EU Median
Total	468,3	734,2
In criminal cases	NA	330,9
In other than criminal cases	NA	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



The reported values use the categorisation by forms of legal aid granted. In a single legal aid case, the request can be granted for multiple forms of legal aid, therefore the reported numbers here can be higher than the number of resolved legal aid cases. The data on the number of resolved legal cases is not reported, since one or more forms of legal aid can be granted in a single resolved case, making impossible the distinction to "cases brought to court" or "cases not brought to court". Cases brought to court include: 1) legal advice and representation before courts in the first and second instances and 2) involving extraordinary appeals. Cases not brought to court include: 1) legal advice; 2) legal advice and representation in cases of out-of-court settlement; 3) formulation, verification and certification of documents on legal relations, facts and statements.

The following forms of legal aid are not included in the figures : 1) legal advice and representation involving constitutional action; 2) legal advice and representation before international courts; 3) legal advice and representation involving the filing of a petition for the assessment of constitutionality and 4) exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial or extrajudicial proceedings.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: 30

If the applicant would miss the deadline or would lose a right in the time it takes to process the application for free legal aid, the court can approve an "urgent" free legal aid, without taking in regard the material criteria for eligibility (however, the lack of merits is still checked). The material criteria are subsequently checked at a later time.

4. Performance of courts in Slovenia

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

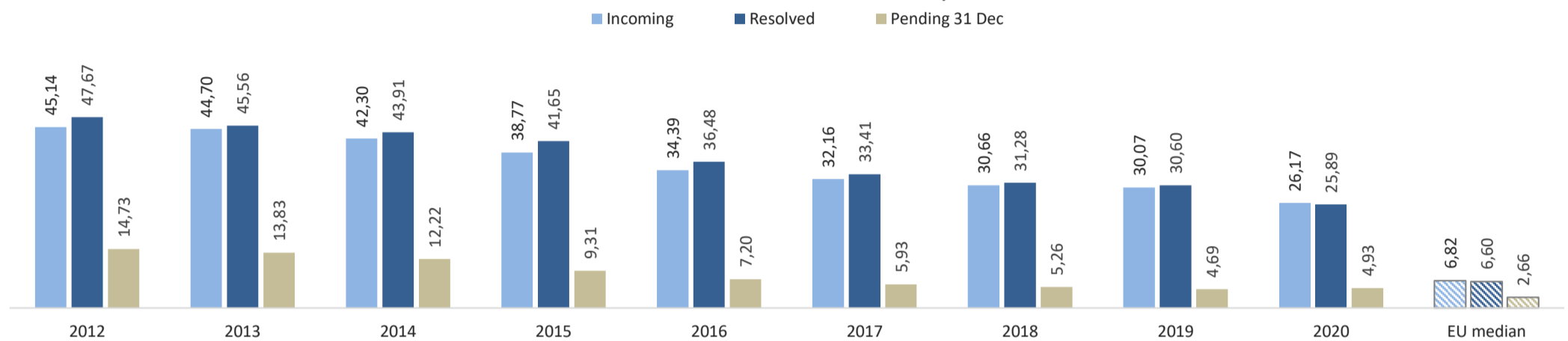
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Slovenia (26,17 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

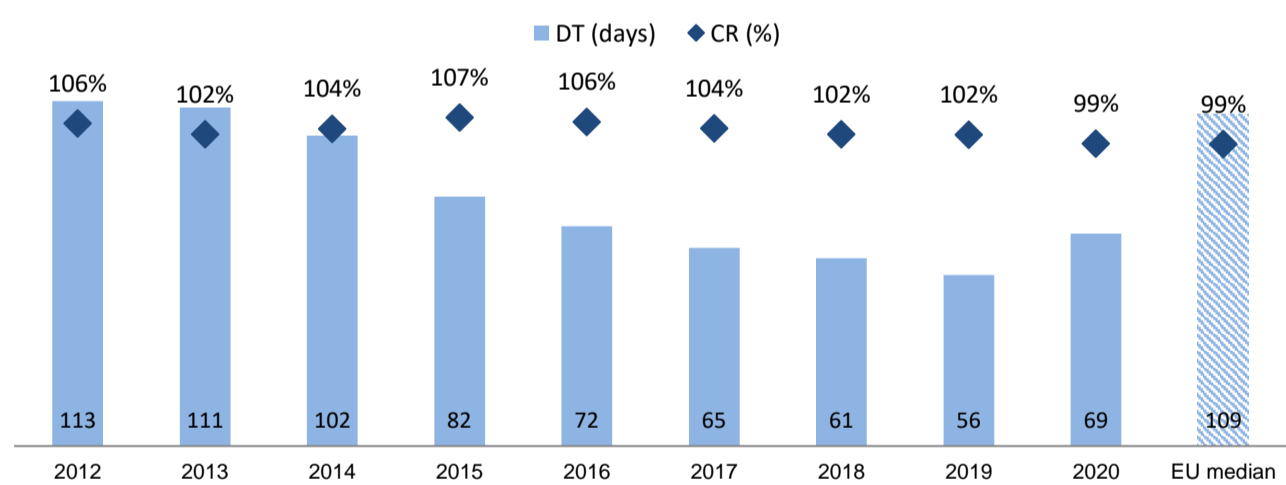
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Slovenia (25,89 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Slovenia (4,93 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	106%	113
2013	102%	111
2014	104%	102
2015	107%	82
2016	106%	72
2017	104%	65
2018	102%	61
2019	102%	56
2020	99%	69

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,9% in 2020 Slovenia seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

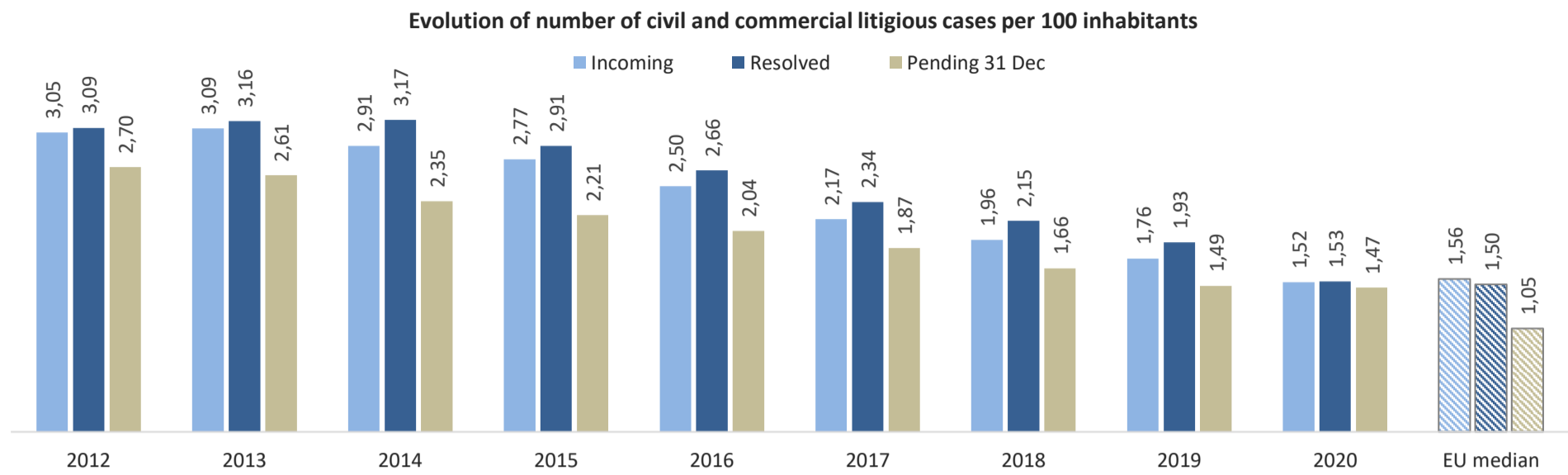
Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,8 points.

In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 69 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 24,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases



Civil (and commercial) litigious cases' at first instance include: civil litigious cases at local and district courts, various civil cases at local and district courts, legal aid at local and district courts, international legal aid at district courts, commercial litigious cases at district courts, labour law cases at labour courts, social law cases at social court, various labour and social law at labour and social courts, legal aid at labour and social courts. insolvency cases including compulsory composition, bankruptcy of legal person, bankruptcy of physical person, bankruptcy of inheritance, compulsory dissolution, simplified compulsory composition and preventive restructuring at district courts. The number includes the labour law and social law cases (before specialised labour and social law courts) due to their similarity to litigious cases in material and procedural aspects.

The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Slovenia (1,52 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

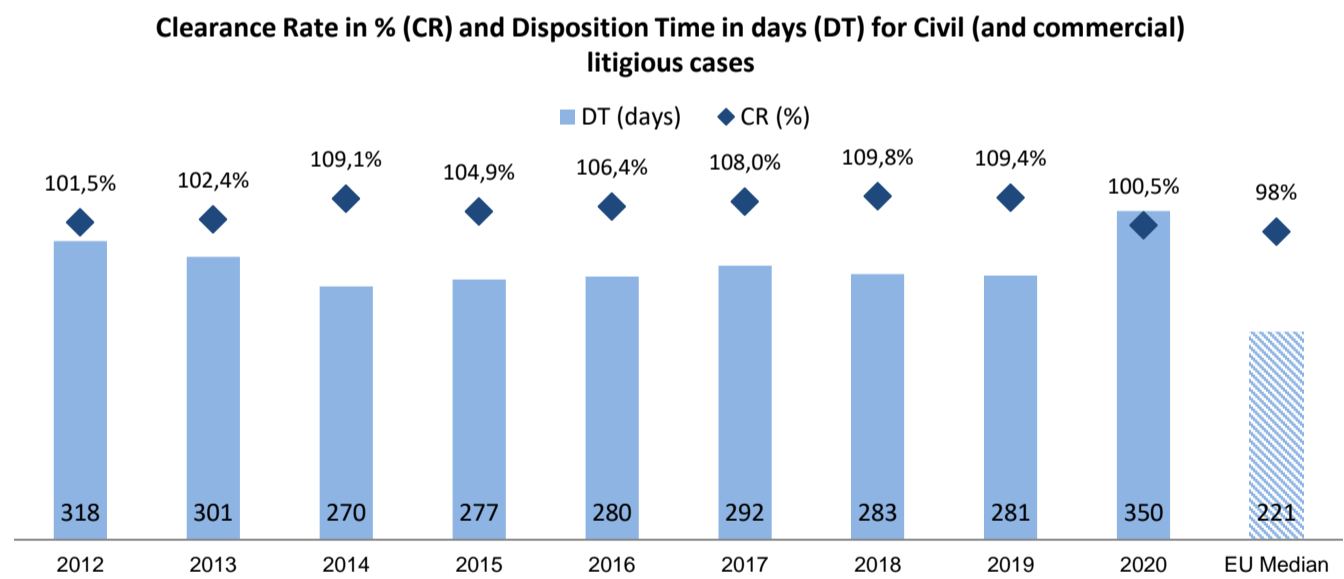
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Slovenia (1,53 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The decrease in the number of resolved civil and commercial litigious cases is due to the limitation of operation of courts due to Covid-19 pandemics.

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Slovenia (1,47 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	101,5%	318
2013	102,4%	301
2014	109,1%	270
2015	104,9%	277
2016	106,4%	280
2017	108,0%	292
2018	109,8%	283
2019	109,4%	281
2020	100,5%	350



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,5% in 2020, Slovenia seems to deal efficiently with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -8,9 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 350 days, which is significantly above the EU median of 221 days.

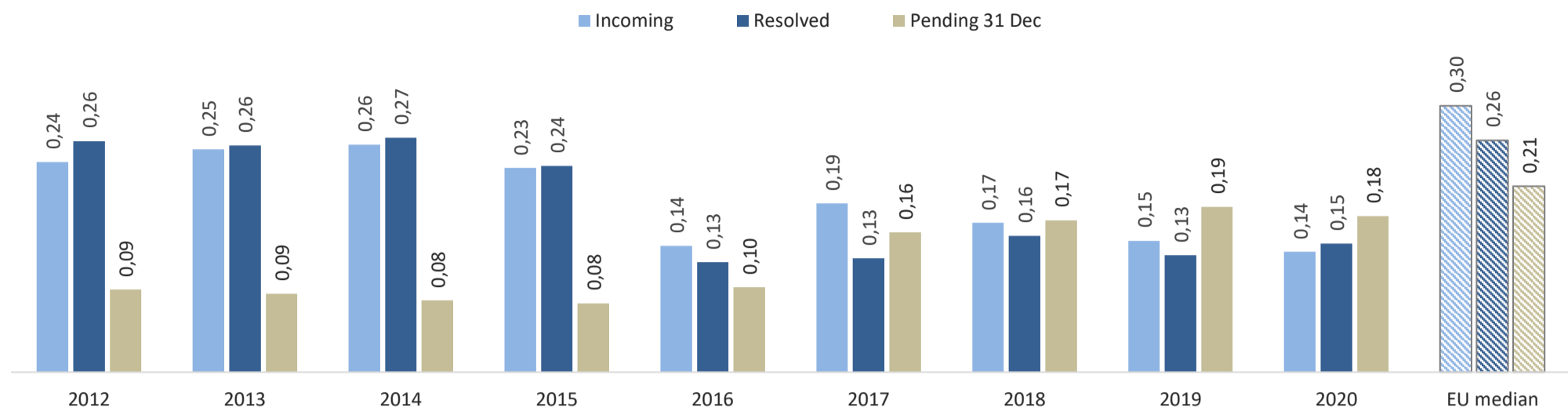
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 24,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Slovenia, there are 8 338 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 26,9% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Slovenia (0,14 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

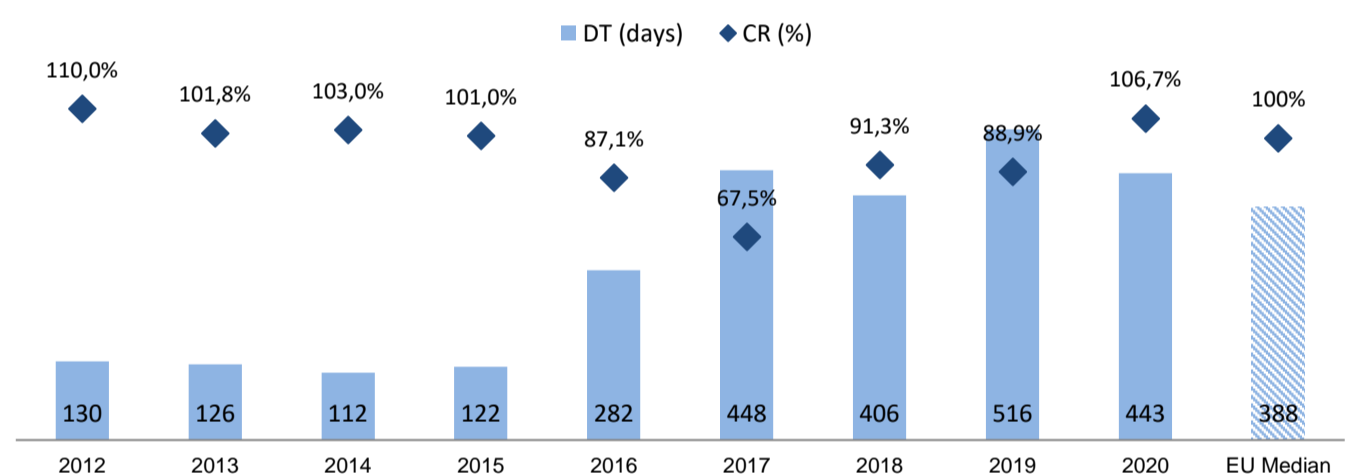
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Slovenia (0,15 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Slovenia (0,18 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	110,0%	130
2013	101,8%	126
2014	103,0%	112
2015	101,0%	122
2016	87,1%	282
2017	67,5%	448
2018	91,3%	406
2019	88,9%	516
2020	106,7%	443



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 106,7% in 2020, Slovenia seems to deal efficiently with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 17,8 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 443 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -14,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

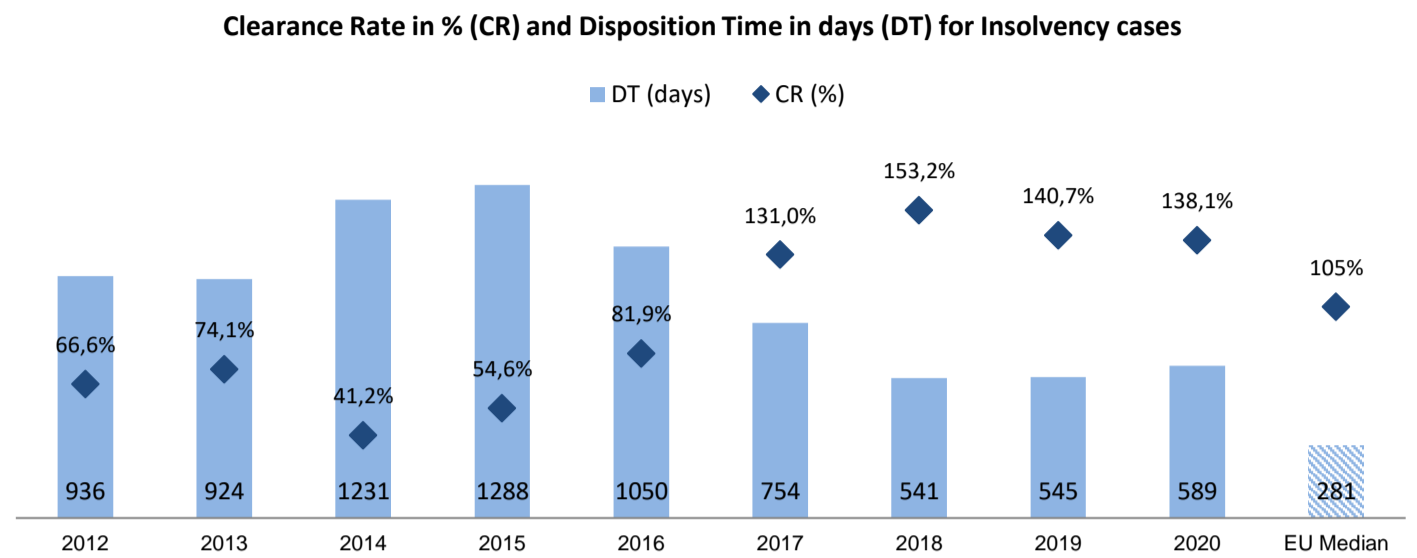
In Slovenia, there are 379 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 10,1% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

Regarding the increase in Administrative law cases - Pending cases older than 2 years: In previous years, the Administrative court was faced with the influx of new cases, due to the implementation of the ECHR judgement 60642/08 (e.g. 24,5 % of incoming cases in 2017), as well as some new competences. This caused an increase in the number of pending and resolved cases. In the aforementioned cases, the court was also faced with new legal and factual issues, as well as administrative difficulties. In recent years, the Administrative court is also dealing with a considerable number of priority or urgent cases (e.g. asylum seekers), which means a longer waiting line for "regular" cases. Though administrative and managerial actions have been taken, the number of (older) pending cases has increased due to the aforementioned difficulties and the overburdening of the court.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	66,6%	936
2013	74,1%	924
2014	41,2%	1231
2015	54,6%	1288
2016	81,9%	1050
2017	131,0%	754
2018	153,2%	541
2019	140,7%	545
2020	138,1%	589



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 138,1% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Slovenia seems to deal efficiently with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,5 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 589 days, which is well above the EU median of 281 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 7,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

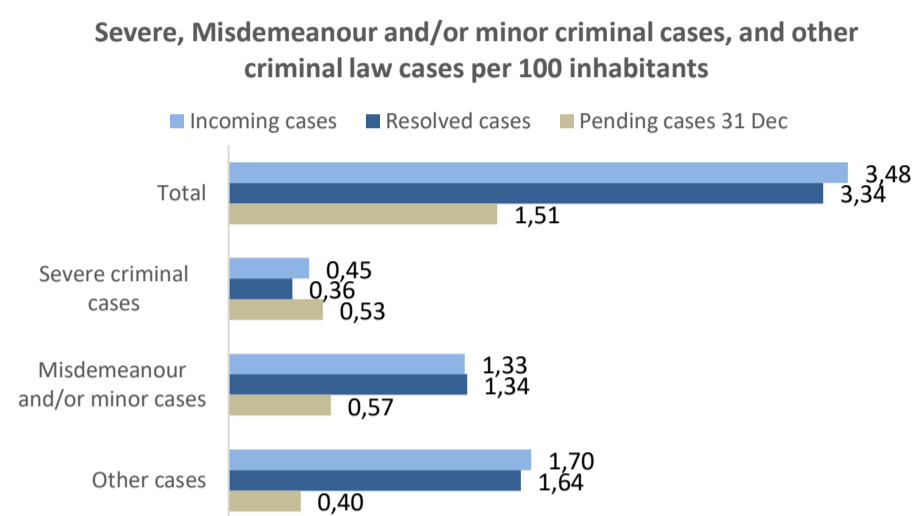
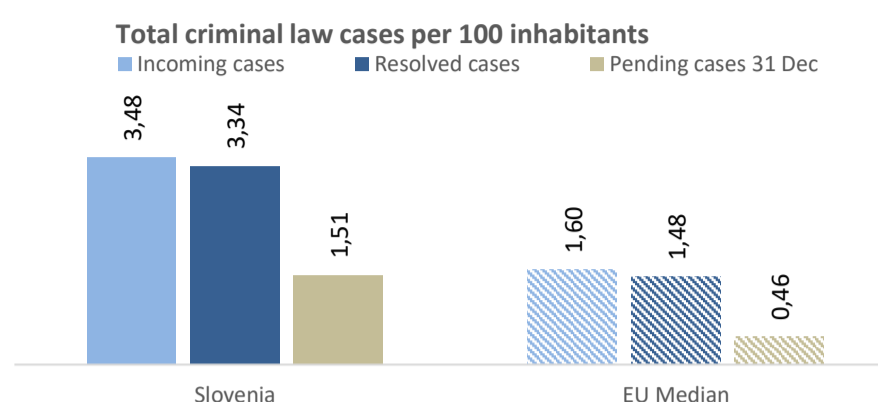
It should be noted that the number of incoming cases is decreasing (personal bankruptcy from 2014 on and bankruptcy of legal persons from 2018 on), therefore the number of resolved and pending cases is also decreasing.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	28 879	73 368	70 425	31 823
Severe criminal cases	9 170	9 550	7 546	11 174
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	12 393	27 970	28 237	12 126
Other cases	7 316	35 848	34 642	8 523

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	1,37	3,48	3,34	1,51
Severe criminal cases	0,43	0,45	0,36	0,53
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,59	1,33	1,34	0,57
Other cases	0,35	1,70	1,64	0,40



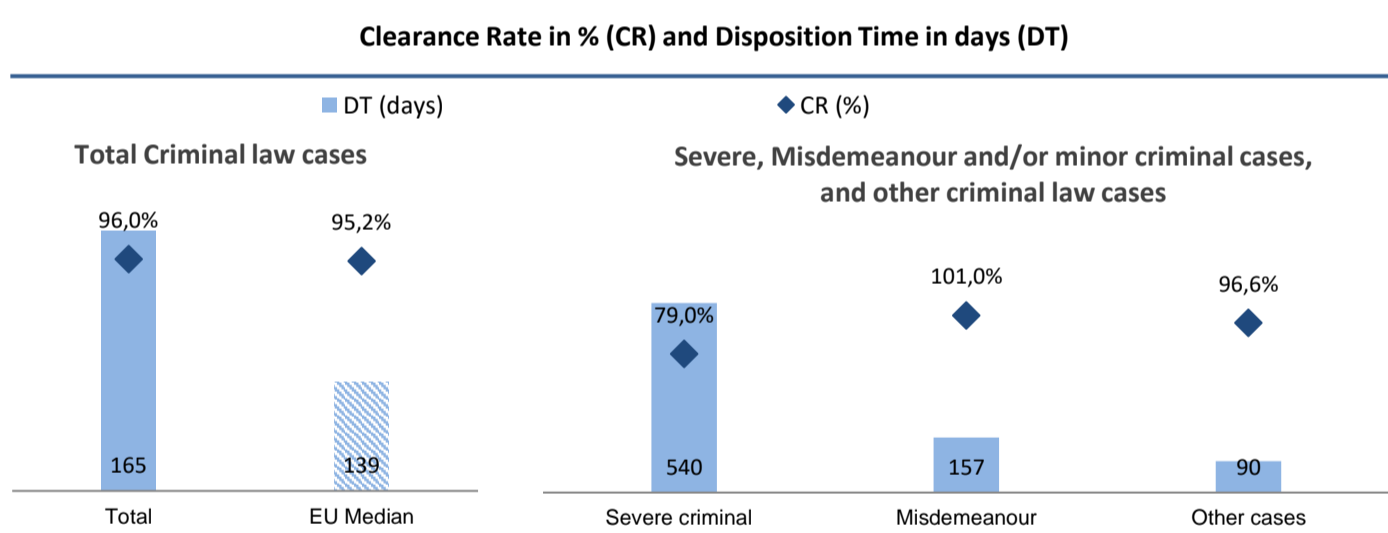
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Slovenia (3,48 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Slovenia (3,34 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Slovenia (1,51 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	96,0%	165
Severe criminal cases	79,0%	540
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	101,0%	157
Other cases	96,6%	90



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 96,0% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Slovenia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 165 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 139 days.

Are counted as severe criminal cases criminal cases at local and district courts, criminal cases against juveniles at district courts.

Are counted as misdemeanour cases minor offences in regular court procedure – request for judicial protection, minor offences in regular court procedure – accusation proposals, cancellation of validity of the driver's licence according to the legal limit of punitive points.

The category "Other criminal cases" encompasses: criminal investigations at district courts, criminal cases against juveniles in preparatory proceedings, execution of the sanction of prison, execution of criminal sanctions of foreign courts, criminal investigation actions at local and district courts, various criminal matters at local and district courts, cases of the out-of-hearing senate, clemency procedures at local and district courts, legal aid in criminal matters, international legal aid in criminal matters, cases of decisions to permit interventions within human rights and freedoms, legal aid in minor offences, international legal aid in minor offences, search of premises, setting a task for the good of the community or the local community, various cases in minor offences, compliance detention.

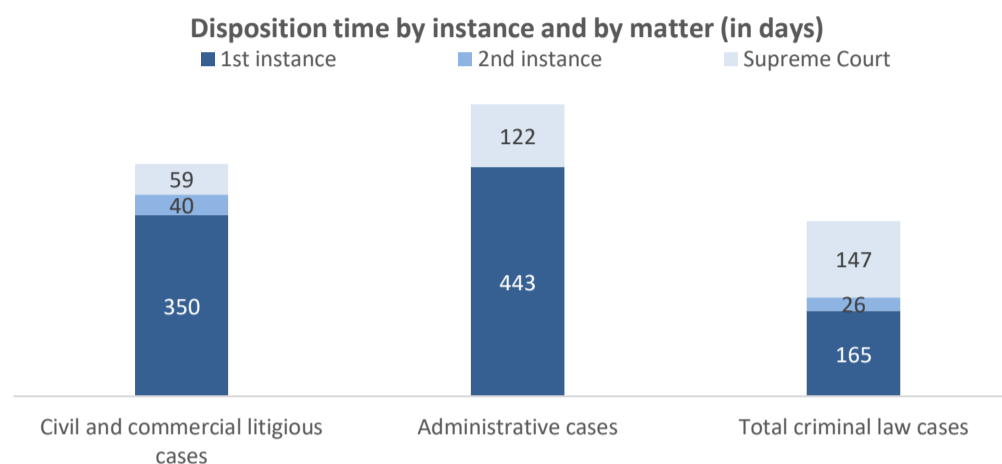
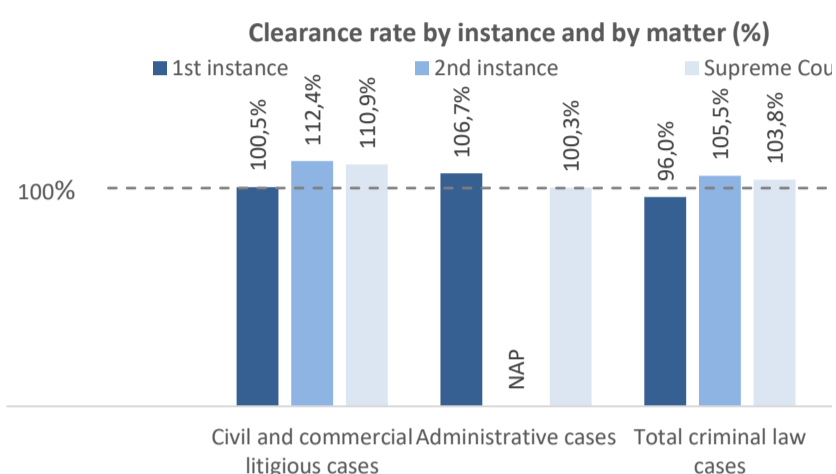
Regarding criminal investigations at district courts: Slovenia has a system where the state public prosecutor can request a (first instance) court to perform a criminal investigation (or individual investigatory acts). When this procedure at court is finished, the case is returned to the state prosecutor, who can decide whether to dismiss a case or file an accusatory act at the (same) court. When the accusatory act is filed, a criminal trial (i.e. deliberating on the responsibility and sanctioning of the offender) begins.

The number of incoming Severe criminal cases decreased by 1% in 2019 and the number of resolved cases decreased by 2% in 2019. However, in 2020 the number of incoming cases decreased by 1%, and the number of resolved cases decreased by 23%, mostly due to limitations of operations of courts due to the Covid-19 pandemics. Consequently, the number of pending cases has also increased by 22%.

The number of pending Severe criminal cases, older than 2 years increased in 2019 (by 15%) and stayed roughly the same in 2020, while the number of Misdemeanour cases stayed roughly the same in 2019 and increased significantly (by 128%) in 2020. No specific explanation can be given for any of the mentioned changes. This two factors resulted in increase in total number of pending cases older than 2 years.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	100,5%	112,4%	110,9%	350	40	59
Administrative cases	106,7%	NAP	100,3%	443	NAP	122
Total criminal law cases	96,0%	105,5%	103,8%	165	26	147



The Clearance Rate indicator appears above the 100% for all matters at all instances, except with regard to first instance criminal cases where it is slightly below the efficiency threshold.

As to the Disposition Time, it is considerably above the EU medians established in respect of all legal matters at first instance (civil - 221 days; administrative - 388 days, criminal - 139 days). As already explained above, on the one hand the decrease in the number of resolved civil litigious and criminal cases was due in 2020 to the limitation of operation of courts due to Covid-19 pandemics. On the other hand, the difficulties faced by the first instance administrative court have various causes, namely the occurrence of new legal and factual issues, administrative difficulties, the priority given in the recent years to urgent cases (e.g. asylum seekers), leading to a longer waiting line for "regular" cases.

In contrast with the first instance, at second instance the Disposition Time is meaningfully below the respective EU medians in civil and criminal matters (177 days and 101 days). It is noteworthy that the decrease in pending cases at the beginning and the end of the year is due to the fact that higher courts are successfully reducing the number of pending civil and criminal cases. Thus, in 2020, the decrease in incoming and resolved such cases was partially due to the national trend observed in general, and partially due to the limitation of operation of courts due to Covid-19 pandemics.

Concerning the Supreme Court, only in the criminal legal field the Disposition Time is above the EU median of 120 days, while in civil and administrative matters it is well below the respective EU medians (224 days and 281 days). It is to be highlighted that the decrease in the number of all pending cases is due to the efficient work of the Supreme Court in 2019 and 2020 in the different legal fields.

5. Public prosecution services in Slovenia

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Slovenia has the following 8 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✗	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✗	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

In Slovenian criminal justice system state prosecutors are exclusively authorized to conduct public prosecution in criminal matters on behalf of society and in the public interest. The Constitution and law guarantee autonomy in status and functioning of state prosecutors. Decisions made by the state prosecutor shall not be interfered with, except by way of general instructions and assigning of a case in the manner determined by the law.

The primary function of Slovenian prosecutors is to decide whether or not to initiate or continue a prosecution of the alleged perpetrator of criminal offence before a court. The role of investigating crimes is attributed to the police, but the prosecutors can set guidelines for police work by giving directions, expert opinions and proposals. They can also coordinate national or international joint investigation teams.

Prosecutors cannot impose or negotiate a penalty without the judicial approval. They can divert the prosecution of cases that meet statutory conditions by imposing a measure (elimination of or compensation for damage, payment of a contribution to a public institution or a charity or fund for compensation for damage to victims of criminal offences, performance of community service, fulfillment of a maintenance obligation) or transfer the case to a settlement procedure – both only upon consent of the injured party and a suspect.

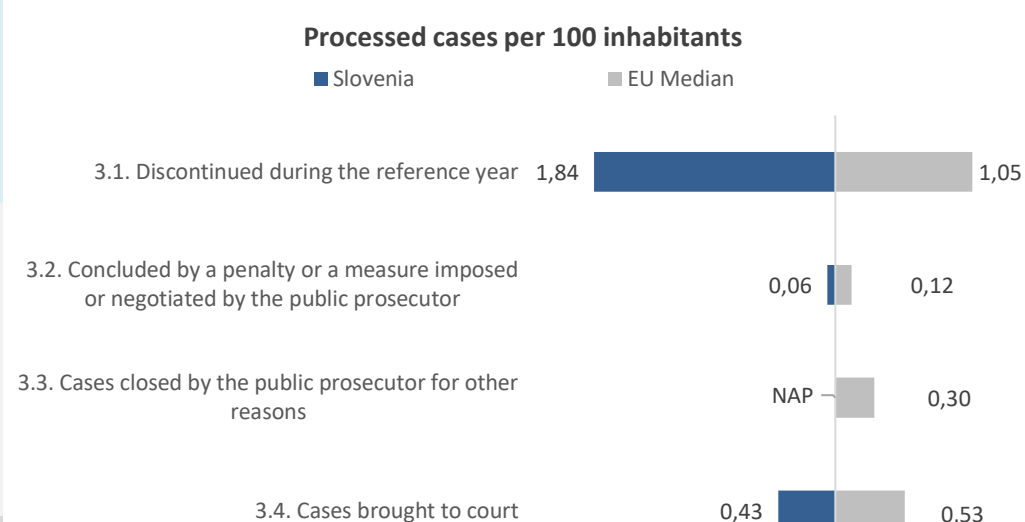
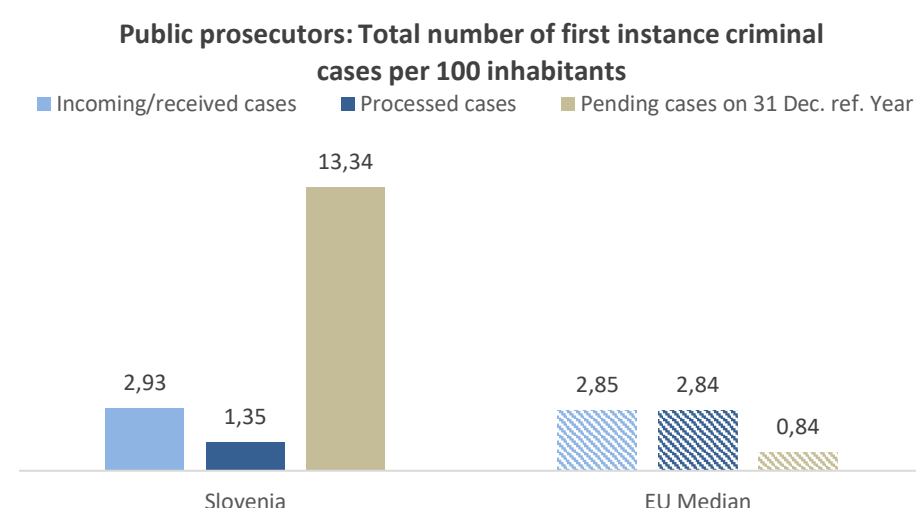
"Other": Prosecutors can file extraordinary legal remedies against final judicial decisions and file a lawsuit against the defendant to forfeit the assets of illegal origin.

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil, administrative and insolvency cases.

Supreme state prosecutors can file an extraordinary legal remedy - the petition for protection of legality against final judicial decisions in civil, administrative and minor offences cases, when there was a violation of material or procedural law.

Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	275 591	13,07
2. Incoming/received cases	61 789	2,93
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	28 472	1,35
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	38 743	1,84
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NAP	NAP
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	35 984	1,71
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	2 759	0,13
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP	NAP
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	1 298	0,06
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP
3.4. Cases brought to court	9 130	0,43
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	281 332	13,34



Methodology used - statistical data are kept on the accused, accused or convicted persons, and the data is related to the main crime per defendant (methodology as used in the Joint Annual Report on the Work of State Prosecutor's Offices). Data also includes unfinished criminal complaints against unknown perpetrators (on average, between 30.000 and 60,000 complaints a year against unknown perpetrators). These are included in statistical data as unresolved cases until they are completed (for example, statute of limitations and no legal signs of a crime).

1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. Year - the data represent transferred unresolved criminal complaints against known perpetrators and include adults, minors and legal entities. As mentioned above, data on transferred unresolved complaints against unknown perpetrators are also provided.

2. Incoming/received cases: Criminal denunciations against known and unknown offenders including cases that were received by the prosecution office as cases with unknown offenders whose identity was discovered during the reporting period. Cases against known offenders are counted by the number of persons involved, while cases against unknown offenders are counted by files.

3. Processed cases: all resolved criminal complaints in the reporting year. There can be multiple criminal complaints in one case file, however the resolution is only one – hence the difference between the sum of subcategories (3.1, 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4) and the actual number of resolved criminal complaints.

3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation: dismissed denunciations for other reasons than opportunity and accomplishing some tasks imposed or negotiated by state prosecutor; cases where prosecutor refrains from prosecution after the finish of judicial investigation. The great majority of cases against unknown offenders are dismissed because the pending time exceeds limitation period for criminal prosecution. In the case of proposed criminal offenses, the motion of the injured party is a procedural precondition for conducting criminal proceedings. If this presumption does not exist (it is no longer due to withdrawal), the legal consequence is rejection. For the most part, public prosecutors rejected complaints for other reasons, including cases in which it was not possible to continue the proceedings due to a lack of procedural or material preconditions (the act is not a criminal offense, there is no reasonable suspicion that the suspect committed a criminal offense).

3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity: cases where denunciations were dismissed because the consequences of criminal prosecution would prove disproportionate to the weight of criminal offence and dismissed denunciations against minors because the proceedings against him/her would not be appropriate in view of the nature of the offence and circumstances in which it was committed, as well as in view of the past conduct of the minor and his personal traits.

3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor: dismissed denunciations due to concluded settlement between an offender and the aggrieved person or due to the offender accomplishing some tasks imposed by public prosecutor.

3.4. Cases brought to court: natural persons and legal entities charged before district and local courts and motions for punishment or educational measure for minors.

4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year: unresolved criminal complaints as at 31 December of the previous year for all categories (adults, minors and legal entities).

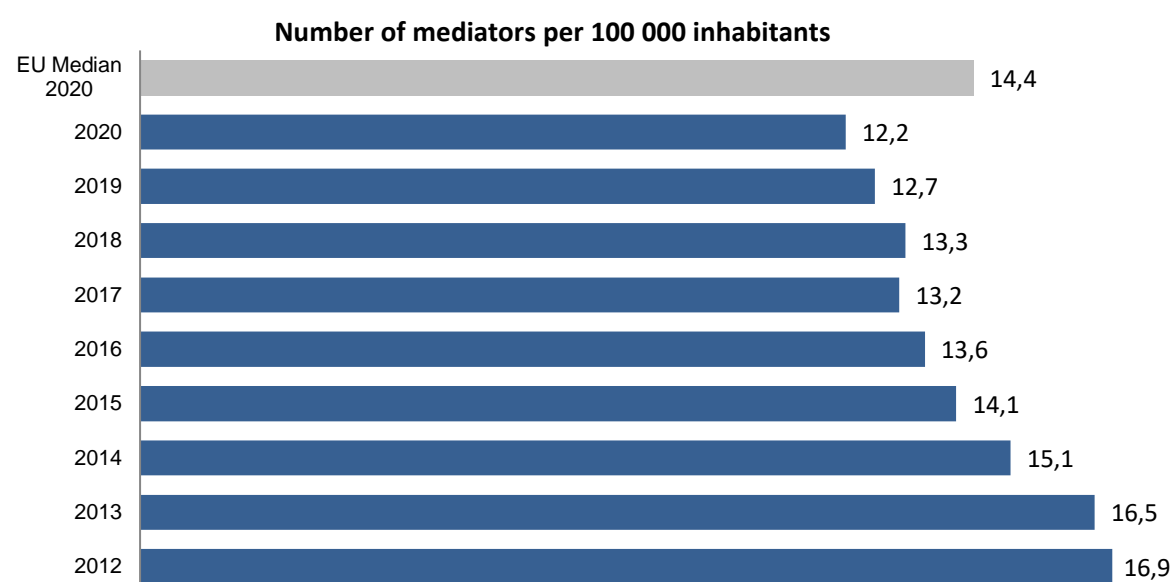
Inconsistencies within the table are possible due to the peculiarity of the IT system - it is a "live" system (dynamic reporting), meaning that the reported figures for a specific date or period of time inevitably vary for different reasons (e.g. the data was not promptly entered into the CMS; in some instances, the decision, in which category some specific new cases should be included, may be subsequently changed and when data are unified some figures change; there is also the possibility that a mistake was done when entering the data and was later detected in the quality check and corrected.). Every category (row in the table) is calculated (counted) separately.

In 2020, pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year includes 12.452 cases against known perpetrators and 263.139 cases against unknown perpetrators. Incoming/received cases includes 27.770 cases against known offenders and 34.019 cases against unknown offenders. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year includes 12.072 cases against known offenders and 269.260 cases against unknown offenders.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Slovenia

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	347	16,9
2013	341	16,5
2014	311	15,1
2015	292	14,1
2016	281	13,6
2017	272	13,2
2018	276	13,3
2019	267	12,7
2020	258	12,2



In 2020, there are 258 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 12,2 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about -3,4%.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All cases	2437	2164	922
Civil and commercial	2076	1814	756
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	361	350	166
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

It is noteworthy that under category "1. Civil and commercial cases", all mediation cases at local and district courts are reported (including family cases and consumer cases).

7. ICT tools of courts in Slovenia

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	6,9	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	6,0	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	2,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	5,0	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	4,4	6,9

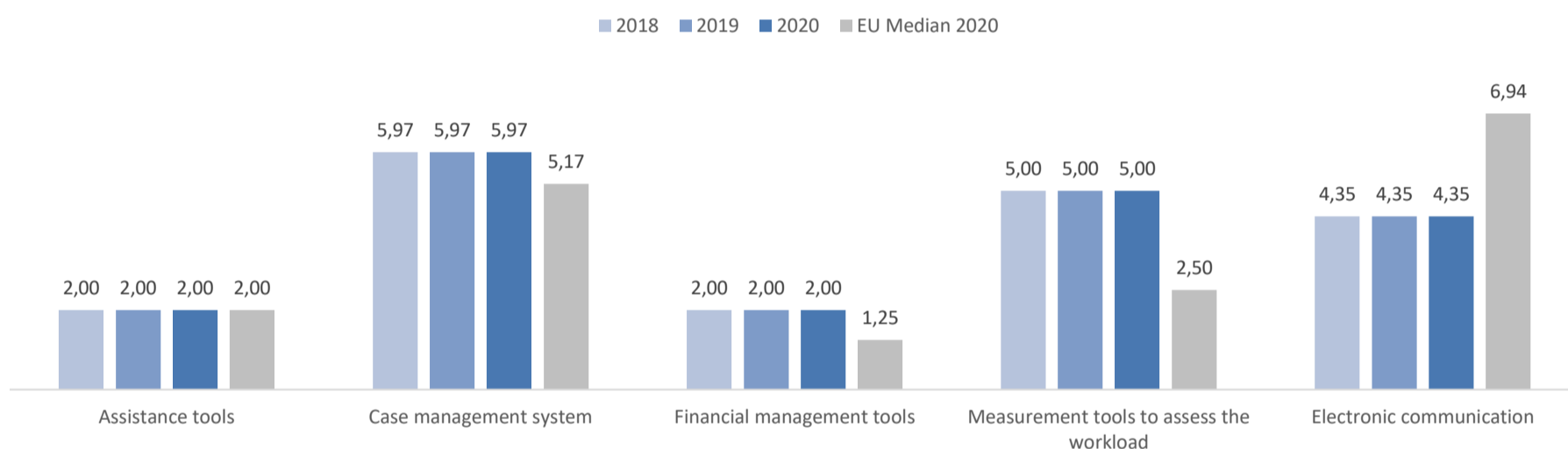
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



The writing assistance tools are included in the CMSs, provided by the Project management Service at the Supreme Court. The templates (including pre-written texts) are verified by the judges. Writing assistance tools also exist in respect of civil enforcement on the basis of the authentic document procedure.

All courts are equipped by voice recording tools, maintained by courts and the Ministry of Justice.

Civil enforcement on the basis of the authentic document is another informatised procedure where status of case is available on-line. Approx. 21% of all incoming cases is civil enforcement on the basis of the authentic document.

Electronic communication concerns civil and/or Commercial: insolvency cases (eINS) and civil enforcement cases (elzvršba), where all courts are equipped with CMS which enable electronic submission. The electronic submission in civil and commercial litigious cases is not yet possible. Electronic submission in family matters became available for social services in 2020. All courts are also equipped with CMS which enable electronic submission in registry cases (eZK) and business registry cases (iSRG).

Criminal, Administrative (and civil and commercial litigious): currently, efforts are taking place to upgrade the informatised CMS to allow the submission in electronic forms.

Other: Civil enforcement on the basis of the authentic document is an informatised procedure where claims can be filed on-line, with specific legislative framework, without the need for simultaneous submission of cases in paper form, and integrated to CMS. In 2020, more than 116.000 claims were filed, 99,90% of them electronically.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Slovenia

In Slovenia, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

The Office for Court Management Development at the Supreme Court promotes the improvement in leadership and management of courts and the increase in effectiveness and efficiency. It is responsible for the preparation of different reports and analysis regarding work of courts and the promotion of best practices.

The Supreme Court's Data warehouse, containing all court cases, as well as financial data and human resources data was implemented in 2011. The data are collected based on CEPEJ Guidelines on Judicial statistics (GOJUST). A special office at the Supreme Court with specialised knowledge was introduced in order to monitor the quality and define quality policies on the level of entire judiciary and individual courts. Quality standards based on SATURN guidelines are taken into account in several predefined BI system reports.

The important role in the determination of quality standards is played by the Supreme Court's „Opening of the judicial year“ document, in which a set of priorities is determined. The priorities are subsequently monitored throughout the judicial year by automated BI tools and customised analysis at the Supreme Court.

The 2013 amendment to the Courts Act provides that the Supreme Court shall adopt the Criteria for quality of work for courts for the next (judicial) year, based on its Yearly report on efficiency and effectiveness of courts. Since 2015, the Supreme Court has been adopting the timeframes for different types of procedures as well as for different procedural phases for next year (as a part of the Criteria for quality of work).

As for public prosecution, the criteria for quality of work are defined in the Prosecution Policy (adopted by the Prosecutor General), while the quantitative aspects of work are defined in the Criteria for evaluating the performance of the state prosecutor's offices adopted by the State Prosecutorial Council. The Department for the Organization and Development of Management of the Supreme State Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Slovenia is responsible for monitoring the implementation of the Prosecution Policy and the Criteria for the Success of Prosecution of State Prosecutor's Offices.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

In Slovenia there is a regular monitoring system in a form of collecting data on court statistics. Court statistics are collected and published four times a year by the Ministry of Justice. They include the data on the number of judges and court staff, number of incoming, resolved and pending cases, age of unresolved cases, length of proceedings, average time to resolve a case, type of decision, court backlogs, legal remedies and time to issue a court decision.

Besides that, the data on court activities are automatically on national level, thus statistical analysis are made possible. All courts have access to a wide range of special reports, generated in the Court management information system. Reports include detailed information on court activities (for example length of specific phases of a court proceeding, top 20 oldest cases in certain area of law, etc.), human resources, court performance indicators (the critical indicators are marked red for unsatisfactory performance and green when meeting the standards) that provide guidance to presidents and directors of courts. The business intelligence system that creates priority reports derives the data from the Data warehouse of the Supreme Court. The same source is used for Court statistics publications by the Ministry of Justice. Each court is able to access the above mentioned reports at any moment, while some data are quarterly collected and published on national level (as prescribed by the Court rules).

The satisfaction surveys are performed and results published bi-annually.

In Slovenia, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The Annual work programme consists of the assessment of the expected number of incoming cases, timeframes for typical procedural acts and solving the cases and the plan of operating results. The latter includes the expected number of resolved cases and criteria of efficiency (resolved cases to staff ratio), effectiveness (expected time to resolution) and economy (budgetary funds to solved cases ratio) (the Courts Act, art. 71.b).

The number of complaints is monitored as a performance indicator, however it is not directly considered as a measure of quality of work.

The data on satisfaction of court staff and users is also collected, however it is not yet used as quality indicator.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The BI tools that use data gathered in information system of the State Prosecutor's Office provide the heads of prosecution offices with up-to-date overview of the performance of state prosecutors and the functioning of the office. Heads can customize the level and content of information presented to them for the purpose of making quantitative data supported decisions on allocation of work among prosecutors, control of the case-flow.

"Other": percentage of different types of decisions, value of proceeds of crime under freezing order, pronounced criminal sanctions etc.

In Slovenia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

The quantitative indicators are defined in the Criteria for evaluating the performance of the state prosecutor's offices adopted by the State Prosecutorial Council. General guidelines for the work of state prosecutors and priority fields of prosecution are defined in a Prosecution Policy by prosecutor general. Heads of offices implement both criteria in their Annual Work Program. Twice a year the prosecutor general, the State Prosecutorial Council and the Minister discuss the performance of state prosecutor's offices at joint meetings held with the heads of state prosecutor's offices and adopt and/or coordinate the measures required for implementation of annual work programmes. An evaluation of attained goals set in the adopted Annual Work Programme, Criteria and Prosecution Policy are an integral part of Annual Report of each prosecution office. The prosecutor general compiles Joint Annual Report on the work of the whole state prosecutor offices. The Minister and State Prosecutorial Council may submit their opinion to this report.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The State Prosecutorial Council adopts the Criteria for evaluating the performance of the state prosecutor's offices on the proposal of the State Prosecutor General. The criteria define indicators and their target values for the appraisal of the work efficiency and realization of prosecution policy.

The criteria for the success of the prosecution of public prosecutors determine the following indicators: the number of unresolved cases at the end of the period, clearance rate, expected solution time, time criteria for typical process actions, (from the initiative of the police to the submission of a proposal to carry out urgent investigative actions, from the receipt to the rejection of the criminal complaint, from the receipt of the criminal complaint to the submission of a request for investigation or a proposal for individual investigative actions, from the receipt of the criminal complaint (without investigation) to the filing of the indictment, from the end of the investigation or individual investigative actions until the filing of the indictment, from the receipt of the complaint to the decision of the public prosecutor on the postponed prosecution and settlement, efficiency indicator, cost-effectiveness indicator, proportions of prosecution decisions, shares of rejected complaints according to individual reasons, shares of decisions alternative to criminal prosecution, share of penal orders, share of convictions, shares of imposed criminal sanctions.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																			
Q1 Number of inhabitants	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	2 108 977		2,4%	0,1%	0,0%	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	0,7%	0,7%	0,6%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	17 172	17 128	18 065	18 680	19 262	20 951	22 182	22 983	22 014		28,2%	-0,3%	5,5%	3,4%	3,1%	8,8%	5,9%	3,6%	-4,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)																			
Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)																			
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases								True	True	True									
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)								True	True	True									
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases								True	True	True									
078.1.4 Number of pending cases								True	True	True									
078.1.5 Backlogs								True	True	True									
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff								True	True	True									
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff								False	False	False									
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	False	False									
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures								True	True	True									
078.1.10 Number of appeals								True	True	True									
078.1.11 Appeal ratio								True	True	True									
078.1.12 Clearance rate								True	True	True									
078.1.13 Disposition time								True	True	True									
078.1.14 Other								False	False	False									
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators										True									

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False											
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True											
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True											
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True											
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True											
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True											
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False											
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False											
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False											
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True											
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True											
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True											
078-1.1.13 Other									True											
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True											
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True											
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False											
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False											
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True											
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources								True	True											
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)								True	True											
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency								True	True											
073-2.1.4 Other								False	False											
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance																				True

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
073-4.1.1 Annual									False									
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False									
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True									
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True									
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True									
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True									
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True									
073-6.1.4 Other									False									
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True									
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True									

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									True										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									True										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False										

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	-16,7%	-16,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	76	-1,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-1,3%

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	356 071	303 220	285 279	251 889	192 231	148 701	122 514	109 533	98 134	-72,4%	-14,8%	-5,9%	-11,7%	-23,7%	-22,6%	-17,6%	-10,6%	-10,4%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	56 651	55 486	53 815	48 384	45 550	42 220	38 624	34 645	31 115	-45,1%	-2,1%	-3,0%	-10,1%	-5,9%	-7,3%	-8,5%	-10,3%	-10,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	187 198	170 745	118 604	82 719	61 003	49 196	44 288	-	-	-	-8,8%	-30,5%	-30,3%	-26,3%	-19,4%	-10,0%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	200 131	188 531	177 648	164 736	113 760	77 127	56 402	44 203	39 854	-80,1%	-5,8%	-5,8%	-7,3%	-30,9%	-32,2%	-26,9%	-21,6%	-9,8%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	9 550	6 009	4 844	5 592	4 601	4 993	4 434	-	-	-	-37,1%	-19,4%	15,4%	-17,7%	8,5%	-11,2%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	44 990	14 705	8 593	5 376	4 442	5 179	4 119	4 610	4 061	-91,0%	-67,3%	-41,6%	-37,4%	-17,4%	16,6%	-20,5%	11,9%	-11,9%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	839	477	957	633	402	413	482	383	373	-55,5%	-43,1%	100,6%	-33,9%	-36,5%	2,7%	16,7%	-20,5%	-2,6%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 430	1 936	1 841	1 668	1 619	2 000	3 292	3 600	3 946	62,4%	-20,3%	-4,9%	-9,4%	-2,9%	23,5%	64,6%	9,4%	9,6%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	51 030	42 085	42 425	31 092	26 458	21 762	19 595	22 092	18 785	-63,2%	-17,5%	0,8%	-26,7%	-14,9%	-17,7%	-10,0%	12,7%	-15,0%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	929 328	921 342	871 916	800 360	710 366	664 648	638 075	630 234	551 822	-40,6%	-0,9%	-5,4%	-8,2%	-11,2%	-6,4%	-4,0%	-1,2%	-12,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	62 761	63 636	59 996	57 277	51 659	44 772	40 700	36 979	32 097	-48,9%	1,4%	-5,7%	-4,5%	-9,8%	-13,3%	-9,1%	-9,1%	-13,2%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	587 442	533 591	483 065	457 958	437 669	438 320	382 730	-	-	-	-9,2%	-9,5%	-5,2%	-4,4%	0,1%	-12,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	250 169	250 918	228 724	205 756	184 457	169 702	163 899	164 614	135 459	-45,9%	0,3%	-8,8%	-10,0%	-10,4%	-8,0%	-3,4%	0,4%	-17,7%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	358 718	327 835	298 608	288 256	273 770	273 706	247 271	-	-	-	-8,6%	-8,9%	-3,5%	-5,0%	0,0%	-9,7%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	306 951	284 854	295 833	266 056	240 849	234 035	222 701	224 102	204 992	-33,2%	-7,2%	3,9%	-10,1%	-9,5%	-2,8%	-4,8%	0,6%	-8,5%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	50 144	58 288	62 885	61 779	57 759	54 221	51 069	49 604	42 279	-15,7%	16,2%	7,9%	-1,8%	-6,5%	-6,1%	-5,8%	-2,9%	-14,8%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	4 930	5 234	5 345	4 804	2 972	3 976	3 540	3 139	2 893	-41,3%	6,2%	2,1%	-10,1%	-38,1%	33,8%	-11,0%	-11,3%	-7,8%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	254 373	258 412	219 133	204 688	172 670	157 942	156 166	151 796	134 102	-47,3%	1,6%	-15,2%	-6,6%	-15,6%	-8,5%	-1,1%	-2,8%	-11,7%

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	981 418	938 955	904 958	859 760	753 615	690 542	650 931	641 379	545 936	-44,4%	-4,3%	-3,6%	-5,0%	-12,3%	-8,4%	-5,7%	-1,5%	-14,9%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	63 689	65 194	65 432	60 082	54 982	48 354	44 677	40 444	32 262	-49,3%	2,4%	0,4%	-8,2%	-8,5%	-12,1%	-7,6%	-9,5%	-20,2%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	603 557	585 504	518 674	479 405	449 352	443 040	384 687	-	-	-	-3,0%	-11,4%	-7,6%	-6,3%	-1,4%	-13,2%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	261 325	261 450	241 289	256 504	220 914	190 165	175 982	168 777	135 087	-48,3%	0,0%	-7,7%	6,3%	-13,9%	-13,9%	-7,5%	-4,1%	-20,0%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	362 268	329 000	297 760	289 240	273 370	274 263	249 600	-	-	-	-9,2%	-9,5%	-2,9%	-5,5%	0,3%	-9,0%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	337 182	290 939	299 060	266 990	240 018	235 094	222 205	224 654	207 271	-38,5%	-13,7%	2,8%	-10,7%	-10,1%	-2,1%	-5,5%	1,1%	-7,7%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	50 506	57 993	63 208	62 010	57 742	54 146	51 165	49 609	42 329	-16,2%	14,8%	9,0%	-1,9%	-6,9%	-6,2%	-5,5%	-3,0%	-14,7%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	5 424	5 329	5 504	4 853	2 589	2 682	3 233	2 792	3 088	-43,1%	-1,8%	3,3%	-11,8%	-46,7%	3,6%	20,5%	-13,6%	10,6%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	263 292	258 050	230 465	209 321	177 370	160 101	153 669	155 103	125 899	-52,2%	-2,0%	-10,7%	-9,2%	-15,3%	-9,7%	-4,0%	0,9%	-18,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	303 220	285 117	251 814	192 153	148 653	122 613	109 512	98 206	103 876	-65,7%	-6,0%	-11,7%	-23,7%	-22,6%	-17,5%	-10,7%	-10,3%	5,8%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	55 486	53 813	48 389	45 579	42 227	38 638	34 647	31 180	30 950	-44,2%	-3,0%	-10,1%	-5,8%	-7,4%	-8,5%	-10,3%	-10,0%	-0,7%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	170 653	118 497	82 668	61 078	49 175	44 298	42 187	-	-	-	-30,6%	-30,2%	-26,1%	-19,5%	-9,9%	-4,8%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	188 531	177 392	164 581	113 655	77 068	56 472	44 175	39 862	40 086	-78,7%	-5,9%	-7,2%	-30,9%	-32,2%	-26,7%	-21,8%	-9,8%	0,6%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6 072	4 842	5 600	4 606	5 000	4 436	2 101	-	-	-	-20,3%	15,7%	-17,8%	8,6%	-11,3%	-52,6%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	14 705	8 615	5 438	4 440	5 181	4 118	4 614	4 058	1 778	-87,9%	-41,4%	-36,9%	-18,4%	16,7%	-20,5%	12,0%	-12,1%	-56,2%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	477	1 011	634	402	419	488	386	378	323	-32,3%	111,9%	-37,3%	-36,6%	4,2%	16,5%	-20,9%	-2,1%	-14,6%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	1 936	1 841	1 682	1 619	2 000	3 294	3 599	3 947	3 751	93,8%	-4,9%	-8,6%	-3,7%	23,5%	64,7%	9,3%	9,7%	-5,0%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	42 085	42 445	31 090	26 458	21 758	19 603	22 091	18 781	26 988	-35,9%	0,9%	-26,8%	-14,9%	-17,8%	-9,9%	12,7%	-15,0%	43,7%

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	105,6%	101,9%	103,8%	107,4%	106,1%	103,9%	102,0%	101,8%	98,9%	(6,32)	(3,50)	1,84	3,50	(1,24)	(2,07)	(1,81)	(0,24)	(2,79)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	101,5%	102,4%	109,1%	104,9%	106,4%	108,0%	109,8%	109,4%	100,5%	(0,95)	0,96	6,45	(3,82)	1,46	1,47	1,64	(0,37)	(8,10)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,7%	109,7%	107,4%	104,7%	102,7%	101,1%	100,5%	-	-	-	6,80	(2,15)	(2,50)	(1,92)	(1,55)	(0,56)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	104,5%	104,2%	105,5%	124,7%	119,8%	112,1%	107,4%	102,5%	99,7%	(4,53)	(0,25)	1,24	18,17	(3,93)	(6,43)	(4,18)	(4,51)	(2,73)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	101,0%	100,4%	99,7%	100,3%	99,9%	100,2%	100,9%	-	-	-	(0,63)	(0,64)	0,63	(0,49)	0,35	0,74
CR Non litigious land registry cases	109,8%	102,1%	101,1%	100,4%	99,7%	100,5%	99,8%	100,2%	101,1%	(7,95)	(7,02)	(1,02)	(0,73)	(0,69)	0,80	(0,67)	0,47	0,86
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	100,7%	99,5%	100,5%	100,4%	100,0%	99,9%	100,2%	100,0%	100,1%	(0,60)	(1,22)	1,02	(0,14)	(0,40)	(0,11)	0,33	(0,18)	0,11
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	110,0%	101,8%	103,0%	101,0%	87,1%	67,5%	91,3%	88,9%	106,7%	(2,98)	(7,46)	1,14	(1,90)	(13,77)	(22,57)	35,39	(2,61)	20,01
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	103,5%	99,9%	105,2%	102,3%	102,7%	101,4%	98,4%	102,2%	93,9%	(9,30)	(3,52)	5,32	(2,76)	0,45	(1,32)	(2,93)	3,84	(8,12)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	113	111	102	82	72	65	61	56	69	-38,4%	-1,7%	-8,4%	-19,7%	-11,7%	-10,0%	-5,2%	-9,0%	24,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	318	301	270	277	280	292	283	281	350	10,1%	-5,3%	-10,4%	2,6%	1,2%	4,0%	-2,9%	-0,6%	24,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	103	74	58	47	40	36	40	-	-	-	-28,4%	-21,2%	-20,1%	-14,1%	-8,6%	9,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	263	248	249	162	127	108	92	86	108	-58,9%	-6,0%	0,5%	-35,0%	-21,3%	-14,9%	-15,5%	-5,9%	25,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6	5	7	6	7	6	3	-	-	-	-12,2%	27,8%	-15,3%	14,9%	-11,6%	-48,0%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	16	11	7	6	8	6	8	7	3	-80,3%	-32,1%	-38,6%	-8,5%	29,8%	-18,9%	18,5%	-13,0%	-52,5%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	3	6	4	2	3	3	3	3	3	-19,2%	84,6%	-42,5%	-35,4%	11,9%	24,2%	-16,3%	1,0%	0,1%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	130	126	112	122	282	448	406	516	443	240,3%	-3,2%	-11,5%	9,2%	131,6%	59,0%	-9,4%	27,0%	-14,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	58	60	49	46	45	45	52	44	78	34,1%	2,9%	-18,0%	-6,3%	-3,0%	-0,2%	17,4%	-15,8%	77,0%

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	1 068	1 022	1 048	1 033	896	815	727	721	638	-40,3%	-4,3%	2,5%	-1,4%	-13,3%	-9,0%	-10,8%	-0,8%	-11,5%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	622	657	743	598	551	570	412	370	361	-42,0%	5,6%	13,1%	-19,5%	-7,9%	3,4%	-27,7%	-10,2%	-2,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	3 667	4 558	5 288	9 169	11 999	12 995	11 661	9 449	7 916	115,9%	24,3%	16,0%	73,4%	30,9%	8,3%	-10,3%	-19,0%	-16,2%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	1 954	1 917	1 839	1 709	1 748	1 644	1 607	1 326	1 143	-41,5%	-1,9%	-4,1%	-7,1%	2,3%	-5,9%	-2,3%	-17,5%	-13,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	1 038	1 085	932	905	887	722	642	650	837	-19,4%	4,5%	-14,1%	-2,9%	-2,0%	-18,6%	-11,1%	1,2%	28,8%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	2 669	2 819	6 596	6 224	5 517	4 306	4 158	3 766	3 033	13,6%	5,6%	134,0%	-5,6%	-11,4%	-22,0%	-3,4%	-9,4%	-19,5%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	2 000	1 891	1 851	1 842	1 829	1 732	1 614	1 409	975	-51,3%	-5,5%	-2,1%	-0,5%	-0,7%	-5,3%	-6,8%	-12,7%	-30,8%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	1 003	999	1 075	952	868	881	683	658	615	-38,7%	-0,4%	7,6%	-11,4%	-8,8%	1,5%	-22,5%	-3,7%	-6,5%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 778	2 089	2 717	3 398	4 519	5 642	6 370	5 298	4 190	135,7%	17,5%	30,1%	25,1%	33,0%	24,9%	12,9%	-16,8%	-20,9%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	1 022	1 048	1 036	900	815	727	720	638	806	-21,1%	2,5%	-1,1%	-13,1%	-9,4%	-10,8%	-1,0%	-11,4%	26,3%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	657	743	600	551	570	411	371	362	583	-11,3%	13,1%	-19,2%	-8,2%	3,4%	-27,9%	-9,7%	-2,4%	61,0%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	4 558	5 288	9 167	11 995	12 997	11 659	9 449	7 917	6 759	48,3%	16,0%	73,4%	30,8%	8,4%	-10,3%	-19,0%	-16,2%	-14,6%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	102,4%	98,6%	100,7%	107,8%	104,6%	105,4%	100,4%	106,3%	85,3%	(16,66)	(3,63)	2,04	7,08	(2,92)	0,69	(4,67)	5,80	(19,72)
CR Employment dismissal cases	96,6%	92,1%	115,3%	105,2%	97,9%	122,0%	106,4%	101,2%	73,5%	(23,96)	(4,71)	25,27	(8,80)	(6,97)	24,69	(12,81)	(4,85)	(27,42)
CR Insolvency cases	66,6%	74,1%	41,2%	54,6%	81,9%	131,0%	153,2%	140,7%	138,1%	107,38	11,24	(44,41)	32,54	50,03	59,96	16,92	(8,17)	(1,80)
DT Litigious divorce cases	187	202	204	178	163	153	163	165	302	61,8%	8,5%	1,0%	-12,7%	-8,8%	-5,8%	6,3%	1,5%	82,6%
DT Employment dismissal cases	239	271	204	211	240	170	198	201	346	44,7%	13,5%	-25,0%	3,7%	13,5%	-29,0%	16,4%	1,3%	72,3%
DT Insolvency cases	936	924	1 231	1 288	1 050	754	541	545	589	-37,1%	-1,3%	33,3%	4,6%	-18,5%	-28,1%	-28,2%	0,7%	7,9%

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 158	4 818	4 215	4 143	3 383	2 799	2 424	-	-	-	-21,8%	-12,5%	-1,7%	-18,3%	-17,3%	-13,4%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 924	3 141	2 887	2 868	2 388	1 996	1 614	-	-	-	-20,0%	-8,1%	-0,7%	-16,7%	-16,4%	-19,1%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 234	1 677	1 328	1 275	995	803	810	-	-	-	-24,9%	-20,8%	-4,0%	-22,0%	-19,3%	0,9%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			2 129	1 590	1 249	1 207	922	763	789	-	-	-	-25,3%	-21,4%	-3,4%	-23,6%	-17,2%	3,4%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			105	87	79	68	73	40	21	-	-	-	-17,1%	-9,2%	-13,9%	7,4%	-45,2%	-47,5%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			83	74	54	60	68	33	15	-	-	-	-10,8%	-27,0%	11,1%	13,3%	-51,5%	-54,5%
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			22	13	25	8	5	7	6	-	-	-	-40,9%	92,3%	-68,0%	-37,5%	40,0%	-14,3%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			22 257	20 565	18 684	16 544	14 786	13 333	11 186	-	-	-	-7,6%	-9,1%	-11,5%	-10,6%	-9,8%	-16,1%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			12 913	11 943	10 798	9 348	8 541	7 648	6 545	-	-	-	-7,5%	-9,6%	-13,4%	-8,6%	-10,5%	-14,4%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			9 344	8 622	7 886	7 196	6 245	5 685	4 641	-	-	-	-7,7%	-8,5%	-8,7%	-13,2%	-9,0%	-18,4%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			8 730	8 096	7 442	6 718	5 775	5 265	4 250	-	-	-	-7,3%	-8,1%	-9,7%	-14,0%	-8,8%	-19,3%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			614	526	444	478	470	420	391	-	-	-	-14,3%	-15,6%	7,7%	-1,7%	-10,6%	-6,9%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			526	411	345	403	367	360	324	-	-	-	-21,9%	-16,1%	16,8%	-8,9%	-1,9%	-10,0%
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			88	115	99	75	103	60	67	-	-	-	30,7%	-13,9%	-24,2%	37,3%	-41,7%	11,7%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			23 597	21 170	18 756	17 304	15 370	13 708	12 428	-	-	-	-10,3%	-11,4%	-7,7%	-11,2%	-10,8%	-9,3%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			13 696	12 199	10 817	9 828	8 933	8 030	7 354	-	-	-	-10,9%	-11,3%	-9,1%	-9,1%	-10,1%	-8,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			9 901	8 971	7 939	7 476	6 437	5 678	5 074	-	-	-	-9,4%	-11,5%	-5,8%	-13,9%	-11,8%	-10,6%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			9 269	8 437	7 484	7 003	5 934	5 239	4 678	-	-	-	-9,0%	-11,3%	-6,4%	-15,3%	-11,7%	-10,7%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			632	534	455	473	503	439	396	-	-	-	-15,5%	-14,8%	4,0%	6,3%	-12,7%	-9,8%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			535	431	339	395	402	378	327	-	-	-	-19,4%	-21,3%	16,5%	1,8%	-6,0%	-13,5%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			97	103	116	78	101	61	69	-	-	-	6,2%	12,6%	-32,8%	29,5%	-39,6%	13,1%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 818	4 216	4 143	3 383	2 799	2 424	1 181	-	-	-	-12,5%	-1,7%	-18,3%	-17,3%	-13,4%	-51,3%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 141	2 888	2 868	2 388	1 996	1 614	805	-	-	-	-8,1%	-0,7%	-16,7%	-16,4%	-19,1%	-50,1%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			1 677	1 328	1 275	995	803	810	376	-	-	-	-20,8%	-4,0%	-22,0%	-19,3%	0,9%	-53,6%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			1 590	1 249	1 207	922	763	789	361	-	-	-	-21,4%	-3,4%	-23,6%	-17,2%	3,4%	-54,2%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			87	79	68	73	40	21	15	-	-	-	-9,2%	-13,9%	7,4%	-45,2%	-47,5%	-28,6%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			74	54	60	68	33	15	11	-	-	-	-27,0%	11,1%	13,3%	-51,5%	-54,5%	-26,7%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			13	25	8	5	7	6	4	-	-	-	92,3%	-68,0%	-37,5%	40,0%	-14,3%	-33,3%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-50,0%	200,0%	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-50,0%	200,0%	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			106,0%	102,9%	100,4%	104,6%	103,9%	102,8%	111,1%	-	-	-	(2,90)	(2,48)	4,19	(0,62)	(1,09)	8,06
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			106,1%	102,1%	100,2%	105,1%	104,6%	105,0%	112,4%	-	-	-	(3,70)	(1,93)	4,95	(0,52)	0,39	7,02
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			106,0%	104,0%	100,7%	103,9%	103,1%	99,9%	109,3%	-	-	-	(1,81)	(3,24)	3,20	(0,79)	(3,10)	9,46
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			106,2%	104,2%	100,6%	104,2%	102,8%	99,5%	110,1%	-	-	-	(1,85)	(3,50)	3,66	(1,43)	(3,16)	10,62
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			102,9%	101,5%	102,5%	99,0%	107,0%	104,5%	101,3%	-	-	-	(1,37)	0,94	(3,44)	8,15	(2,33)	(3,10)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			101,7%	104,9%	98,3%	98,0%	109,5%	105,0%	100,9%	-	-	-	3,10	(6,30)	(0,25)	11,76	(4,14)	(3,88)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			110,2%	89,6%	117,2%	104,0%	98,1%	101,7%	103,0%	-	-	-	(18,74)	30,82	(11,24)	(5,71)	3,68	1,30
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			75	73	81	71	66	65	35	-	-	-	-2,5%	10,9%	-11,5%	-6,9%	-2,9%	-46,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			84	86	97	89	82	73	40	-	-	-	3,2%	12,0%	-8,4%	-8,0%	-10,0%	-45,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			62	54	59	49	46	52	27	-	-	-	-12,6%	8,5%	-17,1%	-6,3%	14,4%	-48,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			63	54	59	48	47	55	28	-	-	-	-13,7%	8,9%	-18,4%	-2,3%	17,1%	-48,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			50	54	55	56	29	17	14	-	-	-	7,5%	1,0%	3,3%	-48,5%	-39,8%	-20,8%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			50	46	65	63	30	14	12	-	-	-	-9,4%	41,3%	-2,7%	-52,3%	-51,7%	-15,2%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			49	89	25	23	25	36	21	-	-	-	81,1%	-71,6%	-7,1%	8,1%	41,9%	-41,1%
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																			
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 375	1 377	1 282	1 230	1 182	912	606	-	-	-	0,1%	-6,9%	-4,1%	-3,9%	-22,8%	-33,6%	
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 091	903	798	759	806	690	467	-	-	-	-17,2%	-11,6%	-4,9%	6,2%	-14,4%	-32,3%	
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			28	20	13	9	21	9	16	-	-	-	-28,6%	-35,0%	-30,8%	133,3%	-57,1%	77,8%	
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			25	15	11	8	18	9	14	-	-	-	-40,0%	-26,7%	-27,3%	125,0%	-50,0%	55,6%	
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			3	5	2	1	3	-	2	-	-	-	66,7%	-60,0%	-50,0%	200,0%	-	-	
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			3	5	2	1	3	-	2	-	-	-	66,7%	-60,0%	-50,0%	200,0%	-	-	
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			256	454	471	462	355	213	123	-	-	-	77,3%	3,7%	-1,9%	-23,2%	-40,0%	-42,3%	
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 770	2 715	2 719	2 583	2 398	2 370	2 062	-	-	-	-2,0%	0,1%	-5,0%	-7,2%	-1,2%	-13,0%	
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 782	1 885	1 808	1 846	2 008	1 970	1 621	-	-	-	5,8%	-4,1%	2,1%	8,8%	-1,9%	-17,7%	
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			37	30	22	29	22	53	76	-	-	-	-18,9%	-26,7%	31,8%	-24,1%	140,9%	43,4%	
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			26	27	21	25	20	45	66	-	-	-	3,8%	-22,2%	19,0%	-20,0%	125,0%	46,7%	
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			11	3	1	4	2	8	10	-	-	-	-72,7%	-66,7%	300,0%	-50,0%	300,0%	25,0%	
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			11	3	1	4	2	8	10	-	-	-	-72,7%	-66,7%	300,0%	-50,0%	300,0%	25,0%	
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			951	800	889	708	368	347	365	-	-	-	-15,9%	11,1%	-20,4%	-48,0%	-5,7%	5,2%	
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 768	2 810	2 770	2 631	2 668	2 676	2 233	-	-	-	1,5%	-1,4%	-5,0%	1,4%	0,3%	-16,6%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 970	1 991	1 847	1 799	2 124	2 193	1 797	-	-	-	1,1%	-7,2%	-2,6%	18,1%	3,2%	-18,1%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			45	36	26	17	34	46	70	-	-	-	-20,0%	-27,8%	-34,6%	100,0%	35,3%	52,2%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			36	30	24	15	29	40	63	-	-	-	-16,7%	-20,0%	-37,5%	93,3%	37,9%	57,5%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			9	6	2	2	5	6	7	-	-	-	-33,3%	-66,7%	0,0%	150,0%	20,0%	16,7%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			9	6	2	2	5	6	7	-	-	-	-33,3%	-66,7%	0,0%	150,0%	20,0%	16,7%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			753	783	897	815	510	437	366	-	-	-	4,0%	14,6%	-9,1%	-37,4%	-14,3%	-16,2%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 377	1 282	1 231	1 182	912	606	435	-	-	-	-6,9%	-4,0%	-4,0%	-22,8%	-33,6%	-28,2%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			903	797	759	806	690	467	291	-	-	-	-11,7%	-4,8%	6,2%	-14,4%	-32,3%	-37,7%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			20	14	9	21	9	16	22	-	-	-	-30,0%	-35,7%	133,3%	-57,1%	77,8%	37,5%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			15	12	8	18	9	14	17	-	-	-	-20,0%	-33,3%	125,0%	-50,0%	55,6%	21,4%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			5	2	1	3	-	2	5	-	-	-	-60,0%	-50,0%	200,0%	-	-	150,0%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			5	2	1	3	-	2	5	-	-	-	-60,0%	-50,0%	200,0%	-	-	150,0%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			454	471	463	355	213	123	122	-	-	-	3,7%	-1,7%	-23,3%	-40,0%	-42,3%	-0,8%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	9	46	8	30	32	-	-	-	-	-	411,1%	-82,6%	275,0%	6,7%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	6	5	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-16,7%	-	-	0,0%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	3	40	8	27	29	-	-	-	-	-	1233,3%	-80,0%	237,5%	7,4%

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			99,9%	103,5%	101,9%	101,9%	111,3%	112,9%	108,3%	-	-	-	3,57	(1,57)	(0,02)	9,23	1,48	(4,09)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			110,5%	105,6%	102,2%	97,5%	105,8%	111,3%	110,9%	-	-	-	(4,46)	(3,28)	(4,60)	8,54	5,24	(0,42)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			121,6%	120,0%	118,2%	58,6%	154,5%	86,8%	92,1%	-	-	-	(1,33)	(1,52)	(50,40)	163,64	(43,84)	6,12
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			138,5%	111,1%	114,3%	60,0%	145,0%	88,9%	95,5%	-	-	-	(19,75)	2,86	(47,50)	141,67	(38,70)	7,39
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			81,8%	200,0%	200,0%	50,0%	250,0%	75,0%	70,0%	-	-	-	144,44	-	(75,00)	400,00	(70,00)	(6,67)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			81,8%	200,0%	200,0%	50,0%	250,0%	75,0%	70,0%	-	-	-	144,44	-	(75,00)	400,00	(70,00)	(6,67)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			79,2%	97,9%	100,9%	115,1%	138,6%	125,9%	100,3%	-	-	-	23,61	3,09	14,09	20,39	(9,13)	(20,38)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			182	167	162	164	125	83	71	-	-	-	-8,3%	-2,6%	1,1%	-23,9%	-33,8%	-14,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			167	146	150	164	119	78	59	-	-	-	-12,7%	2,7%	9,0%	-27,5%	-34,4%	-24,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			162	142	126	451	97	127	115	-	-	-	-12,5%	-11,0%	256,9%	-78,6%	31,4%	-9,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			152	146	122	438	113	128	98	-	-	-	-4,0%	-16,7%	260,0%	-74,1%	12,8%	-22,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			203	122	183	548	-	122	261	-	-	-	-40,0%	50,0%	200,0%	-	-	114,3%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			203	122	183	548	-	122	261	-	-	-	-40,0%	50,0%	200,0%	-	-	114,3%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			220	220	188	159	152	103	122	-	-	-	-0,2%	-14,2%	-15,6%	-4,1%	-32,6%	18,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									28 879	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									9 170	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									12 393	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									7 316	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									73 368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									9 550	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									27 970	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									35 848	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									70 425	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									7 546	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									28 237	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									34 642	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									31 823	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									11 174	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									12 126	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									8 523	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									4 272	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									3 222	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									521	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									529	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									96,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									79,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									101,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									96,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									165	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									540	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									157	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									606	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									494	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									4 597	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									3 297	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									979	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									321	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									4 852	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									3 479	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									1 051	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									322	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									351	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									312	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									105,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									105,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									107,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									100,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									303	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									294	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									663	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									622	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									688	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									650	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									278	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									266	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									103,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR o2 Severe cases									104,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Misdemeanour cases									90,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Total									147	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Severe cases									149	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Misdemeanour cases									115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 5: Access to justice																			
Legal aid																			
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																			
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										NAP									
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True									
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True									
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True									
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True									
020.1.1 Total										9 876									
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										NA									
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										NA									
020.2.1 Total brought to court										9 138									
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										738									
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NAP									
020-1.1.2 Average duration										30									

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
System for compensating users																			
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																			
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										32									
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										15									
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP									
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										15									
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										2									
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NAP									
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										11									
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										3									
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP									
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										4									
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										4									
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NAP									
037.3.1 Amount - Total										389 871 €									
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										61 615 €									
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NAP									
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										242 108 €									
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										86 147 €									
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NAP									

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																				
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																				
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True											
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%											
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True											
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts											
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No											
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No											
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No											
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelties							100%	100%	100%											
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True											
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties											
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all											
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all											

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							- True	True	True										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI	Fully integrated including BI									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								100%	100%	100%									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							- True	True	True										
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							- True	True	True										
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							- True	True	True										
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							- True	True	True										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							- True	True	True										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							- True	True	True										
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							- 100%	100%	100%										
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							- 100%	100%	100%										
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							- NA	0% (NAP)	NA										
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							- True	True	True										
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							- True	True	True										
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							- False	NAP	False										
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							- True	True	True										
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							- True	True	True										
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							- False	NAP	False										

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							1-9%	1-9%	1-9%										
064-2 - Administrative							1-9%	1-9%	1-9%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	False	False										
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate																			
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	-	-										
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							False	-	-										
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	-	-										
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	-	-										
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							True	True	True										
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	False	False										
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							1-9%	1-9%	1-9%										
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							1-9%	1-9%	1-9%										

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)																		
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)																		
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)																		

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)																			
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							True	True	True										

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	970	951	924	897	880	859	867	873	875	-9,8%	-2,0%	-2,8%	-2,9%	-1,9%	-2,4%	0,9%	0,7%	0,2%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	753	738	724	665	641	628	636	634	638	-15,3%	-2,0%	-1,9%	-8,1%	-3,6%	-2,0%	1,3%	-0,3%	0,6%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	183	116	171	202	208	199	199	209	208	13,7%	-36,6%	47,4%	18,1%	3,0%	-4,3%	0,0%	5,0%	-0,5%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	34	33	29	30	31	32	32	30	29	-14,7%	-2,9%	-12,1%	3,4%	3,3%	3,2%	0,0%	-6,3%	-3,3%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	217	212	202	201	185	187	186	181	176	-18,9%	-2,3%	-4,7%	-0,5%	-8,0%	1,1%	-0,5%	-2,7%	-2,8%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	148	122	139	126	115	120	119	111	110	-25,7%	-17,6%	13,9%	-9,4%	-8,7%	4,3%	-0,8%	-6,7%	-0,9%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	48	16	45	57	52	50	48	52	48	0,0%	-66,7%	181,3%	26,7%	-8,8%	-3,8%	-4,0%	8,3%	-7,7%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	21	20	18	18	18	17	19	18	18	-14,3%	-4,8%	-10,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-5,6%	11,8%	-5,3%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	753	739	722	696	695	672	681	692	699	-7,2%	-1,9%	-2,3%	-3,6%	-0,1%	-3,3%	1,3%	1,6%	1,0%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	605	589	585	539	526	508	517	523	528	-12,7%	-2,6%	-0,7%	-7,9%	-2,4%	-3,4%	1,8%	1,2%	1,0%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	135	73	126	145	156	149	151	157	160	18,5%	-45,9%	72,6%	15,1%	7,6%	-4,5%	1,3%	4,0%	1,9%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	13	13	11	12	13	15	13	12	11	-15,4%	0,0%	-15,4%	9,1%	8,3%	15,4%	-13,3%	-7,7%	-8,3%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	3 330	3 239	3 355	3 300	3 330	3 328	3 391	3 427	3 427	2,9%	-2,7%	3,6%	-1,6%	0,9%	-0,1%	1,9%	1,1%	0,0%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	346	425	505	481	516	511	506	494	497	43,6%	22,8%	18,8%	-4,8%	7,3%	-1,0%	-1,0%	-2,4%	0,6%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	481	838	1 080	659	826	802	970	1 068	1 005	108,9%	74,2%	28,9%	-39,0%	25,3%	-2,9%	20,9%	10,1%	-5,9%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	1 562	1 639	1 998	1 796	1 822	1 716	1 679	1 734	-	-	4,9%	21,9%	-10,1%	1,4%	-5,8%	-2,2%	3,3%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	414	131	162	192	193	199	186	191	-	-	-68,4%	23,7%	18,5%	0,5%	3,1%	-6,5%	2,7%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	420	405	406	411	402	407	435	-	-	-	-3,6%	0,2%	1,2%	-2,2%	1,2%	6,9%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NA	49	49	43	41	38	44	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-12,2%	-4,7%	-7,3%	15,8%	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NA	109	124	132	131	144	131	-	-	-	-	13,8%	6,5%	-0,8%	9,9%	-9,0%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NA	172	136	132	120	126	159	-	-	-	-	-20,9%	-2,9%	-9,1%	5,0%	26,2%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NA	75	97	104	110	99	101	-	-	-	-	29,3%	7,2%	5,8%	-10,0%	2,0%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	NA	2 935	2 892	2 924	2 917	2 989	3 020	2 992	-	-	-	-1,5%	1,1%	-0,2%	2,5%	1,0%	-0,9%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	NA	NA	429	467	468	465	456	453	-	-	-	-	8,9%	0,2%	-0,6%	-1,9%	-0,7%	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	NA	NA	550	702	670	839	924	874	-	-	-	-	27,6%	-4,6%	25,2%	10,1%	-5,4%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	1 826	1 660	1 690	1 596	1 553	1 575	-	-	-	-	-9,1%	1,8%	-5,6%	-2,7%	1,4%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	87	95	89	89	87	90	-	-	-	-	9,2%	-6,3%	0,0%	-2,2%	3,4%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									3 427	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									3 035	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									269	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									435	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									349	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									2 992	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									2 686	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									217	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									206	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									151	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									108	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									321	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									257	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	22 300 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	32 628 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	63 660 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	32 628 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	63 660 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	20 568 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	36 984 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	20 568 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	36 984 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	True										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	True										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																		
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																		
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 417	1 529	1 628	1 669	1 711	1 737	1 768	1 813	1 834	29,4%	7,9%	6,5%	2,5%	2,5%	1,5%	1,8%	2,5%	1,2%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	954	970	976	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,7%	0,6%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	814	843	858	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,6%	1,8%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Slovenia (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																		
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																		
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	347	341	311	292	281	272	276	267	258	-25,6%	-1,7%	-8,8%	-6,1%	-3,8%	-3,2%	1,5%	-3,3%	-3,4%
167.1.1 Total number started					2 844	3 093	2 818	2 787	2 437	-	-	-	-	-	8,8%	-8,9%	-1,1%	-12,6%
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					2 320	2 625	2 451	2 414	2 076	-	-	-	-	-	13,1%	-6,6%	-1,5%	-14,0%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					524	NA	367	373	361	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,6%	-3,2%
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

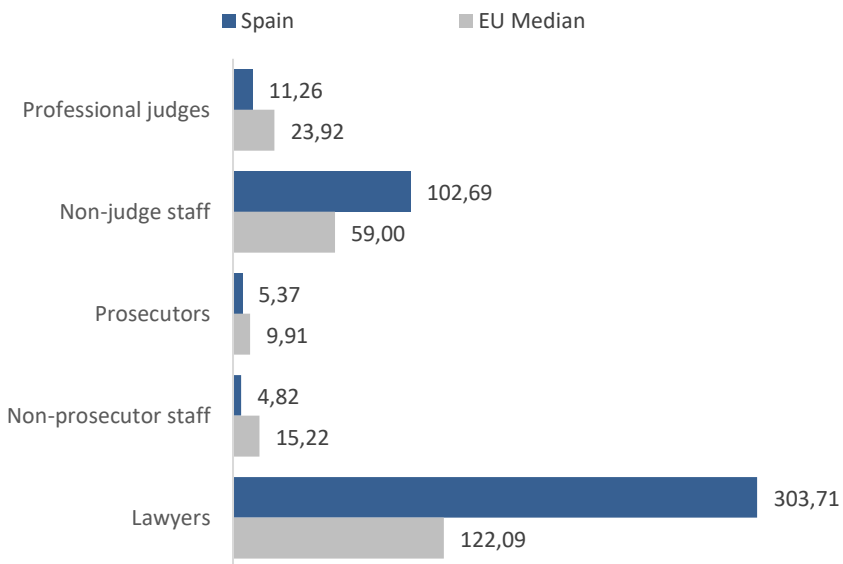
Judiciary at a glance in Spain

General data

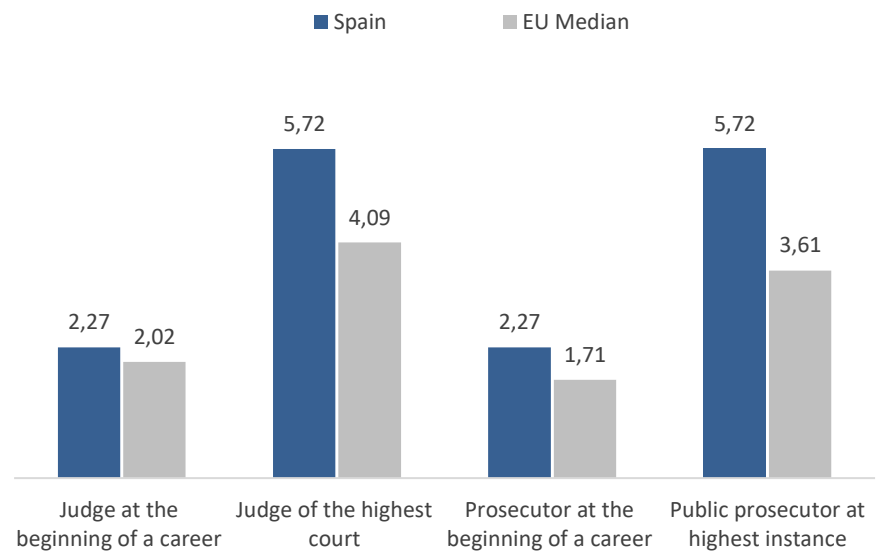
Population: 47 344 649 **GDP per capita:** 23 692 € **Average annual salary:** 22 849 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

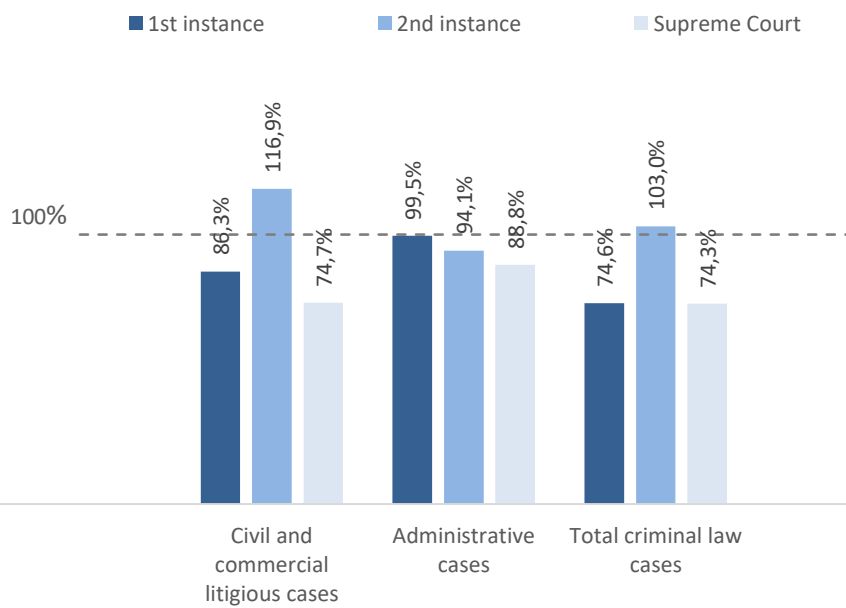


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

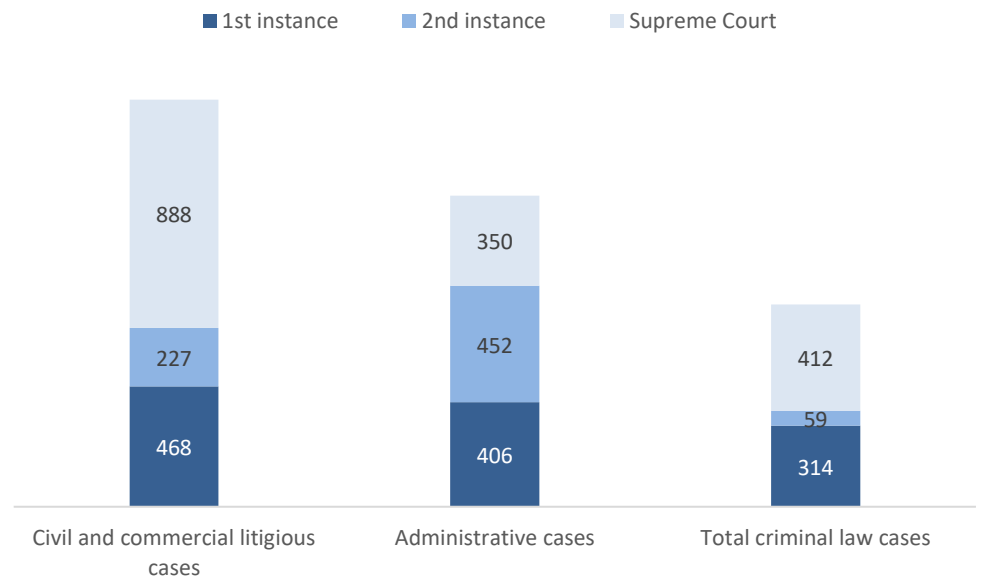


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

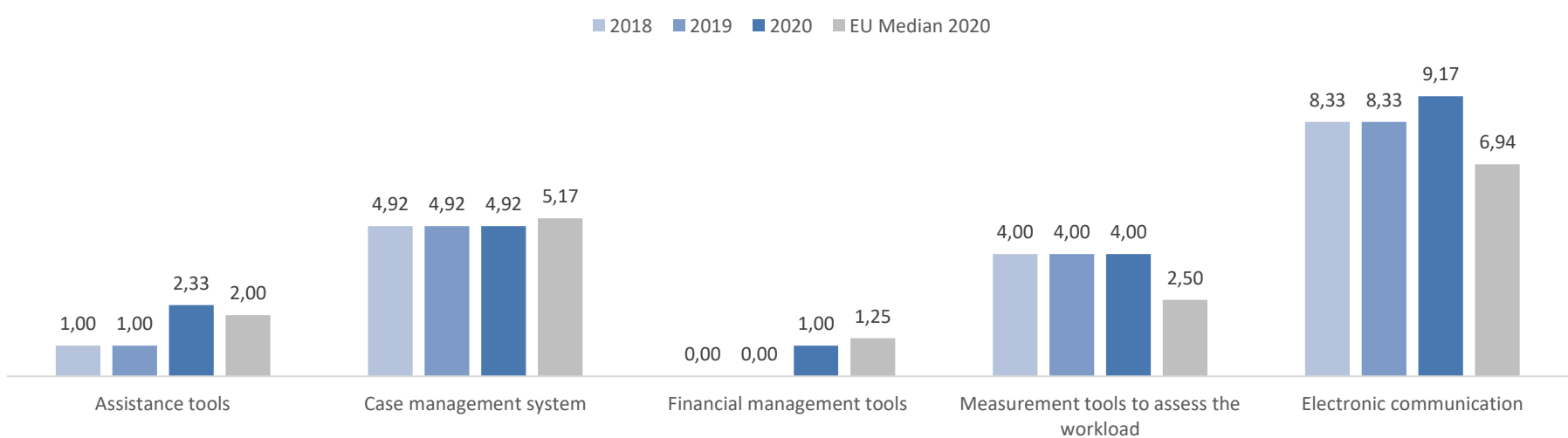


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Spain

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	47 344 649	2,9%	0,2%	1,0%	0,7%	0,9%	-0,2%
GDP per capita	22 300	-	22 800	23 300	23 985	24 919	25 703	26 255	23 692	6,2%	5,2%	7,2%	3,1%	2,1%	-9,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	22 726	-	22 803	-	22 770	-	23 033	23 462	22 849	0,5%	-0,1%	1,2%	-	1,9%	-2,6%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,2	-	11,5	11,6	11,5	11,5	11,5	11,3	11,2	0,3%	0,1%	-0,1%	0,1%	-2,3%	-0,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	97,3	-	104,6	107,1	105,7	100,4	101,4	100,8	102,7	5,6%	1,1%	-4,1%	1,0%	-0,5%	1,9%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	285,5	-	290,7	322,6	305,3	308,8	304,6	302,3	303,7	6,4%	5,0%	-0,2%	-1,4%	-0,8%	0,5%
Mediators	NA	-	2,5	7,1	NA	11,4	14,8	16,3	18,8	NA	NA	NA	30,0%	10,1%	15,6%
ICT overall assesment							6,5	6,5	0,0					0,0%	100,0%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,828	-	2,164	2,337	2,148	2,541	2,732	2,726	2,549	-33,4%	-0,7%	27,2%	7,5%	-0,2%	-6,5%
Administrative law cases	0,428	-	0,4	0,368	0,354	0,354	0,367	0,421	0,327	-23,6%	-9,9%	3,5%	3,7%	14,7%	-22,2%
Total criminal law cases									1,318						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	100%	-	98%	95%	103%	88%	87%	94%	86%	-13,39	5,14	-16,45	-1,16	7,30	-7,74
CR administrative law cases	124%	-	113%	117%	112%	104%	100%	92%	99%	-24,23	-0,90	-11,98	-4,83	-7,40	7,25
CR total criminal law cases									75%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	264	-	318	325	282	329	362	353	468	76,9%	-11,3%	28,4%	9,8%	-2,4%	32,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)	427	-	361	317	312	322	331	338	406	-4,9%	-13,5%	5,9%	2,9%	2,1%	20,1%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									314						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,76	-	1,85	1,97	1,71	2,02	2,35	2,48	2,82	2,0%	-7,3%	37,3%	16,5%	5,6%	13,6%
Administrative law cases	0,62	-	0,44	0,37	0,34	0,33	0,33	0,36	0,36	-41,5%	-22,7%	-2,1%	1,8%	8,5%	0,8%
Total criminal law cases									0,85						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			105%	96%	98%	92%	87%	93%	117%		-7,61	-11,22	-5,70	6,46	23,90
CR administrative law cases			110%	100%	100%	98%	92%	72%	94%		-9,51	-8,11	-5,50	-20,02	21,91
CR total criminal law cases									103%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			178	194	181	216	271	279	227		1,4%	49,9%	25,5%	2,9%	-18,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)			332	321	319	329	355	418	452		-3,9%	11,3%	7,7%	18,0%	8,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									59						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			77%	78%	84%	79%	82%	80%	75%		6,56	-1,66	2,47	-1,71	-5,41
CR administrative law cases			93%	67%	60%	103%	142%	126%	89%		-32,39	81,97	39,60	-16,50	-36,94
CR total criminal law cases									74%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			496	541	513	604	608	681	888		3,4%	18,6%	0,6%	12,1%	30,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)			458	614	854	515	233	196	350		86,4%	-72,8%	-54,8%	-15,6%	78,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									412						

1. Judicial organisation in Spain

In Spain there are 2 349 first instance courts of general jurisdiction. Besides, there are 1 459 first instance specialised courts.

Spain's judicial organisation is structured in accordance with its territorial organisation. Pursuant to article 26 of the Organic Law on the Judiciary, the exercise of jurisdictional authority is attributed to the following judicial organs:

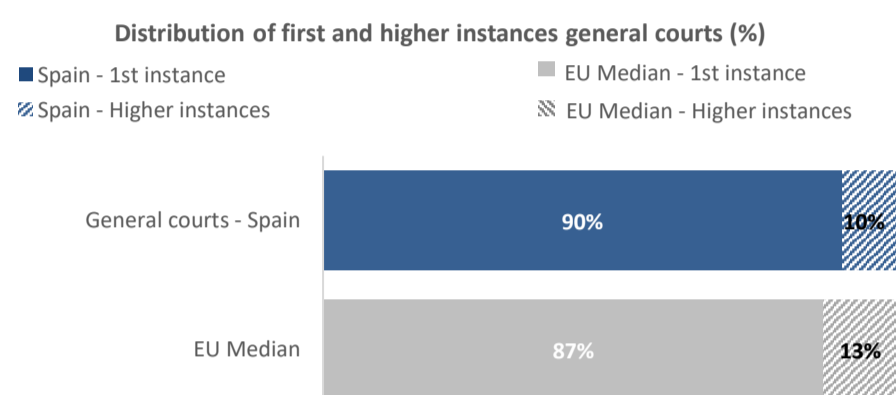
- Sole judge courts: Justices of the Peace, Civil and Enquiry Courts, Commercial Courts, Violence against Women Courts, Penal Courts, Administrative Courts, Labour Courts, Juvenile Courts and Prison Courts.

- Bench judges: Provincial Courts, High Courts, National Court and Supreme Court.

Sole judge courts – except for Justices of the Peace, located in municipalities – are established at the top of legal districts, while benches of judges operate in the provinces, the Autonomous Regions and at the national level in the case of the Supreme Court and the National Court. Provincial Courts try civil and criminal cases and are located in the capitals of the provinces.

The Supreme Court is the sole judiciary body with jurisdiction throughout the nation and the highest court in all legal fields, except for issues of constitutional guarantees and rights. It has five divisions: civil, criminal, labour, administrative and military. High Courts act in each Autonomous Region and have different geographical locations to guarantee access to justice. They have four divisions: civil, criminal, administrative and labour. The National (Criminal) Court is a unique legal organ in Spain with jurisdiction over the entire national territory. It constitutes a centralised court, specialised in the knowledge of certain matters attributed by law such as crimes committed against the Royal Family, major drug trafficking, counterfeiting and offences committed outside the Spanish territory that are prosecuted in Spain. It has four divisions: review, criminal, administrative and labour.

Distribution of general courts in Spain



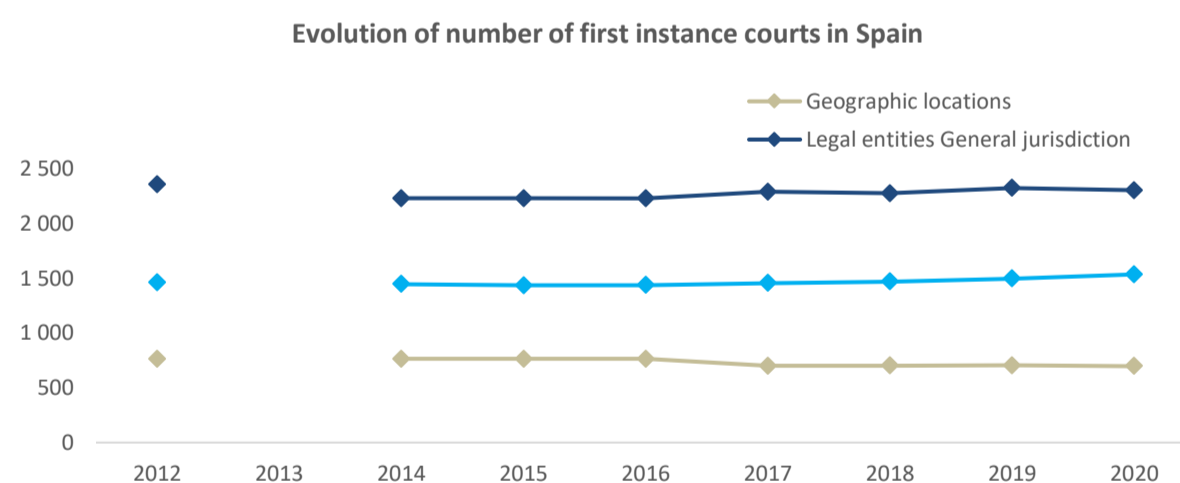
According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Spain is somewhat different from the EU median of 87% - 13%.

Courts counted as First Instance are: Courts of first instance (civil), Courts of First Instance and Instruction (civil and criminal), Family Courts (Civil) and Courts of Mortgage Enforcement.

Courts counted as Second Instance General Jurisdiction are: Sections of the Provincial Courts (except special sections) and Civil and Criminal Chambers of the Superior Courts of Justice of the Autonomous Regions.

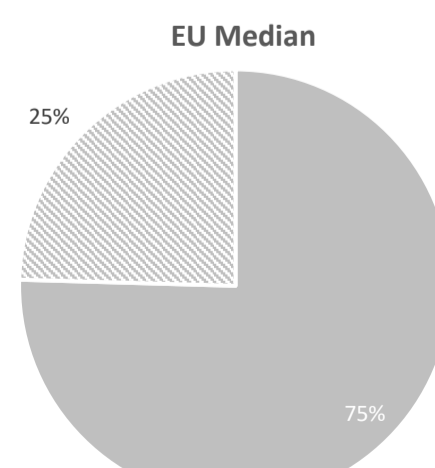
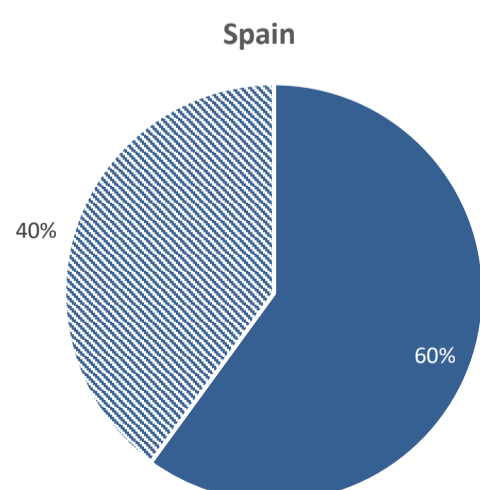
Evolution of number of first instance courts in Spain

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	763	2 349	1 459
2013			
2014	763	2 224	1 443
2015	763	2 224	1 432
2016	763	2 223	1 434
2017	698	2 282	1 451
2018	701	2 269	1 465
2019	702	2 317	1 493
2020	695	2 298	1 531



It should be noted that one building usually houses different courts. For example, in Madrid one building (Castilla Square) houses 47 unipersonal Courts.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



■ General jurisdiction

▸ Specialised courts

■ General jurisdiction

▸ Specialised courts

The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 60,0% - 40,0% is somewhat different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	1531	57
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	91	3
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	376	23
Family courts	132	5
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	17	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	7	2
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	241	23
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	82	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	585	NAP

The Arbitration Court was created by decision of the General Council of the Judiciary of 25 November 2010. The latter assigns exclusive jurisdiction over arbitration matters to the Court of First Instance No. 101 of Madrid. This measure seeks to foster the development of uniform criteria in court proceedings for the assistance and control of arbitration in Madrid.

Other specialised courts include: Penal courts, Penal courts specialized in violence against women (courts for criminal trial, that have been assigned only to cases of gender violence), violence against women courts (courts of criminal investigation and civil proceedings related to gender violence cases), juvenile courts, Prison courts, foreclosure proceedings courts, Civil Capacity courts and Civil registry.

For Commercial courts it should be specified that new units have been established in 2020.

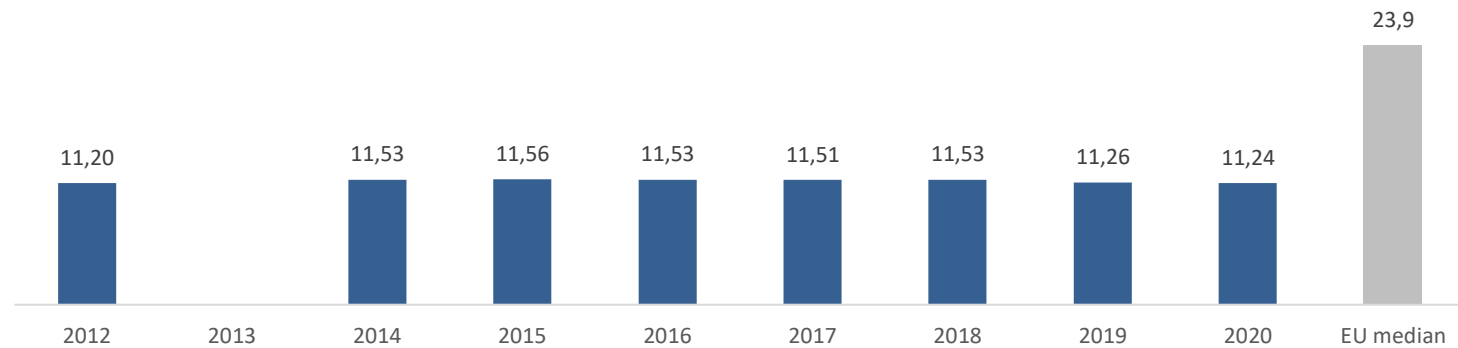
2. Professionals of justice in Spain

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	5 155	11,20
2013	-	-
2014	5 353	11,53
2015	5 367	11,56
2016	5 367	11,53
2017	5 377	11,51
2018	5 419	11,53
2019	5 341	11,26
2020	5 320	11,24

Professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants



According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Spain is 5 320, which is -0,4% less than in previous cycle.

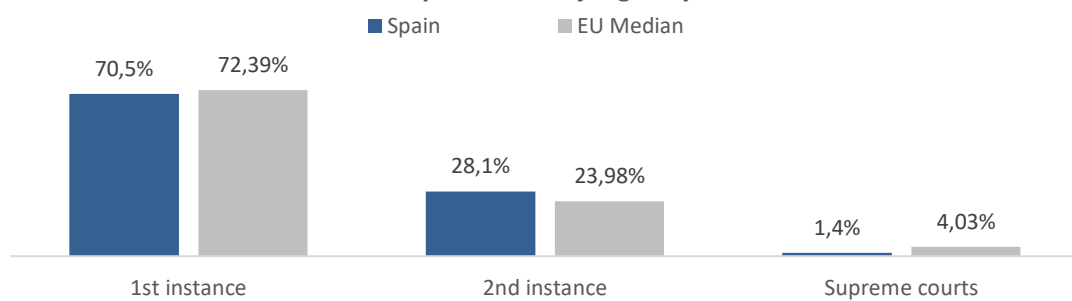
More precisely, in Spain, there are 11,24 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 9,14 non-judge staff per judge .

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 8,95 non-judge staff per judge.

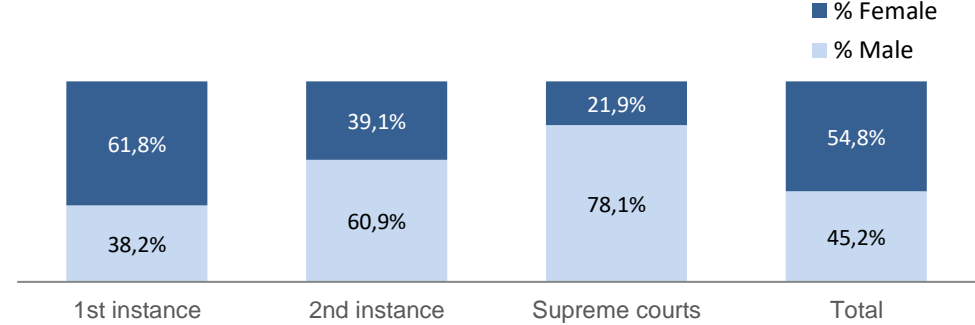
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	3 752	70,5%	1 434	2 318	38,2%	61,8%
2nd instance	1 495	28,1%	911	584	60,9%	39,1%
Supreme courts	73	1,4%	57	16	78,1%	21,9%
Total	5 320		2 402	2 918	45,2%	54,8%

Distribution of professional judges by instance



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 2 918, which represents 54,8% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 3 752 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 2 318 are female); 1 495 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 584 are female) and 73 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 16 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance it should be noticed that Spain has fewer judges in the first and third instances but more judges in the 2nd instance courts.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that females are majority only in the first instance courts (61.8% of female judges), whereas they are disproportionately less represented in the higher instances, especially in the Supreme courts where females take only 21.9% of judgeship positions.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

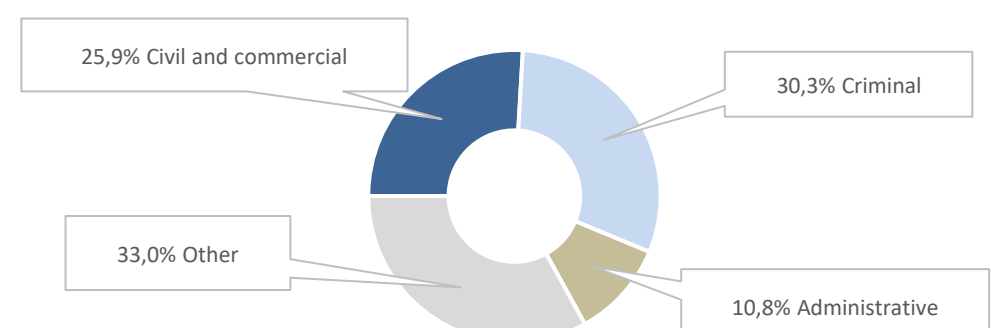
2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	3 752	963	1 141	241	1 407
2nd instance	1 495	406	457	298	334
Supreme courts	73	10	15	33	15
Total	5 320	1 379	1 613	572	1 756

In Spain, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	25,7%	30,4%	6,4%	37,5%
2nd instance	27,2%	30,6%	19,9%	22,3%
Supreme courts	13,7%	20,5%	45,2%	20,5%
Total	25,9%	30,3%	10,8%	33,0%

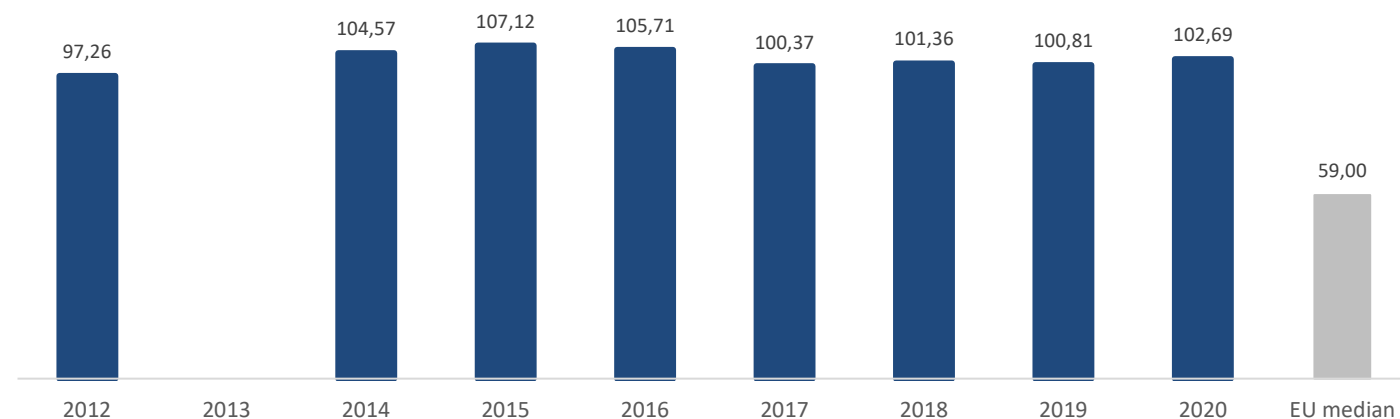
Distribution of the total number of professional judges by instance and matter



Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	44 748	-	48 563	49 746	49 186	46 871	47 645	47 816	48 620
Per 100 000 inhabitants	97,26	-	104,57	107,12	105,71	100,37	101,36	100,81	102,69

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	48 620	
Rechtspfleger	4 331	8,9%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	NAP	NAP
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NAP	NAP
Technical staff	NAP	NAP
Other	44 289	91,1%

In 2020, Spain has 48 620 non-judge staff (a breakdown by gender is not available). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 1,7%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 4 331 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which
- 44 289 other (a breakdown by gender is not available);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 100,8 in 2019 to 102,7 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 11,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 11,2 in 2020.

It is noteworthy that Spanish judicial system distinguishes between three categories of non-judicial staff: Gestor Procesal, Tramitador Procesal and Auxilio Judicial. The sum of these three categories in the Courts is 44289. In addition to that, there are 1144 Forensic Doctors.

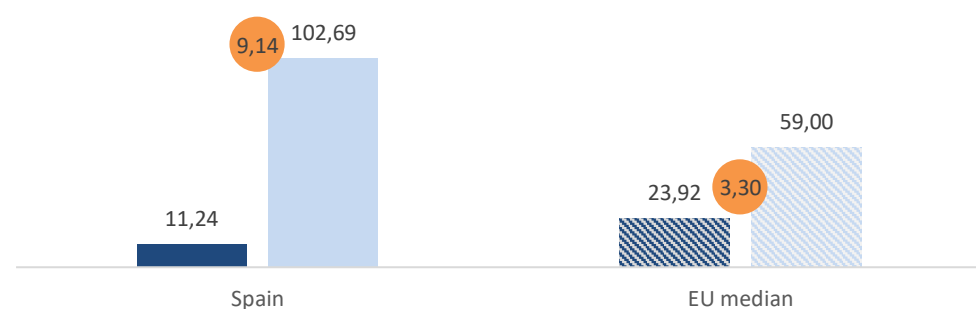
Regarding the distribution of males / females, the data can only be provided from the Autonomous Regions of the direct competence of the Ministry of Justice (5 out of 17). In these Autonomous Regions, the proportion of females within the civil servants in Courts is 71.76% (therefore, 28.23% of males). This proportion is possibly applicable to the whole national system.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Spain	EU median
Professional judges	11,24	23,92
Non-judge staff	102,69	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	9,14	3,30

Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

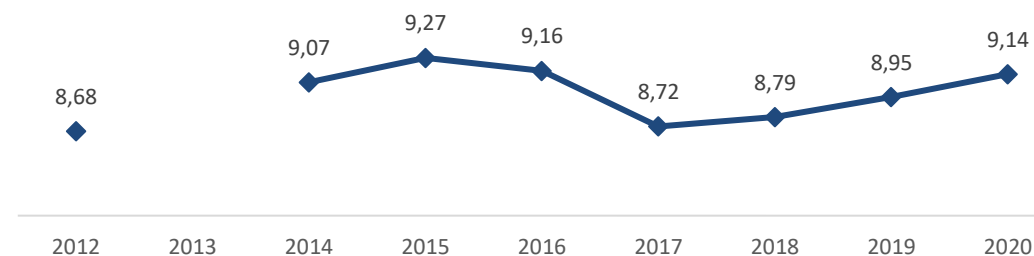
■ Professional judges
■ Non-judge staff
● Non-judge staff per judge



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	11,20	97,26	8,68
2013	-	-	-
2014	11,53	104,57	9,07
2015	11,56	107,12	9,27
2016	11,53	105,71	9,16
2017	11,51	100,37	8,72
2018	11,53	101,36	8,79
2019	11,26	100,81	8,95
2020	11,24	102,69	9,14

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

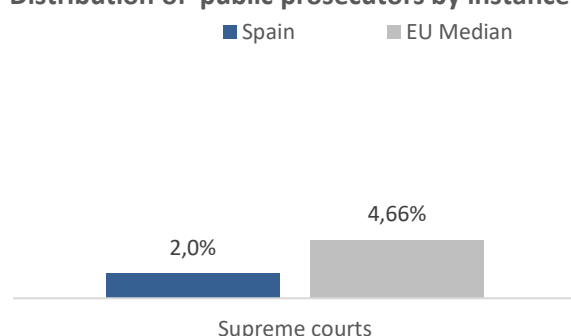


Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

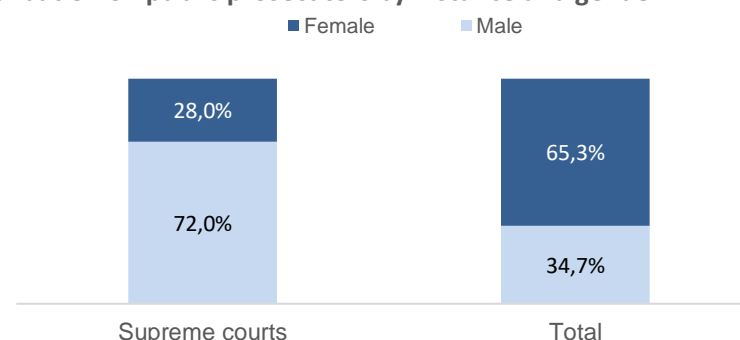
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme courts	50	2,0%	36	14	72,0%	28,0%
Total	2 544		884	1 660	34,7%	65,3%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 1 660, which represents 65,3% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors cannot be distributed among the different judicial instances in the way presented in the table, and therefore reply NAP is indicated for 1st and 2nd instances. However, the data for the final instance are available and there are 50 prosecutors on this level (of which 14 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noticed that Prosecution services in Spain does not distinguish prosecutors by 'instance level'. However, it distinguishes three categories:

- 1st Chamber Prosecutors of the Supreme Court, equal to Magistrates of the High Court; The Deputy Prosecutor of the Supreme Court will be considered the President of the Chamber;
- 2nd Prosecutors, equated to Magistrates;
3. Lawyers-Prosecutors, equated to Judges.

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Spain presents some peculiarities explained above that prevent analysis by instance.

However, data are provided in accordance with the national categories as follows:

First category ("Fiscales de Sala del Tribunal Supremo") Supreme Court Prosecutor of Chamber: Total 50, Males 36, Females 14;

Second category ("Fiscal"): Total 1830, Males 700, Females 1130;

Third ("Abogado-Fiscal"): Total 681, Males 158, Females 523.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that females represent majority in the total number of prosecutors (65,3% female prosecutors compared to 34,7% of male prosecutors). However, it is noteworthy that in the final instance there are only 28% of females (14 out 50 prosecutors).

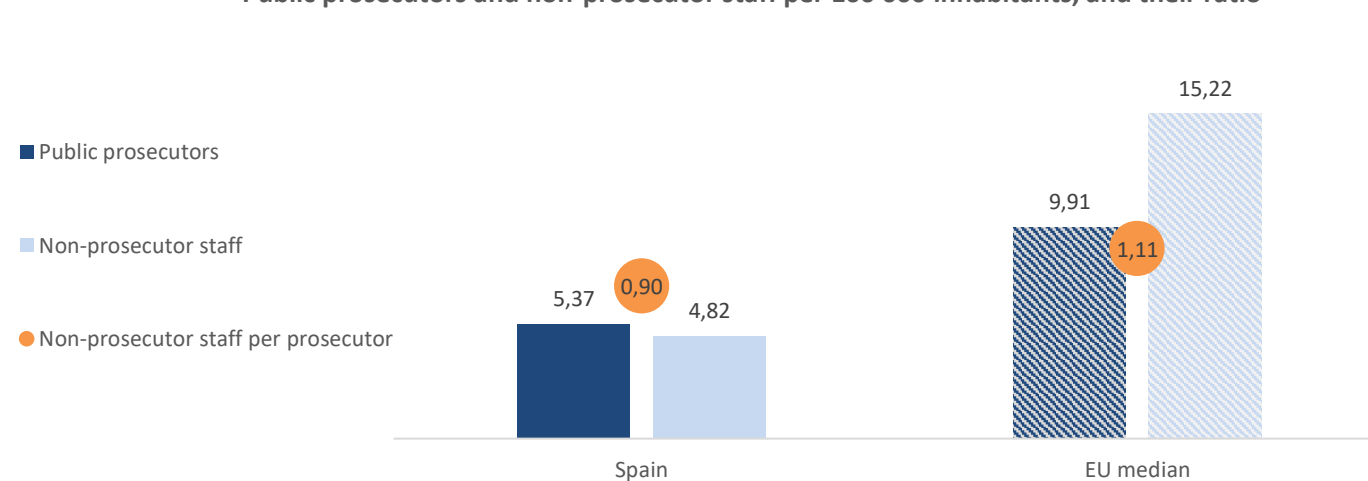
Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	2 280	NA	NA

Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

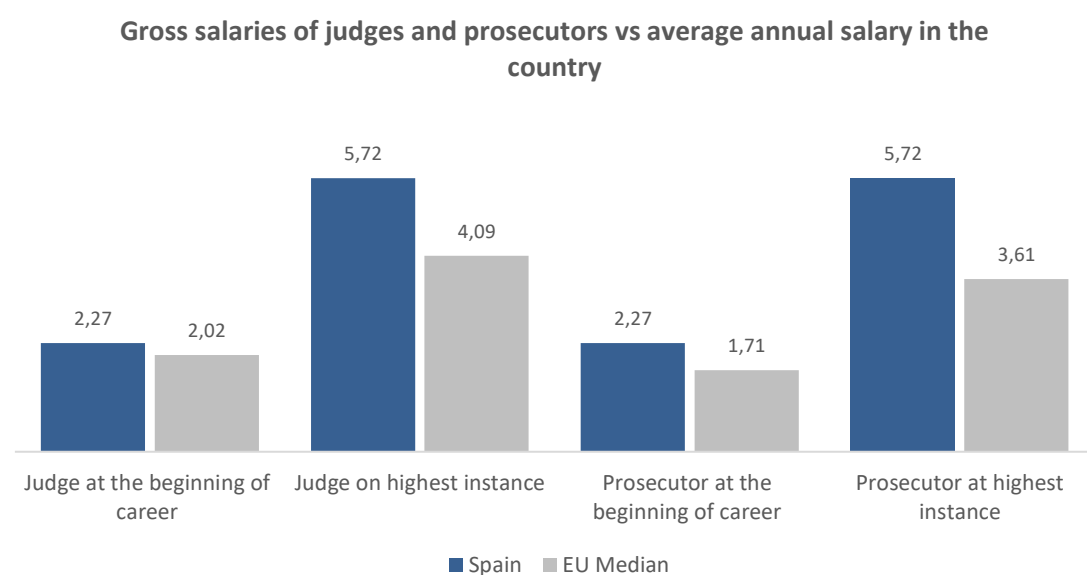
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Spain	EU median
Public prosecutors	5,37	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	4,82	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,90	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	51 946 €	36 881 €	2,27
Judge of the highest court	130 654 €	81 006 €	5,72
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	51 946 €	36 881 €	2,27
Public prosecutor at highest instance	130 654 €	81 006 €	5,72



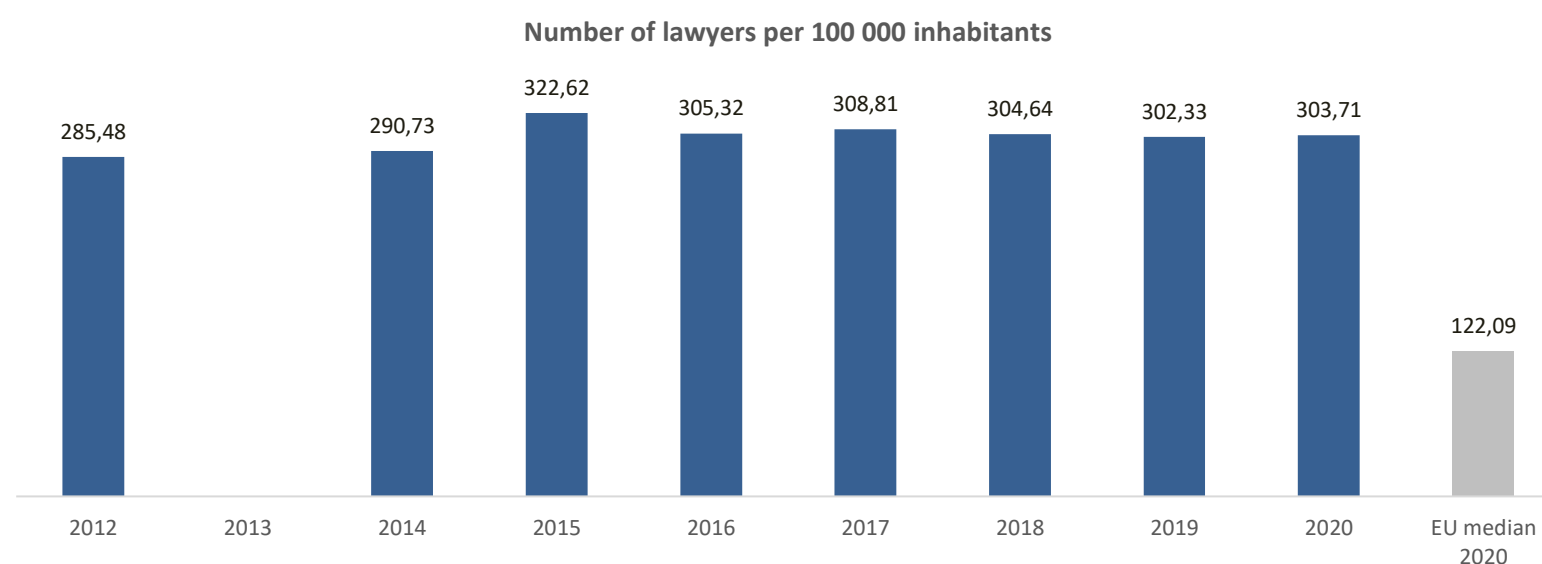
According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Spain of 51 946€ is equal to the EU median. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is 2,27 which is slightly above EU median of 2,02.

In addition to salary, other concepts must be taken into account: remuneration for objectives and professional substitutions.

Remuneration according to objectives can be considerable in both cases (judges and prosecutors). Substitution refers to cases in which, according to the law, one judge substitutes another, thereby accruing an increase in remuneration, depending on the circumstances and duration of that substitution.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	131 337	285,48
2013	-	-
2014	135 016	290,73
2015	149 818	322,62
2016	142 061	305,32
2017	144 212	308,81
2018	143 205	304,64
2019	143 398	302,33
2020	143 790	303,71



In 2020, there are 143 790 lawyers, which is 0,3% more than in 2019.

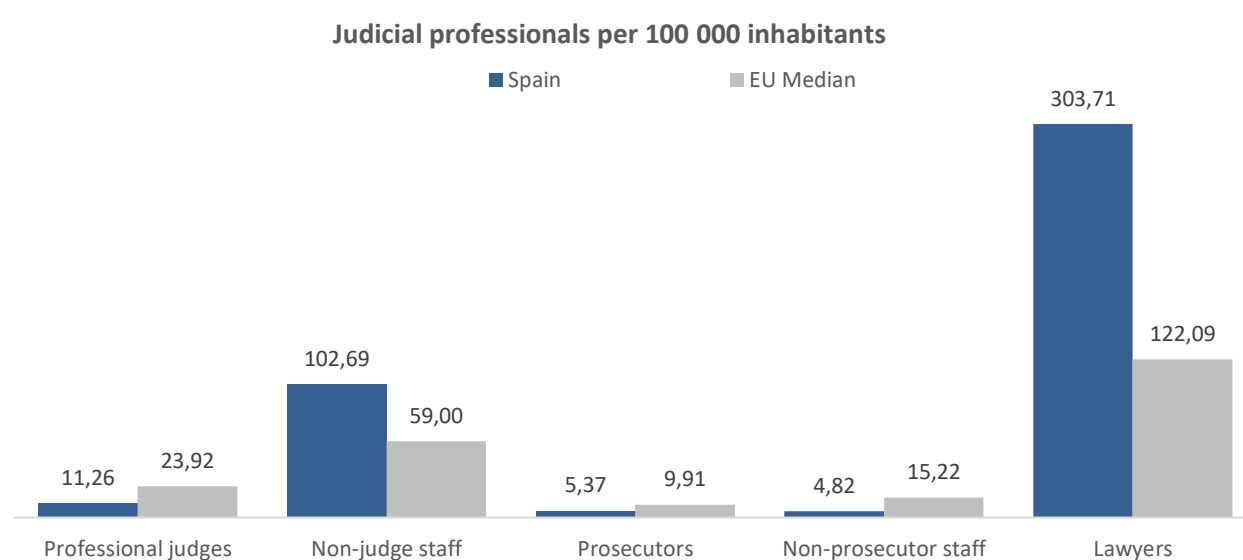
Spain has 303,7 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

It should be specified that data are obtained through the Lawyers 'dashboard' (within the General Bar Association website) on practicing and resident lawyers.

Judicial professionals (summary)

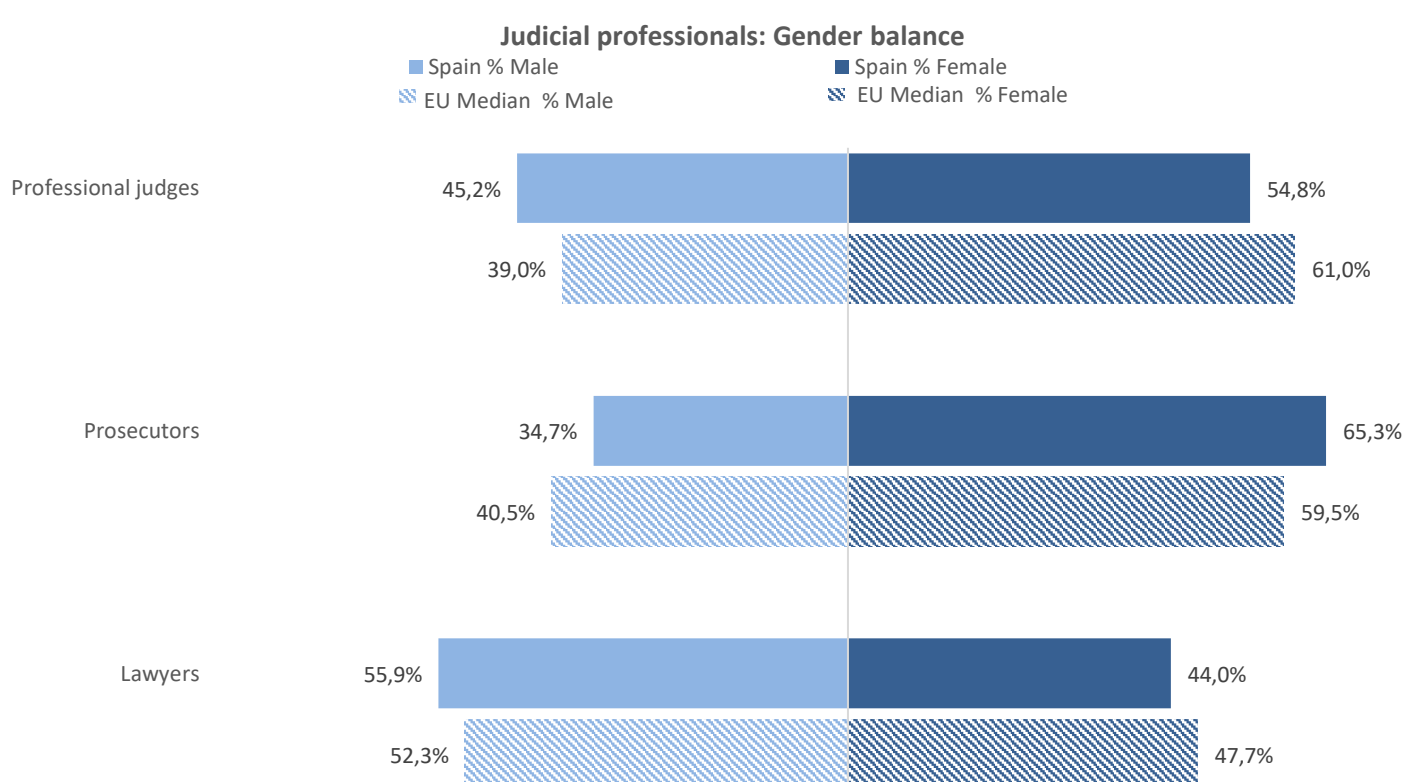
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	5 341	11,26	23,92
Non-judge staff	48 620	102,69	59,00
Prosecutors	2 544	5,37	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	2 280	4,82	15,22
Lawyers	143 790	303,71	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	45,2%	54,8%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	34,7%	65,3%
Non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
Lawyers	55,9%	44,0%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Spain

In Spain, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

In Spain, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✘
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

The legal aid supposes the exemption of the taxes for the judicial procedure. The proceeding for the enforcement of judicial decisions is not subject to taxes or judicial fees. In any case, the concepts and costs covered by legal aid in the enforcement would be the same as in the trial.

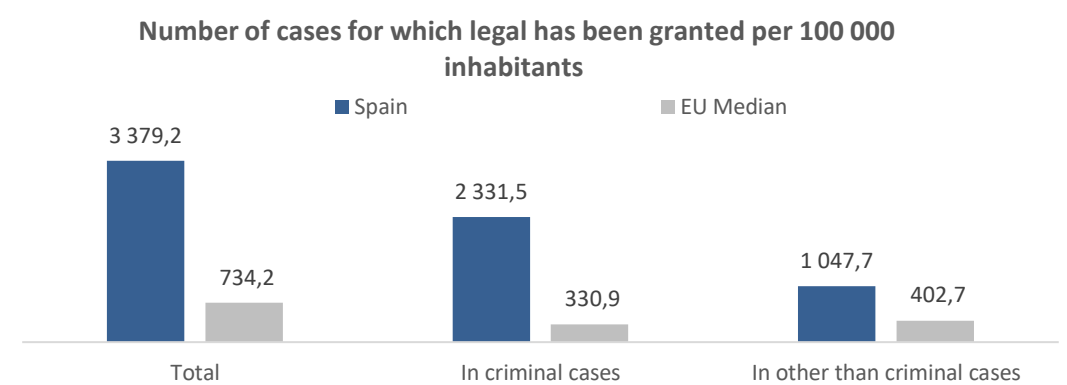
In relation to enforcement agents, this role is performed by public officials in Spain.

According to Legal Aid Act, legal aid covers the following: Legal assistance to the arrested, prisoner or accused who had not appointed a lawyer, for any police action; Free insertion of announcements, during the process, in official newspapers; Free expert assistance; Free collection (or reduction of 80% of fees depending on cases) of copies, testimonies, instruments and notarial acts; Reduction of 80% of fees for notes, certifications, annotations, in the Property and Commercial Registries.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	1 599 883	NA	NA
In criminal cases	1 103 860	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	496 023	NA	NA

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Spain	EU Median
Total	3 379,2	734,2
In criminal cases	2 331,5	330,9
In other than criminal cases	1 047,7	402,7



The methodology of presentation of data, namely the model of calculation, has been changed between 2019 and 2020 (source 2020 data: "XV Informe del Observatorio de la Justicia Gratuita").

Criminal cases include arrested person assistance of a lawyer, genre violence and officio lawyer criminal cases.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 30
- Actual average duration: NA

4. Performance of courts in Spain

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

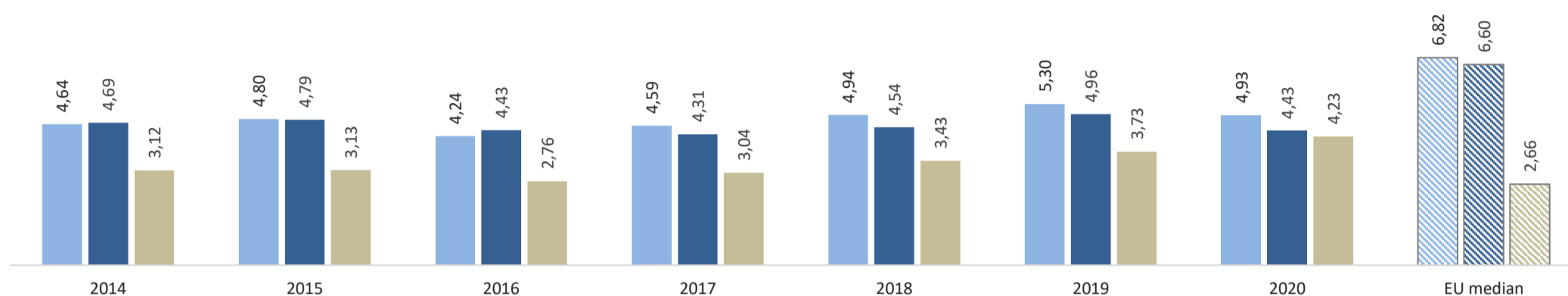
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants

■ Incoming ■ Resolved ■ Pending 31 Dec



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Spain (4,93 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Spain (4,43 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

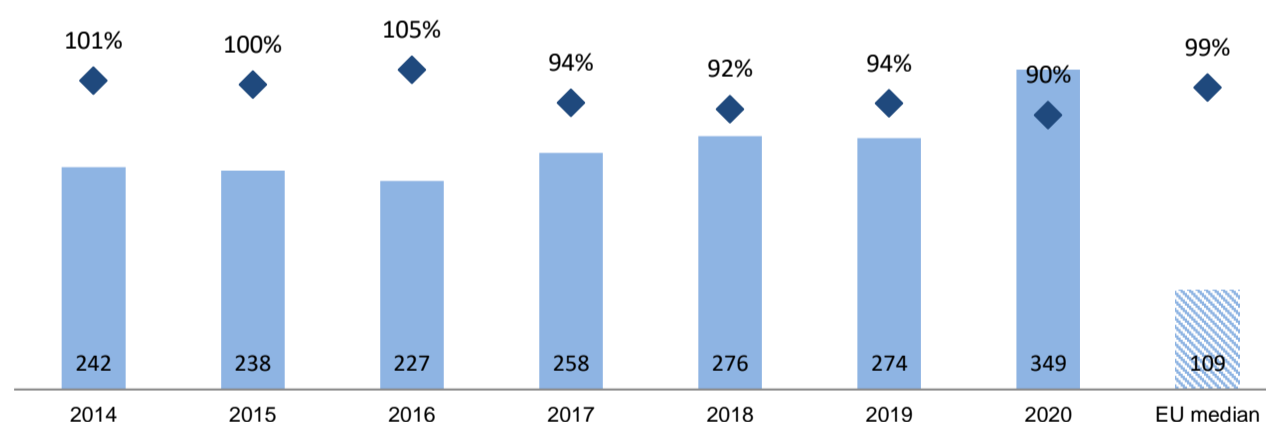
The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Spain (4,23 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	-	-
2014	101%	242
2015	100%	238
2016	105%	227
2017	94%	258
2018	92%	276
2019	94%	274
2020	90%	349

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases

■ DT (days) ◆ CR (%)



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 89,8% in 2020 Spain seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -3,8 points.

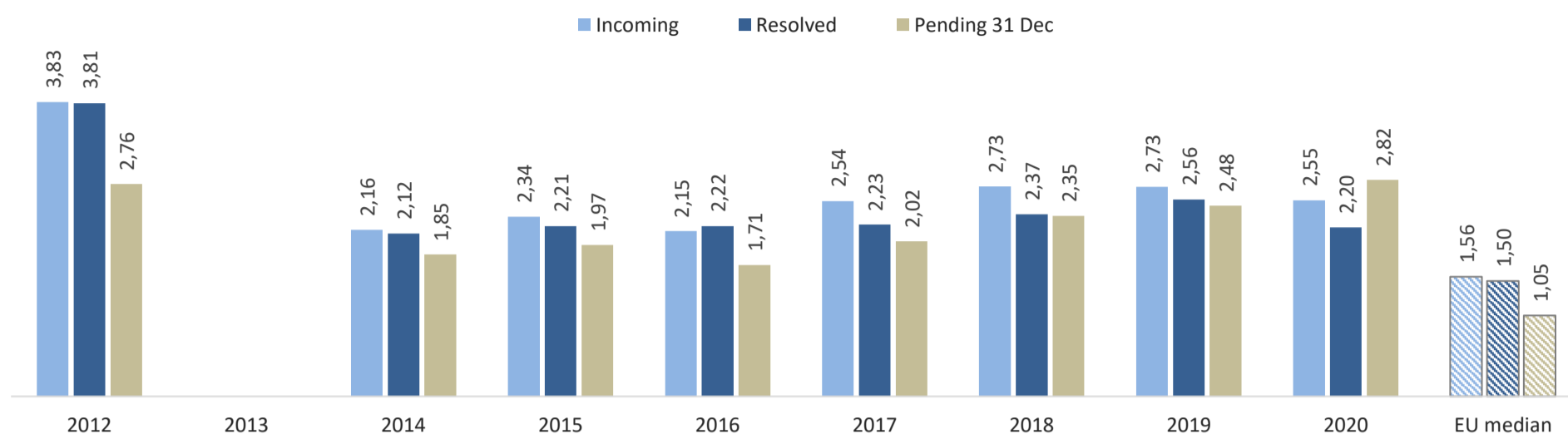
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 349 days, which is well above EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 27,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Spain (2,55 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

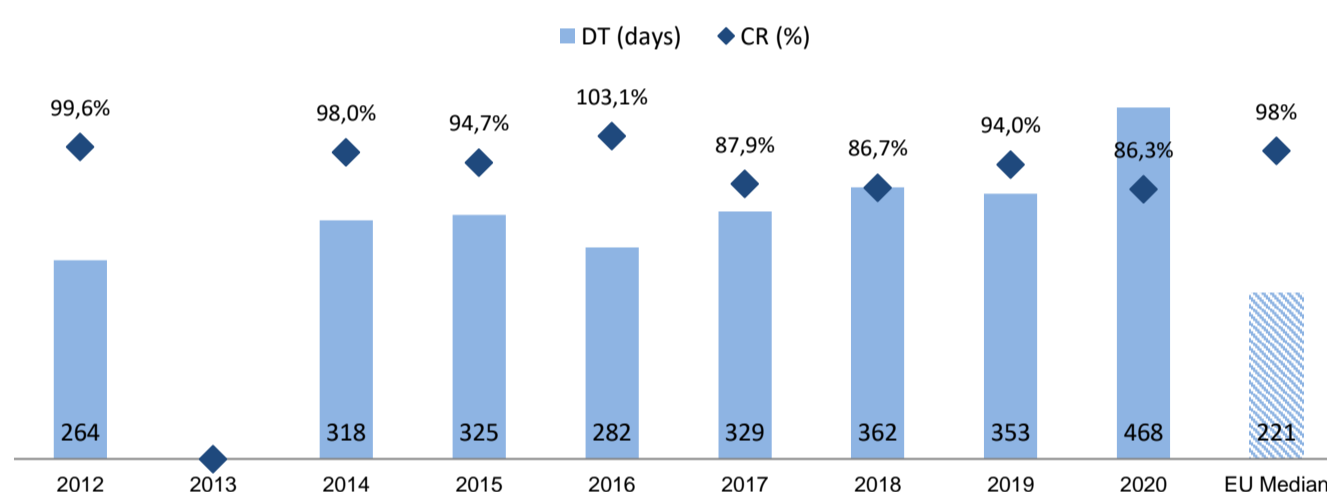
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Spain (2,20 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Spain (2,82 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	99,6%	264
2013	-	-
2014	98,0%	318
2015	94,7%	325
2016	103,1%	282
2017	87,9%	329
2018	86,7%	362
2019	94,0%	353
2020	86,3%	468

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 86,3% in 2020, Spain seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -7,7 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 468 days, which is well above EU median of 221 days.

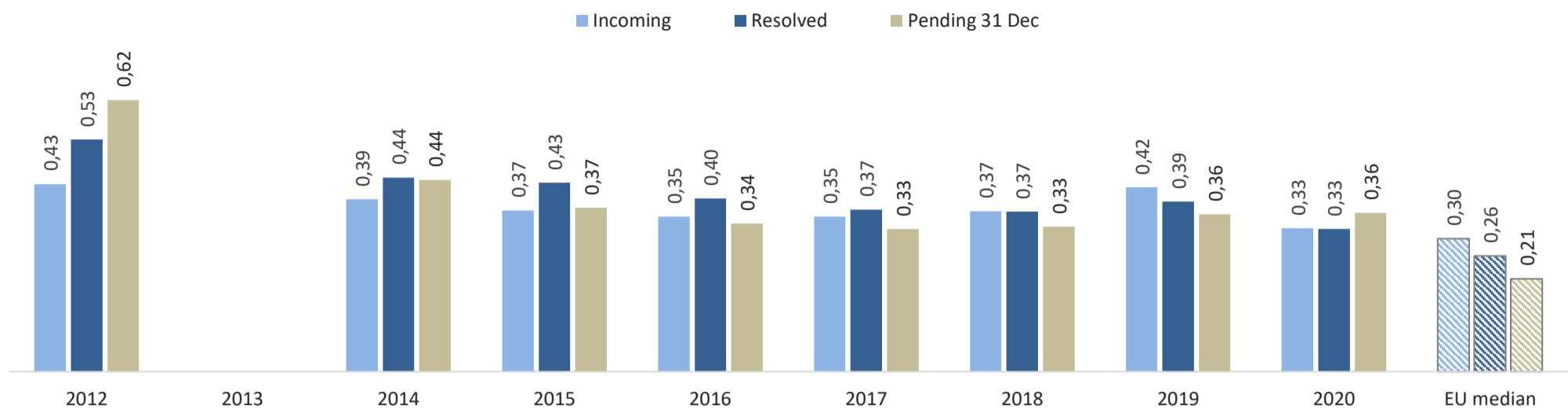
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 32,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Spain (0,33 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

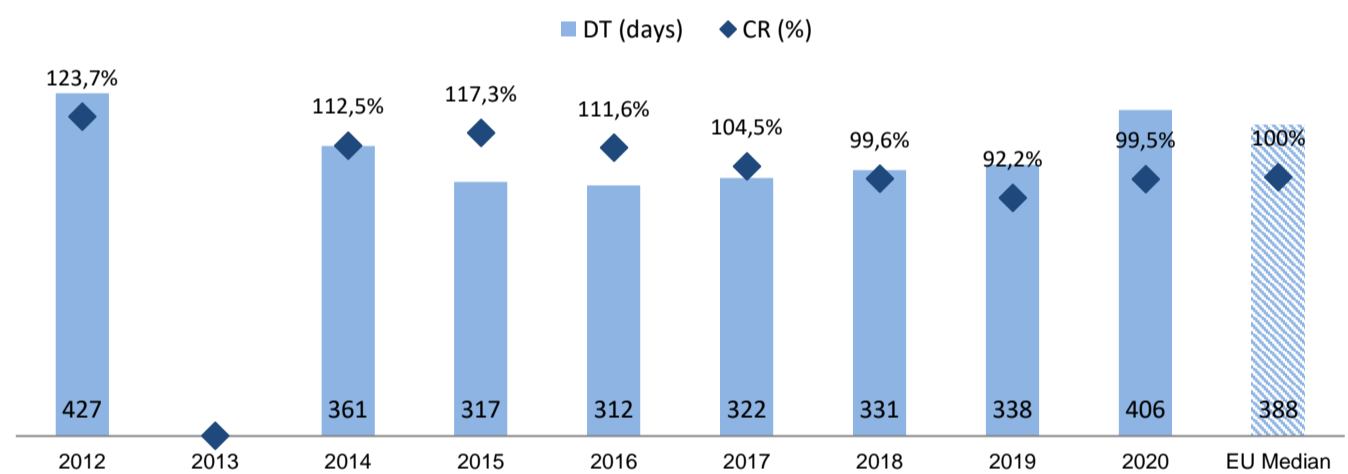
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Spain (0,33 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Spain (0,36 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	123,7%	427
2013	-	-
2014	112,5%	361
2015	117,3%	317
2016	111,6%	312
2017	104,5%	322
2018	99,6%	331
2019	92,2%	338
2020	99,5%	406



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,5% in 2020, Spain seems to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 7,2 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 406 days, which is slightly above EU median of 388 days.

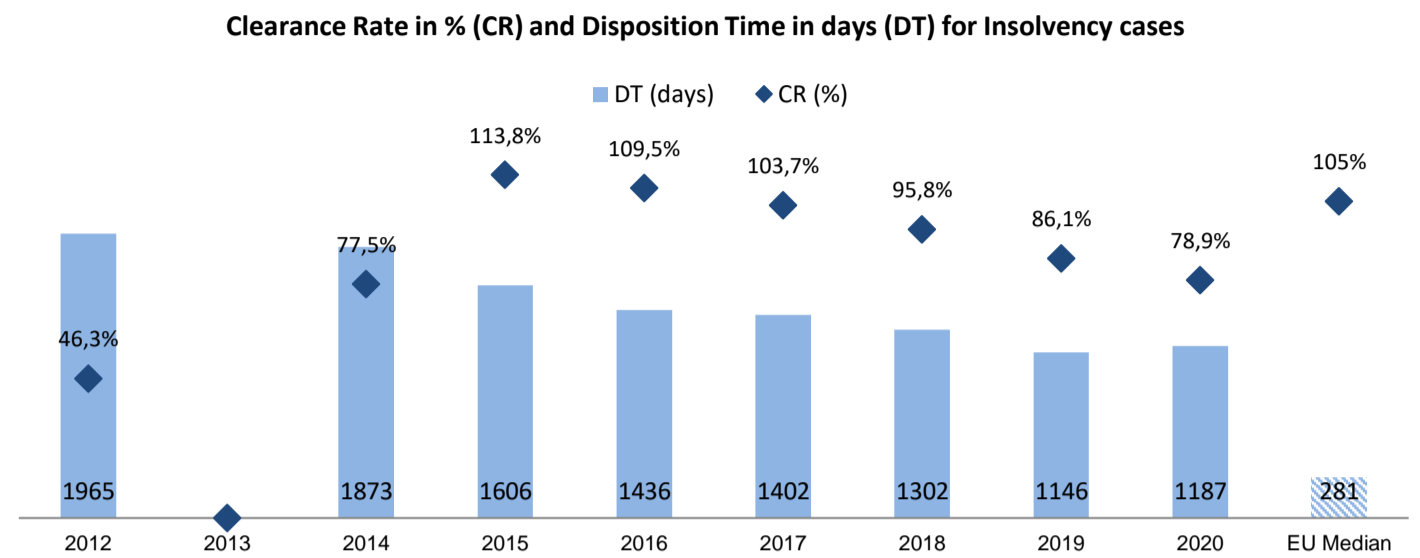
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 20,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	46,3%	1965
2013	-	-
2014	77,5%	1873
2015	113,8%	1606
2016	109,5%	1436
2017	103,7%	1402
2018	95,8%	1302
2019	86,1%	1146
2020	78,9%	1187



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 78,9% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Spain seems to face difficulties in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -7,2 points.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 1 187 days, which is well above EU median of 281 days.

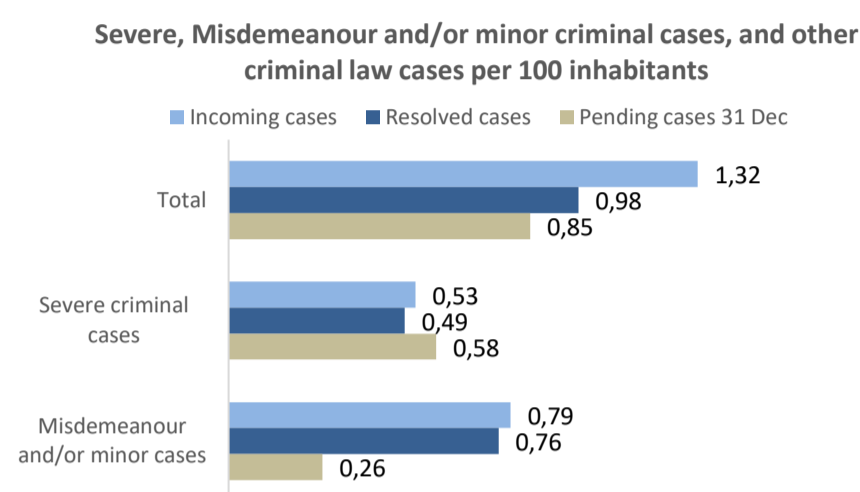
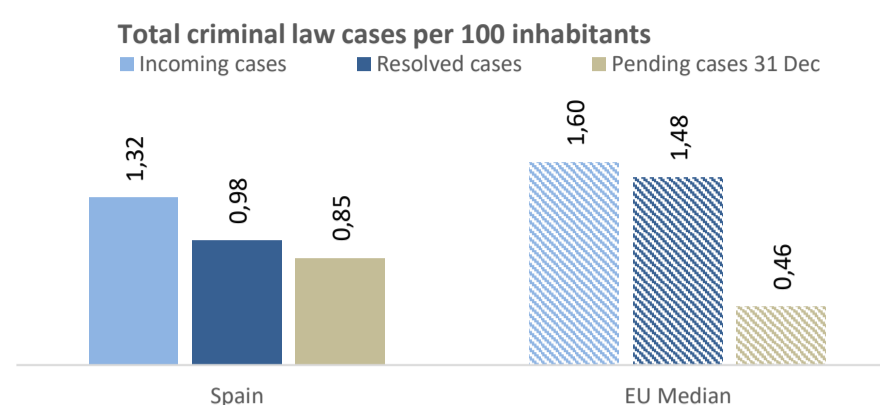
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a 3,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	358 146	623 828	465 430	400 834
Severe criminal cases	253 301	248 714	234 348	276 013
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	104 845	375 114	358 956	124 821
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,76	1,32	0,98	0,85
Severe criminal cases	0,54	0,53	0,49	0,58
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,22	0,79	0,76	0,26
Other cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



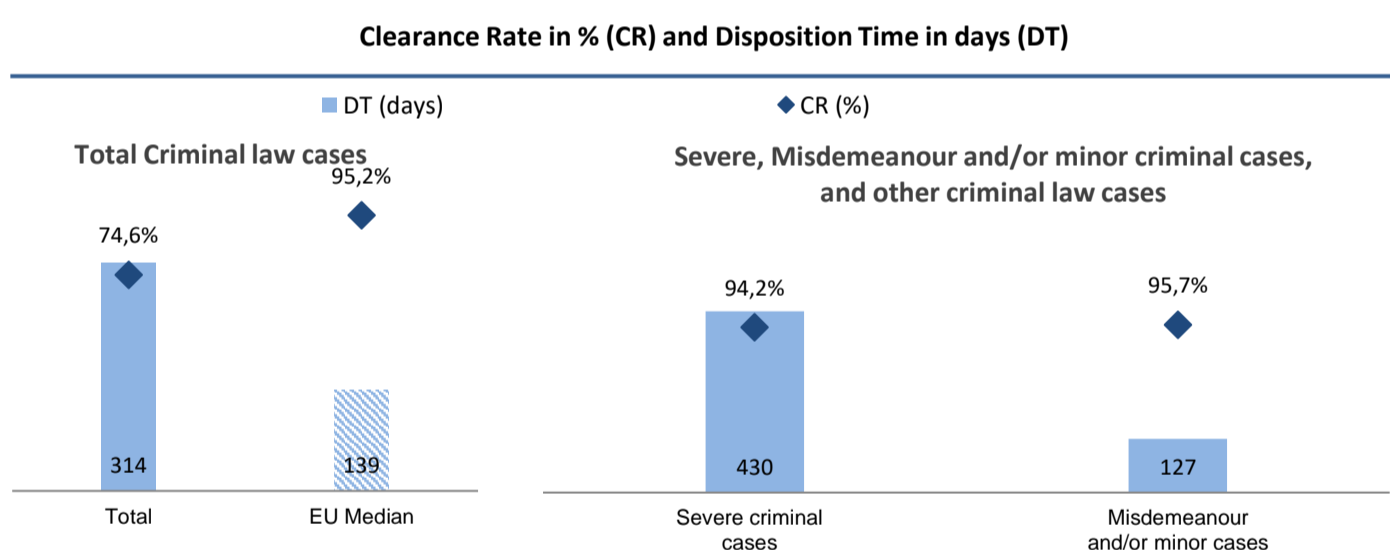
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Spain (1,32 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Spain (0,98 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Spain (0,85 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	74,6%	314
Severe criminal cases	94,2%	430
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	95,7%	127
Other cases	NAP	NAP



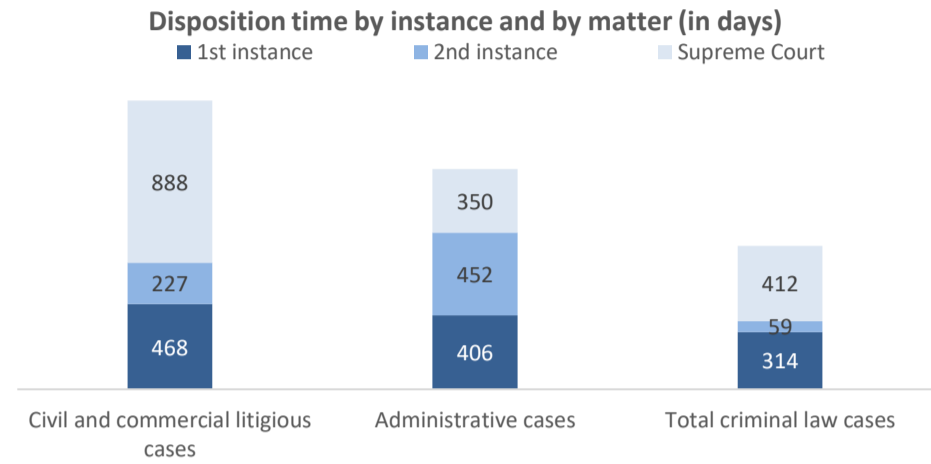
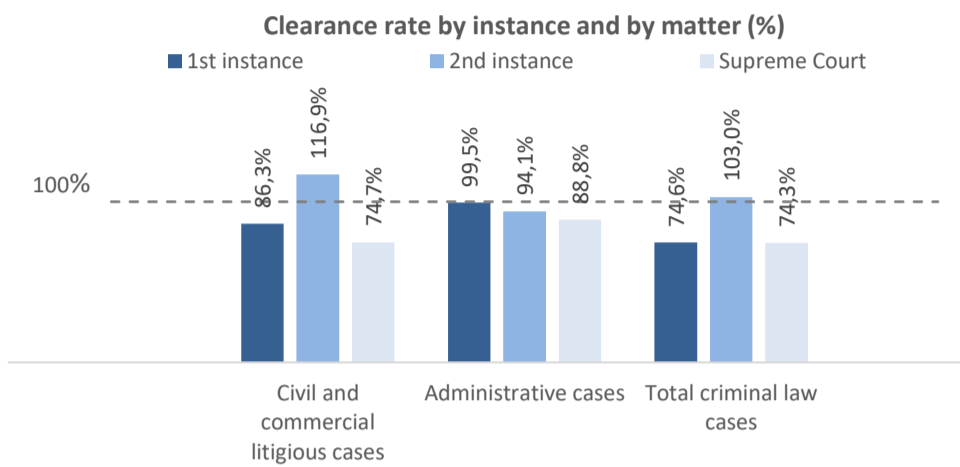
With the Clearance Rate calculated at 74,6% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Spain seems to face difficulties in dealing with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 314 days, which is well above EU median of 139 days.

It should be noted that pandemic, and the restrictions it entailed, have possibly had an impact on the decrease of the number of resolved cases.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	86,3%	116,9%	74,7%	468	227	888
Administrative cases	99,5%	94,1%	88,8%	406	452	350
Total criminal law cases	74,6%	103,0%	74,3%	314	59	412



Regarding Civil and commercial litigious cases, it should be noted that first instance courts and Supreme Court face difficulties in dealing with this category of cases as CR shows low values (86,3% and 74,7% respectively). This might further increase the number of pending cases that is already high and affect DT levels which are currently 2 times higher than EU median in the 1st instance courts and around 4 times higher than EU median in the Supreme court. The second instance courts seemed to achieve better results in 2020, with clearance rate above 100% threshold (116,9%) which had an impact on the reduction of pending cases at the end of the year and more favourable DT that was on the level of around 1,3 EU median values.

Identical trends can be observed for criminal cases where CR is very low and DT high in the first and third instances. The situation in the third instance can be partly explained with broadening the scope of the cassation appeals that reach the Supreme Court which caused a gradual increase in the number of cases (already in 2018 the final pending cases were higher than the initial number, followed by increase in incoming cases in 2019; all this resulted in significant increase in the number of pending cases at the end of 2020). At the same time, the second instance achieved very good results with CR of 103% and very low DT of 59 days (compared to EU median of 101 days).

The administrative cases showed more stable levels of CR and DT. Although CR was lower than 100% in all three instances, only third instance had a CR level under 90% (precisely 88,8%). Partly, this could be explained by the dynamics of work over the last two years in the Supreme Court Administrative Room, as judgements based on the unified doctrine related to the tax on the retail sales of certain hydrocarbons facilitated the resolution of cases in previous years and partly caused the good clearance rate in 2019. However, considering that there were fewer of these cases in 2020, the number of resolved cases decreased. Regarding levels of DT, it can be observed that they were stable and close to EU medians (1,05 EU median values in the first instance and around 1,25 EU medians in the 2nd instance and the Supreme Court).

5. Public prosecution services in Spain

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

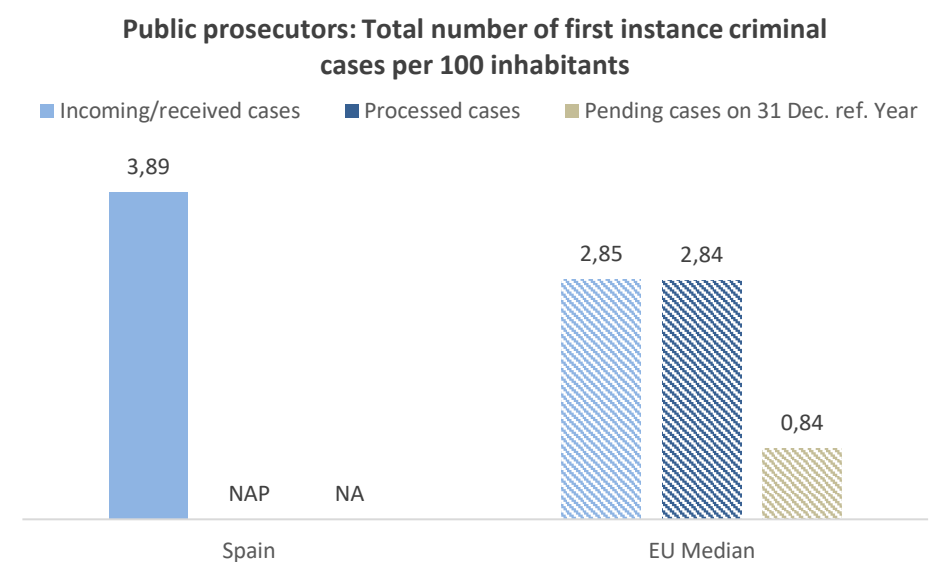
In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Spain has the following 10 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✓	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✓
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✓	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✗
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

The public prosecutor also has a role in civil, administrative and insolvency cases.

• Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA
2. Incoming/received cases	1 840 128	3,89
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	NAP	NAP
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	NA	NA
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NAP	NAP
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NA	NA
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP
3.4. Cases brought to court	NA	NA
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA

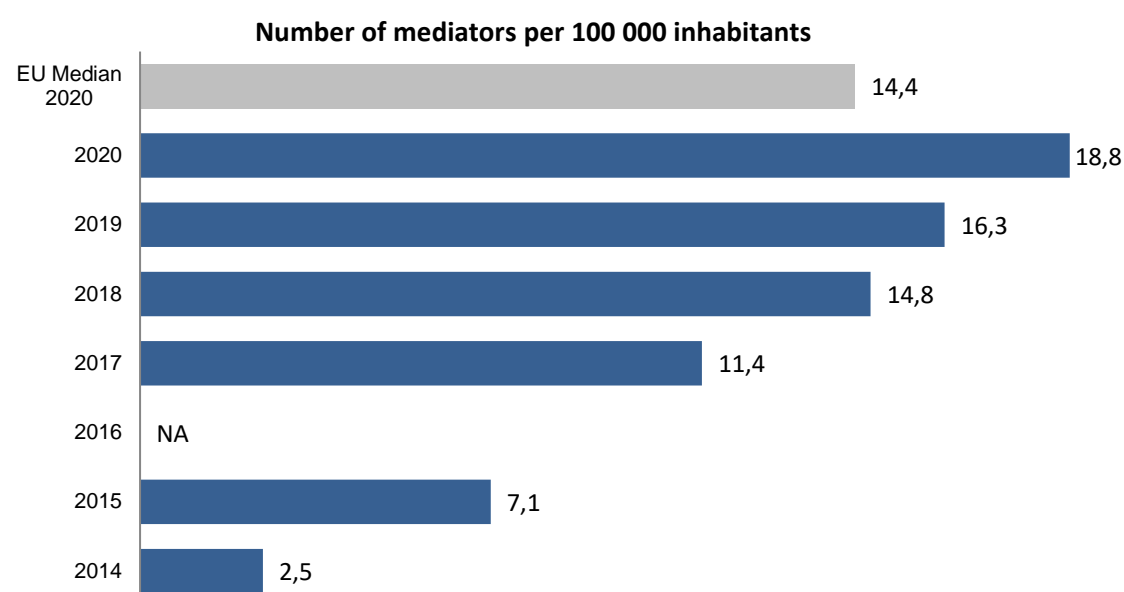


Regarding data on the number of public prosecutors' cases, there are some specificities that have to be taken into account. In Spain, the general rule is that the Prosecutor is a party in the criminal cases, but the Prosecutor does not process (with exclusive competence) the criminal cases. The investigation Judge (Juez de Instrucción) does that. Data provided above try to adapt the information from the Annual Report of the State Attorney General's Office to the criteria set by CEPEJ, by offering the data of cases received by the Prosecution Service in 2020, according to the classification of procedures of the Spanish procedural legislation (diligencias previas, diligencias urgentes, procedimiento por delitos leves, sumarios y procedimientos del jurado). In addition to that, there are other two kinds of actions for which the Prosecution have exclusive competence: Investigation of criminal responsibility of minors, and preliminary diligences of Article 773.2 of the Criminal Procedural Act.

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Spain

Number of mediators

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	NA	NA
2013	-	-
2014	1151	2,5
2015	3289	7,1
2016	NA	NA
2017	5302	11,4
2018	6939	14,8
2019	7710	16,3
2020	8896	18,8



In 2020, there are 8 896 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 18,8 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2019 and 2020 is about 15,4%.

It should be noted that figure provided represents the number of mediators (natural and legal persons) registered in the Registry of Mediators. This Registry is not compulsory, so the number of persons that act as mediators may be higher.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total of all cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	764	420	64
Family cases	2737	1617	292
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	2134	2910	1102
Criminal cases	2485	1700	781
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

Given the severe restrictions between March and May of 2020, the pandemic is a possible explanation of the decreased number of court-related mediation proceedings in respect of all legal matters.

7. ICT tools of courts in Spain

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	7,6	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,3	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	4,9	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	1,0	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	4,0	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	9,2	6,9

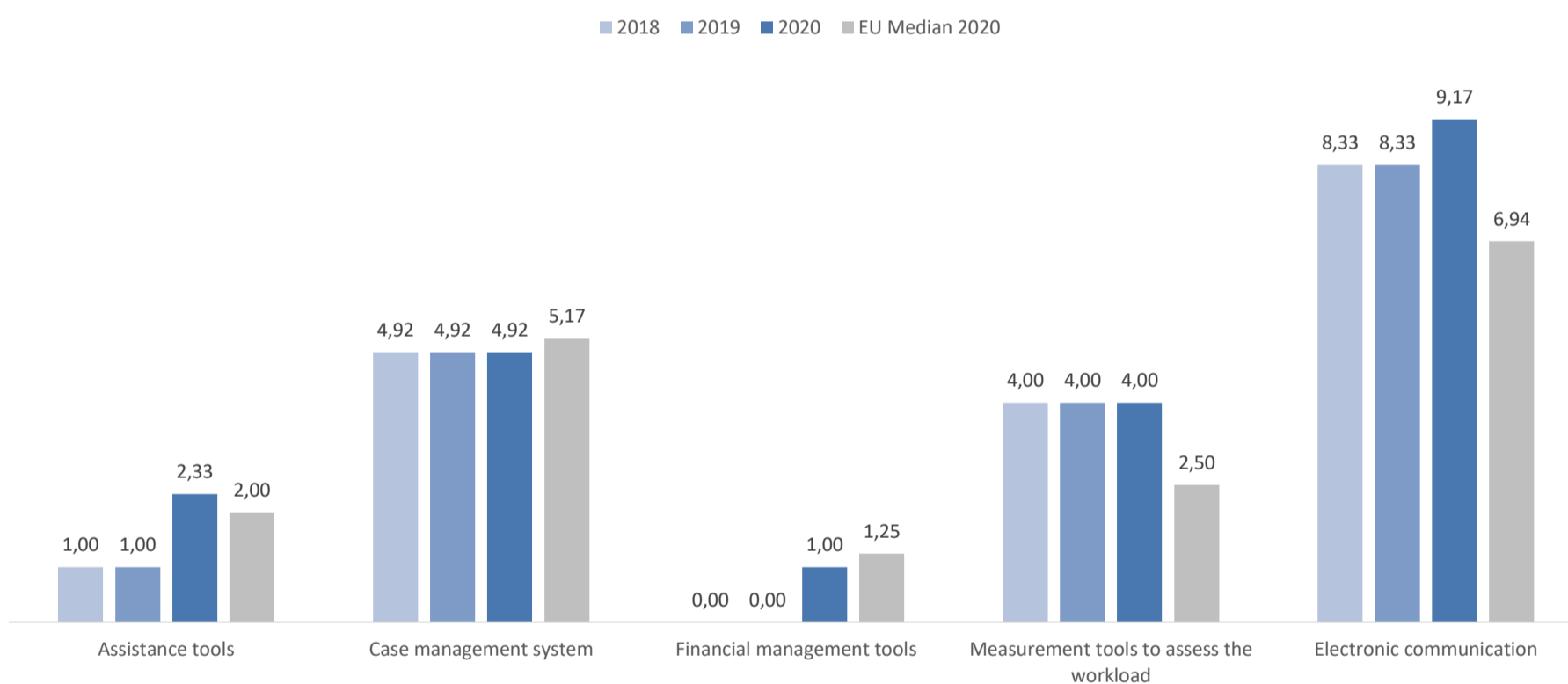
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Spain

In Spain, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

The category "Other" encompasses: number of enforcement procedures, number of decisions appealed, number of rogatory letters issued, received and resolved, aid between courts, pending writings, form of termination of trials, etc.

In Spain, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The statistic report that the Court sends every three months to the Inspection Service, and the reports and studies that the General Council for the Judiciary carry out with the information provided, serve to measure and control the burden of work of the Judges, Letrados de la Administración de Justicia, and Courts in general.

On the other hand, the "Citizens' bill of rights before the law" is the document approved by the Parliament at 2002 that includes the list of rights of the citizen in their relation with the administration of justice, and the principles and good practices that must guide the service of the Justice to the citizens. It sets the principles of transparency, appropriate attention and information, gives special care and attention to the citizens who are most vulnerable (victims of crime, gender violence, minors, and other). The document is compulsory for all the professionals involved in Justice. According to this Bill of rights, the Parliament, through the Committee for Justice, will carry out a follow-up monitoring and continuous evaluation of the evolution of, and compliance with this Bill. The annual report submitted by the Council for the Judiciary to the Parliament will include a specific and sufficiently detailed reference to the claims, complaints, and suggestions made by citizens about the running of the Administration of Justice.

In addition to that, during the beginning of the implementation of the judicial offices (2010), a map of procedures and a quality management system with own indicators for this kind of offices were implemented. The model has been under review and is expected to be reviewed on the basis of electronic processing.

Finally, the hierarchical structure of the Letrados de la Administración de Justicia allow the Ministry of Justice control and ensure the compliance of standards and parameters of quality fixed, and achieve the new objectives fixed for the implementation of new measures (such the digitalization of Justice or the implementation of electronic tools right now).

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Spain, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions												
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020				
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																						
Q1 Number of inhabitants	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	47 344 649	2,9%	-	-	0,0%	0,2%	0,4%	0,7%	0,9%	-0,2%				
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	22 300	-	22 800	23 300	23 985	24 919	25 703	26 255	23 692	6,2%	-	-	2,2%	2,9%	3,9%	3,1%	2,1%	-9,8%				
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	-	Yes	No	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	-	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	-	Yes	No	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	False	False	False
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	True	True
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True
078.1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True											
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True											
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True											
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True											
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									False											
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True											
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False											
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False											
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False											
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False											
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False											
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True											
078-1.1.13 Other									False											
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True											
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False											
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False											
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True											
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True											
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources								True	True	True										
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)								True	True	True										
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency								True	True	True										
073-2.1.4 Other								False	False	False										
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance										True										

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
073-4.1.1 Annual									False									
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False									
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True									
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True									
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True									
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True									
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True									
073-6.1.4 Other									False									
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True								
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True								
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True								
070.1.4 number of pending cases								True	True	True								
070.1.5 backlogs								False	False	False								
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff								True	True	True								
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff								False	False	False								
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)								False	False	False								
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures								False	False	False								
070.1.10 number of appeals								True	True	True								
070.1.11 appeal ratio								True	True	True								
070.1.12 clearance rate								True	True	True								

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True										
070-1.1.13 Other									True										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True										
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True										
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True										
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True										
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True										
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True										
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False										
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									True										
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False										
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False										
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False										

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual																			
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent																			
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent																			
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 128	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 540	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	2 349	-	2 224	2 224	2 223	2 282	2 269	2 317	2 298	-2,2%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	2,7%	-0,6%	2,1%	-0,8%	
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	239	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 588	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	1 459	-	1 443	1 432	1 434	1 451	1 465	1 493	1 531	4,9%	-	-	-0,8%	0,1%	1,2%	1,0%	1,9%	2,5%	
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	65	-	64	64	64	68	70	74	91	40,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	6,3%	2,9%	5,7%	23,0%	
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
43.1.4 Labour courts	345	-	345	345	345	354	354	365	376	9,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	2,6%	0,0%	3,1%	3,0%	
43.1.5 Family courts	103	-	105	109	104	104	127	126	132	28,2%	-	-	3,8%	-4,6%	0,0%	22,1%	-0,8%	4,8%	
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	17	-	16	17	18	18	17	17	17	0,0%	-	-	6,3%	5,9%	0,0%	-5,6%	0,0%	0,0%	
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NA	-	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
43.1.10 Administrative courts	241	-	241	241	241	241	241	241	241	0,0%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	688	-	665	649	655	659	656	663	585	-15,0%	-	-	-2,4%	0,9%	0,6%	-0,5%	1,1%	-11,8%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	617	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	763	-	763	763	763	698	701	702	695	-8,9%	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	-8,5%	0,4%	0,1%	-1,0%

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	1 470 400	1 445 180	1 382 963	1 281 288	1 426 264	1 615 361	1 769 954	-	-	-	-1,7%	-4,3%	-7,4%	11,3%	13,3%	9,6%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 299 099	-	836 967	857 047	840 840	795 775	942 844	1 105 539	1 175 930	-9,5%	-	-	2,4%	-1,9%	-5,4%	18,5%	17,3%	6,4%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	407 160	384 727	365 705	328 098	331 391	354 118	423 548	-	-	-	-5,5%	-4,9%	-10,3%	1,0%	6,9%	19,6%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	59 995	-	407 160	384 727	365 705	328 098	331 391	354 118	423 548	606,0%	-	-	-5,5%	-4,9%	-10,3%	1,0%	6,9%	19,6%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	335 512	-	226 273	203 406	176 418	157 415	152 029	155 704	170 476	-49,2%	-	-	-10,1%	-13,3%	-10,8%	-3,4%	2,4%	9,5%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	2 154 560	2 230 166	1 972 326	2 144 395	2 324 441	2 514 806	2 332 870	-	-	-	3,5%	-11,6%	8,7%	8,4%	8,2%	-7,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 761 051	-	1 004 976	1 085 451	999 383	1 186 759	1 284 086	1 292 934	1 206 721	-31,5%	-	-	8,0%	-7,9%	18,7%	8,2%	0,7%	-6,7%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	966 903	973 915	808 117	792 497	868 023	1 022 349	971 172	-	-	-	0,7%	-17,0%	-1,9%	9,5%	17,8%	-5,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	183 225	-	966 903	973 915	808 117	792 497	868 023	1 022 349	971 172	430,0%	-	-	0,7%	-17,0%	-1,9%	9,5%	17,8%	-5,0%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	196 995	-	182 681	170 800	164 826	165 139	172 332	199 523	154 977	-21,3%	-	-	-6,5%	-3,5%	0,2%	4,4%	15,8%	-22,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	2 178 205	2 222 912	2 062 884	2 011 650	2 132 393	2 354 827	2 095 258	-	-	-	2,1%	-7,2%	-2,5%	6,0%	10,4%	-11,0%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 754 816	-	984 896	1 028 225	1 030 805	1 042 698	1 113 252	1 215 252	1 040 838	-40,7%	-	-	4,4%	0,3%	1,2%	6,8%	9,2%	-14,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	987 761	994 312	848 098	796 432	847 428	955 535	900 234	-	-	-	0,7%	-14,7%	-6,1%	6,4%	12,8%	-5,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	184 107	-	987 761	994 312	848 098	796 432	847 428	955 535	900 234	389,0%	-	-	0,7%	-14,7%	-6,1%	6,4%	12,8%	-5,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	243 718	-	205 548	200 375	183 981	172 520	171 713	184 040	154 186	-36,7%	-	-	-2,5%	-8,2%	-6,2%	-0,5%	7,2%	-16,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	1 446 755	1 452 434	1 284 483	1 421 091	1 613 295	1 769 599	2 002 069	-	-	-	0,4%	-11,6%	10,6%	13,5%	9,7%	13,1%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 270 383	-	857 047	914 273	795 722	941 138	1 103 465	1 175 900	1 333 257	4,9%	-	-	6,7%	-13,0%	18,3%	17,2%	6,6%	13,4%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	384 727	364 330	331 285	327 930	354 118	423 223	497 263	-	-	-	-5,3%	-9,1%	-1,0%	8,0%	19,5%	17,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	57 993	-	384 727	364 330	331 285	327 930	354 118	423 223	497 263	757,5%	-	-	-5,3%	-9,1%	-1,0%	8,0%	19,5%	17,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	285 005	-	203 406	173 831	157 476	152 023	155 712	170 476	171 549	-39,8%	-	-	-14,5%	-9,4%	-3,5%	2,4%	9,5%	0,6%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	101,1%	99,7%	104,6%	93,8%	91,7%	93,6%	89,8%	-	-	-	(1,41)	4,93	(10,31)	(2,21)	2,07	(4,08)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,6%	-	98,0%	94,7%	103,1%	87,9%	86,7%	94,0%	86,3%	(13,44)	-	-	(3,34)	8,88	(14,82)	(1,33)	8,42	(8,23)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,2%	102,1%	104,9%	100,5%	97,6%	93,5%	92,7%	-	-	-	(0,06)	2,79	(4,24)	(2,85)	(4,26)	(0,82)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,5%	-	102,2%	102,1%	104,9%	100,5%	97,6%	93,5%	92,7%	(7,75)	-	-	(0,06)	2,79	(4,24)	(2,85)	(4,26)	(0,82)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	123,7%	-	112,5%	117,3%	111,6%	104,5%	99,6%	92,2%	99,5%	(19,58)	-	-	4,26	(4,85)	(6,41)	(4,62)	(7,43)	7,86
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	242	238	227	258	276	274	349	-	-	-	-1,6%	-4,7%	13,5%	7,1%	-0,7%	27,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	264	-	318	325	282	329	362	353	468	76,9%	-	-	2,2%	-13,2%	16,9%	9,8%	-2,4%	32,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	142	134	143	150	153	162	202	-	-	-	-5,9%	6,6%	5,4%	1,5%	6,0%	24,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	115	-	142	134	143	150	153	162	202	75,4%	-	-	-5,9%	6,6%	5,4%	1,5%	6,0%	24,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	427	-	361	317	312	322	331	338	406	-4,9%	-	-	-12,3%	-1,3%	3,0%	2,9%	2,1%	20,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	37 586	-	36 349	39 093	37 354	37 148	36 185	35 116	34 092	-9,3%	-	-	7,5%	-4,4%	-0,6%	-2,6%	-3,0%	-2,9%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	38 417	-	78 832	78 820	55 514	48 738	51 797	54 258	62 273	62,1%	-	-	0,0%	-29,6%	-12,2%	6,3%	4,8%	14,8%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	20 306	-	30 530	32 356	30 928	30 335	30 239	31 123	32 530	60,2%	-	-	6,0%	-4,4%	-1,9%	-0,3%	2,9%	4,5%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	49 330	-	50 604	49 941	46 830	45 019	44 433	42 826	36 090	-26,8%	-	-	-1,3%	-6,2%	-3,9%	-1,3%	-3,6%	-15,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	147 404	-	118 213	104 457	94 877	104 824	107 294	120 049	129 287	-12,3%	-	-	-11,6%	-9,2%	10,5%	2,4%	11,9%	7,7%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	10 290	-	8 132	6 288	7 040	7 594	9 115	12 031	13 741	33,5%	-	-	-22,7%	12,0%	7,9%	20,0%	32,0%	14,2%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	47 572	-	47 860	48 799	45 469	45 188	43 893	42 281	33 185	-30,2%	-	-	2,0%	-6,8%	-0,6%	-2,9%	-3,7%	-21,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	108 570	-	118 225	110 098	101 480	97 673	101 243	108 715	106 654	-1,8%	-	-	-6,9%	-7,8%	-3,8%	3,7%	7,4%	-1,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	4 763	-	6 306	7 155	7 709	7 874	8 728	10 364	10 843	127,7%	-	-	13,5%	7,7%	2,1%	10,8%	18,7%	4,6%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	37 472	-	39 093	40 235	37 148	36 189	35 116	34 092	35 731	-4,6%	-	-	2,9%	-7,7%	-2,6%	-3,0%	-2,9%	4,8%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	64 705	-	78 820	55 514	48 738	51 798	54 274	62 273	82 573	27,6%	-	-	-29,6%	-12,2%	6,3%	4,8%	14,7%	32,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	25 647	-	32 356	31 489	30 335	30 241	31 123	32 530	35 275	37,5%	-	-	-2,7%	-3,7%	-0,3%	2,9%	4,5%	8,4%

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	96,4%	-	94,6%	97,7%	97,1%	100,4%	98,8%	98,7%	92,0%	(4,65)	-	-	3,32	(0,63)	3,38	(1,58)	(0,06)	(6,86)
CR Employment dismissal cases	73,7%	-	100,0%	105,4%	107,0%	93,2%	94,4%	90,6%	82,5%	12,00	-	-	5,39	1,48	(12,88)	1,27	(4,03)	(8,91)
CR Insolvency cases	46,3%	-	77,5%	113,8%	109,5%	103,7%	95,8%	86,1%	78,9%	70,48	-	-	46,74	(3,77)	(5,31)	(7,65)	(10,04)	(8,40)
DT Litigious divorce cases	288	-	298	301	298	292	292	294	393	36,7%	-	-	0,9%	-0,9%	-2,0%	-0,1%	0,8%	33,5%
DT Employment dismissal cases	218	-	243	184	175	194	196	209	283	29,9%	-	-	-24,4%	-4,8%	10,4%	1,1%	6,9%	35,2%
DT Insolvency cases	1 965	-	1 873	1 606	1 436	1 402	1 302	1 146	1 187	-39,6%	-	-	-14,2%	-10,6%	-2,4%	-7,2%	-12,0%	3,6%

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			97 468	88 370	95 062	98 745	112 064	139 348	164 383	-	-	-	-9,3%	7,6%	3,9%	13,5%	24,3%	18,0%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			74 481	67 444	73 802	77 538	90 748	116 091	129 949	-	-	-	-9,4%	9,4%	5,1%	17,0%	27,9%	11,9%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			22 987	20 926	21 260	21 207	21 316	23 257	34 434	-	-	-	-9,0%	1,6%	-0,2%	0,5%	9,1%	48,1%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			152 002	169 070	184 339	190 486	206 672	224 499	177 404	-	-	-	11,2%	9,0%	3,3%	8,5%	8,6%	-21,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			131 025	145 418	160 153	166 301	180 721	182 864	146 275	-	-	-	11,0%	10,1%	3,8%	8,7%	1,2%	-20,0%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			20 977	23 652	24 186	24 185	25 951	41 635	31 129	-	-	-	12,8%	2,3%	0,0%	7,3%	60,4%	-25,2%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			161 100	162 788	180 825	177 026	180 327	200 117	200 281	-	-	-	1,0%	11,1%	-2,1%	1,9%	11,0%	0,1%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			138 062	139 070	156 564	153 395	156 399	170 065	170 993	-	-	-	0,7%	12,6%	-2,0%	2,0%	8,7%	0,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			23 038	23 718	24 261	23 631	23 928	30 052	29 288	-	-	-	3,0%	2,3%	-2,6%	1,3%	25,6%	-2,5%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			88 370	94 652	98 712	112 064	139 340	164 341	142 509	-	-	-	7,1%	4,3%	13,5%	24,3%	17,9%	-13,3%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			67 444	73 792	77 538	90 748	116 096	129 907	106 207	-	-	-	9,4%	5,1%	17,0%	27,9%	11,9%	-18,2%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			20 926	20 860	21 174	21 316	23 244	34 434	36 302	-	-	-	-0,3%	1,5%	0,7%	9,0%	48,1%	5,4%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			106,0%	96,3%	98,1%	92,9%	87,3%	89,1%	112,9%	-	-	-	(9,15)	1,88	(5,26)	(6,11)	2,16	26,65
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			105,4%	95,6%	97,8%	92,2%	86,5%	93,0%	116,9%	-	-	-	(9,24)	2,22	(5,65)	(6,18)	7,46	25,70
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			109,8%	100,3%	100,3%	97,7%	92,2%	72,2%	94,1%	-	-	-	(8,69)	0,03	(2,59)	(5,63)	(21,72)	30,35
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			200	212	199	231	282	300	260	-	-	-	6,0%	-6,1%	16,0%	22,1%	6,3%	-13,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			178	194	181	216	271	279	227	-	-	-	8,6%	-6,7%	19,5%	25,5%	2,9%	-18,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			332	321	319	329	355	418	452	-	-	-	-3,2%	-0,8%	3,4%	7,7%	18,0%	8,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			13 671	16 127	21 022	25 609	27 712	26 113	26 346	-	-	-	18,0%	30,4%	21,8%	8,2%	-5,8%	0,9%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			7 125	9 140	10 732	12 484	14 809	17 084	19 700	-	-	-	28,3%	17,4%	16,3%	18,6%	15,4%	15,3%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			6 546	6 987	10 290	13 125	12 903	9 029	6 646	-	-	-	6,7%	47,3%	27,6%	-1,7%	-30,0%	-26,4%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			14 749	18 092	19 956	20 176	22 487	22 997	22 013	-	-	-	22,7%	10,3%	1,1%	11,5%	2,3%	-4,3%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			8 742	9 289	10 649	11 271	12 532	13 171	12 585	-	-	-	6,3%	14,6%	5,8%	11,2%	5,1%	-4,4%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			6 007	8 803	9 307	8 905	9 955	9 826	9 428	-	-	-	46,5%	5,7%	-4,3%	11,8%	-1,3%	-4,1%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			12 293	13 121	14 502	18 086	24 417	22 910	17 777	-	-	-	6,7%	10,5%	24,7%	35,0%	-6,2%	-22,4%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			6 727	7 234	8 893	8 946	10 257	10 555	9 405	-	-	-	7,5%	22,9%	0,6%	14,7%	2,9%	-10,9%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			5 566	5 887	5 609	9 140	14 160	12 355	8 372	-	-	-	5,8%	-4,7%	63,0%	54,9%	-12,7%	-32,2%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			16 127	20 635	25 613	27 712	26 113	26 346	30 903	-	-	-	28,0%	24,1%	8,2%	-5,8%	0,9%	17,3%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			9 140	10 732	12 488	14 809	17 084	19 700	22 880	-	-	-	17,4%	16,4%	18,6%	15,4%	15,3%	16,1%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			6 987	9 903	13 125	12 903	9 029	6 646	8 023	-	-	-	41,7%	32,5%	-1,7%	-30,0%	-26,4%	20,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			83,3%	72,5%	72,7%	89,6%	108,6%	99,6%	80,8%	-	-	-	(12,99)	0,20	23,35	21,13	(8,25)	(18,94)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			77,0%	77,9%	83,5%	79,4%	81,8%	80,1%	74,7%	-	-	-	1,20	7,23	(4,96)	3,12	(2,09)	(6,75)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			92,7%	66,9%	60,3%	102,6%	142,2%	125,7%	88,8%	-	-	-	(27,83)	(9,88)	70,31	38,58	(11,60)	(29,38)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			479	574	645	559	390	420	635	-	-	-	19,9%	12,3%	-13,2%	-30,2%	7,5%	51,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			496	541	513	604	608	681	888	-	-	-	9,2%	-5,3%	17,9%	0,6%	12,1%	30,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			458	614	854	515	233	196	350	-	-	-	34,0%	39,1%	-39,7%	-54,8%	-15,6%	78,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									358 146	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									253 301	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									104 845	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.1 Total -incoming									623 828	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									248 714	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									375 114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									465 430	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									234 348	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									358 956	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									400 834	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									276 013	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									124 821	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									74,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									94,2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									95,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									314	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									430	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									8 778	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									6 281	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									2 497	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									44 098	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									30 772	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									13 326	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									45 415	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									31 733	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									13 682	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									7 327	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									5 196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									2 131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																			
CR of Total									103,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									103,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									102,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									4 373	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.1 Total -incoming									7 506	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.1 Total - resolved									5 577	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									6 302	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									74,3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Total									412	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Other									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 5: Access to justice																			
Legal aid																			
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																			
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										False									
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True									
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True									
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	NAP									
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True									
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True									
020.1.1 Total										1 599 883									
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										1 103 860									
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										496 023									
020.2.1 Total brought to court										NA									
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA									
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA									
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										NA									
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										30									
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA									

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
System for compensating users																			
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																			
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										605									
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										NA									
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										NA									
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										NA									
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										NA									
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NA									
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										29									
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										1									
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										NA									
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										NA									
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										NA									
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										28									
037.3.1 Amount - Total										569 858 €									
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										NA									
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										NA									
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										NA									
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										NA									
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NA									

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-8 Voice recording tools							False	False	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter									in some courts / some pilot phases										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter									in some courts / some pilot phases										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter									in some courts / some pilot phases										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter									in some courts / some pilot phases										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter									in some courts / some pilot phases										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter									in some courts / some pilot phases										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							FALSE	FALSE	Yes										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							FALSE	FALSE	Yes										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							FALSE	FALSE	Yes										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties	Accessible to parties										

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	False	False	False									
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA									
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	True	True	True									
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	False	True	True									
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%									
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	False									
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True									
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	True									
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	True									
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	True									

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							100%	100%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	True										

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							True	True	True											
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate							100%	100%	100%											
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	False	False											
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							True	True	True											
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	False	True											
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	False	False											
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							True	True	True											
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True											
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False											
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	False	False											
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%											

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%									
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%									
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%									
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							Specific application	Specific application	Specific application									
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							True	True	True									
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							False	False	False									

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	5 155	-	5 353	5 367	5 367	5 377	5 419	5 341	5 320	3,2%	-	-	0,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,8%	-1,4%	-0,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	3 647	-	3 855	3 781	3 786	3 719	3 824	3 764	3 752	2,9%	-	-	-1,9%	0,1%	-1,8%	2,8%	-1,6%	-0,3%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 431	-	1 416	1 505	1 496	1 576	1 515	1 502	1 495	4,5%	-	-	6,3%	-0,6%	5,3%	-3,9%	-0,9%	-0,5%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	77	-	82	81	85	82	80	75	73	-5,2%	-	-	-1,2%	4,9%	-3,5%	-2,4%	-6,3%	-2,7%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	2 565	-	2 572	2 555	2 540	2 519	2 496	2 439	2 402	-6,4%	-	-	-0,7%	-0,6%	-0,8%	-0,9%	-2,3%	-1,5%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	1 533	-	1 574	1 520	1 525	1 452	1 498	1 454	1 434	-6,5%	-	-	-3,4%	0,3%	-4,8%	3,2%	-2,9%	-1,4%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	964	-	927	965	940	996	933	924	911	-5,5%	-	-	4,1%	-2,6%	6,0%	-6,3%	-1,0%	-1,4%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	68	-	71	70	75	71	65	61	57	-16,2%	-	-	-1,4%	7,1%	-5,3%	-8,5%	-6,2%	-6,6%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	2 590	-	2 781	2 812	2 827	2 858	2 923	2 902	2 918	12,7%	-	-	1,1%	0,5%	1,1%	2,3%	-0,7%	0,6%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	2 114	-	2 281	2 261	2 261	2 267	2 326	2 310	2 318	9,6%	-	-	-0,9%	0,0%	0,3%	2,6%	-0,7%	0,3%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	467	-	489	540	556	580	582	578	584	25,1%	-	-	10,4%	3,0%	4,3%	0,3%	-0,7%	1,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	9	-	11	11	10	11	15	14	16	77,8%	-	-	0,0%	-9,1%	10,0%	36,4%	-6,7%	14,3%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 752	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 495	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 379	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	406	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 613	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	457	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	572	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	241	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	298	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 756	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 407	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	334	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	44 748	-	48 563	49 746	49 186	46 871	47 645	47 816	48 620	8,7%	-	-	2,4%	-1,1%	-4,7%	1,7%	0,4%	1,7%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	3 559	-	3 667	3 710	4 379	4 283	4 289	4 260	4 331	21,7%	-	-	1,2%	18,0%	-2,2%	0,1%	-0,7%	1,7%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	-	44 896	46 036	44 807	42 588	43 356	43 556	44 289	-	-	-	2,5%	-2,7%	-5,0%	1,8%	0,5%	1,7%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	1 221	1 224	NA	1 412	1 375	1 355	1 336	-	-	-	0,2%	-	-	-2,6%	-1,5%	-1,4%	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	2 323	-	2 446	2 486	NA	2 871	2 914	2 905	2 995	28,9%	-	-	1,6%	-	-	1,5%	-0,3%	3,1%	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									48 620	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									43 776	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									4 380	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									464	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									2 544	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									884	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									1 660	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									2 280	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	22 849 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	51 946 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	130 654 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	51 946 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	130 654 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	36 881 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	81 006 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	36 881 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	81 006 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																		
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																		
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	131 337	-	135 016	149 818	142 061	144 212	143 205	143 398	143 790	9,5%	-	-	11,0%	-5,2%	1,5%	-0,7%	0,1%	0,3%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	80 364	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	63 325	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Spain (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																		
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																		
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	-	1 151	3 289	NA	5 302	6 939	7 710	8 896	-	-	-	185,8%	-	-	30,9%	11,1%	15,4%
167.1.1 Total number started					15 437	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					951	1 449	1 289	1 073	764	-	-	-	-	-	52,4%	-11,0%	-16,8%	-28,8%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					7 336	5 563	4 937	4 769	2 737	-	-	-	-	-	-24,2%	-11,3%	-3,4%	-42,6%
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					4 571	2 575	2 406	3 967	2 134	-	-	-	-	-	-43,7%	-6,6%	64,9%	-46,2%
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					2 579	3 121	2 935	2 865	2 485	-	-	-	-	-	21,0%	-6,0%	-2,4%	-13,3%
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

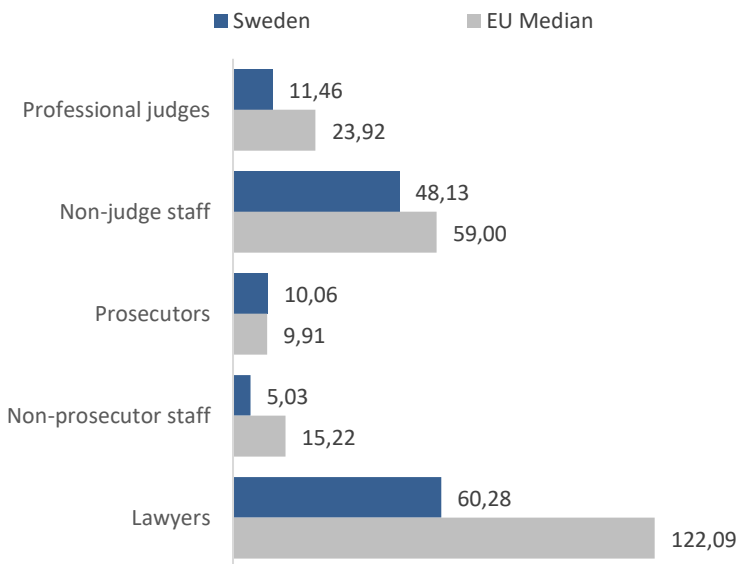
Judiciary at a glance in Sweden

General data

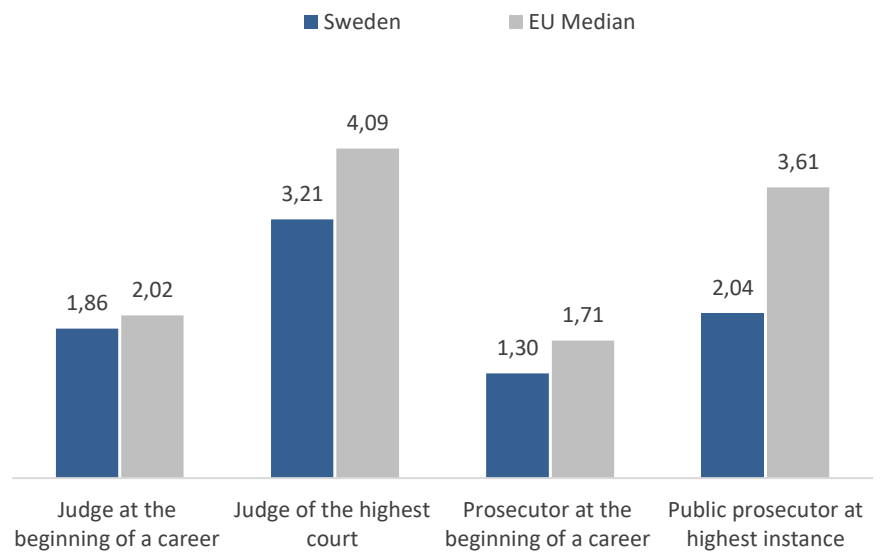
Population: 10 379 295 **GDP per capita:** 47 455 € **Average annual salary:** 43 092 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

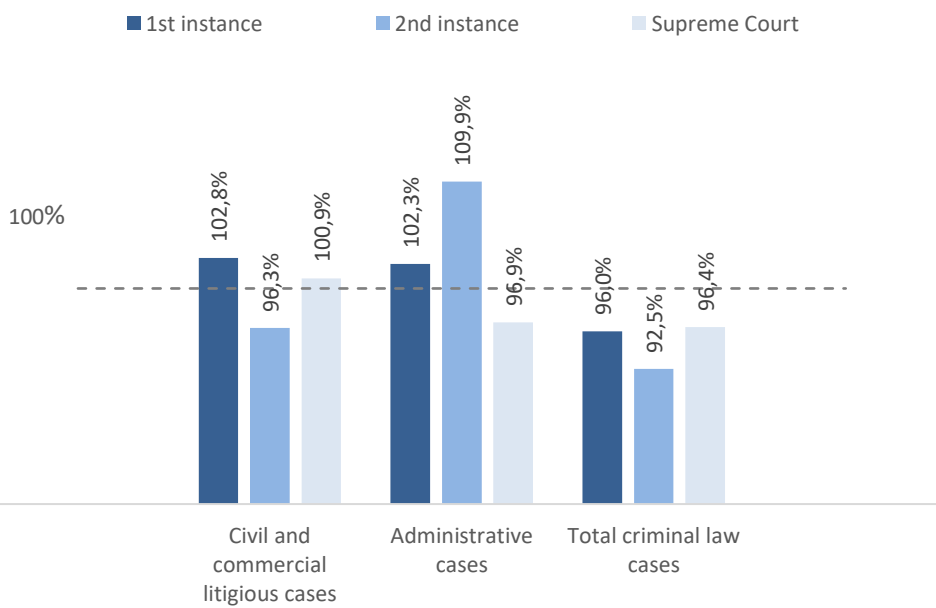


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in the country

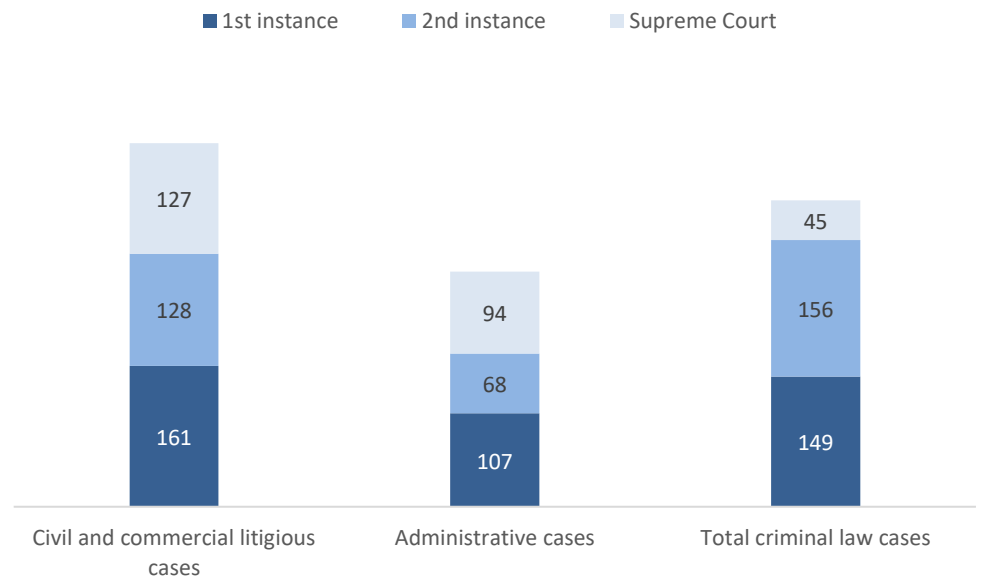


Efficiency

Clearance rate by instance and by matter (%)

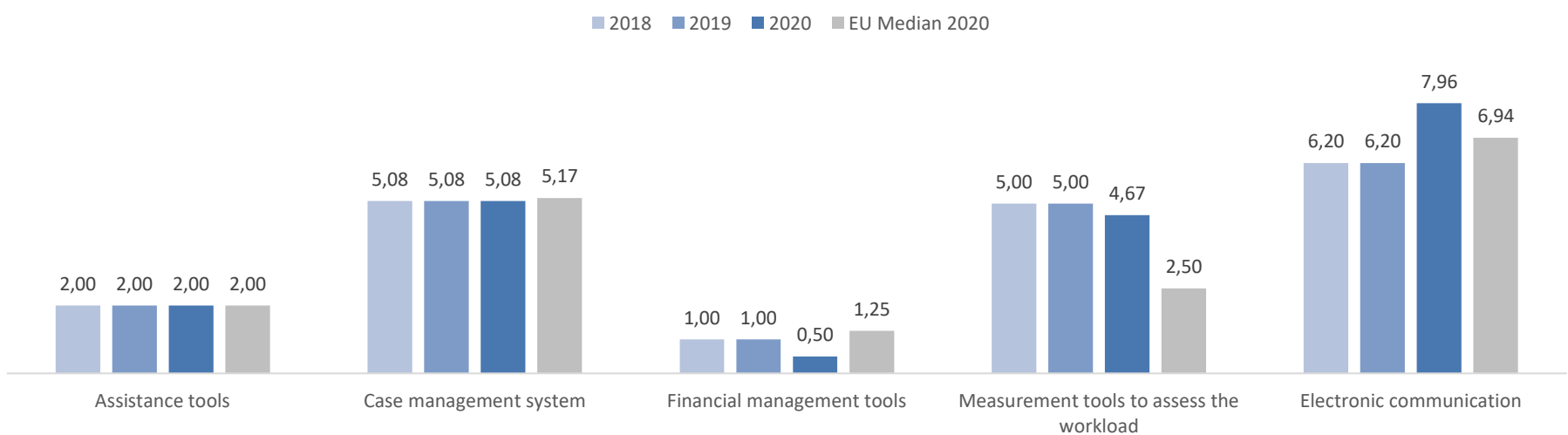


Disposition time by instance and by matter (in days)



Information and communication technology

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



*ICT calculations are described in more details in Annex 5 - IT Calculation methodology

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Sweden

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations					
										2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Population	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	10 379 295	8,6%	2,5%	2,4%	1,1%	1,0%	0,5%
GDP per capita	43 867	44 384	42 800	46 378	46 125	46 632	46 117	43 560	47 455	8,2%	7,8%	0,0%	-1,1%	-5,5%	8,9%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	11	10	17,3%	1,4%	6,7%	4,1%	9,4%	-9,9%
Average annual salary	41 733		39 948		41 168		40 706	37 955	43 092	3,3%	3,1%	-1,1%		-6,8%	13,5%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,8	11,7	11,8	11,8	11,8	11,8	11,9	11,5	11,6	-1,6%	0,0%	0,9%	0,4%	-3,6%	0,8%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	54,1	48,9	49,2	48,7	48,6	50,3	50,9	47,6	48,1	-11,1%	-1,2%	4,7%	1,3%	-6,4%	1,0%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	54,9	56,2	57,2	58,9	57,7	58,4	58,6	58,1	60,3	9,8%	0,9%	1,6%	0,4%	-0,9%	3,8%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
ICT overall assesment							6,9	6,9	7,2					0,0%	4,8%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,685	0,679	0,656	0,612	0,596	0,612	0,627	0,657	0,604	-11,8%	-9,1%	5,1%	2,4%	4,9%	-8,1%
Administrative law cases	1,086	1,1	1,1	1,034	1,440	1,616	1,635	1,715	1,848	70,2%	32,3%	13,5%	1,2%	4,9%	7,8%
Total criminal law cases									1,156						
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	99%	101%	104%	104%	99%	100%	97%	97%	103%	4,01	-4,69	-1,76	-2,23	-0,04	5,39
CR administrative law cases	105%	101%	103%	104%	94%	90%	97%	102%	102%	-2,52	-8,97	2,95	7,01	4,85	0,61
CR total criminal law cases									96%						
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	179	171	157	152	164	159	166	167	161	-9,9%	4,9%	1,1%	4,8%	0,3%	-3,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)	126	126	114	105	115	147	146	125	107	-15,7%	1,2%	26,5%	-1,1%	-14,2%	-14,7%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									149						
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,33	0,32	0,29	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,28	0,29	0,27	-17,3%	-8,9%	4,4%	4,9%	5,2%	-6,3%
Administrative law cases	0,39	0,38	0,35	0,31	0,43	0,59	0,63	0,60	0,55	40,1%	22,3%	48,1%	7,8%	-5,4%	-7,5%
Total criminal law cases									0,45						
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			106%	102%	103%	98%	102%	95%	96%		-3,18	-0,95	4,01	-6,53	0,92
CR administrative law cases			90%	97%	97%	114%	93%	97%	110%		7,58	-4,43	-21,81	4,21	13,01
CR total criminal law cases									93%						
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			106	107	100	109	96	117	128		-5,8%	-4,5%	-12,5%	22,0%	9,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)			178	188	148	63	96	106	68		-16,9%	-35,2%	51,4%	10,2%	-35,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									156						
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020 (percentage points)	2014-2016 (percentage points)	2016-2018 (percentage points)	2017-2018 (percentage points)	2018-2019 (percentage points)	2019-2020 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			99%	105%	106%	110%	96%	108%	101%		7,74	-10,72	-14,62	11,96	-6,66
CR administrative law cases			112%	101%	99%	95%	110%	101%	97%		-13,40	10,99	15,29	-8,71	-4,23
CR total criminal law cases									96%						
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2012-2020	2014-2016	2016-2018	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			159	139	112	98	117	96	127		-29,8%	4,6%	19,0%	-18,3%	32,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)			92	94	105	122	82	83	94		13,8%	-21,8%	-32,9%	1,2%	13,0%
DT total criminal law cases									45						

1. Judicial organisation in Sweden

In 2020 in Sweden, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 94. Namely, there are 55 courts of general jurisdiction and 39 specialised courts.

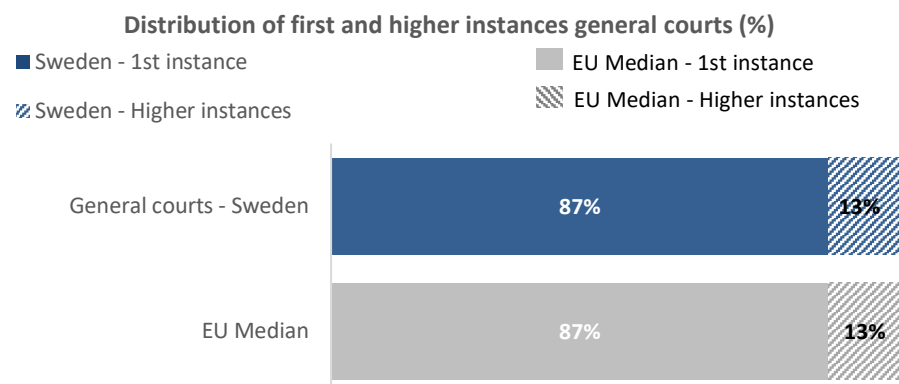
Among the 55 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 48 District courts act at first instance and deal with criminal and civil cases and various kinds of other matters such as adoption, administrators, bankruptcy and special representatives. They vary in size, from about ten to several hundred employees.

The 6 Courts of appeal act as second instance courts of general jurisdiction, while the Supreme Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction.

Among the 39 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 31 are of first instance, while 8 are higher instance specialised courts (infra).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 99 courts among which 84 are of first instance. In fact, the number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction is 48, but five of these also operate in another location in addition to the main location. Thus, the total of first instance courts as geographic locations is equal to 48+5+31 (first instance specialised courts) = 84.

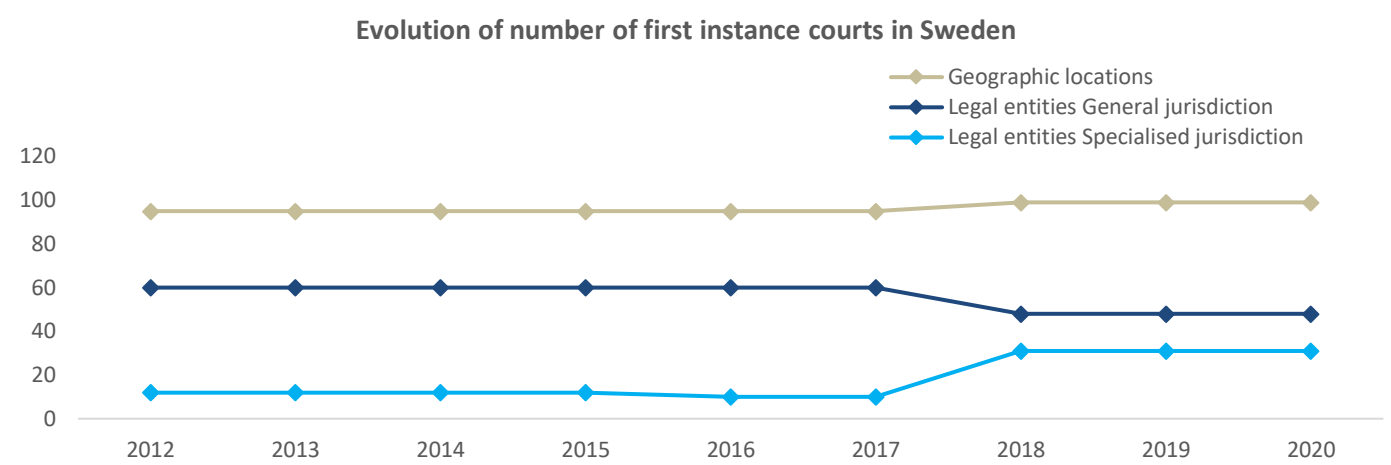
Distribution of general courts in Sweden



According to 2020 data, the distribution between 1st instance and higher instances courts of general jurisdiction in Sweden corresponds to the EU median of 87% - 13%.

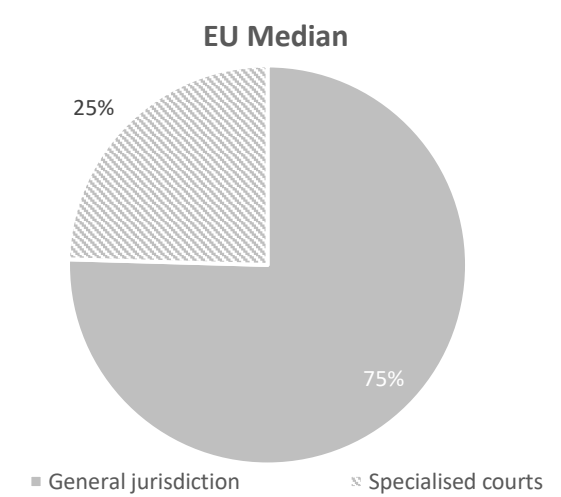
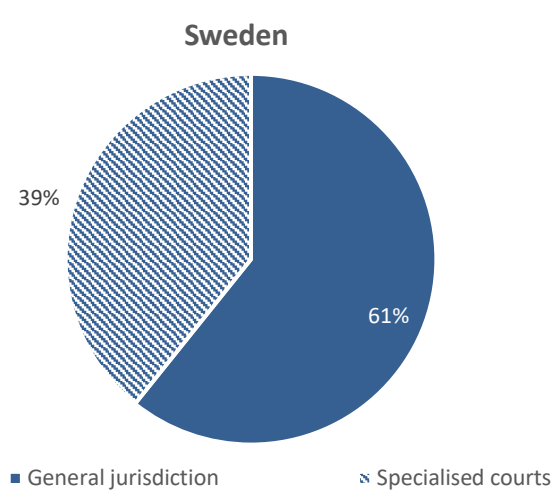
Evolution of number of first instance courts in Sweden

	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	95	60	12
2013	95	60	12
2014	95	60	12
2015	95	60	12
2016	95	60	10
2017	95	60	10
2018	99	48	31
2019	99	48	31
2020	99	48	31



It should be highlighted that the variations observed in 2018 stem from a change of the methodology of presentation of data and are not due to any reform or judicial reorganisation. More precisely, for the 2018-2020 evaluation cycle, the reply to Q42 has been adjusted to comply with the CEPEJ definitions. Namely, starting from 2018 the category of first instance courts of general jurisdiction encompasses solely the 48 District courts, while the 12 administrative courts are considered as specialised first instance courts.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between number of general jurisdiction courts and specialised courts of 60,8% - 39,2% is around the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 75,5% - 24,5%).

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	31	8
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	1	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	12	5
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised 1st instance courts	18	3

The 12 administrative courts are the courts of first instance that deal with cases involving disputes between individuals/companies and authorities. These courts settle more than 500 different types of cases. Common types of cases are tax cases, social insurance cases, cases under the Social Services Act and cases concerning compulsory care.

The Patent and Market Court deals with issues relating to market law and intellectual property. There is one first-instance Patent and Market Court. Its decisions can be appealed to the Patent and Market Court of Appeal.

Land and Environment courts process cases such as permits for water operations and environmentally hazardous operations, issues of health protection, nature conservation, refuse collection, polluted areas and hazardous waste, environmentally-related damages, and compensation issues, issues of building, demolition and land permits under the Planning and Building Act, site leaseholds, appeals in planning matters, land parcelling, utility easements and expropriation. There are five Land and Environment Courts, which are specialized courts at the District Courts in Nacka, Vänersborg, Växjö, Umeå and Östersund. The Land and Environment Courts' decisions can be appealed to the Land and Environment Court of Appeal in Stockholm.

Migration courts review decisions made by the Swedish Migration Board on matters concerning aliens and citizenship. There are four Migration Courts, they are specialized courts which are part of the Administrative Courts in Malmö, Göteborg, Stockholm and Luleå. The Migration Courts' decisions can be appealed to the Migration Court of Appeal in Stockholm.

Maritime courts deal with cases under the Swedish Maritime Code (1994:1009). There are seven maritime courts, which are part of the District Courts in Luleå, Sundsvall, Stockholm, Kalmar, Malmö, Gothenburg and Karlstad.

Sweden also has 2 special courts, which are completely separated from the general and administrative courts and their organization, meaning that they have a more far-reaching separation from the general and administrative courts. Those are the Labour Court and the Swedish Foreign Intelligence Court. The Labour Court deals with labour disputes, i.e., disputes in the frame of employers and employees' relationships; the Labour Court is normally the first and only instance competent in labour disputes. Nevertheless, some labour disputes are heard first in a district court, after which an appeal may be lodged with the Labour Court as the court of second and final instance.

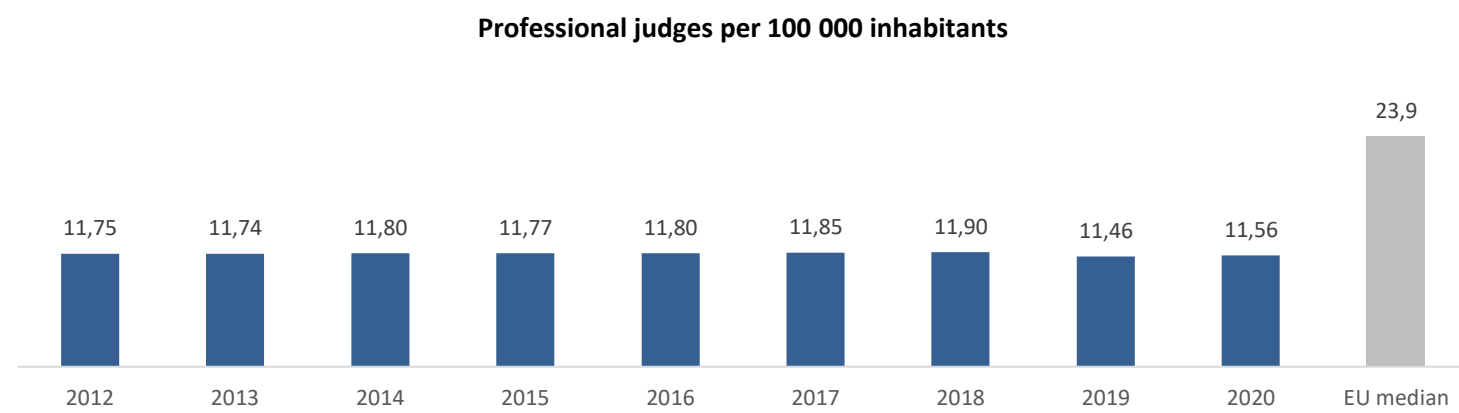
Rent and Tenancy Tribunals are not included because they are not courts, but administrative agencies. These are quasi-judicial bodies which hold similar powers to the courts and make decision on disputes involving rents, tenant-ownerships and leaseholds.

2. Professionals of justice in Sweden

Professional judges and non-judge staff

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Year	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	1 123	11,75
2013	1 132	11,74
2014	1 150	11,80
2015	1 159	11,77
2016	1 179	11,80
2017	1 199	11,85
2018	1 217	11,90
2019	1 184	11,46
2020	1 200	11,56



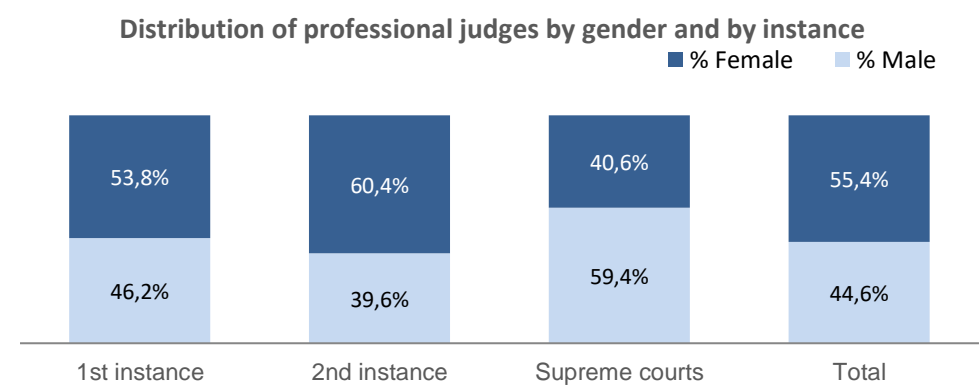
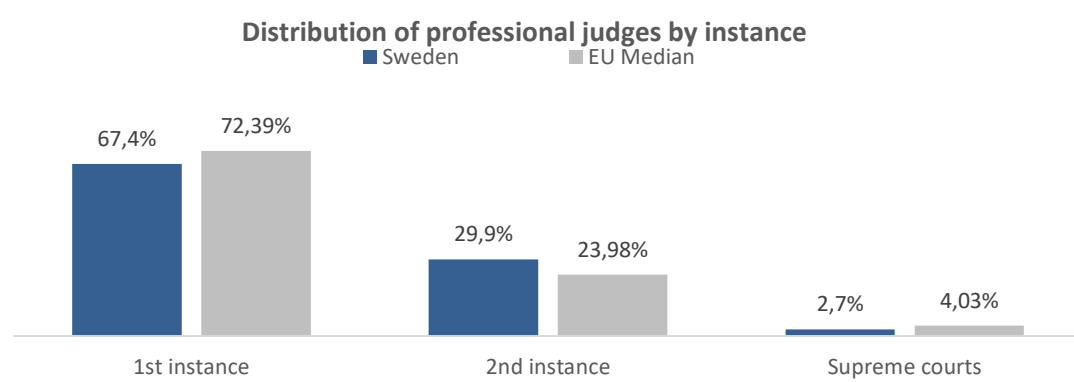
According to 2020 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Sweden is 1 200, which is 1,4% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Sweden, there are 11,56 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,16 non-judge staff per judge .

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 4,16 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	809	67,4%	374	435	46,2%	53,8%
2nd instance	359	29,9%	142	217	39,6%	60,4%
Supreme courts	32	2,7%	19	13	59,4%	40,6%
Total	1 200		535	665	44,6%	55,4%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 665, which represents 55,4% of the total number of judges.

In fact, female judges do not have the majority only at third instance.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 809 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 435 are female); 359 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 217 are female) and 32 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 13 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in Sweden is similar. However, we can notice that the predomination of first instance judges is less pronounced, second instance judges are more numerous, while third instance judges are fewer.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that owing to the fact that the Supreme Court judges are few, the variations affecting the distribution male/female could appear significant in terms of percentage, while in actual numbers the difference is not that significant (one or two judges). The statistics need to be viewed over a longer period of time.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

2020	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	809	NA	NA	215	NAP
2nd instance	359	NA	NA	120	NAP
Supreme courts	32	NA	NA	16	NAP
Total	1 200	NA	NA	351	NAP

In Sweden, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is possible only for some categories.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

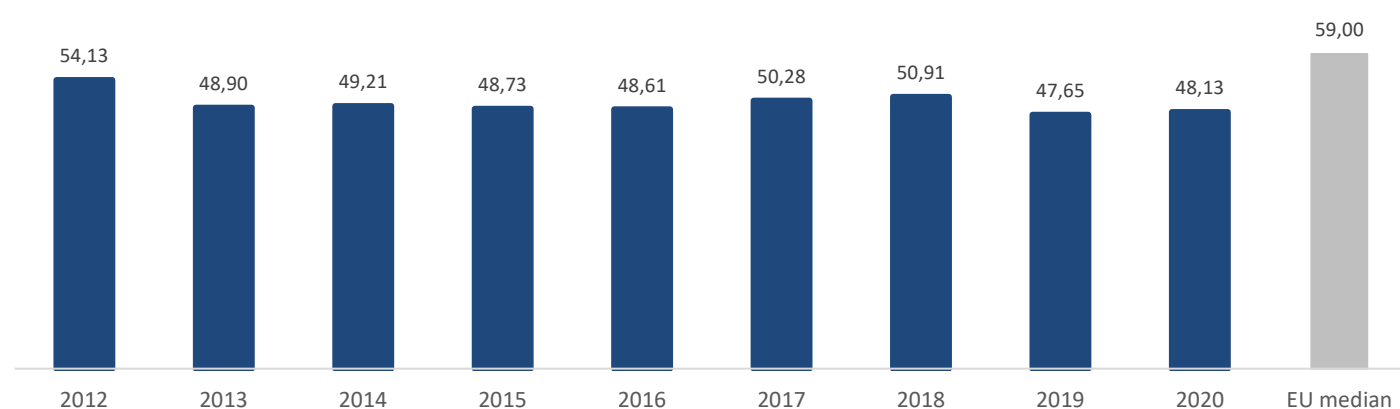
2020	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	26,6%	NAP
2nd instance	NA	NA	33,4%	NAP
Supreme courts	NA	NA	50,0%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	29,3%	NAP

It is noteworthy that judges working with civil and/or commercial cases also work with criminal cases and vice versa, in the general courts.

Non-judge staff

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of non-judge staff	5 173	4 716	4 797	4 800	4 859	5 088	5 208	4 921	4 996
Per 100 000 inhabitants	54,13	48,90	49,21	48,73	48,61	50,28	50,91	47,65	48,13

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



2020	Absolute number	in %
Total	4 996	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	3 375	67,6%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	700	14,0%
Technical staff	163	3,3%
Other	758	15,2%

In 2020, Sweden has 4 996 non-judge staff (of which 3 770 are females). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 1,5%.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 3 375 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 2 715 are women);
- 700 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 468 are women);
- 163 technical staff (of which 50 are women);
- 758 other (of which 537 are women);

In 2020, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 47,6 in 2019 to 48,1 in 2020).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 11,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2019 to 11,6 in 2020.

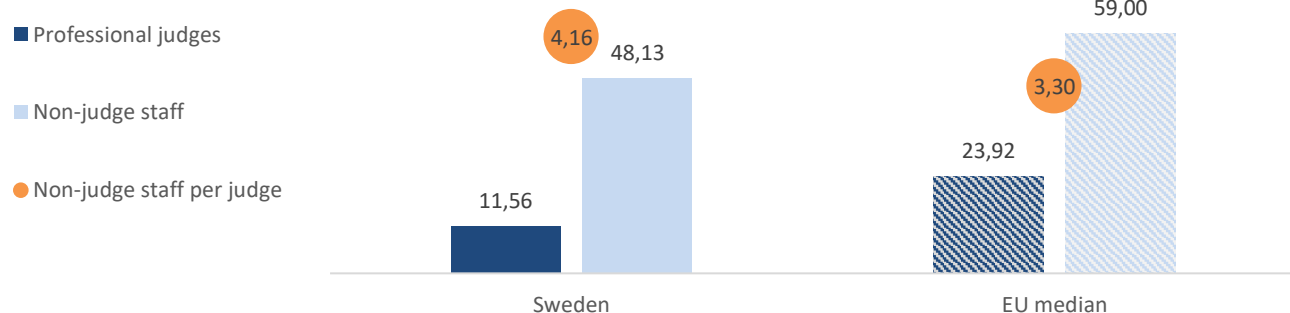
The category "Other non-judge staff" includes junior judges and associate judges in the judicial training program. A junior judge deals with the court's (court of first instance) business in the same way as the permanent judges, but with a smaller workload and with some exceptions as to types of cases handled. An acting associate judge (in a court of appeal) deals with the court's business in the same way as the permanent judges, but with a smaller workload. However, an associate judge is never presiding judge.

The numbers do not include staff on leave or Swedish National Courts Administration (SNCA) employees. The SNCA is a government agency responsible for the service organisation of courts, namely the overall coordination and joint issues. It has no authority over the courts' judicial business or their verdicts. It also provides support to the courts, rental and tenancy tribunals and the National Legal Aid Authority and the Legal Aid Board. It deals with issues related to staff development, training and information, development of regulations, instructions and guidance. It ensures that operations are conducted in an effective and accessible way for citizens. In 2020, there were about 400 employees with diverse professional backgrounds.

Professional judges, non-judge staff and their ratio (Q46, Q52)

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Sweden	EU median
Professional judges	11,56	23,92
Non-judge staff	48,13	59,00
Non-judge staff per judge	4,16	3,30

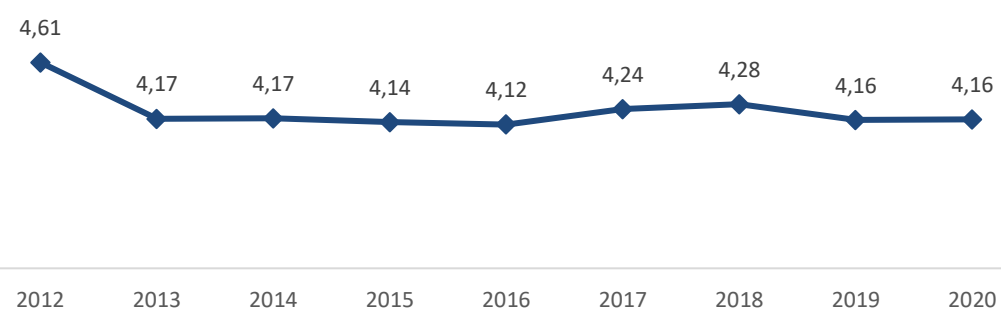
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

Year	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff
2012	11,75	54,13	4,61
2013	11,74	48,90	4,17
2014	11,80	49,21	4,17
2015	11,77	48,73	4,14
2016	11,80	48,61	4,12
2017	11,85	50,28	4,24
2018	11,90	50,91	4,28
2019	11,46	47,65	4,16
2020	11,56	48,13	4,16

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff (Q46, Q52)

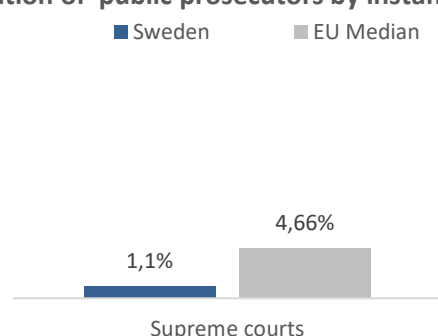


Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

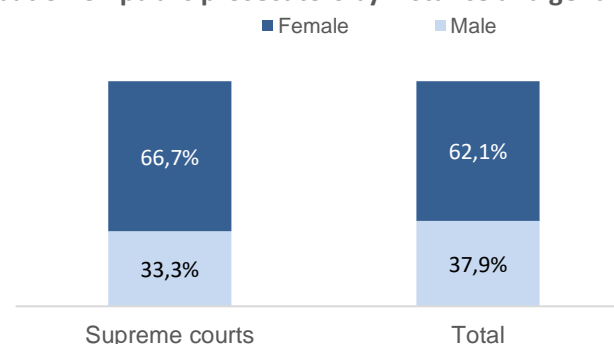
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender (Q55)

2020	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme courts	12	1,1%	4	8	33,3%	66,7%
Total	1 044		396	648	37,9%	62,1%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 648, which represents 62,1% of the total number of prosecutors.

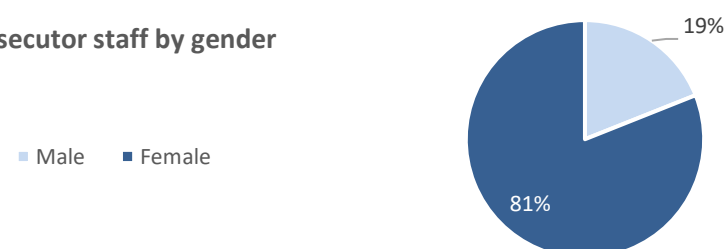
Within the total number of prosecutors 12 intervene at third instance (of which 8 are female).

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Sweden presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, cases in first and second instance level are handled by the same prosecutors. Put differently, all Swedish prosecutors have the mandate to act at first instance as well as second instance level. The number of prosecutors at first and second instance level is 1 032, 392 males and 640 females. However, only the Prosecutor General and specifically appointed prosecutors working in the Office of the Prosecutor General have the mandate to act in the Supreme Court.

Non-prosecutor staff by gender (Q60)

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	522	99	423

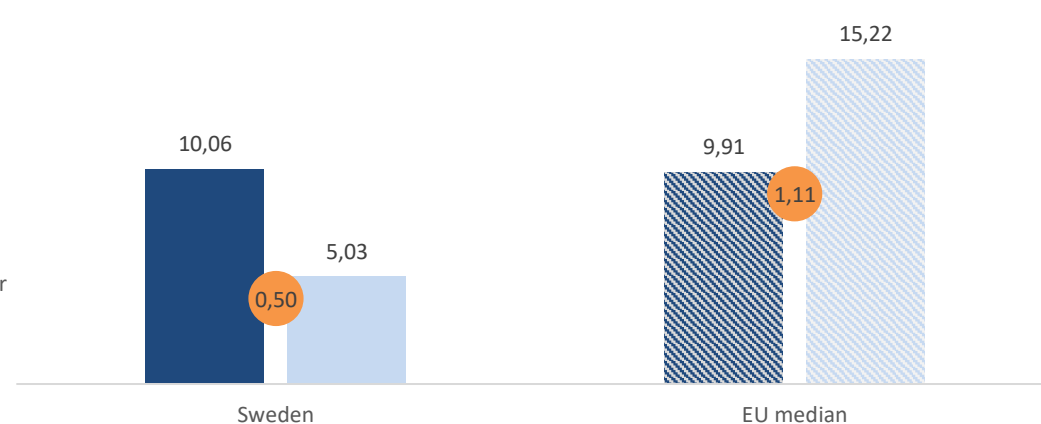
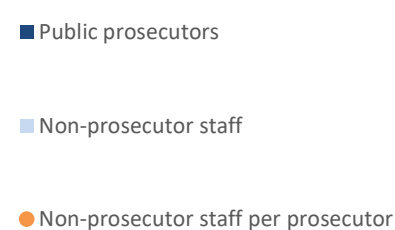
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Public prosecutors, non-prosecutor staff and their ratio (Q55, Q60)

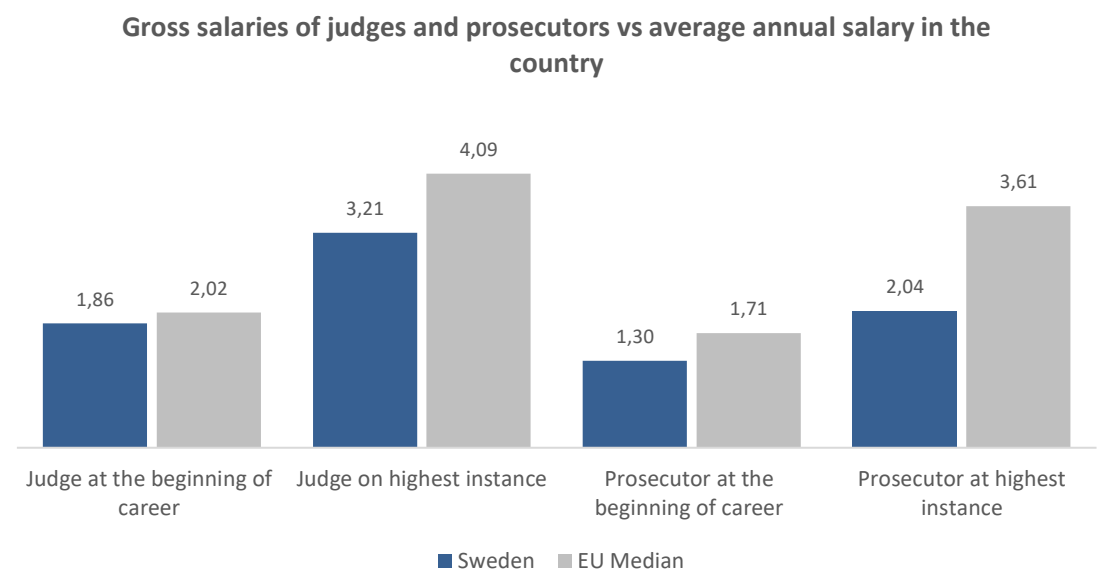
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Sweden	EU median
Public prosecutors	10,06	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	5,03	15,22
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,50	1,11

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance (Q132, Q4)

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors (Q132, Q4)	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary
Judge at the beginning of a career	79 951 €	51 169 €	1,86
Judge of the highest court	138 395 €	76 117 €	3,21
Prosecutor at the beginning of a career	56 000 €	NA	1,30
Public prosecutor at highest instance	88 000 €	NA	2,04

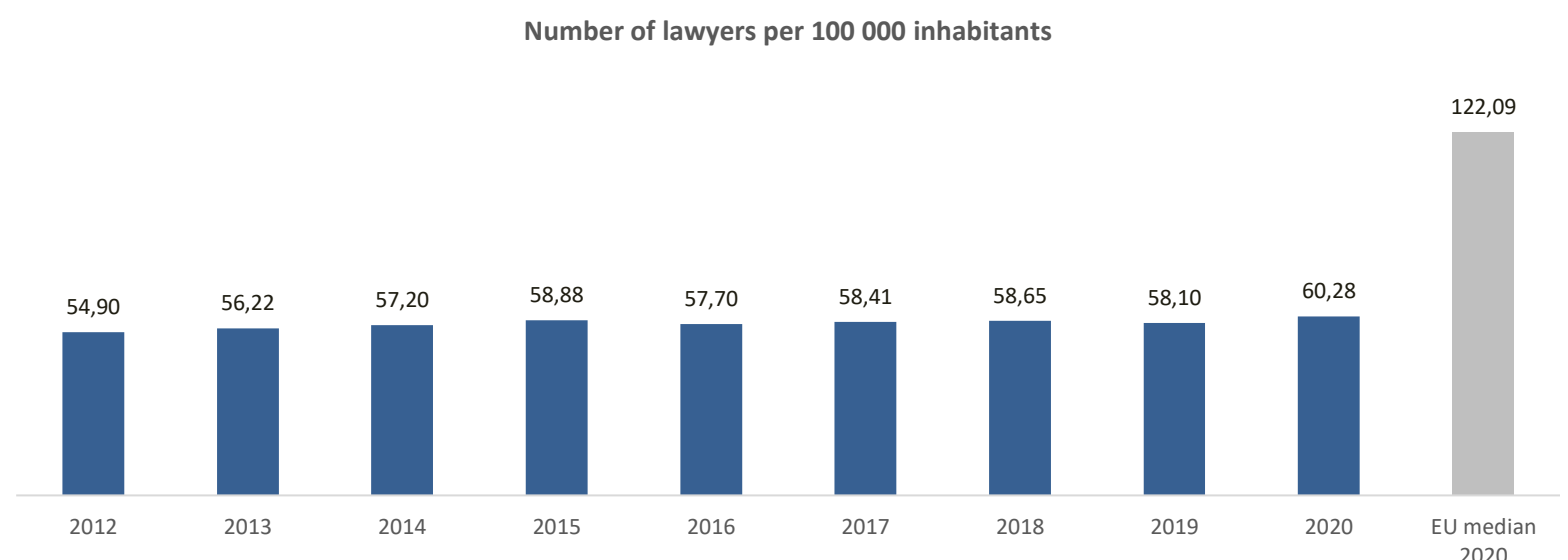


According to 2020 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of a career in Sweden of 79 951€ is more than 50% above when compared to the EU median of 51 946€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of career is: 1,86 compared with EU median of : 2,02.

The Swedish Prosecution Authority cannot provide net annual salary, since it is not possible to calculate it accurately. In fact, the level of income tax varies depending on the income and domicile.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
2012	5 246	54,90
2013	5 422	56,22
2014	5 575	57,20
2015	5 800	58,88
2016	5 767	57,70
2017	5 911	58,41
2018	6 000	58,65
2019	6 000	58,10
2020	6 257	60,28



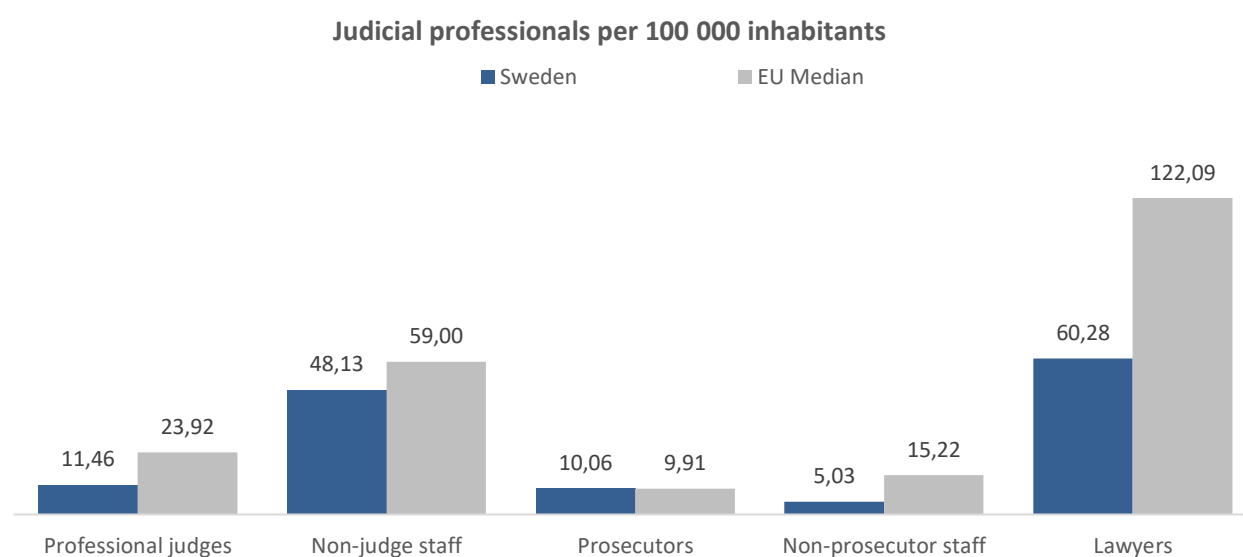
In 2020, there are 6 257 lawyers, which is 4,3% more than in 2019.

Sweden has 60,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Judicial professionals (summary)

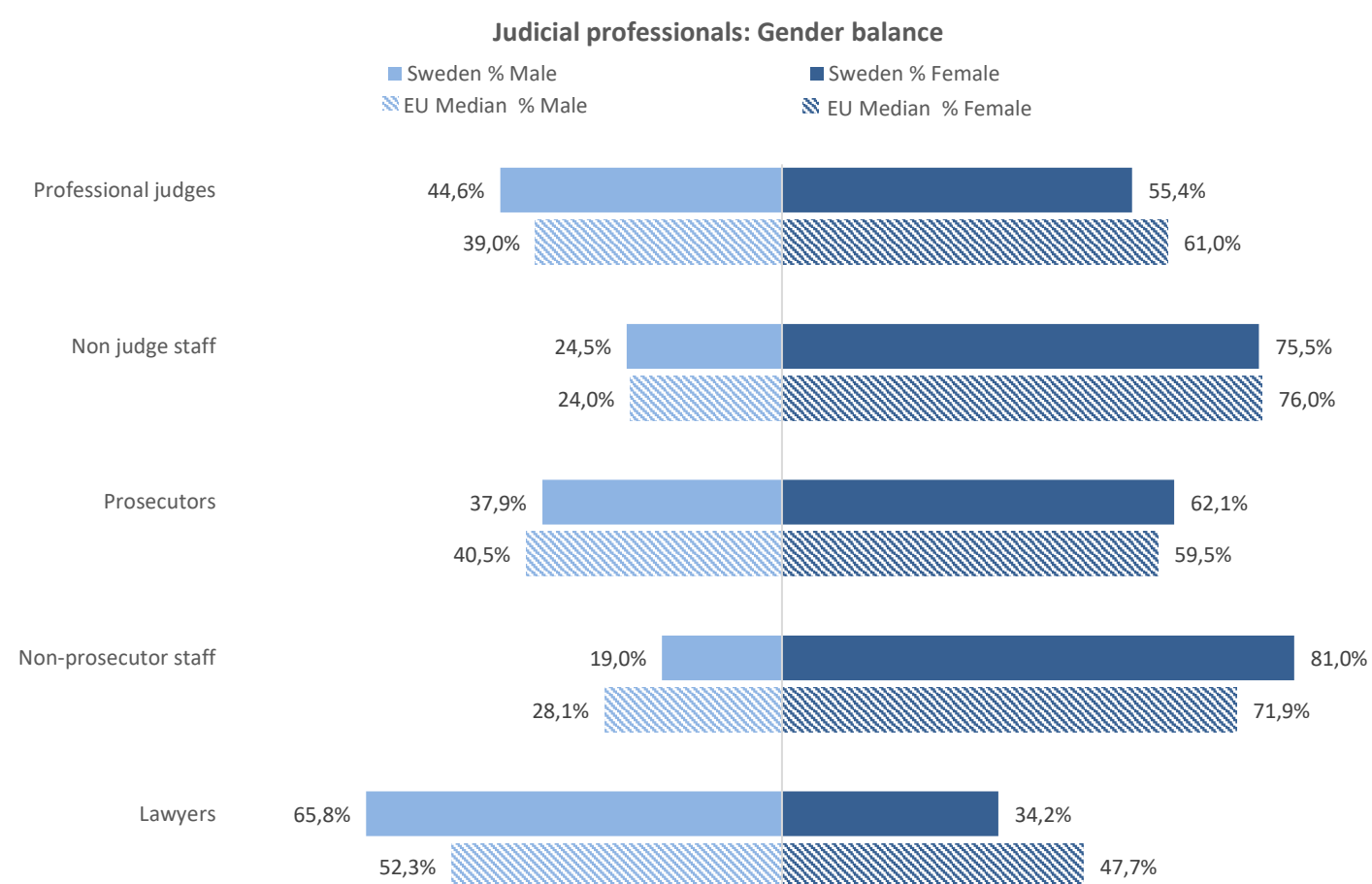
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46, Q52, Q55, Q60, Q146)

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 184	11,46	23,92
Non-judge staff	4 996	48,13	59,00
Prosecutors	1 044	10,06	9,91
Non-prosecutor staff	522	5,03	15,22
Lawyers	6 257	60,28	122,09



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	44,6%	55,4%
Non judge staff	24,5%	75,5%
Prosecutors	37,9%	62,1%
Non-prosecutor staff	19,0%	81,0%
Lawyers	65,8%	34,2%



3. Legal aid and court fees in Sweden

In Sweden, legal aid includes:

- Coverage of court fees: ✘
- Exemption from court fees: ✔

In Sweden, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

If a person does not have insurance that covers the cost of her/his dispute, s/he could be entitled to legal aid. In criminal cases, a person cannot receive this kind of legal aid. In these cases, a public defence counsel or a counsel for the injured party can be appointed to represent the person in need of legal assistance.

Applying for legal aid: The applicant applies for legal aid together with the lawyer/legal practitioner s/he wishes to represent her/him. Before a person can apply for legal aid, the lawyer/legal practitioner must provide a minimum of one hour and a maximum of two hours consultation on payment of a set fee. During the consultation the lawyer/legal practitioner familiarises her-/himself with the dispute in order to provide advice and make a legal assessment of the need for legal aid. In many cases, consultation is sufficient. If a person decides to proceed, the legal aid application form is completed together with the lawyer/legal practitioner.

The cost of consultation is a set fee of SEK 1,404 per hour (2020). The fee can be reduced if a person's income is less than SEK 75,000 per year. For those who are under the age of 18 and have no income or wealth, consultation is free.

Legal aid includes: •Part of the cost for the lawyer/legal practitioner for up to 100 hours (in the case of persons under the age of 18 who have no income or wealth, the whole cost could be covered). Legal aid can be increased if there are special reasons; •The cost of evidence in a general court, the Patent and Market Court and the Labour Court; •Investigation costs up to SEK 10,000 (excluding VAT); •Costs for interpretation and translation; •The court application fee (if legal aid is already received at the time of the application); •Copies of documents from authorities, documents that have been served etc., •The cost of a mediator.

When a legal aid matter has been concluded, the National Legal Aid Authority must decide on the division of the legal aid costs. This means that the person receiving aid and the legal representative each receive a letter stating how much the matter has cost and how much shall be payed to the representative.

According to section 19 of the Legal Aid Act, an individual who is granted legal aid does not have to pay fees to the Swedish Enforcement Authority. Fees related to the enforcement of judicial decisions are covered, no matter the type of case.

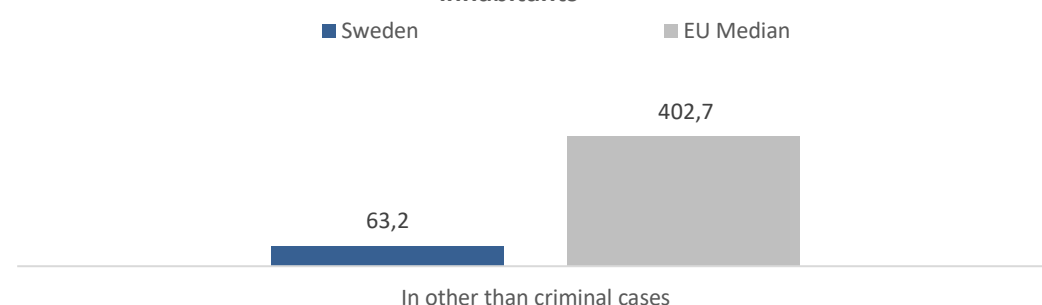
In criminal cases, legal aid can be granted for travel expenses and subsistence in respect of the accused person. The latter can also be granted legal aid for expenses for witnesses who are not called by the prosecutor. In other than criminal cases, an individual granted with legal aid can have expenses covered for travelling and subsistence, evidence in court, investigation costs to a certain amount (10 000 SEK, approximately 1000 EUR) and costs for a mediator appointed by the court.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Absolute number (in 2020)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	6 561	5 977	584

Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2020)	Sweden	EU Median
Total	NA	734,2
In criminal cases	NA	330,9
In other than criminal cases	63,2	402,7

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

According to the National Legal Aid Authority, when the application is handled by the National Legal Aid Authority, the median from application to decision is 12 days.

4. Performance of courts in Sweden

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

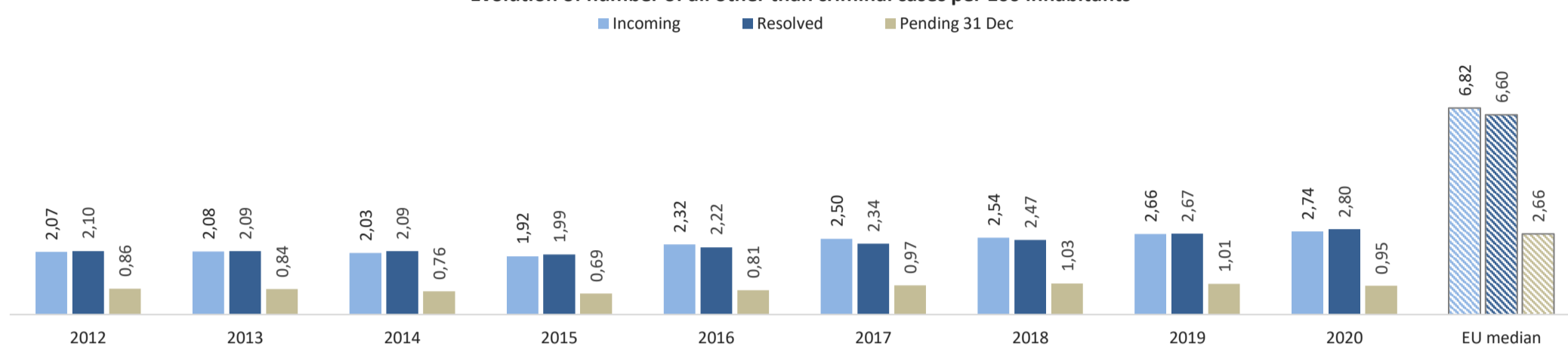
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of all other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Sweden (2,74 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,82 per 100 inhabitants).

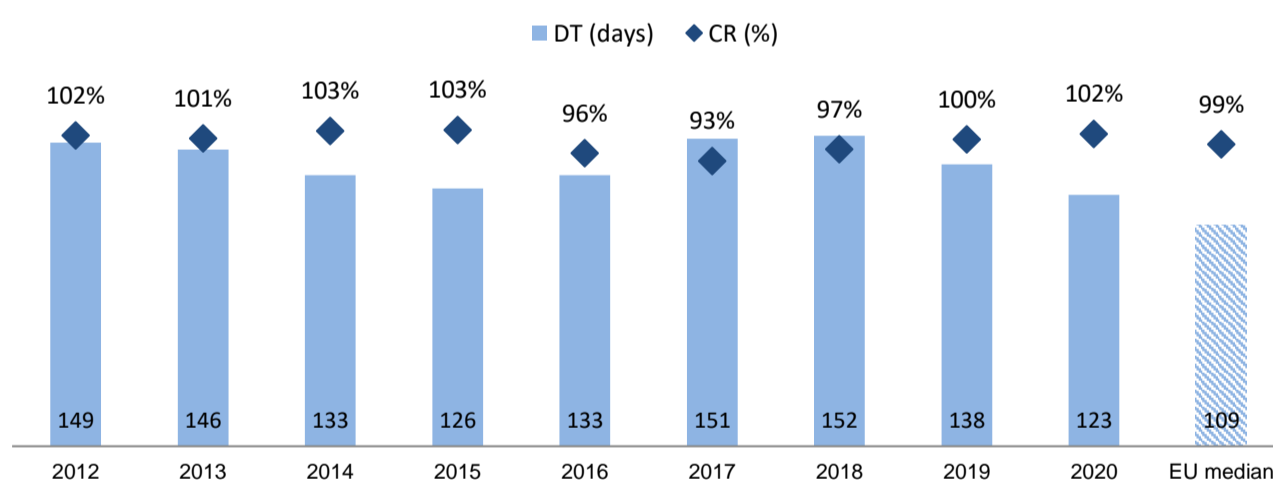
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Sweden (2,80 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,60 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Sweden (0,95 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,66 per 100 inhabitants).

- Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Other than criminal cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	102%	149
2013	101%	146
2014	103%	133
2015	103%	126
2016	96%	133
2017	93%	151
2018	97%	152
2019	100%	138
2020	102%	123

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,2% in 2020 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,8 points.

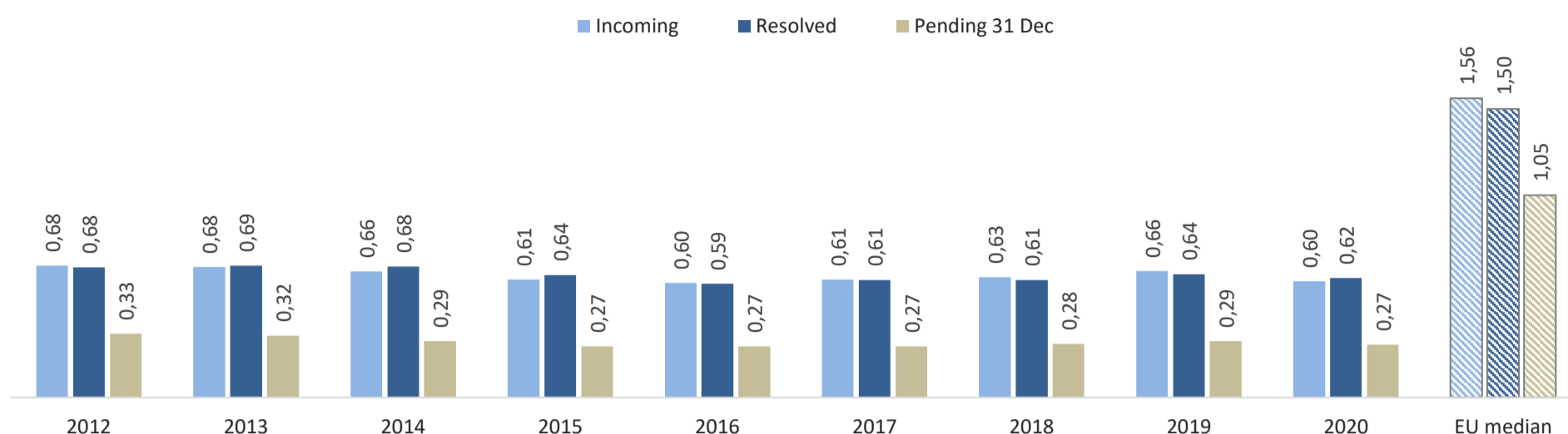
In 2020, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 123 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 109 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -10,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of civil and commercial litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Sweden (0,60 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

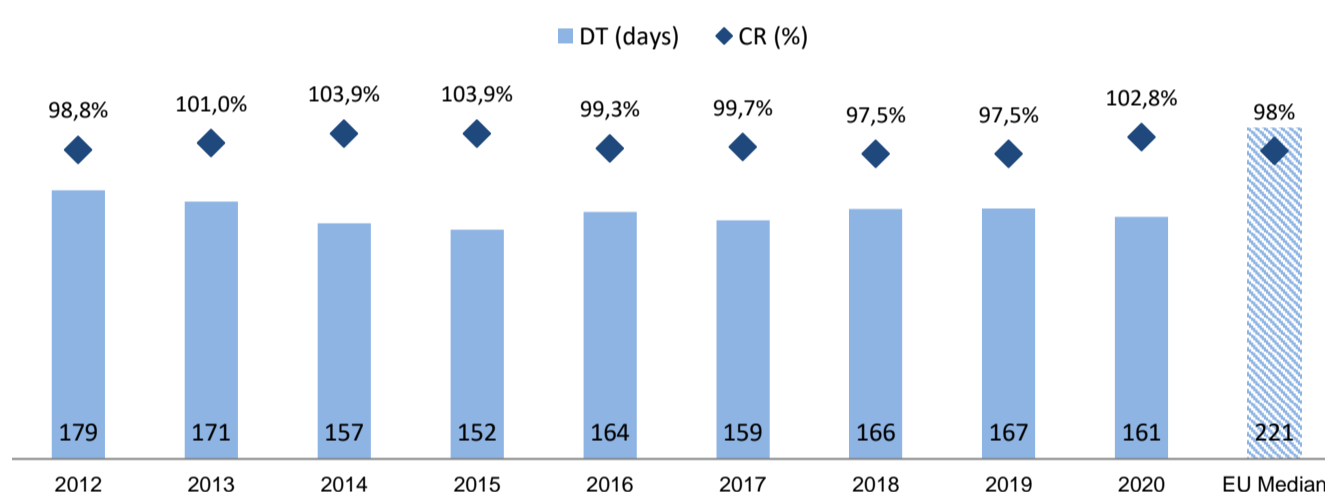
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Sweden (0,62 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,50 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Sweden (0,27 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,05 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	98,8%	179
2013	101,0%	171
2014	103,9%	157
2015	103,9%	152
2016	99,3%	164
2017	99,7%	159
2018	97,5%	166
2019	97,5%	167
2020	102,8%	161

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,8% in 2020, Sweden seems to deal efficiently with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased by 5,4 points.

In 2020, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in approximately 161 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 221 days.

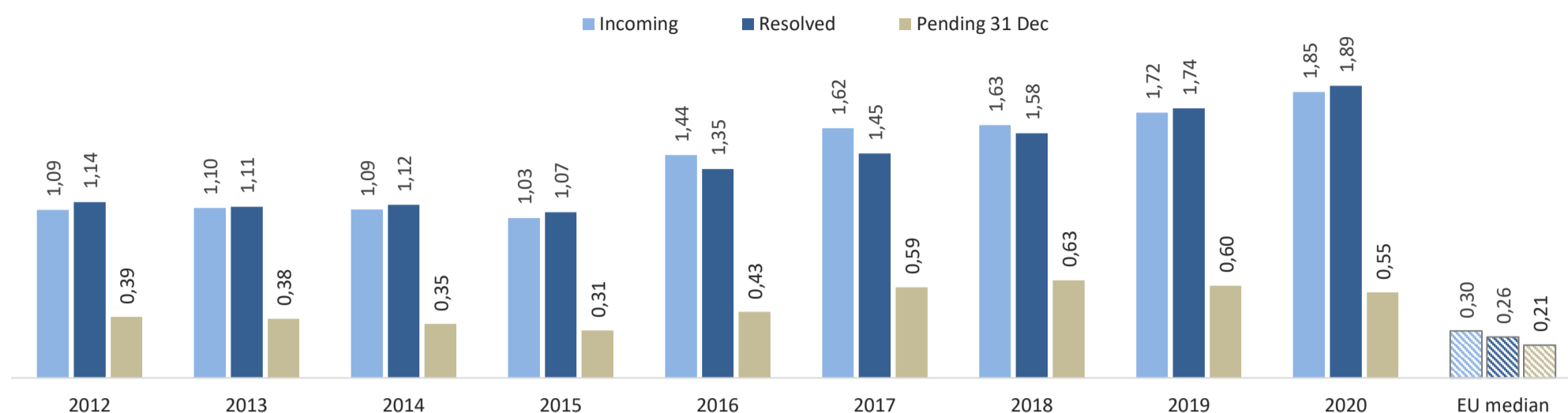
The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -3,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Sweden, there are 711 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 2,5% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

First instance Administrative cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Evolution of number of administrative cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2020 in Sweden (1,85 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,30 per 100 inhabitants).

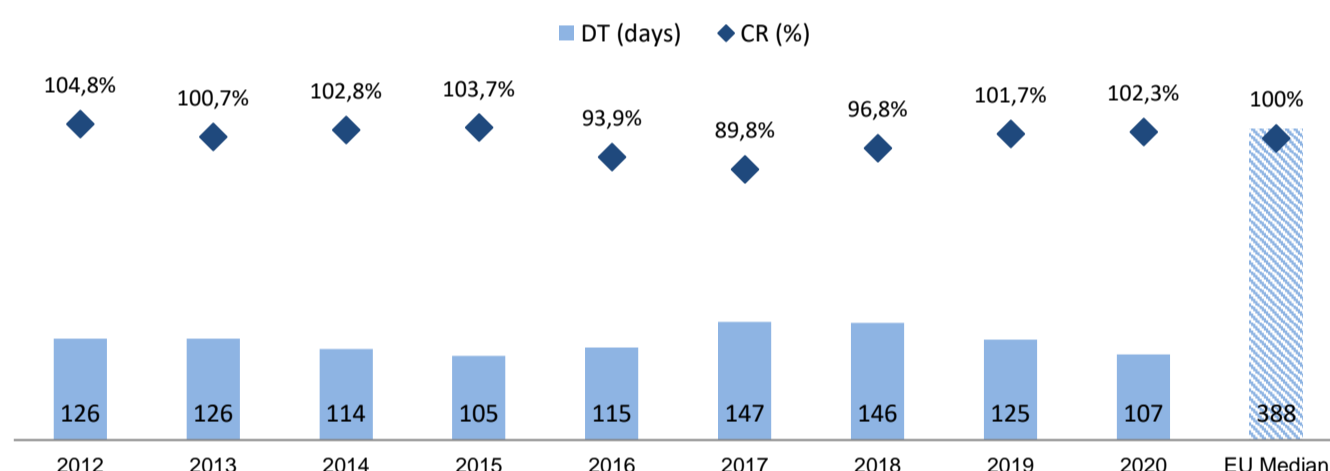
The number of resolved cases in 2020 in Sweden (1,89 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,26 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2020 in Sweden (0,55 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Administrative cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	104,8%	126
2013	100,7%	126
2014	102,8%	114
2015	103,7%	105
2016	93,9%	115
2017	89,8%	147
2018	96,8%	146
2019	101,7%	125
2020	102,3%	107

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,3% in 2020, Sweden seems to deal efficiently with its administrative cases.

Between 2019 and 2020, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,6 points.

In 2020, the administrative cases are solved in approximately 107 days, which is significantly below EU median of 388 days.

The analysis of the 2019 - 2020 period reveals a -14,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Sweden, there are 820 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 1,4% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

It should be noted that migration cases are included in administrative law cases.

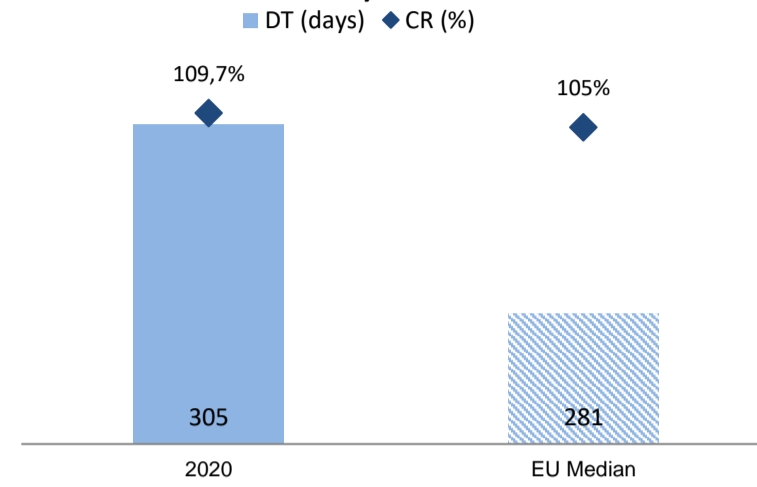
The number of incoming cases before administrative courts increased by two percent, migration cases excluded. Looking at the migration cases separately, these increased strongly with 22 percent. A large amount of cases were resolved by the administrative courts, nine percent more than in 2019 regarding general cases, and a nine percent increase regarding migration cases. This led to a lower level of pending cases. However, the increase in pending cases older than two years in the administrative courts, may partly be due to an increase in the number of cases since the previous reference year.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA
2017	NA	NA
2018	NA	NA
2019	NA	NA
2020	109,7%	305

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT) for Insolvency cases



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 109,7% in 2020 for insolvency cases, Sweden seems to deal efficiently with its insolvency cases.

In 2020, insolvency cases are solved in a approximately 305 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 281 days.

Data on Insolvency cases includes bankruptcy cases and company reconstruction cases.

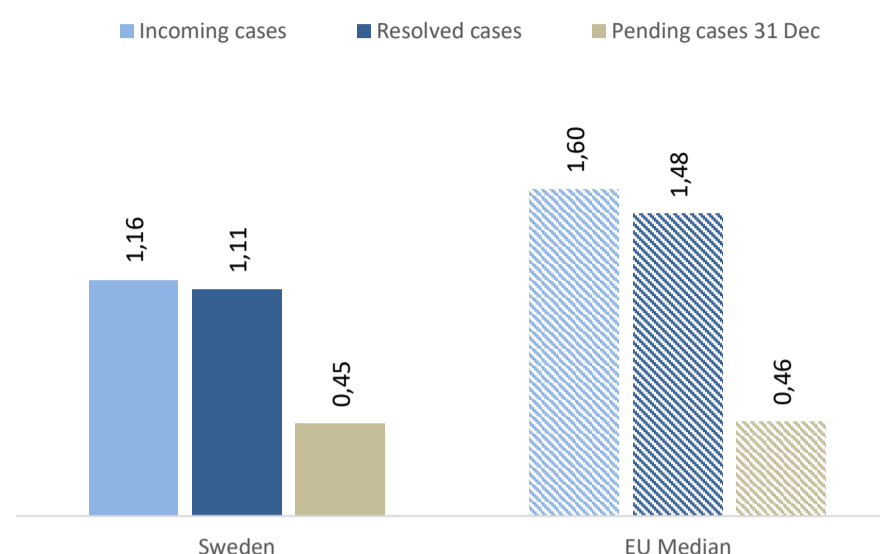
• First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	42 178	119 936	115 152	46 962
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

Per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,41	1,16	1,11	0,45
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

Total criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2020 in Sweden (1,16 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,60 per 100 inhabitants).

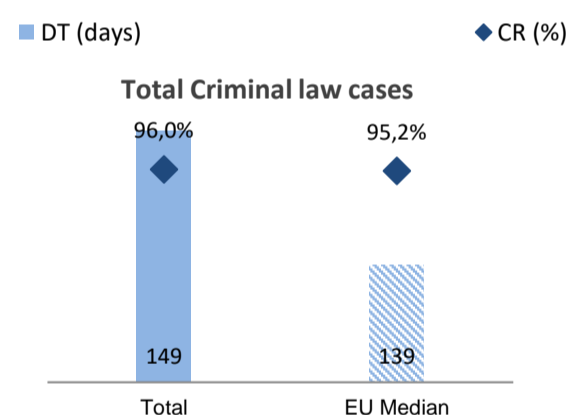
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2020 in Sweden (1,11 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,48 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2020 in Sweden (0,45 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (0,46 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Total criminal law cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
Total	96,0%	149
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA
Other cases	NA	NA

Clearance Rate in % (CR) and Disposition Time in days (DT)



With the Clearance Rate calculated at 96,0% in 2020 for total criminal cases, Sweden seems to encounter some difficulties in dealing with its total criminal cases.

In 2020, criminal law cases were solved in approximately 149 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 139 days.

It should be pointed out that in the Swedish case management system, there are no subcategories of criminal cases such as those defined by the CEPEJ. Some misdemeanour criminal cases, resulting in breach-of-regulations fine and summary imposition of fine, are not handled by the courts (but by the Swedish Police Authority/Prosecution Authority). The Swedish National Courts Administration's commission (as regards statistics) from the Government is about describing the operation of the courts and "details" about criminal cases are not needed to fulfill this task. Another authority, the Swedish National Council for Crime Prevention, describes the criminal statistics in Sweden, but only as regards reported cases and cases taken legal proceedings against, not the flow of cases to and from the courts.

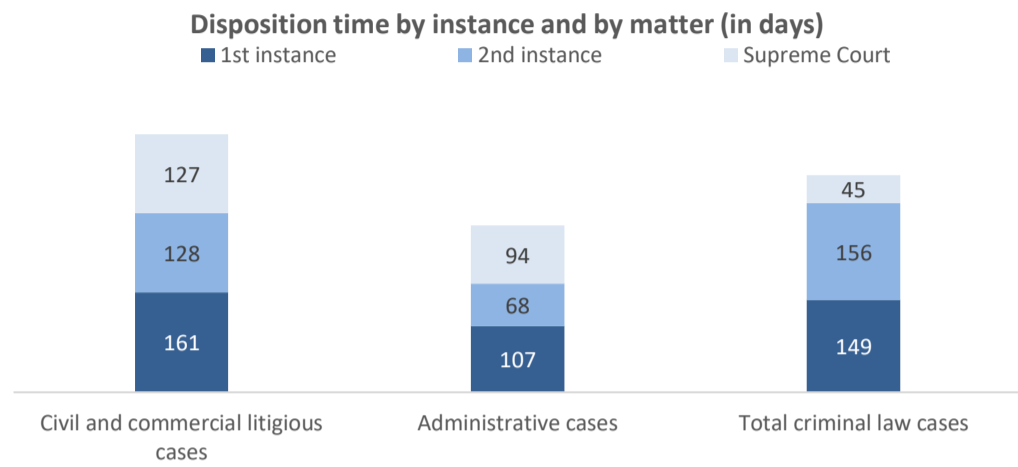
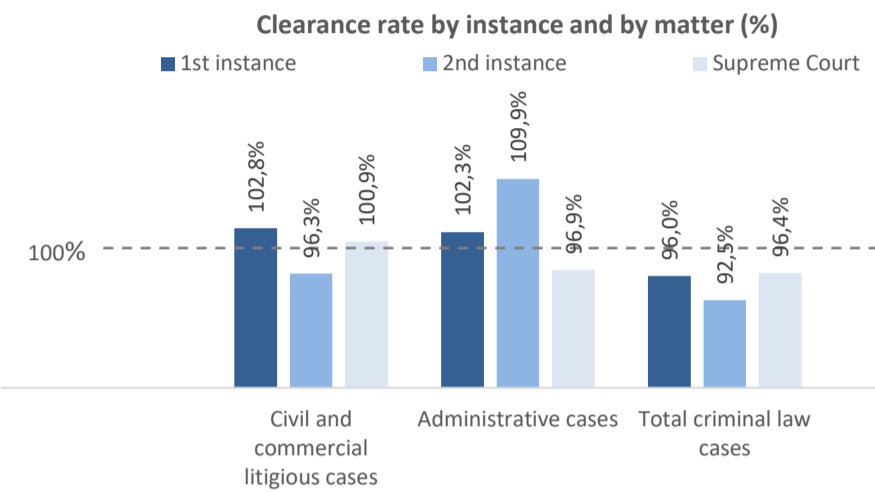
It is noteworthy that there are two different types of cases in the procedural framework (the Swedish Code of Judicial Procedure), civil cases and criminal cases. "Appointment cases" sort under criminal cases. However, "Appointment case" is not a formal term, but a term that can be used to describe the case's /current/ status (a public defence counsel has been appointed, but the case has not /yet/ been brought to prosecution) or of how the case was closed (not brought to prosecution; dismissed). If a case is brought to prosecution, it is only referred to as a criminal case.

The increased amount of criminal cases in 2020 could be related to an increased outflow from previous stages in the legal chain, in combination with an increased inflow of appointment cases (appointment of public defender), as well as the fact that the trial operations regarding "rapid proceedings" in criminal cases have led to more such cases being registered. More courts joined the trial operation at the beginning of the year.

Important amendments relating to first instance courts' efficiency in criminal matters have to be highlighted. On the one hand, the government bill (prop. 2020/21:209 Utökade möjligheter att använda tidiga förhör) is aimed at making the procedure of all large criminal cases (rapid proceedings) more modern, flexible and efficient. The proposals include increased possibilities to use statements in questionings at an early stage, including inter alia increased possibilities to allow statements in questionings by law enforcement authorities to be used as evidence. On the other hand, a government bill (prop. 2020/21:214 Utökade möjligheter att avgöra mål på handlingarna i allmän domstol) is proposing that more of the criminal cases in the district courts shall be possible to determine in a written procedure, in order to handle these cases in the most appropriate way and as efficient as possible. This can result in, inter alia, shorter processing times and increased flexibility for the court, which can free up time for hearing times for the more complex cases. The amendments foreseen by the two bills are proposed to enter into force on 1 January 2022.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	CR (%)			DT (days)		
	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme Court
Civil and commercial litigious cases	102,8%	96,3%	100,9%	161	128	127
Administrative cases	102,3%	109,9%	96,9%	107	68	94
Total criminal law cases	96,0%	92,5%	96,4%	149	156	45



In recent years, an up-ward trend is to be noticed in Sweden concerning the number of incoming criminal cases at all levels. Accordingly, the Clearance Rate indicator of first instance courts and the Supreme court for 2020 in criminal matters is below the 100% threshold. At second instance, in order to deal with difficulties stemming from the extraordinary situation due to the pandemic, more urgent cases, such as criminal cases, have been prioritized in 2020. As a matter of fact, the Disposition Time indicator of first and second instance courts dealing with criminal cases are above the respective EU medians (139 days at first instance and 101 days at second instance). Conversely, despite the increase in the number of pending criminal cases before the Supreme Court in 2020, its Disposition Time is well below the EU median of 120 days in the criminal law field. In respect of the increased number of pending criminal cases at third instance, it should be mentioned that the so called "priority cases" are included in the number of incoming criminal cases, affecting the processing time of other cases.

As to civil and administrative cases, the Disposition Time indicator is considerably below the EU medians at all instances (EU medians in civil matters: 1st instance - 221 days, 2nd instance - 177 days and 3rd instance - 224 days; EU medians in administrative matters: 388 days, 362 days and 281 days), while the Clearance Rate is above the 100% threshold except at second instance for civil cases and third instance for administrative cases. In fact, the number of incoming and pending second instance civil cases increased in 2020 due to different reasons, namely the pandemic, the fact that a priority has been given to criminal cases during the health crisis, the increase in the number of environmental cases etc. The Supreme Administrative Court had in 2020 an increased level of pending cases, due to an increase in various case categories, for example social security cases and other cases.

At first and second instances, the fastest courts are the administrative courts, while at last instance it is the Supreme Court in criminal matters.

5. Public prosecution services in Sweden

• Role and powers of the public prosecutor

In the criminal procedure, the public prosecutor in Sweden has the following 8 out of 11 possible roles and powers:

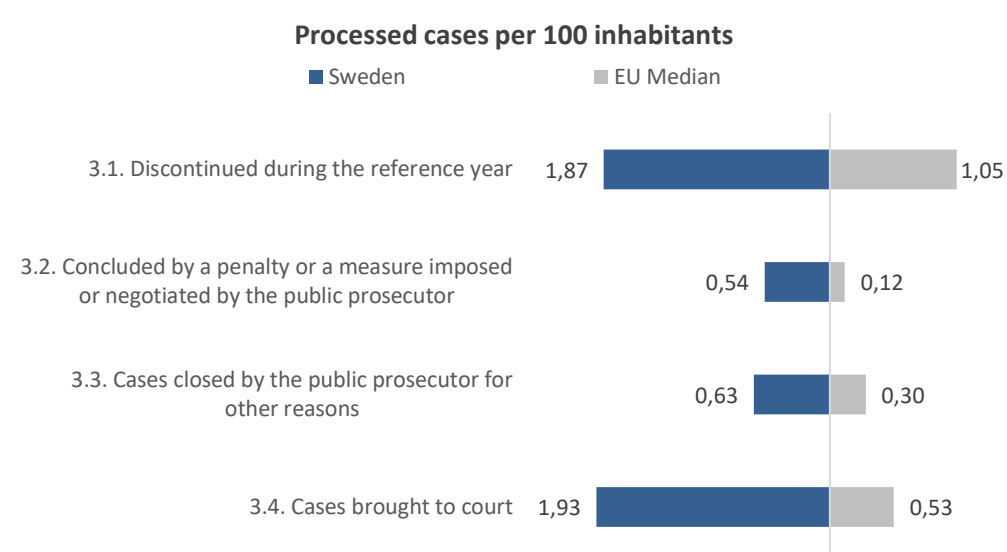
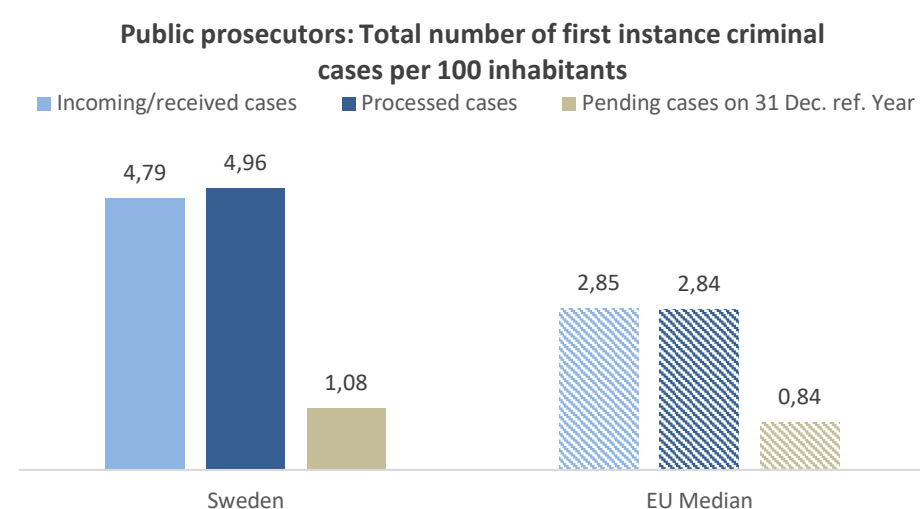
To conduct or supervise police investigation	✓	To appeal	✓
To conduct investigations	✗	To supervise the enforcement procedure	✗
When necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge	✗	To discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge	✓
To charge	✓	To end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision	✓
To present the case in the court	✓	Other significant powers	✓
To propose a sentence to the judge	✓		

It is not compulsory for the prosecutor to propose a sentence to the judge but none the less this is often done by the prosecutor. Other significant powers may include decisions on coercive measures.

The public prosecutor does not have any role in civil, administrative or insolvency cases.

Public prosecutors: Number of first instance criminal cases

Type of cases	Absolute number	Per 100 inhabitants
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	118 858	1,15
2. Incoming/received cases	497 291	4,79
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	514 851	4,96
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	193 763	1,87
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	31 944	0,31
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	39 505	0,38
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	122 314	1,18
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	55 915	0,54
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	65 159	0,63
3.4. Cases brought to court	200 014	1,93
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	112 271	1,08



It is noteworthy mentioning that each case (suspicion of crime) usually gets registered only once. A suspicion of crime can, however, be “resolved” more than once. When it is reopened it does not receive a new registration date, as the old one is still valid. So it is not “incoming” again. But the next decision that closes the case generates a new date when the case is considered to be resolved. If these decisions are taken during different years the case is counted as “resolved” twice, but only “incoming” once. As a result, there are usually more resolved cases than incoming, even if the number of pending cases are the same. The most usual examples are 1) when a summary imposition of a fine is issued, which means that the case is resolved. If the fine is not paid, the case will be reopened followed by a decision to prosecute, resolving the case a second time. And 2) when the prosecutor decides that the police shall take over responsibility for the preliminary investigation. If the investigation later on returns from the police to the prosecution agency the case will be reopened and later resolved once again. But as it is the same case it will not receive a new registration date.

3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified: on the one hand, the numbers are very small and will not affect the totals considerably and, on the other hand, these types of cases, when they occur, are included in other subcategories.

3.1.4 The vast majority of the cases mentioned in 3.1.4 are discontinued due to the lack of enough evidence (the Code of Judicial Procedure, Chapter 23, Section 4).

3.3 Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons consists of cases closed for administrative reasons, i.e. transfer to another prosecution office or that the police shall be in charge of the preliminary investigation. The data for 2018 is 486 410 (3. Processed cases) and 66 766 (3.3 Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons)

118 858 includes 23 563 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority (EBM).
 497 291 includes 40 047 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority (EBM).
 387 526 includes 69 150 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority (EBM).
 193 763 includes 34 575 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority (EBM).
 31 944 includes 8 260 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority (EBM).
 39 505 includes 15 001 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority (EBM).
 122 314 includes 11 314 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority (EBM).
 55 915 includes 1 571 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority (EBM).
 200 014 includes 4 684 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority (EBM).
 112 271 includes 21 081 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority (EBM).

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Sweden

Number of mediators

In Sweden, there is no formal accreditation/registration of mediators. Accordingly, this CEPEJ category of justice professional does not exist as such within the Swedish judicial system.

However, in order to facilitate the choice of special mediator, the Swedish National Courts Administration, commissioned by the Swedish Government, has put together and published a list of special mediators available for the mediation procedure outside the court room (the list does not include mediators in family cases).

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

The Swedish National Courts Administration does not register whether (court-related) mediation was applied or not, nor whether the mediation was successful or not.

7. ICT tools of courts in Sweden

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts in 2020 has been evaluated as :

		EU Median
Total	7,2	6,6
Assistance tools (0 to 3)	2,0	2,0
Case management system (0 to 7)	5,1	5,2
Financial management tools (0 to 3)	0,5	1,3
Measurement tools to assess the workload (0 to 5)	4,7	2,5
Electronic communication (0 to 10)	8,0	6,9

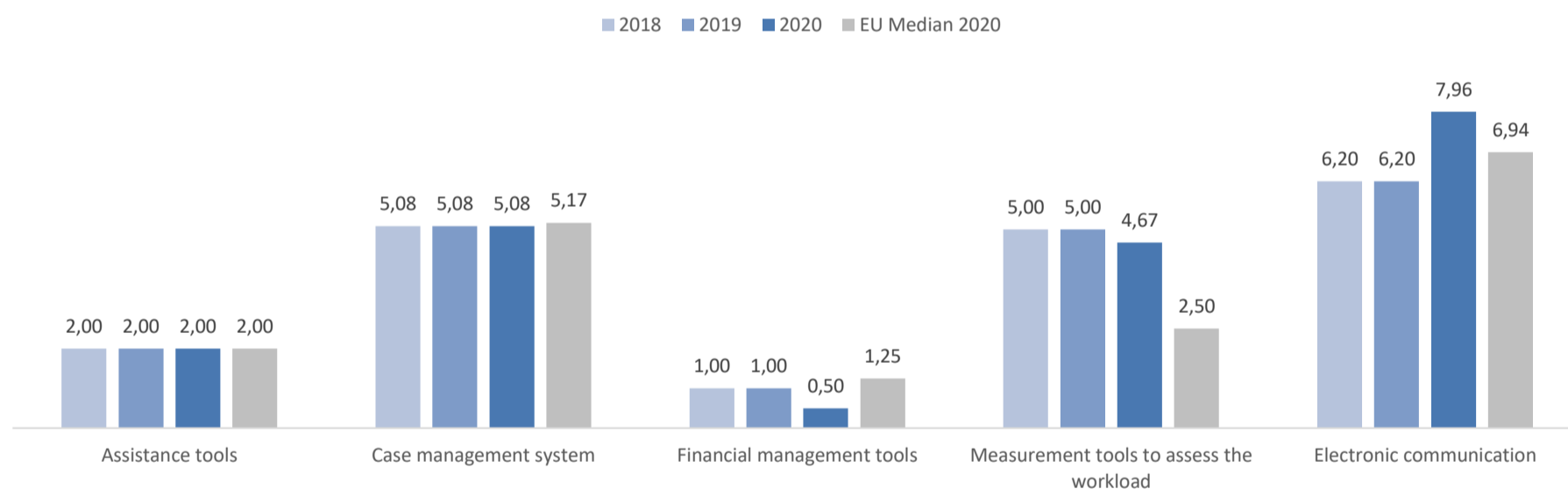
The calculation of this values for each field is based on the answers for that question/s and weighted according the availability or deployment rate. The total value is normalised to max 10 points for readability and comparison.

The details of the calculation are given in Annex 5 - IT calculations

The result by area may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

Note: index is modified based on the available questions. This cycle the recalculation was made for the last three cycles to be able to follow the development.

ICT tools assessment from 2018 to 2020



According to the Swedish National Courts Administration, in the CMS it is possible to get an overview of workload, the amount of detail differs from court to court depending on which level in the organization the individual cases are connected to.

In an additional system for managing lay judges it is also possible to extract detailed information on which judge that presided in which meeting/hearing.

In addition to this, data from the CMS is exported to a data warehouse from which a statistics tool can extract data at an organizational level, thus making comparisons between courts possible. The answer "no" regarding data used for monitoring at national level for non-judge/non-prosecutor staff refers to non-judge staff only (source: the Swedish National Courts Administration), whereas the answer regarding non-prosecutor staff is yes (source: the Swedish Prosecution Authority). The Swedish Prosecution Authority has its own system and makes its own follow-up, monitoring takes place at prosecution office level.

The electronic communication with courts is mainly managed through e-mail, but professionals and parties can i.e. submit applications and sign documents electronically at the official homepage of the Swedish Courts - this procedure is somewhat limited in reach still, because it is not possible to submit documents in all kinds of cases through this channel yet.

In criminal matters the Prosecution Authority turn in their indictments and other documents through an electronic channel within the criminal justice system.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Sweden

In Sweden, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

The Swedish courts all use the same case management system but with different set-ups. The system is used for all categories of cases. Information is shared when a case is appealed to a higher instance court. In criminal cases the system communicates with the National Police Board and the prosecutors office. The system also provides the statistics system with data on a daily basis.

The statistics are found in ready-made reports and some people who are employed by a court can obtain the information quickly and easily. All courts have access to all available information. The statistics system contains operational statistics, as well as historical data and data which is updated continuously. The statistics database and reports are updated every night.

The statistics are mainly used for analysis and follow-ups for all courts and the National Courts Administration, annual reports to the government, official statistics (annual publication), inquiries from media, authorities and public as well as for allocation of budgetary resources between different courts.

"Other" refers to: Statistics concerning review permits in a superior court (this is often required when you appeal to a superior court): Number of incoming cases where there is a demand for a review permit; Number of cases that receives a review permit; Time to examine if a review permit will be given.

Statistics concerning hearings: Number and duration of hearings in a case; Number of cancelled hearings in a case.

Statistics concerning parties: Number and type of parties in a case (defendants, witnesses, parties injured, plaintiffs) - Number of detained persons (in custody) in a criminal case; Number of cases including minor offenders (< 18 years old).

Statistics concerning various types of decisions: Number of times a judicial decision is changed in a superior court - Statistics concerning unit within court used to handle the

In Sweden, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual. More precisely, the evaluation is annual and occasional when needed.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

In Sweden, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

There is a regular evaluation of the Prosecution Authority, both by internal audit and external through, e.g. meetings between Prosecutor-General and the Ministry of Justice once a year, and with the Swedish National Audit Office.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The category "Other" encompasses the number of individuals and cases prosecuted (including decisions on summary imposition of a fine and waiver of prosecution); case handling time (including investigation time) and decision making time (time from a completed preliminary investigation to decision by a prosecutor); the number of cases where prosecutors request confiscation of proceeds of crime

There are of course many more performance indicators, but these are the main ones as specified in SPA:s annual report.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions												
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020				
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)																						
Q1 Number of inhabitants	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	10 379 295		8,6%	0,9%	1,1%	1,1%	1,5%	1,3%	1,1%	1,0%	0,5%			
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	43 867	44 384	42 800	46 378	46 125	46 632	46 117	43 560	47 455		8,2%	1,2%	-3,6%	8,4%	-0,5%	1,1%	-1,1%	-5,5%	8,9%			
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	11	10		17,3%	3,4%	6,4%	-2,5%	3,9%	2,5%	4,1%	9,4%	-9,9%			

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services (Indicator 4 in 2019)

Table 1.1 to Table 1.10 (Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							False	False	False
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False
078.1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False									
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False									
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									False									
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True									
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									False									
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False									
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False									
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False									
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False									
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False									
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False									
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False									
078-1.1.13 Other									True									
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False									
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False									
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True									
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True									
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True									
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True									
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False									
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True									

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
073-4.1.1 Annual									False									
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False									
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True									
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True									
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True									
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True									
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True									
073-6.1.4 Other									False									
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True									
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True									
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True									
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False									
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False									
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False									
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False									
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True									
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False									
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False									

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True									
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True									
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True									
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True									
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False									
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False									
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True									
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False									
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True									
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False									
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False									
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False									
070-1.1.13 Other									False									
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True									
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True									
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True									
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True									
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True									
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False									
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP									
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP									
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP									
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP									
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP									

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True										
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False										
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									False										
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									True										
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation																			
Tables 2.1a; 2.1b; 2.2a; 2.2b; 2.3a; 2.3b; 2.4 and 2.5(EC) (Q42, Q43 and Q44)																			
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	48	48	48	-20,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	12	12	12	12	10	10	31	31	31	158,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-16,7%	0,0%	210,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	3	3	3	3	1	1	18	18	18	500,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-66,7%	0,0%	1700,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	95	95	95	95	95	95	99	99	99	4,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	4,2%	0,0%	0,0%

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings																		
Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.1 to 3.3.3 Variation of first instance other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)																		
Table 3.13.7 (EC) to 3.13.12 (EC) First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	85 228	81 916	80 562	74 407	71 388	81 014	97 859	105 443	104 472	22,6%	-3,9%	-1,7%	-7,6%	-4,1%	13,5%	20,8%	7,7%	-0,9%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	30 917	31 686	31 035	28 538	26 196	26 667	26 858	28 499	30 234	-2,2%	2,5%	-2,1%	-8,0%	-8,2%	1,8%	0,7%	6,1%	6,1%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	9 128	8 744	8 399	8 385	8 692	8 701	9 078	-	-	-	-4,2%	-3,9%	-0,2%	3,7%	0,1%	4,3%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	8 505	9 337	9 128	8 744	8 399	8 385	8 692	8 701	9 078	6,7%	9,8%	-2,2%	-4,2%	-3,9%	-0,2%	3,7%	0,1%	4,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	42 654	37 724	37 003	34 000	33 796	42 627	59 299	64 646	61 698	44,6%	-11,6%	-1,9%	-8,1%	-0,6%	26,1%	39,1%	9,0%	-4,6%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 152	3 169	3 396	3 125	2 997	3 335	3 010	3 597	3 462	9,8%	0,5%	7,2%	-8,0%	-4,1%	11,3%	-9,7%	19,5%	-3,8%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	197 441	200 644	197 953	189 467	231 823	253 319	260 016	274 598	284 482	44,1%	1,6%	-1,3%	-4,3%	22,4%	9,3%	2,6%	5,6%	3,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	65 418	65 467	63 902	60 313	59 591	61 931	64 117	67 885	62 676	-4,2%	0,1%	-2,4%	-5,6%	-1,2%	3,9%	3,5%	5,9%	-7,7%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	22 382	21 489	21 366	21 729	21 490	22 331	22 682	-	-	-	-4,0%	-0,6%	1,7%	-1,1%	3,9%	1,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	22 800	23 217	22 382	21 489	21 366	21 729	21 490	22 331	22 682	-0,5%	1,8%	-3,6%	-4,0%	-0,6%	1,7%	-1,1%	3,9%	1,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	103 745	106 094	106 085	101 889	143 970	163 550	167 245	177 144	191 832	84,9%	2,3%	0,0%	-4,0%	41,3%	13,6%	2,3%	5,9%	8,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 478	5 866	5 584	5 776	6 896	6 109	7 164	7 238	7 292	33,1%	7,1%	-4,8%	3,4%	19,4%	-11,4%	17,3%	1,0%	0,7%

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	200 774	201 996	204 109	196 006	222 225	236 486	252 458	275 581	290 710	44,8%	0,6%	1,0%	-4,0%	13,4%	6,4%	6,8%	9,2%	5,5%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	64 651	66 112	66 421	62 668	59 146	61 758	62 507	66 155	64 457	-0,3%	2,3%	0,5%	-5,7%	-5,6%	4,4%	1,2%	5,8%	-2,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	22 726	21 811	21 361	21 405	21 445	21 945	22 700	-	-	-	-4,0%	-2,1%	0,2%	0,2%	2,3%	3,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	21 937	23 416	22 726	21 811	21 361	21 405	21 445	21 945	22 700	3,5%	6,7%	-2,9%	-4,0%	-2,1%	0,2%	0,2%	2,3%	3,4%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	108 724	106 832	109 102	105 625	135 150	146 888	161 929	180 107	196 212	80,5%	-1,7%	2,1%	-3,2%	28,0%	8,7%	10,2%	11,2%	8,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 462	5 636	5 860	5 902	6 568	6 435	6 577	7 374	7 341	34,4%	3,2%	4,0%	0,7%	11,3%	-2,0%	2,2%	12,1%	-0,4%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	81 895	80 564	74 406	67 868	80 986	97 847	105 417	104 460	98 244	20,0%	-1,6%	-7,6%	-8,8%	19,3%	20,8%	7,7%	-0,9%	-6,0%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 684	31 041	28 516	26 183	26 641	26 840	28 468	30 229	28 453	-10,2%	-2,0%	-8,1%	-8,2%	1,7%	0,7%	6,1%	6,2%	-5,9%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	8 784	8 422	8 404	8 709	8 737	9 087	9 060	-	-	-	-4,1%	-0,2%	3,6%	0,3%	4,0%	-0,3%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	9 368	9 138	8 784	8 422	8 404	8 709	8 737	9 087	9 060	-3,3%	-2,5%	-3,9%	-4,1%	-0,2%	3,6%	0,3%	4,0%	-0,3%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	37 675	36 986	33 986	30 264	42 616	59 289	64 615	61 683	57 318	52,1%	-1,8%	-8,1%	-11,0%	40,8%	39,1%	9,0%	-4,5%	-7,1%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 168	3 399	3 120	2 999	3 325	3 009	3 597	3 461	3 413	7,7%	7,3%	-8,2%	-3,9%	10,9%	-9,5%	19,5%	-3,8%	-1,4%

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,7%	100,7%	103,1%	103,5%	95,9%	93,4%	97,1%	100,4%	102,2%	0,49	(1,00)	2,42	0,33	(7,34)	(2,61)	4,00	3,36	1,82
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	98,8%	101,0%	103,9%	103,9%	99,3%	99,7%	97,5%	97,5%	102,8%	4,06	2,18	2,93	(0,04)	(4,48)	0,47	(2,24)	(0,04)	5,53
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,5%	101,5%	100,0%	98,5%	99,8%	98,3%	100,1%	-	-	-	(0,04)	(1,50)	(1,47)	1,30	(1,52)	1,84
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	96,2%	100,9%	101,5%	101,5%	100,0%	98,5%	99,8%	98,3%	100,1%	4,02	4,82	0,67	(0,04)	(1,50)	(1,47)	1,30	(1,52)	1,84
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	104,8%	100,7%	102,8%	103,7%	93,9%	89,8%	96,8%	101,7%	102,3%	(2,40)	(3,92)	2,13	0,80	(9,45)	(4,33)	7,80	5,01	0,60
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,7%	96,1%	104,9%	102,2%	95,2%	105,3%	91,8%	101,9%	100,7%	0,97	(3,64)	9,23	(2,63)	(6,79)	10,60	(12,84)	10,97	(1,18)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	149	146	133	126	133	151	152	138	123	-17,1%	-2,2%	-8,6%	-5,0%	5,2%	13,5%	0,9%	-9,2%	-10,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	179	171	157	152	164	159	166	167	161	-9,9%	-4,2%	-8,6%	-2,7%	7,8%	-3,5%	4,8%	0,3%	-3,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	141	141	144	149	149	151	146	-	-	-	-0,1%	1,9%	3,4%	0,1%	1,6%	-3,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	156	142	141	141	144	149	149	151	146	-6,5%	-8,6%	-1,0%	-0,1%	1,9%	3,4%	0,1%	1,6%	-3,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	126	126	114	105	115	147	146	125	107	-15,7%	-0,1%	-10,0%	-8,0%	10,1%	28,0%	-1,1%	-14,2%	-14,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	212	220	194	185	185	171	200	171	170	-19,8%	4,0%	-11,7%	-4,6%	-0,4%	-7,6%	17,0%	-14,2%	-0,9%

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)																		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Litigious divorce case	5 535	5 677	5 738	5 411	5 292	5 435	5 536	5 692	5 490	-0,8%	2,6%	1,1%	-5,7%	-2,2%	2,7%	1,9%	2,8%	-3,5%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 559	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	8 972	9 503	9 254	8 939	9 174	9 402	9 457	9 545	9 163	2,1%	5,9%	-2,6%	-3,4%	2,6%	2,5%	0,6%	0,9%	-4,0%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 414	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	8 824	9 444	9 601	9 070	9 056	9 304	9 329	9 745	9 458	7,2%	7,0%	1,7%	-5,5%	-0,2%	2,7%	0,3%	4,5%	-2,9%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11 429	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Litigious divorce case	5 683	5 736	5 391	5 280	5 410	5 533	5 664	5 492	5 195	-8,6%	0,9%	-6,0%	-2,1%	2,5%	2,3%	2,4%	-3,0%	-5,4%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	9 544	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Table 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 Variations of CR and DT for specific case categories of first instance cases (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	98,4%	99,4%	103,7%	101,5%	98,7%	99,0%	98,6%	102,1%	103,2%	4,95	1,05	4,40	(2,20)	(2,71)	0,25	(0,31)	3,50	1,10
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	109,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	235	222	205	212	218	217	222	206	200	-14,7%	-5,7%	-7,6%	3,7%	2,6%	-0,5%	2,1%	-7,2%	-2,5%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	305	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Table 3.7.1 to 3.7.5 (2019 and 2020) Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)																			
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			11 076	13 457	15 184	15 895	10 716	13 755	15 996	-	-	-	21,5%	12,8%	4,7%	-32,6%	28,4%	16,3%	
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 046	874	825	748	804	750	882	-	-	-	-16,4%	-5,6%	-9,3%	7,5%	-6,7%	17,6%	
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			8 237	10 842	12 432	13 424	7 765	11 108	12 500	-	-	-	31,6%	14,7%	8,0%	-42,2%	43,1%	12,5%	
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			1 793	1 741	1 927	1 723	2 147	1 897	2 614	-	-	-	-2,9%	10,7%	-10,6%	24,6%	-11,6%	37,8%	
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			42 217	40 137	50 566	56 832	63 668	64 516	62 228	-	-	-	-4,9%	26,0%	12,4%	12,0%	1,3%	-3,5%	
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 824	2 771	2 646	2 740	2 801	2 888	2 931	-	-	-	-1,9%	-4,5%	3,6%	2,2%	3,1%	1,5%	
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			24 837	23 362	34 099	39 085	45 614	44 555	41 044	-	-	-	-5,9%	46,0%	14,6%	16,7%	-2,3%	-7,9%	
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			14 556	14 004	13 821	15 007	15 253	17 073	18 253	-	-	-	-3,8%	-1,3%	8,6%	1,6%	11,9%	6,9%	

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			39 836	39 204	49 859	62 010	60 626	62 280	66 197	-	-	-	-1,6%	27,2%	24,4%	-2,2%	2,7%	6,3%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 996	2 820	2 723	2 684	2 856	2 756	2 824	-	-	-	-5,9%	-3,4%	-1,4%	6,4%	-3,5%	2,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			22 233	22 567	33 110	44 743	42 271	43 166	45 106	-	-	-	1,5%	46,7%	35,1%	-5,5%	2,1%	4,5%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			14 607	13 817	14 026	14 583	15 499	16 358	18 267	-	-	-	-5,4%	1,5%	4,0%	6,3%	5,5%	11,7%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			13 457	14 390	15 891	10 717	13 758	15 991	12 027	-	-	-	6,9%	10,4%	-32,6%	28,4%	16,2%	-24,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			874	825	748	804	749	882	989	-	-	-	-5,6%	-9,3%	7,5%	-6,8%	17,8%	12,1%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			10 847	11 637	13 421	7 766	11 108	12 497	8 438	-	-	-	7,3%	15,3%	-42,1%	43,0%	12,5%	-32,5%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			1 742	1 928	1 722	2 147	1 901	2 612	2 600	-	-	-	10,7%	-10,7%	24,7%	-11,5%	37,4%	-0,5%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	2 247	105	110	474	112	-	-	-	-	-	-95,3%	4,8%	330,9%	-76,4%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	4	5	5	8	19	-	-	-	-	-	25,0%	0,0%	60,0%	137,5%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	2 230	89	96	456	83	-	-	-	-	-	-96,0%	7,9%	375,0%	-81,8%

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.8.1 and 3.8.2 (2019 and 2020): Second instance clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.9.4 and 3.9.5 (2019 and 2020): Variation of second clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			94,4%	97,7%	98,6%	109,1%	95,2%	96,5%	106,4%	-	-	-	3,51	0,95	10,66	(12,73)	1,38	10,20
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			106,1%	101,8%	102,9%	98,0%	102,0%	95,4%	96,3%	-	-	-	(4,07)	1,12	(4,81)	4,09	(6,41)	0,96
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			89,5%	96,6%	97,1%	114,5%	92,7%	96,9%	109,9%	-	-	-	7,91	0,52	17,90	(19,05)	4,54	13,43
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			100,4%	98,7%	101,5%	97,2%	101,6%	95,8%	100,1%	-	-	-	(1,68)	2,86	(4,25)	4,57	(5,71)	4,45
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			123	134	116	63	83	94	66	-	-	-	8,7%	-13,2%	-45,8%	31,3%	13,1%	-29,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			106	107	100	109	96	117	128	-	-	-	0,3%	-6,1%	9,0%	-12,5%	22,0%	9,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			178	188	148	63	96	106	68	-	-	-	5,7%	-21,4%	-57,2%	51,4%	10,2%	-35,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			44	51	45	54	45	58	52	-	-	-	17,0%	-12,0%	19,9%	-16,7%	30,2%	-10,9%

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.5 (2019 and 2020) Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
Table 3.12.1 to 3.12.3 (2019 and 2020) Variation of the supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)																		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 235	3 237	2 831	2 649	3 014	2 211	2 273	-	-	-	-23,6%	-12,5%	-6,4%	13,8%	-26,6%	2,8%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			149	153	135	113	84	99	78	-	-	-	2,7%	-11,8%	-16,3%	-25,7%	17,9%	-21,2%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			2 856	1 996	1 905	1 987	2 402	1 711	1 621	-	-	-	-30,1%	-4,6%	4,3%	20,9%	-28,8%	-5,3%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			1 230	1 088	791	549	528	401	574	-	-	-	-11,5%	-27,3%	-30,6%	-3,8%	-24,1%	43,1%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			11 585	11 886	11 289	11 768	11 376	11 837	12 185	-	-	-	2,6%	-5,0%	4,2%	-3,3%	4,1%	2,9%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			358	336	347	283	320	277	217	-	-	-	-6,1%	3,3%	-18,4%	13,1%	-13,4%	-21,7%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			7 036	7 380	6 989	7 581	6 960	7 096	7 439	-	-	-	4,9%	-5,3%	8,5%	-8,2%	2,0%	4,8%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			4 191	4 170	3 953	3 904	4 096	4 464	4 529	-	-	-	-0,5%	-5,2%	-1,2%	4,9%	9,0%	1,5%

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			12 583	12 280	11 471	11 403	12 172	11 763	11 832	-	-	-	-2,4%	-6,6%	-0,6%	6,7%	-3,4%	0,6%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			353	354	369	312	306	298	219	-	-	-	0,3%	4,2%	-15,4%	-1,9%	-2,6%	-26,5%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			7 896	7 460	6 907	7 166	7 643	7 174	7 206	-	-	-	-5,5%	-7,4%	3,7%	6,7%	-6,1%	0,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			4 334	4 466	4 195	3 925	4 223	4 291	4 407	-	-	-	3,0%	-6,1%	-6,4%	7,6%	1,6%	2,7%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			3 237	2 843	2 649	3 014	2 218	2 285	2 626	-	-	-	-12,2%	-6,8%	13,8%	-26,4%	3,0%	14,9%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			154	135	113	84	98	78	76	-	-	-	-12,3%	-16,3%	-25,7%	16,7%	-20,4%	-2,6%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			1 996	1 916	1 987	2 402	1 719	1 633	1 854	-	-	-	-4,0%	3,7%	20,9%	-28,4%	-5,0%	13,5%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			1 087	792	549	528	401	574	696	-	-	-	-27,1%	-30,7%	-3,8%	-24,1%	43,1%	21,3%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	19	5	7	2	18	-	-	-	-	-	-73,7%	40,0%	-71,4%	800,0%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	2	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	50,0%	-66,7%	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	14	3	4	1	17	-	-	-	-	-	-78,6%	33,3%	-75,0%	1600,0%

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 Supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
Table 3.12.4 and 3.12.5 Variation of the supreme courts, clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal law cases (Q97)																		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			108,6%	103,3%	101,6%	96,9%	107,0%	99,4%	97,1%	-	-	-	(4,88)	(1,65)	(4,64)	10,42	(7,12)	(2,29)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			98,6%	105,4%	106,3%	110,2%	95,6%	107,6%	100,9%	-	-	-	6,85	0,93	3,67	(13,26)	12,50	(6,19)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			112,2%	101,1%	98,8%	94,5%	109,8%	101,1%	96,9%	-	-	-	(9,93)	(2,23)	(4,35)	16,17	(7,94)	(4,19)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			103,4%	107,1%	106,1%	100,5%	103,1%	96,1%	97,3%	-	-	-	3,56	(0,91)	(5,26)	2,55	(6,77)	1,23
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			94	85	84	96	67	71	81	-	-	-	-10,0%	-0,3%	14,5%	-31,1%	6,6%	14,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			159	139	112	98	117	96	127	-	-	-	-12,6%	-19,7%	-12,1%	19,0%	-18,3%	32,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			92	94	105	122	82	83	94	-	-	-	1,6%	12,0%	16,5%	-32,9%	1,2%	13,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			92	65	48	49	35	49	58	-	-	-	-29,3%	-26,2%	2,8%	-29,4%	40,9%	18,1%

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.14.1 to 3.14.5 First instance criminal law cases (Q94)																				
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									42 178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.1 Total -incoming									119 936	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.1 Total - resolved									115 152	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									46 962	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									1 859	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									1 859	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.15.1 to 3.10.2 CR and DT for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)																		
CR of Total									96,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									149	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Table 3.16.1 to 3.16.5 Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)																		
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									3 444	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									10 765	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									9 960	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									4 249	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.17.1 to 3.17.2 CR and DT for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

CR of Total									92,5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Total									156	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Table 3.18.1 to 3.18.5 Supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																		
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									188	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									2 236	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									2 156	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Table 3.19.1 to 3.19.2 CR and DT for supreme court criminal law cases (Q100)																				
CR of Total									96,4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Total									45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Severe cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DT of Other									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions							
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019
Indicator 5: Access to justice																	
Legal aid																	
Table 5.1 to Table 5.6 (Q12-2, Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)																	
12-2.1.1 Coverage of court fees										NAP							
12-2.1.2 Exemption from court fees										True							
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True							
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True							
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True							
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True							
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True							
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases										True							
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases										True							
020.1.1 Total										NA							
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases										NA							
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases										6 561							
020.2.1 Total brought to court										NA							
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases										NA							
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal										5 977							
020.3.1 Total not brought to court										NA							
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases										NA							
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal										584							
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation										NAP							
020-1.1.2 Average duration										NA							

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
System for compensating users																			
Table 5.7.1 and Table 5.7.2 (Q37)																			
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total										2 125									
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings										3									
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions										-									
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest										2 122									
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction										-									
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other										NAP									
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total										1 880									
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings										1									
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions										-									
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest										1 879									
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction										-									
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other										NAP									
037.3.1 Amount - Total										7 170 985 €									
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings										985 €									
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions										-									
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest										7 170 000 €									
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction										-									
037.3.6 Amount - Other										NAP									

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users																			
Table 6.1 to Table 6.11 (Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-1, Q63-1-1, Q63-2 Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1, Q64-2, Q64-4, Q64-6, Q64-3, Q64-3-1, Q64-7, Q64-7-1, Q64-9)																			
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True										
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%										
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True										
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter										
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts										
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No										
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No										
062-9 Availability of intranet site within the judicial system for distribution of news/novelities							100%	100%	100%										
63.1 Is there a case management system?							True	True	True										
63.1-1.1 CMS for civil matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for criminal matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.1 CMS for administrative matter (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
63.1-1.2 CMS for civil matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										
63.1-1.2 CMS for criminal matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										
63.1-1.2 CMS for administrative matter (status of case online)							Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all	Not accessible at all										

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
63.1-1.3 CMS for civil matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for criminal matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.3 CMS for administrative matter (Centralised or interoperable database)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for civil matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for criminal matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True										
63.1-1.4 CMS for administrative matter (Early warning signals)							-	True	True	True										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS civil matter								Not connected at all	Not connected at all	Not connected at all										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS criminal matter								Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected	Not integrated but connected										
63-1-1.5 Statistics in CMS administrative matter								Not connected at all	Not connected at all	Not connected at all										
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - land registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63-2.1 Deployment rate for computerised registries managed by courts - business registry								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for land registry							-	False	False	NAP										
63-2.2 Data consolidated at national level for business registry							-	False	False	NAP										
63-2.3 Service available online for land registry							-	False	False	NAP										
63-2.3 Service available online for business registry							-	False	False	NAP										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for land registry							-	False	False	NAP										
63-2.4 Statistical module integrated or connected for business registry							-	False	False	NAP										
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%										
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)										
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True										
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	False										
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	False										
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False										
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False										
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	False										

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True										
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%										
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True										
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False										
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False										
064-2 - Possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-2 - Civil and/or commercial							10-49%	10-49%	100%										
064-2 - Criminal							50-99%	50-99%	100%										
064-2 - Administrative							1-9%	1-9%	100%										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - criminal							False	False	False										
064-2 - Submission in paper remains mandatory - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - civil							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Specific legislative framework - administrative							False	False	False										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - civil							False	False	False										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - criminal							True	True	True										
064-2 - Integrated/connected with the CMS - administrative							True	True	False										

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-3 - Is it possible to request for granting legal aid by electronic means?							False	False	False										
064-3-1.1 - Equipment rate																			
064-3-1.2 - Request in paper mandatory							False	-	-										
064-3-1.3 - Specific legislative framework							False	-	-										
064-3-1.4 - Granting LA is also electronic							False	-	-										
064-3-1.5 - Information available in CMS							False	-	-										
064-4 - Possibility to transmit summons to a judicial meeting or a hearing by electronic means							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.1 - Summons produced by CMS- civil							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.2 - Summons produced by CMS- criminal							True	True	True										
064-4-1.1.3 - Summons produced by CMS- administrative							True	True	True										
064-4-1.2.1 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.2 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.2.3 - Simultaneous summon in paper form remains mandatory- administrative							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.1 - Consent of the user - civil							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.2 - Consent of the user - criminal							False	False	False										
064-4-1.3.3 - Consent of the user - administrative							False	False	False										
064-6.1.1 - Civil and/or commercial (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-6.1.2 - Criminal (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-6.1.3 - Administrative (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
064-6.2.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Trial phases concerned)							Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling Decision transmission									
064-6.2.2 - Criminal (Trial phases concerned)							Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.2.3 - Administrative (Trial phases concerned)							Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission	Hearing preparatory phases Decision transmission	Submission of a case Hearing preparatory phases Scheduling									
064-6.3.1 - Civil and/or commercial (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.2 - Criminal (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application									
064-6.3.3 - Administrative (Modalities)							E-mail Specific application	E-mail Specific application	E-mail									
064-6.4.1 - Civil and/or commercial (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.4.2 - Criminal (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.4.3 - Administrative (specific legal framework)							False	False	False									
064-6.5.1 - Civil and/or commercial (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.2 - Criminal (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									
064-6.5.3 - Administrative (availability for)									Lawyers & Parties not represented by lawyer									

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
064-7.1.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	NA										
064-7.1.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%										
064-7.1.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	NA										
064-7.2.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	Other										
064-7.2.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	Other										
064-7.2.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	Other										
064-7.2.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (Modalities)							E-mail	E-mail	Other										
064-7.3.1 - Electronic communication of enforcement agents and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.2 - Electronic communication of notaries and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.3 - Electronic communication of experts and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-7.3.4 - Electronic communication of judicial police and courts (specific legal framework)							False	False	False										
064-9 - Existence of online processing devices of specialised litigation							False	False	False										

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions								
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice (Indicator 9 in 2019)																		
Table 7.1.1 to 7.5.6 for judges, non judge staff, prosecutors, non prosecutor staff and salaries																		
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 123	1 132	1 150	1 159	1 179	1 199	1 217	1 184	1 200	6,9%	0,8%	1,6%	0,8%	1,7%	1,7%	1,5%	-2,7%	1,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	766	764	771	780	785	800	816	803	809	5,6%	-0,3%	0,9%	1,2%	0,6%	1,9%	2,0%	-1,6%	0,7%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	324	334	343	343	361	365	370	349	359	10,8%	3,1%	2,7%	0,0%	5,2%	1,1%	1,4%	-5,7%	2,9%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	33	34	36	36	33	34	31	32	32	-3,0%	3,0%	5,9%	0,0%	-8,3%	3,0%	-8,8%	3,2%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	600	584	584	572	570	577	569	540	535	-10,8%	-2,7%	0,0%	-2,1%	-0,3%	1,2%	-1,4%	-5,1%	-0,9%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	428	414	412	410	397	400	391	377	374	-12,6%	-3,3%	-0,5%	-0,5%	-3,2%	0,8%	-2,3%	-3,6%	-0,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	152	149	150	140	151	156	159	144	142	-6,6%	-2,0%	0,7%	-6,7%	7,9%	3,3%	1,9%	-9,4%	-1,4%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	20	21	22	22	22	21	19	19	19	-5,0%	5,0%	4,8%	0,0%	0,0%	-4,5%	-9,5%	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	523	548	566	587	609	622	648	644	665	27,2%	4,8%	3,3%	3,7%	3,7%	2,1%	4,2%	-0,6%	3,3%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	338	350	359	370	388	400	425	426	435	28,7%	3,6%	2,6%	3,1%	4,9%	3,1%	6,3%	0,2%	2,1%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	172	185	193	203	210	209	211	205	217	26,2%	7,6%	4,3%	5,2%	3,4%	-0,5%	1,0%	-2,8%	5,9%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	13	13	14	14	11	13	12	13	13	0,0%	0,0%	7,7%	0,0%	-21,4%	18,2%	-7,7%	8,3%	0,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	809	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	359	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	351	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	215	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 173	4 716	4 797	4 800	4 859	5 088	5 208	4 921	4 996	-3,4%	-8,8%	1,7%	0,1%	1,2%	4,7%	2,4%	-5,5%	1,5%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	3 500	3 260	3 290	3 269	3 343	3 490	3 577	3 342	3 375	-3,6%	-6,9%	0,9%	-0,6%	2,3%	4,4%	2,5%	-6,6%	1,0%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 054	688	707	708	706	724	733	710	700	-33,6%	-34,7%	2,8%	0,1%	-0,3%	2,5%	1,2%	-3,1%	-1,4%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	119	91	106	104	104	119	144	148	163	37,0%	-23,5%	16,5%	-1,9%	0,0%	14,4%	21,0%	2,8%	10,1%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	500	677	694	719	706	755	754	721	758	51,6%	35,4%	2,5%	3,6%	-1,8%	6,9%	-0,1%	-4,4%	5,1%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	-	-	1 060	1 098	1 105	1 198	1 216	1 156	1 226	-	-	-	3,6%	0,6%	8,4%	1,5%	-4,9%	6,1%	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	-	-	565	595	597	658	659	613	660	-	-	-	5,3%	0,3%	10,2%	0,2%	-7,0%	7,7%	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	-	-	238	235	234	248	251	235	232	-	-	-	-1,3%	-0,4%	6,0%	1,2%	-6,4%	-1,3%	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	-	-	54	56	63	73	97	97	113	-	-	-	3,7%	12,5%	15,9%	32,9%	0,0%	16,5%	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	-	-	203	212	211	219	209	211	221	-	-	-	4,4%	-0,5%	3,8%	-4,6%	1,0%	4,7%	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	3 669	3 737	3 702	3 754	3 890	3 992	3 765	3 770	-	-	1,9%	-0,9%	1,4%	3,6%	2,6%	-5,7%	0,1%	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	2 701	2 725	2 674	2 746	2 832	2 918	2 729	2 715	-	-	0,9%	-1,9%	2,7%	3,1%	3,0%	-6,5%	-0,5%	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	443	469	473	472	476	482	475	468	-	-	5,9%	0,9%	-0,2%	0,8%	1,3%	-1,5%	-1,5%	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	49	52	48	41	46	47	51	50	-	-	6,1%	-7,7%	-14,6%	12,2%	2,2%	8,5%	-2,0%	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	476	491	507	495	536	545	510	537	-	-	3,2%	3,3%	-2,4%	8,3%	1,7%	-6,4%	5,3%	

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									4 996	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									3 973	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									886	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									137	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 226	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									995	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									203	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									3 770	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									2 978	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									683	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									109	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 044	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									396	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									648	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									522	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									423	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							-	-	43 092 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	79 951 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	138 395 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	56 000 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	88 000 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							-	-	51 169 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							-	-	76 117 €	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							-	-	False										
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							-	-	False										
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							-	-	False										
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							-	-	False										
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							-	-	False										

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other							-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions									
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers																			
Tables 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.7 and 7.8																			
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	5 246	5 422	5 575	5 800	5 767	5 911	6 000	6 000	6 257	19,3%	3,4%	2,8%	4,0%	-0,6%	2,5%	1,5%	0,0%	4,3%	
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 065	4 065	4 117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	1,3%	
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 935	1 935	2 140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0%	10,6%	
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Sweden (2012-2020) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Variations for quantitative questions										
										2012-2020	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020		
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods																				
Table 8.1 8.2 and 8.3																				
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.1 Total number started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

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