



Launching the recovery

A Recovery plan for Europe:

The Recovery and Resilience Facility

GREECE

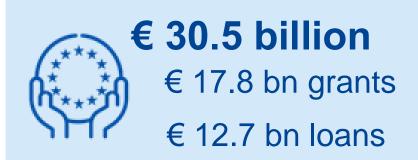


Overview of the Greek RRP



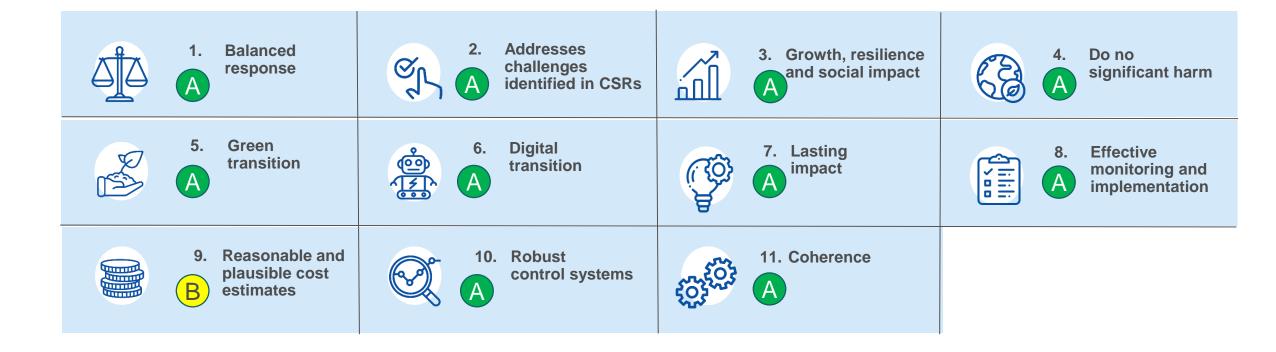








Assessment summary







Green transition

37.5% of total allocation for **climate** objectives

37.5%

Key reforms

- Simplification of licensing for renewables
- New framework for offshore wind
- Law on waste management
- Development of local urban plans for all municipalities

DNSH: No measure in the plan harms environmental objectives

Key investments

- Energy efficient renovations of residential and public buildings (€1.5bn)
- Improve green skills for at least 200,000 people (€373 mln)
- Sustainable mobility (€440 mln)
- Forest firefighting, flood mitigation, reforestation and biodiversity (€548 mln)

Networks

- Electricity interconnections with the Cyclades (€195 mln)
- Electricity storage (€450 mln)





Digital transition

23.3% of total allocation for digital objectives

Key investments

- Digital transformation of public sector (€1.3 bn)
- Digitalisation of businesses (€375 mln)
- Development of 5G networks (€160 mn)
- Improve digital skills for at least 355,000 people (€680 mln)



- Transition to 5G technology
- Interconnection and interoperability of registries
- Data governance strategy

Sector-specific actions

- Public administration
- Health
- Education
- Tax authority

Cross-border projects

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 '5G corridors' investment (Thessaloniki-Sofia-Belgrade)

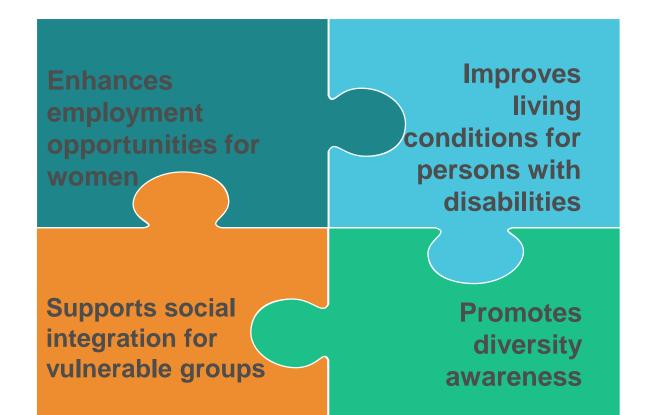


Submarine fiber cables' investment (EL-CY)



Social impact and equality screening











Resilience

Labour market

- Active Labour Market Policies for the unemployed
- Incentives to take up work
- Creation of new early childcare places

Improving business environment

- Simplification of key administrative processes
- Doing business reforms
- Promotion of economies of scale and extroversion of enterprises



Increasing private investment

- Using RRF loans to facilitate access to finance for the private sector and closing the investment gap
- Supporting the green and digital transitions

Health sector

- Governance and organisation reforms: unified model of care
- Measures to address shortage of family doctors





Resilience - Institutional

Education

- New framework for lifelong learning
- Upgrading of vocational training
- Enhancing research performance of universities

Public administration

- Improving policy planning and development
- Upgrading of skills of civil servants
- Strengthening the anticorruption framework
- Strengthening public procurement



More resilient public finances

- Digital transformation of tax and customs administration
- Enhancing use of electronic transactions
- Improved public financial management

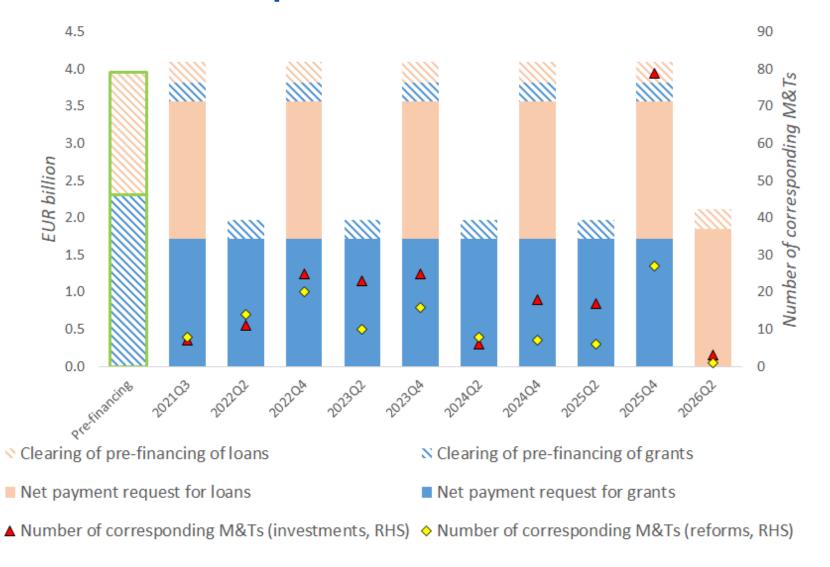
Justice sector

- Revision of judicial map
- Digitalisation and acceleration of procedures





Disbursement profile over time



European



Audit and control

Framework to protect against serious irregularities in the use of funds:

- Fraud
- Corruption
- Double funding



Audit and control systems:

- Sufficient and robust
- The RRF Management Information System sets out adequate arrangements for implementation monitoring and to avoid double EU funding.
- Greece has a four-level control and audit system for the RRP:
 - The RRF Coordination Agency
 - > Implementing bodies
 - Independent certified auditors
 - Financial Audit Committee (EDEL)





RRP and enhanced surveillance

All commitments given to the Eurogroup will continue to be monitored under Enhanced Surveillance.



Different time horizon:

Eurogroup commitments up to mid-2022 – RRP will go on until end-2026

RRP includes reforms and investments on existing policies and brings them to a new level:

- ✓ Justice digitalisation,
- ✓ disability benefits,
- ✓ investment licensing / inspection legislation



Some policies only monitored under Enhanced Surveillance:

- ✓ Banking sector (governance etc..);
- ✓ Privatisation and HCAP;
- ✓ Arrears clearance





Thank you





Background





Loan facility

RRF's loan support (€12.7 billion) allocated to incentivise private investment in strategic areas

Contributes to reducing Greece's investment gap by facilitating access to finance and reducing cost of funding



✓ International financial institutions and commercial banks, through corporate bond purchases or syndicated loans (RRF loans expected to cover a maximum of 50% of investment costs)

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- ✓ An equity platform to support SMEs
- ✓ InvestEU national compartment

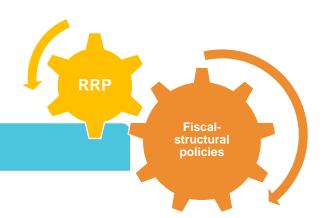
Arrangements in place to ensure DNSH compliance, and commitment to contribute at least 37% to climate objective and 20% to digital objective

Loan Facility accompanied by business environment reforms





The RRP and fiscal sustainability



Growth impact supporting sustainability

- Persistent impact on GDP level is beneficial to repayment capacity
- Potential long-term growth impact of structural reforms may **improve debt sustainability** further

More efficient public revenue collection

- Simpler and more transparent taxation: codification and simplification of the tax legislation
- Reducing tax evasion: incentives for electronic transactions, connection of online cash registers and POS terminals
- Faster tax administration: digital transformation of tax and customs administration revenue collection

Better public financial management

- Process optimisation, introduction of a resource planning system
- System interoperability across the general government
- Improved public procurement framework

Loan facility safeguards

- The loan element of the RRF will appear as **general government debt** at the moment of the disbursement
- It is **not expected to have major negative impact** on debt sustainability in the long run as reflows will be safeguarded to serve the RRF loan repayment
- The participation of international financial institutions, commercial banks and private investors is expected to deliver sound lending decisions and to limit potential losses

